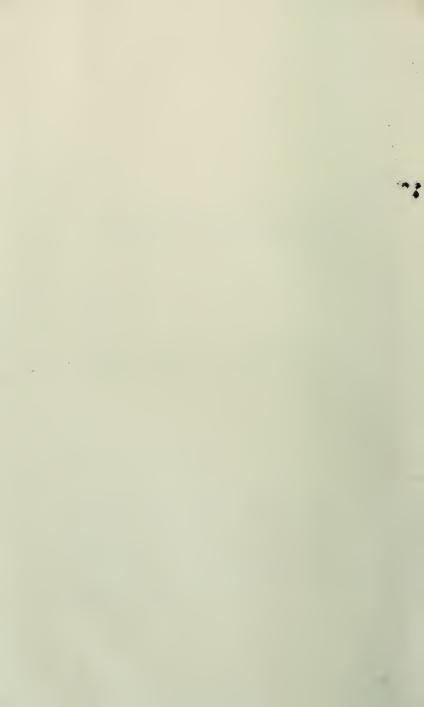




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Emphatic diaglott: containing the original Greek text of what is commonly styled the New Testament (according to the recension of J.J.



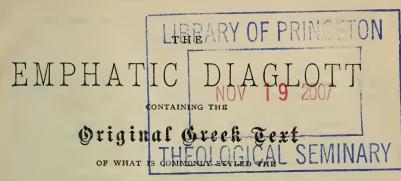












NEW TESTAMENT

(According to the Recension of Dr. J. J. Griesbach)

WITH AN

INTERLINEARY WORD FOR WORD ENGLISH TRANSLATION

A NEW EMPHATIC VERSION

BASED ON THE INTERLINEARY TRANSLATION, ON THE RENDERINGS OF EMINENT CRITICS, AND ON THE VARIOUS READINGS OF

THE VATICAN MANUSCRIPT

No. 1209 in the Vatican Library

TOGETHER WITH ILLUSTRATIVE AND EXPLANATORY FOOT NOTES, AND A COPIOUS SELECTION OF REFERENCES

TO THE WHOLE OF WHICH IS ADDED

A VALUABLE ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

By BENJAMIN WILSON

NEW YORK
FOWLER & WELLS CO., PUBLISHERS

27 East 21st St. New York
LONDON: L. N. FOWLER & CO., 7, Imperial Arcade, Ludgate Circus
[NEW ADDRESS, SEE NEXT PAGE]

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UNDER WHICH THIS VALUABLE WORK IS NOW SUPPLIED

TO BIBLE STUDENTS.

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A FRIENDLY CRITICISM.

This work we regard as a very valuable help to all Bible students, whether conversant with the Greek language or not. We esteem it (as a whole) the most valuable translation of the New Testament extant.

We call special attention to the "word for word" translation, found immediatly under the Greek text, in the left hand column. It will be found valuable, especially for a critical examination of any particular text. A little study will enable you to appreciate it.

Like all things made and done by imperfect mortals, we think this valuable work not without its faults. It would seem to us that the author must have held the view that Jesus had no prehuman existence, and that there is no personal devil; i.e., that when the word "devil" is used evil principle is meant; also that Jesus is still a man and flesh, in glory.

In commending this work to you as a whole so highly as we have done, we deem it but a duty to draw your attention to a very slight *bias* which we think pervades the work in the direction named.

As some pointed illustrations of what we have remarked, we suggest an examination and comparison between the right and left columns of the work, in the following scriptures, viz: John 1:10, Rev. 13:8; Jude 9; Heb. 10:20.

Editor of "Lion's Watch Tower."

PREFACE.

To trouble the reader with any lengthy remarks on the important advantages to be derived from a new translation of the Sacred Writings is deemed altogether unnecessary. Much information on this point has been given by others who have published modern Versions of the New Testament, with the reasons which have induced them to do so. Those reasons will serve in a great measure also for this. It is generally admitted by all critics that the Authorized or Common version of the Scriptures absolutely needs revision. Obsolete words, uncouth phrases, bad grammar and punctuation, etc., all require alteration. But this is not all. There are errors of a more serious nature which need correction. translators of the Common version were circumscribed and trammeled by royal mandate; they were required to retain certain old ecclesiastical words which. accordingly, were left untranslated. Thus the minds of many who had no means of knowing the meaning of the original words have been misled and confused. Biblical criticism, however, during the last two hundred years, has done much to open up and elucidate the Word of God, by discovering many things which were unknown to the old translators, making great improvements in the text, detecting numerous interpolations and errors, and suggesting far better renderings of many passages. Many modern versions have availed themselves of this valuable assistance, and it is believed they have thereby been enabled to give the English reader a better understanding of what was originally written.

Without presuming to claim any superiority for this, as a translation of the New Testament, over any other modern version, it is thought that the present Work presents certain valuable features, not to be found elsewhere, and which will be of real practical utility to every one who wishes to read the books of the Evangelists and Apostles, as they were written under the guidance and inspiration of the Holy Spirit. These features are; -An approved Greek text, with the various Readings of the Vatican Manuscript, No. 1200; an Interlineary literal Word for Word English translation; a New Version, with the Signs of Emphasis: a copious selection of References; many appropriate, illustrative, and exegetical Foot-notes; and a valuable Alphabetical Appendix. This combination of important items cannot be found in any other book. The reader will find further remarks on this subject, on the page headed, "Plan of the Work;" and he is also invited to read the pages with the respective captions;-"To the Reader;" "History of the Greek Text;" and "History of English Versions." Also, on another page will be found the "Letters and Pronunciation of the Greek Alphabet," for the special benefit of those who may wish to obtain a rudimentary knowledge of that language.

The intelligent reader will at once perceive the utility and importance of this arrangement. Readers who are familiar with the original tongue obtain in this Work one of the best Greek Testaments, with important ancient Readings, well worthy of their attention; and, it is presumed, that there are even few Greek

scholars who are so far advanced but may derive some help from the translation given. Those who have only a little or no knowledge of the Greek may, by careful reading and a little attention to the Interlineary translation, soon become familiar with it. This work, in fact, places in the hands of the intelligent English reader the means of knowing and appropriating for his own benefit, with but little labor on his part, what has cost others years of study and severe toil to acquire.

Scrupulous fidelity has been maintained throughout this version in giving the true rendering of the original text into English; no regard whatever being paid to the prevailing doctrines or prejudices of sects, or the peculiar tenets of theologians. To the Divine authority of the original Scriptures alone has there been the most humble and unbiased submission.

In the preparation of this Work for the press, all available help to be derived from the labors of great and learned men has been obtained and appropriated. Lexicons, Grammars, ancient and modern Versions, Commentaries, critical and explanatory, Cyclopedias, Bible and other Dictionaries, etc., have been consulted and culled from. Also, the suggestions, opinions and criticism of friends, on words, phrases and passages, have been duly considered, and sometimes adopted. It is not presumed that this Work is free from faults or errors. Infallibility is left for others to claim. Great care, however, has been exercised to make it as correct as possible.

The Work is now sent forth to the public, to stand or fall on its own merits. True, it cannot boast of being the production of a council of learned men as King James' version; but let it be remembered that Tyndale alone, under very disadvantageous circumstances, did far more for the English Bible than that learned body, for they only followed in the wake of his labors.

This Volume, principally designed for the instruction and advantage of others, is now reverently committed to the blessing of our Father in the heavens, with an earnest and sincere desire that many of those who peruse its pages may be led by the knowledge, faith and obedience inculcated therein to obtain an inheritance in the aionian kingdom of Jesus the Anointed One.

B. WILSON.

ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS IN THE YEAR 1864,
By BENJAMIN WILSON,

IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS.

HISTORY OF THE GREEK TEXT.

count of the different editions ings, with some additions, were given in of the Greek New Testament, the Greek Testament, published by will introduce the reader to the Bishop Fell, at Oxford, in 1675. history of the Greek Text, and the various steps taken by learned men for the purpose of editing it with greater critical accuracy. The history will com-

mence with the first printed editions. The first printed edition of the whole of the Greek New Testament was that contained in the Complutensiau Poly glot; published by Francis XIMENES de critical revision in parts at Oxford, be-CISNEROS. The principal editor of the work was Lopez de Stunica. It was printed in Greek and Latin, and com-pleted January 10th, 1514. In consequence of the delay as to the publication of this edition (from 1514 to 1520) that of Erasmus was commenced and completed, and was published in 1516, being the first edition published of the Greek New Testament. Like the Complutensian edition, this was also in Greek and Latin. The latter part of the book of Revelation being wanting in his MS. he supplied the same by translating the Latin Vulgate into Greek.

The Greek Manuscripts used for these two editions were few in number, of lit tle critical value, and therefore do not possess much real authority. In 1535, Erasmus published his fifth edition, which is the basis of the common Text.*

In 1546, and again in 1549, ROBERT STEPHENS printed, at Paris, two beautiful small editions of the Greek New Testament; and in 1550 his folio edition with various readings from several Manuscripts-he collated some 15 MSS., but chiefly followed the Complutensian

BEZA published five editions of the Greek Testament; the first in 1565, the last in 1598.

In 1624, the ELZEVIR, printers at Leyden, published a small and beautiful Greek Testament, the editor of which is wholly unknown. It differs little from Stephens' folio edition. The printers gave to this Text the name of "Textus Receptus."

In Walton's Polyglor of 1657, the ding to the Text of Stephens: and in the last volume there was a collection of various Readings from such MSS. as

Greek New Testament was given accor-

MILE following condensed ac- were then known. These various Read-

In 1707, Dr. MILL's Greek Testament appeared. His Text is simply taken from Stephens' as given in Walton's Polyglot; his collection of various Readings was extensive, and these were made the ground for a critical amendment of the Text.

Dr. EDWARD WELLS published the first tween 1709 and 1719, with a translation and paraphrase.

BENGEL followed on in the same work and published his edition in 1734, and in his "Apparatus Criticus" he enlarged the stock of various Readings,

WETSTEIN published his Greek Testament in 1751-2, but only indicates in his inner margin, the few Readings which he preferred to those of the Elzevir edition. But in the collection of critical materials he did more than all his predecessors put together.

GRIESBACH. in critical labors, excels by far any who preceded him. He used the materials others had gathered. His first edition was commenced in 1775; his last completed in 1806. He combined the results of the collations of Birch, Matthæi and others, with those of Wetstein. In his Revision he often preferred the testimony of the older MSS. to the mass of modern copies.

Since the publication of Griesbach's Text, three or four other critical editions have been published, and have received the examination and approval of scholars. Of these, the edition of Scholz, has passed through numerous editions. His fundamental principle of criticism was, that the great majority of copies decide as to the correctness of the Text; hence, those who prefer the more ancient documents, will consider the Text of Griesbach preferable; while those whose judgment would favor the mass of testimonies, would prefer that of Scholz.

In addition to Scholz's collation, Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tregelles, &c., have given to the world the result of their critical labors, and which are acknow ledged to be of the highest authority.

The number of MSS, now known, and which have been examined, is nearly 700; thus affording now a far better chance, to obtain a correct Greek Text, than when the authorized version was at first published.

Erasmas, in his third edition of 1523, in-serted, the text, 1 John v. 7, on the authority of a MS. now in Dublin. Tyndale used this edition to revise his English version.

HISTORY OF ENGLISH VERSIONS.

New Testament was that made by John Wiclif, or Wicliffe, about the year 1367. It was translated from the Latin Bible, verbatim, without any regard to the idiom of the languages. Though this version was first in point of time, no part of it was printed before the year 1731.

TYNDALE'S translation was published in 1526, either at Antwerp or Hamburg. It is commonly said that Tyndale translated from the Greek, but he never published it to be so on any title. page of his Testament. One edition, not published by him, has this title—"The Newe Testament, dylygently corrected and compared with the Greke, by Willyam Tyndale, and fynesshed in the yere of ours Lorde God, A. M. D. and xxxiiij. in the moneth of Nouember." It is evident he only translated from the Vulgate Latin.

COVERDALE published the whole Bible in English, in the year 1535. He "followed his interpreters," and adopted Tyndale's version, with the exception

of a few alterations.

MATTHEW'S BIBLE was only Tyndale and Coverdale's, published under the feigned name of Thomas Matthews.

HOLLYBUSHE'S NEW TESTAMENT was printed in 1538, "both in Latin and English, after the Vulgate text," to which Coverdale prefixed a dedication

to Henry VIII.

THE GREAT BIBLE, published in 1539, purported to be "translated after the veryte of the Hebrue and Greke textes," but it is certain that it was only a revision of Matthew's, with a few small alterations. It was named "the Great Bible," because of its large size.

CRANMER'S BIBLE, published in 1540, was essentially the same as the Great Bible, but took his name on account of a few corrections which he made in it.

THE GENEVA BIBLE was published at Geneva in 1560. The New Testament in 1557. Coverdale was one of the Geneva brethren who issued it.

THE BISHOPS' BIBLE was a revisal of the English Bible, made by the bishops, and compared with the originals. It was published in 1568.

THE DOWAY BIBLE appeared in 1609, and was translated from the authentical

Latin, or Vulgate.

KING JAMES' BIBLE, or the Authorized Version, was published in 1611. In the year 1604, forty-seven persons learned in the languages, were appointed to re-

HE first English version of the vise the translation then in use. The were ordered to use the Bishops' Bible as the basis of the new version, and to alter it as little as the original would allow; but if the prior translations of Tyndale, Coverdale. Matthew, Cranmer or Whitchurch, and the Geneva editors agreed better with the text, to adopt the same. This translation was perhaps the best that could be made at the time, and if it had not been published by kingly authority. it would not now be venerated by English and American protestants, as though it had come direct from God. It has been convicted of containing over 20,000 errors. Nearly 700 Greek MSS. are now known, and some of them very ancient; whereas the translators of the common version had only the advantage of some 8 MSS., none of which were earlier than the tenth century.

were earner than the tenth century.

Since 1611, many translations of both Old
and New Testaments, and portions of the
same, have been published. The following
are some of the most noted.

The Family Expositor: or a Paraphrase and
Version of the New Testament, with Critical
Notes. By Philip Doddridge. 1755.

The Four Gospels translated from the Greek.
By George Camphell. 1790.

The Four Gospels translated from the Greek.
By George Campbell. 1790.
A New Literal Translation, from the Original Greek, of the Apostolical Epistles. By James Macknight. 1795.
A Translation of the New Testament. By Gilbert Wakefield. 1795.
A Translation of the New Testament, from the original Greek. Humbly attempted by Nathaniel Scarlett, assisted by men of piety and literature. 1798.

me original offect. Minoly attracted by men of piety and literature. 1798.

The New Testament in an Improved Version, upon the basis of Archbishop Newcome's New Translation, with a corrected Text. 1808.

The New Testament, in Greek and Euglish, the Greek according to Griesbach; the English upon the basis of the fourth London edition of the Improved Version, with an attempt of further improvement from the translations of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, Macknight, and Thomson. By Abner Kneeland. 1822.

A New Family Bible, and improved Version, from corrected Texts of the Originals, with Notes Critical, &c. By B. Boothroyd. 1823.

The Sacred Writings of the Apostles and Evangelists, translated from the Original, by Campbell, Macknight, and Doddridge, with various Emendations by A. Campbell. 1833.

A New and Corrected Versicn of the New Testament. By R. Dickinson. 1833.

The Book of the New Covenant, a Critical Revision of the Text and Translation of Common Version, with the aid of most ancient MSS. Defeavaille Para. 1835.

mon Version, with the aid of most ancient

mon Version, with the aid of most ancient MSS. By Granville Penn. 1836.
The Holy Bible, with 20,000 emendations. By J. T. Conquest. 1841.
The Good Nevs of our Load Jesus, the Anointed; from the Critical Greek of Tittman. By N. N. Whiting. 1849.
A Translation of the New Testament, from the Syriac. By James Murdock. 1852.
Translation of Paul's Epistles. By Joseph Translation 1852.

Turnbull.

The New Testament, translated from Griesbach's Text. By Samuel Sharpe. 1856.

TO THE READER.

THAT "All Scripture, divinely inspired, is profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Instruction which is in Righteonsness," is the truthtul testimony of the Sacred Writings about themselves. We rejoice to express our conviction that the Word of God was perfect and infallible as it emanated from those holy men of old, the Prophets and Apostles, who "spoke, being moved by the Holy Spirit." As a revelation of Jehovali's will to the human race, it was requisite that it should be an uncrring guide. Amid the ever conflicting strife of human opinions, and the endless diversity of thought, we needed such a standard, to lead us safely through the perplexing problems of life, to counsel us under all circumstances, to reveal the will of our Heavenly Parent, and to lift en high a celestial light, which streaming through the thick darkness that broods around, shall guide the fect of his erring and bewildered children to their loving Father's home. We needed therefore a testimony upon which to repose our faith and hope, free from all error, immutable, and harmomous in all its details-something to tell us how to escape from the evils of the Present, and attain to a glorious future. With reverence and joy we acknowledge the Sacred Writings to be such, as they were originally dictated by the Holy Spirit. How important then that they should be correctly read and understood!

But can it be fairly said that such is the case with our present English Version? We opine not. Though freely acknowledging that it is sufficiently plain to teach men the social and religious duties of life, and the path to Immortality, yet it is a notable fact that King James' Translation is far from being a faithful reflection of the mind of the Spirit, as contained in the Original Greek in which the books of the New Testament were written. There are some thousands of words which are either mistranslated, or too obscurely rendered; besides others which are now obsolete, through improvement in the language. Besides this, it has been too highly colored in many places with the party ideas and opinions of those who made it, to be worthy of full and implicit confidence being placed in it as a genuine record. In the words of Dr. Mackinght, "it was made a little too complaisant to the King, in favoring his notions of predes-"tination, election, witchcraft, familiar "spirits, and kingly rights, and these it ic t cannot adulterate the Original.

"is probable were also the translators "opinions. That their translation is par-"tial, speaking the language of, and giv-"ing authority to one sect." according to Dr. Gell, it was wrested and partial, "and only adapted to one sect;" but he imputes this, not to the translators, but to those who employed them, for even some of the translators complained that they could not follow their own judgment in the matter, but were re-

strained by "reasons of state."

The Version in common use will appear more imperfect still, when the fact is known, The Version in common use will appear more imperfect still, when the fact is known, that it was not a translation from the Original, but merely a revision of the Versions then in use. This is evident from the following directions given by King James to the translators, viz.: "The Bishops' Bible to be "followed, and altered as little as the Original are with the "text than the Bishops' Bible—namely, Tyndal's, Matthew's, Coverdale's, Whitchurch's, "Geneva." None of these were made from the Original Greek, but only compared with it—being all translated from the Vulgate Latin. Hence it follows, that the authorized version is simply a revision of the Vulgate, And the Greek Text, with which it was compared, was compiled from Eight MSS, only, all of which were written since the tenth century, and are now considered of comparatively slight authority. The "Textus Receptus," or Received Greek Text, was made from these MSS, and is now proved to be the very worst Greek Text extant, in a printed form. And there was only one MS. for the Book of Revelation, and part of that wanting, which was supplied by translating the Latin of the Vulgate into Greek! Since the publication of the "Textus Receptus," and the Common Version, some 660 MSS, have been discovered, some of which are very ancient, and very valuable. The best and oldest of these is one marked B., Cod. Vaticanus, No. 1209, of the fourth and fifth centuries. The second marked A., Cod. Alexandrinus, of the fifth century. The third marked C., Cod. Ephrem., about the fifth century, and the fourth, marked D., Cod. Cantabujuensis, of the seventh century. Besides valuable assistance from ancient MSS., the Diagnort has obtained material aid from the labors of many eminent Biblical Critics and Translators. Among these may be mentioned,—Mill, Wetstein, Griesbach, Scholz, Lachmann, Tischendorf, Tittman, Tregelles, Doddridge, Macknight, Campbell, Hone, Middleton, Clark, Wakefield, Bloomfield, Thompson, Murdock, Kneeland Boothroyd, Conquest, Sharpe, Gaussen, Turnbull, Trench, &c., that it was not a translation from the Origi-

Trench, &c., &c.
Should any person doubt the propriety of
the Translation, in any particular part, let
him not hastily censure or condemn till he
has compared it carefully with the various
authorities on which it is based; and even
chantel he see reason to differ in some reshould he see reason to differ in some respects, a correct Greek Test is given, so that the Original may be always appealed to in cases of doubt. However imperfect the cases of doubt. However imperfect the Translation may be considered by the Crit-

PLAN OF THE WORK.

Translation.—The left hand column contains the Greek Text according to Dr. J. J. Griesbach, and interlined with it a LITERAL WORD-FOR-WORD TRANSLA-TION, wherein the corresponding English is placed directly under each Greek word. The Sectional Divisions are those of the Va-

tican and Alexandrian MSS. Greek Words enclosed in brackets [thus,] though authori-zed by Griesbach, are omitted by the Vat. MS. The advantages to be derived from such an

arrangement must be apparent to the Bible Student. The learned have a Greek Text acknowledged to be one of the best extant, while the unlearned have almost an equal chance with those acquainted with the Original by having the apparent of the stant. nal, by having the meaning and grammatical construction given to each word. This part of the work will be a desideratum by many, but more adapted for criticism than reading. Although by adhering to the arrangement of the Original, the Translation may appear un-couth, yet the strength and beauty of many passages are thereby preserved.

The frequent recurrence of the Greek arti-

cle of emphasis, and an occasional ellipsis, often interfere with the sense and elegance of a sentence, but this cannot well be avoided in a word-for-word Translation. The advan-tages, however, accruing to the diligent inves-tigator of the Divine Word by persuing this plan are many, and will be duly appreciated.

2. New Version .- The column on the right hand side of the page is a New VERSION for general reading. This rendering is based upon that in the left hand Column, and the labors of many talented Critics and Translators of the Scriptures. The Readings of the oldest Manuscripts now known are sometimes incorporated, and always referred to. In this Column the EMPHATIC SIGNS are introduced, by which the Greek Words of Emphasis are designated. For the use and beauty of this arrangement, the reader is requested to examine the annexed remarks on Signs of Emphasis.

The Chapters and Verses of the Common Version have been retained, principally for convenience of reference. The reader however, by following the paragraphs in the opposite column, need not be governed by these arbi-trary divisions. Chapters and Verses were not introduced till the middle of the 16th cen-

tury.

3. Foot Notes and References. -The various Readings of the Vatican MS., Notes for the elucidation of the text, and References, are introduced at the bottom of the page. The Notes are critical, illustrative, explanatory, and suggestive. Old Testament quotations are always referred to, and copious parallel passages in

4. Appendix.—It is intended to add an Appendix to the Work, containing all the Geographical and Proper Names found in the New Testament, with Words

1. Greek Text and Interlineary and Phrases intimately connected with doctrinal subjects, alphabetically arranged. These will be critically examined, and the light of Biblical science thrown upon such as have given rise to sectarian disputes, and the cavils of infidels.

SIGNS OF EMPHASIS.

The Greek article often finds its equivalent in the English definite article the, but in the majority of cases it is evidently only a mark of emphasis. It frequently precedes a substantive, an adjective, a verb, an adverb, a participle or a particle, thus pointing out the emphatic words. The Greek article and Emphasis. phatic Pronouns exercise a most important influence on the meaning of words, and some-times throw light on doctrines of the highest interest. The sacred penmen of the New Testament were, in the opinion of many emi-nent persons, guided by Divine inspiration in the choice of their words; and in the use of the Greek article there was clearly a remark-able discretion displayed. In fact, the Signs of Emphasis are incorporated with the words of Emphasis are incorporated with the words in such a manner, that the latter cannot be stated without conveying at the same time to the intelligent mind an idea of the very intonation with which the sentence was spoken when it was written down. This peculiarity of the Greek language cannot be properly expressed in English except by the use of typographical signs: such as, Initial Capital letters, italics, SMALL CAPITALS.

The Common Version of the New Testament fails to give the reader a full conception of the meaning designed to be conveyed by

of the meaning designed to be conveyed by

of the meaning designed.

It the Greek original, in regard—
lst. To those Words which are connected
with the Greek Article;

2d. To those Pronouns Substantive which

are intended to carry in themselves a peculiar

emphasis; and,
3d. To those Adjectives and Pronouns
which obtain a comparative importance, by
reason of the position which they occupy in
the Greek Text, with reference to some other words.

To remedy these deficiencies, the following System of Noattion is employed in the Eng-

lish column of the Diagnort.

1. Those Words rendered positively emphatic by the presence of the Greek article. are printed in Small Capitals: as, "The LIFE was the LIGHT of MEN."

2. Those Propound Substantive which, in

the Greek, are intended to be positively emphatic are printed in Black Letter: as, "De

must increase, but I must decrease."

3. Those Adjectives and Pronouns which in the Greek are comparatively emphatic, as indicated by their position, are printed with an Initial Capital Letter: as, "One Body, and One Spirit, even as ye are called in One Hope of your calling."

4. All Greek Substantive.

of your calling."

4. All Greek Substantives, as being of more importance than other words, are also commenced with a Capital Letter.

By adopting these Signs of Emphasis, it is believed certainty and intensity are given to passages where they occur, as well as viracity and earnestness to the discourses in which they are found; thus rendering the reader, a hearer, as it were, of the life-words of them "who spoke as never man spoke," or which were enunciated by His inspired aposites.

LETTERS AND PRONUNCIATION OF THE GREEK ALPHABET.

FIGURE.	NAME.	SOUND, OR POWER.
Αα	Alpha	a
Вβ	Beta	Ъ
Γγ	Gamma	g hard, as in begin
Δδ	Delta	d
E € .	Epsilon	e short, as in met
ZS	Zeta	z
Ηη	Eta	e long, as in keen
Θθ	Theta	th
I	Iota	i
Кк	Kappa	k
Λλ	Lambda	1
Μμ	Mu	m
Nν	Nu	n
Ξξ	Xi	x
0 0	Omicron	o short, as in lot
Ππ	Pi	p
Ρρ	Rho	r
Σ σ, final s	Sigma	s
Ττ	Tau	t
Yı	Upsilon	u
Φφ	Phi	ph
Хχ.	Chi	ch hard, as in chord
ΨΨ	Psi	ps
Ωω	Omega	o long, as in throne.

REMARKS.

. Accents are said to sometimes assist the reader to discriminate between words which are alike in form, but different in meaning: but as they are by no means necessary, other for the pronouncing or understanding of the Greek language, and as the earliest of all the manuscripts of the Greek Testament is without accents, it has been thought best to omit them in the Diamotor, leaving the sense, in doubtful cases, to be determined by the context. If accents favor a particular sense, it may be an erroneous one, and then they are injurious; and if they do not favor any particular sense, then they are runuecessary.

Pronunciation.—Considerable discrepancy of opinion prevails among the learned concerning the proper sound of some of these letters, and as it is impossible at this distance of time to ascertain the mode of pronunciation among the ancient Greeks, the simplest plan is to consider each Greek letter as corresponding in sound to its correlative letter in our own alphabet, as shown in the Table.

The Letters are divided into seven vowels and seventeen consonants.

The Vowels are ϵ , o, short; η , ω , long; and α , ι , v, doubtful. Diphthongs are formed of two vowels joined together, and are twelve in number; six proper, $\alpha\iota$, αv , $\epsilon\iota$, ϵv , $o\iota$, ov and six improper, α , η , φ , ηv , ωv , $\upsilon\iota$. The little stroke under α , η , φ , standing for Iota, called Iota subscript, is not sounded, but merely serves to show the derivation.

The Labials, (π, β, ϕ) the Palatals, (κ, γ, χ) and the Dentals, (τ, δ, θ) are named according to the organs of articulation employed in pronouncing them. To each of these classes belongs a double letter, so called because combining the sound of s with that of another consonant; thus, the Labials, πs , βs , ϕs , are equal to ψ , the Palatals, κs , γs , χs , to ξ and the Dentals, τs , δs , to ζ .

The letter ν can stand only before Dentals; before Labials it becomes μ before the liquids, $(\lambda, \mu, \nu, \rho)$ assimilation takes place, so that before λ it becomes λ , before ρ it becomes ρ . &c. Before Palatals ν is converted into γ but observe, that whenever γ is found before another γ , or either of the other Palatals, it is always pronounced like n; thus $\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda os$ (angel) is pronounced another γ and γ are los, not aggelos.

1*

Every word having a vowel or diphthong for the first letter is, in most printed books, marked at the beginning either with an aspirate, or rough breathing, ('), as $\dot{\eta}\lambda\iota\sigma s$, (sun,) pronounced as if written helios; or with a smooth one, ('), as $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\iota$, (upon.) simply read epi. The former one of these breathings is only of necessary use, and may be considered as having the force of the English letter h. The aspirate is placed over ρ and ν when they stand at the beginning of a word; thus $\dot{\rho}o\delta o\nu$, (u rose,) pronounced rhodon. In diphthongs the breathing is placed over the second vowel; thus uios, (a son,) pronounced why-os. When ρ is doubled, the last one takes the aspirate, as $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\rho}\dot{\rho}\omega\sigma o$, pronounced errhoso.

Words in Greek arc of eight kinds, called Parts of Speech; viz., Article, Noun, Pronoun, Verb, Participle, Adverb, Preposition.

and Conjunction.

The Article, Noun, Pronoun, and Participle, are declined with

Gender, Number, and Case.

There are three Genders; the Masculine, Feminine and Neuter. There are two Numbers; the Singular, which speaks of one, as λογος, a word; and the Piural. which speaks of more than one, as λογοι, words.

To these the Greeks added a third number, called the Dual, which only specifies number was not much used, and is not found either in the Septuagint, or New Testament.

There are five Cases; the Nominative, Genitive, Dative, Accusative, and Vocative.

The Article δ , $\hat{\eta}$, τo , generally answers to the definite article the in English. When no article is expressed in Greek, the English indefinite article a is signified. Thus $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$ means a man, or man in general; and δ $a\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi os$, the man. It is thus declined:

SINGULAR.				PLURAL.					
	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.	the.	37	Masc.	Fem.	Neur.	_
om.	Ò,	ή,	το,	the.	Nom.	οì,	αi,	τα,	the.
				of the.					
Dat.	τψ,	$\tau\eta$,	τφ,	to the.	Dat.	TOIS,	ταις,	TOLS,	to the.
Acc.	τον,	την,	το,	the.	Acc.	Tous,	τas,	τα,	the.

The Article has no vocative; ω , which sometimes procedes a noun in the vocative, is an Interjection.

The Article takes the consonant τ in every Case, except in the nom. sin. masc. and fem. δ , $\hat{\eta}$, and in the nom. pl. masc. and fem. δ , α , where the τ is superseded by the aspirate (').

The gen. pl. in all genders and in every declension, ends in $\omega \nu$. The Personal or Primitive Pronouns are three; $\epsilon \gamma \omega$, I, plural $\hbar \mu \epsilon \iota s$, we, of the first person; σv , thou, plural $\delta \mu \epsilon \iota s$, you, of the second; Gen. ob, he or she, plural $\sigma \phi \epsilon \iota s$, they, of the third.

The Relative Pronouns are os, h, o, who, which, and auros, aurn,

avto, he, she, it, &c., &c., &c.

To those wholly unacquainted with Greek, the foregoing remarks will give some, though perhaps but little satisfaction. If a further knowledge is desired, the reader had better procure a Grammar. A very good book to commence with has been published by Bagster & Sons, London, entitled, "A Practical Guide to the first Study of the Greek Testament," designed for those who have no knowledge of the Greek language.

ACCORDING TO MATTHEW.

КЕФ. а. 1.

1 Βιβλος γεννεσεως Ιησου Χριστου, υξου of descent of Jesus Christ. A record son of 2 Αβρααμ εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ, υίου Αβρααμ. David, son of Abream. Abraam begot the Ισαακ· Ισαακ δε εγεννησε τον Ιακωβ· Ιακωβ begot the Jacob; Isaac and Jacob δε εγεννησε τον Ιουδαν και τους αδελφους Judas and begot the the brothers αυτου. 3 Ιουδας δε εγεννησε τον Φαρες και τον of him. Judas and begot the Phares and the Φαρες δε εγεννησε τον Ζαρα εκ της Θαμαρ. Ζατα by the Thamar. Princes and Εσρωμ δε εγεννησε τον Αραμ ⁴ Αραμ Εσρωμ δε εγεννησε τον Αραμ ⁴ Αραμ Aram Αμιναδαβ. Αμιναδαβ δε εγεννησε τον Aminadab; and begot the Aminadab and εγεννησε τον Ναασσων. Ναασσων δε εγεννησε Nansson; Naasson and begot begot the τον Σαλμων ⁵ Σαλμων δε εγεννησε τον Βοος the Salmon: Salmon and begot the Booz $\epsilon \kappa$ της Γ $\alpha \chi \alpha \beta$. β $\alpha \delta \epsilon \kappa$ $\epsilon \kappa$ της Γ $\epsilon \kappa$ $\epsilon \kappa$ $\epsilon \kappa$ the Ruchab. Booz and begot the Obed by της 'Ρουθ. Ωβηδ δε εγεννησε τον Ιεσσαι' the Ruth. Obed and begot the 6 Ιεσσαι δε εγεννησε τον Δαυιδ τον βασιλεα. Jesse and begot the David the 7 Σολομων δε εγεννησε εκ της του Ουριου. by the of the Urias. Solomon and begot

τον 'Ροβοαμ' 'Ροβοαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αβια·
the Roboam; Roboam and begot the Abia; As a $\delta \epsilon \in \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \sigma \nu$ As $\epsilon \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \sigma \epsilon$ Abia and begot the As As and begot Αβια δε εγεννησε τον Ασα. τον Ιωσαφατ· Ιωσαφατ δε εγεννησε τον Ιωραμ· the Josaphat; Josaphat and begot the Josam; Ιωραμ δε εγεννησε τον Οζιαν ⁹ Οζιας δε εγεν-Joran and begot the Ozias; Ozias and begot νησε τον Ιωαθαμ. Ιωαθαμ δε εγεννησε τον Αγαζ. the Jotham; Jotham and begot the Acnaz: Aχας δε εγεννησε τον Εζεκιαν· 10 Εζεκιας δε Achaz and begot the Ezekias; Εσεκίας εγεννησε τον Μανασση. Μανασσης δε εγεννησε begot the Manasses; Manasses and τον Αμων Αμων δε εγεννησε τον Ιωσιαν 11 Ιωσιας

δε εγεννησε τον Ιεχονιαν και τους αδελφους and begot the Jechonias and the brothers αυτου, επι της μετοικέσε. Βαβυλωνος. of him, near the removal Babylonian.

the Amon; Amon and begot

CHAPTER I.

- 1 A Register of the ‡ Lineage of Jesus Christ, Son of David, Son of Abraham.
- 2 From ‡ Abraham proceeded ISAAC; from !Isaac, JACOB; from # Jacob, JUDAN and his BRO-THERS ;
- 3 from Judah, Pharez and ZARAH, by TAMAR; from Pharez, HEZRON. from Hezron, RAM;
- 4 from Ram, AMMINA-DAB; from Amminadab, NAHSHON; from Nahshon, Salmon:
- 5 from Salmon, BOAZ, by RAHAB; from Boaz, OBED, by RUTH; from Obed, JESSE;
- 6 and from ‡Jesse, DAVID the KING. David had ‡ Solomon by the [WIDOW] of URIAH;
- 7 Solomon had ‡RE-HOBOAM; Rehoboam had ABIJAH; Abijah had Asa:
- 8 Asa had Jehosha-PHAT; Jehoshaphat had † JEHORAM; Jehoram had UzziaH;
- 9 Uzziah had JOTHAM: Jotham had AHAZ; Ahaz had HEZEKIAH;
- 10 Hezekiah had MA-NASSEH; Manesseh had AMON: Amon had Jo-SIAH;
- 11 and † Josiah had JECHONIAH and his BRO-THERS, near the time of the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon.

the Josias;

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-Title-According to Matthew.

[.] the KING-omit.

^{† 8.} By reference to 2 Chron. xxii., and following chapters, it will be seen that the names of Ahazah, Joash, and Anazah, the immediate descendants of Jehoram, are omitted in the text. † 11. Some MSS. read, "Josiah begot Jehoiakim, and Jehoiakim begot Jechoniah," probably inserted to make up fourteen gener, to us, as mentioned in verse 17. Doddridge, Hacknight, Clarke, and some others, adopt this reading. It is not found in the oldest MSS.

^{1.} Luke iii. 23. † 2. Gen. xxi. 2; xxv. 26; xxix. 35. am. xii. 24. † 7. 1 Caron, iii. 10. 1 6. 1 Sam. xvi. 1: xvii. 12. Sain. xii. 24.

12 Μετειδε την μετοικεσιαν Βαβυλωνος, Ιεχονιας After and the removal Babylonian, Jechonias εγεννησε τον Σαλαθιηλ. Σαλαθιηλ δε εγεννησε Salathiel, Salathiel and begot begot the τον Ζοροβαβελ. 13 Ζοροβαβελ δε εγεννησε τον Zorobabel and begot Zorobabel; Αβιουδ. Αβιουδ δε εγεννησε τον Ελιακειμ. Ελια-Abind and begot the Eliakim; Keim $\delta \epsilon$ eyennge ton $A \zeta \omega \rho$. 14 $A \zeta \omega \rho$ $\delta \epsilon$ eyennge kim and begot the Azor; Azor and begot του Ζαδωκ. Σαδωκ δε εγεννησε τον Αχειμ. Αχειμ Sadok; Sadok and begot the Achim; Achim Sator and Editor 15 Editor δε εγεννησε and begot the Eliud; Eliud and begot the Eliud; τον Ελεαζαρ. Ελεαζαρ δε εγεννησε τον Ματθαν. Eleazar and begot the Matthan, Eleazar, Mατθαν δε εγεννησε του Iακωβ 16 Iακωβ δε 16 Iακαβ Jacob; Jacob Matthan and begot the εγεννησε τον Ιωσηφ, τον ανδρα Μαριας, εκ ής begot the Joseph, the husband of Mary, of whom

εγεννηθη Ιησους, δ λεγομενος Χριστος. Christ. was born Jesus, that being named

17 Πασαι ουν αί γεννεαι απο Αβρααμ έως Δαυιδ, All then the generations from Abraam till David, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες και απο Δαυίδ έως της generations fourteen; and from David till the μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος, γενεαι δεκατεσσαρες. Babylonian, generations fourteen;

και απο της μετοικεσιας Βαβυλωνος έως του the removal Babylonian Χριστου, γενεαι δεκατεπσαρες.

Christ, generations fourteen. 18 Του δε Ιησου Χριστου ή γενεσις ούτως ην.
Of the now Jesus Christ the birth thus was. Μνηστευθεισης γαρ της μητρος αυτου Μαριας τω Being espoused for the mother of him Mary to the Iωσηφ, πριν η συνελθειν αυτους, εύρεθη εν Joseph, before either came together them, she was found inγαστρι εχουσα εκ πνευματος άγιου. ¹⁹Ιωσηφ δε Joseph and having by a spirit holy. ό ανηρ αυτης, δικαιος ων και μη θελων αυτην the husband of her, a just man being and not willing παραδειγματισαι, εβουληθη λαθρα απολυσαι to publicly expose, was inclined secretly to release

20 Ταυτα δε αυτου ενθυμηθεντος, ιδου, αυτην. her. These but of him thinking on, lo,] αγγελος κυριου κατ' ουαρ εφανη αυτω, λεγων a messenger of a lord in a dream appeared to him, saying; Ιωσηφ, υίος Δαυιδ, μη φοβηθης παραλαβειν Μα-Joseph, son of David, not thoushouldst fear to take οιαμ την γυναικα σου το γαρ εν αυτη γεννηθεν, ry the wife of thee; that for in her being formed, εκ πνευματος εστιν άγιου ²¹τεξεται δε υίον, και hy aspirit is holy; she shall bear and a son, and καλεσεις το ονομα αυτου Ιησουν· αυτος γαρ σωσει

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-18. the CHRIST Jesus.

thou shalt call the name of him

he

for shall save

‡ 21. Luke i. 31; ii, 21. t 18. Luke i. 27. 1 19. Deut. xxiv. 1,

Jesus;

12 And after the CAR-EYING-AWAY to Babylon, from Jeconiah descended SALATHIEL; from Salathiel, ZERUBBABEL;

13 from Zerubbabel, A-BIUD from Abiud, ELIA-KIM; from Eliakim, Azor;

14 from Azor, ZADOC: from Zadoc, Achim; from Achim, Eliud; 15 from Eliud, Elea-

ZAR; from Eleazar, MAT-THAN; from Matthan. JACOB;

16 and from Jacob. Joseph, the husband of Mary, of whom v as born THAT Jesus, who is NA-

MED Christ.

17 + [All the GENERA-TIONS, then, from Abraham to David, are fourteen Generations; from David till the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon, fourteen Generations; and from the CARRYING-AWAY to Babylon till the MESSIAH, fourteen Generations.

18 Now the ! NATIVITY of the *Christ Jesus was thus: Mary his MOTHER had been pledged to Jo-SEPH; but before they united, she was discov-ered to be pregnant by

the holy Spirit.

19 Then Joseph, her affianced HUSBAND, being a just man, and unwilling to expose her, purposed to ‡ divorce her privately.

20 But while he was reflecting on these things, behold! an Angel of the Lord appeared to him in a Dream, saying, "Joseph, Son of David, fear not to take Mary, thy affianced WIFE; for THAT BEING FORMED in her is by the holy Spirit:

21 she will bear a Son, and thou shalt ‡ call his NAME † Jesus; for he will

^{† 17.} Penn omits this verse; Newcome, Pearce, and others regard it as a marginal gloss. † 18. Fifth year before the common Anno Domini. † 21. Jesus—Heb. Yahva-Shra, i. c., Yah-shua, or Joshua. Yan, or Jah, Ishall be; and Shua, Powerful—hence the name signifies, I shall be the Powerful. "Thou shalt call his name Jesus," for this reason, "Because !!!! will save his people from their sins." See Acts vii. 45, Heb. iv. 8, and Appendix, word Jesus.

τον λαον αύτου αποτων άμαρτιων αυτων 22 (Τουτο the people of him from the sins of them; This δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα πληρωθη το δηθεν ύπο was done, so that might be fulfilled the word spoken by του κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος 23, 1δου, the lord through the prophet, saying; η παρθενος εν γαστρι έξει, και τεξεται υίον, και the virgin in womb shall have, and shall bear a son, and καλεσουσι το ονομα αυτου Εμμανουηλ " δ εστι they shall call the name of him Emmanuel;" which is μεθερμηνευομενον, μεθ' ήμων <math>κ[δ] (405.) being translated, with us [the] God.

²⁴Διεγερθεις δε όΙωσηφ απο του ύπνου, εποιησεν Being aroused and the Joseph from the sleep, ώς προπεταξεν αυτφ ὁ αγγελος κυριου και παρεcommanded to him the messenger of alord; and took λαβε την γυναικα αύτου, ²⁵και ουκ εγινωσκεν the wife of him, but not he knew έως ού ετεκε ^{*}[τον] νίον ^{*}[αύτης τον till she brought forth [the] son { of her the αυτην έως ού ετεκε πρωτοτοκον ζκαι εκαλεσε το ονομααυτου Ιησουν.

first-born; I and called the name of him Jesus. KE Φ . B'. 2, Tou δε Ιησου γεννηθεντος εν Βηθλεεμ της The and Jesus being born in Bethleem of the

Ιουδαιας, εν ήμεραις Ήρωδου του βαπιλεως, ιδου,

kings days of Herod the μαγοι απο ανατολων παρεγενοντο εις Ίερου ...into Jerusale..., wise-men from an east country came μα, λεγοντες: 2Που εστιν δ τεχθεις βασιλευς των Where is the new-born saying king of the Ιουδαιων; ειδομεν γαρ αυτον τον αστερα εν τη we saw for of him the star in the ανατολη, και ηλθομεν προσκυνησαι αυτω. ³Ακουand are come to do homage to him. Having σας δε Ήρωδης ό βασιλευς εταραχθη, και πασα Vas of Tipmon's the king was alarvied, and all bread and Herod the king was alarvied, and all sepos ολυμα μετ' αυτου ⁴και συναγαγων παντας Jerusalem with him, and having called together all τοις αρχιερεις και γραμματεις του λαου, επυνthe chief-priests and scribes of the people, he inθανετο παρ' αυτων, που δ Χριστος γενναται. 50ί quired of them, where the Anointed should be born. They δε ειπον αυτφ. Εν Βηθλεεμ της Ιουδαιας. ούτω and said to him; In Bethleem of the Judea; γαρ γεγραπται δια του προφητου^{. 6} 'Και συ Βηθfor it is written by the prophet "And thou Bethλεεμ, γη Ιουδα, ουδαμως ελαχιστη ει εν τοις leem, land of suda, by no means least art among the ήγεμοσιν Ιουδα' εκ σου γαρ εξελευσεται ήγουμεprinces of Juda; out of thee for shall come forth a prince, νος, δοτις ποιμανει τον λαον μου, τον Ισραηλ.
who shall govers the people of me, the Israel."

7Τοτε "Ηρωδης λαθρα καλεσας τους μαγους,

Herod

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—23. a God. 25. a Son Laehmann and Tischendorf. 3. the King Herod. 25. a Son. 25. of her the first-born .- om.; so

privately having called the wise-men,

† 23. Heb. Inwa. with; nv. us; and el., God—the future name of Jesus; showing that he be "a God with us." It is not emphatically "Goo" who will be with his people under the name of Immanuel; but "God" in the same sense in which it is gaid "The word was God."—John i. 1. (See Dr. Middleton on the Greek Article.) I. A Sect of Philosophers. 1 21. Isa. lix. 20; Rom. xi. 26, 27-‡ 23. Isa. vii. 14. ‡ 25. Luke ii 7. ‡ 6. Micah v. 2.

t save his PEOPLE from their sins."

22 (All this occurred, that the WORD SPOKEN by the Lord through the PROPHET, might be veri-

fied, saying :

23 ‡ " Behold! the VIR-"GIN shall conceive, and "bear a Son, and his
"NAME shall be called
"Immanuel;" which signifies, God with us.)

24 And Joseph, being raised from SLEEP did as the ANGEL of the Lord had commanded him, and

took his WIFE;

25 but he knew her not. till ‡she brought forth a Son, and called his NAME Jesus.

CHAPTER II.

1 And Jesus being born in Bethlehem of JUDÆA, in the Days of Herod, the KING, behold, † Magians from the East, came into Jerusalem ; saying :

2 "Where is the NEW-BORN KING of the JEWS? for we saw his STAR at its RISING, and are come to do him homage."

Now * Herod, the KING, having heard, was alarmed, and All Jeru-

salem with him.

4 And having assembled All the CHIEF-PRIESTS and Scribes of the PEOPLE, he inquired of them where the Messiah should be born.

5 And THEY answered, "In Bethlehem, of Ju-DÆA;" for thus it is written by the PROPHET: 6 1"And thou Bethlehem, " Land of JUDAH, art by "no means least as to the "PRINCES of Judah; for our "of thee shall come forth "a Prince, who shall rule "my PEOPLE ISRAEL."

7 Then Herod, having secretly called the MAGIANS,

πκριβωσε παρ' αυτων τον χρονον του φαινομένου time of the learned exactly from them the appearing 8 και πεμψας αυτους εις Βηθλεεμ, αστερος, them into Bethleem, a star, and seuding ειπι. Πορευθεντες, ακριβως εξετασατε περι του he said; Passing on your way, exactly inquire about the παιδιου· επαν δε εύρητε, απαγγειλατε μοι, όπως infant; as soon as and you have found, bring word to me, that κάγω ελθων προσκυνησω αυτω, ⁹Οιδε ακουσαντες I also going pay homage to him. They and having heard του βασιλεως επορευθησαν. Και ιδου, ὁ αστης, king departed. And lo, the of the είδον εν τη ανατολη, προηγεν αυτους, έως δν which they saw in the rising, went before them. ελθων εστη επανω ού ην το παιδιον. 10 Ιδοντες going it stood over where was the infant. δετον αστερα, εχαρησαν χαραν μεγαλην σφοδρα: and the star, they rejoiced a joy very great; ¹¹και ελθοντες εις τηνοικιαν, ειδοντο παιδιον μετα and being come into the house, they saw the infant Μαριας της μητρος αυτου,και πεσοντες † προσεκυmother of it, and falling down didhomage νησαν αυτώ, και ανοιξαντες τους θησαυρους αυτών, to it, and opening the treasuries of them, προσηνεγκαν αυτφ δωρα, χρυσον και λιβανον και they offered to it gifts, gold and frankincense and σμυρναν. 12 Και χρηματισθεντες κατ' οναρ, μη And being warned in a dream not myrrh. ανακαμψαι προς 'Ηρωδην, δι' αλλης όδου ανεχω-to return to Herod, by another way they ρησαν εις την χωραν αύτων. withdrew into the country of them.

13 'Αναχωρησαντων δε αυτων, ιδου, αγγελος but of them, lo, Having withdrawn κυριου φαινεται κατ' οναρ τω Ιωσηφ, λεγων of a lord appears in a dream to the Joseph, saying; Εγερθεις παραλαβε το παιδιον και την μητερα take the infant and the Arising αυτου, και φευγε εις Αιγυπτον, και ισθι εκει, fice into and bethow there, Egypt, έως αν ειπω σοι μελλει γαρ Ήρωδης ζητειν το I speak to thee; is about for Herod to seek the 14 'Ο δε εγερθεις παιδιον, του απολεσαι αυτο. to kill He then arising παρελαβετο παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου νυκτος, took the infant and the mother of it by night, και ανεχωρησεν εις Αιγυπτον· 15 Και ην εκει έως into Egypt; and he was there till της τελευτης 'Ηρωδου ίνα πληρωθη το ρηθεν of Herod; that might be fulfilled the word spoken ύπο που κυριου δια του προφητου, λεγοντος. by the Ford through the prophet, " Εξ Αιγυπτου εκαλεσα τον υίον μου." the son of me." "Out of Egypt I called

16 Τοτε 'Ηρωδης ιδων ότι ενεπαιχθη ύπο των seeing that he was mocked by

ascertained exactly from them the TIME of the STAR'S APPEARING:

8 and sending them to Bethlehem, he said, "Go search strictly for the CHILD; and as soon as you have found him, bring me Word, that I also may go and pay him reverence.

9 And THEY, having heard the KING, departed; and behold! the STAE which they saw at its RIsing, preceded them, till it came and stood over the place where the CHILD was.

10 And seeing the STAR, they rejoiced with very

great Joy.

11 And coming into the house, they saw the CHILD with Mary his MO-THER; and prostrating, they honored him. Then opening their CASKETS, they offered, as Presents to him, Gold, Frankincense, and Myrrh.

12 And being warned in a Dream not to return to Herod, they went HOME by Another Way.

13 But they having *retired into their own coun-TRY, behold! an Augel of the Lord * appeared to Jo-SEPH in a Dream, saying: "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and fly to Egypt; and remain there. till I speak to thee: for Herod is about to seek the

CHILD to DESTROY him."

14 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, by night, and withdrew to Egypt;

15 and remained there till the DECEASE of Herod: so that the WORD SPOKEN by the *Lord through the PROPHET might be verified, saying: ‡"From Egypt I have called back my son."

16 Then Herod, perceiving That he had been de-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-13. retired into their own country. 13. appeared. 15. Lord.

^{+ 11.} The homage of prostration, which is signified by this Greek word, in sacred authors as well as in profane, was throughout all Asia, commonly paid to kings and other superiors, both-by Jews and by Pagans. It was paid by Moses to his father-in-law, Exod-xviii. 7, called ke the E. T. "obelsance."—Campbell.

^{1 15.} Hoshea xi. 1.

 $\mu \alpha \gamma \omega \nu$, $\epsilon \theta \nu \mu \omega \theta \eta$ $\lambda \iota \alpha \nu$ $\epsilon \alpha \iota \alpha \pi \sigma \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha s \alpha \nu \epsilon \iota \lambda \epsilon$ wisc-inen, was enraged much; and sending forth he slew παντας τους †παιδας τους εν Βηθλεεμ και εν in Bethleem the boys the πασα τοις δριοις αυτης, απο διετους και κατωthe borders of her, from two years and under, τερω, κατα τον χρονον δν ηκριβωσε παρατων according to the time which he exactly learnt from the μαγων. ¹⁷Τοτε επληρωθη το ρηθεν ίπο (Γερεμιου wise-inen. Then was fulfilled the word spoken by Jeremiah του προφητου, λεγοντος, 18 " Φωνη εν 'Ραμα the prophet, saying, "A voice in Rama ηκουσθη, * [θρηνος και] κλαυθμος και οδυρμος was heard, [lamentation and] weeping and mourning πολυς 'Ραχηλ κλαιουσα τα τεκνα αύτης και Rachel hewailing the children of her; ουκ ηθελε παρακληθηναι, ότι ουκ εισι." not is willing to be comforted because not they are."

 19 Televing died and of the lierod, loo, ayγελος κυριου κατ' οναρ φαινεται τω Ιωσηφ εν messenger of a lord in a dream appears to the Joseph in 20 Eyep θ eis π apa λ a β e $A i \gamma v \pi \tau \omega$, $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega v$ TO saying; Arising παιδιον και την μητερα αυτου, και πορευου εις infant and the mother of it, and go thou into γ ην Ισραηλ· τ εθνηκασι γ αρ οἱ ζητουντες τ ην land larael; they are dead for the seeking the ψυχην του παιδιου. 21 'Ο δε εγερθεις παρελαβε of the infant. He and arising took το παιδιου και την μητερα αυτου, και ηλθεν εις infant and the mother of it, and came into ²² Ακουσας δε, ότι Αρχελαος γην Ισραηλ. and, that Archelaus land Israel. Hearing βασιλευει επι της Ιουδαίας αντι Ήρωδου του was reigning over the Juden instead of Herod the πατρος αυτου, εφοβηθη εκει απελθειν χρημαfather of him, he was afraid there to go; being TITHEIS δε κατ' οναρ, ανεχωρησεν els Ta a dream, he withdrew as^{23} Kal $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ κατωκησεν he dwelt and in μερη της Γαλιλαιας. region of the Galilee. εις πολιν λεγομενην Ναζαρετ όπως πληρωθη Nazareth; that might be fulfilled into a city named δια των προφητων, ότι Ναζωραιος the wordspoken through the prophets, that a Nazarite κληθησεται. he will be called.

ceived by the MAGIANS, was greatly enraged; and despatching emissaries he slew all the male chil-DREN in Bethlehem and in All its VICINITY, from the age of Two-years and under, according to the TIME which he accurately learnt from the MAGIANS.

17 Then was verified the WORD SPOKEN * through Jeremiah the PROPHET.

saying, 18 ‡ "A Voice was "heard tin Ramah, Weep-"ing and great Mourning; "Rachel bemoaning her "CHILDREN, and unwil-"ling to be comforted, Be-"cause they are no more."

19 When HEROD was dead, behold! an Angel of the Lord appears in a Dream to Joseph in E-

gypt, saying:

20 "Arise, take the CHILD and his MOTHER, and go into the Land of Israel; for THEY are dead who sought the child's LIFE."

21 Then HE, arising, took the CHILD and his MOTHER, and * entered into the Land of Israel;

22 but hearing That Archelaus was reigning over JUDÆA instead of his FA-THER Herod, he was afraid to return there; and being warned in a Dream, retired into the DISTRICT of GALILEE;

23 and coming into a City named †Nazareth, he abode; that the word SPOKEN through the PRO-PHETS might be verified. "That he will be called "ta Nazarite."

^{* 17.} through Jeremiah-Lachmann & Tischendorf. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-18. lam-21. entered into.

^{† 16.} THE MALE-CHILDREN. The Greek article being masculine, it defines the sex. In nine other places in this chapter, infant is in the nenter gender.

18. in Ramal. A city not far from Bethlehem in Judea, on the confines of the territory of Benjamin. Origen and Jerome say that the Hebrew term rendered in Ramah, by the LXX, should be translated, on high. Matthew, or his translator, followed the Septuagint.

23. Nazareth—a small city of the Zebulonites, in Galilee, about 75 miles north of the city of Jerusalem.

23. a Nazarite. Matthew evidently understood this the same as a Nazarene, or a native of Nazareth. A Nazarite was one under a vow of self-denial. In Judges xii. 5, Samson is called a Nazarite. The apostle Paul was accused by Turtullus, before Felix, as being "a ringleader of the sect of the Nazarites," Acts xxiv. 5. Some derive the name from Isaxi. I, where the promised Messiah is called a Nazar, or branch.

^{1 18.} Jer. xxxi. 15.

КЕФ. γ. 3.

1 Εν δε ταις ήμεταις εκειναις παραγίνετα. In now the days those comes Iωαννης δ βαπτιστης, κηρυσσων ει τη ερημφ John the dipper, proclaiming in the desert [και] 2 Μετανοειτε. IouSaias, λεγων. TMS [and] of the Judea. caying; Reform yo; ηγγικε γαρ ή †βασιλεια των ουρανων. ³Ουτος has come nigh for the majesty of the heavens This γαρ εστιν δ δηθεις ύπο Ήσαιου του προφητου, for is he spoken of by Esaias the prophet, "A voice crying out $\epsilon \nu$ $\tau\eta$ λεγοντος. σρημώο in the desert; saying; έτοιμασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ποιειτι the way make ye of a lord, straight make ye ready

τας τριβους αυτου." the beaten tracks of him." 4 Αυτος δε δ Ιωαννης ειχε το ένδυμα αύτου had the outer garment of him and the John απο τριχων καμηλου, και ζωνην δερματινην

of a camel, and a belt hairs περι την οσφυν αύτου ή δε τροφη αυτου ην

of him; the and around the loins food of him was 5 Τοτε εξεπορευετο ακριδες και μελι αγριον. locusts and honey wild. 'I'l.en προς αυτον Ίεροσολυμα, και πασα ή Ιουδαια, all the Judea, Jerusalem, to him and και πασα ή Ιορήςνου· 6 και περιχωρος τov

all the country about of the Jord in ; εβαπτιζοντο εν τω Ιορδανη ύπ' αυτου, εξομολοby were dipped in to the Jordan him,

γουμενοι τας αμαρτιας αύτων.

sins of : the

7 Ιδων δε τολλους των Φαρισαιων καε ≥αδδου-Seeing and many of the Pharisees Sadducees and καιων ερχομενους επι το βαπτισμα αύτου, ειπεν to the dipping of him, he saul $\epsilon \chi i \delta \nu \omega \nu$, $\tau i s v \pi \epsilon \delta \epsilon i \xi \epsilon \nu$ αυτοις. $\Gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta \mu a \tau a$ O broods of venomous serpents, who pointed out to them; απο της μελλουσης บ็นเท φυγειν cpyns; wrath? the to you to flee from coming 8 Ποιησατε ουν καρπον αξιον της μετανοιας, Bring forth then fruit worthy of the reformation, ⁹ και μη δοξητε λεγειν εν έαυτοις» Πατερα in yourselves; think to say A father $\epsilon \chi$ οιμέν τον Αβρααμ. $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\dot{\nu}$ μιν, οτι δυναται we have the Abraam, 1 say for to you, that is able δ θεος εκ των λιθων τουτων εγειραι τεκνα τφ these to raise up children to the the God out of the stones

CHAPIER III.

1 Now is those DAYS appeared John the im-MERSER, in the †DESERT of JUDEA, publicly announcing,

2 t" Reform! because the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has ap-

proached."

3 For this is HE of whom Isaiah the PROPHET SPOKE, saying: ‡"A Voice "proclaiming in the DES-"ERT, 'Prepare the WAY " 'for the Lord, make the "'HIGHWAYS straight for " 'him.'"

4 Now John wore 2 MANTLE of Camel's Hair. with a leathern Girdle encircling his Waist; and his FOOD was Locusts and

wild Honey.

made of skin

5 Then resorted to him Jerusalem, and All Ju-DÆA, and All the coun-

TRY along the JORDAN;
6 and were immersed
by him in the * River JORDAN, confessing their

SINS.

7 But seeing many of the PHARISEES and Sadducees coming to * the IMMERSION, he said to them; ‡"O Progeny of Vipers! who has admonished you to fly from the APPROACHING VEN-GEANCE?

8 Produce, then, Fruit worthy of REFORMATION:

9 and presume not to say to yourselves, 'We have a Father,-ABRA-HAM; for I assure you, That God is able out of these stones to raise up Children to ABRAHAM.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-6. the River JORDAN. 7. the IMMERSION.

^{† 1.} Desear. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively cities with their villages," in the wilderness. 2. Reform. The word "repent" does not express the force of the original; which signifies a change of character, a permanent alteration of the dispositions and habits. The same remark may be applied to the noun of the same meaning in verse 8.—Gannett. 2. Basileia means kingly power, authority, royal dignity, majesty, &c., as well as kingdom, realm, or reign. The prophet Daniel uses kings and kingdoms synonymously, (Dan. ii. 44); so also the evangelists. See Matt. xxi. 5, 9; Mark xi. 9, 10; Luke xix. 38; and Zech. ix. 9. John's mission was "to go before the face of the Lord, to prepare his ways," (Luke 1.70; and to point out the Messiah. See John i. 6-8, 22-31, 24; Acts xiii. 24, 25. Therefore he called on the people to "Reform, because the Majesty of the heavens (God's Anointed) has come." † 1. Desert. This does not always mean an uninhabited region, but one comparatively

^{‡7} Luke iii.7-0. 1 3. Isa. xl. 3.

Now and seven the axe to the Авраац. Abraam. διζαν των δενδρων κειται· παν ουν δενδρον μη root of the trees lies; every therefore tree not ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται, και εις πυρ is cut down, fruit good, and into a fire 11 Εγω μεν βαπτιζω ύμας εν ύδατ:, Εαλλεται. l indeed dip la cast. you in water. δ δε οπισω μου ερχομενος, he but after of the coming, εις μετανοιαν. he but reformati n; «σχυροτερος μου εστιν, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανοι τα mightier of me is, of whom not I am worthy the ύποδηματα βαστασαι αυτος ύμας βαπτισει εν sandals to carry; he you will dip τνευματι άγιφ και πυρι. ¹²Ου το πτυου EV fire. Of whom the winnowing shovel in ho.y and Appril διακαθαριει την άλωνα τη χειρι αυτου, και the hand of him, and he will thoroughly cleanse the threshing floor αύτους και συναξει τον σιτον αύτου εις την of him; and he will gather the wheat of him into the αποθηκην, TO δε αχυρον KQUTEL πυρι storehouse, the but chaff he will burn np in fire ασβεστω. inextinguishable. 13 Τοτε παραγινεται δ Ιησους απο της Γαλι-Then comes the Jesus from the λαιας επι τον Ιορδανην προς τον Ιωαννην, του Jordan to the John, βοπ - ι θηναι ύπ' αυτοι 14' Ο δε Ιωαννης διεκωλυεν to be dipped by him; The but Joha

αυτον, λεγων Εγω χρειαν εχω ύπο σου βαπτισhim eaging; 1 weed to have by thee to be
θηναι, και συ ερχη προς με: 15 Αποκριθείς δε δ dipped, and thou comest to me? ering Inσους είπε προς αυτον Αφες αρτι ούτω γαρ πρεπον εστιν ήμιν, πληρωσαι πασανδικαιοσυνην. ecoming it is to us, to fulfil all righteousness. Τοτε αφιησιν αυτον. 16 Και βαπτισθεις δ Ιησους Then he suffered him. And having been dipped the Jesus ανεβη ευθυς απο του ύδατος και ιδου, ανεώχwent up immediately from the water; and lo. θησαν *[αυτφ] οί ουρανοι, και ειδε το πνευμα opened [to him] the heavens, and was seen the spirit [και] του θεου καταβαινον ώσει περιστεραν; of the God like a dove. descending [and] 17 Και ιδου, φωνη επ των ερχομένον επ' αυτον. bim. And lo, a voice out of the on «υρανων, λεγουσα· Ούτος εστιν ή υίης μου δ sayn gr This is the son of me the αγαπητος, εν ω ευδοκησα. in whom I delight. beloved.

10 Even now the AXE lies at the ROOT of the TREES; Every Tree, therefore, not producing good Fruit, is ent down, and cast into a Fire.

11 f., indeed, † immerse you in Water in order to Reformation; but he who is coming after me, is more powerful than I, † Whose sandals I am not worthy to carry; † he will immerse you in holy Spirit and in Fire.

12 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL is in his HAND, and he will effectually cleanse his THRESHING-FLOOR; he will gather his WHEAT into * his GRANARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with Fire inextinguishable."

13 Then comes Jesus from Galilee to the Jordan, to be immersed by John.

14 But *HE refused him, saying; "E have Need to be immersed by thee, and thou comest to me!"

15 But Jesus answering, said to him; "Permit it now; for thus it is becoming us to establish Every Ordinance." Then John suffered him.

16 And Jesus being immersed, went up from the WATER; and, behold! instantly the HEAVENS were opened, and *the Spirit of God appeared, descending, like a Dove, and ‡ resting on him.

17 And, behold to a Voice from the HEAVENS, saying, the BELOVED, in whom I delight."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-10. even-omit. 12. his SNANABY. 14. HR refused. 10. to him-omit. 16. the Spirit of God. 10. and-omit.

t 11. immerse you in Water. Baptizo, and its root Bapto, signify to dip, to plunge, to immerse, and was rendered by Tertullian, tingere, the term used for dyeing cloth, which was by immersion. It is always construed suitably to this meaning. Thus it is en hudatee at the interval of the

^{* 11.} Acts 1.5; ii. 2—4 xi. 16. 2 14 Isa. xi. 2; Ixi L 2 17. Iso viii. 1: 1 ike x 22.

КЕФ. δ'. 4.

*Τοτε δ Ιησους ανηχθη εις την ερημον ύπο Then the Jesus was led into the desert του πνευματος, πειρασθηναι ύπο του διαβολου. spirit, to be tempted by the ²Κα**ι νηστ**ευ**σας ήμ**ερας τεσσαρακοντα και νυκτας fasting days forty 3 Και προστεσσαρακοντα, ύστερον επεινασε. he was hungry. And after coming ελθων αυτώ δ πειραζων, ειπεν· Ει υίος EL TOU to him the tempter, said; If a son thou be of the θεου, ειπε, ίνα οί λιθοι ούτοι αρτοι γενωνται. God, speak, that the stones these loaves may become. 4'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε Γεγραπται "Ουκ επ' answering said; It is written; "Not by αρτω μονω ζησεται ανθρώπος αλλ' επι παντι bread alone shall live a man; but by every bread alone shall live a man; but by every δηματι εκπορευομενώ δια στοματος θεου." proceeding from mouth

5 Τοτε παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις την takes him the accuser into the άγιαν πολιν, και ίστησιν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον holy city, and places him on the wing του ίερου. 6 και λεγει αυτώ. Ει υίος ει του θεου, of the temple; and says to him; If a son thou be of the God, βαλε σεαυτον κατω γεγραπται γαρ "'OT: τοις cast thyself down; it is written for; "That to the αγγελοις αύτου εντελειται περι σου και επι messengers of him he will give charge of thee; and on χειρων αρουσι σε, μηποτε προσκοψης προς hands they shall raise thee, lest thou strike against 7 Eφη λιθον τον ποδα σου. αυτώ δ Ιησους. to him the a stone the foot of thee." Said Jesus: Παλιν γεγραπται. "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον Again it is written; "Not thou shait put to the proof Lord τον θεον σου."

God of thee." 8 Παλιν παραλαμβανει αυτον δ διαβολος εις him the accuser into takes ορος ύψηλον λιαν, και δεικνυσιν αυτωπασας s mountain high exceedingly, and shows to him all τας βασιλειας του κοσμου και την δοξαν αυτων, the kingdoms of the world and the glory of them, και λεγει αυτώ. Ταυτα παντα σοι δωσω, εαν and says to him: These all to thee I will give, if reσων προσκυνησης μοι. 10 Τοτε λεγει αυτώ πεσων προσκυνησης μοι. falling down thou wilt do homage to me. Then says to him δ Ιησους. Υπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα. γεγραπ-Go thou behind of me, adversary: it is written ται γαρ. 66 Κυριον τον θεον σου προσκυνησεις, for "Lord the God of thee thou shalt worship, was aut on the hour house have been service." If Tote at instrument to him only thou shalt render service." Then serves αυτον ό διαβολος και ιδου, αγγελοι προσηλθον him the accusers and lo, messengers και διηκονούν αυτω. ministered to him.

1 Then JESUS was conducted by the SPIRIT into the DESERT, to be tempted by the ENEMY.

2 And after fasting forty Days and forty Nights,

he was hungry.

3 Then the TEMPTER approaching him, said; "If thou be a Son of God, command that these stones become Loaves."

4 But HE answering, said; "It is written, †* "MAN shall not live by 'Bread only, but by Every 'Word proceeding from 'the Mouth of God."

5 Then the ENEMY conducts him into the HOLY City, and places him on the BATTLEMENT of the

TEMPLE,

6 and says to him, "It thou be a Son of God, cast thyself down; for it is written, ‡ 'He will give 'his ANGELS charge of 'thee; they shall uphold 'thee on their Hands, lest 'thon strike thy roor 'against a Stone."

7 Jesus answered; "Again, it is written, t'Thou shalt not try the

Lord thy GoD."

8 Again, the ENEMY takes him to a very high Mountain, and shows him All the KINGDOMS of the † WORLD, and the GLORY of them;

9 and says to him; "All these will I give thee, if prostrating thou wilt

worship me."

10 Then Jesus says to him; "Get thee behind me, Adversary; for it is written, † Thou shalt worship the Lord thy 'GoD, and him only shalt 'thou serve.'"

11 Then the ENEMY leaves him; and behold?
Angels came and minis-

tered to him.

CHAP. IV.

[·] VATICAN MANUSOBIPT-4. MAN.

^{7 8.} WORLD. Kosmos, here translated world, may be restricted to the Land of Palestine, as it is in Rom. iv. 13; though in Luke iv. 5, hee oikoumenee is found, which may possibly suclude the Roman empire. in which acceptation it is frequently used.

^{7 4} Deut. viii, 3. \$ 6. Psa, xci. 11 12. \$ 7. Deut. vi. 16. \$ 10. Deut. vi 13.

12 Ακουσας δε ό Ιησους, ότι Ιωαννης παρεδοθη, Hearing now the Jesus, that John was delivered up, ανεχωρησεν εις την Γαλιλαιαν. 13 Και καταhe withdrew into the Galilee. And having λιπων την Ναζαρετ, ελθων κατφκησεν εις the Nazareth, coming $\tau \eta \nu$ $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \theta \alpha \lambda \alpha \sigma \sigma \iota \alpha \nu$, $\epsilon \nu$ the by the sea-side, in Καπερναουμ δριοις Capernaum borders Σαβουλων και Νεφθαλειμ· 14 ίνα πληρωθη TO that might be fulfilled the of Zabulon and Nephthalim; δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος· δηθεν word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying; 15 "Γη Ζαβουλων και γη Νεφθαλειμ όδον "Land of Zabnlon and land Nephthalim way

 θ αλασσης περαν του Ιορδανου, Γαλιλαια των of the sea by the Jordan, Galilee of the εθνων. 16 Ο λαος δ καθημενος εν σκοτει είδε φως nations. The people who are sitting in darkness saw a light μεγα· και τοις καθημενοις εν χωρα και σκια great; and to those sitting in a region even a shade θ avarou, ϕ ws ave τ ϵ $\iota\lambda$ $\epsilon \nu$ autois."

of death, 'a light has arisen to them."

17 Απο τοτε ηρξατο ὁ Ιησους κηρυσσειν, και From that time began the Jesus to proclaim, and λεγειν Μετανοειτε ηγγικε γαρ ή βασιλεια Reform; has come nigh for the royal dignity to say; των ουρανων. of the heavens.

18 Περιπατων δε παρα την θαλασσαν THS Walking and by the sea ofthe Σιμωνα τον Simon λεγομενον Πετρον, και Αυδρεαν τον αδελφον Peter, and Andrew the brother αυτου, βαλλοντας αμφιβληστρον εις την θαλασof him, casting a fishing-net into the σαν· ησαν γαρ άλιεις. 19 Και λεγει αυτοις:
they were for fishers. And he says to them; $\Delta \epsilon v \tau \epsilon$ on $i \sigma \omega$ $\mu o v$, $\kappa \alpha i$ $\pi o i \eta \sigma \omega$ $\delta \mu \alpha s$ Come behind of me, and I will make you ποιησω ύμας άλιεις ανθρωπων. 20 Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα, They and immediately leaving the nets,

ηκολουθησαν αυτφ. 21 Και προβας εκειθεν, είδεν followed him. And going on from thence, he saw αλλους δυο αδελφους, Ιακωβον τον του Ζεβεtwo brothers, James the of the δαίου και Ιωαννην τον α δ ελφ $_{\circ}$ ν αυτου, εν τω dee and John the brother of him, in the πί.οιφ μετα Ζεβεδαιου του πατρος αυτων, καταρ-Zebedee of the father of them, ship with mendτιζοντας τα δικτυα αυτων· και εκαλεσεν αυτους. the nets of them; and he called ²²Οί δε ευθεως αφεντες το πλοιον και τον πατερα They and forthwith leaving the ship and the father αυτων, ηκολουθησαν αυτω

of them, followed him, ²³ Και περιηγεν όλην την Γαλιλαιαν ό Ιησους, And went about all the Galilee the Jesus, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, και κηρυσteaching in the synagogues of them, and preach-

12 Now Jesus, hearing That John was imprisoned, retired into GALILEE;

13 and, having left NAZARETH, resided at THAT Capernaum, by the lake, in the Confines of Zebulon and Naphtali;

14 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah the PROPHET, might be verified, saying

15 t" Land of Zebulon "and Land of Naphtali, " situate near the lake, on "the Jordan, Galilee of "the NATIONS;

16 " THAT PEOPLE. "dwelling in Darkness." "saw a great Light; and "to THOSE INHABITING " a Region, even a Shadow "of Death, a Light arose."

17 From that time JEsus began to proclaim, and to say; "Reform; for the ROYAL MAJESTY of the HEAVENS has approached."

18 And walking by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Two Brothers, THAT Simon who is SURNAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER, casting a Drag into the LAKE; for they were Fishermen.

19 And he says to them, "Follow me; and I will make you Fishers of Men."

20 And THEY, immediately leaving the NETS, todowed him.

21 And going forward from thence, he saw Other Two Brothers, James the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his BROTHER, in the BOAT with Zebedee their FA-THER, repairing their NETS; and he called them.

22 And THEY, instantly leaving the BOAT and their FATHER, followed him.

23 And *JESUS journeved throughout All GA-LILEE, teaching in their SYNAGOGUES, and proclaiming the GLAD TI-DINGS of the KINGDOM,

^{*} Varican Manuscript-23 he went about throughout All.

^{1 15.} Isa. iz. 1, 2,

 24 Kai $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ $\dot{\eta}$ aron autou ϵ is $\delta\lambda\eta\nu$ $\tau\eta\nu$ And went the report of him into all the Συριαν και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους Syria; and they brought to him all the κακως εχοντας, ποικιλαις νοσοις και βασανοις having various diseases and συνεχομενους,*[και] δαιμονιζομενους, και σελη-[and] demoniacs, ναζομενους, και παραλυτικους και εθεραπευσεν and paralytics; and he cured 25 Και ηκολουθησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι autous. And followed to him crowds them. great

ito the Galilee, and Decapolis, and from $\tau o \lambda v = 0$ and Decapolis, and from $\tau o \lambda v \mu \omega v$, kal Ioudalas, kal $\tau e \rho \omega v = 0$ Iopdavou. Jerusalem, and Judea, and beyond of the Jordan.

KEΦ. €. 5.

¹ Ιδων δε τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος° και Seeing and the multitudes, he went up to the mountain; and $\kappa \alpha \theta \iota \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \sigma s$ autou, $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \sigma \nu \star [\alpha \sigma \tau \omega]$ of $\mu \alpha \theta \eta$ -having seated himself, came [to him] the disci-Blessed the poor to the them, saying; δτι αυτων εστιν ή βασιλεια των πνευματι. because of them is the kingdom spirit; of the 4 Μακαριοι οί πενθουντες ότι αυτοι ουρανων. heavens. Blessed the monrners; for they 5 Μακαριοι οί πραεις. παρακληθησονται. δτι Blessed the meek; shall be comforted. for αυτοι κληρονομησουσι την γην.
they shall inherit the earth. 6 Макаріої од elessed the πεινωντες και διψωντες την δικαιοσυνην *ότι* and thirsting the righteousness; hungering for 7 Μακαριοι οί ελεημοαυτοι χορτασθησονται. shall be satisfied. Blessed the merciful; νες οτι αυτοι ελεηθησονται. for they shall obtain mercy.

⁸ Μακαριοι οἱ καθαροι τη καρδια· δτι αυτοι Blessed the clean to the heart; for they τον θεον οψονται. ⁹ Μακαριοι οἱ ειρηνοποιοι· the God shall see. Blessed the peace-makers, δτι αυτοι νίοι θεον κληθησονται. ¹⁰ Μακαριοι οἱ for they sons of God shall be called. Blessed those

and healing Every kind of Disease and Infirmity among the PEOPLE.

24 And his fame spread through All Syria: and they brought to him All the sick, having Various Disorders, and arrested by Severe Complaints;—demoniacs, and lunatics, and paralytics;—and he healed them.

25 And great Crowds followed him from GALI-LEE, and Decapolis, and Jerusalem, and Judea, and from the vicinity of

the Jordan.

CHAPTER V.

1 And beholding the CROWDS, he ascended the †MOUNTAIN, and having sat down, his DISCIPLES *came up:

2 And opening his MOUTH, he taught them,

saying:

3 "Happy the # POOR (in SPIRIT); for theirs is the KINGDOM of the HEA-VENS!

4 Happy the # MOURN-ERS; seeing that then will

be consoled!

5 Happy the \$\frac{1}{2} MEEK; because then will possess

the LAND!

6 Happy they who nunger and there (for righteousness); since they will be satisfied!

7 Happy the MERCI-FUL; because then will

receive mercies!

8 Happy the PURE (in heart); for they will be-

hold God!

9 Happy the PEACE-MAKERS; because then will be called Sons of God!

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24. and-omit. 1. eame up. 1. to him-omit.

^{† 1.} Some particular mountain in the neighborhood of Capernaum is generally supposed to be here intended, probably Mount Tabor, or an elevation well known in that vicinity, * 3. Wetstein thinks this phrase ought to be construed—"Happy in the Spirit's account are the poor," and Geo. Campbell renders it—"Happy the poor who repine not." Both do violence to the original. The former interferes with the arrangement of the words, and thatter paraphrases rather than translates. In Luke vi. 20, we have the sentence just as our Lord uttered it; but here it seems Matthew explains the metaphor, prenthetically, by adding "in spirit." So in verses 6 and 8. For a further illustration, see James ii. 5. The article and noun is in the dative ease, and conveys the same meaning as our preposition in.

^{† 3.} Luke vi. 20; James ii. 5. † 4. Isa, lxi. 2, 3. † 5. Psa, xxxvii. 11, 29. † 6. Isa, ly 1. † 8. ! John iii. 2, 3.

δεδιωγμενοι ενεκεν υπαιουμένες for of them is heing persecuted on account of righteousness: 11 Μακαριοι εστε, δεδιωγμενοι ένεκεν δικαιοσυνης ότι αυτων εστιν kingdom of the heavens. the Blessed are ye, ύταν ονειδισωσιν ύμας και διωξωσι, και ειπωσι they reproach you and persecute, and whenever παν πονηρον ρημα καθ' ύμων, ψευδομενοι, ενεκεν evil word against you, speaking faisely, because 12 Χαιρετε και αγαλλιασθε ότι ό μισθος εμου. of me. Rejoice ye and exult ye, for the reward ύμων πολυς εν τοις ουρανοις, ούτω γαρ €διωξαν of you great in the heavens; in this way for they persecuted $\tau o u s \pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau a s \tau o u s \pi \rho o \delta \mu \omega \nu$. 13 $\Upsilon \mu \epsilon \iota s \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$ prophets those before you. το άλας της γης. Εαν $\delta \epsilon$ το άλας μωρανθη, $\epsilon \nu$ the salt of the earth. If but the sait become tasteless, with τινι άλισθησεται; εις ουδεν ισχυει ετι, ει μη what shall it be salted? for nothing is it of service any more, except βληθηναι εξω, και καταπατεισθαι ύπο and trodden under foot to be cast out, ανθρωπων. men.

14 Ύμεις εστε το φως του κοσμού. Ου δυναται Not possible are the light of the world. 15 ουδ€ πολις κρυβηναι επανω opous κειμενη·
a city to hide upon a hill being situated; nor καιουσι λυχνον, και τιθεασιν αυτον ύπο τον and a lamp, him they light place under the μοδιον, αλλ' επι την λυχνιαν και λαμπει πασι lamp-stand; and it gives light to all meast.r., but on the 16 Ούτω λαμψατω το φως TOIS EV τη οικια. the Thus Lluar in house. let it shine the ύμων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, όπως ιδωσιν of you in the presence of the that they may see men, ύμων τα καλα εργα, και δυξασωσι τον πατερα of you the good works, and may caise the father ύμων τον εν τοις ουρανοις. of you that in the heavens.

Not think ye, that I have come to destroy the νομον η τους προφητας ουκ ηλθον καταλυσαι, law or the prophets; not I have come to destroy αλλ' πληρωσαι. 18 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, έως Indeed for I say to you, till but to fulfil. αν παρελθη δ ουρανος και ή γη, ιωτα έν η μια pass away the heaven and the earth, iota one or one κεραια ου μη παρελθη απο του νομου, έως αν fine point in no wise law, from the till 19 'Ος εαν ουν λυση μιαν των παντα γενηται. be fulfilled. all Whoever therefore breaks

10 Happy the \$ PER-SECUTED On account of Righteousness; for theirs is the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS!

11 Happy are you, when they revile and persecute you, and, on my account, falsely allege, Every kind of Evil against you.

12 Rejoice and exult, Because your ‡ REWARD will be great in the HEAVENS; for thus THOSE PROPHETS who preceded you were persecuted.

13 Dou are the \$ SALT of the EARTH. But if the \$ SALT become insipld, how shall it recover its savor? It is then worthless, except to be cast out and trodden down by MEN.

14 Dou are the TLIGHT of the WORLD. A city being situated on a hill cannot be concealed:

15 nor is a Lamp lighted to be placed under the torn measure, but on the Lamp-stand; and it gives light to all the family.

16 Thus, let your LIGHT shine before MEN, that they may see your GOOD works, and glorify THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS.

17 Think not, That I have come to subvert the LAW, or the PROPHETS: I have come not to subvert, but to establish.

18 For, indeed, I say to you, Till Heaven and Earth pass away, one lota or One Tip of a letter shall by no means pass from the Law, till all be accomplished.

19 Therefore, whoever

^{† 13.} Perhaps allusion is here made to a bituminous and fragrant species of salt, found the Lake Asphalities; great quantities of which were thrown by the priests over the sacrifices, to counteract the smell of the burning flesh, and to hasten its consumption. This substance, however, was easily damaged by exposure to the atmosphere; and the portion of it thus rendered unfit for the purpose to which it was ordinarily applied, was strewed upon the pavement of the temple, to prevent slipping in wet weather. Maundrell, in his travels, states that he tasted some that had entirely lost its savor,—Trollope. † 15. The modies was a measure, both among the Greeks and Romans, containing a little less than a peck; but it is clear that nothing here depends upon the capacity of the measure.

2.2.3.

ελαχιστων, και διδαξη ούτω τους ανθρωπους, least, and teach thus the mea, ελαχιστος κληθησεται εν τη βασιλεία ταν

least he shall be called in the kingdom of the pupawww os δ' αν ποιηση και διδαξη, ούτος heasing, who but ever shall do and teach, the same μεγας κληθηθεται εν τη βασιλεία των ουρανων. great shall be called in the kingdom of the heavens.

20 Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι εαν μη περισσευση ή law for to you, that except abound the δικαιοσυνη ύμων πλειον των γραμματεων και righteousness of you more of the scribes and Φαρισαιων, ου μη εισελθητε εις την βασιλειαν

Pharisees, by no means you may enter into the

of the heavens.

²¹ Ηκουσατε, ότι ερβεθη τοις αρχαιοις "Ου You have heard, that it was said to the anciente; "Not φονευσεις" ός δ' αν φονευση, ενοχος εσται τη thou shalt kill, who and ever shall kill, liable shall be to the κρισει." ²² Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας δ οργιτίνυπαι" μ I but say to you, that all the being ζομενος τω αδελφω αυτου ε [εικη,] ενοχος εσται αυτου τη κρισει" ός δ' αν ειπη τω αδελφω αυτου το the tribunal; who and ever shall say to the brother of him; [without cause,] hable shall be τη κρισει" ός δ' αν ειπη τω αδελφω αυτου το the tribunal; who and ever shall say to the brother of him; ε γοκος εσται τω συνεδριω δς δ' αν ειπη τω μος, ενοχος εσται εις την γεενναν του πυρος, ε για δια μος ε για εις την γεενναν του πυρος, ε για δια μος ε για εις την γεενναν του πυρος, ε δια δια μος ε ενον νη προσφέρης το δωρον σου επι το ε

Έ Εαν ουν προσφερης το δωρον σου επι το If therefore thou bring the gift of thee to the θυσιαστηριον, κακει μνησθης, ότι δ αδελφος altar, and there remember, that the brother

σου εχει τι κατα σου 24 αφες εκει το δωρου of thee has somewhat against thee; leave there the gift? σου εμπροσθέν του θυσιαστηριου, και ύπαγε, before the altar, of thee and at . gor τρωτον διαλλαγηθι τω αδελφω σου, και τοτε first be thou reconciled to the brother of thee, and then first bethou reconciled to the brother of thee, and Then ελθων προσφερε το δωρον σου. 25 Ισθι ευνοών coming offer the gift of thee. Be thou willing to shree τω αντιδικωσου ταχύ, έως ότου ει εν τη όδω with the opponent of thee quickly, while thou art in the way μετ' αυτου μηποτε σε παραδώ δ αυτιδικος το with him lest thee deliver up the opponent to the κριτη, και δ κριτης [σε παραδφ] τω ύπηρετη, judge, and the judge [thee deliver up] to the officer, 26 Αμην λεγω σοι, και εις φυλακην βληθηση. thou shalt be east. and into prisen Indeed I say to thee, εξελθης εκειθεν, έως αν αποδως τον by no means thou wilt come out thence, till, thou hast paid the εσχατον κοδραντην. farthing.

shall violate one of the LEAST of these COMMANDS, and shall teach MEN SO, will be called little in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, but Whoever shall practise and teach them, will be called great in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS

20 For I tell you, that unless your RIGHTEOUS-NESS excel that of the SCRIBES and Pharisees, you shall never enter into the KINGDOM of the

HEAVENS.

kingdom -

21 You have heard That it was said to the AN-CIENTS, † Thou shalt not 'kill; and whoever shall 'kill, will be † amenable 'to the JUDGES'

22 But I say to you, That every one Being angry with his Brothers, shall be amenable to the Judges: and whoever shall say to his Brothers, Fool! will be subject to the High Council; but whoever shall say, Apostate wretch! will be obnoxious to the Burning of Gehenna.

23 If therefore, thou bring thy GIFT to the ALTAR, and there recollect That thy BROTHER has ought against thee,

24 leave there thy gift before the altar, and go, first be reconciled to thy BROTHER, then come, and present thy gift

25 Agree quickly with thy PROSECUTOR, while thou art on the ROAD with him; lest the PROSECUTOR deliver thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE to the OFFICER, and thou be cast into Prison.

26 Indeed, I say to thee, Thou wilt by no means be released, till thou hast paid the LAST Farthing.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-22. without eause-omit.

^{25.} deliver thee-omit.

^{† 21.} The Jews had a Common Court consisting of twenty-three men, which had power to sentence criminals to death, by beheading or strangling; this was called the Judgment, or Court of Judges. The Sanhedrim or High Council consisted of seventy-lwo men, being the Court of the Jews, before which the highest crimes were tried. This Court alone had power to punish with death by stoning. This was thought a more terrible death than the former.

 27 Ηκουσατ ϵ , ότι ϵ ρ δ ϵ θ η ϵ "Ou HOLXEU-You have heard, that it was said; " Not thou shall commit ²⁸ Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, ότι πας ό βλεπων σεις." but say to you, that all who looking at adultery. ηδη εμοιγυναικα προς το επιθυμησαι αυτης, a woman in order to her, already lust after has χευσεν αυτην εν τη καρδιά αυτου. - 29 Ει δε δ dehauched her in the heart of him. If and the οφθαλμος σου ό δεξιος σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε thee, tear out of thee the right enspare αυτον, και βαλε απο σου συμφερει γαρ σοι, it, and castit from thee; it is profitable for to thee, for to thee, ίνα αποληταί έν των μελων σου, και μη όλον that should perish one of the members of thee, and not whole το σωμα σου $\beta \lambda \eta 0 \eta$. εις $\gamma \in \nu \nu \alpha \nu$. 30 Και ει $\dot{\eta}$ the body of thee should be cast into Gehenna. And if the And if the δέξια σου χειρ σκανδαλιζει σε, εκκοψον αυτην, right of thee hand ensnare thee, cut of her, thee, και βαλε απο σου συμφερει γαρ σοι iva aπo-and cast from thee; it is profitable for to thee that should ληται έν των μελων σου, και μη δλον το σωμα perial one of the members of thee, and not whole the body σου βληθη εις γεενναν.

31 Ερδεθη δε, "ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναιτα It was said and, "that whoever shall release the wife αύτου, δοτω αυτη αποστασιον." 33 Εγω δε of him, let him give her a bill of divorce." I but λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναικα αυτου, παρεκτος λογου πορνειας, ποιει αυτην except on account of fornication, μοιχασθαι - και ός εαν απολελυμενην γαμηση, to commit adultery; and whoever her being divorced may marry, μοιχαται. commits adultery.

83 Παλιν ηκουσατε, ότι ερβεθη τοις αρχαιοις.
Again you have beard, that it was said to the aucients; εί Ουκ επιορκησεις. Ουκ επιορκησεις αποδωσεις δε τφ κυριφ "Not thou shall swear falsely; shall perform but to the Lord τους όρκους σου." 34 Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν μη ομοσαι όλως μητε εν τω ουρανω, ότι θρονος εστι του at all; not even by the heaven, for a throne it is of the athle, note by the headen, for a footbook is of the Octov 35 μητε εν τη γη, ότι ύποποδιον εστι των God; nor by the earth, for a footbook, it is of the ποδων αυτου μητε εις Γερεσολυμα, ότι πολις feet of him; neither by Jerusalem, for a city εστι του μεγαλου βασιλεως 36 μητε εν τη it is of the great king; nor by the

27 You have heard That it was said, ‡'Thou shalt 'not commit adultery;'

28 but I say to you, That every man GAZING Ara Woman, in order to CHERISH IMPURE DEstre, has already committed lewdness with her

in his HEART.
29 Therefore, if thy RIGHT EYE insnare thee, pluck it out, and throw it away: it is better for thee to lose one of thy MEM BERS, than that thy Whole BODY should be cast into

Gehenna.

30 And if thy BIGHT Hand insnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away: it is better for thee to lose one of thy MEMPERS, than that thy Whole BODY should be cast into Gehenna:

31 And it was said. 'Whoever shall dismiss this WIFE, let him give her a Writ of Divorce.'

32 But I say to you, That * EVERY-ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, except on account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and *HE who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery.

33 † Again, you have heard That it was said to the ANCIENTS; I'Thou shalt not perjure thyself, but shalt perform to the LORD thine OATHS;

34 but I say to you, !Swear not at all; neither by the HEAVEN, for it is God's Throne:

35 nor by the EARTH, because it is a Footstool for his FEET; neither shalt thou swear by Jerusalem.

^{32.} EVERY-ONE Who DIVOECES. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-30. go away. 32. HI Who MARRIES. .

^{† 33.} The morality of the Jews in regard to oaths was truly execrable. They maintained that a man might swear with his lips, and annul it at the same moment in his heart. They also held that oaths are binding only according to the nature of the thing by which a man swears; asserting that the law, which our Savon here cites, referred to those oaths only which were of a binding nature. Instances of this distinction, which they made between oaths that were and were not binding, are expressly cited and condemned by our Lord in Matt. xxiii. 10—22; and the injunction here given against swearing by Heaven, by Jerusalem, &c., is in relation to a variety of frivolous adjurations which were constantly in their mouths.

^{† 27.} Exod. xx. 14. † 31. 1 ii. 21—23; Nun. xxx. 2, 1 31. Deut. xxiv. 1; Matt. xix. 3-9; Mark x. 2-13, - * 23. Deut 1 84. James v. 12.

κεφαλη σου ομοσης, ότι ου δυνασαι μιαν τριχα head of thee shalt thou swear, for not thou artable one λ ευκην η μελαιναν ποιησαι. ³⁷ Εστω δε δ λογος white or black to make. Let be but the word white or black ύμων ναι ναι ου ου το δε περισσον τουτων, of you; y yes; no no; that for over and above of these, εκ του πονηρου εστιν.

of the evil
38 Ηκουσατε, ότι ερρεθη.
You have heard, that it was said; " Οφθαλμον αντι οφθαλμου, και οδοντα αντι οδοντος." 3) Εγω δε an eye, and a tooth for a tooth." λεγω ύμιν, μη αντιστηναι τω πονηρω αλλ' όστις say to you, not resist the evil; but whoever σε βαπισει επι την δεξιαν σου σιαγονα, στρεψον thee shall slap upon the right of thee cheek, αυτώ και την αλλην. 40 και τώ θελουτι σοι κριto him also the other; and to the purposing thee to sue θηναι, και τον χιτωνα σου λαβειν, αφες αυτφ at law, and the tunic of thee to take, give up to him και το ίματιον· 41 και όστις σε αγγαρευσει μιλιον and whoever thee s'all force to go mile also the mantle; 42 Τω αιτουντι σε έν, ύπαγε μετ' αυτου δυο. one, go with him two. To the asking thee διδου και τον θελοντα απο σου δανεισασθαι. do thou give; and the wishing from thee to borrow money, μη αποστραφης. not do thou repulse.

 43 Ηκουσατε, δτι ερδεθη· You have heard, that it was said; " Αγαπησεις το "Thou shalt love the τλησιον σου, και μισησεις τον εχθρον σου. neighbor of thee, and hate the enemy of thee. hate the enemy of thee." 41Εγω δε λεγω ύμιν, αγαπατε τους εχθρους ύμων, I but say to you, love the enemies of you, *[ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας, καλως [bless those cursing you, good π oieite τ ois μ isovoriv ψ μ α s,] κ α i π ρ oo ϵ v χ ϵ σ θ ϵ and do to those hating you,] ύπερ των [επηρεαζουτων ύμας και] διωκοντων you and] for those injuring persecuting ύμας· 45 όπως γενησθε υίοι του πατρος ύμων, you; that you may be sons of the father of you, του εν ουρανοις ότι τον ήλιον αύτου ανατελλει of the in heavens: for the sun of him επι πονηρους και αγαθους, και βρεχει επι δικαιand itrains on on evil and good, 46 Εαν γαρ αγαπησητε τους ους και αδικους. for If you love unjust. αγαπωντας ύμας, τινα μισθον εχετε; ουχι και you, what reward have you? not even οί τελωναι το αυτο ποιουσι; 47 και εαν ασπαthe tax-gatherers the same do? if boa σησθε τους αδελφους ύμων μονον, τι περισσον

for it is the # city of the GREAT KING;

36 nor by thy HEAD, because thou canst not make One Hair white or black.

37 But let your Yes be yes; and your No, no: for whatever exceeds these, proceeds from EVIL.

38 You have heard That it was said, ‡ Eye for Eye, and Tooth for 'Tooth ;'

39 but # say to you, oppose not the injurious person; but if any one strike thee on thy RIGHT Cheek, turn to him also the LEFT;

40 and WHOEVER WILL sue thee for thy COAT, let him have the MANTLE

41 And if a man † press thee to go one † Mile with him, go two.

42 # Give to HIM who solicits thee; and nim, who would borrow from thee, do not reject.

43 You have heard That it was said, ‡ 'Thou shalt 'love thy NEIGHBOR, and 'hate thine ENEMY;

44 but I say to you, Love your ENEMIES, and pray for THOSE who PERSECUTE VOU;

45 that you may resemble THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS, who makes his sun arise on Bad and Good, and sends rain on Just and Unjust.

46 For if you love THEM only who LOVE you, What Reward can you expect? Do not even the TAX-GATHERERS the SAME?

47 And if you salute your BRETHREN only, in what do you excel? Do

of you only,

brothers

what * Vatican Manuscript-44. bless these who curse you, do good to those who hate 44. PERSECUTITYOU.

^{+ 41.} An allusion to the Angari, or couriers of the Persians, who had authority to impress into their service men, horses, and ships, or any thing that came in their way, and which might serve to accelerate their journey. From the Persians this custom passed to the Romans, and it is still retained in the East.

† 41. The Roman milion, or mile, measured a thousand paces.

^{† 38.} Exod. xxi. 24; Pent xix. 21. † 30. Prov. xx. 22; xxiv, † 42. Deut. xx. 7—11. † 43. Lov. xix. 18: Deut. xxiii 6 ‡ 35. Psa. xlviii. 2. 29; Rom. xii. 17—19.

ποιειτε; ουχι και οἱ εθνικοι οὑτω ποιουσιν; do you? not even the Gentiles so do? $^{4S} \, \text{Exe} \tau \theta \epsilon \quad \text{our} \quad ὑμεις \quad \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota o\iota, \, ὑσπερ \quad ὁ πατηρ \\ \text{Shall be } \quad \text{th refore} \quad \text{you} \quad \text{perfect,} \quad \text{as} \quad \text{the father} \\ ύμων, \quad ὁ εν τοις \quad \text{our} \rho \text{avois}, \quad \tau \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota os \in \sigma \tau \iota. \\ \text{of you, who in } \quad \text{the heavens}, \quad \text{perfect} \quad \text{is}.$

КЕФ. s. 6.

1 Προσεχετε την δικαιοσυνην, ύμων μη ποιειν Take heed the righteousness, of you not to do εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων, προς το θεαθηναι in the presence of the men, so as to be exhibited αυτοις ει δε μηγε, μισθον ουκ εχετε παρα τω if but otherwise, reward not you have with to the 2'Οταν ουν πατρι ύμων, τφ εν τοις ουρανοις. of you, to the in the heavens. then ποιης ελεημοσυνην, μη σαλπισης εμπροσθεν not sound a trumpet in the presence thou doest alms, σου, ώσπερ οἱ ὑποκριται ποιουσιν εν ταις συναof thee, like the hypocrites in the do synaγωγαις και εν ταις δυμαις, όπως δοξασθωσιν gogues and in the streets, that they may have praise ύπο των ανθρωπων. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, απεχουσι Indeed I say to you, they obtain men. τον μισθον αύτων. 3 Σου δε ποιουντος ελεημοreward of them. Of thee but doing συνην, μη γνωτω ή αριστερα σου, τι ποιει ή not let it know the left of thee, what does the δεξια σου 4όπως η σου ή ελεημοσυνη εν τφ right of thee; that may be of thee the alms-giving in the κρυπτω· και δ πατηρ σου, δ βλεπων εν τω secret; and the father of thee, who seeing in the κρυπτω, *[αυτος] αποδωσει σοι *[εν τω φανερω.] secret [himself] will give back to thee [in the clear light.]

5 Και όταν προσευχη, ουκ ώσπερ οί $\epsilon \sigma \eta$ not thou shalt be like And when thou prayest, ύποκριται· ότι φιλουσιν εν ταις συναγωγαις και for they love in the hypocrites; synagogues and εν ταις γωνιαις των πλατειων έστωτες προσευin the corners of the wide places standing t.o γεπθαι, όπως αν φανωσι τοις ανθρωποις. Αμηι that they may appear to the men. λεγω ύμιν, ότι απεχουσι τον μισθον αύτων. I say to you, that they have in full the reward of them. 6 Συ $\delta\epsilon$, δ ταν προσευχη, εισελθε εις το ταμιthou prayest, enter Thou but, when into the retired ειον σου, και κλεισας την θυραν σου, προσευξαι place of thee, and locking the door of thee, pray tnea τφ πατρι σου, τφ εν τφ κρυπτφ· και ὁ πατηρ to the father of thee, to the in the secret; and the father σου, ὁ βλεπων εν τφ κρυπτφ, αποδωσει σοι of thre who seeing in the secret place, will give to thee *[εν τφ φανερω.] Τροσενχομένοι δε μη βατ-(in the clear light.) Praying but not bab-

To hoy η σητε, ωσπερ οί εθνικοι δοκουσι γαρ ότι ble, like the Gentiles; they imagine for that

not even the GENTILES * the SAME.

48 ‡ Be jou therefore perfect, even as *your HEAVENLY FATHER is perfect.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Beware, that you perform not your RELIGI-OUS DUTIES before MEN, in order to be OBSERVED by them; otherwise, you will obtain no Reward from THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS. 2 When, therefore, thou t givest Alms, proclaim it not by †sound of trumpet, as the HYPO-CRITES do, in the ASand in the SEMBLIES STREETS, that they may be extelled by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their RE-WARD.

3 But thou, when giving Alms, let not thy LEFT hand know what thy RIGHT hand

does;

4 so that Thine ALMS may be PRIVATE; and THAT FATHER of thine, who sees in SECRET, will recompense thee.

5 And when *you pray, you shall not imitate the HYPOCRITES, for they are fond of standing up in the ASSEMBLIES and at the CORNERS of the OPEN SQUARES to pray, so as to be OESERVED by MEN. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

6 But thou, when thou wouldst pray enter into thy private room, and having closed the door, pray to that father of thine who is invist-ble; and that father of thine, who sees in secret, will recompense thee.

7 And in prayer, tuse not foolish repetitions, as the * HYPOCRITES; for

^{*} Vatican Manuscript—47. the same. 48. your heavenly pather is perfect. 5. you pray, you shall not. 7. hypocrites.

^{† 2.} The phrase of sounding a trumpet before them seems only a figurative expression to represent their doing it in a noisy, ostentations way.—Doddridge. Erasmus and Beza justly observe, that theathanai in verse 1 is a theatrical word.; that hypokritai signifies disguised players in masks; and that sounding a trumpet may allude to the music of the stage.

^{1 48.} Luke vi. 36: Eph. v. 1.

πολυλογια αυτων εισακουσθησονται.
wordiness of them they shall be beard. un the 🖰 Μη ουν όμοιωθητε αυτοις οιδε γαρ ό πατηρ Not therefore you may belike to them; knows for the father ύμων, ών χρειαν εχετε, προ του ύμας of you, of what things need you have, before of the you αιτησαι αυτον. Ο Ότως ουν προσευχεσθε ύμεις. him. In this way then . pray . Πατερ ήμων, δ εν ποις ουρανοις, άγιασθητω το father of us, who in the neavens, reverenced the tather of us, who in the neavens, reverenced the ονομα σου το ελθετω ή βασιλεία σου γενηθητω name of thee; let come the kingdom of thee; let be done το θελημα σου, ώς εν ρυρανώ, και επί της γης. the will, of thee, as in heaven, also on the earth; 11 του αρτου ήμων του επιουσιου δος ήμιυ the bread of us the semificient give toou to us σημερον 12 και αφες ήμιν τα οφειληματα ήμων, to-day; and discharge to us the debts ώς και ήμεις αφιεμεν τοις οφειλεταις ήμων as even we discharge to the 🔩 debtors 🍀 of us; 13 και μη εισενεγκης ήμας εις πειρασμον, αλλα and not bring us into temptation, but ρυσαι ήμας απο του πονηρου. 14 Εαν γαρ αφητε save us from the evil. If for you for give τοις ανθρωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, αφησει to the men the faults of them, will forgive και ύμιν δ πατηρ ύμων δ ουρανιος· 15 εαν δε μη if 'but not *lso to you the father of you the heavenly; αφητε τοις ανθρωποις τα παραπτωματα αυτων, forgive to the men the faults στο of them, συδε δ πατηρ υμων αφησει τα παραπτωματα neit er the, father of you will forgive the, faults ύμων.

οί γου.

16 'Οταν δε νηστευητε, μη γινεσθε, ώσπερ οί When en.! γου ίται, ποι be, περ τίκε the υποκριται, σκυθρωποι: αφανιζουσι γαρ τα προσηγροσίτε, οία καί ίται το τοις ανθρωποις ετα οίτμεπ, οτα καί του τοις ανθρωποις ετα οίτμεπ, εν τα τοις ανθρωποις τοις ανθρωποις τοις ανθρωποις τοις ανθρωποις του ετα του μισθον αντων.

17 Συ δε νηστευων, αλειψαι τια ετα το προσωπου σου νιψαι: οίτμε τε και οίτμεπ, και το προσωπου σου νιψαι: οίτμε τα τοις ανθρωποις νηστευων, αλια τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτων. Και δ πα-αλλα τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτων. Και δ πα-αλλα τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτων. Και δ πα-αλλα τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτων. Και δ πα-αλλα τω πατρι σου, τω εν τω κρυπτων. Και δ πα-

ann $a \tau \omega$ $a \tau \rho i \sigma \omega$, $\tau \omega$ $e \nu \tau \omega$ $e \nu \tau \omega$ $e \tau \omega$. That $a \tau \omega$ but to the father of thee, that in the secret; and the father $a \tau \omega$ $a \tau$

19 Μη θησαυρίζετε ὑμιν θησαυρους επι της γης, Not say up - to you treasures on the earth, δπου σης και βρωσις αφανίζει, και ὁπου κλεπται where moth and rust destroys, and where thieves διορυσσουσι και κλεπτουσι: 20 θησαυρίζετε δε dig through and steal lay up but

they think that by using MANY WORDS that they will be accepted.

Chap, 6; 20,

8 Therefore, do not imitate them; for *God your RATHER knows your Necessities, before you ask him

9 Thus, then, pray nou:
Our Father, THOU in the
HEAVENS, Revered be thy

NAME 1,

10 let thy \$\frac{1}{2} KINGDOM come; thy WILL be done upon EARTH, even as in Heaven.

11 Give us This-day our NECESSARY FOOD;

12 and ‡ forgive us our DEBTS, as * we have forgiven our DERTORS;

13 and ‡ abandon us not to Trial, but ‡ preserve us

from EVIL,

14 For if you ‡ forgive MEN their OFFENCES, your HEAVENLY FATHER will also forgive you;

15 but if you ‡ forgive not men their offences, neither will your father forgive your offences.

16 Moreover, when you tfast, be not as the https: crites, of a melancholy aspect; for they distort their features, that they may seem fasting to Men. Indeed, I say to you, They have their REWARD.

17 But thou, when fasting, anoint thy head, and wash thy face:

wash thy face;

18 that thy fasting may not appear to MEN, but to THAT FATHER of thine who is INVISIBLE; and THAT FATHER of thine who sees in secret, will recompense thee.

19 Do not accumulate for yourselves ‡ Treasures upon the EARTH, where Moth and Rust consume, and where Thieves break through and steal;

δε 20 but deposit for yourselves Treasures in Hea-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. GOD YOUR FATHER.

^{12.} We have forgiven.

Chuje w. ba.

ημιν θησαυρους ≼ν ουρανώ, όπου ουτε σης ουτε in beaven, treasures where neither moth nor 40 VOU βρω**σις α**φανιζες και όπου κλεπται ου διορυσand where thieves που αρ εστιν δ is the destroys, σουσιν ουδε κλεπτουσιν. through steal. nor θησαυρος ύμων, εκει εσται και ή καρδια ύμων. treasure of you, there will be also the heart

²² 'Ο λυχνος του σωματυς εστιν δ οφθαλμος. The lamp of the hody is the eye. Εαν ουν δ οφθαλμος σου απλους η, όλον if therefore the of thee sound eye may be, whole το σωμα σου φωτεινον εσται. ²³ Εαν δε δ οφθαλthe body of thee salightened will be, If but the μος σου πονηρώς η, όλον το σώμα σου σκοτειof thee evil may be, whole the body of thee darkness Et our to $\phi \omega s$, to $\epsilon \nu$ out, $\sigma \kappa o \tau o s$ if then the light, that in thee, darkness νον εσται. will be.

εστι, το σκοτος ποσον;

the darkness how great? 24 Ουδεις Ευναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευειν η No one is able two lords to serve; either γαρ τον ένα μισησει, και τον έτερον αγαπησει. for the one he will hate, and the other he will love η ένος ανθεξεται, και του έτερου καταφρονησει. or one he will cling to, and the other he will slight. Ου δυνασθε ίεφ δουλευειν και μαμωνα. 25 Δια Not you are able God to serve For and mammon. τουτο λεγω ύμιν· Μη μεριμνατε τη ψυκη ύμων, this I say to you; Not be overcareful the life of you, τι φαγητε, και τι πιητε μηδε τφ σωματι what you may eat, and what you may drink; nor to the body ύμων, τι ενδυσησθε. Ουχιή ψυχη πλειον εστι of you, what you may put on. Not the life more is της τροφης, και το σωμα του ενδυματος; ²⁶ Εμand the body the clothing P food. Look βλεψατε εις τα πετεινα του ουρανου, ότι ου birds of the attentively at the for not heaven, σπειρουσιν, ουδε θεριζουσιν, ουδε συναγουσιν εις reap, gather they sow, nor nor into αποθηκας και δ πατηρ ύμων δ υρανιος τρεφει

and the father of you the heavenly feeds Ουχ ύμεις μαλλον διαφερετε αυτων; αυτα. Not you them. greatly excel them? ²⁷ Τις δε εξ ύμων μεριμνων δυναται προσθειναι Which and by of you being over careful is able to add 28 Και περι επι την ήλικιαν αύτου πηχυν ένα; of him span one? And about to the age ενδυματος τι μεριμνατε; Καταμαθετε τα κρινα clothing why he over careful? the lilies Consider του αγρου πως αυξανει ου κοπια, ουδε νηθει. of the field how it grows; not it labors, nor . spins; 29 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ουδε Σολομων εν παση τη

ven where neither Moth nor Rust can consume, and where Thieves break not through, nor steal.

21 For where * thy TREASURE is, there * thy HEART will also be.

22 The LAMP of the BODY is * thine EYE; if, therefore, thine EYE be clear, thy Whele BODY will be enlightened;

23 but if thine EYE be dim, thy Whole BODY will be darkened. If, then, THAT LIGHT which is in thee be Darkness, how great is that DARKNESS!

24 ‡ No man can serve Two Masters; for either he will hate one, and love the other; or, at least, he will attend to One, and neglect the OTHER. You cannot serve God and

† Mammon.

25 Therefore, I charge you, ‡ Be not anxious about your LIFE, what you shall eat, or what you shall drink; nor about your BODY, what you shall wear. Is not the LIFE of more value than FOOD, and the BODY than RAI-MENT?

26 Observe the BIRDS of HEAVEN; they sow not, nor reap, nor gather into Store -houses; ‡ but your HEAVENLY FATHER feeds them. Are not you of greater value than they?

27 Besides, which of you, by being anxious, can prolong his LIFE one

Moment?

28 And why are you anxious about Raiment? Mark the † LILIES of the FIELD. How do they grow? They neither labor nor spin;

29 yet I tell you, That not even Solomon in Ail

I say but to you, that not even Solomon

the

in all

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-21, thy TREASURE,

^{21.} thy HEART.

^{22.} thine KYK

^{† 24.} Mammon is a Syriac word for riches, which our Lord beautifully represents as a pern whom the folly of men had defied. † 23. Syriac—wild lilies, or lilies of the son whom the folly of men had deified. † 23. Syriac—wild lilies, or lilies of the desart. Supposed by Kitto and Sir J. E. Smith to be the amaryllist ketea, a golden lilaceous flower, which grows wild in the Levant, and blooms in Attumn. Dr. Bowring thinks it is the Martagnon lily, which grows profusely in Galilee, and is of a brilliant red color.

^{1 22.} Lake xi. 34. ‡ 24. Luke xvi. 13. 1 25. Luke xii. 22; Phil. iv. 6; 1 Pet. v 2 26 Job xxxviii. 41, Psa. exlvii. 9

30 Et δοξη αύτου περιεβαλετο ως έν τουτων.
glory of him was clothed like one of these. $\delta \epsilon$ τον χορτον του αγρου, σημέρον οντα και then the grass of the field, to-day existing and αυριον εις κλιβανον βαλλομενον, δ θεος ούτως to-morrow into an oven is being cast, the \mathbf{G} od so αμφιεννυσιν, ου πολλφ μαλλον ύμας, ολιγοπισclothes, not much more you, O you of weak

31 Μη ουν μεριμνησητε, λεγοντες Τι What Not therefore you may be over careful, saying; φαγωμεν, η τι πιωμεν, η τι περιβαλωμεθα; may we cat, or what may we drink, or what may we put on? 32 Παντα γαρ ταυτα τα εθνη επιζητει· οιδε γαρ

for these the Gentiles seeks; knows δ πατηρ ύμων δ ουρανιος, δτι χρηζετε τουτων the father of you the heavenly, that you have need of these άπαντων. 33 Ζητειτε δε πρωτον την βασιλειαν all. Seek you but first the kingdom

του θεου και την δικαιοσυνην αυτου και ταυτα of the God and the righteousness of him; and these 34 Μη ουν μεριμπαντα προστεθησεται ύμιν.

all shall be superadded to you. Not therefore be over νησητε εις την αυριον: ἡ γαρ αυριον μεριμcareful for the morrow; the for morrow will be over
νησει *[τα] έαυτης. Αρκετον τη ἡμερα ἡ κακια
careful [the] of herself. Enough to the day the trouble autns. of her.

КΕΦ. ζ.' 7.

1 Μη κρινετε, ίνα μη κριθητε. 2 Εν 'ςι γαρ Not do you judge, that not you may be judged. In what for κριματι κρ.νετε, κριθεσεσθε και εν φ μετρφ judgment you judge, you shall be judged; and in what measur μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται δ μιν. 3 Τι δε βλεπεις you measure, it shall be measured to you. Why and seest thou το καρφος, το $\epsilon \nu$ τ ψ οφθαλμ ψ του αδελφου the splinter, that in the eye of the brother σου, την δε εν τω σω οφθαλμω δοκον ου καταof thee, that but in thinc-own eye beam not νοεις; 4 η πως ερεις τω αδελφωσου Αφες, or how wilt thou say to the brother of thee; Allow me, εκβαλω το καρφος απο του οφθαλμου σου· και I can pull the splinter from the eye of thee; and ιδου, ή δοκος εν τω οφθαλμω σου; ⁵ Υποκριτα, lo, the beam in the eye of thee? Ο Hypocrite, εκβαλε πρωτον την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, first the beam out of the eye of thee, και τοτε διαβλεψεις εκβαλειν το καρφος εκ του and then thou shalt see clearly to pull the splinter out of the οφθαλμου του αδελφου σου. ,

of the brother of thee.

6 Μη δωτε το αγιον τοις κυσι, μηδε βαλητε Not you may give the holy to the dogs, neither cast τους μαργαριτας ύμων εμπροσθεν των χοιρων· the pearls of you before the swine;

his splendor, was arrayed like one of these.

30 If, then, Gop so decorate the HERB of the FIELD, (which flourishes To-day, and To-morrow will be cast into a Furnace,) how much more you, O you distrustful!

31 Therefore, be not anxious, saying, What shall we eat? or, What shall we drink? or, With what shall we be clothed?

32 for all the nations require these things; and YOUR HEAVENLY FATHER knows That you have need of all these things.

33 But t seek you first * his righteousness and KINGDOM; and all these things shall be superadded

to you.

34 Be not anxious, then, about the morrow; for the Morrow will claim anxiety for itself. Sufficient for each DAY is its OWN TROUBLE:

CHAPTER VII.

1 ‡Judge not, that you may not be judged;

2 for as you Judge, you will be judged; and ‡ by the Measure you dispense, it will be measured to you.

3 ‡ And why observest thou that splinter in thy BROTHER'S EYE, and perceivest not the THORN in THINE-OWN Eye?

4 or, how wilt thou say to thy BROTHER, Let me take the SPLINTER from thine EYE; and, behold, a THORN in thine-own EYE?

5 Hypocrite! first extract the THORN from thine-own EYE, and then thou wilt see clearly to take the splinter from thy BROTHER'S EYE.

6 # Give not SACRED THINGS to DOGS, nor throw your PEARLS before SWINE; lest they tread

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-33. his righteousness and kingdom.

^{34.} the things

^{† 1.} Luke vi. 37; Rom. ii. 1; xiv. 4; 1 Cor. iv. 5; James iv. 11, 14 † 3. Luke vi. 41-† 6. Prov. ix. 7, 8; xxiii. 9. 1 33. Luke xii. 31. 1 2. Mark iv. 24 # 6. Prov. ix. 7, 8; xxiii. 9.

of them, and turning they should rend you.

7 Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν ζητειτε και and it shall be given to you: εύρησετε κρουετε, και ανοιγησεται ύμιν. 8 Πας and it shall be opened to you. you shall find; knock, γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει· και δ ζητων εθρισκει· for the asking receives; and the seeking finds; και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. 9 Η τις *[εστιν] and to the knocking it shall be opened. Or what [is there] and to the knocking transition of the knocking transition $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ αιτηση δ υίος αυτου $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ αιτηση δ υίος αυτου $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ αιτηση δ υίος αυτου $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος, όν $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ αιτηση δ υίος αυτου $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος $\epsilon \xi$ ύμων ανθρωπος $\epsilon \xi$ ϵ αρτον, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτφ; 10 και εαν ιχθυν bread, not astone will give to him? or if ειτηση, μη οφιν επιδωσει αυτω; 11 Ει ουν ύμεις, he asks, not a serpent will give to him? If then you, πονηροι οντες, οιδατε δοματα αγαθα διδοναι τοις bad ones being, know gifts good to give to the τεκνοις ύμων, ποσω μαλλον ὁ πατηρ ύμων, ὁ children of you, how much more the father of you, that εν τοις ουρανοις, δωσει αγαθα τοις αιτουσιν heavens, give good to those in the αυτον; 12 Παντα ουν, δσα αν θελητε ίνα him? therefore, as much soever you may will that ποιωσιν ύμιν οί ανθρωποι, ούτω και ύμεις ποιειτι should do to you the men, eveu so also you αυτοις ούτος γαρ εστιν δ νομος και οί προφηται. to them; this for is the law and the prophets.

¹³Εισελθετε δια της στενης πυλης· ότι Enter you in through the strait gate; ευρυχωρος ή όδος ή πλατεια ή πυλη, και the broad the road that gate, and και πολλοι εισιν απαγουσα εις την απωλειαν. leading into the perdition; οἱ εισερχομενοι δὶ αυτης. many and 14 Τι στενη ή πυλη, those entering through her. How strait the gate, και $\tau \in \theta \lambda$ ιμμενη ή όδος ή απαγουσα εις την and difficult the road that leading into the (ωην· και ολιγοι εισιν οί ευρισκοντες αυτην... are they finding and few

15 Προσεχετε δε απο των ψευδοπροφητων, Beware ye and of the false prophets, οίτινες ερχονται προς ύμας εν ενδυμασι προβαwho come to you in clothing of sheep, των, εσωθεν δε εισι λυκοι άρπαγες. 16 Απο

 $16 A\pi o$ των, εσωθεν δε εισι λυκοι άρπαγες. but they are wolves By ravenous. των καρπων αυτων επιγνωσεσθε αυτους. Μητι fruita of them you shall know What συλλεγουσιν απο ακανθων σταφυλην, η απο do they gather from thomas a cluster of grapes, or from τριβολων συκα; 17 Ούτω παν δενδρον αγαθον every figs ? So tree good καρπους καλους ποιει· το δε σαπρον fruits good bears; the but corrupt δενδρον καρπους πονηρους ποιει. 18 Ου δυναται δενδρον

them under their FEET, or turning again they tear you.

7 ‡ Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and you will find; knock, and it will be opened to you:

8 for fevery-one who asks, receives; and every one who seeks, finds; and to him who knocks, the door * is opened.

9 Indeed, † What Man among you, who, if his son request Bread, will offer him a Stone?

10 or, if he ask for a Fish, will give him a Serpent?

11 If nou, then, being evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHILDREN, how much more will THAT FATHER of yours in the HEAVENS give Good things to THOSE who ASK him?

12 ‡ Whatever you wish that MEN should do to you, do nou the same to them; for this is the LAW and the PROPHETS.

13 ‡ Enter in through the NARROW Gate; for wide is the GATE of DE-STRUCTION, and broad THAT WAY LEADING thither; and MANY are they who enter through it.

14 How narrow is the GATE of LIFE! how difficult that way leading thither! and how few are they who find it.

15 ‡ Beware of FALSE TEACHERS, who come to you in the Garb of Sheep, while inwardly they are ravenous Wolves.

16 t By their FRUITS you will discover them. Are Grapesgathered from Thorns, or Figs from Thistles?

17 ‡Every good Tree yields good Fruit; but the BAD tree produces bad Fruit.

18 A good Tree cannot

bears.

Not is possible

tree

9. is there-omil.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-8. is opened.

αγαθον καρπους πονηρους ποιείν, ουδε δενδρον good fruits evil to bear, neither tree σαπρον καρπους καλους ποιείν. 19 Παν δενδρον, coseupt fruits good to bear. Every tree, μη ποιουν καρπον καλον, εκκοπτεται και εις πυρ ποι bearing fruit good is cut down and into a fire βαλλεται. 20 Αραγε απο των καρπων αυτων is cast. Therefore by the fruits of them επιγνωπεσθε αυτους:

you shall know them.

21 Ou πας δ λεγων μοι Κυριε, κυριε, εισελευNot all who saying to me; O Lord, O Lord, shall enter

if etal els την βασιλείαν των ουρανων αλλ δ into the kingdom of the heavens; but he doing the will of the father of me, of that in heavens.

22 Πολλοί ερουσί μοι εν εκεινη τη ήμερα Κυριε, Many shall say to me in that the day, O Lord,

Many shall say to me in that the day, O Lord, Kupie, out $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ of ovolatt $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ for one in that the day, O Lord, Kupie, out $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ of ovolatt $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ same have we prophessed, and to the thy name demons have we cast out, and to the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ ovolatt $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ demons have we cast out, and to the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ ovolatt $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ name wonders many have we done? And then I will declare to them; Because never I knew than $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ and $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the prophessed $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ is a superficient $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ of $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ of $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the that the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the those working the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the that the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ of $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart from the $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ depart

.lawlessness.

All therefore whoever hears of me the words τουτους, και ποιει αυτους, όμοιωσω αυτου αυδρι these, and does them, I will compare him to a man φρονιμφ, δοτις ωκοδομησε την οικιαν αύτου επι prudent, who built the house of him upon την πετραν 25 και κατεβη ή βροχη, και ηλθον the rock, and fell down the rain, and came of ποταμοι, και επνεύσαν οι ανεμοι, και προσετhe floods, and blew the winds, and beat πεσον τη οικια εκεινή και ουκ επεσε τεθεμελιπασίας the house that; and not it felt, it was founded ωτο γαρ επι την πετραν.

for on the rock.

And all-who-hearing of me the words these, and not doing them, shall be compared to a man foolish.

And κατ εβη η βροχη, και ηλουν οί ποταμοι.

And fell down the rain, and came the foods, and fell down the rain, and came the foods, and ell down the winds, and dashed against the and desked against the arket ekery, και επεσε και ην ή πτωσις αυτης.

thense that, and it fell; and was the fall

great.

yield bad Fruit; nor a bad Tree, good Fruit.

19 ‡ (Every Tree not producing good Fruit, is cut down, and cast into a Fire.)

20 Therefore, by their FRUITS you will discover them.

21 Not every-one who says to me, ‡ Master, Master, will enter into-the kingdom of the head vens; but he who performs the will of that father of mine in * the heavens.

22 Many will say to me in That DAY, Master, Master, have we not taught in THY Name? and in THY Name expelled Demons? and in THY Name performed many Wonders?

23 And then I will plainly declare to them, I never approved of you. Depart from me, You who PRACTISE INIQUITY.

24 Therefore, whoever hears these precepts of Mine, and obeys then, "he will be compared to a prudent Man, who built "HIS House on the rock;

25 for though the RAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the WINDS blew, and rushed upon that HOUSE, it fell not, because it was founded on the ROCK.

26 But every-one who hears these precents of Mine, and disobeys them, will be compared to a foolish Man, who built shis House on the sand;

27 for when the RAIN fell, and the TORRENTS came, and the WINDS blew, and dashed against that IIGUSE, it fell, and great was its RUIN."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—21. Chemravens. 21 he will be compared 24. mis

3 Και εγενετο, ότε συνετελεσεν ό Ιησους And it came to pass, when had finished the τους λογους τουτους, εξεπλησσοντο οί οχλοι were astounded words these. the crowds the 29 Ην γαρ διδασκων τη διδαχη αυτου. of him. for teaching teaching He was the αυτους ώς εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ώς οί γραμand not authority having, ματ€LS.

КЕФ. ή. 8.

¹ Καταβαντι δε αυτφ απο του ορους, ηκολου-Coming down and to him from the mountain, ² Και ιδου, λεπρος θησαν αυτώ οχλοι πολλοι. after him crowds great. And lo, a leper $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu \pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \kappa \nu \nu \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu \tau \omega$, $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ Κυριε, εαν saying; Sal EKTELVAS prostrated to him, θελης, δυνασαι με καθαρισαι. thou wilt, thou art able me to cleanse. And putting forth την χειρα, ήψατο αυτου ὁ Ιησους, λεγων Θελω, hand, he touched him the Jesus, saying; καθαρισθητι. Και ευθεως εκαθαρισθη αυτου ή of him the he thou cleansed. And immediately was cleansed λεπρα. 4 Και λεγει αυτώ ὁ Ιησους· Όρα μηδενι says to him the Jesus; See And ειπης αλλα ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, show to the priest, thou tell; hut thyself go, και προσενεγκε το δωρον, δ προσεταξε Μωσης, gift, which commanded the εις μαρτυριον αυτοις. a witness to them.

5 Εισελθοντι δε αυτφ εις Καπερναουμ, προσ-Having entered and to him into Capernaum, ηλθεν αυτώ έκατονταρχος, παρακαλων αυτον, to him addressing a centurion, 6 και λεγων. Κυριε, δ παις μου βεβληται εν τη

O sir, the boy of me is laid in the and saying, οικια παραλυτικος, δεινως βασανιζομενος. ⁷ Και greatly being afflicted. a paralytic, λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους· Εγω ελθων θεραπευσω to him the says Jesus; coming

8 Και αποκριθεις δ έκατονταρχος εφη. αυτον. And answering the centurion said; Κυριε, ουκ ειμι ίκανος ίνα μου ύπο την στεγην

that of me under the not I am fit $\epsilon \iota \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta n s$ αλλα μονον ϵ ιπε λογ ω , και ιαθηthou shouldst enter; but speak a word, and only will be 9 Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος ειμι Even for I a man am σεται ὁ παις μου. healed the boy of me.

28 And it happened, when Jesus had finished this DISCOURSE, that I the PEOPLE were struck with awe at his mode of IN-STRUCTION;

29 for he taught them as possessing-Authority, and not as *their SCRIBES.

CHAPTER VIII.

Being come down from the MOUNTAIN, followed by great Crowds,

2 behold, ‡a Leper coming, prostrated himself. saying, "Sir, if thou wilt, thou canst cleanse me."

3 And Jesus extending his HAND, touched him, saying, "I will; be thou clean:" and instantly he was † purified from His LEPROSY.

4 Then JESUS says to him, "See that thou tell no one; but go, ‡show thyself to the PRIEST, and present the †OBLATION enjoined by Moses, for † Notifying [the cure] to the people.

5 ‡ And having entered Capernaum, a † Centurion came to him, earnestly

accosting him,

6 and saying, "Sir, my SERVANT is laid in the HOUSE, seized with palsy, being greatly afflicted."

7 * He says to him, " #

am coming, and will cure him."

8 *And the CENTURION answered, "Sir, I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my ROOF; but only command by word, and my SERVANT will be cured:

9 for even I am a man

^{8.} And the CENTURION. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-20. their scribes. 7. He says.

^{† 3.} By such a sign did Moses convince the house of Israel that God had sent him; and the Jews themselves confess that leprosy is the finger of God, a disease peculiarly of his sending and removing; and that it is not lawful for the physician, or any but the priest directly appointed in his course, so much as to attempt the cure of it...—Townson. † 4. A sin-offering, and a burnt-offering with the meat-offering, and the priest shall make atonement for him.—Lev. xiv. 31. † 4. for notifying [the cure] to the people—so Geo. Campbell translates. The oblation could not be an evidence to the priest, as he had the privilege to inspect the man in private, before he was permitted to enter the temple to make an oblation. The ceremony consequent upon obtaining this permission, was the testimony of the priest to the people, that the man's leprosy was removed, and that he was no longer excluded from society. † 5. A Roman officer, who had the command of one hundred soldiers.

^{28.} Mark i. 22; Luke iv. 32. xiv 32. 25. Luke vi. 1-19. 1 2. Mark i. 40-44; Luke v. 12-14.

ύπο εξουσιαν, εχων ύπ' εμαυτον στρατιωτας. authority, having under myself soldiers; και λεγω τουτω. Πορευθητι, και πορευεται και I say to this; Go, and he goes; and αλλώ. Ερχου, και ερχεται και τω δουλώ μου. to another; Come, and he comes; and to the slave Ποιησον τουτο, και ποιει. 10 Ακουσας δε δ Do and this. he docs. Hearing and the Ιησους, εθαυμασε, και ειπε τοις ακολουθουσιν. was astonished, and said to those following; Aμην λεγω ύμιν, ουδε εν τω Ισραηλ τοσαυτην Indeed I say to you, not even in the I srael so great πιστιν εύρον. 11 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι πολλοι απο faith I have found. I say but to you, that many ανατολων και δυσμων ήξουσι, και ανακλιθησονται and west will come, and μετα Αβρααμ και Ισαακ και Ιακωβ εν τη βασιλ-Abraam and Isaac and Jacob in the kingdom 12 Οι δε υίοι της βασιλειας εια των ουρανων. heavens. The but sons of the εκβληθησονται εις το σκοτος το εξωτερον· εκει shall be cast out into the darkness the outer; εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδοντων.
will be the weeping and the gnashing of the teeth.

13 Και ειπεν δ Ιησους τω έκατονταρχη. 'Υπαγε, And said the Jesus to the centurion; Go, *[και] ώς επιστευσας γενηθητω σοι. Και ιαθη [and] as thou hast believed let it be done to thee. And was healed ό παις αυτου εν τη ώρα εκεινη.

the boy of him in the hour

14 Και ελθων ό Ιησους εις την οικιαν Πετρου, And coming the Jesus into the house of Peter, ειδε την πενθεραν αυτου βεβλημενην και πυρεσsaw the mother-in-law of him being laid down and burning 15 Και ήψατο της χειρος αυτης, και And he touched the hand of her, and σουσαν. with fever. αφηκεν αυτην ό πυρετος και ηγερθη, και διηher the fever; and arose, 16Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηνεγ-KOVEL QUTOIS. to them. Evening now being come, they brought καν αυτφ δαιμονιζομενους πολλους· και εξεβαλε being possessed many; and he cast out τα πνευματα λογώ, και παντας τους κακώς spirits by a word, and all those sickness 17 όπως $\epsilon \chi o \nu \tau \alpha s$ εθεραπευσεν• $\pi\lambda\eta\rho\omega\theta\eta$ he healed; that might be fulfilled the δηθ∈ν δια Ήσαιου του προφητου, λεγοντος. word spoken through Esaias the prophet, saying; " Αυτος τας ασθενειας ήμων ελαβε, και τας "Himself the weaknesses of us he took away, and the

νοσους εβαστασεν."

diseases he removed."

 18 $I\delta\omega\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ δ $I\eta\sigma\sigma\sigma\sigma$ $\pi\sigma\lambda\lambda\sigma\sigma\sigma$ oxhous περι Seeing and the Jesus great multitudes about

* appointed under Authority, having soldiers under me, say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; to another, 'Come,' and he comes; and to my SERVANT, 'Do this,' and he does it.'

10 And Jesus listening, was astonished, and said to THOSE WALKING with him, "Indeed, I say to you, I have not found So-great Faith * among

any in ISRAEL:
Il and I assure you, t That many will come from the East and from the West, and will recline with Abraham and Isaac and Jacob, in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS;

12 tbut the sons of the kingdom will be riven into the touter DARKNESS, where will be WEEPING and GNASHING

of TEETH."

13 Then Jesus said to the CENTURION, "Go; be it done to thee as thou hast believed." And *the SERVANT Was IMMEDI-ATELY restored.

14 ‡Then JESUS entering into Peter's House, saw his WIFE'S MOTHER lying sick of a fever:

15 and he touched her HAND, and the FEVER left her; and she arose, and entertained * him.

16 ‡ Now, in the evening, they brought to him many demoniacs; and he expelled the SPIRITS with a Word, and cured ALL

the sick;

17 that the WORD SPO-KEN through Isaiah the PROPHET might be verified, saying, 1+"He has "himself carried off our "INFIRMITIES, and borne "our distresses."

18 And JESUS seeing

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT-9. appointed under. 10. among any in. 13. and-omit. 13. the SERVANT. 15. him.

^{† 12.} Our Lord continues the image of a feast: the banqueting room was in the night illuminated with many lamps. He who is driven out of it and the house, is in darkness, and the further he is removed, the grosser the darkness.—Wetstein. † 17. "This man beareth away our sins, and for us he is in sorrow."—Thomson's Septuagint translation of Isa. Ilii. 4.

t 16. Mark i. 32; Luke iv. 40. 12. Matt. xxi. 43. 1 14. Mark i. 29-21; Luke iv. 38.

19 Ka1 αύτον, εκελευσεν απελθειν εις το περαν. he gave orders to depart to the otherside. And προσελθων είς γραμματευς, ειπεν αυτφ· Διδασscribe, said to him; Oteacher, coming one 20 Kat καλε, ακολουθησω σοι, δπου εαν απερχη. I will follow thee, where ever thou goest. And λεγει αυτώ ὁ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους to him the Jesus; The fores εχουσι, και τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωand the birds they have, of the heaven σ εις δ δε υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την the but son of the man not he has, where the the but son of the man not be the hit son of the man $\kappa \lambda \nu n$, 21 ET $\epsilon \rho os$ $\delta \epsilon \tau \omega \nu \mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \omega \nu$ κεφαλην κλινη. αυτου ειπεν αυτω Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι πρωτον ot him said to him; O master, permit thon me first 22 0 δ€ απελθειν, και θαψαι τον πατερα μου. and to bury the father of me. The but Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Ακολουθει μοι, και αφες to him; Follow του**ς** νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων νεκρους.

dead ones to bury the of themseives dead ones. Και εμβαντι αυτφ εις το πλοιον, ηκολουθηAnd entering to him into the ship, followed σαν αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου. ²⁴Και ιδου, σεισμος to him the disciples of him. And lo, a commotion μεγας εγενετο εν τη θαλασση, ώστε το πλοιον arose in the sea, so as the great καλυπτεσθαι ύπο των κυματων· αυτος δε εκαthe waves; he ²⁵ Και προσελθοντες οἱ μαθηται ηγειραν θευδε. asieep. coming the disciples αυτον, λεγυντες Κυριε, σωσον $*[\mathring{\eta}\mu\alpha s,]$ απολhim, saying; O master, do thou save [is.] we 26 Και λεγει αυτοις. Τι δειλοι εστε, And he says to them: How timid you are, λυμεθα. perish. ολιγοπιστοι; Τοτε εγερθειs O you of weak faith? Then arising επετιμησε TOIS he rebuked the ανεμοις και τη θαλλαση· και εγενετο γαληνη and the sea; and there was μεγαλη. ²⁷Οί δε ανθρωποι εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες. nien The and were astonished, great. saying; Ποταπις εστιν ούτος, ότι και οί ανεμοι και ή What 12 this, that even the winds and the θαλασσα ύπακουουσιν αυτώ;

 $_{
m Anc}^{28}$ Kai $\epsilon\lambda heta heta au au$ aut ω eis to $\pi\epsilon$ pav, eis $au\eta au$ χωραι των Γεργεσηνων, ύπηντησαν αυτφ δυο country of the Gergesenes, met him δαιμονιζομενοι, εκ των μνημειων εξερχομενοι, out of the sepuichres being demonized. coming forth,

to him?

χαλεποι λιαν, ώστε μη ισχυειν τινα παρελθειν very, so that not to be able any one to pass along

*a Crowd about him, gave orders to pass to the for-POSITE-SIDE.

19 And a certain Scribe approaching, said to him, ‡"Rabbi, I will follow thee wherever thou goest."

20 And JESUS says to him, "The FOLES have Holes, and the BIRDS of HEAVEN places of shelter, but the son of MAN has not where he may recline his HEAD."

21 And another, one of *th DISCIPLES said to him, ‡"Master, permit me first to go and bury my

22 But Jesus * says to him, "Follow me; and leave the DEAD ONES to inter THEIR own Dead."

23 Then going on board *a Boat, his DISCIPLES

followed him.

24 # And behold, there arose a violent Tempest in the LAKE, so that the BOAT was being covered by the BILLOWS; but he was asleep.

25 And *they came and awoke him, saying, "Save, Master; we perish!"

26 And he says to them, "Why are you afraid, O you distrustful?" Then arising, he rebuked the WINDS and the SEA, and there was a great Calm.

27 And the MEN were astonished, saying, "How great is this man! for even the WINDS and the SEA obey him."

28 # And coming to the opposite-side, into the REGION of the *GADA-RENES, there met him two Demoniacs, coming forth from the MONUMENTS, so very furious, that no one was able to pass along by that ROAD.

hearken

^{22.} says. 28. Cana-* Vatican Manuscript—18. a Crowd. 21. the dis Boat—so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 25. they came. BENES—so Tischendorf; but Lachmann reads Gerasenes. 21. the DISCIPLES. 25. us-omit.

^{18.} Opposite side or shore of the Lake Gennesareth. Crossing this lake does not always denote sailing from the east side to the west, or inversely; though the river Jordan, b th above and below the lake. ran southwards. The lake was of such a form, that, without any impropriety, it might be said to be crossed in other directions, even by those who kept on the same side of the Jordan.—Campbell.

^{† 19} Luke ix. 57. † 28. Mark v 1; Luke viii. 26.

29 Kai δια την όδου εκεινης. ιδου, εκραξαν the that. And lo, they cried out way λεγοντες Τι ήμιν και σοι, υίε του θεου; Ηλ-What to us and to thec, O son of the God? Comest θες ώδε προ καιρου βασανισαι ήμας; ³⁰ Ην δε thou here before a destined time to torment There was now us? $\alpha \pi'$ αντων αγελη χοιρων πολλων at some distance from them a herd of swine βοσκομένη. 31 Οί δε δαιμονές παρεκαλουν αυτον, implored The and demons him. feeding. λεγοντες. Ει εκβαλλεις ήμας, αποστειλον ήμας saying; If thou cast out us, send εις την αγελην των χοιρων. 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις· herd of the And hesaid to them; to the swine. Οί δε εξελθοντες απηλθον εις τους Υπαγετε. Go; They and coming out they went 'o Και ιδου, ώρμησε πασα ή αγελη κατα Xolpous. rushed whole the herd And lo, του κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν, και απεθανον εν steep place into the lake, died ~in and 33 Οί δε βοσκοντες εφυγον, τοις ύδασιν. Kal fled, They and feeding them απελθοντες εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν παντα, arriving at the city, related all, ³⁴ Και ιδου, πασα και τα των δαιμονιζομενων. and that of those being demonized. And lo, whole ή πολις εξηλθεν εις συναντησιν τω Ιησου. και went out to a meeting to the Jesus; ιδοντες αυτον, παρεκαλεσαν, όπως μεταβη him, they entreated, that he would depart απο των δριων αυτων. from the coasts of them.

KE ϕ . θ' . 9.

ι Και εμβας εις το πλοιον, $\delta\iota\epsilon\pi\epsilon\rho\alpha\sigma\epsilon$, And stepping into the boat, he passed over, ηλθεν εις την ιδιαν πολιν. 2Και ιδου, προσεφερον came to the own city. And lo, they brought αυτώ, παραλυτικον, επι κλινης βεβλημενον. a paralytic, upon a bed lying. Και ιδων ό Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, ειπε τω And seeing the Jesus the faith of them, he said to the αφεωνται *[σοι] παραλυτικω Θαρσει, τεκνον paralytic; Τake courage, son;are forgiven [thee]

29 And, behold, they cried out, saying, "What hast thou to do with us, O Son of God? Comest thou hither before the appointed Time, to torment us?"

30 Now there was at some distance from them a great Herd of Swine

feeding.

31 And the DEMONS implored him, saying, "If thou dismiss us, send us away to the HERD of SWINE."

32 And he said to them, "Go." And THEY, going forth, went away to the swine; and behold, the Whole HERD rushed down t the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and perished in the WATERS.

33 Then the SWINE-HERDS fled, and reaching the CITY, related all this, and the THINGS concerning the DEMONIACS.

34 And presently the Whole CITY came forth to meet Jesus, and seeing him, they entreated that he would retire from their VICINITY.

CHAPTER IX.

1 Then stepping on board *a Boat, he crossed the lake, and came to his Town City.

2 And they brought to him a paralytic, lying on a Bed: and JESUS perceiving their FAITH, said to the PARALYTIC, "Son,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-1. a Boat. 2. thee-omit

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRITT—I. a Boat. 2. thee—omit

† 32. The following extract from "Hackett's Tour in the Holy Land," will serve as an illustration:—"Country of the Gadarenes.—I spent a night, and part of two days, in the vicinity of the Lake of Tiberias. My tent was pitched near the Hot Baths, about a mile south of the town of Tiberias, and, consequently, near the south end of the take. In looking across the water to the other side, I had before me the country of the Gadarenes, where the swine, impelled by an evil spirit, plunged into the sea. I was struck with a mark of accuracy in the sacred writers, which had never occurred to me till then. They state that 'the swine ran violently down the steep place or precipice,' (the article being required by the Greek,) 'and were choked in the waters.' It is implied here, first, the hills in that region approach near the water; and, secondly, that they fall off so abruptly along the shore, that it would be natural for a writer, familiar with that fact, to refer to it as well known. Both these implications are correct. A mass of rocky hills overlook the sea on that side, so near the water, that one sees their dark outline reflected from its surface, while their sides, in general, are so steep, that a person familiar with the scenery would hardly think of speaking of a steep place or precipice, where so much of the coast forms but one continuous precipice. Our translators omit the definite article, and show, by this inadvertence, how naturally the more exact knowledge of the Evangelists influenced their language."

tothe

αι άμαρτιαι σου. ³ Και ιδου, τινες των γραμμα-the sins of thee. And lo, some of the scribes 4 Kai τεων ειπον εν έαυτοις. Ούτος βλασφημει. said among themselves; This blasphemes. And δ Ιησ υς τας ενθυμησεις αυτην, ειπεν. the thoughts says; knowing the Jesus 'I ατι ύμεις ενθυμεισθε πονηρα εν ταις καρδιαις evila in the hearts think ⁵Τι γαρ εστιν ευκοπωτερον: Which for is easier? μων; $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \iota \nu$ vou? to say , Αφεωνται σου αί άμαρτιαι; η ειπειν Εγειραι Are forgiven of thee the sins? or to say: Arise και περιπατει; 6 Ινα δε ειδητε ότι εξουσιαν That but you may know that authority walk? εχει δ υίος του ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι has the son of the man on the earth to forgive άμαρτιας (τοτε λεγει τω παραλυτικώ) Εγερ-(then he says to the paralytic;) θεις αρού σου την κλινήν, και ύπαγε εις τον take up of thee the bed, and go οικον σου. ΤΚαι εγερθεις απηλθεν εις τον οικον house of thee. And arising he went to the house 8 Ιδοντες δε οί οχλοι εθαυμασαν, και αύτου. of him. Seeing and the crowds wondered, εδοξασαν τον θεον, τον δοντα εξουσιαν τοιαυτην glorified the God, that having given authority so great τοις ανθρωποις.

And passing on the Jesus from thence, he saw a man πον καθημένον επι το τελωνιον, Ματθαιον sitting at the custom-house, λεγομενον και λεγει αυτώ. Ακολουθει μοι. and he says to him; Follow heing named; Και αναστας ηκολουθησεν αυτφ. 10 Και εγενετο, And it happened, him. And rising up he followed αυτου ανακειμενου εν τη οικια, και ιδου, πολλοι of him reclining at table in the house, and lo, τελωναι και άμαρτωλοι ελθοντες συνανεκε.ντο publicans and sinners coming reclined τω Ιησου και τοις μαθητοις αυτου. with the Jesus and the disciples of him. ιδοντες οί Φαρισαιοι ειπον τοις μαθηταις αυτου· seeing the Pharisees said to the of him; disciples Διατι μετα των τελωνων και άμαρτωλων εσθιει Why with the publicans and sinners eats 12 'Ο οε Ιησους ακουσας, δ διδασκαλος ύμων; The and the teacher of you? Jesus

9 Και παραγων ὁ Ιησους εκειθεν, ειδεν ανθρω-

take courage; Thy sins are forgiven."

3 And behold, some of the SCRIBES said among themselves, "This man blasphemes."

4 But Jesus discerning their THOUGHTS, said, "Why do you think evil [things] in your HEARTS?

5 For, which is easier? to say, *Thy sins are forgiven; or to say, [with effect,] Arise, and walk?

6 But that you may know that the son of Man has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (then he says to the PARALYTIC,) "Arise, take up Thy BED, and go to thy House."

7 And arising, he went

to his House.

8 And the PEOPLE seeing it, *feared and praised THAT GOD who had GIVEN such Authority to MEN.

9 ‡ And Jesus, passing on from thence, sar a Man, named Matthew, sitting at the † TAX-OF-FICE; and he says to him, "Foilow me." And he arose, and followed him.

10 And it came to pass, as he was reclining at table in his house, behold, ‡ Many Tribute-takers and † Sinners coming, reclined with Jesus and his disciples.

11 And the Pharisees observing it, said to his disciples, "Why does your teacher get with tribute takers and Sinners."

12 But * HE hearing it, says, "THEY who are in HEALTH have no need of a Physician, but THEY

who are sick.

13 But go, and learn what that is, ‡'I desire

being.

Mercy

" Ελεον θελω, και ου

I wish,

of a physician, but those sick

 $\delta \epsilon \mu \alpha \theta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$, $\tau \iota \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$

learn what is;

ίατρου, αλλ' οί κακως ενοντες.

13 Πορευθεντες

and not

You are going

c Vatican Manuscript-5. Thy sins. 8. feared-so Lach, and Tisch, hearing. 12. to them-omit.

^{† 9.} Probably an office creeted on the side of the lake for collecting toll of passengers, and receiving the customs for goods carried by water. † 10. The word hamartoolos, sinner, is generally used in the Gospels, and indeed throughout the N. T., either to signify Gentile, or such of the Jews who, from their illicit practices, were looked upon in the same light with the Gentiles. See Gal. ii, 15.

^{† 9.} Mark ii. 14; Luke v. 27. :13. Hos. vi. 6; Matt. xii. 7.

θυσιαν." Ου γαρ ηλθον καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλ' a sacrifice." Not for I am come to call just persons, but αμαρτωλους.

sinners.

15 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους· Μη δυνανται οί υίοι And says to them the Jesus Not are able the sons $\tau o \nu \nu \mu \phi \omega v o s$ $\pi \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \nu$, $\epsilon \phi$ $\delta \sigma o \nu \mu \epsilon \tau$ $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ of the bridal chamber to mourn, in as much with them of the bridal chamber to mourn, εστιν δ νυμφιος: Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, όταν Shall come but days, is the bridegroom? απαρθη απ' αυτων δ νυμφιος, και τοτε νηστευmay be taken from them the bridegroom, and then they shall σουσιν. 16 Ουδεις δε επιβαλλει επιβλημα ρακους No one now puts a patch αγναφου επι ίματιω παλαιω αιρει γαρ το πλη-unfulled on to a mantle old; takes away for the patch ρωμα αυτου απο του ίματιου, και χειρον σχισμα of it from the mantle, and worse a rent 17 Ουδε βαλλουσιν οινον νεον εις wine new inco do they put ασκους παλαιους ει δε μηγε, βηγνυνται οί ασκοι, if but not, burst bottles old; και δ οινος εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται and the wine is spilled, and the bottles are destroyed; αλλα βαλλουσιν οινον νεον εις ασκους καινους, new anto bottles wine they put και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται. both are preserved together.

18 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, αυτοις, ιδου, αρχων to them, lo, These of him speaking, ' Οτι ή ελθων προσεκυνει αυτώ, λεγων. prostrated to him, saying, That the certain coming θυγατηρ μου αρτι ετελευτησεν αλλα ελθων daughter of me now is dead; but coming επιθες την χειρα σου επ' αυτην, και ζησεται.

lay the hand of thee upon her, and she shalling. 19 Και εγερθεις δ Ιησους ηκολουθησεν αυτφ, arising the Jesus went after And 20 Και ιδου, γυνη αίμορκαι οἱ μαθηται αυτου. find lo, a woman having a and the disciples of him. δυουσα δωδεκα ετη, $\pi \rho \circ \sigma \in \lambda \theta \circ \nu \sigma \alpha \quad \circ \pi \circ \sigma \theta \in \nu$ flow of blood twelve years, approaching ήψατο του κρασπεδου του ίματιου αυτου. ²¹Ελ-She touched the tuft of the mantle of him. εγε γαρ εν έαυτη. Εαν μονον άψωμαι τ υ ίματιου said for within herself; It only I can touch the said for within herself; It only I can touch the said for within herself; 22 O δε Ιησους επιστραφεις turning of him, I shall be hesled. The but Jesus

'Compassion, † and not 'a Sacrifice;' for I came not to call Righteous men, but Sinners."

14 Then John's DISCI-PLES accosting him, said, ‡ "THe and the PHARI-SEES fast, why not also thy DISCIPLES?"

15 And JESUS SAYE to them, ‡ "Can the BRIDE MEN mourn, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them? But the Time will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, † and then they will fast.

16 No one purs a Piece of undressed Cloth on an old Garment; because the PATCH itself would tear the GARMENT, and a worse Rent be made.

17 Neither do persons put new Wine into old †Sbing; for if they do, the SKI burst, and the WINE IS spilled, and the SKINS are destroyed: but they put new Wine into new Skins, and both are preserved."

18 ‡ While he was thus speaking to them, a certain Ruler coming, prostrated to him, saying, "My DAUGHTER 18 by this time dead; but come, lay thy HAND on her, and she will revive."

19 And Jesus arising, with his disciples, followed him.

20 ‡ And, behold, a Woman, having been afflicted with an hemorrhage for Twelve Years, coming behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE;

21 for she said within herself, "If I can only touch his MANTLE, I shall be cured."

22 Jesus turning, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-14. much-omit.

^{† 13. &}quot;I desire mercy, rather than sacrifice."—Septuagint.

Lord's answer will appear more appropriate from the fact that John was now in prison, so that his followers were fasting in consequence of their master's removal from them. † 17. Skins of the kid were very much used by the ancients for their wine. They were used whole, and the openings for the legs and head were tied up with strings. They were not strong enough to be used a second time for the same purpose.—Samuel Sharpe.

 $ti\pi\epsilon^*$ Θ aρ $\sigma\epsilon\iota$, θ $\upsilon\gamma$ a $\tau\epsilon$ ρ^* $\mathring{\eta}$ said; Take courage, daughter; the και ιδων αυτην, ειπε. and seeing her, Και εσωθη ή γυνη απο
And was well the woman from $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota \varsigma \sigma \circ \upsilon \sigma \varepsilon \sigma \omega \kappa \varepsilon \sigma \varepsilon$. faith of thee has saved thee. 23 Kai $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\nu$ δ Involve ϵ is της ώρας εκεινης. And coming the the hour of that. Jesus into την οικιαν του αρχοντος, και ιδων τους αυλητας, house of the ruler, and sceing the flute-players, και τον οχλον θορυβουμενον, 24 λεγει *[αυτοις·] and the crowd making a noise, says [to them;] Αναχωρειτε· ου γαρ απεθανε το κορασιον, αλλα Withdraw; not for is dead the girl, but 25 'Οτε δε ταθευδει. Και κατεγελων αυτου. When but they derided hım. $\xi \xi \in \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ δ $o \chi \lambda o s$, $\epsilon \iota \sigma \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa \rho \alpha \tau \eta \sigma \epsilon$ $\tau \eta s$ they put out the crowd, he entering took hold of the of the 26 Kat χειρος αυτης και ηγερθη το κορασιον. ϵ ξηλ θ εν ή φημη αύτη ϵ ις όλην την γην ϵ κεινην. went forth the report this into all the land that,

27 Και παραγοντι εκειθεν τω Ιησου, ηκολου-And passing on from there the Jesus,

θησαν *[αυτω] δυο τυφλοι, κραζοντες

after [him] two blind mea, crying out και and λεγοντες· Ελετ/σον ήμας, νίε Δανιδ. 28 Ελθοντι saying; Have pity on us, O son of David. Being come δε εις την οικιαν, προσηλθον αυτφ οί τυφλοι, and into the house, to him the blind men, came και λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους. Πιστευετε, ότι δυνα-and says to them the Jesus; Do you believe, that I am μαι τουτο ποιησαι; Λεγουσιν αυτώ. Ναι κυριε. able this They say to him; Yes O master; to do? ²⁹Τοτε ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων, λεγων· Then he touched the of them, saying eyes Κατα την πιστιν ύμων γενηθητω ύμιν. ³⁰ Και According to the faith of you be it done to you. ανεωχθησαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι. Και ενεβριμηwere pened of them the eyes. And strictly σατο αυτοις δ Ιησους, λεγων Όρατε, μηδεις charged them the Jesus. saying; Sec, no one 31 Οί δε εξελθοντες διεφημισαν γινωσκετω. having gone published γη. 32 Αυτων δε εξερknows. They but αυτον εν όλη τη γη εκεινη. These and going χομενων, ιδου, προσηνεγκαν αυτφ ανθρωπον lo, they brought to him a man κωφον, δοιμονιζομενον. ³³ Και εκβληθεντος του being demonized. And having cast out the δαιμονιου, ελαλησε. δ κωφος. Και εθαυμασαν spoke the dumb. And were astonished οί οχλοι, λεγουτες. Ουδεποτε εφανη ούτως εν the crowds, saying; Never was it seeu thus

seeing her, said, "Taka courage, Daughter; thy FAITH has cured thee." And the WOMAN was Wel from that HOUR.

23 ‡ Jesus being come into the Ruler's House, and seeing the † Flute-PLAYERS and the CROWD making lamentation,

24 says to them, "Leave the place; for the GIRL is not dead, but sleeps." And they derided him.

25 But when the com-PANY was excluded, he entering in, grasped her HAND, and the GIRL was raised.

26 And the REPORT of this [miracle] went forth through All that REGION.

27 And Jesus passing from thence, Two Blind men followed, exclaiming, "O Son of David, have compassion on vs!"

28 And being come into the HOUSE, the BLIND men came to him; and JESUS says to them, "Do you believe That I can do this?" They reply to him, "Yes Master"

"Yes, Master."
29 Then he touched their EYES, saying, "Be it done to you according to

your FAITH."

30 And Their EYES were opened; and JESUS strictly charged them, saying, "See that you inform no one."

31 But they, having departed, spread his fame through All that LAND.

32 Now, as these men were going out, behold, ‡there was brought to him a Durab man, being demonized.

33 And the DEMON having been expelled, the DUMB man spoke, and the PEOPLE were astonished, saying, "Never was it thus seen in ISRAEL!"

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-24. to them-omit. 27. him-omit.

^{† 23.} Servius on Virgil says, "The funerals of the elder sort with the trumpet, and those of the younger with the flute." Lightfoot remarks, "On the death of his wife even the poorest Jew will afford not less than two pipes (or flutes,) and one woman to make lamentation." Sec 2 Chron. xxxv. 25; Eccles. xii. 5; Jer. ix. 17; xlviii. 36.

^{1 23.} Mark v. 38; Luke viii. 51.

34 Οί δε Φαρισαίοι ελεγον. Εν τω : 34 But the Pharisers τω Ισραηλ. The but Pharisees said; By the to the Israel. αρχοντι των δαιμονιων εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. prince of the demons he casts out the demons.

 35 Kai $\pi\epsilon\rho$ i $\eta\gamma\epsilon\nu$ δ Involve $\tau\alpha$ s π oleis $\pi\alpha\sigma\alpha$ s and went about the Jesus the cities all και τας κωμας, διδασκων εν ταις συναγωγαις and the villages, teaching in the synagogues αυτων, και κηρυσσων το ευαγγελιον της βασιλof them, and publishing the glad tidings of the kingdom, ειας, και θεραπευων πασαν νοσον και πασαν and healing every disease and

μαλακιαν. malady.

 $36 \ \text{Idwn} \ \delta \epsilon \ \text{tous} \ \text{ochous}, \ \epsilon \sigma \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu \iota \sigma \theta \eta \ \pi \epsilon \rho \iota \ \text{Seeing and the crowds}, \ \text{he was moved with pity for}$ αυτων, ότι ησαν εσκυλμενοι και ερβιμμενοι, them, because they were jaded and scattered, ώσει προβατα μη εχουτα ποιμενα. ³⁷ Τοτε λεγει like sheep not having a shepherd. Then he says τοις μαθηταις αύτου $^{\circ}$ Ο μεν βερισμος πολυς, of to the disciples of him; The indeed harvest plenteous, the $\delta \epsilon$ εργατει ελιγοι. 33 Δεηθητε ουν του κυριου then the but laborers few. Implote τ ou $\theta \epsilon \rho \iota \iota' \mu o \nu$, $\delta \pi \omega s$ $\epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \eta$ $\epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \tau \alpha s$ $\epsilon \iota s$, $\tau o \nu$ of the harvest, that he would send out laborers into the $\theta \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \mu o \nu$ and $\delta \iota s \nu o \sigma$. KEP. i. 10. I kai $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma$ And having Implore but laborers few. harvest of him. And having καλεσαμενος τους δωδεκα μαθητας αύτου, εδωdisciples the twelve of him, κεν αυτοις εξουσιαν πνευματων ακαθαρτων, ώστε gave to them authority spirits unclean, so as εκβαλλειν αυτα, και θεραπευειν πασαν νοσον to cast out them, and to heal every disease και πασαν μαλακιαν. and every malady.

2 Των δε δωδεκα αποστολων τα ονοματα Of the now twelve apostles the names εστι ταυτα· πρωτος, Σιμων ὁ λεγομενος are these; first, Simon that being called Πετρος, και Ανδρεας ὁ αδελφος αυτου· Ιακω-Peter, and Andrew the brother of him; βος ό του Ζεβεδαιου, και Ιωαννης ό αδελφος that of the Zebedee, John the brother and αυτου· ³Φιλιππος, και Βαρθολομαιος· Θωμας, και of him; Philip, and Bartholomew; Thomas, and Ματθαιος δ τελωνης. Ιακωβος δ του Αλφαιου, Matthew the tax-gatherer; James that of the Alpheus, και * [Λεββαιος δ επικληθείς] Θαδδαιος * Σιμων and [Lebbeus that surnamed] Thaddens: Singar ό κανανιτης, και Ιουδας ό Ισκαριωτης, ό και Judas that Iscariot, who even the Canaanite, and παραδους αυτον. delivered up him.

5 Τουτους τους δωδεκα απεστειλεν δ Ιησους, These the twelve sent forth the Jesus παραγγειλας αυτοις, λεγων. Εις όδον εθνων μη commanding them, saying; Into a coad of Gentiles not απελθητε, και εις πολιν Σαμαρειτων μη εισελnot you may you may go, and into a city of Samaritans

said, ‡"He expels the DEMONS by the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

35 ‡And JESUS went through all the CITIES and VILLAGES teaching in their SYNAGOGUES, and announcing the GLAD TI-DINGS of the KINGDOM, and curing Every Disease and Every Malady.

36 ‡ And beholding the CROWDS, he deeply pitied them, Because they were being harassed and dispersed, as Sheep having no Shepherd.

37 Then he says to his DISCIPLES, ‡"The HAR-VEST indeed is great, but the REAPERS are few;

38 beseech, therefore, the LORD of the HAR-VEST, that he would send Laborers to REAP it.'

CHAPTER X.

1 And having summoned his TWELVE Disciples. the gave them Authority to expel impure Spirits. and to cure Diseases and Maladies of Every kind.

2 Now these are the NAMES of the TWELVE Apostles; The first, THAT Simon, NAMED Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER; THAT James, son of Zebe-DEE, and John his BRO-THER;

3 Philip and Bartholomew; Thomas, and Matthew the TRIBUTE TA-KER; THAT James, son of ALPHÆUS; and Thaddeus:

4 Simon the Canaanite: and THAT Judas Iscariot. who even delivered him

5 These TWELVE JESUS commissioned, instructing them, saving, "Go not Away to the Gentiles, and enter not any city of the Samaritans; .

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-3. THAT Lebbæus, surnamed-omit.

^{1 36.} Mark vi. 34; Ezek. 1 1. Mark iii. 13; ix. 1-

 $\theta n \tau \epsilon$. 6 Πορευεσθε δε μαλλον προς τα ποοβατα G. you but rather to the sheep 7 Πορευομέν ι δε τα απηλωλοτα οικου Ισραηλ. perishing house f Israel. Passing on you. Way and κηρυσσετε, λεγοντες 'Οτι ηγγικεν ή βασιλεια preach you, saying; That has come night the kingdom 8 Α-θεν, υντας θεραπεύετε, νεκτων ουρανων. of the heavens. Those being sick heal. ρους εγειρετε, λεπρους καθαριζετε, δαιμονια raise up, lepers cleanse, εκβαλλετε δωρεαν ελαβετε, δωρεαν δοτε.

freely you have received, freely cast out; ⁹ Μη κτυσησθε χρυσον, μηδε αργυρον, μηδε

gold silver, provide nor χαλκον εις τας ζωνας ύμων. 10μη πηραν εις όδον, helts of you; not a bag for a journey, copper in the μηδε δυο χιτωνας, μηδε ύποδηματα, μηδε ραβδον. tunies, nor sandals, nor

Αξιος γαρ ὁ εργατης της τροφης αύτου εστιν. Worthy for the laborer of the food 11 Εις ήν δ' αν πολιν η κωμην εισελθητε,

Into what and ever city or country-town you may enter, εξετασατε, τις εν αυτη αξιος εστι κακει μεινατε, search out, who in her worthy is; and there abide, 12 Εισερχομένοι δε εις την έως αν εξελθητε.

and into til. you go thence. Entering οικιαν, ασπασασθε αυτην. 13 Και εαν μεν salute her. And if indeed may be ή οικια άξια, ελθετω ή ειρηνη ύμων επ' αυτην. the house worthy, let come the peace of you on her; ϵ αν δε μη η αξια, ή ειρηνη ύμων προς ύμας if but not may be worthy, the peace of you to you 14 Και ός εαν μη δεξηται ύμας, And who if not may receive you, $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau \rho \alpha \phi \eta \tau \omega$.

let it turn. μηδε ακουση τους λογους ύμων, εξερχομενοι της hear the words of you, coming out of the οικιας η της πολεως εκεινης, εκτιναξατε τον house or of the that, city shake off

κονιορτον των ποδων ύμων. 15 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, Indeed I say to you, of the feet of you. ανεκτοτερον έσται γη Σοδομων και Γομορόων εν more tolerable will be land of Sodom and Gomorrah in $16 I \delta o v$, $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ ημερα κρισεως, η τη πολει εκεινη. of trial, than the city hat La,

αποστελλω ύμας ώς προβατα εν μεσφ λυκων. send you as sheep in midst of wolves. Γινεσθο ουν φρονιμοι ως οί οφεις, και ακεραιοι Be ye therefore wise as the serpents, and artless

ός αι περιστεραι. as the doves.

17 Προσεχετε δε απο των ανθρωπων. Παρα-Take heed and of the men. They will συνεδρια, και 32 ταις δωσουσι γαρ ύμας εις hand over you sanhedrims, and in the

6 # But go rather to the PERISHING SHEEP of the Stock of Israel.

7 ‡ And as on go, pro-claim, saying, The KING-DOM of the TEAVENS has approached.

8 Heal th. Sick, †[raise the Lead, leanse Lepers. expe. Demons; freely you have received, freely give.

9 Provide neither Gold. nor Silver, nor Copper, in your † GIRDLES;

10 carry no Traveling Bag, no spare Clothes, Shoes, or Staff; # for the WORKMAN is worthy of his MAINTENANCE.

11 And whatever City or Village you enter, inquire what worthy person resides there; and remain with him till you leave the place.

12 When you enter the HOUSE, salute the family.

13 And if the FAMILY be worthy, let the PEACE you wish come upon them; but if toworthy, let your PEASE return * upon yourselves.

14 And whoever will not receive you, nor hear your words, in departing from that House or CITY, shake the DUST off your FEET.

15 Indeed, I say to you, tit will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom and Gomorrah, in a Day of Judgment, than for that city.

16 # Behold! # send you forth as Sheep * into the Midst of Wolves; be, therefore, sagacious as SERPENTS, and innocent as DOVES.

17 But beware of these MEN; ‡ for they will deliver you up to High

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-13. upon you. 16. into

^{† 8. [}Raise the Dead.] This clarge, though found in the Vatican, is wanting in a great number of MSS. Griesbach excluded it from his first edition of the Greek text, but inserted it in subsequent editions, marked as doubtful. Campbell, Wetstein, and Wakefield reject it. Macknight, Whitby, and Doddridge think it better to retain the clause, as it is evident some passages in this discourse refer to events which did not immediately take place. See verses 18, 21, 23. † 9. Their purses were commonly in their girdles.

^{† 5.} Isa. liii. 6; Acts xiii. 48. † 7. Mark v. ?; Luke ix. 3; z. 7. 15. Matt. xi. 22, 24. † 15. Luke z. 3. † 17. Matt. xxiv. 9. : 10. L Tim. v. 18.

συναγωγαις αύτων μαστιγωσουσιν ύμας. 18 και synagogues of them they shall scourge you; and επι ήγεμονας δε και βασιλεις αχθησεσθε ένεκεν before governors and also kiugs you shall be lead on account εμου, εις μαρι υριον αυτοις και τοις εθνεσιν. of me, for a witness to them and to the nations. 19:Οταν δε παραδιδωσιν ύμας, μη μεριμνησητε,

When but they shall deliver up you, not you may be auxious, πως η τι λαλησητε δοθησεται γαρ ύμιν εν how or what you must speak; it shall be given for to you in how or what you must speed, τι λαλησετε. Ου γαρ ύμεις εκεινη τη ώρα, τι λαλησετε. Not for you εστε οἱ λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα του πατρος are the speaking, but the spirit of the father ²¹ Παραδωσει δε ύμων, το λαλουν εν ύμιν. of you, that is speaking in you. Will give up **εδ**ελφος αδελφον εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον· a brother a brother to death, and a father a child; και επαναστησονται τεκνα επι γονεις, και θαναand shall vise up children against parents, and deliver τ ωσουσιν αυτους. 22 και εσεσθε μ ισου μ ενοι $\dot{\nu}$ πο to death them; and you will be being hated by παντων δια το ονομα μου. 'Ο δε ύπομεινας εις for the name of me. The but persevering τελος, ούτος σωθησεται end, the same shall be saved.

23 Όταν δε διωκωσιν ύμας εν τη πολει ταυτη, When but they persecute you in the city φευγετε εις την έτεραν καν εκ ταυτης διωκωσιν flee into the other, and if out of this they persecute ύμας, φευγετε εις την αλλην. Αμην γαρ λεγω Indeed for I say flee into the other. ύμιν, ου μη ιελεσητε τας πολεις του Ισραηλ, to you, in no wise ou may finish the cities of the Israel, έως αν ελθη ό υίος του ανθρωπου. 24 Ουκ εστι till may come the son of the man. μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον, ουδε δουλος ύπερ above the a disciple teacher, nor a slave above 25 Αρκετον τω μαθητη ίνα Sufficient to the disciple that τον κυριον αύτου. the lord of him. γενηται ώς ὁ διδασκαλος αυτου, και ὁ δουλος ώς he be as the teacher ofhnu, and the slave ό κυριος αυτου Ειτον οικοδεσποτην Βεελ ζεβουλ the lord of him. If the master of the house επεκαλεσαν, ποσφ μαλλον τους οικιακους αυτου; they have named, how much more the domestics of him? ²⁶ Μη ουν φοβηθητε αυτους. Ουδεν γαρ εστι Not therefore you may fear them. κεκαλυμμενον, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεται. και naving becu covered, which not shall be uncovered; and

Councils, and scourge you in their SYNAGOGUES;

18 and they will bring you before Governors and Kings, on my account, to bear Testimony to them and the GENTILES.

19 ‡ But when they deliver you up, be not anxious how, or what you shall speak, because what you should say shall be suggested to you in That MOMENT.

20 For it is not nou that shall speak; but the spirit of your father is that which speaks by

21 ‡Then Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

92 And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME. But HE who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the End, will be saved.

23 But when they persecute you in this city, fly to the other; †[and from that, if they persecute you, take refuge in another;] for indeed I declare to you, you will not have gone through the cities of *Israel, till the son of man be come.

24 ‡ A Disciple is not above his TEACHER, no. a Servant above his MASTER.

25. It is sufficient for the disciple that he be as his teacher, and the servant as his master. If they have called the householder Beclzebul, how much more those of his household?

26 ‡ Therefore, fear them not; for there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23, Israel.

^{† 23.} This sentence is not found in the Vatican MS., though it is approved by Griesbach. Clarke says—"This clause is found in MSS D L, and eight others; the Armenian, Saxon, all the Itala except three; Athan, Theodor., Tertul., August, Ambr., Hilar., and Juveneus. Bencel in his gnomon, approves of this reading. On the above authorities, Griesbach has inserted it in his text. It probably made a portion of this gospel as written by Matthew."

^{† 19.} Mark xiii, 11; Luke xii. 11. † 21. Luke xxi. 16. John xiii 16; xv. 20. † 26. Mark iv. 22; Luke viii. 17; xii. 2.

κρυπτον, δ ου γνωσθηπεται. ²⁷ Ο λεγα ύμιν εν secret, which not shall be known: What I say to you in τη σκοτια, ειπατε εν τφ φωτι και δ εις το ous the darkness, speak in the light; and what in the ear ακουετε, κηρυξατε επι των δωματων· 28 Και μη you hear, preach you on the house-tops, φοβεισθε απο των αποκτενοντων το σωμα, την the be afraid of those killing the body, δε ψυχην μη δυναμενων αποκτειναι φοβηθητε life not being able to kill; be afraid δε μαλλον τον δυναμενον και ψυχην και σωμα but rather that being able both lite and body 29 Ουχι δυο απολεσαι εν γεεννη.
to destroy in Gehenna. στρουθια Not two to destroy sparrows ασσαριου πωλειται; και έν εξ αυτων ου πεσειau assarius are sold? and one of them not ται επι την γην ανευ του πατρος ύμων. ³⁰ Υμων fall upon the earth without the father of you. Of you δε και αίτριχες της κεφαλης πασαι ηριθμημεναι and even the hairs of the head all being numbered εισι. ³¹ Μη ουν φοβηθητε· πολλων στρουθιων are. Not therefore tearyon; many sparrows διαφερετε ύμεις. are hetter

32 ΓΙας ουν όστις όμολογησει εν εμοι εμπροσAll therefore whoever shall confess to me in presence θ εν των ανθρωπων, όμολογησω καγω εν αυτω of the men. I will confess even I to him ϵ μπροσθεν του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. in presence of the father of me, of that in heavens. δ 33 Οστις δ' αν αρνησηται με εμπροσθεν των Whoever but if may deny me in presence of the ανθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω ϵ μπροσθεν ϵ ν εμπροσθεν ϵ ν ενθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω ϵ μπροσθεν ϵ ν ενθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω ϵ μπροσθεν ϵ ν ενθρωπων, αρνησομαι αυτον καγω ϵ μπροσθεν

I will deny him even I

του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις.
of the father of me, of that in heavens.

 34 Μη νομισητε, ότι ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην επι Not you must suppose that f am come to send peace upon την γ ην ουκ ηλθον βαλειν ειρηνην, αλλα the earth; not I am come to send peace, but μαχαιραν. ³⁵ Ηλθον γαρ διχασαι ανθρωπον κατα I am come for to set a man a sword. του πατρος αύτου, και θυγατερα κατα της μηthe father of him, and a daughter against the τρος αύτης, και νυμφην κατα της πενθερας ther of her, and a daughter-in-law against the mother-in-law αυτης: 36 και εχθροι του ανθρωπου, οί οικιακοι and enemies of the of her; man, αυτου. of him.

37 · Ο φιλων πατερα η μητερα ύπερ εμε, ουκ

He loving father or mother above me, not

εστι μου αξιος· και ὁ φιλων υίον η θυγατερα

is of me worthy; and he loving san or daughter

and hid, which will not be made known.

27 What I tell you in the DARK, publish in the LIGHT; and what is whispered in your EAR, proclaim from the † HOUSE-TOPS

28 Be not afraid of THOSE who KILL the BODY, but cannot destroy the [future] † LIFE; but rather fear HIM who CAN utterly destroy both Life and Body in † Gehenna.

29 Are not Two Sparrows sold for an †Assarius? Yet neither of them shall fall on the GROUND without †your FATHER.

30 And even the HAIRS of Your HEAD are all

numbered.

31 Fear not, then; nou are of more value than Many Sparrows.

32 ‡Whoever, therefore, shall acknowledge me before MEN, # also will acknowledge him before THAT FATHER OF mine in * the HEAVENS.

33 But whoever shall renounce me before MEN, If also will renounce him before THAT FATHER of mine in * the HEAVENS.

34 ‡ Think not That I am come to send forth Peace on this LAND; I am come not to send Peace, but War.

Peace, but War.

35 For my coming will set ‡a Man against his father, and a Daughter against her MOTHER, and a Daughter-in-law against her Mother-in-law;

36 so that a MAN's Enemies will be found in his

own FAMILY.

37 ‡HE who LOVES Father or Mother more than me, is not worthy of me; and HE who LOVES Son or Daughter more than me, is not worthy of me.

in presence

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-32. the HEAVENS. 33. the HEAVENS.

^{† 27.} The houses were flat-roofed. Compare Deut. xxii. 8, Josh. ii. 6, Neh. viii. 16, Isa. xv. 3. Jer. xxxii. 29, Acts x. 9. † 28. See Appendix and verse 38 † 29. Assarion—in value about one cent and five mills, or three farthings sterling. † 29. Some Greek copies read in this place tees boulees—the will of.

^{† 32.} Luke xii. 9: ix. 26; Mark viii. 38; Rom. x. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 12. † 34. Luke xii. 51. † 37. Luke xiv. 26.

reward of himself.

ύπερ εμε, ουκ εστι μου αξιος: 38 και ός ου λαμabove me, not is ofme worthy; and who not takes above me, not is of me worthy; βανει τον σταυρου αύτου, και ακολουθει οπισω the cross of himself, and follows after cuou, ουκ εστι μου αξιος. ³⁹ Ο εύρων την ψυχην mo, not is of me worthy. He finding the life autou, apolese: authr' kai δ apolesas throfthingelf, shallose her; and he having lost the and he having lost 40 'O ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, εύρησει αυτην. life of himself on account of me, shall find her. δεχομενος ύμας, εμε δεχεται και δ εμε δεχομreceiving you, me receives; and he me receiv-41 °O ενος, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. receives him sending δεχομενος προφητην εις ονομα προφητου, μισreceiving a prophet in a name of a prophet, arcληψεται και ὁ δεχομενος shall obtain; and he receiving θον προφητου ward of a prophet shall obtain; δικαιον εις ονομα δικαιου, μισθον δικαιου sjust man in a name of a just man, a reward of a just man 42 Και δς εαν ποτιση ένα των μικρων ληψεται. And whoever may give to one of the little-ones τουτων ποτηριον ψυχρου μονον, εις ονομα μαthese a cup of cold only, in a nume of a θητου, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη απολεση τον disciple, indeed 1 say to you, not not may lose the μισθον αύτου.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11. 1 Και εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν ό Ιησους διατασ-

And it happened, when had finished the Jesus

σων τοις δωδεκα μαθηταις αύτου,

of himself, he departed to the twelve disciples εκειθεν, του διδασκειν και κηρυσσειν εν ταιs thence, of the to teach and to preach in the in the πολεσιν αυτων. 2 Ο δε Ιωαννης ακουσας εν τω cities of them. The and John having heard in the δεσμωτηριφ τα εργα του Χριστου, πεμψας δυο prison the works of the Anointed, having sent two μαθητων αὐτου, 3ειπεν αυτω Συει δερχομενος, disciples of himself, said to him, Thouartthe coming one, η έτερον προσδοκωμεν; ⁴ Και αποκριθεις \acute{o} or another are we to look for? And answering the Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις: Πορευθεντες απαγγειλατε Jesus said to them; Going away relate Ιωαννη ά ακουετε και βλεπετε. 5 τυφλοι αναto John what you hear and sec; blind ones και χωλοι περιπατουσι, λεπροι βλεπουσι, and lame ones are walking about, lepers again, καθαριζοντι, και κωφοι ακουουσι, νεκροι εγει-are cleansed, and desfones are hearing, dead ones are ρονται, και πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται· 6 και μακraised up, and poor ones are addressed with joyful news; and blessed αριος εστιν, ός εαν μη σκανδαλισθη εν εμοι.

the Jesus and going away, began

38 # And he who does not take his cross, and follow me, is not worthy of me.

39 HE Who PRESERVES his LIFE shall lose it; but HE Who LOSES his LIFE, on my account, will preserve it.

40 ! He who receives you, receives me, and HE who RECEIVES me, receives HIM who SENT me.

41 HE WhO ENTER TAINS a Prophet, because he is a Prophet, will ob-tain a Prophet's Reward; and HE who ENTERTAINS a Righteous man, because he is a Righteous man, will obtain a Righteous man's Reward.

42 ‡ And whoever shall give a single Cup of Cold water, to refresh one of these LOWLY ONES, because he is my Disciple, I assure you, that by no means will he lose his RE-

WARD,"

μετεβη

CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred when Jesus had concluded instructing his TWELVE Disciples, he departed thence to TEACH and to proclaim in their CITIES.

2 ‡ Now John, having heard in PRISON of the WORKS of the Messiah: sending *by his Disci-PLES.

3 said to him, 1" Art thou the COMING ONE, or are we to expect another?"

4 And Jesus answering. said to them, "Go, tell John what you have heard and seen;

5 the Blind are made to see, and the Lame to walk; Lepers are cleans-ed; the Deaf hear; the Dead are raised; and glad tidings are announced to the Poor;

6 And happy is he, who ⁷ Τουτων δε πορευομενων, ηρξατο δ Ιησους shall not stumble at me." 7 And as they were

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. by his disciples.

whoever not may be offended in me.

^{† 38.} Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xvii. 33; John xii. 25. x. 10; John xiii. 20. † 42. Mark xi. 41. † 2. Luke vii. 18. 19; Dan. ix. 24. † 5. 1sa. xxxv. 5; lxi. 1.

λεγειν τοις οχλοις περι Ιωαννου Τι εξηλθετε to say to the crowds concerning John; What went you out εις την ερημον θεασασθαι; καλαμον ύπο ανεμου into the desert is see? a reed of by wind w into the desert is see? a reed by wind we wantevous vous $8A\lambda\lambda\alpha$ ti $\epsilon\xi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\tau\epsilon$ ideiu; au $\theta\rho\omega$ But what went you out to see? a a man being sluken? πον εν μαλακοις ίματιοις ημφιεσμενον; Ιδου, in soft garments having been clothed; Lo, ia soft οί τα μαλακα φορουντές, εν τοις οικοις των chose the soft (garments) wearing, A io the houses of the 9 Αλλα, τι εξηλθετε ιδειν; βασιλεων εισιν. what went you out ? to see? προφητην: Ναι, λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον Yes, I say to you, and much more will 10 Obτos * [γαρ] εστι, περι νου This (for) is, concerning whom προφητου. of a propnet. γεγραπται "1δου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον it is written, "Lo, I send der the messenger μου προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκευασει την of the before the face of thee, who shall prepare ... the δδον σου εμπροσθεν σου." 11 Αμην λεγω υμιν, way of thee to presence of thee." Indeed I say, to you, ουκ εγηγερται εν γεννητοις γυναικων μειζων, not cassises among, born of woman, greater, 2. Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου δ δε μικροτερος εν τη of John the dipper; the but loss if in the βασιλειά των ουρανων, μειζων αυτου εστιν. greater of him is. is. kingdom of the heavens 42 Απο δε των ήμερων Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου έως From and the days of John the dipper of till out. h Basileia two oupaver Biaserai, kai αρτι, ή βασιλεια των ουρανων βιαζεται, και now, the kingdom, στην heavens has been invaded, and βιασται αρπαζουσιν αυτην.

13 Παντες γαρ οί invaders seize on her.

) All for the προφηται και δ νομος έως Ιωαννου, προεφητευprophets and the law till John, prophets ±1. σαν. 14 Και ει θελετε δεξαπθαι, αυτος εσχιν And if you are willing to receive, this is

HAtas, δ μελλων ερχοσθαι. IS Ο εχων ωτα

Elias, that being about to come. He having care

*[απουειν,] ακουετω.

[to hear,] let him hear.

Το Τινι δε δμοιωσω την γενεαν ταυτην; Όμοια Το what but shall compare the generation this? Like εστι παιδιοις εν αγοραις καθημενοις, και προστίτ is boys in markets sitting, and call-фωνουσι τοις έταιροις αὐτων, Η * [και] λεγουίης το the companions of them, [and] naying; σιν Ηυλησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθες . We have proyude on the due to you, and not you have danced; εθρηνησαμεν ύμιν, και ουκ εκοψασθε. 18 Ηλθε we have mourned to you, and not you have lamented. Came

departing, IJESUS proceeded to say to the CROWDS concerning John, "Why went you out into the DESERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? 8 But why went you, out? To see a man robed in Soft Raiment? Behold! THOSE WEARING FINE clothing are in BOYAL PALACES. 19 But why went you out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one

more excellent than a Prophet. 10 This is he concerning whom it is written, t'Behold! I send my MES' SENGER before thy Face, who will prepare thy way before thee!

11 Indeed, I say to you, Among those born of Women, there has not arisen a greater than John the IMMERSER; yet the LEAST in the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is superior to him.

12 f And from the DAYS of John the IMMERSER till now, the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS has been forcibly ussailed, and the violent serze it.

13 † For Alt the encephers and the LAW instructed till John.

14 And if you are disposed to receive it, he is THAT ‡ Elijah who is to come.

15 He HAVING Ears. let him hear.

16 But to what shall I compare this generation? It is like Boys sitting in Public Places, and calling to *Others.

and calling to *OTHERS; 17 saying. We have played to you on the flute, but you have not danced; we have sung mourning songs to you, but you have not lamented

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. Why went you out into the DESERT? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind? 8. But why went you out? To see a Man, &c 9. But why went you out? To see a Prophet? 10. For—omit. 15. to hear—omit. 16. OTHERS. 17. And—omit.

^{† 13.} It was a common saying with the Jews before the birth of Christ, that the prophets prophesied only till the times of the Messiah.

^{† 7.} Luke vii. 24. † 10. Mal. iii. 1; Mark i. 2; Luke i. 76. † 14. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. xvii. 11. † 16. Luke vii. 31.

γαρ Ιωαννης, μητε εσθιων μητε πινων και λεγfor John, neither enting nor drinking; and they
oυσι: Δ αιμονιον εχει. ¹⁹ $H\lambda$ θεν \acute{o} vios του
say Λ demon he has. Came the son of the
cυθρωπου, επθιων και πινων και λεγουσιν Ιδου,
man, eating and drinking; and they say; Lo-

κυθρωπος φαγος και οινοποτης, τελωνων φιλος a man glutton and a wine drinker, of tax-gatherers a friend και α μαρτωλων. Και εδικαιωθη ή σοφια απο των and sinners. But is justified the wisdom by the τεκνων αύτης.

children of her.

20 Τοτε ηρξατο ονειδιζειν τας πολεις, εν αίς he began to reproach the εγενοντο αί πλεισται δυναμεις αυτου, ότι ου were done the mighty works of him, hecause not most 21 Oval σοι, Χοραζιν, ουαι σοι, Woe to thee, Chorazin, woe to thee, μετενοησαν. they reformed; Βηθσαιδαν ότι ει εν Τυρφ και Σιδωνι $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu o \nu \tau o$ Bethsaida; for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν the mighty works, those being performed in you, long ago would ευ σακκω και σποδω μετενοποσου. ²² Πλην σακκώ και σποδώ μετενοποίων. sackeloth and ashes they have reformed. But Τυρφ και Σιδωνι ανεκτοτερον λεγω ύμιν. Tyre and Isay to you. Sidon more tolerable εσται εν ήμερα κρισεως, η ύμιν. will be in a day of trial, than you. 23 Kai συ, And thon, Καπερναουμ, ή έως του ουρανου Capernaum, which even to the heaven ύψωθεισα, art being exalted, 'αδου καταβιβασθηση· ότι ει εν Σοδομοις ÈWS to invisibility shalt be brought down; for if in Sodom έγενοντο ai δυναμεις, ai γενομεναι εν σοι, ad been done the mighty works, those being done an thee, 24 Πλην λεγω $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu \alpha \nu$ $\alpha \nu$ $\mu \epsilon \chi \rho \iota$ $\tau \eta s$ $\sigma \eta \mu \epsilon \rho o \nu$.

it had remained till this day. I sav ύμιν, ότι γη Σοδομων ανεκτοτερον εσται εν to you, that land of Sodom more tolerable will be in ήμερα κρισεως, η σοι.
a day of trial, than thee.

²⁵ Εν εκεινώ τω καιρώ αποκριθεις δ Ιησους On that the occasion answering the Jesus ELTTEV. Εξομολογουμαι σοι, πατερ, κυριε του said: thee, O father, Olord of the ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας ταυτα απο and of the earth, because thou hast hid these from σοφων και συνετων, και wise men and discerning men, and απεκαλυψας αυτα thou hast revealed them 26 Ναι, ὁ πατηρ, ότι ούτως εγενετο νηπιοις. Yes, the father, for even so γες, the father, for even so παρεδοθη αντα μοι παρεδοθη to babes. ευδοκια εμπροσθεν σου. in presence of thee.

18 For John came abstaining from meat and drink, and they say, He has a Demon;

19 the son of man came partaking of meat and drink, and they say, Behold, a Glutton and a Wine drinker! an Associate of Tribute-takers and Sinners? But wisdom is vindicated by her CHILDEEN.

20 ‡Then he began to censure the CITIES in which MOST of his MIRA-CLES had been performed, Because they did not re-

form.

21 Wee to thee Chorazin! wee to thee, Bethsaid! For if THOSE MIRACLES which are BEING PERFORMED in you, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would long since have reformed in Sackcloth and Ashes.

22 Therefore, I say to you, it will be more endurable for Tyre and Sidon, in a Day of Judgment,

than for you.

23 And thou, Capernaum, THOU which art BE-ING EXALTED to HEAVEN, ‡ wilt be brought down to † Hades; for if THOSE MIRACLES which are BE-ING PERFORMED in thee, had been done in Sodom, it had remained till THIS-DAY.

24 But I say to you, That it will be more endurable for the Land of Sodom, in a Day of Judgment, than for thee."

25 ‡On That occasion, Jesus said, "I adore thee O Father, Lord of Heaven and Earth, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes.

26 Yes, FATHER, For thus it was well pleasing

in thy sight."

^{† 23.} Hades—from a, not, and ideia, to see; and literally means hidden, obscure invisible. It is found eleren times in the New Testament. In the Common Version, it is rendered prace in 1 Cor. xv.55, and in all other places hell; but the latter is now universally admitted to be an incorrect translation. See Appendix—word hades.

ύπο του πατρος μου και ουδεις επιγινωσκει τον by the father of me, and no one knows the υίον, ει μη ό πατηρο ουδε τον πατερα τις επιson, if not the father, nother the . father any one γινωτκει, ει μη δ υίος, και 'φ εαν βουληται knows. If not the son, and towhom may be willing δ vios αποκαλυψαι. Δευτε προς με παντες οί the son to reveal. Come 20 me all the κοπιωντές και πεφορτισμένοι, καγω αναπαυσω toiling and being burdened, suit 29 Αρατε του ζυγον μον εφ' ύμας, και τake the yoke of the upon you, παπεινος ύμας... { μαθετε απ' εμου ότι πραος ειμι, και ταπεινος be informed by nie; for meek lain, and τη καρδια. και εύρησετε αναπαυσιν ταις ψυχαις when beat; and you shall find a rest to the lives υμων. 30 Ο γαρ ζυγος μου χρηστος, και το The for yoke of me of you. easy, and the φορτιον μου ελαφρον εστιν. burden of me light

ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

ΤΕν εκεινφ τφ καιρφ επορευθή δ Ιήσους τοις
Α: that the season passed the Jeeus to the «ταββασι δια των σποριμων οί δε μαθηται αυτου sabbath through the corn-ticles; the and disciples of him επεινασαν, και ηρξαντο τιλλειν σταχυας, και were hungry, and began το pine.
εσθίειν. ² Οί δε Φαρισαιοι ιδουτες, είπου αυτω EGULELY. Ιδου, οι μηθηται σου ποιουσιν, δ ουκ εξεστι Lo, the disciples of thee, are doing, that not is lawful ποιειν εν σαββατω. ³ Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ He but said to them; , Not to do on a subbath. ανεγνωτε, τι εποιησε Δαυιδ, ότε επεινασε, και have you known, what did David, when he was hungry, and οί μετ' αυτου; πως εισηλθεν εις τον οικον how be entered into the those with him? του θεου, και τους αρτους της προθεσεως εφαγεν. of the God, and the loaves of the presence . did eat, ούς ουκ εξον ην αυτφ φαγειν, ουδε τοις μετ' which not lawful was to him to cat, neither to those with αυτου, ει μη τοις ίερευσι μονοις: 6 Η ουκ him, except the priests alone? Or not ανεγνωτε εν τω νομω, ότι τοις σαββασιν οί have you read in the law, that to the sabbuths the ίερεις εν τω ίερω το σαββατον βεβηλουσι, και priests in the temple the subbath violate, evaitivi είσι; 6 Δεγω δε ύμιν, ότι του sepou blamelase are? leay but to you, that of the temple

27 ‡ All things are imparted to me by my faturer; and no one, but the FATHER, knows the SON; nor does any one know the FATHER, except the SON, and he to whom the SON is pleased to reveal him.

28 Come to me, All you LABORING and burdened ones, and I will cause

you to rest.

29 Take my Yoke on you, and be taught by me; hor I am meek and lowly in HEART; and your LIVES will find fa Resting-place.

30 t For my Yoke is easy, and my Burden is bight.

CHAPTER XII.

I At That TIME JESUS on the †SABBATH went through the FIELDS OF GRAIN; and his DISCIPLES were hungry, and began to pluck off Ears of Grain, and to eat.

2 Now the PHARISES, observing, said to him, "Behold, thy DISCIPLES are doing what is not lawful to do on a Sabbath."

3 But HE said to them, f' Have you not read what David did, when "he was hungry, and THOSE who were with him?"

4 how he tentered into the TABERNACLE of GOD, and ate the LOAVES of the PRESENCE, which were not lawful for him to eat, nor for THOSE who were with him, but for the

5 tor, have you not read in the LAW, flut the PRIESTS in the TEMPLE profane the REST to be observed on the SABBATHS and are blameless?

6 But 1 say to you,

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3, he was,

^{† 1.} Sabbath—with us, Saturday, or rather Friday at sun-set to Saturday at sun-set, for so the Jews reckoned.

† 4. By comparing 1 Sam. xxi.1—6, and Lev. xxiv.5—9, it will appear that this also transpired on a Sabbath.

† 5. From Num. xxviii. 9, it appears that two additional lambs were sacrificed on the Sabbath, by which the ordinary work of the week was doubled. Compare Exod. xxix.38.

^{1 27.} Matt. xxviii. 18; John iii. 25; vi. 46; x. 15. 1 29. John xiv. 3; Heb. iv 9-11. 30. 7 John v. 3. 11. Mark ii. 23; Luke vi. ; Deut, xxiii. 25. 10. 13. 1 Sam. xxi. 1-6. 5. Lev. xxiv. 5; Num. xxviii. 9.

εει ων εστιν ώδε. 7 Ει δε εγνωκειτε, τι εστιν If but you had known, what Trouter is here. 65 Ελεον θελω, και ου θυστάν." ουκ αν κατε"Tercy I desire, and not a sacrince," not would you you €i:: σατ∈ τους αναιτιους. ε Κυριος γαρ εστι have condemned the blameless. A lord for του σαββατου 5 vios του ανθρωπου. of the sabbath the son of the

Kai μεταβας εκειθεν, 33.θεν εις την συνα-And 1 resing on from thence, he came into the syna-10 Και ιδου, ανθρωπος ην γωγην αυτων. $\tau \eta \nu$ of thera. And lo, a man there was the gogue χειρα εχων ξηραν.
hand having withered. Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, And they asked him, λεγοντες. Ει εξεστι τοις σαββασι θεραπευειν; If it is lawful to the sabbaths 11'Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. He but said to them; that they might accuse him. Τις επται εξ ύμων ανθρωπος, 🗽 έξει προβατον What shall be among you a man, who shall have sheep έν, και εαν εμπεση τουτο τοις παββασιν εις one, and if should fall this ¿c the sabbath Ioto βοθυνον, ουχι κρατησει αυτο, και EYEDEL: not seize it. and raise it up? 12 Ποσφ ουν διαφερει ανθρωπος προβατου; 'Ωστε How much then is superior a man So that ot a sheep? εξεστι τοις σαββασι καλως ποιειν. 13 Toτ € it is lawful to the sabbath good to do. λεγει τω ανθρωπω. Εκτεινον την χειρα σου. he says to the Stretch ont the band of thce. man; αποκατεσταθη ύγιης, ως Και εξετεινε και And he stretched it out; and it was restored whole, as ή αλλη. the other.

14 Οί δε Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον ελαβον κατ' The then Pharisees a council heid against. αυτου εξελθοντες, όπως αυτον απολεσωσιν. him going out, how him they might destroy. 15 O $\delta\epsilon$ Involve $\gamma \nu o \nu s$ and $\chi \nu \epsilon \chi \omega \rho \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \nu$ kal The but Jesus knowing withdrew from thence; and ηκολουθησαν αυτφ οχλοι πολλοι και εθεραfollowed him crowds great; and he 16 Kal αυτους παντας, TEUTEV επετιμησεν all. and them charged αυτοις, ίνα μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσιν· 17 όπως that not known him they should make; so that το ρηθεν δια Ήσαιου του προπληρωθη it might be fulfilled the word spoken through Esaias the proφητου, λεγοντος 18" Ιδου, δ παις μου, phet saying; "Lo, the servant of me, δν the servant of me, whom

That one greater than the TEMPLE is here.

7 If, then, you had known what this is; I'I 'desire Compassion, and 'not a Sacrifice,' you would not have condemned the innocent:

8 for the son of MAN is Master of the Sabbath."

9 ‡ And having left that place, he went into their SYNAGOGUE;

10 and behold, there was a Man who had *a withered Hand. They asked JESUS, with a design to accuse him, ‡" Is it lawful to heal on the SABBATH?"

11 And HE answered them, "What Man is here among you, who, having one Sheep, tif it fall into a pit on the SABBATH, will not lay hold on it, and lift it out?

12 Does not a Man greatly surpass a Sheep? Therefore, it is lawful to do good on the SAB-BATH."

13 Then he says to the MAN, "Stretch out Thine HAND." And he stretched it out; and it was restored to soundness, like the other.

14 Then the PHARIsees, departing, held a Council concerning him, how they might destroy him.

15 But Jesus knowing it, withdrew from them, and * many followed him, and he healed them all;

16 and charged them not to make him known: 17 so that the WORD SPOKEN through Isaiah the PROPHET might be verified, saying;

18 th Behold, my SER-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. a withered Hand.

^{15.} many followed.

t 18. The following is from the Septuagint version of Isa. xlii. 1, translated by Thompson:—"Jacob 18 my servant, I will uphold him; Israel 18 my chosen olde, my soul hath enbraced him. I have put my spirit upon him; he will publish judgment to ree navions: he will not cry aloud, nor urge with vehemence, nor will his voice be heard abroad. A bruised reed he will not break, nor will he quench smoking flax, but will bring forth judgment unto truth,—and in his name shall the nations trust (or hope)" The words Jacob and Israel, added by the authors of the Septuagint, have obscured this grop seey.

^{1 10. 1} ake xiil. 14; ‡ 18. isa. chi 1. *iv. 3; John ix. 16.

ηρετισα, δ αγαπητος μου, εις δυ ευδοκησεύ ή beloved of me, in whom takes delight the I have chosen, the ψυχη μου θησω το πνειμα μοδ επ' αυτον, of me; I will put the spirit of me upon him, soul και κρισιν τοις εθνεσιν απαγγελει.
and judgment to the nations he shall declare. 19 OVK Not EDIGEL, ουδε κραυγασει, ουδε ακουσει τις εν cry out, nor shall hear any one in he shall strive, nor 20 καλαμον ταις πλατειαις την φωνην αυτου. of him; the wide places the voice a reed συντετροιμμενον ου κατεαξει, και λινον τυφομhaving been bruned not he shall break, and flax amoking ενον ου σβεσει έως αν εκβαλη εις νικος not he shall quench, till he bring forth to a victory ²¹ Και τφ ονοματι αυτου εθνη την κρισιν. And to the of him nations the judgment, namo ελπιουπι." will hope."

22 Τοτε προσηνεχθη autw δαιμονιζομενος, was brought to him a demoniac, συφλος και κωφος και εθεραπευσεν αυτον, ώστε and dumb; and he healed him, so that τον τυφλον και κωφον και λαλειν και βλεπειν. and dumb both to speak and 23 Και εξισταντο παντες οἱ οχλοι, και ελεγον all And were amezed the crowds, and said; 24 Oi δε ούτος εστιν ό ψίος Δαυιδ Μητι David? is the sen The and OUTOS OUK EK-Φαρισαιοι ακουσαντες, ειπον. Pharisees hearing, said; This not βαλλει τα δαιμονια, ει μη 'εν τφ Βεελζεβουλ, cants out the demons, if not by the Beekkebul, αρχοντι των δαιμονιων. 25 Ειδως δε δ Ιησους of the demons. Knowing but the Jesus τας ενθυμησεις αυτων, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βαof them, said to them; Every thoughts σιλεια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ερημουται και is laid waste; kingdom being divided against Itself, πασα πολις η οικια μερισθεισα καθ' έαυτης, ου house being divided against Steelf, every city or 26 Και ει δ σατανας τον σαταναν σταθησέται. And if the adversary the adversary will stand. εκβαλλει, εφ εαυτον εμερισθη πως ουν σταcasts out, with himself he is at variance, how then θησεται η βασιλεια αυτου; 27 Kai ei eyw ev willstand the kingdom of him ? And if Βεελζεβουλ εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, οι υίοι ύμων east out the demons, the sons of you εν τινι εκβαλλουςι; Δια τουτο αυτοι ύμων by whom do they cast out? they In this of you εσονται κριται. 28 Ει δε εν πνευματι θεου εγω judges. If but by ahall be spirit of God εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα €φ" $\epsilon \phi \theta \alpha \sigma \epsilon \nu$ cast out the demons, then has suddenly come among

"VANT, whom I have cho"sen, my beloved, m
"whom I take delight: I
"will put my spirit upon
"him, and he shall pro"claim Justice to the NA"TIONS.

19 "He will not strive "nor cry out, nor will any "one hear his voice in "the OPEN SQUARES.

20 "He will not break
"a bruised Reed, and a
"dimly burning Taper he
"will not extinguish, till
"he send forth the JUDG"MENT to victory.

21 "The nations also "will hope in his name."

22 ‡Then *they brought to him a demoniac, blind and dumb; and he cured him, so that *the DVMB man spake and saw.

23 And All the PEOPLE with amazement, asked, "Is this the son of Da-

vid?"

24 But the Pharisees hearing them, said, "This man could not expel Demons, except through Beelzebul, the Prince of the DEMONS."

25 And * he knowing their thoughts, said unto them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself, is desolated; and No City or House being divided against itself, can stand.

26 Now if the ADVERSARY expel the ADVERSARY, he is at variance with himself; how then will his kingdom stand?

27 Besides, if I through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, through whom do your sons expel them? Therefore, then will be Your Judges.

28 But, if it be by Divine co-operation that it cast out DEMONS, then † GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTE

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—22. they brought. 25. he knowing.

^{22.} the DUMB man spake and saw.

^{† 28.} See note on Basileia, Matt. iii. 2. It is not according to fact, to make Jesus say, that "the kingdom of God has come unto you," as rendered in the Common Version, and followed by modern translators. The context shows that our Lord is speaking of himself These miracles were proofs of his Messiahship. See John iii. 2; v. 36; vii. 31.

^{2 32.} Luke xi. 14 24. Mark iii. 22.

thou shalt be cond

²⁹ Η πως δυναται ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. of the God. Or how yon the majesty εισελθειν εις την οικιαν του ισχυρου, και into the house of the strong man, and any one αυτου διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον of him to plunder, if not first THEVY the household stuff of him τον ισχυρον; και τοτε την οικιαν αυτου he should bind the strong man? and then the house of him $\delta i \alpha \rho \pi \alpha \sigma \epsilon i$. 30 O $\mu \eta$ $\omega \nu$ $\mu \epsilon \tau$ $\epsilon \mu o \nu$, $\kappa \alpha \tau$ $\epsilon \mu o \nu$ He not being with he shall plunder. me, against me έστι και δ μη συναγων μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. and he not gathering with me, 🕯 Δια τουτο λεγω ύμιν. Πασα άμαρτια και All The efore this I say to you; sin βλασφημια αφεθησεται τοις ανθρωποις ή δε shall be forgiven to the men; the but του πνευματος βλασφημια ουκ αφεθησεται spirit of the evil-speaking not shall be forgiven *[τοις ανθρωποις·] 32 και ός αν ειπη λογον and who ever may speak a word to the men;] κατα του υίου του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ. against of the son of the man, it shall be forgiven to him; ός δ' αν ειπη κατα του πνευματος του άγιου, who but ever may speak against of the spirit of the holy, ουκ αφεθησεται αυτώ, ουτε εν τουτώ τω αιώνι, the not it shall be forgiven to him, neither in this age, 33 Η ποιησατε το δενουτε εν τφ μελλοντι. nor in the coming. Either make you δρον καλον, και τον καρπον αυτου καλον η fruits of bim good; and the ποιησατε το δενδρον σαπρον, και τον καρπον corrupt, make you the and the fruits tree εκ γαρ του καρπου το δενδρον αυτου σαπρου° by for 34 Tevur, mata corrupt: fruit the tree εχιδνων, γινωσκεται. of venomous serpents, how is known. δυνασθε αγαθα λαλειν, πονηροι οντες; εκ γαρ are you able good (things) to speak, evil (men) being; out of for του περισσευμανος της καρδ.ας το στομα λαλει. of the heart the mouth speaks. fulness 35 Ο αγαθος ανθρωπος εκ του αγαθου θησαυρου The good man out of the good εκβαλλει τα αγαθα· και δ πονηρος ανθρωπος brings forth the good (things); and the evil εκ του πονηρου θησαυρου εκβαλλει πονηρα. out of the evil treasure brings forth evil (things). 36 Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι παν βημα αργον, ό εαν lazy but to you, that every word idle, which if λαλησωσιν οί ανθρωποι, αποδωσουσι, περι mar speak the men, they shall give account, concerning 37 Εκ γαρ των αυτοι λογοι εν ημερα κρισεως this word in a day of trial. Ву for the λογων σου δικαιωθηση, και εκ των λογων σου words of thee thou shalt be acquitted, and by the words of thee καταδικασθηση.

has unexpectedly appeared among you.

29 Moreover, how can any one enter the STRONG one's HOUSE, and plunder his GOODS, unless he first bind the STRONG one? and then indeed he may plunder his HOUSE.

30 HE who is not with me, is against me; and HE who GATHERS not with

me, scatters.

31 ‡ Therefore, I say to you, Though every other Sin and Blaspheray will be forgiven *to YOU MEN; yet the BLASPHEMY of the SPIRIT will not be forgiven.

32 For whoever may speak a Word against the SON of MAN, it * + will be forgiven him; but he who may speak against the HOLY SPIRIT, * it will in no wise be forgiven him, neither in this nor in the coming AGE.

coming AGE.

33 †Either call the TREE good, and its FRUIT good; or call the TREE bad, and its FRUIT bad; for we know the TREE by the

FRUIT.

34 O Progeny of Vipers! thow can you, being evil, speak good things? for out of the EXUBERANCE of the HEART the mouth speaks.

35 The GOOD Man out of his GOOD Treasure produces *good things; and the EVIL Man out of his BAD Treasure produces

evil things.

36 But I say to you, That for Every pernicious Word which MEN may utter, they shall be Responsible, on a Day of Judgment.

37 For by thy words thou wilt be acquitted; and by thy words thou wilt be condemned."

^{*}Vatican Lanuschiff.—31. to you men. 31. to men—omit. 32. not be forgiven him. 32. in no wise be forgiven him. 35. of the Heart—omit. 35. good things.

^{† 32.} The Vct. MSS, here reads, "it shall not be forgiven him," which is contrary to what is stated in verse 31, and the parallel passage in Luke xii. 10. Probably it is an error of the transcriber. For this reason it has not been inserted in the text.

38 Τοτε απεκριθήσαν τινες των γραμματέων
Then answered come of the scribes *[και Φαρισαιων,] λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, θελ-[and Phuisees,] O teacher, saying; 39 °C δε αποκριθεις ομεν απο σου σημειον ιδειν. wish from thee a sign to see. He but answering Γενεα πονηρα και μοιχαλις ση-ELTEV QUTOIS' A generation evil and adulterous to them; μειον επιζητει και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, demands; and a sign not shall be given to her, 40 'Ωσπερ ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα του προφητου. if not the sign of Jonas, the prophet. Like as γαρ ην Ιωνας εν τη κοιλια του κητους τρεις Jonas in th. belly of the three for was finb ημερας και τρεις νυκτας· ούτως εσται δ υίος shall be the son and three nights; 80 του ανθρωπου εν τη καρδια της γης τρεις ήμερας heart of the earth three m the 41 Ανδρες Νινευιται ιχνιζστηκαι τρεις νυκτας. and three nights. Men Ninevites shall arand σονται εν τη κρισει μετα της γενεαπ ταυτης, in the judgment against the generation of this, up απτην ότι μωι ενοησαν και κατακρινουσιν for they reformed and shall give judgment against ber; εις το κηρυγμα Ιωνα· και ιδου πλειον Ιωνα ώδε. at the preaching of Jonas; and lo a greater of Jones here. 42 Βασιλισσα νοτου εγερθησεται εν τη κρισει of south shall rise up in the judgment μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και Kawakpivei ' against the generation of this, and shall give judgment against αυτην' ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατων της γης her, for she came from the conds of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος και ιδου, πλειον the wisdom of Solomon, and lo, a greater 43 'Οταν δε Συλομωνος ώδε. TO ακαθαρτον When but the unclean of Solomon here. πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται it wanders about spirit may come out from the man, ανυδρων τοπων ζητουν αναπαυσιν, και ουχ places and not through dry seeking a resting-place, 41 Tote $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ Επιστρεψω εις τον εύρισκει. it says; I will return into the it finds. Then οικον μου, $\delta\theta$ εν εξηλθον. house of me, whence 1 came. Και ελθον εύρισκει And coming it finds σχολαζοντα, σεσαρωμενον, και κεκοσμημενον. having been swept, and having been set in order. it being empty, 45 Τοτε πορευεται, και παραλαμβανει μεθ' έαυτου with and takes itself it goes, έπτα έτερα πνευματα, πονηροτερα έαυτου, και and more wicked of itself, other spirits, eket. KUL εισελθοντα KATOLIKEL γινεται τα they entering and becomes the finds an abode there:

38 1 Then some of the scribes *answered him. saying, "Teacher, we desire to witness ta Sign from thee."

39 But HE answering said to them, ‡"A wicked and faithless Generation demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the SIGN of Jonah the PROPHET.

40 ‡ For as Jonah was Three Days and Three Nights in the STOMACH of the GREAT FISH; so will the son of MAN be Three Days and Three Nights † in the HEAPT of the EARTH.

41 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDG-MENT against this GEN-ERATION, and cause it to be condemned; #For they reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, something greater than Jonah is here.

42 The Queen of the † South will rise up at the JUDGMENT against this GENERATION, and cause it to be condemned; for she came from a DISTANT LAND to hear the Wis-DOM of Solomon; and behold, something greater than Solomon is here.

43 † When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, seeking a Place of Rest, and finds it not.

44 Then it says, I will return to my House, whence I came. coming, it finds it empty. swept, and furnished.

45 It then departs, and takes with itself Seven Other Spirits, more wicked

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. and Pharisees-omit.

^{38.} answered him, saying.

^{† 38.} This was a demand often made—see Matt. xvi. 1; Mark viii. 11; Luke xi. 16—and probably founded on the prophecy of Dan. vii. 13, which describes the Son of Man as coming in the clouds of heaven. It was almost a characteristic of the Jews to ask a sign. See 1 Cor. i. 22. They demanded one from heaven—some celestial phenomenon—which would be the strongest test of Jesus' pretensions.—Bloomfield. † 40. That is, simply, in the earth. So Tyre is said to be in the heart of the sea, Ezek. xxviii. 2, although it was so near the continent, that, when Alexander beseiged it, he carried a causeway from the land to the city.—Trollope. † 42. In the Old Testament—Sheba.

^{1 40.} Jonah i. 17.

^{1 41.} Jonah ili a

εσχατα του ανθρωπου εκεινου χειρουα των last (state) of the man that worse of the Oύτως εσται και τη γενεά ταυτη,
Thus will be and the generation this πρωτων. first. τη πονηρα. wicked

46 ET: $\delta \epsilon$ autou hahouptos tois oxhois, iδου, to the crawds, is talking he ή μητηρ και οί αδελφοι αυτου είστηκεισαν εξω, the mother and the brothers of him stoad without, " * [47 Ειπε δε τις ζητουντές αυτώ λαλησαι [Said then one to him to speak εξω έστηκασι, ζητουντες σοι λαλήται. seeking to thee to speak.] without stand, δε αποκριθεις ειπε τω ειποντι αυτφ Tis εστιν but answering said to the man informing him; Who is ή μητηρ μου; και τινες είσιν οί αδεχφοι μου; the mother of me? and who are the brothers of me?

49 Και εκτεινας την χειρα αύτου επι And stretching out the hand flin towards . fhim towards the μαθητας αυτου, ειπεν Ιδου, ή μητηρ μου, και disciples of him, said; Lo, the nother of me, and said; Lo, the mounts
50 Οστις γαρ αν ποιηση το
may do the οί αδελφοι μου. the brothers of me. θελημα του πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις, αυτος will of the father of me, that in heavens, the same μου αδελφος και αδελφη και μητηρ εστιν.

of me a brother and a sister and a mother

KEΦ. ιγ'. 13.

1 Εν δε τη ημερακκεινη εξελθων δ Ιησους απο
In but the day that departing the Jesus from 2 Kal της οικιας, εκαθητο παρα την θαλασσαν. by the sea, and house, be sat συνηχθησαν προς αυτον οχλοι πολλοι, ὧστε were gathered to him crowds great, so that αυτον εις το πλοιον εμβαντα καθησθαι και πας he into the ship entering to be seated; and all 3 Kai οχλος επι τον αιγιαλον ειστηκει. the crowd oa the shore stood. And ελαλησεν αυτοις πολλα εν παραβολαις, λεγων. ν. A Και he spake to them much in parables, Ιδου, εξηλθεν δ σπειρων του σπειρειν. Και Lo, went out the sower of the (seed) to sow. And εν τ φ σπειρειν αυτον, ά μεν επεσε παρα την some indeed fell in the sowing it, on the δδον· και ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτα. path; and came the birds, and ate them.

than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN is worse than the First. Thus will it also be with this EVIL GENE-RATION.

46 While he was yet talking to the cnowns, behold, his mother and his brothers stood without, desiring to speak to

him.

47 *[And one said to him, "Behold, thy мотн-ER and thy BROTHERS are standing without, wishing to speak to thee."]

48 But HE answering, said to the PERSON IN-FORMING him, t" Who is my MOTHER? and who are my BROTHERS?"

40 And extending his HAND towards his DISCI-PLES, he said, "Behold my mother, and my

BROTHERS !

50 f For whoever shall do the WILL of THAT FATHER of mine in the HEAVENS, that one is my Brother, or Sister, or Mother."

CHAPTER XIII.

1 On that DAY, JESUS, having gone out of the House, ‡ sat by the SIDE, of the LAKE;

2 but so many People gathered around him, that he entered *a Boat, and sat down; and All the PEO.

PLE stood on the SHORE.

3 Then he discoursed much to them in Parables, saying; ‡"Behold. the sower went forth to sow.

4 And in sowing, some seeds fell t by the ROAD; and the BIRDS came and picked them up.

*VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—47. And one said to him, "Behold, thy MOTHER and thy BROTHERS are standing without, wishing to speak to thee"—omit. 2. a Boat. 5. EARTH.

[†] S. To suppose that our Lord here intends to put any slight on his mother would be very absurd; he only took the opportunity of expressing his affection to his obsetion disciples in a peculiarly endearing manner; which could not but be a great comfort to them, it appears from Luke viil. 2. Susanna, Joanna, Mary Magdalene, and others were then with him. † 4. The ordinary roads or paths in the East lead often along the edge of the fields, which are unenclosed. Hence, as the sower scatters his seed, some of it is liable to fall beyond the ploughed portion, on the hard beaten ground, which forms the way-side.—Hackett.

^{1 45.} Heb. vi. 4; x. 20; 2 Peter il. 20-22. John xv. 14; Gal. iii. 28; Heb. ii. 11. ‡ 1. Mark iv. 1. ‡ 3. Mark iii. 31; Luke viii. 10. ‡ 1. Mark iv. 1. ‡ 3. Luke viii. 10.

6 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι τα πετρωδη έ όπου ουκ fell the rocky ground, where not ao ειχε γην πολλην και ευθεως εξανετειλε, and immediately spring up, through is had earth much; το μη εχειν βαθος γης ... ήλιου δε ανατειand the not to have a depth of earth; 8110 λαντος, εκαυματισθη και δια το μη εχειν it was scorched. and through the not to have 7 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι τας διζαν; εξηρανθη. was dried up. Others and fell ακανθας· και ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και απεπνιξαν and spruog up the thorns, and choked 8 Αλλα δε επεσεν επι την γην την Others and fell on the ground the aura. Others and them. καλην και εδιδου καρπον, δ μεν έκατον, δ good, and bore fruit the one a hundred, the δε εξηκοντα, δ δε τριακοντα. 9 Ο εχων ωτα other sixty, the other thirty. He having ears ¹⁰ Και - προσελθοντες οi akoveiv. ακούετω. the coming to hear, let him hear. And μαθηταί ειπον αυτώ. Διατι εν παραβολαις Why in said to him; 11 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυλαλεις άυτοις, speakest thou to them? He and answering τοις: Οτι ύμιν δεδοτα: γνωναι τα μυστηρια them; Because to you it is given to know the secrets της βασιλειας των ουρανων εκεινοις δε ου kingdom of the heavens; to them but, not 12 Όστις γαρ εχει, δοθησεται αυτώ, Whoever for has, it shall be given to him, δεδοται. και περίσσευθησεται. όστις δε ουκ εχει, και and he will be gifted with abundance ; whoever but not has, even αρθησεται απ' αυτου. ¹³ Δια τουτο shall be taken from him. Therefore this EXEL, what he has, εν παραβολαις αυτοις λαλω, ότι βλεποντες ov in parables to them I speak, for seeing not βλεπουσι, και ακουοντες ουκ ακουουσιν, ουδε hearing . not . they hear, and 14 Και αναπληρουται αυτοις ή προdo they understand. And is fulfilled to them the φητεια Ήσαιου, ή λεγουσα. " Ακοη ακουσετε, prophecy al of Esaias, that saying; "By hearing you shall hear, και ου μη συיητε. και βλεποντες βλεψετε, and not not you may understand; and seeing you will see, και ου μη ιδητε. 15Επαχυνθη γαρ ή καρδια του and not not you may see. Has grown fat for the beart, of the

5 And others fell on ROCKY GROUND, where they had not much Soil: and immediately vegeta-ted, through not HAVING a Depth of * FARTH;

6 f and when the Sur had risen, they were scorched, and HAVING no Root, they withered.

7 And others fell among truorns; and the thorns choked them.

8 But others fell on GOOD GROUND, and yielded Increase; ONE a hundred, ONE sixty, and ONE thirty.

9 HE HAVING Ears to

hear, let him hear.

10 then the Disci-PLES approaching, said to him, "Why dost thou speak to them in Parables?"

11 HE answering, said to them, "Because You are permitted to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM! of the HEAVENS; but to: them this privilege is not given.

12 For whoever has, to' him more will be given, and he shall abound; but whoever has not, from him will be taken even that which he has.

13 For this reason I I speak to them in Parables; Because seeing, they do not perceive; and hearing, they do not understand; nor do they regard

14 And in them is fulfilled THAT PROPHECY OF Isaiah, which says; 1 By Hearing you will hear, 'though you may not un-'derstand; and seeing, you 'will see, though you may.

'STANDING of this Pro-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. BARTH.

^{† 0.} In Palestine, during the seed time, (which is in November,) the sky is generally everspread with clouds. The seed then springs up even in stony ground; but when the sun dissipates the clouds, having outgrown its strength, it is quickly dried away.—Rosenmuller, † 7. among THORNS—OF TAILER, "upon thorny ground." The field sown may be considered to consist of the different varieties of soil specified; viz., the rocky, the thorny, and the good ground.

^{1 10.} Mark iv. 10; Luke viii. 9. Rom. xi. 8.

^{1 14} Isa. vi. 9; .John xii. 59; Acts xxviii. 26;

λαου τουτου, και τοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, και eople this, and with the ears heavily they hear, and οφθαλμους αύτων εκαμμυσαν, μηποτε FOLS the ofthem they shut, lest ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουthey should see with the and with the ears they should eyes, σωσι, και τη καρδια συνωσι, και επιστρεand with the heart should understand, and bear, they should και ιασωμαι αυτους." 16 Υμων δε ψωσι. I should heal turn, ana thens. Of you but μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι ότι βλεπουσι και τα ωτα eyes for they see; and the ears 17 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, *[ύμων,] ότι ακουεί. [of you,] for they hear. Indeed for I say to you, δτι πολλοι προφηται και δικαιοι επεθυμησαν that many prophets and righteous men have desired ά βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον και ακουσαι, ιδειν, and not saw; and to hear, to see what you see, ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν. what you hear, and not heard 18 Υμεις ουν ακουσατε την παραβολην του You therefore hear the parable of the 19 Παντος ακουοντος τον λογον σπειροντος. sower. Any one hearing the word της βασιλειας, και μη συνιεντος, ερχεται δ and not understanding, kingdom, comes the πονηρος, και άρπαζει το εσπαρμενον εν τη καρδια wicked (one,) and snatches that having been sown in the heart αυτου· ούτος εστιν, ό παρα την όδον σπαρεις. that on the path thus is, oeing sown. ²⁰ Ο δε επιτα πετρωδη σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, That but on the rocky ground being sown, this δ τον λογον ακουων και ευθυς μετα χαρας who the word hearing and forthwith with joy joy λαμβανων αυτον· 21 ουκ εχει δε ριζαν εν έαυτω, not he has but a root in himself, αλλα προσκαιρος εστι γενομένης δε θλιψέως η is; arising διωγμου δια τον λογον, ευθυς σκανδαλιζεται. persecution through the word, immediately he is offended. 22 'Ο δε εις τας ακανθας σπώρεις, ούτος εστιν, That but into the thorus being sown, this δ τον λογον ακουων, και ή μεριμνα του αιωνος who the word hearing, and the care of the τουτου, και ή απατη του πλουτου συμπνιγει and the delusion of the riches chokes τον λογον· και ακαρπος γινεται. the word; and unfruitful becomes. 23 'Ο δε επι That hut on την γην την καλην σπαρεις, ούτος εστιν, δ τον the ground the good being sown, this is, who the

'FLE Is stupified; they hear heavily with their EXES, and their EXES they close; lest seeing with their EXES, and hearing with their EXES, and comprehending with their MIND, they should retrace their steps, and I should restore them.'

16 ‡But blessed eve Your EYES, because they see; and EARS, because

they hear.

17 For indeed I say to you, ‡That Many Prophets and Righteous men have desired to see what you behold, but have not seen; and to hear what you hear, but have not heard.

18 ‡ Understand pou, therefore the PARABLE of

the sower.

19 When any one hears the tword of the king-Dom, but considers it not, the Evil one comes and snatches away that having been sown in his heart. This explains that which was sown by the ROAD.

20 THAT which was sown on ROCKY GROUND, denotes him, WHO HEAR-ING the WORD, receives it immediately with Joy;

it immediately with Joy; 21 yet, it having no Root in his mind, he retains it only a short time; for when Affliction or Persecution arises, on account of the word, he instantly stumbles.

23 THAT which was sown among THORNS, denotes THAT HEARER, in whom the CARES of *the AGE and the DECEPTIVE NESS OF BICHES, chok the WORD, and render unproductive.

23 But that which was sown on GOOD SOIL, and produced fruit, one a hundred, one sixty, and one thirty, denotes him, who not only hears and

λογον ακουων, και συνιων ός δη καρποφορει,

word hearing, and understanding; who really hears fruit,

22. the AGE.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. your-omit.

^{10.} Luke x. 23.

^{1 17. 1} Peter i. 10, 11.

και ποιει, δ μεν έκατον, δ δε έξηκοντα, and yields, the one abundred, the other sixty, S the $\delta \epsilon$ τριακοντα.

other thirty.

24 Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων parable be proposed to them, saying; 'Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των συρανων ανθρωπφ May be compared the kingdom of the beavens to a man σπειροντι καλον σπερμα εν τφ αγρφ αύτου. good seed in the field of him. ²⁵ Εν δε τω καθευδειν τους ανθρωπους, ηλθεν In and the to sleep the men, came autov $\delta \in \chi\theta\rho os$, kal $\epsilon\sigma\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\epsilon$ (is an ava $\mu\epsilon\sigma ov$ 26 'Οτε δε εβλαστησεν του σιτου· και απηλθεν. When and was sprung up of the wheat; and went forth. χορτος και καρπου εποιησε, τοτε εφανη και blade and fruit yielded, then appeared also the blade 27 Προσελθοντες δε οί δουλοι του τα ζιζανια. darnel. Coming and the slaves of the οικοδεσποτου, ειπον αυτώ. Κυριε, ουχι καλον said to him; bouseholder, Olord, not good σπερμα εσπειρας εν τω σω αγρω; ποθεν ουν εχει seed didst thou sow in the thy field? whence then has it 28 Ο δε εφη αυτοις. Εχθρος ανθρωπος ζιζανια; He and said to them; An enemy a man $\eta \sigma \in \nu$. Of $\delta \in \delta \sigma \lambda \delta \iota \in \iota \pi \sigma \nu$ autw darnel? τουτο εποιησεν. The and has done. slaves said to him; ουν απελθοντες συλλεξωμεν αυτα: we should gather Dost thou wish then going forth them? 29 O $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\phi\eta^*$ Ov. $\mu\eta\pi\sigma\tau\epsilon$, $\sigma\upsilon\lambda\lambda\epsilon\gamma\upsilon\tau\epsilon$ s $\tau\alpha$ $\delta\iota$ δ darue, He and said; No. lest, gathering the daruel, 30 Αφετε άμα αυτοις τον σιτον. εκριζωσητε you should root up with them the wheat. Leave them συναυξανεσθαι αμφοτερα μεχρι του θερισμου. to grow together both till the harvest; και εν καιρώ του θερισμου ερω τοις θερισταις· and in time of the harvest I will say to the harvesters; Συλλεξατε πρωτον τα ζιζανια, και δησατε αυτα Gather you first the darnel, and bindyou them εις δεσμας, προς το κατακαυσαι αυτα τον δε bundles, for the to burn them; the but σιτον συναγαγετε εις την αποθηκην μου. wheat bring together into the barn

³¹ Αλλην παραβολην παρεθηκεν αυτοις, λεγων· parable to them, saying; Another he proposed 'Ομοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων κοκκώ Like kingdom of the heavens to a grain the σιναπεως, δυ λαβων ανθρωπος εσπειρεν εν τα of mustard, which taking a man the in

considers, but obeys the WORD.

24 He proposed to them another Parable. saying, The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to the FIELD in which the Owner sowed Good Grain:

25 but while the MEN SLEPT, HIS ENEMY came and sowed † Darnel among the WHEAT, and went away.

26 When the BLADE shot up, and put forth the Ear, then appeared also the DARNEL

27 And the SERVANTS of the HOUSEHOLDER, said to him, coming Master, thou didst sow Good Seed in THY Field; whence, then, has it Darnel?

28 He replied, an Enemy has done this. *And THEY say to him, Dost thou wish then, that we should weed them out?

29 And HE said, No; lest in weeding out the DARNEL, you also tear up the WHEAT.

30 Let both grow together till the HARVEST; and in the TIME of HAR-VEST, I will say to the REAPERS, First gather the DARNEL, and bind it in Bundles for BURN-ING; then bring to-gether the wheat into my granary."

31 ‡ Another Parable he proposed to them, saying; The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is like to a Grain of Mustard, which a Man planted in his FIELD;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. And THEY say to him.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCHIPT.—28. And THEY Say to him.

† 25. A plant which hears a striking resemblance to wheat. The following remarks by H. B. Hackett, will fully illustrate this:—"In passing through the fertile country of the ancient Philistines, on the south of Palestine, I asked the guide, one day, a native Syrian, it he knew of a plant which was apt to make its appearance among the wheat, and which resembled it so much that it could hardly be distinguished from it He replied that it was very common, and that he would soon show me a specimen of it. Soon after this he pointed out to me some of this grass, growing near our path; and afterwards, having once seen it, I found it in almost every field where I searched for it. Except that the stalk was not so high, it appeared otherwise precisely like wheat, just as the ears begin to show themselves, and the kernels are swelling out into shape. I collected some specimens of this decrifting weed, and have found, on showing them to friends, that they have mistaken them quite invariably for some species of grain, such as wheat or barley.

^{1 31.} Mark IV. 30; Luke xiil. 19. * 80. Matt. iii. 12.

32 Ο μικροτέρου μεν έστι παντων εγρω αρτου. field of him. Which less indeed to of all των σπερματων όταν δε αυξηθη, μειζον των when but it may be grown, a greater of the seeds: λαχανων εστι, και γινεται δενδρον, ώστε ελθειν henbe is, and becomes a tree, so that to come τα πετεινα του ουρανου, και κατασκηνουν εν the birds of the leaven, and to make nests in τοις κλαδοις αυτου. the branches of it.

33 Αλλην παραβολην ελαλησεν αυτοίς. Όμοια parable he spake to them; Like Another στιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ζυμη, ήν λαβουσα is the kingdom of the heavens to leaven, which taking γυνη ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού of meal measures three, till of it mixed ia ³¹Ταυτα παντα ελαλησεν δ εζυμωθη όλον. These all spake we the Ιησους εν παραβολαις τοις οχλοις, και χωρις parables without in to the crowds, and παραβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτοις· 35 'οπως $\pi\lambda\eta$ not he spake to them; so that it might ρωθη το ρηθεν δια του προφητου, λεγοντος ε foliabled the word spoken through the prophet, saying. * Ανοιξω εν ταραβολαις το στομα μου ερευ-latilopes; in parables the mouth of me, I will ξομαι κεκρυμμένα από καταβολης a beginning spenly declare things having been hid - from *[κοσμου."] [of the world."]

The leaving the crowds, went into the The leaving the crown, we was not the ling the PEOPLE, retired to the House; and his house the Jesus. And come to him to the House; and his disciples approached him, saying, "Explain to us the Parable of the παραβολην των ζιζανιων του αγρου.

To be παραβολην των ζεζανιων του αγρου. darnels of the field. of the He and ποκρίθεις είπεν "[αυτοις:] Ο υπείρων το "He who sows the Good Seed to seed, is the son of the man; "As the Field is the good seed, is the son of the man; world; the Good Seed amorpideis einer δ δε αγρος, εστιν δ κοσμος το δε καλον the and field, is the world, the end good the and σπερμα, ούτοι εισιν οί υίοι της βασιλειας τα are the sons of the EVIL 39 δ & 39 they are the sons of the Lingdom.; δε ζιζανια, εισιν όι υίοι του πονηρουare the sons of the wicked (one); darnel, exθρος, δ σπειρας αυτα, εστιν δ διαβολος δ δε VERSARY; the HARenemy, he having sown them, by is, the edversary; the end θερισμος, συντελεισ, του αιωνος εστιν of δε *Age; and the RE harvest, end of the age is; the and ERS are Messengers.

32 which indeed is one of the †least of All seeds; but when grown it is larger than any HERB, † and becomes a Tree, so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN come and build their nests on its BRANCHES.

33 t Another Parable he spake to them; "The KINGDOM of the HEAV-ENS resembles Leaven. which a Woman taking, mingled in three † Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

34 All these things JEsus communicated the crowds in Parables, and without a Comparison he taught them not;

35 so that the WORD SPOKEN through the PROPHET might be verified, saying; † ; "I will "open my mouth in "parables, I will openly "declare things having "been hid from the be-"ginning."

36 Then *JESUS leaving the PEOPLE, retired

37 He answering, said,

WORLD; the GOOD Seed are the sons of the KINGDOM; the DARNEL

39 THAT ENEMY Who the and SOWED them is the AD-*Age; and the REAP-

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. of the World-omit. So. he left. 87. to them -out. 39. Age.

^{4 32.} That is, of all those seeds with which the people of Judea were then acquainted. Our Lord's words are to be interpreted by popular use. And we learn from Matt. xvii. 30, that like a grain of mustard seed was become proverbial for expressing a very small quantity.—Geo. Campbell. † 32. And becomes a tree. It attains a large size in Judea. Lightfoot says, R. Simeon Ben Chalaphta mentions one "into which he was wont to climb, as men are wont to climb into a fig-tree." Trench quotes a traveler in Chili who had ridden under one. † 33. A measure containing about a peck and a half, wanting a little more ham a pint. Three of them made an ephah. † 35. "I will open my mouth in parables; and translation of Psa laxviii. 2.

^{83.} Luke xiii. 20.

γερισται, αγγελοι εισιν.; reapers, messengers are. 40 Ωσπερ ουν συλ-As. therefore are Λεγεται τα ζιζανια, και πυρι καιεται ούτως and in a lire are burned; the darnel, gatherel εσται εν τη συντελεια του αιωνος τουτου. will it be in the end of the this age 41 Αποστελει ὁ υίος του ανθρώπου τους αγγελους

Will send the son of the min the incessengers αύτου, και συλλεξουσιν εκ της βασιλείας αυτου of him. and they will gather out of the kingdom of him παντα τα σκανδαλα και τους ποιουντας την ανο-

If the selecting and those working the lawmian, 4^{2} kai Baroutin autious eis the kamipon
leasness, and they will cast intermine to the furnace
to unipost ekei entral δ kraudmos kai δ Bruymos
the free. There shall be the weeping and the grashing
two odoptain.

All Tote of dikalot ekramipoutin,
of the teeth. Then the righteous shall shine,
as the sun, (ϵ in the δ kingdom of the father., of them.

O example are around a kingdom of the father., of them.

Το εχων, ωτα $\frac{1}{2}$ [ακουειν,] ακουετω.

The having ears ([to hear]] lethiui hear. $\frac{1}{4}$ [Παλιν] δμοια εστιν ή βασιλεια των [λεαία] like is the kingdom of the copανων θησαυρω κεκρυμμενω εν τω αγρω, δν [heavens to a treasure having been hid in the field, which heavens απουτος εκρυψε, και απουτης χαρας finding , a man he like, and from the joy αυτου ύπαγει, και παντα δσα εχει πωλει, και of him he goes, and all as much as he has sells, and

αγοραζει τον αγρον εκεινον.

Ταλίν όμοια εστιν ή βασιλεία των ουρανών λαπία like is the kingdom of the heavens $\left[\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \tau \psi\right] \in \mu \pi \rho \rho \phi$, ζητουντι καλους μαραγριτιο aman a merchant, seeking choice pearls.

Τας. $\frac{46}{16}$ Εύρων δε ένα πολυτίμον μαργαριτην, Finding and one costly pearl, απελθων πεπρακε παντα όσα ειχε, και ηγορα-

απέλθων πέπρακε παντα όσα είχε, και ηγοραgoing he sold all as much as he had, and bought σ εν αυτον.

47 Παλιν όμοια εστινή βασιλεια των ουρανων, like ls the kingdom of the heavens σαγηνη, βληθειση εις την θαλασσαν, και εκto a drag-net, being cast into the sea, and of 48 $\dot{\eta}\nu$, $\delta\tau\epsilon$ $\epsilon\pi\lambda\eta$ παντος γενους συναγαγουση. kind beinging together; which, when it is ρωθη, άναβιβασαντες επι τον αιγιαλον, και full, to .. the καθισαντες συνελεξαν τα καλα εις αγγεια, τα they collected the good into vessels, the εω εβαλον. ⁴⁹ Ούτως εσται εν τη sitting down δε σαπρα εξω εβαλον. away they cast. It will be in the

40 As therefore the DARNEL is gathered and burned in a Fire, so will it be in the END of *the AGE.

41 The son of man will then forth his mester. Gers, who will gather out of his kingdom All seducees and iniquitous persons;

42 t and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING OF TEETH.

43 †Then will the ETGH-TEOUS be resplendent as the SUN in the KINGDOM of their FATHER. HE who HAS ears, let him hear.

44 The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS is like a hidden Treasure in a FIELD, which, a Man finding, he covers up, and, from his Joy, he goes and sells all that he has, and buys that FIELD.

45 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS is like a Pearl of Great value;

46 which ta Merchant, who was seeking Choice Pearls, having found, went and sold all that he had, and bought it.

47 Again, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS resembles a Drag-net, being cast into the SEA, and enclosing fishes of Every Kind;

48 which, when it is full, they draw to the shore, and sitting down, gather the GOOD into vessels, but throw the USE-LESS away.

49 So will it he at the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-40. the AGE., 45. Man-omit.

^{43.} to hear-omit.

^{41.} Again-omit.

ess than thirteen different meanings are attached to this word, in the Common Version. The meaning is age, and this rendering can always be understood. The context will determine, generally, what age is referred to—the Jewish, Christian, Messianic, or the endless succession of ages. For further remarks, see Appendix.

† 48. Such as those found to the East, who travel about buying or exchanging jewels, pearls, or other valuables.

^{1 41.} Matt. zxii 7. - 1 42. Matt. iii, 12. - - 1 43. Dan. xii. 3.

2. 'g

old.

συντελεία του αίωνος. Εξελουσονται οι αγγεend of the are Shall so forth the messenλοι, ica αφοριουσ: τους πουηρούς εκ μεσού των
gers, and simil separate the Siebed from among the

50 και βαλουτιν αυτως εις την καμινον δικαιων and shall cast them into the του πυρος εκει εσται ό κλαυθμος και ό βρυγμος of the fire; there will be the weeping and the gnashing 51 * [Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους.]των υδοντων. to them the [Says of the teeth. Jesus.] ταυτα παντα; Λεγουσιν αυτω. Συνηκατε all? They say to him; Have you understood these things 52 °Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Δια τουτο Ναι [κυριε.] [O lord.] He then said to them; Therefore this πας γραμματευς, μαθητευθεις τη βασιλεια των being instructed to the kingdom of the scribe, ουρανών, δμοιος εττιν ανθρωπώ οικοδεσποτη, like heavens 38 to a man an householder. ύστις εκβαλλει εκ του θησαυρου αύτου καινα brings ont of the treasury wal Tanala.

⁵³ Και εγενετο, ότο ετελεσεν δ Ιησους τας And it came to pass, when had concluded the Jesus the 54 K.26 ταραβολας ταυτας, μετηρεν εκειθεν. these, he departed theuce. ελθων τος την πατριδα αύτου, εδιδασκεν αυτους coming into the country of him, he taught ευ τη συναγωγη αυτων, ώστε εκπληττεσθα. ofthem, in the *ynagoguc so ca to autonish Μοθεν τουτφ ή σοφια αυτους, και λεγειν. Whenc€ this the wisdom to say. and 55 Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ αύτη, ααι αί δυναμεις; this and these powers? Not thm του τεκτονος vios: ουχε ή μητηρ αυτου λεγεται not the mother of him is called of the carpenter son's Μαριαμ; και οἱ αδελφο αυτου Ιακωβος, και e china and the brothers James, and Mary? Ιωσης, και Σιμων, και Ιουδας; 56 και αί αδελφαι and Simon, and Judas? and the sisters αυτου ουχι παναι προς ήμας εισε; νοθεν ουν us arc? whence then not all vith Ta 5. ? ζαι εσκανδαλιζοντο εν τουτώ ταυτα παντα; these ali? And they found a difficulty in this 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ εστι The and Jesus said Not to them; προφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αύτου, a prophet unhonored, if not in the country of him, 58 Και ουκ εποιησει και εν τη οικια αύτου.
and in the house of him. And not he did do 8:0 εκει δυναμεις πολλας. $\tau\eta v$ απιστιαν bet use of the unbelief of there mighty works many, QUTWV. hem.

END of the AGE. The MESSENGERS will go forth, and will separate the WICKED from among the RIGHTEOUS;

50 and will throw them into the FURNACE of FIRE; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING OF TEETH.

51 Have you understood all these things?" They answered, "Yes."

52 Then HE said to them, "Every Scribe therefore, being instructed *in the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS, is like a Householder, who produces from his TREASURY, new things and old."

53 And it occurred when JESUS had concluded these PARABLES, he departed thence.

54 And coming into this own city he so taught the inhabitants in their synagogue, that they were astonished, and said, "Whence has this man, this wisdom, and these Miraculous powers?

55 ‡ Is not this the CARPENTER'S SON? is not his MOTHER called Mary? and do not his BROTHERS, James, and † Joses, and Simon, and Judas,

56 and all his †sisters, live with us? Whence, then, has he all these things."

57 And they tstumbled at him. But Jesus said to them, "A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and in his own family."

58 ‡ And he did not perform many Miracles there, because of their UNBELIEF.

VITICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. JESUS says to them-omit.

^{51.} Lord-omit. 52. 1n.

^{† 54.} That is, Nazareth, where he had been brought up; Luke iv. 16, 23. † 55. Joseph—so read Lachmann, Tischendorf, and Tittman. † 56. According to Theophylact, the names of the sisters of Jesus were Mary and Salome.

^{† 54.} Matt. ii. 23; Mark vi. 1-6m. ix. 32, 33; 4 Peter ii. 8. † 55. John vi. 42. 58. Mark vi. 5. 3.

buried

КЕФ. ιδ'. 14.

 1 EV $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\iota
u\omega$ $\tau\omega$ $\kappalpha\iota
u\omega$ $\eta\kappaou\sigma\epsilon
u$ 'Howdas δ At that the time heard Herod the 2 kal $\epsilon l\pi \epsilon$ τols τετραρχης την ακοην Ιησου, fame of Jesus, tetrarch the and said to the παισιν αύτου. Ούτος εστιν Ιωαννης ὁ βαπτιστης. servants of him; This is John the dipper; αυτος ηγερθη απο των νεκρων, και δια τουτο αί he is raised from the dead, and therefore this the 3 'Ο γαρ 'Ηρωδης, δυναμεις ενεργουσιν εν αυτφ. mighty powers work in him. The for Herod, κρατησας τον Ιωαννην, εδησεν αυτον, και εθετο seizing the John, had bound him, and put δια 'Ηρωδιαδα την γυναικα Φιλεν φυλακη, prison, on account of Herodias the wife of ou τ ou $\alpha\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi$ ou $\alpha\upsilon\tau$ ou. 4 $E\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\gamma\alpha\rho$ $\alpha\upsilon\tau\omega$ δ in the brother of him. Had said for to him the ιππου του αδελφου αυτου. 5 Kai Ιωαννης. Ουκ εξεστι σοι εχειν αυτην. Not it is lawful to thee to have her. θελων αυτον αποκτειναι, εφοβηθη τον οχλον, to destroy, the people, wishing him he feared 6 Γενεσιων δε ότι ώς προφητην αυτον $\epsilon \iota \chi o \nu$. for as a prophet him they esteemed. Birth-day of but αγομενων του Ἡρωδου, ωρχησατο ἡ θυγατηρ was being held of the Herod, danced the daughter της Ἡρωδιαδος εν τω μεσω και ηρεσε τω of the Herodias in the midst; and pleased the Ηρωδη· ⁷όθεν μεθ' όρκου ώμολογησεν αυτη Herod; whereupon with an oath he promised to her δουναι, δ εαν αιτησηται. to give, what soever she might ask. 8 'Η δε, προβι-She and, being βασθεισα ύπο της μητρος αυτης, $\Delta os \mu oi,$ incited hy the mother of her, Give to me, φησιν, ώδε επι πινακι την κεφαλην Ιωαννου του she said, here upon a plate the head of John the βαπτιστου. 9 Και ελυπηθη δ βασιλευς δια δε And was sorry the king, because of but dipper. τους δρκους και τους συνανακειμενους, εκεand oaths those reclining at table, he comthe ¹⁰ Και πεμψας απεκεφαλισε δοθηναι. λευσε The sending he cut off the head of the I was proposed in the prison. And sending he cut off the head of the I was proposed in the prison. And was brought the κεφαλη αυτου επι πινακι, και εδοθη τω κοραof him on a plate, and it was given to the little head σιω και ηνεγκε τη μητρι αύτης. 12Και προσgirl; and she brought it to the mother of her. And coming ελθοντες of μαθηται αυτου πραν το σωμα, και εθthe disciples of him took the body, and they αψαν αυτο· και ελθοντες απηγγειλαν τω Ιησου.

CHAPTER XIV.

1 At That TIME, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Herod the \$\dagger}\text{ tetrarch, hearing of the fame of Jesus,}

2 said to his SERVANTS, "This is John the IM-MERSER; he is raised from the DEAD; and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

3 For \$\frac{1}{4}\text{Herod}\$ * then had caused John to be seized, bound, and put in \$\frac{1}{7}\text{PRISON}\$, on account of \$\frac{1}{7}\text{Herodias}\$, his brother Philip's wife;

- 4 for John had said to him, ‡"It is not lawful for thee to have her."

5 And wishing to kill him, he feared the PEO-PLE, ‡ Because they esteemed him as a Prophet. 6 But when Hypon's

6 But when Herod's Birth-day was kept, the †DAUGHTER of HERODIAS danced in the MIDST, and pleased HEROD;

7 whereon he promised with an Oath to give her whatever she might request.

8 And SHE, being instigated by her MOTHER, said, "Give me here, on a Platter, the HEAD of JOHN the IMMERSER."

9 And the *KING, being sorry on account of the OATHS and the GUESTS, commanded that it should be given her.

10 Accordingly, by his order, John was beheaded in the Prison.

11 And his HEAD was brought on a Platter, and presented to the GIRL; and she carried it to her MOTHER.

12 And his disciples coming, carried off *the DEAD-BODY, and buried

and departing they told it to the Jesus.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—3. then had. 3. frison. 9. king, being sorry on account of the daths and the gufsts, commanded. 12. the dead-body.

^{† 1.} Properly, the governor of the fourth part of a country; commonly used as a title inferior to a king, and denoting chief ruler. The person here spoken of was Antipas, a son of Herod the Great. The name king is sometimes given to tetrarchs. See verse 9.—Geo. Campbell. † 3. He had married a daughter of Aretas, an Arabian prince, whom he put away, after he had induced Herodias to quit her husband; this occasioned a war between Herod and Arctas. † 6. Named Salome, daughter of Herodias by her former husband.—Josephus, Ant. xviii. v. 4.

^{† 1.} Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 7. † 3. Mark vi. 17; Luke iii. 19, 20. † 4. Lev xviii 18; xx. 21. † 5. Matt. xxi. 26; Luke xx. 6.

13 Και ακουσας δ Ιησους, ανεχωρησεν εκειθεν And having heard the Jesus, withdrew from thence $\epsilon \nu$ πλοι ω εις ερημον τοπον κατ' ιδιαν· και ακουπία aship into a desert place by himself; and having τ παντες οἱ οχλοι, ηκολουθησαν αυτ ω πεζη απο neard the crowds, they followed him by land from τ πολε ω ν. 14 Και εξελθ ω ν δ Ιησους ειδε the cities. And coming out the Jesus saw πολυν οχλον· και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτοις, great a crowd; and he was moved with pity towards them; και εθεραπευσε τους αρρ ω στους αυτ ω ν. and healed the sick of them.

15 Οψιας δε γενομενης, προσηλθον αυτφ of Evening and having come, came to him the μαθηται αυτου, λεγοντες· Ερημος εστιν ό τοπος, saying; A desert is the place, of him, disciples ώρα ηδη παρηλθεν απολυσον ή and the hour already has passed by; dismiss the οχλους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τας κωμας, αγοerowds, that going into the villages, they 16 'Ο δε Ιησους ρασωσιν έαυτοις βρωματα. themselves victuals. The but ειπεν αυτοις. Ου χρειαν εχουσιν απελθειν. δοτε said to them; No need they have to go away; give autois $\psi_{\mu} \in \mathbb{R}$ $\phi_{\alpha\gamma} \in \mathbb{R}$. They and to eat; to them you say to him; Ουκ εχομεν ώδε, ει μη πεντε αρτους και δυο Not we have here, except five loaves 18 Ο δε ειπε. Φερετε μοι αυτους ώδε. ιχθυας. fishes. He and said; Bring to me them here. 19 Και κελευσας τους οχλους ανακλιθηναι επι And directing the crowds to recline upon τους χορτους, λαβων τους πεντε αυτους και the five loaves grass, taking τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, fishes, looking up to the heaven, ευλογησε και κλασας, εδωκε τοις μαθηταις he gave praise; and breaking, he gave to the disciples τους αρτους, οἱ δε μαθηται τοις οχλοις. 20 Και the loaves, the and disciples to the crowds. And εφαγον παντες, και εχορτασθησαν και and were filled; and they took up το περισσευον των κλασματων, δωδεκα κοφινους that over and above of the fragments, twelve baskets 21 Οί δε εσθιοντες ησαν ανδρες ώσει πληρεις. Those and eating were men πεντακισχιλιοι, χωρις γυναικων και παιδιων. five-thousand, besides women and children. 22 Και ευθεως ηναγκασεν τους μαθητας εμβηναι

it; and departing, tolo

13 ‡ And Jesus having heard, privately withdrew from thence, by Boat, into a Desert Place; of which the PEOPLE being informed, followed him by Land from the CITIES.

14 And *coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he had compassion on them, and healed their SICK.

15 ‡And † Evening having arrived, * the Disciples came to him, saying, "The PLACE is a Desert, and the HOUR is now past; dismiss the crowds, that they may go to the VILLAGES, and buy themselves Provisions."

16 But Jesus said to them, "They need not depart; **nou** supply them." 17 They, however, re-

17 THEY, however, replied to him, "We have here only Five Loaves and Two Fishes."

18 And HE said, "Bring them here to me."

19 And commanding the PEOPLE to recline on the grass, he took the FIVE Loaves and the TWO Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, ‡ praised God; then † breaking the LOAVES, he gave them to the DISCIPLES, and the disciples distributed to the CROWDS.

20 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered † Twelve Baskets full.

21 Now they who had EATEN, were about five thousand men, besides women and children.

22 And immediately *he constrained the DIS-CIPLES to enter *a Boat,

And immediately he urged

to enter

disciple:

the

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—14. he went. strained. 22. a Boat.

^{15.} the disciples.

^{22.} he con-

^{† 15.} The first evening, which commenced at three o'clock. The second evening, which began at sunset, is that mentioned in verse 23. † 10. The Jewish loaves were broad, thin, and brittle; so that a knife was not required for dividing them. † 20. These were small wicker baskets, which the Jews carried their victuals in, when from home; and by the number here particularized, it would seem that each apostle filled his own basket.—Pearce.

^{† 13.} Mark vi. 32; Luke ix. 10; John vi. 1, 2. John vi. 5. Q. Matt. zv. 36.

^{‡ 15.} Mark vi. 35; Luke ix 12

τις το πλοιον, και προαγειν αυτον εις το περαν, and to go before him to the other side, into the . ship, 23 Και ζαποέως ού απολυση τους οχλους. while he should dismiss the crowds. And having λυσας τους οχλους, ανεβη εις το ορος κατ sentaway the crowds, be went up into the mountain by ιδιαν προσευξασθαι. Οψιας δε γενομενης, μονος bimself to pray. Evening and having come, alone to pray. EKEL. The and ship now in the midet of the עקי he was there. θαλασσης ην, βασανιζομενον ύπο των κυματων. was, having been tossed by the waves; ην γαρ εναντιος δ ανεμος. ²⁵Τεταρτη δε φυλακη In fourth and watch contrary the wind. της νυκτος απηλθε προς αυτους, περιπατων επι them, of the night he went to walking upon 26 Και ιδοντες αυτον οί μαθηται της θαλασσης. And seeing him the disciples sea. επι την θαλασσαν περιπατουντα, εταραχθησάν, αροπ the sea walking, they were termined, λεγοντες. Ότι φαντασμα εστι και απο του aaying: That an apparition is; and from the 27 Ευθεως δε ελαλησεν αυτοις φοβου εκραξαν. fear they cried aloud. Immediately but spake to them δ Ιησους, λεγων Θαρσειτε, εγω ειμι' μη φο-Take courage, I am; not be the Jesus, anying a 28 Αποκριθεις δε αυτφ δ Πετρος ειπε. Beiobe. Answering and him the Peter said; afraid. Κυριε, ει συ ει, κελευσον με προς σε ελθειν επι Olord, if thouart, bid me to thee to come upon τα ύδατα. 29'Ο δε ειπεν Ελθε. Каз катаваѕ Come. And descending He and said; απο του πλοιου δ Πετρος, περιεπατησεν επι τα from the boat the Peter, he walked upon the 30 Βλεπων δε Seeing but και αρξαμενος strong, the was afraid; and beginning καταποντιζεσθαι, εκραξε, λεγων. Κυριε, σωσον to sink, , he cried, & saying; O lord, BAVE 31 Ευθεως δε ό Ιησους εκτεινας την χειρα, μe. Immediately and the Jesus stretching out the επελαβετο αυτου, και λεγει αυτω. Ολιγοπιστε,

to sink, he cried, saying; Olord, save με. 31 Ευθεως δε δ Ιησους εκτεινας την χειρα, me. Immediately and the Jesus stretching out the hand, επελαβετο αυτου, και λεγει αυτω Ολιγοπιστε, took hold of him, and says to him; O distrustful man, εις τι εδιστασας; 32 Και εμβαντων αυτων εις το why didst thou doubt? And entering of them into το πλοιον, εκοπασεν δ ανεμος. 33 Οί δε εν τω the ship, ceused the wind. They and in the

and precede him to the other side, while he dis, missed the crowds.

23 ‡ And having dismissed the chowds, he privately ascended the MOUNTAIN to pray; and remained there alone till it was Late.

24 By this time the BOAT *was many Furlongs distant from the LAND, tossed by the WAVES; for the WIND was contrary.

25 And in the † Fourth Watch of the NIGHT, he went towards them, walk, ing on the LAKE.

26 And when the DIS, CIPLES saw him twalk, ing on the LAKE, they were terrified, and extelaimed, "It is an Apparition!" and they cried aloud, through fear.

27 But Jesus immedi, ately spoke to them, say, ing, "Take courage, it is I; be not afraid."

28 And PETER answering, said to him, "Master, if it be thou, bid me come to thee on the WA-TER."

29 And Jesus said, "Come." Then *Peter descending from the BOAT, walked on the WATER, *and came to Jesus.

30 But perceiving the wind strong, he was afraid; and beginning to sink, he exclaimed, "Master, save me!"

31 And Jesus instantly extending his hand, took hold of him, and said to him, "O distrustful ment why didst thou doubt?"

32 And *going up into the BOAT, the WIND subsided.

33 Then THOSE in the

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -24. many Furlongs distant from the LAND, tossed. 29. Peter. 29. and came to. 32. going up into.

^{. † 25.} Between the hours of three and six in the morning. Grotius observes, that this was the Roman division of the night, taken by them from the Greeks; and that the Jews from the time of Pompey, after they were become a dependent people, had adopted this mode of reckoning, instead of their own; which originally consisted of three watches only. † 26. In Jobix, 8, this is a prerogative ascribed to God, and which is freely rendered by the LXX, thus; "Walking upon the sea, as upon a prerement." An Egyptian hieroglyphic for expressing impossibility was, a picture of two feet walking on the sea.

^{1 23.} Mark vi. 36; John vi. 16.

πλοι φ , *[ϵ λθον τ ϵ s] προσεκυνησαν αυτ φ , λε γ to him, [coming] prostrated say-34 Και διαπεοντεs Αληθως θεον νίος ει. ing; Certainly of a God a son thou art. having And 35 Kaı ρασαντες, ηλθον εις την γην Γεννησαρετ. passed over, they came to the land Gennesaret. And επιγνοντες αυτον οί ανδρες του τοπου εκεινου, him the men of the place απεστειλαν εις όλην την περιχωρον εκεινην° that; into all the country round about και προσηνεγκαν αυτώ παντας τους κακως they brought to him all those disease ³⁶ και παρεκαλουν αυτον ίνα μονον εχοντας, that and besought him only having, του κρασπεδου του ξματιου αυτου: ὰψωνται they might touch the tnft 00150 mantle of him; και όσοι ήψαντο, διεσωθησαν. and as many as touched, were made whole.

КЕФ。 с€. 15.

1 Τοτε προσερχονται τερ Ιησου οξ απο 'Ιεροto the Jesus those from came σολυμων γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, λεγουτες. scribes and Pharisees, saying: salein ² Διατι οί μαθηται σου παραβαινουσι την ⇔'ωρα~ Why the disciples of thee cransgress the Cradiδοσιν των πρεσβυτερων. υυ γαρ :ιπτουται τας elders? not for they ouch tion of the 3°O Se χειρας αὐτων, όταν αρτον εσθιωσιν.

hands ofthem, whenever bread they may eat. He but αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις. Διατι και ύμεις παραsaid to them; Why also you βαινετε την εντολην του θεου, δια την παραthe commandment of the God, through the gress The for Cod has commanded, saying; δοσιν ύμων; of you? "Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα·" και· father and the mother;" and; ec IIc "Honor the 3 μητερα, θανατώ τελευκακολογων πατερα reviling inthor OS. mother death let him °Os αν ειπη τατω." 5 THELS DE DETES die." Whoever may say to the You but say; Δωρους δ εαν εξ εμου πατρε η τη μητρεο father or the A gift, whatever out of mother · ωφεληθης° παι ου μη τιμηση τον πατερα thou mightest be profited; then not not may honor the σύτου * [η τηυ μητερα αύτου.]
of him [or the mother of him.] β Και ηκυρωσατ€ And you annul την εντολην του θεου δια την παραδοσιν ύμων. the commandment of the Goddhrough the tradition of you. Υποκριται, καλως προεφητευσε περι ύμων prophesied O hypocrites, well concerning you

BOAT, did homage to him, saying, ‡"Assuredly, thou art God's Son."

34 ‡ And having passed over they came *to LAND

at Gennesaret.

35 And the MEN of that PLACE recognizing him, sent through All that country, and brought to him ALL the diseased;

36 and implored him, that they might only touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched, were cured.

CHAPTER XV.

1 ‡Then came to Jesus
* Pharisees and Scribes
from Jerusalem, saying,

2 "Why do thy discr-PLES violate the † TEADI-TIONARY PRECEPT of the ELDERS? for they do not wash * their HANDS before Meals."

3 But HE answering, said to them, "Why do You also violate the COMMANDMENT of GOD by YOUR TRADITION?

4 For God *said, 1 Ho'nor father and Moth'er;' and 1 He who Re'viles Father or Mother,
'shall be punished with
'Death.'

5 But **nou** assert, 'If any one say to father or mother, an Offering is that by which thou mightest derive assistance from mc;

6 then *he shall by no means honor his father.'
Thus, by your TRADITION, you annul the *word of God.

7 ‡Hypocrites! well did Isaiah prophesy concerning you, saying,

8 T'This people +[draw

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—34. to LAND at Gennesaret.

Jerusalem. 2. the HANDS. 4. said, 'Honor: Her.' 6. He shall by no means honor his father. Thus. 6. or his мотнев—omit. 6. word.

^{†2.} He that eateth with unwashed hands is guilty of death.—Rabbi Abiba. †8. The words in brackets are found in the prophecy from which they are taken, both in the Hebrew and Septuagint. They are omitted by the Vatican and several other excellent MSS, and 'y some ancient versions. Erasmus, Mill, Drusius, and Bengel, approve of the omission; and Griesbach has left it out of the text. But as they are found in the place from which they are quoted, it has been thought best to insert them in the text.

"The people this with the lips Ήσαιας, λεγων saying; με τιμα ή δε καρδια αυτων πορόω απεχει απ me honor; the but heart of them far off is removed from 9 Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες Without profit but they reverence me, teaching εμου. διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." commandments of men." προσκαλεσαμενος τον οχλον, ειπεν having called the crowd, he said having called the crowd, he saw the crowd, having called the crowd the crow αυτοις. Ακουετε και συνιετε. Hear you and be instructed. Not that entering

το στομα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον· αλλα το εκπορthe mouth pollutes the man; but that proceed-¹² Τοτε προσελθοντες οι μαθηται the disciples ανθρωπον. man. αυτου, ειπον αυτώ. Οιδας, ότι οί Φαρισαιοι, said to him; Knowest thou, that the Pharisees, ακουσαντες τον λογον, εσκανδαλισθησαν; 13'Ο hearing that saying, found a difficulty?

δε αποκριθεις ειπε· Πασα φυτεια, ήν ουκ εφυ-but answering said; Every pantation, which not has τευσεν ὁ πατηρ μου ὁ ουρανιος, εκριζωθησεται. planted the father of me heavenly, shall be rooted up. $^{14} Αφετε αυτους δδηγοι εισι τυφλοι *[τυφλων.]$ Let alone them; guides they are blind [of blind.]

Τυφλος δε τυφλον εαν όδηγη, αμφοτεροι els
Blind and blind if mayleid, both into 15 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος βοθυνον πεσουνται. a pit will fall. Answering and the Peter

ειπεν αυτώ. Φρασον ήμιν την παραβολην ταυτηυ. said to him; Explain to us the comparison this.

16 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Ακμην και ύμεις ασυνέτοι The and Jesus said; Yet also you unintelligen. εστε; 17 Ου* [πω] νοειτε, ότι παν το εισκορουare? Not [yet] perceive you, that all that enterare? Not lyet, percent you, την κοιλιαν χωροί, ομένον εις το στομα, εις την κοιλιαν χωροί, the mouth into the belly passes, και εις αφεδρωνα εκβαλλεται; 13 Τα δε εκπορευ-Those but proceedand into a privy is cast; ομένα $\epsilon \kappa$ του στοματος, $\epsilon \kappa$ της καρδίας $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \rho$ ing out of the mouth, from the heart issues χεται, κακεινα κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. 19 Εκ γαρ From for forth, and they pollute the man. της καρδιας εξερχονται διαλογισμοι πονηροι. comes forth heart purposes evil; φονοι, μοιχειαι, πορνειαι, κλοπαι, ψευδομαρτυnurders, adulteries, fornications, thefts, false testimoριαι, βλασφημιαι. ²⁰Ταυτα εστι τα κοινουντα uics, evilspeakings. These is the (things) polluting τον ανθρωπον· το δε ανιπτοις χερσι φαγειν ου the man; that but with unwashed hands to cat not κοινοι τον ανθρωπον. pollutes the

'nigh to ME with their 'MOUTH, and] honor Me with their LIPS; but 'their heart is far remov-'ed from me.

9 'But in vain do they 'worship me, teaching as 'Doctrines, the Precepts 'of Men.'"

10 And having called the CROWD, he said to them, "Hear, and be instructed:

11 Not THAT ENTER-INC the MOUTH, pollutes the MAN, but THAT PRO-CEEDING from the MOUTH, pollutes the MAN."

12 Then *the DISCIPLES approaching, say to him, "Didst thou observe That the Pharisees were offended, when they heard that saying?"

13 But HE answering, said, "Every Plantation, which my HEAVENLY FA-THER has not planted, shall be extirpated.

14 Leave them; ‡they are blind Guides; and if the Blind lead the Blind, both will fall into the Pit."

15 Then Peter replying, said to him, "Explain to us *that saying.

16 And *HE said, "Are nou also yet without understanding?

17 Do you not perceive, That WHATEVER ENTERS the mouth, passes into the BELLY, and is ejected?

18 But those THINGS PROCEEDING out of the MOUTH, issue from the HEART; and then poliute the MAN.

19 ‡ For out of the HEART proceed iriquitous Designs; - Marders, Adulteries, Fornications, Thefts, false Testimonies, Calumnies.

20 These are the THINGS which POLLUTE the MAN: but to EAT with Unwashed Hands pollutes not the MAN."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. the DISCIPLES approaching, say. 14. of the Blind, -omit. 5. that saving. 16. HE said. 17. yet-omit.

Mark vii. 14. ‡ 14. Isa. ix. 16; Mal. ii. 8; Matt. xxiii. 16; Luke vi 30. ‡ 18. James iii. 6. ‡ 19. Mark vii. 21. 1 10. Mark vii. 14.

🤼 Και εξελθων εκειθεν ὁ Ιησους ανεχωρησεν thence the Jesus and departing withdrew 22 Ka. 1800, εις τα μερη Τυρου και Σιδωνος. hito the confines of Tyre and Sidon. And ko, γυνη Χαναναια, απο των όριων εκεινων εξελθουwoman Canaanitish, of the parts 5hose coming . λεγουσα Ελεησον με, EKOQUYQGEV QU cried out to him, saying; Pit: me, out_ κυριε, υίε Δαυιδ. ή μου κακως δαι τονι-Olord Oson David; the daughter . sadly mo 23 Ο δε ουκ απεκριθη αυτη λογον. (εται. -a8 He but not answered her a -ord. And ized. προσελθοντες οξ μαθηται αυτου, ηρωτων αυτου, coming the disciples of lim, besought. him. λεγοντες. Απολυσον αυτηυ, ότι κραζει οπισθευ Send away her, for she cries at t' a back 24 'O δε αποκριθεις ειπεν· Ουκ απεστα-He but answering said; Not zam ήμων. of us. λην, ει μη εις τα προβατα τα απολωλοτα οικου to the house of sheep the perishing sent, except 25 Ή δε ελθουσα πρησεκυνει αυτη, Ισραηλ. prostrated to his, 26 O δε αποκριθεις Israel. She then corning λεγουσα. Κυριε, βοηθει μοι. He but answ Olord, give aid to me. saying; ειπεν. Ουκ εστι καλον λαβειν το bread of the Not it is right o take the said; 2. Ή δ€ τεκνων, και βαλειν τοις κυναριοις. She but to throw to the dogs. children, and Ναι, κυριε και γαρ τα κυναρια εσθιει Olord; cim: for the dogs eatrot said: . το των ψιχιων των πιπτοντων απο ₹ης τραπε> falling from the the crumbs of the 28 Τοτε αποκριθεις δ των κυριων αύτων. of them. Then masters answering the Ιησους ειπεν αυτ. . Ω γυναι, μεγαλη σου ἡ to her; 0 woman, said great of thee the πιστις γενηθητω σοι, ώς θελεις. Και ιαθη to thee, as thou wilt. And was hoaled let it be ή θυγατηρ αυτης απο της ώρας εκεινης. ofher from the liour daughter that.

29 Και μεταβας εκειτεν δ Ιησους, ηλθε παρα thence the Jesus, departing came την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαιας. και αναβας εις Galilee; of the and ascending into ³⁰ Και προσηλθον αυτφ το ορος, εκαθητο εκει. the mountain, he sat down there. And came $\mu \in \theta$ έαυτων οχλοι πολλοι, εχοντες χωλουs, great, having with them lame. τυφλους, κωφους, κυλλους, και έτερους πολλους. blind. deaf. maimed, and others many: και ερβιψαν αυτους παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου, they laid them at the feet of the Jesus, 31 ώστε τους οχλους και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. he healed them; so that the crowds and θαυμασαι, βλεποντας κωφους λαλουντας, κυλmaimed | beholding speaking, to wonder,

21 And Jesus departing thence, withdrew into the CONFINES of

Tyre and Sidon. 22 And behold, a Canaanitish Woman coming from those PARTS, cried out to him, saying, "Have compassion on me! Master, Son of David! my DAUGHTER is sadly demonized."

23 But he answered her not a Word. And disciples coming, his entreated him, saying, "Dismiss her; For she cries after us."

24 But HE answering, said, t"I am only sent to the PERISHING SHEEP of the Stock of Israel."

25 Yet advancing, SHE prostrated to him, saying, "O Master, help me!"

26 But HE answering, said, "It is not proper to take the CHILDREN'S BREAD, and throw it to † the DOGS." 27 But she said, "I be-

seech thee, Sir; for even the pogs eat THOSE CRUMBS which from their MASTERS' TABLE."

28 Then Jesus answering, said to her, "O Woman! great is Thy ing, FAITH; be it to thee as thou desirest." And her DAUGHTER was cured very from that MO-MENT

29 And Jesus, having left that place, came to the LAKE of GALI-LEE; and ascending the MOUNTAIN sat down there.

30 And great Crowds came to him, bringing with them the lame, *the torippled, the blind, the deaf, and many others, and laid them at *his feet, and he cured them:

31 so that the crowds beheld, with wonder, the Deaf *hearing, the Crippled restored, the Lame

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. crippled, blind, deaf, and. 30. his feet. 31. hearing. word kullos, properly signifies, one whose hand or arm has been cut off; (see Mark ix. 43.) but it is sometimes applied to those who were only disabled in those parts. To supply a lost 'imb was a creation, and therefore an astonishing miracle.

^{\$ 24.} Matt. x. 6; Acts iii. 26; Rom. xv. 8. \$ \frac{1}{2} \text{X}. Isa. xxxv-5.6. 1 21. Mark vii. 24.

λους δγιεις, χωλους περιπατουντας, και τυφλους and sound. walking, blind βλεποντας· και εδοξασαν τον θεον Ισραηλ. 32 'Ο and they glorified the God of Israel. The δε Ιησους, προσκαλεσαμενος τους μαθητας αύthe disciples then Jesus, having called of Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον, ότι του, ειπε. I have compassion on the crowd, for $\stackrel{\star}{\pi}$ [ηδη] ήμεραι τρεις, προσμενουσι μοι, και ουκ [already] days three, they have remained with me, and not εχουσι τι φαγωσι και απολυσαι αυτουs they have any thing they may eat; and to send away them νης τεις ου θελω, μηποτε εκλυθωσιν εν τη όδφ. lest they may faint in the way. fasting not I will, 33 Και λεγουσιν αυτφ οί μαθηται αύτου. Ποθεν And they say to him the disciples of him; ήμιν εν ερημια αρτοι τοσουτοι, ώστε χορτασαι to us in a desert place loaves so many, so as to satisfy 34 Και λεγει αυτοις ὁ Ιησους· οχλου τοσουτον; And says to them the Jesus; a crowd so great? Ποσους αρτους εχετε; Οί δε ειπον Έπτα, και How many loaves have you? They and said; Seven, and 35 Και εκελευσε τοις οχλοις ολιγα ιχθυδια. And he directed a few small fishes. the crowds 35 Και λαβωυ τους σναπεσειν επι την γην. to recline upon the ground, And taking έπτα αρτους και τους ιχθυας, ευχαριστησας and the fishes. giving thanks εκλασε και εδωκε τοις μαθηταις αύτου, οί δε he broke and he gave to the disciples of him, the and ³⁷ Και εφαγον παντες, και μαθηται τφ οχλφ. disciples to the crowd. And they ate all, εχορτασθησαν και ηραν το περισσευον των were filled; and they took up that over and above of the 38 Οί δ€ **κλ**ασματων, έπτα σπυριδας πληρεις. fragments, seven large baskets full. εσθιοντες ησαν τετρακισχιλιοι ανδρες, χωρις eating were four thousand besides γυναικών και παιδιών. women and children.

³⁹ Και απολυσας τους οχλους, he went into And having sent away the crowds, το πλοιον, και ηλθεν εις τα όρια Μαγδαλα. the ship, and came to the coasts of Magdala. and 1 Και προσελθοντες οί Φαρισαιοι КЕФ. is'. 16. And coming the Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιοι, πειραζοντες επηρωτησαν αυτον, aud Sadducees. they asked him, tempting σημειον εκ του ουρανου επιδειξαι αυτοις. asign from the to them. , heaven toshow

walking, and the Blind seeing; and they glorified the God of Israel.

32 ‡Then JESUS having called his DISCIPLES, said. "I have compassion on the crowd, because they have continued with mo three Days, and have nothing to eat; and I do not wish to dismiss them fasting, lest they should faint on the ROAD."

33 And his disciples say to him, ‡"How can we get so many Loaves in a Desert-place, to satisfy such a Crowd?"

34 And JESUS says to then, "How many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven, and a Few Small fishes."

35 Then he commanded the PEOPLE to recline on

the GROUND;

36 and taking the sev-IN Loaves and the FISH. and broke them, and gave to his disciples, and the DISCIPLES distributed to the crown.

37 And they all ate and were satisfied; and of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS they gathered Seven large † Baskets full.

38 Now they who had EATEN were * about Four thousand Men, besides Women and Children.

39 ‡ And having dismissed the CROWDS, he went into the BOAT, and came to the † coast of * Magdala.

CHAPTER XVI.

1 Then the PHARI-SEES and SADDUCEES drew near, and tempting asked him to show them a Sign from HEAVEN.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. already-omit. Lachmann and Tischendorf.

^{38.} about.

^{39.} Magadan-so also

^{†37.} Baskets of larger capacity than the wicker baskets mentioned in Chap. xiv. 20—large enough to contain a man's body. See Acts ix. 25. †39. The modern name is Ard el. Meydel, field or coast of Mejdel. Mejdel, from which the plain takes its name, is a paltry village, about an hour from Tiberias, near where a line of high rocks overhangs the lake. This 'as the ancient Magdala, called in Mark viii. 10, Dalmanutha; the birth place of that N'ary, out of whom were expelled seven demons.

^{1 32.} Mark viii. 1. 1 86. Mark viii, 10.

^{‡ 33. 2} Kings iv 43. ‡ 1. Matt. xii. 38.

ε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις: *[Οψιας γενομενης, said to them, *["In the Evening, you say, 'It will be Fair weather, you say; Fair weather; reddens for the heaven. And Σημερον χειμων πυρραζει γαρ στυγin the morning; To-day astorm: is red for low-Υποκριται, το μεν προσωπον να ζων δ ουρανος. ring the heaven. Hypocrites, the truly face του ουρανου γινωσκετε διακρινειν, τα δε σημεια the but signs you know to judge, των καιρων ου δυνασθε;] 4 Γενεα πονηρα και of the times not can you?] A generation evil and ...οιχαλις σημειον επιζητει και σημειον ου δοseeks; and a sign not shal * Tou θησεται αυτη, ει μη το σημειον Ιωνα to her, except the sign of Jonas [the K_{GB} καταλιπων αυτους, απηλθε. προφητου. And leaving them, he went away. prophet.] 5 Και ελθοντες οί μαθηται αυτου εις το περαν. of him to the other side the disciples 6 Ο δε Ιησους ειπει επελαθοντο αρτους λαβειν. The and Jesus had forgotten loaves to take. αυτοις. 'Ορατε και προσεχετε απο της ζυμης take heed of the leaven to them; Look and των Φαρισαιων και Ξαδδουκαιων. 7 Οί δε διελοof the Pharisees and Sadducees. They and 708γιζοντο εν έαυτοις, λεγοντες. 'Οτι αρτους ουκ Because loaves soned among themselves, saving; not ελαβομεν. 8 Γνους δε ό Ιησους ειπεν. Τι διαwe have brought. Knowing and the Jesus said; Why reaλογιζεσθε εν έαυτοις, ολιγοπιστοι, ότι αρτους son you among yours so, O you of weak faith, because loaves son you ουκ *[ελαβετε;] η Ουπω νοειτε, ουδε μνημον-[you have brought?] Not yet perceive you, nor romemευετε τους πεντε αργους των πεντακισχιλιων.
ber you the five losses of the five-thousand 10 Ουδε τους ποσους κοφινους ελαβετε; you took up? Nor how many haskets the έπτα αρτους των τετρακισχιλιων, και ποσας of the four thousand, and how many 11 Πως ου νοειτε, ότι ου σπυριδας ελαβετε; Why not do you perceive, that not large baskets you took up? περι αρτου ειπον ύμιν προσεχειν απο της ζυμης about bread I spoke to you to take heed of the leaven 12 Τοτε συτων φαρισαιων και Σαδδουκαιων; they of the Pharisees and Sadducees? Then νηκαν, δτι ουκ ειπε προσεχειν απο της ζυμης understood, that not he did say beware of the leaven του αρτου, αλλ' απο της διδαχης των Φαρισαιων of the bread, but of the doctrine of the Pharisees και Σαδδουκαιων.

for the sky is red;'

3 and in the Morning, 'There will be a Storm To-day, for the sky is red and lowering.' Hypocrites! you can correctly judge as to the APPEARANCE ofsky, but cannot discern the signs of the times.

4 ; A wicked and faith-Generation less mands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it. except the SIGN of Jonah." And leaving them, he went away.

5 : Now, *the Disci-PLES passing to the OTH-ER SIDE, had forgotten to take Loaves with them.

6 And Jesus said to them, t"Observe, and beware of the LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and Sadducees."

7 And THEY reasoned among themselves, say-ing, "Because we have brought no Loaves."

8 But Jesus knowing it, said, "O you distrustful! Why do you reason among yourselves, Beyou have cause Bread.

9 Do you not yet perceive, or recollect the FIVE Loaves of the FIVE-THOUSAND, How many Baskets you took up?

10 nor the SEVEN Loaves of the FOUR THOUSAND, and How THOUSAND, and How many large Baskets you

took up.
11 How is it that you do not comprehend, That I spoke not to you about Bread, *but beware you of the LEAVEN

of the PHARISEES and Sadducees?"

12 Then they under-stood That he did not tell them to beware of the LEAVEN of BREAD, but of the DOCTRINE of the *Sadduckes and Pharisees.

Sadducees.

4. the PROPHET-omit. 5. the DISCIP_ES. 12. SADDUCKES and Pharisees.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2 and 3-omit. 11. but beware you of. 8. brought-omit.

^{1 4.} Matt. xii. 39. 2 5. Mark vini. 14.

^{1 9.} Matt. ziv. 17 t 6. Luke xii. 1.

13 Ελθων δε δ Ιησους εις τα μερη Καισαρειας Coming end the Jesus into the parts της Φιλιππου, πρωτα τους μαθητας αύτου, λε-Philip, disciples of him, sayof the asked the γων Τινα με λεγουσιν οί ανθρωποι ειναι, τον ing; Who me nav tne inen to be, 14 Οί δε ειπον. Oi $\mu \in \nu$, υίον του ανθρωπου; Theg and said; son of the man? Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην· αλλοι δε, Ηλιαν· έτεροι dipper; others and, Elias; others $15 \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ [']Iερεμιαν, η ένα των προφητων.

Jeremias, or one of the prophets. Hesays αυτοις. Ύμεις δε τινα με λεγετε ειναι; 16 Αποκ-You but who me say to be? ριθεις δε Σιμων Πετρος ειπε. Συ ει δ Χριστος, vering the Simon Peter said; Thou art the Anointed, 17 Και αποκριθεις δ υίος τον θεου του ζωντος. the son of the God the living. answering δ Ιησους ε τεν αυτώ. Μακαριος ει, Σιμων βαρ the Jesus said so him; art thou, Simon son Blessed Ιωνα· ότι σαρέ και αίμα ουκ απεκαλυψε σοι, it has revealed to thee, of Jonas; for flesh and blood not 18 Καγω αλλ' δ πατηρ μου, δ εν τοις ουρανοις. but the father of me, that in the heavens. δε σοι λεγω, ότι συ ε. Πετρος, και επι ταυτη and to thee say, that thoz a t a rock, and upon τη πετρά οικοδομησω μου την εκκλησιαν, και •he rock I will build of me the church, has 19 Kat πυλαι 'αδου ου κατισχυσουοιν αυτης. gates of hades not shall prevail against δωσω σοι τας κλεις της βασιλειας των ου-I will give to thee the keys of the kingdom ρανων και δ εαν δησης ENI THE YMS, ETTAL and whatever thou mayest bing upon the earth, shall be vens; δεδεμενον εν τοις ουρανοις, και ό εαν λυσης in the heavens; and whatever thou mayest loose επι της γης, εσται λελυμενον εν τοις ουρανοις.

upon the earth, shall be loosed in the

 20 Τοτ ϵ δι ϵ στ ϵ ιλατο τοις μαθητlphaις α $rak{h}$ του, iνα Then he charged the disciples of him, μη ενι ειπωσιν ότι αυτος εστιν δ Χριστος. no one they should tell that he is the Anointed.

²¹ Απο τοτε ηρξατο δ Ιησους δεικνυειν τοις From that time began the Jesus to show to the

13 And JESUS coming into the Parts of † Cesarea Philippi, questioned his DISCIPLES, saying, t" Who do FEN say that *the son of man is?"

14 And THEY replied, "Some, John the IMMER-SER; *some, Elijah; and others, Jeremiah, or one of the PROPHETS."

15 He says to them, "But who do nou say that I am?"

16 Simon Peter answering, said, ‡"Thou art the CHRIST, the son of the

LIVING God."

17 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Happy art thou, Simon, son of Jonah; for Flesh and Blood has not revealed this to thee, but THAT FATHER of mine in the * Heavens.

18 Moreover, I also say to thee, That thou art ‡a Rock, and on this BOCK I will build My CHURCH, and the Gates of Hades shall not triumph over it.

19 And I will give thee tthe KEYS . the KING. DOM of the HEAVENS; i and whatever th .u shalt bind on the EARTH, shall be bound in the HEAV-ENS; and whatever thou shalt loose on the EARTH, shall be loosed in the HEAVENS."

20 ‡Then he commanded * the disciples that they should tell no one. that he is the MESSIAH.

21 From that time, JEsus began to disclose to

† 13. Mark viii. 27; Luke ix. 18. † 18. John i. 42. † 18. Eph. 30. Matt. vvii. 9: Namulii. 30; Luke ix. 21. † 16. Mark viil. 29; Luke ix 20; John i. 40; vi. 69; † 18. Eph. ii. 20. † 19. Matt. _:iii. 18; John x. 23

20 the DISCIPLES.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. the son of MAN is?

^{17.} Heavens. 14. SOME.

^{† 13.} This town was near to the spring-head of the Jordan, and was built by Philip, tetrarch of Galilee, in honor of Tiberius Casar; and to distinguish it from the sea-port town of Cesarea, mentioned frequently in the Acts of the Apostles, it was called Cesarea Philippi. See Josephus, Ant. xviii. 2, 1, and xx. 8, 4. † 18. Parkhurst says, "This expression seems allusive to the form of the Jewish sepulchres, which were large subterraneous caves, with a narrow mouth or entrance, many of which are to be found in Judea, to this day. The LXX render the corresponding phrase from the Heb. of Isa, xxxviii. 10, the gates of the sepulchre. The full meaning of our Lord's promise seems to be, that his church on earth, however persecuted and distressed, should never fail till the consummation of all things, and should then, at the resurrection of the just, finally trumph over death and the grave." Compare 1 Cor. xv. 54, 55. † 19. It is said, that when the Jews made a man a doctor of the law, they used to put into his hands the key of the closet in the temple, where the sacred books were deposited, and also tablets to write upon; signifying that they gave him authority to teach and to explain the scriptures and law of God to the people.

μαθηταις αύτου, ότι δει αυτον απελθειν εις 'Ιεροof him, that must he to go Jeruto disciples συλυμα, και πολλα παθειν απο των πρεσβυτεand many (things) to suffer from the alem, ρων και αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκand high-priests and scribes, and to he 22 Kat τανθηναι, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι. to be raised. day And and the third προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πετρος, ηρξατο επιτιμαν him the Peter, began taking aside λεγων· 'Ίλεως σοι, κυριε' ου μη εσται saying; Be it far from thee, Olord; not not shall be υτο. 23 'Ο δε στραφεις ειπε τω Πετρω· αυτώ, λεγων turning said to the Peter; He hut to thee this "Επαγε οπισω μου, σατανα" σκανδαλον of me, adversary; a stumbling-block of me Go thou behind τα του θεου, αλλα τα ει ότι ου φρυνεις thou art; for not thou regardest the (things) of the God, but those των ανθρωπων. 24 Τοτε ὁ Ιησους ειπε τοις μαsaid to the Then the Jesus men. θηταις αύτου. Ει τις θελει οπισω μου ελθειν, othim; It any one wish after me to come, ciples απαρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον himself, and let him hear the let him deny 25 'Os γαρ αν αύτου, και ακολουθειτω μοι. Whoever for follow me. of him, and θελη την ψυχην αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην. may wish the life of him to save, shall lose her; δ αν απολεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν mad may lose the life of him on account whoever and ²⁶ Τι γαρ ωφελειται αν-What for is profited a εμου, εύρησει αυτην. of ma shall find her. $\theta \rho \omega \kappa$ ς, $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ τον κοσμον όλον $\kappa \epsilon \rho \delta \eta \sigma \eta$, την $\delta \epsilon$ and if the world whole he may win, the and ψυχην αύτου ζημιωθη; η τι δωσει ανθρωπος ot him he may forfeit? or what shall give ανταλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου; 27 Μελλει γαρ in exchange for the life of him? Is about for δ vios του ανθρωπου ερχεσθαι εν τη δοξη του to come in the glory of the the son of the man πατρος αύτου, μετα των αγγελων αύτου, και with the messengers of him, and έκαστω κατα την πραξιν αποδωσει TOTE

of him.

28 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εισι τινες των ὧδε έστωIndeed I say to you, there are some of those here having
των, οἶτινες ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν
stood, who not not shall taste of death, till
ιδωσι τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν τη
they may see the son of the man coming in the
βασιλεια αὐτου. ΚΕΦ. ιζ΄. 17. ¹ Και μεθ'
royal majesty of him.
Απα after
ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει δ Ιησους τον Πετρον,

he will render to each one according to the

then αυτου.

days six takes the Jesus the Peter, kai $I\alpha\kappa\omega\beta\rho\nu$, kai $I\omega\alpha\nu\nu\eta\nu$ $\tau\rho\nu$ a $\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\rho\nu$ autov and James. and John the brother of him;

his disciples, ‡ That he must go to Jerusalem, and suffer much from the ELDERS, and High-priests, and Scribes, and be killed, and that on the THIRD Day he must be raised up.

22 And Peter taking him aside, and *rebuking him, said, "Be this far from thee, Master; this shall not be to thee."

23 But he turning said to Peter, "Get thee behind me, Adversary; thou art a Stumbling-block to me; for thou regardest not the Things of God, but those of Men."

24 Then Jesus said to his disciples, ‡"If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his cross, and follow me.

25 ‡For whoever would save his LIFE, shall lose it; and whoever loses his LIFE on my account, shall find it.

26 For what is a Man profited if he should gain the whole WORLD, and forfeit his life? or what will ‡a man give in Ransom for his life?

27 For the son of MAN is about to come in the GLORY of his FATHER, with his ANGELS; and then he will recompense to each one according to his conduct.

28 ‡Indeed I :ay to you, * That there are some of those STANDIN here, who will not taste of Death, till they see the ON of MAN coming in his ROYAL MAN-JESTY."

CHAPTER XVII.

1 ‡And after six days, JESUS took PETER. James, and John the BROTHER of James, and privately con-

behavior

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. rebuking him, said.

^{28.} That there are.

^{† 21.} Matt xvii. 22; xx. 17; Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22, 44; xviii. 31; xxiv. 6, 7.

† 24. Matt. x. 38; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; xiv. 27. † 25. Luke xvii 33; John xii. 20.

† 26. Psa. xlix. 7, 8. † 27, Matt. xxv. 31—46; Mark viii. 38; Luke ix. 26. † 28 Mark

† 1. Mark ix. 2; Luke ix. 28.

και αναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ' ιδιαν. and leads up them into a mountain high privately. Kat μετεμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων, και And he was transfigured in the presence of them, and ελαμψε το προσωπον αυτου ώς δ ήλιος τα δε shone the face of him as the sun; the and ίματια αυτου εγενετο λευκα ώς το φως. garments of him became wante as the light. ιδου, ωφθησαν αυτοις Μωσης και Ηλιας, μετ' io, sppeared to them Moses and Elias, 4 Απυκριθεις δε δ Πετρος αυτου συλλαλουντες. talking. Ausaering and ins Peter ειπε τω Ιησου Κυριε, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε said to the Jesus; Olord, good it is us here ειναι ει θελεις, ποιησωμεν ώδε τρεις σκηνας, to be; if thou wit, we may make nere three tents, σοι μιαν, και Μωση μιαν, και μιαν Ηλια. to thee one, and Moses one, and one Elias. Stul αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, νεφελη φωτος επεσlo, a cloud ·reaking, of light κιαπεν αυτους και ιδου, φωνη εκ της νεφελης, shadowed them and in, a once out of the cloud, λεγουσα "Ούτος εστιν δ υίος μου δ αγαπητος, saying, "This is the son of inc the beloved, εν 'φ ευδοκησα' αυτου ακουετε." 6 Και ακου-in whom t dengat, of tim Learyou." And having σαντες οί μαθηται, επεσον επι προσωπον αύτων, heard the disciples, they lett upon face και εφοβηθησαν σφοδρα. $\overline{}$ Και προσελθων $\overline{}$ and were trigatened greatly. And coming near the Ιησους, ήψατο αυτων, και ειπεν. Εγερθητε, και Jesus, touched them, and said; Be you raised, and μη φοβεισθε. 8Επαραντες δε τους οφθαλμουςLifting up then the αίτων, ουδενα ειδον, ει μη τον Ιησουν μονον. fthem, no one they saw, except the Jesus alone. And descending of them, from the mountain, ενετειλατο αυτοις δ Ιησους, λεγων Μηδενι ειcharged them the Jesus, saying; Το no one you πητε το δραμα, έως ού δ υίος του ανθρωπου εκ may tell the vision, till the son of the νεκρων αναστη.

ducted them up a lofty Mountain:

2 and he was transformed in their presence. his face shone as the sun, and his garments became white as the LIGHT.

3 And behold, Moscs and Elijah appeared to them, conversing with him.

4 Then PETER addressing JESUS, said, "Master, it is good for us to be here; it thou wilt, *I will make here three Booths; one for thee, one tor Moses, and one for Lipah."

5 While he was speaking, behold, ‡a Cloud of light covered them; and behold, a voice from the CLOUD, declaring, ‡"This is my son, the BELOVED, in whom I delight; hear him!"

6 And the DISCIPLES having heard it, tell on their Faces, and were greatly trightened.

7 And JESUS approaching, ‡touched them, and said, "Arise, and be not afraid."

8 Then raising their eyes, they saw no one, except Jesus.

9 ‡ And as they were descending the MOUNTAIN, JESUS commanded them, saying lell the VISION to no one. till the SON of MAN be risen from the Dead.

10 And the DISCIPLES asked lum, saving t'Why then do the SCRIBES Sa That Elijah must firs come?"

11 *HE answering, said, "Elijah indeed * comes, and will restore all things.

12 But I say to you, 1 That Ehjah has already come, and they did not recognize him, but have done to him whatever they wished. Thus also

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. I will make here three Booths. 11. comes, and will restore.

^{11.} He answering

^{† 5. 2} Peter i. 17; Matt. iii. 17; Mark i. 11; Luke iii. 22. † 7. Dan. viii. 18; x. 9, 10, 18; Rev. 1. 17. † 9. Mark ix. 9. † 10. Mal. iv. 5. † 12. Matt. xt. 14; Mark ix. 12, 13.

the Jesus, and came out

with και δ vids του αντρωπου μελλει πασχειν thus also the son of the man is about to suffer $\dot{\nu}\pi$ αυτων. 13 Τοτε συνηκαν οί μαθηται, ότι by them. The understood the disciples, that περι Ιωαννου του βαπτιστου ειπεν αυτοις. concerning John the dipper he spoke to them.

14 Και ελθοντων αυτών προς τον οχλον, προσ-Aud having come of them to the crowd,

15 Kal ηλθεν αυτις ανθρωπος, γονυπετων αυτον, a man, knec-falling him, and λεγων· Κυριε, ελεησον μου τον υίον· ότι σελη-Olord, have pity on of me the son; he is saying; και κακως πασχει. πολλακις γαρ νια(εται, and sadly suffers; often for moou-struck, πιπτει εις το πυρ, και πολλακις εις το ύδωρ. and often into the he falls into the fire, 16 Και προσηνεγκα αυτον τοις μαθηταις σου, και

to the disciples of thee, and I brought him 17 **Αποκρι**ουκ ηδυνηθησαν αυτον θεραπευσαι. not they were able him to heal. Answer-CEIS SE & INTOUS EITEV. Ω γενεα απιστος καιing and the O generation unfaithful Jesus said; and ποτε εσομαι μεθ των:
when; shall be with you? διεστραμμενη. έως having heen perverted; till έως ποτε ανεξομαι ύμων; φερετε μοι αυτον ώδε. till when shall I bear you? bring you to me him 18 Και επετιμησεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, και εξηλθεν,

him

rebuked

And

αυτου το δαιμονιον· και εθεραπευθη δ παις and was cured the boy the demon: 19 Τοτε προσελθοντες απο της ώρας εκεινης. Then from the hour οί μαθηται τω Ιησου κατ' ιδιαν, ειπον. Διατι said; 20°Ο δε himself, the disciples to the Jesus by ήμεις ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; The and were able it? not to cast out Δια την απιστιαν ύμων. Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Jesus said to them; On account of the unbelief of you. Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, εαν εχητε πιστινώς κοκ-Indeed for Isay to you, if you have faith as a κον σιναπεως, ερειτε τω ορει τουτω. Μεταgrain of mustard, you will say to the mountain ; this Emoved from here there, and it will remove; removed from here there, and it will remove from here there is not the second from here there is not the here. βηθι εντευθεν εκει, και μεταβησεται και ουδεν εκπορεύεται, ει μη εν προσευχή και νήστεια.

if not in prayer goes out, 22 Αναστρεφομενων δε αυτων εν τη Γαλιλαια, Were traveling and of them in the ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Μελλει δ υίος του αν-Is about the son of the is χειρας ανθρωπων, said to them the Jesus; θρωπου παραδιδοσθαι ELS hands of men. to be delivered up into 💯 και αποκτενουσιν αυτον· και τη τριτη ήμερα they will kill hlm; and the Και ελυπηθησαν σφοδρα. εγερθησεται. they were grieved exceedingly. he will be raised. And

the son of MAN is abras to suffer by them."

13 Then the DISCIPLES understood That he spoke to them concerning John the IMMERSER.

14 ‡ And they having come to the CROWD, a Man came to him. kneeling and saying,

15 "O Sir, have compassion on My son; for he is a lunatic, and *sickly; for he frequently falls into the FILE, and frequently into the WATER.

16 And I brought him

16 And I brought him to thy disciples, but they could not cure Him."

17 Then JESUs answering said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I endure you? bring him here to me."

18 And Jesus rebuked him, and the demon came out of him; and the box was restored from that.

19 Then the disciples coming to Jesus privately, said, "Why were me not able to cast it out?"

20 And * HE says to them, "On account of your *LITTLE-FAITH; For indeed I say to you, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{If you have Faith, as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this MOUNTAIN, Remove there from here, and it would remove; and nothing would be impossible to you."

21 *†[This KIND, however, goes not out but by Prayer and Fasting."]

22 † Now while they were traveling in GALI-LEE, JESUS said to them, "The son of MAN is about to be delivered up into the Hands of Men;

23 and they will kill him, and the THIED Day he will *rise. And they were exceedingly grieved.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. sickly. 20. HE says. 20. LITTLE-FAITH. 21.-omit. 23. rise.

^{† 21.} This verse is wanting in the Coptic, Ethiopic, Syriac hieros, and in one Itala MSS.

† 14. Mark ix. 14; Luke ix. 37.

† 20. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xi. 23; Luke xxii. 6; 1 Cor
xiii. 2. † 22. Matt. xxi. 21; xx. 18; Mark ix. 30, 31; Luke ix. 44.

24 Ελθοντων Καπερναουμ, δε αυτων εις Having arrived and of them at Capernaum, προσηλθον οί τα διδραχμα λαμβανοντες τφ came those the receiving to the didrachmas Πετρω, και ειπου Ο διδασκαλος ύμων ου τελει
Peter, and said; The teacher of you not pays and said; The 25 Λεγει Naι. Yes. τα διδραχμα, Και ότε εισηλthe didrachmae? And whea he was θεν εις την οικιαν, προεφθασεν αυτον δ Ιησους, him the Jesus, come into the house, anticipated λεγων Τι λεγων· Τι σοι δοκει, Σιμων; saying; Which to thee seems right, Simon? Οἱ βασιλεις The της γης απο τινων λαμβανουσι τελη η κηνσον; of the earth from whom do they take taxes or census? and two viwe autwey, η and two allothins; from the sons of them, or from the aliens? $^{26}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota$ autwe δ $\Pi\epsilon\tau\rho\sigmas$. And two allothing the Peter, From the aliens.

Αραγε ελευθεροι εισιν οί Then exempt are the Εφη αυτώ δ Ιησους. Says to him the Jesus, 27 Ίνα δε μη σκανδαλισωμεν viol. aurous, That but not we may offend them. πορευθεις εις την θαλασσαν, βαλε αγκιστρον, going to the sea, cast thou και τον αναβαντα πρωτον ιχθυν αρον και ανοιfish take up; and openand the ascending first ξας το στομα αυτου, εύρησεις στατηρα· εκεινον ing the mouth of him, thou wilt find a stater; λαβων, δος αυτοις αντι εμου και σου. give to them for me and thee.

КЕФ. ιη'. 18.

Το εκεινή τη ώρα προσηλθον οἱ μαθηται τω In that the hour came the disciples to the Iησου, λεγοντες. Τις αρα μειζων εστιν εν τη Josus, agying; Who then greater is in the kingdom of the heavens? Απα προσκαλεσαμενος kingdom of the heavens? Απα having called \mathbf{b} Ιησους παιδιον εστησεν αυτο εν μεσω αυτων,

δ Ιησους παιδιον εστησεν αυτο εν μεσφ αυτων, the denus elittle chi'd placed it in midst of them, 3 και ειπεν· Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη στραφητε and said; Indeed I say to you, if not you be changed και γενησθε ώς τα παιδια, ον μη εισελθητε εις and become as the little children, not not you may enter into την βασιλειαν των ουρανων. 4 Οστις our the kingdom of the heavens. Whoever therefore

24‡And having arrived at Capernaum, the COL-LECTORS of † DIDRACHMS came to Peter, and said, "Does not your TEACHER pay the DIDRACHMS?"

25 He says, "Yes." And when *they were come into the House, Jesus anticipated him, saying, "What is thy opinion, Simon? From whom do the KINGS of the EARTH take Tax or Census? from their own sons, or from OTHEES?"

26 *And when he said, "Of others," Jesus says, "The sons then are ex-

empt.

27 But lest we should offend them, go to the LAKE, throw a Hook, and take the first FISH COM-ING UP, and opening its MOUTH, thou wilt find ta Stater; take That, and give it to them, for me and thee."

CHAPTER XVIII.

1 * And at That TIME the DISCIPLES came to JESUS, saying, ‡"Who then is greatest in the KINGDOM of the HELV-ENS?"

2 And *he having called a Little child, placed him in the Midst of them,

3 and said, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ Unless you be changed, and become as LITTLE CHILDREN, you will never enter the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS.

4 Whoever, therefore,

[°] Vatican Manuscrift.—25. they were come. 28. And when he said, "Of отневь," esus says. 1. And at. 2. he having called.

^{† 24.} A half shekel, in value about 30 cents, or 1s. 3d. It appears from Exodus xxx. 13, 14, that every male among the Jews, of twenty years old and upwards, was commanded to give a certain sum every year, as an offering to the Lord, for the service of the temple at Jerusalem. Scott refers to Jos. Ant. xviii. 9, 1, to show that the Jews continued to send the same sum every year, wherever they lived; which Philo too particularly mentions, de Monarch, ii. 63s, ed. col. "Sums of money, on account of the Jews, were carried every year out of Italy and all your provinces to Jerusalem." Cic. pro Flac. 8. "Every Jew, despising the religion of the country in which he lived, sent his donations and tribute to Jerusalem and the temple." Tac. Hist. lib. 5. Josephus (B. J. vii. 27) says, "the Roman emperor Vespasian amposed upon every Jew the same contribution for the Capitol, as they had before paid to the Temple." "Itus imposed on them a yearly tribute of a didrachm to Capitoline Jupi-ter." Xiphil. Dion. lib. lxvi. These tribute gatherers must have been sent by the superintendents of the Temple, and have acted by the authority of the high priest; for the force of our Lord's argument depends upon this particular.—Wakefield.

† 27. A shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value about 60 cents, or 2s. 0d., at 5s. per ounce.

^{1 24.} Mark ix. 33. 11. Mark ix. 33; Luke ix. 46; xxii. 24. 25. Matt. xix. 145 Mark ix. 55: Luke xvii 17: 1 Cor. xiv 20; 1 Peter ii. 2.

ταπεινωση έαυτον ως το παιδιον τουτο, οίτος may humble himself as the little child this, he εστιν ό μειζων εν τη βασιλεια των ουρανων. Και δς εαν δεξηται παιδιον τοιουτον έν επε τφ And whoever may receive a little child such one on the 6 'Ος δ' αν σκανδαονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται. Who but ever name of me, me receives. λιση ένα των μικρων τουτων, των πιστευοντων snare one of the little-ones these, of the εις εμε, συμφερει αυτω, ίνα κρεμασθη μυλοs into me, it is appropriate to him, that should be hung a millstone ονικος επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και καταπονhe should be of hun, and on the neck upper τισθη εν τω πελαγει της θαλασσης. in the depth of the sea.

7 Ουαι τω κοσμώ απο των σκανδαλων. Αναγ-Woe to the world from the Necessnares. κη γαρ εστιν ελθειν τα σκανδαλα. πλην ουαι to come the snares; but sary for it is ανθρωπω εκεινω δι' σκανδαλον ού το to that through whom the spare tothe 8 E1 Et $\delta \epsilon$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\chi \epsilon \rho$ σov η $\dot{\delta}$ πovs σov If therefore the hand of thee or the foot of thee ερχεται. comes. σκανδαλιζει σε, εκκοψον αυτα, και βαλε απο thee, them, and cast from cut off σου καλον σοι εστιν εισελθειν εις την (ωην into she life thee; good to thee to enter 1t 18 χωλον η κυλλον, η δυο χειρας η lame or a cripple, than two hands or δυο ποδας feet εχοντα βληθηναι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον. having to be cast into the fire the age-lasting. ει ό οφθαλμος σου σκανδαλιζει σε, εξελε αυτον, thee, tear out of thee insnares it. και βαλε απο σου καλον σοι εστι μονοφθαλμον good to thee it is one-eyed from thee, εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα to enter, than two having eyes into the 10 °Ορατε, βληθηναι εις την γεενναν του πυρος. to be cast into the Gehenna of the fire. See, μη καταφρονησητε ένος των μικρων **ΤΟ**υΤων° one of the little-ones you may despise these; not λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι οἱ αγγελοι αυτων εν I say for to you, that the wessengers of them in ουραheaδιαπαντος βλεπουσι 70 προσωπον TOU vois face of the perpetually se€ the vens * Γ^{11} Ηλθε γαρ δ πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. father of me, that in heavens. [Is come vios του ανθρωπου σωσαι το απολωλος.] for the 12 Tt to save the having been lost.] son of the man

may humble himself like this LITTLE CHILD, he will be the GREATEST in the KINGDOM of the HEA-VENS.

5 # And whoever may receive one such Little child in my NAME, re-

ceives Me.

6 I But whoever shall insnare one of the LEAST of these who believe in me, it would be better for him that an †upper Mill. stone were hanged about his NECK, and that he were sunk in the DEPTH of the SEA.

7 Alas for the WORLD. because of SNARES! for it must be that SNARES come; but alas for that MAN through whom the

SNARE comes.

8 1 If, then, thy HAND or thy FOOT msnare thee, cut it off, and throw it away; it is better for thee to enter LIFE * crippled or lame, than having Two Hands or Two Feet, to be cast into the † AIONIAN FIRE.

9 And if thine EVE insnare thee, pluck it out, and throw it away; it is better to enter LIFE oneeyed, than having Two Eyes to be cast into the BURNING OF GEHENNA.

10 Take care, that you do not despise one of the LEAST of these; for I as. sure you, that I their AN-GELS in * the HEAVENS continually behold FACE OF THAT FATHER OF mine in the Heavens.

11 * † # FFor the son of MAN is come to save THAT What which was LOST.]

† 5. Matt. x 42, Luke ix 48, 26, 45, Mark ix 45, 45, † 1 1 8. Matt. v.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-8. crippled or lame. See also Lachmann and Tischendorf.

^{10.} the HEAVENS.

^{† 6.} A mill-stone turned by an ass, and consequently much larger than one turned by the hand. The punishment of death by drowning, though not in use by the Jews, was so among the surrounding nations. It seems to have grown into a proverb for dreadful and inevitable ruin.

18. Aioonion. This word is the adjective of aioon, age, and as we have no the surrounding initions. It seems to have grown thing provers of dreading and inevitable ruin.

† 8. Aloxation. This word is the adjective of aloom, age, and as we have no word in English which exactly conveys the idea attached to it in the original, it has been left untranslated. The adjective form of the word, however, cannot rise higher in meaning than the noun from which it is derived, and must always be governed by it. See Note on Matt. xii. 40, and Appendix.

† 11. This verse is omitted in the Vaticam and several other MSS, and marked as doubtful by Gricsback. In Boothroyd's translation it is appended to the fourteenth verse, as making a better connection.

buis δοκει ! Fear γενηται τινι ανθρωπφ έκατον to you seems right! it should have any man a hundred προβατα, και πλανηθη έν εξ αυτων ουχιαφεις and should go astray one from them; not leaving πα εννενηκονταεννεα επι τα ορη, πορευθεις ζηminety-nine , upon the mountains, going τει το πλανωμενον: 13 Και εαν γενηται ευρειν seeks that having strayed? And if he should happen to find αυτος αμην λεγω υμιν, ότι χαιρει επ' αυτω it, lodeed I hay to you, that he rejoiced over to it we μαλλον, η επι τοις εννενηκονταεννεα, τοις μη more, than over the ninety-ning, those not πεπλανημενοις. 14 Ούτως - αυκ εστι θελημα taring been ied astray. Thus not little will εμπροσθεν του πατρος ύμων, του εν ουρανοις, in the presence of the father e of you, of that in beavens, ίνα αποληται είς των μικρων τουτών. 15 Εαν shat should perish one of the little-ones of them. 11. δε άμαρτηση *[εις σε] ὁ αδελφος σου, υπαγε, and should be in error [against thee,] the brother a of thee, go, wa ελεγξον αυτον μεταξυ σου και αυτου μονου. Εαν σου ακουση, εκερδησας τον αδελφον σου the prother of thee; εδ εάν δε μη ακουση, παραλαβε μετα σου ετι) if but not he may hear, tako with i thee besides ένα η δυο that by mouth two of witnesses for 17 Εαν δε παρημα: σταθη παν of three may be proved every Il a end , be word. ρακουση αντων, είπε τη εκκλησία εαν δε rould diaregard them, tell thou to the congregation; if, and και της εκκλησιας παρακουση, 🐇 εστω also of the congregation be should disregard, let him he to thee ώσπερ δ εθνικος και δ τελωνης. 18 Αμην as the Gentile and the tax-gatherer. Indeed λεγω ύμιν, όσα εαν δησητε επι της γης, lany to you, whatever you may bind on the 'oarth, eotal dedemena en to oupand kal doa ean stall be having been bound in the heaven and whatever

19 Παλιν λεγω δμίν, ότι εαν δυο ύμων συμφω-Again lasy to you, that if two of you νησωσιν επι της γπς, περι παντος πραγματος, agree upon the earth, about any matter, ού εαν αιτησωνται, γενησεται αυτοις παρα του whatever, they may ask, it shall be to them from tha πατρος μου, του εν ουρανοις. 20 Οδ γαρ εισι father of me, of that in heavens. Where for are δυο η τρεις συνηγμενοι εις το εμον ονομα, εκει two or three having come together in the my name, ειμι εν μεσφ αυτων. ειμι τοτε προσελθων αυτφ to him

λυσητε επι της γης, εσται λελύμενα

τφ ουρανφ. beaven.

the

you may toose on the earth, shall be having boon loosed in

12 What do you think? IIf a man have a Hundred Sheep, and one of them go astray, *will he not leave the NINETY NINE Sheep on the MOUNTAINS, and go and seek the STRAY ONE?

13 And if he happen to find it, indeed I say to you, that he rejoices more over it, than over those NINE-TY-NINE which WENT NOT

14 Thus it is not the Will *of that father of mine in the Heavens, that in his presence one of the LEAST of these should be

15 ! Now, if thy BRO-THER be in error, go, convict him, between thee and him alone. # If he hear thee, thou hast gained thy BROTHER.

16 But if he hear thee not, take with thee one or two more; that by the Testimonyof Two or three Witnesses, Every Thing may be proved.

17 But if he disregard them, inform the con-GREGATION; and if he disregard the congrega-TION also, tlet him be to thee as a PAGAN and a TRIBUTE-TAKER.

18 Indeed, I say to you †Whatever you may bind on EARTH, will be as having been bound in *Heaven; and whatever you may loose on EARTH, will be as having been loosed in *Heaven.

19 *Again, indeed, I say to you, That if two of you on EARTH may agree, about any thing which they may ask, it will be done for them, by THAT FATHER of mine in the

Heavens.

20 For where two or three are assembled in MY Name, I am there in the Midst of them."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. will he not leave the MINETY-NINE Sheep on the MOUN-15. against thee-omit. 14. of THAT FATHER of mine. TAINS, and go and seek. 19. Again, indeed, I say. 18. Heaven. 18. Heaven.

^{1 15.} James v. 19, 20. † 15. Lev. xix. 17; Luke xvii. 3. ‡ Luke xv. 4. 10. Deut. xix. 15; John viii. 17; 2 Cor. xiii. 1. 18. Matt. xvi. 19; John xx. 23. ‡ 17. Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14.

δ Πετρος, ειπε· Κυριε, ποσακις άμαρτησει εις Olord, how often shall sin against the Peter, said; εμε ό αδελφος μου, και αφησω αυτώ; έως brother of me, and I shall forgive him? till me the 22 Λεγει αυτώ δ Ιησους. Ου, λεγω έπτακις; Says to him the Jesus; Not, I say σοι, έως έπτακις, αλλ' έως εβδομηκοντακις to thee, till seven times, but till seventy times 23 Δια τουτο έπτα. ώμοιωθη ή βασιλεια seven. Therefore this has been compared the kingdom των ουρανων ανθρωπφ βασιλει, ός ηθελησε συof the heavens to a man king, who wished 24 Αρξαναραι λογον μετα των δουλων αύτου. Having settle an account with the slaves of him. μενου δε αυτου συναιρειν, προσηνεχθη αυτώ εις they brought to him one ν . 25 M η $\epsilon \chi$ 0 $\nu \tau$ 0 $\delta \epsilon$ begun and of him to settle, οφειλετης μυριων ταλαντων. a dehtor of ten thousand talents. Not having but αυτου αποδουναι, εκελευσεν αυτου δ κυριος αυordered him the to pay, lord of του πραθηναι, και την γυναικα αυτου, και τα and the to be sold, and the wife of him, auεκνα, και παντα όσα ειχε, και αποδοθηναι. children, and all as much as he had, and payment to be made. ουν δ δουλος προσεκυνει αυτώ, Falling down therefore the slave be prostrated to him, λεγων *[Κυριε,] μακροθυμησον επ' εμοι, και have patience with saying; [Olord,] me, and $27 \sum \pi \lambda \alpha \gamma \chi \nu \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon \iota s \delta \epsilon \delta$ παντα σοι αποδωσω. Being moved with pity then the all to thee I will pay. κυριος του δουλου εκεινου, απελυσεν αυτον, και lord of the slave of that, loosed him, 28 E $\xi \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu \delta \in \delta$ το δανειον αφηκεν αύτω. remitted to him. Going out but the the δουλος *[εκεινος,] εύρεν ένα των συνδουλων found one of the fellow-slaves [that,] αύτου, ός ωφειλεν αυτώ έκατον δηναρια και of him, who owed to him a hundred denarii; and κρατησας αυτον επνιγε, λεγων· Αποδος μοι ει him he choked him, saying; Pay to me if $^{29}\Pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$ ouv οφειλεις. δ συνδουλος any thing thou owest. Falling down therefore the fellow-slave αυτου, παρεκαλει αυτον, λεγων Μακροθυμησον him, of him, besought sayiog; Have patience επ' εμοι, και *[παντα] αποδωσω σοι. 30°O δ€ [all] me, and I will pay to thee. He and ουκ ηθελεν· αλλ' απελθων εβαλεν αυτον εις he would; but going away he cast φυλακην, έως ού αποδώ το οφειλομενον. ³¹Ιδονtill he should pay that he was owing. τες δε οί συνδουλοι αυτου τα γενομενα, ελυπη-

ing and the fellow-slaves of him that having been done,

and

θησαν σφοδρα· και ελθοντες διεσαφησαν τω

going

21 Then Peter coming *said to him, ‡"Lord, how often shall I forgive my BROTHER, if he repeatedly trespass against me? till seven times?"

22 Jesus says to him, "I say to thee, Not till seven times only, but till seventy times seven.

23 In this, the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS has been compared to a King, who determined to settle Accounts with his SER-

24 And having begun to settle, they brought to him one Debtor of Ten thousand † Talents.

25 But he not having means to refund, *the MASTER, to obtain † payment, ordered that he, and his WIFE and CHILDREN, and all that he had, should be sold.

26 The SERVANT, then, falling down, prostrated to him, saying, 'Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all.'

27 And the MASTER of *the SERVANT, being compassionate, loosed him, and remitted the DEBT.

28 But the SERVANT going out, found one of his FELLOW-SERVANTS, who owed him a Hundred † Denarit; and seizing him he choked him, saying, 'Pay * whatever thou owest.'

29 And his FELLOW-SERVANT falling down, entreated him, saying, 'Have patience with me and I will pay thee.'

30 But HE would not; and departing, committed him to Prison, till he should pay the DEBT.

31 *When, therefore, His FELLOW-SERVANTS seeing WHAT was DONE, they were indignant; and

they related

were

to the

much;

grieved

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—21. said to him, "Lord." 25. the master. 26. Q lord—omit. 27. the servant. 28. that—omit. 28. whatever thou owest 29. all—omit. 31. When, therefore, His fellow-servants.

^{† 24.} Of silver; gold is never to be supposed, unless mentioned.—Bloomfield. † 25. In susual among the Jews for the family of the debtor to be sold for the benefit of the creditor. See 2 Kings iv.1; Neh. v.8. This bondage, however, only extended to six years † 28. This was a Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

^{1 21.} Luke xvii. 3. 4.

32 TOTE κυριφ αύτων παντα τα γενομενα.
lord of them all that having been done. Then προσκαλεσαμενος αυτον δ κυριος αυτου, λεγει having called him the lord of him, αυτώ. Δουλε πονηρε, πασαν την οφειλην εκεινην to him; O slave wicked, all the debt αφηκα σοι, επει παρεκαλεσας με· 33 ουκ I remitted to thee, because thou besought me; not was it binding και σε ελεησαι τον συνδουλον σου, ώς και εγω also thee to have pitied the felluw-slave of thee, as also σε ηλεησα; 34 Και οργισθεις δ κυριος αυτου thee pitied? And being provoked the lord of him παρεδωκεν αυτον τοις βασανισταις, έως ού αποδφ delivered him to the jailors, π αν το οφειλομενον *[αντω.]delivered him to the till he may pay ³⁵ Ούτω και δ owing So [to him.] also the πατηρ μου δ επουρανιος ποιησει ύμιν, εαν μη father of me the heavenly will do to you, if not αφητε έκαστος τω αδελφω αύτου απο των you forgive each one the brother of him from the καρδιων ύμων。 hearts of you.

КЕФ. ιθ'. 19.

3 Και προσηλθον αυτφ οἱ Φαρισαιοι, πειρα-And came to him the Pharisees tryζοντες αυτον, και λεγοντες * [αυτω] Ει εξεστιν ing him, and saying [to him;] If it is lawful ανθρωπ ω απολυσαι την γυναικα αυτου κατα to a man to release the wife of him upon πασαν αιτιαν; 4 °O δε αποκριθείς είπεν αυτοίς· He and answering every cause; said to them; Ουκ ανεγνωτε, ότι ό ποιησας απ' αρχης αρσεν Not have you read, that the Creator from a beginning a male και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους, 5και ειπεν "Ενεκεν and alemale be made them? and says; "On account τουτου καταλειψει ανθρωπός τον πατερα και shall leave a man the father την μητερα, και προσκολληθησεται τη γυναικι the mother, and shall be closely united to the wife αύτου και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." and shall be the two into flesh ος Ωστε ουκετι εισι δυο, αλλα σαρξ μια. So that no longer they are two, but flesh one.

So that no longer they are two, but flesh one. What our δ deas $\sigma u \nu \epsilon \xi \epsilon u \xi \epsilon \nu$, $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \sigma s \mu \eta \chi \omega \rho \iota \xi \epsilon \tau \omega$, then the God has joined together, a man not disunites. Asyour $u \tau \omega \nu$ Ti our Mws $\epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha \tau \sigma$ They say to him; Why then Moses did enjoin

going to their MASTER, they related ALL that had OCCURRED.

32 Then his MASTER having called him, said to him, 'O wicked SERVANT! All that DEBT I forgave thee, because thou didst entreat me;

33 was it not binding on thee also to have had pity on thy FELLOW-SER-VANT, as I also had pity

on thee?'

34 And his MASTER being provoked, delivered him to the JAILORS, till he should discharge the DEBT.

35 Thus also will my HEAVENLY FATHER treat you, unless you from your HEART, each one ‡ forgive his BROTHER."

CHAPTER XIX.

1 ‡ And it happened, when Jesus ended these words, he departed from Gahlee, and came into the CONFINES of JUDEA, beyond the JORDAN.

2 And great Crowds followed him, and he cured their sick.

3 And the *Pharisee; came to him, trying him, and saying, ‡"Is it lawful for a man to dismiss his WIFE for Any Cause?"

4 And He answering, said to them, "Have you not read, That the CREATOR, at the first, † made a male and a female;

5 and said, ‡'On account of this a man shall leave father and mother, and adhere to his wife; and they two shall become one Flesh?'

6 So that they are no longer Two, but one Flesh. What God, then, has united, let no man sever."

7 They say to him, ‡"Why then did Moses command to give a Writ

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. to him-omit.

^{3.} Pharisees. . 3. to him-omit.

^{† 35} Prov. xxi. 13; Matt. vii. 1, 2. † 1. Mark x. 1. † 3. Mark x. 2. † 5. Gen. u. 24; 1 Cor. vi. 16; Eph. v. 31. † 7. Deut. xxiv. L.

δουναι βιβλιον αποστασιου, και απολυσαι αυτην; of separation, and to release her? ⁸ Λεγει αυτοις. 'Οτι Μωσης προς την σκληfor the hardness He says to them; That Moses ροκαρδιαν ύμων επετρεψεν ύμιν απολυσαι τας suffered you to release ofyou γυναικας ύμων απ' αρχης δε συ γεγονεν ούτω. wives of you; from a heginning but not it was ⁹ Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ός αν απολυση την γυναικα I say but to you, that whoever may release the wife autov, $\mu\eta$ $\in\pi\iota$ $\pi o \rho \nu \in \iota a$, $\kappa a\iota$ $\gamma a \mu \eta \sigma \eta$ $\alpha \lambda \lambda \eta \nu$, of him, except for fornication, and may marry another, και δ απολελυμενην γαμησας, μιι-and he her bring released marrying, comμοιχαται commits adultery; and he her dring releases $\mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ autovertat. $^{10}\Lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \sigma \iota \nu$ autovertat disciples of him; They say to him the disciples mits adultery. Ει ούτως εστιν ή αιτια του ανθρωπου μετα της with the is the case of the man 11 'Ο δε ειπεν γυναικος, ου συμφερει γαμησαι. He but said not it is profitable to marry. αυτοις. Ου παντες χωρουσι τον λογον τουτον, the word to them; Not all admit 12 Εισι γαρ ευνουχοι,
There are for enunchs, αλλ' ois δεδοται. but to whom it has been given. οίτινες εκ κοιλιας μητρος εγεννηθησαν ούτω. from womb of mother were boin και εισιν εθνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουχισθησαν ύπο were made eunuchs by who and there are eunuchs, των ανθρωπων· και εισιν ευνουχοι, οίτινες ευνουand there are eunnchs, χισαν έαυτους δια την βασιλειαν των ουραennuchs themselves on account of the kingdom of the heav-'O δυναμενος χωρειν, χωρειτω. He being able to admit, let him admit. $\nu\omega\nu$.

13 Τοτε προσηνεχθη αυτώ παιδια, ίνα τας were brought to him little children, that the Then επιθη αυτοις, και προσευξηται· οί χειρας hands he might lay on them, and he might pray; 14 'O de Invous δε μαθηται επετιμησαν αυτοις. The and out disciples rehuked them. Sippose $A\phi$ ete ta paidia, kai $\mu\eta$ kwduete auta said; Suffer the little children, and not hinder them ελθειν προς με. of the me; to 15 Kai $\epsilon \pi i \theta \epsilon i s$ **QUTOIS** βασιλεια των ουρανων. And laying on them kingdom of the heavens. τας χειρας, επορευθη εκειθεν. he departed thence. hands,

16 Και ιδου, είς προσελθων, ειπεν αυτω: $\Delta \iota$ -0 one coming, said to him; lo, δασκαλε αγαθε, τι αγαθον ποιησω, ίνα $\epsilon \chi \omega$ good must I do, that I may have good, what

of Divorce,d dismiss her?"

8 He says to them, "Moses, indeed, permitted you to divorce your WIVES, on account of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION; but from the Beginning it was not so.

9 ‡ But I say to you, Whoever dismisses his WIFE, except *on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; and HE Who MARRIES the divorced woman, commits adultery."

10 *The disciples say to him, "If the CASE of the HUSBAND with his WIFE be thus, it is not good to marry."

11 But HE answered, 1" None can admit *the WORD, but those to whom

it is given.

12 For there are some Eunuchs, by natural constitution; others have been made Eunuchs by MEN; and † tothers have made themselves Eunuchs on account of the KING-DOM of the HEAVENS. HE who is ABLE to Co this, let him do it."

13 Then they brought to him Little children, that he might place his HANDS on them, and ray; and the DISCIPLES rebuked them.

14 But Jesus said, "Let the LITTLE CHILDREN alone, and forbid them not to come to me; thecause to SUCH as THESE belongs the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS."

15 And having laid his hands on them, he depar-

ted thence.

16 ‡ And behold, one approaching, said *to him,

* Vatican Manuscript.—9. on Account of Whoredom, causes her to commit adultery; dhe who marries.—10. The disciples.—11. the word.—16. to him, and HE who MARRIES. said, "O Teacher!"

† 9. Matt. v. 32; Mark x. 11; Luke xvi. 18; 1 Cor. vii. 16; 12. 1 Cor. vii. 32-34. † 18. Mark x. 13. 18. Mark x. 17; Luke xviii. 18. † 11.1 Cor vii. 2, 7, 9, 17. † 14. Matt v. 3; xviii. &

^{† 12.} A highly figurative mode of expression, similar to what is found in Matt. v. 29, 30; xviii. 8, 9. The amputation of the desire, not of the member, is here intended, as is evident from the two species of eunuchism previously mentioned. It was so understood by Justin Martyr, Chrysostom, Tertullian, &c., except Origen, who not only interpreted the words laterally, but is said to have exemplified them upon himself.—See Analecta Theologica.

17 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ. Tι με Why me (ωην αιωνιον; to him; age-lasting? He and he said lica ερωτας περι του αγαθου; είς εστιν δ αγαθος. good? one askestthou concerning the is the good. Ει δε θελεις εισελθειν εις την ζωην, τηρησον to enter into the life, keep strictly If but thou wishest 18 Λεγει αυτώ. 'Ο δε noias; Tas EVTOXas. the commandments. He says to him; Which 9 The and Ιησους ειπε. Το. "Ου φονευσεις. Ου moisaid; This; Not thou shalt kill; Not thou shalt XEVOEIS. OU KYENEIS. Oυ ψευδοπαρτυρηcommit sdultery; Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shalt testify σεις· 19 Τιμα τον πατερα και την μητερα." Kar. mother;" the father and the 4 Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ως σεαυτον." "Thou shalt love the of thee as thyself." neighbor 20 Λεγει αυτφ δ νεανισκος $^{\circ}$ Παντα ταυτα εφυto him the young man; All these λαξαμην ^{*}{ [εκ νευτητος μου•] τι ετι ύστερω; kept from childhood of me:] what more do I want? 21 Εφη αυτώ δ Ιησους. Eι θελεις τελειος to him the Jesus: If thou wishest Said perfect ειναι, ύπαγε, πωλησον σου τα ύπαρχοντα, και to be of thee the possessions, go. έξεις θησαυρου εν ουραδος πτωχοις. και and thou shalt have treasure in to poor: hea-22 Ακουσας δε δ νφ· και δευρο, ακολουθει μοι. and hither, follow Having heard and the νεανισκός τοι λογον, απηλθε λυπουμήνος. $n\nu$ word, young man the went away corrowing: he was 3'O de Invous γαρ εχων κτηματα πολλα. baving possessions The and many. Jesus ειπε τοις μαθηταις αύτου· Αμην λέγω ύμιν, ότι and to the disciples of himself: Indeed I say to you, that δυσκολως πλουσιος εισελευσονται εις την βασιshall enter with difficulty a rich man into the king 24 Παλιν δε λεγω ύμιν. λειαν των ουρανων. Again and I say to you. dom of the heavens. ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια τρυπηματος δαa camel through it is a hole φιδος εισελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την βασιλειαν

to pass, than a rich man into the

ται, εξεπλησσοντο σφοδρα, λεγοντες. Τις αρα

exceedingly, saying:

του θεου εισελθειν.

ples, were amazed

to enter.

of the God

"Good Teacher! what good thing must I do, that I may obtain aionian Life?" 17 And HE said to him, * +" Why dost thou call Me GOOD? GOD alone is good. If, however, thou desn'est

the COMMANDMENTS."

18 He says to him,

"Which!" JESUS answered, "These; \$ 'Thou
shalt not commit murder;

'Thou shalt not commit 'adultery; Thou shalt not
'steal; Thou shalt not
'steal; Thou shalt not

to enter that LIFE, keep

'testify falsely; 19 'Honor thy FATHER and thy MOTHER;' and '‡'Thou shalt love thy 'NEIGHBOR as thyself.''

20 The Young MAN says to him, "All these have I kept; what want I more?"

21 Jesus replied, "If thou desirest to be perfect, go, sell thy Possessions, and give to the * Poor; and thou shalt have Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."

22 But the Young MAN having heard this word, went away sorrowing; for he had great * Riches.

23 Then Jesus said to his disciples, ‡ "Indeed I say to you, That it will be difficult for a Rich man to enter the kingdom of the heavens.

24 And again I say to you, † It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM † of GOD."

25 And the disciples hearing, were greatly as-

25 Ακουσαντες δε οί μαθη-

Having heard and the

kingdom

Who then

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—17. "Why askest thou Me concerning that which is Good? One is the Good: but if thou wilt." 20. from my childhood—omit. 21. FOOR. 22. this woud. 22. Riches.

^{† 17.} The Common reading has been preferred to either Griesbach's text, or the Vatican MS. George Campbell regards the evidence for it from the majority of MSS, to be vastly superior. The versions on both sides nearly balance each other; but the internal evidence arising from the connection of the thoughts, is decisive on the point. Besides it corresponds with both Mark and Luke, who record the same conversation, in nearly the same words, and no different reading is noted. † 24. Rabbins, as well as Arabs, were accustomed, in describing an impossibility, or a high degree of improbability, to say, "It will not happen before a camel, or an elephant, has crept through the eye of a needle."—Marsh's Translation of Michalis. † 24. of neaven.—Lachmann & Tischendorf.

26 Εμβλεψας δε δ Ιησους δυναται σωθηναι; Looking but the Jesus to he saved? ειπεν αυτοις. Παρα ανθρωποις τουτο αδυνατον said to him: With man this impossible εστι παρα δε θεώ παντα δυνατα. possible. ali with but God

27 Τοτε αποκριθεις ο Πετρος ειπεν αυτώ. Ιδου, Then answering the Peter said to him; ημεις αφηκαμεν παντα, και ηκολουθησαμεν σοιall, and followed 28 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτι αρα εσται ήμιν; The and Jesus said what then shall be to us? τοις- Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ύμεις οί ακολουθηthem; Indeed I say to you, that you the having folσαντες μοι, εν τη παλιγγενεσια όταν καθιση δ lowed me, in the new birth day when may sit the when may sit the υίος του ανθρωπου επι θρονου δοξης αύτου, upon a throne of glory of him, man son of the καθισεσθε και ύμεις επι δωδεκα θρονους, κρινονalso you upon twelve thrones, judg-²⁹ Ка: жаs τες τας δωδεκα φυλας του Ισραηλ. IsraeL tribes of the And all ing the twelve ός αφηκεν οικιας, η αδελφους, η αδελφας, η who left houses, or brothers, or sisters, or πατερα, η μητερα, *[η γυναικα,] η τεκνα, η father, er mother, [or wife,] or children, er father, ένεκεν του ονοματος μου, έκατονταaypous, of me. on account of the name πλασιονα ληψεται, και ζωην αιωνιον κληροlife age-lasting shall receive, and νομησει. inherit.

30 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχατοι. KOL first, last: Many but shall be εσχατοι, πρωτοι. ΚΕΦ. κ'. 20. 1 'Ομοια γαρ Like for first. last, εστιν ή βασιλεια των ουρανων ανθρωπω οικοδεσis the kingdom of the heavens to a man ποτη, όστις εξηλθεν άμα πρως μισθωσασθαι bolder, who went out with morning to hire εργατας εις τον αμπελωνα αύτου. $^2 \Sigma v \mu \phi \omega$ vineyard of him. into the νησας δε μετα των εργατων εκ δηναριου την agreed and with the for a denarius laborers ήμεραν, απεστειλεν αυτους εις τον αμπελωνα them into the day, 3 Και εξελθων περι τριτην ώραν, ειδεν αύτου. going out about third hour, hesaw And αλλους έστωτας εν τη αγορά αργους. 4 κακειstanding in the market-place idle: νοις ειπεν. Υπαγετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα. you into the also them he said:

tonished, saying, "Whe then can be saved?"

26 Jesus looking at them, answered, "With Men this is impossible; but with God everything is possible."

27 Then PETER replying, said to him, "Behold, twe have forsaken all, and followed thee; what, therefore, shall for ob-

tain?"

28 And Jesus said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, That in the RENOVA-TION, twhen the son of MAN shall sit on the throne of his Glory, t gou, my followers, shall also sit on Twelve Thrones, judging the TWELVE Tribes of Is-RAEL.

29 1 And whoever has forsaken, * on account of MY Name, Houses, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, or Wife, or Children, or Lands, shall receive * Manifold. and shall inherit aionian

30 I But many shall be first, that are last; and last, that are first.

CHAPTER XX.

1 For the KINGDOM of the HEAVENS resembles a Householder, who went out early in the Morning, to hire Laborers for his VINEYARD.

2 And baving agreed with some LABORERS for a † Denarius a DAY, he sent them into his VINE-

3 And going out about the t Third Hour, he saw others standing unem-ployed in the marketplace;

4 and he said to THEM, 'Go you also into the

1 27. Mark x. 23; Luke xviii, 28. 1 27. Matt. iv. 20; Luke v. 11. ii. 30 1 22. Mark x. 29, 30; Luke xviii, 29, 30. 1 30. Matt. xx Luke v. 11. 1 28. Luke 1 30. Matt. xx. 16; Luke xiii. 30.

ATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. on account of MY Name. Manifola.

^{29,} or Wife-omit. 29.

^{† 28.} That glorious moral, social, political, religious, and physical change which will be introduced by the Messiah, who says, "Behold, I make all things new," Rev. xxi. 5. † 2. A denarius is the eighth part of an ounce—value 14 cents, or 7d. † 3. Nine in the morning.

MATTHEW. Chap. 20: 5.1 δ εαν η δικαιον, δωσω ύμιν. whatever may be just, I will give to you. Of $\delta \epsilon$ ROLL They and 5 Παλιν εξελθων περι έκτην και απηλθον. Again going out about sixth and went away. 6 Περι δε εννατην ώραν, εποιησεν ώσαυτως.

nunth hour, he did in like manner. About and την ένδεκατην $*[\dot{\omega}$ ραν] εξελθων, εύρεν αλλους the eleventh [hour] going out, he found others έστωτας, και λεγει αυτοις. Τι ώδε έστηκατε standing, and he says to them: Why here stood you έλην την ήμεραν αργοι; ΤΛεγουσιν αύτω 'Οτι the day adle? They say to him: Because Λεγει αυτοις "Υπαουδεις ήμας εμισθωσατο. He says to them: hired. *[και ὁ εαν γετε και ύμεις εις τον αμπελωνα° also you into the vineyard: [and whatever ληψεσθε.] 8 Οψιας δε γενο-Sikalov, you shall receive.] Evening and having jast, μενης, λεγει δ κυριος του αμπελωνος τω says the lord of the vineyard to the επιτροπφ αύτου. Καλεσον τους εργατας, και of him; Call the laborers, aud αποδος αυτοις τον μισθον, αρξαμενος απο των give to them the hire. beginning from the 9 Kas shortes of εσχατων, έως των πρωτων. and having come those till the first. περι την ένδεκατην ώραν, ελαβου απας Θηναριον. hour, received cach adenarius. about the eleventh 10 Ελθοντες δε οί πρωτοι, ενομισαν, ότι πλειονα Having come then those first, supposed, that more ληψονται και ελαβον και αυτος ανα δηναριεν. they shall receive, and received also they each adenarius.

¹¹ Λαβοντες δε εγογγυζον κατα του οικοδεσποτου, Having received but they murmared against the householder,

22 λεγοντες 'Οτι ούτοι οί εσχατοι μιαυ δραν aying; That these the last one hour εποιησαν, και ισους ήμιν αυτους εποιησας, τοις worked, and equal to us them thou hast made, to the βαστασασι το βαρος της ημερας, και τον καυhaving endured the burdon of the day, and he burnτωνα. 13 O δε αποκριθεις ειπεν ένι αυτων· He but answering said to me of them; Έταιρε, ουκ αδικω σε ουχι δηναριου συνεφω-Friend, not I wrong thee; not of a denarius didst thou 14 Αρον το σου, και ύπαγε. Θελω Take the thine, and go. I wish νησας μοι; agrec to me? δε τουτφ τφ εσχατφ δουναι ώς και σοι. 15 H and to this the to rive as also to theer last ουκ εξεστι μοι τοιησαι & θελω εν τοις εμοις;

not is at lawful to me to do What I will with the my own? η δ οφθαλμος σου πονηρος εστιν, δτι εγω

or the eye ofthee cvil is, because I 16 Ούτως εσονται οί εσχατοι, ayalos eimi; shall be the Thus am? last,

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. hour-omit. eive.-omit. 14. f. will. receive .- omit.

16 Thus the LAST shall

+ 6. Five o'clock in the

VINEYARD, and whatever is reasonable, I will give you.' And THEY went. 5 Again having gone

out about the †sixth hour, and about the † ninth, he did in like manner.

6 And about the TELEV-ENTH, going out, he found others standing, and says to them, 'Why stood you here All the day unemployed?

7 They say to him, 'Because no one has hired us." He says to them, 'Go you also into the

VINEYARD.

8 And Evening having come on, the OWNER of the VINEYARD says to his STEWARD, 'Call the LA-BORERS, and give them their WAGES, beginning with the LAST, and ending with the FIRST.

9 And THOSE who came about the ELEVENTH hour, received, each one,

a Denarius.

10 Then THOSE who came FIRST, expected that they should receive more: and then also received, each one, a Denarius.

11 But having received it, they murmured against the HOUSEHOLDER,

12 saying, 'These LAST have worked One Hour, and thou hast made them equal to us, who have EN-DURED the BURDEN and the SCORCHING HEAV of the DAI.

13 H3 answering said to one in them, 'Friend, I do not injure thee; didst not thou agree with me

for a Denarius?

14 Take THAT which is THINE, and go thy way; * it will give to This LAST. even as to thee.

15 Is it not lawful for

me to do what I please with MY OWN? Is thine EYE envious, Because am liberal?

7. and whatever may be right, you shall

^{† 5.} Noon.

^{; 5.} Three o'clock in the afternoon.

πρωτοι° και οἱ πρωτοι, εσχατοι. * Πολλοι first; and the first, last. [Many γαρ εισι κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι.] for are called, few but chosen.]

he will stack, who Then can to him the mother of the some Ζεβεδαιου, μετ του είων εύτης, προσκυνουσα, cot Zebedee, with the sone of her, prostrating, και cityoura it παρ αυτου 0 δε ειπεν and asking something from him. Ho and said αυτην $T\iota$ θελεις Λ εγνε $\frac{1}{4}$ αυταν $\frac{1}{4}$ Ειπε, ένα καθισωστυ αυτοι $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{$ σου, και eis εξ ενωνυμων σου, εν τη βασιλεια of thee, and one a left fthee, in the kingdom of thee, and inc a left σου. 22 Αποκρεθεις δα Α Ιησους ασπεν Ουκ οι Answering but the Jose: said: Not you of thee. δατε, τε αιτειπίο. Δυνασθε πιειν το ποτηριον, Are you able to drink the cup, anow, what you ask. δ εγω μελλω είνειν. Εγουσιν βυτφο Δυ-which am about drink? They say to him; Wo am about , drink ! 23 * [Kai] λ εγει αυτοι: Το μεν πο. ναμεθα. [And] he says to thom; he indeed are able. τηριον μου πιεσθε το δε καισαι ει δεξιων ευρ οί me you shall drik; the but t si at right μου και εξ ενωνυμών μου, υκ εστι τηρον δουναι, οί me and at of me and at left of me, not is mine to give, αλλ' οίς ήτοιμασται ύπο την πεκερος μου. αλλ' of ητοιμασται ύπο την ποσορος but to whom it has been prepared by the ather 24 Και ακουσαντες οξ δεκα, ηγανακτηταν

And having heard the ten, were angry on account of των δυο αδελφων. 25 O δε Ιησους, προσκαλεthe two brothers. The but Jesus, having

be first; and the first, last."

17 ‡ And * when Josus was about to go up to Jerusalem, he took the TWELVE Disciples privatery. * and said to them on the WAY,

18 ‡"Behold, we go up to Jerusalem; and tho son of MAN will be delivered to the HIGH-PRILETS and Jaribes, and they will condemn him;

19 and will deliver him to the Gentiles, to be Mocked, and scourged, and crucified, and on the Third Day he will rise.

20 ‡ Then the MOTHER of Zebedee's CHILDREN came to him with her cons, prostrating, and requesting something from him.

21 And HE said to her, "What dost thou wish?"
*And SHE said, "Command, that in thy KINGDOM, one of These my TWO Sons may sit at thy Right hand, and the other at thy Left."

at thy Left."

22 But Jesus answering, said, "You know not what you request. Caryou drink of ‡the cup, of which I am about to drink?" They say to him "We can"

him, "We can."

23 He says to them,
"You will, indeed, drink
of my cup; but to sit at
my Right hand, and at
"the Left, is not mme to
give, except for whom it
has been prepared by my
FATHER."

34 ‡ And the TEN, having heard, were indignant against the Two Brothers.

25 But Jesus, having called thom, said, "You

^{*}VATICAN MANUCCULET.—13. For many are called, but few chosen—omit. 17. when Jesus was about to 30 up to Jerusalem, he took. 17. and said to them on the way. 18. to Death—omit. 21. And she said. 21. to him—omit. 23. And—omit. 23. the left.

^{† 23.} This was fulfilled, when "Herod killed James, the brother of John, with a sword," Acts xii. 2; and when John was banished to "THAT ISLE Which is CALLED Patmos, for the word of God, and for the Testimony of Jesus Christ," Rev. i. 9.

^{† 16.} Mett. xix. 80. † 17. Matt. xvi. 21; Mark x. 32; Luke xviii. 31; John xii. 12. † 20. Matt. iv. 21; Mark x. 35. † 22. Matt. xxvi. 39, 42; Mark xiv. 36; Luke xxii. 22; John xviii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; Rev i. 9. † 24. Mark x. 41; Luke xxii. 24.

experos autous, emer Cidate, 5? oi apxortes called ther., said; You know, that the rulers τ ν εθνων κατακυριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι of the nations domineer over them, and the great ²⁶ Ουκ ούτως εσται κατεξουσιαζουσιν αυτων. Not hus exercise authority over them. it shall be exercise authority over them. Not thus it shall be $\epsilon \nu$ $\nu \mu \nu \nu$ $\alpha \lambda \lambda'$ $\delta s \epsilon \alpha \nu$ $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta$ $\epsilon \nu$ $\nu \mu \nu \nu \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha s$ among you; but whoever may wish smong you great $\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha t$, $\epsilon \sigma \tau \omega$ $\nu \nu \omega \nu$ $\delta \iota \alpha \kappa \nu \alpha \nu s$ $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ to become, let him be of you a servant; and whoever εν ύμιν ειναι πρωτος, εστω ύμων may wish among you to be first, let him he of you δουλος δωσπερ υ υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ ηλθε aslave: even as the son of the man not came let him he of you διακονηθηναι αλλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την to be served but to serve, and to give the ψυχην αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων.

life of him a ransom for

ife of him a ransom for many.

29 Και εκπορευομενων αυτων απο Ίεριχω,
of them from Jericho ηκολουθησεν αυτώ οχλος πολυς. 30 Kai 1800. followed him a crowd great. And lo. δυο τυφλοι, καθημενοι παρα την όδον, ακουσαν-

two blind (men,) sitting by the way, τες ότι Ιησ υς παραγεί, εκραξαν, λεγοντες ing that J sur passes by, cried out, saying; Ελεησον ήμας, κυσιε, υίος Δαυιδ. 31 Ο δε οχλος

Pity us, 11 rd, son of David. The and crowd επετιμησεν αυσοις, ίνα σιωπησωσιν 'Of ice reproved them, that they might be silent. They but μειζον εκραζου, λεγοντες Ελεησον ήμας, κυριε more dideryout, saying; Pity us, Dird, vios Δαυιδ. ³² Και στας δ Ιησους ε ωson of David. And having stopped the Jesus he νησεν αυτους, και ειπε Τι θ λετε ποιησω them, and aid, What do you wish I should do 33 Λεγουσιν αυτφ. Κυρ:ε, ίνα ανοιχθωσιν ύμιν; They say to him; O ord, that may be opened οἱ οφθαλμοι. ³⁴ Σπλαγχνισθεις δε δ to you? ήμων οί οφθαλμοι.
of us the eyes. Being moved with pity and the eyes. Ιησους, ήψατο των οφθαλμων αυτων και εν Jesus, he touched the eyec of them in me θεως ανεβλεψαν αυτων οί οφθαλμοι κα ηκοand they mediately saw again of them the eyes: λουθησαν αυτώ. followed him.

KF4. * 21.

And when the reason in least one and had come tr Bethphag by the mountain of the olive-trees, then the Inσους απεστειλε δυο μαθητας, λεγων αυτοις· 2 Πορευθητε εις την κωμην την απεναντι ύμων, You may go to the village the overagainst

και ευθεως εύρησετε ονον δεδεμενην, και πωλον end immediately you will find an ass having been bound, and a foal

know That the PRINCES. of the NATIONS rule imper. iously over them: and the GREAT exercise authority over

26 IIt * is not so among you: but whoever may desire to become great among you, let him ke Your Servant;

27 tand whoever mar desire to be chief, let him

be Your Slave :

28 teven as the son of MAN came not to be served, but to serve, and Ito give his LIFE a Ransom for many."

29 ‡And departing from Jericho, great Crowd followed him.

30 And behold. Two blind men sitting by the BOAD, hearing That Jesus passed by, cried out, saying, "G Master, Son of David, have pity on us!"

31 And the PEOPLE reproved them, that they might be silent, but THEY cried the louder, saying "O Master, Son of David,

nave pity on us!"
32 And Jesus stopping, called them, and said, "What do you wish I should do for you?"

33 They say to him, "Sin that "our Eyes may be opened "

34 And Jesus being m ved with compassion touched *Their EYES; and *they received sight, and followed him.

CHAPTER XZI.

1 ‡And when they were righ to Jerusal m. and had come to Bethphage near to the Mount of Olives, then JESUS sent Two Disciples, saying to them, 2 "Go to THAT VIL-

LAGE which is OVER-A-GAINST you, and you will immediately find an Ass

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. is not so. 34. they received eight.

^{33.} our EYES.

^{34.} Their EYES.

^{† 26.} Matt. xxiii. 11; 1 Pet. v 8. † 27. Matt. xviii. 4; Mark ix 85; x. 43. † 28. Luke xxii. 27; John xiii. 4, 14; Phil ii > † 28. Jaa liii 20; 14; Dan. ix. 24, 26; Matt. xxvi. 28. † 1. Mark xi. 14. Luke 2/x. 20. 1 28. Luke

³ Και *ϵ*αν λυσαντες αγαγετε μοι. μετ' αυτης. hring to me. if having loosed Ti, ερειτε. 'Οτι ύμιν $\epsilon \iota \pi \eta$ any (one) to you should say any (thing,) you shall say; That the κυριος αυτων χρειαν εχει ευθεως δε αποσ~ need has; immediately and he will of them ⁴Τουτο δε όλον γεγονεν, ίνα τελλει αυτους. all has been done, that them. δηθεν δια του προφητου, πληρωθηmight be fulfilled the word spoken through the 5 "Ειπατε τη θυγατρι Σιων Ιδου, λεγοντος. " Say to the daughter of Zion; saying; δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται σοι πραυς, και επιβεcomes to thee meek, and king ofthec ύποζυγιου." βηκως επι ονον, και πωλον υίον a foal a son of a heast of burden." an ass, even μαθηται, και ποιησαντες 6 Πορευθεντες δε οί and the Having gone disciples, and. having done καθως προσεταξεν αυτοις δ Ιησους, 7 ηγαγον to them the Jesus, commanded they led την ονον και τον πωλον, και επεθηκαν επανω they placed and the foal, and αυτων τα ίματια αυτων· και επεκαθισεν επανω them the mantles of them; and they caused to cit on (one) 8'Ο δε πλειστος οχλος εστρωσαν έαυαυτων. The and greater crowd spread of themof them. των τα ίματια εν τη όδω. αλλοι δε εκοπτον mantles in the way; others and κλαδους απο των δενδρων, και εστρωννυον εν and scattered branches from the trees, 9 Οί δε οχλοι οί προαγοντες και οί τη όδω. The and crowds those going before ακολουθουντες εκραζον, λεγοντες: 'Ωσαννα τω did cry, Hosanna to the saying; υίφ Δαυιδ. ευλογημενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι son of David; worthy of blessing he coming in name 10 Και εισελκυριου ώσαννα εν τοις ύψιστοις. highest. And hosanna in having 'Ιεροσολυμα, εσεισθη πασα θοντος autou eis of them into Jerusalem, was moved all 11 Of η πολις, λεγουσα. Tis ETTIV ούτος; is saying: Who this? The the city,

tied, and a Colt with her; loose them, and bring them to me.

3 And if any one questions you, reply, 'That the MASTER wants them; and he will send them promptly."

4 Now all this was performed, that the WORD SPOKEN through the PRO-PHET might be verified,

saying, 5 ‡"Say to the DAUGH-"TER of Zion, Behold thy "KING comes to thee, "lowly, theing seated on "an Ass, even ton a Colt "of a Laboring Beast."

6 And the Disciples went, and having done as Jesus directed them,

7 they led the Ass, and the COLT, and put their MANTLES over them, and made him ride.

8 And a GREAT PART of the Crowd spread *Their own GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut Branches from the TREES. and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE CROWDS * PRECEDING him, and THOSE that FOLLOWED, shouted, saying, †"Hosanna to the son of David! I'Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of 'Jehovah.' Hosanna in the HIGHEST heaven!"

10 ‡ And having entered Jerusalem, the Whole CITY was in commotion, asking, "Who is this?"

11 And the crowds answered, "This is Jesus, THAT PROPHET who

and crowds

δε οχλοι ελεγον. Ούτος εστιν Ιησους ό προφη-

Jesus the prophet,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. on a Colt. CEDING him, and.

^{8.} Their-own GARMENTS.

^{9.} PRE-

^{† 5.} Christ's triumphant entry into Jerusalem riding on an ass, has been objected to as mean and ridiculous, but it ought to be remembered that this circumstance was an exact fulfillment of Ezek, ix. 9, and exemplified at the same time his strict observance of the divine law. Eastern asses are much larger and more beautiful than ours, and kings and patriarchs did not disdain to ride on them. Compare Gen. xxii. 3; Exod. iv. 20; Num. xxii. 21; Judges v. 10; x. 4; 2 Sam. xvi. 2; xvii. 23; xix. 26; 1 Kings i. 33, 34. When Solomon and succeeding princes multiplied horses they were rebuked by the prophets, and chastised by God for it. See Isa. ii. 6, 7; xxxi. 1; Hos. xiv. 3. Compare also Hos. i. 7; Micah v. 10, 11; Zech. ix. 10.

— † 9. Hosanna, is a Hebrew word, signifying, "Save, we beseech thee!" and in this place is similar to the French "vive levo", or the English "God save the king." "Hosanna to the son of David," is equivalent to "God preserve the son of David."

^{† 5.} Isa. lxii. 11; Zech ix.9; John xii. 15. Psa. cxyiii. 26. † 10. Mark xi. 15. 1 9. Psa. exviii. 26.

^{1 6.} Mark xi. 4.

της, δ απο Ναζαρετ της Γαλιλαιας. that from Nazareth ofthe Galilee. And εισηλθεν δ Ιησους εις το ίερον *[του entered the Jesus into the temple [of the θεου,] God, 1 και εξεβαλε παντας τους πωλουντας και αγοραand cast out all the selling buyand ζον**τας εν τ**φ ίερφ, και τας τραπεζας των κολλυ~ in the temple, and the tables ing of the money. Βιστων και τας καθεδρας των κατεστρεψε, and the changers overturned seats of the 13 και λεγει αυπωλουντων τας περιστερας. the doves: and he says to τοις Γεγραπται "Ο οικος μου, οικος προσευχης them: It is written: "The house of me, a house of prayer κληθησεται· ύμεις δε αυτον εποιησατε σπηλαιον shall be called: you but it have made a den 14 Και προσηλθον αυτω τυφλοι και ληστων." of robbers," And came to him blind and χωλοι εν τω ίερω, και εθεραπευσεν αυτους. lame in the temple, and he healed them. 15 Ιδοντες δε οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις τα PRIESTS and SCRIBES
Having seen but the high-priests and the scribes the Saw the WONDERS which θαυμασια, α εποιησε, και τους παιδας κραwonders, which he did, and the boys eryζοντας εν τφ ίερφ, και λεγοντας. in the temple, and saying; Hosanna to the tug. Δαυιδ· ηγανακτησαν, 16 και ειπον αυτφ. asperated, they were angry. and said to him; τι ούτοι λεγουσιν; Hearest thou what these are saying? re yet autols. Nat. ουδεποτε ανεγνωτε. "Otl Jesus says to them. says to them; Yes; never have you read; "That "Yes; have you never read, the control would be said of sucking forms that of Infants and National States." 17 Kat αινον ;" καταλιπων αυτους, perfected praise?" And having left them, εξηλθεν εξω της πολεως Βηθανιαν, και ELS out or the city into Bethany, and ηυλισθη εκει: he loaged there.

18 Πρωιας δε, επαναγων εις την πολιν, επει-Early but, returning into the city, he was was hungry 19 Και ιδων συκην μιαν επι της όδου, νασε. And seeing a fig-tree one by the hungry. way, ηλθεν επ' αυτην, και ουδεν εύρεν εν αυτη ει μη herame to her, and nothing found in her except φυλλα μονον· και λεγει αυτη· Μηκετι εκ σου and hesays to her; No more by thee γενηται καρπος ELS TOV QLWYQ. Και εξηmay be produced to the fruit And with-²⁰ Και ιδοντες οί ρανθη παραχρημα ή συκη. immediately the fig-tree. And μαθηται εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες. Πως παράχρημα ed, saying, " How soon wondered, How disciples saying: soon 21 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ered!" εξηρανθη ἡ συκη; the fig-tree? withered Answering and the Jesus

12 Kec is from Nazareth in GALILEE."

12 ‡ And JESUS went into the TEMPLE, and expelled All THOSE and buying, SELLING and overturned the TA-BLES of the BANKERS, and the SEATS of the SELLERS OF DOVES;

13 and said to them. "It is written, ' HOUSE shall be called a 'House of Prayer,' but pou * make it a Den of

Robbers."

14 And the Blind and Lame came to him in the TEMPLE, and he healed them.

15 But when the HIGHperformed. he *THOSE BOYS Who were CRYING in the TEMPLE. 'Ωσαννα τφ "Hosanna to the son of David!" they were ex-

16 and said to him, O $\delta \epsilon$ In $\sigma o v s$ "Dost thou hear what these are saying?" And of sucking (ones) thou hast of Infants and Nurselings thou hast perfected Praise."

17 And having left them, he went out of the CITY, to Bethany; and passed the night there.

18 ‡ Returning to the CITY, in the Morning, he

19 and seeing a single Fig-tree by the ROAD, he went to it; but finding on it, nothing on it, except Leaves, he said, "May no fruit grow on thee to the AGE!" And the FIG-TREE instantly withered.

20 ‡ And the DISCIPLES seeing the seeing it, were astonishis the FIG-TREE with-

21 Jesus answering.

13. make it.

15. THOSE BOYS

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT:-12. of God-omit.

who were CRYING.

^{† 12.} The TEMPLE—to hieron. This was not the naos, house, or Temple strictly so called, including only the vestibule, the sanctuary, and the holy of holics. To this our Lord himself had not access, because not of the posterity of Aaron. The traffic was carried on in the outer courts. These courts the Pharisees did not account holy.

^{12.} Luke xix. 45; John ii. 15. - 13. Isa, lvi. 7. 1 20. Mark xi. 20. 1 16. Psa. viii 2. John xi. 18.

ειπεν αυτοις. $A\mu\eta\nu$ $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ $b\mu\iota\nu$, $\epsilon\alpha\nu$ $\epsilon\chi\eta\tau\epsilon$ Indeed I say to you, if you may have to them: π ιστιν, και μη διακριθητε, ου μονον το and not should doubt, not only the (miracle) της συκης ποιησετε, αλλα καν τω ορει τουτω of the fig-tree you shall do, but also if to the mountain this και βληθητι ELS Αρθητι, you should say; Be thou lifted up, and be cast into ²² Και παντα, όσα αν γενησεται. θαλασσαν it shall be done. And all, πιστευοντες, $\tau\eta$ προσευχη, αιτησητ€ $\in \mathcal{V}$ the believing, you shall ask in prayer, ληψεσθε. you shall receive.

23 Και ελθοντι αυτώ εις το ίερον, προσηλθον And having come to him into the temple, came

αυτω διδασκοντι οί αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι teaching the high-priests and the του λαου, λεγοντες. Εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα By what authority these (things) saying; of the people, ποιεις: και τις σοι εδωκε την εξουσιαν ταυτην; doest thou? and who to thee gave the authority 24 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ερωτησω

Answering and the Jesus said to them, I will ask ύμας καγω λογον ένα. όν εαν ειπητε you also l word one; which if you may say to me, καγω ύμιν ερω, εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα also I to you will tell, by what authority these (things) καγω ύμιν ερω, 25 το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου ποθεν ην; εξ ποιω dipping of John whence was? from ουρανου, η εξ ανθρωπων; Οί δε διελογιζοντο They and heaven, or from men? reasoued παρ' έαυτοις, λεγοντες. Εαν ειπωμεν, εξ ουραamong themselves, saying; If we should say, from ερει ήμιν. Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε Why then not did you believe he will say to us: αυτω; 26 Εαν δε ειπωμεν, εξ ανθρωπων· φοβου-If but we should say, from men: μεθα τον οχλον· παντες γαρ εχουσι τον Ιωαννην tear the crowd: all for hold the 27 Και αποκριθέντες τω Ιησου ώς προφητην. as a prophet: And they answering to the Jesus Ουκ οιδαμεν. Εφη αυτοις και αυτος. ειπον. Said to them and Not we know. Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα say to you by what authority these (things) Neither 28 Τι δε ύμιν δοκει; Aνθρωπος ειχε eems right? A man had ποιω What but to you seems right? I do. δυο' και προσελθων τω πρωτώ, €lπ€° τεκνα. two: and coming to the first, he said: Τεκνον, ὑπαγε, σημερον εργαζου εν τφ αμπελωνι to-day work in the vineyard Son, O $\delta \epsilon$ anoxpi $\theta \epsilon is$ $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \nu$. Ou $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$. He and answering said: Not I will: μου. of me. 30 Kai ύστερον δε μεταμεληθεις, απηλθε. but having changed his mind, he went. And 'O SE $\pi \rho o \sigma \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ τω έτερω, ειπεν ώσαυτως. coming to the other, he said just the same. He and

said to them, "Indeed, I say to you, ‡ If you have an unshaken Faith, you will not only do THIS miracle of the FIG-TREE, but also, if you should say to this MOUNTAIN, 'Be thou lifted up, and thrown into the SEA,' it will be done."

22 ‡ And whatever you shall ask in PRAYER, beheving, you will receive."

23 ‡ And having entered the TEMPLE, the HIGH-PRIESTS and EL-DERS of the PEOPLE, came near, as he was teaching, and said, "By What Authority dost thou perform these things? and who EMPOWERED thee"

24 Jesus replying, said to them, "I will also ask you one Question, which if you answer me, I also will inform you by What Authority I do these

things. 25 Whence was * THAT IMMERSION which was of John? From Heaven, or from Men?" And THEY reasoned thus among themselves, "It we say, From Heaven, he will retort, Why then did you not believe him?

26 And if we say, From Men, we dread the CROWD; for they all regard John as a Prophet."

27 They, therefore, said to Jesus, in reply, "We cannot tell." And he said to them, "Neither do X tell you by What Authority I perform these things.

28 But what is your opinion of this? A Man had *I'wo Sons; and coming to the FIRST, he said, Son, go work To-day in my VINEYARD.

29 HE answered, * 'H will, sir,' but went not

30 And coming to the SECOND, he said the same.

; 21. Matt. xvii. 20; Luke xvii. 6; James i. 6; 1 Cor. xiii. 2. ; 22. Matt 8i. 24; James v. 16; 1 John iii. 22; v. 14. ; 23. Mark xi. 27; Luke xx. 1. 1 22. Matt vii. 8; Mark

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. THAT IMMERSION which was of John. 28. Two Sons 20. 'E will, sir;' but went not. So. And coming to the second, he said the same. And my answering, said, 'I will not;' but afterwards he repented and went.

afterwards, of the

Εγω κυριε, και ουκ απηλθε. αποκριθεις ειπεν and not answering said; lord, went. ³¹ Τις εκ των δυο εποιησε το θελημα του πατρος; Who of the two did the will of the father? Λεγουσιν *[αυτω·] Ο πρωτος.They say [to him;] The first. Λεγει αυτοις δ Says to them the Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι οἱ τελωναι και Invous. Indeed I say to you, that the tax-gatherers and Jesus: αί πορναι προαγουσιν ύμας εις την βασιλειαν go before you into the kinguous 32 Hλθε γαρ προς ύμας Ιωαννης εν the harlots τ ou $\theta \in ov$. you of the God. Came for to John όδφ δικαιοσυνης, και ουκ επιστευσατε αυτφ· οί a way of righteousness, and not you believed him; the τελωναι και αί πορναι επιστευσαν αυτφ. but tax-gatherers and the harlots believed him: ύμεις δε ιδοντες ου μετεμεληθητε ύστερον, του

repented

you and seeing not πιστευσαι αυτω. to believe bim.

³³Αλλην παραβολην ακουσατε· *[Ανθρωπος] parable hear you; [A man] ην οικοδεσποτης, όστις εφυτευσεν αμπελωνα, a householder, who planted a vineyard, was φραγμον αυτώ περιεθηκε, και ωρυξεν εν Kal to it placed around, and digged in hna a hedge αυτφ ληνον, και φκοδομησε πυργον. και εξit a wine-press, and built a tower; and let 34°Oτ € εδότο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδημησεν. it to husbandmen, and went abroad. When δε ηγγισεν ό καιρος των καρπων, απεστειλε and drew near the time of the fruits, be sent τους δουλους αύτου, προς τους γεωργους, λαtbe husbandmen, of him, to 35 Και λαβοντες οί BELV τους καρπους αυτου. fruits of it. And having taken the γεωργοι τους δουλους αυτου, όν μεν εδειραν, husbandmen the slaves of him, him indeed they dayed, όν δε απεκτειναν, όν δε ελιθοβολησαν. 36 Παλιν him and they killed, him and they pelted with stones. Again δουλους, απεστειλεν αλλους πλειονας TWV slaves, greater the 37°Υσπρωτων και εποιησαν αυτοις ώσαυτως. and they did to them in like manner. first; Afterτερον δε απεστειλε προς αυτους τον υίον αύτου, he sent to them the son of him, wards and 38 Of Εντραπησουται τον υίον μου. λεγων. They will regard the son of me. saying; δε γεωργοι, ιδουτες του υίου, ειπου ευ έαυτοις. but husbandmen, seeing the son, said among themselves; δ κληρονομος. δευτε, αποκτει-Ούτος $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ the heir; come. we may νωμεν αυτον, και κατασχωμεν την κληρονομιαν him, and may retain the inheritance

And HE answering, said, 'I will not;' but after-

wards repenting, he went. 31 Which of the Two performed the FATHER'S will?" They say, "The * LATTER." JESUS said to them, ‡"Indeed, I say to you, That the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS precede you into the KINGDOM of GOD.

32 For ‡John came to you in a Way of Righteousness, and you be-lieved him not; but the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the HARLOTS believed him; yet nou, having seen it, did not afterwards repent, so as to BELIEVE him.

33 Hear Another Parable. There was a Householder, ‡who planted a Vineyard, and enclosed it with a Hedge, and digged † a Wine-press in it, and built a Tower, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country.

34 And when the VIN-TAGE approached, he sent his servants to the cul-TIVATORS, to receive the FRUITS.

35 But the # CULTIVA . TORS having seized ' s SERVANTS, Severely leat one, and murdered another, and stoned another.

36 Again, be sent Other Servants, more honorable than the FIRST, and they treated them in a similar manner.

37 Finally, the sent his son to them, saying, 'They will respect my

38 But the CULTIVA-TORS seeing the son, said among themselves, 'This is the HEIR; I come, let us kill him, and forcibly hold the INHERITANCE.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. to him-omit. 31. LATTER. 33. A man-omit.

^{† 33.} Leenon, wine-press, is the word used by Matthew, while hupoleenion, wine-vart, is used by Mark, ch. xii. 1. Dr. Robinson saw a wine-press at Hebleh, which was bewn out of a rock, and divided into two parts. The upper and nore shallow part was the place where the grapes were put, the lower and deeper one was the place for receiving the liquid pressed out of them. These two places served for both wine-press and wine-rut. This fact will serve to illustrate the words of Jesus as recorded by the two historians.

^{† 31.} Luke vii. 29. † 32. Matt, xi. 18; Luke vii. Mark xii. 1; Luke xx, 9. † 35. Heb. xi. 36, 37. † 38. Matt. xxvi. 2—4; John xi. 53. 1 32. Matt. xi. 18; Luke vii. 33.

^{133.} Cant Fili. 11; Isa v. 1 137. Heb. 1.2; 1 John iv. 9

³⁹ Και λαβοντες αυτον, εξεβαλον εξω QUTOU. out And having taken him, they cast of him. 40 'Οταν ouvτου αμπελωνος, και απεκτειναν. When therefore killed. of the vineyard, and $\pi o i \eta \sigma \epsilon i$ δ κυριος του αμπελωνος, $\tau\iota$ will he do what may come the lord of the vineyard, 41 Λεγουσιν αυτώ. EKELVOIS: TOIS YEWPYOIS They say to him; to the husbandmen to those? Κακους κακως απολεσει αυτους και τον αμπεand the vine-Wretches wretchedly destroy them; λωνα εκδωσεται αλλοις γεωργοις, οίτινες απο-yard will let out to other hushandmen, who will will δωσουσιν αυτώ τους καρπους εν τοις καιροις fruits in the seasons to him the 42 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους· Ουδεποτε αυτων. Never He says to them the Jesus; of them. " Λιθον ό: απεδοκιανεγνωτε εν ταις γραφαις. have you read in the "A stone which rejecwritings: μασαν οί οικοδομουντες, ούτος εγενηθη ELS building, the same was made into they κεφαλην γωνιας παρα κυριου εγενετο αύτη, of a corner; from Lord was a head και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμοις ήμων;" 43 Δια of us?" On account of in and it is wonderful -yes τουτο λεγω ύμιν, ότι αρθησεται αφ' ύμων ή you the I say to you, that snauhe taken from βασιλεια του θεου, και δοδησεται εθνει ποιουντι kingdom of the God, and shall be given to a nation making 44 Και δ πεσων έπι τον τους καρπους αυτης. $\epsilon \phi'_1 \delta \nu \delta' \alpha \nu$ And he falling on of her. fruits λιθον τουτον, συνθλα**σθ**ησεται· on whom but shall be broken: λικμησει αυτον. it shall fall, it will crush to pieces him.

45 Και ακουσαντες οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαρι-And having heard the high-priests and the Phariσαιοι τας παραβολας αυτου, εγνωσαν, ότι περι parables of him, knew, that about the 46 Και ζητουντες αυτον κρατησαι, αυτων λεγει. him to seize, And seeking them he says. εφοβηθησαν τους οχλους: επειδη ώς προφητην the crowds: since as a prophet they feared ΚΕΦ, κβ'. 22. Και αποκριθεις αυτον ειχον. answering And him they held. δ Ιησους παλιν ειπεν αυτοις εν παραβολαις, in parables, said the Jesus again to them 2 Ωμοιωθη ή βασιλεια των ουρανων λενων. of the Has been likened the kingdom saying: ανθρωπώ βασιλει, όστις εποιησε γαμους $\tau\omega$ marriage-feasts to the made a king, who to a man 3 και απεστειλε τους δουλους αύτου, υίω αύτου. of him, he sent the slaves and son of him,

39 Then seizing him, they ‡thrust him out of the VINEYARD and killed him.

40 When, therefore, the OWNER of the VINEYARD comes, what will he do to those OCCUPANTS?"

41 They reply to him, † "He will put those wretches to a wretched death, and will lease the VINEYARD to Other Cultivators, who will render him the FRUITS in their

42 Jesus says to them,
"Have you never read
in the scriptures, †;" A
'Stone, which the Bulld'
'Ers rejected, the same
'is made the Head-stone
'of the Corner; this Je'hovah has effected, and
'it is wonderful in our

'Eyes?'
43 Because of this, I tell you, ‡ That the KING-DOM of GOD will be taken from you, and given to a People who will produce its proper fruits.

44 And HE who FALLS on this STONE, will be bruised; and him, on whom it shall fall, it will crush to pieces."

45 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISEES having heard his PARA-BLES, knew that he was speaking about them.

46 And seeking to apprehend him, they feared the crowds, for they esteemed him as a Prophet.

CHAPTER XXII.

1 And Jesus continuing to discourse to them in Parables, said,

2 "The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS may be compared to a Royal Person, who prepared a Marriage festival for his son,

3 and he sent his SER-

† 42. Psa. † 44. Isa.

^{† 42. &}quot;A Stone, which the Builders rejected." An expression borrowed from masons, who, finding a stone, which being tried in a particular place, and appearing improper for it, is thrown aside, and another taken: however, at last, it may happen that the rery stone which had been before rejected, may be found the most suitable as the head stone of the corner.—Clarke.

καλε-α τους κεκλημενους εις τους γαμους. the having been invited to the marriage-feasts kai ouk $\eta\theta\epsilon\lambda$ ov $\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon$ iv. and not they would to come. 4 Παλιν απεστειλεν Again he sent αλλους δουλους, λεγων Ειπατε τοις κεκλημεsaying; Say to the having been slaves, νοις. Ιδου, το αριστον μου ήτοιμασα. οί ταυροι called; Lo, the dinner of me I prepared; the bullocks μου και τα σιτιστα τεθυμενα, και παντα έτοιμα· of me and the fatlings having been killed, and all (things) ready, 5 Οί δε αμελησαντες, δευτε εις τους γαμους. They but come to the marriage-feasts. neglecting, $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta$ ον· δ $\mu\epsilon\nu$ ϵ is τον ιδιον $\alpha\gamma\rho$ ον, δ $\delta\epsilon$ ϵ is went away; he indeed to the own field. he and to 6 Οἱ δε λοιποι κρατητην εμποριαν αύτου. of him. The and remainder having traffic σαντες τους δουλους αυτου, ύβρισαν και απεκτειthe slaves of him, insulted and Aκουσας δε δ βασιλευς, ωργισθη. ναν. και Having heard and the king, was wroth: and πεμψας τα στρατευματα αύτου, απωλεσε τους having sent the armies of him, destroyed φονεις εκεινους, και την πολιν αυτων ενεπρησε. murderers those, and the city of them hurned. Then he says to the slaves of him: 'Ο μεν The indeed έτοιμος εστιν, οί δε κεκλημενοι ουκ ready is, they but having been called not marriage-feast ready 9 Πορευεσθε ουν επι τας διεξοδους ησαν αξιοι. were worthy. Go you therefore to the outlets των όδων, και όσους αν ευρητε, καλεσατε εις of the ways, and whoever you may find, call you τους γαμους. 10 Και εξελθοντες οί δουλοι And having gone forth the slaves marriage-feasts. els τας όδους, συνηγαγον τ into the ways, they brought together συνηγαγον παντας, εκεινοι those into botous ϵ upov, π ov η pous $\tau \epsilon$ κ al $\alpha \gamma$ a θ ous κ al as many as they found, bad ones both and good ones: and 11 Εισελθων επλησθη δ γαμος ανακειμενων.was filled the marriage-feast of reclining ones. Having entered δε δ βαπιλευς θεασασθαι τους ανακειμενους, king to see the reclining ones, ειδεν εκει ανθρωπον ουκ ενδεδυμενον ενδυμα saw not having been clothed a garment a man 12 **και** λεγει αυτώ 'Εταιρε, γαμου. TWS he says to him: or marriage: and Friend, how '0 $\epsilon\iota\sigma\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ s $\delta\delta\epsilon$, $\mu\eta$ $\epsilon\chi\omega\nu$ $\epsilon\nu\delta\upsilon\mu\alpha$ $\gamma\alpha\mu\upsilon\upsilon$; didst thougenter here, not having a garment of marriage: ¹³ Τοτε ειπεν δ βασιλευς εφιμωθη. but was struck speechless. Then king said the TOIS SIGKOVOIS. Δησαντες αυτου ποδας και servants: Having bound of him feet χειρας, αρατε αυτον, και εκβαλετε εις το σκοτος hands, take him, and cast into the darkness εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ το εξωτερον

VANTS to call THOSE who had been INVITED to the FESTIVITIES; and they refused to come.

4 Again, he sent Other Servants, saying, 'Inform THOSE who are INVITED. Behold, I have prepared my ENTERTAINMENT; my OXEN and FATLINGS are killed, and all is ready; come to the FESTIVAL.

5 But THEY, disregarding it, went away, one to his (wn Farm, and one to his MERCHANDISE;

6 and the REST seizing his servants, insulted, and killed them.

7 *And the KING was indignant; and having sent this MILITARY FOR-CES, destroyed those MUR-DERERS, and burned their

8 He then says to his SERVANTS, 'The ENTER-TAINMENT indeed is ready, but THOSE who have been invited, were ‡unworthy.

9 Go, therefore, into the PUBLIC ROADS, and whoever you may find, invite to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS.

10 And those SERVANTS went out into the ROADS, and brought together all that they met, Good and Bad; and the FEAST was well supplied with guests.

11 Now the KING having entered to view the GUESTS, saw there a Man t not clothed with a Wedding Garment;

12 and he says to him, 'Friend, how camest thou here, not having a Wedding Garment? And HE was struck speechless.

13 The KING then said to the SERVANTS, 'Bind his Hands and Feet; take him, and thrust * him into the OUTER DARK-NESS;' there will be the WEEPING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH.

weeping

there

outer:

1 8. Acts xlii. 46.

shall be the · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. And the KING was indignant.

Rev. iii. 4; xvi. 15; xix. 8. 7. Dan. ix. 26.

^{13.} bim.

βρυγμος των οδοντων. 14 Πολλοι γαρ εισι grashing of the teeth. Many for are κλητοι, ολιγοι δε εκλεκτοι:

called, few but picked out.

15 Τοτε πορευθεντες οἱ Φαρισαιοι συμβουλιον
Then having gone the Pharisees counsel

Then having gone the Pharisees counsel λαβον, όπως αυτον παγιδευσωσιν είνους τους, how him they might insuare in word.

λαβον τους how him they might insuare in word.

λαβον τους how τους μαθητας αύτων τους μαθητας αύτων

they sent away to him the disciples ofthem μετα των 'Ηρωδιανων, λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, the Herodians, Oteacher, saying, και την όδον του ριδαμεν, ότι αληθης €6, thon art, and the we know, that true way ofthe θεου εν αληθεια διδασκεις, και ου μελει and Jot there is care to thee truth thou teachest, ov $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon is$ ϵis $\pi \rho o \sigma \omega \pi o \nu$ not for thoulookest into lace περι ουδενος. no one; about 17 Ειπε ουν ήμιν, τι σοι ανθρωπων. δοκει:

Say therefore to us, what to thee seems right?

εξεστι δουναι κηνσον Καισαρι, η ου; is it lawful to give tribute te Cesar, or not? Knowing Tι με Why me δε δ Ιησους την πονηριαν αυτων, ειπε· but the Jesus the wickedness orthem, said; 19 Επιδειξατε πειραζετε ὑποκριται; HOL TO hypocrites? Show you to me the tempt you νομισμα του κηνσου, Οί ος π Οἱ δε προσηνεγκαν αυτφ brought to him ²⁰ Και λεγει αυτοις· Τινος ή εικων δηναριον. And he says to them, Of whom the likeness a denarius. 21 Λεγουσιν *[αυτώ.] τύτη και ή επιγραφη;

and the inscription? They say [to him,] Τυτε λεγει αυτοις. Αποδοτε ουν Kairapos. Then he says to them; Give you back then Καισαρος Καισαρι και τα του θεου the (things) of Cesar to Cesar; and the (things) of the God 22 Και ακουσαντες εθαυμασαν. TW DEW. και And to the God. having heard they wondered; and

αφεντες αυτον απηλθον. leaving him they departed.

 23 Εν εκεινή τη ἡμερα προιήλθον αυτ φ Σαδday that the came to him δουκαιοι, οί λεγοντες, μη ειναι αναστασιν και not to be a resurrection; ducees, they saying, 24 λεγοντ :5. επηρωτηταν αυτον, $\Delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon$, they asked him. saying; O teacher,

they asked him, saying; Oteacher, Μωσης ειπεν 'Εαν τις αποθινη μη εχων Μοςς said; "If any one should due not having τεκνα, επιγαμβρευσει ὁ αδελφος αυτου την children, shall marry the hrother of him the

14 For there are Many invited, but Few selected.

15 ‡ Then the Pharisees having withdrawn, consulted how they might entrap him in Conversation.

16 And they sent to him their disciples with the Herddians, saying, "Teacher, we know That thou art sincere, and teachest the way of God in Truth, neither carest thou for any one, for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Men.

17 Tell us, therefore, thy opinion; Is it lawful to pay Tax to Cesar, or

not?"

18 But Jesus knowing their WICKEDNESS, said, "Hypocrites! Why do you try me?

19 Show me the TAX-

him a Denarius.

20 And he says to them, † "Whose LIKENESS and INSCRIPTION is this?"

21 They say, "Cesar's." Then he replies to them, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ "Render, therefore, the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of God, to God."

22 And having heard this, they wondered; and leaving him, they went away.

23 ton that day, *Sadducees came to him, who say there is no † Resurrection, and asked him,

24 saying, "Teacher, † Moses said, † If a mandie, having no Children, his brother shall marry his widow, and raise up

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. to him-omit.

^{23.} Sadducees came to him, who say

^{† 20.} Dr. Lightfoot tells us that the Jews have a tradition among them, that to admit of the title of any prince on their current co.n, was an acknowledgment of subjection to him. Their acceptance of this coin when offered to them in payment, was in effect a confession that they were conquered by the Romans, and that the emperor had a right to their tribute. † 23. This is rendered future life by some modern translators; which is, as Dr. Bloomfield very justly observes, "no version at all, but merely an explanation." Anastasis can only mean future life, by implication; its primary signification being a standing or rising up. If a future life be understood by the term, then it evidently depends upon, an follows a resurrection. † 24. The words of the Law are not quoted verbatim, but cording to their sense. The intention was that children by the second marriage shoul reckoned in the genealogy of the deceased brother, and inherit his property.

^{† 15.} Mark xii. 13; Luke xx. 20. † 21. Rom. xiii. 7. xx. 27; Acts xxiii. 8. † 24. Deut. xxv. 5.

the teaching of him.

ψυναικα αυτου, και αναστησει σπερμα τφ and shall raise seed to the $^{25}\,{\rm H}\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' $\eta\mu\iota\nu$ $\epsilon\pi\tau\alpha$ There were now with us seven wife of him, and and abeau of him." αδελφοι και ό πρωτος, γαμησας, ετελευτησε brothers: and the first, having married, και μη εχων σπερμα, αφηκε την γυναικα αύτου and not having seed, left the wife of him τφ αδελφφ αύτου. 26 Ομοιως και ὁ δευτερος, to the brother of him. Likewise also the second, 27 Υστερον δε και ὁ τριτος, έως των έπτα. and the third, till the seven. After and 28 Εν τη παντων απεθανε και ή γυνη. of all died also the woman. In the therefore αναστασει, τινος των έπτα εσται γυνη; παντες resurrection, of whom of the seven shall be a wife? all γαρ εσχον αυτην. ²⁹ Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους for had her. Answering and the Jesus ειπεν αυτοις. Πλανασθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραsaid to them; You go astray, not knowing the 30 Εν γαρ In for φas, μηδε την δυναμιν του θεου·
ings, neither the power of the God.τη αναστασει ουτε γαμουσιν, ουτε εκγαμιthe resurrection neither they marry, nor are given in [ονται, αλλ' ως αγγελοι * [του θεου] ενmarriage, but as messengers [of the God] in 31 Περι δε της αναστασεως των ουρανώ εισι. About but the resurrection of the νεκρων ουκ ανεγνωτε το βηθεν ὑμιν ὑπο dead (ones) not have you read that having been spoken to you by του θεου, λεγοντος 32 " Εγω ειμι δ θεος the God. saying: the God, saying: am the God Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και δ θεος Ιακωβ;" of Abraam, and the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob?" Ουκ εστιν δ θεος, θεος νεκρων, αλλα (ωντων. Not is the God, a God of dead (ones,) but of living (ones.) 33 Και ακουσαντες οί οχλοι, εξεπλησσοντο επι And having heard the crowds, were autonished at τη διδαχη αυτου.

 $^{34}\,\mathrm{O}$ ί δε Φαρισαιοι, ακουσαντες ότι εφιμωσε The and Pharisees, hearing that he silenced τους Σαδδουκαιους, συνηχθησαν επι το αυτοthe Sadducees, were assembled on the same; 30 και επηρωτησεν είς εξ αυτων, νομικος, πειρα- $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon\nu\tau\sigma\lambda\eta & \mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\lambda\eta & \epsilon\nu & \tau\omega & \nu\sigma\mu\omega; \\ \text{commandment} & \text{great} & \text{in the law?} & & \text{The and 'Jesus} \end{array}$ ϵ φη αυτ ϕ " Aγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου said to him; "Thou shalt love Lord the God of thee εν όλη τη καρδια σου, και εν όλη τη ψυχη σου, in whole the heart of thee, and in whole the soul of thee, και εν όλη τη διανοια σου." 38 Αύτη εστι πρωτη and in whole the mind of thee." This is

Offspring to his BRO-THER.

25 Now, there were with us Seven Brothers; and the FIRST, having married, died; and having no issue, left his wife to his BROTHER.

26 Thus also the SEC-OND, and the THIRD, even

to the SEVENTH.

27 And last of all, the WOMAN also died.

28 At the RESURREC-TION, therefore, To which of the SEVEN will she be a WIFE? for they all married her."

29 Jesus answering, said to them, "You err, not knowing the SCRIP-TURES, nor the POWER of

30 for in the RESUR-RECTION [state], they neither marry, nor are given in marriage, but are as ANGELS in * HEAVEN.

31 But concerning the RESURRECTION of the DEAD, Have you not read the WORD SPOKEN to you

by God, saying, 32 ‡' I am the God of 'Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and the God of 'Jacob?' * He is not the God of the Dead, but of the Living."

33 And the CROWDS hearing this, were amazed

at his TEACHING.

34 ‡ Now the Pharisees hearing That he had silenced the SADDUCEES. flocked about Him.

35 And one of them, ‡a Lawyer, trying him, proposed this question; 36 "Teacher, which is

the great Commandment

in the LAW?"

37 * And HE said to him, t"'Thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with 'All thy HEART, and with 'All thy soul, and with 'All thy MIND."

38 This is * the GREAT and First Commandment

† 32. Exod. iii. 6; Mark xii. 26; Luke xx. 37; Acts vii. 32; Heb. xi. 16. † 35. Luke x. 25. † 37. Deut. vi. 5; Luke x. 27.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. of God-omit. 30. HEAVEN. 32. He is not the God 35. and saying-omit. 37. And HE said. 38. the GREAT and First Commandment, 1 34. Mark

κου εισγαλη εν ολη. ³⁹ Δευτορο δε όμοια αυτη. Ad που commerchant Second and like to it. * Prounded to Design of the De 10 De Taurais rais δυσιν ευτολαις όλος ό νομος In these two commandments whole the law και οί προφηται πρεμανται.

the prophets are hung.

and the prophets are nuns.
Συνηγμενων δε των Φαρισαιων, επηρωτησεν
Pharisees, asked Laving been assembled and of the Pharisees,

αυτους δ Ιησους, 42 λεγων· Τι δμιν δοκει περι saying; What to you thinks about them the Jesus, του Χριστου; τινος υίος εστι; the Anointed? of whom a son is he? Λεγουσιν They say αυτφ: Του Δαυιδ. ⁴³Λεγει αυτοις: Πως ουν to him; Of the David. He says to them; How then Δαυίδ εν πνευματι κυρίον αυτον καλεί; λεγων. David in spirit Lord of him calls? saying;

44 "Ειπεν δ κυριος τω κυριω μου Καθου εκ "Said the Lord to the Lord of me; Sitthou at δεξιων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ὑποright of me, till I may place the enemies of thee a footποδιον των ποδων σου." 45 Ει ουν Δαυιδ καλει ## TOOLOF Των ΤΟΟΜΡ ΘΟυ. - El Ουν Δαυίο Καλει stool of the feet of thee." If then David calls αυτον κυριον, πως νίος αυτου εστι; 6 Και ουδεις him Lord, how a son of him is he; And no one εδυνατο αυτφ αποκριθηναι λογον· ουδε ετολμησε was able to him to answer a word; nor τις απ' εκεινης της ήμερας επερωτησαι αυτον to ask may one from that the day

OUKETI. any more.

ΚΕΦ. κγ'. 23.

Then the Jesus αλαλησα τοις οχλοις και τhen the Jesus αρολο to the crowds and rois μαθηταις αυτου, ²λεγων Επί της Μασεως to the disciples of him, saying; Upon the Moses καθεδρας εκαθεσαν οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρι-S Marta our, όσα αν ειπωσιι' ύμιι' σαιοι. therefor, whatever they say to you * [τηρειν] τηρειτε και ποιειτε κατα δε τα to observe;] observe you and do you; according to but the εργα αυτων μη ποιειτε λεγουσι γαρ, και ου works of them not do you; they say for, and not ποιουσι. 5 Δεσμευουσι γαρ φορτια βαρεα και for burdens heavy and They bind δυσβωστακτα, και επιτιθεασιυ επι τους ωμους oppressive, and place upon the shoulders συν ανθρωπων τω δε δακτυλω αυτων ου office mon: of the and finger of thom not ⁶ Παντα δε τα εργα De λουσι πινησαι αυτα. they will to move them. All but the works αύτων ποιουσε προς το θεαθηναι τοις ανθρωποις. of them they do to the to be seen to the

39 *The Second is similar; t'Thou shalt love 'thy NEIGHBOR as thy-'self.'

40 I On These Two Commandments * depend the Whole LAW and the PROPHETS."

41 ‡ And while the PHARISEES were assembled, JESUS asked them,

42 saying, "What is your opinion about the MESSIAH? Whose Son is he?" They say to him, "DAVID's."

43 He says to them, "How then does David, by Inspiration, call him his Lord? saying,

44 ‡ 'JEHOVAH said to my Lord, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, till I * put 'thine ENEMIES under-'neath thy FEET?'

45 If, therefore, David call him Lord, how is he

his Son?"

46 And no one was able to answer him a Word; nor did any one from That DAY presume to question him any more.

CHAPTER XXIII.

1 Then JESUS spoke to the CROWDS, and to his DISCIPLES,

2 saying, "The scribes and PHARISEES sit in the Chair of Moses;

3 therefore ... Il things whatever they command you, *do and observe, but do not according to their works; for they say and do not perform.

4 * And they prepare heavy and oppressive Burdens, for other MEN's shoulders, but *ther will not move them with their FINGER.

5 And they perform all their works to be obser-VED by MEN; * for this

^{40.} depends. 41 put thing ?. do and observe. 6 And NATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—39. The Second's similar. ENEMIES un erneath thy feet. 3. observe—omit. 4. they will not move them with their FINGER. 5. fort_cy.

^{† 30.} Lev. xix. 18; Mark xii. 31; Luke x. 27; Rom, x'''. 9; Gal. v. 26; Jas. ii. c. † 30. Matk. vii. 12; 1 Trov i 5. † 31. Mark xii. 35; Luke xx. 61. † Pea. cx. 1; Arts x4; Heb. i. 13 † 4. Luke xi. 46; Acta xv. 10.

you shall receive

Πλατυνουσι δε τα φυλακτηρια αύτων, και of them, and They widen and the phylacteries μεγαλυνουσι τα κρασπεδα * [των ίματιων αύthey enlarge the ofthe tufts mantles of 6 φιλουσι τε την πρωτοκλισιαν εν τοις them;] they love and the upper couch δειπνοις, και τας πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναand the first seats in the 7 και τους ασπασμους εν ταις αγοραις, ywyais, gogues, and the satutations in the των ανθρωπων **ραββι**, και καλεισθαι ύπο by rabbı, and to be called ine men * $\left[\stackrel{\circ}{\rho} \alpha \beta \beta \iota. \right]$ 8 Theis $\stackrel{\circ}{\delta} \epsilon \mu \eta \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon \stackrel{\circ}{\rho} \alpha \beta \beta \iota$ els $\left[\stackrel{\circ}{\rho} a \beta \iota. \right]$ You but not may be called rabbi; one γαρ εστιν ύμων ὁ καθηγητης παντες δε ύμεις for of you the leader; all 9 Και πατερα μη καλεσητε ύμων αδελφοι εστι. And father not you may call of you brethren are: είς γαρ εστιν ὁ πατηρ ύμων, ὁ ETI THS YMS' on the earth: one for is the father of you, he 10 Μηδε κληθητε καθηγηται· εν τοις ουρανοις. heavens: Neither be ye called leaders: ϵ is γαρ \dot{v} μων ϵ στιν \dot{o} καθηγητης, \dot{o} χριστος. one for of you is the leader, the anointed: 11 'Ο δε μειζων ύμων, εσται ύνων διακονος. The but greater of you, shall be of you a servant. ¹² Όστις δε ύψωσει έαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται· and shall exalt himself, shall be humbled; δστις έαυτον, ύψωθησεται. ταπεινωσει shall humble himself, shall be exalted. ^{ι3} Ουαι δε ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκ-Woe but to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται ότι κατεσθιετε τας οικίας των χηρων, erites: because you devour the houses of the widows, και προφασει μακρα προσευχομενοι. δια τουτο through this and for a show long are praying: ληψεσθε περισσοτερον κριμα.

14 * [Ουαι υμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, [Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, ὑποκριται. ότι κλειετε την βασιλειαν των because you shut the kingdom of he ουρανων εμπροσθεν των ανθρωπων. ύμεις γαρ heavens in presence of the men: for you ουκ εισερχεσθε, ουδε τους εισερχομενους αφιετε enter, nor the entering you permit εισελθειν.] 15 Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρι-Woe to you, acribes to enter.] and Phariσαιος, ύποκριται· ότι περιαγετε την θαλασσαν hypucrites: because you go about the sea και την ξηραν, ποιησαι ένα προσηλυτον. και and the to make one proselyte: and

heavier

they widen their their their their their tuffs, and enlarge their tuffs.

6 ‡ and love the UPPER COUCH at FEASTS, and the PRINCIPAL SEATS in the SYNAGOGUES,

7 and SALUTATIONS in the PUBLIC PLACES; and to be called by MEN, 'Rabbi.'

8 ‡ But nou should not be called Rabbi; because one is Your *TEACHER, and all YOU are Brethren.

9 And style no man on the EARTH your Father; for one *is Your HEA-VENLY FATHER.

10 Nor assume the title of Leaders; because one is Your LEADER, the

MESSIAH.
11 ‡ But let the GREAT-EST of you, become Your Servant.

12 ‡And he who shall exalt himself, will be humbled; and he who shall humble himself, will be exalted.

13 † Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you plunder the FAMILIES of WIDOWS, and for a Disguise make long Prayers; therefore, you will receive a Heavier Judgment.

14*[Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisces, Hypocrites! Because you shut the Kingdom of the HEA-VENS against MEN; nou neither enter yourselves, nor permit THOSE AP-PROACHING to enter.]

15 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! Because you traverse SEA and LAND to make One † Proselyte, and when he is gained, you

& TEACHER.

judgment.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—5. of their mantles—omit. 7. Rabbi—omit. 9. is Your heavenly father. 14.—omit.

^{† 5.} These were small slips of parchment or vellum, on which certain portions of the law were written. The Jews tied them about their foreheads and arms, for three purposes.—
1. To put them in mind of those precepts which they should constantly observe.
2. To procure them reverence and respect in the sight of the heathen. And 3. To act as amulets or charms to drive away evil spirits.—Clarke.
† 13. Lachmann and Tischendorf omit this verse.
† 15. A convert to Judaism.

^{† 5.} Num. xv. 38; Deut. vi. 8; xxii. 12. † 8. James iii. 1. † 11. Matt. xx. 26, 27. † Peter v. 5.

^{\$ 6.} Mark xii. 38, 39; Luke xi. 43; xx. 46. \$ 12. Luke xiv. 11; xviii. 14, James iv. 6;

όταν γενηται, ποιειτε αυτον υΐον γεεννης when he becomes, you make him a son of Gehenna 16 Ουαι ύμιν, έδηγοι τυφλοι, διπλοτερον ύμων. Woe to you, guides blind, ot you: οί λεγουτες» 'Ος αν ομοση εν τω ναφ, ουδε.
the saying Whoever may swear by the temple, mething マのアレット さら 8' αν ομοση εν τω χρυσω イセ ναου, itis: who but ever may swear by the gold of the temple, οφείλει. 17 Μωρος και τυφλοιο τις γαρ μειζων O fools and blind; which for greater ECTIV: δ χρυσος, η δ ναος, δ ληιαζων του in? the length, or the temple, that sanctifying the 18 Kar "Ος εων ομοση εν τω θυσιασχρυσον; gold? Also; Whoever may swear by the τηριώ, ουδεν εστιν ός δ' αν ομοση εν τφ nothing it is; who but ever may swear by he δωρφ τφ επανω αυτου, οφειλει. 19 Μωροι και gift that he is bound. O fools upon it, and τι γαρ μειζον; το δωρον, η which for greater? the gift, or τυφλοι° gift, 20 °O OUV θυσιαστηριον, το άγιαζον το δωρον; that sanctifying the gift, He then ομοσας εν τφ θυσιαστηριφ, υμνυει εν αυτφ και swearing by the altar, swears by it ²¹ και δ ομοσας εν πασι τοις επανω αυτου. and he swearing oy all the (things) upon it; εν τφ ναω, ομνυει εν αυτφ και εν τφ κατοιby it and by the (one) having 22 και δομοσας εν τω ουρανω, by the temple, swears κησαντι αυτον inhabited it, and he swearing by the heaven; ομνυει εν τω θρονω του θεου και εν τω καθηswears by the throne of the God and by the (one, μηνω επανω αυτου. .:pon

²³ Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και & αριστιοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται ότι αποδεκατουτε το ήδυοσμον, και το ανηθον, και το κυμινον· και αφηκατε τα βαρυand the cummin; and pact by the weightier τερα του σομους την κρισιν, και τον ελεον, και (things) of the law, the justice, and the mercy, and Ταυτα δε εδει ποιησαι, κακεινα τηι πιστιν. Those but it is binding to do, and those faith. 2- Οδηγοι τυφλοι οί διυλιζντες μη αφιεναι. not to omit. Guides blind; the straining out σον κωνωπα την δε καμηλον καταπινοντες. the gnat the but camel swallowing down.

Tour there, grammaters kar Faricaio, those wor to you, seribe and Pharisees, hypoperate for kadarise to expose to unounprious wites, because you cleans the outside of the cup

make him a Son of Gehenna doubly more than yourselves.

Guides, vou to vou, t blind Guides, vou who can Te ewear by the rempel, it is esthing; but to swear by the GOLD of the TEM-PLE, it is binding.

17 Foolish and Blinds for which is more sacred, —the GOLD, for THAT TEMPLE 3 w. 1ch CONST-CRATED the GOLD?

1^ And, to swear by the ALTAR, 't is nothing; but to sweet by THAT OFFERING which is upon it is binding.

19 Foolish and Blind: for which is more exerced, —the OFFERING. \$ 07 THAT ALTLE Which. CONSUCRATES the OFFERING?

20 HE therefore who swears by the LTAR, makes oath by it, and by all things on it:

21 and HE who SWEARS by the TEMPLE, makes oata by it, and by HIM who DWELT in it:

22 and HE who SWEARS
by HEAVEN, makes oath
by the THRONE of GOD,
and by HIM who sits on it.

and by him who sits on it.

23 Woe to vou, Scribes
and kharisees, Hypocrites' ‡Because to pay
tithe of mint, and dill,
and cummin, but neglect the more important matters of the Law,
—JUSTICE, COMPASSION,
and FAITT. These things
you ought to practise and
not to omit those.

24 Blind Guides! twho filter out the GNAT, yet swallow the CAMEL.

25 Woo to ou, Scribes and Phariseer, Hypocrites † Because you purify the ourside of the cur and the dish, but

[·] VATICAN MINUSCRIPT .- 17. which CONSECUATED.

^{† 24.} An allusion to the custon of the Jews (also Greeks and Romans) of passing their vines through a strainer. The Jews did it from religious cruples the Gentiles from relegantiness.

κοι της παροψίδος, εσωθεν δε γεμουσιν εξ άρand of the dish, within but they are full of raπαγης και αδικίας. 26 Φαρισαιε τυφλε, καθαρισον
pine and injustice. O Pharisee blind, cleanse
πρωτον το εντος του ποτηριου και της παροψίδος,
first the inside of the cup and of the dish, 1 1 2 $^$

Vocat ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαίοι, ύποκWoe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται· ὅτι παρομδιαζετε ταφοις κεκονιαμενοις,
crites; because you are like to tombs having been whitened,
οἶτινες εξωθεν μεν φαινονται ὡραιοι, εσωθεν δε
which without indeed appear beautiful, within but
γεμουσιν οστεων νεκρων και πασης ακαθαρσιας.
are full of bones of dead and of all uncleanness.
So also you without indeed appear to the
ανθρωποις δικαιοι, εσωθεν δε μεστοι εσπε ὑποκmen just, within but full are of hy-

ρισεως και ανομιας. pocrisy and of lawlessness. · ²⁹ Ουαι ύμιν, γραμματεις και Φαρισαιοι, ύποκ-Woe to you, scribes and Pharisees, hypoριται· ότι οικοδομειτε τους ταφους των προφηcrites; because you build the tombs of the prophets, των, και κοσμειτε τα μνημεια των δικαιωυ, and adorn the monuments of the 30 και λεγετε· Ει ημεθα εν ταις ημεραις των and say; If we had been in the days of the πατερων ήμων, ουκ αν ημεθα κοινωνοι αυτων fathers of us, not we had been partakers of them $\epsilon \nu$ τω αίματι των προφητων. 31 Ω στε μαρτυin the blood of the prophets: So that you ρειτε έαυτοις, ότι υίοι εστε των φονευσαντων μετρον των πατερων ύμων. ³³Οφεις, γεννηματα measure of the fachers of you. Oserpents, Obroods εχιδνων πως φυγητε απο της κρισεως της of vipers; how can you fee from the judgment of the $34 \Delta \iota \alpha \ \tau o \upsilon \tau o, \ \iota \delta o \upsilon, \ \epsilon \gamma \omega \ \alpha \pi o \sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda \omega$ Because of this. γε εννης; Because of this, lo, Gchenna? προς ύμας προφητας, και σοφους, και γραμμαto you prophets, and wise men, and scribes. τεις και εξ αυτων αποκτενειτε και σταυρωand out of them you will kill and will cruσετε, και εξ αυτων μαστιγωσετε εν ταις and out of them you will scourge in the συναγωναις ύμων και διωξετε απο πολεως εις synagogues of you and pursue $35~\delta\pi\omega s~\epsilon\lambda\theta\eta~\epsilon\phi^{\prime}~\delta\mu\omega s~\pi\omega\nu$ all blood πολινο so that may come upon you all δικαιον, εκχυνομένον επι της γης απο του being shed upon the earth from the righteous, αίματος $A\beta$ ελ του δικαιου έως του αίματος blood of Abel the just to the blood

within, they are full of Rapine and Injustice.

26 Blind Pharisee! first purify the INSIDE of the CUP and the DISH, that the OUTSIDE of them may also become clean.

27 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! ‡Because you resemble whitened Sepulchres, which indeed, outwardly, appear beautiful; but within, are full of the Bones of the Dead, and of All Impurity.

28 Thus also nou, indeed, outwardly appear righteous to MEN; but inwardly you are full of Hypocrisy and Iniquity.

29 Woe to you, Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites! † Because you build the SEPULCHRES of the PROPHETS, and ornament the MONUMENTS of th. JUST.

30 and say, If we had lived in the days of our fathers, we would not have been Participators with them in the MURDER of the PROPHETS.

31 Thus you testify against yourselves, ‡That you are the sons of THOSE WHO MURDERED the PROPHETS.

32 † Hou also will fill up the MEASURE of your FATHERS.

33 Serpents, † Progeny of vipers! how can you escape the JUDGMENT of the GEHENNA.

34 On account of this, ‡Behold, £ send to you Prophets, and Wise men, and Instructors; and some of them you will kill and crucify; and others you will scourge in your SYN-AGOGUES, and persecute from City to City:

AGOGUES, and persecute from City to City; 35 so that All the innocent Blood being shed upon the LAND, may come upon you, from the BLOOD of Abel the JUST,

^{† 27.} Luke xi. 44; Acts xxiii. 3. 1 Thess. ti. 15. † 32. 1 Thess. ii 16. 20. Luke xi. 47. † 31. Acts vii. 51, 52 ‡ 33. Matt. iii. 7; xii. 34. † 34. Matt. iii. 7; xii. 34.

Ζαχαριου υίου Βαραχιου, όν εφονευσατε μεταξυ of Zecharias a son of Barachias, whom you killed between ³⁶ Αμην λεγω του ναου και του θυσιαστηριου. Indeed I say the temple and the ύμιν, ότι ηξει ταυτα παντα επι την γενεαν to you, that shall come these (things) all upon the generation $\tau \alpha \nu \tau \eta \nu$. I $\epsilon \rho \sigma \alpha \lambda \eta \mu$, I $\epsilon \rho \sigma \alpha \lambda \eta \mu$, $\eta \alpha \sigma \kappa \sigma \nu \tau \eta \nu$. Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the τεινουσα τους προφητας, και λιθοβολουσα τους prophets, and stoning απεσταλμενους προς αύτην· ποσακις η $\theta \in \lambda$ ησα having been sent to her; how often επισυναγαγειν τα τεκνα σου, δυ τροπου επισυ-to gather the children of thee, what manner gathers gathers ναγει ορνις τα νοσσια έαυτης ύπο τας πτερυγας; a bird the brood or herself under the wings? 38 Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. not you were willing. Lo, is left to you the 39 Λεγω γαρ ύμινο Ου **ρικ**ος ύμων *[ερημος.] Isay house of you [a desert.] for to you; Not μη με ιδητε απ' αρτι, έως αν ειπητε. Ευλογηyou may say; Having been not me you may see from now, till μενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι κυριου. in blessed he coming name

ΚΕΦ. κδ'. 24.

1 Και εξελθων ό Ιησους επορεύετο απο του And being come out the Jesus was going from the ίερου· και προσηλθον οί μαθηται αυτου επιδειξαι the disciples of him to point out came 2'O de Inσous αυτώ τας οικοδομας του έερου. to him the buildings of the temple. The and Jesus ειπον αυτοις. Ου βλεπετε παυτα ταυτα; αμην to them; Not see you all indeed these; $\alpha \phi \in \theta \eta$ ώδ€ λiθos TπL ύμιν, ου μη to you, not not should be left boro Satone upon λιθον, δε ου κασαλυθησεται. natone, which not ahal be thrown down.

3 Καθημενου δο αυτου επι TOW opous Twv Sitting ລາເວີ of him upon the mountain of the to the BLOOD of I Zechariah, † Son of Barachiah, whom you will murder between the SANCTUARY and the ALTAR.

36 Indeed, I say to you, That all these things will come upon this GENE-

RATION.

37 ‡O Jerusalem, Jerusalem! DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee, how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILD-REN, as a Bird collects her Joung under her wings! but you would not.

TATION is left to you; 38 Behold, your HABI-

shall not see me from this time, till you shall say, t'Blessed be HE who COMES in the Name of 'Jchovah.'"

CHAPTER XXIV. '

1 ‡ And JESUS being come out was going from the TEMPLE; and his DISCIPLES came to show him the buildings of the TEMPLE.

2 And * HE answering, said to them, "Do you not see all these things? I assure you, There shall not be left here a Stone upon a Stone; all will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on the MOUNT of OLIVES,

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. a desert-omit. 2. HE answering, said.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—38, a desert—omit.

2. He answering, said.

3. 85. There are a variety of opinions among critics, as to tho is here meant. Some think it is the Zechariah, son of Jehoiadah, mentioned in 2 Chron. xxiv. 20, 21; but this leaves the Jows innocent of the blood shed during nearly nine centuries of the most scandalous years of their history. Others think reference is here made to "Zechariah, the son of Berechiah and the grandson of Iddo," Zech. i. 1; of whose murder mention is made in the Targum, of Chaldee paraphrace of Jonathan Ben-Uziel, (said to be a cotemporary of Jesus Christ.) In roply to this compilaint of Joreniah, (Lanu. ii. 20.) "Shall the priest and the prophet be slain in the sanctuary of the Lord?" he says, "Was it well in you to slay a prophet as you did Zechariah, the son of Hiddo, in the House of the Lord's sanctuary, because he endeavored to withdraw you from your cril ways?" This Zechariah lived some 320 years after the one previously mentioned, yet a period of over 500 years of Jewish history is left ont. Were not the Jews more asponsible Christian blood shed during the last preceding five centuries of their history, than they could be for blood shed before the deluge? Others are of opinion that Jesus spoly this prophetically of that Zechariah who was massacred "in the middle of the holy place," three years before the final destruction of Jerusalem. Of him, Josephus cays, he was a just man. Thus Abel was the first, and this Zechariah, the last just person whose blood being spilt upon the land, should be required of that generation. This view arrees with the context, and recorded facts; and in agreement with the same, ephoneusate, aword in the first aorist tense, has been thrown into the future, instead of the past.

4. 5. 2 Chron, xxiv, 20, 21.

4. 57. Luke xiii, 34.

4. 59. Psa, exviii, 20. Matt. xxi. Q.

^{‡ 35. 2} Chron. xxiv. 20, 21. 2 1. Mark xiii. 1; Luke xxi. 5.

ελαιων, προσηλθον αυτφ οι μαθηται κατ' ιδιαν, since trees, came 195 to him the disciples privately, λεγοκτες. Είπε ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται: κακ eaying: Tell to us, when these (things) shall be? and τι το σημείον της σης παρουσίας και της what the sign of the thy presence and of the συντελείας του αιωνος; Και αποκριθείς δ end of the age? And answering the Ιησους, ε.πεν αυτοις. Βλεπετε, μη τις ύμας Τσους. επέν αυτοις Βλέπετε, μη τις υμας Ταλε heed, not any one you πλανηση. Πολλοι 'γαρ ελευσονται επί τω παν deceive. Μαν for shall come in the συσματι μου, λεγοντες Εγω ειμι ο Χριστος παι πολλους πλανησουσι. Μελλησετε δε επά. πολλους πλανησουσι. Το Μελλησετε δε του shall be about, and ακουείν πολεμους, και ακοας πολεμων δρατε, το hear wars, and reports of wars; see, μη θροείσθε δει γαρ [παντα] γενεσθαι ποι you be disturbed; it behaves for αλλ' ουπω εστι το τελος. but not yet is the end. Shall be raised up for εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιλειαν· και nation against nation, and kingdom against kingdom; and εσονται λιμοι, * [και λοιμοι,] και σεισμοι κατα there shall be famines, [and plagues,] and earthquakes in TOTOUS. Β Παντα δε ταυτα αρχη ωδινων.
All but these a beginning of sorrows. these a beginning of sorrows. places. / *Τοτε παραδωσουσιν ύμας εις θλιψιν, και αποκ-Then they shall deliver up you' to . affliction, and τενουσιν ύμαςς και εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο him you shall be being hated by παντων των εθνων δια το ονομα μου all of the nations on account of the name of me., 10 Kai τοτε σκανδάλισθησονται πολλοι.

And then shell be caused to stumble many; Kal shall be caused to stumble many; and αλληλους παραδωσουσι, και μισησουσιν αλλη-each other shall deliver up, and shell hate each λο· s. 11 Και πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εγερθη-oth τ. And many false-propheta shall be σονται, και πλανησουσι πυλλους. 13 και δια raised up, and shall deceive many: and because of τι πληθυνθην την ανομίαν, ψυγησεται η the to be increre the law cosees, shall be cooled the CYART TWO TOLLER, 13'O δε υπομεινας els τελος, εύτος εωθησεται 14 Και κηρυχθησεται end, the same hall be saved. And shall be published τουτό το ευαγγελιον της βασιλειας εν όλη τη this the glad tidings of the kingdom in whole the babliable, for a testimony to all the nationer and τοτε ήξει το τελος. 15 Όταν ουν ιδητε το then shall come the end. When therefore you may see the βδελυγμα της ερημωσεως, το βηθεν koly Ground, τη ΑΤ DE-abomination of the desolatios, the word having been spoken STRUCTIVE ‡ ABOMINA-

the disciples came to him privately, saying, "Tell us, when theso things will be?" and "What will be the SIGN of THY presence, and of the CONSUMMATION of the AGE?"

4 And Jesus replying to them, said, ‡"Beware. that no one deceive you;

5 for many will assume my NAME, saying, 'E am' the MESSIAH; and will deceive many.

6 And you will soon hear of Conflicts, and Reports of Battles; but take care that you be not alarmed; for these things must occur; but the END is not yet.

7 For Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; and there will be in various places, Famines and Earthquakes. 37

8 Yet these are only a Beginning of Surrows.

9 Then they will deliver you up to affliction, and will destroy you; and you will be detested by All the NATIONS, on account of my NAME.
10 And then f Many

will be msnared, and will betray their associates, and abhor them.

11 And 1 Many False Prophets will arise, and will deceive Many;

12 and because VICE will abound, the LOVE of the MANY will cool. .

13 I But HE who PA-TIENTLY ENDURES to the End, will be saved.

14 And These \$ GLAD TIDINGS of the KINGDOM we be published in the Whole HABITABLE, for a testimony to all the NA-TIONS: and then will the END come. ...

15 When, therefore, you shall see, stationed on

" VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- C. all-omit. 7. and plagues-omit.

t 4. Eph. v. 6; I John Iv. 1. 2 9. Mark ziii. 9; Luke xxl. 19; John xv. 20. 10. Tim. 1. 15. 11. Acts xx. 29; 2 Pet. il. 1. 13. Matt. x. 22. 14. Matt. iv. 23; Rom. x. 18; ix. 35; Col. L 6 23. 2 14. Dan. ix. 27; xii. 11.

Δανιηλ του προφητου, έστως εν τοπω h Daniel the prophet, having stood in place δια through ¹⁶ τοτε οἱ εν άγιω (δ αναγινωσκων νοειτω) then they in iet him think :) holy: (he reading 17 ó ορη° τη Ιουδαια, φευγετωσαν επι τα to the mountains: he let them flee επι του δωματος, μη καταβαινετω, αραι τα εκ to take the out of not let him go down, upon the roof, της οικιας αύτου. 18 και δ έν τω αγρω, μη and he in the field, of him; επιστρεψατω οπισω, τοι τα ίματια αύτου. to take the mantle of him. let him turn back, ¹⁹Ουλι δε ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις having Woe and to the in womb and to the 20 Προσθηλα(ουσαις εν εκειναις ταις ημεραις. days. Pray in those the $\epsilon \nu \chi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ δε, $\epsilon \nu \alpha$ $\mu \eta$ $\gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \tau \alpha \iota$ $\dot{\eta}$ you and, that not may be the φυγη ύμων may be the flight of you χειμωνος, μηδε σαββατω. 21 Εσται γαρ τοτε Shall be nor in sabbath. of water, θλιψις μεγαλη, οία ου γεγονεν απ' αρχης great, such as not has been from a beginning 22 Ka1 κοσμου έως του νυν, ουδ' ου μη γενηται. ofworld till the now, nor not not may be. And ει μη εκολοβωθησαν αξ ήμεραι εκειναι, ουκ αν those, not should except were shortened the days δε τους εκλεκτους εσωθη πασα σαρξο δια all flesh; on account of but the chosen 23 To $\tau \in \epsilon \alpha \nu$ κολοβωθησονται αι ήμεραι εκειναι. shall be shortened the days those. τις ύμιν ειπης 'Ιδου, ώδε ό χριστος, η ώδε μη any toyou should day; Lo, here the anointed, or here; not πιστευσητε. ²⁴Εγερθησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι for false anointed ones Shall be raised believe you. και ψευδοπροφηται, και δωσουσι σημεια μεγαλα and shall give signs great false prophets, και τερατα, ώστε πλανησαι, ει δυνατον και and wonders, so as to deceive, if possible even τους εκλεκτους. ²⁵ Ιδου, προειρηκα ύμιν. 26 E $\alpha\nu$ Lo, I have foretold to you. ουν ειπωσιν ύμιν Ιδου, εν τη ερημώ εστι μη then they should say to you; Lo, in the desert he is; not εξελθητε Ιδου, εν τοις ταμειοις μη πιστευ-you should go out. Lo, in the retired places, not you should 27 Ωσπερ γαρ ή αστραπη εξερχεται απο
As for the lightning comes out from ανατελων, και φαινεται έως δυσμων, ουτως and shines

TION, which is SPOKEN of through Daniel the PROPHET," (READER attend!)

16 †"then let THOSE in JUDEA escape to the

MOUNTAINS;

17 let not HIM who is on the ROOF descend to take the things from his HOUSE:

18 and let not HIM who is in the FIELD, return to take his MANTLE.

19 # But alas for the PREGNANT and the NURS-ING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

20 Pray, therefore, that your flight be not in the Winter, nor on a Sab-

bath;

21 for then there wili be great Distress, such as never happened from the beginning of the world till NOW, no, nor ever will be. 22 # And unless those

DAYS were cut short, No One could survive; but on account of the CHO-SEN, those DAYS will be limited.

23 # If any one should say to you then, 'Behold! here is the MESSIAH,' or 'there;' believe it not;

24 because False Messiahs and False Prophets will arise, who will propose great Signs and Prodigies; so as to delude, if possible, even the CHOSEN.

25 Remember, I have

forewarned you.

26 If, therefore, they say to you, 'Behold, he is in the DESERT!' go not forth; or, 'Behold, he is in secret apartments!' believe it not.

27 ‡ For as the LIGHT-NING emerges from the East, and shines to the

† 19. Luke xxiii. 29. † 21. Dan. ix. 26. † 22. Isa, lxvi. 8, 9. xiii. 21; Luke xvii. 23; xxi. 9. † 27. Luke xvii. 24.

t 16. Not only the temple, and the mountain on which it stood, but the whole city of Jeru-† 10 Not only the temple, and the mountum on which it stood, but the whole city of Jerusalem, and several furlongs of land round about it, were accounted holy. † 16. Josephus and Eusebius inform us that when the Romans under Cestius Gallus made their first advance towards Jerusalem, they suddenly withdrew again, in a most unexpected and indeed impolitic manner; at which Josephus testifies his surprise, since the city might then nave been easily taken. By this means they gave as it were a signal to the Christians to reture; which, in regard to this admonition, they did, some to Pella, and others to Mount Libanus, and thereby preserved their lives.—Doddridge.

εσται και ή παρουσια του υιου του αύθρωπου.

thail ho also the versuce of the son of the man.
SO Oπου π [γαρ] εαν η το πτωμα, εκει συναχWhere [for] ever may be the careass, there will to θησονται οί αετοι. Ευθεως δε μετα την θλιψιν gathered the eagles. Immediately but after the affliction των ήμερων εκεινων, δ ήλιος σκοτισθησεται, of the days those, the sun shall be darkened, και ή σεληνη ου δωσει το φεγγος αθτης, και and the moon not shill give the light of her, and ci astepes retourtal (NO too opposite and the heaven, and the star shallfall from the heaven, and the δυναμεις των ουρανων σαλευθησονται. powers of the heavens shall be shaken. then shall appear the sign of the son of the ανθρωπου εν τω ουρανω και τοτε καψονται. πασαι αί φυλαι της γης, και οψονται τον υίου ail the tribes of the earth, and they shall see the son του ανθρωπος ερχομενον επι των νεφελων του coming upon the clouds of the of tho man ουρανου, μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολλης. heaven, with power and glory much; ³¹ και αποστελει τους αγγελους αύτου μετα and he will send the messengers of him σαλπιγγος φωνης μεγαλης και επισυναξουσι.
oftrumpet a voice great; and they shall gather τους εκλεκτους αυτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, the chosen (ones) of him from the four winds, απ' ακρων ουρανων έως ακρων αυτων. 32 A TO from extremities of heavens to extremities of them. From δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην όταν but the fig-tree learn you the parable; when ηδη δ κλαδος αυτης γενηται άπαλος, και τα already the' branch of her may be tender, and theφυλλα εκφυη, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς το leaves may pot forth, you know, that near the θερος 33 Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ιδητε παντα eummer) So also you, when you may see all ταυτα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν επι θυραις.
these, know you, that near it is at doors.

34 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα

Indeed I say to you, not not may pass away the generation αύτη, έως αν παντα ταυτα γενηται.
this, till all these may be done. ουρανος και ή γη παρελευσεται οί δε λογοι heaven and the earth shall pass away; the but 'words μου ου μη παρελθωσι.

of me not not may pass away.

33 Περι δε της ήμερας εκεινης και ώρας ουδεις About and the day that and hour no one οιδεν, ουδε οί αγγελοι των ουρανων, ει μη δ nor the messengers of the heavens, 37 'Ωσπερ δε αι ήμεραι του Νωε, πατηρ μονος. father alone. As and the days of the Noe,

West; so will be the PRESENCE of the son of

28 Wherever the DEAD CARCASS may be, there the TRAGLES will be col-

29 And speedily after the Affliction of those DAYS, the sun will be obscured, and the MCON will withhold her LIGHT, and the STARS will fall from HEAVEN, and the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

30 And the sign of the son of man will then appear in Heaven; ‡ and then All the TRIBES of the LAND will lament: and they will see the son of MAN coming on the CLOUDS of HEAVEN, with great Majesty and Power.
31 ‡ And he will send

his messencers with a loud-sounding Trumpet, and they will assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds,-from one Extremity of Heaven to the other.

32 Now learn a PARA-BLE from the FIG-TREE. When its BRANCH is yet tender, and puts forth leaves, you know that summer is near.

33 Thus also, when nou shall see All these things, know, That the is night at the Doors.

34 Indeed, I say to you. *That this #GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

35 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail; but my words cannot fail.

36 # But no one knows concerning that DAY and "Hour; no, not the AN-GELS of the HEAVENS. "nor the son, but the FATHER only.

37 * For as the DAYS

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28 for-omit. 30. Heaven. 34. That this. . -36 Hour. 36. nor the son, but the father only. 37. For as. † 23. Dest. xxviii. 49. Rev. I. 7. 1 31. Matt. xiii. 41; 1 Cor. xv. 52; 1 Thess. iv. 16. 1 34. Matt. xxiii 36; Mark xiii. 50; Luke xxi. 32. 1 36. Acts I. 7. 1.20 1 33, James v. D

ερχεται.

comes.

ούτως εσται *[και] ή παρουσια του υίου του even so will be [also] the presence of the son of the 33 'Ωσπερ γαρ ησαν εν ταις ήμεραις ανθρωπου. for they were in the man. ταις προ του κατακλυσμου πρωγοντες και the before the flood eating and πινοντες, γαμουντες και εκγαμιζοντες, drinking, marrying and giving in marriage, ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον, of which day entered Noe into the 39 και ουκ εγνωσαν, έως ηλθεν ό κατακλυσμος and not they knew, till came the και ηρεν άπαντας ούτως εσται *[και] ή and took away all; even so will be [also] the 40 Τοτε δυο παρουσια του υίου του ανθρωπου. presence of the son of the Then two man. εσονται εν τω αγρω· ὁ είς παραλαμβανεται, shall be in the field: the one is taken away, και δ είς αφιεται. 41 Δυο αληθουσαι εν τω Two grinding in the and the one is left. μυλωνι· μια παραλαμβανεται, και μια αφιεται. and one is left. mill; one is taken away, ** Γρηγορείτε ουν, ότι ουκ οιδατε, ποια ώρα Watch you therefore, because not you know, in what hour δ κυριος ύμων ερχεται. 43 Εκεινο δε γινωσκετε, the Lord of you comes. This but know you, δτιει ηδει δοικοδεσποτης, ποια φυλακη δ that if had known the householder, in what watch the κλεπτης ερχεται, εγρηγορησεν αν, και ουκ thief comes, he would have watched, and no. comes, διορυγηναι την οικιαν αύτου. he would have allowed to be dug-through the house 44 Δια τουτο και ὑμεις γινεσθε έτοιμοι δτι, On account of this also you be ready; because, η ώρα ου δοκειτε, δ υίος του ανθρωπου in which hour not you think, the son of the

45 Τις αρα εστιν δ πιστος δουλος και φρονιμος, Who hen is the aithful slave and δν κατεστησεν δ κυριος αυτου επι της θεραwhom placed he lord of him over of the domesπειας αύτου, του δουναι αυτοις την τροφην εν of him, of the to give to them the food in 46 Μακαριος δ δουλος εκεινος, όν ελθων ECLIPW: Blessed the slave that, whom coming δ κυριος αυτου εύρησει ποιουντα ούτως. 47 Αμην the lord of him shall find doing 80. λεγω ύμιν, ότι επι πασι τοις ύπαρχουσιν αυτου I say to you, that over all the possessions κ απαστησει αυτον. 48 κ αν δε ειπη δ κακοs κ εν αμπορειών κ be will place him. If but should say the κ a δουλος ε. εεινος εν τη καρδια αυτου Χρονιζει δ elsve that in the heart of him; Delays the cupios $\mu o \upsilon^* [\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \upsilon^*]^{49} \kappa \alpha \iota \alpha \rho \xi \eta \tau \alpha \iota \tau \upsilon \pi \tau \epsilon \iota \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon s$ ord of me [to come;] and should begin to strike

of Noah, thus will be the PRESENCE of the son of

38 ‡ For as in those DAYS, THOSE before the DELUGE, they were eating and drinking, marrying, and pledging in marriage, till the Day that Noah entered the ARK.

39 and understood not, till the DELUGE came, and swept them all away; thus will be the PRESENCE of the SON of MAN.

40 Two men shall then be in the FIELD; * one will be taken, and the * other left.

41 Two women shall be grinding at the MILL; one will be taken, and the other left.

42 tWatch, therefore, Because, you do not know at what *D y your MASTER will come.

43 But you know this, that if the HOUSEHOLDER knew at What Hour of the night the THIEF would come, he would watch, and not suffer him to break into his HOUSE.

44 Therefore, he gou also prepared; Because the son of MAN will come at an Hour, when you do not expect him.

45 ‡ Who then is the FAITHFUL and prudent Servant, whom his MASTER has placed over his HOUSEHOLD, to GIVE them FOOD in due Season?

46 Happy that SER-VANT, whom his MASTER, on coming, shall find thus employed!

47 ‡ Indeed, I say to you, That he will appoint him over All his Possessions.

48 But if that Servant should WICKEDLY say in his HEART, 'My MASTER delays;'

49 and sh ald begin to

[•] VATUCAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. also—omit. 30. also—mit. 40. one. 40. other

^{1 38.} Gen. vi. 3-5; vii. 5; Luke xvii. 26; 1 Pet. iii. 20. I 42. Matt xxv. 13; Mark xii. 83; Luke xxi. 36. I 43. Luke xii. 50; 1 Thess. . 8 Pet. iii. 10; Rev. iii. 3; xvi. 16, 47 Mark xvv 91 90 Unit 224 22.

συνδουολος, εσθιη δε και πινη μετα των μεθυυνfollow-slaves, may eat and also may drink with these getting των δο ήξει δ κυριος του δουλου εκεινου εν drunk; shall come the iord of the slave η ου προσδοκα, και εν ώρα, OU a day, in which not he expects, and in an hour, in which not γινωσκει 51 και διχοτομησει αυτον, και and shall cut asunder uepos αυτου μετα των δποκριτων θησει εκει
part of him with the hypocritos will place: there with the hypocritos will place; there εσται δ κλαυθμος και δ βρυγμος των οδοντων. will be the weeping and the gnashing of the

KEΦ. κε'. 25.

1 Τοτε εμοιωθησεται ή βασιλεια των ουρανων Then will be compared the kingdom of the δεκα παρθενοις, αίτινες, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας having taken the who, lamps αύτων, εξηλθον εις απαντησιν του νυμφιου of the bridegroom ofthem, Went out 10 a meeting 2 Πεντε δε ησαν εξ αυτων φρονιμοι, και πεντε Five and were of them prudent. and μωραι. 3 Αίτινες μωραι, λαβουσαι τας λαμπαδας foolish, having taken the lamps foolish. Who autwv, our $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta ov \mu \epsilon \theta^3$ $\epsilon \alpha utwv \epsilon \lambda \alpha iov.$ of them, not took with themselves oil. δε φρονιμοι ελαβον ελαιον εν τοις αγγεινις but prudent took oil in the vessels 5 Xpovi-*[αύτων] μετα των λαμπαδων αύτων. of them] with the lamps of them. Delayζοντος δε του νυμφιου, ενυσταξαν πασαι, κα and the bridegroom, nodded all, ng 2ª. 6 Μεσης δε νυκτος κραυγη εκαθευδον. YEYOVEV did sleep. Of middle and night a cry was raiseds Iδου, δ νυμφιος * [ερχεται'] εξερχεσθε εις απαν-Lo, the bridegmon [com. 3] go out to a meetτησιν αυτου. ⁷Τοτε ηγερθησαν πασαι αξ παρθενοι Ing of him. Then arose all the virging εκειναι, και εκοσμησαν τας λαμπαδας αύτων. the and pat un order lamps

beat his FELLOW-SER-VANTS, and should eat and drink with the IN-TEMPERATE;

50 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware,

51 and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the HYPOCRITES; there will be the WEEPING and the GNASHING of TEETH.

CHAPTER XXV.

1 The KINGDOM of the HEAVENS, at that time, may be compared to Ten † Virgins, who, having taken their LAMPS, went out †to meet ‡the BRIDE-GROOM.

2 Now five of them were *foolish, and five

were prudent.

3 *For the FOOLISH took their LAMPS, but carried no Oil with them.

- 4 The PRUDENT, however, besides * their own LAMPS, took Oil in the VESSELS.
- 5 While the BRIDE-GROOM delayed, they all became drowsy, and fell asleep.

6 And at Midnight a Cry was raised, 'Behold, the BRIDEGROOM; go out and *meet him!'

rirgina 7 Then All those virzύτων. GINS arose, t and put of them. their LAMPS in order.

^{*}Vatican Manuscript.—2. foolish, and five were prudent.
4. their own.
6. comes—omit.
6. to the Meeting.

^{3.} For the FOOLISH.

^{† 1.} Fingus signifies a chaste or pure person, and is applied to both sexes in the sacred writings. See Rev. xiv. It has been thought best to retain the word here. † 1. An eye-witness of a Hindoo marriage, gives the following striking illustration of this custom:—"The bride lived at Serampore, to which place the bridegroom was to come by water. After waiting two or three hours, at length, near midnight, it was announced in the very words of Scripture, 'Behold, the bridegroom cometh; go ye out to meet him.' All the persons employed now lighted their lamps, and ran with them in their hands to fill up their stations in the procession; some of them had lost their lights, and were unprepared, but it was then to late to seek them, and the cavalcade moved forward to the house of the bride; at which place the company entered a large and splendidy illuminated area, before the house, covered with an awning, where a great mu'titude of friends, dressed in their best apparel, were seated upon mats. The bridegroom was carried in the arms of a friend, and placed in a superb seat in the midst of the company, where he sat a short time, and then went into the house, the door of which was immediately shut, and guarded by sepoys. I and others expostulated with the door-keepers, but in vain. Never was I so struck with our Lord's beautiful parable as at this moment—'And the door was shut.'"

^{151.} Matt. viii. 12; xiii. 42; xxv. 30. 15. 1 Thesa. v. 6. 17. Luke xii. 35.

^{11.} Eph. v. 29, 30; Rev. xix. 7; xxi. 2, 9.

At $\delta \in \mu \omega \rho \alpha \iota$ Tais $\phi \rho \rho \nu \iota \mu \gamma \iota s \in \iota \pi \rho \nu^{\circ}$ $\Delta \sigma \tau \in \mathring{\eta} \mu \iota \nu$ The but coolish to the prudent said; Give to us εκ του ελαιου ύμων, ότι αι λαμπαδες ήμων sut of the z^{ij} σου, because the lamps of us $\sigma \mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{I}$ νου, $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{I}$ αι φρονιμοι, are extinguished.

Answered [but] the prudent, λεγουσαι· Μηποτε ουκ αρκεση ύμιν και ύμιν· Lest not it might suffice to us and to you; πορευεσθε μαλλον προς τους πωλουντας, και gather to the selling, 70 vou 10 Απερχομενων δε αυτων αγορασατε έαυταις. Going away and of them huy to yourselves. αγιρασαι, ηλθεν δ νυμφιος και αί έτοιμοι to buy, came the bridegroom; and the prepared ones ισηλθον μετ' αυτου εις τους γαμους και εκentered with his. into the nuprial-feasts; and was $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^{0}$ η $\theta v \rho \alpha_{o}$ \mathbb{R}^{3} $\Omega \sigma \tau \in \rho o v \delta \epsilon \in \rho \chi o v \tau \alpha \iota \kappa \alpha \iota$ closed the door. Λt^{μ} wards and came also αί λοιπαι παρθεν)ι, λεγουσαίο Κυριε, κυριε, το remaining virgins, saying, Olord, Olord, ανοιξον ήμιν. 12 Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπενο Αμην οpen to use in out answering said; Indeed λεγω ύμιν, τυκ οιδιύμας 14 Γρηγορείτε υν, τος to you n two y u. Watch you therefore, ότι ουκ οιδατε την ήμεραν, ουδε την ώραν. because not you know the day, nor the hour. 1. Ωσπερ γαρ ανθρωπος αποδημων εκαλεσε τους for man going abroad called ^h_ ιδιους δουλους, και παρεδωκεν αυτοις τα έπαρslaves, and delivered to them the goods 15 και 'ω χοντα αύτου μεν εδωκε πεντε and to him indeed he gave of him. φ $\delta \epsilon$ δvo , φ $\delta \epsilon$ ϵv° him and tw, to him and one; παλαντω, φ έν° έκαστω šalents, to each την ιδιαν δυναμιν° και απεδημησεν the own power; and went abroad ecording to the own power; and we have $\varepsilon = 0$ the own power; $\varepsilon =$ ταλαντα λαβων, ειργασατο εν αυτοις, και talents having received, traded with them, and εποιησεν αλλα πεντε *[ταλαντα.] 17°Ωσαντα.] Like made other five [talents.] τως *[και ό] τα δυο, εκερδησε και αυτος αλλα wise [also he] the two, gained also he other δυο. 18 Ο δε το έν λαβων απελθων ωρυξη He but the one having received having retired digged *[εν] τη γη, και απεκρυψε το αργυριον του the earth, and hid the κυρι**ου α**ύτου。 lord of him. δ κυριος των δουλων εκεινων, και συναιρει those, and adjusts the lord of the slaves 20 Και προσελθων δ τα μετ' αυτων λογον. an account. And coming

8 And the FOOLISH said to the PRUDENT. 'Give us of your OIL; for our LAMPS are going out.

9 But the PRUDENT replied, saying, 'Lest there le not enough for us and you, go Eather to THOSE who sell, and buy for yourselves!'

10 And while they were going away to buy, the BRIDEGROOM came; and THEY, who were PRE-PARED, entered with him to the NUPTIAL-FEASTS; t and the Door was shut.

11 Afterwards came also the OTHER Virgins, saying, ‡'Master, Master, open it for us!'

12 But HE arswering, said, 'Indeed, I say to you, I recognize you not.' 13 ‡ Watch, therefore, because you know neither

the DAY nor the HOUR. 14 ‡ Again, [it is] like a Man, who, intending to travel, called his own Servants, and delivered to them his goods.

15 And to ONE he gave Five † Talents, to ANO-THER two, and to ANO-THER one; ‡ to each according to his RESPEC-TIVE Capacity; and immediately departed.

16 Hc who had RE. CIEVED the FIVE Talents. went and traded with them, and * gained Other

17 And in like manner HE who had received the

Two, gained Other two. 18 But HE who had received the ONE, went and digged the EARTH, and hid his master's money.

19 After a long Time the MASTER of those SERVANTS returned, and reckoned with them.

20 Then HE, who had

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. but—omit. e. 16. Talents—omit. 17. he 16. And—omit.
mit. 18. in—omit. 16. gained Other 17. he also-omit.

^{† 15.} A talent is estimated by different writers to be in value somewhere between 700 and 2.250 dollars, or £140 and £560.

^{1 10.} Luke xiii. 25.

λαβωυ, προσηνεγκεν αλλα **ΨΕΝΤΕ** Ταλαντα talents having received, brought other τεντε ταλαντα, λεγων Κυριε, πεντε ταλαντα five talents, saying; Olord, five talents MOL παρεδωκας· ιδε, αλλα πεντε ταλαντα to me thou deliveredst; see, other five talents 21 Εφη αυτώ δ κυριος $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \rho \delta \eta \sigma \alpha * [\epsilon \pi' \alpha \nu \tau o \iota s.]$ [upon them.] Said to him the lord I gained autov Ευ, δουλε αγαθε και πιστε επι ολιγα of him; Well, O slave good and faithful; over a few (things) πιστος, επι πολλων σε καταστησω· thou wast faithful, over many thee I will place: εισελθε TOU κυριου σου. E15 την χαραν into joy ofthe lord of thee. 22 Προσελθων δε και δ τα δυο ταλαντα *[λα-Coming and also he the two talents [having βων,] ειπε· κυριε, δυο ταλαντα μοι παρεδωκας· received,] said: Olord, two talents to me thou deliveredst: ιδε, αλλα δυο ταλαντα εκερδησα *[επ' αυτοις·] lo, other two I gained [upon them:] taleuts Eφη αυτώ δ κυριος αυτου Ευ, δουλε αγαθε Sand to him the lord of him: Well, Oslave good και πιστε° επι ολιγα 775 πιστος, επι a few (things) thou wast and faithful; over faithful πολλων σε καταστησω: εισελθε εις την χαραν enter into the joy many thee I will place; 24 Προσελθων δε και δ το έν του κυριου σου. of the lord of thee. Coming and also he the one ταλαντον ειληφως, ειπε· κυριε, εγνων σε, ότι talent having taken, said; Olord, I knew thee, that σκληρος ει ανθρωπος, θεριζων δπου ουκ εσπειhard thou art a man, reaping where not thou sowρας, και συναγων δθεν ου διέσκορπισας. 25 και and gathering whence not thou scatteredst; φοβηθεις, απελθων εκρυψα το ταλαντον σου εν being afraid, going away I hid the talent of thee in 26 Αποκριθεις δε $\gamma \eta^{\circ}$ $\iota \delta \epsilon$, $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota s$ τo $\sigma o \nu$. lo, thou hast the thine. Answering and δ κυριος αυτου ειπεν αυτώ. Πονηρε δουλε και she ford of him said to him: O wiched slave γκνηρε, ηδεις, ότι θεριζω όπου ουκ εσπειρα, slothful, didst thou know, that I reap where not I sowed, και συναγω δθεν ου διεσκορ π ισlpha; 27 Εδει ουν It behoved then and gather whence not I scattered? σε βαλειν το αργυριον μου τοις τραπεζιταις the to cast the silver of me to the bankers: και ελθων εγω εκομισαμην αν το εμον συν and coming I might have received the mine with TOK'V. interest.

RECEIVED the FIVE Talents, came and presented Five Talents more, saying, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Five Talents; see, I have gained Five other Talents.'

21 His MASTER said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in a Few things, ‡ I will appoint thee over Many; partake of thy MASTER'S JOY.'

22 HE also who had the Two Talents, coming, said, 'Sir, thou gavest over to me Two Talents; see, I have gained Two Other Talents.'

23 His MASTER said to him, 'Well done, good and faithful Servant! thou hast been faithful in a Few things, I will appoint thee over Many; partake of thy MASTER'S JOY.'

24 Then HE who had RECEIVED the SINLGE Talent, approaching, said, 'Sir, I knew thee that thou art a Severe Man, reaping where thou hast not sown, and gathering where thou hast not scattered;

25 and being afraid, I went and hid thy TALENT in the EARTH; see, thou hast THINE OWN.'

26 His master answering, said to him, 'Wicked and indolent Servant, didst thou know That I reap where I have not sown, and gather where I have not scattered?

27 Thou oughtest then to have given my MONEY to the BANKERS, that at my return, E might have received mine own with lnterest.

28 Take from him, therefore, the TALENT, and give it to HIM who has the TEN Talents;

 $^{29} T\omega$

To the

29 ffor to EVERY ONE

και δυτε τφ εχοντι τα δεκα ταλαντα, and give to him having the ten talents.
 * VATICAL: MANUSCRIPT.—20. upon them—omit.
 22. upon them—omit.

t 21. Matt. xxiv. 47; Luke xii. 44; xix. 17; xxii. 29, 30. iv. 25; Luke viii. 18; xix. 23.

^{22.} having received—omit.

I 29. Matt. xiii, 12; Mark

γαρ εχοντι παντι δοθησεται, και περισσευhe shall having all Shall be given, and θησεται· απο δε του μη εχοντας, και δ εχει, from but the not having, even what he has, 30 Και τον αχρειον απ πρθησεται αυτου。 hall be taken away from him. And the useless δουλον εκβαλετε εις το σκήτος το εξωτερον° cast you into the darkness She βρυγμος των εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος και there shall be the twoeping age: The maching of the οδοντων.

teeth.

31 Όταν δε ελθη δυίος του ωνθρωπου εν τη When and may come the son of the δοξη αύτου, και παντες οί αγγελοι μετ' αυτου, all the messengers with him, of him, and τοτε καθισει επε θρονου δοξης αυτου, then shall he sit on a throne of glory of him, συναχθησεται εμπροσθεν αυτου παντα τα εθνη. gathered in presence of him all the unions; $\alpha\phi$ optical curtous $\alpha\pi$ and $\alpha\lambda\eta\lambda\omega\nu$, $\omega\sigma\pi\epsilon\rho$ b will be gathered and he will separate them from each other, as ποιμην αφοριζει τα προβατα απο των εριφων. shepherd separates the sheep from the ³³ και σκησει τα μεν προβατα εκ δεξιων αύτου,

και οπησεί τως κατά ελεερ by right of him, and he will place the indeed sheep by right of him, τ δε εριφία εξ ευωνυμων. 31 Τοτε ερει δ τα δε εριφια εξ ευωνυμων. Then will say the ne and goats by left. Βασιλευς τοις εκ δεξιων αύτου. $\Delta \epsilon v \tau \epsilon = oi$

to the by of him; right Come ευλογημενοι του πατρος μου, κληρονομη ζατε beving been blessed of the father of me, inherit

την ήτοιμασμενην ύμιν βασιλείαν απο κατα-the having been prepared to you kingdom from Soun-35 Επιενασα γαρ, και εδωκατε βολης κοσμου. I hungered for, and dation of world. yon gave $\epsilon \delta i \psi \eta \sigma \alpha$, $\kappa \alpha i$ μοι φαγειν. €ποτισατ€ I thirsted, and to me to eat; you gave drink to 36 γυμνος, $\xi \in vos \eta \mu \eta \nu_{\eta}$ και συνηγαγετε με. I was, and you entertained me; a stranger και περιεβαλετε με ησθενησα, και επεσκεψασθε

you clothed me; I was sick, and you visited με εν φυλακη ημην, και ηλθετε προς με. me: in prison I was, and you cano to me.

37 Τοτε αποκριθησονται αυτφ οί δικα:00, λεγον-Then shall answer to him the just ones, Κυριε, ποτε σε σεδομεν πεινωντα, Tes. Olord, when thee wesso hungering, and

εθρεψαμεν; η διψωντα, και εποτισαμεν; 38 Ποτε or thirsting, and we gave drink? nourished? When

ξενου, κωι συνηγαγομεν; $\delta \epsilon \quad \sigma \epsilon \quad \epsilon \iota \delta \circ \iota \epsilon \nu$ η a stranger, and and thee we saw we entertained? or 39 Ποτε δε σε γυμνον, και περιεβαλομεν; and we clothed? When and thee naked, ειδομεν ασθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ηλθομεν προς we saw sick, or in prison, and we came to

who HAE, more shall be given, and he shall abound; but from HIM who HAS not, even that which he has shall be taken away

30 And thrust the UN. PROFITABLE Servant into the OUTER DARKNESS: tthere shall be the WEEPinc and the Enashing

of TRETH.

31 I Now when the son of MAN shall come in his GLORY, and All the AN-GELS with him, then will he sit upon his Glorious

Throne:

32 ‡ and All the NA-TIONS will be assembled before him and he will separate them from each other, as a SHEPHERD reparates the SHEEP from the GOATS;

33 and he will place the SHEEP at his Right hand, but the GOATS at his Left.

34 Then will the KING say to those at his Right hand, 'Come, you BLES-SHD ones of my FATHER, inherit the KINGDOM prepared for you from the Formation of the World:

35 for I was hungry and you gave me food; I was thirsty, and you gave me drink; I was a Stranger, and you entertained

me;

36 I was naked, and you clothed me; I was sick, and you assisted me; I was in Prison, and you visited me.'

37 The RIGHTEOUS WILL then reply, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungry, and feed thee? or thirsty, and give thee drink?

38 And Then did we see thee a Stranger, and entertain thee? or naked, and clothe thee?

39 And when did we see thee sick, or in Prison, and came to thee?'

^{† 31.} Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xvi. 27; xix. 28; Mark viii. 38; 1 Thess. iv. 16; 2 Thess. i. 7; Jude 14: Rev. i. 7. † 32. Rom. xiv. 10; 2 Cor. v. 10; Rev. xx. 12. † 34. Matt. xx. 23; Mark x. 40; 1 Cor. ii. 9; Heb. xi. 16.

40 Και αποκριθεις ὁ βασιλευς ερει αυτοις. FE: And answering the king thee? will say to them; €φ' Aunu λεγω ύμιν, όσον εποιησατε ένι Isay Indeed to you, in whatever you did to one τουτων των αδελφων μου των ελαχιστων, εμοι of these of the brothers of me of the εποιησατε.

you did.

Al Τοτε ερε: και τοις εξευωνυμων. Πορευεσθε
Then he will say also to the of left; Go

απ' εμου ο κατηραμενοι εις το πυρ το αιωνιον, me the having been cursed into the fire the age-lasting, το ητοιμασμενον τω διαβολω και τοις αγγελοις that having been prepared to the accuser and to the messengers 42 Επεινασα γαρ, και ουκ εδωκατε μοι I hungered for, and not you gave to me φαγεινο εδιψησα. και ουκ εποτισατε μεthirsted, to eat; and not you gave drink to me; 13 ξενος ημην, και ου συνηγαγετε με γυμνος, και actranger I was, and not you entertained ine; naked, and ου περιεβαλετε με ασθενης, και εν φυλακη, not you clothed me; sick, and in prison, 44 Τοτε αποκριθησονκαι ουκ επεσκεψασθε με. you visited me. Then will answer and not Κυριε, ποτε σε Tal Kal αυτοι, λεγοντες and saying; O lord, they,

η διψωντα, or thusting, ειδομεν πεινωντα, η ξενον, η or a stranger, or wesaw hungering, γυμνον, η ασθενη, η εν φυλακη, και ου διηsick, or in prison,
τοι: 45 Τοτε αποκριθησεται αυτοις, naked. or S.M. κονησαμεν σοι; thee; Αμην λεγω ύμιν, εφο όσον ουκ εποιη-ladeed lasy to you, in as much not you REYWY esying: σατε ενι τουτων των ελαχιστων, ουδε εμοι that to one of these of the least, neither to me

46 Και απελευσονται ούτοι εις εποιησατε. And shall go away these into you did. οi $\delta \epsilon$ δικαιοι ζωην κολασιν αιωνιον. ELS a cutting-off age-lasting: the and just ones αιωνιον.

age-lasting.

KEΦ. κs'. 26.

1 Kat εγενετο, ότε ετελεσεν δ Ιησους παντας And it happened, when had finished the Jesus all τους λογους τουτους, είπε τοις μαθηταίς αυτου the words these, he said to the disciples of him: Οιδατε, ότι μετα δυο ήμερας το πασχα γινεταίν γου know, that after two 'days the passover comes on: και δ υίος του ανθρωπου παραδιδοταί είς το and the son of the man is delivered into the

40 And the KING answering, will say to them. ‡'Indeed, I say to you, That since you have done it to one of These the LEAST of my BRETHERN, you have done it to me.'

41 He will then also say to Those at his Left hand, ‡'Depart from me, you cursed ones, into THAT AIONIAN FIRE, which is PREPARED for the ADVERSARY, and his MESSENGERS;

42 for I was hungry, but you gave me no food; I was thirsty, but you gave me no drink;

43 I was a Stranger, but you did not entertain me; naked, but you did not clothe me; sick, and in Prison, but you did not relieve me.

44 Then will THEY also answer, saying, 'Lord, when did we see thee hungering, or thirsting, or a Stranger, or naked, or sick, or in Prison, and did not assist thee?'

45 Then he will reply to them, saying, 'Indeed, I say to you, That since you did it not to one of the LEAST of These, you did it not to me.'

46 ‡ And these shall go forth to the aionian † cutting-off; but the RIGHTEOUS to aionian Life."

CHAPTER XXVI.

1 ‡ And it happened, when JESUS had finished this DISCOURSE, he said to his DISCIPLES,

2 "You know That Two Days hence comes the PASSOVER; then the son of MAN will be delivered up to be CRUCIFIED."

† 40. Mark ix. 41. * 20; Rom. ii. 7. 8. † 1. Mark xiv. 1; Luke xiii. 27. † 1. Mark xiv. 1; Luke xiii. 1; John xiii. 1

^{† 48.} That is, in the fire mentioned in verse 41. The Common Version, and many modern ones, render kolasin aionion, everlasting punishment, conveying the idea, as generally interpreted, of basinos, torment. Kolasin in its various forms only occurs in three other places in the New Testament,—Acts iv. 21; 2 Peter ii. 9; 1 John iv. 18. It is derived from kolasoo, which signifies, 1. To cut off; as lopping off branches of trees, to prune. 2. To restrain, to repress. The Greeks write,—"The charioteer (kalazei) restrains his fiery steeds." 3. To chastise, to punish. To cut off an indivdual from life, or society, or even to restrain, is esteemed as punishment;—hence has arisen this third metaphorical use of the word. The primary signification has been adopted, because it agrees better with the second member of the sentence, thus preserving the force and beauty of the antithesis. The righteous go to life the wicked to the cutting off from life, or death. See 2 Thess. i. 9.

γενηται εν τω λαω. there should be among the people.

3 Τοτε συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις, σταυοωθηναι. to be cracified. Then were assembled the high-priests, και οί γραμματεις, και οί πρεσβυτεροι του λαου, scribes, and the elders of the people, ets The audie Tou apxiepews, Tou devouerous into the court of the high-priest, that being called 4 και συνεβουλευσαντο, Καιαφα E10. TOV and Kaiaphase they consulted. that the Ιησουν 3020 κρατησωσι και αποκτεινωπεν. Jesus with deceit they might seize and might kill. ⁵ Ελεγαν δε Μη εν τη έρρτη, ίνα μη θορυβος They said but, Not in the feast, that not attempts

6 Του δε Ιησου γενομενου εν βηθανια, εν οικια The and Jesus having arrived in Rethany, in a house Σιμωνος του λεπρου, 7 προσηλθεν αύτφ γυνη, or Simon the lepez, eame to him a women. αλαβαστρου μυρου εχουσα βαρυτιμου, και an alabaster box of balsom having great value, and πατεχεεν επι την κεφαλην αυτου ανακειμενου. she poured upon the head of him being reclined. Ιδοντες δε οί μαθηται αυτου, ηγανακτησαν, and the disciples of him, were displeased,

λεγι, ες· Εις τι ή απωλεια αύτη: saying; On account of that the loss this? She was νατο γαρ τουτο πραθηναι πολλου, και δοθηναι able for this to have sold of much, and to have given 10 Frous de à Invous einer autois. Trwyols. Knowing and the Jesus said to them; Ti κοπουθ παρεχετε τη γυναικ.; εργαν γαρ Why troubles present you to the woman? a work for 11 Παντοτε γαρ τους καλον ειργασατο εις εμε. good she has wrought for mc. Always for the πτωχους εχετε μεθ' έσυτων εμε δε ου παιτοτε poor you have with yourselves: me but not always Ελουσα γαρ αύτη το μυρο: τουτο
Having cast for she the balsam this exete.

επι του σωματος μου, προς το ενταφιασαι με body of me, to the to prepare for burial me upon the 13 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, όπου εαν κη-Indeed I say to you, wherever may be ETOINGEY. she did. ρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο, εν ολω τω κοσμω, published the gladtidings this, in whole the λαληθησεται και ὁ εποιησεν αύτη, εις μνημοshall be spoken also what did she,

ouver autys. of her.

14 Τοτε πορευθεις είς των δωδεκα δ λεγομενος one of the twelv "e being named Ioυδας Ισκαριωτης, προς τους αρχιερεις, 15 ειπε·
Judas Iscariot, to the high-priests, said; θελετε μοι δουναι, καγω ύμιν παραδωσω What are you willing to me to give, and I to you will deliver up Of de esthoan authorities pieces to him thirty pieces They and him? pieces

3 1 About this time, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, were convened in the PALACE of THAT HIGH-PRIEST. NAMED Caiaphas,

4 where they consuited how they might seize JE-sus by Stratagem and destroy him.

5 But they said, "Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Tumult among the PEOPLE."

6 I Now while JESUS was at Bethany, in the House of Simon the

T a Weman same to him, having an Alabaster box of Balsam, very valuable, which she poured on his MEAD while reclining at table.

8 # And * the DISCI-FLES seeing it, were displeased, saying, "Why this extravagance i

9 For This might have been sold at a great price. and given to the POOR."

10 Jesus knowing it. said to them, "Wh; you trouble the WOMLN? She has rendered mes a kind Office.

11 For you have the FOOE always among you .: but Me you have not

always.

12 For in pouring this BALSAM on BIY BODY, the did it to EMBALM BIG.

13 Indeed, I say to Wherever these GLAD TIDINGS may be proclaimed in the whole world, what she has done will also be spoken of to her Remembrance "

14 Then THAT one of the TWELVE. NAMED Judas Iscarios, proceeding to the HIGH-PRIESTS,

15 said, "What are you willing to give me, and if will deliver him ap to you?" And THEY paid him Thirty Shekels.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. the DISCIPLES.

^{1 8. .} ohm

γυρια. 16 Και απο τοτε εξητει ευκαιριαν, ίνα of silver. And from then he did seek opportunity, that αυτον παραδφ.

him he might deliver up.

17 Τη δε πρωτη των προσηλθον α(υμων The and first of the feasts of unleavened bread came οί μαθηται τω Ιησου, λεγοντες *[αυτω·] Που [to him;] the disciples to the Jesus, saying Where θελεις ετοιμασωμεν σοι φαγειν το πασχα; wilt thou we make ready to thee to eat the passover? δε ειπεν Υπαγητε εις την πολιν προς TOV said; into the city to the Goyou 'Ο διδασκαλος λεγειο και ειπατε αυτώ. $\delta \in \iota \nu \alpha$, teacher certain one, and to him; The say O καιρος μου εγγυς εστι.
The season of me nigh is; προς σε ποιω TO thee I will make the to ¹⁹Και εποιησαν πασχα μετα των μαθητων μου. And passover with the dssciples of me. did οί μαθηται ως συνεταξεν αυτοις δ 'Ιησους και the disciples as commanded to them the Jesms; ήτοιμασαν το πασχα. they prepared the passover.

 20 O ψ (as $\delta \epsilon$ $\gamma \epsilon \nu o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta s$ and ϕ being come he reclined with $\tau\omega\nu$ the δωδεκα. 21 Και εσθιοντων αυτων, ειπεν. Αμην And of eating ofthem, he said; Indeed twelve. λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. I say to you, that one of you will deliver up mc. 22 Kai And λυπουμενοι σμοδρα, ηρξαντο λεγειν αυτω exceedingly, tosay to him being grieved they began εκαστος *[αυτων·]
 Μητι εγω ειμι, κυριε; each one Í Olord? [of them;] Not am, '0 εμβαψας μετ' 23 O $\delta \epsilon$ αποκριθεις $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu$ with He answering said; dipping εμου εν τω τρυβλιώ την χειρα, ούτος με παραbowl the hand, will deme in the this me 24 'Ο μεν υίος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, liver up. The indeed son of the man καθως γεγραπται περι αυτου ουαι δε τω as it has been written about him; woe but to the ανθρωπφ εκεινώ, δι ου δυίος του ανθρωπου man that, through whom the son of the man παραδιδοται καλον ην αυτφ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη is delivered up; good it was to him, if not was born δ ανθρωπος εκεινος. 25 Αποκριθεις δε Ιουδας, Answering and the that. Μητι εγω ειμι, παραδιδους αυτον, $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon^{\circ}$ delivering up him, said: Συ ειπας. **ραββι**; Λεγει αυτω. He says to him: Thou hast said.

26 Εσθιοντων δε αυτων, λαβων δ Inσous τον Eating and of them, having taken the Jesus the

16 And from that time he sought a fit Occasion to deliver him up.

17 ‡ Now on the first day of the †UNLEAVENED BREAD, the DISCIPLES came to JESUS, saying, "Where dost thou wish that we prepare for thee the PASCHAL SUPPER?"

18 HE answered, "Go into the CITY to a CEE-TAIN person, and say to him, The TEACHER Says, 'My TIME is near; I will celebrate the PASSOVER at thy house, with my DISCIPLES."

19 And the DISCIPLES did as JESUS had ordered them; and they prepared the PASSOVER.

20 ‡ Now Evening being come, he reclined at table with the TWELVE;

21 and as they were eating, he said, "Indeed, I tell you, That one of you will deliver me up."
22 And being extremely sorrowful they began

sorrowful, they began, each one, to ask him, "Master, is it I ?"

23 And HE answering, said, ‡"HE who has been different his HAND with mine in the DISH, this one will deliver me up.

24 The son of Man indeed goes away [to death], † as it has been written concerning him; but alas for that Man through whom the son of Man is delivered up! † Good were it for that Man if he were not born."

25 Then THAT Judas who delivered him up, inquired, "Rabbi, is it F?" He says to him, "Thou hast said."

26 ‡And as they were eating, Jesus taking *a

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. to him-omit. 22. of them-omit. 26. a Loaf

^{† 17.} The Passover feast began yearly on the fourteenth day of the first moon in the Jewish month Nisan, and it lasted only one day; but it was immediately followed by the days of unleavened bread, which were seven. See Josephus, Ant.iii. 10, 5. So that the whole lasted eight days, and a!! the eight days are sometimes called, "the feast of the passover," and sometimes "the feast (or days) of unleavened bread." See Luke xxii. 1, 7.

^{† 17.} Exod. xii. 6, 18; Mark xiv. 12; Luke xxii. 7. † 20. Mark xiv. 17—21; Luke xxii. 14; John xiii. 21. † 23. Psa. xii. 9, Luke xxii. 21; John xiii. 18. † 24. Psa. xxii; Isa. Iiii; Dan. ix. 26; Mark ix. 12; Luke xxiv. 25, 26, 46; Acts xvii. 3; xxvi. 22. 23-40c. xv. 3. † 24. John xvii. 12. † 26. Mark xiv. 22, Luke xxii. 16

μρτον, και συλογησας, εκλασε, και εδιδου τοις loaf, and having blessed, broke, and did give to the μαθηταις, κω είνει Λαβετε, φαγετει τουτο a:1G caid: fake you, cat you: disciples, 27 Και λαβων το ποτηριον, εστι το σωμα μου. cup, is the body of me. and having taken the και ευχαριστησ..., οδωκεν αυτοις, λε ν Πιετ and having given thanks, he gave to thern, saying; Drink you 28 τουτο γαρ εστι το αιμα εξ αυτου παντες° is the blood out of it this ior μου, το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλων of me, that of the new covenant, that about many $^{29}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ $\delta\epsilon$ εκχυνομένου εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. for forgiveness of sins; I say but ωω απ' αρτι εκ τουτου του δμιν ότι ου μη to ou, that not not Coill drink from now of this υμπελου, έως της ήμερας YEVVILLATOS TIS tili ofthe vine, the εκεινης, όταν αυτο πινω μεθ' ύμων ιςαινου εν τη that, when it I drink with you new in the in the 30 Και δμυησαντες, βασιλειά του πατρος μου. kingdom of the father of me. And having sung a hymn, εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive-trees.

31 Τοτε λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Παντες ύμεις Then he says to them the Jesus; you All σκανδαλισθησεσθε εν εμοι εν τη υυκτι ταυτη» at me in the night will be stumbled " Παταξω του ποιμενα, και γεγραπτα: γαρ° "I will smite the shepherd, and it is written tor: διασκορπισθησετας τα προβατα της ποιμνης. fold." the sheep of the will be scattered

32 Meta δε το εγερθηναι με, προαξω θμας cis After but the to be raised inc, I will go before you to 33 Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος τηι Γαλιλαιαν. Aaswering and the ειπευ αυτφ. Ει παντες σκανδαλισθησονται εν said to him: If all shall be stumbled 34 E $\phi\eta$ σοι, εγω ουδεποτο σκανδαλισθησομαι. never will be stumbled. Saic. αυτω δ Ιησους Αμην αεγω σοι, ότι εν ταυτη to him the Jesus: . udeed Lay to thee, that in this τη συιτι, πριι Δλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνηthe right, before cock construction of the state of the με συν σοι αποθανείν, ου μη σε απαρνησομαί.
mc with thee to die, not not thee I will deny. 'Ομοιως και παντες οξ μαθηται ειπον. 36 Toτ€ said. Then the disciples In like manner also

Loaf, and giving praise, he broke, and gave it to the DISCIPLES, and said, "Take, eat; ‡ this is my

27 Then taking *a Cup, and giving thanks, he gave it to them, saying, "Drin's all of you out

of it.

28 for *this is my BLOOD of the COVENANT, THAT which is POURED OUT I for Many, for Forgiveness of Sins.

20 FBut I tell you, That I will not henceforth drink of This pre-DUCT of the VINE, till that DAY when I drink it now with you in my LATHER'S KINGDOM.

30 ...nd having rung, they departed to the MOUNT of OLIVES.
31 Then JESUS says

to them, " Acu will All stumble or in account, this writer, or will smite 'the :HEPHERD, and the 'SHEED OF THE FLOCK WILL 'be ispersea.'

32 But after a am RAISED, A will precede you to GALILEE."

33 And Peter answering. Baid to him, "If all should stumble with respect to thee, I never will be made to stumble."

34 Jesus said to him, t"Indeed, I say to thee, That This NIGHT, before the Cock erow, thou wilt thrice disown me "

35 Peter says to him, "Though doomed to die with thee, I will not disown Thee." And All th, DISCIPLES said the came.

^{*} VITICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. a Cup.

^{28.} this is my blood of the covenant, vn. r

which is fourd out.

† 3% That is, "before a watch trumpet will cound," etc. It is well known that no cocks were allowed to remain in Jerusalem during the passover feast. The Romans, who had a strong guard in the castle of Antonia, which overlooked the temple, divided the night into four vatches, beginning as six, nine, twelve, and three. Mark xii. 35, alloads to this division of time. The two last watches were both called cock-crowings. The Romans relieved guard a each watch by sound of trumpet; the trumpet of the third watch was called the first, and that of the fourth the second cock. And when it was called the cock crow, the midnight.

† 36. Cory 16.

^{† 26. ?} Cor. x. 16. † 27. Mark xiv. 23. † 28. Exoduriv. 8; Lev. xvii. 17; Matk xiv. 25; Heb. ix. 22. † 26. Mark xiv. 25; Luko xii. 16. † 31. Liatt, xi. 6; Hark xiv. 27; John xvi. 32. † 31. Zeo, Xii. 30. 132. Matk xiv. 30. Luke xxii. 30; John zii. 38. Math xiv. 30; Mark xiv. 30; Luke xxii. 30; John ziii. 38.

ή δε σαρξ ασθενης.

weak.

the but flesh

 $\epsilon \rho \chi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \mu \epsilon \tau$ αυτων δ Ιησους $\epsilon \iota s \chi \omega \rho \iota \omega \lambda \epsilon \gamma \sigma - comes$ with them the Jesus into a place being Καθισατε αυτου, έως ού απελθων προσευξωμαι here, while going away I shall pray 37 Και παραλαβων τον Πετρον και τους And having taken the Peter and the EKEL. there. δυο υίους Ζεβεδαιου, ηρξατο λυπεισθαι και αδηof Zebedee, he began to he sorrowful and to be two sons 38 Τοτε λεγει αυτοις. Περιλυπος LOVELV. in anguish. he says to them; Extremely sorrowful εστιν ή ψυχη μου έως θανατου· μεινατε ώξε is the soul of mc to death; remain you here $\mu \in \tau$ $\epsilon \mu o v$. 39 Και προελθων And going forward και γρηγορειτε ιμκρον, επεσεν επι τροσωπον αύτου, προσευhe fell on face of him, χομενος, και λεγων· Πατερ μου, ει δυνατον ing, and saying; Ofather of me, if possible εστι, παρελθετω απ' εμου το ποτηριον τουτο let pass from mc the eup this; πλην ουχ ωs εγω θελω, αλλ, ωs συ. 40 Kaı but as thou. ερχεται προς τους μαθητας, και ευρισκει αυτους he comes to the disciples, and finds καθευδοντας, και λεγει το Πετρφ. Ούτως ουκ and he says to the Peter, So ισχυσατε μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι μετ' εμου; could you one hour to watch with me? δι Γρηγορειτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελ-Watch you and pray you, that not you may θητε εις πειρασμον το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, enter into temptation; the indeed spirit ready,

42 Παλιν, εκ δευτερου απελθων, προσηυξατο, a second time going away, $*[\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu]$ * $\left[\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega\nu'\right]$ $\Pi\alpha\tau\epsilon\rho$ $\mu\omega\nu$, $\epsilon\iota$ $\epsilon\nu$ $\delta\nu\nu\alpha\tau\alpha\iota$ $\tau o\nu\tau o$ $\left[\epsilon \text{saying};\right]$ Ofather of me, if not it is possible this * $\left[\tau\sigma$ $\pi\sigma\tau\eta\rho\iota\sigma\nu\right]$ $\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$ * $\left[\alpha\pi'$ $\epsilon\mu\sigma\nu$, $\left[\epsilon\alpha\nu$ $\mu\eta\right]$ [from me,] [the cup] to pass except αυτο πιω, γενηθητω το θελημα σου. it I drink, be done the will of these 43 Kat of thee. $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ ευρισκει αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. coming he finds them again sleeping; (ησαν γαρ αυτων οἱ δφθαλμοι βεβαρημενοι·)
(were for of them the cyes weighed down;) ⁴ και αφεις αυτους, απελθων παλιν, προσηυξατο and leaving them, going away again, he prayed εκ τριτου, τον αυτον λογον ειπων. a third time, the same word speaking; ερχεται προς τους μαθητας αύτου, και λεγει to the disciples of him, and Καθευδετε το λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε: αυτοις· Sleep you the remainder and rest you? ιδου, ηγγικεν ή ώρα, και ό υίος του ανθρωπου lo, has come nigh the hour, and the son of the man

36 ‡Then comes Jesus with them into a Place called Gethsemane, and says to his disciples, "Remain here, while I go there and pray."

37 And taking with him Peter, and the two Sons of Zebedee, he began to be filled with sorrow and anguish.

38 Then he says to them, ‡"My soul is surrounded with a deadly anguish; stay here, and watch with me."

39 And going forward a little, he fell on his Face, ‡ supplicating and saying, "O my Father, if it be possible, ‡let this CUP be removed from me! yet not as £ will, but as thou wilt."

40 And he returns to the disciples, and finds them sleeping, and says to Peter, "It is so, then, that you could not keep awake with me a Single Hour?

41 ‡ Watch and pray, that you enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

42 A second time retirn, he supplicated, "O my Father, if it cannot be that This be removed; if I must drink it,—thy WILL be done."

43 And returning, he finds them still sleeping; (for Their EXES were overpowered.)

44 Again, leaving them, he went and prayed a third time, using *again the SAME Words.

45 He then comes to *the disciples, and says to them, "Do you Sleep Now, and take your rest? * for behold, the hour is arrived, and the son of

^{*} Vatican Tanuscript.—42, saying—omit. 42, cup—omit. 42. from me—omit. 44. again the same Words. 45, the disciples. 45, for behold.

^{† 30.} Mark xiv. 32-35; Luke xxii. 39; John xviii. 1. † 37. Matt. iv. 21. † 38. John xii. 27 † 39. Mark xiv. 36; Luke xxii. 42; Heb. v. 7. † 39. John 200; vi. 38; Phil. i. † 41. Mark xiii. 33; ziv. 38; Luke xxii. 40, 46; Eph. vi. 18.

παραδίδοται εις χειρας ἄμαονωλωυ. ⁴³ Εγειρεσθε, is delivered up into hands of sinners. Arise, αγωμεν ίδου, ηγγικεν δ παραδίδους με. lct us go; lo, has come nighthe delivering up me.

⁴⁷ Και ετι αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου, Ιουδας, είς And while of him speaking, 10, των δωδεκα, ηλθε, και μετ' αυτου οχλος πολυς of the twelve, came, and with him a crowd great μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, απο των ερχιερεων with swords and clubs, from the high-priests 48 °Ο δε παραδιδους και ωροσβυτερων του λαου. He and delivering up elders of the people. 'Ον αν ευτοι, εδωκεν αυτοις σημειον, λεγων° gave to them a sign, saying; Who ever 49 Kai φιλησώ, αυτος εστι κρατησατε αυτον. it in: scize him. And I may kiss, he ουθεως προσελθων ες Ιησου, ειπε Χαιρε βαββι. immediately approaching Sothe Jesus, he said; hail rabbi; και κατεφιλησεν ωυτον. 50 Ο δε Ιησους ειπευ The but Jesus kissed him. αυτω Έταιρε, εφ' δ παρει; Τοτε προσελto him; Companion, for what art thou present? Then θοντες επεβαλον τας χειρας επι τον Ιησουν, they laid the hands on the Jesus, ⁵¹ Και ιδου, cis των και εκρατησαν αυτον. And lo, one of the they seized him. μετα Ίησου, εκτείνας την χείρα, απεσπασε την with Jesus, stretching the hand drew out the μαχαιραν αύτου και παταξας τον δουλον του sword of him: and striking the slave of the 52 Toτ~ αρχειρεως, αφειλέν αυτού το ωτιού. cut off of him the Then λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους· Αποστρεψον σου την pays to him the Jesus: Leturn thee the μαχαιραν εις τον τοπον Συτης σαντες γαρ of swo.d into the place other al. for the λαβουτες μαχαιραν, εν μαχαιρω απολουνται.

taking a sword, by sword shall perish.

53 Η δοκεις, δτι ου δυναμαι *[αρτι] παρακαOr thinkest thou, that not I am able [Low] to enλεσαι τον πατερα μου, και πωραστησει μοι reat the father of me, and will furnish to me τλειους η δωδεκα λεγεωνας αγγελων; more than twelve legions of messengers? ουν πληρωθωσιν αί γραφαι, ότι ούτω then fould be fulfilled the writings, ωκ thus i thus it must γενεσθαι. be do__h

155 Ε. εκείνη τη ώρα είπευ ὁ Ιησους τοις In that the hour said the Jesus to the Οχλοις. Ως επι ληστην εξηλθετε μετα μαχαιρων ετονείς. Δε upon a robber came you out with swords και ξυλων, συλλαβειν με καθ ήμεραν * προς and chies, to take met every day [with bilis] εκαθεζομ γιν διδασκων εν τω ίερω, και ουκ you] I did sit teaching in the temple, and not εκρατησατε με το Τουτο δε όλον γεγονεν, ινα μα seized me. This but all has been done, that

MAN is delivered into the Hands of Sinners.

46 Arise, let us go: behold! HE, who BETRAYS

me, has come."

47 Now thile Jesus was speaking, behold, Judas, one of the TWELVE, came, accompanied with a great Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs, from the HIGH-PRIESTS and Elders of the PEOPLE.

48 And HE, who DE-LIVERED him up, had given them a Sign, saying, "He it is, whom I may kiss; hold him fast."

40 And immediately approaching Jesus, he said, "Hail, Rabbil" and repeatedly kissed him.

50 But Jesus said to him, "Companion, for what purpose art thon present?" Then coming, they laid mands on Jesus, and secured him.

SUS, and secured him.
51 And behold, ‡one of
THOSE who were *with
him, laying his HAND on
his SWORD, drew it, and
striking the SERVANT of
the High-priest, cut off
His Lar.

53 Then Jesus says to him, "Return Thy sword to its Place: for All who have recourse to the Sword, shall perish by the Sword.

53 Cr, dost thou think That I cannot entreat my FATHUR, and he will send to my relief more than Twelve Legions of Angels?

54 But, in that case, how could the SCRIP-TURES be verified, ‡ That thus it must be ?"

55 Jesus at the same Time said to the cr. Fds, "As in pursuit of a dober, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me? I sat teaching in the Temple every day, and you did not arrest me.

56 All this, however,

has been done, that the

^{*} Virican Manuschipr. 51. with hir 53. now-om. ..

^{† 47.} Mark riv. 43. Luke axii. 45. John xviii. 3. Lets 1.10. † 51. John xviii 10. 52. Gen. iz. 6. Rev. xiii. 10. † 54. Isa. Lil. 5. L. ko zxiv. 25. 44, 48.

Tote πληρωθωσιν al γραφαι των προφητων.

unght be fulfilled the writings of the prophets. Then οί μαθηται παντες, αφεντες αυτον. equyor. leaving disciples all they fled, 57 Οί δε κροτησαντές τον Ιησουν, αντηγαγου Jesus, They and the they led seeing προς Καιαφων τον αρχιερεα, όπου οί γραμματεις Calauhae the high-priest, where the scribes 58 'Ο δε οί πρεσβυτεροι συνηχθησαν. The but elders were assembled. the Πετρος ηκολουθει αυτώ απο μακροθεν, έως της At a distance, followed him the αυλης του αρχιερεως και εισελθων εσω, εκαθητο palace of the high-priest; and having gone in, μετα των ύπηρετων, ιδειν το τελος. the attendants. to see the

59 Οί δε αρχιερεις *[και οί πρεσβυτεροι] και [and the The and high-priests elders] **το σ**υνεδριον όλον εζητουν ψευδομαρτυριαν κατα the high-council whole sought false testimony against 60 Kat θανατωσωσι. του Ιησου, όπως αυτου the Jesus, so that him they might deliver to death. And ουχ εύρον, πολλων not they found, many ψευδομαρτυρων ποοσελfalse-witnesses having Υστερον δε προσελθοντες δυο *[ψευθοντων. Afterwards but falsecoming 61 €ιπου° Ούτος εφη. δομαρτυρες,] Δυναμαι witnesses,] This affirmed; I am able said; καταλυσαι του ναον του θεου, και δια τριων the temple of the to destroy wed, and 10 62 Και αναστας δ ήμερων οικοδομησαι αυτον. to build it. And rising up the Ουδεν αποκρινη; **Σρχιερευς ειπεν αυτώ** to him; said Nothing answerest thou? what high-priest 63 O Se Inσous ούτοι σου καταμαρτυρουσιν, The but these o. thee testify against? Jesus Και *[αποκριθεις] δ αρχιερευς ειπεν And [answering] the high-priest said COIWTU. Cas si ent. Εξορκιζω σε κατα του θεου του ζωντος, Ladgare thee by the God of the ina huiv einns, et ou et & Xpiotos & vios tov 64 Λεγει αυτω δ Ιη ous Συ ειπας. GEOU. God. Πλην λεγω ύμιν απ' αρτι οψεσθε τον υίον του Besides I say to you, from now you shall see the son of the ανέρωπου καθημει ν κ εξιων της δυναμεως,

right of the sitting at man power, και ερχομένου επι των νεφέλων του ουρανου. rpon the clouds of the coming heaven. 65 Τοτε ό αμχιερευ**ς διε**ρδηξε α ίματια αύτου, Then the high-prest LLO rac · LOURS of him,

WEITINGS of the PROPHETS might be verified."
Then all *his DISCIPLES deserting him, fled.

57‡And those who Apprehended Jesus, for ducted him to Caiaphas the high-priest, where the scribes and Elders were assembled.

58 But Peter followed him at a distance, to the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST; and having entered, sat with the ATTENDANTS to see the RESULT.

59 Now the HIGH-PRIESTS and the whole SANUEDRIM Sought Falsetestimony against Jesus, so that they might deliver him to death,

60 and they did not find it, though ‡ Many Falsewitnesses came. But at last, Two approaching,

last, Two approaching, 61 said, "This man declared, I'I can destroy the TEMPLE of GOD, and in Three Days rebuild it."

62 And the HIGH-PRIEST answering, said to him, "Answerest thou so thing to what these testify against thee?"

63 † But Jesus was silent. ... the HIGHPRIEST said to him, † "I
adjure thee by the LIVING
GOD, that thou inform us,
whether thou art the MesSIAH, the son of GOD."
64 Jesus says to him.

64 Jesus says to him.
"Thou hast said; moreover I declare to you,
! Hereafter you shall see
the son of MAN sitting on
the Right hand of power,
and coming on the CLOUDS
of HEAVEN."

65 Then the HIGH-

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—56. his disciples deserting. so Lachmann and Tischendorf. 60. false-witnesses—omit.

^{69.} and the elders-omit:

^{† 63.} A solemn adjuration, which a Jew was bound to answer. Lev. v. 1. After such an adjuration by magistrate or superior, the answer returned was an answer upon path; of also answer was perjury and even the silence of the person adjured was not deemed innocent. Hence it was that the high-priest had recourse to this measure upon our Lord's distaining to answer the unfounded accusations which were brought against him, from the conviction that his judges were predetermined, and that every thing he could say would be of no avail.

yenas. '071 **εβ**λασφημησε• TI ETI XPEIAV what further saying; That he blaspnemes; need εχομεν μαρτυρων; וטב, עטע ηκουσατ€ THY you heard have we of witnesses? see. now the 65 Τι ύμιν δοκει; οί δε Βλασφημιαν αυτου. blasphemy of him. What to you thinks? they and **αποκριθεντες** ELTTOVº Eνοχος θανατου €OT1. answering said; Liable to death he is. 67 Τοτε ενεπτυσαν εις το προσωπον αυτον, και into the face ofhim, they spat

and εκολαφισαν αυτον οί δε ερβαπισαν, eat with the fist him; they and struck with palms of their hands, 68 λεγοντες. Προφητενσον ήμιν, χριστε, saying; Prophesy to us, O anointed, who

EGTIV & Taigas GE,

he striking thee?

69 Ο δε Πετρος εξω εκαθητο εν τη αυλη. The and in the court-yard. Peter without sat Και προσηλθεν αυτώ μια παιδισκη, λεγουσα·
And came to him one maid-servant, saying; saying; 70 °O Και συ ησθα μετα Ιησου του Γαλιλαιου. He Also thou wast with Jesus of the Galilee. δε ηρνησατο εμπροσθεν αυτων παντων, λεγων in presence of them and the course 71 Exchange and the into denied Ουκ οιδα, τι λεγεις. Not I know, what then sayest. τον πυλωνα, ειδεν αυτον αλλη, και λεγει τοις saw him portico, another, and says tothose εκει Και ούτος ην μετα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου. Jesus of the Nazareth. there; Also this was with Και παλιν ηρυησατο μεθ' δρκου 'Οτι ουκ οιδα he denied with a oath; That not I know And again ⁷³ Μετα μ.προν δε προσελθοντες τον ανθρωπον. the man. After alittle and approaching ειπον τος Πετρω. Αληθης και ECTWTES. those having stood by, said totus Peter: Certainly συ $\xi \xi$ αυτων $\varepsilon \iota$: και γαρ η λαλια σου δηλον σε thou of them art: even for the speech of thee manifest thee 74 Τοτε ηρξατο καταθεματιζειν, TOLES. και makesı he began to curse. and 'Οτι ουκ οίδα τον ανθρωπον. Kat ομνυειν That not I know the man. And αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. ⁷⁵ Και εμνησθη δ to swear. ευθεως instantly a cock crew. And remembered the βηματος του Ιησου, ειρηκοτος Πετρος του Peter word of the Jesus, declaring *[avTw.] Ότι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις ita him: That before a cock erovis, thrice

απαρνηση με. Και εξελθων εξω, εκλαυσε thou wilt deny And going out he-wept

TIKOWS. bitterly.

saying, "He has speker blasphemy; what further Need have we of Witnesses? behold, now you have heard * the BLAS-PHEMY.

66 ‡ What is your oping ion?" And THEY answer ing, said, "He deserves to

Die."

67 I Then they spot in his FACE, and beat him with their fists; and some struck him on the cheek with the open hand.

68 saying, † " Divine to ns, O Messiah, Who is HE

STRIKING thee?"

69 I Now Peter sat without in the COURT-YARD; and a Maid-servant came to him, saying, "Thou also wast with JEsus the Galilean."

70 But HE denied it before them all, saying, "I know not what thou say-

est."

71 And passing out inte the PORTICO, another saw him, and says to THEM, "This person was also there with Jesus the Na-ZARITE."

72 And again he denied with an Oath, "I know

not the MAN."

73 And after a while, THOSE who STOOD BY, approaching, said to PETER, "Certainly, thou also art one of them; for even thy DIALECT makes Thee known.

74 Then he began to curse and to swear, "1 know not the MAN" And instantly ta Cock erew.

75 And Peter recodected the DECLARATION of Jasus, I"That bezo e a Cock crows, thon wat thrice disown me." And going out, he wept bitter g.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 65. the BLASPHEMY.

^{75.} to him-omit.

^{†63.} In this insulting taunt there seems to be an indirect sneer at the popular belief in our Lord's Messiahship; which is rendered still more apparent by the sarcastic use of the word propheetenein. This word is sometimes used generally in relation to things unknown, so as to correspond with the English guess. It should be remembered that Christ was now blindfolded, as appears from Mark xiv. 65; Luke xxii. 64—Kvincel. †74 See Nota on verse 34.

^{† 66.} Mark xiv. 64. 63; Luke xxii. 55; John xviii. 12–18, 25–27. 1 75. See verse 3 1 75. See verse 3 1 60; Mark xiv. 1 75. See verse 34; Mar's giv. M. Luka

КЕФ. кС. 27.

Πρωιας δε γενομενης, συμβουλιον ελαβον Moraing and having come, a council held παντες οί αρχειρεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι του the high-priests and the of the λαου κατα του Ιησου, ώστε θανατωσαι αυτον. people against the Jesus, so as to deliver to death kim. ² Και δησαντες αυτο**ν,** απηγαγον, και παρεδωκαν kim, they led, and

αυτον [Ποντιω] Πιλατω τω ήγεμονι. [to Pontius] Pilate the governor. him

3 Τοτε ιδων Ιουδας, δ παραδιδους αυτον, δτι Then seeing Judas, that betraying him, that κατεκριθη, μεταμεληθεις απεστρεψε τα τρια-he was condemned, repenting he returned the thirty thirty

κοντα αργυρια τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσβυpieces of silver to the high-priests and to the elders,

τεροις, 4 λεγων. 'Ημαρτον, παραδους αίμα I sinned, having delivered up blond αθωον. Of $\delta \in \epsilon \iota \pi o \nu^{\bullet}$ Τι προς ήμας; Συ οψει.

What to us? Thou wilt see naucent. They but said; Και διψας τα αργυρια εν τω ναω, ανεχωρησε. And hurling the pieces of silver in the temple, he withdrew;

6 Οι δε αρχιερεις, και απελθων απηγξατο. and having gone forth strangled himself. The and high-priests,

λαβοντες τα αργυρια, ειπον. Ουκ εξεστι βαλειν taking the pieces of silver, said; Not it is lawful to put

αυτα εις τον κορβαναν, επει τιμη αιματος εστι. since price of blood it is. them into the treasury,

Συμβουλιον δε λαβοντες, ηγορασαν εξ αυτων they bought with taking. τον αγρον του κεραμεως, εις ταφην τοις ξηνοις.

field of the potter, to bury the strangers. $^8\Delta \omega$ eklyth $^6\eta$ 6 arpos ekeivos, arpos almatos, Therefore is called the field that, a field of blood,

έως της σημερον. 9 Τοτε επληρωθη το δηθεν was fulfilled the word spoken Theu to the

CHAPTER XXVII.

1 ‡ Now, at the Dawn of day, All the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the PEOPLE, held a Council against JESUS, in order to deliver him to death.

2 And binding him, they led and delivered him uz to Pilate, the GOVERNOR.

3 1 Then THAT Judas who DELIVERED him up, perceiving That he was condemned, repented; and returned the THIRTY Shekels to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELBERS,

4 saying, "I have sinned in betraying innocent Blood." But THEY said, "What is that to us? Thou wilt see to that."

5 And hurling the SHE-KELS in the TEMPLE, he withdrew, ‡ and having gone away, strangled him self.

6 And the HIGH-PRIESTS taking the MONEY, said, "It is not lawful to put it into the † CORBANAN, seeing it is the Price of Blood.

7 And taking Counsel they bought with it the † POTTER'S FIELD, as a burial-place for † STRAN-

8 Therefore that FIELD is called, # The field of Blood, even to THIS-DAY. 9 Then was verified the

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. Pontius-omit.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—2. Pontius—omit.

† 6. The sacred treasury for the gifts which had been vowed to the temple. It was senamed from Corban, a gift. See Mark vii. 11. It was a large chest with a hole in the lid, and it stood in the court of the altar, on the right side as you face the house of the Lord. See 2 Kings xii. 9. This chest was out of the reach of those who brought their money to it. They delivered their money to the priest, who placed it in the chest. Hence Judas, when his money was refused, had to throw it on to the ground. The Corbanau, or chest in the court of the altar, must be distinguished from the grauphulakion, the treasury, mentioned in Mark xii. 41, and John viii. 20. This was a name given to the court of the women, because therein were placed chests for voluntary gifts to the temple. They were there placed because the crowd was greatest in that court; and it was into these chests that a Jew could drop a gift so privately that his left hand should not know what his right did.—S. Sharpe.

† 7. It was just without the wall of Jerusalem, south of mount Zion, and was originally called the potter's field, because it furnished a sort of clay suitable for potter's ware. Accidama, as late as the seventeenth century, was used as a burying-place by the Armenian Christians in Jerusalem. But according to Robinson, it has long been abandoned for sepulchral purposes. It is not fenced in, and the charnel house, now a ruin, is all that remains to point out the site.

† 7. The article is significant in the original, though our language will not bear it.

† 7. The article is significant in the original, though our language will not bear it.

† 7. The article is only it general, people of a different country and religion, are not meants; butstranger Jews only; Jews who were not natives of Jerusalem, but might come them to worship at the temple, or on other business. Where we specification is intended, the article is omitted: Eph. f. 12; Heb. xi. 13.—Wakefeld.

δ.α Ίερεμιου του προφητου, λεγοντος "Και through Jeremiah the prophet, saying; ελαβον τα τριακοντα αργυρια, דון דווחד דוטע דוטע pieces of silver, the price of the I took the thirty τετιμημενου, δυ ετιμησαντο απο υίων Ισραηλ, having been valued, whom they valued from sons of Israel, 10 και εδωκαν αυτα εις τον αγρον του κεραμεως.
and gave them for the field of the potter;
καθα συνεταξε μοι κυριος."

a lord." even as directed me

11°O δε Ιησους εστη εμπροσθεν του ήγεμονος The and Jesus stood in presence of the governor; και επηρωτησεν αυτον ὁ ήγεμων, λεγων. Συ asked him the governor, saying; Thou δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; 'Ο δε Ιησους $\epsilon \iota$ king Jews? The and art the of the 12 Kaι εν τω κατηγο-And in the to be ac- $\epsilon \phi \eta$ autw. $\Sigma v \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota s$. said to him; Thou sayest. ρεισθαι αυτον ύπο των αρχιερεων και TWV high-priests him by the and the 13 Τοτε λεγει πρεσβυτερων, ουδεν απεκρινατο. nothing he answered. says αυτφ ό Πιλατος. Ουκ ακουεις, ποσα TOU to him the Pilate; Not thou hearest, how many things of thee 14 Και ουκ απεκριθη αυτφ καταμαρτυρουσι; And not be answered they bear witness against? him προς ουδε έν βημα· ώστε θαυμαζειν τον ήγεto not even one word; 80 88 deigotes ot the μονα λιαν, ernor greatly.

15 Κατα δε ξορτην ειωθει δ ήγεμων At and a feast was accustomed the governor δ ήγεμων απολυειν ένα τω οχλω δεσμιον, δv ηθελον. one to the crowd prisoner, whom they wished. 16 Ειχον δε τοτε δεσμιον επισημον, λεγομενον They had and then prisoner being called noted, 17 Συνηγμενων ουν αυτων, ειπεν Βαραββαν. Having being assembled then of them, said Barabbas. αυτοις δ Πιλατος Τινα θελετε απολυσω ύμιν; to them the Pilate; Which wish you I release

WORD SPOKEN through I Jeremiah the PROPHET, saying, ‡ "And I took "the THIRTY Shekels, (the "price at which they val-"ned the PRECIOUS ONE,) "from the Sons of Israel,

10 "and gave them "for the POTTER'S FIELD, "even as the Lord directed

" me."

11 And Jesus stood before the GOVERNOR; and HE asked him, saying, 1" Art thou the KING of the Jews?" And Jesus replied, "Thou sayest."

12 But he made no reply to the accusations of the HIGH-PRIESTS and the

13 Then PILATE says to him, "Dost thou not hear how many things they testify against thee?"

14 And he gave him no answer, not even one Word; so that the cov-ERNOR was greatly surprised.

15 tAnd at each Feast the GOVERNOR was accustomed to release to the CROWD one Prisoner, whom they wished.

16 And they had then a well-known Prisoner,

named † Barabbas.

17 Therefore, being assembled, PILATE said to them, "Which do you to you? | wish that I release to you?

^{† 9.} This quotation from the prophet has greatly puzzled the critics. The passage is not found in Jeremiah; and only something very like it in Zechariah. Several solutions of the difficulty have been offered. 1. A corruption of the names arising from MS. abbreviations; e.g., some copyist mistaking Zou, Zechariah, for Iou, Jeremiah. 2. That Matthew simply wrote, through the prophet, omitting, as he often did, the name of the prophet. The ancient Syrian and Persian versions omit the name, and some Greek MSS., but a large majority of MSS. insert it. 3. Mede and Kidder suppose that Jeremiah in the first instance wrote the chapter from which these words are taken, as well as the two former, and that the Evangelist was influenced by this opinion. 4. Whitby says, "We know, from Jerome, that there was still extant in his time, an apocryphal book of the prophet Jeremiah, in which was found every letter of the words quoted by Matthew." Dr. Gaussen, remarks on this:—"We know also that the Second Book of Maccabees (ii. 1—9) relates many of the actions and words of Jeremiah, which are taken from another book than that of his canonical prophecies. Why, then, might not the words quoted by the evangelist have been pronounced really by Jeremiah, and have remained in the memory of the Church to the days of Zechariah, who might then have again given them a place theopneustically in holy Scripture, (as is the case with the unwritten words of Lench, quoted in the Epistle of Jude, (verses 14 and 15) or the nurritten words of Jesus Christ, quoted by St. Paul in the Book of Acts? (xx. 35.) What confirms this supposition is, that part only of the words quoted by St. Matthew are found in Zechariah. Besides, it is known that this prophet was ford of recalling the words of Jeremiah. (See Zech. i. 4, and Jer. xxiii. 11; Zech. iii. 8, and Jer. xxiii. 5.) † 16. Some very ancient authorities cited by Origen, read "Jesus, the son of Abbas;" which Michaelis says is undoubtedly the original reading. The word "Jesus" was omitted in later copies i in honor to the name.

^{1 9.} Zech. x1. 12, 13. 1 11. Mark xv. 2; Luke xxiii. 3; John xviii 83. Mark xv. 8 Luke xxiit. 17; John xviii. 39.

Βαραββαν, η Ιησου, τον λεγομενον Χριστου; Βαταδοω[†] ητ Jesus, the being called Christ?

⁸Ηιδει γαρ, ότι δια φθυνον παρεδωκαν αυτον. Πε knew for, that through envy they had delivered up him. ¹⁹Καθημενου δε αυτου επι του βηματος, απεσ-

Being seated and of him upon the tribunal. τειλε προς αυτον ή γυνη αυτου, λεγουσα. to him the wife of him, saying; Μηδεν σοι και τφ δικαιφ εκεινφο πολλα γαρ Nothing to thee and to the just one that; many things for επαθον σημερον κατ' οναρ Si' αυτον. this day in a dream because of him. I suffered δε αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι επεισαν τους but high-priests and the elders persuaded the οχλους, ίνα αιτησωνται τον Βαραββαν, τον δε Barabbas, crowds, that they should ask the the and 21 Αποκριθεις δε δ ήγεμων Ιησουν απολεσωσιν. Answering and the governor they might destroy.

ειπεν αυτοις: Τινα θελετε απο των δυο απολυσω and to them, Which wish you of the two I shall release $\mathring{\nu}\mu\iota\nu$; O δε ειπον: Bαραββαν. 22 Λεγει αυτον τοις δ Πιλατος: Tι ουν ποιησω Iησουν, τον them the Pilate, What then shall I do Jενις, the λεγομενον Χριστον; Λ εγουσιν *[αυτω] παντες:

They say [to him] being called Christ? all; 23 'Ο δε ήγεμων εφη. Σταυρωθητω. Τι γαρ The and governor What for Let him he crucified. said; Oi δε περισσως εκραζον, κακον εποιησεν; cried, bas he done? They but vehemently

λεγοντες, Σταυρωθητω. saying; Let him be crueified.

24 Ιδων δε δ Πιλατος ότι ουδ∈ν ωφελει, protits, Seeing and the Pilate that nothing αλλα μαλλον θορυβος γινεται, λαβων ύδωρ, rather a tumult is made, taking water. οχλου, απενιψατο τας χειρας απεναντι TOU he washed hands before the the crowd, * [του λεγων. Αθωος ειμι απο του αίματος saying: Innocent I am from the blood fofthe ²⁵ Και αποκριδικαιου τουτου. ύμεις οψεσθε. of this : shall see. you And answerθεις πας δ λαος ειπε· Το αίμα αυτου εφ' ing all the people said. The blood of him upon ημαs, of him upon 118, 26 Τοτε απελυσεν και επι τα τεκνα ήμων. and upon the caildren of us. Then he released πυτοις τον Βαραββαν, τον δε Ιησουν φραγελ-to them the Barabbas, the and Jesus having λωσας παρεδωκεν, ίνα σταυρωθη. scourged he delivered up, that he might be crucified.

²⁷ Τοτε οί στρατιωται του ήγεμονος παραλα-Then the soldiers of the governor taking

Barabbas? or THAT Jesus who is named Christ?"

18 For he knew That they had delivered him up

through Envy.

19 And while he was sitting on the TRIBUNAL, his WIFE sent to him, saying, "Have nothing to do with that JUST person; for I have suffered much this-day, in a Dream, because of him."

20 ‡ But the High-PRIESTS and the ELDERS persuaded the CROWDS to ask for BARABBAS, and to

destroy Jesus.

21 And the GOVERNOR anwering, said to them, "Which of the Two do you wish me to release to you?" And they said, "BARABBAS."

22 PILATE says to them, "What then shall I do to THAT Jesus, who is named Christ?" They all say, "Let him be crucified."

23 And *HE said, (No;) "for what Evil has he done?" But They vehemently cried, saying, "Let him be crucified."

24 And Pilate, perceiving that he had no influence, but rather a Tumult was made, taking Water, he washed his hands before the crowp, saying, "I am innocent of "this BLOOD; see nou to it."

BLOOD; see nou to it."

25 And All the PEOPLE answering, said, ‡"His BLOOD rest on us, and on

our CHILDREN."

26 He then released to them BARABBAS; and having scourged JESUS, he delivered him up to be crucified.

ahataking of the GOVERNOR having

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. BARABBAS. 24. JUST—omit. 24. this blood; see.

^{22.} to him-omit.

^{23.} нв said.

^{† 10.} It is to be observed, that by this day is menat this night. This may seem a strange interpretation, till it is considered, that the day, according to the reckoning in Juden, began on the evening before Pilate's wife sent this message to her husband; and that therefore the night in which she had her dream, was a constituent part of what she meant by this day. This is agreeable to what we read in Gen. i. 5; "the evening and the morning were the first day."—Bishop Pearce.

^{† 20.} Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18; John xviii. 40; Acts iii. !4. † 25. Deut. xix. 10; Acts v. 29

seated they watched

him

βοντες τον Ιησουν εις το πραι-ωριον, συνηγαinto the judgment hall, they gathered Jesus επ' αυτον όλην την σπειραν. 28 Και εκδυwhole the company. And having σαντες αυτον, περιεθηκαν αυτφ χλαμυδα κοκκιstripped him, they put on to him a aoldier's cloak 29 Και πλεξαντες στεφανον εξ ακανθων, vnv. let. And braiding & Crown of thorns, επεθηκαν επι την κεφαλην αυτου, και καλαμον upon the head of him, and a reed επι την δεξιαν αυτου. και γονυπετησαντες the right of him; and bending the knee εμπροσθεν αυτου, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, λεγοντες. him, 30 Και εμπτυof him, mocked Χαιρε, ό βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. the ofthe Jews. spitking TAVTES ELS AUTOV, ελαβον τον καλαμον, και him, they took the reed, and 31 Και δτε ετυπτον εις την κεφαλην αυτιυ. the head of him. And when και ενεδυσαν αυτον τα ίματια αυτου. και απηhim the garments of him; and γαγον αυτον εις το σταυρωσαι. 32 Εξερχομενοι Going out into the to be crucified. him δε, εύρον ανθρωπον Κυρηναιον, ονοματι Σιμωνα a Cyrenian, and, they met a nian by name τουτον ηγγαρευσαν, ίνα αρη τον σταυρον that he might carry the they compelled, 33 Και ελθοντες εις τοπον λεγομενον αυτου. of him. coming into a place being called Γολγοθα, δ εστι λεγομενον κρανιου τοπος, Golgotha, which being called is of a skull a place, 34 ϵ δωκαν αυτφ π ιειν οξος μετlpha χολης μεμιγthey gave to him to drink vinegar with gall having been ηθελε μενον. γευσαμενος, THELV. και OUK and having tasted, he would drink. mixed; not 35 Σταυρωσαντες δε αυτον, διεμερισαντο Cruclfying they divided 36 Και καθηίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον. And being garments of him, casting a lot. 37 Kat μενοι ετηρουν αυτον εκει, $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \theta \eta \kappa \alpha \nu$

led JESUS into the † PRÆTORIUM, gathered together against him the Whole COMPANY.

28 And *clothing him, they put on him a soldier's t scarlet Cloak.

29 \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) And wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, they placed it on his HEAD, and put a Reed in his BIGHT hand; and kneeling before him, they mocked him, saying, "Hail, *King of the Jews!"

30 ‡ And spitting on him, they took the REED, and struck him on the HEAD.

31 And when they had insulted him, they divested him of the SOLDIER'S CLOAK, and clothed him with his own RAIMENT, and led him away to be CRUCIFIED.

32 ‡And going out, they met a Cyrenian, named Simon; him they compelled to carry his cross.

33 And having arrived at a Place called Golgotha, which is ealled, a Place of a Skull,

34 they gave him *Wine to drink, mixed with Gall; which, having tasted, he would not drink.

35 And after nailing him to the cross, they distributed his GARMENTS

by Lot. †

36 And sitting down, they watched him there.
37 And over his HEAD

there.

And

they placed

^{*} VATICAN MARUSCRIPT.—28. clothing him, they put on him. 29. King of the Jews. 34. Wine.

^{† 27.} The palace of the Roman governor was so called. But here the court-yard in front of the Pretorium seems meant. The Roman Pretorium had been Herod's palace. It stood to the west of the temple. The road from the Pretorium entered the temple by a bridge over the valley at the south-west corner. † 28. The color distinguished it as suitable for a man of high rank in the army; but in shape the clamys was the same for the emperor and for the common soldier. This was put on him to ridicule his pretensions to the title of a king. † 29. It does not appear, that this crown was intended to torture his head, but rather to mock his claim to royalty. Dr. Clarkes .ys, "Mark, clap. xv. 17; and John, chap. xix. 5, term it stephanon akanthinon, which may very well be translated an acanthine crown, or wreath formed out of the branches of the herb acanthus, or bear's foot. This, however, is a prickly plant, though nothing like thorns, in the common meaning of that word." † 35. The clause found in the Common Version, "that it might be fufilled which was spoken by the prophet, 'They parted my garments among them, and upon my vesture did they cast lots." is found in comparatively few MSS., and has no place in the ancient versions.

^{† 27.} Mark xv. 16; John xiz. 2. † 28. Luke xxiii. 11. † 29. Psa. lxiz. 19 † 30. Isa. 1. 6. † 32. Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii. 26. † 34. Psa. lxiz. 21. † 36 Psa. xxii. 18: John xiz. 23.

επανω της κεφαλης αυτου την αιτιαν αυτου above the head of him the accusation of him γεγραμμενην "Ουτος εστιν Ιησους δ βασιλευς having been written; "This is Josus the king των Ιουζαιων."

38 Τοτε σταυρουνται συν αυτφ δυο λησται. were crucified with him robbers; two εκ δεξιων, και €is €ξ 39 Oi €νωνυμων. 1 Those right, and one left. by δE ε βλασφημουν παραπορευομενοι αυτον, passing along and. reviled hım, 40 και λεγονκινουντες τας κεφαλας αύτων, shaking the heads of them, and 88y-Ο καταλυων τον ναον, και εν τρισιν TES. He overthrowing the tempie, and in three ing; ήμεραις οικοδομων, σωσον σεαυτον vios €L building, thyself; ' if save 2 200 του θεου, καταβηθι απο του σταυρου. thou art of the God, come down from the 41 'Ομοιως δε και οί αρχιερεις, εμπαιζοντες μετα Likewise and also the high-priests, mocking with των γραμματεών και πρεσβυτερών, ελεγον. elders. said; scribes ⁶² Αλλους ησωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι· ει himself not is able he saved, to suve

βασιλευς Ισραηλ εστι, καταβατω νυν απο του of Israel he is, let him come down now from the a king ∙ Πεποιθεν σταυρου, και πιστευσομέν αυτω. and we will give credit to him. ρυσασθω νυν αυτον, let him rescue now him, $\epsilon\pi\iota$ τον $\theta\epsilonον$ $\epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota$ God; of he wistes 'Ότι θεου ειμι υίος. aυτον· ειπε γαρ· Tust of God I am a son. That αυτο και οί λησται, οί συσταυρωθεντες it also the robbers, those being crucified αυτώ, ωνειδιζον αυτον. with him, reproached

45 Απο δε έκτης ώρας σκοτος εγενετο €#14 From now SIXCO bonr darkness 46 Περι δε πασαν την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. the land, tili hour ninth. About and την εννατην ώραν ανεβοησεν ό Ιησους φωνη hour cried out the Jesus with a voice tne μεγαλη, λεγων. Ηλι, ηλι. λαμα σαβαχθανι; great Eli, saba ithani? saying; Eii; lama εστι Θεε μου, θεε μου ίνατι με εγκατε-2017 O God of me, O God of me: why me that hast thou 4 Τινες δε των εκει έστωτων, ακου-ALTES. Some and of those there standing, having σαντες, ελεγον 'Οτι Ηλιαν φωνει ούτος. 48 Ka1 heard, said: For Elias he cries this. And εĔ δραμων Eis αυτων, λαβων ευθεως Kal immediately running οί one shem. and takiug σπογγον, πλησας TE ogous, TEDIBEIS και filling of vinegar, atteching a sponge, and and

they placed his accusation in writing, "This is Jesus, the KING of the JEWS."

38 ‡ At the same time, Two Robbers were crucified with him, one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

39 ‡ Now those passing by, reviled him, shaking their heads,

40 and saying, "DESTROYER of the TEMPLE! and Builder of it in Three Days, save thyself. If thou art a Son of *God come down from the CROSS."

41 In like manner also, the HIGH-PRIESTS with the SCRIBES and Elders, deriding, said,

42 "He saved Others; Himself he cannot save. * Is he the King of Israel? let him now descend from the CROSS, and we will believe *on him.

He confided in God; let him rescue now, if he delights in him; for he said, 'I am God's Son.'"

44 THOSE ROBBERS also, who were CRUCIFIED with him, reproached him.

45 ‡ Now from the Sixth Hour there was † Darkness on All the LAND till the ninth Hour.

46 And about the NINTH Hour, Jesus exclaimed, with a loud Voice, saying, "Eli, Eli, Iama sabachtani?" that is, "My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me?"

47 And some of THOSE STANDING there, hearing him, said, "He calls for Elijah."

48 ‡ And immediately one of them ran, and taking a Sponge filled it with Vinegar, and putting it

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-40. God.

^{42.} Is he the King of largel?

^{42.} on him.

^{† 45.} The darkness which occurred at this time was noticed as a prodigy by the heathens themselves. Tertullian appeals in Apol. c. 21, to the record of it in the Roman archives, it is highly improbable that it extended any further than the land of Judea.

^{† 37.} Mark xv. 26. Luke xxiii. 38; John xix. 19. † 38. Isa. liii, 12. † 39. Psa. xxi. 7; cix. 25. † 45. Mark xv. 33; Luke xxiii 44. † 48. Psa. lxix. 21.

to many.

49 Oi δ€ λοιποι καλαμφ, εποτιζεν autov. gave to drink The but others to a reed, him. HAias, ιδωμέν, ει ερχεται ελεγον. Ades. Leave alone, we may see, if Elias. said; comes 50 'Ο δε Ιησους, παλιν κραξας αυτον. σωσων will be saving him. The then Jesus, again crying μεγαλη, αφηκε το πνευμα. with a voice great, resigned the hreath.

⁵¹ Και ιδου, το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη And lo, the curtain of the temple was rent els δυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω και ή γη εσ-into two, from above to below; and the earth was εισθη, και αί πετραι εσχισθησαν, 52 και τα and and the rocks were rent, μνημεια ανεωχθησαν και πολλα σωματα των and many bodies were opened; κεκοιμημενων άγιων ηγερθη, 53 και εξελθοντες having been askeep holy ones were raised, and coming forth των μνημειων, μετα την εγερσιν αυτου after the resurrection of him from the tombs, εισηλθον εις την άγιαν πολιν, και ενεφανισθησαν went into the holy city, and πολλοις.

εκατονταρχος και οί μετ' αυτου 54 °O δε and those with centurion him The and ιδοντες τον σεισμον τηρουντες του Ιησουν, earthquake seeing the watching the Jesus, σφοδρα, εφοβηθησαν γενομενα, and the things they were afraid much, being done, θεου ชโอร ούτος. λεγοντες. Αληθως ην this. eaying; Truly of God ason was \$5 H σαν δε εκει γυναικες πολλαι απο μακfrom a disthere women many ροθεν θεωρουσαι· αίτινες ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου tance beholding; who followed the Jesus απο της Γαλιλαιας, διακονουσαι αυτώ. 56 εν Galilee, ministering to him; among from the ais ην Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του whomwas Mary the Magdalene, and Mary the of the Ιακωβου και Ιωση μητηρ, και ή μητηρ των James and Joses mother, and the mother of the υίων Ζεβεδαιου. SODS of Zebedee.

57 Οψιας δε γενομενης, ηλθεν ανθρωπος Evening and being come, came a man πλουσιος απο Αριμαθαίας, τουνομα Ιωσηφ, δς rich from Arimathea, by name Joseph, who

on a Reed, gave him to

49 But OTHERS said. "Let him alone; let us see whether Elijah will come to save *him."

50 \$ Then JESUS crying out again with a loud Voice, expired.

51 \$ And, behold, † the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom; and the EARTH trembled, and the ROCKS were rent;

52 and the TOMBS were opened; and Many Bodies of the SLEEPING SAINTS were raised;

53 and coming forth from the TOMES, after his RESURRECTION went into the HOLY City, and appeared to Many.

54 ‡ Now the CENTU-RION and THOSE with him watching Jeeus, seeing the EARTHQUAKE. and the EVENTS occurring, were greatly afraid, saying, "This was certainly a Son of God."

55 And many Women were there, † beholding at a distance; these had followed Jesus from Gall-Lee, ministering to him;

56 among them were Mary of MAGDALA, and Mary the MOTHER of JAMES and Joses, and the MOTHER of the SONS of Zebedee.

57 And Evening being come, a rich Man came from Arimathea, named

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—49. him. And another took a spear, and pierced his side and there came out Blood and Water.

^{† 51.} In Solomon's Temple the sanctuary was divided from the holy of holies by a wall, beyond which the veil fell; but in Herod's Temple, as Maimonides relates, a second veil, at the distance of a cubit from the first, supplied the place of the wall. That it was the interior veil, belonging to the holy of holies, which was rent at the crucifixion is clearly intimated in Heb. ix. 8; x. 19, as well as by the term which the Evangelist has employed to designate it.

† 55. So Mark and Luke; nor are they inconsistent with John ix. 25, where our Lord's mother and the other two women are said to have stood beside the cross. They kept at a distance for a while; and afterwards as the darkness came over, ga'hered courage, and came so near that Jesus had an opportunity to speak to them before he expired.—Macknight

^{1 50.} Mark xv. 37; Luke xxiii. 47. 2 51. Exod. xxvi. 31; 2 Chron. iii. 14. Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 33.

58 Ούτος εμαθητευσε τω Ιησου. Rai autos was discipled to the Jesus. . He προσελθων τφ Πιλατφ ητησατο το σωμ**α του** coming to the Pilate requested the body of the Τοτε δ Πιλατος εκελευσεν αποδοθηναι Ingov. Then the Pilate ordered to be given 59 Και λαβων το σωμα δ Ιωσηφ, το σωμα And taking the body the body. Joseph, σινδονι καθαρα. 60 και εθηκεν ενετυλιξεν αυτο it fine linen cloth clean and αυτο εν τφ καινφ αυτου μνημειφ, 3 ελατομη-it in the new of himself tomb, which he had σεν εν τη πετρα και προσκυλισας λιθον μεγαν hewn ln the rock; and having rolled a stone great 61 Hy δ€ τη θυρά του μνημείου, απηλθέν. of the door of the tomb, he went tway. Was and εκει Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και ή αλλη Μαρια, and the other there Mary the Magdalene, Mary, καθημεναι απεναντι του ταφου. over against the sepulchre.

62 Τη δε επαυριον, ήτις εστι μετα την παρα-The now next day, which is after the prepaσκευην, συνηχθησαν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριwere assembled the high-priests and the Phari-63 λεγοντες προς Πιλατον. Kupie, σαιοι Pilate, sees to saying; O sir, μνησθημέν, δτι εκείνος δ πλανος είπεν ετί that that the deceiver eaid while we remember, 64 Ke-(ων Μετα τρεις ημερας εγειρομαι. three days I will arise. Do ουν ασφαλισθηναι τον ταφον έως thou command therefore to be made fast the tomb ti11 **της τ**ριτης ήμερας, μεποτε ελθοντες οί μαθηthe third day, lest coming the disciται αυτου, κλεψωσιν αυτον, και ειπωσι τω him, and might say to the of him, might steal απο των νεκρων και εσται λαω. $H\gamma \in \rho\theta\eta$ people; He has been raised from dead; the Sua will be $65 E \phi \eta$ ή εσχατη πλανη χειρων της πρωτης. worse of the fraud first Said αυτοις δ Πιλατος Εχετε κουστωδιαν ύπαγετε, Pilate; You have to them the a guard; go you, 66 Οί δε πορευθεντες ασφαλισασθε, ώς οιδατε. make fast, as you know. They and going ησφαλισαντο τον ταφον, σφραγισαντές τον made fast the tomb. having sealed the λιθον, μετα της κουστωδιας. stone, with the guard.

‡ Joseph, who also himself was discipled to Jesus.

58 He going to PILATE requested the BODY of JESUS. Then PILATE ordered *it to be given.

59 And JOSEPH, taking the BODY, wrapped it in pure, fine Linen,

60 ‡ and laid it in his own NEW Tomb, which he had excavated in the ROCK; and having rolled a great Stone to the DOOR of the TOMB, he departed.

61 And MARY of MAG-DALA was there, and the OTHER Mary, sitting opposite the TOMB.

62 Now on the Mor-ROW, which is after † the PREPARATION, the HIGH-PRIESTS and PHARISEES convened before Pilate,

63 saying, "Sir, we recollect that that imposter said, while living, \$ 'After Three Days I will arise.'

64 Command, therefore, the TOMB be made secure till the THIED Day, lest * the DISCIPLES come and steal him, and say to the PEOPLE, 'He is raised from the dead;' and so the LAST Error would be worse than the FIRST."

65 PILATE said to them, †" You have a Guard; go, make it as secure as you know how."

66 And departing, THEY secured the TOME with the GUARD, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{having sealed} the STONE.

* Vatican Manuscript.-58. it to be given. 64. the disciples.

^{† 62.} Paraskevee denoted the day preceding any sabbath or festival, as being that on which the preparation for its celebration was to be made.

† 65. The Jews had a Roman guard appeinted them for the security of the temple. It was usually stationed in the castle of Antonio, but removed during festivals to the outer court of the temple, to quell any tumult that might arise in the city. Pilate gave them leave to employ this guard for their present purpose.

† 66. A mode of security in use from the earliest times, and which supplied the place of locks. See Dan. vi. 17. It was usual to affix the seal to the extremities of a cord or leathern band, passing over the stone. But how futile were the machination of his enemies in order to prove him to be an impostor! Let the remembered that the tomb was new, and excavated out of the rock—was contiguous to Jerusalem—a great stone was placed at the entrance, and was scaled to prevent deception—and a guard to protect the body All these facts are strong presumptive proofs of the reality of the resurrection.

^{† 57.} Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 38. † 60. Isa. liii. 9. † 03. Matt xvi. 21; xvii. 23; xx. 19; xxvi. 61; Mark vii. 31; x. 34; Luke ix. 22; xviii. 33; xxiv. 6, 7 John ii. 19. † 66. Dan. vi. 17.

ΚΕΦ. κη'. 28.

1 Οψε δε σαββατων, τη επιφωσκουση
After now sabbath, to the dawning ELS After now sabbath, to the dawning into μιλν σαββατων, ηλθε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, into Magdalene, of week, came Mary the και ή αλλη Μαρια, θεωρησαι τον ταφον. 2 Kai and the other Mary, to see the tomh. And ιδου, σεισμος εγενετο μεγας. αγγελος yap ashaking occurred great; a messenger for κυριου, καταβας εξ ουρανου, προσελθων απεκυof a lord, descending from heaven, approaching rolled λισε τον λιθον *[απο της θυρας,] και εκαθητο stone [from the door,] and away the επανω αυτου. it. πη, και το ενδυμα αυτου λευκον ώσει χιων. ming, and the garments of him white snow. 28 4 A π o $\delta \epsilon$ του φοβου αυτου εσεισθησαν οί of him the and the fear shook ⁵ Αποκτηρουντες, και εγενοντο ώσει νεκροι. became Anand as dead (men.) ριθεις δε ὁ αγγελος ειπε ταις γυναιζη. M_n swering and the messenger said to the Not women; οιδα γαρ, δτι I know for, that φοβεισθε ύμεις. Ιησουν τυν that you; Jesus 6 **Ouk** ζητειτε. δδε.εσταυρωμενον $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ you seek. having been crucified Not heis here; ηγερθη γαρ, καθως ειπε. Δευτε, ιδετε he said. Come, see τον τοπον, όπου εκειτο δ κυριος. 7 Και ταχυ lay the Lord. And quickly where πορευθεισαι ειπατε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ότι the going tell disciples ηγερθη απο των νεκρων και ιδου, προαγει he has been raised from the dead; and lo, he goes hefore ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν· εκει αυτον οψεσθε· you into the him Galilee; there you will see; ιδου, ειπον ύμιν.

⁸ Και εξελθουσαι ταχυ απο And coming out quickly from the tomb μετα φοβου και χαρας μεγαλης, εδραμον απαγjoy fear and great, they ran to in-9 * ['Ως δε εποργειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου. [As and they disciples of him. the ευοντο απαγγειλαι τοις μαθηταις αυτου,] και to inform the disciples of him,] went ó Ιησους απηντησεν αυταις, λεγων' ιδου, them, the Jesus met saying; Αί δε προσελθουσαι εκρατησαν αυτου Χαιρετε. They and having appreached laid hold Hail you. 10 **Τ**οτ ∈ τους ποδας, και προσεκυνησαν αυτώ. Then feet, and prostrated to him.

I told you.

λεγει αυταις δ Ιησους. Μη φοβεισθε ύπαγετε, says to them the Jesus; Not be afraid; go you, απαγγειλατε τοις αδελφοις μου, ίνα απελθωσιν inform to the brethren of me, so that they may go

εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κακει με οψονται. Galilee, and there me they shall see.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

- 1 1 Now after the Sabbath, as it was DAWNING to the first day of the Week, Mary of MAGDALA, and the OTHER Mary, went to see the TOMB.
 - 2 And, behold, a great Shaking occurred; for an Angel of the Lord descending from Heaven, came and rolled back the STONE; and sat upon it.
- 3 # And his APPEAR. ANCE was like Lightning, and his VESTMENTS white as Snow;
- 4 and from FEAR of him the GUARDS trembled, and became as Dead men.
- 5 And the ANGEL answering, said to the wo-MEN, "Be not nou afraid; for I know That you seek THAT Jesus who was CRU-CIFIED.
- 6 He is not here; for he has been raised, even as he said. Come, see the PLACE where *he lay.
- 7 And immediately go and tell his DISCIPLES That he has been raised from the DEAD; and, behold, the precedes you to GALILEE; there you will see Him; behold, I have told you."
- 8 And coming out immediately from the TOMB, with Fear and great Jov, they ran to tell his DIS. CIPLES.
- 9 # And, behold, Jesus met them, saying, "Rejoice!" And THEY having approached, clasped his FERT, and prostrated to
- 10 Then Jesus says to them, "Be not afraid; go tinform my brethren, sc that they may go to GALI-LEE, and there they will see Me."

† 3. Dan x. 6. † 7. Matt. xxvi. 32 † 10. John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 29.

του

μνημειου

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—2. from the DOOR—omit.
 6. he lay; so Tischendorf.
 as they were going to tell his disciples—omit: so Lachmann and Tischendorf.

Πορευομένων δε αυτων, ιδου, τινές της Going zway and of them, lo, some of the πουστωδιας, ελθοντες εις την πολιν, απηγγειλαν. told soming into the city, τοις αρχιερευσιν απαντα τα γενομένα. 22-Kai All the things which had to-the high pricate all the (things) having been done. And HAPPENED. συναχθεντες μετα των, πρεσβυτερων, συμβουbeing assembled with the elders, counsel λιον τε λαβοντες, αργυρια ίκανα εδωκαν τοις and taking, pieces of silver enficient they gave to the στρατιωταις, λεγοντες. 13 Ειπατε, Ότι οί saying; Say you, That the maderas autou, νύκτος ελθοντές, disciples of ham by night coming, stole αυτον, ήμων κοιμωμενων. 14 Και εαν ακουσθη And if should be reported olus being asleep. τουτο επι του ήγεμονος, ήμεις πεισομέν αυτον, reported to the Governor, to the governor, we will persuade him, 15 Οξ δε λαβκαι ύμας αμεριμνους ποιησομεν. and you free from care we will make. They and .. having οντες τα αργυρια, εποιησαν ως εδιδαχθησαν. received the pieces of silver, did as they were taught. Και διεφημισθη δ λογος ούτος παρα Ιουδαιοις. And is spread abroad the word, this among μεχρι της σημερον.

the 16 Οι δε ένδεκα μαθηται επορεύθησαν ers την ciples went to GALILEE. to the cleven disciples went Γαλιλαιαν, εις το opas,, δυ εταξατο αυτοις δ to, the mountain, where had appointed them the 17 Και ιδοντες αυτον, προσεκυησαν. Ingous. him. they,prostrated sceing 18 Και προσελθων δ αυτω· οί δε εδιστασαν. to him: they but doubted. approaching the And Εδοθη μος Ιησους, ελαλεσεν αυτοις, λεγων. to them, anying; Has been given to me spoke' Jesus, 19 Πορευπασα εξουσια εν ουρανώ και επι γης.
all authority in heaven and on earth. Going θεντες μαθητευσατε πάντα τα εθνη, βαπτιζονall the mations, disciple you immers-Tes autous els to orona tou matros kai tou intoithe NAME of the FA-23 SIXAGKOVTES of the HOLY Spirit; ψίου:και:του αγιου πνευματός· teaching son and of the boly epirit: αυτους τηρειν παντα, ότα ενετειλαμην υμίν, observe all things which them to observe all, whatever I have charged you. I have enjoined upon Kal toov, eyw mee unw eine war as the pas, you; and, behold I am and to care, with you all the days, LUS THE GUPTEINEIRS TOV RIGIOS. end ofibe

11 And as they were going away, some of the GUARD, entering the CITY, told to the HIGH-PRIESTS

19 And being assembled with the ELDERS, and taking Connsel, they gave a good many Shekels to the SOLDIERS,

13 saying, "Say you, εκλεψαν that His DISCIPLES came by Night, and stole him, while-we-slept;

> 14 and if this should be we will persuade-him, and

make you safe."

15 And then having reccived the SHEKELS, did as they were instructed; and this SAYING 18 curently reported among the Jews to * THIS day.

16-And the ELEVEN DISto the MOUNTAIN where JESUS had ordered them.

17 And seeing him, they (indeed) prostrated to him; but some doubted.

18 And Jesus approaching, spoke to them, saying, All Authority has been imparted to me, in Heaven and on Earth.

19 1 Go, disciple All the MATIONS, immersing them into the NAME of the FA-

20 Iteaching them to till the consumnation of the AGE:"

* ACCORDING TO MATTHEW

[&]quot;VATICAR MANUSCRIPT .- 15. THIS Day. Subscription-ACCORDING TO MATTHEW.

*[EYA1 FEAAIGN] KATA MAPKON. [GLAO TIDINGS] BY NARK.

*ACCORDING TO MARK.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

Αρχη του αυσυγγελιου Ιησου Χριστου, υίου A beginning of the Glad tidings of Jesus Christ, a son ου θεου. 2° ως γεγραπταιεν Η σαια τω προ- $\sim ov \theta \in ov$. As I is written in Esaias ne proof the God. ⁶⁶ Ιδου, $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ αποστελω τον αγγελον του the messenger φητη. phet; μου προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκευασει την face or thee, who wilt prepare 3 Φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημφ. Έτοιόδον σου. way of thee. rying out in the desert; A voice Make μασατε την όδον κυριου, ευθειας ποιειτε τας you ready the way of a lord, straight make you 4 Εγενετο Ιωαννης βαπτιζων Was John dipping τριβους αυτου." beaten ways of him;" εν τη ερημω, και κη υσσων βαπτισμα μεταin the desert, and publishing a dipping of refor-5 Και εξεπορευετο νοιας εις αφεσιν αμαρτιων. mation in o forgiveness of sins. And went out προς αυτον πασα ή Ιουδαια χωρα, και οί 'Ιεροall the Judea country, and the Jeruκαι εβαπτιζοντο εν τω σολυμιται παντες. all; and were dipped in υπ Ιορδανη ποταμφ αυτου, εξομολογουμενοι by him, confessing Jordan river 6 Ην δε Ιωαννης ενδεδυτας ξμαρτιας αύτων. Was now John sins of them. having been μενος τριχας καμηλου, και ζωνην δερματινην and a belt made of skin of a camei, eloth hairs περι την οσφυν αύτου, και εσθιων ακριδας και around the loins of him, and eating locusts and · Και εκηρυσσε λεγων· Ερχεται μελι αγριον. wild. And he cried out saying; honey δ ισχυροτερος μου σπισω *[μου,] ού mightier of me after of whom not the [me,] τον έμαντα των ELLL ίκανος κυψας λυσαι worthy bowed down to loose the string 8 Εγω * $[\mu \in \nu]$ $\in \beta a \pi \tau \iota \sigma a$ dipped ύποδηματων αυτου. sandals of him. βαπτισει ύμας εν ύμας εν ύδατι αυτος δε be but will dip you **γ**νευματι άγιω. spirit hely.

9 * [Kai] egeneto en ekeinais tais $\eta \mu \epsilon \rho ais$, the days, $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ Indoors and Nazapet this Talihaias, wal came Jesus from Nazapeth of the Galilee, and

CHAPTER I.

- I The Beginning of the GLAD TIDINGS of Jesus Christ, the Son of *God;
- 2 as it is written * † in the prophets, ‡ "Behold, "*I send my Messenger "before thy Face, who will "prepare thy WAY.
- 3 ‡ "A Voice proclaim-"ing in the DESERT, 'Pre-"pare the WAY for the "Lord, make the HIGH-"WAYS straight for him."
- 4 ‡John was immersing in the DESERT, and publishing an Immersion of Reformation for Forgiveness of Sins.
- 5 ‡ And resorted to him All the COUNTRY of JU-DEA, and all THOSE of Jerusalem, and were immersed by him in the RIVER JORDAN, confessing their SINS.
- 6 thow John was cloth ed in Camel's Hair, with a Leathern Girdle enercling his WAIST; and eating Locusts and Wild Honey.
- 7 And he proclaimed, saying, ‡"The POWELFUL ONE comes after me; for whom I am not worthy to stoop down and untie the STRINGS of his SANDALS.
- 8 ‡ # immerse you in Water, but he will immerse you in holy Spirit."
- 9 ‡ And it occurred, in Those DAYS, that Jesus came from Nazareth of GALILEE, and was im-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—According to Mark. 1. God. the propher. 2. I send. 7. me—omit. 8. indeed—omit. 9. And—omit.

^{7 2.} As the common reading has an immense majority in its favor, and some noted versions; as the quotation is from two different prophecies, Mal.iii. 1, and Isa. xl. 2, 3, of which the nearest is not from Isaiah, but from Malachi; and as the Jews often say, "As it is written in the Prophets," yet it is never said in the N. T. written in a prophet, but by him; there seems to be no just ground for departing from the received text.—Campbell, Whitby, Lightfoot.

^{† 2.} Mal. iji. 1; Matt. xi. 10; Luke vii. 27. † 3. Isa. xl. 3; Matt. iii. 3; I uke iii. 4; John i. 23. † 5. Matt. iii. 5; † 6. Matt. iii. 4; † 7. Matt. iii. 11; John i. 27; Acts xiii. 25. † 8. Acts i. 5; ii. 2—4; xi. 16; xix. 4; † Cor. xii. 18. † 9. Matt. iii. 13; Luke iii. 21.

εβαπτισθη ύπο Ιωαννου els τον Ιορδανην. 10 Και was dipped by John into the Jordan And ευθεως αναβαινων απο του ύδατος, είδε σχιζοimmediately ascending from the water, becaw rendμενους τους ουρανους, και το πνευμα, ως
ing the heavens, and the spirit, as ing the heavens, and the spi περιστεραν, καταβαινον επ αυτον. a dove, descending upon him. 11 Kar And φωνη εγενετο εκ των ουρανων. "Συ ει ο avoice came out of the heavens; "Thou art the υίος μου δαγαπητος, εν φ ευδοκησα."

συ of me the beloved, in whom I delight."

12 Και ευθυς το πνευμα αυτον εκβαλλει εις And immediately the epirit him casts into ερημον.

13 Και ην εν τη ερημω ήμερας days.

And he was in the desert days. τεσσαρακοντα, πειραζομενος υπο του σατανα, torty, being tempted by the edversary, και ην μετα των θηριων και οί αγγελοι διηand was with the wild beasts; and the messengers min-

letered to him. 14 Μετα δε το παραδοθηναί τον Ιωαννην, After now the to be delivered up the John, πλθεν δ Ιησους εις την Γαλιλαιαν, κηρυσσων came the Jesus into the Galilee, preaching το ευαγγελιον *[της βασιλειας] του θεου, the glad tidings of the tingdom] of the God, 15 και λεγων Ori πεπληρωται δ καιρος, και and saying; That has been fulfilled the season, and and caying; That has been fulfilled the second of the has come night the majesty of the God; reform you, as and πιστευετε ενντώ ευαγγελίω. 16 Περιπατων δε the good message. Walking # and παρα την θαλασσαν της Γαλιλαίας; είδε Σιμωνα
by the oce of the Galilee, ... he saw Simon και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον αυτου, αμφιβαλλοντας and Andrew the brother of him, . , casting αμφιβληστρον εν τη θαλασση· noav yap 17 Kai einer autois & Indons. Deute àlieis. fishers. οπισω μου, και ποιησω ύμας γενεσθαι άλιεις after me, and l will make you to be fishers ανθρωπων. 18 Και ευθεως αφεντες τα δικτυα And immediately leaving the her.

And immediately leaving the προβας of men. συτων, ήκολουθησαν αυτφ. συτων, ηκολουσησε him. And governor to του δεξεκειθεν ολιγον, ειδεν Ιακωβον τον του she of the change of the control of the c Zeβeδαιου, και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον αυτου, Zebedee, and John the brother of him, RAI AUTOUS EF TO THOSE KATAPTICOPTAS TA BROTHER; they also were and themselves in the chip were mending the in the BOAT repairing the δ:κτυα· 20 και ευθεως εκαλεσεν αυτους, and immediately he called them. And nets; .

mersed by John in the JORDAN.

10 1 And ascending from the WATER, instantly he saw the HEAVENS open-ing, and the SPIRIT, like a Dove descending upon $\lim_{n \to \infty} \mathcal{M}_n$

Il And a Voice came from the HEAVENS, saying, I" Thou art my son, the BELOVED; in thee I delight."

12 1 And immediately the spirit sent Him forth

into the DESERT. 13 And he was in the

DESERT forty Days, being tempted by the ADVER-SARY; and was among the WILD BEASTS; and the ANGELS served him .

14 | Now after John was imprisoned, Jesus came into GALILEE, publishing the GLAD TIDINGS of God,

15 and saying, ‡"The TIME has been accomplished, and God's BOYAL MAJESTY has approached; ‡ Reform, and beheve in the GOOD MESSAGE."

16 t * And as he was passing along by the LAKE of GALILEE, he saw Simon, and Andrew the BROTHER of Simon, casting a Drag into the LAKE: for they were Fishermen.

17 And Jesus said to them, "Come, follow me, and I will make you Fishers of Men.

18 And instantly fleaving *the NETS, they followed him.

19 ‡ And going forward a little, he saw THAT James who is the son of ZEBEDEE, and John his Kai NETS; 20 and he immediately

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. thee I delight. 14. of the KINGDON-omit. 18, the And as he was passing along by.

HETS. 10. thence—omit. 16. the BROTHER of Simon, casting.

^{† 10.} Matt iii, 10; John i. 32. † 11. Mark ix. 7. † 12. Matt. iv. 1; Luke iv. 1. 14. Matt. iv. 12, 23. † 15. Dan. ix. 25; Gal. iv. 4; Eph. i. 10. † 15. Matt. iv. 17. † 18. Matt. iv. 10; Luke v. 4. † 18. Matt. xix. 27; Luke v. 13, † 19. Matt. iv. 21.

αύτων Ζεβεδαιον εν called them; and leaving τον πατερα acevres Zebedee in leaving father ofthem απηλθον μισθωτων, πλοιώ μετα $\tau\omega\nu$ hirelings, they went with the ship οπισω αυτου.

him.

²¹ Και εισπορευονται εις Καπερναουμ· και Capernaum; into and And they went τοις σαββασιν εισελθων εις την συναευθεως τοις sabbath going immediately to the sabbath going και εξεπλησσοντο ευθεως syna- $\epsilon \pi \iota$ gogue, he taught. they were amazed τη διδαχη αυτου ην γαρ διδασκων αυτους ώς he teaching of him; he was for teaching them as εξουσιαν εχων, και ουχ ως οί γραμματεις.

authority having, and not as the scribes. 23 Και ην εν τη συναγωγη αντων ανθρωπος εν

And was in the synagogue of them a man in $^{24}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega\nu$ πνευματι ακαθαρτφ, και ανεκραξε, nnclean, and he cried out, saying, *[Εα,] τι ήμιν και σοι, Ιησου Ναζαρηνε, [Let alone,] what to us and to thee, Jesus O Nazarene, *[Ea,] $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon s$ $\alpha\pi\circ\lambda\epsilon\sigma\alpha\iota$ $\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha s$; $\circ\iota\delta\alpha$ $\sigma\epsilon$ $\tau\iota s$ $\epsilon\iota$, comest thou to destroy us; I know thee who thou art, the ²⁵ Και επετιμησεν αυτω δ άγιος του θεου. holy of the God, And rebuked him the Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητι, κα εξελθε εξ αυτου. saying; Be silent, id come out of him. ²⁶ Και σπαραξαν αυτον το πνευμα το ακαθαρτον, And convulsing him the spirit the

unclean. και κραξαν φωνη μεγαλη, εξηλθεν εξ αυτου. and crying a voice great, came ont of him.

²⁷ Και εθαμβηθησαν παντες, ώστε συζητειν And they were astonished all, 80 as to reason προς αύτους, λεγοντες Τι εστι τουτο, τις ή among themselves, saying; What is this? what the $\delta i \delta a \chi \eta$ ή καινη αυτη; ότι κατ εξουσιαν και teaching the new this; that with authority even τοις πνευμασι τοις ακαθαρτοις επιτασσει και to the to the unclean he enjoins 28 E $\xi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ δε ή акоп ύπακουουσιν αυτώ. to him. Went out and the report they hearken ευθυς εις όλην την περιχωρον THS forthwith into whole the country of the ofhim Γαλιλαιας.

Galilee.

29 Και ευθεως, εκ της συναγωγης εξελθοντες, And instantly, out of the synagogue being come, ηλθον εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος και Ανδρεου, he went into the house of Simon and Andrew, 30 °H δ€ μετα Ιακωβου και Ιωαννου. πενθερα John. The and mother-in-law and Σιμώνος κατεκείτο πυρεσσούσα και $\epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \omega s$ of Simon was laid down having a fever; and 1mmediately λεγουσιν αυτώ περι αυτης. they spoke to him about her And coming

their FATHER Zebedee in the BOAT with the HIRED SERVANTS, they followed him.

21 # And they went to Capernaum; and on the SABBATH, entering the SYNAGOGUE, he taught

the people;

22 ‡ and they were struck with awe at his mode of INSTRUCTION; for he taught them, as possessing Authority, and not as the SCRIBES.

23 ‡ Now there was in their synagogue, a Man with an impure Spirit; and he exclaimed,

24 saying, "What hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art, the HOLY ONE of GOD."

25 And Jesus rebuked it, saying, ‡"Be silent, and come out of him."

25 And the IMPURE SPIRIT, Thaving convulsed him, and having cried with a loud Voice, came out of him.

27 And they were all so astonished, as to reason *with themselves, saying, "What is this? *A new Doctrine? With Authority he commands even the IMPURE SPIRITS, and they obey him."

23 And his FAME soon spread abroad * everywhere throughout the En-

tire REGION of GALILEE.
29 ‡ And being come
out of the SYNAGOGUE, he immediately went into the House of Simon and Andrew with James and

30 Now Simon's MOTH-ER-IN-LAW lay sick of a fever, and forthwith they 31 Kai $\pi \rho o \sigma \in \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ spoke to him about her.

31 And approaching, he

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPS.—24. Let alone—omit. new Doctrine? With Authority. 28. everyy 27. with themselves. 28. everywhere throughout,

^{1 23.} unke iv. 33. ‡ 22. Matt. vii. 28. ‡ 23. ...nk k iii. 12. ‡ 26. Mark ix. 20. † 21. Matt. iv. 13; Luke iv. 31. † 22. Ma tt. viii. 29. † 25. ver. 84; Mark iii. 12. Matt. viii. 29. viii, 14: Luke iv. 38.

ηγειρεν αυτην, κρατησας της χειρος αυτης.
he raised her, having laid hold of the hand of her; he raised her, having laid hold of the hand of her; και αφηκεν αυτην ο πυρετος *[ευθεως] και her the [immediately;] fever διηκονε. αυτοις.

ministered to them.

32 Οψιας δε γενομεντς, ότε εδυ ό ήλιος, Evening and being come. when set the εφερον προς αυτον παντας τους κακως εχοντας, those sickness they brought to him all having, και τους δαιμονιζομενους. 33 και ή πολις and those being demonized; and the city 34 Ka1 όλη επισυνηγμενη ην προς την θυραν. whole having been assembled was at the door. εθεραπευσε πυλλους κακως εχοντας ποικιλαις

having he healed many sick varions νοσοις και δαιμονια πολλα εξεβαλε, και συκ diseases, and demons wany he cast out, and not demons many ηφιε λαλειν τα δαιμον.α, ότι ηδεισαν αυτον. allowed to speak the demons, because they knew him. 35 και πρωι, εννυχον λιαν, αναστας εξηλθε,

And early, much, having arisen he went ont, night *[και απηλ $\theta \in \nu$] εις ερημον τοπον, into L desert and departed place, and there 36 Και κατεδιωξαν αυτον δ Σιμουν προσηυχετο. And engerly rottowed him the Simon ou. 37 Και εύροντες αυτον, prayed. and those with him.

And having found him, 'Οτι παντες (ητουσι σε. λεγουσιν αυτώ" to him; That seek ait

theysay 38 Και λεγει αυτοις. Αγωμεν εις τας εχομ-And he says to them; We must go into the neighενας κωμοπολεις, ίνα και εκει κηρυξω. there I may preach; for that also 39 Και ην κηρυσσων τουτο γαρ εξεληλυθα. this because I have come out. And he was proclaiming eis τας συναγωγας αυτων, εις όλην την Γαλι-in the aynagogues of them, in whole the Gali-Gali-40 K.a. λαιαν, και τα δαιμονια εκβαλλων. and the demons casting out. And ερχεται προς αυτον λεπρος, παρακαλων αυτον. a leper, beseeching to him him comes και γονυπετων αυτον, και λεγων and kneeling him, and saying av: 7º to had, 48 . 13 OT: $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta s$, $\delta \nu \nu \alpha \sigma \alpha \iota$ $\mu \epsilon$ $\kappa \alpha \theta \alpha \rho \iota \sigma \alpha \iota$. That if thou wilt, thou art able ine to cleause. 'Aho δε Ιησους σπλαγχνισθεις, εκτεινας την χειρα, and Jesus being moved with pity, stretching out the haor, ήψατο αυτου, και λεγει αυτώ. Θελω, καθαn, and says to him: I will, be thon $42 \text{ Kat } * [\epsilon \iota \pi o \nu \tau o s \ a \nu \tau o v,] \ \epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \omega s$ touched of him, ρισθητι. of him,] immediately And [having said cteansed. απηλθεν απ' αυτου ή λεπρα, και ακαθαρισθη. departed from him the leprosy, and he was cleansed.

took hold of her HAND, raised her up, and the FEVER left her, and she scrved them.

32 ‡ And Evening being come, when the sun was set, they brought to him ALL the SICK, and the DEMONIACS;

33 and the whole CITI assembled at the Door.

34 And he cured Many sick of Various Disorders, and expelled many Demons; ‡ and permitted not the DEMONS to speak, because they knew * him to be the Christ.

35 ‡And having arisen very early in the Morning, he went out into a Desert Place, and there prayed.

36 And * Simon and THOSE with him eagerly followed him.

37 And having found him, they say to him, "All seek thee."

38 And he says to them, 1" We must go * elsewhere, into the ADJA-CENT Towns, that I may proclaim there also; for this I have come forth."

39 1 And * he were and proclaimed to them in their SYNAGOGUES throughout All GALILEE, and cast out the DF-MONS.

40 1 And a Leper comes to him, beseeching him, saying, "If thou wilt, thou canst cleanse Me."

41 And *he, being move? with pity, extending *lis HAND, touched him, and says to lum, "I will; be thou cleansed."

42 And immediately the LEPROSY departed from him, and he was cleansed.

43 And having strictly 43 Kai $\epsilon \mu \beta \rho i \mu \eta \sigma \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu o s$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega$, $\epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \omega s$ $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda \epsilon \nu$ And having strictly charged him, immediately he sent forth charged him, he forthwith sent him away,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. immediately-omit. 34. him to be the Christ. 38. elsewhere, into. 35. and departed-omit. 36. Simon. 38. elsewhere, into. 40, and kneeling down to him, and—omit. 39. he went and proclaimed to them in. 41. he. 41. his HAND. being moved.

^{† 32.} Matt. viii. 16; Luke iv. 40. † 35. Luke iv. 42. † 40. Matt. viii. 2; Luke v. 12 2 34. Mark iii. x2; Luke iv. 41; Acts xvi. 17, 18 1 38. Luke iv. 43. * 89. Matt. iv. 23; Luke iv. 41

44 και λεγει αυτω· Όρα, μηδενι μηδεν and says to him; See, to no one anything αυτον, him. ειπης αλλ' ύπαγε, σεαυτον δειξον τω ίερει, to the priest worla thyself thon tell; but 30, και προσενεγκε περι του καθαρισμου σου purification for the of thee what 45 'O προσεταξε Μωσης, εις μαρτυριον αυτοις. He Moses, for a witness to them. δε εξελθων ηρξατο κηρυσσειν πολλα και διαφηbut going out began to publish many (things) and spread μιζειν τον λογον, ώστε μηκετι αυτον δυνασθαι abroad the word, so as no longer him to be abla αλλ' φανερως εις πολιν εισελθειν. εξω εν without in publicly into a city to enter; but ερημοις τοποις ην, και ηρχοντο προς αυτον desert places he was, and they went to him πανταχοθεν. from all parts.

КЕФ. β'. 2.

Καπερναουμ δι' 1 Και παλιν εισηλθεν €IS And again he went into Capernaum after ETTI. ηκουπθη, ÒΤΙ ELS OLKOV ημερων. και he is. and it was reported, that into a house days: 2 Kai *[ευθεως] συνηχθησαν πολλοι, ώστ€ [immediately] were gathered together many, 80 as And μηκετι χωρειν μηδε τα προς την θυραν. ĸaı no longer to contain not even the places near the door; and 3 Και ερχονται προς ελαλει αυτοις τον λογον. he spake to them the word. And they come to ύπο αυτον παραλυτικον φεροντες, αιρομενον a paralytic bringing, heing carried by ⁴Και μη δυναμενοι προσεγγισαι τεσσαρων. And not being able to come nigh four. αυτω δια τον οχλον, απεστεγασαν $\tau \eta \nu$ they uncovered the to him through the crowd, και εξορυξαντες χαλωσι όπου ηνο and having dug through they let down where he was; 'ω ό παραλυτικος κατετον κραββατον, εφ' upon which the bed. paralytic the ⁵ Ιδων δε δ Ιησους την πιστιν αυτων, KELTO. Seeing and the Jesus the faith of them, λεγει τω παραλυτικώ. Τεκνον, αφεωνται σου says to the paralytic; Son, are forgiven of thee ⁶ Ησαν δε τινες των γραμματεων αί αμαρτιαι. scribes Were but some of the the sins. και διαλογιζομενοι €K€L καθημενοι €₽ Tais and reasoning in there sitting 7 Τι ούτος ούτω λαλει βλασκαρδιαις αύτων Why this thus speaks blashearts of them; τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη sins, is able to forgive if phemy? who not 8 Και ευθεως επιγνους δ Ιησους eis δ θeos; And immediately knowing the one the God? Jesus

44 and says to him. thing to any one; but go, show Thyself to the PRIEST, and present for thy PURIFICATION, those things which Moses commanded, t for Notifying (the cure) to the people. 45 \$ But HE going out.

began to publicly pro-claim and divulge the THING, so that he could no longer openly enter a City, but was without in Desert Places; and they resorted to him from all parts.

CHAPTER II.

1 And after some Days, the again entered Capernaum; and it was re-ported That he was in a House.

2 And Many were gathered together; so that (the house) could not contain them, nor the PARTS at the DOOR; and he spake the WORD to them.

3 And they come * bringing to him a Paralytic,

carried by Four.

4 And being unable to approach him, because of the crowd, they uncovered the ROOF where he was; and having dug through, they lowered the † couch on which the PARALYTIC was laid.

5 Now Jesus perceiving their FAITH, says to the PARALYTIC, "Son, thy sins are forgiven."

6 But there were some of the SCRIBES sitting, and reasoning in their

HEARTS,
7 * "Why thus speaks this man? He blasphemes! Who can forgive Sins, but the One Goo?"

8 And Jesus, immedi-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. immediately-omit. this man thus speaks? He blaspheines! Who can.

^{3:} bringing to him. 7. That

^{† 44.} See Notes on Matt. viii, 3, 4.

14. Eastern beds are light and moveable, constitute of a mattrass and two quilts. Dr. Russell tells us, that their beds consist of a mattrass laid on the floor, and over this a sheet, (in winter a carpet, one such wooled covering,) the other sheet being sewed to the quilt. A divan cushion often serves for a pillow.

το πνευματι αύτου, ότι * [ούτως] αυτοι διαλο-to the spirit of himself, that [thus] they reathey γιζονται εν έαυτοις, ειπεν αυτοις. Τι ταυτα soned among themselves, said to them; Why these (things) διαλογιζεσθε εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων; Which reason yun in the ncarts of you? εστιν ευκοπωτερον; ειπειν τφ παραλυτικφ. easier? to say to the paralytic; Αφεωνται σου αί αμαρτικώ; η ειπειν.

Areforgiven of thee the sins: or to say; Εγειρε, Arise, αρον σου τον κραββατον, και περιπατει; take up of thee the bed, and

10 Ίνα δε είδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχει ό vios του That but you may know, that authority has the son of the ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι άμαρτιας (λεγει on the earth to forgive sina; (be says τω παραλυτικώ.) 11 Σοι λεγω. Ελειρε, αρον To thee I say: to the paralytic;) Arise, take np τον κραββατον σου, και υπαγε εις τον οικον the bed of thee, and go into the house of thee, and go into the house ηγερθη ευθεως, και αρας τον And he was raised immediately, and taking up the TOU! χραββατον, εξηλθεν εναντιον παντων ώστε went out is presence of 80 28 εξιστασθαι παντας, και δοξαζειν τον BEOV. to astonish all, and to glorify the God. λεγοντας. Ότι ουδεποτε ούτως ειδομεν. That never aaying; . thus

13 Και εξηλθε παλίν παρα την θαλασσαν λου he went out again by the sea.

και πας δ οχλος ηρχετο προς αυτον, και εδιαπα all the crowd came to him, and he δασκεν αυτους.

14 Και παραγων είδε Λευίν τον taught them. Απα passing on he sew Levi the του Αλφαίου, καθημένυν επί το τελωνίον, και οίτhe Alpheus, sitting at the custom house, and λεγει αυτος. Ακολουθεί μοι. Και αναστας says to him: Follow me. And rising up γ,κολουθησεν αυτω:

he followed him. 15 Και εχενετο εν τφ κατακεισθαι αυτον εν And it happened in the precline at table him in τη οικια αυτου, και πολλοι τελωναι και άμαρthe house of him, and many publicans τωλοι συνανεκειντο τφ Ιησου και τοις μαθηταις with the Jesus and the disciples ησαν γαρ πολλοι, και ηκολουθησαν they were for many, and they tollowed מטדטט. of him; 16 Και οι γραμματείς και οι Φαρισαιοι CUTO.. And the and the Pharaces scribes ιβοντες αυτον εσθιοντα μετα των τελωνων και him. eating with the publicana *pd αμαρτωλων, ελεγον τοις μαθηταις αυτου * [Τι] said to the disciples of him: [Why] ότι μετα των τελώνων και αμαρτωλών εσθιει with of the publicans and be eats

ately perceiving in his SPIRIT, that they reasoned among themselves, *he says to them, "Why do you reason thus in your HEARTS?

9 † Which is easier? to say to the PARALYTIC, 'Thy SINS are forgiven;' or to say (with effect,) 'Arise, take Thy couch,

and walk?

10 But that you may know That the son of MAN has Authority on EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PARALLYTIC.)

LYTIC,)
11 "I say to thee, Arise, take up thy couch, and go to thy nouse."

12 And he was raised immediately, and taking up the couch, went out in presence of all; so that they were all amazed, and glorified God, saying, "We never say anything like this!"

13 And he went cut again by the LAKE; and All the CROWD resort d to him, and he taught them.

14 ‡ And passing along, he saw that Levi who is the son of Alpheus, sitting at the Tax-office, and says to him, "Follow ne." And arising, he followed him

15 ‡ And it occurred; while he RECLINED AT TABLE in his HOUSE, Many Tribute-takers and Sinners also reclined with JESUS and his DISCIPLIE; for they were Many, and they followed him.

16 And the SCRIBES * of the PHARISEES observing him eating with the TRIP UTE-TAKEES and † Sin. ners, said to his disci-PLES, "He eats with TRIBUTE-TAXEES and Sin. ners!"

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift. - 8. thus-omit. Phanishes saw him est, 16. Why-omit.

^{8.} he says to them.

^{16.} of the

^{† 16.} By amartooloi, sinners, the Gentiles or heathen are generally understood in the Gospels, for this was a term the Jewe never applied to any of themselves.—Clarke.

17 Kat accords & Indoors Aeyet 17 And Jesus having hard hearing the Jesus says heard it, says to them, * Kai Tivei; [and drinks ?] Ou xperar x exough of toxuovtes there being well have no Need of a Physi-BUTOIS. No Bo them; taτρου, αλλ οι κακως εχοντες.

Ya physician; but those sick being. Ουκ ηλθον Not I came καλεσαι δικαιους αλλα άμαρτωλους.

to call just (ones) but 18 Και ησαν οἱ μαθηται Ιωαννου και οἱ Φαρι-Aud were the disciples of John and the Phari-And were the disciples of John and the Phartography of John and the Phartography of John and the Phartography of John and they say twhim; Why the disciples of John and those of the Phartsees fast, of John and those of the Phartsees fast, those but to the disciples ov νηστευουσι; 19 Kat estrey autois of Iησους and fast?

And a said to them the Jesser My δυνανται of suite του νυμφωνός, εν. 4 το δυνανται of the phartsee of the p Not are able the sons of the bride-chamber, in which the νυμφιος μετ αυτων εστι, νηστευειν δοσον beldegroom with them. is to fast του νομφιον, ου a time with themselves they have the bridegroom, 1 not a time with themselves they have the princegroom, not δυνανται νηστευείν. Ε΄ Ελευσονται δε ημεραι, are able to fast. Will come but days, δοταν απαρθη απαστιον δ νυμφιος, και when may be taken away from them the bridegroom, and τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκεινη τη ήμερα. ²¹ Ουδεις τοτε νηστευσουσιν εν εκεινη τη ημερα. 21 Ουδεις then they will fast a in that they day. No oce επιβλημα ράκους αγναφου επιρραπτει επι ματιφ παλαιω εί δε μη, αιρει το πληρωμα το ματιφ το καινον του ταλαιου, και χειρον σίτετ the pew of the old, and worse σχισμα γινεται. 22 Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον ατοκ τος εις ασκημε παλαιους ει δε μη γρατος είνους και χειρον σχισμα γινεται. 24 Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον ατοκ εις ασκημε παλαιους ει δε μη ληστει. veov ets ασκους παλαίους εί δε μη, ρησσεί δ
new into bottles old; if but net, bursts the
other of the cost of the bottles, and the wine εκχειται, και οί ασκοι απολουνται αλλα οινον and the bottles & are lost; of νεον εις ασκους καινους βλητεον.

pen into bottles, new;) must be put. ²³ Και εγενετο παραπορευεσβαι αυτον εν τοις και εγενετο παραπορευεσται αυτου εντοις And it came to pass

λαθ it cam

17 And Jesus having have no Need of a Physician, but THEY who are sick. I came not to call the Righteous, but Sinners."

18 ! Now the DISCIPLES' of John and the PHARI-SEES were fasting; and they come and say to him, "Why do the DIS-CIPLES of John, and the DISCIPLES of the PHAR-ISEES fast, but THINE fast not i"

19 And JESUS replied, "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the BRIDEGROOM IS with them? During the time they have the BRIDEgnoom with them, they cannot fast.

20 But the Days will come, when the BRIDE-GROOM will be taken from them, and then they will, fast in That DAY.

21 No one sews a Piece of undressed Cloth on to an old Garment; if so, the NEW PIECE of itself takes away from the orn, and a worse Rent is made.

22 And no one puts new Wine into told 5kins; if so, the WINE * will hurst the skins; and the wine will be lost, and the skins; but new Wine into new Skins."

23 # And it happened, that he * was passing through the FIELDS OF

Franks blandscript.—16. and drinks—omit.

18. and the discrete of the and the wine will be lost not?

22. New—omit.

22. will burst the sking but new Wine into new Skins.

23. was passing through.

23. made their way, to pluck.

^{# 22.} See Note in Matt. ix. 17.

^{1 17} Matt ix. 12, 13; Luke v. 31. 82. Matt xit 1; Luke vi. 1.

25 Και αυτος ελεγεν αυτοις. Ουδεποτε And he said to them: Never εξεστι; is lawful? ανεγνωτε, τι εποιησε Δαυιδ, ότε χρειαν εσχε, have you known, what did David, when need he had, $\mu \in T^2$ αυτου; οί και επεινασεν, αυτος και was hungry, he and those with him head $26 + [\Pi \omega s] \epsilon i \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon i s \tau \sigma \nu \sigma i \kappa \sigma \nu \tau \sigma \sigma \theta \epsilon \sigma \nu$, [How] he went into the house of the God, επι Αβιαθαρ του αρχιερεως, και τους αρτους to Abiathar of the high-priest, and loaves the της προθεσεως εφαγεν, ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν of the presence did eat, which not is lawful to cat μη τοις ίερευσι, και εδωκε και τοις συν priests, and he gave also to those with not the 27 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. Το σαβαυτφ ουσι; him being? And he said to them; The sab- $\beta \alpha \tau o \nu$ $\delta \iota \alpha$ $\tau o \nu$ $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \nu$ $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$, oux δ bath because of the man was made, not the the SARBATH. 28 Ωστε κυριος ανθρωπος δια το σαββατον. because of the sabbath. εστιν δ υίος του ανθρωπου και του σαββατου. SABBATH."

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

man

is the son of the

even of the

sabbath.

1 Και εισηλθε παλιν εις την συναγωγην·
And he entered again into the synagogue; aynagogue; και ην εκει ανθρωπος εξηραμμενην εχων την having been withered having the and was there a man ² και παρετηρουν αυτον, ει τοις σαβ-cure and they closely watched him, if to the sab-that θεραπευσει αυτον, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν him. χειρα hand; βασι he will heal him, that they mig' t accuse bath he will heal him, that they mig't accuse 3 And he says to THAT ³ Και λεγει τφ ανθρωπφ τφ εξηραμ- MAN HAVING the Withman to that having been And he says to the μενην εχοντι την χειρα° withered having the hand; Εγειρε εις το μεσον. Arise in the midst. Εξεστι τοις σαββασιν Kai Leyel autois. Is it lawful to the to them; And hesays sabbath αγαθοποιησαι η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, to do evil? a life to save, to do good or δ Και περιβλε-Oi $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \sigma \iota \omega \pi \omega \nu$. η αποκτειναι; And They but were silent, looking to destroy? ψαμενος αυτους μετ' οργης, συλλυπουμενος επι tound them with anger, being grieved as πωρωσει της καρδιας αυτων, λεγει τω of them, ofthe hearts the hardness he says to the χειρα σου. ανθρωπφ. Εκτεινον την Και of thee. man; Stretch out the hand και απεκατεσταθη ή χειρ αυτου. HAND was restored. and was restored the hand of him. 6 ‡ And the PHAI εξετεινε• he stretched it out; and 6 Και εξελθοντες οί Φαρισαιοι, ενθεως μετα των going out, immediately And coming out the Pharisees, immediately with the held a Council with the

25 And * he said to them, ‡" Have you never read what David did, when he had Need, and was hungry, he, and THOSE with him?

26 How the went into the TABERNACLE of GOD, to Abiathar (son) of the HIGH-PRIEST, and ate tthe LOAVES of the PRESENCE, twhich none but the PRIESTS could lawfully eat; and he gave also to THOSE with him.".

27 He also said to them,

the SABBATH;

28 ‡s that the son of So that a lord | MAN is Lord even of the

CHAPTER III.

1 # And again he entered into the SYNAGOGUE, where was a Man who had a Withered HAND.

2 And they watched him closely, (to see) if he would cure him on the SABBATH; that they might accuse

ered HAND, "Arise in the MIDST."

4 And he says to them, "Is it lawful to do good on the SABBATH, or to do evil? to save Life, or to destroy?" But THEY were silent.

5 And surveying them with Indignation, being grieved at the HARDNESS of their HEARTS, he says to the MAN, "Stretch out *thine HAND." And he And stretched it out, and his

6 ‡ And the PHARISEES

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-25. he said.

^{26.} How-omit.

^{5.} the HAND.

^{† 26.} David went to the house of Ahimclech at Nob, with whom the tabernacle then was and the ephod, and other holy things. See 1 Sam. xxi. † 26. These loaves were placed on a table on the north side, and at the right hand of him who entered the in the cle. Exod xxv 30; Lev. xxiv. 5, 6, 8. † 6. The Herodians were a political party who began to become eminent in the days of Herod the Great, as favoring his claims, and those of his vatrons, the Romans, to the sovereignty of Judea.

^{1 25 1} Sam. xx1.0.

^{1 20} Exod. xxix. 32, 33. 1 6. Matt. x11, 14.

Ήρωδιανων συμβουλιον εποιουν κατ' αυτου, him, held against Herodians a conncil απολεσωσι. όπως αυτον

him they might destroy. how

7 Και δ Ιησους μετα των μαθητων αύτου LAKE; and a Great Mul-And the Jesus with the ανεχωρησεν εις την θαλασσαν και πολυ πληand a great multi- DEA, withdrew to the seo; θος απο της Γαλιλαιας ηκολουθησαν αυτώ και him; tude from the Galilee followed and απο της Ιουδαιας, και απο Ιεροσολυμων, Judea, and from Jerusalem, ani απο της Ιδουμαιος, και περαν του Ιορδανου, και from the Idumea, and beyond the Jordan, and | *[οι] π ερι Τυρον και Σιδωνα, π ληθος [those] about Tyre and Sidon, a multitude πολυ, great, εποιει, ηλθον προς αυτον. ακουσαντες όσα having heard what things he did, came to him. β Και ειπε τοις μαθηταις αυτου, ένα πλοιαριον And he spake to the disciples of him, that a small vessel δια τον οχλον, ίνα μη σκαρτερη αυτώ, him, hecause of the should attend αυτον. 10 Πολλους γαρ εθεραπευσεν, θλιβωσιν they might throng him. Many for he cured, ώστε επιπιπτειν αυτφ, ίνα αυτου άψωνται. to him, that him they might touch, to rush 11 Και τα πνευματα τα ειχον μαστιγας. δσοι And the spirits as many as had scourges. ακαθαρτα, δταν αυτον εθεωρει, προσεπιπτεν him gazing on, fell before when 'Οτι συ ει ο υίος αυτφ, και εκραζε, λεγ_ντα. saying; That thou art the son and cried, του θεου. 12 Και πολλα επετιμα αυτοις, ίνα of the God. And many times he charged them, that μη φανερον αυτον ποιησωσι.
not known him they should make. 13 Και αναβαι-And νει εις το opos, και προσκαλειται ούς ηθελεν up into the mountain, and calls whom would αυτος και απηλθον προς αυτον.

and they came to he: ωσι μετ' αυτου, ¹⁴Και εποιησε δωδεκα, ίνα And he appointed twelve, that they should be with him, 15 Kal και ^{*}[ίνα] αποστελλη αυτους κηρυσσείν, and [that] he might send them to preach, εχειν εξουσιαν * [θεραπευειν τας νοσους, και] [to cure the diseases, and to have authority 16 Και επεθηκε τω εκβαλλειν τα δαιμονια. And he put on to the to cast out the demonstration of the Lake βον τον του του ε pame Peter; and James that of the the demons. αδελφον και Ιωαννην τον TOU Ζεβεδαιου. the brother of the and John Ιακωβου· και επεθηκεν αυτοις ονοματα Βοανand he put on them uames Boan-18 και Ανθρεαν, of Thunder; εργες, δ εστιν, υίοι βροντης. sons ofthunder; and Andrew, that is, erges,

Herodians, against him, how they might destroy him.

7 But Jesus with his DISCIPLES retired to the disciples of him titude followed him from GALILEE, ‡ and from JU-

> 8 and from Jerusalem, and from IDUMEA, and 8 Kal from beyond the JORDAN; also a great Company from about Tyre and Sidon, having heard what * he had done, came to him.

> > 9 And he spake to his DISCIPLES, that *a Small boat should attend him because of the CROWD, that they might not press upon him.

> > 10 For he had cured Many; so that as many as had Diseases rushed towards him in order to touch him.

> > 11 \$ And the IMPURE SPIRITS, when they beheld him, fell before him, and cried, saying, "Thou art the son of God."

> > 12 And he repeatedly charged them, that they should not make Him known.

13 ‡ And he ascended the MOUNTAIN, and called whom he would; and they went to him.

14 And he appointed * twelve, that they should accompany him, and that he might send them forth to proclaim,

15 and to have Authority to exper DEMONS.

16 * Now the TWELVE he appointed, were \$SI-MON, to whom he gave the Name of PETER;

17 and THAT James, son of ZEBEDEE, and John the brother of JAMES; to whom he gave the Names of Boanerges, that is, Sons

18 and Andrew, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—S. THOSE—omit. 8. he does. 9. Small vessels. 14. that—omit. 15. to cure piseases, and—omit. 10. And he appointed Twelve; both Simon whom he surnamed PETER.

^{1. 11.} Mark i. 32, 34; Luke iv. 41. 1 13. Matt. x. 1. Luke v. † 7. Luke vi. 17. † 11. : 1x. 1. † 16. John i. 42.

και Φιλιππον, και Βαρθολομαιον, και Ματθαιον, and Matthew, and This και Θωμαν, και Ιακωβον τον του Αλφαιου, και mas, and THAT James, son cat Θωμαν, και Ιακωρυν τον the Alphens, and of Altrinos, and Thomas, and James that of the Alphens, and Cas, and Simon, the Casard Thomas, and James that of the Alphens, and James that of the Alphens that Θαδδαιον, και Σιμωνα τον κανανιτην, and Simon the Canaanite, Ιουδαν Ισκαριωτην, ός και παρεδωκεν αυτον. Judas Iscariot, who even delivered up 20 Και ερχονται εις οικον. Και συνερχεται came together they come into a house. And παλιν οχλος, ώστε μη δυνασθαι αυτους μητε them not even S of παρ' agaia a crowd, 80 as not to be able 21 Kat αρτον φαγειν. ακουσαντες bread And having heard those with to eat. εξηλθον κρατησαι αυτον· ελεγον γαρ· ι went out to restrain him; they said for; αυτυυ, OTL 22 Και οί γραμματεις, οί απο $\epsilon \xi \in \sigma \tau \eta$. And the That he is out of place. scribes, those from Ίεροσολυμων καταβαντες, ελεγον 'Οτι Βεελhaving come down, said; That Jerusalem $\{\epsilon\beta o \nu\lambda \in \chi \epsilon \iota^* \quad \kappa \alpha \iota^* \quad O\tau \iota \quad \epsilon \nu \quad \tau \phi \}$ he has; also; That by the Jerusalem Beelαρχοντι των chief of the 23 Και προσδαιμονιών εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. he casts out the demons. And having καλεσαμενος αυτους, εν παραβολαις $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu$ in parables he said αυτοις. Πως δυναται σατανας σαταναν εκβαλto them; How is able an adversary an adversary $\lambda \in \mathcal{U}$; Hai $\in \alpha \nu$ $\beta \alpha \sigma i \lambda \in i \alpha \in \phi$, $\delta \alpha \iota \tau \eta \nu$ to cast μερισ-And if a kingdom against herself should be diθη, ου δυναται σταθηναι ή βασιλεια εκεινη. wided, not is able to stand the kingdom that; 25 kal $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ oikia $\epsilon \phi$, $\epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \eta \nu$ $\mu \epsilon \rho$ is outful. and if a house against herself should be divided, not is able σταθηναι ή οικια εκεινη. ²⁶ και ει ό σατανας

to stand the house that; and if the adversary ανεστη εφ' έαυτον και μεμερισται, ου δυναται has risen up against himself and have been divided, not is able σταθηναι, αλλα τελος εχει. to stand, but an end he has. 27 Ουδεις δυναται No one 18 able σκευη του ισχυρου, εισελθων εις την the household goods of the strong man, entering into the οικιαν αυτου, διαρπασαι, εαν μη πρωτον του of him, to plunder, if not first the ισχυρον δηση· και τοτε την οικιαν strong man he should bind; and then the house αυτου 28 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι παντα διαρπασει. he will plunder. Indeed I say to you, that all αφεθησεται τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων τα άμαρτηwill be forgiven to the sons of the men the sins, ματα, και αί βλασφημιαι, δσας αν βλασφημη-

and | NNANITE,

19 and Judas Iscariot. who even delivered him up.

20 ‡ And they went into a House. And the Crowd assembled again, so that they could not even eat Bread.

21 And THOSE with him having heard, went out to restrain him; for they said. † "He is transported too far."

22 And THOSE SCRIBES who had COME DOWN from Jerusalem said, t"He has Beelzebul," and, "By the RULER of the DEMONS, he expels the DEMONS."

23 ‡And having called them, he said to them, "How can an Adversary expel an Adversary?

24 And it a Kingdom is divided against itself, that KINGDOM cannot stand;

25 and if a House is divided against itself, that HOUSE cannot stand;

26 and if the ADVER-SARY rises up against himself, and is divided, he cannot stand, but has an end.

27 * But no one can enter the STRONG man's HOUSE, and plunder his goods, unless he first bind the STRONG mian; and then he may plunder his House.

28 Indeed, I say to you, That All sins will be forgiven the sons of MEN. and the BLASPHEMIES with which they may rethey may vile;

and the

whatever

evil speakings, * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. but no one.

^{7 21.} Doddridge remarks, "Our manner of rendering these words, He is besides himself, or He is mad, is very offensive. One can hardly think Christ's friends would speak so contemptibly and impiously of him; and if that sense must necessarily be retained, it would be much more decent to render the clause, It (that is, the multitude,) is mad, thus unseasonably to break in upon him." Schotengen contends, that the multitude, and not Christ is here intended. Christ was in the house; the multitude, ochlos, verse 20, went out, krateenai auton, to restrain it, (viz. ochlon, the multitude,) to prevent them from rushing into the house and disturbing their Master, who was taking some refreshment. This conjecture should not be lightly regarded.—Clarke. be lightly regarded.-Clarke.

k vi. 31. † 22. Matt. ix. 34; x. 25; Luke xl. 15; John vii. 20; viii 48, 52 1 20. Mark vi. 31.

29 55 δ, €IS TO σωσιν. ar βλασφημηση may speak evil to the who but ever πνευμα το άγιον, ουκ εχει αφεσιν εις τον spirit the holy, not has forgivness to the alway, ολλ ενοχος εστιν αιωνίου κρίσεως. tat Hable of age-lasting judgment. aB. 30 'Οτι ελεγον' Πνευμα ακαθαρτον εχει. Because they said; A spirit unclean he has. χονται ουν ή μητηρ αυτου και οἱ αδελφοι Comes then the mother of him and the brothers αυτου και εξω εστωτες απεστειλαν προς αυτον, of him; and without standing they sent to him. ³² Και εκαθητο οχλος περι φωνουντες αυτον. par calling sat a crowd about Ιδου, ή μητηρ σου αυτον ειπον δε αυτώ. the mother of thee Lo, and to him; him; said και οί αδελφοι σου εξω ζητουσι σε. brothers of thee without are seeking thee. and the And απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων. Τις εστιν ή μητηρ Who is the mother 34 * [Kai] περιβλεhe answered to them, saying; μου, η οί αδελφοι μυυ;
of me or the brothers of me? looking [And] ψαμενος κυκλφ τους περι αυτον καθημενους, about found those about him sitting, λεγει. Ιδε ή μητηρ μου, και οί αδελφοι μου. Lo the mother of me, and the brothers of me. Who $\left[\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \alpha \beta \end{bmatrix} \right]$ an holdon to $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$ tou $\theta \in 0$, who server may do the will of the God, ούτ s αδελφος μου, κωι αδελφη *[μου,] this a brother of me, and a sister [of me,] και and πητηρ εστι. a mother 18.

ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

- Και παλιν ηρξατο διδασκειν παρα THY again he began to teach эy And θαλασσαν και συνηχθη προς αυτον οχλος πολυς, and was assembled to him a crowd great, ώστε αυτον εμβαντα εις το πλοιον, καθησθαι .o as him entering tuto the ship, co sit εν τη θαλασση· και πας δ οχλος προς την crowd by and at the the in the 2 Και εδιδασκεν 9αλασσαν επι της γης ην.
aea on the land was. And he taught συτους εν παραβολαις πολλα, και ελεγεν αυτοις parables many, and aard so them 'n Ε Ακουετ ε Ιόου, εξηλθεν εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Hearyou: Lo, went out . 4 Και εγενετο εν τω in the teaching of him: δ σπειρων του σπειραι. And it happened in the ite sower of the (seed) to sow.

29 t but whoever may aspheme against the blaspheme HOLY SPIRIT, has no Forgiveness to the AGE, but is exposed to Aionian * † Judgment."

30 Because they said, "He has an impure Spirit."

31 His MOTHER and BROTHERS then came, and standing without, sent to him, calling him.

32 And a Crowd sat round him, and they said to him, "Behold, thy Mo-THER and thy BROTHERS are without seeking thee."

33 And he answered them, saying, "Who is my MOTHER, or my BRO-THERS?"

34 And looking about on THOSE sitting round him, he said, "Behold my MOTHER, and my BRO-THERS.

35 Whoever shall do the WILL of GoD, this is my Brother, and Sister, and Mother."

CHAPTER IV.

1 ‡ And again he began to teach by the LAKE; and so *very great a Crowd gathered about him, that entering the BOAT, he sat on the LAKE; and All the CROWD was by the LAKE on the LAND.

2 And he taught them many things in Parables, and said to them, in his TEACHING;

3 "Hearken! Behold, the sower went forth to

* sow.

4 And it happened, in

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Transgression. 1. very. 8. sow. 35. my-omit.

^{34.} And-omit.

^{35.} For-omit.

^{† 29.} The Vat. MSS. reads Transgression, and Griesbach has placed the word amarteenatos, sin, or transgression, in the margin, with his mark of strong probability. Grotius, Mill, and Bengel prefer this reading. It is also the reading of the Coptic, Armenian, Gothic, Vulgate, and all the Itala but two. It is a Hebraism for punishment, the effect of sin. The sin against the Holy Spirit is plainly stated to be, ascribing the miracles of Christ and his apostles to demoniacal agency. They who acted thus, could not be converted to the Christian faith, because they resisted the strongest possible evidence. They remained therefore in the same forlorn state in which Christianity found them; which is expressed by the phrase, "he has not forgiveness."

^{1 22} Matt xii 81, 22, Luke xii, 10; 1 John v. 18,

σπειρειν, δ μεν επεσε παρα την όδον και sowing, this indeed fell on the path: and ηλθε τα πετεινα, και κατεφαγεν αυτο. 5 Αλλο and it. Another came the birds, ate δε επεσεν επι το πετρωδες, όπου ουκ ειχε γην on the rocky ground, where not it had earth και ευθεως εξανετειλε, δια το μη and immediately it sprung up, through the not πολλην εχειν βαθος γης. 6 Ηλιου δε ανατειλαντος, to have a depth of earth. Sun and having arisen, εκαυματισθη, και δια το μη εχειν ρίζαν, εξηit was scorched, and through the not to have a root, ρανθη. 7 Και αλλο επεσεν εις ακανθας. και And another fell into thorna; and ανεβησαν αί ακανθαι, και συνεπνιξαν αυτο, και aprung up the thorns, and choked it. and 8 Και αλλο επεσεν εις την καρπον ουκ εδωκε. And another fell into the fruit not it gave. γην την καλην και εδιδου καρπον αναβαινοντα ground the good; and it hore fruit springing up και αυξανοντα· και εφερεν έν τριακοντα, και bore one and increasing, and thirty, 9 Και ελεγεν 'Ο έν έξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. one sixty, and one a hundred. And he said; εχων ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω. having ours to hear, let him hear.

W 'OT€ δε εγενετο καταμονας, ηρωτησαν When he was alone. μυτον οί περι αυτον, συν τοις δωδεκα, την him, those about with the twelve, the 11 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. Υμιν δεδοπαραβολην. And he said to them; parables, To you ται γνωναι το μυστηριον της βασιλείας του given to know the secret of the kingdom of the θεου εκεινοις δε τοις εξω εν παραβολαις τα to them but to those without in parables 12 ίνα βλεποντες βλεπωσι, YIVETAL' Farta seeing are done; that all (things) they may see, και μη ιδωσι και ακουοντες ακουωσι, και μη and not they may see : and hearing they may hear, and not συνιωσι μηποτε επιστρεψωσι, και αφεθη they may hear: lest they should turn, and should be forgiven αυτοις τα άμαρτηματα. 13 Και λεγει αυτοις. he says to them the sins. And to them: Ουκ οιδατε την παραβολην ταυτην; και πως Not knowyou the parable πασας τας παραβολας γνωσεσθε; 14'Ο σπειρων, will you know? the parables He sowing. 15 Ουτοι δε εισιν οί παρα τον λογον σπειρει. and are they by sows. word These την όδον, όπου σπειρεται ό λογος, και όταν is sown the word, path, where and when ακουσωσιν, ευθεως ερχεται δ σατανας, και they may hear, immediately comes the adversary, and

by the ROAD and the BIRDS came and picked it up.

5 And some fell on the ROCKY GROUND, where it had not much Soil; and immediately it vegetated, because it had no Depth of Soil;

6 * and the sun having arisen, it was scorched; and because it HAD no Root, it withered.

7 And some fell among Thorns; and the THORNS grew up, and choked it, and it bore no Fruit.

8 And some fell on GOOD GROUND, and yielded Fruit, springing up and increasing; and one bore thirty, and one sixty, and one a hundred."

9 And he said, *"He HAVING Ears to hear, let

him hear."

10 ‡ And when he had retired, THOSE about him, with the TWELVE, asked him concerning the *PAR-ABLE.

11 And he said to them,
*"To you is given the
SECRET of the KINGDOM
of God; but to †THOSE
WITHOUT, ALL things are
done in Parables;

12 ‡ that seeing, they may see, and not perceive; and hearing, they may hear, and not understand; lest they should turn, and *it should be forgiven them."

13 And he says to them, "Do you not understand this PARABLE? How then will you know All the PARABLES?

14 the sower sows

the word.

15 And these are THOSE where the WORD is sown by the ROAD; and when they have heard, the ADVERSARY comes immediately, and takes away

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. and the sun having arisen. C. Who has ears. D. PARABLES. 11. is given the SECRET. 12. it should be.

αιρει τον λογον τον εσπαρμενον εν ταις καρδιαις word that having been sown in the hearts 16 Και ούτοι εισιν όμοιως οί επι τα αυτωι. those on these like of them οί, δταν ακουσωσι τον πετρωδη σπειρομενοι, who, when they may hear rocky ground being sown, λογον, ευθεως μετα χαρας λαμβανουσιν αυτον they receive word, immediately with joy

17 και ουκ εχουσι ρίζαν εν ξαυτοις, αλλα προσ-and not they have a root in themselves, but for a καιροι εισιν ειτα γενομενης θλιψεως η διωγμου season they are; then trial or persecution occurring τον λογον, ευθεως σκανδαλ:ζονται. 18 Και word, immediately they are offended. through the αλλοι εισιν οί εις τας ακανθά: σπειρομενοι. bein sown; are those into the thorns others

οί τον λογον ακουοντες, 17 και αί ούτοι εισιν and the the word hearing, those.

μεριμναι του αιωνος, και ή απατη του πλουτου, and the delusion of the age, cares

και αξ περι τα λουπα επιθυμιαι εισπορευομεναι and the about the other (things) strong desires entering in

συμπνιγουσι τον λογον° και ακαρπος γινεται. wor4; and unfruitful it becomes. the chck-Μκαι ούτοι εισιν οί επι την γην την καλην ground the those upon the are

σπωρεντες, οίτινες ακουουσι τον λογον, και hear the word, and boine coun, who παραδεχονται και καρποφορουσιν, έν τριακοντα,

bear fruit. thirty, and one accept; 21 Και ελεγεν και έν εξηκοντα, και έν έκατον. sixty, and one a hundred. And he said and one Μητι δ λυχνος ερχεται, ίνα ύπο τον αυτοις° that under the Neither the lamp comes, to them : η ύπο την κλινην; ουχ' ίνα m.gion $\tau \epsilon \theta \eta$, rieasure it may be placed, or nader the couch? not that 22 Ου γαρ εστι επι την λυχνιαν for Marin-stand it may be placed? Not 00 $\epsilon \alpha \nu \mu \eta \phi \alpha \nu \epsilon \rho \omega \theta \eta^{\circ}$ if not it may be disclosed; ουδ€ κρυπθου, δ any there. hidden, which if εγενετο αποκρυφον, αλλ' ίνα εις φανερον $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$.

but that into light it may come. stored away, 24 Ka1 ²³ Ει τις εχει ωτα ακουειν, ακουετω. If any one has ears to hear, let him hear. And $\mathbf{E} \mathbf{\nu}$ Ψ ελέγεν αυτοις Βλεπετε, τι ακουετε.

he said to them: Consider you, what you hear. In what 25 'Os yap μετρφ μετρειτε, μετρηθησεται ύμιν. measure you measure, it shall be measured to you.

THAT WORD which was sown * upon them.

16 And these in like manner are THOSE SOWN on the ROCKY GROUND; who, when they hear the WORD, receive it immedi-

ately with Joy; 17 And having no Root in themselves, they are but temporary; then Trial or Persecution occurring on account of the WORD, they instantly fall away.

18 And others are THOSL who are sown among the THORNS; * these are THE. who have HEARD t'x WORD;

19 and the CARES of the AGE, ‡ and the DECEIT-FULNESS of RICHES. and the STRONG DESIRES for OTHER things entering in, choke the WORD, and render it unproductive.

20 And *those are THEY, who are sown on the GOOD GROUND, who bear the WORD, and accept it, and bear fruit; one thirty, one

sixty, and one a hundred."
21 And he said to them, t" Is a lamp brought, to be put under the CORN-MEASURE, or under the COUCH? so that it may not be placed on the LAMP-STAND?

22 #For * nothing was hidden, except that it should be manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light.

23 If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear."

24 And he said to them, t"Consider what you hear; by the Measure you dispense, it will be measured to * you, and shall be added to you;

25 I for whoever has, to

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—15. upon them. 18. these are they who have heard the word. 20. those are they. 22. nothing was hidden, except that it should be manifested; nor was it concealed, but that it should come to light. 24. you, and shall be added to you.

^{† 21.} By klimen must be understood the couch, (like our sofa,) which, as Grotius observes, had such a cavity as to admit of a candelabrum being put under it; hay, it seems, anything much larger; indeed, by the citations adduced by Wetstein, it appears to have been used by the ancients as a common hiding place .- Bloomfield.

^{1 21.} Matt. v. 15; Luke viii. 16; xi. 33. 1 22. Matt. x. 1 24. Matt. vii. 2; I uke vi. 38. 25. Matt xiii. 12; xxv 29; 1 19. 1 Tim. vi. 9, 17. Luke xii. 2. Luke vini. 19; xix. 26.

αν εχτ, δοθησεται αυτώ και ός ουκ εχει, και ever . . have it shall be given to him and who not has, even δ εχει αρθησεται απ' αυτου. 26 Και ελεγεν. And what he has will be taken from he said: nim. Ούτως εστιν ή βασιλεία του θεου, ώς εαν αιis the kingdom of the God, 27 mas θρωπος βελη τ.νοπορνεπιτης γης, should cast the seed on the earth, and καθευδή και εγειρη αι νυ τα και ήμεραν, και δ wake day, and Two should sleep an ! night and σπορος Ελαστανη και μηκυνηται, ως οτα οιδεν seed should germinate an i grow p, as not knows αυτ΄ς. 2 Αυτοματή *[γαρ] ή γ ταρπο τορεί, of its own accord πρωτον, χορτον, ειτα στοχυν, ειτα πληρη σισον & p.ant, then an ear, then full 29 'Οταν δε παραδώ δ καρπος, EV TO CTAXLL in the When bu may be ruit, Car ευθεως απ στελιειτος πανον, ετ παριστηκέν immediately he seems the sickle, for 1s ready & Kal Ex y Τινι όμ ιωσωμε. δ θερισμος. And h said; To hat m we compare the harvest. την βασιλείαν τυ στου; η εν τοια πα αβολη the kingdom of the God? or by what parable 31 °Ως κοκκον σιναπεωτ, παραβαλωμέν αυτιρυ; may we compare her As a grain of musta. δες δεων σπαρή καντης γιας μικροπερος πανwhich, when it men . . o n on the Artis less דטי דשי סחבם, מינטי בפדו דשי בחו דחוב. אחזי i is of hese on oft's se.ds th. earth : 32 κα. Έττν σπο , αναβείνει και γίνετωι παν-and when it may be seen. 1.8 if grup and becomes of σων λαχορων ρειζων, και ποιει κλαδους μεγαand produces branches preater. great, herbs ωους, ώστε δινασξαι ύπ την ".sscw αυτου τα under the shadow of it the πετεινα του συτανο. .: at " חני טע. 33 Kai 701. birds of the h aven to build nests. And autais π apa β ohais π ohhais ϵ .ah ϵ autais tov parah.es many bespoke to the the λογον, παιως η νεντο ακουείν. 34 Xwpis DE ermins they wer table to hear. Without : אמד ילנים לב παραβολης ουκ ελαλει αυτιις

35 Και λεγει αυτοις εν εκείνη τη ήμερα, οψίας in he says them in that the day, even.r 36 Kat γενομενης Διελθωμεν εις το $πε_{μ}$ $γν_{ε}$ being come; Ψ may pass ov π to the other side. And αφεντες τον οχλον παραλαμβανουσιν αυτον, ώς

not he spoke to them;

τοις μαθηταις αύτο • επελυε παντα. the disciples of himself he explained

having left the crewd they took him, him will be given; and he who has not, even what he has will be taken from him."

26 And he said, 1" The KINGDOM of GOD is, as though a Man should cast SHED on the GROUND;

21 and should sleep by Night, and wake by Day, and the SEED should germinate, and grow up, he knows not how.

28 The EARTH produces spontaneously; first the Plant, then the Ear, afterwards the Perfect Grain in

the EAR.

29 But ways the GRAIN is matured, immediately he sends the SICKLE, Be. cause the HARVEST is ready."

30 And he said, to To what may we compare the KINGDOM of GOD? or * by What Parable may we illustrate it

31 It resembles a Grain of Mustard, which when sown on the EARTH, "is TERDS that are on the EARTH 3

32 but when it is sown, it grows up, and becomes greater than All other HERBS, and produces great BRANCHES; so that the BIRDS of HEAVEN can build their nests under the SHADOW of it."

33 ‡ And with many Such Parables he spoke the word to them, even as they were able to understand.

34 *And without a Para-ble he did not address them; but privately he explained all things to his OWN Disciples.

privately but

35 I And on That DAY, Evening having come, he says to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE."

36 And having left the as | CR(WD, they took him as

a parable

Varican Manuscritr.—28. For omit. 34. And without.

^{90.} in What Comparison shall we place

^{† 31.} See Note on Matt. xiii. 39.

^{1 26.} Matt. xiii. 24. 1 30. Matt. xiii. 31; Luke xiii. 18. 1 86. Matt. viii. 18, 28; Lune viii. 22. John xvi. 15.

* $[\kappa \alpha i]$ $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \delta \epsilon \pi \lambda o i \alpha \eta \nu$ he was in the BOAT. And ην €ν τω πλοιω· he was in the ship; other and ships [also] was μετ' αυτον. ³⁷ Και γινεται λαιλαψ ανεμου μεγα-with him. And arose asquall of wind great; λη· τα δε κυματα επεβαλλεν εις το πλοιον, into the the and waves darhed ship, 38 Και ην αυτος εν ώστε αυτο ηδη γεμιζεσθαι. it now to fill. And was πη πρυμνη, επι το προσκεφαλαιον καθευδων. on the pillow sleeping; και διεγειρουσιν αυτον, και λεγουσιν αυτώ. they awoke him, and they said to him; ου μελει σοι, ότι απολλυμεθα; not it concerns thee, that we perish? Διδασκαλε, ου O teacher,

³⁹ Και διεγερθεις επετιμησε τφ ανεμφ, και ειπε And having arisen he rebuked the wind, and τη θαλασση. Σιωπα, πεφιμωσο. Και εκοπασεν to the sea: .≈ silent, Le still. And ceased 40 Ka1 ανεμος, και εγενετο γαληνη μεγαλη. the great. wind and Was. a calm ειπεν αυτοις. Τι δειλυι εστε ούτω; to them; Why timi arc you [so?] 41 Και εφοβηθησαν φοβον OUK EXETE TITTIV ; not you have faith: Am hey feared Tis apa μεγαν, και ελεγον τρ., αλληλους·
great, and said to on another; Who then ούτος εστιν, ότι και ο ωνεμος και ή θαλασσα **≠ind** even the end the ύπακουσιν αυτω. to Lim.

КЕФ. ₹ 5.

1 Και ηλθον εις το περαν της θαλασσης, εις And they came to the other side of the sea, into ? Kai την χωραν των Γαδα, τνων. -ξ-λθοντι country of the Galicenes. And having come αυτω εκ του πλ ιου, *[ετις s] απηντησεν αυπω [s sim out of the ship, [ετικοσία...ly] met bim εκ των μνημειων ανθρωπος εν πνευματι ακαθαρout of the tombs a mat in spirit unclean, τω, 3 δ. την κατοικησιν ειχεν εν τοις μνημασι. who the dweiling Lad in the tombas και ουτε άλυσεσιν ουδεις ηδυνατο αυτον δησαι, and not even with chains no one was able to bind, ⁴ δια το αυτον πολλακις πεδαις και άλυσεσι for the many time. with fetters and chains him $v\pi'$ δεδεσθαι, διεσπασθαι autou tas Kal by to have been bound, and to have been burst bim the αλυσεις, και τας πεδας συντετριφθαι και ουδεις shains, and the fetters to have been broken; and no one

Other Boats were with him.

37 And there arose a great Gale of Wind, and the WAVES dashed into the BOAT, so that * the BOAT was now full.

38 And he was in the STERN, asleep on the PIL-Low; and they awoke him, and said to him. "Teacher. does it not concern thee That we perish?"

39 And arising, he rebuked the WIND, and said to the SEA, "Be silent! be still!" And the WIND ceased, and there was a great

Calm.

40 And he said to them. "Why are you afraid? How distrustful you are!"

41 And they were exceedingly afraid, and said to one another, "Who then is this, That even the WIND and the SEA obey him?"

CHAPTER V.

1 # And they came to the other side of the LAKE, into the REGION of the * GERASENES.

2 And having come out of the BOAT, ther, met him out of the † MONU-MENTS, a Man with an impure Spirit,

3 who had his HABITA-TION in the TOMBS; and no one could bind *him any longer with Chains;

4 for many times he had been BOUND with Fetters and Chains, and the CHAINS had been wrenched off by him, and the FETTERS broken; and no

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. also-omit. GERASENES. 2. immediately-omit.

^{37.} the BOAT was. 3. him any longer with.

^{40.} so-omit.

^{† 2.} The sepulchres of the Jews were formerly amongst rocks, mountains, and other unfrequented places, in order that there might be as little danger as possible of that pollution which touching any thing dead produced. They were eften as large as a commodious room, and are now often resorted to as places of shelter for the night. Sometimes the wandering Arabs, during the winter season, take up their permanentabode in them. It appears that at a very early period, some of these tombs were used for suc ha purpose, as Isaiah speaks of some. "who remain among the graves, and lodge in the monuments," chap.lxv. 4. Burchlardt reports, that he found many sepulchres in the rocks, at Um Kris. (supposed to be the ancient Gadara,) showing how a turally the conditions of this narrative could have been suffilled in that region.

αυτον ισχυε δαμασαι. 5 και διαπαντος, νυκτος one was able to subdue him was able to tame; and always, night him. και ήμερας, εν τοις μνημασι και εν τοις ορεσιν day, in the tombs and in the mountains ην κραζων, και κατακοπτων έαυτον λιθοις. he was crying out, and cutting himself with stones, 6 Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν απο μακροθεν, εδραμε, και Seeing and the Jesus from a distance, he ran, and προσεκυνησεν αυτώ. 7 και κραξας φωνή μεγαλή, to him; and crying out with a voice great, $\epsilon l\pi\epsilon$, τl $\epsilon \mu o l$ $\kappa a l$ $\sigma o l$, $l\eta \sigma o v$, $v l\epsilon$ $\tau o v$ $\theta \epsilon o v$ $\tau o v$ said, what to me and to thee, Jesus, O son of the God of the ύψιστου; δρκιζω σε τον θεον, μη με βασανι-highest? I will adjure thee the God, not me thou mayst σης. 8 (Ελεγε γαρ αυτω. Εξελθε το πνευμα το torment. (He had said for to him; Come out the spirit the ακαθαρτον εκ τον ανθρωπου.) ⁹ Και επηρωτα unclean out of the man.) unclean out of the man.) And he asked αυτον. Τι σοι ονομα; και λεγει αυτώ. Λεγεων him: What thy name? and be says to him; Legion ονομα μοι ότι πολλοι εσμεν. ¹⁰ Και παρεκαλει uame to me; for many we are. And he be sought αυτον πολλα, ένα μη αυτους αποστειλη εξω him many times, that not them he would send out της χωρας. 11 Ην δε εκει προς τω ορει αγελη Was and there near to the mountain a herd of the country. χοιρων μεγαλη βοσκομενη. 12 Και παρεκαλεσαν great feeding. And αυτον οί δαιμονες, λεγοντες. Πεμψον ήμας εις him the demons, saying; Dismiss us into τους χοιρους, ίνα εις αυτους εισελθωμεν. 13 Και the swine, that into them we may go. επετρεψεν αυτοις ευθεως δ Ιησους. Και εξελgave leave to them immediately the Jesus. θοντα τα πνευματα τα ακαθαρτα εισηλθον εις come out the apirits the uncleau entered anto τους χοιρους· και ώρμησεν ἡ αγελη κατα του the swine; and rushed the herd down the κρημνου εις την θαλασσαν· * [ησαν δε ώς δισ-precipice into the sea; [they were and shout Iwo χιλιοι και επνιγοντο εν τη θαλασση. 14 Οί thousand; and were choked in the sea. Those δε βοσκοντες αυτους εφυγον, και απηγγειλαν fled, and feeding them reported εις την πολιν, και εις τους αγρους. Kai elnato the city, and to the villages. And they came 15 Και ερχονται θον ιδειν, τι εστι το γεγονος. out to see, what is that having been done. And they come προς τον Ιησουν, και θεωρουσι τον δαιμονιζομεto the Jesus, and they behold the being demonized νον καθημενον *[και] ίματισμενον, και σωφρο-

5 And he was always, Night and Day, in the SEPULCHEES and in the MOUNTAINS, crying out, and cutting himself with Stones.

6 And seeing Jesus at a distance, he ran and

prostrated to him,

7 and crying out with a loud Voice, * said, "What hast thou to do with me, Jesus,—O Son of God the HIGHEST? I implore thee-God,-torment Me not."

8 (For he had said to him, "IMPURE SPIRIT. Come out of the MAN.")

9 And he asked him, "What is thy Name?" And he says to him, "My Name is Legion; For we are Many."

10 And he earnestly entreated him, that he would not send them out of the

COUNTRY.

11 Now there was by the MOUNTAIN, a great Herd of Swine feeding.

12 And *the DEMONS besought him, saying, "Dismiss us to the SWINE, that we may go into them.

13 And * he gave them leave. And the IMPURE PIRITS having come out went into the swine: and the HERD rushed down the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were drowned in the LAKE.

14 Then the swine-HERDS fled, and reported it in the CITY, and in the villages. And they came out to see what THAT Was which had been DONE.

15 And they came to JESUS, and beheld the DE-MONIAC, HIM HAVING HAD the LEGION, sitting down, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

16 And THOSE SEEING related to them those having lit, related to them what

τον λεγεωνα και

and

νουντα, τον

they were atraid.

εσχηκοτα

sane mind, the having been possessed by the legion;

And

εφοβηθησαν. 16 Και διηγησαντο αυτοις οί ιδον-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. says. 12. they be so eave. 13. and they were about Two Thousand—omit. 12. they besought. 13. he gave them. 15. and-omit.

^{† 13.} See Note on Matt. viil. 32.

τες, πως εγενετο τω δαιμονιζομενώ, και περι seen, how it happened to the one being demonized, and about των χοιρων. 17 Και ηρξαντο παρακαλειν αυτον swine. And they began to entreat απελθειν απο των όριων αυτων. 18 Και εμβαν-And entering to depart from the coasts of them. τος αυτου εις το πλοιον, παρεκάλει αυτον δ him he into the besought ship,

δαιμονισθεις, ίνα η μετ' αυτου. having been demonized, that he might be with him. 19 Kaı Aud 'Υπαγε ουκ αφηκέν αυτον, αλλα λέγει αυτφ. not he suffered him, but he says to him; Go εις τον οικον σου προς τους σους, και αναγγειinto the house of thee to the friends, and δσα σοι δ κυριος πεποιηκε, και

λον αυτοις, όσα σοι ο κυριος πεποιης.

to them, how much to thee the Lord has done, ηλεησε σε. 20 Και απηλθε, και ηρξατο κηρυσ-And he went, and has pitied thee. begna to pubσειν εν τφ Δεκαπολει, όσα εποιησεν αυτφ ό hish in the Decapolis, how much had done Ιησους· και παντες εθαυλα(ον.

Jesus; and all were astonished.

²¹ Και διαπετρασαντος του Ιησου εν τφ πλοιφ And having passed over the Jesus in the παλιν εις το περαν, συνηχθη οχλος πολυς επ' to again to the other side, were gathered a crowd great αυτον και ην παρα την θαλασσαν. him, and he was by the sea. And $\#[\imath\delta\sigma\upsilon,]$ \in px \in rank eis $\tau\omega\nu$ apx $_i\sigma\upsilon\nu$ ay $_i\sigma\upsilon$ ay, ovosynagogue-rulers, comes one of the

ματι Ιαειρος· και ιδων αυτον, πιπτει προς τους name Jairus; and seeing him, he fell to the

ποδας αυτου, ²³ και περεκαλει αυτον πολλα, of him, and besought him much, λεγων· 'Οτι το θυγατριον μου επχατως εχει' saying; That the little-daughter of me last end is;

ίνα ελθων επιθης αυτη τας χειρας, that coming thou mayest put to her the hands, δπως that coming thou mayest put to her ao that

24 Και απηλθε μετ και ζησεται. σωθη.

she may be saved; and she shall live. And he went with αυτου· και ηκολουθει αυτώ οχλος πολυς, και him a crowd great, and followed him:

25 Και γυνη *[τις] ουσα And awoman [certain] being συνεθλιβον αυτον. pressed on him.
εν βυσει αίματος ετη δωδεκα, ²⁶και πολλα
εν βυσει αίματος ετη τωείνε, and wany things πολίλα

παθουσα ύπο πολλων ιατρων, και δαπανησασα

having suffered under many physicians, and baving spent παρ' αυτης παντα, και μηδεν ωφελη-

the things of θεισα, αλλα μαλλον εις το χειρον ελθουσα, rather into the worse state having come, benefited, but

Τακουσασα περι του Ιησου, ελθουσα εν τψ Jesus, having come in the having heard about the

had happened to the DEMO-NIAC, and concerning the SWINE.

17 \$ And they began to entreat him to depart from their BORDERS.

18 And he having entered the BOAT, \$ HE who had been a DEMONIAC, entreated him that he might be with him;

19 And yet he did not permit him, but says to him, "Go Home to thy FRIENDS, and tell them how much the Lord has done for thee, and has had pity on thee."

20 And he went away, and began to proclaim in DECAPOLIS, how much JEsus had done for him; and

all were astonished. 21 # And JESUS having again passed over in *a Boat to the OTHER SIDE, a great Crowd gathered to him, and he was by the

22 # And one of the syn-AGOGUE-RULERS, named Jairus, came, and seeing him, he fell at his FEET,

23 and earnestly entreated him, saying, "My LITTLE DAUGHTER is at the point of death; come, and put thy HANDS on her that she may be restored, and she will live."

24 And he went with him, and a great Crowd followed him, and pressed on him.

25 And a Woman, \$ having had a Hemorrhage for twelve Years,

26 and having suffered much under Many Physicians, and having expended ALL her property, and not being benefited, but had rather become WORSE,

27 having heard * the things concerning Jesus. came in the crown be-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. a Boat-omit 27. the things concerning Jesus.

^{25.} certain-omit. 22 10-omit.

^{1 21.} Matt. ix 1; Luke : 17. Matt. viii. 34: Acts xvi. 39 : 18. Luke viii. 38 1 25 Lev. xv. 25; Matt. 1x. 20. 22. Matt. ix. 18; Luke vin. 41.

οχλφ οπισθεν, ήψατο του ίματιου αυτου. crowd behind, touched the mantle of him. 'Ότι καν των 28 (Ελεγε γαρ. ίματιων αυτου She said for; That even if the clothes of him 29 Και ευθεως εξηρανθη άψωμαι, σωθησομαι.), I may touch, I shall he saved.) And immediately was dried up πηγη του αίματος αυτης. και εγνω τω and knew to the the source of the blood of her; σωματι, ότι ιαται απο της μαστιγος... 30 Και that was saved from the scourge. And ευθεως ο Ιησους επιγνους εν έαυτω την εξ immediately the Jesus knowing in himself the out of αύτου δυναμιν εξελθουσαν, επιστραφεις εν τω himself power having gone out, having turned round in the οχλφ, ελεγε. Τις μου ήψατο των ίματιων; Who of me touched the crowd, soid; clothes? ³¹ Και ελεγον αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου· Βλεπεις

And said to him the disciples of him; Thou seest $\tau o \nu o \chi \lambda o \nu \sigma \upsilon \nu \theta \lambda \iota \beta o \nu \tau a \sigma \epsilon$ kai $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota s$. This most the crowd pressing on thee; and sayest thou; Who me $\eta \psi a \tau o$; 32 Kai $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \epsilon \beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \epsilon \tau o \iota \delta \epsilon \iota \nu \tau \eta \nu \tau \sigma \upsilon \tau o$ touched? And he was looking round to see the (woman) this $\pi o \iota \eta \sigma a \sigma a \nu$. 33 H $\delta \epsilon \gamma \upsilon \nu \eta$, $\phi o \beta \eta \theta \epsilon \iota \sigma a \kappa a \iota \tau \rho \epsilon \mu$ -

having done. The but woman, fearing and tremοι σα, ειδυια δ γενονεν επ' αυτη, ηλθε και
bliug, having known what was done on her, came and

προσεπεσεν αυτφ, και ειπεν αυτφ πασαν την fell down to him, and told to him all the

34 'O δε ειπεν αυτη· $a\lambda\eta\theta\epsilon\iota a\nu$. Θυγατερ, ή He but truth. said to her; Daughter, the πιστις σου σεσωκε σε ύπαγε εις ειρηνην, και faith of thee has saved thee; in go peace, ³⁵ Ετι αυτου ισθι ύγιης απο της μαστιγος σου.

b. thou well from the scourge of thee. While of him

λαλουντος, ερχονται απο του αρχισυναγωγου,
speaking, they came from the synagogue-ruler's,

λεγοντες· 'Οτι ή θυγατηρ σου απεθανε· τι saying; That the daughter of thee is dead; why ετ: σκυλλεις τον διδασκαλον; 3G 'Ο δε Ιησους et troubleat thou the teacher? The but Jesus ευθεως, ακουσας τον λογον λαλουμενον, λεγει

immediately having heard the word heing spoken, aays
τφ αρχισυναγωγφ. Μη φοβου, μονον πιστευε,
to the synagogue-ruler: Not fear, only believe thou.

λαι ουκ αφηκεν ουδενα αυτώ συνακολουθησαι,

ει μη Πετρον, και Ιακαβον, και Ιωαννην τον except Peter, and James, and Juhn :he ³⁸ Και ερχεται εις τον οικον **2**δελφου Ιακωβου. And he comes into the house του αρχισυναγωγου, και θεωρει θορυβον, και synagogue-ruler, and he sees a tumult, 39 Ka1 κλαιοντας και αλαλαζοντας πολλα. weeping and wailing much. And εισελθων λεγει αυτοις. Τι θορυβεισθε και

εισελθων λεγει αυτοις. Τι θορυβεισθε και having entered he says to them: Why are you troubled and

hind, and touched his MANTLE.

28 For she said, "If I can but touch his GAR-MENTS, I shall be cured."

29 And immediately her FLOW of BLOOD was dried up; and she felt in her Body That she was cured of that SCOURGE.

30 And immediately, Jesus knowing in himself the POWER proceeding from him, having turned round in the CROWD, said, "Who touched My GARMENTS?"

31 And his DISCIPLES said to him, "Thou seest the CROWD pressing on thee, and dost thou say, 'Who touched Me?'"

32 And he was looking round to see HER who had

DONE this.

33 Then the woman's being conscious of what was wrought upon her, fearing and trembling, came and fell down before hin, and told him All the TRUTH.

34 And HE said to her, to Daughter, thy FAITH has cured thee; go in peace, and be entirely free from thy DISEASE."

35 While he was still speaking, some came from the SYNAGOGUE-RULER'S house, who said, "Thy DAUGHTER is dead; why trouble the TEACHER?"

36 *But Jesus, having heard the word that was spoken, immediately said to the SYNAGOGUE-RULER, "Fear not, only believe."

37 And he permitted no one to accompany * him, except Peter, and James, and John the BROTHER of James.

38 And *they come to the HOUSE of the SYNA-GOGUE-RULER, and he sees the Confusion, and much weeping and lamenting.

και 39 And having entered, and he says to them, "Why do

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. But Jesus, neglecting to hear the word which was apposen, says. 37. with him. 38. they come to.

^{1 30.} Luke vi. 19; viii. 46. 1 34. Matt. ix. 22; Mark x. 52; Acts xiv. 2

κλαιετε; το παιδιον ουκ απεθανεν, άλλα καθευδει. dayauweep? the child not but is dead, ⁴⁰ Και κατεγελων αυτου. 'Ο δε, εκβαλων παντα**ς**, He but, having sent out all, him. And they derided παραλαμβανει τον πατερα του παιδίου, και την he takes the father of the child, and the the father of the child, μητερα, και τους μετ' αυτου, και εισπορευεται, and those with him, and . όπου ην το παιδιον. 41 Και κρατησας της χειρος where was the child. And having grasped the του παιδίου, λεγει αυτη. Ταλιθα, κουμι. δ εστι of the child. he says to her . Talitha, cumi; which is Το κορασιον, σοι Λεγω, μεθεραηνευομενον. being translated; 42 Και ευθεως ανεστη το κορασιον, και And Immediately arose the girl, and EYEIDE. arise. περιεπατει ην γαρ ετων δωδεκα.
walked about; the was for years twelve. Kai eleo-And they were εκστασει μεγαλη. 43 Και διεστειλατο he charged . astonished with an astonishment great. And αυτοις πολλα, έκα μηδεις γνω τουτο TOUTO' KOL

KEØ. s'. 6.

ειπε δοθηναι αυτη φαγείν.

epake to havegiven to her __ to cat. /

Και εξηλθεν εκειθεν, και ηλθεν εις την πατ-And he went out thence, -and came into the country ριδα αυτου και ακολουθουσιν αυτω οί μαθηται follow him the disciples of himself; and αυτου· 2 Και γενομενου σαββατου, ηρξατο εν And being come sabbath, τη συναγωγηδιδασκειν. Και πολλοι ακουοντες the synagogue to teach. baA bearing, mauy εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες. Ποθεν τουτώ ταυτα; saying ; Whence to this these things? were astonished, και τις ή σοφια ή δοθεισα αυτω; και δυναμεις and what the wisdom that being given to him? and miracles τοιαυται δια των χειρω αυτου γινονται. ⁸ Ουχ ουτος εστιν δ τεκτων, δ vios Μαριας, is the carpenter, the son . of Mary, Not this αδελφος δε Ιακωβου, και Ιωση, και Ιουδα, και of James, and Joses, and Juda, brother and

you weep and make confusion? the CHILU is not dead, but I sleeps."

40 And they acrided him. ‡ But putting † thera all out, " he takes the FA-THER and the MOTHER of the CHILD, and THOSE with him, and goes in where the CHILD was.

41 And having grasped the HAND of the CHILD. he says to her, "Talithacumi, which, being trans-lated, signifies, Young MAIDEN, I say to thee, arise.".

42 And immediately the YOUNG MAIDEN arose and walked about, for she was twelve years old. And they were exceedingly astonished. 43 And the strictly

charged them that no one should know this thing: and directed to give her food.

and

CHAPTER VI.

1 And the departed thence, and * comes into his OWN COUNTRY; and his DISCIPLES follow him.

2 And the Sabbath having come, he began to teach in the SYNAGOGUE, and * MANY hearing, were and said, astonished, I" Whence has this man, these things? and What is THAT WISDOM which 19 imparted * to him? and how are such MIRACLES, performed through his HANDS?

3 Is not this the CAR-PENTER? the son of * MARY, and 1 Brother of and James, and Joses, and Ju-

VATICAR MANUSCRIPT.—40. He takes.

1. comes into.

3. Mary, and Brother of. 2. MANT. him? and such MIBACLES.

^{† 40} The persons or crowd here spoken of, were probably a set of people usually hired on these occasions to attend the funeral, and follow the procession with their lamentations. This custom prevailed East. These are the mouraing women mentioned by Jeremuah, chapter 1x.17-21; and by Amos, chapter v. 16. They were called Prafice by the Romans, because they presided over, and began, the funeral dirge. But menseem to have attended amongs them, as well as women. Dr. Shaw mentions this custom to be still continued in the East; and observes, that the women employed on these occasions, perform their parts with such proper sounds, gestures, and motions, that they rarely fail to work up the assembly to an extraordinary pitch of thoughtfulness and sorrow.—Wakefeld.

2. 30. John xi. 11.

2. Mark iii. 12; Luke v 14.

3. Matt. xii. 40, Gal. 1. 19.

3. Matt. xii. 43, Gal. 1. 19.

Σιμωνος : και ουκ εισιν αι αδελφαι αυτου ώδε Sumon and not are the oisters of him bere Και εσκανδαλιζοντο, εν αυτφ. moos nuas; us? WILL Eλεγε δε αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ότι ουκ εστι προ-Said but to them the Jesus; That not is a proφητης ατιμος, ει μη εν τη πατριδι αυτου, phet without honor, except in the country of himself, και εν τη οικια αυτου. and among the relatives, and in the house of himself. 6 Και ουκ ηδυνατο εκει ουδεμιαν δυναμιν ποιηmiracle And not was able there no one σαι, ει μη ολιγοις αρρωστοις επιθεις τας χειρας, do, escept a few sick having put on the εθεραπευσε. - 6 Και εθαυμαζε δια την απιστιαν And he wondered because of the unbelief were cured. QUTWV.

of them. Και περιηγε τας κωμας κυκλφ, διδασκών. And he went round the villages round about, teaching. 7 Και προσκαλειται τους δωδεκα, και πρέατο And he callo the welve, and he began αυτους αποστελλειν δυο δυο - και εδιδου αυτοις to send "two two; and he gave to them εξουσιαν των πνειματων των ακαθαρτων, & και συτιωτική of the spirita of the unclean, ως and παρηγγείλεν αυτοις, ένα μηδεν αιρωσίν εις hocharged them, that nothing they should take for hocharged them. δδον, ει μη βαβδυν μονον. μη πηραν, μη αρτον, μη είξ την (ωνην χαλκον - θαλλ υποδεδεμενους oct into the bett copper money! but baving been abod σανδαλία κοι μη ενδυσησθε δυο χιτωνας. 10 Kai sandale. and not you may put on two coats. And and not you may put on two ελεγεν αυτοις. Οπου εαν εισελθητε εις οικίαν, he said to them; Where if you may enter into a house, enet μενετε έως αν εξελθητε εκειθεν, 11 Και there remain till you may go away from the noe. όσοι αν μη δεξωνται ύμας, μηδι ακουσωσιν ύμων, whoever not may receive you, nor hear ! you, εκπορευομενοι εκειθεν, εκτιναξατε τον χουν τον going awa from thence, shake out the dust that υποκατω των ποδων ύμων, εις μαρτυρίον αυτοις.
under the feet of you, for witness to them.

12 Και εξελθοντες εκηρυσσον, ένα μιτανοησωσι.
And having gone out they published, that they should reform; 13 και δαιμονία πολλα εξεβαλλόν, και ηλειφον and demons many they east out, and anointed ελαιφ πυλλους άρβωστους, και εθεραπευον, sick ones, and they were cured. with oil many

14 Και ηκουσεν δ βασιλευς 'Ηρωδης, (φανερον And heard the ling Herod, (well-known

γαρ εγενετο το ονομα αυτου,) και ελεγεν . 'Οτι had become well-known.)
for was the name of him.) and he said; . That and he said, "John the

das, and Simon? and are not his sistens here with us?" And they were perplexed with him.

4 But Jesus said to them, ‡"A Prophet is not without honor, except in his own country, and among his RELATIVES. and in his own FAMILY"

5 1 And he was unwilling to do any MIRACLES there, except a Few Sick persons he cured by lay ing his HANDS on them.

6 And he was surprised on account of their UN-BELIEP. And he went round the VILLAGES teaching. · ·

7 1 And he called the TWELVE, and sent Them forth in pairs; and gave them Authority over the IMPURE SPIRITS;

·8 and he charged them, that they should take Nothing for the Journey, except a single Staff; *no Bread, no Traveling Bag. no Copper in the GIRDLE;

.9 but to wear SANDALS, and not put on Two Coats. . 10 And he said to them, "Whatever house you enter, there remain, till you leave the place. * >

11 And whatever Place will not receive you, nor hear you, in departing thence, it is hake off that DUST which is UNDER your FEET, for a Testimony to them.

12 And having gono forth, they proclaimed that men should reform.

13 And they expelled many Demons, and I anointed many sick persons with Oil, and cured them.

14 And Herod the KING heard, (for Jesus

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. no Bread, no traveling Bag. 11. whatever Placo

^{† 11.} An emblematical action, signifying a renunciation of all further concern with them. It was very usual among the people of the East to express their intentions by external signs. Many singular examples of this species of language occur both in Old and New Testaments. See 1 Kings xi. 29; xxii, 11; 2 Kings xiil. 15.

^{1 8} Biatt.

Ιωαννης δ βαπτιζων εκ νεκρων ηγερθη, και John lee baptizing out of dead has been raised, and δια τουτο ενεργουσιν αί δυναμεις εν αυτω, through this work the mighty powers in him. Is Αλλοι ελεγον 'Οτι Ηλιας εστιν' Αλλοι δε Others and ελεγον 'Οτι προφητης εστιν, ώς είς των προsaid: That a prophet he is, like one of the prosaid:

said: 16 Ακουσας δε ό Ηρωδης, ειπεν 'Οτι φητων. Having heard but the Herod, phets. said; That δν εγω απεκεφαλισα Ιωαννην, ούτος ηγερθη whom I beheaded John, he is raised 17 Aυτος γαρ δ Ήρωδης αποσ-Himself for the Herod send-*[εκ νεκρων.] [from dead.] τειλας εκρατησε τον Ιωαννην, και εδησεν αυτον seized he John and bound him εν φυλακη, δια 'Ηρωδιαδα, την γυναικα Φιλιπthrough Herodias, th. wife of Philip που του αδελφου αύτου, ότι αυτην εγαμησεν.

of the brother of himself, for her he had married. ¹⁸ Eleye $\gamma \alpha \rho$ of Iwavins $\tau \omega$ 'Howon' Ott our ex-Said for the John to the Herod; That not it is εστι σοι εχειν την γυναικα του αδελφου σου. lawful to thee to have the wife of the brother of thee. 19 'Η δε 'Ηρωδιας ενειχεν αυτφ και ηθελεν The and Herodias had a grudge against him and wished 20 'O yap αυτον αποκτειναι και ουκ ηδυνατο. and not was able. to destroy;

Ηρωδης εφοβειτο τον Ιωαννην, ειδως αυτον αν-Herod feared the John, knowing him a δρα δικαιον και άγιον· και συνετηρει αυτον· και and holy; and protected him; and ακουσας αυτου, πολλα εποιει, και ήδεως αυτου him, manythings he did, and gladly hearing ²¹ Και γενομενης ήμερας ευκαιρου, ότε nkove. having come he heard. And a day convenient, when

"Ηρωδης τοις γενεσιοις αύτου δειπνον εποιει Herod hirthday of himself a feast to the he made τοις μεγιστασιν αύτου, και τοις χιλιαρχοις, και of himself, and to the commanders, nobles τοις πρωτοις της Γαλιλαιας. 22 και εισελθουσης to the chiefs of the Galilee; and having entered της θυγατρος αυτης της 'Ηρωδιαδος, και ορχηand of the daughter of her of the Herodias, danc-Ήρωδη και τοις σαμένης, και αρεσασης τω and having pleased the Herod and those

συνανακειμένοις, είπεν υ βασίλευς τω κορασίως reclining at table, said the king to the little girl; Aιτησον με, δ εαν θελης, και δωσω σοι. Ask me, whatever thou wilt, and I will give to thee.

Ask me, whatever thou wilt, and I will give to thee.

23 Και ωυοσεν αυτη Ότι δ εαν με αιτησης,
And heaver to her; That whatever me thou mayst ask,
δωσω σοι, έως ημισους της βασιλείας μου.

I will give to thee, till half of the kingdom of me.

IMMERSER * has . isen from the Dead, and therefore MIRACLES are performed by him."

15 Others said, ‡"He is Elijah;" and others said. "He is a Prophe', like one of the PROPHETS."

16 ‡ But HEROD having heard, said, "That John, whom # beheaded; he is

17 For Herch himself had sent and seized John, and bound him in Prison, on account of Herodias, the WIFE of Philip his EROTHER; for he had married Her.

18 For John had said to Herod, ‡"it is not lawful for thee to have thy BROTHER'S WIFE."

19 Therefore LERODIAS was incensed against him, and wished to kill him, and could not.

20 For Hero, *feared John, knowing that he was a just and holy Man; and protected him; and having heard him, he *did many things, and heard Him gladly.

21 And a convenient Day having come, when Herod, on his BIRTH-DAY, made a Feast for his NO-BLES, and for the COM-MANDERS and CHIEF men of GALILEE;

22 *the DAUGHTER of this HERODIAS having entered, and danced, *she pleased HEROD and the GUESTS, *and the KING said to the GIRL, "Ask me whatever thou wilt, and I will give it to thee."

23 And he swore to her, "Whatever thou mayst ask Me, I will give to tnee, even to the Half of my KINGDOM."

^{*} Vatican Manuschift.—14. has arisen. 16. from the dead—omit. 20. was much perplexed, and heard. 22. his daughter Herodias. 22. she pleased. 22. and the king.

^{† 21.} The custom of celebrating stated solemnities, and the anniversary of the birth-day in particular, was very general in the East, and might be transferred from them to the Greeks and Romans. The solemnization of the birth-day by a festival is frequently mentioned, or alluded to, in ancient authors.—Wakefield.

24 H δε εξελθουσα, ειπε τη μητρι αυτης. Τι The sad going out, said to the mother of herself; What αιτησομαι; 'Η δε ειπε. Την κεφαλην Ιωαννου She and said; The shall lask? head Και εισελθουσα ευθεως μετα του βαπτιστου. And coming in immediately with σπουδης προς τον βασιλέα, ητησατο, λέγουσα. the king, she asked, to δως εξαυτης επι πινακι την Θελω ίνα μοι I will that to me thou would trive instantly on a plate the κεφαλην Ιωαννόν του βαπτιστου. 26 Και περιof John the very head σε σε τους λυπος γενομενος δ βασιλευς, δια τους king, because of the dipper. And δια τους όρκους eaths και τους συνανακειμενους ουκ ηθελησεν αυτην not and those reclining at table he would her 27 Και ευθεως αποστειλας δ βασιλαθετησαι. sending reject And immediately the ευς σπεκουλατωρα, επεταξεν ενεχθηναι THY a guardsman, he ordered to be brought Ο δε απελθων απεκεφαλισεν κεφαλην αυτου. head of him. He and going forth cut off the head of αυτον εν τη φυλακη. ²³ και ηνεγκε την κεφαλην him in the prison; and brought the head αυτου επ. πινακι, και εδωκεν αυτην τφ κορασιφ• gave her to the little girl; of him on a plate, and και το κορασιον εδωκεν αυτην τη μητρι αύτης. and the little girl gave her to the mother of herself. ²⁹ Και ακουπαντες οἱ μαθηται αυτου, ηλθον, και And having heard the disciples of him, came, ηραν το πτωμα αυτου, και εθηκαν αυτο εν μνηtook the dead body of him, and placed in it MELIO. tomb.

30 Και συναγονται οί αποστολοι προς were assembled the apostles to Ίησουν, και απηγγειλαν αυτφ παντα, και όσα had done, and what they and reported to him all, εποιησαν, και ότα εδιδαξαν. 31 Kai ειπεν αυτοις 31 And he *said to them, they did, and what they taught. And he said to them; ‡ "Come you, retire by Δευτε ύμεις αυτοι κατ' ιδιαν εις ερημον τοπον, yourselves into a Desert Come you yourselves privately into a desert place, Place, and rest a little;" και αναπαυεσθε ολιγον. Ησαν γαρ οί ερχομενοι | for many were those and rest you a little; Were for those coming

24 And SHE going out, said to her MOTHER, "What shall I ask?" And she said. "The HEAD of John the IMMERSER,"

25 And coming in immediately with Haste to the KING, she asked, saying "I desire that thou wouldst give me instantly, on a Platter, the HEAD of John the IMMERSER."

26 ‡ And the KING, being extremely sorry on account of the OATHS and the guests, would not refuse her.

27 And the KING, immediately sending one of this Guards, ordered his HEAD to be brought. And HE having gone forth beheaded him in the PRISON;

28 † and brought his HEAD on a Platter, and gave it to the GIRL; and the GIRL gave it to her MOTHER.

29 And his disciples having heard, came and carried off the DEAD-BODY, and placed it in a Tomb.

30 \$ And the APOSTLES were assembled to Jesus, Toy and related to him all the things, both what they and what | had taught.

who were COMING and GO-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. Savs.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. says.

† 27. The term, spekoulatoora from the Latin speculator, denotes one of the body-guards, sho were so called, because their principal duty was that of sentinels. They had, however, there confidental duties, and among these, that of acting, like Turkish soldiers of the present lay, as executioners. † 28. Note here, that very remarkable seems the providence of God, in avenging the death of this holy man upon Herod, Herodias, and her daughter. For 1st, As the was betwixt Herod and Arctas king of Petrea was caused by Herod's wicked contract with Herodias to reject the daughter of Arctas, his lawful wife, and to marry with Herodias, his brother Philip's wife; so Josephus declares that the Jews looked upon the putting John to death, as the cause of the miscarriage of Herod's army; "God being angry with him for the death of John the Baptist." 2dly, Herodias envying the glory of king Agrippa, who had that honour given him by Cause, prevailed with her husband to go to Rome and accuse Agrippa; whereupon Caus deprived Herod of his government, and her of her money; and gave them both to Agrippa, banishing Herod and Herodias to Lyons in France which (says Josephus) was done in punishment of her envy, and of his readiness to hear ken to her solicitations." And 3dly, of her daughter it is related, that she going over the ica in winter, the ice broke, and she slipped in to the head, which at last was severed from her body by the sharpness of the ice, God recurring her head for that of the Baptist's she desired; which, if true, was a wonnerful providence.—Whitly.

και οι ύπαγοντες πολλοι και ουδε φαγειν ηυκαιland those going many; and not even τοπον τω ρουν.

Σ Και απηλθον εις ερημον τοπον τω place to the hey went into a desert place to the contract of the contr πλοιφ κατ' ιδιαν. 33 Και ειδον αυτους ύπαγοντας. privately. And they saw them going away; και επεγνωσαν πολλοι και πεζη απο πασων knew many; and on foot from all των πολεων συνεδραμον εκει. 34 Και εξελθων cities they ran together there. And coming out ειδεν πολυν οχλον, και εσπλαγχνισθη επ' he saw great a crowd, and was moved with pity towards great αυτοις, ότι ησαν ώς προβατα, μη εχοντα ποιsheep, not having for they were as και ηρξατο διδασκειν αυτους πολλα. shepherd; and he began to teach them many things. 35 Και ηδη ώρας πολλης γενομενης, προσελθυν-And already time much having gone, coming τες αυτω οί μαθηται αυτου, λεγουσιν· Οτι ερηto him the disciples of him, they say; That μος εστιν ό τοπος, και ηδη ώρα πολλη· 36 αποdismiss desert is the place, and already time much: λυσον αυτους, ίνα απελθοντες εις τους κυκλώ going into the surrounding them, that αγρους και κωμας, αγορασωσιν έαυτοις αρτους. country and villages, they may buy themselves loaves; 37 'Ο δε αποκριτι γαρ φαγωσιν ουκ εχουσιν. He hut answering any for they might eat not they have. Δοτε αυτοις ύμεις φαγειν. θεις ειπεν αυτοις. Give to them you said to them; Και λεγουσιν αυτώ. Απελθοντες αγορασωμεν And they say to him; Going may we buy δηναριων διακοσιων αρτους, και δωμεν αυτοις domarii two hundred loaves, and give to them φαγειν; 38 'O δε λεγει αυτοις. Ποσους αρτους He but says to them: How many loaves to eat? ύπαγετε και ιδετε. Και γνοντες, go you and see you. And having ascertained, γνοντες, EXETE; have you? λεγουσι· Πεντε, και δυο ιχθυας. 39 Και επε-Five, and two fishes. they say: Tartas, συνποσια αυτοις ανακλιναι ταξεν them to make recline all, company 40 Kat aveσυνποσια, επι τω χλωρω χορτω. And they πεσον πρασιαι πρασιαι, ανα έκατον, και ανα by a hundred, squares squares, reclined 41 Και λαβων τους πεντε αρτους πεντηκοντα. And taking the five loaves by fifty. και τους δυο ιχθυας, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, looking up to the heaven, and the two fishes, ευλογησε, και κατεκλασε τους αρτους, και broke the loaves, he gave praise, and and εδιδου τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα παραθωσιν

ING, and they had no lei

sure, not even to eat. 32 And they went away, by the BOAT, into a Descri Place, I to be by them-

selves.

33 But they saw them departing, and many knew hem; and they ran together there on foot from All the CITIES.

34 \$ And coming out, he saw a Great Crowd; and he deeply pitied them, Because they were like Sheep having no Shepherd; and the taught them many things.

35 \$ And much Time having already gone, his Disciples coming to him, say, * "The PLACE is a Desert, and now much Time has passed;

36 dismiss them, that they may go to the adjacent FARMS and Villages, and buy themselves * what they should eat."

37 But HE answering said to them, "Pou supply them." And they say to him, "Should we go and for Two hundred Denarii buy Loaves, and give them to eat?"

38 And HE says to them, "How Many Loaves have gascertained, you? Go and see." And $K\alpha\iota \in \pi\in$ having ascertained, they and heor-sny, 1 "Five, and Two Fishes."

39 And he commanded them to make all recline in Companies on the GREEN Grass.

40 And they lay down in Squares, by Hundreds and by Fifties.

41 And taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEAVEN, he praised God, and broke the LOAVES, and gave to * the DISCI-PLES to set before them; and the Two Fishes he to all. distributed to all.

the

gave to the disciples

QUTOIS.

και τους δυο ιχθυας εμερισε πασι.

fishes

of him, that they might set before

he divided

two * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. The PLACE is a Desert. 41. the DISCIPLES.

^{36.} what they should eat

12 Kae EDAYOU TAVTES, και εχορτασθησαν. And they ate all and were filled. 43 Και ηραν κλασματων δωδεκα κοφινους πλη-

And they took up of fragments twelve baskets 44 Και ησαν οί φαρεις, και απο των ιχθυων. of the fishes. And were those having

γοντες τους αρτους, πεντακισχιλιοι ανδρες. the loaves, five thousand

45 Και ευθεως ημαγκασε τους μαθητας αύτου And immediately he urged the disciples of himself εμβηναί εις το πλοιον, και προαγείν εις το πεto step into the ship, and to go before to the other ραν προς Βηθσαιδαν, έως αυτος απολυση τον to Bethsaida, while he should dismiss the 46 Και αποταξαμένος αυτοίς, απηλθέν οχλον. And having sent away them, crowd. he went 47 Kai ofias yevoεις το ορος προσευξασθαι. And evening having into the mountain to pray. μενης, ην το πλοιον εν μεσφ της θαλασσης·
come, was the ship in middle of the sea; 43 Kat ειδεν και αυτος μονος επι της γης. alone upon the land. And he saw he αυτους βασανιζομένους έν τω ελαυνείν ην γαρ in the rowing; was for tormented δ ανενος εναντιος αυτοις. Και περι τεταρτην And about the wind opposite to them. fourth φυλακην της νυκτος ερχεται προς αυτους, περιof the night comes towards them, walkπατων επι της θαλασσης· και ηθελε παρελθειν the sea; and wished 49 Οί δε, ιδοντες αυτον περιπατουντα aurous. They but, seeing him walking επι της θαλασσης, εδοξαν φαντασμα ειναι, και sea, they thought a product of the saw, and on the ανεκραζαν. hım All saw, they cried out. εταραχθησαν. Και ευθεως ελαλησε μετ' αυτων, And immediately he spoke with were terrified. και λεγει αυτοις. Θαρσειτε εγω ειμι, μη φο-and says to them; Takecourage; I am, not be βεισθε. ⁵¹ Και ανεβη προς αυτους εις το πλοιον And be went up to them into the afraid. boat: Kaι λιαν * [εκ πε-KAL EKOKATEV & AVELOS.

and ceased the wind. And greatly [out of mea-ρισσου] εν έαυτοις εξισταντο, *[και εθαυμαζον.] sure] in themselves they were amared [and wondered.] 53 Ου γαρ συνηκαν επι τοις αρτοις ην γαρ ή Not for they waderstood about the loaves, was for the

καρδια αυτων πεπωρωμενη. heart of them having been stupified.

53 Και διαπερασαντες ηλθον επι την γην Γεν-And having passed over they came to the land Genνησαρετ· και προσωρμισθησαν. 54 Και εξελθονdrew to the shore. And coming out των αυτων εκ του πλοιου, ευθεως επιγνοντες of them ont of the ship, immediately knowing αυτον, 55 περιδραμοντες όλην την περιχωρον whole him, running about the adjacent country

42 And they all ate and were satisfied.

43 And they took up Twelve Baskets full of Fragments [of the Bread, and of the FISHES.

44 Now those who are of the LOAVES were Five

thousand Men.

45 I And immediately he constrained his Disci-PLES to go into the BOAT, and precede him to the OTHER SIDE, towards Bethsaida, while he should send away the CROWD.

46 And having dismissed them, he retired to the MOUNTAIN to pray.

47 And Evening having come, the BOAT was in the Midst of the LAKE, and he was alone on the LAND.

48 And he saw them toiling at the OAR; for the WIND was against them; and about the † Fourth Watch of the NIGHT, he comes towards them walk. ing on the LAKE, and wished to pass by them.

49 But seeing him walking on the LAKE, they thought it was an Apparition, and they cried out;

50 for they all saw him, and were terrified. And immediately he spoke with them, saying, "Take courage, it is E; be not afraid."

51 And he went up to them into the BOAT; and the WIND ceased; and they were execedingly amazed in themselves.

52 For they understood not about the LOAVES; because their HEART was stupified.

53 And having passed over, they came to the LAND of Gennessaret, and put to the shore.

54 And coming out of the BOAT, immediately they recognized him,

55 and running through that Whole SURROUNDING

51 and wondered -omit

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. out of measure-omit.

^{† 43.} See Notes on Matt. xiv. 25, 26

^{1 45.} Matt. xiv. 22; John vi. 17.

^{\$ 52.} Mark viii. 17, 18.

κραββατοις τους ηρξαντο EKELVAU, ETL TOIS they began the conches those κακως έχοντας περιφερείν, δπου ηκουον, δ~ι aickness. having to carry about, where they heard, that δ6 Και όπου αν ELGERODEVETO ELS EKEL EGTL. he is. And wherever be entered into κωμας, ή πολεις, ή aypous, EV Tais ayopais 60Wns, cities, or villages, in the markets or τους ασθενουντας. παρεκαλουν και the; placed those being sick, and they besought αυτον, ίνα καν του κρασπεδου του ίματιου that if even the tuft of the mantle και όσοι αν ήπτοντο αυτου, άψωνται αυτου of him they might touch; and whoever touched εσα (οντο. were saved

КЕФ. ζ. 7.

Kai συναγονται προς αυτον οί Φαρισαιοι, were gathered io him the Pharisees, αι τινες των γραμματεων, ελθοντες απο Ίεροand some of the erbes, having come from Јета-2 και ιδυντές τινας των μαθητων σολιμων and disciples exing 80 Eue of the autou κοινεις χερτι, τουτ' εστιν ανιπτοις, effim with common hands, that is unwashed, colortas αρτους. (οί γαρ Φαρισαιοι και πανeating I oaves, (the for Pharisees and all οί Ιουδαιοι, εαν μη πυγμη νιψωνται τας if not with 'et they may wash the χειρας, ουκ εσθιουσι, κρωτουντές την παραδοσιν nolding the tradition not they eas, έκα: απο αγορας, των πρεσβυτερων Ear My and from n. the elderst a market, ní βαπτισωνται, ουκ εσθιουσ. και αλλα πολλα and other many things not they est; they might dip. εστιν, α παρελαβον κρατειν, βαπτισμους ποτηis, which they received to hold, ριων, και ξεστων, και χαλκιων, *[και πλινων])
cups, and ot pots, and of copper vessels. [and of couches,]) ⁵ επειτα επερωτωσιν αυτον οί Φαρισαιοι και οί asked him the Pharisees and the γραμματεις. Διατι οί μαθηται σου ου περιπα-Why the disciples of thee not walk τουσι κατα την παραδοσιν των πρεσβυτερ ων, elders, according to the tradition of the 6:0 αλλα κοιναις χερσιν εσθιουσι τον αρτον;
hut with common hands theyeat the loate He *[δε αποκριθεις] ειπεν αυτοις. 'Οτι καλως προεsaid to them; That well [but answering] proφητευσεν Ήσαιας περι ύμων των ύποκριτων, ώς Essies about you the hypocrites, 28 "This the people with the lips me γεγραπται" it is written.

REGION, carried about the SICK on corches, to where they heard he was.

56 And wherever he entered, into Towns, or Cities, or Villages, they placed the SICK in the MARKETS, and implored him, that they might but touch the TUFT of his MANTLE; and as many as touched him were cured.

CHAPTER VII.

- 1 \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) And the Pharisees, and some of the scribes, having come from Jerusalem, resorted to him.
- 2 And observing some of his disciples eating BREAD with common, the is, with Unwashed Hands:
- 3 (for the Pharisees, and All the Jews holding the Tradition of the Elders, eat not, unless they wash their hands with the Fist;
- 4 and coming from a Market, unless they *mmerse themselves, they eat not. And many other things there are which they have received to mantain,—Immersions of Cups, and of Pots, and of Copper vessels;)
- 5 * both the Pharisees and the scribes asked him, "Why do not thy discipler walk according to the TRADITION of the ELDERS, but eat BREAD with common Hands?"
- 6 Hes. 1d to them, "Well did Isahah prophesy concerning you, HYPOCRITES, as it is written, 1 "This "PEOPLE honor me with their Lips, but their

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. besprinkle themselves, they eat not. 4. and of couches—omit. 5. both the Pharisees. 6. but answering—omit.

^{† 3.} The Pharisees, (says Josephus.) delivered many doctrines of the people as belonging to the law, which were handed down by the fathers, but not written in the law of Moses; and for this reason, the sect of the Sadducees rejects them: maintaining that those thingwhich are written, ought to be accounted parts of the law, and that such as are only received by tradition from the fathers ought not to be observed.—Ant. xiii 18.

^{1 56.} Matt. 1x. 20; Mark v. 27, 28; Acts aix. 12. 11. Matt. xv. 1. 16. Isa. xxix. 12.

te: CUVIETE.

and a instructed.

-ιμα, ή δε κα, δια αυτων πορόω απεχει απ' heart of them is ramoved from nor r, the but far off 7 Ματην δε σεβονται με, διδασκοντες me. In vain but they worship me, teaching διδασκαλιας, ενταλματα ανθρωπων." 8 Αφεντες teachings. commandments of men." Leaving [γαρ] · ην εντολην του θεου, κρατειτε την [for] the commandment of the God, you hold the παραδυσιν των ανθρωπων, *[βαπτισμους ξεστων men, [dippings και πυτηριων· και αλλα παρομεια το: αυτα πολλα ofcups; sod other billing. ε. | 9 Και ελεγεν αυτοις Καλως αθετειτε Well you set aside ποιειτε.] you do. την εντολην του θεου, ίνα την παραδοσιν ύμων the commanament of he God, that the tradition 10 Mωσης γαρ ειπε "Τιμα τον Moses for said, "Honor the τηρησητε. you may keep "''0 πατερα ουυ και την μητερα σου." και father of thee and the rat'e: of thee;" and; " He κακολογο ν πατερα ή μη: ερα, θανατώ τελευ-· tother, father a death taτω, or let him 11 Υμεις δε λεγετε Εαν ειπη ανθρω-You but If should say 6:-5' ; a man πος τω πατρι ή τη μητρι· Κορβαν (δ to the father or the mother; Corban (white €στι, Corban (which is, $\delta\omega\rho\rho\nu$,) i. εαν εξ εμου $\omega\phi$ εληθης. 12 a gift,) whatever out of m. thou mightest be profited: ¹² [κα:] [and] ουκετι απιετε αυτον ουδεν ποιησαι τω πατρι no more ye suffer him anything to do for he fa ner * [αὐτου,] ἡ τη μητρί * [αὐτου,] ¹³ακυρουν: S [of himself,] making vo.* τον λογ ν του θεων τη καραδοσει the word of the God for the tradition 'n ύμων, of you, which παρεδ..κα 'ε' και παρομοια τοιαυτα πολλα πο you exwered; and similar such like many thines you 14 Kai 33. -0 προσκαλεσαμ..... παντα TOV And having called the. ελεγεν αυτοις. Ακευετε μοι ταντες, εχλπ he said to them: Here
ete. 15 Ουδεν εσ. 12 εξωθεν του ανθρωcr.wd,

into him, "in is able bim κοινωσαι αλλα τα εκπορευομένα ππ αυτίν, o make common; but the things proceeding from him, εκεινα εστι τα κοινουντα τον ανθρωπον. 15* [Ει POLLUTE him. is "be things making common the those man. 11]

πον, εισπηρευομενον ειз αυτυν δ υνο: ... αυτ ν

HEART is far removed from me.

7 But in vain do they wors ip me, teaching as Doctrines, the Precepts of Men.'

Laying aside the COMMANDMENT Of GOD, you retain the TRADICION

of MEN "

9 And he said to them. "Well do you annul he COMMANDMENT Of GCD. that you may keep your own TRADITION.

10 For Moses said, 1'Ho-'nor thy FATHER and thy 'MOTHER,' and the who 'REVILES Father or Mo-'ther, let him be punished

'with Death.'

11 But pou assert, 'If a man say to FATHER OF MO-THER, ‡Be that Corban. that is, an Offering, thy which thou mightest derive assistance from me;

12 you no more permit him to do any thing for FA-THER OF MOTHER:

13 making void the word of God by your TRA-DITION, which you have delivered; and many such like Things you do."

14 \$ And having *again called All of the CROWD, he said to them, "Let all listen to me, and be instructed.

15 There is nothing from without the MAN, which entering in *POLLUTES him; but the THINGS proceeding from * the MAN, are the THINGS which

16 *t[If any one has

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. For-omit. 8. dippings of Pots and or Cups; and many other such like things you do-omit.
12. his-omit 14. again called.
THINGS which POLLUTE him. 16. If 12. And-omit. 15. POLLUTES him. 15. the MAN, are the 16. If any one has Ears to hear, let him hear-omit.

man

^{† 11.} A piece of history, delivered in the Talmud, will illustrate this subject, and at the same time exhibit in a clear light the profligacy, superstition, and casuistry of the Jews. A man of Beth-Horon had made a vow, and declared that his father should reap no benefit from his property. Afterwards, on the occasion of his son's marriage, he wished to invite his fathert the entertainment; and, to evade the obligation of his vow, he ransferred his right and property in the room and feast to a friend, who was engaged to invite his father. This, however, war sudged to be unlawful, unless he had transferred entirely and truly this part o his property to his friend, without interposing any condition with respect to the invitation of his father, whom he was bound by all means not to profit. How can we be surprised the severity with which our Savior rebuked such vile casuistry, such want of natural affection, and suc'abominable hypocristy?—Wakefield. † 11. A piece of history, delivered in the Talmud, will illustrate this subject, and at the

^{† 10.} Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v 16 Matt. xv. 4. vx. 20. † 11. Matt. xv. 1 xxiii. 18. 1 10. Exed. xxi. 17; Lev. xx. 11 Matt xv. 16. I 16. Matt xi. 13.

17 Kai ακουειν, ακουετω. $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$ $\omega \tau \alpha$ to hear, let him hear.] And any one has ears οχλου, εισηλθεν EIS οικον απο τυυ ÒΤΕ he entered into a house from the crowd, when επηρωτων αυτον οί μαθηται αυτου περι THS him the disciples of him concerning the 18 Και λεγει αυτοις. Ούτω και παραβολης. And he says to them; parable. ύμεις ασυνετοι εστε; Ου νοειτε, ότι παν το you without understanding are? Not know you, that all that εξωθεν, εισπορευομενον εις τον ανθρωπον, ου man, entering into the without. 19 ότι ουκ εισπορδυναται αυτον κοινωσαι: him to make common? that ευεται αυτου εις την καρδιαν, αλλ' εις την κοιheart, but into the belly; ofit into the αφεδρωνα TOV εκπορευεται, λιαν. Kal ElS goes out, and into the priss 20 Eλεγε δε· καθαριζον παντα τα βρωματα. toods He said end, ail the Ότι το εκ του ανθρωπου εκπορευομένον, εκεινο Proceeding forth, that 21 Εσωθεν γυρ εκ της That the out of the man τον ανθρωπον.

Within ma escommon the man; ior out or the καρδιας των ανθρωπων οί διαλογισμοι οι κακοι of the men the purposes 845 εκπυρευονται* μοιχειαι, πορνειαι, DOVUL, proceeds; adultenes, fornications, ²²κλοπαι, πλεονεξιαι, πονηριαι, δολος, απελγεια, thefts, covetousnesses, villanies. deceit, intemperance, οφθαλμος πονηρος, βλασφημια, ύπερηφανια,

eye evil. evil speakings, pride, αφροπυνη· 23 παντα ταυτα τα πουηρα εσωθεν folly. all these thethings evil within

εκπορευεται, και κοινοι τον ανθρωπον.

comes forth. an t makes common the man

²⁴ Και εκειθεν αναστας, απηλθεν εις τα μεθinto the And thence arising, he went ορια Τυρου και Σιδωνος και εισελθων εις την of Tyre and and Sidon; +ntering 'b'o the οικιαν, ουδενα ηθελε γνωναι και ουκ ηδυνηθη he wished to know. sod not he was able no one λαθείν. ²⁵ Ακουσασα γαρ γυνη περι αυτου, ής ειχε το θυγατριον αύτης πνευμα ακαθαρτον, had the little daughter of herself a spirit unclean, ελθουσα προσεπεσε προς τους ποδας αυτου. havingcome fell down to ihe feet of him

26 (ην δε ή γυνη Έλληνις, Συροφοινικισσα τω (was now the woman a Greek, a Syrophenician to the γενει) και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα το δαιμονιον εκand she besought him, that the demon birth:) βαλη εκ της θυγατρος αύτης. 27' Ο δε Ιησους daughter of hersetf. The but would cast out of the ειπεναυτη. Αφες πρωτον χορτασθηναι τα τεκνα. said to her; Letalone to be filled first ου γαρ καλον εστι, λαβειν τον αρτον των τεκnot for good it is, to take the bread of the chil-38 .H $\delta \epsilon$ νων, και βαλειν τοις KUVADIOIS. and to cast toshe dogs. She

Ears to hear, let him hear."]

17 ‡ And when he went from the CROWD into a llouse, his DISCIPLES asked him concerning the PARABLE.

18 And he says to them, "Are nou also so destitute of understanding? Do you not perceive, that nothing from without, ENTERING INTO the MAN, can pollute Him?

19 because it enters not into the HEART, but into the BELLY, and passes into he sink, purifying All the FOOD."

20 And he said, "THAT which PROCEEDS OUT OF the MAN, that pollutes the MAN.

21 ‡ For from within, out of the HEART of MEN, emanate EVIL PURPOSES;—Adulteries, Fornications, Murders.

22 Thefts, Covetousness, Villanies, Deceit, Intemperance, Envy, Calumnies, Pride, and Folly:

23 All These EVILthings emanate from within, and pollute the MAN."

24 ‡ And arising thence, he retired into the CON-FINES of Tyre and Sid n; and having entered into the House, he desired no one to know it; but he could not be concealed.

25 For a Woman, whose LITTLE DAUGHTER had an unclean Spirit, *immediately heard of him; and having come fell down at his feet;

26 (now the woman was tan Hellenist, a Native of Syrophenicia.) and she entreated him to expet the DEMON from her DAUGHTER.

27 And he said to her, "Let the CHILDREN first be satisfied; for it is not proper to take the CHILDEEN'S BREAD, and throw it to the DOGS."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. immediately heard.

^{27.} And he said.

^{† 26.} One who spoke the Greek language. 117 Matt. xv. 15 † 21. Gen. vi. 5; viii. 21; Matt. xv. 19.

απεκριθη, και λεγει αυτώ. Ναι, κυριε και γαρ answered, and says to him; Yes, sir; even for τα κυναρια ύποκατω της τραπεζης εσθιει απο dogs table eatest under the 29 Kat etmer auth.
And he said to bes; των ψιχιων των παιδιων. Q. the of the crumbs children. Δια τουτον τον λογον ύπαγε· εξεληλυθε το the word go; Turough this has come out the δαιμονιον εκ της θυγατρος σου. 30 Kaι απελdaughter of thee. And demon from the θουσα εις τον οικον αύτης, εύρε το δαιμονίεν gone into the house of her, she found the demogr εξεληλυθος, και την θυγατερα βεβλημενην επι having gone out, and the daughter having been laid THS KALVHS. bed.

31 Και παλιν εξελθων εκ των δριων Τυρου και And sgain coming out from the borders of Tyre and Σιδωνος, ηλ θ εν εις την θ αλασσαν της Γαγιλαιας, ofthe became to the веа ανα μεσον των δριων Δεκαπολεως. ²² Και φερ-through midst of the borders of Decapolis. And they ουσιν αυτώ κωφον μογιλαλον, και παρακαλουbring to him a deat man z. stammerer, and they entreat σιν αυτον ίνα ϵ πιθη αυτ φ την χ ϵ ιρα. And απολαβομενος αυτον απο του οχλου κατ' ιδιαν, him from the crowd privately, having taken εβαλε τους δακτυλους αύτου εις τα ωτα αυτου, fingers of himselfinto the ears of him. και πτυσας ηψατο της γλωσσης αυτου. 34 και and spitting betouched the tongue of him: and αναβλεψας εις του ουρανον, εστεναξε, to looking op the heaven, he groaned, Εφφαθα, δ εστι, διανοιχθητι. Ερηρηατια, that is, be opened. λεγει αυτώ. -sys to im: 35 Και * [ευθεως] διηνοιχθησαν αυτου αί ακοαι·

και $\epsilon \lambda \nu \theta \eta$ δ δεσμος της γλωσσης αυτου, και and was loosed the bond of the tought (him, and 36 Και διεστειλατο αυτris, αλαλει ορθως. ίνα And he charged them, teat he poka plainly. μηδενι ειπωσιν όσαν δε αυτος αυτοις διεστελno one thee should tell; what but he on them charged 37 F.a! λετο, μαλλον περισσοτερον εκηρυσσον ahundantl by published. buA

were opened

more abundant hay published. And υπερπερισσως εξεπλησσύντο, λεγοντες Καλως bevond measure they were astorished, saying; Well παντα πεποιηκε και τους κωθους ποιει ακουsli (thiogs) be based one; and the deafones he makes he can tous αλαλους λαλειν bear, and the dumb ones to speak.

28 But she answered, and says to him, "True, Sir; yet even the DOGS under the TABLE eat of the CHILDREN'S CRUMBS."

29 And he said to her, "For This REMARK, go; the DEMON has departed from thy DAUGHTER."

30 And departing to her HOUSE, she found * her DAUGHTER laid upon the BED, and the DEMON expelled.

81 ‡ And again leaving the confines of Tyre, *he came by Sidon to the LAKE of Galilee, through the Midst of the Borders of Decapolis.

32 ‡ And they bring to him a deaf man who stammered, and they entreat him to place his HAND on him.

33 And having privately takenhim from the crown, the put his fingers into his ears, and spitting, touched his TONGUE;

34 and looking up to HEAVEN, he groaned, and says to him, "Ephphatha," that is, Be opened.

35 And His EARS were opened, and the CORD of his TONGUE was loosed, and he spoke plainly.

36 ‡ And he charged them that they should tell no one; but the more whe charged them, the more abundantly * they published it.

37 And they were astonished beyond measure, saying, "He has done all things well; he makes both the DEAF to hear, and the *Dumb to speak.

of him the ears

And [immediately]

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—30. her DAUGHTER laid upon the RED, and the DEMON expelled.

31. he came by Sidon to.

35. immediately—om:t.

36. he charged.

38. thru published.

^{† 33.} Doddridge well observes about this miracle, "fany should ask Why our Lord use these actions, when a word alone would have been sufficient; and such means (if they can be called means) could in themselves do nothing at all to answer the end,—I frankly confess I cannot tell, nor am I at all concerned to know. * * * * I ad Christ's patients, like Nannan, (2 Kingsv.11, 12,) been too nice in their exceptions on these occasions, I fear they would have been their cure, and the indulgence of a curious, or a petulant mind, would have been but a poor equivalent for such a loss."

КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, παμπολλου οχλου In those the days, very great crowd crowd those the days, OUTOS. και μη εχοντων τι φαγωσι, προσ-being, and not having anything they could est, having καλεσπμενος τους μαθητας α του λεγει αυτοις called the disciples of himself be says , to them; 2 Σπλαγχνιζομαι επι τον οχλον ότι ηδη ήμεραι on the crowd; because now I have pity τρεις, προσμενουσι *[μοι,] και ουκ εχουσι they continue [with me.] and not they have any thing 3 Και εαν απολυσώ αυτους νηστεις φαγωσι. Aud, if I dismuse them Lacy can eat. εις οικον αύτων, εκλυθητονται εν τη όδφ. τινες on the way; some into house of tuenselves, they will faint γαρ αυτων μακροθεν ήκουσι. 4 Και απεκριθησαν of them a great distance have cours. And αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου. Πυθεν τουτους δυνησεto him the disciples of him; Whenca these ται τις ώδε χορτασαι αρτων επ³ ερημιας; 5 Και any one here to satisfy of loaves in a desert place? επηρωτα αυτους. Ποσους εχετε αρτους; Οί δε ho asked them; How many have you leaves? They and 6 Και παρηγγειλε τφοχλφ ανα-€ιπον· 'Επτα. eatd; Seven. And be gave orders to the crowd to πεσειν επι της γης και λαβων τους έπτα upon the r ground; and taking the seven αρτους, ευχαριστησας εκλασε, και εδίδου τοις loaves, giving thanks he broke, and gave to the μαθηταις αύτου, ίνα παραθωσι και παρεθηκαν disciples of himself, that they might set before : and they set before Και ειχον ιχθυδια ολιγα· και ευλοτω οχλω. And they had sm-liftshes a few: and triving the crowd. γησας, ειπε παραθειναι και αυτα. $8 E \phi \alpha \gamma o \nu \delta \epsilon$, praise, he said place before also them. They ale and, Kal npay TEPITTEUHATA και εχορτασθησαν weve filled: κλασματων, έπτα σπυριδας. 9 Ησαν δε οί φαof (ragments, seven large baskets, Were and those havτετρακισχιλιοι. Kal απελυσεν ώs YOUTES.

autous. them. 10 Και ευθεως εμβας εις το πλοιον μετα των And immediately entering into the ship with μαθητων αὐτου, ηλθεν εις τα μερη Δαλμανουθα. disciples of himself, he came into the parts of Dalmanutha. 11 Και εξηλθον οί Φαρισαιοι, και ηρξαντο συζη. and And came forth the Pharinees, τειν αυτφ, ζητουντες παρ' αυτου σημειον απο asign argus with him, seeking 10

four thousand;

ing eaten,

about

CHAPTER VIII.

1 : In Those DAYS the Crowd * again hoing great, and having nothing to eat, calling his DISCIPLES, he says to them,

2 "I have compassion on the crown, Because now they have continued three Days, and have no-

thing to eat;

3 and if I dismiss them. fasting to their Homes, they will faint on the ROAD; for some of them have come from a great distance."

4 And his DISCIPLES answered him, "Whence will any one be able to satisfy These with Bread here in a Desert place?"

5 1 And he asked them. "How Many Loaves have you?" And THEY said, "Seven"

6 And he commanded the crowp to recline on the GROUND; and taking the seven Loaves, ; and having given thanks, he broke them, and gave them to his disciples for distribution, and they placed them before the CROWD.

7 And they had a few Small fishes; and having offered praise for them, he said, "Place * These also before them."

8 Thus they ate, and were satisfied; and they took up of the remaining Fragments Seven large Baskets full.

9 And * they were about Four thousand; and he dismissed them.

10 1 And immediately * he entered into the BOAT with his DISCIPLES, and came into the region of † Dalmanutha.

11 tAnd the PHARISEES came forth, and began to from argue with him, seeking

† 10. The same as Magdala; see Matt. xv. 30.

and

he dismissed

L. These.

9. And they

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. again being great. 10. he entered. were about.

tt. xv. 32. † 5. Matt. xv. 34; Mark vl. 38. † 6. Matf. xv. 10; Mark vl. 38. 10. Matt. xv. 39. † 11. Matt. xii. 38; xvi. 1; John vl. 30. ' 1: Matt. xv. 32.

12 Kai ava= του ουρανου, πειραζοντες αυτον. And groanheaven, tempting him. στεναξας τφ πνευματι αύτου, λεγει Τ ή γενεα spirit o: himself, he says: Why the generation ing deeply in the αύτη σημειον επιζητει; Αμην λεγω *[ύμιν.] ει this asign seeks? Indeed I say [to you,] if δοθησεται τη YEVER σημειον. shall be given to the generation this

13 Kai afeis autous, embas maliv * [is to And leaving then ontering again. πλοιον,] απηλθεν ως το τεμαν.

he departed is the other doc. ¹⁴Κ. επελα-Ana they θοντο λαβειν αρτους, και ει η ένα αρτον ουκ Lue lea. Sieoforgot to take loa.es, inc except fr.3 τε λετο αυτοις, λεγων 'Οραπε, βλεπετε απο them, saying ; Loot jou, Leware von 10 της ζυμης των Φαρισαίων, και της ζυμης Ήρωthe leven of the Pharisees, ως of the leaves of He-And they reasoned with out another, [say-YOUTES! OTE APTOUS OUR EXCLES. "KAL YVOUS Because loaves not notices Ard knowing "ns.;] ό Ιησους, λεγει αυτοις. Τι διαλογιζεσθε, ότι he says to them; why reason won, because rotius our exete; Cumu voeire, outer over not you have? Not yet perceive you, neither ν.ετε: *[ετι] πεπωρ: μενην εχετε την καρanderstandyou? [yet] having been stupified have you the heart διαν υμων; 13 Cφθαλμυυς εχοντες υ βλεπετε; of you? E-. 8 naving not socious και ωτα εχοντες ουκ ακουετε; και ου μνημονand not having act Lew you? 19 Ότε τους πεν ε αρτους εκλαια εις EVETE: your When the five lowes 1 troke τους πεντακισχιλιους, ποσους «φινους πληhe five thousand, how many hasher full κλασματων mpare: Δεγουσιν QUTW 2190 took you :p? They Lay 10 51m; of fragments 20 'Οτε δε τους έπτα εις τους τετρα-Δωδεκα. When and zhseven e the κισχιλώους, ποσων σπυριδων πλημυματα κλασthousand, how many large haskets cull of 21 Kai Of SE ELHON. Έπτ : ιατων ηρατε; agements took you up? They and raid: Seven. And , λεγεν αυτοις. Hws ου CUVIETE ; nesaid to them; How is it not you understand?

22 Και ερχεται εις Βηθσαιδαν. Και φερουσιν And he comes to Bethsaida. And they bring

of him a Sign from FEA-VEN, trying him.

12 And groaning deeply in his SPIRIT, he says, "Why does this GENERATION seek a Sign? Indeed, I say to you, no Sign shak be given to this GENERATION."

13 And leaving them, re-embarking, he passed to the OTHER SIDE.

14 ‡ Now they forgot to take Bread, and had but one Loaf with them in the FOAT.

15 ‡ And he charged them, saying, "Obs rve! Boward of the † LEAVEN of the PHARISEES and of the

LEA EN of Horod."

16 And they reasoned with one another, Because they had no Bread.

17 And he knew it, and says to them, "Why do you reason, Broause ron have no Bread? ‡ Do you not yet perceive, not understand? Is you HEART stupified?

18 Having E, & do you not see? and having Ears, do you not hear; and do you not recollect?

19 t When I broke the five Loaves among the five Thousand, How many Baskets full of Fragments took you up?" They say to him, "Twelve."

20 † "And when the SEVEN among the FOUL THOUSAND, How many large Baskets full of Fragments took you up?" And * they say to him, "Seven."

21 And he said to them, "How is it you co not understand?"

22 And * they come to Bethsaida; and they bring

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. to you—omit. 13. into the BOAT—omit. 16. say-int. 17. he knew it, and says. 17. yet—omit. 20. they say to him. 2., they come.

^{† 15.} Matthew joins the Sadduces with the Pharisees, and makes no mention of Herod. But there is no real discrepancy, since Herod and the Herodians †i. c. his adherents and courtiers) were, no doubt, Sadducees, and there is every reason to think that their doctrines and morels were such as to justify the caution of our Lord. Zumee, by a striking metaphor, denotes the infection of false doctrines, (so Matt. xvi. 12.) as well as corrupt morals.—Bloome field.

ίνα $\alpha v^- \omega$ τυφλον και παρακαλουσιν αυτον, a blind men and him. that to h.m beseech 25 Και επιλαβομένος αυτου άψηται. THS he would touch. And having taken the. χειρος του τυφλου, εξηγαγεν αυτον εξω της he led him outside of the hand of the blind man, κωμης· και πτυσας εις τα ομματα αυτου, επιvillage; and having spit into the eyes of him, having θ sis τ as χ ϵ ip as $\alpha v \tau \omega$, $\epsilon \pi \eta \rho \omega \tau \alpha$ $\alpha v \tau \sigma v$, placed the hands to him, he asked him, EL if βλεπει. 24 Και αν βλεψας ελεγε Βλεπω anything he sees. And looking up he says; τους ανθρωπους, ως δενδρα, περ.πατ υντας. % Ειτα παλιν επεθηκε τας χειρας επι TOUS

again he placed the nands u, on the Then οφθαλιεους αυτου, και εποιησεν αυτον αναhe made him look eyea of him, and αποκατεσταθη, και ενεβλεψε βλεψαι* και he was restored, and he saw and np; 26 Και επεστείλεν αυτον τηλαυγως άπαντας. plainly every one. And he sent εις 9.κον αυτου, λεγων. Μηδε εις την κωμην to house of him, saying, Neither into the village εισελθης, *[μηδε ειπης τινι εν τη κωμη.] 27 Και εξηλθεν δ Ιησους και οί μαθηται αυτου

And departed the Jesus and the disciples of him εις τας κωμας Καισαρειας της Πιλιππου. Και into the villages of Cesarea of the Philip. An eν τη δδω επηρωτα τους μαθητας αὐτου, λεγων n the way he asked the disciples of himself, saying αυτοις. Τινα με λεγουσιν οι ανθρωπος ειναι; to them; Wh me they say the men to be?

Το δε απεκριθησανο Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην Τη γ and answered; John the dipper; αι αλιοι, Ηλιαν αλλοιδε, ένα των πριτητων and others, Είλας, others and, an of the prophetand be says to Jem; του be who me

And he asso to shem; for be who me herefore elval; Apokrives & d Πτρος λεγεί you see to be? Asswering and the Peter ways autique. Steel Arouned and he strictly sharged luttors, fur μηδευα λεγωσι περι αυτου. 31 Kai hm, that no one they should tell a out him. And ηρξα α διδασκείν αυτους, ότι δεί τον υίον του δορεία το τον πολλα παθείν, και αποδοκιμασθηναι man many things to suffer, and to be rejected

ππο many things to suffer, and το de rejected του πρεσβυτερων και των αρχιερεων και σε he elders and of the high-priests and two γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, και μετα (the acrine, and observed, and after τρεις ήμερως αναστηναι 32 και παρρησία τον toree days ισφασίτες and plainly the

a Blind man to him, and beseech him to touch Him.

23 And taking the HAND of the BLIND man, he conducted him out of the VILLAGE; ‡ and having spit on his EYES, and placed his HANDS on him, he asked him whether he saw any thing.

24 And looking up, he said, "I see MEN as Trees,

walking."

25 Then he placed his HANDS on his EYES again, nd *he s.w plannly, and was restored, and saw every object clearly.

26 And he sent him away to his * House, saying, "Go not into the VIL-

LAGE."

27 \$\(\perp\) And Jesus and his disciples went out to the VILLAGES of Cesarea Philippi; and, on the ROAD, he asked his disciples, saying to them, "Who do MEN say that I am?"

28 And THEY * spoke to him, saying, 1"John the IMMERSER; and others, Elijah; and others, One of the PROPHETS."

23 And he *asked them, "Who say nou that I am?" And PETER answering, says to him, t "Thou art the Christ."

30 ‡ And he strictly charged them that they should tell no one concerning him.

31 And the began to inform them That the son of MAN must suffer many things, and oe rejected by the ELDERS, and the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and be put to death, and after Three Days to rise up

32 And ne spoke this

VATICAT MANUSCRIFT.—25, he saw plainly, and was restored, and saw every object stearly.

26. House, saying, "Go not into."

26. nor mayest theu till any one in he village—orait.

28. spoke to him, saying, "John the immerser."

29. asked them, saying. "Who say."

^{† 23} Mark vii, 33. † 29 Matt xvi, 6; John vi. 69; xi. 37. † 30. Matt. xvi. 20. † 30. Matt. xvi. 20.

λογον ελαλει. Και προσλαβομενος αυτον δ Πε-word he spoke. And taking avide him the Peτρος, ηρξατο επιτιμαν αυτφ. 33 'Ο δε επιστρα-He but turning him. he hegan to rebuke φειs, και ιδων τους μαθητας αύτου, επετιμησε round, and seeing the disciples of himself, he rebuked $\tau \omega$ Πετρω, λεγων· Υπαγε οπισω μου, σατανα· the Peter, saying; Gothou behind me, adversary; ότι ου φρονεις τα του θεου, αλλα because not thou thinkest the things of the God, but the things των ανθρωπων. ³⁴ Και προσκαλεσαμενος τον And having called οχλον συν τοις μαθηταις αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις·
crowd with the disciples of himself, he said to them; 'Οστις θελει οπισω μου ακολουθειν, απαρνησασ-Whoever wishes after me to follow, let him deny θω έαυτον, και αρατω τον σταυρον αύτου, και himself, and let him bear the cross of himself, and ακολουθειτω μοι. 35 'Os γαρ αν θελη την ψυχην let him follow me. Who for ever may wish the αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτην ός δ' αν απολεση of himself to save, shall lose her, who but ever may lose την έαυτου ψυχην ένεκεν εμου και του ευαγthe of himself life on account of me and of the glad glad 36 (Τι γαρ ωφελησει (What for will it profit γελιου, σωσει αυτην. shall save her. $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi o \nu$, $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ κ $\epsilon \rho \delta \eta \sigma \eta$ τον κοσμον όλον, και a man, if he should win the world whole, and ανθρωπος ανταλλαγμα της ψυχης αύτου;) hife a man in exchange for the "Os γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και τους εμους
Who for ever may be ashamed me and the my λυγους εν τη γενεα ταυτη τη μοιχαλιδι και words in the generation this the adulterous and άμαρτωλφ, και δ vios του ανθρωπου επαισχυνwill be sinful, also the son of the man $\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon aulpha$ autov, δau $\epsilon\lambda\theta\eta$ ϵv $\tau\eta$ $\delta\delta\xi\eta$ $\tau\sigma v$ ashamed him, when he may come in the glory of the

royal majesty of the God having come in power. ² Και μεθ' ήμερας έξ παραλαμβανει ό Ιησους days six takes And after the Jeada τον Πετρον, και τον Ιακωβον, και Ιωαννην, και the Peter, and the James, and John, and aναφερει αυτους εις ορος ύψηλον κατ ιδιαν

into a mountain high

πατρος αύτου μετα των αγγελων των άγιων.
father of himself with the messengers of the holy ones.

ΚΕΦ. θ' . 9. ¹ Και ελέγεν αυτοις. Αμην λέγω

ύμιν, ότι εισι τινες των ώδε έστηκοτων, οίτινες

ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, έως αν ιδωσι την not not shall taste of death. till they may see the

to you, that are some of those here having stood,

βασιλειαν του θεου εληλυθυιαν εν δυναμει.

word so plainly, that Pr-TER, taking him aside, began to remonstrate with

But HE, turning round and looking on his DISCIPLES, rebuked * Peter, and says, "Get behind me, Adversary; for thou regardest not the THINGS OF GOD, but THOSE of MEN."

34 And having called the CROWD with his DISCI-PLES, he said, * # " If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself and take up his cross, and follow me.

35 For # whoever would save his LIFE shall lose it: but whoever may lose his LIFE on my account, and that of the GLAD TIDINGS, shall save it.

36 For what * does it profit a Man to gain the whole WORLD, and forfeit his LIFE?

MAN give to Redeem his

38 ‡ If, therefore, any one shall be ashamed of me, and of these MY Words, among this ADUL-TEROUS and sinful GENE-RATION; the SON of MAN will also be ashamed of him, when he comes in the GLORY of his FATHER, with the HOLY ANGELS."

CHAPTER IX.

1 And he said to them, t"Indeed I say to you, That there are some of THOSE STANDING here. who will not taste of Death. till they see God's ROYAL MAJESTY having come with power.

2 ‡ And after six Days, JESUS takes PETER, and JAMES, and John, and privately conducts them, by themselves, to a lofty

36. does

with the messengers of the holy ones.

And he said to them; Indeed I say

privately

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—33. Peter, and says. 34 In profit a Man to gain. 37. For what could a MAN give. 34 If any one wish. It profit a Man to gain.

^{† 34.} Matt. x. 38. xvi. 24; Luke ix. 23; xiv. 27. x. 33; Luke ix. 26; xii. 9; Rom. 1 16. 2 Tim. 1. 8; ii. 12, 27. † 2. Matt. xvii. 1; Luke is. 28. 1 35. John xii. 25. 1 38. Matt. 1 l. Matt. xvi. 28. Luke ix

και μεταμορφωθη εμπροσθεν αυτων. and he was transfigured in the presence of them. μονους alone; ³Και τα ίματια αυτου εγενετο στιλβο**ντα, λ**ευ**κα** And the garments of him became glittering, white *[ω s $\chi \iota \omega \nu$,] of $\alpha \gamma \nu \alpha \chi \in \nu s \in \pi \iota \tau \eta s \gamma \eta s o \nu$ [as snow,] such as a fuller upon the earth not extremely ⁴ Και ωφθη αυτοις Ηλιας δυναται λευκαναι. And appeared to them ir ab.e to make white. συν Μωσει και ησαν συλλαλουντες τω Ιησου. Moses; and were with the Jesus. talking ε Και αποκοιθεις δ Πετρος λεγει τω Ιησου. answering Peter says to the And the 'Ραββι, καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι και ποιηgood it is us here to be; and σωμεν σκηνας τρεις, σοι μιαι, και Μωσει μιαν, make tents three, to thee one, and Moses one, 6 Oυ γαρ ηδει τι λαληση. Not for he knew any thing he might sav. και Ηλια μιαν. and Elias one. 7 Και εγενετο νεφελη επιησαν γαρ εκφοβοι. they were ter terribed. And there came a cloud σκια(ουσα αυτοις· και ηλθεφωνη εκ της νεφελης· them; and came a voice on of the cloud; shadowing Oύτος εστιν δ υίος μου δ αγαπητος.
This is the son of rie the beloved αυτου ακουετε. ⁸ Και εξαπινα περιβλεψαμενοι, ουκετι And suddenly looking round, no lunger hear you. ουδενα ειδον, αλλα τον Ιησουν μονον μεθ' έαυno une the saw but th 365.28 8-0 C with th'mτων. 9 Κεταβαινοντων δε αυτων απο του ορους, Cuming down and of them from the mountain, διεστειλατο αυτοις, ίνα μηδενι διηγησωνται α that to no one they should relate what them, ειδος, ει μη όταν δ υίος του ανθρωπου εκ νεκρων e s. we excep w. en the son of the man out of dead ones 10 Και τον λογον εκρατησαν προς αναστη. And the word should be raused. έαυτοις, συζητουντες, τι εστι το εκ νεκρων arguing. what is that out of dead . . themselves, 1 Και ετηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντ.ς. αναστηνωι. An they asked him, anyins; to be reis .. † Ότι λεγουσιν οί γραμματεις, ότι Ηλιον 😘 3 reT the. scribes, that Elias THE COL Say ελθειν πρωτον; 12.Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτιις. He and answering e come firr.; Ελιας μεν ελθων πρωτον, αποκαθιστα παντα: all things; khas indeed coming first, restores και πως γεγραπται επι τον υίον του ανθρωπου, it is written about the son of the and how man,

Mountain; and he was transformed in their presence.

3 And his GARMENTS became glittering, exceedingly white; such as no Fuller on the EARTH, is able * thus to make white.

4 And there appeared to them Elijah, with Moses; and they were conversing

with JESUS.

5 And PETER answering says to JESUS, "Rabbi, it is good for us to be here; and let us make * Three Booths; one for thee, and one for Moses, an one for Elijak."

6 For he knew not what to *say; for they were

terrified.

7 And there came a Cloud, covering them; and "there was a Voice came out of the CLOUD, "This is my BELOVED SON; hear him."

And suddenly looking round, they saw no one any longer with themselves, except Jesus only.

9 ‡ And as they were descending from the MOUNTAIN, he commanded them that they should relate to no one what they had seen, till the son of MAN should have risen from the Dead.

10 And they kept the KATTER to themselves, anxiously inquiring, what THE RISING FROM THE DEAD could mean.

.1 And they asked him saying, "Why do the SCRIBES say, That Ehjah

rust first come?"

12 And HE *said to them, "Elijah, indeed, is coming first *to restore all things: † and (as it is written of the son of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. as snow—omit. 3. thus to make white. 5. Three Booths. 6. answer; for. 7. there was a Voice. 8. any longer with themselves, except Jesus only 12. said to them. 12. to restore.

^{111.} It is conjectured by Bloomfield that hot: ought to be separated, and to read ho ti He has thus edited his text. 112. There is considerable ambiguity about the reading of this and hollowing verse, as it stands in the Greek. The critics have all been puzzled, and some have suggested an amendment of the text. If read, however, with the parenthetical clauses, and the transposition of the last clause of verse 18, the passage makes good sense, and agrees with the account in Matthew xvii.

13 Αλλα ίνα πολλα παθη, και εξουδενωθη. that many things he should suffer, and should be despised. But λεγω ύμιν, ότι και Ηλιας εληλυθε, και εποιησαν I say to you, that both Elias has come, and they have done aut φ of a $\eta\theta\in\lambda\eta\pi\alpha\nu$, kabws to bim whatever they wished, even as γεγραπται $\epsilon \pi$ it is written about 14 Και ελθων προς τους μαθητας, ειδεν αυτον. And coming to the disciples. Lesaw him. οχλον πολυν περι αυτους, και γραμματεις συζηgreat about them, and scribes dis-15 Και ευθεως πας δ οχλον, TOUVTAS QUTOIS. with them; And immediately all the crowd, puting ιδων αυτον, εξεθαμβηθη, και προστρεχοντες were awe-struck, and seeing him, running to 16 Και επηρωτησεν αυτους· ησπαζοντο αυτον. samued And him. he asked Τι συζητειτε προς αυτους; ¹⁷ Και αποκριθεις είς And What dispute you with them? answering one Διδασκαλε, ηνεγκα τον ει: του οχλου ειπε. O Teacher, I brought the out of the crowd said; υίον μου προς σε, εχοντα πυευμα αλαλον. 18 Και son of me to thee, having aspirit dumb. And δπου αν αυτον καταλαβη, ρησσει α τενο wherever him it may seize, i' convelses him; rai aφ, ι(ει, και τριζει τους οδώντας αύτου, και grinds she of'um, he oams. and *ceth ξημαινεται. Και ειπον τοις μαθηταις σου, ίνα And I spoke to ...e pines away. 1.4cin.es of thee, that 19 ℃ δε αυτο εκβαλωσι, και ουκ ισχυσαν. it they might cast out, and 10t He an. e, ad power. αποκριθεις αυτοις λεγει. Ω γενεα απιστος, έως says: O generation without faith, till suswering them ποτε προς ύμας εσομαι; έως ποτε ανεξ μαι till shall I bear when with you shall be? when [∞] Και ηνεγκαν ύμων; φερετε αυτον προς με. Bring you him And they brought +0 me. Kat ιδων αυτυν, ε. θεως το And seeing him, tramediately the αυτον προς αυτον. him. 10 πνευμα εσπαραξεν αυτον KAL TEOWY ETTS THE contrilsed him: and faling upon the 21 Και επηρωτησε τον γης, εκυλιετο, αφριζων. ground, he rolled, And foaming. Le asked πατερα αυτου. How long a came ici, since this father of him; ici., since this 'Ο δε €:7Fe° Παιδιοθεν. YEYOVEV QUTW; Kal happened to him? He and sail; From a child: and πολλακις αυτον και εις πυρ εβαλε και εις ύδατα, him both into fire has cast and into waters, απολεση αυτον αλλ', ει ίνα TI δυνασαι, that it might destroy him, hut .f any thing thou canst do,

MAN,) that he must suffer

much, and be despised.
13 But I say to you, †That Elijah has even come, (as it is written of him,) and they have done to him whatever they pleased."

14 # And * coming to the DISCIPLES, * they saw a great Crowd about them, an i the Scribes disputing

with them.

15 And immediately All the CROWD seeing him, were struck with awe, and running to him, saluted him.

16 And he asked them, "About what are you disputing with them?"

17 And one of the CROWD * answered him, "Teacher, I have brought to thee my son, who has † a dumb Spirit.

18 And wherever it seizes Him it convulses him; and he foams, and grands * his TEETH, and becomes emaciated. And I spoke to thy DISCIPLES to expel it, and they could

19 And HE answering, says to them, "O unbelieving Generation! how long must I be with you? how long must I enduryou? bring him to me."

20 And they brought him to him; and seeing him, the spirit immediately convulsed him; and falling on the GROUND, he rolled about, foaming.

21 And he asked his "How long a FATHER, time is it since this befell him?" And HE said,

"From childhood.

22 And often it has thrown Him into Fire and Waters to destroy into him; but if thou caust do any thing, have pity on us, and help us."

βοηθησον ήμιν, σπλαγχνισθεις

ήμας.

to us.

give aid

€φ'

on

having pity

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. they came. "Teacher." 18. the TEETH.

ns. 14. they saw.

^{17.} answered him.

^{† 17.} The child was subject to epileptic fits, which were supposed to be brought on by the power of demons.—See Farmer on Demonology, p. 107. The particulars described in verses 18, 20 and 22 are, indeed, all symptous of epilepsy. But if we even should suppose the man wan an epileptic; it would not follow that the disorder was not induced by demoniacal influence.

⁻Bloomfield. 1 14. Matt. xvii 14; Luke ix. 87. 1 20. Luke ix. 42.

23 O δε Ιησους είπτις αυτά Το, ει δυνασαι The and Jesus Aid cohim; That, if thou art able πιστευσαι: παντά δυνατά τω πιστευοντι. to believe; all things are possible to the believing.

24 * [Kαι] ευθεως κραξας ὁ πατηρ του παιδιου, [And] immediately crying out the father of the child, *[μ eτα δακρυων] ελεγε• Πισπευω• βοηθει μου [with tears] he said; 1 believe; help thou of me tears] he said; I believe, $\delta \tau i \in \pi i \sigma \nu \nu$. $\alpha = \frac{2^5}{1} \delta \omega \nu \delta \in \delta \ln \sigma \cos \delta v$, that runs toτη απιστια. Seeing and the Jesus, the unbelief. τρεχει οχλος, επετιμησε τω πνευματι τω ακαgether a crowd, he rebuked the spirit the θαρτω, λεγων αυτω Το πνευμα το αλαλον και clean, saying to it; The apirit the dumb and κωφον, εγω σοι επιτασσω Εξελθε εξ αυτου, deaf, I to thee command; Come out of him, και μηκετι εισελθης εις αυτον. 26 Και κραξαν, And crying out, into him. and no more enter και πολλα σπαραξας, εξηλθε. and many times convulsing, i. came out. Kai eyeveto he became And ώσει νεκρος, ώστε πολλους λεγειν, ότι απεθανεν. dead, so that many to say, that 27 'Ο δε Ιησους κρατησας αυτον της χειρος, ofthe hand. The but Jesus taking him ηγειρεν αυτον και ανεστη.

raised up him; and he stood up.

28 Και εισελθοντα αυτον εις οικον, οί μαθηται
And having come him into a house, the disciples
αυτου επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν 'Οτι ήμεις

αυτου επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν 'Ότι ήμεις asked him privately; That ²⁹ Και ειπεν ουκ ηδυνηθημεν εκβαλειν αυτο; And he said to cast out it? were able αυτοις. Τουτο το γενος εν ουδενι δυναται εξελτο them; This the kind by nothing is able to go θ ειν, ει μη εν προσευχη *[και νηστεια.]prayer [and fasting. if not in

30 Και εκείθεν εξελθοντες, παρεπορευοντο δια And thence departing, he passed through της Γαλιλαίας και ουκ ηθελεν, ένα τις γνω. the Galilee; and not was willing, that any one should know.

31 Εδιδαπκε γαρ τους μαθητας αύτου, και ελεγ-He taught for the disciples of himself, and said εν *[αυτοις·] 'Οτι ὁ νίος του ανθρωπου παρα-[to them; That the son of the man is deliδιδοται εις χειρας ανθρωπων, και αποκτενουσιν vered up into hands of men, and they will kill αυτον και αποκτανθεις, τη τριτη ήμερα ανα-him; and having been killed, the third day he 32 Oi δ€ ηγνοουν το ἡημα, каг στησεται. and They but did not understand the word, will rise. εφοβουντο αυτον επερωτησαι.

were afraid him to ask.

31. to him-omit.

33 Και ηλθενεις Καπερναουμ° και εν τη οικια And he came to Capernaum; and in the house

23 And Jesus said to him, *" IF THOU CANST? # All things can for the BELIEVING."

24 The father of the child immediately exclaiming, said, "I do believe; help My UNFELIEF."

25 And JESUS perceiving That the Crowd was running together, he rebuked the IMPURE SPIRIT, saying to it, "DUMB and DUMB AND DUMB

26 And crying out, and greatly convulsing him, it came out; and he became like one dead, so that many said, "He is dead."

27 But Jesus taking * his HAND, raised him, and he stood up.

28 ‡ And having entered a House, his DISCIPLES asked him privately, "Why could not me cast it out!"

29 And he said to them, "This KIND can go out by nothing, except by Prayer."

30 And departing from that place, they pass d through GALILEE, and he desired that no one should know it;

31 for he taught his DISCIPLES; and he said to them, ‡ "The son of MAN is † being delivered into the Hands of Man, and they will kill hun; and having been put to death, * after Three Days he will rise."

32 But THEY did not understand the WORD and were afraid to ask Him.

33 And he came to Capernaum; and being in the

31 after Three Days he will rise.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—23. "IP THOU CANST? All things."
24. with tears—omit. 25. and deap. 27. his hand.

^{24.} And—omit.
29. and Fasting.—omit.

^{† 31.} The parallel passage in Matt. xvii. 22, reads—"The son of man is about to be delivered into the Hands of Mex."

^{† 23.} Matt. xvii, 20; Mark vi. 23. Luke xvii 6; John xi. 40. t 31. Matt. xvii, 22; Luke ix 44.

γενομενος, επηρωτα αυτους Τι εν τη δδφ being, he asked them; What on the way $*[\pi\rho\sigmas \ \epsilon\alpha\nu\tau\sigma\upsilons]$ διελογιζεσθε; 34 Οί δε εσιω-[among yourselves] were you disputing? They but were πων προς αλληλους γαρ διελεχθησαν εν τη silent; with one another for they had disputed on the δοφ, τις μειζων. 35 Και καθισας, εφωνησε way, who greater. And sitting down. he called τους δωδεκα, και λεγει αυτοις. Ει τις θ ελει the twelve, and says to them; If any one desires πρωτος ειναι, εσται παντων εσχατος, και παν $au\omega\nu$ διακονος. 36 Και λαβων παιδιον, $\epsilon\sigma\tau\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$ first to be, he will be of all last, and And taking a little child, he placed αυτο εν μεσφ αυτων, και εναγκαλισαμενος it in midst of them, and embracing in his arms αυτο, ειπεν αυτοις: ³⁷ 'Os εαν έν των τοιουτων it, he said to them; Whoever one of the such παιδιων δεξηται επι τφ ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεlittle children may receive in the name of me, me receives. ται και ός εαν εμε δεξηται, ουκ εμε δεχεται, and whoever me may receive, not me receives, π $\tau \sigma \nu$ $\alpha \pi \sigma \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$ $\mu \epsilon$. 36 $A \pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta$ $\delta \epsilon$ the having sent me. Answered and αλλα τον αποστειλαντα με. but the having sent me. αυτ $_{\rm w}$ Ιωαννης, λεγων Διδασκαλε, ειδομέν τινα to him John, saying: O teacher, I saw one τφ ονοματι σου εκβαλλοντα δαιμονια και εκωto the name of thee easting out demons: and λυσαμεν αυτον, ότι ουκ ακολουθει ήμιν. forbad him, because not he follows us. He δε Ιησους ειπε. Μη κωλυετε αυτον. Ουδεις γαρ but Jesus said: Not do you forbid him. No one for εστιν, δς ποιησει δυναμιν επι τω ονοματι μου, is, who will do a mighty work in the name of me, 40 °Os και δυνησεται ταχυ κακολογησαι με. and will he able readily to speak evil of Who me. γαρ ουκ εστι καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν. 41'Os for not is against you, for you Who is. γαρ αν ποτιση ύμας ποτηριον ύδατος, εν for ever may give drink to you a cup of water, in ονοματι, ότι χριστου εστε, αμην λεγω ύμιν, ου name, because of Anointed you are, indeed I say to you, not 42 Kai 65 av μη απολεση τον μισθον αὐτου. not he may lose the reward of himself. And whoever σκανδαλιση ένα των μικρων, των πιστευοντων may insuare one of the little ones, of the εις εμε, καλον εστιν αυτφ μαλλον, ει περικειται into me, good it is to him rather, if livos $\mu \nu \lambda i \kappa o s$ $\pi \epsilon \rho i$ $\tau o \nu$ $\tau \rho \alpha \chi \eta \lambda o \nu$ $\alpha \nu \tau o v$, $\kappa \alpha i$ astone of a mill around the peck of him, and βεβληται εις την θαλασσαν. 43 Και εαν σκαν-

HOUSE, he asked thebe, ‡" What did you dispute about on the ROAD?"

34 But THEY were silent; for they had disputed with each other, on the ROAD, as to who would be greatest.

35 And sitting down, he called the TWELVE, and says to them; # If any one desires to be first, he will be last of all, and a Ser-

vant of all."

36 And ‡ taking a little Child, he placed it in the Midst of them, and embracing it in his arms, he said to them,

37 "Whoever may receive one such little Child in my NAME, receives Me; ‡and whoever *receives Me, receives not Me, but HIM who SENT me."

38 ‡ And John * spoke to him, saying, "Teacher, we saw one expelling Demons in thy NAME, and we forbad him, Because he does not follow us."

39 But JESUS said, "Do not forbid him; #for there is no one who will do a Miracle in my NAME, and be able rashly to reproach

40 For he who is not

against you, is for you.
41 ‡ For whoever may give you a Cup of Water to drink in * the NAME. That you are CHRIST'S, indeed I say to you, He shall by no means lose his REWARD.

42 I And whoever may insnare one of * THESE LITTLE-ONES BELIEVING in me, it would be better for him if a Millstone should be fastened to his NECK, and he should be thrown into the SEA.

43 ‡ And if thy HAND insnare thee, cut it off; it

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 33. among themselves -onit, 37. receives Me 38. spoke to him. 41. the NAME, That you are CHRIST'S. 42. THESE LITTLE-ONES.

And if

may

δαλιζη σε ή χειρ σου, αποκοψον αυτην· καλον inspare thee the hand of thee, cut thou off her: good

has been east iuto the sea.

σοι εστι κυλλον εις την ζωην εισελθειν, η τας to thee it is crippled into the life to enter, than the δυο χειρας εχοντα απελθειν εις την γεενναν, two hands having to go into the Gehenne, εις το πυρ το ασβεστον, 44 [οπου δ σκωληξ into the fire the inextinguishable, [where the worm αυτων ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται.] of them not dies, and the fire not is quenched.] 45 Και εαν δ πους σου σκανδαλιζη σε, αποκοψον

And if the foot of thee may insuare thee, cut thou off αυτον καλον εστι σοι εισελθειν εις την ζωην good it is to thee to enter into the χωλον, ή τους δυο ποδας εχοντα βληθηναι εις to he cast into lame, than the two feet having την γεενναν, *[εις το πυρ το ασβεστον, 46 οπου the Gehenna, [into the fire theinextinguishable, where δ σκωληξ αυτων ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου the worm of them not dies, and the fire not $\sigma \mathcal{B}$ εννυται.] 47 Και εαν δ οφθαλμος σου σκαν-And if the ofthee is quenched.] eye δαλιζη σε, εκβαλε αυτον καλον σοι εστι μονοinsuare thee, cast thou out him; good to thee it is φθαλμον εισελθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου, to enter into the kingdom of the God, ή δυο οφθαλμους εχοντα βληθηναι εις την γεthat two eyes having to be cast into the Ge- $\epsilon \nu \nu \alpha \nu$ *[$\tau o \nu \pi \nu \rho o s$,] $^{48} \delta \pi o \nu \delta \sigma \kappa \omega \lambda \eta \xi$ $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ of them where the worm ofthem [of the fire,] 49 Mas ου τελευτα, και το πυρ ου σβεννυται. and the fire not is quenched. not Every one *[каг таба γαρ πυρι άλισθησεται. θυσια for with fire shall be salted; [and every sacrifice αλι αλισθησεται.] ⁵⁰ Καλον το άλας· εαν δε [and Good the salt; with salt shall be salted.] if but το άλας αναλον γενεται, εν τινι αυτο αρτυ-the salt without tast may become, with what it will you willyou σετε; Εχετε εν έαυτοις άλας, και ειρηνευετε season? Have you in yourselves salt, and he you at peace εν αλληλοις. with one another.

КΕΦ. ι'. 10.

1 Και εκειθεν αναστας ερχεται εις τα δρια
And from thence arising he comes into the borders της Ιουδαιας, δια του περαν του Ιορδανου και hy the otherside of the Jordan; and συμπορευονται παλιν οχλοι προς αυτον· και, again crowds to him; and, come together 2 Kai $\epsilon \iota \omega \theta \epsilon \iota$ παλιν εδιδασκεν αυτους. And as he had been accustomed, again he taught them. προσελθοντες Φαρισαιοι επηρωτησαν αυτον. Ει him; If Pharisees asked approaching εξεστιν ανδρι γυναικα απολυσαι; πειραζοντες trislawful for a man a wife to release? trying

is better for thee to enter LIFE crippled, than having TWO Hands to depart to GEHENNA, into THAT IN-EXTINGUISHABLE FIRE;

44 †[where the WORM dies not, and the FIRE is,

not quenched.]

45 And if thy foot insare thee, cut it off; it is better for thee to enter lame into LIFE, than having TWO Feet, to be cast into GEHENNA, †[into the UNQUENCHABLE FIRE;

46 where the worm dies not, and the FIRE is not

quenched.]

47 And if thine EYE insare thee, pluck it out; it is better for thee to enter one-eyed into the KINGDOM of GOD, than having Two Eyes to be cast into *Gehenna;

48 ‡ where their WORM dies not, and the FIRE is

not quenched.

49 For every one shall be salted with fire: †[and every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt.]

50 \$ SALT is good; but if the SALT become tasteless, how will you restore Its saltness? Have Salt in yourselves, and be at peace with one another."

CHAPTER X.

1 ‡ And arising from thence, he comes into the CONFINES of JUDEA, *even beyond the JORDAN; and again Crowds come together to him, and again, as he had been accustomed, he taught them.

2 ‡ And Pharisees approaching, asked him, to try him, "Is it lawful for a Man to dismiss his

Wife?"

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—44. where the worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched—omit. 45 & 46. into the inextinguishalle fire; where their worm dies not, and the fire is not quenched—omit. 47. Gehenna.

every Sacrifice shall be seasoned with Salt—omit. 1. even beyond the Jordan.

^{† 43.} A Hobrew term, meaning the valley of the son of Hinnom. For futner remarks see appendix. † 41, 45, 46, 43. The clauses bracketed in these verses, are not tour d in the arican. They are marked as doubtful by Griesbach, and are expunsed by Fischendorf

^{1 48.} Isa. lxvi. 24. 1 50. Matt. v. 13; Luke xiv. 84. 1 1. Matt. xix. 1; John x 40; 2 2. Matt. xix

3 'Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτοις. Τι αυτον. him. He and answering said to them; What ύμιν ενετειλατο Μωσης; 4 Οί δε ειπον. Μωσης to you did enjoin Moses? They and said; επετρεψε βιβλιον αποστασιου γραψαι, και απο-5 Kal $\times [\alpha \pi \sigma \kappa \rho \iota \theta \epsilon \iota s]$ of Involve $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ allowed λυσαι. icase. And [answering] the Jesus said αυτοις· Προς την σκληροκαρδιαν ύμων εγραψεν For the hardness of heart of you he wrote ύμιν την εντολην ταυτην. 6 $A\pi$ ο δε αρχης to you the commandment this. From but a beginning κτισεως αρσεν και θηλυ εποιησεν αυτους δ θεος. of creation a male and a female he made them the God. 7 · · Ενεκεν τουτου καταλειψει ανθρωπος τον "On account of thia shall leave a man the πατερα αύτου και την μητερα, *[και προσκολfather of himself and the mother, and shall be closely 8 Kai ληθησεται προς την γυναικα **α**ύτου·] of himself, united to the wife εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν." 'Ωστε ουκετι So that no longer shall be the two into flesh one." 9 'Ο ουν & θεος συνεεισι δυο, αλλα μια σαρξ. What then the God has jointhey aretwo, but one flesh. 10 Και εν τη ζευξεν, ανθρωπος μη χωριζετω. ed together, a man not disunites. And in the οικιά παλιν οί μαθηται αυτου TEPL του concerning of the house again the disciples of him 11 Kas αυτου επηρωτησαν αυτον. λεγει hım asked hım. And he sayαυτοις· 'Os εαν απολυση την γυναικα αυτου, Whoever may release the O A Dist of W. *8 γομηση αλλην, μοιχαται επ' Kal αυτην. and may marry another, commits adultery with 12 Και εας γυνη απολυτη τον ανδρα αύτης, και And if a woman may release the husband of herself, and 13 Και προσεφερον γαμηθη αλλώ, μοιχαται. may be married to another, commits adultery. And they brought αυτφ παιδια, ίνα άψηται αυτων· οί δε μαθηται the but disciples to him little children that he might touch them; 14 $I\delta\omega\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ δ επετιμών τοις προσφερουσιν. rebuked those bringing. Seeing but the Ιησους ηγανακτησε, και ειπεν αυτοις. Αφετε was diarleased. and said to them. Allow τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, μη κωλυετε αυτα· the little children to come to me, not hinder them;

3 And HE answering said to them, "What did Moses command You?"

4 And THEY said, ‡" Moses permitted a Writ of Divorce to be written, and

to dismiss her."

5 And Jesus said to them, "Because of your STUBBORN DISPOSITION he wrote you this com-MAND.

6 But from the Beginning of Creation, * he made them Male and Female.

7 ‡ On account of this a Man shall leave his FA-THER and MOTHER, * and adhere to his WIFE;

8 and the Two shall become one Flesh: so that they are no longer Two, but One Flesh.

9 What God, then, has united, let no Man sever."

10 And, in the House, * the DISCIPLES again asked him * concerning this.

11 And he says to them, t" Whoever shall dismiss his WIFE, and marry another, commits adultery with her.

12 And if * she who tdismisses her Husband, shall marry another, she commits adultery.

13 ‡ And they brought little Children to him, that he might touch them; and the DISCIPLES rebuked * them.

14 But JESUS seeing it, was displeased, and said to them, "Allow the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to SUCH LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of GOD.

15 Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive king- the KINGDOM of GOD, like

Indeed Isay to you, whoever not may receive the

των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου.

is the

15 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός εαν μη δεξηται την βασι-

6. he made them. 12, 51) € 10. concerning this. 13, them. But.

kingdom of the

God.

† 4. Deut. xxiv. 1: Matt. v. 81; xix. 7. † 7. Gen. ii. 24: 1 Cor. vi 16: Eph v 31. 11. Matt. v. 82: xix. 9: Luke xvi. 18; Rom. vii. 8; 1 Cor. vii. 10, 11. † 13. Matt. xix. 13: Luke xviii. 15.

of the for auch like

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. answering-omit. adhere to his wire-omit. 10. the DISCIFLES. who dismisses her HUSBAND, shall marry another.

^{† 12.} Strictly speaking, a Jewish wife could not divorce her husband therefore, appluage may be considered as used with some license, and perhaps, too, with reference to the customs of the Gentiles rather han the Jews, and intended as a rule to the Apostles for general application, and which should put both sexes on the same footing.

17 Και εκπορευομενου αυτου εις όδον, προσof him into a way, going out δραμων είς, και γονυπετησας αυτον, επηρωτα ning up one, and kneeling before him, he asked αυτον' Αιθασκαλε ωρως, what must I do, that me aιωνιον κληρονομησω; 18 O δε 1ησουs ε1πεν inherit? The and 1σευs said αυτον. Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησω, ίνα ζωην age-issting that the commandments thou knowest, "Not not one, the God. The commandments thou knowest, "Not not one, the God. The commandments thou knowest, "Not not one, the God. μοιχευσης Μη φυνευσης Μη κλεψης thou must kill; Not thou must kill; Not thou must kill; Μη ψευδομαρτυρησης. *[Μη αποστερησης.] Not thou must testify falsely; [Not thou must delrand] Τιμα τον πατερα σου, και την μητερα." 20 Ο Honor the father of thee, and the mother." He $\delta\epsilon$ * [αποκριθεις] ειπεν αιται Διδασκαλε, ταυτα but [answering] said to lum, O teacher, these 21'Ο δε παντα εφυλαξαμην εκ νεοτητος μου. I kept from childhood of me. He but Ιησους εμβλεψας αυτώ, ηγαπησεν αυτον, και loved him. Jesus looking on him, and είπεν αυτώ Έν σοι υστερεί and to him: One to thee lacks: ύπαγε, δσα go, whatever εχεις πωλησον, και δος τοις πτωχοις και and give to the pour: and sell, thou hast έξεις θησαυρον εν ουρανώ και δευρο, ακολthou shalt have treasure in heaven: and hither, fulou $\theta \in \mu$ ot, π [apas τ ov $\sigma \tau$ aunov.] χ 0 χ 6 χ 7 χ 1 χ 2 χ 2 χ 2 χ 1 χ 1 χ 1 χ 1 χ 1 χ 1 χ 2 χ 1 χ 2 χ 1 χ 1 νασας επι τω λογω, απηλθε λυπουμηνος ην νασας επί τω ποτά, wenthway sorrowing: he nosad at the word, wenthway sorrowing: he nosad πολλα. 23 Και περιβλεψαfor having possessions many. And looking μενος δ Ιησους, λεγει τοις μαθηταις αυτου-round the Jesus, says to the disciples of himself: Πως δυσκολως οί τα χρηματα εχοντες εις την hardly those the riches having into the 24 Of 86 βασιλειαν του θεου εισελευσονται. shall enter. They and kingdom of the God '0 μαθηται εθαμβουντο επι τοις λογοις αυτου. disciples were astonished at the words of him. δε Ιησους παλιν αποκριθεις λεγει αυτοις· Τεκνα, - S δυσκολον εστι * [τους πεποιθοτας επιτοις how difficult it is [those having confidence in the χρημασιν,] εις την βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. into the kingdom of the God to enter. riches,]

a little Child, he will by no means enter it."

- 16 And taking them in his arms, and placing his HANDS on them, he blessed them.
- 17 ‡ And going out into the Road, one running up, and kneeling before him, asked him, "Good Teacher! what must I do, that I may inherit aionian Life."
- 18 And Jesus said to him, Why dost thou call Me good? No one is good, except one, GoD.
- 19 Thou knowest the COMMANDMENTS; ‡*Do not commit murder; Do not commit adultery; Do not steal; Do not testify falsely Honor thy father and mother."
- 20 And HE said to him, "Teacher, all these have I kept from my Chine hood."
- 21 And Jesus looking on him, loved him, and said to him, "One thing thou lackest; go, sell whatever thou hast, and give to the *Poor, and thou shalt have ‡ Treasure in Heaven; and come, follow me."
- 22 But HE was grieved at the WORD, and went away sorrowing; for he had great Possessions."
- 23 Then Jesus looking round, says to his disciples, it with what difficulty will those having riches enter the Kingdom of God."
- 24 And the DISCIPLES were astonished at his words. But Jesus again answering, says to them, to Children, how difficult it is to enter the KINGDOM of GOD.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—19. Do not commit murder; Do not commit adultery. 1t Do not defraud—omit. 20. answering—omit. 21. Poor. 21. taking up the cross—omit. 24. those having confidence in biches—omit.

^{№5} Ευκοπωτερον εστι καμηλον δια της τρυμαa camel through the it ia hole λιας της βαφιδος διελθειν, η πλουσιον εις την to pass, than a rich man into the of the needle 26 Οί δε περισβασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν. kingdom of the God to enter. greatly They and προς ξαυτους. σως εξεπλησσοντο, λεγοντες among themselves; were amazed, saying Και τις δυναται σωθηναι; 27 Εμβλεψας δε Looking on is able to be saved? and autois δ Invois, $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$. Παρα ανθρωποίς αδυναthem the Jesus, says; With men impossiτον αλλ' ου παρα τω θεω παντα γαρ δυνατα God: all for possible ble but not with the 28 Ηρξατο δ Πετρος λεγειν εστι παρα τω θεω. with the God. Began the Peter tosay αυτφ. Ιδου ήμεις αφηκαμεν παντα, και ηκολto him: Lo, 20 * [A π o κ ριθ ϵ ις] δ the we and 8 Ιησους ουθησαμεν σοι. thee. lowed Jesus $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$ Aμην $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ ύμιν, ουδεις $\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$, δς αφη-said: Indeed I say to you, no one is, who has kev οικιαν, η αδελφος, η αδελφας, η πατερα, η left houses, or brothers, or sisters, or father, or $\mu\eta\tau$ ερα, $*[\eta \ \gamma \nu\nu\alpha\iota\kappa\alpha]$ η τ εκνα, η $\alpha\gamma\rho\nu\sigma\nu$ ς, mother, [or wife,] or children, or felds, ένεκεν εμου και ένεκεν του ευγγελιου, ³⁰ εαν on account of me and on account of the glad tidings, if μη λαβη έκατονταπλασιονα, νυν εν TW a hundred fold, now in the not he may receive καιρω τουτω, οικιας, και αδελφους, και αδελsean this, houses, and brothers, and sisφas, και μητεραs, και τεκνα, και αγρους, μετα ters, and mothers, and children, and fields, with διωγμων, και εν τω αιωνι τφ ερχομενφ ζωην persecutiona, and in the age to life come, 31 Πολλοι δε εσονται πρωτοι, εσχααιωνιον. age-lasting. Many but shall be first, last; τ or κ at $\epsilon\sigma\chi$ ator, $\pi\rho\omega\tau$ or. $\frac{32}{3}$ $H\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\nu$ $\tau\eta$ last; They were and in and last, first. the όδω αναβαινοντες εις Ίεροσολυμα. και going up to Jerusalem: and προαγων αυτους δ Ιησους και εθαμβουντο, them the Jesua: and they were amazed, going before και ακολουθοντες εφοβουντο. Και παραλαβων they were afraid. And taking aside following παλιν τους δωδεκα, ηρξατο αυτοις λεγειν again the twelve, he began to them to tell the things μελλοντα αύτφ συμβαινειν· 33 'Οτι ιδου, ανα-For lo, heing about to him to happen : βαινομέν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και δ υίος του ανθρω-Jerusalem, and the son of the man to που παραδοθησεται τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις delivered up to the Highwill be delivered up to the γραμματευσι και κατοκρινουσιν αυτον θανατω, SCRIBES; and they will scribes: and they will condemn him to death, και παραδωσουσιν αυτον τοις εθνεσι, they will deliver up him to the Gentiles, and

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through the NEEDLE'S EYE, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of God."

26 And they were exceedingly astonished, saying *to him, "Who then

can be saved?"

27 And JESUS looking on them, says, "With Men it may be impossible, but not with GoD; for with * God everything is possible."

28 PETER began to say to him, "Behold, we have forsaken all, and followed

thee."

29 Jesus said, "Indeed I say to you, There is no one who has left House, or Brothers, or Sisters, or Father, or Mother, * or Wife. or Children, or Lands, on my account, and on accountof the GLAD TIDINGS,

30 who will not receive ta hundred-fold, now, in this TIME, -Houses, and Brothers, and Sisters, and Mothers, and Children, and Lands,—but with Persecutions; and in the AGE to COME, aionian Life.

31 ! But many will be first, who are last; and last, who are first."

32 ‡ And they were on the ROAD going up to Jerusalem; and Jesus was preceding them; and they were * amazed. And THEY who followed him were afraid as the took aside again the TWELVE, and began to tell them the THINGS BEING ABOUT to befall him.

33 "Behold, we are going up to Jerusalem, and the son of man will be high-priests and to the PRIESTS, and to the 34 Kat and will deliver him up to

and | the GENTILES :

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. to him, "Who." 27. God. 29. answering-omit. 29. or Wife-omit. 32. amazed. And THEY Who FOI LOWED him were afraid, as he took

εμπαιξουσιν αυτω, και μαστιγωσουσιν αυτον, they will mock him, and they will scourge him, they will mock him, και εμπτυσουσιν αυτφ, και αποκτενουσιν αυτον. and they will spit upon him and they will kin l'm; και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστησεται. 35 Kai 17 00day he will stand up. COLIC And πορευονται αυτώ Ιακώβος και Ιωαννης, οί υίοι to him James an' John, the sone to him Jamec an John, Ζεβεδαίου, λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, θελομέν, ένα we wish, #hat of Zebedeeraving-O teacher. 36 'O δε ειπεν δ ξαν αιτησωμέν, ποιείστη ήμιν. whatever we may ask, thou may of a for us. He but anid αυτοις. Τι θελετε ποιησοι με ύμιν; Οί δε to them; What do you wish to do me for ou? They and ειπον αυτω. Δος ήμιν, ίνα είς εκ δεξιων σου, said to him; Give to us, that one at right of thee και είς εξ ευωνυμων σου καθισωμεν εν τη δοξη and one at left of thee we may sit in the glory 38 'O δε 'Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουκ οιδατε,
The and Josus said so them; Not you know, σου. Δυνασθε πιειν το ποτηριον, δ $\tau \iota$ $\alpha \iota \tau \epsilon \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon$. Are you able to drink the what you ask. cup. which εγω πινω, και το βαπτισμα, δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, drink, and the dippin which I am dipped. βαπτισθηναι: 39 Οί δε ειπον αυτφ. Δυναμεθα. They and said to him; We are able. to be dipped? 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις Το *[μεν] ποτηsaid to them; The indeed The and Jesus ριον, δ εγω πινω, πιεσθε και τη βαπτισμα, which I drink, you will drink; and the dipping, 40 το δε δ εγω βαπτιζομαι, βαπτισθησεσθε tut an am dipped, you will be di pod: which I καθισαι εκ δεξιων μου και εξ ευωνυμων, ουπ εσat right of me and at left, τιν εμον δουναι, αλλ' οίς ήτοιμασται.

is minc to give, but to whom it has been prepared. 41 Και ακουσαντες of δεκα, ηρξαντο αγανακτειν And having heard the ten, they began to be angry 42 'O δε Ιησους περι Ιακωβου και Ιωαννοι, and John. The best Jesus James προσκαλεσαμενος αυτους, λεγει αυτους· Οιδαthem, he says to them; You know, τε, ότι οί δοκουντες αρχειν των εθνων, κατακυthat those presuming torule the nations. ριευουσιν αυτων, και οί μεγαλοι αυτων κατεξουand the great of them exercise 43 Ουχ ούτω δε εσται σιαζουσιν αυτων. $\epsilon \nu$ authority over them. Not 29 but it shall be among υμιν αλλ' δς εαν θελη γενεσθαι μεγας you; but whoever may wish to become great $\epsilon \nu$ among ύμιν, εσται ύμων διακονος. 44 και ός εαν θελη you, shall be of you a servant;

34 and they will mock him, and *spit on him, and scourge him, and put him to death, and *after Three Days he will rise,"

35 And James and John, the *Two Sons of Zebedee, come to him, *saying to him, "O Teacher, we wish that thou wouldst do for us whatever we may *ask thee."

36 And HE said to them, "What do you desire me

to do for you?"

37 And THEY said to him, "Grant to us that we may sit, one at *thy Right hand, and the other at *thy Left, in thy CLORY."

38 But Jesus said to them. "You know not what you ask. Can you drink the cup which E drink? *or undergo the IMMERSION with which E am being overwhelmed!"

39 And THEY said to him, "We can." And Jesus said to them, You will drink the CUP which I drink, and undergo the IMMERSION with which I am being overwhelmed;

40 but to SIT at my Right hand, "or at the Left, 12 not mine to give, except for whom it is prepared."

41 ‡ And the TEN, having heard, were indignant against James and John.

42 *And Jesus, having called them, he says to them, t"You know That THOSE presuming to rule the NATIONS domineer over them, and their GREAL ones exercise authority over them.

43 † But * it is not so among you; but whoever may desire to become great among you, shall be Your Servant:

kal os $\epsilon a \nu \theta \epsilon \lambda \eta$ 44 and whoever among you may desire to become

‡ 35. Matt. xx. 20, ‡ 41. M xx. 26, 28; Mark ix. 35; Lukeix. 48.

1 41. Matt. xx. 24. 1 42. Luke xxii. 25.

I 43. Matt

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—34. spit on him, and scourge him.

he. 35. Two Sons. 35. saying to him, "O Teacher."

35. ask thee. 37. the Right. 37. the Left. 38. or.

40. or at the Left. 42. And Jesus.

43. tis not so among you.

44. among you.

ύμων γενεσθαι πρωτος, εσται παντων δουλος· chall be of all of you to become first, a slave; 45 και γαρ ό υίος του ανθρωπου ουκ ηλθε διακονand for the son of the man not came ηθηναι, απλα διακονησαι, και δουναι την ψυχην

and to give the life served, but to serve, αύτου λυτρον αντι πολλων.

of himself a ransom for

46 Και ερχονται εις Ίεριχω· και εκπορευομενου And they come into Jericho; and going out αυτου απο Ἱεριχω, και των μαθητων αυτου, και of him from Jericho, and the disciples

οχλου ίκανου, υίος Τιμαιου, Βαρτιμαιος δ τυφa crowd great, a son of Timeus, Bartimeus the blind, 47 Kai

λος, εκαθητο παρα την όδον προσαιτων. sat by the way begging. And ακουσας, ότι Ιησους ό Ναζωραιος εστιν, ηρξατο hearing, that Jesus the Nazarite it is, he began κραζειν και λεγειν 'Ο vios Δαυιδ, Ιησου, ελεηto cry out and to say; The son of David, Jesus, have pity σον με. ⁴⁸ Και επετιμων αυτω πολλοι, ίνα on me. And rebuked him many, so that δ δε πολλφ μαλλον εκραζειν Υιε σιωπηση. he might be silent; he hut much more cried out; O son $\Delta \alpha \nu \iota \delta$, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma \sigma \nu$ $\mu \epsilon$.

O son $\Delta \alpha \nu \iota \delta$, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma \sigma \nu$ $\mu \epsilon$.

O son $\Delta \alpha \nu \iota \delta$, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma \sigma \nu$ $\mu \epsilon$.

And atopping the Jesus, ειπεν αυτον φωνηθηναι· και φωνουσι τον τυφtold him to be salled; and they called the blind, λον, λεγοντες αυτφ. Θαρσει, εγειρε φωνει saying to him; Take courage, rise up; he calls 50 Ο δε αποβαλων το ίματιον αύτου, ανασ- $\sigma \epsilon$. He and throwing off the mantle of himself, arising thee. τας ηλθ ϵ προς τον Ιησουν, 51 Και αποκριθεις came to the Jesus. And answering λεγει αυτφ ό Ιησους. Τι θελεις ποιησω σοι; says to him the Jesus; What dost thou wish I may do to thee? ο δε τυφλος ειπεν αυτώ 'Ραββουνι, ίνα αναβλεψω. 52 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτφ. Υπαγε. ή see agaiu. The and Jesus said to him; Go; the πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. Και ευθεως ανεβλεψε, faith of thee has saved thee. And immediately he saw again, και ηκολουθει αυτφ εν τή έδφ.

КЕФ. ια'. 11.

followed him in the way.

1 Και δτε εγγιζουσιν εις Ίερουσαλημ, εις
And when they drew near to Jerusalem, to Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν, προς το ορος των ελαι-Bethphage and Bethany, to the mountain of the olive ων, αποστελλει δυο των μαθητων αύτου, και two of the disciples of himself, he sends and

Chief, shall be the Slave of

45 ‡ For even the son of MAN came not to be served, but to serve, and to give his LIFE a Ransom for many."

46 ‡ And they came to Jericho. And as he was departing from Jericho with his DISCIPLES, and a great Crowd, * a Blind Beggar, † Bartimeus, (the son of Timeus,) sat by the

ROAD. 47 And hearing That it was Jesus the Nazarite, he began to cry out, and say, * "Jesus, son of David, have pity on me!"

48 And many charged him to be silent; but HE cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

49 And Jesus stopping, *said, "Call him." And they called the BLIND man, saying to him, "Take courage, arise; he calls thee."

50 And HE, throwing off his † MANTLE, * leaping up, came to Jesus.

51 And JESUS addressing him, said, "What dost thou wish I may do for thee?" The BLIND man said to him, †"Rabbonil that I may receive my sight."

52 And Jesus said to him, ‡"Go; thy FAITH has restored thee." And he immediately received sight, and followed * him on the ROAD.

CHAPTER XI.

1 And 1 when they drew near to Jerusalem, to Bethphage, and Bethany, near * the MOUNT of OLIVES, he sends Two of his DISCI-PLES,

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—46. Bartimeus, a Blind Beggar, the son of Timeus, sat by the AD. And. 47. Son of David, Jesus, have. 49. said, "Call him." And. 50. ping up. came. 52. him on the BOAD. 1. THAT MOUNT which is. BOAD. And. leaping up. came.

^{† 46.} Bartimeus, is considered by many to be a real name, and not an explication of ho whyos Timaion. † 50. Or upper garment. This was of considerable dimensions, and enveloped the whole body. In those hot countries, they threw it aside when they were at work, or ploughing in the field.—Wakefeld. † 51. Rabboni, an intensified signification of Rabb i, meaning My Master; the highest title of honor in the Jewish schools. It is only used in one other passage in the New Testament—John xx. 16.

λεγει αυτοις. 2 Υπαγετε εις την κωμην την says to them: Go you into the town that κατεναντι ύμων και ευθεως εισπορευομενοι and immediately entering you; εις αυτην, εύρησετε πωλον δεδεμενον, εφ you will find a colt having been tied, upon which υυδεις ανθρωπων κεκαθικε. λυσαντές αυτον having loosed him of men has sat; 3 Και εαν τις ύμιν ειπη. Το ποιαγαγετε. lead you. And if any one to you should say; Why do *['Oτι]'δ κυριος αυτου ειτε τουτο; ειπατε. say you; [That] the master και ευθεως αυτον αποστελλει χρειαν εχει. and immediately him he will send ώδ€. ι. ηλθον δε, και εύρον πωλον δεδεμενον a'Lev went and, and found a colt having been tied hero. προς 🖘 🖰 ριν εξω επι του αμφοδου. και The door without in the atreet; 5 Και τινές των έκει εστηκολυουσιν αυτον. And some of those there standthey loose him. των ελεγον αυτοις. Τι ποιειτε λυοντες τον ing said to them; What do you loosing the πωλον; 6 Οί δε ειπον αυτοις καθως ενετειλατο They and said to them even as commanded 7 Και ηγαγον δ Ιησους και αφηκαν αυτους. the Jesus; and they suffered them. And they led τον πωλον προς τον Ιησουν, και επιβαλλουσιν to the Jesus, and they threw npon αυτώ τα ίματια αύτων και εκαθισεν επ' αυτώ. him the mantles of themselves; and he sat upon him. ⁸ Πολλοι δε τα ίματια αύτων εστρωσαν ει**s τ**ην apread in the Many and the mantles of themselves αλλοι δε στοιβαδας εκοπτον εκ των δδον others and branches cut off from the *[$\kappa \alpha \iota \in \sigma \tau \rho \omega \nu \nu \nu \nu \nu \nu \in \iota s \tau \eta \nu \delta \delta \nu \nu .$]
[and scattered in the way.] δενδρων, trees, 9 Και οί προαγοντες και οί ακολουθουντες And those going before and those following εκραζον, *[λεγοντες.] 'Ωσαννα' ευλογημενος did cry, [saying. Hosanna; worthy of blessing ο ερχομενος *[εν ονοματι κυριου] 10 ευλογηhe coming [in name of Lord;] worthy of μενη ή ερχομενη βασιλεια του πατρος ήμων father blessing the coming kingdom of the ofus 11 Και εισηλ-Δαυιδ· ώσαννα εν τοις ύψιστοις. Hosanna in the highest. And θεν εις Ίεροσολυμα δ Ιησους, *[και] €IS TO Jerusalem the Jesus, [and] into the tered iuto ίερον και περιβλεψαμενος παντα, οψιας ηδη temple; and having looked round or all, evening now ουσης της $\dot{\omega}$ ρας, εξηλθεν εις \mathbf{B} ηθανιαν μετα being the hour, he went out to \mathbf{B} ethany with των δωδεκα.

2 and says to them, "Ge to THAT VILLAGE WHICH IS OVER AGAINST you, and as soon as you enterit, you will find a Colt tied, on which no Man has *yet sat: loose him, and bring him.

3 And if any one should say to you, 'Why do you this?' say, The MASTER needs it; and he will instantly send it hither."

4 And they went and found a Colt fastened at the DOOR outside, in t "
STREET; and they loosed it.

5 And some of THCSE STANDING there, said 6 them, "Why do you unter the COLT?"

6 And THEY said to them as Jesus had *directed; and they allowed them.

7 And they *led the COLT to JESUS, and threw on it their MANTLES; and he sat on it.

8 ‡ And many spread their GARMENTS on the ROAD; and others cut *Branches, from the *TREES, and scattered them on the ROAD.

9 And THOSE PRECED-ING and THOSE FOLLOW-ING, shouted, "Hosanna!" ""Blessed be HE who comes in the Name of 'Jehovah!"

10 "Blessed be the coming KINGDOM of our FATHER David!" ‡"Hosanna in the HIGHEST heaven!"

11 ‡And *JESUS went into Jerusalem, and into the TEMPLE. And having looked round on all things, it now being Evening, as went out to Bethany, with the TWELVE.

12 ‡ And the NEXT DAY, as they were coming from Bethany, he was hungry:

She

twelve.

¹² Και τη επαυριον εξελθοντων αυτων απο And the next day coming out of them from

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. yet sat. 2. That—omit. 6. said; and. 7 bring. 8. Branches, cut down out of the fields. And they, 8. and scattered in the wax—omit. 9. saying—omit. 9. in the name of the Lord—omit. 11. he entered. 11. and—omit.

^{‡ 8.} Matt. xxi. 8. † 9. Psa, exviii, 56. ‡ 10. Psa, exlvlii. 7- 11 Mata xxi. 12. † 12. Matt. xxi. 14

13 και ιδων συκην μακρο-By θ avias, $\epsilon \pi \epsilon i \nu a \sigma \epsilon$. and seeing a fig tree he was hungry; at a dis-Bethany, ηλθεν, ει αρα εύρησει $\theta \in \nu$, $\epsilon \chi o \upsilon \sigma : \nu \phi \upsilon \lambda \lambda \alpha$, having he went, if perhaps he will find leaves. tance. και ελθων επ' αυτην, ουδεν εν αυτη. and coming to . her; her ου γαρ ην καιρος συκων. εύρεν ει τη φυλλα. not for it was season he found except leaves: of tigs. 14 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτη. Μηκετι εκ σου And answering he said to her: No more thee μηδεις Kaı EIS TOV alwva καρπον φαγοι. . fruit a ,e no one may eat. And 15 Και ερχονται εις ηκουον οί μαθηται αυτου. heard the disciples of him. And they came to "I εροσολυμα" και εισελθων εις το ίερον ηρξατο
Jerusalem: and going into the temple he began εκβαλλειν τους πωλουντας και αγοραζοντας εν to cast out those selling and bnying τφ ίερφ· και τας τραπεζας των κολλυβιστων, the temple: and the tables the money-changers, και τας καθεδρας των πωλουντων τας περιστεof those and the seats selling the ρας κατεστρεψε. 16 **και** ουκ ηφιέν, ίνα τις suffered, that an one he overturned: and not διενεγκη σκευος δια του ίερου. αι εδιδασshould carry .n article through the temple. And he taught, κε, λεγων *[αυτοις:] Ου γεγραπται· 66 OTL " That OLKOS of me, a house προσευχης κληθησεται ol prayer shall be called the house

you but have made nationsi σπηλαιον ληστων." · Και ηκουσαν οί γραμof robbers." the a den And beard scribes ματεις και οί γεις και εξητουν πως αυτον and the high-priett, and they sought how him απολεσουσιν εφορ υντο γαρ αυτον, ότι πας δ they might destroy: they hard for him, because all the οχλος εξεπληστετο επι τη διδαχη αυτου. 19 Και at the teaching of him. was amazed

πασι τοις εθυεσιν; ύμεις δε εποιησατε αυτον

δτε οψε εγενετο, εξεπορευετο εξω της πολεως. 20 Kat πρωι παραπορευομενοι, ειδον την And in the morning passing along, they saw the

he went out of the

13 and observing a Figtree, at a distance, having Leaves, he went to search for †fruit on it, (for it was not yet † the *season And having for Figs.) come to it, he found noth. ing but Leaves.

14 Then he said to it t" Let no one cat Frui of thee to the AGE!" An. his DISCIPLES heard him.

15 ‡ And they came to Jerusalem; and going into the TEMPLE, he drove out THOSE SELLING and buying, and overturned the TABLES of the BANKERS, and the SEATS of THOSE SELLING DOVES;

16 and would not permit any one to carry an Article through the TEMPLE.

17 He also taught * and said "Is it not written, t'My house shall be alled a House of Prayer for All NALIONS?' but nou .. ve made it a Den of Robbers."

18 1 And the *HIGH. PRIESTS and the SCRIB S heard, a..d sought ho; they might destroy him; for they feared him, B cause All the CROWD was astonished at his TEACH-

19 And when it was Evening, he went out of the CITY.

20 1 And passing along in the Morning, they saw

city.

when evening it became,

^{17.} and said, "Is it not." 17. to them · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. SEASON. 18. HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES.

^{† 13.} That Jesus had a right to gather figs from this tree, if there had been any upon it, appears from the law of Moses, mentioned in Deut. xxiii. 24, 25. Josephus alluding to this raw, mentions ripe fruits in general, not grapes and corn only. His words are—"Let not passengers, (whether natives or strangers,) be hindered from touching the ripe fruits. Let them be permitted to fill themselves with them, but not to carry any awly." Thatsome ripe first might be expected on fig-trees at that time of the year will appear, says Pearce, from the following considerations;—"Jesus went up to this fig-tree on the lith day of the month Nisan, i. e. three days before the Passover, which was always on the lith day of it. "On the morrow after the Sabbath' which followed the Passover, the first-fruits were to be offered to God in the temple." Lev. xxiii. 11. The leaves on the tree indicated that summer was nigh. Matt. xxiv. 32, and that fruit might be reasonably expected, especially as the fig-tree shoots forth its fruit before the leaves. If, therefore, the tree bore figs, now was the period to find and eat them.

† 13. That is, the season for gathering them.

† 14. Some cavillers object to this miracle of our Savior, and ask, What right had he to destroy this fig-tree? In answer, observe, that the tree was evidently barren, and therefore of no use to anyone; that it could hardly be private property, for it was on the public road; and that it was made the means of inculcating a great moral truth on the minds of his disciples.

† 13. Matt. xxi. 19.

† 15. Matt. xxi. 12. Luke xix. 45: John il. 14.

^{† 13.} Matt. xxi. 19. † 15. Matt. xxi. 12; Luke xix. 45; John il. 14. lvi. 7 † 18. Matt. xxi. 45, 46: Luke xix. 47. † 20. Matt. xxi. 19.

ριζων· 21 Kai avaμ- the FIG-TREE *εξηραμμενην* συκην €K having been withered from roots; fig-tree νησθεις ὁ Πετρος, λεγει αυτώ· 'Ραββι, ιδε, ή the Peter, says to him; Rahbi, lo, the hermg 22 Kat ท์ท εξηρανται. συκη, κατηρασω, fig-tree, which thou didst on se, has been withered. And αποκριθεις δ Ιησους λεγει αυτοις Εχετε πισ-answering the Jesus says to them. Have you faith 23 Αμην γαρ λεγω ύμιν, ότι ός αν TIV BEOU. Indeed for I say to you, that whoever of God. Αρθητι, και βλησητι ειπη τω ορει τουτω" may say to the mountain this; Be lifted up, and cast και μη διακριθη $\epsilon \nu$ τη and not should doubt in the εις την θαλασσαν. sea; the καρδια αύτου, αλλα πιστευση ότι α λεγει heart of himself, but should believe that what he says γινεται ullet εσται αυτ ψ δ εαν ειπ η . 24 Δ ια τουτ γ comes to pass; it shall be to him whatever he may say. Through this λεγω ύμιν, παντα όσα αν προσευχομενοι αιτεισ-I say to you, all things whatever praying θε, πιστευετε ότι λαμβανετε, και εσται δμιν. helieve you that you receive, and tahil be gou. 25 Και όταν στηκητε προσευχομενοι, αφιετε, ει forgive, if And when you stand praying, εχετε κατα τινος. ίνα και δ πατηρ any thing you have against any one; that also the father ύμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφη ύμιν τα παραπof you, that in the heavens, may for give you the faults τωματα ύμων. ²⁶ Ει δε ύμεις ουκ αφιετε, ουδε If but you not forgive, neither of you. δ πατηρ διμων, δ εν τοις ουρανοις, αφησει τα the father of you, that in the heavens, will forgive the 27 Και ερχονται παλιν παραπτωματα ύμων. faulte of you. And they come εις Ίεροσολυμα. Και εν τω ίερω περιπατουν-And in the temple to τος αυτου, ερχονται προς αυτον οί αρχιερεις come to him the high-priests of him, 28 Kal και οί γραμματεις και οί πρεσβυτεροι, and the scribes elders, and λεγουσιν αυτφ. Εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις: they say to him; By what authority these things does thou? και τις σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην εδωκεν, ίνα and who to thee the authority this gave, ποιης; ²⁹ 'Ο δε Ιησους * [αποιεριθεις] ταυτα these things thou may est do. The but Jesus [answering] ειπεν αυτοις. Επερωτησω ύμας *[καγω] ένα said to them; I will ask you [aloo I] one λογον και αποιεριθητε μοι, και €ρω ύμιν, €ν and answeryou to me, and I will tell to you, by word; 30 Το βαπτισμα ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω.

what authority these things

withered And remem- away from the Roots.

21 And PETER remembering, says to him, " Rabbi, behold, the FIG-TREE which thou didst curse, is withered away."

22 And Jesus answering says to them, "Have Faith

in God.

23 For indeed 1 say to you, ‡ That whoever should say to this MOUNTAIN, 'Be raised up, and thrown into the SEA; and should not doubt in his HEART, but believe that * what he says is being done; he shall have it.

24 For this reason I say to you, ‡ All things whatever you * pray for, and desire, believe That you will receive, and you

shall have them.

25 ‡ And when you stan praying, forgive, if ou have any thing against any one; that also THAT FA-THER of yours 1. the HEAVENS may forgive you your OFFENCES.

26 † [But ‡ir you do not forgive, neit. r will THAS FATHER of yours in th. HEAVENS forgive your or-

FENCES."]

27 I And they came again to Jerusalem. And as he Tas walking about in the TEMPLE, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS, came to him,

28 and * they said to him, "By What Authority doest thou these things? * or who EMPOWERED theu

to do them?" 29 And JESUS said to them, "I will ask you One Question; and if you answer me, I also will inform you by What Authority I do these things.

dipping

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. what he says is being done; he shall have it. For this.

24. pray for, and desire, believe you That you did receive.
25. they said.
28. or who:
29. answering—omit.
29. also I—omit.

^{† 26.} This verse is wanting in Dr. Birch's collation of the Vat. MS., and is omitted by several MSS. and Versions.

^{† 23.} Matt. xvii. 20; xxi. 2:: Luke xvii. 6. xiv 13; James i. 5. 6. ‡ 25. Matt. vi. 14; Col. iii. 13. ‡ 26. Matt. xviii. 35 ‡ 27. Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xx.

Ιωαννού εξ΄ ουρανού ην, ή εξ ανθρωπών; αποκof John from heaven was, or from men? answer ριθητε μοι. 31 Και ελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, you to me. λ ειπωμεν Εξ ουρανου, ερεινούς λεγοντες Εαν ειπωμεν Ες ουρανου, ερειν λεγοντες λεγονto me. And they reasoned among themselves, Διατι ουν ουκ επιστευσατε αυτω; 32 Αλλ' εαν Why then not did yan believe him; But if ειπωμεν. Εξ ανθρωπων εφοβουντα τον λαον. weshouldsay; From men; they feared the απαντες γαρ ειχον τον Ιωαννην, ότι οντως for held the John, that really 33 Και αποκριθεντες λεγουσι τω προφητης ην. a prophet Was. And answering they say to the Και δ Ιησους * [αποκρι-Ουκ οιδαμεν. Ιησου. Jesus. Not we know. And the Jesus [auswerθεις λεγει αυτοις. Ουδε εγω λεγω ύμιν, εν he says to them; Neither say to you, by ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιω. what authority these things I do.

КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

1 Και ηρξατο αυτος εν παραβολαις λεγειν.
And he began to them in parables to talk; Αμπελωνα εφυτευσαν ανθρωπος, και περιεθηκε A vineyard planted a man, and placed around φραγμον, και ωρυξεν ύποληνιον, και φκοδομησε a hedge, and dug a wine-vat, and πυργον και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις, και απεδηand let out it to husbandmen and μασε. 2 Και απεστειλε προς τους γεωργους τω And abroad. hesent to the husbaudmen in the καιρφ δουλον, ίνα παρα των γεωργων a slave, that from the husbandmen, he might receive απο του παρπου του αμπελωνος. ³Οί δε λαβον-They but taking of the fruit of the vineyard. 4 Kai τες αυτον, εδειραν, και απεστειλαν κενον. empty. they flayed, and sent away And παλιν απεστειλε προς αυτους αλλον δουλον. to them he sent another λιθοβολησαντες εκεφαλαιωσαν, και KAKELVOV pelting with stone . hay wounded on the head, and and this *[απεστειλαν] ητιμωμενον.
[sent away] having dis nonored. δ Και αλλον απε-And another και πολλους στειλε κακεινον απεκτειναν they killed 1 and aent, nu is αλλους, τους μεγ δεροντες, τους δε αποκτενsome indeed others, flaying, some hut 6 Ετι * [ουν] ένα υίον εχων, αγαπητον VOVTES. *[αύτου,] απεστειλε *[κα:] αυτον προς αυτους (of himself,] he sent [and] him to them εσχατον, λεγων 'Οτι εντραπησονται τον υίον last, saying; That they will regard the soo last, saying; That they will regard the sou μου. 9 Εκείνοι δε έγεωργοι είπον προς έαυτους: anose butthe husbaudmen said of me. 10 themselves:

30 Was the IMMERSION of *JOHN from Heaven, or from Men? Answer me."

31 And they reasoned among themselves, saying, "If we should say, From Heaven; he will say, Why then did you not believe him?

32 But * should we say, From Men;"—they feared the PEOPLE; for all maintain that ‡ John was really

a Prophet.

33 And answering they say to Jesus, "We do not know." And Jesus says to them, "neither do Etell you by What Authority I do these things."

CHAPTER XIL

1 ‡ And he began to address them in Parablez.

"A Man planted a Vineyard, and placed a Hedge about it, and dug a *Wineyat, and built a Tower, and leased it to CULTIVATORS. and left the country.

2 And he sent a Servant to the CULTIVATORS, at the SEASON, that he might receive from the CULTIVA-TORS of the *FRUITS of the VINEYARD.

3 But * seizing him, they beat Him, and sent him away empty.

4 And again he sent to them another Servant; and *him they wounded in the head, and disgracefully treated.

5 And he sent Another, and him they killed; and Many Others, beating *some, and killing *some.

6 * Having yet One beloved Son, he sen him last to them. saying, They will respect my LON?

7 But Those CULTIVA-TORS said among them-

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. John.

mit. 2. FRUITS of. 4. him they wounded in the head. 4. sent away—omit. 5. some. 5. some. 6. therefore—omit. 6. of himself—omit. 6. also—omit.

^{† 1.} See Note on Matt. xxi. 33.

^{1 32.} Matt. iii. 5; xiv. 5; Mark vi. 20. Isa. v. 1-7.

^{† 1.} Matt. xxi. 23; Luke xxii. 9; See

Ότι ούτος εστιν δ κληρονομος δευτε, αποκ-That this is the heir; come, we may τεινωμεν αυτον, και ήμων εσται ή κληρονομια. kill him and of us shall be the inheritance 🤻 Και λαβοντες αυτον, απεκτειναν, και εξεβαthey killed, And having taken him. and 9 Τ: *[ουν] ποιησει λον εξω του αμπελωνος. out of the What [therefore] will do vineyard. ό κυριος του αμπελωνος; Ελευσεται και απολεthe ford of the vineyard? He will come and σει τους γεωργους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα husbandmen, and will give the vineyard αλλοις. to others. · Λιθον όν απεδοκιμασον οί οικοδομουντες, ούτος " A stone which rejected those building. 11 παρα κυριου εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωνιας. was made into a head of a corner. by a Lord εγενετο αύτη, και εστι θαυμαστη εν οφθαλμαις was done this, and it is wonderful in ημων ;" 12 Και εζητουν αυτον κρατησαι, και of us ?" And they sought him to seize, but εφοβηθησαν τον οχλον εγνωσαν γαρ, ότι προς they feared the crowd; they knew for, that to αυτους την παραβολην Kat αΦεντες ELTTE. them the parable he spoke. And leaving αυτον, απηλθον. him, they went away.

13 Και αποστελλουσι προς αυτον τινας των they send to him some Φαρισαιων και των 'Ηρωδιανων, ίνα αυτ.ν.:γρευ-Pharisees and of the Herodians, that him they might 14 Οί δε ελθοντις λεγουσιν αυτφ. σωσι λογώ. atch in word. They and baving come they say to him: $\Delta i\delta a\sigma \kappa a\lambda \epsilon$, $\delta i\delta a\mu \epsilon \nu$, $\delta \tau i\delta a\lambda \eta \theta \eta s\epsilon i$, και ου O teacher. we know, that true thou art, and not μελει σοι περι ουδενος ου γαρ βλεπεις εις cares thee about no one not for thoulookeet into προσωπον ανθρωπων, αλλ' επ' αληθειας την δδον of men, but ia the face truth διδασκεις. του θεου εξεστι κνησον Καισαρι is it lawful tribute to Cesar 15 'O δωμεν, δουναι, η ου; δουναι, η ου; δωμεν, η μη δωμεν; to give, or not should we give? He δε ειδως αυτων την ύποκρισιν, ειπεν αυτοις. but knowing of them the hypocrisy, said to them: hy με πειραζετ; φερετε μοι δηναριον, ίνα ιδω. me do you tempt? hring you to me a denarius, that I may see. 16 Οί δε ηνεγκαν. Tivos n Και λεγει αυτοις. They and brought. And he says to them: Of whom the one. And he says to them,

selves; 'This is the HEIR: come, let us kill : 'm. and the INHERITANCE will be ours.'

8 Then seizing him, they killed him, and cast him out of the VINTYARD

What will 'he LORD of the VINEYARD do? He will come and destroy those cultivators, and giv the VINEYARD to others.

10 Have you not even read this SCRIPTURE? t'A Stone which the BUILDERS rejected, has become the Head of the Corner:

11 this was performed by Jehovah, and it is wonderful in our Eyes."

12 ‡ And they sought to apprehend Him, but they feared the CROWD; for they knew that he had spoken the PARABLE respecting them; and leaving him, they went away.

13 I Then they send to him some of the PHARI-SEES, and of the Herodians, that they might ensnare Him ir Conversation.

14 And having come, THEY say to him, "Teacher, we know that thou art sincera, and carest for no one; for thou lookest not to the Appearance of Men, but teachest the WAY of GOD in Truth. † Is it lawful to pay Tax to Cesar, or not?

15 Should we pay, or should we not pay?" But HE, knowing their HYPOC-RISY, said to them, "Why do you try Me? Bring me a Denarius, that I may see it."

16 And THEY brought

^{*} LATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. therefore -omit.

^{† 12.} The Jews, whose religious system was theocracy, were of opinion, that they could not, consistently with their allegance to God their king, comply with paying an acknowledgment of subordination to an earthly sovereign. Judas of Galliee was the first who endeavored to persuade the Jews of the unlawfulness of paying tribute to a foreign potentate. See Josephus Ant. xviii. 1. and B. J. ii. 12. The primitive Christians also held a similar opinion, and fondly thought, that their subjection to Jesus Christ exempted them from all allegiance to the power of the magistrate. This idea is the proper clue to lead us to a right understanding of all those passages in the epistolary writings of the New Testament, which relate to giving overnment.—Wakefield.

^{1 10} Psa. cxviii. 22. 1 12. Matt. xxi. 45, 46; Mark xi. 18; John vii. 25, 30, 46 1 13. Matt xxii. 15; Luke xx. 20.

εικων αυτη, και ἡ επιγραφη; Οἱ δε ειπον αυτφικένες this, and the inscription? They and said to bim; Kaισαροs.

17 Kαι * [αποκριθειs] ό Ιησους ειπεν ο Γ (Cesar. And [answering]] the Jesus said*[avrois:] Aποδοτε τα Καισαρος Καισαρι, to Cesar, to Cesar, και τα του θ εου, τ ϕ θ ε ϕ . Και ε θ αυμασεν and the things of the God, to the God. And they wondered $\epsilon \pi'$ autw. 18 Kai $\epsilon \rho \chi$ ovtai Zabbovkaioi $\pi \rho$ os at him. And come Sadducees to αυτον, οίτινες λεγουσιν αναστασιν μη ειναι' him, who say a resurrection not to be; και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες: ¹⁹ Διδασκαλε, and they asked him, saying; Oteacher, Μωσης εγραψεν ήμιν, "έτι εαν τινος αδελφος Moses wrote for us, "that if any brother αποθανη, και καταλιπη γυναικα, και τεκνα μη should die, and should leave behind a wife, and children not ίνα λαβη ό αδελφος αυτου την γυναιshould leave, that should take the brother of him the κα αυτου, και εξαναστηση σπερμα, τφ. αδελφφ of him, and should raise up seed, to the brother autou." 20 Epita abelong from 20 Epita abelong from 20 Epita abelong from 20 Equation $^{$ ελαβε γυναικα, και αποθνησκων ουκ αφηκε took a wife, and dying not left 21 Και δ δευτερος ελαβέν αυτην, σπερμα. And the second took her, και απεθανε, και ουδε αυτος αφηκε σπερμα· και and died, and neither by left seed: and δ τριτος ώσαυτως. ²² λαι *[ελαβον αυτην] ό τριτος ώσαυτως. And frook third in like manner. her οί έπτα, και ουκ αφηκαν σπερμα. Εσχανη left Last the seren, and not seed. παντων απεθανε και ή γυνη.
of all died also the wuman. 23 Εν τη *[ουν] of all died also the woman. In the [therefore] αναστασει, *[όταν αναστωσι,] τινος αυτων resurrection, [when they shall rise,] of whom of them εσται γυνη ; οί γαρ έπτα ασχον αυτην γυναιshall be a wife? the for seven had her 24 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· And answering the Jesus said Ου δια τουτο πλαναπθε, μη ειδοτες τας γραφας, Not through this do you err, not knowing the writings, $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$ την δανάμιν του θεου: 25 Όταν γαρ $\epsilon\kappa$ neither the power of the God? When for out of νεκρων αναστωσιν, ουτε γαμουσιν, ουτε dead (ones) they may rise, neither they marry. nor dead (ones) they may rise, neither they marry, nor $\gamma \alpha \mu \iota \sigma \kappa \sigma \nu \tau \alpha \iota$, $\alpha \lambda \lambda'$ $\epsilon \iota \sigma \iota \nu \omega \sigma \alpha \gamma \epsilon \lambda \delta \iota \epsilon \nu \tau \sigma \iota \sigma$ are given in marriage, but are as messengers in the ουρανοις. 26 Περι δε των νεκρων, ότι εγειρον-beavens. Concerning but the dead (ones,) that they rise ται, ουκ ανεγνωτε εν τη βιβλω Μωσεως, επι not have you read in the book of Moses, at του βατου ώς ειπεν αυτφ δ θεος, λεγων bush as said to him the God, saying: Eγω δ θεος Αβρααμ, και δ θεος Ισαακ, και I the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and

"Whose LIKENESS and IN-SCRIPTION is this?" And THEY said to him, "Cesar's."

17 And JESUS said. "Render the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of GOD, to God." And they *wondered at

18 Then the Sadducees, who say there is no Resurrection, came to him, and asked him, saying,

"Teacher, Moses wrote for us, 'That if one's Brother should die, and leave a Wife behind, and 'leave no Children, that his BROTHER should take his WIFE, and raise up Off-'spring for his BROTHER."

20 There were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST took a Wife, and dying, left no Child.

21 And the SECOND took. her, and died, *leaving no Child; and the THIRD in like manner.

22 And the SEVEN left no Offspring. Last of all the WOMAN also died.

23 At the RESURREC-TION, Whose Wife will she be of them? for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

24 And Jesus answering said to them, "Do you not err through this,—not knowing the SCRIPTURES, nor the POWER of GOD?

25 For when they shall rise from the Dead, they will neither marry, nor be given in marriage: ‡but be as * THOSE ANGELS in the HEAVENS.

26 But concerning the DEAD, that they will rise, have you not read in the воок of Moses, at the визн, how God spoke to him, saying, ‡' E am the God of Abraham, and the * God of Isaac, and the * God of Jacob ?

Varican Manuschipt.— 17. answering—omit. 17. to them—omit. 17. greatly undered at him. 21. leaving no Child, 22. took her—omit. 23. therefore—it. 23 when they shall rise—omit. 25. THOSE ANGELS. 26. God. 26. God. 17. greatly

δ θεος Ιακωβ." 27 Our εστιν δ θεος νεκρων, the God of Jacob." Not is the God of dead (ones.) αλλα ζωντων. 'Υμεις $\frac{1}{2}$ [ouv] πολυ πλανασθε. hut of living (ones.) You [therefore] greatly err.

²⁸ Και προσελθων είς των γραμματεων, ακουσας Από appeaching one of the scribes, having heard αυτων συζητουντων, είδως ότι καλως αυτοις them disputing, knowing that well to them απεκριθη, επηρωτησεν αυτον Ποια εστι πρωτη λε answered, asked him; Which is first παντων εντολη; ²⁹ Ο *[δε] Ιησους απεκριθη of all commandment; The land Jesus replied αυτων Ότι πρωτη *[παντων εντολη-] * Ακουε to him; That first [of all commandment;] "Hearthou Iσραηλ, κυριος, δ θεος ήμων, κυριος είς εστι· Israel, a Lord, the God of us, Lord one is:

30 και αγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου εξ δλης

30 και αγαπησεις κυριον τον θεον σου εξ δλης sand thou shalt love a Lord the God of the cot of whole the Kale εξ δλης της ψυχης σου, ατι εξ δλης της ψυχης σου, ατι εξ δλης της διανοιας σου, και εξ δλης της διανοιας σου, και εξ δλης and out of whole of the mind of thee and ent of whole of the strength of the the first commandment of the strength of the the first commandment of the second [This are commandment] and second [This,] αύτη το Αγαπησεις this:

And second [inc.] This thou had been at the neighbor of thee as thyself." Greater of these alanguages the neighbor of thee as thyself." Greater of these alanguages and the vertex alanguages the serihe: Well, Oteacher. In truth the serihe: Alos of the serihe and not is another besides autoou 35 kal to ayaman autou ef days the water autoou 35 kal to ayaman autou ef days the kapdias, kal ef days the stoler him music whole of the kapdias, kal ef days the sole in music whole of the sole, and out of whole of the understanding, fand out of days the sole, and out of whole of the sole, and the toleve the neighbor as himsel, more efter autof the whole burnt offerings and sacrifices.

34 Και ὁ Ιησους, ιδων αυτον, ότι νουνεχως απεκAnd the Jesus, seeing him, that discreetly he anριθη, ειπεν αυτφ^{*} Ου μακραν ει απο της βαswered, said to him: Not far thou art from the kingσιλείας του θεου. Και ουδεις ουκετι ετολμα.
dom of the God. And no one no longer presumed

dom of the God. And no one no longer presumed αυτον επερωτησαι.

him to ask. And αποκριθεις ὁ Ιησους him to ask.

ελεγε, διδασκων εν του ίερον. Πως λεγουσιν οί said, teaching in the temple: How say the

27 He is not the *God of the dead, but of the Living; *you do greatly err."

28 ‡ And one of the SCRIBES, having heard them disputing, and perceiving That he had ably answered them, asked him, "Which is the Chief Commandment of all?"

29 Jesus replied to him, "The first *is,—‡' Hear-'ken, Israel; Jehovah our 'God is one Jehovah;

30 'and thou shalt love 'Jehovah thy God with All 'thy * Heart, and with All 'thy * Soul, and with All 'thy * Mind, and with All 'thy strength.'

31 And the second, this, —1°Thou shalt love thy "NEIGHBOR EE thyself." There is no Other Commandment greater than these."

32 The SCRIBE said to him, "Of a truth, Teacher, those hast spoken well; for he is One, ‡ and besides him there is no other;

53 and to LOVE him with All the UNDERSTAND-ING, and with All the STREMGTH, and to LOVE one'S NEIGHBOR as one'S self, is *abundantly more than All the WHOLE BURNT OFFERINGS and *Sacrifices."

F4 And Jesus perceiving
That he had answered
wisely, said to him, "Thou
art not far from the KINGDOM of GOD." # And no
one presumed to question
him any further.

35 ‡ And Jesus said, while teaching in the TEM-PLE, "Why dothe SCRIBES

^{*} Varican Manuscrift.—27. God. 27. therefore—omit. 27. you do greatly err.—29. And—omit. 29. Commandment of all—omit. 29. is. 30. Heart. 30. Soul. 30. Mind. 30. This the First Commandment—omit. 31. like—omit. 32. And—omit. 33. and with All the soul—omit. 33. abundantly work.

^{† 28.} Matt. xxii. 35. † 20. Deut. vi. 4; Luke x. 27. † 31. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 39; Rom. xiii. 9; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 3. † 32. Deut. iv. 39: Isa. xlv. 6, 14: xlvi. 9. † 33. 18am. xv. 22; Hoshea vi. 6: Micah vi. 6—8. † 34. Matt. xxii. 46. † 35. Matt. xxii. 41; Luke xx. 41.

γραμματεις, ότι δ Χριστος υίος εστι Δαυιδ; that the Anointed ason is of David? Autos $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\Delta \alpha v i \delta$ $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon v$ ϵv $\pi v \epsilon v \mu \alpha \tau i$ $\dot{\alpha} \gamma i \phi$.

Himself for David said by a spirit holy; " Λεγει δ κυριος τφ κυριφ μου" Καθου εκ δεξι-Says the Lord to the Lord of me; Sitthou at right ων μου, έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποκοδιον of me. till I may place the enemies of thee a footstool των ποδων σου." 37 Αυτος ουν Δαυιδ λεγει of thee." Himself therefore David αυτον κυριον· και ποθεν υίος αυτου εστι; Και Lord: and whence a son of him is he? And Lord: and whence a son of him is he? And δ πολυς οχλος ηκουεν αυτου ήδεως. the great crowd heard him gladly. ελεγεν *[αυτοις] εν τη διδαχη αύτου. Βλεπετε [to them] in the teaching of himself; Beware you απο των γραμματεων, των θελοντων εν στολαις those desiring in long robes scribes, περιπατείν, και ασπασμούς εν ταις αγοραίς, to walk about, and salutations in the ³⁹ και πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, και in the first seats synagogues, πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις· 40 οί κατ εσθιονσεν at the feasts: upper couches thosa devouring τας οικιας των χηρων, και προφασει μακρα προσ-tha bouses of the widows. and for a how ong are ευχομενοι ούτοι ληψονται περιστοτερον κριμα. Drayings these will receive heavier Judgment. 41 Και καθισας *[δ ίησους] KATEVAVTL TOU (be Jesus) And sitting over against γαζοφυλακιου, εθεωρει πως δ οχλος βαλλει - he beheid how the crowd γαλκον εις το γαζοφιλακιον. Και πολλοι into the treasury. copper And many 42 Και ελθουσα μια πλουσιοι εβαλλον πολλα. much. And coming one χηρα πτωχη, εβαλε λεπτα δυο, δ εστι κοδdow poor, cast miles
μαντης, 43 Και προσκαλ εσαμενος τους μαθητας
the disciples αύτου, ϵ ιπεν αυτοις Αμην λ εγω $\dot{\nu}$ μιν, $\dot{\nu}$ τι $\dot{\eta}$ of himself, he said to them, Indeed I say to you. that the χηρα αύτη ή πτωχη πλειον παντων βεβληκε widow this the poor more has cast βαλοντων εις το γαζοφυλακιον. 44 Πανofthose casting into the treasury. τες γαρ εκ του περισσευοντος αυτοις εβαλον. for out of the abounding fulness to them have cast; αύτη δε εκ της ύστερησεως αύτης παντα δσα but out of the poverty of herself all as much as

say, That the MESSIAH is a Son of David?

36 For David himself said, by the Holy Spirit, \$\pm\$+' Jehovah said to my 'Lord, Sit thou at my 'Right hand, till I put 'thine ENEMIES unders' neath thy FEET.'

37 David himself, there fore, calls him Lord, and how then is he * His Son? And the GREAT Crowd heard him with pleasure.

38 And he said in his TEACHING, ‡" Beware of THOSE SCRIBES WHO DESIRE to walk about in † Long robes, and ‡love Salutations in the MARKETS,

39 and the Principal seats in the SYNAGOGUES, and the Upper couch at FEASIS;

40 1 those PLUNDERING the FAMILIES of WIDOWS, and for a Show make long Prayers; these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

41 ‡ And sitting opposite to the TREASURY, he beheld how the CROWD cast Money into ‡the TREASURY; and Many Rich men cast in much.

42 And a poor Widow approaching, cast in two Lepta, that is, a †Farthing.

43 And having called to him his disciples, he said to them, "Indeed I say to you, ‡ That this foor widow has cast in more than All of those casting into the treasury;

44 for they All cast in out of their superfluity, but she out of her poversty cast in all that she had,—her Whole Living."

ειχεν εβαλεν, όλον τον βιον αύτης.

she had

whole the living of herself,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. His Son.

^{38.} to them-omit.

^{41.} JESUS-omit.

^{†38.} In the original (Psa. cx.1) it is Jehovah. But the Evangelist has adopted the version of the LXX, who, I suppose, could not venture to translate that word which every Jew reparded with the profoundest reverence, and could not pronounce it without danger of foreiting his claim to a future state. Wakefield.

78. The stolee was an Oriental parment descending to the ancies, and worn by persons of distinction, as Kings, Priests and nonorable persons, and were affected by the Jurists of the Pharisaical sect.—Bloomfield, t 42. Or rather three-fourths of a farthing, or four mills. A kodrantees (Lat. quadrans.) was a koman copper coin. equivalent to the fourth part of an assaron, or two Lepta.

^{1 30.} Psa. cx. 1. 1 38. Matt. xxiii. 1; Luke xx. 48. 1 38. Luke xt. 43. 1 40. Matt. xxiii. 14. 2 Kings xii. 9. 7 43, 2 Cor. viii. 12

КЕФ. ιγ'. 13.

1 Και εκπορευομένου αυτου εκ του Ιερου, of him ont of the temple, departing λεγει αυτφ είς των μαθητων αυτου. Διδασκαλε, says to him one of the disciples of him; O teacher, και ποταποι οικοδομαι. ιδε, ποταποι λιθοι and what buildings. what stones *[αποκριθεις] δ Ιησους $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ Και αυτω. Jesus [answering] said to him; And the Βλεπεις ταυτας τας μεγαλας οικοδομας; ου μη great buildings? these απφελη λιθος επι λιθώ, ός ου μη καταλυθη. may be left a stone upon a stone, which not not may be thrown down. 3 Και κυθημενου αυτου εις το ορος των ελαιων, of him on the mountain of the olive trees, And sitting κατεναντι του ίερου, επηρωτων αυτον κατ' ιδιαν bim over against the temple, asked privately Πετρος, και Ιακωβος, και Ιωαννης, και Ανδρεας. Peter. and James, and John, ήμιν, ποτε ταυτα εσται, και τι το 4 Eine and what the Say when these things shall be, σημείον, όταν μελλη παντα τ υτα συντελείσaign, when are about all these times to be ended? to be ended? θαι. 5'Ο δε Ιησους * [αποκριθε:ς αυτοις,] ηρξατο The and Jesus answering _ em,] Βλεπετε μη TL ນັ້ມ ແຮ πλανηση. λεγειν. Take heed not asy one gou may deceive to say; f Πολλοι *[γαρ] ελευσονται τι φονοματι μου,
Many [for] shall come n the name of me, Ότι εγω ειμι και πολλους πλανηλεγοντες. That I and many they will am: saying; 'Όταν δε ακουσητε TOXELOUS Kal , ουσιν. and ye all hear and deceive. * [yap] πολεμων, θροεισθε• akoas $\mu\eta$ reports of wars. not be disturbed $\gamma \in \nu \in \sigma \theta a \iota^*$ all $\alpha \lambda \lambda^*$ out $\alpha \tau \sigma \tau \in \lambda o s$. So take place; but not yet the end. be disturbed; it behoves for 3 8 Εγερθησεται Shall be raised up γαρ εθνος επι εθνος, και βασιλεια επι βασιnation egainst nation, and kingdom against king-*[Ka1] εσονται σεισμοι κατα τοπους, λιαν dom; [and] shall be earthquakes in *[και] εσονται λιμοι *[και ταραχαι.] places, dom: Αρχαι (and commotions.) Beginnings shalt be famines

CHAPTER XIII.

1 1 And as he was going out of the TEMPLE, one of his DISCIPLES says to him, "Teacher, see; † What Stones! and What Build ings!"

2 And Jesus said to him, "Seest thon These GREAT Buildings? Ithere shall not be * left here a Stone upon a Stone; tall will be overthrown."

3 And as he was sitting on t the MOUN !! of OLIVES opposite the TIMPLE. Peter, and James, and John, and Andrew asked him privately,

4 "Tell us, when these things will be?" and "What will be the sign when all these things are about to be accomplished?"

5 And Jesus oegan to * say to them, I" Beware. tha. no one deceive You.

6 Many will come in my AME, saving, 'E am he; an' will deceive Many.
7 And when you shall

hear or Conflicts, and Reporte o Battles, he not alarmed; for these things n.us" occur, but the END is not yet.

8 For Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; there will be Earthquakes in various places, and there will be Famines; these are the *Beginnings of Sor-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. an swering—omit. em—omit. 5. say to them, "Beware." and—omit. 8. and—omit. 8. and co 2. le.t here.
6. for-omit. 5. answering 7. for-omit them-omit. 8. a Beginning of. 8. and commotions-omit. B. and-omit.

^{8.} and—omit. 8. and—omit. 8. and commotions—omit. 8. a Beginning of. 1. Josephus says that the stones with which Herod built the temple, were "of a white and firm substance," and that "every one of them was about twenty-five cubits in length, eight in heighth, and twelve in breadth." A cubit was nearly twenty-two inches of our measure. 12. How exactly this prediction was fulfilled may be known from Josephus. —He says, Cosar ordered the soldiers to dig up the whole city and the temple; but to leave three of the highest turrets standing; and a part of the wall, as a secruity to the garrison. But they so entirely dug up and levelled all the rest of the city, that none who saw it, would think it to have ever been inhabited." Eleazar, in his animated speech to his countrymen, thus exclaims: "Where is that great city, the metropolis of the Jewish people, defended by such walls and such mighty towers? Where is that city, which was thought to be inhabited by Goo? It is form up from its foundations; and the only memorial that remains of it, is the camp of its destroyers, which is stationed in the ruins." It is also related in the Taanith of Maimonides, that according to Roman custom, the very foundations of the temple were dug up, and that T. Rufus, a Roman commander, carried a plough over them. 43. From this spot the whole of Jerusalem was spread before the eye; and its situation. form, buildings, coundaries, and different parts, distinctly and individually seen; more especially Mount h. Orah and Solomon's Temple, together with its spacious area.

9 Βλεπετε δε ύμεις έαυτους. ωδινων ταυτα. you yourselves: of norrows these. Take heed but παραδωσουσι *[γαρ] ύμας εις συνεδρια, και εις they will deliver up [for] you to naubedrius, and into συναγωγας δαρησεσθε, και επι ήγεμονων και synagogues you will be beaten, and before governors and βασιλεων σταθησεσθε, ένεκεν εμου, εις μαρτυριον you will stand, on account of me, for a testimony 10 Και εις παντα τα autois. $\epsilon \theta \nu \eta$ δει, And among to them. all the nations it behoves. 11 'Οταν δε πρωτον κηρυχθηναι το ευαγγελιον. to be published the glad tidings. When but αγωσιν ύμας παραδιδοντες, μη προμεριμνατε delivering up, not be auxious beforehand they may lead you δ εαν τι λαλησετε, what you should speak, wbstever δοθη ύμιν εν εκεινη τη ώρα, τουτο λαλειτε·
may be given to you in that the hour, this speak you; ου γαρ εστε ύμεις οί λαλουντες, αλλα το πνευμα you the speaking, but the spirit 12 Παραδωσει δε αδελφος αδελφον not for are άγιον. TO holy. Will deliver up and a brother a brother εις θανατον, και πατηρ τεκνον και επαναστηa child; nod they shall death, and father σονται τεκνα επι γονεις, και θανατωσουσιν rise up children against parents, and deliver to death 13 Kai $\epsilon \sigma \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ $\mu i \sigma o v \mu \epsilon \nu o i v \pi o \pi a \nu \tau \omega \nu$, And you will be being hated by all, αυτους. 'Ο δε ύπομεινας εις τελυς, δια Το υνοματή fine. He but persection through the name of me. He but persection through the name of me. 14 Oταν δε ιδητε He but persevering to end, το βδε-When hut you may see the aborniwill be saved. λυγμα της ερημωσεως έστως όπου ου δει (έ having stood where notitought; (he nation of the desolation αναγινωσκων νοείτω) τοτε οί εν τη Ίουδαια, reading let him think; then those in the Judea, φευγετωσαν εις τα ορη 15 δ $\stackrel{*}{=}$ $[\delta\epsilon]$ επι του let them flee to the mountain; he [and] on the δωματος, μη κατωβατω $*[\epsilon$ ις την οικίαν,] μη ϵ ε not let him go down [into the house,] εισελθετω, αραι τι εκ της οικιας αύτου·
to take anything out of the house of himself; 16 και δ εις τον αγρον ων, μη επιστρεψατω εις and he in the field being, not lethim turn into τα οπισω, αραι το ίματιον αυτου. 17 Oval Be back, to take the mantle of him. Woe but ταις εν γαστρι εχουσαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις to the in womb having and to the giving suci. 18 Προσευχεσθε δε, εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις. in those the days. Pray you but. ίνα γενηται ή φυλη μη ύμων χειμωνος. not may be the flight of you of wints-

9 But take heed to yourselves. They will deliver you up to High Councils and to Synagogues; and you will be beaten, and will stand before Governors and Kings on my account, for a Testimony to them.

10 ‡ And the GLAD TI-DINGS must first be published among All the NA-

TIONS

11 ‡ But when they conduct you to deliver you up, be not anxious beforehand what you should speak; but whatever may be given you in That HOUR, this speak; for it is not YOU who will SPEAK, but the HOLY SPIRIT.

12 And ‡ Brother will deliver up Brother to Death, and a Father his Child; and Children will rise up against Parents, and cause them to die.

13 ‡ And you will be hated by all on account of my NAME; but HE, who PATIENTLY ENDURES to the Eng, he will be saved.

14 ‡ But when you shall see THAT DESTRUCTIVE ABOMINATION, standing where it ought not"—(READER, attend!)—"then let THOSE in Judea ESCAPP to the MOUNTAINS;

15 tlet not HIM who is on the ROOF descend, nor enter his HOUSE, to take Anything out of it:

16 and let not him who is in the FIELD return BACK to take his MANTLE.

17 ‡ But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS!

18 But pray that *it may not be in Winter;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. for—omit. 11. nor be concerned—omit. 15. and 15. into the House—omit. 18. it may not be.

^{† 15.} The peculiar construction of Eastern houses is here referred to. They were all of the same heighth, so that a person could walk at the top of a range of buildings, without inconvenience, from one end to the other. In Palestine they are still built on this plan. A staircase is carried on the outside from the top of the house to the bottom. The injunction in this verse is delivered in a figure, expressive of great eagerness and expedition; so that if a man was walking on the roof, he was directed to go stright forwards, till he got out of the city; and not to delay even to go down into the house to take the most necessary articles of food and raiment for his flight.

^{† 9.} Matt. x. 17, 18; xxiv. 9; Rev. ii. 10. † 10. Luke xxiv. 14. † 11. Matt. x. 19; Luke xii. 11: xxi. 14. † 12. Matt. x. 21; xxiv. 10; Luke xxi. 16. † 13. Matt. x. 10. Luke xxi. 17 † 14. Dan ix. 27; Matt. xxiv. 12; Luke xxi. 20. † 17. Luke xxiii. 20

19 for in those DAYS

will be Distress, ‡ such as

has not been from the Be-

ginning of the Creation,

which GoD created, till

Person could survive; but

on account of the CHOSEN.

whom he has selected, he has cut short the DAYS. 21 And then if any one

should say to you, 'Behold,

the MESSIAH is here!' or 'Behold,-there!' believe

22 because False Mes-

siahs and False Prophets

will arise, and exhibit

Signs and Wonders, to DE-

CEIVE, if possible, the CHO-23 ‡ But be gou on your

guard; I have forewarned

after that AFFLICTION, the

tthe sun will be obscured.

and the MOON will with-

fall out of HEAVEN, and

THOSE POWERS in the

HEAVENS will be shaken.

see the son of man coming

in Clouds, with great Pow-

26 ‡ And then they will

27 And then he will send

forth *the MESSENGERS,

and assemble his CHOSEN from the FOUR Winds, from

the Extremity of Earth to

the utmost bound of Hea-

25 and * the STARS will

hold her LIGHT.

er and Glory.

24 But in Those DAYS,

it not;

you,

20 And except the Lord cut short the DAYS, No

Now, nor ever will be.

θλιψis, ¹⁹ Εσονται γαρ αί ήμεραι εκειναι οία Shall be for the those affliction, such as days ου γεγονε τοιαυτη απ' κτισεως, ής αρχης from a beginning not has been so great of creation, which εκτισεν δ θεος, έως του νυν, και ου μη γενηται. created the God, till the now, and not not may be. 20 Και ει μη κυριος εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας, ουκ

And if net a Lord shortened the days, αν εσωθη πασα σαρξ αλλα should be saved all flesh; but on a δια TOUS EKbut on account of the λεκτους, ούς εξελεξατο, εκολοβωσε τας ήμερας. sen (ones,) whom he has chosen, he has shortened the days. 21 Και τοτε εαν τις ύμιν ειπη. Ιδου, ώδ∈ δ

if any one to you should say; Lo, here the χριστος η Ιδου, εκει μη πιστευετε. 22 ΕγερAnointed; or; Lo, here; not believe you. Shall θησονται γαρ ψευδοχριστοι και ψευδοπροφηται, for false anointed ones and false prophets και δωσουσι σημεια και τερατα, προς το αποand shall give signs and

d wonders, to the to de- $*[\kappa \alpha i]$ $\tau o \nu s \in \kappa \lambda \in \kappa \tau o \nu s$. πλαναν, ει δυνατον, You I have foretold to you

but take heed; [lo,] 24 Αλλ' εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις, μετα παντα. days, all. But in those the after την θλιψιν εκεινην, δ ήλισς σκοτισθησεται, the affliction that, sun shall be darkened, Kal σεληνη ου δωσει τοφεγγος αύτης. not shall give the light and the moon of herself; ²⁵ και οί αστερος του ουρανου εσονται εκπιπτονand the stars of the heaven shall be fal-

και αί δυναμεις, αί εν τοις ουρανοις, TES. and the powers, those in the heavens, 26 Και τοτε οψονται τον υίον σαλευθησονται. shall be shaken. And then they shall see the

ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελαις, μετα του on clouds,
27 Και τοτε αποσcoming ofthe man δυναμεως πολλης και δοξης.

much and glory. And then τελει τους αγγελους αὐτου, και επισυναξει τους send the messengers of himself, and he will gather the εκλεκτους αύτου εκ των τεσσαρων ανεμων, chosen (ones) of himself from the four winds. 25 Aπ0 ακρου γης έως ακρου ουρανου. from an extremity of earth to an extremity of heaven. From

δε της συκης μαθετε την παραβολην. fig-tree learn you the parable: when the αυτης ηδη δ κλαδος άπαλος γενηται, tender may become, the branch τα φυλλα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς το εκφυη

from the fig-tree, When its BRANCH now becomes και tender, and puts forth and

LEAVES, *itisknown That

δταν 28 Now learn a PARABLE

leaves, the SUMMER is near. may put forth the you know, that near

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. even—omit. 23. 10—omit. 25. the STARS will fall out of HEAVEN, and THOSE POWERS. 28. it is known That.

^{† 24.} In Isaiah xiii, 9, 10, 13, when the destruction of Babylon is threatened, it is thus expressed, "the stars of heaven and the constellations thereof shall not give their light; the sun shall be darkened in his going forth, and the moon shall not cause her light to shine. I will shake the heavens, &c." And the reader may find the same eastern manner of speaking in the following places of scripture:—Job xxx. 28; Eccl. xii. 1, 2; Isa. xxiv. 23; xxxiv. 4; lx. 20; Jer. iv. 23; xv. 9; Ezek. xxii. 7, 8; Dan. viii. 10; Joel ii. 10, 30, 31; iii. 15; Amos v. 20; viii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 10, 12; Rev. vi. 12—14.

^{1 24.} Matt. xxiv. 29; Luke Exi. 25.

²⁹ Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ταυτα θερος εστιν. you. when these things summer Se alus ίδητε γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότι εγγυς εστιν youmayseecoming to pass, knowyou, that near heis 30 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ου μη Indeed I say to you, that not not €πι θυραις. at. doers. γενεα αύτη, μεχρις ού παντα παρελθη ή may pass away the generation this, till of whom ald 31 Ο ουρανος και ή γη παρεταυτα γενηται The heaven and theearth shall these may be done. λευσεται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελθωσι. the but words of me not not may pass away.

32 Περι δε της ήμερας εκεινης η της ώρας day that or the hour Concerning but the ουδεις οιδεν, ουδε οἱ αγγελοι, οἱ εν ουρανφ, πο οπε κπονκ, ποτ the messengers, those in hearen, ουδε δ υίος, ει μη δ πατηρ. 33 Βλεπετε, αγποτ the son, if not the father. Τακe heed, watch ρυπνειτε * [και προστευχεσθε] ουκ οιδατε γαρ γου [and pray you:] not you know for ποτε δ καιρος εστιν. 34 Os ανθρωπος αποδη-As when the season a man going μος αφεις την οικιαν αύτου, και δους τοις abroad leaving the house of nimself, and having givento the *[Kal] ÉKATTO δουλοις αύτον την εξουσιαν, slaves of himself the authority, [and] to each one το εργον αύτου και τφ θυρωρφ ενετειλατο ίνα the work of himself and to the porter he commanded that γρηγορη. 35 Γρηγορειτε ουν ουκ οιδατε γαρ, the should watch. Watch you therefore; not you know for, he should watch. ποτε δ κυριος της οικιας ερχεται, οψε, η when the lord of the house comes, evening, μεσονυκτιου, η αλεκτοροφωναις, η πρωι. 36 μη midnight, or euck-crowing, or morning: ελθων εξαιφναις, ευρη ύμας coming suddenly, be may find you καθευδοντας. coming auddenly, be may find you siceping. 39' A δε ύμιν λεγω, πασι λεγω Γρηγορειτε. What and to you I say, to all I say: Watch you. alceping.

KEΦ. αδ'. 14.

1 Hy δε το πασχα και τα αζυμα μετα δυο Was now the passover and the unleavened cakes after two ημερας και εζητουν οι αρχιερεις και οι γραμ-days: and sought the high-priests and the scribes. ματεις, πως αυτον εν δολφ κρατησαντες αποκ-how him by decet seizing they τεινωσιν. 2 Ελεγον δε Μη εν τη έορτη, anight hill. They said but; Not in the feast, μηποτε θορυβος εσται του λαου. lest alumult shall be of the people.

3 Και οντος αυτου εν Βηθανία εν τη οικία And being of him in Bethany in the house Σιμωνος του λεπρου, κατακειμενου αυτου, ηλθε of Simon the leper, rechning of him, came

29 Thus also, when you shall see these things transpiring, know That he is near at the Poors.

30 Indeed, I say to you, That this GENERATION will not pass away, till All these things be accomplished.

* 31 The HEAVEN and EARTH will fail; but \$ my words cannot fail.

32 But concerning that DAY, *or HOUR, knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven, nor the son, but the FATHER.

3\$ Take heed, watch; for you know not when the

SEASON is.

34 ‡ As a Man going abroad, leaving his house, and having given the Authority to his servants, to each his work, he also commanded the PORTER to watch.

35 Watch, therefore; for you know not when the MASTER of the MOUSE comes; *whether at Evening, or at Midnight, or at Cock-crowing, or in the Morning;

36 lest coming unexpectedly he should find you

sleeping.

37 And what I say to you, I say to all, Watch."

CHAPTER XIV.

1 † Now after Two Days
was the PASSOVER and
the feast of UNLEAVENEL
BREAD; and the HIGHPRIESTS and SCRIBFS
sought him how they might
take him by Deception,
and kill him.

2 * For they said, " Not during the FEAST, lest there should be a Tumult of the

PEOPLE."

3 ‡ And he being at Bethany, in the House of Simon the LEPER, while he was reclining at table, \$

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—32. OF HOUR knows no man; not even an Angel in Heaven 33. and pray—omit. 34. and—omit. 35. whether at Evening. 2. For the 3 said.

^{† 31.} Isa xl. 8. 1 Thess. v. 6. 3 Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Luke xii. 40; xxi. 31; Rom. xiii. 11; 3 Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 14. † 1. Matt. xxiv. 2; Luke xxii. 1; † 3. Matt. xxiv. 8; John xii. 1, 3; See Luke vii. 37.

 γ υνη εχουσα αλαβαστρον μυρου, ναρδου a wound having an alabaster box of blurn, of spikenard π ιστικης π ολυτελους· *[και] συντριψασα το geunine very costly: [and] breaking the αλαβαστρον, κατεχεεν αυτου κατα της κεφαλης. alabaster hox, she poured of it down on the 4 Ησαν δε τινες αγανακτουντες προς έαυτους, Were and some heing angry to themselves, Were and some

*[και λεγοντες:] Εις τι ἡ απωλεια αὐτη του

[and saying;] For what the loss this of the [and saying;] For what the loss this of the μυρου γεγονεν; 5 Ηδινατο γαρ τουτο το μυρον Could for this the balsam balsam has been made? δηναριων, και $\pi \rho \alpha \theta n \nu \alpha i \in \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ τριακοσιων tbree hundred denarii, more δοθηναι τοις πτωχοις. Και ενεβριμωντο αυτη. to be given to the poor. And they censured her. 6 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν $^{\bullet}$ Αφετε αυτην $^{\bullet}$ τι αυτη said: Let alone her; why to her The but Jesus κοπους παρεχετε; καλον εργον ειργασατο εν present you? good a work she has wrought in $7 \text{ } \Pi \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \tau \in \gamma \alpha \rho \text{ } \tau \sigma \upsilon s \text{ } \pi \tau \omega \chi \sigma \upsilon s \in \chi \epsilon \tau \epsilon \text{ } \mu \epsilon \theta'$ EHOL. Always for the poor you have with έαυτων, και, όταν θελητε, δυναπθε αυτους ευ yourselves, and, when you will, you can 8 'O εσχεν ποιησαι· εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε. The daving to do; me hut not always you have. αύτη, εποιησε: προελαβε μυρισαι μου το οωμα this, she has done; beforehand to anoint of me the body this, τον ενταφιασμον. ⁹ Αμην λεγω ὑμιν, ὁπου tor the burial. Indeed I say to you, wherever for the αν κηρυχθη το ευαγγελιον τουτο εις όλον τον may be published the glad tidings this in whole

μνημοσυνον αυτης.
a memorial of her.

10 Kai & Ioudas & Ισκαριωτης, είς $\tau\omega\nu$ And the Judas the 1scariot. one ofthe ίνα δωδεκα, $\alpha\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon$ TOOS τους αρχιερεις, twelve, went to the high-priests, that 11 Οί δε ακουσαντες autov autois. he might deliver up him to them: They and hearing εχαρησαν. και επηγγειλαντο αυτφ αργυριον were glad; promised silver Και εζητει, πως ευκαιρως αυτον δουναι. And he sought, how conveniently to give. him 12 Ka1 ήμερα τη πρωτη $\tau\omega\nu$ παραδω. first of the he might deliver up. And day δτ∈ το πασχα $\epsilon\theta\nu\sigma\nu$, $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\nu$ unieavened cakes, when the paschallamb were sacrificed, they σιν αυτώ οι μαθηται αυτου. Που θελεις απελtay to him the disciples o' him; where wilt thou having θοντες έτοιμασωμεν, ίνα φαγης το πασχα; gone we make ready. that thou may est eat the passover?

κοσμον, και δ εποιησεν αύτη λαληθησεται, εις

also what she did this shall be spoken,

Woman came, having an Alabaster box of Balsam of genuine Spikenard, very costly: and breaking the Box, she poured it on his HEAD.

4 And some were displeased, saying among themselves, "Why has this Loss of the BALSAM taken place?

5 For * This BALSAM could have been sold for more than † Three hundred Denarii, and given to the POOR." And they censured her.

6 But Jesus said, "Let her alone; why do you trouble the WOMAN? She has done a Good Work

for me.

7 ‡ For you have the poon always among you, and when you will, you can * do Them good; but Me you have not always.

8 Possessing This (Balsam.) she has done it, to anoint my Body beforehand for the Burial.

9 * And indeed 1 say to you, Wherever these GLAD TIDINGS may be proclaimed in the Whole WORLD, this also which she has done shall be spoken of in Memory of her."

10 \$ And *THAT Judas Iscariot, who was one of the TWELVE, went to the HIGH-PRIESTS, to deliver

Him up to them.

11 And hearing it they rejoiced, and promised to give him Money. And he sought how he might conveniently deliver Him up.

12 ‡ Now on the FIRST-Day of UNLEAVENED BREAD, when the PAS-CHAL LAMES were sacrificed, his DISCIPLES say to him, "Where dost thou wish that we go and prepare that thou mayest eat the PASSOVER ?"

^{*} Vatican Manuschift.—3. and—omit. 4. and saying—omit. 5. This balsam could. 7. always do them. 9. And indeed. 10. that Judas Iscariot.

^{† 5.} A Denarius being in value about 14 cents, or 7d. English, the value of the box of balsam would be forty-two dollars, or £8.15s.

^{† 7.} Deut. xv. 11. † 10. Matt. xxvi. 14; Luke xxii. 3, 4. † 12. Matt. xxvi. 14; Luke xxii. 7.

μενον

been turnished ready;

θεις Ειπεν αυτοις.

ingl

ετοιμον.

13 Και προστελλει διο των μαθητων αύτου, και And hesends two of the disciples of himself, and 'Υπαγετε εις την πολιν' λεγει aυτοις. και he says to them; Go you into the city; and απαντησει ύμιν ανθρωπος ύδατος κεραμιον will meet a pitcher you a man of water βασταζων· ακολουθησατε αυτω· 14 και όπου εαν carrying; follow him; and wherever εισελθη, ειπανε τφ οικοδεσποτη. Ότι δ to the he may enter, say honseholder; Που εστι το καταλυμα, διδασκαλος λενει. Where is the says; guest-chamber, όπου το πασχα μετα των μαθητων μου φαγω; where the passover with the disciples of me I may eat? 15 Και αυτος ύμιν δειξει αναγαιον μιεγα εστρωhe to you will saow an upper room large

ÇK€L

there

έτηιμασα**τ**ε

prepare you

16 Και εξηλθον οί μαθηται αυτου, και ηλθον εις And went forth the disciplet of him, and came into την πολιν, και εύρον καθως ειπεν αυτοις και and tound even se he sa ' to them; and 17 Και οψιας γενομένης, ήτοιμασαν το πασχα. And evenus they prepared, the passover. being come. 13 Και α κειμενων ερχεται μετα των δωδεκα. he comes with the twelve. And teclining αυτων και εσθιοντων, ειπεν δ Ιησους. Αμην of them and eating, said the Jesus; Indeed λεγω ύμιν, ότι είς εξ ύμων παραδωσει με, ό 1 say to you, that one of you will deliver u τι who εσθιων μετ' εμου.

19 Οί * [δε] ηρξαντο λυπεισis eating with me. They [and] began to be sorεσθιων μετ' εμου. is eating with θαι, και λεγειν αυτώ είς καθ' είς Μητι εγω; rowful, and to say to him one by one; Not $*[\kappa\alpha\iota\ \alpha\lambda\lambda us^*\ M\eta\tau\iota\ \epsilon\gamma\omega\,;]^{20}$ O $\delta\epsilon\ *[\alpha\pi o\kappa\rho\iota$ -[and another; 121 He but Not answ gr-

twelve, the and to them; One of the εμβαπτομενος μετ' εμου εις το τρυβλιον. dipping in with me into the bowl. The μεν υίος του ανθρωπου ύπαγει, καθως γεγραπindeed son of the man gnes away, even as it has been ται περι αυτου ουαι δε τω ανθρωπω εκεινω, written concerning him; woe but to the man that-ດນໍ່ຽ ບໂດຣ του ανθρωπου παραδιδοται. through whom the son ofthe man in delivered up. καλον ην αυτώ, ει ουκ εγεννηθη δ ανθρωπος good it was to him, if not was born the man 22 Και εσθιοντων αυτων, λαβων δ EKELVOS. And eating of them, that. taking the Ίηπους αρτον, ευλογηπας εκλαπε, και εδωκεν a loaf, having biessed he broke, and gave αυτοις, και ειπε. Λαβετε. τουτο εστι το σωμα body to them, and said: Take. this is the

Eis ek

13 And he sends two of his DISCIPLES, and says to them, "Go into the CITY, and a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you; follow him;

14 and wherever he may enter, say to the HOUSE-HOLDER, The TEACHER says, Where is *the GUEST-CHAMBER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCIPLES?

15 And he will show you a large Upper-room furnished ready; *there

prepare for us."

ήμιν.

for us.

16 And * the DISCIPLES went forth, and came into the CITY, and found every thing even as he had said to them: and they prepared the PASSOVER.

17 ‡ And Evening being come, he comes with the

TWELVE.

18 And as they were reclining at table, and eating, JESUS said, "Indeed I say to you, That *one of you who are EATING with me will deliver me up."

19 And * they began to be sorrowful, and to say to him, one by one, "Is it E?"

20 And HE said to them, "It is THAT ONE of the TWELVE DIPPING in with we into the DISH.

31 *The son of MAN indeed tgoes away [to death, even as it has been written concerning him; but woe to that MAN through whom the son of MAN is delivered up! Good were it for that MAN if he had not been born."

22 ‡ And as they were eating, * he took a Loaf. and having given praise, he broke it, and gave to them, and said, "Take; them, and said, this is my Body.

των δωδεκα, δ

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. my GUEST-CHAMBER. the disciples. 18. one of you who are eating with me. 15. and there prepare. 16. the DISCIPLES. 19. and-ome. 19. they. 19. and another; not I?-omit. 20. answering omit. 22. he took. cause the son.

^{† 15.} Furnished ready, probably alludes to the manner of making the room ready for the celebration of the passover; which was examined in every hole and corner by the hight of wax candles, and cleared from the smallest crumb of leaven with a scrupulous nicety.— Ainsworth.

^{1 17.} Matt. xxvi. 20, † 21. Matt. xxvi. 24; Luke xxii. 22; John vii. 33.

²³ Και λαβων το ποτηριον, ευχαριστησας uov. having given thanks And taking the eup και επιον εξ αυτου παντες. εδωκεν αυτοις. and they drank out of it to them;

24 Kas ειπεν * [auτοις.] Τουτο εστι το aiμa μου, [to them.] is the blood of me, το της καινης διαθηκης, το περι πολλων that of the new covenant, that concerning many εκχυνομενον.

25 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι συκετι Indeed I say to you, that no more being shed. ου μη πιω εκ του γεννηματος της αμπελου, έως hill not not I will drink of the product the vine, της ήμερας εκεινης, όταν αυτο πινω καινον εν it that, when I drink new day 36 Και ύμνησαντες, τη βασιλεια του θεου. ofthe God. And having sung a hymn, kingdom εξηλθον εις το ορος των ελαιων. they departed to the mountain of the olive trees.

27 Και λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ότι παντες says to them the Jesus; That σκανδαλισθησεσθε *[εν εμοι εν τη νυκτι ταυτη.] at me in the night will be stumbled 64 Παταξω τυν ποιμενα, και δτι γεγραπται. I will amite the shepherd, for it is written. 29 Axxa διασκορπισθησεται τα προβατα." But sheep." will be scattered the

μετα το εγερθηναι με, προαξω ύμας εις την after the tobersised me, I will go before you into the Γαλιλαιαν. 29 Ο δε Πετρος εφη αυτφ. Και ει

fue has teter said to him; Even if καντες σκανδαλισθησονται, αλλ' OUK not shall be stumbled, yet

30 Kat heret auro o Invous. Anny here oi, And says to him the Jesus; ότι συ σημερον εν τη νυκτι ταυτη, πριν η that thou this-day in the night this, before αλεκτορα φωνησαι, τρις απαρνηση με. acock to have erowed, thrise thou wilt deny me. 'Ο δε εκ περισσου ελέγε μαλλον Εαν με 12 He but with vehemence spoke more;

δεη συναποθανειν σοι, ου μη σε απαρνησομαι. I wu! deny. with thee, not not thee to die 32 Kat ερχον-'Ωσαυτως δε και παντες ελεγον. And they In like manner and also they said. ται εις χωριον, ού το ονομα Γεθσημανη και came to a place, of which the name Gethsemane; and and λεγει τοις μαθηταις αύτου· he says to the disciples of himself; ώδε, Καθισατ€ he says to the disciples of himself; Sit you έως προσευζωμαι. 33 Και παραλαμβανει here. TOP And he takes I shall pray. Πετρον και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην μεθ' έαυτου himself; and John with and James 34 Ka1 και ηρξατο εκθαμβεισθαι και αδημονειν. began to be greatly amazed and to be in anguish. And λεγει αυτοις. Περιλυπος εστιν ή ψυχη μου εώς he says to them; Extremely sorrowful is the soul of me evento passed with a deadly An-

23 And taking *a Cup, having given thanks, he gave it to them: and they all drank out of it.

24 And he said, ‡"This is that blood of mine which is of the COVENANT, THAT which is POURED our for many.

25 Indeed I say to you, * That I will drink of the PRODUCT of the VINE no more, till that DAY when

I drink It new in the KING-DOM of GOD."

26 ‡ And having sung, they went out to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

27 And Jesus says te them, "You will all be stumbled; because it is written, I'I will smite the 'SHEPHERD, and the 'SHEEF will be dispersed.'

28 #But after I am RAISED, I will precede you to GALILEE."

29 \$ And Peter said to him, "Even if all shall be stumbled, yet E wil! not."

30 And JESUS says to him, "Indeed I say to thee, That thou This-day, in This NIGHT, before a Cock crows twice, wilt disown Me thrice."

31 But HE spoke with more vehemence, "If I must die with thee, I will by no means disown Thee." And they all said the same.

32 # And they came to a Place named Gethsamane, and he says to his disci-ples, "Sit here, while I go away and pray."

33 And he takes with him PETER, and * JAMES. and John, and began to be greatly amazed and full of Anguish.

34 And he says to them, t" My soul is encom-

^{24.} to them-omit. 24. THAT BLOOD OF * Vatican Manuscrift.—22. a Cup, 24. to them-mine, which is of the covenant, that which is foured out. 27. at me in this NIGHE 33. JAMES, and JOHN. 32. go away and pray.

35 Kat | ιανατου μεινατε ώδε, και γρηγορειτε. death; remain you here, and watch. And προελθων μικρον, επεσεν επι της γης going forward a little, he fell on the ground; προσηυχετο, ίνα, ει δυνατον εστι, παρελθη απ' prayed, that, if possible it is, might pass from αυτου ή ώρα. ³⁶ Και ελεγεν Αββα ό πατηρ, the hour. And he said; Abba the father, παντα δυνατα σοι παρενεγκε το ποτηριον απ' all (things) possible to thee; take the cup ϵ μου τουτο. Αλλ' ου, τι ϵ γω θ ϵ λω, αλλα τι me this. But not, what \hat{I} will, but what ³⁷ Και ερχεται, και ευρισκει αυτους καθευσυ. thou. And he comes, and finds them δοντας· και λεγει τφ Πετρφ· Σιμων, καθευδεις; ing: and he says to the Peter: Simon, sleepest thou?

ουκ ισχυσας μιαν ώραν γρηγορησαι; 38 Γρηγορnot couldst thou one hour to watch? Watch ϵ ιτε και προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις you and prayyou, that not you enter into τειρασμον' το μεν πνευμα προθυμον, $\mathring{\eta}$ temptation: the indeed spirit ready, the $\delta \epsilon$ πειρασμον' the hut σαρξ ασθενης. 39 Και παλιν απελθων προσηυ-And again going away he prayed, ξατο, τον αυτον λογον ειπων. 40 Και υποστρε-And having returned the same words saying. ψας, εύρεν αυτους παλιν καθευδοντας. ησαν he found them again sleeping: were γαρ οἱ οφθαλμοι αυτων βεβαρημενοι και ουκ for the eyes of them $\eta \delta \epsilon i \sigma a \nu$, τi aut $\omega \alpha \pi \sigma \kappa \rho i \theta \omega \sigma i$. And becomes το τρίτον, και λεγεί αυτοις Kαθευδετε το the third, and he says to them: Do you sleep the λοιπον και αναπαυεσθε; απεχει, ηλθεν ἡ ὡρα· now and rest you? It is enough, is come the bour: ιδου, παραδιδοται ό υίος του ανθρωπου εις τας ia delivered up the son of the man into the 42 Εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν· χειρας των άμαρτωλων. hands of the sinners. let us go: ιδου, δ παραδιδους με ηγγικε.

he delivering up me has come near.

 43 Και ευθεως, ετι αυτου λαλουντος, παραγι-And immediate y, while of him speaking, νεται Ιουδας, είς ων των δωδεκα, και μετ' αυτου Judas, one being of the twelve, and with υχλος *[πολυς] μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων, rrowd [great] with swords aud clubs. παρα των αρχιερεων και των γραμματεων και from the high-priests and the scribes 44 Δεδωκει δε δ παραδιδους των πρεσβυτερων. Had given and he delivering up is, λεγων. Όν αν φιelders. αυτον συσσημον αυτοις, λεγων a signal to them, eaying: Whoever κρατησατε autos €otiº λησω, αυτον Kal he itis: seize bim and 45 Και ελθων, ευθεως απαγαγετε ασφαλως. coming, immediately safely. And

guish; stay here and watch."

35 And going forward a little, he fell on the GROUND, and prayed, that if possible the HOUR might pass from him.

36 And he said, "Abba. FATHER, all things are possible with thee; remove this cup from me; 1 yet not what I will, but what thou wilt."

37 And he comes and finds them sleeping; and he says to Peter, "Simon, sleepest thou? couldst thou not keep awake a Single Hour?

38 Watch and pray, that you *enter not into Trial; the SPIRIT indeed is willing, but the FLESH is weak."

39 And going again, he prayed, speaking the SAME

40 And * again he came and found them sleeping; (for Their EYES were overpowered;) and they knew not what to answer him.

41 And he comes the THIRD time, and savs to them, "Do you sleep Now, and take your rest? It is enough, 1the Hour is come; behold the son of MAN 18 delivered up into the HANDS of SINNERS.

42 ‡Arise, let us go; hehold! HE, who DELIVERS me up, has come."

43 1 And immediately, while he was yet speaking, comes *Judas, being one of the TWELVE, and with him a Crowd, armed with Swords and Clubs, from the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, and the ELDERS.

44 And the BETRAYER had given them a Signal, saying, " He it is, whom I may kiss; seize him, and lead him away safely."

45 And coming, and immediately approaching

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3S. come into. 40. again he came. 43. Junas, being one of the twelve. 43. great-omit.

^{1 36.} John v. 30; vi. 38. John v. 30; vi. 38. † 41. John xiii. 1. † 42. Matt. xxvi. 46; John xviii. ‡ 43. Matt. xxvi. 47; Luke xzii. 47: John xviii. 8.

'Ραββι, $*[\rho\alpha\beta\beta\iota\cdot]$ προσελθων αυτώ, λεγει. he sers: Rabhi, (12 στον. 46 Οί δε επεβαλον επ' to him, και κατεφιλησεν αυτον. They then Lim. laid and kinsed autov τας χειρας *[αὐτων,] και εκρατησαν him the hands [of them,] and seized 47 Eis δε TIS $\tau\omega\nu$ παρεστηκοτων, αυτον. One and a certain of those standing, σπασαμενος την μαχωιραν, επαισε τον δουλον the sword, struck the drawing slave του αρχιερεως, και αφειλεν αυτου το ωτιον. of the high-priest, and cut off of him ear. 48 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· 'Os answering the sesus said to them; λη ττην εξηλθετε μετα μαχαιρων Kal with arobber came you out swords and 49 Καθ' ήμεραν ξυλων, συλλαβειν με. ημην Every day to take DIC. I was διδασκων, προς ύμας ∈ν τψ ὶ∈ρῳ OUK Kal with you in the temple teaching, and not εκρατησατε με αλλ, ίνα πληρωθωσιν αί γραyou seized me; but, that must be fulfilled the 50 Και αφοντες αυτον παντες εφυγον. φαι. And leaving lim all they fled. ings.

⁵¹ Και είς τις νεανισκος ηκολουθει αυτφ, περι-And one a certain young man iollowed hım, wrapβεβλημενος σινδανα απι γυμνου, και κρατουσιν ped about a linen cloth on naked; and they seized αυτον *[οί νεανισκοι.] 52 °Ο δε καταλιπων την [the young men.] He bu' leaving *Γαπ' αυτων.] σινδονα, γυμνος CXUYEV from linen cloth, naked he fled them.]

53 Και απηγαγου του Ιησουυ προς τεν αρχιε-And they'ed the Jesus to the highρεα° και συντ χ νεαι αυτφ παντες οί αρχιερεις, priest, and came together to him all the high-priests, και οί πρεσμυτεροι, και : γραμματειз. and the clders, and the scribes. And δ Πετρος απο μακροθεν ηκολουθησεν αυτφ έως at a distant Collowed εσω εις την αυλην του .; χιερεως και ην συγ-to into the palace of the high-priest; and was sitsitκαθημενος μετα των υπηρετων, και θερμαινο-55 Οί δε αρχιέρεις και μενος προς το φως. to the light. The and high priests himself and όλον το συνεδριον εζητουν κατα του ίησου high council against sought the μαρτυρία, είς το θανατωσας αυτον. και for the onu to death 56 Hoahot yau and testimony him; εψευδημαρτυρουν εύρισκον. Many ior atified falsely they found. KAT' AUTOU, KAI ITAI AE HAPTUPIAL OUK MTAI'.
against him, but consistent the testimonies not were. against Και πινες ανασταντες, εψτυδομαρτυρουν κατ' And some havingstood up, testified falsely against

αυτου, λεγηντες: 58 'Οτι ήμεις ηπουσαμέν αυτου him, saying; That we heard him

him, he says, "Rabbi," and repeatedly kissed him. 46 Then THEY laid

HANDS on him, and seized him.

47 And one of THOSE STANDING by drew a SWORD, and Struck a SER-VANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off His *EAR-TIP.

48 ‡ And Jesus answering said to them, "∴s in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

49 I was with you every day in the TEMPLE teaching, and you did not arrest me. ‡ But the SCRIPTURES must be verified."

50 And leaving him, they all fled.

51 And a certain Youth followed him, with a Linen cloth wrapped about his naked body; and they seized him;

52 but leaving the LINEN CLOTH, he fled maked.

53 ‡ And they conducted Jesus to the High-PRIEST; and all the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES, came together to him.

54 And PETER followed him at a distance, even into the PALACE of the HIGH-PRIEST; and sat in company with the ATTENDANTS, warming himself before the FIRE.

55 ‡And the HIGH-PRIESTS and the Whole SANHEDRIM SOUGH testimony against JESUS, in order TO KILL him; but they found none.

56 For many testified falsely against him, but their TESTIMONIES were insufficient.

57 And some standing up, testified falsely against him, saying,

58 " THe heard him de-

VATICAN MARWEC BIP2. 45. rabbi—omit. 46. of them—omit. 47. EAB-TIP. 51. the young men—omit. 54. from them—omit.

λεγοντος 'Οτι εγω καταλυσω τον ναον τουτον saying; That I will destroy the temple this τον χειροποιητον, και δια τριων ήμερων αλλον the made with hands, and in three days another ⁵⁹ Και ουδε ούτως αχειρωποιητον οικοδομησω. I will build. And not even thus made without hands ιση ην ή μαρτυρια αυτων. 60 Και αναστας And ο αρχιερευς εις μεσον, επηρωτησε τον Ιησουν, the high priest in midst, he asked the Jeaus, λεγων Ουκ αποκρινη ουδεν; τι ούτοι σου saying; Not answerest thou nothing? what these of thee καταμαρτυρουσιν; 61 $^{\circ}$ O δε εσιωπα, και ουδεν testify against? He but was silent, and nothing testify against? Παλιν δ αρχιερευς επηρωτα αυτον απεκρινατο. Again the high-priest asked he answered. και λεγει αυτ ψ . Συ ει δ Χριστος, δ υίος του and says to him; Thou art the Anointed, the son of the ευλογητου; 62 Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν. Εγω ειμι The and Jesus am; blessed? said; I και οψεσθε τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων and you shall see the son of the man at right καθημενον της δυναμεως, και ερχομενον μετα power, and sitting of the coming with των νεφελων του ουρανου. 63 °O δε αρχιερευς the clouds of the heaven. The and high-priest. διάρβηξας τους χιτωνας αύτου, λεγει Τι having rent the clothes of himself, says, What further 64 Ηκουσατε χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυρων; THS You have heard have we of witnesses? the βλασφημίας τι ύμιν φαινεται; Οί δε παντες blasphemy; what to you appears? They but all 65 Kaı κατεκριναν αυτον ειναι ενοχον θανατου. condemned him to be deserving of death. And ηρξαντο τινές εμπτυειν αυτώ, και περικαλυπτειν to cover began some to spit vpou him, and το προσωπον αυτου, και κολαφιζειν αυτον, and to beat with the fist him, of him, και λεγειν αυτώ. Προφητευσον. Και οἱ ὑπηand to say to him; Prophesy. And the νεται βαπισμασιν αυτον εβαλλον. 66 Kai ovtos tendants with open hands him heat. And being του Πετρου εν τη αυλη κατω, ερχεται μια Peter in the court-yard below, the comes one ⁶⁷ και ιδουσα των παιδισκων του αρχιερεως. of the maid-servants of the high priest: and seeing τον Πετρον θερμαινομένον, εμβλέψασα αυτώ Peter warming himself, she looking λεγει Και συ μετα του Ναζαρηνου Ιησου ησθα.

soys: And thou with the Nazarene Jesus wast. 69 'Ο δε ηρνητατο, λεγων' Ουκ οιδα, ουδε Not I know, He but denied, saying : nor επισταμαι τι συ λεγεις. Και εξηλθεν εξω εις comprehend what thou aayest. And he went out into το προαυλιον *[και αλεκτωρ εφωνησει. the outer courts [and a cock crew.]

clare, ‡ * Will destroy THIS TEMPLE MADE WITH HANDS, and in Three Days, I will build Another made without hands."

59 But not even thus was their TESTIMONY suf-

ficient.

60 And the HIGH-PRIUST standing up in the MIDST, asked JESUS, saying, "Answerest thou nothing *t6 what these testify against thee?"

61 \$But HE was silent, and answered nothing. And the HIGH-PRIEST asked him, and says to him; "Art thou the MESSIAH, the SON of the BLESSED One?"

62 And Jesus said, "E am; and you shall see the son of MAN sitting at the Right hand of the MIGHTY One, and coming with the CLOUDS of HEAVEN."

63 And the HIGH-PRIEST having renthis GARMENTS, says, "What further need have we of Witnesses?

64 You have heard the BLASPHEMY; What is your opinion?" And they ALL condemned him as worthy of Death.

65 And some began to spit upon him, and to cover His FACE, and to beat him with the fist, and to say to him, "Divine to us." and the ATTENDANTS struck Him on the cheek

with the Open Hand.
66 ‡ And PETER being below in the COURT-YARD, there comes one of the MAID-SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST;

67 and seeing PETER warming himself, earnestly looking at him, she says, "Thou also wast with the NAZARENE. * JESUS."

68 But HB denied, saying, "I * neither know nor understand what thou sayest." And he went out into the OUTER COURT:

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—60. Because these, nor understand. 68. and a Cock crew—omit.

^{67.} JESUS.

^{1 58.} Mark xv. 29: John ii. 19. 1 60. Matt. xxvi. 62. 1 21. Matt: xxiv 80' Matt. xxvi. 63; Luke xxii. 69. 1 60' Matt. xxvi. 58, 60: Luke xxii 15: John xviii 16.

⁶⁹ Και ή παιδισκη ιδουσα αυτον *[παλιν] ηρξατο And the maid-servant seeing him [again] began λεγειν τοις παρεστηκοσιν. 'Οτι ούτος εξ αυτων to say to those having stood by; That this of 70 O $\delta \epsilon$ $\pi \alpha \lambda i \nu$ $\eta \rho \nu \epsilon i \tau o$.

He and again denied. Και μετα εστιν. is. And after μικρον παλιν οί παρεστωτες ελεγον τφ Πετρφ. a little again those having stood by said to the Peter; Althous $\epsilon \xi$ autwo $\epsilon \iota$ kal yap Γ allalos Truly of them thou art; also for a Galilean the a Galilean thon art, 71 'Ο δε ηρξατο *[και ή λαλια σου όμοια(ει.] [and the apeech of thee is like.] He then hegan αναθεματιζειν και ομνυναι. Ότι ουκ οιδα τον That not I know the $\tau \in \mathcal{T}^2$ Kal $\epsilon \kappa$ $\delta \epsilon v$ -ay. And of accto curse and swear; ανθρωπον τουτον, όν λεγετε. this, of whom you say. τερου αλεκτωρ εφωνησε. Και ανεμνησθη δ crew. And remembered the Πετρος του βηματος, ού ειπεν αυτφ ό Ιησους. word. of which said to him the Jesus. Οτι πριν αλεκτορα φωνησαι δις, απαρνηση με That before a cock to have crowed twice, thou wilt deny me τρις. Και επιβαλων εκλαιε. And reflecting

KEΦ. $\iota\epsilon'$. 15.

¹ Και ευθεως επι το πρωι συμβουλιον ποιη-And immediately on the morning a council having σαντες οί αρχιερεις μετα των πρεσβυτερων και been held the high-priests with the elders γραμματεων, και όλον το συνεδριον, δησαντες even whole the sanhedrim, τον Ιησουν, απηνεγκαν και παρεδωκαν τω Πιcarried and delivered up to the Pi- 2 Και επηρωτησεν αυτον δ Πιλατος: λατω. acker him the Pilate; late. And Συ ει δ $\hat{\rho}$ ασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; Ο δε αποκρι-Thou art the kine of the Jews? He and 2020 wer-3 Και κατηγορουν θεις ειπεν αυτώ. Συ λεγεις. said to him; Thou sayest. And accused 4 'Ο δε Πιλατος αυτου εί αρχιερεις πολλα. the high-priests many things. The and Pilate παλιν επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων. Ουκ αποκρινη Not answerest thou again asked him. aaying: ουδεν. ιδε, ποσα σου καταμωρτυρουσιν. nothing? ace, how many things of thee they testify against. 5 'Ο δε Ιησους ουκετι ουδεν απεκριθη. ώστ€ The but Jeaus nolonger nothing answered: 80.00 6 Κατα δε έορτην θαυμαξειν τον Πιλατον. Pilate. At now feast autois ένα δεσμίον δυπερ ητουντο. education one prisoner whoever they asked. απελυεν be used to released to them one

69 ‡ and the MAID-SER-VANT seeing him, *said to THOSE STANDING BY, "This is one of them."

70 And HE denied it again. And after a little, THOSE STANDING BY said again to PETER, "Certainly, thou art one of them; for thou art also a Galilean."

71 Then HE began to curse and swear, "I know not this MAN of whom you

speak."

72 ‡ And *immediately for a second time † a Cock crew. And PETER recollected the word which Jesus spoke to him, "That before a Cock crows twice, thou wilt disown me thrice." And reflecting on it, he wept.

CHAPTER XV.

1 ‡ And immediately in the * Morning, the HIGH-PRIESTS, with the ELDERS and Scribes, even the Whole SANHEDRIM, held a Council; and having bound Jesus, they carried and delivered him up to * Pilate.

2 ‡ And PILATE asked him, "Art thou the King of the Jews?" And He answering, * says to him, "Thou sayest it."

3 And the HIGH-PRIESTS accused him of many

things.

4 Then PILATE asked him again, saying, "Answerest thou nothing? See how many things they accuse thee of."

5 ‡ But Jesus answered no more, so that PILATE was astonished.

6 ‡ Now at each Feast he used to release to them One Prisoner, whoeverthey asked.

70. and 1. Morning.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—69. again—omit.
69. said to those.
thy speech is like it—omit.
72. immediately for a second.
4. accuse thee of.

^{† 72.} or a watch-trumpet sounded. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34.

^{† 60.} Matt. xxvi. 71, 73; Luke xxii. 58, 59; John xviii. 25, 26.

† 7. Psa. ii. 2; Matt. xxvii. 1; Luke xxii. 60; xxiii. 1; John xviii. 28; Acts iii. 13; iv. 26, 2. Matt. xxvii. 11.

† 2. Matt. xxvii. 11.

† 5. Isa. liii. 7; John xix. 9.

† 6. Matt. xxvii. 15; Luke xxiii. 17; John xviii. 39.

7 Ην δε δ λεγομενος Βαραββας μετα των συστα-Was and he being named Barabhas with the insurσιαστων δεδεμενος, οίτινες εν τη στασει φονον having been bound, who in the aedition murder 8 Και αναβοησας δ οχλος πεποιηκεισαν. crowd And crying out the had committed. ηρξατο αιτεισθαι, καθως αει έποιει αυτοις. to demand, he did to them. began as always 9'Ο δε Πιλατος απεκριθη αυτοις, λεγων Θελε-The but Pilate answered them, saying, Do you τε απολυσω ύμιν τον βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων. wish I shall release to you the king ofths lewat 10 Εγινωσκε γαρ, ότι δια φθονον παραδεδωκεισαν lle knew for, that through envy had delivered up 11 Οί δε αρχιερεις ανεσειαυτον οί αρχιερεις. The and high-prests him the high-priest. etiried σαν τον οχλον, ίνα μαλλον τον Βαραββαν crowd, that rather the Barabban 12 Ο δε Πιλατος αποκριθεις autois. απολυση he should release to them. The but Pila*e παλιν ειπεν αυτοις. Τι ουν θελετε ποιησω ον again eaid to them; What then do you wish I shall do whom λεγετε βασιλεα των Ιουδαιων; 13 Οί δε παλιν you call aking of the Jews? They but again 14 °C με Πιλατος εκραξαν. Σταυρωσον αυτον. him. The and cried out: Crucify ελεγεν αυτοις: Τι γαρ κακον εποιησεν: Οί δε eaid to them; What for evil has be done? They but 15 'O περισσως εκραξαν• Σταυρωσον αυτον. The vehemently cried out; Crucify him. δε Πιλατος, βουλομενος τφ οχλφ το κανον then Pilate, being willing to the crowd the catisfaction

to make, released to them the Barabbas, φραγελλωσα., įνα παρεδωκ€ TOP Ιησουν, Jesus, having scourged, that the delivered up σταυρωθη. ue might be crucified. ¹⁶ Οί δε στρατιωτ**αι απηγ**αγον αυτον εσω της

ποιησαι, απελυσεν αυτοις τον Βαραββαν, και

oldiers led away him within the αυλης, δ εστι πραιτωριον. και συγκαλουσιν court, which is a judgment hall; and they call together 17 Και ενδυουσιν αυτον όλην την σπειραν. company. And they clothed whole the πορφυραν, και περιτιθεασιν αυτφ πλεξαντες placed it around hım and braiding 18 Και ηρξαντο ασπαζεσακανθινον στεφανον. an scanthine wreath. And they began to salute Χαιρε δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων. θαι αυτον ofthe Hail the king of him the bead And they struck

19 Και ετυπτον αυτου την κεφαλην καλαμφ, with a reed, και ενεπτυον αυτώ, και τιθεντες τα γονατα and apit upon him, and placing the kneea

7 And there was HE who was NAMED Barabbas, having been imprisoned with the insurgents, who had committed Murder in the INSURRECTION.

8 And the CROWD *going up began to demand what he was accustomed to

grant them.

9 But PILATE answered them, saying, "Do you wish me to release to you the KING of the JEWS?"

10 For he knew That *they had delivered him

up from Envy.

11 # But the HIGH. PRIESTS stirred up the CROWD, that he should rather release BARABBAS to them.

12 And PILATE answering again, said to them, "What * then shall I do to him you call the King of

the JEWS?"

13 And THEY again cried out, "Crucify him."
14 And PILATE said to them, "For what? Has he done Evil?" But they vehemently cried out, saying, "Crucify him."

15 Then PILATE, being willing to GRATIFY the CROWD, released BARAB-BAS to them; and having scourged Jesus, delivered him up to be crucified.

16 f And the soldiers led him away into the COURT, which is the Prætorium; and they called together the Whole com-PANY.

17 And they arraved him in a Purple garment, and intertwining an Acanthine Wreath, placed it around his head,

18 and began to salute him,-" Hail, KING of the JEW2]"

16 And they struck his HEAD with a Reed, and spit on him, and KNEEL. ING, did homage to him.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. going up began. I do to him you call the King of the Jews?

^{10.} they had: 12. then shall

^{† 11.} Matt. xxvii. 20: Acts in 14. | 15. Matt. xxvii. 26: John xiz. 1. 16. | 16. Matt.

20 Και ότε ενεπαιξαν αυτφ, προσεκυνουν αυτω. did homage to him. And when they macked him, πορφυραν, και ενεδυσαν εξεδυσαν αυτον την and they took off him the purple, αυτον τα ίματια τα ιδια και εξαγουσι αυτον, him the clothes the own; and they led out him, *[ίνα σταυρωσωσιν αυτον.] 21 Και αγγαρευουσι And that they might crucify him.] they compel παραγοντα τινα Σιμωνα Κυρηναιον, ερχομενον Simon a Cyrenian, passing by one απ' αγρου, (τον πατερα Αλεξανδρου και 'Ρουfather Ruof Alexander and from country, (the 22 Kai αρη τον σταυρον αυτου. φυυ,) ίνα of him. And that he might bear the Jross

μεθερμηνευομένον, κρανιού τοπος. 23 Και εδιδούν being translated, of a skuth a place. And they gave αυυφ (π, ϵ, ν) εσμυρισμένον οινού ὁ δε bim [to drink] having been exized with myrrh wine; he but ουκ ελαβε.

Golgotha

φερουσιν αυτον επι Γολγοθα τοπον.

to

hım

not received.

they hring

24 Και σταυρωσαντες αυτον, διαμεριζονται τα they divide crucitying aim, ίματια αυτου, βαλλοντες κληρον επ' aura, Tis casting lots on them, cluthes of him, 25 Ην δε ώρα τριτη, και εσταυρωσαν what should take. It was and hour third, and they crucified 26 Και ην ή επιγραφη της αιτιας αυτου aJTOV. And was the inscription of the accusation of him επιγεγραμμενη " " Ο βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." The king of the

²⁷ Και συν αυτώ σταυρουσί δυο ληστας· ένα εκ And with him they crucify two robbers; one at δεξιων, και ένα εξ ευωνυμων αυτου. ²⁸ *[Και right, and one at lett of him. [And

επληρωθη ή γοαφη ή λεγουσα· "Και μετα was fulfilled the writing that saying; And with ανομων ελογισθη."] ²⁹ Και οί παραπορευομενοι sawless ones he was numbered."] And those passing along

εβλασφημουν αυτον, κινουντες τας κεφαλας reviled him, suaring the heads αύτων, και λεγοντες Ουα δ καταλυων τον of them, and saying; An; he destroying the

ναον, και εν τρισιν ήμεραις οικοδοιων·
truppe, and in three days building;

5. σωσον σεαυτον, και καταβα απο του σταυρου.

save thyself, and come down from the cross.

31 Ομοιως και οι αρχιερεις, εμπαιξοντες προς

In like manner also the high-priests, mocking to

αλληλους μετα των γραμματεων. ελεγον

αλληλους μετα των γραμματεων, ελεγον one another with the scribes, said;

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. his CLOTHES. 20. that they might crucify himemit. 22. GOLGOTHA. 23. to drink—omit. 23. HE. 24 they nail him to the Cross, and part his GABMENTS. 27. crucified. 28.—omit.

† 21. Persons probably we'l known, and then living at Rome; since Paul, Rom. xvi. 13, salutes Rufus there. † 28. Fritz. and Tischendorf cancel this verse, and Griesbach marks it for omission; yet Bloomfield thinks injudiciously, as it is a remarkable fulfilment of prophecy, and is omitted only by a rew MSS.

† 21. Matt. xxvii. 82; Luke xxiii. 26. † 22. John xix. 17. † 24. Psa. xxii. !8; Luke xxiii. 34; John xix. 23. † 28. Fsa. xxii. ? † 29. Fsa. xxii. ?

20 And when they had mocked him, they stripped him of the PURPLE garment, and put on him *him own CLOTHES, and led him out.

21 ‡ And One Simon, a Cyrenian, the FATHER of † Alexander and Rufus, coming from the Country, was passing by, and they compel him to carry his CROSS.

22 ‡ And they bring him to * GOLGOTHA, which, being translated, ig. a Place

of a Skull.

δ ETTI

place; which

23 And they presented him Wine mingled with Myrrh; but * HE did not

receive it.

24 And *they nail him to the Cross, ‡ and part his GARMENTS, casting Lots for them, what each should take.

25 And it was the third Hour when they nailed him to the Cross.

26 And the inscription of his accusation was written over him, "The king of the Jews."

27 And with him they *crucified Two Robbers; one a* him Right hand, and the other at his Left.

28 * † [And THAT SCRIP-TURE was verified, which SAYS, ‡" He was numbered "with LAW-BREAKERS."]

29 And THOSE PASSING ALONG reviled him, ‡shaking their HEADS, and saying, "Ah! THOU DESTROYER of the TEMPLE, and Builder of it in Three Days,—

30 save thyself, and come down from the

CROSS!"

31 In like manner also, the HIGH-PRIESTS deriding him, with the Scribes, said

Αλλους εσωσεν, έαυτον ου δυναται σωσαι;
Others he saved, himself not is able to save? 3: Ο Χριστος, δ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ, κατα-The Auointed, the of the larael, let him king βατω νυν απο του σταυρου, ίνα ιδωμεν και that we may see and descend now from the cross, Και οί συνεπταυρωμενοι αυτφ πιστευσωμέν. And those having been crucified with him may believe.

33 Γενομενης δε ώρας έκτης, ωνειδιζον αυτον. Being come and hour sixth, reproached him. σκυτος εγενετο εφ' όλην την γην, έως ώρας ε και was on whole the land, till hour The Kai $\tau\eta$ where $\tau\eta$ ever $\tau\eta$ estimates δ εννατης. lησους φωνη μεγαλη, *[λεγων] Ελωι, ελωι, Jesus with a voice loud, [saying:] Εloi, eloi; λαμμα σαβαχθανι; δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον jamma sabachthani? which is being translated;

'O θεος μου, *[δ θεος μου] εις τι με εγκατεThe God ofme, [the God ofme,] to what me hast thou λιπες; 35 Και τινες των παρεστηκοτων ακουstanding by 36 Δραμων And some of those o artes, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma o r$ Idou, $H \lambda \iota \alpha r \phi \omega r \epsilon \iota$.

said: Lo, Elias he calls. Running δε είς, και γεμισας σπογγων οξους, πεοιθεις τε and one, and filling apponge of vinegar, attaching and καλαμώ, εποτιζεν αυτον, λεγων Αφετε ιδωμεν, saying: Let alone : we may see, to a reed, gave to drink him, ϵ ι ερχεται Ηλίας καθελείν αυτον. 37 'Ο δε it comes Elias to take down him. The then Ιησους, αφεις φωνην μεγαλην, εξεπνευσε. loud Jesus, uttering a voice breathed out.

²⁸ Και το καταπετασμα του ναου εσχισθη εις Aud the curtain of the temple was rent into δυο, απο ανωθεν έως κατω. 39 Ιδων δε ό κεντυ-Seeing but the two, from above to below. ριων, δ παρεστηκως εξ εναντιας αυτου, δτι rion, that having atood by over against him, that that ούτω *[κραξαs] εξεπνευσεν, ειπεν* Αληθωs δ thus [baving cried] he breathed out, said: Truly the ανθρωπος ούτος υίος :,ν θεου. 40 Ησαν δε και this ason was of a god. Were and also man γυναικες απο μακροθεν θεωρουσαι εν αίς ην και women from a distance beholding: among whom was also Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου Mary the Magdalene, and Mary the of the του μικρου και Ιωση μητηρ, και Σαλωμη. 41 αί the little and Joses mother, and Salome: who * $\begin{bmatrix} \kappa a_i, \end{bmatrix}$ $\delta \tau \in \eta \nu \in \nu \tau \eta$ $\Gamma \alpha \lambda i \lambda \alpha i \alpha$, $\eta \kappa \alpha \lambda o \iota \theta o \iota \nu$ followed , αυτώ, και διηκονουν αυτώ· και αλλαι πολλαι, hım, and aerved him: and others many, αί συναναβασαι αυτώ εις 'Ιεροσολυμα.

those having come up with him to Jerusalem. to each other, "He saved others; cannot he save himself?

32 The MESSIAH! the KING of * Israel! let him come down now from the cross, that we may see and believe." Even those, who were crueified with

him, reproached him. 33 And the sixth Hour being come. there was Darkness over the Whole LAND, till the ninta Hour.

34 And at the *NINTH Hour Jesus cried with a loud Voice, ‡"Eloi, Eloi, lamma sabachtham r" which, being translated, is, "My God I to what hast thou surrendered me?"

35 And some of THOSE STANDING BY, hearing this, said, "Behold, he calls Elijah."

36 ‡ And one ran, and filled a Sponge with Vinegar, and putting it on a Reed, gave him to drink, saying, "Let him alone; let us see whether Elijah will come to take him down."

37 Then JESUS uttering a loud Voice, expired.

38 # And the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in Two from top to bottom.

39 And THAT CENTU-RION who STOOD BY Over against him, seeing that thus he expired, said, "Certainly, *This MAN was a Son of God."

40 ‡And Women also were beholding from a distance; among whom was Mary of MAGDALA, and Mary the MOTHER of JAMES the YOUNGER, and * of Joses, and Salome;

41 who when he was in GALILEE, I followed him, and ministered to him; and MANY Others, who Jerusalem.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—32. Israel.
my God—omit.
39. having cried—omit. 34. saving—omit, 40. the mo-34. NINTH Hour. 34. my Gop—omit. 39. ther of. 41. also—omit. 39. This MAN.

^{1 36.} Psa, 1 41. Luhe Vii . 2. 2.

42 Και ηδη οψιας γενομενης, (επει ην παρα-And now evening being come, (since it was prepaσκευη, δ εστι προσαββατον,) 43 ηλθεν Ιωσηφ extion, that is before sabhath,) came Joseph δ απο Αριμάθαιας, ευσχημών βουλευτης, ός Arimathea, ofrank a senator, who και αυτος ην προσδέχομενος την βασίλειαν του also himself was expecting the kingdom of the θεου, πολμησας εισηλθε προς Πιλατον, και God, assuming courage went in to Pilate, and 41 'Ο δε Πιλάτος. ητησατο το σώμα του Ιησου. asked for the body of the Jesus. The and Pilate εθαυμάσεν, ει ήδη τεθνηκε και προσκαλέσαif already he was dead; and μενος τον κεντυριώνα, επηρωτησεν αυτον, ει the centurion, heasked him, if. 45 Και γνους απο του κεντυσαλαι απεθάνε, And knowing from the centaalready he had died. 46 Kat ριωνος, εδωρησατό τό σώμα τφ Ιωσηφ. he gave the body to Joseph. And αγορασας σινδονα, *[και] καθελών αυτον, having bought dinen, [and] having taken down him, ενειλησε τη σινδονι και κατεθηκέν αυτον έν Le wrapped the dinen; and laid. μνημειώ, ο ην λελατομημενον εκ πετρας και a tomb, which was having been bewn out of a rock; προσεκύλισε λιθον επι την θυραν του μνημειου... a stone against the door of the tomb. 47 'Η δε Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη και Μαρια Ιωση and Mary of Joses. The but Mary the Magdalene **ε**θεωρουν, που τιθέται. beheld, where he was laid.

KEP. 16. 16.

Απα being past the sabbath, Mapta ή Μαγδαληνη, και Μαρια ή του Ιακωβου, και Mary that of the James, and Magdalene, and Σαλωμη ηγορασαν αρωματα, iva ελθουσαι that they might come and Salome bought aromatics, that coming danoint him. bought aromatics, coming ² Και λιαν πρωι της μιας And very early of the first i αλειψωσιν -αυτον. they might anoist shim. σαββατων τρχονται επι το μνημειον, ανατει (about sunrise,) they came of meek they came to the tomb, having to the TOMB. of week they came to she tomb.

λαντος που ήλιου. 3 Και ελεγον προς ξαύτας: selves, "Who will roll the sun. And they said to themselves: selves, "Who will roll the sun. And they said to themselves: selves, "Who will roll the sun. And they said to themselves: selves, "Who will roll the sun. And they said to themselves: selves, "Who will roll to us Who will collaway dorus the stone from the door of the property of Kat. avaβλεψασαι θεωρουσιν, ότι τομε?"

And looking up the stone from the TOME?" αποκεκυλισται δ λιθως ην γαρτμεγας σφοδρα. And looking up, they saw that been rolled away the atone; it was for great very. that the STONE had been Kai εισελθουσαι εις το μνημειον, είδον νε- rolled away.

And having entered into the tomb, they saw a 5 And *coming to the

42 1'And Evening being now come, (since it was the Preparation, that is, the Day before the Sab-

43 THAT Joseph came. who was of Ariniathea, an honorable Senator, who himself also was 1 expecting the KINGDOM of GOD, taking courage, went to * PILATE, and asked for the BODY of JESUS:

44 And PILATE WON→ dered that he was already dead; and having called the CENTURION; he inquired of him "if he was

already dead. 45 And having ascertained from the CENTU-

RION, he gave the DEAD-BODY to JOSEPH.

46 And having bought Linen, taking him down, he wrapped him in the LINEN, and * put him:in a Tonib which was liewn out of the Rock, and rolled a Stone to the ENTRANCE of the TOMB.

47 And Mary of Mag-DALA, and *THAT Mary the mother of Joses, saw where he was laid.

CHAPTER XVI.

1 ‡ And the SABBATH being past, Mary of Mac-DALA, and THAT Mary the mother of JAMES, and Salome, I bought Aromatics, anoint him.

2 And very early on the * first day of the WEEK,

Varican Manuscript. -43. Pilate, 44. if 44. if he was already dead. 40. and—omit. 5. coming to. 47. THAT Mary the mother. BODT. 2. ifirst day of the WEEE.

^{† 42.} Matt. xxvii. 57; Luke xxiii. 50; John xix. 83. A 43. Luke it. 25, 38. † 1. Matt. xxviii. 1: Luke xxiv. 1; John xx. 1. — 1.1. Luke xxiii. 56. 4.5. Luke xxiv. 8; John xx. 11, 12.

ανισκον καθημένον εν τοις δεξιοις, περιβεβληsitting on the right, having been και εξεθαμβηθησαν. μενον στολην λευκην. white; and they were awe-struck. clothed arobe 6 O δε λεγει αυταις. Μη εκθαμβεισθε. Ιησουν He but says to them; Not be you amazed; Jesus ζητειτε τον Ναζαρηνον, τον εσταυρωμενον. you seek the Nazarene, the having been crucified; ουκ εστιν ώδε. ι ε δ τοπος, όπου ηγερθη, he is here; see the place, he has been raised, not 9 Αλλ' ύπαγετε, ειπατε τοις $\epsilon\theta$ nkav autov. Put they laid bim. go, say to the μαθηταις αυτου, και τφ Πετρφ, ότι προαγει of Lim, Peter, that he goes hefore disciples and to the ύμας εις την Γαλιλαιαν εκει αυτον οψεσθε, you toto the Galilee; there him you will see, 8 Και εξελθουσαι, εφυγον καθως ειπεν ύμιν. he said to you. And having gone out, they fled απο του μνημειου ειχε δε αυτας τρομος και tomb; had seized and them trembling and from the εκστασις, και ουδενι ουδεν ειπον εφοβουντο astonishment, and to no one nothing they said; they were afraid for.

 9 \times [Αναστας δε πρωι πρωτη σαββατου εφανη Having risen and carly first of week he appeared πρωτον Μαρια τη Μαγδαληνη, αφ' ής εκβεβ-first to Mary the Magdalene, from whom he had first to Mary the Magdalene, 10 Εκεινη πορευθεισα ληκει έπτα δαιμονια. demons. She απηγγειλε τοις μετ' αυτου γενομενοις, πεν-him having been, Lournbrought back word to those with 11 Κακεινοι ακουσαντες θυυσι και κλαιουσι. And those and weeping. having heard και εθεαθη ύπ' ότι ζη αυτης, ηπιστησων that he was alive and had been seen by her, they did not believe. 12 Μετα δε ταυτα δυσιν εξ αυτων περιπατουσιν After but these things to two of them

εφανερωθη εν έτερα μορφη, πορευ μεννις he appeared in another aspect, going αγρον. ¹⁰ Κακεινοι απελθοντες απηγγει 2:0 into απηγγειλαν country. having gone And those brought back word τοις λοιποις° ουδε **EKELVOIS** επιστευσαν. tothe rest; neither to them did they give credit. 14 Υστερον, ανακειμένοις αυτοις τοις ένδεκα

Afterwards, reclining with the to the eleven και ωνειδισε την απιστιαν αυτων εφανερωθη. he appeared; and reproached the unbelief of them και σκληροκαρδιαν, ότι τους θεασκμείνοις αυτον and hardness of heart, because to those having seen bim 15 Ka1 εγηγερμένον ουκ επιστευσαν. $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ having been raised not they gave credit. And said

TOMB, they saw a Youth sitting at the RIGHT side, clothed with a white Robe; and they were awe-struck.

6 ‡ And HE says to them;
"Be not alarmed; you seek Jesus, THAT NAZA-RENE who was CRUCIFIED. He has been raised; he is not here. See the PLACE where they laid him!

7 But go, say to his DISCIPLES, and to PETER, That he precedes you to GALILEE; there you will see Him, ‡as he said to

vou.

And coming out, they fled from the TOMB; for trembling and astonishment had seized them; and they said nothing to any one, for they were afraid.

9 *[And having risen

9 *[And having risen early on the first day of the Week, the appeared first to Mary of MAGDALA, from whom he had expelled Seven Demons.

10 \$ She went and told those who had BEEN with

him, as they were mourning and weeping.

Il And then, having heard that he was alive, and had been seen by her, did not believe it.

12 And after THESE things, he appeared in Another Aspect ‡ to two of them, as they were walk ing, going into the country.

13 And then returning announced it to the OTHER disciples; neither to THEM did they give credit.

14 Afterwards he appeared to the ELEVEN, as they were reclining, and censured their UNBELIE and OBSTINACY, Because they beheved not THOSE who had SEEN him after his resurrection,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3-20-omit.

^{† 9.} From this verse to the end of the chapter is wanting in the Vat. MS., and in many other ancient copies. Griesbach marks the whole passage of very doubtful authenticity, but retains it in the text. Tischendorf rejects the whole clause. But judging from the evidence with regard to this passage, it is probably an authentic fragment, placed as a completion of the Gospel in very early times; and therefore coming to us with strong claims on our reception and reverence.

^{1 6} Matt. xxvii1, 5—7. † 10. Luke xxiv. 10. John xx. 18. † 12. Luke xxiv. 13. 30hn xx. 19: 1 Co. xv 5.

αυτοις· Πορευθεντες εις τον κοσμον άπαντα, to them; Having gone into the world all.

κηρυξατε το ευαγγελιον παση τη κτισει. ¹⁶ O publish the glad tidings to all the creation. He

πιστευσας και βαπτισθεις, σωθησεται· δ δε having believed and having been dipped, shall be saved; he but απιστησας, κατακριθησεται.

17 Σημεια δε τοις not having believed, shall be condemned.

πιστευσασι ταυτα παρακολευθησει. Εν τω having helieved these shall attend; In the oνοματι μου δαιμονια εκβαλουσι. γλωσσαις

name of me demons they shall cast out; with tongues λαλησουσι καιναις. 18 οφεις αρουσι καν

they shall speak new: serpents they shall take up; and if θανασιμον τι πιωσιν, ου μη αυτοις βλαψει· deadly thing they may drink, not not them it may hurt:

 $\epsilon\pi\iota$ αρρωστους χειρας $\epsilon\pi\iota\iota$ ησουσι, και καλως upon sick ones hands they shall place, and well $\epsilon\xi$ ουσιν. 19 Ο μεν ουν κυριος, μετα το λαληthey will be. The indeed then Lord, after the tohave

σαι αυτοις, ανεληφθη εις τον ουρανον, και spoken to them, Lewistaken up into the heaven, and εκαθισεν εκ δεξιων του θεου: 20 εκεινοι δε εξελ-

sat at nigh of the God: those and having θοντες εκηρυξαν πανταχου, του κυριου συνερ-gone forth published everywhere, the Lord working

γουντος, και τον λογον β ∈ βαιουντος δια των with, and the word ratifying through the

επακολουθουντων σημειων.

15 ‡ And he said to them, "Go into all the WORLD, and proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION.

16 HE who BELIEVES and is immersed will be saved; but HE who BELIEVES NOT will be con-

demned.

17 And these Signs will accompany the BELIEVERS; \$\frac{1}{2}\text{in my NAME they will expel Demons; \$\frac{1}{2}\text{they will speak in new Languages;}

18 ‡ they will take up Serpents; and if they should drink any deadly poison, it will not injure Them; ‡ they will lay Hands on Sick persons, and they will be well."

19 Then, indeed, after the LORD had SPOKEN to them, the was taken up into HEAVEN, and sat down at the Right hand of

God.

20 And THOSE having gone forth, proclaimed everywhere, the Lord co-operating, and ratifying the WORD through the ACCOMPANYING Signs.

* ACCORDING TO MARK.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Subscription-According to Mark.

ACCORDING TO LUKE.

КЕФ. α'. 1.

Επειδηπερ πολλοι επεχειρησαν αναταξασθαι many have undertaken διηγησιν περι των πεπληροφορημενων εν ήμιν a narrative about those having been fully established among us, 2 καθως παρεδοσαν ήμιν οί απ' πραγματων, facts. even as delivered to us those from αρχης αυτοπται και ύπηρεται γενομενοι του a beginning eye-witnesses and ministers having been of the λογου· ³ εδοξε καμοι, παρηκολουθηκοτι ανωθεν word; itseemedrightalso to me, having traced from the first πασιν ακριθως, καθεξης σοι γραψαι, κραaccurately, in an orderly manner to thee to write, O most 4 iva Θεοφιλε, $\tau\iota\tau\tau\epsilon$ επιγνως περι ών that thou mayest know concerning which excellent Theophilus,

 $\kappa \alpha \tau \eta \chi \eta \theta \eta s$ $\lambda \sigma \gamma \omega \nu \tau \eta \nu \alpha \sigma \phi \alpha \lambda \epsilon \iota \alpha \nu$.

Thou hast been taught of words the certainty. δ Εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Ήρωδου, του βασιthe days of Herod, the hews της Ιουδαίας, έερευς τις ονοματί Ζαχαρίας, of the 'Jews, a priest certain name Zacharias, $\epsilon \xi \in \phi \eta \mu \epsilon \rho \iota lpha \in A eta \iota \iota \eta$ youn autov $\epsilon \kappa \tau \omega \nu$ of course of Abia; and the wife of him of the θυγατερων Ααρων, και το ονομα αυτης Ελισαβετ. daughters of Aaron, and the name of her Ησαν δε δικαιοι αμφοτεροι ενωπιον του θεου, They were and righteous hoth in presence of the God. πορευομενοι εν πασαις ταις εντολαις και δικαιwalking all the commandments and in ⁷ Και ουκ ην **αυτ**οις ωμασι του κυριου αμεμπτοι. nances of the Lord blameless. And not was to them τεκινόν, καθοτι ή Ελισαβετ ην στειρα, a child. the Elisabeth Was αμφοτεροι προβεβη.coτες εν ταις ήμεραις αύτων both having been advanced in the days ofthem ησαν. were. εν τη ταξει της εφημεριας αυτου εναντι του order of the course ofhim before of the ⁹ κατα το εθος της [ερατειας HEAV, according to the custom of the priesthood it fell to his lo God,

CHAPTER I.

1 Since many have undertaken to prepare a History of those facts, which have been fully established among us,

2 ‡ even as Those, who WERE from the Beginning Eye-witnesses and Dispensers of the WORD, delivered

them to us:

3 it seemed proper for me also, having accurately traced all things from the first, to write to Thee in consecutive order, ‡† Most excellent Theophilus,

4 that thou mayest know the CERTAINTY of the Words, concerning which thou hast been taught.

5 ‡ In the DAYS of Herod, * King of JUDEA, there was a certain Priest named Zachariah, ‡ of the Course of Abijah; and his * Wife was of the DAUGHTERS Of AATON, and her NAME was Elizabeth.

6 And they were both righteous in the sight of God, walking in all the COMMANDMENTS and Institutions of the LORD

blameless.

7 And they had no Child, because * Elizabeth was barren, and both were far advanced in YEARS.

8 Now it occurred, while he was PERFORMING THE PRIEST'S OFFICE before GOD, in the ORDER of his CLASS,

9 † that it fell to him by lot, according to the cus-

5. King. 5. Wife.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—According to Luke. F. Elizabeth.

^{† 3.} This epithet proves that Theophilus was a man of Senatorian rank; probably a prefect, or governor; the same Greek title being applied to the Roman governor Felix, in Acts xxiii. 26, and elsewhere. It was equivalent to the Latin title optimus, bestowed by the Romans on their principal senators. † 9. Prideaux, referring to Lightfoot's Temple Service, says, that the priests, according to David's institution, were divided into twenty-four courses, that each course attended at Jerusalem its week; and every course being divided into seven classes, each class served its day at the temple; and each priest of that class had his part in the service appointed by lot. And Josephus gives much the same account, adding that the priests entered upon their office on the sabbath-day at noon, and left it at the same time on the sabbath-day following; and that this practice, first settled by David, continued to his own days.—Pearce.

^{‡ 2.} Heb. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 1; 2 Pet. i. 16; 1 John i. 1; Mark i. 1; John xv. 27. ‡ 3. Acts i. 1. ‡ 5. 1 Chron xxiv. 10, 19; Neh. xii. 4, 17.

του θυμιασαι, εισελθων εις τον ναον του κυριου·
ofthe to burn incense, entering into the temple of the Lord;
10 και παν το πληθος ην του λαου προσευχομενον

Zαχαριας ιδων, και φοβος επεπεσεν επ' αυτον.
Zacharias seeing, and fear fell upon him.

13 Ειπε δε προς αυτον δ αγγελος. Μη φοβου, Said but to him the messenger; Not fear, Ζαχαρια διοτι εισηκουσθη ή δεησις σου, και ή Zacharias; because has been heard the prayer of thee, and the

γυνη σου Ελισαβετ γεννησει ύιον σοι και shall bear ascn to thee; and Elisabeth of thee wife 14 Ka1 αυτου Ιωαννην. καλεσεις το ονομα thou shalt call the name of bim John. And εσται χαρα σοι και αγαλλιασις, και πολλοι ne shall be a joy to thee and exultation, and many

επι τη γενεσει αυτου χαρησονται. 15 Εσται at the birth of him shall be glad. He shall be γαρ μεγας ενωπιον κυριου και οινον και σικερα

for great in sight of a lord; and wine and strong drink ou fin $\pi i \eta^*$ και $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \sigma s$ άγιου $\pi \lambda \eta \sigma \theta \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \alpha i$

not not ho may drink; and a spirit of holy shall be filled ετι εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου. 16 Και πολλους yet out o womb of mother of himself. And many των υίων Ισραηλ επιστρεψει επι κυριον τον of the sons of Israel shall be turn to alord the

θεον αυτων. 17 Και αυτος προελευσεται ενωπιον God of them. And he shall precede in the sight αυτου εν πνευματι και δυναμει Ηλιου, επιστρε-

of him in spirit and power of Elias, το ψαι καρδιας πατερων επι τεκνα, και απειθεις εν

turn hearts offathers to children, and disobedient by φρονησει δικαιων, έτοιμασαι κυριφ λαον κατε-wisdom of just (ones,) to make ready for a lord a people having

σκευασμενον. 18 Και ειπε Ζαχαριας προς τον been prepared. And said Zacharias to the

αγγελον Κατα τι γνωσομαι τουτο; εγω γαρ messenger; By what shall know this? I for εμμι πρεσβυτης, και ή γυνη μου προβεβηκυια and the wife of me far advanced

 $\epsilon_{I}\mu_{I}$ πρεσβυτης, και η γυνη μου προβεβηκυια am an old man, and the wife of me far advanced ϵ_{V} ταις ημεραις αύτης. ¹⁹ Και αποκριθεις δ in the days of herself. And answering the

αγγελος ειπεν αυτφ' Εγω ειμι Γαβριηλ, δ messenger said to him, I am Gabriel, the

† 9. The holy place where the altar of incense stood, before the veil. Exod. xxx.1, 6-8; xl. 28. † 15. The original word is derived from a root which signifies to inchriate; and denotes wine made from fruits, and particularly from the palm. John was to be a Nazarite. Jerome says, "Any inchriating liquor is called sicera, whether made of corn, apples, honey, dates, or any other fruits." The English word cider comes from the same word.

† 0. Exod. xxx. 7, 8; 1 Sam. ii. 28; 1 Chron. xxiii. 13; 2 Chron. xxix. 11. † 10. Lev. xxi. 17. † 11. Dan. x. 8; Luke i. 29; ii. 9: Acts x. 4; Rev. i. 17. † 18. ver. 80, 63. † 15. Num. vi. 3; Judges xiii. 4; Mark vii. 33. † 17. Mal. iv. 5; Matt. xi. 14; Mark ix. 12. † 18. Gen. xvii. 17. † 19. Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21—23; Matt. xviii. 10.

TOM of the PRIESTHOOD, to go into the † SANCTU-ARY of the LORD to burn INCENSE.

10 ‡ And the Wholemul-TITUDE of the PEOPLE was praying without, at the HOUR of the INCENSE BURNING.

11 And there appeared to him an Angel of the Lord, standing at the righ side of the ALTAR of IN CENSE.

12 And Zachariah seeing him, ‡ was agitated, and Fear fell on him.

13 But the ANGEL said to him, "Fear not, Zachariah; because thy prayer has been heard; and thy wife Elizabeth will bear thee a Son, ‡ and thou shalt call his NAME John.

14 And he will be to thee a Joy and Exultation; and many will rejoice on account of his BIRTH.

15 For he will be great in the sight of the Lond; and ‡ will not partake of Wine and † Strong drink; but he will be filled with holy Spirit, even from his Birth.

16 And many of the sons of Israel will he turn to the Lord their God.

17 ‡ And he will come first into his sight in the Spirit and Power of Elijah, to turn the Hearts of Fathers to Children, and the Disobedient, by the Wisdom of the Righteous; to make ready for the Lord a prepared People.

18 And Zachariah said to the ANGEL, ‡" By what shall I know this? for £ am old, and my wife is far advanced in YEARS."

19 And the ANGEL answering, said to him, ‡ " # am THAT Gabriel, ATTEND-

παρεστηκως ενωπιου ., ου θεου και απεσταλην having attended in presence of the God; and I am sent ευαγγελισασθαι σοι $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \sigma \alpha \iota \pi \rho o s \sigma \epsilon$, και thee, and to tell glad tidiogs to thee to speak to 20 Kat 1800, $\epsilon \sigma \eta$ σιωπων, και μη lo, thou shalt be having been dumh, and not δυναμενος λαλησαι, αχρι ής ήμερας γενηται being able to speak, till of which day may be done ανθ' ών ουκ επιστευσας τοις λογοις ταυτα. because of which not thou hast believed the words οίτινες πληρωθησονται εις TOV καιρον which shall be fulfilled into the season 21 Και ην δ λαος προσδοκων τον Ζαχααύτων. of them. And was the people waiting for the Zachaριαν· και εθαυμαζον εν τω χρονιζειν αυτον εν rias; and wondering in the todelay him in 22 Εξελθων δε ουκ ηδυνατο λαλησαι τω ναω. Coming out but not he was able the temple. to speak αυτοις και επεγνωσαν, ότι οπτασιαν έωρακεν they perceived, that to them; and a vision he has seen εν τφ ναφ. και αυτος ην διανευων αυτοις, και he was making signs to them, and in the temple; and 23 Και εγενετο ώς επλησθησαν διεμενε κωφος. remained dumb, And it happened as were filled αί ήμεραι της λειτουργιας αυτου, απηλθεν εις days of the ministration of him, he went ²⁴ Μετα δε ταυτας τας ήμερας τον οικον αύτου. house of himself. After and these the συνελαβεν Ελισαβετ ή γυνη αυτου και περιεκρυβεν έαυτην μηνας πεντε, λεγουσα· 25 Ότι five, hemelf months saying: ούτω μοι πεποιηκεν δ κυριος εν ήμεραις, αίς to me has done Lord days, the in επειδεν αφελειν το ονειδος μου εν ανθρωποις. he looked on to take away the reproach of me among

μηνι τφ έκτφ απεσταλη δ $\tau\omega$ the month the sixth the now was gent αγγελος Γαβριηλ ύπο του θεου εις πολιν της Gabriel hy the God a city of the messenger to 'n 27 προς παρ-Γαλιλαιας, ονομα Ναζαρετ,

Mary, ειπε Χαιρε, κεχαριτωμενη δ κυριος her, said: Hall, having been favored: the Lord her, σου: *Ευλογνημενη συ εν χυνακιν.]

μετα σου $*[\epsilon \nu \lambda ο \gamma \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \eta$ συ $\epsilon \nu$ γυναιξιν.] with thee: [having been blessed thou among women,] 29 Η δε $\epsilon \pi \iota$ τ $\phi \lambda ο \gamma \phi$ διεταραχθη, και διελογι

She but at the word was greatly agitated, and γonζετο, ποταπος ειη ὁ ασπασμος ούτος. dered, what could be the salutation this. And

ING in the presence of God; and I am sent to speak with thee, and to tell thee these glad tidings.

20 And behold, thou shalt be silent, and unable to speak, till the Day when these things are accomplished; because thou hast not believed my words, which will be fulfilled in their SEASON."

21 And the PEOPLE were waiting for Zacha-Riah, and wondered at his continuing so long in the sanctuary.

22 And coming out, he could not speak to them; and they perceived That he had seen a Vision in the SANCTUARY; for he made Signs to them, and continued † speechless.

23 Anditocourred, when the days of his public service were completed, he returned to his own house.

24 And after These DAYS Elizabeth his WIFE conceived, and concealed herself five Months, saying,

25 "Thus has the LORD done for me, in the Days when he regarded me, ‡ to take away my REPROACH among Men."

26 Now, in the SIXTH MONTH, the ANGEL Gabriel was sent by God to a City of Galilee, named Nazareth.

27 to a Virgin thetrothed to a Man whose name was Joseph, of the House of David; and the VIRGIN'S NAME was Mary.

28 And coming in to her, he said, ‡"Hail, favored one! the LORD is with thee!"

29 But she was greatly agitated at the word; and she pondered what this salutation could mean.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. blessed art thou among women-omit.

^{† 22.} or deaf and dumb, for the original word has this double meaning. That Zachariah was deprived for a time of both these senses is evident from verse 62, where it is said, "they made signs to the father."

^{1 23. 2} Kings xi. 5; 1 Chron. ix. 25. 1 27. Matt. i. 18; Mark ii. 4.5.

ειπεν δ αγγελος αυτη· Μη φοβου, Μαριαμ· Mary; said the messenger to her; Not fear, 31 Kai 1800, ε υρες γαρ χαριν παρα τφ θε φ. thou hast found for favor with the God. And lo, $\tau \in \xi \eta$ εν γαστρι, και υίον, και and shalt bear a son, thou shalt conceive in womb, 32 Ούτος καλεσεις το δνομα αυτου Ιησουν. of him thou shalt call the name εσται μεγας, και υίος ύψιστου κληθησεται και shall be word, and a son of highest he shall be called; and δωσει αυτφ κυριος δ θεος τον θρονον Δαυιδ του shall give to him a lord the God the throne of David the πατρος αυτου· 33 και βασιλευσει επι τον οικον of him; and he shall reign over the father Ιακωβ εις τους αιωνας, και της βασιλειας αυτου of Jacob to the ages, and of the kingdom 34 Ειπε δε Μαριαμ προς τον ουκ εσται τελος. Said but Mary not shall be an end. to αγγελον' Πως εσται τουτο, επει ανδρα ου γιmessenger; How shall be this, since a man not I νωσκω; 35 Και αποκριθεις δ αγγελος ειπεν αυτη· And answering the messenger said to her; know? Πνευμα άγιον επελευσεται επι σε, και δυναμις A spirit holy shall come upon thee, and a power ύψιστου επισκιασει σοι διο και το γεννωμενον of highest shall overshadow thoo; therefore and the being begotten 36 Kai 1800, άγιον, κληθησεται υίως θεου. shall be called ason of God. And Ελιπαβετ ή συγγενης σου, και αυτη συνειλη-Elisabeth the kinswoman otthee, even having she φυια , υίον εν γηρει αυτης και ούτος μην έκτος

conceived a soo in old age of her: and this month sixth 37 'Οτι ουκ εστιν αυτη τη καλουμενη στειρα. is to her the being called barren. For not 38 Ειπε δε αδυνατησει παρα τω θεω παν ήημα. shall be impossible with the God every word. Μαριαμ. Ιδου, ή δουλη κυριου γενοιτο μοι Mary: lo, the handwaid of alord: mayit be done to me κατα το δημα σου. Και απελθεν απ' αυτης δ according to the word of thee. And went from her the

αγγελος. messenger.

39 Αναστασα δε Μαριαμ εν ταις ημεραις Mary and in the days μετα επορευθη $\tau \eta \nu$ ELS ορεινην TauTais, the billy country into those, she went σπουδης, εις πολιν Ιουδα. 40 Και εισηλθεν εις of Juda. And into into a city entered τον οικον Ζαχαριου, και ησπασατο την Ελισαthe house of Zacharias, and saluted the 41 Και εγενετο, ώς ηκουσεν ή Ελισαβετ And it happened, as heard the Elisabeth heth.

30 And the ANGEL said to her, "Fear not, Mary; for thou hast found Favor with Gop.

31 \$And behold, thou wilt conceive, and bear a Son, and thou shalt call his NAME † Jesus.

32 He will be great, and will be called a Son of the Most High; and the Lord GOD will give him the THRONE of David his FA-THEE;

33 and the will reign over the House of Jacob to the AGES; and of his KING-DOM there will be no End."

34 Then Mary said to the ANGEL, "How can this be, since I know not a

Man?"

35 And the ANGEL an. swering, said to her, "Holy Spirit will come upon thee, and Power from the Most High will overshadow thee; and thereforethat BEGOTTEN, BEING HOLY, will be called a Son of God.

36 And behold, Eliza. beth, thy kinswoman, even she has conceived a Son in her Old age; and this is the sixth Month with HER who is CALLED

barren.

37 # For * No Dcclara. tion is impossible with

38 And Mary said, "Behold, the HANDMAID of the Lord! May it be done to me according to thy word." And the ANGEL departed from her.

39 And Mary arising in those DAYS, went to # the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY with haste, to a City of Ju-

dah;

40 and entered into the HOUSE of Zachariah, and saluted ELIZABETH.

41 And when ELIZA-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. of God No Declaration is.

^{† 31.} See Note on Matt. i. 21.

^{† 31.} Isa. vii. 14; Matt. i. 21. † 31. Luke ii. 21. † exxxii. 11; Isa. ix. 6; xvi. 5; Jer. xxiii 5; Acts ii. 30. † 33. vii. 14, 27; Micah iv. 7; Heb. i. 8. † 35. Matt. i. 20. xxxii. 17; Matt. xix. 26; Mark x. 27; Luke xviii. 27; Rom. iv. 21. xxi. 9-11. 1 32. 2 Sam. vii. 11, 12: Psa † 83. Isa, xxiv. 23; Dan. ii. 44; † 37. Gen. xviii 14; Jer. I 39. Josh. xx. 7;

τον ασπασμον της Μαριας, εσκιρτησε το βρεsalutation of the Mary, leaped the babe φος εν τη κοιλιά αυτης· και πλησθη πνευματος in the womb ofher; and was filled 2 spirit άγιου ή Ελισαβετ, και ανεφωνησε φωνη μεγαλη of holy the Elisabeth, and she cried out with a voice και ειπεν· 42 Ευλογημενη συ εν γυναιξι· and said; Having been blessed thou among women; και and 43 Kai ευλογημενος δ καρπος της κοιλιας σου. having been blessed the fruit of the womb of thee. ποθεν μοι τουτο, ίνα ελθη ή μητηρ του κυριου whence to me this, that should come the mother of the Lord μου προς με; 44 Ιδου γαρ, ώς εγενετο ή φωνη ofme to me? Lo for, 88 the came voice του ασπασμού σου εις τα ωτα μου, εσκιρτησε of the salutation of thee into the ears of me, leaped το βρεφος εν αγαλλιασει εν τη κοιλια μου. babe in exultation in the wome the of me. 45 Και μακαρια ή πιστευσασα, ότι εσται τελειωbappy she having believed, that shall be a fulfillσις τοις Λελαλημενοις αυτη παρα κυριου.

ment to those having been told to her from 46 Και ειπε Μαριαμ. Μεγαλυνει ή ψυχη μου And said Mary; magnines the soul ofme τον κυριον, 47 και ηγαλλιασε το πνευμα μου επι Lord, and has exulted the spirit of me in τφ θεφ τφ σωτηρι μου. 43 ότι επεβλεψεν επι ofme; for helooked God the saviur upon την ταπεινωσιν της δουλης αύτου. Ιδου γαρ, low state of the handmaid of himself. Lo for, απο του νυν μακαριουσι με πασαι αί γενεαι·
from the now will call happy me all the generations;

49 ότι εποιησε μοι μεγαλεια ὁ δυνατος και fur has done to me great things the mighty oos, and άγιον το ονομα αυτου, ο και το ελέος αυτου holy the name of him, and the mercy of oim εις γενεων τοις φοβουμενοις αυτου to generations of generations to those fearing him.
51 Εποιησε κρατος εν Βραγιονι αύτου διεσκρο-

51 Εποιησε κρατος εν βραχιονι αύτου. διεσκορ-He has showed strength with of himself: arm he has πισεν ύπερηφανους διανοια καρδιας QUTWV. dispersed arrogant ones in thought of bearts of them. 52 Καθειλε δυναστας απο θρονων, και ύψωσε He has cast down mighty ones from thrones, and lifted up 53 Πεινωντας ενεπλησεν αγαθων, TATELVOUS. he filled of good things, hamble ones. Hungering ones 54 AVT 6και πλουτουντας εξαπεστειλε κενους. and being rich he sent away empty.

λαβετο Ισραηλ παιδος αύτου, μυησθηνα: ελεους, aided Israel a child of himself, to remember mercy, 55 (καθως ελαλησε προς τους πατερας ήμων.)

55 ($\kappa\alpha\theta\omega s$ $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\lambda\eta\sigma\epsilon$ $\pi\rho\sigmas$ $\tau\sigma s$ $\pi\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho\alpha s$ $\eta\mu\omega\nu$,)
(as hespoke to the fathers of ue,)

BETH heard the SALUTATION OF MARY, the BABE leaped in her WOMB; and ELIZABETH was filled with holy Spirit.

42 And she exclaimed with a loud * Voice, and said, "Blessed art thou among Women! and blessed is the FRUIT of thy WUMB!

43 But how happens this to me, that the Mo-

come to me?

44 For behold, when the voice of thy salutation came to my Ears, the Babe leaped in my womb for Joy.

45 And happy she hav-ING BELIEVED that there will be a Fulfillment of the WORDS SPOKEN to her by the Lord."

46 And Mary said, "My soul extels the Lord,

47 and my SPIRIT exults in God my Savior;
48 because he kind,
viewed the HUMB & CON-

viewed the HUMBLE CON-DITION of his HANDMAID; for, behold! from THIS TIME ‡ All GENERATIONS will pronounce me happy.

49 for the MIGHTY One has done Wonders for me: ‡ and holy is his NAME

50 ‡ and his MERCY extends to Generations of Generations of THOSE who FEAR him.

51 ‡ He shows Strength twith his Arm; he asperses those Proud in the Thought of their Learts.

52 ‡ He casts down Potentates from Thrones, and raises up the owly.

53 He fills the Hungry with good things, and the Rich he sends away empty.

54 He supports Israel, his own Child, remembering Mercy,

55 (1 as he spoke to our

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. Cry.

^{51.} Grotius observes, that God's efficacy is represented by his finger, his great power by his tand, and his omnipotence by his arm. The plague of lice was the finger of God, Exod. vii. ix The plagues in general were wrought by his hand, Exod. vii. 30. And the destruction of Pharoah's host in the Red Sea, is called the act of his arm, Exod. xv. 16.

^{† 48. 1} Sam. ii. 1. 2 48. 1 uke xi. 27. 2 40. Psa. exi. 9. 2 50. Psa. exi. 17, 18. 2 51. Psa. xcviii. 1. 2 52. 1 Sam. ii. 8; Psa. exiii. 7. 1 65. Gen. zvii. 19; Psa. exxii. 11.

τω Αβρααμ και τω σπερματι αυτου έως αιωνος. of him even to an age. to the Abraam and to the seed

56 Εμεινε δε Μαριαμ συν αυτη ώσει μηνας τρεις· Mary with her about months three: Abode and

και ὑπεστρεψεν εις τον οικον αυτης. to the house

χρονος του 57 Tn δε Ελισαβετ επλησθη δ was fulfilled the To the now Elisabeth time of the ⁵⁸ Και ηκουτεκειν αυτην και εγεννησεν υίον. to bear and she brought forth a son. And heard σαν οί περιοικοι και οί συγγενεις αυτης, δτι and the kindred of her, that neighbora εμεγαλυνε κυριος το ελεος αύτου μετ' αυτης. mercy of himself towards had magnified alord the 59 Και εγενετο, εν τη και συνεχαιρον αυτη. And it came to pass, in the and they rejoiced with her. ογδυτ, ήμερα ηλθον περιτεμειν το παιδιον και eighth day they came to circumcise the little child; and εκαλουν αυτο, επι τω ονοματι του πατρος αυτου, of him, iı, after the name of the father 60 Και αποκριθεισα ή μητηρ αυτου Aud answering the mother of him Ζαχαριαν. Zacharias. 61 Ka1 ειπεν. Ουχι. αλλα κληθησεται Ιωαννης. but he shall be called John. ειπον προς αυτην. 'Οτι ευδεις εστιν εν τη they said to her; That no one among the συγγενεια σου, ός καλειται τφ ονοματι τουτφ. kindred of thee, who is called to the name 62 Ενενευον δε τφ πατρι αυτου, το τι αν θελοι They made algorathen to the father of him, the whathe would desire καλεισθαι αυτον. 63 Και αιτησας πινακιδιον, And having requested him. to be called εγραψε, λεγων. Ιωαννης εστι το ονομα αυτου. the name John is of h:m. he wrote, saying: $64 \text{ Av} \in \omega \chi \theta \eta$ δ∈ το Και εθαυμασαν παντες. they wondered all. Was opened and the στομα αυτου παραχρημα, και ή γλωσσα αυτου. immediately, and the ofhim; tongue και ελαλει ευλογων τον θεον. 65 Και εγενετο blessing the God. and he spoke επι παντας φοβος τους περιοικουντας αυτους. a fear those dwelling around ail και εν όλη τη ορεινη της Ιουδαιας διελαλειτο and in whoie the hilly-country of the Judea talked of throughout 66 Και εθεντο παντες παντα τα δηματα ταυτα. placed these. And the things οί ακουσαντες εν τη καρδια αύτων, λεγοντες those having heard in the hearts of themselves, saying;

FATHERS,) to ABRAHAM, and to his POSTERITY, even to the Age."

56 And Mary remained with her about three Months, and returned to

her HOUSE.

57 Now ELIZABETH'S TIME to be DELIVERED was fulfilled; and she brought forth a Son.

58 And her NEIGHBORS and RELATIVES heard That the Lord had magnified his MERCY towards her: and they rejoiced with her.

59 And, on the Eighth Day, ‡ when they came to circumcise the CHILD, they were about to call him Zachariah, after the NAME of his FATHER;

60 but his MOTHER interposing, said, "No; but the shall be called John."

61 And they said to her, "There is no one among thy RELATIVES, who is called by this NAME."

62 Then they asked his FATHER, by Signs, WHAT HE WISHED HIM TO BE CALLED.

63 And requesting †a TABLET, he wrote, saying, t"llis NAME is John. And they all wondered,

64 I for his mouth was instantly opened, and his TONGUE loosed; and he spoke, praising GoD.

65 And Fear came on their NEIGHBORS. And All these THINGS were talked of through All the MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY of JUDEA.

HEARING, pondered them, in their HEARTS, saying,

And All

66

† 52. Not before that day, because the mother was unclean seven days, Lev. xii.1, 2; and so was the chil, by touching her, and therefore he was not then fit to be admitted into coverant. The law appointed no certain place in which circumcision was to be done, nor any certain person to perform it, and therefore it was sometimes done by women, Exod. iv. 25, and here in the house of Elizabeth, as appears by her presence at it, verse 60. The Jews did it sometimes in their schools, for the sake of the number of the witnesses. Then also they named the infant; because, when Gon instituted circumcision, he changed the names of Abraham and Sarah.—Whitby. Among the Jews, the child was named when it was circumcised, and ordinarily the name of the father was given to the first-born son.—A. Clarke. 63. A thin board, made out of the pine-tree, smeared over with wax, was used among the ancients, as a writing-tablet.

\$ 59. Gen. xvii. 12; Lev. xii. 3. \$ 65. ver. 39.

1 60. ver. 13.

\$ 63, ver. 13.

\$ 64. ver.

THOSE

παιδιον τουτο εσται; Και XELP TO will be? What then the child this And hand κυριου ην μετ' αυτου. of Lord was with

 67 Και Ζαχαριας δ πατηρ αυτου ϵ πλησhetaη Zacharias the father ofuim was filled

πνευματος άγιου, και $\pi \rho o \epsilon \phi \eta \tau \epsilon v \sigma \epsilon$, $\lambda \in \gamma \omega \nu$ a spirit of holy, and prophesied, saying;

Ευλογητος κυριος, δ θεος του Ισραηλ. δτι Blessed Lord. the God of the Israel: for

επεσκεψατο και εποιησε λυτρωσιν τω λαω redemption to the people be has visited and wrought αύτου, 69 και ηγειρε κερας σωτηριας ήμιν εν τφ of himself, and raised up a horn of salvation to us in the

οικφ Δαυιδ του παιδος αύτου· ⁷⁰ (καθως ελαλησε house of David the servant of himself; (even as he spoke

δια στοματος των άγιων, των απ' alwvos. of the holy ones, of those from through mouth

προφητων αύτου) 71 σωτηριαν εξ εχθρων ήμων, of prophets of himself,) a salvation from euemies of us,

και εκ χειρος παντων των μισουντων ήμας·
and from hand of all those hating us:

 7^2 ποιησαι ελεος μετα των πατερων ήμων, και to perform mercy with the fathera ofus, aud

μνησθηναι διαθηκης άγιας αύτου, ⁷³ όρκον, όν covenant holy of himself, an oath, which

ωμοσε προς Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων, του he swore to Abraam the father of us, δουναι ήμιν, 7^4 αφοβως, εκ χειρος των εχθρων to give to us, without fear, from haud of the euemies

ήμων δυσθεντας, λατρευειν αυτφ ⁷⁵ εν δσιοτητι of us having been rescued, to worship him in holiness δικαιοσυνη ενωπιον αυτου, πασας Tas

and righteouspess in presence of him, all the 76 Και συ, παιδιον, προφητης $\dot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\rho\alpha s \dot{\eta}\mu\omega\nu.$

And thou, little child, of us. ύψιστου κληθηση· προπορευση γαρ προ *[προof highest shalt be called; thou shalt go for before [face]

σωπου κυριου, έτοιμασαι όδους αυτου, 77 του of a lord, to prepare ways of him, of the

δουναι γνωσιν σωτηριας τφ λαφ αυτου, εν αφεto give knowledge of salvation to the people of him, in forgiveσει άμαρτιων αυτων, 78 δια σπλαγχνα ελεους

of sins of them, on account of tender θεου ήμων, εν οίς επεσκεψατο ήμας ανατολη εξ of God of us, by which he has visited a rising from us

ύψους, ¹⁹ επιφαναι τοις εν $\sigma \kappa o \tau \epsilon \iota$ και σκια on high, toshine to those in darkness and sliade

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 66. For also the Hand. 69. the House of David. 76, face -omit.

† 69. A horn in Scripture is frequently a symbol of power or principality, and hence this expression will signify, a mighty Savior, or Prince of Salvation.

† 69. Psa. xviii. 2; cxxxii. 17. xviii. 4; xxii. 16, 17; Heb. vi. 13, 17. ‡ 70. Acts iii. 21; Rom. i. 2. ‡ 73. Gen. xii. 3. ‡ 76. Isa. xl. 3; Mal. iii. 1; iv. 5; Matt. xi. 10; ver. 17.

"What then will this CHILD be?" *And the Hand of the Lord was with him.

67 And Zachariah, his FATHER, was filled with holy Spirit, and prophesied.

saving, 68 "Blessed be the Lord, the GOD of ISRAEL, because he has visited and wrought Redemption for his PEOPLE;

69 and ‡ has raised up ta Horn of Salvation for us, in the * House of David, his servant;

70 (teven as he spoke by the Mouth of THOSE HOLY ones, his Prophets

of the Age;)

71 a Salvation from our Enemies, and from the Hand of ALL who HATE

72 to perform his Mercy with our FATHERS; and to remember his holy Cove-

nant;

73 the Oath which he swore to Abraham, our FATHER,-

74 to permit us, being resened from the Hand of our ENEMIES, fearlessly to worship him,

75 by Holiness and Righteousness in his sight.

All our DAYS.

76 And thou, Child, wilt be called a Prophet of the Most High; for thou shalt go tbefore the Lord to prepare his Ways;

77 to impart a Knowledge of Salvation to his PEOPLE in the forgiveness

of their Sins,

78 on account of the tender Compassions of our God, by which he has visited us; a Day-dawn from on high,

79 to Illuminate THOSE SITTING in Darkness and Death-shade: to DIRECT θανατου καθημενοις, του κατευθυναι τους ποδας of death sitting, of the to guide the 80 Το δε παιδιον ηυξανε, ήμων εις όδον ειρηνης. ofus into away ofpeace. The now little child grew, και εκραταιουτο πνευματι. και ην εν ταις ερηand became strong in spirit; and was in the desμοις, έως ήμερας αναδειξεως αυτου $\pi \rho o s$ TOV day of manifestation of him io Ισραηλ. Israel.

KEΦ. β'. 2.

1Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, εξηλθε It came to pass and in the days those, went forth δογμα παρα Καισαρος Αυγουστου, απογραφεσa decree from Cesar Augustus, to register 2 (Αύτη ή απογραφη θαι πασαν την οικουμένην. habitable. the (This the registry εγενετο ήγεμονευοντος **Supias** πρωτη THS first was made being govenor of the Syria Κυρηνιου.) 3 Και επορευοντο παντες απογρα-And they went to be φεσθαι, ϵκαστος εις την ιδιαν πολιν.
registered, each into the his own city. 4 A $\nu \in \beta \eta$ Wentup δε και Ιωσηφ απο της Γαλιλαιας, εκ πολεως and also Josepa from the Galilee, out of city Ναζαρετ, εις την Ιουδαιαν, εις πολιν Δαυιδ, Nazareth, into the Judea, into a city of David, ήτις καλειται Βηθλεεμ, (δια το ειναι αυτον εξ which is called Bethleem, (because the tobe him of οικου και πατριας Δ αυιδ,) 5 απογραψασθαι συν house and family of David,) to be registered with Μαριαμ τη μεμνηστευμενη αυτφ *[γύναικι,]
Mary the having been espoused to him [a wife,] 6 Εγενετο δε εν τφ ειναι αυτους ουση εγκυω. being with child. It happened but in the to be εκει, επλησθησαν αί ήμεραι του τεκειν αυτην. were fulfilled days of the to bear there the τον υίον αύτης του πρωτοτοκον, $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \kappa \epsilon$ And she brought forth the son of her the first-horn. και εσπαργανωσεν αυτον, και ανεκλινεν αυτον swathed him, and and laid him εν τη φατνη· διοτι ουκ ην αυτοις τοπος εν τφ in the manger; because not was to them a place in the καταλυματι. gnest-chamber.

our FEET into the Way of Peace."

80 Now the CHILD grew, and acquired strength of Mind; and he was in the DESERTS till the Day of his public appearance to Is-RAEL.

CHAPTER II.

- 1 Now it occurred in those DAYS, that an I'dict went forth from Cesar Augustus, to register All the † HABITABLE.
- 2 (This * was the first Registry of Quirinus, Governor of Syria.)
- 3 And they all went to he registered, each into his own City.
- 4 And Joseph also went up from GALILEE, out of the City of Nazareth, into JUDEA, into the ‡ City of David, which is called Bethlehem, (‡because he WAS of the House and Family of David,)
- 5 to be registered with Mary, this BETROTHED, being pregnant.
- 6 And it came to pass while they WERE there, the DAYS of her DELIVERY were accomplished.
- 7 ‡ And she brought forth her FIRST-BORN SON, and swathed him, and laid him in * † a Manger; because there was no Place for them in the GUEST-CHAMBER.

* Vatican Mss.—2. This was the first Registry. 5. Wife—omit. 7. a Manger. † 1. Oikoumenee literally means the inhabited earth, and is applied in this place, by some recent translators, to the Roman Empire. But as no historian mentions a general census at this time, the meaning of the word must be restricted to the land of Judea, where this envolument took place. Oikoumenee is used by Lukein chap. xxi. 26, and Acts xi. 28, and applied in this restricted sense. † 7. Wetsein has shown from a multitude of instances, that phatnee means not merely the manger, but the whole stable. The room for guests being already full, Joseph and Mary retired to a more homely receptacle, called a stablum, the middle of which afforded room for cattle, and the sides accommodation for persons. It was not properly a stable, but was formed for the convenient lodging of both men and cattle. Bishop Pearce, however, has a note on this verse, which is worthy of consideration. He says, "Upon the whole, it seems to me probable, that Mary was delivered in quest-chamber, or lodging-room, (whether it were in a public house, or that of some friend, is not said,) in some chamber of a house, and not of a stable; and that then, for want of a bed in that guest-chamber, wherein to lay her Son Jesus, she made use of one of the Eastern mangers, made of coarse cloth, and fastened, like our scamen's hammocks, to some part of the chamber where she was; and there laid him, as having no other placefor him. This afforded a circumstance by which the shepherds were directed to find him out, and distinguish this holy babe from all others. See verses 12, 16."

‡ 2. Acts v. 37.

‡ 4. Matt. i. 16; Inke i VATICAN Mss .- 2. This was the first Registry. 5. Wife-omit. 7. a Manger.

‡ 2. Acts v. 37. ‡ 4. 1 Sam. xvi. 1, 4; John vii. 42. ‡ 5. Matt. i. 18; Luke i. 27. ‡ 7. Matt. i. 25.

1 4. Matt. i. 16; Luke 1

8 Και ποιμένες ησαν εν τη χωρά τη αυτη And shepherds were in the country the this αγραυλουντες, και φυλασσοντες φυλακας της abiding in the fields, and keeping watches 9 Και *[ιδου,] νυκτος επι την ποιμνην αυτων. might over the flock of them. [lo,] And αγγελος κυριου επεστη αυτοις, και δοξα κυριου a messenger of a lord atood near to them, and glory of a lord περιελαμψεν αυτους και εφοβηθησαν φοβον ahone round them; and they feared a fear μεγαν. 10 Και ειπεν αυτοις δ αγγελος· Μη aaid to them the messenger; And φοβεισθε ιδου γαρ, ευαγγελιζομαι ύμιν χαραν lo for, I bring glad tidings to you fear you; a joy 11 δτι ήτις εσται παντι τφ λαφ. μεγαλην, which shall be to all the people: ετεχθη ύμιν σημερον σωτηρ, δε εστι Χριστος was born to you to-day a savior, who is anoin ed 12 Και τουτο ύμιν το And this to you the κυριος, εν πολει Δαυιδ. Lord, in city of David. Εύρησετε βρεφος εσπαργανωμενον σημειον. a babe You shall find having been swathed 13 Και εξαιφνης εγενετο κειμενον εν φατνη. in a manger. And suddenly $\sigma v \nu \tau \phi$ αγγελφ πληθος στρατιας ουρανιου, with the messenger a multitude of host of heaven, 14 66 Δοξα αινουντων τον θεον, και λεγοντων praising the God, and saying; εν ύψιστοις θεω, και επι γης ειρηνη εν ανθρωin highest heavens to God, and on earth peace; among ποις ευδοκια." good will."

15 Και εγενετο, ώς απηλθον απ' αυτων εις τον Auditcame to pass, when went from them into the ουρανου οί αγγελοι, και οί ανθρωποι, οί ποιμεheaven the messengera, and the men, the shepνες, είπον προς αλληλους. Διελθωμεν δη έως herds, said to one another; We should go now to βηθλεεμ, και ιδωμεν το ρημα τουτο το γεγονος, Bethleem, and see the thing this the having been done, ¹⁶ Και ηλθον δ ό κυριος εγνωρισεν ήμιν. And they came which the Lord has made known to us. σπευσαντες, και ανευρον την τε Μαριαμ και τον having made haste, and they found the both Mary and the $I\omega\sigma\eta\phi$, και το βρεφος κειμενον εν τη φατνη. Joseph, and the bahe lying in the manger. I^{7} $I\delta o ν τ ε s δ ε, διεγνωρισαν <math> * [περι]$ του δηματοs Having seen and, they published [around] the declaration του λαληθεντος αυτοις περι του παιδιου τουτου. that having been told to them concerning the little child 18 Και παντες οί ακουσαντες εθαυματαν περι And all those having heard woodered

about των λαληθεντων ύπο των ποιμενων προς αυτους. those having been told by the shepherds to them. 19 'Η δε Μαριαμ παντα συνετηρει τα δηματα

The but Mary all kept the words *[ταυτα,] συμβαλλουσα εν τη καρδια αυτης. in the heart of herself. pondering [these,]

8 And there were Shep. herds in THAT COUNTRY. residing in the fields, and keeping over their FLOCK the Watches of the NIGHT.

9 And an Angel of the Lord stood by them, and the Glory of the Lord shone round them; and they were greatly afraid.

10 And the ANGEL said to them, "Fear not; for behold, I bring you glad tidings, twhich will be a great Joy to All the PEO-PLE;

11 t because To-day was born for you, in David's City, a Savior, who is the

Lord Messiah.

12 And this will be a *Sign to you; you will find a Babe swathed, lying in a Manger."

13 And suddenly there was with the ANGEL a Multitude of the heavenly Host, praising God, and

saying, 14 "Glory to God in the highest heavens, on Earth Peace, and among Men Good will."

15 Now it occurred. when the ANGELS departed from them to HEAVEN, the MEN, the SHEPHERDS, said to one another, "Let us go now to Bethlehem, and see this THING which has transpired, which the LOBD has made known to us."

16 And they came in haste, and found both MARY and JOSEPH, and the BABE lying in the MANGER.

17 And having seen it, they published THAT DEC-LARATION which had been SPOKEN to them about this CHILD.

18 And All those hav-ING HEARD, wondered at the THINGS RELATED to them by the SHEPHERDS.

19 But Mary kept All these words, pondering them in her HEART.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. 10-omit.

^{12.} Sign.

 20 Kai i i $^{\pi}$ $^{\epsilon}$ $^{\sigma}$ $^{\tau}$ $^{\epsilon}$ i $^{\sigma}$ i $^{\tau}$ $^{\sigma}$ i $^{\tau}$ $^{\sigma}$ i $^{\sigma}$ $^{$

seen, even as it had been told to them.

21 Kai επλησθησαν ήμεραι οκτω δτ€ TOU days And when were fulfilled eight of the περιτεμειν αυτον, και εκληθη το ονομα αυτου him, and he was called the name **Ιησους, το κληθεν ύπο του αγγελου προ του** messenger before of the that being called by the συλληφθηναι αυτον εν τη κοιλια.

was conceived him in the womh.

22 Και ότε επλησθησαν αί ήμεραι του καθαρισ-Aud when were fulfilled the days of the μου αυτων, κατα τον νομον Μωσεως, ανηγαγον tion of them, according to the law of Moses, they brought αυτον εις Ιεροσυλυμα, παραστησαι τφ κυριφ, to Jerusalem, to present to the Lord, " OTL ²³ (καθως γεγραπται εν νομφ κυριου· (as it is written in law of Lord; That παν αρσεν διανοιγον μητραν, άγιον τφ κυριφ κληθησεται.") ²⁴ και του δουναι θυσιαν, shall be called,") and of the to offer holy to the Lord κατα and of the to offer a sacrifice, according to το ειρημενον εν νομφ κυριου " Ζευγος τρυγοthat having been said io law of Lord; "A pair of turtle νων, η δυο νεοσσους περιστερων."

dores, or two young pigeons."
²⁵ Και ιδου, ην ανθρωπος εν 'Ιερου αλημ, Aud lo, was a man in Jerusalem, to whom ονομα Συμεων' και ό ανθρωπος ούτος δικαιος and the a name of Simeon; man this και ευλαβης, προσδεχομενος παρακλησιν του pious, waiting for consolation of the and Και πνευμα ην άγιον επ' αυτον· 26 και Ισραηλ. And aspirit was holy upon him; ην αυτφ κεχρηματισμένον ύπο του πνευματος by it was to him having been informed the ιδη του άγιου, μη ιδειν θανατον, πριν η to see death, before he should see holy, not 27 Και ηλθεν εν τφ πνευτον Χριστον κυριου. And he came by the anointed of Lord. spirit ματι εις το έερον και εν τω εισαγαγειν
into the temple; and in the to bring TOUS the γονεις το παιδιον Ιησουν, του ποιησαι αυτους the little child Jesus, of the to do them TO ειθισμενον του νομου $\pi \in \rho \iota$ law concerning according to that having been instituted of the αυτου· 28 και αυτος εδεξατο αυτο εις τας αγκαhim: also he took it into the λας αύτου, και ευλογησε τον θεον, και ειπε·

20 And the SHEPHERDS returned, glorifying and praising GoD for all which they had heard and seen, even as it had been declared to them.

21 ‡And when eight Days were ended, the [time] to CIRCUMCISE him, his NAME was called Jesus, THAT NAME given him by the ANGEL before his CON-

CEPTION.

22 ‡And when †the *Days of her Purification were completed, according to the LAW of Moses, they carried him up to Jerusalem, to present him to the LORD;—

23 (even as it is written in the Law of the Lord, that ‡" Every Male, being a first-born, shall be called holy to the Lord;")

24 and to offen a Sacrifice, according to what is enjoined in * the LAW of the Lord,—‡† "A Pair of Turtle-doves, or Two

Young Pigeons."

25 And behold, there was a Man in Jerusalem, whose Name was Simeon; and he was a righteous and pious MAN, expecting the Consolation of ISRAEL; and the holy Spirit was on him.

26 And he was divinely informed by the HOLY SPIRIT, that he would not die, till he should see the Lord's MESSIAH.

27 And he came by the SPIRIT into the TEMPLE; and when the PARENTS BROUGHT IN the CHILD Jesus, † to DO according to the CUSTOM of the LAW concerning him,

28 he also took him in his ARMS, and praised GoD, and said.

the

blessed

ot himself,

and

God.

and

said:

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. Days of her Purification.

^{24.} the LAW of.

^{† 22.} That is, thirty-three days after what was termed the seven days of her uncleanness—forty days in all; the time appointed by the law, after the birth of a male child. See Lev, xii. 2, 6. † 24. One for a burnt-offering, and the other for a sin-offering; See Lev. xii. 8. These were the offerings of the poorer Jewish mothers. † 27. To present him to the Lord, and then redeem him by paying five shekels, Num. xviii. 15, 16.

^{† 21.} Luke 1. 59. † 21. Matt. i. 25; Luke i. 31. † 22. Lev. xii. 2—6, † 23. f.xod. xiii. 2; xxii. 29: xxxiv. 19: Num. iii. 13; viii. 17; xviii. 15. † 24. Lev. xii. 8.

29 Νυν απολυεις τον δουλον σου, δεσποτα, Now dost thou dismiss the servant of thee, O sovereign, κατα το $\hat{\rho}$ ημα σου, $\epsilon \nu$ ειρηνη 30 $\delta \tau \iota$ ειδον οί according to the word of thee, in peace; for have seen the opθαλμοι μου το σωτηριον σου, 31 δ ήτοιμα-eyes of me the salvation of thee, which thou hast σας κατα προσωπον παντων των λαων· 32 φως prepared before face of all the people; alight els αποκαλυψιν εθνων, και δοξαν λαου σου for a revelation of nations, and a glory of people of thee 33 Και ην ό πατηρ αυτου και ή μητηρ Ισραηλ. And was the father of him and the mother Israel. θαυμαζοντες επι τοις λαλουμενοις περι αυτου. wondering at those being spoken about ³⁴ Και ευλογησεν αυτους Συμεων, και ειπε προς And blessed them Simeon, and said Μαριαμ την μητερα αυτου. Ιδου, ούτος κειται Mary the mother of him; Lo, this is placed εις πτωσιν και αναστασιν πολλων $\in V T \omega$ rising ofmany the a fall and in Ισραηλ, και εις σημειον αντιλεγομενον· 35 (και Israel, and for a sign being spoken against; (also σου δε αυτης την ψυχην διελευσεται ρομφαια.) of thee and of thy self the soul shall pierce through as word;) όπως αν αποκαλυφθωσιν εκ πολλων καρδιων may be disclosed of many διαλογισμοι.

reasonings.

36 Και ην Αννα προφητις, θυγατηρ Φανουηλ, And was Anna a prophetess, a daughter of Phanuel, εκ φυλης Ασηρ· αύτη προβεβηκυια εν ήμεραις tribe of Aser; she having been advanced in πολλαις, ζησασα ετη μετα ανδρος έπτα απο many, having lived years with a husband seven from της παρθενιας αύτης. ³⁷ και αυτη χηρα ώς ετων the virginity of herself; also she a widow about years ογδοηκοντα τεσσαρων, ή ουκ αφιστατο απο του four, who not withdrew from the ίερου, νηστειαις και δεησεσι λατρευουσα νυκτα temple, fastings and prayers serving και ἡμεραν. ³³ Και αύτη, αυτη τη ὧρα επιστασα, ανθωμολογειτο τφ κυριφ, και ελαλει περι ing by, acknowledged the Lord, and apoke about αυτου παπι τοις προσδεχομενοις λυτρωπιν εν hum to all those looking for redemption 'Ιερουσαλημ.

Jerusalem.

³⁹ Και ώς ετελεσαν άπαντα τα κατα τον And when they finished all the things according to the νομον κυριου, ύπεπτρεψαν εις την Γαλιλαιαν, they returned into the law of Lord, Galilee, εις την πολιν αύτων, Ναζαρετ. 40 Το δε παιδίον into the city of themselves, Nazareth. The and little child ηυξανε, και εκραταιουτο *[πνευματι,] πληρου-grew, and was attengthened [in spirit,] μενον σοφιας και χαρις θεου ην επ' αυτο. filled with wisdom; and favor of God was on

29 "Now, O sovereign Lord, dismiss thy SERVANT according to thy word, in Peace;

30 because my EYEs have seen thy SALVATION,

31 which thou hast made ready in the Presence of All the PEOPLE;

32 ‡a Light of Nations for enlightenment, and a Glory of thy People Israel."

33 And his FATHER and MOTHER were wondering at the words spoken concerning him.

34 And Simeon blessed them, and said to Mary his MOTHER, "Behold, this child is destined for the t Fall and Rising of many in ISRAEL; and for ta Mark of contradiction ;-

35 (and indeed, a Sword will pierce through the sour of Thee Thyself,) that the Reasonings of Many Hearts may be disclosed."

36 There was also a Prophetess, Anna, Daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Asher; sije was far advanced in Age, having lived with *a Husband seven Years from her VIRGINITY;

37 she was also a Widow *about eighty-four Years, who departed not from the TEMPLE, but serving God ! Night and Day with Fastings and Prayers.

38 And she standing by at THAT very time, praised * God, and spoke of him to All THOSE EXPECTING Deliverance in Jerusalem.

39 And when they had finished all things according to the LAW of the Lord, they returned to GALILEE. to their own City Nazareth.

40 1 And the CHILD grew, and became strong, filled with Wisdom, and the Favor of God was on him.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. 2 HUSBAND. 40. in Spirit-omit. spoke.

^{37.} till eighty-four.

^{38.} God, and

^{† 32.} Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; lx. 1; Acts xiii. 47; xxviii. 28. † 34. Isa. viii. 14; Matt. xxi. 44; Rom. ix. 32; 1 Cor. i. 23, 24; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 8. † 34. Heb. vii. 3. † 37. Acts xxv. 7; 1 Tim. v. 5 † 38. Luke xxiv. 21. † 40. Luke i. 80, ver. 52.

Il Και επορευοντο οί γονεις αυτου κατ' ετος εις
And went the parents of him every year to Ίερουσαλημ τη έορτη του πασχα.

of the feast of the passover.

42 Και ότε εγενετο ετων δωδεκα, αναβαντων having gone up be was years twelve, And when 'Ιεροσολυμα] κατα το εθος της αυτων *[εις Jerusalem] according to the custom of the 43 και τελειωσαντων τας ήμερας, εν €ορτης° days, having ended the and feast: τφ ύποστρεφειν αυτους, ύπεμεινεν Ιησους ό the remained Jesus them. to return παις εν Ίερουσαλημο και ουκ εγνω Ιωσηφ και and not knew Joseph Jerusalem; 44 Νομισαντες δε αυτον εν η μητηρ αυτου. Having supposed and him the mother ηλθον ήμερας όδον, και τη συνοδια ειναι, they went of a day a journey, and to he, company she ενε (ητουν αυτον εν τοις συγγενεσι και τοις kinsmen and they sought him among the 45 Και μη εύροντες, ύπεστρεψαν γνωο τοις. they returned And not finding, acquaintances. 46 Ka1 αυτον. Ίερουσαλημ, (ητουντες him. seeking Jerusalem, εγενετο, μ εθ΄ ήμερας τρεις εύρον αυτον εν τ ϕ it happened, after days three they found him in the ίερφ καθεζομενον εν μεσφ των διδασκαλων, teachers. in middle of the sitting temple και ακουοντα αυτων, και επερωτωντα αυτους. and asking them. of them, hearing 47 Εξισταντο δε παντες *[οί ακουοντες αυτου,] him,] all [those hearing Were amazed and επι τη συνεσει και ταις αποκρισεσιν αυτου. npon the understanding and the answers και προς 48 Και ιδοντες αυτον, εξεπλαγησαν. they were amazed; and to him, αυτον ή μητηρ αυτου ειπε. Τεκνον, τι εποιη-O child, why hast thou him the mother of him said; ιδου, δ πατηρ σου καγω σας ήμιν ούτως; and I the of thee father to us thus? Io, 49 Kai ειπε προς οδυνωμενοι ε(ητουμεν σε. And he said to have sought thee. heing in distress ηδειτε, ότι εζητειτε με; ουκ Tı me? know you, not Why for did you seek them;

them, and came into Naza-And he went down with και ην ύποτασσομενος αυτοις. Και ή

45 But not finding him, they returned to Jerusalem, seeking him.

ότι εν τοις του πατρος μου δει ειναι με ; ⁵⁰ Και that in the of the father of me must to be me? And αυτοι ου συνηκαν το βημα, δ ελαλησεν αυτοις. they not understood the word, which he spoke 51 Και κατεβη μετ' αυτων, και ηλθεν εις Ναζα-

per. And the to them. and was heing subject

41 And his PARENTS went yearly to Jerusalem to the I FEAST of the PASS. OVER.

42 And when he was twelve Years old, 7they went up according to the CUSTOM of the FEAST.

43 And having † completed the DAYS, on their RETURN, Jesus, the Youth, remained in Jerusalem. And * his PARENTS knew it not.

44 And supposing him to be in the COMPANY, they went a Day's Journey; and they sought him, among their RELATIVES and AC-QUAINTANCES.

And it happened, Days they after three found him in the TEMPLE, sitting in †the Midst of the TEACHERS, both hearing them, and asking them questions.

47 And ALL were astonished at his INTELLI-GENCE and REPLIES.

48 And seeing him, they were amazed; and his Mo-THER said to him, "Child, why hast thou done thus to us? behold thy FATHER and # * seek thee sorrowing."

49 And he said to them, "Why did you seek me? Did you not know that I must be in the [COURTS] of my FATHER?"

50 And then did not understand the WORD which he spoke to them.

51 And he went down with them, and came to Nazareth, and was subject to them. And his MOTHER

^{47.} those 43. his parents knew, * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. to Jerusalem-omit. 48. seek thee. hearing him-omit.

^{† 42.} All the males were required to attend at the three festivals at Jerusalem; and females, though not commanded, yet used often to attend, especially at the Passover. Children were excused; but the Rabbinical writers say, that the above obligation was thought binding at twelve years of age. † 43. That is, been there eight days, of which the feast of the Passover was one, and the rest were the seven days of unleavened bread. † 46. They sat on benches in a half circle, and their scholars at their feet, Acts xxii. 3. † 40. In the courts or house of my Father, is now generally admitted as correct. A similar ellipsic occurs in Mark v. 35, and Acts xvi. 40.

^{* 41.} Exod. xxiii. 15, 17; xxxiv. 23; Deut. xvi. 1. 16.

μητηρ αυτου διετηρει παντα τα ρηματα ταυτα mother of him treasured alt the words these 52 Και Ιησους προεκοπτε εν τη καρδια αύτης. in the beart of herself. And Jesus advanced σοφιά, και ήλικια, και χαριτι παρα θεώ και ανθρωποις. men-

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

Εν ετει δε πεντεκαιδεκατώ της ηγεμονίας in year now fifteenth of the government year now Τιβεριου Καισαρος, ηγεμονευοντος Ποντιου Πι-Pontina Pi-Cesar, being governor λατου της Ιουδαίας, και τετραρχούντος της Judea, of the bos being tetrarch , of the Γαλιλαιας Ἡρωδου, Φιλιππου δε του αδελφου Galileo Herod, Philip and the brother αυτου τετραρχουντος της Ιτουραιας και Τραχωofhim' , being tetrarch lturia and Trachoofthe χωρας, και Λυσανιου της Αβιληνης nitis region, and Lysanias of the Abilene τετοαρχουντος, ² επι αρχιερεως Αννα και Καιbeing tetrarch, under high priests Annas and Caiαφα, εγενετο δημα θεου επι Ιωαννην, aplas, came aword of God to John, 3 Και ηλθεν πις Ζαχαριου υίον, εν-τη ερημφ. of Zacharias gon, in the And he went into desert. πασαν την περιχωρον του Ιορδανου, κηρυσσαν the country about the Jordan preaching βαπτισμα μετανοιας εις αφεσιν άμαρτιων. 4 ώς a dipping of reformation into aforgiveness a dipping of reformation into atorgiveness
γεγραπται εν βιβλω λωγων Ήσαιου του προitis written is a book of words of Essaias the proφητου, *[λεγοντες] "Φωνη βοωντος εν τη
faving] "A voice crying in the of sins; Ετοιμασατε την δδον κυριου, ευθειας ερημφ. Make you ready the way desert: of a lord, atraight 5 Πασά φαραγξ makeyou the beateu tracks of him;

shall be filled up, and every mountain and hill νωθησεται: και εσται τα σκολια εις ευθειαν, and shall be the crooked into straight, unsda low; και αί τραχειαι εις όδους λειας. 6 και οψεται rough 10to ways smooth; aud the and shall see πασα σαρξ το σωτηριον του θ εου." all them the salvation of the God." 7 EXEYEV Henoid

πληρωθησεται, και παν ορος και Βουνος ταπει-

ουν τοις εκπορευομένοις οχλοις βαπτισθηναι ύπ' tuen to those coming out of crowds to be dipped by

αυτου Γεννηματα εχίδνων, τις ύπεδειξεν ύμιν O broods bivenomous serpents, who pointed out to you

kept All * these THINGS in her HEABT.

52 t And Jesus advanced "in WISDOM, and in Manliness, and in Favor with God and Men.

CHAPTER'III.

l Now in the fisteenth Year of the GOVERNMENT of Tiberius Cesar, Pontius Pilate being Governor of JUDEA, and Herod tetrarch of GALILEE, and Philip his BROTHER te-Warch of ITUREA, and the Province of Trachonitis. and Lysanias, the tetrarch

of ABILENE, 2 in the * High-priesthood of + Annas, and Caiaplias, a Command from God came to John, the son of Zachariah, in the

DESERT.

3 1 And he went into All the adjacent * Country of the Jordan, publishing an Immersion of Reformation for Forgiveness of Sins.

4 As it is written in the Book of the Words of Isaiah, the PROPHET; 1"A "Voice proclaiming in the "DESERT Prepare the WAY "for the Lord, make the "HIGHWAYS straight for "him.

5 "Every Ravine shall "be filled up, and Every "Mountain and Hill shall "be made low; and the "CROOKED roads shall be-"come straight, and the "ROUGH Ways smooth;

6 1"and All Flesh shall "see the SALVATION of

"Gop."

7 Then he said to the CROWDS CONING FORTH to be immersed by him, t"O Progeny of Vipers who admonished you to fly

52. in wispom and. 2. High-

E ery

ravine

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. the SATINOS. priest. 3. Country. 4. saying-omit.

t 2. Doddridge says, "I cannot suppose, as some have done, that Annas was high-priest the former part of this year, and Caiaphas the latter; much less that Luke knew so little of the Jewish constitution, as to suppose there could be two high-priests properly so called. The easiest solution is, that one was the high-priest, and the other his sagan or deputy, so that the title might, with a very pardonable liberty, be applied to both."

το fee from the coming wrath? Bringforth to fee from the coming wrath? Bringforth our καρπους αξιους της μετανοίας και μη then fruits worthy of the reformation; and not αρξησθε λεγειν εν έαυτοις Πατερα εχομεν τον you should begin to say in yourselves; Λ father we have the $A\beta\rho\alpha\alpha\mu$. Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, ότι δυναται ό θεος Abraam. I say for to you, that is able the God εκ των λιθων τουτων εγειραι τεκνα τω $A\beta\rho\alpha\alpha\mu$. out of the stones of these to raise up children to the Abraam. 5 $H\delta\eta$ $\delta\varepsilon$ και η αξινη προς την ριζαν των $\delta\varepsilon$ νδρων

And asked him the crowds, saying; What our π oin π ouer; Π A π okpi θ eis $\delta \in \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon l$ autois then should we do? Answering and he says to them; O $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ δvo $\chi \iota \tau \omega \nu \alpha s$, $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha \delta \sigma \tau \omega \tau \omega \mu \eta \epsilon \chi \sigma \nu \tau \iota$ He having two tunics, ethomshare with the not having; kai $\delta \epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ $\beta \rho \omega \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$, $\delta \mu o \iota \omega s$ π oi $\epsilon \iota \tau \omega$. and he having meats, an like manner lethim do.

said to him; Oteacher, what should we do?

13 Ο δε είπε προς αυτυυς. Μηδεν πλεον παρα

He and said to them; Nothing more from
το διατεταγμενον ύμιν πρασσετε.

δε αυτον και στρατευομενοι, λεγοντες. Και
and him also soldiers, saying; And
ήμεις τι ποιησομεν; Και είπε προς αυτους.
we what should we do? And he said to them:
Μηδενα διασείτητε, μηδε συκοφαντησητε και
Νο one may you monthrom, neither may you accuse wrougfully: and
αρκείσθε τοις οψωνιοις ύμων.

oeyou content with the wages of you. 15 Προσδοκωντος δε του λαου, και διαλογιζο-Expecting and of the people, and reasonμενων παντων εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων περι του ing all in the hearts of them about the Ιωαννου, μηποτε αυτος ειη δ Χριστος, 16 απεκ-John, whether he were the Audinted, ρινατο δ Ιωαννης άπασι, λεγων Εγω μεν swered the John to all, saying: indeed 'δατι βαπτιζω ύμας ερχεται δε δισχυροτερος in water dip you: comes but the mighter μου, ου ουκ ειμι ίκανος λυσαι τον ίμαντα των of me, of whom not lam worthy to loose the strap of the ύποδημ**ατων α**υτυυ· **αυτος ύ**μας βαπτισ**ει** εν sandals of him: he you will dip in πνευματι άγιω και πυρι. 17 Ου το πτυον spirit holy and fire. Of whom the winnowing shovel χειρι αυτου, και διακαθαριει την EV TY hand of him, and he will thoroughly cleanse the

from the APPROACHING VENGEANCE?

8 Produce, therefore, Fruits worthy of REFORM-ATION; and begin not to say among yourselves, 'We have a Father—ABRA-HAM;' for I assure you, That God is able from these STONES to raise up CHILDREN to ABRAHAM.

9 And even now the AXE lies at the ROOT of the TREES; ‡ Every Tree, therefore, not bearing good Fruit is cut down, and cast into the Fire."

10 And the crowns asked him, saying, "What then should we do?"

Il He *answered and said to them, ‡"Let HIM who HAS Two Coats give to HIM who HAS none; and let HIM who HAS Food do the same."

12 ‡And Tribute-takers, also, came to be immersed, and said to him, "Teacherwhat should we do?"

13 And HE said to them, "Collect nothing more than WHAT IS APPOINTED for you."

14 And Soldiers, also, asked him, *"What also should we do?" And he said to them, "Oppress, and falsely accuse, No one; and be satisfied with your WACES."

15 And the PEOPLE were waiting, and all were reasoning in their HEARTS concerning John, whether he were not the Messiah;

16 JOHN answered all, saying, 1" It indeed immerse you in Water; but a mightiff than I is coming, for whom I am not fit to untie the STRAP of his SANDALS; he will immerse you in holy Spirit and Fire.

17 Whose WINNOWING SHOVEL in his HAND will effectually cleanse his

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 11. answered and said.

^{14.} What also should be do

^{† 10.} Matt. vii. 10. † 11. Luke xi. 41; 2 Cor. viii. 14; James ii. 15, 16; 1 John iii. 17 v· 20. † 12. Matt. xxi. 32; Luke vii. 29. † 16. Matt. iii. 11; Mark i. 7, &

shut up

the

John

άλωνα αύτου· και συναξει τον σιτον εις την and he will gather the wheat into of him: αποθηκην αύτου, το δε αχυρον κατακαυσει πυρι storehouse of himself, the but chaff he will hurn up in fire 18 Πολλα μεν ασβεστω. $0 \nu \nu$ και έτερα Many indeed then inextinguishable. also other things 19 'Ο δε παρακαλων ευηγγελιζετο τον λαον. exhorting he preached glad tidings the people. The but 'Ηρωδης δ τετραρχης, ελεγχομενος ύπ' αυτου tetrarch, Herod the being reproved by him περι 'Ηρωδιαδος της γυναικος του αδελφου Herodias ofthe wife ofthe αυτου, και περι παντων ών εποιησε πονηρων δ ot him, and about all of which had done evils Ήρωδης, 20 προσεθηκε και τουτο επι πασι, και added also this to and κατεκλεισε τον Ιωαννην εν τη φυλακη.

21 Εγενετο δε εν τω βαπτισθηναι άπαντα τον It occurred and in the to have been dipped λαον, και Ιησου βαπτισθέντος και προσευχοpeople, and Jesus having been dipped and prayμενου, ανεφχθηναι τον ουρανον, 22 και καταβη-ing, to have been opened the heaven, and to desναι το πνευμα το άγιον σωματικώ ειδει, ώσει cend the spirit the holy in a bodily form, like π εριστεραν, επ' αυτον, και φωνην εξ ουρανου adove, upon him, and a voice out of heaven γενεσθαι, *[λεγουσαν·] "Συ ει δ υίος μου δ "Thou art the son of me the to have come, [saying;] αγαπητος, εν σοι ηυδοκησα." in thee I delight. beloved,

in the

prison.

²³Και αυτος ην δ 1ησους ώσει ετων τριακοντα, he was the Jesus about years αρχομενος, ων, &s ενομιζετο, vios Ιωσηφ, του beginning, being, as was allowed, a son of Joseph, of the $^{\circ}$ Ηλι, 24 του Ματθατ, του Λευι, του Μελχι, Helt, ofthe Matthat, of the Levi, of the Melchi. του Ιαννα, του Ιωσηφ, 25 του Ματταθιου, του of the Janna, of the Joseph, of the Mattathias, Αμως, του Ναουμ, του Εσλι, του Ναγγαι, ²⁶ του Amot, of the Naoum, of the Es.i, of the Naggai, Μααθ, του Ματταθιου, του Σεμει, του Ιωσηφ, Maath, of the Mattathias, of the Seurei, of the Joseph, του Ιουδα, ²⁷ του Ιωαννα, του 'Ρητα, του Ζόρο-nithe Juda, of the Joanna, of the Chese, of the Zoro- $BoB \in \lambda$, babel,

*THRESHING-FLOOR; † he will gather the WHEAT into his GRANARY, but the CHAFF he will consume with an inextinguishable Fire."

18 And exhorting many other things, he proclaimed glad tidings to the PEOPLE.

19 ‡ But Herod the TETRABCH being reproved by him on account of Herodias, his brother's Wife, and about all the Crimes which Herod had done,

20 added also this to all,
—he shut up John in
*Prison.

21 And itoccurred, when All the PEOPLE were IM-MERSED, ‡ Jesus also having been immersed, and praying, the HEAVEN was opened.

'22 and the HOLY SPIRIT, in a Bodily Form like a Dove, descended upon him, and there came a Voice from Heaven, saying, "Thou art my son, the Beloved; in thee I delight."

23 And he, Jesus was about ‡thirty years old, when he began [his work,] being, tas was allowed, a *Son of Joseph, the †son of Ell.

24 the son of MATTHAT, the son of Levi, the son of Melchi. the son of Jan. NAI, the son of Jeseph,

25 the son of MATTA THIAH. the son of AMOS the son of NAHUM, the son of ESLI, the son of NAG-GAI,

26 the son of MAATH, the son of MATTATHIAH, the son of SHIMEI, the son of JOSEPH, the son of JUDAH,

27 the son of Johanah, the son of Resa, the son of Zerubbabel, the son

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. to thoroughly cleanse his THRESHING-FLOOR, and to gather. 20. Prison 22. saying—omit. 23. a Son (as was allowed) of JOSEPH.

^{† 23} or son-in-law of Eli, the father of Mary. Luke gives Mary's ancestry, and Matthew that of Joseph. See Appendix.

^{† 17.} Micah vi. 12; Matt. xiii. 30. † 19. Matt. xiv. 3; Mark vi. 17. † 21. Matt. xiv. 3; Mark vi. 17. † 21. Matt. xiv. 13; Mark vi. 19; John vi. 32. † 23. See Num. iv. 3 35 39, 43, 47. † 23. Matt. xiv. 55; John vi. 42-

του Σαλαθιηλ, του Νηρι, 28 του Μελχι, του of the Salathiel, of the Neri, of the Melchi,

Αδδι, του Κωσαμ, του Ελμωδαμ, του Ηρ, ²⁹του Addi, of the Cosam, of the Elmodam, of the Er,

Ιωση, του Ελιεζερ, του Ιωρειμ, του Ματθατ, Jose, of the Eliezer, of the Jorem, of the Matthat,

του Λευι, 30 του Συμεων, του Ιουδα, του Ιωσηφ, of the Levi, of the Simeon, of the Juda, of the Joseph,

του Ιωναν, του Ελιακειμ, 31 του Μελεα, του of the Melea. of the Jonan, of the Eliakim,

Μαιναν, του Ματταθα, Mainan, of the Mattatha,

του Nαθαν, του Δαυιδ, 32 του Iεσσαι, του of the Nathan, of the David, of the Jesse, of the

Ωβηδ, του Βοοζ, του Σαλμων, του Ναασσων, Obed, of the Booz, of the Salmon, ofthe Naasson,

33 του Αμιναδαβ, του Αραμ, του Εσρωμ, του of the Aminadab, of the Aram, of the Esrom, of the

Φαρες, του Ιουδα, ³⁻ του Ιακωβ, του Ισαακ, Phares, of the Juda, of the Jacob, of the Israel,

του Αβρααμ, του Θαρα, του Ναχωρ, 35 του of the Abraam, of the Thua, of the Nachor, Σερουχ, του 'Ραγαυ, του Φαλεκ, του Εβερ, του of the Ragau, of the Phalec, of the Eber, of the Σαλα, 36 του Καιναν, του Αρφαξαδ, του Σημ, of the Cainan, of the Arphaxad, of the Sem, του Νωε, του Λαμεχ, 37 του Μαθουσαλα, του of the Mathusala, of the Noe, of the Lamech, Ενωχ, του Ιπρεδ, του Μαλελεηλ, του Καιναν, Enoch, of the Jared, of the Maleleel, of the Cainan, 38 του Ενως, του Σηθ, του Αδαμ, του θεου.

КЕФ. δ'. 4.

of the Enos, withe Seth, of the Adam, of the God.

1 Ιησους δε πνευματος άγιου πληρης ύπεσ-Jesus and spirit of holy full τρεψεν απο του Ιορδανου· και ηγετο εν τφ turned from the Jordan; and was led about by the the πνευματι εις την ερημον, 2ήμερας τεσσαρακοντα days into the desert, forty διαβολου. πειραζομένος ύπο του Kai OUK accuser. being tempted by the And not εφαγεν ουδεν εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις. Kal nothing in the days those; and * $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{v}\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho o\nu \end{bmatrix}$ $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\iota\nu\alpha\sigma\epsilon$. they were confidence the was hungry. was hungry. συντελεσθεισων αυτων, being ended of them,

of SALATHIEL, the son of NERI,

28 the son of MALCHI, the son of ADDI, the son of Kosam, the son of Almo-DAM, the son of ER,

29 the son of Joses, the son of ELIEZER, the son of JORAM, the son of MAT-TATH, the son of LEVI,

30 the son of SIMEON, the son of JUDAH, the son of Joseph, the son of Jo-

NAN, the son of ELIAKIM, 31 the son ef MELIAH, the son of MAINAN, the son of MATTATHAH, the son of NATHAN, the son of DAVID.

32 the son of JESSE, the son of OBED, the son of BOAZ, the son of SALMON, the son of NAHSHON,

33 the son of AMMINA-DAB, the son of RAM, the son of HEZRON, the son of PHAREZ, the son of Ju-DAH,

34 the son of JACOB, the son of Isaac, the son of ABRAHAM, the son of TE-RAH, the son of NAHOR,

35 the son of SERUG, the son of REU, the son of PE-LKG, the son of EBER, the son of SALAH,

36 the son of CAINAN, the son of ARPHAXAD, the son of SHEM, the son of NOAH, the son of LAMECH,

37 the son of METHUSE-LAH, the on of ENOCH, the son of JAREL, the son of MAHALALEET. the son of CAINAN,

38 the son of Enos, the son of SETH, the son of ADAM, the son of Gop.

CHAPTER IV.

1 And ‡Jesus, full of holy Spirit, returned from the JORDAN, and was car. ried about by the SPIRIT * in the DESERT

2 forty Days, being tempted by the ENEMY. ‡ And he ate nothing in those DAYS; and when they were completed, he

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. in the DESERT. 2. afterwards-omit.

^{1.} Matt. iv. 1 Mark i. 12. \$ 2. Exod. xxxiv. 28; 1 Kings xix. 8.

Kaι ειπεν αυτφ δ διαβολος. Ει vios ει του And said to him the seenser. If asonthou art of the θεου, ειπε τω λιθω τουτω, ένα γενηται αρτος. God, say to the stone this, that it may become a loaf. 4 Και απεκριθη Ιησους προς αυτον, *[λεγων·] him, [saying;] And answered Jesua to Γεγραπται "Ότι ουκ επ' αρτω μονω ξησεται It is written; That not on bread alone shall live δ ανθρωπος, $*[\alpha\lambda\lambda]$ επι παντι δ ηματι θ εου."] the man, [but on word of God,"] every

5 Και αναγαγων αυτον δ διαβολος εις opos And having led up him the accuser into mountain ύψηλον, εδειξεν αυτφ πασας τας βασιλειας της he showed to him all the kingdoms of the 6 Και ειπεν οικουμενης εν στιγμη χρονου.
habitable in a moment of time. And said αυτφ δ διαβολος: Σοι δωσω την εξουσιαν ταυthis την άπασαν, και την δοξαν αυτων ότι εμοι and the glory of them; that to me

παραδεδοται, και 'φ εαν θελω, διδωμι αυτην. it has been prepared, and to whoever I will, I give 7 συ ουν εαν προσκυνησης ενωπιον, μου, εσται thou then if thou wilt do homage before me, shall be σου πασα. 8 Και αποκριθεις αυτώ ειπεν δ tothee all. And answering to him said the λησους. Γεγραπται. "Προσκυνησεις κυριον τον Jesua; Itis written; "Thou shalt worship a lord θεον σου, και αυτω μονω λατρευσεις." Sod of thee, und to him alone thou shalt render service."

9 Και ηγαγεν αυτον εις Ίερουσαλημ, και And he brought him to Jerusalem, and εστησεν αυτον επι το πτερυγιον του ίερου και him on the wing of the temple; ειπεν αυτώ· Ει υίος ει του θεου, βαλε σεαυτον said to him; If ason thou art of the God, cast thyself εντευθεν κατω· 10 γεγραπται γαρ· " Οτι τοις crom this place down; it is written That to the αγγελοις αύτου εντελειται περι σου, του δια-messengers of himselfhewill kive charge concerning thee, of the to φυλαξαι σε 11 και ότι επι χειρων αρουσι σε, quard thee; and that on hands they shall bear thee, μηποτε προσκοψης προς λιθον τον ποδα σου." lest thou shouldst strike against a stone the foot of thee." 12 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν αυτώ δ Ιησους· That

answering said to him the Jesus; ειρηται· "Ουκ εκπειρασεις κυριον τον θεον it is said; "Not thou shalt tempt a lord the God σου."

of thee."

13 Και συντελεσας παντα πειρασμον δ διαβοtemptation the And baving ended every accu-14 Ka1 λος, απεστη απ' αυτου αχρι καιρου. departed from him for a season. And

3 And the ENEMY sa. 4 to him, "If thou art a Son of God, command this STONE to become Bread."

4 And *Jesus answered him, "It is written, I'MAN 'shall not live on Bread only.

5 And * taking him up. he showed him A' "e KINGDOMS of the MASI. TABLE in a Mon ont ou Time.

- 6 And the ENEMY said to him, "I will give Thea All this AUTHORITY, and the GLORY of these; ‡ For it has been delivered to me, and I give it to whom I please.
- 7 If, then, thou wilt render homage before me, all shall be thine."
- 8 And *Jesus answering said, to him, 1"It is written, 'Thou shall wor-'ship the Lord thy Gon, 'and Him only shalt thou 'serve.'"
- 9 ‡ And he brought him to Jerusalem, and placed him on the † BAT-TLEMENT of the TEMPLE. and said to him, "If thou art a Son of GoD, cast thyself down from this place:

10 for it is written, t'He will give his ANGELS 'charge concerning thee, "to PROTECT thee;

- 11 'and they will up-'hold thee on their Hands, 'lest thou strike thy roor 'against a Stone.'"
- 12 And JESUS answering, said to him, "It is 'said, ; 'Thou shalt not 'try the Lord thy God.'"

13 And the ENEMY having finished every Temptation, departed from him for a Season.

14 # And Jesus returned

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—4. JESUS. 4. saying-God—omit. 5. bringing him onward, he showed. 4. saying-omit. 4. but on every word 8. Jesus.

^{† 9.} Probably the middle part of the royal portico, the highest part of the temple, and which could be seen at a distance of many aurlongs. Josephus says. "That the pillars of that portico were a hundred cubits high, and the valley below four hundred deep."

^{‡ 6.} John xii. 31; xiv. 30. sa. xei. 11. ‡ 12. Dent. vi. 16. John iv. 48; Acts x. 37. 1 4. Deut. viii. 3. Matt. iv. 5. 1 8. Deut. vi. 13; x. 20. 1 14. Matt. iv. 12:

ὑπεστρεψεν ὁ Ιησους εν τη δυναμει του πνευin the power of the returned the Jesus spirit και φημη ματος εις την Γαλιλαιαν. $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ a report into the Galilee: and went out 15 Ka1 καβ' όλης της περιχωρού περι αυτου. through whole the surrounding region about And αυτος εδιδασκεν εν ταις συναγωγαις αυτων, tau in the synagogues of them, δοξαζομενο ύπο παντων.

being glorified by 16 Kai Ναζαρετ, $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon is \tau \eta \nu$ ού $\eta \nu$ Ann he came into the Nazareth, where he was και εισηλθε, κατα τεθραμμενος. το ειωθος having been brought up and entered, according to the customa αυτώ εν τη ημερα των σαββατων, ELS TYP iuto the 17 Kai to him in the day of the sabbaths, συναγωγην. και ανεστη αναγνωναι. synagogue: and stood up to read. And επεδοθη αυτώ βιβλιον Ήταιου του προφητου. was delivered to him a rol1 of Esaias the prophet: και αναπτυξας το βιβλιον, εύρε τον τοπον, and having unrolled the roll, he found the ην γεγραμμενον. 18 " Πνευμα κυριου επ' where it was having been written: "Aspirit of alord upon είνεκεν αχρισε με ευαγγελισασθαι ού me: of which on account of he has anointed me to publish glad tidings πτωχοις, απεσταλκε με κηρυξαι αιχμαλωτοις to poor ones, he has sent me to publish to captives και τυφλοις αναβλεψιν, αποστειλαι αφεσιν, a deliverance, and to blind ones recovery of sight, to send away τεβραυσμενους εν αφεσει, 19 κηρυξαι ενιαυτον those having been crushed in freedom, to publish a year κυριου δεκτον." ²⁰ Και πτυξας το βιβλιον, of alord acceptable." And having rolled up the roll, αποδους τω υπηρετη, εκαθισε και παντων baving given back to the attendant, be sat down: and of all εν τη συναγωγη οί οφθαλμοι ησαν ατενιζοντες synagogue the eyes were looking steadily 21 Ηρξατο δε λεγειν προς αυτους· 'Οτι αυτω. He began and to say to σημερον πεπληρωται ή γραφη αύτ**η εν τ**οις is fulfilled the writing to-day this in to the 22 Και παντες εμαρτυρουν αυτώ, ωσιν ύμων. And all of you. bore testimony to him, και εθαυμαζον επι τοις λογοις της χαριτος, τοις words of the graciousness, those wondered at the εκπορευομένοις εκ του στοματος αυτου, out of the of him, proceeding mouth and ελεγον Ουχ ούτος εστιν δ vios Ιωσηφ; 23 Και And this is the son Joseph?

in the POWER of the SPIRIT into Galilee; and a Re-port concerning him went out through the Whole ADJACENT COUNTRY.

15 And he taught in their synagogues, being

applauded by all.

16 And he came to NAZARETH, wherehe had been brought up; and according to his custom on the SABBATH-DAY, the entered the SYNAGOGUE, and † stood up to read.

17 And the Book of Isaiah the PROPHET was given to him; † and having unrolled the BOOK, he found the PLACE where it was written,

18 1"The Spirit of the "Lord is on me, because "he has anointed me to "proclaim glad tidings to "the Poor; he has sent "me † to publish a Release "to the Captives, and Re-"covery of sight to the "Blind; to dispense Free-"dom to the oppressed;

19 "to proclaim an Era "of acceptance with the "Lord."

20 And having rolled up the BOOK, he returned it to the ATTENDANT, and sat down. And the EYES of all who were in the SYNA-GOGUE were attentively fixed on him.

21 And he began to say to them, "To-day, this SCRIPTURE, which is now in your EARS, is fulfilled."

22 And all bore testimony to him, and wondered ITHOSE WORDS of GRACE PROCEEDING from And they his mouth. said, "Is not this the son of Joseph?"

 Matt. ii. 23; xlii. 54, Mark vi. 1.
 16. Acts xiii. 14, xvii. 2.
 1 22. Psa, xlv. 2.
 22. John vi. 42. 1 18. Isa. lxi. 1.

^{† 16.} The Jewish doctors, in honor of the law and the prophets, invariably stood up while they read them; but sat down while they taught or commented on them. This was our Lord's custom, as we learn from Matt. xxvi. 55—"I sat teaching in the Tenfle every day." † 17. The Sacred Writings used to this day, in all Jewish Synagogues, are written on skins of basil, parchment, or vellum, pasted end to end, and rolled on two rollers beginning at each end; so that in reading from right to left, they roll off with the left, while they roll on with the right. The place that he opened was probably the section for the day.—Clarke. † 18. "To heal the broken in heart," is omitted both by the Vatican MS. and Griesbach, but Bloomfield thinks without sufficient warrant, as it is found in Isa. Ixi. I.

ειπε προς αυτους. Παντως ερειτε μοι την παρα-he said to them: Surely you will say to me the illusβολην ταυτην " Ιατρε, θεραπευσον σεαυτον" thyself;" this; " Physician, heal ηκουσαμεν γενομενα εις Καπερναουμ, what things we have heard having been done in Capernauui, 24 Ειπε δε· ποιησον και ώδε εν τη πατριδι σου. do thou also here in the country of thes. He said and; Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις προφητης δεκτος Indeed I say to you, that no one a prophet acceptable εστιν εν τη πατριδι αύτου. ²⁵ Επ' αληθειας δε a prophet acceptable in the country of himself. In truth λεγω ύμιν, πολλαι χηραι ησαν εν ταις ήμεραις Ηλιου εν τφ Ισραηλ, ότε εκλεισθη δ ουρανος of Elias in the Israel, when was shut up the heaven επι ετη τρια και μηνας έξ, ώς εγενετο λιμος for years three and mooths six, so that came a famine μεγας επι πασαν την γην 26 και προς ουδεμιαν great over all the land; and to no our αυτων επεμφθη Ηλιας, ει μη εις Σαρεπ- της Sartpta of the 27 γ. αι πολλοι Σιδωνος προς γυναικα χηραν. a widow to a woman many λεπροι ησαν επι Ελισσαιου του προφητου εν τω were in in the of Elisha the prophet και ουδεις αυτων εκαθαρισθη, 1σραηλ. ει μη were cleansed, larael; and no one ofthem if not 28 Και επλησθησαν παντες $N \in \mu \alpha \nu \delta \Sigma \nu \rho \sigma s$. Naaman the Syrian. And they were filled all συναγωγη, θυμου $\in V$ $\tau\eta$ ακουοντές ταυτα. having heard these things. of wrath in the aynagogue, 29 Και ανασταντες εξεβαλον αυτον εξω THIS And rising up they cast out him outside of the πολεως. και ηγαγον αυτον έως οφρυος του city; they led him even to a brow ofthe ορους, εφ' ού ή πολις αυτων ωκοδομητο, ώστε mountain, on which the city of thee was built, κατακρημνισαι αυτον. 30 αι το; δε διελθων δια to cast down him; he but passing through

μεσου αυτων, επορευετο. of them, went away.

 31 Kai κατηλθέν εις Κεπερναουμ, πολίν της And he came down int , Capernaum, a city ofthe $\kappa \alpha \iota \ \eta \nu \ \delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \omega \nu \ \alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon s \ \epsilon \nu \ \tau o \iota s$ and he was teaching them in the Γαλιλαιας. Galilee; ³² Και εξεπλησσοντο επι τη διδαχη σαββασι. abbaths. And they were astonished on the teaching αυτου, ότι εν εξουσια ην δ λογος autou. with authority was the word of him. 33 Kat τη συναγωγη ην ανθρωπος $\epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ And in the synagogue was a man having

23 And he said to them, "You will certainly refer me to this PROVERB, 'Physician, cure thyself; what things we have heard has been done in CAPERNAUM, do also here in thy own COUNTRY.'"

24 But he said, "Indeed I say to you, That no Prophet is acceptable in his OWN COUNTRY.

25 But in Truth I say to you, There were Many Widows in ISRAEL, in the days of Elijah, when the HEAVEN was closed three Years and six Months, so that there came a great Famine over All the LAND;

26 and yet to no one of them was Elijah sent, but to a Widow Woman, at Sarcpta, of SIDON.

27 ‡ And there were Many Lepers in ISRAEL, in [the days] of Elisha the PROPHET, and yet no one of them were cleansed, but Naaman, the Syrian."

28 And all in the SYN. AGOGUE hearing these words, were filled with Wrath;

29 and rising up, they drove him out of the CITY and led him even to the Brow of the MOUNTAIN on which their CITY was built, to throw him down;

30 but HE, ‡ passing through the Midst of them,

went away.

31 # And he came down to Capernaum, a City of GALILEE, and taught them on the SABBATH.

32 And they were struck with awe at his mode of INSTRUCTION; I For his WORD was with Authority.

33 ‡ Now there was a Man in the SYNAGOGUE,

† 20. Behind the Maronite church is a steep precipice, forty or fifty feet high, "on the brow of the hill;" the very one, it may be, over which the people of Nazareth attempted to thrust the Savior, on the Sabbath when they took such offence at his preaching in the synagogue. I observed other rocky ledges, on other parts of the hill, so precipitous that a person could not be thrown over them without almost certain destruction. A worthless tradition has transferred this event to a hill about two miles to the south-east of the town. But there is no evidence that Nazareth ever occupied a different site from the present one; and that a mob so exasperated, whose object was to put to death the object of their rage, should have repaired to so distant a place for that purpose, is entirely incredible.—Hackett.

† 24. Matt. xiii. 57; Matt. vi. 4; John iv. 44. † 25. 1 Kings xvii. 9; xviii. 1; James 17. † 27. 2 Kings v. 14. † 30. John viii. 59; x. 39. † 31. Matt. iv. 13; ack i. 21. † 32. Matt. vii. 28, 29. † 33. Mark i. 23. v. 17. Mack i. 21.

Kat ανέκραξε ακαθάρτου, **π**νευμα δαιμονιοκ of a demon unclean, and he cried out οωνη μεγαλη, 34 * [λεγων] Εα, τι ήμιν και with a voice loud, [saying:] Ah, what to us and a spiris σοι, Ιησου Ναζαρηνε; ηλθες απολεσαι ήμας. o thee Jesus O Nazarene? comest thou to destroy 35 K.a.t οιδα σε τις ει, δ άγιος του θεου. .know thee who thouart, the holy the God. πετιμησεν αυτφ ὁ Ιησους, λεγων Φιμωθητί, him the Jesus, robuked maying; Be silent, και εξελθε εξ αυτου. Και ριψασ αυτον το come out of him. And having thrown him the λαιμονιον εις μεσον, εξηλθεν απ' αυτου, μηδεν into midst, campout of βαμβος επι
και εγενετο βαμβος επι
amazement on βλαψαν αυτον *αντας* και συνελαλουν προς αλληλους, λεγοιand talked to one another, ia3 'es' Τις ὁ λογος ούτος, ότι εν εξουσια Kal for with authority mgs What the word this, and δυναμει επιτασσαι τοις ακαθαρτοις πνευμασι, he commands the unclean και εξερχονται; 37 Και εξεπορευετο ηχος went forth areport concerning and they come out P And αυτου εις παντα τοπον της περιχωρου. into every place of the country around.

³⁸ Αναστας δε εκ της συναγωγης, εισηλθεν Having risen up and out of the he entered synagogue, εις την οικιαν Σιμωνος. πενθερα δε του Σιμωνος house of Simon | mother-in-lawand of the Simon ην συνεχομενη πυρετώ μεγαλώ, και ηρωτησαν with a fever great: seized and they asked αυτον TEPL autns. $\epsilon\pi \iota\sigma\tau\alpha s$ $\in \pi \alpha \nu \omega$ him about her. And standing above αυτης, επετιμησε τώ πυρετώ Kal αφηκεν he rebuked the fever: and itleft Παραχρημα δE διηκονει αυτην. αναστασα Porthwith. she served her. . and rising up CUTOIS. them.

⁴⁰ Δυνοντος δε του ήλιου, παντες δσοι ειχον Setting and of the sun, all as many as bad ασθενουντας νοσοις ποικιλαις, ηγαγον αυτους being afflicted with diseases various, brought them δ δε ένι έκαστω TOOS QUTOY QUTWY TOS to -- bim: . he and one by one separately of them the χειρας επιθεις, εθεραπευσεν αυτους. 41 Εξηρhands, having placed, he healed them. Came χετο δε και δαιμονια απο πολλων, κραζοντα and also from demons many, crying out και λεγοντα 'Οτι συ ει δ vios του θεου.
and eaving: That thon art the son of the God. Kaı And αυτα λαλειν, ότι ηδεισαν ETITIHWY OUR €102 rebuking not hepermitted them to say, that they knew τον Χριστον αυτον ειναι. Anointed him to be. the

having a Spirit of an tine pure Demon; and he exclaimed with a loud Voice,

34 "Ahl what hast thou to do with us, Jesus Nazarene? Comest thou to destroy us? I know thee who thou art; the HOLY ONE of GOD."

35 And JESUS rebuked him, saying, "Be silent, and come out of him." And the DEMON having thrown him into the Midst, departed from him, without lurting him.

26 And amazement came on all, and they spoke to one another, "What word is this! For with Authority and Power he commands the impure Spirits, and they come out."

37 And a Report concerning him went forth into Every Part of the SURBOUNDING COUNTRY.

38 ‡ And rising-up out of the SYNAGOGUE, he entered the nouse of Simon. And SIMON'S Mother-in-law was confined with a violent Fever; and they asked him concerning her.

39 And standing over her, he rebuked the FEVER, and it left her; and instantly rising up. she served them.

40 ‡ Now as the sun was setting, all who had any sick with various Diseases, brought them to him; and ne, placing his HANDS on each one of them, cured them.

41 And Demons also departed from many, crying out and saying, "Thou art the son of God." And rebuking them, he permitted them not to say That they knew him to be the Messiah.

^{† 33.} As demon was used both in a good and bad sense before and after the time of the evangelists, the word unclean may have been added here by Luke, merely to express the quality of this spirit. But it is worthy of remark, that the inspired writers never use the word demon in a good sense.—Clarke.

^{1 34.} Psa. xvi. 10; Dan. iz. 24.

42 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, εξελθων επορευθη εις Being come and day, coming out he went into ερημον τοπον και οί οχλοι επεζητουν αυτον, a desert place: and the cruwds sought him, και ηλθων έως αυτου, και κατειχον αυτον μη and came to him, and nrged him not π ode $\nu \in \sigma\theta$ at a π a π from them. He but said to 'Ότι και ταις έτεραις πολεσιν ευαγ-That also to the other cities to publish γελισασθαι με δει την βασιλειαν του θεου δτι glad tidings me must the kingdom of the God; because εις τουτο απεσταλμαι. for this I have been sent forth.

44 Και ην κηρυσσων εν ταις συναγωγαις της And he was preaching in the Γαλιλαιας. ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. synagogues 1 Εγενετο δε εν τω It happened but in to the τον οχλον επικεισθαι αυτώ του ακουειν τον the crowd to press him of the to hear the λυγον του θεου, και αυτος ην έστως παρα την word of the God and he was standing by the $\mu = \frac{1}{2} \pi \kappa$ and $\mu = \frac{1}{2} \pi \kappa$ and λιμνην Γεννησαρετ. aud he saw two lake Genuesaret: έστωτα παρα την λιμνην· οἱ δε άλιεις αποβαν-standing by the lake; the but fishermen baving τ es $\alpha\pi$ αυτων, απεπλυναν τα δικτυα. 3 Εμβας gone from them, were washing the nets. Eutering δε εις έν των πλοιων, δ ην του Σιμωνος ηρωand into one of the ships, which was of the Simon; νησεν αυτον απο της γης επαναγαγειν ολίγον asked bim from the land to put off a little; και καθισας εδιδασκεν εκ τυυ πλοιου τους and sitting down be taught out of the ship the οχλους. 4 'Ως δε επαυσατο λαλων, ειπε προς When and he ceased speaking, he said to cruwds. τον Σιμωνα Επαναγαγε εις το βαθος, και the Simon; Put out into the deep, and the simon; T_{a} to the permitted T_{a} to T_{a} δι' όλης της νυκτος κοπιασαντές, ουδέν έλαthrough whole of the night having toiled, nothing βομέν επι δε τω δηματι σου χαλασω το hivetaken; at but the word oftheel willlet down the δικτυον. 6 Και τουτο ποιησαντες, συνεκλει-And this having done, they encloσαν πληθος ιχθυων πολυ· διερδηγνυτο δε το set a multitude of fishes great; was rending and the δικτυον αυτων. ⁷ Και κατενευσαν τοις μετοnet of them. And they beckoned to the partχοις τοις εν τφ έτερφ πλοιφ, του ελθοντας ners to those in the other ship, of the coming συλλαβεσθαι αυτοις και ηλθον, και επλησαν

42 And Dayhaving come, he retired to a Desert Place; and the crowns sought him, and came to him, and urged him not to leave them.

43 But HE said to them. "I must proclaim the glad tidings of the KINGDOM of GOD to OTHER Cities also; because for this I have

been sent."

44 # And he was preaching * in the SYNAGOGUES of GALILEE.

CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ Now it occurred, as the CROWD PRESSED on him to HEAR the WORD of God, he was standing by the LAKE Gennesaret;

2 and he saw * two Boats stationed near the SHORE; but the FISHER-MEN having left them, were washing their NETS.

- 3 And having gone into one of the BOATS, which was Simon's, he asked him to put off a little from the LAND; and sitting down, he instructed the CROWDS out of the BOAT.
- 4 And when he ceased speaking, be said to SIMON, f" but out into the DEEP and let down your NETS for a Draught"
- 5 And * Simon answering said "Muster, we have labored through the Whole NIGHT, and have caught nothing; vet, at thy WORD, I will let down the * NETS.
- 6 And having done this, they enclosed a great Multitude of Fishes: and their NETS were rending.
- 7 And they beckened to their PARTNERS in the OTHER Boat to come and Assist them. And they came, and filled Both the

them; and they came, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 44. to the SYNAGOGUES. 6. NETS. 5. NETS.

^{2.} two Boats. 5. Simon.

^{† 1.} Called also the sea or lake of Galilee, and the sea of Tiberias. It was anciently called the sea of Chinnereth. It is about five miles wide, and some sixteen or seventeen miles long.

lowed him.

αμφοτερα τα πλοια, ώστε βυθιζεσθαι αυτα. the 80 88 ships, tosink them. 8 Ιδων δε Σιμων Πετρος, προσεπεσε τοις γονασι Peter, Seeing and Simon felldown to the του Ιησου, λεγων Εξελθε απ' εμου, ότι πνηρ Depart from me, for a man υριε. 9 Θαμβος γαρ περιof the Jesus, saying; άμαρτωλος ειμι, κυριε. a sinner Iam, Olord. Amazement for seized εσχεν αυτον και παντες τους συν αυτώ, επι τη and all those with him, at the 'η συνελαβον which they had taken; 10 δμοιως αγρα των ιχθυων, draughtofthe fishes, in like manner δε και Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, υίους Ζεβεδαιου, and also James and John, sons of Zebedee, οί ησαν κοινωνοι τφ Σιμωνι. Και ειπε προς who were partners with the Simon. And said to τον Σιμωνα ό Ιησους. Μη φοβου απο του νυν the Simon the Jesus, Not fear; from of the now ανθρωπους εση ζωγρων. 11 Και καταγαγοντες men thon wilt be catching. And having brought τα πλοια επι την γην, αφεντες ἁπαντα, ηκολου-the ships to the land, having left all, they folθησαν αυτω.

12 Και εγενετο εν τω ειναι αυτον εν μια των And it happened in to the to be in one of the him πολεων, και ιδου, ανηρ πληρης λεπρας·
cities, and io, a man full ofleprosy; Kai and ιδων τον Ιησουν, πεσων επι προσωπον, εδεηθη face, seeing the Jesus, baving fallen on entreated αυτου, λεγων κυριε, εαν θελης, δυνασαι με Olord, if thou wilt, thou artable me saying; καθαρισαι. 13 Και εκτεινας την χειρα, ήψατο to cleanse. And stretching out the hand, detouched αυτου, ειπων. Θελω, καθαρισθητι. Και ευθεως him, saying : I will, be thou cleansed. And immediately 14 Και αυτος $\dot{\eta}$ $\lambda \in \pi \rho \alpha$ $\alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \in \nu$ $\alpha \pi^{\prime}$ $\alpha \nu \tau \circ \nu$. departed from him. παρηγγειλεν αυτφ μηδενι ειπειν αλλα απελcommanded him no one to tell: hut θων δειξον σεαυτον τω ίερει, και προσενεγκε show thyself to the priest, and του καθαρισμου σου, καθως προσεταξε cleansing of thee, 8.5 enjoined on account of the

15 Διηρχετο δε μαλλον δ λογος περι αυτου· Spread abroad but more the word concerning him; και συνηρχοντο οχλοι πολλοι ακουειν, και crowds great to hear, and came together θεραπευεσθαι *[ὑπ' αυταυ] απο των ασθενειων to be healed by him] from the

to them.

Μωσης, εις μαρτυριι ι αυτοις.

for

a witness

BOATS, so that they were sinking.

- 8 And Simon Peter seeing it, fell down at the KNEES of * Jesus, saying, "Depart from n.e, O Loid, For I am a sinful Man."
- 9 For amazement seized him, and ALL who were with him, at the DRAUGHT of FISHES which they had taken;
- 10 and in like manner also, James and John, Sors of Zebedee, who were Partners with SIMON. And *Jesus said to SIMON, "Fear not; ‡HENCEFORTH thou wilt catch Men,"
- 11 And having brought the BOATS to the LAND, ‡ leaving all, they followed him.
- 12 And it occurred, which he was in one of the cittles, behold, a Man ful' of Leprosy, seeing Jesus fell on his Face, and besought him, saying, "Sir, if theu wilt, thou canst cleanse Me."
- 13 And extending his HAND, he touched him, saying, "I wil; be thou cleansed." And instantly the LEPROSY departed from him.
- 14 \$ And he commanded him to tell no one; "but go, [said he] show thyself to the PRIEST, and present an offering on account of thy CLEANSING, \$\pm\$ as Moss \$\pm\$ commanded, for Notifying [the cure] to the people."
- 15 But the report concerning him spread abroad the more; and great Crowds came together to hear, and be cured of their INFIRMITIES.

^{*} Vatican Manuschift.-8. Jesus. 10. Jesus. 15. by him-omit.

^{† 14.} This injunction of our Lord upon the man to show himself to the priest, might have had a further meaning than merely a compliance with the direction of the Mosaic law in this case. The Jewish Rabbins thought that the curing of the leprox would be characteristic of the Messich. This makes the obstinacy and unbelief of the Jewish rulers and people spear still more inexcusable.

^{1 10.} Matt. iv. 19; Mark i. 17. 28. 1 12. Matt. viii 2; Mark i. 40. 11. Matt. iv. 20; xix. 27; Mark i. 18; Luke xviii 27. 22. 11. Matt. viii. 4. 14. Lev. xiv 4, 16

of them: He but was retiring in the deserts, kat $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma \varepsilon v \chi o \mu \varepsilon v \sigma v$.

praying. 17 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων, και αυτος
And ithappened in one of the days, and be ην διδασκων και ησαν καθημενοι Φαρισαιοι και was teaching; and were Pharisces sitting νομοδιδασκαλοι, οί ησαν εληλυθοτες εκ πασης teachers of the law, they were having some ont of κωμης της Γαλιλαίας και Ιουδαίας, και Ίερουvillages of the Galilee And Judea and σαλημο και δυναμις κυριού ην εις το ιασθαι of Lord was into he to hea! salem ; and power 18 Και ιδου, ανδρες φεροντες QUTOUS. And lo, men bringing κλινης ανθρωπον, δς ην παραλελυμενος. acouch aman, who was having been palaied; Kal and εξητουν αυτον εισενεγκειν, και θειναι ενωπιον and to place in presence him to bring in. sought 19 Και μη ευροντες ποιας εισενεγκωσιν αυΤου. And not finding of him. how they might bring in αυτον, δια τον οχλον, αναβαντες επι το δωμα, him, through the crowd, having gone up to the roof, των κεραμων καθηκαν αυτον συν τω through the 31les they let down nim with the κλινιδιφ εις το μεσον εμπροσθέν του Ιησου.

Attle bed into the midst in presence of the Jesus. 20 Και ιδων την πιστιν αυτων, ειπεν. Ανθρωπε, And seeing the faith of them, he said; And seeing the latte στικές σου. 21 Και ηρξαντο αφεωνται σοι αί άμαρτιαι σου. And hegan O man. διαλογιζεσθαι οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι, and the the to reason scribes Pharisees, λεγοντες. Τις εστινού τος ός λαλει βλασφημιας: Who 18 this who speaks blasphemies? τις δυναται αφιεναι άμαρτιας, ει μη μονος δ isable to forgive sina, it not alone the $\theta \in os$; $22 \text{E}\pi i \gamma \nu o u s \delta \in \delta \text{I} \eta \sigma o u s \tau o u s \delta i a \lambda o \gamma i \sigma \mu o u s$ Knowing but the Jesus the reasonings αυτων, αποκριθεις ειπε προς αυτους. Τι διαλοanswering said them; Why to 23 T: € στιν γιζεσθε εν ταις καρδιας ύμων; in the hearts of you? Which reasun ευκοπωτερον; ειπειν. Αφεωνται σοι αί άμαρto say; Have been forgiven to thee the easier? τιαι σου; η ειπειν Εγειρε και περιπατει; of thee? or to say; Arise and walk ? Μ'Ινα δε ειδητε, ότι εξουσιαν εχε. ό vios του That but you may know, that authority has the son ofthe ανθρωπου επι της γης αφιεναι άμαρτιας, (ειπε man on the earth to forgive τω παραλελυμενω. Σοι λεγω. so the having been palsied;) To thee I say; 111B, (he'said Eγειρε, Kal Arise, aod το κλινιδιον σου, πορευου εις τον having taken up the little bed of thee, into the go

16 ‡ And he retired into solitary places, and prayed.

17 And it occurred on one of the DAYS, by was teaching, and the *PHARI-SEES and Teachers of the Law were sitting near, having come out of Every Village of Galilee, and of Judea, and from Jerusalem; and the Mightly Power of Inc. Lord was on *him to cure.

18 \$ And, behold, Men bringing on a Bed a palsied Man, and they sought to bring him in, and place him in his presence.

19 And not hading how they could bring him in, on account of the crowd, having ascended to the ROOF, they lowered him, with the LUTTE FED, through the TILES, into the MIDST before * them all.

20 And perceiving their FAITH, he said, "Man, thy sins are forgiven thee."

21 ‡ And the SCRIBES and the PHARISEES began to reason, saying. "Who is this that utiers Blasphemies? ‡ Who can forgive Sins, except God only?"

22 But Jesus knowing their THOUGHTS, answering, said to them, "Why do you reason in your HEARTS?

23 Which is easier? to say, 'Thy sins are forgiven thee;' or to say, [with effect,]' Arise, and walk?'

24 But that you may know that the son of MAN has AUTHORITY ON EARTH to forgive Sins," (he says to the PALSIED MAN,) "I say to thee, 'Arise, and taking up thy LITTLE BED, go to thy House.'"

^{*} VATIGAR MANUSCRIFT.—17. PHARISEES. 17. him to CURE. And. 10. them all. † 19. Probably through the door in the roof, which being fastened, was forced open. See Mark ii. 4. Because all the roof, except the door, was covered with tiles, it is said, "they lowered him through the tiles;" of course, by means of the stairs leading down into the area or court of the house, where the people were assembled.

^{1 16.} Matt. xiv. 23; Mark vi. 46. 1 18. Matt. ix. 2; Mark ii. 8. 121 Matt. i. 8. Mark ii. 6, 7. 1 21. Psa. xxxii. 5; Isa. xii. 125.

25 Και παραχρημά αναστας ενωπιον DIKOV GOL. And instantly arising in presence $\epsilon \phi^* \psi \cdot \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \tau \sigma$, $\alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ house of thee. αυτων, αράς of them, having taked up on which, he had been laid, εις τον οικον αύτυυ, δοξαίων τον θεον. 26 Και into the house of himself, glorifying the God. And εκστασις ελαβεν απαντας, και εδυξαζον TOV A L'all, and they glorified the took Θεον και επλησθησαν φοβου, λεγοντες.
God: and were filled of fear, saying: OTI That ειδομεν παραδοξα σημερον. wo have seen wonderful things to-day.

27 Και μετα ταυτα εξηλθε, και εθεάσατο And after tuese he wentout, and saw τελωνην, ονοματι Λέυιν, καθημενον επι το a publican, with a name Levi, sitting the τελωνιον και είπεν αυτω Ακολουθει μοι. tustom-honse: and he said to him: Follow me. \$23 Και καταλιπων άπαντα, αναστας ηκολουθησεν

And forsaking (/ all, rising up he followed 29 Και εποιησε δοχην μεγαλην Λευις aurw. afeast great hum. And made Levi αυτώ εν τη οικιά αύτου και ην οχλος τελωνων to him in the house of himself: and was a crowd of publicans πολυς, και αλλων, οί ηταν μετ' αυτων κατακειwrent, and of others, who were with them .. 30 Και εγογγυζον οι γραμματεις αυτων And murmured the scribes of them MEVOL. και οι Φαρισαιοι προς τους μαθητας αυτου; and the Pharisces to the disciples of him, λεγοντες. Διατι μετα των, τελωνων και άμαρsaying: Why with the publicans and sin-τωλων εσθιετε και πινετε; 31 Και αποκριθεις δ sindo you eat and drink? And answering the Ιησους είπε προς αυτους. Ου χρείαν εχουσίν οι υγιαινουτες ιατρου, αλλ οί κακως εχουτες. them: No those being in health of a physician, but those sick ³² ουκ εληλυθα καλεσαι δικαιους, αλλα αμαρτω-

not I have come to call just (ones,) but .. sinner

λους εις μετανοιαν.

to reformation. , *[\Diati] of the 33 'Οί δε ειπού προς αυτου. They and snid to him: μαθηται Ιωαννου γηστευουσι πυκνα, και δεησεις often, and prayers ofJoha fast ποιουνται, δμοιως και οί των Φαρισαιων οί δε make, in like manner and the re of the Pharisces: those but σοι εσθιουσι και πινουσιν; 31'Ο δε ειπε προς and drink? .He and said αυτους. Μη δυνασθε τους υίους του νυμφιος, εν Not you are able the sona of the bridal-chamber, in ω δ νυμφιος μετ' αυτων εστι, ποιησαι which the bridgeroom with them is, to make 15, νηστευειν; 35 Ελευσονται δε ήμεραι, και όταν Willcome days, to fast? but and when απαρθη απ' αυτων ο νυμφιος, τοτε νηστευσουmay be taken from them the bridegroom, then they will fast

25 And instantly arising in their presence, and taking up that on which he had been lying, he proceeded to his own house, praising God.

26 And astonishment seized all, and they praised God, and were filled with Fear, saying, "We have seen wonderful things today."

27 ‡ And after this, he went out, and saw a Tribute-taker, named Levi, sitting at the TAX-OFFICE; and he said to him, "Follow me."

28 And forsaking all, he arose, and followed him.

29 ‡ And * Levi made a great Yeast for him, in his own HOUSE; and there was a great Crowd of Tribute-takers, and of others, who were reclining with them.

SO And *the Pharisees and their scribes complained to his disciples, saying, "Why do you eat and drink with tributetakers and Sinners?"

31 And * Jesus answering, said to them, "Those who are in Health have no need of a Physician, but those who are sick.

32 ‡ I have not come to call the Righteous, but Sinners to Repentance."

33 And THEY said to him, t"The disciples of John frequently fast and Pray; and in the manner those of the Pharishes; but there at and drink?"

34 And he said to them, "Can the BRIDEMEN fast, while the BRIDEGROOM is with them?

35 But Days will come, when the BRIDEGROOM will be taken from them, and then they will fast in Those DAYS."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-29. LEVI.

^{30.} the Phanisers and their scribes.

better

υιν εν εκειναις ταις ήμεραις. 36 Ελεγε δε και the Hespoke and also those days. παραβολην προς αυτους. 'Οτι ουδεις επιβλημα them; That to no one a patch ίματιου καινου επιβαλλει επι ίματιον παλαιον. of a mantle new to a mantle old: sews on ει δε μηγε, και το καινον σχιζει, και τφ παλαιφ if but not, and the new itrends, and the old ου συμφωνει επιβλημα το απο του καινου. that from the agrees a patch Και ουδεις βαλλει οινον νεον εις ασκους And noone puts wine new into skins παλαιους ει δε μηγε, δηξει δ νεος οινος τους old: if but not, will burst he new wine the ασκους, και αυτος εκχυhetaησεται, και οί ασκοι and he will be spilt, and the skins απολουνται· 38 αλλα οινον νεον εις ασκους καιskins will be destroyed: but wine new into νους βλητεον. *[και αμφοτεροι συντηρουνται.] requires to be put: [and both are preserved.] $\mathbb{S}^{\mathfrak{s}}$ [Kai] ouders π iwy π ahaiov, * [ϵ u θ ϵ ws] θ ϵ h ϵ i [And] no one having drunk old, [immediately] desires νεον λεγει γαρ 'Ο παλαιος χρηστοτερος εστιν.

KΕΦ. s'. 6.

news he says for: The old

Εγενετο δε εν σαββατφ *[δευτεροπρωτφ] It happened and in satbath [second-first) δ. πορευεσθαι αυτον δια των σποριμων. και him through the grain-fields: and ετιλλον οί μαθηται αυτου τους σταχυας, και plucked the disciples of him the ears of grain, and ησθιον, ψωχοντες ταις χερσι. ste, rubbing the bands. 2 Tives de Twv Some and of the Φαρισαιων είπον *[αυτοις:] Τι ποιείτε, δουκ εξ-Pharisees said (to them;) Why do you, which not it is εστι* [ποιειν] εντοις σαββασι; ³Και αποκριθεις tawful [to do] in the sabbaths? And answering προς αυτους είπεν δ Ιησους. Ουδε τουτο ανεγνωτε, δ εποιησε Δαυιδ, δποτε επεινασεν αυτος read, what did David, when was hungry και οί μετ' αυτου οντες; 4 ώς εισηλθεν εις τον and these with him heing? how he entered into the οικών του θέου, και τους αρτους της προθέσεως house of the God, and the loaves of the presence $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon$, $\kappa \alpha i \epsilon \phi \alpha \gamma \epsilon$, $\kappa \alpha i \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon * [\kappa \alpha i]$ TOIS and ate, and he took, gave also to those μετ' αυτου· ούς ουκ εξεστι φαγειν, ει μη μονος with him; which not it is lawful to cat, if not alone τους ίερεις; 5 Και ελεγεν αυτοις. *['OTI priests? [That] And he said to them;

36 ‡ And he also spoke a Parable to them; "No one puts a Picee * rent from a new Garment on an old; else the NEW also * will make a rent, and THAT Piece from the NEW * will not agree with the OLD.

37 And no one puts new Wine into † old Skins; else the *NEW WINE will burst the skins, and itself be spilt, and the skins be destroyed.

38 But new Wine must be put into new Skins.

39 No one having drunk old wine desires new: fcr he says, 'The OLD is good."

CHAPTER VI.

- 1 # And it occurred on the Sabbath, that he went through the * Grain-fields, and his disciples plucked the HEADS of GRAIN, and ate, rubbing them in their HANDS.
- 2 And some of the PHARISEES said, "Why do you twhat is not lawful on the SABBATH?"
- 3 And * Jesus answering them, said, "Have you not even read this, ‡ which David did, when hungry, he and THOSE who * were with him?
- 4 He went into the TAB-ERNACLE of GOD, and took the LOAVES of the PRES-ENCE, and ate, and gave to THOSE with him; ‡ which none but the PRIESTS could lawfully cat."
 - 5 And he said to them,

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. rent from a new. 36. will make a rent, and the PIECE. 36, will not agree with. h. 37. NEW WINE. 39. immediately—omit. 38. and both are preserved-omit. S. And-omit. helds. 1. second-first—omit.
nit. 3. Jesus. 1. Grain-2. to them-omit. 2. to do-omit.
5. That-omit. 4. how-omit. 4. also-omit.

^{† 37.} Bottles of skin or leather, which the Jews used for putting their wines in. Skins are used for this purpose now in Spain, Portugal, and the East. New wine, by fermenting would burst such as these, if they were old, and dry. See Josh. ix. 4, and Job xxxii. 19.

^{† 86.} Matt. ix. 16, 17; Mark ii. 21, 22. † 1. Matt. 16. † 3. 1 Sam. xxi. 6. † 4. Lev. xxiv. 9. 1 1. Matt. xii. 1; Mark ii. 23. 1 2. Exod.

κυριος εστιν δ υίος του ανθρωπου κα**ι τ**ου σαβman is the son of the also of the sabβατου. bath.

6 Εγενετο δε * [και] εν έτερφ σαββατφ εισελ-It happened and [also] in another sabbath to enθειν αυτον εις την συναγωγην, και διδασκειν και and him into the synagogue, to teach; ην εκει ανθρωπος, και ή χειρ αυτου ή δεξια ην was there a man, and the hand of him the right was 7 Παρετηρουν δε αυτον οί γραμματεις ξηρα. withered. Watched and him the scribes και οί Φαρισαιοι ει εν τω σαββατω θεραπευσι, and the Pharisees if in the sabbath he will heal, 8 Αυτος δε ίνα €ύρωσι κατηγοριαν αυτου. so that they might find an accusation ofhim. but ηδει τους διαλογισμους αυτων, και ειπε τφ of them, and said to the purposes ανθρωπώ τω ξηραν εχοντι την χειρα. Εγειρε, the withered having the hand, the withered having the hand, Ω δε αναστας εστη. stood. και στηθι εις το μεσον. He and having arisen stood. and stand into the ⁹Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους προς αυτους· Επερωτησω then the Jesus to them; I will ask ύμας. Τι εξεστι τοις σαββασιν; αγαθοποιησαι, you; What is it lawful to the sabbath? to do good, η κακοποιησαι; ψυχην σωσαι, η αποκτειναι;

10 Και περιβλεψαμενος παντας autous, And looking around on all them, 'Ο δε εποιησε' αυτώ. Εκτεινον την Χειρα σου. to him; Stretch out the hand of thee. He and to him; Stretch out the hand of thee. He and did; κ al $\alpha\pi$ ϵ κ are ϵ κ are ϵ ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ are ϵ are ϵ and ϵ are ϵ the hand of him [as the was restored 11 Αυτοι δε επλησθησαν ανοιας, και διελαλουν

a life

to save,

or

to kill?

 $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$

hesaid

did;

They and were filled madness, and they talked προς αλληλους, τι αν ποιησειαν τφ Ιησου. one another, what they should do to the Jesus.

12 Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις, εξηλ-It came to pass and in the days those, he went θεν εις το ορος προσευξασθαι και ην διανυκτεnut into the mountain and was to pray: passing the 13 Και ότε ρευων εν τη προσευχη του θεσυ.

night in the place of prayer of the God. And when προσεφωνησε τους μαθητας $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau o$ ήμερα, he called to the it hecame day, disciples αύτου· και εκλεξαμενος απ' αυτων δωδεκα, ούς having chosen from them of himself; and twelve, ¹⁴ (Σιμωνα, δυ και και αποστολους ωνομασε. he named: (Simon, whom also apostles ωνομασε Πετρον, και Ανδρεαν τον αδελφον Andrew he named Peter, and the brother αυτου, Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην, Φιλιππον Kal Philip and James and John.

"The son of man is Lord even of the SABBATH."

- And it occurred on Another Sabbath, that he entered the SYNAGOGUE, and taught. And a Man was there whose RIGHT HAND was withered.
- 7 And the scribes and Pharisees watched him closely [to see] if he would cure on the SABBATH ; that they might find an Accusation against him.
- 8 But he knew their PURPOSES, and said to THAT MAN HAVING the withered HAND, "Arise, and stand in the Midst." And HE arose and stood.
- 9 They JESUS said to them, "I ask you, if it is lawful to do good on the SABBATH, or to do evil? to save Life, or to kill?"
- 10 And locking round on them all, he said to him, "Stretch out thine HAND." And HE did so: and his HAND was restored.
- 11 And then were filled with madness, and consulted with one another, what they should do to Jesus.
- 12 # And it came to pass in those DAYS, that he went out to the MOUNTAIN to pray; and he remained, through the night, in the ORATORY of GOD.
- And when it was 13 Day he summoned his DISCIPLES; I and having selected from them twelve. whom he also named Apostles:-
- 14 Simon, 1 whom he also named Peter, and Andrew his BROTHER, James and John, Philip and Bartholomew,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. also-omit. 15. Alpheus. the other-omit.

^{9.} I ask you, if it is lawful,

^{10.} as

^{† 12.} Or the place of prayer to God. Nearly all modern critics translate promises in this passage and Acts xvi. 13, in this manner. A prosuitee was a large uncovered building, with scats, as in an amphitheatre, and used for worship where there was no synagogue.

^{‡ 6.} Matt. xii, 9; Mark iii.1; Luke xiii.14; xiv.3; John ax. 16. 3, Matt. x.1 ‡ 14. John i. 42. I 12. Watt. xiv. 23 1 13. Matt. x. 1

Βαρθολομαιον, 15 Ματθαιον και Θωμαν, Ιακωβον Matthew and Thomas, James τον του Αλφαιου, και Σιμωνα τον καλουμενου the of the Alpheus, and Simon the being called ζηλωτην, 16 Ιουδαν Ιακωβου και Ιουδαν Ισκαρι-Zelotes, Judas of James and Judas Iscar-ωτην, δs * [και] εγενετο προδοτης·) 17 και
<math>διt, who (also] hecame a traitor;) and καταβας μετ' αυτων, εστη επι τοπου πεδινου,
descending with them, he stood on a place level, και οχλος μαθητων αυτου, και πληθος πυλυ and acrowd of disciples of him, and a multitode great του λαου απο πασης της Ιουδαιας, και Ίερουof the people from all of the Judea, and σαλημ, και της παραλιου Τυρου και Σιδωνος, and of the eea-coast of Tyre and Sidon, οί ηλθον ακουσαι αυτου, και ιαθηναι απο των who came to hear him, and to he healed from νοσων αύτων· 18 και οί οχλουμενοι απο πνευμαliseasea of themselves; and those being troubled from των ακαθαρτων· και εθεραπευοντο. 19 Και πας unclean; and they were healed. And all δ οχλος εζητει άπτεσθτι αυτου. ότι δυναμις the crowd sought to touch him; for a power παρ' αυτου εξηρχετο, και ιατο παντας. went out, and healed from him

20 Και αυτος επάρας τους οφθαλμους αύτου be having lifted up the eyes of himself eis rous $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha s$ aurou, $\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$ Makapioi of on the disciples of himself, he said; Blessed the δτι ύμετερα εστιν ή βασιλεια του πτωχοι. for yours is the kingdom of the poor: θεου. 21 Μακαριοι οί πεινωντες νυν. ότι χορτασ-Blessed the hungering now; for you shall θησεσθε. Μακαριοι οἱ κλαιοντες νυν. δτι be satisfied. Blessed the weeping nows for γελασετε. vou shalilaugh.

22 Μακαριοι εστε, όταν μισησωσιν ύμας of Blessed are you, when may hate you the ανθρωποι, και όταν αφορισωσιν ύμας, Kal when they may aeparate you, men. and and ορειδισωσι, και εκβαλωσι το ονομα ύμων ώς hey may revile, and may cast out the name of you as 23 Xαπονηρον, ένεκα του υίου του ανθρωπου. evil, on account of the son of the man. Reρητε εν εκεινη τη ἡμερα, και σκιρτησατε ιδου joice you in that the day, and leap you for joy; lo γαρ, ὁ μισθος ὑμων πολυς εν τω ουρανω κατα for, the reward of you great in the heaven; according to ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις προφηταις οί πατερες did to the prophete the these fathers αυτων. of them.

24 Πλην ουαι υμιν τοις πλουσιοις· ότι απε-But wee to you the rich; for you have

15 Mathew and Thomas, THAT James, son of * Alpheus, and THAT Simon who was CALLED the Zealot.

16 Judas the brother of James, and Judas Iscariot, who became a Traitor;—

17 and coming down with them, he stood on a level Place, with a *Crowd of his Disciples, ‡ and a great Multitude of PEOPLE from All JUDEA and Jerusalem, and the SEA-COAST of Tyre and Sidon, who came to hear him, and to be restored from their DISEASES;

18 and THOSE who were * distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

19 And All the CROWD sought to touch him, ‡ For a Power went ou. from him, and healed all.

20 And he, having lifted up his eyes on his disciples, said; ‡" Happy, poor ones! For yours is the kingdom of God.

21 ‡ Happy now, HUNGERING ones! Since you will be satisfied. ‡ Happy now, WEEPING ones! Because you will laugh.

23 ‡Happy are you, when MEN may hate you, and separate you, and may revile and cast out your NAMES as evil, on account of the Son of Man.

23 ‡ Rejoice in That DAY, and leap for joy; for behold, your REWARD will be great in HEAVEN; ‡ for thus their FATHERS did to the PROPHETS.

24 ‡ But Woe to You, RICH ones; For you have your CONSOLATION.

^{*} Vatican Manuschift.—15. Alpheus. 16. also—omit. 17. a great Crowd 18. distressed by unclean Spirits were cured.

25 Ουαι ύμιν, χετε την παρακλησιν ύμων. Oi in full the comfort of you. Woe to you, those εμπεπλησμενοι ότι πεινασετε ουαι ύμιν, οί having been filled; for you shall hunger: Woe to you, those δτι πενθησετε και κλαυσετε. for you shall mourn and you shall weep. γελωντες νυν laughing now: ²⁶ Ουαι, όταν καλως ύμας ειπωσιν οί ανθρωποι· well you may speak the κατα ταυτα γαρ εποιουν τοις ψευδοπροφηταις according to these for did to the false-prophets οί πατερες αυτων. the fathers of them.

27 Αλλ' ύμιν λεγω τοις ακουουσιν Αγαπατε But to you I say to those hearing: Love you σους εχθρους ύμων∙ καλως ποιειτε τοις μισουthe enemies of you: good do you to those σιν ύμας· 28 ευλογειτε τους καταρωμενους ύμας· bless you those cursing ing you: προσευχεσθε ύπερ των επηρεαζοντων ύμας. for those traducing pray you you. 29 Τω τυπτοντι σε επι την σιαγονα, παρεχε και To the striking thee on the cheek, offer την αλλης. και απο του αιροντος σου το ίματιον, the other: and from the taking of thee the mantle. και τον χιτωνα μη κωλυσης. tunic not thou mayest hinder.

³⁰ Παντι δε τω αιτουντι σε διδου· και απο του To all and those asking thee give thou: and from the ³¹ Και καθως αιροντος τα σα, μη απαιτει.
taking what is thine, not demand back. And all *[каг $\theta \in \lambda \in \tau \in$, iva $\pi o i \omega \sigma i \nu$ but of and $\rho \omega \pi o i$, you wish, that may do to you the men, [also 3º Kai ei ύμεις] ποιειτε αυτοις δμοιως. αγαdo you to them in like manner. you And if πατε τους αγαπωντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις love those loving you, what to you thanks εστι; και γαρ οι αμαρτωλοι τους αγαπωντας is it? also for the sinners those loving 33 Και εαν αγαθοποιητε τους αυτους αγαπωσι. And if you should do good those love. αγαθοποιουντας ύμας, ποια ύμιν χαρις εστι; doing good you, * $[\gamma \alpha \rho]$ of $\alpha \mu \alpha \rho \tau \omega \lambda o \iota \tau o \alpha \upsilon \tau o \tau o \tau o \iota o \sigma \iota$.

[for] the sinners the same do. HOLL also 34 Και εαν δανειζητε παρ' ών ελπιζετε απολα-And if you should lend from whom you hope *[γαρ] οἱ βειν, ποια ύμιν χαρις εστι, ceive, what to you thanks is it? και [for] also the άμαρτωλοι άμαρτωλοις δανειζουσιν, ίνα απολαsiuners to sinners lend, that they may ισα. 35 Πλην αγαπατε τους εχθρους βωσι το But receive the like things. love you the enemies ύμων, και αγαθοποιειτε και δανειζετε μηδεν MIES, and do good and olyou, and do you good and lendyou nothing lend, in Nothing despair-

25 Woe to you who are *FULL now! Because you will hunger. YOU who LAUGH now! For you will mourn and weep.

26 Woe, when MEN may speak well of you! for thus their FATHERS did to the FALSE-PROPHETS.

27 # But I say to You, who HEAR me, Love your ENEMIES; do good to THOSE Who HATE you,

28 ‡ bless THOSE who CURSE you, pray for THOSE who INJURE you.

29 ‡ To HIM STRIKING thee on the CHEEK, present the OTHER also; ‡ and from HIM who TAKES AWAY thy MANTLE, withhold not even thy COAT.

30 # Give to EVEBY one ASKING thee; and from HIM Who TAKES AWAY what is THINE, demand it

31 ‡ And as you would that MEN should do to you, do in like manner to them.

32 ‡ And if you love THOSE who LOVE you, What Thanks are due to you? for even SINNERS love THOSE who LOVE

33 * And if you do good to THOSE DOING GOOD to you, What thanks are due to you? sinners even do the SAME.

34 * And if you lend to those from whom you hope to receive, What Thanks are due to you? SINKERS even lend to Sinners, that they may receive an EQUI-VALENT.

35 But love your ENE-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. FULL now. 25. Woe, you who LAUGH new. same did they to the false-prophets. 31. do good. 33. for-omit. 34. for-omit. 31. you also-omit 33. For if also you

^{1 28.} Matt. v. 44; 1 30. Deut. 1 32. Matt. v. 43

απελπιζοντες· και εσται δ μισθος ύμων πολυς, despairing! and shall be the reward of you great, και εσεσθε υίοι ύψιστου ότι αυτος χρηστος and you shall be sons of highest; for be εστιν επι τους αχαριστους και πονηρους.

is to the unthankful and 36 Γινεσθε *[ουν] οικτιρμονες, καθως *[κα:]
Be you [therefore] compassionate, even as [also] πατηρ ύμων οικτιρμων εστι. 37 Και μη the father of you compassionate is. And κρινετε, και ου μη κριθητε· μη καταδικαζετε, judge you, and not notyou may be judged: not condenin you, και ου μη καταδικασθητε απολυετε, και αποand not not you may be condemned; release you, and you $\lambda\nu\theta\eta\tau\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon$. 33 $\Delta\iota\delta\sigma\tau\epsilon$, kat $\delta\sigma\theta\eta\sigma\epsilon\tau$ to $\delta\mu\nu\nu$ shall be released. Give you, and it shall be given to you: μετρον καλον πεπιεσμένον *[και] σεσαλευ-neasure good having been pressed down [and] having been αενον *[και] ύπερεκχυνομενον δωσουσιν εις τον [and] running over shall be given into the ύμων τω γαρ αυτω μετρω, ω of you, by the for same measure, with which κολπον ύμωνο μετρείτε, αντιμετρηθησεται $\dot{\nu}$ μιν. 39 Είπε δ ε you measure, it shall be measured again to you. He spoke and παραβολην αυτοις. Μητιδυνατιτυφλος τυφλον a parable to them; Not is able a blind blind δδηγειν; ουχι αμφοτεροι εις βοθυνον πεσουνται;

to lead? net both into a pit will fall? 40 Ουκ εστι μαθητης ύπερ τον διδασκαλον the is a disciple over αύτου κατηρτισμένος δε πας επται ώς δ of hunself; having been fully qualified but every one shall be as the

of himself; naving.

διδασκαλος αιτου.

Al Τι θε βλειτου

of him.

Why and seest thou the 41 Τι δε βλεπεις το καρφος splinter το εν τω οφθαλμω του αδελφου σου, την δε that in the eye of the brother of thee, the but δοκον την εν τω ιδιω οφθαλμω ου κατανοεις: beam that in thine own eye not perceivest?

 $\mathfrak{T} \times [\eta] \pi \omega s$ duvagal $\lambda \in \gamma \in \mathcal{V} \times \mathfrak{T} \omega$ adeha $\phi \omega$ government of the expectation able to say to the brother of thee: A $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \epsilon$, $\alpha \phi \epsilon s$, $\epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \omega$ to $\kappa \alpha \rho \phi o s$ to $\epsilon \nu$ to O brother, allowing, I can cast out the spiniter that in the οφθαλμφ σου αυτος την εν τφ οφθαλμω σου eye of thee; thyself the in the eye of thee δοκον ου βλεπων; Υποκριτα, εκβαλε πρωτον beam not beholding? Ohypocrite, cast out first την δοκον εκ του οφθαλμου σου, και τοτε beam out of the the of thee, and then eye διαβλεψεις εκβαλειν το καρφος το εν τφ οφθαλthou wilt see clearly to cast out the splinter that in the 43 Ου γαρ εστι δενδρον Nat for is atree μω του αδελφου σου. ofthe brother of thee.

καλον, ποιουν καρπον σαπρον ουδε δενδρον bearing fruit corrupt; a tree

ing; and your REWARD will be great, and tyou will be Sons of the Most High: for he is kind to the UNTHANKFUL and Evil.

36 ‡ Be you compassionate, as your FATHER is compassionate.

37 # And judge not, and you will not be judged; condemn not, and you will not be condemned; forgive, and you will be forgiven;

38 ‡ give, and it will be given to you; good Measure, pressed down, shaken together, and overflowing, will be given into your LAP. For by the SAME Measure with which you measure, it will be dispensed to you again."

39 And he spoke a Parable to them; t"Can a Blind man lead a Blind man? Will not both fall into a Pit?

40 ‡A disciple is not above his TEACHER: bat every one fully qualined will be as his TEACHER.

41 But why observest thou THAT SPLINTER in tthy brother's eye, and perceivestnot THAT THORN in thine own Eye?

42 How wilt thou say to thy BROTHER, Brother, let me take out THAT SPLINTER in thine EYE; thyself not seeing the THORN in thine own EYE? Hypocrite! first extract the THORN from thine own EYE, and then thou wilt see clearly to extract THAT SPLINTER in thy BRO. THER'S EYE.

43 ‡ For there is no good Tree which yields bad Fruit, nor *again a bad

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. therefore-omit. 36. also-omit. 88. and 38. and-omit. -omit. 42. or-omit. 43. again.

^{† 41.} In the Talmud are the following proverbs:—"They who say to others, take the small piece of wood out of thy teeth, are answered by, 'take the beam out of thine own eyes."—Hammand and Lightfoot.

^{† 35.} Matt. v. 45. 17. † 39. Matt. xv. 14. † 40. Mat 1 37. Matt. vii. 1. \$ 38. Prov. I 40. Matt. x. 24; John xiii. 16; xv. 20. 1 43. Matt. vii. 16 17. vii. 3.

41 Έκαστον γαρ σαπρον, ποιουν καρπον καλον. corrupt, bearing fruit good. Every tor δενδρον εκ του ιδιου καρπου γινωσκεται ου γαρ from the own fruit is known; not for εξ ακανθων συλλεγουσι συκα, ουδε εκ βατου nor from a bramble do they gather figa, τρυγωσι σταφυλην. 45 'Ο αγαθος αισρωπος εκ do they pick a cluster of grapes. The good του αγαθου θησαυρου της καρδιας αύτου προtreasure of the heart of himself brings φερει το αγαθον και ό πονηρος * [εοπωρονιώς] φερεί το αγωσος and the evil [man] forth the good; and the evil εκκ του πονηρου * [θησαυρου της καρδιας αὐτου] (transport of the hear of himself) treasure of the hoar of himself evil προφερει το πονηρον· εκ γαρ του περισσειμαbrings forth the evil; out of for the 26 T1 τος της καρδιας λαλει το στομα αυ.ου. apeaks the mouth of him. of the heart δε με καλειτε, κυριε, κυριε και ου ποιειτε α and me do you call, Olord, Olord; and not do what λεγω; I say?

47 Πας δ ερχομενος προς με, και ακουων μου coming to me, and hearing of me των λογων, και ποιων αυτους, ὑποοειξω ὑμιν, the words, and doing them, I will show to you, sive $\epsilon \sigma \tau : \nu$ όμοιος. 48 Ομοιος $\epsilon \sigma \tau : \nu$ ανθρωπω ιινι εστιν όμοιος. Like he ia like. to a man b whom he is εικοδομουντι οικιαν, δε εσκαψε και εβαθυνε, a house, who dug anJ building 'cat εθηκε θεμελιον επι την πετραν' πλημμ" oas and laid a foundation on the rock; of aflood δε γενομενης, προσερβηξεν δ ποταμος τη οικια and having come, dashed against the atream the b ruse εκεινη, και ουκ ισχυσε σαλευσαι αυτην. τεθεthat, and not was able to shake her: 49 O & akouc as, μελιωτο γαρ επι την πετραν. for upon the rock. He but having heard, και μη ποιησας, δμοιος εστιν ανθρωπώ οικοδοand not having done, like he is to a man h..ving μησαντι οικιαν επι την γην χωρις θεμελιου. ahouse on the earth without a foundation; built 'η προσερόηξεν ό ποταμος και ευθεως επεσε, to which dashed against the stream: and immediately it all, και εγενετο το βηγμα της οικιας εκεινης μεγα. became the ruin of the house that

КΕΦ. ζ'. 7.

The transformation of the people, the ears of the people, the consum. Of a centurion and certain alave and $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$, $\eta \mu \epsilon \lambda \lambda \epsilon$ Televations, $\eta \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon$ Televations, $\eta \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon$ Televations, was about to die, who was to him valuable.

Tree which yields good Fruit.

- 44 For Every Tree is known by its own Fruit. For they do not gather Figs from Thorns, nor do they pick Grapes from Brambles.
- 45 The good Man out of the good Treasure of of *the Heart produces good; and the Bad Man out of the EVIL produces EVIL; for out of *an Overflowing Heart his Mouth speaks.
- 46 ‡ And why do you call Me, 'Master, Master,' and obey not my commands?
- 47 ‡ EVERY ONE COM-ING to me, and hearing My words, and obeying them, I will show you whom he is like;
- 48 he resembles a Man building a House, who dug deep, and laid a foundation on the ROCK; and a Flood having come, the STREAM dashed against that HOUSE, but could not shake it; * because it was WELL-BUILT on the ROCK.
- 49 But HE who HEARS and obeys not, resembles a Man building a House on the EARTH, without a Foundation; against which the STREAM dashed, and it fell immediately, and great was the BUIN of that HOUSE.

CHAPTER VII.

- 1 Now when he had finished All his sayings in the HEARING of the PEOPLE, ‡ he entered Capernaum.
- 2 And a Centurion's Servant, who was valuable to him, being sick, was about to die.

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. the REART. 45. Man.—emit. 45. Treasure of this Heart—omit. 45. an Overflowing Heart. 48. because it was well-built on

^{1 44.} Matt. xii. 33. 1 40. Matt. vii. 21, 25; Luke xiii. 25 \$ 47 Matt. vii. 26 t 1. Matt. viii. 5.

Ακουσας δε περι του Ιησου, απεστειλε προς Having heard and about the Jesus, to hesent αυτον πρεσβυτερους των Ιουδαιων, ερωτων Jews, asking htm elders of the αυτον, όπως ελθων διασωση τον δουλον αύτου. that coming he world save the slave of himself. 4 Οί δε ταραγενομενοι προς τον Ιησουν, παρεκα-Of δε ταραγενομενοι προσ They and having come to the Jesus, they beλουν αυτον σπουδαιως, λεγοντες. saying; That worthy earnestly, 'ω παρεξει τουτο· 5 αγαπά γαρ το εστιν, he loves for the he is, for whom thou wilt confer this; εθνος ήμων, και την συναγωγην αυτος φκοδοnation of us, and the synagogue he 6 'Ο δε Ιησους επορευετο $\mu\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$ ήμιν. συν The and for us. Jesus with Ηδη δε αυτου ου μακραν απεχοντος autois. Already and of him not far being distant τονταρχος φιλους, λεγων αυτώ. Κυριε, μη O sir, frieuds, saying to him; not σκυλλου ου γαρ είμι ίκανος, ίνα ύπο την hethoutroubled: not for I am worthy, that under the στεγην μου εισελθης. 7 διο ουδε εμαυτον of me thou shouldst enter: therefore not even $\eta_{\epsilon}^{\epsilon}$ i $\omega \sigma \alpha \pi \rho o s \sigma \epsilon \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon i \nu$ $\epsilon \lambda \lambda \alpha \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \lambda o \gamma \omega$, $\kappa \alpha i$ i deemea fit to thee to come; but speak a word, and ιαθησεται όπαις μου. ⁸ Και γαρ εγω ανθρωπος with me healed the boy of me. Even for I a man but speak aword, and ειμι ύπο εξουσιαν τασσομενος, εχων ύπ' εμαυbeing set, having under am under authority myτον στρατιωτας και λεγω τουτώ. Πορευθητι, selt soldiers; and Isay to this; Go, και πορευεται· και αλλφ· Ερχου, και ερχεται· he goes and to another; Come, and he comes: και τω δουλω μου. Ποιηπον τουτο, και ποιει. this, and to the slave of me: Do and he does. 9 Ακουσας δε ταυτα ό Ιησους, εθαυμασεν αυτον: Hearing and these the Jesus, admired και στραφεις, τφ ακολουθοντι αυτφ οχλφ ειπε.

και στραφεις, τω ακολουθοντι αυτώ οχλω ειπε and turning, to the following him crowd he said: $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ ύμιν, ουδε εν τω Ισραηλ τοσαυτην πιστιν l say to you, not even in the Israel so great faith εύρον. 10 Και ὑποστρεψαντες οἱ πεμφθεντες i have found. And having returned those having heen sent εις τον οικον, εύρον τον * [ασθενουντα] δουλον into the house, they found the [heing sick] slave ὑγιαινοντα.

being well.

11 Και εγενετο εν τη έξης, επορευετο εις And it happened in the next, he was going to πολιν καλουμενην Ναιν και συνεπορευοντο acity being called Nain: and were going

- 3 And having heard concerning JESUS, the sent Elders of the JEWS to him, soliciting him, that he would come and save his SERVANT.
- 4 And having come to JESUS, THEY carnestly besought him, saying, "He is worthy for whom thou shouldst do this;
- 5 for he loves our NATION, and he built our SYNAGOGUE."
- 6 Then Jesus went with them; and being not far from the House, the Centurion sent Friends, saying to him, "Sir, trouble not thyself; for I am not worthy that thou shouldst come under my Roof;
- 7 therefore, I did not think myself even worthy to come to thee; but command by Word, and *my SERVANT will be cured.
- 8 For even # am a Man appointed under Authority, having Soldiers under me, even I say to this one, 'Go,' and he goes; and to another, 'Comc,' and he comes; and to my Servant, 'Do this,' and he does it."
- 9 And Jesus hearing these things, admired him, and turning, said to the crowp following him, "I tell you, I have not found, even in Israel, such great Faith."
- 10 And those who had been sent, having returned to the house, found the servant restored to health.

11 And it occurred on the NEXT day, that he was going to a City called † Nain; and his disciples

[•] Vatican Manuschift.-6. to him-omit. 7. let my servant be healed. 10 being sick-omit.

^{† 3.} Either magistrates of the place, or elders of the synagogue which the centurion had built. In the parallel place in Matthew, he is represented as coming to Jesus himself; but it is a usual form of speech in all nations, to attribute the act to a person, which is done, no t by himself, but by his authority.—Clarke.

† 11. Nain, was a small city of Galilee, in the tribe of Issachur. According to Ensebius, if was two miles from Mount Tabor, southward, and near to Endor.

αυτφ οί μαθηται αυτου *[ίκανοι,] και οχλος disciples of him with him the many,] and a crowd π ολυς. 12 Ως δε ηγγισε τη πυλη της πολεως, great. As and hedrewnear to the gate of the city. και ιδου, εξεκομιζετο τεθνηκως, υίος μονογενης lo, was being carried out a dead man, a son only-born μητρι αύτου, και αύτη χηρα· και οχλος a widow; and a crowd to the mother of himself, and she ¹³ Και ιδων της πολεως ίκανος ην συν αυτη. great was with her. And seeing αυτην δ κυριος, εσπλαγχνισθη επ' αυτη, και the lord, he had compassion on her, 14 Και προσελθων Μη κλαιε. ειπεν αυτη. Not And said to her; weep. comingup ήψατο της σορου οίδε βασταζοντες εστησαν. hier: those and bearing ne touched the stood still. Και ειπε. Neavioke, σoi $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$, Oyoung man, to thee I say, εγερθητι. And he said; 15 Και ανεκαθισεν δ νεκρος, και ηρξατο λαλειν $^{\circ}$

and dead, began to peak satup the ¹⁶ Ελαβε δε και εδωκεν αυτον τη μητρι αυτου. and he gave him to the mother of him. φοβος παντας, και εδοξαζον τον θεον, λεγοντες. and they glorified the God, saying: Ότι προφητης μεγας εγηγερται εν ήμιν, και ηηγεριας has risen among us, and a prophet great ότι επεσκεψατο ό θεος τον λαον αύτου. that has visited the God the people of numbelf. εξηλθεν δ λυγος ούτος εν όλη τη Ιουδαια περι this in whole the Judea concerning went out the word αυτου, και *[εν] παση τη περιχωρφ.
him, and [in] all the snrroun in z coun

the sarroun ing country. 18 Και απηγγειλαν Ιωαννη οί μαθηται αυτου told John the disciples of him 19 Και προσκαλεσαμεπερι παντων τουτων. these. And νος δυο τινας των μαθητων αύτου ό Ιωαννης, to two certain of the disciples of himself the επεμψε προς τον Ιησουν, λεγων. Συ ει δ ερχο-sent to the Jesus, saying: Thou art the coming μενος, η αλλον προσδοκωμεν; ²⁰ Παραγενομενοι one, or another are we to look for? Having come δε προς αυτον οί ανδρες ειπον. Ιωαννης ό βαπand to him the men they said: John the τιστης απεσταλκεν ήμας προς σε, λεγων Συ per has sent us to thee, saying: Thou ει δ ερχομενος, η αλλον προσδοκωμεν; 21 Εν artthe coming one, or another are we to look for? αυτη δε τη ώρα εθεραπευσε πολλους απο νοσων and the hour he delivered many from diseases μαστιγων και πνευματων πονηρων, και кα and spirits evil, and plagues

were going with him, and a great Crowd.

12 And as he approached the GATE of the CITY, behold, a dead man was being carried out, an Only Son of his MOTHER, and she was a Widow; and a great Crowd from the CITY was with her.

13 And seeing her, the LORD had pity on her, and said to her, "Weep not."

14 And approaching, he touched the †BIER, and U.e. BEARERS stood stite. And he said, "Young man, I say to thee, Acise."

15 Then HE who had been DEAD sat up, and began to speak; and he gave him to his mother.

16 And fear seized all; and they praised God, sav-ing, ‡"A great Prophet has risen among us." and, t"God has visited his PEOPLE."

And this REPORT concerning him pervaded All JUDEA, and All the SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

18 # And John's Disc :-PLES told him of all these things.

19 And summoning two of his DISCIPLES, JOHN sent to * the LORD, saying, "Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?"

20 And having come to him, the MEN said, "John, the immerser, *sent us to thee, saying, 'Art thou the COMING ONE? or are we to expect Another?""

21 And in That HOUR he. delivered many from Diseases, and Plagues, and evil Spirits; and he gave

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. many-omit.

^{17.} in-omit.

^{19.} the LORD. say-

^{† 14.} The people of the East bury the dead without coffins; but they carry them to the grave on a bier which is shaped like one.—Harmer. "Presently a funeral procession, consisting of men and women, came rapidly from the city, (the cemetery is outside of the present Jerusalem,) and halted at a newly-made grave sunk three or four feet only below the ground. The body was not enclosed in a coffin, but wrapped in a loose garment and lad on a bier carried by hand. My impression is that even the face was partially exposel to view. It was under similar circumstances that the son of the widow at Nain was borne to the grave."—Hackett.

may be stumbled

τυφλοις πολλοις εχαρισατό το βλεπείν. 22 Και to blin, ones many he gave the to see. And αποκριθεις διησους είπεν αυτοις: Πορευθεντες απαγγείλατε Ιωαννη \dot{u} είδετε και ηκουσατειείστε to John what you have seen and heard; $[\dot{b}$ τυφλοι αναβλεπουσι, χωλοι περιπατίτατι blind ones see again, lame ones are walking ουσι, λεπροι καθαριζονται, κωφοι ακουουσι, about, lepers are cleansed, deafones are hearing νεκροι εγειρονται, πτωχοι ευαγγελιζονται dead ones are raised up, poor ones are addressed with glad tidings

²³ και μακαριος εστιν, δς εαν μη σκανδαλισθη

whoever not

is,

and blessed € v ∈ µol.

 $^{\mathrm{me.}}$ 24 Απελθοντων δε των αγγελων Ιωαννου, llaving departed and the messengers of John. ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους οχλους περι Ιωαννου. he began to say to the crowds concerning John; Τι εξεληλυθατε εις την ερημον θεασασθαι; What have you come out into the desert to see? καλαμον ύπο ανεμου σαλευομενον; 25 Αλλα τι a reed by wind being shaken? But what εξεληλυθατε ιδειν; ανθρωπον εν μαλακοις ίμαa maa in have you come out to see? soft τιοις ημφιεσμενον; Ιδου, οἱ $\epsilon \nu$ ἱματισμ ω ments having been clothed? Lo, those in clothing ενδοξω και τρυφη ύπαρχοντες, εν τοις βασιshowy and inluxury living, in the 26 Αλλα τι εξεληλυθατε ιδειν;
But what have you come out 'o ree? λειοις εισιν. προφητην; Ναι λεγω ύμιν, και περισσοτερον a prophet? Yes I say to you, and much more 27 Ούτος εστι, περι ού γεγραππρυφητου. This is, concerning whom of a prophet. 1t is writ . ται· '' Ιδου, εγω αποστελλω τον αγγελον μου "Lo, send the messenger of me προ προσωπου σου, ός κατασκεμασει την όδον before face of thee, who shall prepare the way σου εμπροσθεν σου." $^{23} Λεγω$ [τος] το you, μειζων εν γεννητοις γυναικων * [προφητης] a greater among offspring of women [prophet] I ω αννου *[του βαπτιστου] ουδεις εστιν° δ δε οι John [the dipper] not is; the butμικροτερος εν τη βασιλεία του θεου, μειζων leas in the kingdom of the God, greater αυτου εστι. 29 Και πας δ λαος ακουσας, και And all the people having heard and οί τελωναι, εδικαιωσαν τον θεον, Βαπτισθεντες the tax-gatherers, justified the God, having been dipped το βκπτισμα Ιωαννου. 30 Οί δε Φαρισαιοι και the dipping of John. The but Pharisees and οί νομικοι την βουλην του θεου ηθετησαν εις the lawyers the purpose of the God set aside έαυτους, μη βαπτισθεντες ύπ' αυτου. themseives, not having been dipped by

* sight to many Blind persons.

22 And *Jesns answering, said to them, ‡"Go, tell John what you have seen and heard; the Blind are made to see, the Lame to walk, the Lepers are cleansed, the Deaf hear, the Dead are raised, ‡glad tidings are announced to the Poor;

23 and happy is he who shall not stumble at me."

24 \$\frac{1}{4}\text{ and Jobe's Messen-Gers basing departed, he began to say in the crowds concerning John, "Why went you out into the Desert? To see a Reed shaken by the Wind?

25 But why went you out? To see a Man clothed in soft garments? Behold, THOSE robed in SPLENDID APPAREL, and living in luxury, are in ROYAL PALACES.

26 But why went you out? To see a Prophet? Yes, I tell you, and one more excellent than a Prophet.

27 This is he concerning whom it is written, ‡' Behold! *I send my Mrssenger before thy Face, who will prepare thy way before thec.'

28 I say to you, Among those born of Women, there is not a greater than John, yet the LEAST in the KINGbom of God is superior to him.

29 And All the PEOPLE having heard, and the TRIBUTE-TAKERS, justified God, thaving been immersed with the IMMERSION of John.

30 But the Pharisees and Lawyers set aside the \$\frac{1}{2}\truppose of God towards themselves not having been immersed by him.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—21, sight. 22, he answering. 22. That—omit. 27. I send. 28. For—omit 28. prophet—omit 28. the dipper—omit.

³¹ Τινι ουν δμοιωσω τους ανθρωπους THIS To what then shall I compare the men of the ταυτης. και τινι εισιν δμοιοι; 32 Ομοιyeveas. Like generation this? and to what are they like?

οι εισι παιδιοις τοις εν αγορά καθημενοις, και those in a market they are boys sitting, and Ηυλη-

προσφωνουσιν αλληλοις, και λεγουσιν. one another, and saying; We have played calling to

σαμεν υμιν, και ουκ ωρχησασθε· εθρηνησαμεν the flute for you, and not you have danced; we have mourned 33 E $\lambda\eta\lambda\upsilon\theta\epsilon$ ύμιν, και ουκ εκλαυσατε. γαρ you have wept. Has come for for you, and not

 $\epsilon \sigma \theta \iota \omega \nu$ Ιωαννης δ $\beta \alpha \pi \tau \iota \sigma \tau \eta s$, $\mu \eta \tau \epsilon$ αρτον eating, the dipper, neither bread

μητε οινον πινων και λεγετε. Δαιμονιον εχει. nor wine drinking; and you say; A demon he has. 34 Εληλυθεν ό υίος του ανθρωπου, εσθιων και

Has come the son of the man, eating and πινων και λεγετε Ιδου, ανθρωπος φαγος και Lo, glutton a man drinking; and you say; φιλος τελωνων και αμαρτωλων. οινοποτης, a friend of tax-gatherers and sinners. a wine-drinker,

35 Και εδικαιωθη ή σοφια απο των τεκνων αύτης And is justified the wisdom by the children of herself

παντων.

all. ³⁶ Ηρωτα δε τις αυτον των Φαρισαιων, ίνα him and one of the Pharisees, that μετ' αυτου· και εισηλθων εις την οικιαν and entering into the he might eat with him; 37 Και ιδου, γυνη του Φαρισαιου, ανεκλιθη. Pharisee, he reclined. And lo, a woman ofthe εν τη πολει, ήτις ην άμαρτωλος, επιγνουσα ότι who was a sinner, knowing ανακειται εν τη οικια του Φαρισαιου, κομισασα haraclines in the house of the Pharisce, having brought hereclines in the house of the Pharisee, having brought αλαβαστρον μυρου, 38 και στασα οπισω παρα an alabaster-box of balsam, and standing behind τους ποδας αυτου, κλαιουσα, ηρξατο βρεχειν to wet feet of him, weeping, she began τους ποδας αυτου τοις δακρυσι και ταις θριξι and with the hairs of him with the tears; της κεφαλης αύτης εξεμασσε, και κατεφιλει of herself wiped, and kissed head $39 I \delta \omega \nu$ τους ποδας αυτου, και ηλειφε τφ μυρφ. of him, and anointed with the balsam. the δε ό Φαρισαιος ό καλεσας αυτον, ειπεν εν έαυτφ, spoke in himself, but the Pharisee that having called him, λεγων. Ούτος ει ην προφητής, εγινωσκέν αν, if he was a prophet, would know, saying; This

31 ‡To what then shall I compare the MEN of this GENERATION? and what are they like?

32 They are like THOSE Boys SITTING in a Public place, and calling to one another, and saying, 'We have played for you on the flute, but you have not danced; we have sung mournful songs for you, but you have not lamented.'

33 ‡ For John the IM-MERSER has come neither eating Bread nor drinking Wine, and you say, 'He has a Demon.

34 The son of man has come eating and drinking, and you say, 'Behold a Glutton and a Wine-drinker! an Associate of Tribute. takers and Sinners !

35 TBut WISDOM vindicated by All her CHILDREN."

36 ‡And one of the PHARISEES invited him to eat with him. And entering the House of the PHARISEE, he reclined.

37 And, behold, a + Woman * who was of the CITY. a Sinner, knowing that he reclined in the PHARISEE's HOUSE, brought an Alabaster box of Balsam,

38 and standing the. hind, at his feet, weeping, she began to wet his feet with TEARS, and wiped them with the HAIR of her HEAD, and repeatedly kissed his FEET, and anointed them with the BAL-SAM.

39 But THAT PHARISEE who had INVITED him observing this, spoke within himself, saying, t"This man, if he were a Prophet,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 37. who was in the city, a Sinner.

^{† 37.} There is no good reason for concluding that this woman was a public prostitute, as many suppose. She was probably only a Gentile, and therefore in the estimation of the Pharisee a sinner. Hamartolos, is often used in the New Testamentin this sense. † 38. This is not intelligible, without adverting to the posture in which the ancients took their meals. They placed themselves along the couch on their sides, supported their heads with one arm, bent at the elbow, and resting on the couch; and with the other they took their food, and were supported at the back by cushions. Their feet of course were accessible to one who came behind the couch .- Wakefield.

^{‡ 39.} Luke xv. 2. 35. Matt. xt. Iatt. xi. 16. ‡ 33. Matt. iii. 4; Mark 26; Luke i. 15. ‡ 36. Matt. xxvi. 6; Mark 210. 8; John xi. 2. ‡ 39. L 1 31. Matt. xi. 16.

τις και ποταπη ή γυνη, ήτις άπτεται αυτου· 40 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους
And answering the Jesus ότι άμαρτωλος εστι. that a sinner she is. ειπε προς αυτον Σιμων, εχω σοι τι ειπειν. said to him; Simon, I have to the something to say. 'Ο δε φησι. Διδασκαλε, ειπε. 41 Δυο χρεωφει-He and says: Two O teacher, say. λεται ησαν δανειστη τινι· δ είς ωφειλε δηναρια
ors were to a creditor certain: the one owed denarti 42 Mn πεντακοσια, δ δε έτερος πεντηκοντα. five hundred, the and other fifty. εχαρισατο. Τις ουν αυτων, $*[\epsilonιπε]$ πλειον he forgave. Which then of them, [say] more αυτον αγαπησει; 43 Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπεν him willtow? Αυσων από and the same shape and the same shape 43 Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπεν 43 Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπεν ειπεν ειπεν ειπεν ειπεν ειπεν ε Ύπολαμβανω, ότι 'ω το πλειον εχαρισατο. I suppose, that to whom the more he forgave. 44 Και στρα-Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ. Ορθως εκρινας. He and said to him: Rightly thou hast judged. And turnφεις προς την γυναικα, τφ Σιμωνι εφη. Βλεπing to the woman, to the Simon he said: Seest εις ταυτη**ν** την γυναικα; εισηλθον σου εις την thou this the woman? I came of thee into the οικιαν· ύδωρ επι τους ποδας μου ουκ εδωκας· house: water for the feet ofme not thou gavest: αύτη δε τοις δακρυσιν εβρεξε μου τους ποδας, she but with the tears she wet of me the feet, και ταις θριξι αύτης $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \mu \alpha \xi \epsilon$. 45 Φιλημα μοι and with the hairs of herself has wiped. A kiss to me ουκ εδωκας αύτη δε αφ' ής εισηλθον, ου δειouk εδωκας αυτή σε ων η not thou gavest; she but from of her came in, not has ποδας. ⁴⁶ Ελαιω λιπε καταφιλουσα μου τυυς ποδας. of me the With oil kissing ceased feet. την κεφαλην μου ουκ ηλειψας αύτη δε μυρφ the head of me notthoudidstanoint; she but with balsam ηλειψε τους ποδας μου. 47 Ού χαριν, λεγω of me. Therefore, anointed the feet σοι, αφεωνται αί άμαρτιαι αυτης αί πολλαι, to thee, have been forgiven the sins ofher the many, ω δε ολιγον αφιεται, ότι ηγαπησ∈ πολυ• for that she loved much; to whom but little is forgiven, 48 $E \iota \pi \epsilon \delta \epsilon \alpha \nu \tau \eta^* A \phi \epsilon \omega \nu \tau \alpha \iota$ He said and to her; Have been for given ολιγον αγαπα. Αφεωνται little he loves. 49 Και ηρξαντο οἱ συνανακεισου αι άμαρτιαι. sins. And began those reclining μενοι λεγειν εν έαυτοις. Τις ούτος εστιν. δς to say in themselves; Who this $^{50}\,\mathrm{E}\,\iota\pi\epsilon\,\,\delta\epsilon$ και άμαρτιας αφιησιν; עורד פסנות sins forgives? He said and to the γυναικα. Ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε πορευου εις woman; The faith of thee has saved thee; in go ειρηνην. peace.

would know who and what the woman is, that touches him; For she is a Sinner."

- 40 And Jesus answering, said to him, "Simon, I have something to say to thee." And HE said, "Teacher, say it."
- 41 "A certain Creditor had Two Debtors; ONE owed five hundred † Denarii, and the OTHER fifty.
- 42 But not having [the means] to pay, he forgave both. Which of them, therefore, will love him most?"
- 43 And Simon answering, said, "He, I suppose, to whom he forgave most."
 And HE said to him, "Thou hast judged correctly."
- 44 And turning to the woman, he said to Simon, "Thou seest This woman: I came into Thy House, thou gavest me no Water for my FEET; but she we'd My FEET with TEARS, and wiped them with her HAIR.
- 45 Thou gavest Me no Kiss; but she, since she came in, has not ceased kissing My feet.
- 46 Thou didst not tanount My HEAD with Oil; but she anointed my FEET with Balsam.
- 47 †Therefore, I say to thee, Her many sins have been forgiven; on this account she loved much; but he to whom little is forgiven, *also loves little."
- 48 And he said to her, to Thy sins have been forgiven."
- 49 And the GUESTS began to say among themselves; ‡"Who is this that even forgives Sins?"
- 50 And he said to the woman, "Thy faith has saved thee; go in Peace."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. and -omit.

^{42.} say-omit.

^{47.} also loves.

^{† 41.} A Roman coin worth about 14 cents, or 7d.

КЕФ. η'. 8..

1 Και εγενετο εν τω καθεξης, και αυτος And it happened in the afterwards, also he κατα πολιν και κωμην, κηρυσσων διωδεν€ traveled through every city and village, publishing και ευαγγελιζομενος την βασιλειαν του θεου. of the and proclaiming the glad tidings the kingdom και οί δωδεκα συν αυτώ, 2 και γυναικες τινες, and and the twelve with him, αί ησαν τεθεραπευμεναι απο πνευματων πονηhaving heen healed from who were spirits ρων και ασθενειων Μαρια ή καλουμενη Μαγδαand infirmities; Mary that being called Magdaληνη, αφ' ής διαμονια έπτα εξεληλυθει, 3 και from whom demons seven had gone out, and Ιωαννα, γυνη Χουζα επιτροπου Ήρωδου, και Joanna, a wife of Chuza a steward of Herod, and Σουσαννα, και έτεραι πολλαι, αίτινες διηκονουν and others many, ministered αυτφ απο των υπαρχοντων αυταις. possessions to him from the

4 Συνιοντος δε οχλου πολλου, και ιων κατα and ofte Was assemblin and a crowd great, τολιν επιπορευομενων προς αυτον, ειπε δια δια were coming παραβολης. 5 Εξηλθεν δ σπειρων του σπειραι a parable; Went out the sower of the to saw a parable; τον σπορον αύτου· και εν τω σπειρειν αυτον, δ the seed of himself; and in the sowing μεν επεσε παρα την όδον και κατεπατηθη, και by the path: and it was trodden down, and indeed fell τα πετεινα του ουρανου κατεφαγεν αυτο. 6 Και tae hirds of the heaven ate it. And έτερον επεσεν επι την πετραν. και $\phi v \in V$ another fell on the rock and havingsprung up $\epsilon \xi \eta \rho \alpha \nu \theta \eta$, $\delta \iota \alpha$ το $\mu \eta$ $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$ $\iota \kappa \mu \alpha \delta \alpha$. it dried up, through the not to have moisture. 7 Kai And έτερον επεσεν εν μεσφ των ακανθων και συμ-S Kat fell in midst of the thorns; and φυεισαι αί ακανθαι απεπνιξαν αυτο. sprung up with the thorns they choked it. And έτερον επεσεν εις την γην την αγαθην. και fell in the ground the good: εποιησε καρπου έκατονταπλασιονα. Φυεν having sprung up bore fruit a hundredfold. Ταυτα λεγων, εφωνει 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, These things having said, he cried: He having ears to hear, 9 Επηρωτων δε αυτον οί μαθηται ακουετω. and him the disciples Asked let him hear. *[λεγοντες.] τις ειη ή παραβολη αυτου, [saying,] what may be the parable of him, 19 Ο δε ειπεν. Ύμιν δεδοται γνωναι τα αύτη. He and said; To you it is given to know the μυστηρια της βασιλειας του θεου τοις δε λοιof the kingdom of the God; to the but others ποις εν παραβολαις· ίνα βλεποντες μη βλεπωσι, seeing that not they may see, parahles;

CHAPTER VIII.

And it occurred AFTER-WARDS that he traveled through every City and Village, publishing and proclaiming the glad tidings of the KINGDOM of GOD; and the TWELVE were with him,

2 and ‡ certain Women, who had been delivered from evil Spirits and Infirmities, THAT Mary who was CALLED of MAGDALA, ‡ from whom seven Demons had been expelled,

3 and Joanna, the Wife of Chuza, Hcrod's Steward, and Susanna, and many others, who assisted him from their POSSESSIONS.

4 ‡ Now when a great Crowd was assembling, and THEY were COMING to him from every City, he spoke by a Parable:

5 "The sower werd forth to sow his seed; and in sowing, part fell by the road; and it was trodden down, or the birds of heaven picked it up.

6 And another part fell on the Bock; and having sprung up, it withered away, because it HAD NO Moisture.

7 And another part fell in the Midstofthe THORNS; and the THORNS springing up with it, choked it.

- 8 And another part fell into the GOOD GROUND, and having sprung up, yielded Increase, a hundredfold." And having said this, he cried, "HE having Ears to hear, let him hear."
- 9 # And his disciples asked him, "What may "This parable mean?"
- 10 And HE said, "To you it is given to know the SECRETS of the KINGDOM of GOO; butto the OTHERS in Parables; ‡that seeing they may not see, and hear-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. This PARABLE.

^{10.} saying .- omit.

^{‡ 2.} Matt. xxvii. 55, 56. ‡ 9. Matt. xiii. 10; Mark iv. 10.

^{1 2} Mark xvi. 0. 1 4. Matt. xiii. 2; Mark iv. 1. 1 10. Isa. vi. 9; Mark iv. 12.

Ι Εστιδε αύτη ή ται ακουοντές μη συνιώσιν. and hearing not they may understand. Is now this the παραβολη. Ο σπορος, εστιν ό λογος του θεου. The seed, in the word of the God. 12 Οί δε παρα την δδον, εισιν οί ακουοντες. Those and by are those hearing; the path, ειτα ερχεται ό διαβολος, και αιρει τον λογον comes the accuser, and takes away the word απο της καρδιας αυτων, ίνα μη πιστευσαντες heart of them, so that not having believed 13 Οί δε επι της πετρας, οί, όταν σωθωσιν. they may be saved. They and on the rock, who, when ακουσωσι, πετα χαρας δεχονται τον λογον. with they may hear, joy receives the word; και ούτοι ριζαν ουκ εχουσιν, οί προς καιρον not they have, who for aroot a season will believe, and in a season of temptation fall away. 14 Το δε εις τας ακανθας πεσον, ούτοι Talo That and into the thorns having fallen, these εισιν οὶ ακουσαντες, και ὑπο μεριμνων και and by a vious cares having heard, πλουτου και ήδονων του βιου πορευομενοι συμriches and pleasures of the life going forth πνιγονται, και ου τελεσφορουσι. 15 Το δε εν and not bear fruit to perfection. That and in τη καλη γη, ούτοι εισιν, οίτινες εν καρδια the good ground these are, who in heart

καλη και αγαθη ακουσαντες τον λογον, Kategood and upright having heard the word, re-16 Ovχουσι, και καρποφορουσιν εν ύπομονη. tain, and bear fruit with perseverance. δεις δε λυχνον άψας, καλυπτει αυτον σκευει, η one and a lamp having lighted, covers him with a vessel, or ύποκατω κλινης τιθησιν αλλ' επι λυχνιας επιa couch places: but upon a lamp-stand pla-*[ίνα οἱ εισπορευομενοι βλεπωσι το [that those entering may see the τιθησιν, 17 Ου γαρ εστι κρυπτον, δ ου φανερον Not for is hidden, which not manifest $\phi \omega s.$ sent.] γενησεται ουδε αποκρυφον, δ ου γνωσθησεται will become; nor stored away, which not will be known και εις φανερον ελθη. 18 Βλεπετε ουν, πως Take heed then, light may come. ακουετε δς γαρ αν εχη, δοθησεται αυτώ και you hear; who for ever may have, it will be given to him: and δς αν μη εχη, και δ δοκει εχειν, αρθησεται whoever not may have, even what he seems to have, will be taken

from 19 Παρεγενοντο δε προς αυτον ή μητηρ και Came him the mother bos to and οί αδελφοι αυτου, και ουκ ηδυναντο συντυχειν and brothers of him, and not was able to get near 20 Και απηγγελη δια τον οχλον. crowd. to him on account of the It was told *[λεγοντων·] 'H QUTW, και οί μητηρ σου o him, The and the [saying;] mother of thee

απ' αυτου.

him.

ing they may not understand.

li ! Now the PARABLE is this: The SEED is the WORD of GOD.

12 THOSE by the ROAD are THEY who HEAR; then the ENEMY comes, and takes away the WORD from their HEARTS, that they may not believe and be saved.

13 THOSE on the ROCK are they, who, when they hear, receive the word with Joy; and yet these have no Root; they believe for a Time, and in a Time of Trial fall away.

14 And THAT having fallen among the THORNS are THEY, who, HAVING HEARD, and going forth are choked by the Anxie. ties, and Riches, and Pleasures of LIFE, and bring no fruit to maturity,

15 But THAT in the GOOD Ground are those. who, having heard the WORD, retain it in a good and honest Heart, and bear fruit with Perseverance.

16 ‡ Now no one having lighted a Lamp, covers it with a Vessel, or puts it under a Couch, but places it on a Lamp-stand, *that THOSE COMING IN may see the LIGHT.

17 # For there is nothing hidden, which will not be disclosed, nor concealed, which will not be known. and come to light.

18 Take heed, therefore, how you hear; for to him who has, more will be given; but from him who has not, will be taken away even that which he has."

19 ‡ Now his MOTHER and BROTHERS came towards him, but could not get near him, on account of the CROWD.

20 And it was told him. "Thy MOTHER and thy

VATICAN Mss.-16. THOSE COMING IN MAY see the LIGHT-omit. 20. saying-omit.

^{† 11.} Matt. xiii. 18; Mark iv. 14. † 16. Matt. v. 15; Mark iv. 21; Luke xi. 2. † 17. Matt. x. 26; Luke xii. 2. † 18. Matt. xiii. 12; xxv. 29; Luke xix. 20. † 19. Matt

ιδελφοι σου εστηκασιν εξω, ιδειν σε θελοντες. brothers of the stand without, to see the desiring.

1 'Ο δε αποκριθείς είπε προς αυτους. Μητηρ He and answering said to them; Mother του και αδελφοί μου ούτοι είσιν, οί τον λογον sime and brothers of me these are, who the rou θεου ακουούτες και ποιούντες.

of the God hearing and doing.

²² Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων, και αυτος And it happened in one of the days, and ενεβη εις πλοιον, και οί μαθηται αυτου και and the and a ship, disciples of him; inte ειπε προς αυτους. Διελθωμεν εις το περαν της them; We may pass over to the other side of the λιμνης° και ανηχθησαν. 23 Πλεοντων δε αυτων, they put off. Sailing but of them, and ξφυπνωσε₀ Και κατεβη λαιλαψ ανεμου εις την And came down asquall or wind on he fell asleep. λιμνην, και συνεπληρουντο, και εκινδυνευον. and lake, they were filling, and were in danger. ¹⁴ Προσελθοντες δε διηγειραν αυτον, λεγοντες· him, and they awoke saying; Επιστατα, επιστατα, απολλυμεθα. Ο δε εγερwe are perishing. He and O master, O master. θεις επετιμησε τω ανεμώ και τω κλυδωνι του ag rebuked the wind and the raging of the έδατος∘ και επαυσαντο, και εγενετο γαληνη. and they ceased, and there was a calm. 5 Ειπε δε αυτοις. Που εστιν ή πιστις ύμων; Hes. id and to them: Where is the faith of you? Φοβηθεντες δε εθαυμασαν, λεγοντες πρos and they wondered, saying to Τις αρα ούτος εστιν, ότι και τοις αλληλους· this o ne another; Who then 18: that even to the ανεμις επιτασσει και τω ύδατι, και ύπακουουwinds he gives a charge and to the water, and they hearkeu σιν αυτφ ; ²⁶ Και κατεπλευσαν εις την χωραν to him? And they sailed into the country των Γαδαρηνων, ήτις εστιν αντιπεραν της ofthe which over-ugainst the Gadarenes, ζαλιλαιας.

Galilee.

²⁷ Έξελθοντι δε αυτώ επι την γην, ύπηντη-Going out and to him on the land, met

σεν αυτώ ανηρ τις εκ της πολεως, δς ειχε
him a man certain out of the city, who had

δαιμονία εκ χρονων ίκανων, και ίματιον συκ
demons from times many, and a mantle rot

ενεδιδυσκετο, και εν οικιά ουκ εμενεν, αλλ² εν
he put on, and in a house not he remained, but in

BROTHERS stand without, desiring to see thee."

21 But he answering, said to them, "My Mother and my Brothers are these who hear the word of God, and obey it."

22 ‡ And it came to pass on one of the DAYS, that he went into a Boat with his DISCIPLES; and he said to them, "Let us pass over to the OTHER SIDE of the LAKE." And they set sail.

23 And as they were sailing, he fellasleep; and there came down a Gale of Wind on the LAKE; and they were deluged, and were in danger.

24 And approaching, they awoke him, saying, "Master! Master! we are perishing." Then arising, HE rebuked the WIND and the RAGING of the WATER; and they ceased, and there was a Calm.

25 And he said to them, "Where is your faith?" And being afraid, they wondered, saying to one another, "Who then is this that commands even the WINDS and the WATER, * and they obey him."

26 † And they sailed to the region of the * † Ger-ASENES, which is opposite to GALILEE.

27 And going out or shore, *a Certain Man of the CITY met lum, who had *Demons; and for a long Time he wore no Clothes, nor remained in a House, but in the Tombs.

^{*} Vatican Manuschipt.—25. and they obey him—omit. 26. Gerasenes. 27. a Certain Man. 27. Demons; and for a long Time he wore.

^{+ 28.} If was afterwards informed by Mr. Thomson of Sidon, who had recently traversed this region, and whose knowledge both of the country and its lauguage gave him great facilities in picking up information, that nearly opposite Mejdel (Magdala,) or just about opposite where we turned south, there is a place called by the natives Girsa, which Mr. T. supposes to be a corruption of Gergesene. Here there is a sharp sloping precipice of perhaps 2000 feet high. This is the 'steep place' (kreemnon) Matt. Vii. 32; Mark v. 13; Juke viii. 33. Mark v. 13; Juke viii. 33. Mark and Luke say it was in the country of the Gadarenes, and we know that Gadara (cight miles from Tiberias according to Josephus, Life, 65) must have been farther south. But the term Gadarene may be a wide one, and besides, the reading in Mark and Luke is a very doubtful one; the mass of evidence preponderates in favor of Gerasene instead of Gadarene.

^{1 22.} Matt vini. 23; Mark iv. 35.

23 Ιδων δε τον Ιησουν, τοις μνημασιν. και Seeing and the Jeaus, the and tombs. ανακραξας, προσεπεσεν αυτφ, και φωνη μεγαλη crying out, he fell down to him, and with a voice loud $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon^*$ Ti $\epsilon \mu o \iota$ Kai $\sigma o \iota$, In $\sigma o \upsilon$, $v \iota \epsilon$ $\tau o \upsilon$ $\theta \epsilon o \upsilon$ $\tau o \upsilon$ he said; What to me and to thee, Jesus, Oson of the God of the ύψιστου: δεομαι σου, μη με βασανισης. me thou mayst corment. highest? I beseech thee, not 29 (Παρηγγείλε γαρ τφ πνευματι τφ ακαθαρτφ (He had commanded for the spirit the unclean εξελθειν απο του ανθρωπου πολλοις γαο χροto come out from the maa; many for νοις συνηρπακει αυτον και εδεσμειτο άλυσεσι it had seized him; and he was bound with chains και πεδαις, φυλασσομενος. και διαρόησων τα being guarded; aud breaking δεσμα, ηλαυνετο ύπο του δαιμονος εις τας ερηbonds, he was driven by the demon into the desuous.) 30 Eπηρωτησε δε αυτον δ Ιησους, Asked and him the Jesus, *[\lambda \in \cong \cong\cong \cong 'Ο δε ειπε' He and said; Λεγεων ότι δαιμονία πολλα εισηλθεν εις αυτον. Legion: for demons many had entered into ³¹ Και παρεκαλει αυτον, ίνα μη επιταξη αυτοις And he besought him, that not he would command them 32 Ην δε εκει εις την αβυσσον απελθειν. into the abyss to go. Was and there αγελη χοιρων ίκανων βοσκομενων εν τφ ODEL. in the mountain: ofswine feeding many και παρεκαλουν αυτον, ίνα επιτρεψη αυτοις εις and they besought him, that he would permit them into $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu o \nu s = \epsilon \iota \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu$. Kaı επετρεψεν GUTOIS. to enter. And he permitted them. Εξελθοντα δε τα δαιμονια απο του ανθρωπου, Having gove out and the demous from the they entered into the swine: και ὧρμησεν ή and rushed the αγελη κατα του κρημνου εις την λιμνην, και the precipice into the lake. and 34 ISOUTES δε οί βοσκοντες απεπνιγη. 70 Seeing and those were choked. feeding that γεγονος, εφυγον και απηγγειλαν εις την πολιν having been done, fled in the and reported city 35 Εξηλθον δε ιδειν το KAL ELS TOUS AYPOUS. villages. and in They came out and to see that και ηλθον YEYOVOS' προς τον Ιησουν, και having been done: and came to the Jesus, and ανθρωπον, αφ3 εύρον καθημενον τον oง Ta found sitting the man, from whom the δαιμονια εξεληλυθει, ίματισμενον και σωφροhad gone out, having been clothed and being of νουντα, παρα τους ποδας του Ιησου· και εφοβηat the feet of the Jesus; aod they 36 Απηγγειλαν δ αυτοις και οί ιδοντες, angay. were afraid. and to them and those having seen | SAW it informed them how

28 And seeing Jesus, he fell down before him, and erying out with a loud Voice, said, "What hast thou to do with me, Jesus, -O Son of Gop-the HIGHEST? I beseech thee. torment me not."

29 (For he had commanded the IMPURE SPIRIT to come out of the MAN. For it had frequently seized him; and he was bound with Chains and Fetters, and guarded; and breaking the BONDS, he was driven by the DEMON into the DESERTS.)

30 And Jesus asked him, "What is thy Name?" And HE said, "Legion;" Because many Demons had entered into him.

31 And hebesoughthim that he would not command them to go out into the ABYSS.

32 Now there was a Herd of many Swine feeding on the MOUNTAIN; and they besought him to permit them to go into them. And he permitted them.

33 Then the DEMONS having come out of the MAN, went into the SWINE: and the HERDrusheddown the PRECIPICE into the LAKE, and were †drowned.

34 And the SWINE-HERDS, seeing THAT HAV-ING BEEN DONE, fled, and reported it in the ciry and in the VILLAGES.

35 And they went out to See THAT HAVING BEEN DONE. And they came to JESUS, and found the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, setting at the FEET of * Jesus, clothed, and in his right mind; and they were afraid.

36 Then THOSE who

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30, saying-omit, 35. Jesus.

^{† 33.} Some sceptics have objected to this transaction, as not conformable to the character of Jesus. Now as the Jews were prohibited by the laws of Hyrcanus from keeping swine, and by the law of Moses from using them as food, this act was a just punishment on the violators of law. The miracle itself served to manifest Christ's own regard to the law of God, while the disposition displayed by the people, in desiring him to depart from them showed how well they needed correction.

πως εσωθη ὁ δαιμονισθεις. 37 Κπι ηρωτησαν how was saved he having been demonized. And asked αυτον απαν το πληθος της περιχωρου των him whole the multitude of the surrounding region of the Γαδαρηνων, απελθειν απ' αυτων' ότι φοβω Gadarenes, to go from them; for with a fear μεγαλω συνειχοντο. great they were seized.

Autos $\delta \epsilon$ $\epsilon \mu \beta as$ ϵis to $\pi \lambda o iov$, $i \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \rho \epsilon \psi \epsilon v$. He and having gone into the ship, returned. 38 E $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \tau o$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\epsilon u \tau \tau o v$ $\delta u \tau \eta \rho$, $\alpha \phi^2$ ov $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \eta \lambda v \ell \epsilon t$ Begged and of him the man, from whom had gone out τa $\delta a \iota \mu o \nu i a$, $\epsilon \iota v a \iota \sigma v v$ $a v \tau \phi$. A $\tau \epsilon \lambda v \sigma \epsilon$ $\delta \epsilon$ the demons, to he with him. Sent away but $a v \tau o v$ δ I $\eta \sigma o v s$, $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega v$. 39 T $\tau \sigma \sigma \tau \tau \rho \epsilon \phi \epsilon$ $\epsilon i s$ $\tau o v$ him the Jesus. saying; Return to the $v \epsilon v \sigma o v$, $\epsilon a \iota$ $\delta \iota \eta \gamma o v$, $\delta \sigma a \epsilon \tau o \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon \sigma o \iota$ $\delta \iota \theta \epsilon o s$, house of thee, and relate, how much has done to thee the God. Kai $a \tau \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$, $\epsilon a \theta v \delta v \tau \eta \nu \tau \sigma \lambda \iota \nu \kappa \eta \rho v \sigma \sigma \omega \nu$, And he went away, through whole the city publishing, $\delta \sigma a \epsilon \tau o \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon v a v \tau \phi \delta \iota \eta \sigma o v s$.

⁴⁰ Εγενετο δε εν τω ύπουτρεψαι τον Ιησουν, It happened and in the to return the Jesus, απεδεξατο αυτον δ οχλος· ησαν γαρ παντες gladly received him the crowd; they were for all προσδοκωντες αυτον. 41 Και ιδου, ηλθεν ανηρ, waiting for him. And lo, came ω ονομα Ιαειρος, και αυτος αρχων της συναto whom a name Jairus, and he a ruler of the synaγωγης ύπηρχε· και πεσων παρα τους ποδας του gogue was: and falling at the feet of the Ιησου, παρεκαλει αυτον εισελθειν εις τον οικον Jesus, hesought him to come into the house αὐτου 42 ότι θυγατηρ μονογενης ην αυτω $\dot{ω}$ s of himself; for a daughter only was to him about of himself: for a daugater ετων δωδεκα, και αύτη απεθνησκεν. Εν δε τω twelve. and she was dying. In and to the years twelve, and she was dying. υπαγειν αυτον, οι οχλοι συνεπνιγον αυτον.

to go him, the crowds pressed him. 43 Και γυνη ουσα εν δυσει αίματος απο ετων

And a woman being in a flow of blood from years δωδεκα, ήτις ιατροις προσαναλωσασο όλαν τον twelve, who with physicians having expended whole the βιον, ουκ ισχυσεν ύπ' ουδενος θεραπευθηναι living, not had strength by any one to be cured; 44 προσελθουσα οπισθεν, ήψατο του κρασπεδου

coming behind, touched the tuft Tou imation autous και παραχρημα εστη ή of the mantle of him: and immediately stopped the puotis του αίματος αυτης. The following the blood of her. And said the Jesus, Tis δ άψαμενος μου: Αρνουμενων δε παυτων, who the having touched me? Denying and all, ειπεν δ Πετρος *[και οί συν αυτως] Επιστατα, and the Peter [and those with him:] Ο master,

the DEMONIAC was restored.

37 ‡And the Whole MULTITUDE of the SUR-ROUNDING COUNTRY of the *GERASENES ‡ desired him to depart from them; For they were seized with great Fear. And having entered the *Boat he returned.

38 Now the MAN from whom the DEMONS had gone out, desired to be with him. But *he dismissed him, saying,

39 "Return to thy HOUSE, and relate how much GOD has done for thee." And he wentaway, and published through the Whole CITY how much JESUS had done for him.

40 And it occurred, as JESUS RETURNED, the CROWD gladly received him; for they were all waiting for htm.

41 ‡ And, behold, there came a Man, whose name was Jairus, and he was a Ruler of the SYNAGOGUE; and falling at the FEET of * Jesus, entreated him to come into his House;

42 For he had an only Daughter, about twelva Years of Age, and she was dying. And as he WENT the CROWDS pressed on him.

43 ‡ And a Woman having had an Hemorrhage for twelve Years, who * had consumed her Whole Living on Physicians, and could not be cured by any one,

44 coming up behind, touched the TUFT of his MANTLE, and immediately the FLOW of her BLOOD stopped.

45 And JESUS said, "Who TOUCHED me?" and all denying it, Peter and Those with him said,

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. GERASENES. 37. Boat. 38. he dismissed him. 41. Jesus. 43. could not be cured by any one, coming up. 45. and those with him—ours.

^{† 37.} Matt. viii. 34. † \$7. Ac's yvi. 39. † 38. Mark v. 18. † 41. Matt. 18; Mark v. 22. † 43. Matt. 12. 20.

οί οχλοι συνεχουσι σε και αποθλιβουσι. Kal the crowds press on thee and crowd; and λεγεις· Τις δ άψαμενος μου; sayest thou; Who the having touched me? 46 'O δε Ιησους The and Jeans 'Ηψατο μου τις· εγω γαρ εγνων Touched me someone; for know 47 Ιδουσα δε ή δυναμιν εξελθουσαν απ' εμου. went out from me. Seeing andthe γυνη, ότι ουκ ελαβε, τρεμουσα ηλθε, και woman, that not she was unnoticed, trembling came, and προσπεσουσα αυτφ, δι' ήν αιτιαν ήψατο αυτου, falling down to him, through what cause she touched him, $\alpha \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \nu$ * $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \nu \psi \\ \text{(to him)} \end{bmatrix}$ in pressure of all of the people, και ώς ιαθη παραχρημα. 48 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτη· and how she was cured immediately. He and said to her; *[Θαρσει,] θυγατερ· ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε· [Take courage,] O daughter; the faith of thee has saved thee: πορευου εις ειρηνην. 49 Ετι αυτου λαλουντος, While of him in peace. ερχεται τις παρα του αρχισυναγωγου, λεγων *[αυτ ψ] 'Οτι τεθνηκεν ή θυγατηρ σου' μη [to him;] That is dead the daughter of thee: not σκυλλε τον διδασκαλον. ⁵⁰ 'Ο δε Ιησους comes some one from of the synagogue-ruler's, sayiog trouble thou the teacher. The but Jesus *[$\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$] ακουσας, απεκριθη αυτφ, $M\eta$ having heard, answered him, [saying:] Not 51 Eλφοβου μονον πιστευε, και σωθησεται. only helieve thou, and she shall be saved. Comfear: θων δε εις την οικιαν, ουκ αφηκεν εισελθειν ing and into the house, not he suffered to enter ουδενα, ει μη Πετρον και Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, no one, except Peter and John και τον πατερα της παιδος και την μητερα.
and the father of the child and the mother. δ^2 Εκλαιον δε παντες, και εκοπτοντο αυτην. Was weeping and all, and lamenting O δε ειπεO Μη κλαιετεO ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα Not weep you: not she is dead, He but sald: 53 Και κατεγελων αυτου, ειδοτες ότι καθευδει. And they derided him, knowing that $54~\mathrm{A}\nu\tau$ os $\delta\epsilon~\star \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon\kappa\beta\alpha\lambda\omega\nu & \epsilon\xi\omega & \pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha s, \\ \mathrm{He} & \mathrm{but} & \mathrm{(having put} & \mathrm{out} & \mathrm{all}, \end{bmatrix}$ sleeps. $\alpha \pi \epsilon \theta \alpha \nu \epsilon \nu$. she was dead. και κρατησας της χειρος αυτης, εφωνησε, and] having grasped the hand of her, called out, 55 Και επεστρεψε το λεγων 'Η παις, εγειρου. saying: The child, And returned the arise. Και πνευμα αυτης, και ανεστη παραχρημα. and she stood up immediately: of her, Aad 56 Και εξεστηδιεταξαν αυτη δοθηναι φαγειν.

"Master, the CROWDS press on and crowd thee, and dost thou say, 'WHO TOUCHED me?""

46 And Jesus said, "Some one touched me; for # know a Power went

out from me."

47 Then the woman, seeing that she was discovered, came trembling, and falling down, related to him in presence of All the PEOPLE, why she had touched him, and how she was immediately cured.

48 And he said to her.
"Daughter, thy faith has cured thee; go in Peace."
49 ‡ While he was still

49 ‡While he was still speaking, some one came from the SYNAGOGUE-RULER'S house, who said, "Thy DAUGHTER is dead; trouble *no more the TEACHER."

50 But Jesus having heard it, answered him, "Fear not, only believe, and she will be saved."

51 And coming to the HOUSE, he permitted no one *to go in with him, except Peter, and John, and James, and the FATHER and the MOTHER of the CHILD.

CHILD.

52 And all were weeping and lamenting her. But INE said, "Weep not; *for she is not dead, ‡ but sleeps."

53 And they derided him, knowing That she was dead.

54 But he, grasping her HAND called out, saying, "MAIDEN, ‡arise,"

55 And her BREATH returned, and she stood up immediately; and he ordered them to give her food.

56 And her PARENTS were astonished, but \$ HE charged them to tell no one WHAT had been DONE.

charged

And were aston-

them

he commanded to her to be given to eat.

μηδενι ειπειν το γεγονος.

no one to tell that having been done.

ished the parents

σαν οί γονεις αυτης. 'Ο δε παρηγγειλεν αυτοις

of her. He but

^{*} Varican Manuschiff. 40, to him-omit. 43. Take courage-omit. 40, to him-omit. 40, no more the trachers. 50, signg-omit. 51, to go in with him, except. 52 for she. 54 having put them all out, and-omit.

^{1 48.} Mark v. 30; Luke vi. 19. 1 40. Mark v. 05. 1 62. John xi 11, 18. 2 46. Luke vii. 14; John xi 40. 45. Mark v. 05. Mark v. 43.

KE Φ , θ' , 9.

¹ Συγκαλεσαμενος δε τους δωδεκα, εδωκεν Having called together and the twelve, he gave αυτοις δυναμιν και εξουσιαν επι παντα τα δαιto them power and authority over all the ² Και απεστειμονια, και νοσους θεραπευειν. to cure. And hesent and diseases λεν αυτους κηρυσσειν την βασιλειαν του θεου, to publish the kingdom of the God, 3 Και ειπε και ιασθαι *[τους ασθενουντας.]
and to heal [those being sick.] And said προς αυτους. Μηδεν αιρετε εις την όδον, μητε them; Nothing takeyou for the journey, neither βαβδον, μητε πηραν, μητε αρτον, μητε αργυa liag, nor nor bread, nor plov. $\mu\eta\tau\epsilon * [\alpha\nu\alpha]$ $\delta \cup o \chi \iota\tau\omega\nu\alpha s \epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota\nu$.

ver; nor [each] two coats to have. 4 Kai And ets $\eta \nu$ av olklav et $\sigma \in \lambda \theta \eta \tau \in \eta$, eket $\mu \in \nu \in \tau \in \eta$, kat into whatever house you may enter, there remain, and εκειθεν εξερχεσθε. 5 Και όσοι αν μη δεξωνται depart. And whoever not may receive thence ύμας, εξερχομε**νοι απο της π**ολεως εκε**ινης, κ**αι coming out from the city that, τον κονιορτον απο των ποδων ύμων αποτιναξατε, the dust from the feet of you shake off, ets $\mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu \rho \iota \iota \nu \to \pi^*$ autous. 6 $E \xi \epsilon \rho \chi o \mu \epsilon \nu \iota \iota$ 6 Εξερχομενοι δε for a testimony against them. Going forth and διηρχοντο φατα τας κωμας, ευαγγελιζομενοι και they traveled through the villages, publishing glad tidings and θεραπευοντες πανταχου.

healing everywhere.

7 Ηκουσε δε 'Ηρωδης δ τετραρχης τα γινο-Heard and Herod the tetrarch that being μενα *[ύπ' αυτου] παντα· και διηπορει, [hy him] all; and he was perplexed, because done το λεγεσθαι ύπο τινων, ότι Ιωαννης εγηγερται the tobe said by some, that John has been raised has been raised νεκρων· ⁸ ὑπο τινων δε, ότι Ηλιας εφανη· out of dead; by some and, that Eliashad appeared. αλλων δε, ότι προφητης είς των αρχαιων ανεσand, that a prophet one of the ancients nas stood 9 Και ειπεν Ήρωδης. Ιωαννην εγω απεκε-Herod, John And said ϕ λλισα τις δε εστιν ούτος, π ερι ού εγω ϕ this, concerning whom ϕ ακουω τοιαυτα ; Και εζητει ιδειν αυτον. hear such hings? And he sought to see him.

10 Και ύποστρεψαντες οί αποστολοι διηγησαντο having returned the apostles δπα εποιησαν και παραλαβων αυτους αυτω to him what things they had done; and taking them *[τοπον ερημον] iδιαν εις ύπεχωρησε κατ' [a place zeseit,

11 Οί δε οχλοι by he withdrew πολεως καλουμενης Βηθσαιδα. being called Bethsaida. The and crowds

CHAPTER IX.

1 # And having convened the TWELVE, he gave them Power and Authority over All DEMONS, and to cure Diseases.

2 And the sent them forth to proclaim the KING-DOM of GOD, and to cure

* the sick.

3 ‡ And he said to them; "Take Nothing for the JOURNEY, neither Staff, nor Traveling Bag, nor Bread, nor Silver, nor have Two Coats.

4 # And into Whatever House you may enter, there remain, and thence depart.

5 And whoever shall not receive you, when you go out from that CITY, Ishake off even the DUST from your FFET, for a Testimony to them."

6 # And going forth, they traveled through the VIL-LAGES, proclaiming the glad tidings, and performing cures everywhere.

7 I Now Herod, the TE-TRARCH, heard of ALL that was DONE; and he was perplexed, because it was said by some, "John has been raised from the Dead;"

8 and by some, "Elijah has appeared;" and by others, * "A certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

9 *But Meron said, "John # beheaded; but who is this of whom *1 hear such things?" ‡ And he sought to see him.

10 # And the APOSTLES. having returned, related to him what things they had done. ‡ And taking them aside, he withdrew privately into * a desert Flace of a City, called Bethsaida.

11 And the CROWDS

^{7.} by him-omit.
9. I hear. 10. 4 * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—2. the SICE—omit.

8. a certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS Was. 3. each-omit. 9. But HEBOD. desert place-omit.

^{1 1.} Matt. x. 1; Mark iii. 13; vi. 7.

1 3. Matt. x. 9; Mark vi. 8; Luke x. 4; xxii. 35.

1 4. Matt. x. 11; Mark vi. 12.

1 5. Acts xiii. 51.

1 6. Matt. vi. 12.

1 7. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14.

1 9. Luke xiii. 31.

1 10. Mark vi. 26.

1 10. Matt. xiv. 13.

τροντες, ηκολουθησαν αυτφ. Και δεξαμενος havag heard, they followed him. And having received αυτους, ελαλει αυτους περι της βασιλείας του them, he spake to them concerning the kingdom και τους χρείαν εχοντας θεραπείας, βατοσολ, από those wied having of healing, he cured.

12 Η δε ημέρα ηγέ το κλινείν προσελθοντες

The now day bog m to deckine; δε οί δωδεκα, ειπον αυτφ. Απολυσον τον χλου, and the twelve, said to him; Dismiss the crowd, ίνα πορευθεντες 🚓 τως κυκλφ κωμας και τους that having gone into the surr unding villages and the αγρους, καταλασωσες και εύρωσιν επισιτισμον. farms, they may core, and find farms, they may serve $\delta \tau \iota$ $\delta \delta \epsilon \in \tau \epsilon \rho \eta_{L} \psi \tau \sigma \iota \psi \epsilon \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$. Is $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \delta \epsilon \tau \rho \sigma s$ for here in a desert clace we are. He said but to $\delta \iota \tau \phi = 0$ for here in a desert class $\delta \iota \iota \iota \epsilon s \phi = 0$ for $\delta \iota \iota \tau \phi = 0$. provisions; Give to them you to eat. Thou and $\epsilon i\pi o v^*$ Our $\epsilon i\sigma iv$ $\eta \mu iv$ $\pi \lambda \epsilon iov$ η $\pi \epsilon v \tau \epsilon$ aproi, ϵaid : Not are to us more than five loaves, και ιχθυες δυο, ει μητι πορευθεντες ήμεις αγο-and fishes two, if not going we may ρασωμεν εις παντα τυν λαον τουτον βρωματα. for all the people this lood. 14 Ησαν γαρ ώσει ανδρες πεντακισχιλιοι. Ειπε They were for about mon ... thousand. He said δε προς τους μανητως ανώπος Μακεreeline and to the disciples of himself: 15 Και εποιηδε προς τους μαθητώς αυτου» Κατακλινατε the in companies each fift 16 Λαβων 🖅 ούτω, και ανεκλιναν ἄπαντας. ... so, and they mad recline all. Taking The five approve that rous due the five loaves and the two fishes, αναβλεψας εις τον ουρανον, ευλογησεν αυτους. looking up to the heaven, he blessed και κατεκλασε, και εδιδου τοις μαθηταις, παραand broke, and gave to the disciples, το τιθεναι τψ οχλφ. 17 Και εφαγ ν, και εχορτασand broke, and And they are, and set before the crowd. θησαν παντες° και ηρθη το περισσευσαν αu-fied all: and was taken up that having been left to τοις κλασματων, κυφινοι δωδεκα. them of fragments, baskets twelve.

18 Και εγενετο εν τφ ειναι αυτον προσευχο-And it happened to the to be him praying μενον καταμονας, συνησαν αυτφ οί μαθηται. to him the in private, came disciples: Τινα με λεγων. και επηρωτησεν αυτους, heasked them, saying: Who λεγουσιν οί οχλοι ειναι; 19 Οί δε αποκριθεντες say the crowds to be? They and auswering ' ειπον Ιωαννην τον βαπτιστην αλλοιδε, Ηλιαν, said: John the dipper: others but, Alias αλλοι δε, ότι προφητης τις των αρχαιων ανεστη. others and, that a prophet one of the ancients has stood up, » Ειπε δε αυτοις· Υμεις δε τινα με λεγετε

You but who me

knowing it, followed him and having *gladly re ceived them, he spoke to them concerning the KING-DOM of GOD, and healer THOSE WOO HAD need of Healing.

12 ‡* The DAY already began to decline, when the TWELVE came and sand to him, "Dismiss the crown, that they may go into the adjacent villages and *Farms, to lodge, and find Provisions; For we are here in a Desert Place."

13 But he said to them, "Pout supply them." And THEY said, "We have no more than Five Loaves and Two Fishes: unless for should go and buy Food for All this PEOPLE;"

10 for they were about five thousand Men. And he said to his disciples. "Make them recline in Companies of *fifty each."

15 And they did so, and caused them all to recline.

16 Then taking the FIVE Loaves and the Two Fishes, and looking towards HEA-VFN, he blessed and broke them, and gave to the DISCIPLES to set before the CROWD.

17 And they ate and were all satisfied; and there were taken up of the REMAINING FRAGMENTS, twelve Baskets.

18 ‡ And it came to pass, as he was praying in private, the DISCIPLES came to him; and he asked them, saying, "Who do the crowds say that I am?"

29 And THEY answering said, ‡ "John the IMMER-SER; but others, Elijah; and others, that a certain Prophet of the ANCIENTS has risen up."

 $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ 20 And he said to them, "But who do you say that

He said and to them:

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. gladly received. eline, when the TWELVE came. 12. Farms.

^{1 12.} Matt. xiv. 15: Mark vi 35; John vi. 1.5, 19. Matt. xiv. 2; ver. 7 8

^{12.} The DAY already began to de-14. as it were by.

^{‡ 18.} Matt. xvi. 13; Mark viii. 27.

and the third

day

ειναι; Αποκριθεις δε δ Πετρος ειπε $^{\circ}$ Τον to he? Answering and the Peter said; The Χριστον του θεου. 21 Ο δε επιτιμησας αυτοις, Tov The Anointed of the God. He and having strictly charged them, παρηγγειλε μηδενι λεγειν τουτο 22 ειπων 'Οτι commanded to no one to tell this; saying; δει τον υίον του ανθρωπου πολλα παθειν, και many things to suffer, must the son of the man αποδοκιμασθηναι απο των πρεσβυτερων και hy to be rejected the elders and αρχιερεων και γραμματεων, και αποκτανθηναι, high-priests and scribes, and to be killed, και τη τριτη ήμερα εγερθηναι.

to be raised.

 23 Ελεγε δε προς παντας $^{\circ}$ Ει τις θελει οπισω He said and to all; If any one wishes μου ερχεσθαι, αρνησασθω έαυτον, και αρατω

to come, let him deny himself, and let him bear me to come, let him deny himself, and let him bear τον σταυρον αύτου καθ' ήμεραν, και ακολουthe cross of himself every day, and fol- 24 Os $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\alpha \nu$ $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta$ $\tau \eta \nu$ $\psi \nu \chi \eta \nu$ Who for ever may wish the life θειτω μοι. αύτου σωσαι, απολεσει αυτηνο ός δ' αν απο-of himself to save, shall lose her; who but ever may λεση την ψυχην αύτου ένεκεν εμου, ούτος σωσει lose the life of himselfon account of me, he shall save lose the 25 Τι γαρ ωφελειται ανθρωπος κερδησας αυτην. a man having won What for is profited τον κοσμον όλον, έαυτον δε απολεσας, η ζημιωthe world whole, himself and having lost, or having for-26 Os γαρ αν επαισχυνθη με και τους
Who for ever may be ashamed me and the $\theta \epsilon \iota s$; feited? εμους λογους, τουτον δ νίος τον ανθρωπου this the son of the words, man επαισχυνθησεται, όταν $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ εν τη δοξη

will be ashamed, when he may come in the glory αυτου, και του πατρος, και των άγιων αγγελων. of himself, and of the father, and of the holy messengers.

27 Λενω δε υμιν αληθως, εισι τινες των ώδε lsay but to yon truly, are some of those here

I say but to you truly, are some of those here εστωτων, οί ου μη γευσωνται θανατου, εως αν standing, who not not shall taste of death, till

ιδωσι την βασιλειαν του θεου.
they may see the royal majesty of the God.

different, and the raiment

28 Εγενετο δε μετα τους λογους τουτους,
It happened and after the words these
&σει ήμεραι οκτω, και παραλαβων Πετρον και
Ιωαννην και Ιακωβον, ανεβη εις το ορος
John and James, he went up into the mountain
προσευξασθαι. 29 Και εγενετο, εν τω προσευτο
to pray. And it occurred, in the to
χεσθαι αυτον, το ειδος του προσωπου αυτου
pray him, the form of the face of him.
έτερον, και δ ίματισμος αυτου λευκος εξαστιαπ-

I am? ‡ "And * Peter answering said, "The Christ of God."

21 ‡ And HB having strictly charged them, ordered them to tell this to no one;

22 saying, the son of Man must suffer man; things, and be rejected by the ELDERS, and Highpriests, and Scribes, and be killed, and on the THIRD Day be raised."

23 ‡ And he said to all, "If any one wish to come after me, let him renounce himself, and take up his cross daily, and follow me.

24 For whoever would save his life, shall lose it; and whoever loses his life on my account, he shall save it.

25 ‡For what is a Man profited, if he gain the whole world, and destroy or forfeit Himself.

26 ‡For whoever is ashamed of me, and my Words, of him the son of MAN will be ashamed, when he comes in his own GLORY, and that of the FATHER, and of the HOLY Angels,

27 \$ But I tellyou trulyou There are some standing *here, who will not taste of Death, till they see GOD'S ROYAL MAJESTY."

28 And it occurred about eight Days after these words, taking *Peter, and John, and James, he went up into the Mountain to pray.

of him whiteness

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Peter. 27. there, who.

^{† 20.} Matt. xvi. 16; John vi. 69. † 21. Matt. xvi. 20. † 22. Matt. xvi. 21; xvit. 1; 23. Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke xiv. 27. † 25. Matt. xvi. 20; Mark viii. 36. † 26. Matt. xvi. 23; Mark viii. 38; 2 Tim. ii. 12. † 27. Matt. xvi. 28; Mark ix. 1.

30 Και ιδου, ανδρες δυο συνελαλουν αυτώ, των. forth. lo, men two were talking with him, were conversing with him, οίτινες ησαν Μωσης και Ηλιας: 31 οί οφθεντες and these were Moses and Moses and Elias: they appearing εν δοξη, ελεγον την εξοδον αυτου, ήν εμελλε 31 who appearing in in glory, spoke of the departure of him, which he was about Glory, spoke of his DEPARin glory, spoke of the departure 32 O de Π etros kalendar in Jerusalem. The but Peter and συν αυτώ ησαν βεβαρημενοι ύπνω. Διαwere having been heavy with sleep. Hayγρηγορησαντες δε ειδον την δοξαν αυτου, και δε είδον την υσζων but they saw the glory of him, and but they saw the glory of him, and δα και ing awakened τους δυο ανδρας τους συνεστωτας αυτφ. with him. And the two men those standing εγενετο εν τω διαχωριζεσθαι αυτους απ' αυτου, it happened in the to depart them him, from ειπεν ό Πετρος προς τον Ιησουν Επιστατα, to the Jesus: said the Peter O master. καλον εστιν ήμας ώδε ειναι και ποιησωμεν it is us here to be: and we may make σκηνας τρεις, μιαν σοι, και μιαν Μωσει, και one for Moses, three, one for thee, and μιαν Ηλια· μη ειδως δ λεγει. 34 Ταυτα δε αυτου one for Elias: not knowing what he says. These and ofhim λεγοντος, εγενετο νεφελη, και επεσκιασεν came a cloud, and overshadowed αυτους, εφοβηθησαν δε εν τω εκεινους εισηλθειν and in the those they feared to enler 35 Και φωνη εγενετο εκ της εις την νεφελην. cloud. And a voice came out of the " Ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος μου δ νεφελης, λεγουσα. the son of me the cloud. saying: "This is αυτου ακουετε." 36 Και εν τω αγαπητος. beloved: him hear you." And the γενεσθαι την φωνην, εύρεθη δ Ιησους μονος. the voice, was found the Jesus Και αυτοι εσιγησαν, και ουδενι απηγγειλαν εν And they were silent, and to no one told εκειναις ταις ήμεραις ουδεν ών έωρακασιν. the days nothing of what they had seen.

³⁷ Εγενετο δε εν τη έξης ήμερα, κατελθοντων It happened and in the next day, having come down κυτων απο του ορους, συνηντησεν αυτώ οχλος them from the mountain, met him a crowd 33 Και ιδου, ανηρ απο του οχλου ανεmodus. aman from the And lo, crowd cried βοησε, λεγων· Διδασκαλε, δεομαι σου, επιβλε-O teacher, saying: I pray thee, to look ψαι επι τον υίον μου, ότι μονογενης εστι μοι on the son of me, for only-born hers to me; ³⁹ και ιδου, πνευμα λαμβανει αυτον, και εξαιaspirit him, and

30 And behold, two Men Elijah;

TURE which was about to and be consummated at Jeru-

salem.

32Now PETER and THOSE with him Iwere overpowered with Sleep; but having awakened, they saw his GLORY, and THOSE TWO Men STANDING with him.

33 And it occurred, when they were DEPARTING from him, PETER said to JESUS, "Master, it is good for us to be here; and let us make three Booths; One for thee, and One for Moses, and One for Elijah;" not knowing what he said.

34 And as he was thus speaking, a Cloud came and covered them; and they were afraid when *they ENTERED the CLOUD.

35 And a Voice proceeded from the CLOUD, saying, t"This is my *son, the beloved; thear him."

36 And when the VOICE had ceased, *Jesus was found alone. ‡And then were †silent, and told no one in Those DAYS what they had seen.

37 ‡ Now it happened the NEXT Day, when they came down from the moun-TAIN, a great Crowd met him.

38 And behold, a Man from the crown, cried loudly, saying, "Teacher, I beseech thee, to look on my son, For he is my Only Child.

39 And behold, a Spirit seizes him, and he suddenly

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. they.

^{35.} CHOSEN SON.

^{36.} Jesus.

^{† 36.} Jesus enjoined silence upon the spectators of his transfiguration, (see Matt. xvii. 2), till after his resurrection; and probably one principal reason of this injunction of secrecy to the disciples might be our Lord's unwillingness to force the people into a belief of free to the describes might be our hold's diwiningness to love the people into a center of his divine character by a degree of evidence which would control the mind, and not leave free scope for the exercise of the moral dispositions and the ingenuous workings of the heart. He appears to have consulted this purpose, on all occasions, with particular attention.— Wakefield.

^{1 32.} Dan. viii. 18; x. 9. riii. 18; x. 9. 25. Matt. iii. 17. I 37. Matt. xvii. 14: Mark 1x. 14, 17. « VII. 9.

φνης κραξει, και σπαρασσει αυτον μετα αφρου, denly be cries out, and convulses him with foam, και μογις αποχωρει απ' αυτου, συντριβον αυτον. and hardly departs from him, bruising

48 Και εδεηθην των μαθητων σου, ίνα εκβαλωσιν And I besough! the disciples of thee, that they might expel 11 Αποκριθεις δε δ αυτο και ουκ ηδυνηθησαν. it; and not they were able. Answering and the Ιησους ειπεν. Ω γενεα απιστος και διεσsaid; O generation without faith and having τραμμενη· έως ποτε εσομαι προς ύμας, και been perverted; till when shall I be with yon, and ανεξομαι ύμων; Προσαγαγε τον υίον σου ώδε. bear with you? Lead the son of thee here. 42 Ετι δε προσερχομενου αυτου, ερρηξεν αυτον While and coming to him, dashed down him το δαιμονιον, και συνεσπαραξεν. Επετιμησε δε tha demon, and violently convulsed. Rehabed and ό Ιησους τφ πνευματι τφ ακαθαρτφ, και ιασατο the Jesus the spirit the unclean, τον παιδα, και απεδωκεν αυτον τω πατρι αυτου. the child, and delivered him to the father of bim. 43 Εξεπλησσοντο δε παντες επι τη μεγαλειοτητι

Were amazed and all at the maiesty TOU BEOU.

ithe God.

Παντων δε θαυμαζοντων επι πασιν οίς εποιει an wer wondering at all which Iησους, ειπε προς τους μαθητας αύτου Jesus, he said to the disciples of himself; disciples of himself; 4 Θεσθε ύμεις εις τα ωτα ύμων τους λογους Place you into the ears of you the Words τουτους: δ γαρ υίος του ανθρωπου μελλει παραthese; the for son of the man διδοσθαι εις χειρας ανθρωπων. 45 Οί δε ηγνοουν They but understood not delivered into hands of men; ρημα τουτο, και ην παρακεκαλυμμενον απ' the word this and it was having been weiled from αυτων, ίνα μη αισθωνται αυτο και εφοβουντο them, that not they might perceive it; and they seared ερωτησαι αυτον περι του δηματος τουτου.

46 Εισηλθε δε διαλογισμος εν αυτοις, το, τις αν rose and adispute among them, that, which είη μειζων αυτων. 47 Ο δε Ιησους ιδων τον would be greater of them. The and Jesus percewing the διαλογισμον της καρδίας αυτών, επιλαβομενος

thought of the heart of them, having taken παιδιου, εστηπεν αυτο παρ έαυτω, και ειπεν a little child, placed it pear himself, and anid αυτοις. 43 °Os εαν δεξηται τουτο το παιδιον επι 'o bem; Whoever may receive this the little child in ·φ ονοματι μου, εμε δεχεται· και δς εαν εμε the name of me, me receives; and whoever me δεξηται, δεχεται τον αποστειλαντα με. Ό γαρ may receive, receives the having sent me. He for μικροτερος εν πασιν ύμιν ύπαρχων ούτι εσται ila groma 500 being, he shall be

cries out; and it so convulses him that he foams; and after bruising himwith difficulty departs from him.

40 And I entreated thy DISCIPLES to expelit; and

they could not."

41 And Jesus answering, said, "O unbelieving and perverse Generation! how long shall I be with you, and endure you? Conduct thy son here."

42 And while he was approaching, the DEMON dashed him down, and violently convulsed him. And JESUS rebuked the IMPURE SPIRIT, and cured the CHILD, and delivered him to his father.

43 And they were af. struck with awe at the MA JESTIC POWER of GOD. But while all were wondering at every thing which Jesus did, he said to his DISCIPLES;

44 t" Flace pou these words in your Ears— The son of Man is about to be delivered into the

Hands of Men."

45 1 But THEY did not understand this s. TING; and it was so veiled from them that they might not perceive it; and they were afraid to ask him concerning this SAYING.

46 † And a Dispute arose among them, Will OF THEM WOULD BE GREAT.

47 But Jesus, perceiv. ing the THOUGHT of ther HEART, having taken a Little child, placed it near

himself,

48 and said to them, t" Whoever may receive This LITTLE CHILD In my NAME, receives Me, and whoever may receive Me. receives HIM who PENT me; for he who is LI ART among you ail, he "shall be great.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. is great.

^{† 44.} Matt. xvii. 22. avii. 1; Mark 1x. 34. f 45 Matt. axii 11. 12. 1 45. Mark is 82; Luke 7, 56 · vviji. 24 1 46. Ware 1 48. Diatu x. 46 . xviji. 3 Mark iz 87; John vii. 46; xvij 86

ΦΑποκριθεις δε ὁ Ιωαννης ειπεν. Επισueyas. Answering and the John O massaid; τατα, είδομεν τινα επι τφ ονοματι σου εκβαλwe waw one in the name of thee casting λοντα τα δαιμονία· και εκωλυσαμέν αυτον, ότι out the demons: and we forbade him, because ουκ ακυλουθει μεθ' ήμων. 50 Και είπε προς sot hefollows with uz. And said CUTOV & Indous. My KWYNETE. OS Jap ouk Edit καθ' ύμων, ύπερ ύμων εστιν. against you, for is. 308

51 Εγενετο δε εν τω συμπληρουσθαί τα: It came to pass and in the to be completed the ήμερας της αναληψεως αυτου, και αυτος το days of the withdrawing of him, and be the προσωπον αύτου εστηριξε του πορευεσθαι εις face of himself firmly set of the to go 52 Και απεστειλεν Ιερουσαλημ. αγγελους Jerusalam. And he sent messengers προ προσωπου αυτου και πορευθεντες εισηλθον before face of himself: and having gone they entered εις κωμην Σαμαρείτων, ώστε έτοιμασαι αυτφ. into a village of Sameritans, so as to prepare for him.

Si Και ουκ εξεξαντο αυτον, ότι το προσωπον

Aud not they received him, because the face

αντου ην πορευομένον εις Ίερουσαλημ. 54 Iδovτες δε οί μαθηται αυτου, Ιακωβος και Ιωαννης, ing and the disciples of him. James and John, ειπον Κυριε, θελεις ειπωμεν πυρ καταβηναι said: Olord, wilt thou we speak fire to come down **απ**ο του ουρανου, και αναλωσαι αυτους, *[ώς και from the beacen, and to consume them, [as even Ηλίας εποιησε ;] 55 Στραφείς δε επετιμησεν Turning and αυτοις, [και ειπεν' Ουκ οιδατε, οίου πνευματος them, [and said: Not you know, of what epirit εστε υμεις;] 56 Και επορευθησαν εις έτεραν you?] And they went 876 KWUTIV. willeg'L

57 * [Εγενετο] δε πορευομενων αυτων εν τη [It happened] and going of them in the όδω, ειπε τις προς αυτον. Ακολουθησω σοι, way, said oue to him: I will follow thee, όπου αν απερχη, *[κυριε.] 58 Και ειπεν αυτφ wherever thou mayest go, [O master.] And said to him δ Ιησους. Αί αλωπεκες φωλεους εχουσι, και τα and the

49 f And * John answering said, "Master, we saw one expelling * Demons in thy NAME; and we forbade him. Because he does not follow us."

- 50 But Jesus said, "Forbid him not; for he who is not against you is for you."
- 51 Now it occurred, when the DAYS of his RETIREMENT Were COM-PLETED, he resolutely set his FACE to Go to Jerusalem.
- 52 And he sent Messengers before him; and having gone, they went into a Village of the Samaritans, in order to make preparation for him.
- 53 And they did not receive him, Because he was going towards Jerusa-
- 54 And *his DISCIPLES. James and John, observing this, said, "Master, dost thou wish that we command Fire to come down from HEAVEN, to consume them ?"
- 55 But turning he rebuked them;
- 56 and they went to An ? other Village.
- 57 BAnd as they were travelling on the ROAD, one; said to him, "I will follow. thee wherever thou goest?
- 58 And * Jesus said to him, "The roxes have Holes, and the BIRDS of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—49. John.

54. as even Elias did—omit. 49. Demons. 50. Jesus. 54. the 55. and said, "Know ye not of what omit. 57. O master—omit. 58. Jesus. spirit you are"-omit. 57. It happened-omit,

49. Mark ix 30; see Num, xi. 23. \$ 50. See Matt. xi. 30; Luke xt. 23. \$ 53. John

spirit you are"—omit. 57. It happened—omit. 57. O master—omit. 58. Jesus.
† 51. "I think the word analepsoos must signify, of Jesus's retiring or withdrawing himself, and not of his being received up; because the word sumplecrousthan here used before it, denotes a time completed, which that of his ascension was not then. The sense is, that the time was come, when Jesus was no longer to retire from Judea and the parts about Jerusalem go he had hitherto done; for he had lived altogether in Galilee, lest the Jews should have land hold on him, before the work of his ministry was ended, and full recofs of his divine parts, sion given, and some of the prophecies concerning him accomplished. John suys, chap. Vil 1, Jesus walked in Galilee; for he would not walk in Jenvy, because the Jews sought to kill him. Let it be observed, that all which follows here in Luke to chap. xix. 45, is represented by him, as done by Jesus in his last journey from Galilee to Jerusalem."—Pearce.

*40. Mark it 30. see Num it 33. *45. See Nut xix 30. Lukex 32. *45. Lohe

πετεινα του ουρανου κατασκηνωσεις· δ δε υίος the but son birds of the heaven roosts: του ανθρωπου ουκ εχει, που την κεφαλην κλινη. c. the man not has, where the head he may rest. 59 Ειπε δε προς έτερον· Ακολουθει μοι. He said and to another; Follow me. He but ειπε· Κυριε, επιτρεψον μοι απελθοντι πρωτον staid; Ο master, permitthou me having gone first θαψαι τον πατερα μου. 60 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ θαψαι τον πατερα μου. to hury the father of me. Said and to him the lησους· Αφες τους νεκρους θαψαι τους έαυτων Leave the dead ones to bury the of themselves νεκρους συ δε απελθων διαγγελλε την βασιdead ones; thou and having gone publish the kingλειαν του θεου. 61 Ειπε δε και έτερος Ακολου-Said and also another; dom of the God. θησω σοι, κυριε πρωτον δε επιτρεψον μοι follow thee, O master; first but permitthou me αποταξασθαι τοις εις τον οικον μου.
to bid farewell to those in the house of me. 62 Ειπε δε * $\left[\begin{array}{ccc}\pi\rhoos \ \alpha \upsilon \tau o \nu\end{array}\right] \delta \ I\eta \sigma o \upsilon s$ · O $\upsilon \delta \epsilon \iota s$ · $\epsilon \pi \iota \beta \alpha \lambda \omega \nu$ · $\tau \eta \nu$ $\left[\begin{array}{cccc}to & \min\end{array}\right]$ · the Jesus; No one having put the χειρα αύτου επ' αροτρον, και βλεπων εις hand of himself on a plough, and looking for the things οπισω, ευθετος εστιν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. behind, well-disposed is for the kingdom of the God.

КΕФ. ι'. 10.

¹ Μετα δε ταυτα ανεδειξεν δ κυριος *[και] After now these things appointed the lord also έτερους εβδομηκοντα, και απεστειλεν αυτους seventy, aud sent ανα δυο προ προσωπου αύτου εις πασαν πυλιν each two before face of himself into every city ² Ελε και τοπον, ού εμελλεν αυτος ερχεσθαι. and place, where was about be to go. He γεν ουν προς αυτους. Ο μεν θερισμος πολυς, said then to them; The indeed barvest great, οί δε εργαται ολιγοι δεηθητε ουν του κυριου the but laborers implore therefore the few; lord του θερισμου, όπως εκβαλη εργατας εις τον of the harvest, that he would send out laborers into the 3 'Υπαγετε· ιδου, εγω αποσθερισμον αύτου. lo, harvest of himself. Go you: send $^4 M\eta$ τελλω ύμας ώς αρνας εν μεσφ λυκων.
you as lambs in midst of wolves. Not βασταζετε βαλαντιον, μη πηραν μηδε ύποδηnor a bag carry you a purse, nor ματα και μηδενα κατα την όδον ασπασησθε. dals: and no one by the way salute. 5 Εις ἡν δ' αν οικιαν εισερχησθε, πρωτον λεγετε· first Into what and ever house you may enter, Ειρηνη τω οικω τουτω. 6 Και εαν η εκει may be there Peace to the house this. And if υίος ειρηνης, επαναπαυσεται επ' αυτον ή ειρηνη a son of peace, shall rest on him the peace

HEAVEN places of shelter; but the son of MAN has not where he may recline his HEAD."

- 59 ‡ And he said to another, "Follow me." But nE said, "Sir, permit me first to go and bury my FATHER."
- 60 * And he said to him, "Leave the DEAD ONES to intertheir own Dead; but go thou and publish the kingdom of God."
- 61 And another also said, "Sir, \$1 will follow thee; but permit me first to set in order my affairs at HOME."
- 62 But Jesus said, "No one, having put his HAND on the Plough, and looking BEHIND, 1s properly disposed towards the KING-DOM of GOD."

CHAPTER X.

- 1 Now after this, the LORD appointed *Seventy Others, and ‡ sent them two by two before him into Every City and Place, where he was about to go.
- 3 Go; ‡ behold, * I send you forth as Lambs among Wolves.
- 4 Carry no Purse, nor Bag, nor Shoes, and salute no one by the BOAD.
- 5 ‡ And into Whatever House you enter, say first, 'Peace to this House.'
- 6 And if a Son of Peace is there, your PEACE shall

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-00. And he said. 62. to him-omit. 1. Seventy-two, and sent. 1. also-omit. 2. and he said. 3. I send.

two, and sent.

† 59. Matt; viii. 28.

† 2. Matt. ix. 37,38; John iv. 35.

‡ 2. Matt. ix. 37,38; John iv. 35.

‡ 3. Matt. x. 19.

t 1. Matt. x. 1: Mark vi. 7. 1 4. Matt. x. 9, 10; Mark vi

 $v_{\mu}\omega\nu$ ει δε $\mu\eta\gamma$ ε, εφ' v_{μ} διμας ανακαμψει. ¹ Εν είγου; if but not, on you it shall return. In αυτη δε τη οικια μενετε, εσθιοντες και πινοντες this and the house remain, eating and drioking τα παρ' αυτων αξιος γαρ δ εργατης του the things with them worthy for ha laborer of the μ ισθου αδτου εστι. teward of himself is.

Μη μεταβαινετε εξ οικιας εις εικιαν. 8 Kai go you from house to Also εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και δεχωνται into what and ever city you may enter, and they may receive ύμας, εσθιετε τα παρατιθεμενα ύμιν, eat you the things being set before you, and θεραπευετε τους εν αυτη ασθενεις, και λεγετε cure you those in ber nick, αυτοις. Ηγγικεν εφ' ύμας ή βασιλεια του θεου. to them; Has come nigh to you the kiugdom of the God. 10 Εις ήν δ' αν πολιν εισερχησθε, και μη Into what but ever eity you may enter, δεχωνται ύμας, εξελθοντες εις τας πλατειας going out into the they may receive you, wide places αυτης, ειπατε· 11 Και - ον κονιορτον, τον κολληof her, say you: Even the dust, that θεντα ήμιν εκ της πολεως ύμων, απομασσομεθα ving to us from the city olyou, we wipe off ύμιν πλην τουτο γινωσκετε, ότι ηγγικεν ή know you, that has approached the for you: kowever this 12 Λεγω ύμιν, ότι Σοδομοις βασιλεια του θεου. kingdom of the God. I say to you, that for Sodom εν τη ημερα εκεινη ανεκτοτερον εσται η τη day more tolerable it will be than the in the that 13 Ουαι σοι, Χοραζιν, ουαι σοι, Woe to thee, Chorasin, woe to thee, πολει εκεινη. that. Βηθσαιδα: ότι ει εν Τυρφ και Σιδωνι εγενοντο Bethasida: for if in Tyre and Sidon had been done αί δυναμεις, αί γενομεναι εν ύμιν, παλαι αν εν the miracles, those being done in you, long ago would in σποδω καθημεναι μετενοησαν. και σακκω they have reformed. eackcloth and ashes sitting

14 Πλην Τυρφ και Σιδωνι ανεκτοτερον εσται εν But for Tyre and Sidon more tolerable it will be in τη κρισει, η ύμιν. 15 Και συ, Καπερναουμ, ή the judgment, than for you. And thou, Capernaum, which ένις του ουρανου ύψωθεισα, έως άδου καταwento the heaven at heing exalted, even to invisibility down

βιβασθηση. 16 °O ακουων ύμων, εμου ακουει·
shalt be brought. He hearing you, me hears:

⁷ E_ν rest on him; but if not, it shall return to you.

7 ‡ And in That HOUSE remain, eating and drinking the THINGS with them; for the LABOREE is worthy of his REWARD. Go not from House to House.

8 And into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you, eat what is PLACED BEFORE you;

9 and toure the sick in it, and say to them, 'The kingdom of God has approached you.'

10 But into Whatever City you enter, and they receive you not, going out into its WIDE PLACES, say,—

11 \$ 'even that dust of your city which adheres to our feet, we wipe off for you; however, know this, That the kingdom of God has approached.'

12 But I tell you, that it will be more tolerable for Sodom, in that DAY, than for that city.

13 ‡ Woe to thee, Chorasin! woe to thee, Bethsaida! For if those Meacles which are being performed in You, had been done in Tyre and Sidon, they would have reformed long ago, sitting t in Sackcloth and Ashes.

14 But it will be more tolerable for Tyre and Sidon, in the JUDGMENT, than for you.

15 ‡ And thou, Capernaum, THOU * which art BEING EXALTED to HEAVEN, wilt be brought down to † Hades.

16 ‡ HE who HEARS you, hears Me; and HE who

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. to our FEET, we. thou shalt go down.

^{15.} shalt not be exalted to HEAVEN,

^{† 13.} This expression of mourning and sorrow was frequent in the East. Thus Tamar signified her distress when dishonored by Annon, 2 Sam. xiii. 9. Thus also, "When Mordecai perceived all that was done, Mordecai rent his clothes, and put on sackcloth and ashes," Estheriv. 1. Thus Job expressed his repentance, Job xiii. 6. Thus Daniel "set his face unto the Lord God, to seek by praver and supplication, with fasting, and sackcloth and ashes," Dan. ix. 3. Other nations adopted the practice, and it became a very common method, whereby to exhibit great grief and misery.—Burder. † 15. See note on Matt. xi. 23.

και δ αθετων ύμας εμε αθετει· δ δε εμε αθετων, and he rejecting you me rejects: he and me rejecting, αθειτει, τον αποστειλαντα με.

one sending 17'Υπεστρεψαν δε οἱ έβδομηκοντα μετα χαρας, Having returned and the seventy λεγοντες Κυριε, και τα δαιμονια ύποτασσεται saying: Olord, and the demons are subject ήμιν εν τω ονοματι σου. ¹⁸Ειπε δε αυτοις· Εθεωto us in the name of thee. He said and to them; I beρουν τον σαταναν ώς αστραπην εκ του ουρανου held the adversary as lightning out of the 19 Ιδου, διδωμι ύμιν την εξουσιαν I give to you the authority having fallen. Lo, του πατειν επανω οφεων και σκορπιων, και επι of the to tread on serpents and scorpions, and on πασαν την δυναμιν του εχθρου και ουδεν ύμας all the power of the enemy; and nothing you ου μη αδικηση. ²⁰ Πλην εν τουτφ μη χαιρετε, not not you may hurt. But in this not rejoice, ότι τα πνευματα ύμιν ύποτασσεται χαιρετε δε, spirits to you are subject; rejoice you but,

ότι τα ονοματα ύμων εγραφη εν τοις ουρανοις. that the names of you are written in the heavens. 21 Εν αυτη τη ώρα ηγαλλιασατο τω πνευματι In this the hour exulted the spirit 5 Ιησους, και ειπεν· Εξομολογουμοι σοι, πατερ, the Jesus, and said; I praise thee, Ofather, κυριε του ουρανου και της γης, ότι απεκρυψας Olord of the heaven and the earth, that thou has hid ταυτα απο σοφων και συνετων, και απεκαλυψας these things from wise men and discerning men, and thou hast revealed αυτα νηπιοις ναι, δ πατηρ, δτι ούτως εγενετο them to babes, yes, the father, for even so it was ευδοκια εμπροσθεν σου. 22 Παντα μοι παρεδοθη in presence of thee. All to me are given ύπο του πατρος μου καί ουδεις γινωσκει, τις by the father of me; and noone knows, who εστιν δ vios ει μη δ πατηρ· και τις εστιν δ is the son if not the father; and who is the πατηρ, ει μη δ υίος, και 'φ εαν βουληται δ father, if not the son, and to whom may be willing the 23 Και στραφεις προς τους υίος αποκαλυψαι. to reveal. And turning to μαθητας, κατ' ιδιαν ειπε. Μακαριοι οί οφθαλμοι, privately he said; Blessed the $^{24}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$ $\gamma\alpha\rho$ $\delta\mu\iota\nu$, οί βλεποντες, ά βλεπετε. Isay those seeing, what you see. for to you, ότι πολλοι προφηται και βασιλεις ηθελησαν kings prophets and desired many ιδειν, α ύμεις βλεπετε, και ουκ ειδον. και to see, what you see, and not

ακουσαι, α ακουετε, και ουκ ηκουσαν.

to hear, what you hear, and not

REJECTS you, rejects Me; and he who REJECTS Me, rejects HIM who SENT me."

17 And the *SEVENT1 returned with Joy, saying, "Lord, even the DEMONS are subject to us by thy NAME."

18 And he said to them, "I saw the ADVERSARY falling from HEAVEN like

Lightning.

19 Behold, *I have given YOU AUTHORITY to TREAD on Serpents and Scorpions, and on All *THAT POWER which is of the ENEMY; and nothing shall by any means injure You;

20 but rejoice not in this, That the SPIRITS are subject to you; but rejoice That ‡ your NAMES * have been enrolled in the HEA-

VENS."

21 ‡ In That Hour *he exulted in the HOLYSPIRIT, and said, "I adore thee, O Father, Lord of HEAVEN and EARTH, Because, having concealed these things from the Wise and Intelligent, thou hast revealed them to Babes; yes, FA-THER: For thus it was well-pleasing in thy sight.

22 ‡ All things are imparted to me by my FA-THER; and no one, knows who the son is, except the FATHER; and who the FA-THER is, except the son, and he to whom the son may be disposed to reveal him."

23 And turning to his DISCIPLES, he said privately, ‡" Happy are THOSE EYES Which SEL what you see;

24 For I tell you, ‡ That Many Prophets and K. ags desired to see the things which you see, and saw them not; and to hear the things which you * hear, and heard them not."

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—17. Seventy-two.

POWER which is of the enemy. 20. have be
in the holy spirit, and. 24. hear of me, and 19. I have given. IG. THAT 20. have been enrolled in. 21. he exulted

^{† 20.} Phil. iv. 3; Heb. xii. 23; Rev. iii. 5; xxi. 27. † 21. Mat xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; v. 27; xvii. 2. † 23. Matt. xiii. 16. † 21. Matt. xi. 27. - 1 22. Matt. xiii. 16. † 24. 1 Pet v. 10.

25 And, behold, a certain Lawyer, stood up to try him, saying, ‡"Teacher,

what shall I do to inherit

"What is written in the LAW? How dost thou

27 And HE answering, said, ‡" Thou shalt love

"Jehovah thy God with

" All thy HEART, and with " All thy sour, and with

" All thy STEENGTH, and " with All thy MIND, and "thy NEIGHBOR as thy-"self." 28 And HE said to him,

"Thou hast answered cor-

26 And HE said to him.

aionian Life?"

read?"

τό Και ιδου, νομικος τις ανεστη, εκπειραζων And lo, a lawyer certain stood up, tempting αυτον, και λεγων. Διδασκαλε, τι ποιησας ζωην him, and saying; Otencher, what shall I do life αιωνιον κληρονομησω: 26 Ο δε ειπε προς αυτον He and said to him; age-lasting 1 may inherit?

Εν τω νομω τι γεγραπται; πως αναγινωσκεις; In the law what has been written? how readest thon? Το δε αποκριθεις είπεν "Αγαπησεις κυριον lie and answering said: "Thou shalt love Lord τον θεον σου εξ όλης της καρδιας σου, και εξ the God of thee out of whole of the heart of thee, and out of δλης της ψυχης σου, και εξ όλης της ισχυος soul of thee, and out of whole of the strength of thee, and out of whole of the mind of thee: and the $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma$ to ν of thee, and out of whole of the mind of thee: and the $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma$ to ν of ν of thee as thyself."

He said and to him. Ορθως απεκριθης τουτο ποιει, και ζηση. 29 'Ο Rightly thou hast answered: this do, and thou shalthve. He δε θελων δικαιουν έαυτον, ειπε προς τον Ιησουν. but choosing to justify himself, said to the Jesus: Καιτις εστι μου πλησιον; 30 Υπολαβων * [δε] δ And who is of me a neighbor? Replying and the Ιησους ειπεν Ανθρωπος τις κατεβαινεν απο Jesus aaid: A man certain was going down from Ίερουσαλημ εις Ίεριχω, και λησταις περιεπεσεν·

Jerusalem to Jericho, and robbers fellamong: οί και εκδυσαντες αυτον και πληγας επιθεντες, who both stripping him and blows having inflicted, απηλθον, αφεντες ήμιθανη τυγχανοντα. ³¹ Κατα they departed, leaving half-dead being. By συγκυριαν δε ίερευς τις καταβαινέν εν τη όδφ

chance and a priest certain was going down in the way $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu \eta$, $\kappa \alpha \iota \iota \delta \omega \nu$ autov, $\alpha \nu \tau \iota \pi \alpha \rho \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$. 32 O $\mu \iota \omega s$ that, and seeing him, passed along. In like manner δε και Λευιτης, *[γενομενος] κατα τον τοπον, and also a Levite, [having come] near the place, and also a Levite, [having come] near the place, $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ και ιδ $\omega \nu$, $\alpha \nu \tau \iota \pi \alpha \rho \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$. 33 Σαμαρειτης δε coming and seeing, passed along. A Samaritean but τις ύδευων, ηλθε κατ' αυτον, και ιδων αυτον,

certain traveling, came near him, and seeing 34 Και προσελθων κατεδησε εσπλαγχνισθη. he was moved with pity. And having approached he bound τα τραυματα αυτου, επιχεων ελαιον και οινον.

wounds of him, pouring on oil and επιβιβασας δε αυτον επιτο ιδιον κτηνος ηγαγεν having set and him on the own beast led

αυτον εις πανδοχειον, και επεμεληθη αυτου. an inn, and he took care

35 Kat $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \eta \nu$ avplov $\epsilon \epsilon \delta \omega \nu$, $\epsilon \kappa \beta \alpha \lambda \omega \nu$ And on the neatday [having come out,] having taken out δυο δηναρια εδωκε τω πανδοχει, και ειπεν two denarii begave to the innkeeper, and said

* $\begin{bmatrix} av au\phi \\ to him: \end{bmatrix}$ E $\pi\iota\mu\epsilon\lambda\eta\theta\eta au$ av avov Kai δ , $\tau\iota$ av

* Varican Manuscript.—30. And—omit. 32. having come—omit. me out—omit. 35. to him—omit. come out-omit.

85. having

† 25 Matt. xix. 16; xxii. 35. † 27. Deut. vi. 5. xviii. 5; Neh. ix. 29; Ezek. xx. 11; xiii. 21; Rom. x. 5. 1 27. Lev. xix. 18. 1 28. Lev. 1 29. Luke xvi. 15. John iv. 9.

rectly; # do this, and thou shalt live." 29 But HE, wishing t to justify himself, said to JE-

sus, "Who is My Neighbor?"

30 Jesus replying, said, "A certain Man was going down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among Robbers, who both having stripped him, and inflicted blows, they departed, leaving him half dead.

31 And by Chance a certain Priest was going down that ROAD, and seeing him,

he passed along.

32 And in like manner also a Levite, coming near the PLACE, and seeing, passed along.

33 But a certain # Samaritan traveling, came near him, and seeing him, he was moved with pity;

34 and approaching, he bound up his wounds. pouring on Oil and Wine, and having placed him on his own Beast, brought him to an Inn, and took care of him.

35 And on the NEXT DAY, having taken out Two Denarii, he gave them to the INNKEEPER, and said, 'Take care of him, and

τροοδαπανησης, εγω, εν τω επανερχεσθαι με, thru mayest expend more, I, in the return me, αποδωσω σοι. 36 Tis *[ouν] πουτων των τριων Ι will pay to thee. Which [then] of them of the three πλησιον δοκει σοι γεγονεναι του εμπεσοντος aneighbar aseems to thee to have been to the having fallen εις τους ληστας; 37 Ο δε ειπεν 6 Ο ποιησας το among the robbers; He and said; He having shown the ελεος μετ ωυτου. Ειπεν δε αυτω δ Ιησους pity towards him. Said and to him the Jesus; Πορευου, και συ ποιει ὁμοιως.

and thou do in like manner. 33 * [Εγενετο] δε εν τφ πορευεσθαι αυτους, [It happened] and in the togo *[κ ai] autos εισηλθεν εις κωμην τινα γυνη δε he entered into a village certain; a woman and τις ονοματι Μαρθα, ὑπεδεξατο αυτον * [εις τον certain to a name Martha, received him [into the οικυν αὐτης.] ³⁹Και τηδε ην αδελφη καλουμενη hnuse of herself.] And to her was a sister having been called [into the Μαρια, η και παρακαθισασα παρα τους ποδας Mary, who also having sat at the feet 40 'H δε του Ιησου, ηκουε τον λογον αυτου. of the Jesus, heard the word of him. Μαρθα περιεσπατο περι πολλην διακονιαν· Mattha was-over-busied about much serving; επιστασα δε ειπε. Κυριε, ου μελει σοι, ότι ή having come near and said; Olord, not concerns thee, that the αδελφη μου μονην με κατελιπε διακονειν; ειπε sister of me alone me has left to serve? say ουν αυτη, ίνα μοι συναντιλαβηται. ⁴¹ Αποκριthen to her, that to me she may give aid. Answer- $\theta \in is$ $\delta \in \epsilon$ iπεν αυτη δ Iησους Μαρθα, Μαρθα, ing and said to her the Jesus, Martha, Martha, $\mu \in \rho$ invariance και τυρβαζη $\pi \in \rho$ ι π ολλα 42 ϵ νος $\delta \epsilon$ thou art anxious and troubled about many things; of one but Maρια δε την αγαθην
Mary and the good μεριδα εστι χρεια. part εξελεξατο, ήτις ουκ αφαιρεθησεται απ' QUTTS. has chosen, which not shall be taken away from her.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Και εγενετο εν τω ειναι αυτον εν τοπω τινι And it happened in the to be him in a placecertain προσευχομενον, ώς επαυσατο, ειπε τις των praying, when he ceased, said one of the μαθητων αυτου προς αυτον Κυριε, διδαξον ήμας disciples of him to him: Olord, teach we προσευχεσθαι, καθως και Ιωωννης εδιδαξε τους to pray, as even John taught the μαθητας αυτου. Έιπε δε αυτοις: Όταν προσ-disciples of himself. He said and to them; When you ενχησθε, λεγετε Πατηρ, άγιασθητω το ουομα pray, σου ελθετω σου ή βασιλεια. 3 τον αρτον ήμων of the elet come of the ethe kingdum: the bread of the roy επιουσιον διδου ήμιν το καθ' ήμεραν. 4 Και the necessary give thou to us the every day:

whatever thou mayest expend more, £, at my RETURN, will pay thee.

36 Now which of These THREE, thinkest thou, was Neighbor to HIM who FELL among the ROBBERS?"

37 And HE said, "HE who MANIFESTED PITY towards him." And JESUS said to him, "Go, and de thou in like manner."

38 Now as they WENT on, he entered a certain Village; snd a certain Woman, named ‡ Martha, entertained him.

39 And SHE had a Sister called Mary, who also, #sitting at * the FEET of the LORD, heard his WORD.

- 40 But MARTHA was perplexed with Much Serving; and coming near, she said, "Master, dost theu not care That my sister has left Me to serve alone? Tell her, then, to assist me."
- 41 And *the Lond answering, said to her, "Martha, Martha, theu art anxious, and troublest thyself about many things;
- 42 but *of few things, or of one, is there Need; and Mary has chosen the good Part, which shall not be taken away from her."

CHAPTER XI.

1 And it occurred, as he was PRAYING in a certain Place, when he ceased, one of his DISCIPLES said to him, "Master, teach us to pray, even as John taught his DISCIPLES."

2 And he said to them, "When you pray say, 10 Father, Revered be thy NAME! let Thy KINGDOM come;

3 give us DAY BY DAY our NECESSARY FOOD;

38. John. xi. 1; xii. 2, 3. : 39. Luke viii. 35; Acts xxii. 3.

1 2. Matt. vi. 9.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—76. then—omit. 38. It happened—omit. 38. and —omit. 38. into her house—omit. 39. the feet of the Lord. 41. the Lord answering. 42. of few things, or of one, is there Need; and.

αφες ήμιν τας αμαρτιας ήμων, και γαρ αυτοι of us, forgive to us the sins even for ourselves αφιεμεν παντι οφειλοντι ήμιν και μη εισενεγus; and not thou mayest forgive all owing ⁵ Και ειπε προς αυτους· κης ήμας εις πειρασμον. lead us into temptation. And he said to them: Τις εξ ύμων έξει φιλον, και πορευσεται προς you shall have a frieud, Which of and ahall go to $\Phi i \lambda \epsilon$, μεσονυκτιου, ειπη αυτώ. και him at midnight, and to him; O friend, say 6 επειδη φιλος μου χρησον μοι τρεις αρτους. to me three loaves; because a friend of me παρεγενετο εξ όδου προς με, και ουκ εχω ό from a way to me, and not I have what παραθησω αυτω. ⁷ κακεινος εσωθεν αποκριθεις
I shall set for him; And he from within answering should say; Not to me trouble do thou cause; already the door κεκλεισται, και τα παιδια μου μετ' εμου εις την has been shut, and the children of me with me in the κοιτην εισιν' ου δυναμαι αναστας δουναι σοι. are; not I am able having arisen to give to thee. 8 Λεγω ύμιν, ει και ου δωσει αυτω αναστας, I say to you, if and not will give to him having arisen, δια το ειναι αυτου φιλον, δια γε την αναιδειαν because the to he of him a friend, through andeed the importunity αυτου εγερθεις δωσει αυτφ όσων χρηζει. 9 Kaarising he will give to him as many as he wants. And γω ύμιν λεγω. Αιτειτε, και δοθησεται ύμιν. to you say; Ask you, and it shall be given to you; ζητειτε, και εύρησετε κρουετε, και ανοιγησεseek you, and you shall find: knock you, and it shall be 10 Πας γαρ δ αιτων λαμβανει· ται υμιν. Kal All for the asking opened to you. receives: and δ (ητων εύρισκει και τω κρουοντι ανοιγησεται. the seeking finds. and to the knocking it shall be opened. 11 Τινα δε ύμων τον πατερα αιτησει ο υίος αρτον, Which now of you the father shall ask the son bread, μη λιθον επιδωσει αυτώ; η και ιχθυν, μη αντι uct a stone will give to him; or also a fich, not in place of ιχθυος οφιν επιδωσει αυτώ; 12 η και εαν αιτηση a fish a serpent will give to him: or also if he may ask ωνν, μη επιδωσει αυτφ σκορπιον; 13 Ει ουν to him a scorpion? an egg, Dot will give If then ίμεις, πονηροι ύπαρχοντες, οιδατε δοματα evil cou. being, know you gifts αγαθα διδοναι τοις τεκνοις ύμων, ποσφ μαλλον good to give to the children of you, how much δ πατηρ, δ εξ ουρανου, δωσει πνευμα άγιον τοις the father, that of heaven, will give aspirit holy to those αιτουπίν αυτον:

14 Και ην εκβαλλων δαιμονιον, και αυτου ην Anahe was casting out demoo, and it was

4 and forgive us our sins; for we ourselves also forgive every one who is indebted to us; and abandon us not to Trial."

5 And he said to them,
"Which of you shall have
a Friend, and shall go to
him at Midnight, and say
to him, 'Friend, lend me
Three Loaves:

6 for a Friend of mine has come to me out of his Road, and I have nothing to place before him?

7 And he answering from within should say, 'Do not trouble me; the DOOR IS now closed, and my CHILDREN are with me in BED; I cannot rise to give thee.'

8 I tell you, ‡ Though he will not rise and give him because he is His Friend, yet because of his importunity indeed, he will rise and give him, as many as he needs.

9 ‡ And H say to yon, Ask, and it will be given you; seek, and you will ind; knock, and it will be opened to you.

10 For Every one who asks, receives; and he who seeks, finds; and to him who knocks, the door * is opened.

11 **And What FATHER among you, who, if his son request Bread, will give him a Stone? or if he ask for a Fish, will instead of a Fish give him a Serpent?

12 or also, if he should ask an Egg, will give him a Scorpion?

13 If nou, then, being Evil, know how to impart good Gifts to your CHIL-DREN, how much more with the FATHER, THAT OF HEAVEN, give holy Spirit to THOSE who ASK him?"

14 ‡ And he was casting out * a dumb Demon. And

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—10. is opened. 11. If a son ask a Fish of any one of you that is a father, will he for a fish give him a Serpent? 12. or also, if he ask an Egg, will he give him a Scorpion? 14. dumb Demon. And it.

^{† 8.} Luke xvii. 1. † 0. Matt. vii. 7; xx1 23; Mark xi. 24; John xv 7; James i. & † 10. Matt. vii. 9. † 14. Matt. ix. 32; xii. 22.

κωφον· εγενετο δε του δαιμονίου εξελθοντος, dumb: it came to pass and of the demon Having come out, ελαλησεν δ κωφος· και εθαυμασαν οί οχλοι. wondered the crowds. spoke the dumb: and αρχοντι των δαιμονιων, εκβαλλει τα δαιμονια. aruler of the demous, he cast out the demons: 16 έτεροι δε πειραζοντες, σημειον παρ' αυτου others but tempting, 17 Autos de eldws autwr $\epsilon(\eta \tau o \nu \nu) \epsilon \xi o \nu \rho \alpha \nu o \nu$. sought from heaven. but knowing of them τα διανοηματα, ειπεν αυτοις. Πασα βασιλεια, to them: Every thoughts, said the €φ' έαυτην διαμερισθεισα, ερημουται, και having been divided, is brought to desolation, and against herself οικος επι οικον πιπτει. 18 Ει δε και δ σατανας If and also the adversary bouse upon house falls. εφ' έαυτον διεμερισθη, πως σταθησεται ή has been divided, how gainst himself shallstand Βασιλεια αυτου, ότι λεγετε, εν Βεελζεβουλ kingdom of him? by Beelzehul for you say, 19 Ει δε εγω εν If but I by εκβαλλειν με τα δαιμονια. to cast out me the demons. δαιμονια, οί υίοι Βεελ(εβουλ εκβαλλω τα demons, cast out the the sons Beelzebul ΄ μων εν τινι εκβαλλουσι; Δια τουτο κριται of you by whom do they cast out? Through this judges 20 Ει δε εν δακτυλφ θεου ύμων αυτοι εσονται. If but by a finger of God ρα εφθασεν εφίνμας oi you they shall be. εκβαλλω τα δαιμονια, αρα εφθασεν I cast out the demons, then has suddenly come upon you 21 'Οταν δισχυρος καθωη βασιλεια του θεου. When the strong one having the royal majesty of the God. την ξαυτου αυλην, εν the of himself a palace, in πλισμένος φυλασση been armed should be guard ειρηνη εστι τα ύπαρχοντα αυτου· 22 επαν δε δ peace are the possessions othim; as soon as but the ισχυροπερος αυτου επελθων νικηση αυτον, stronger of him having entered should overcome him, την πανοπλιαν αυτου αιρει, εφ' ή επεποιθει, of him takes away, in which he had confided, arme 23 'O µη ων He not being και τα σκυλα αυτου διαδιδωσιν. of him distributed. and the spoils μετ' εμου, κατ' εμου εστι και δ μη συναγων with me, against me μετ' εμου, σκορπιζει. and he not gathering is; 24 Οταν το ακαθαρτον When the with scatters. unclean me, πνευμα εξελθη απο του ανθρωπου, διερχεται spirit may come out from the man, passes δι' ανυδρων τοπων, ζητουν αναπαυσιν. Kal seeking a restrng place; places, through dry μη ευρισκον, λεγει Υποστρεψω εις τον οικον I will return into the says; not finding, 25 Και ελθον εύρισκει εξηλθον. δθεν MOU. And having come it finds I came out. whence σεσαρωμενον και κεκοσμημενον. 26 Τοτε πορευε-

it came to pass, when the DENON had departed, the DUMB man spoke, and the CROWDS wondered.

15 But some of them said, "He expels DEMONS through Beelzebul, *the PRINCE of the DEMONS."

16 And others, ‡ trying him, sought of him a Sign

from Heaven.

17 But the knowing Their THOUGHTS, said to them, "Every Kingdom being divided against itself is desolated; and House falls against House.

18 And if the ADVER-SARY also is divided against himself, how shall his KINGDOM stand? Because you say that I expel DE-MONS through Beelzebul.

19 Besides, if I through Beelzebul expel DEMONS, by whom do your sons cast them out? Therefore, then will be your JUDGES. 20 But if ‡ by a Finger

of God I cast out the DE-MONS, t then God's ROYAL MAJESTY has unexpectedly come to you.

21 I When the STRONG one armed guards HIS Palace, his Possessions are in Safety;

22 but whenever one *stronger than he, having entered should overcome him, he takes away the ARMS in which he confided, and distributes his sports.

23 HE who is not with me, is against me; and HE who GATHERS not with

me. scatters.

24 ‡ When the IMPURE Spirit is gone out of the MAN, it roves through Parched Deserts, sceking & Place of Rest; and not finding one, * then it savs. I will return to my House, from which I came out.

25 And coming, it finds it * empty, swept, and

furnished. 26 Then it goes, and

it goes |

having been swept and having been adorned. * VATICAN MSS .- 15. the PRINCE.

Then 22. stronger.

^{25.} empty swept, and furnished.

^{† 20.} See Note on Matt. xii. 28.

^{1 20.} Exod. vili

ται και παραλαμβανει έπτα έτερα πνουματα and takes with seven other πονηροτερα έαυτου, και ειπελθοντα κατοικει more evil of itself, and they having entered dwell εκει και γινεται τα εσχατα του ανθρωπου and there; becomes the last ofthe man 27 Εγενετο δε εν εκεινου χειρονα των πρωτων. worse of the It happened and in first. τφ λεγειν αυτον ταυτα, επαρασα τις γυνη to the to speak him these things, having lifted certain woman φωνην εκ του οχλου, ειπεν αυτφ. Μακαρια ή avoice out of the crowd, said to him; Blessed the κοιλια ή βαστασασα σε, και μαστοι ούς εθηwomb that having carried thee, and breasts those thou λασας. 28 Αυτος δε ειπε. Μενουνγε μακαριοι He hut said; Yearather οί ακουοντες τον λογον του θεου, και φυλασthose hearing the word of the God, and obserσοντες.

νιης. 29 Των δε οχλων επαθροιζομενων, ηρξατο and crowda gathering together, he began λεγειν. Ἡ γενεα αύτη πονηρα εστι. σημειον to say. The generation this evil is; asign επι(ητει και σημειον ου δοθησεται αυτη, ει μη 11 seeks, and a sign not shall be given to her, except το σημειον Ιωνα. ³⁰ Καθως γαρ εγενετο Ιωνας sign of Jonas. Even as for became σημειον τοις Νινευιταις, ούτως εσται και ό Ninevites, tothe 80 will be also the 31 Baσιλυίος του ανθρωπου τη γενεά ταυτη. son of the man to the generation this. ισσα Νοτου εγερθησεται εν τη κρισει μετα των will be raised in the judgment with of south the

ανδρων της γενεας ταυτης, και κατακρινει of the generation this, men and will condemn αυτους ότι ηλθεν εκ των περατων της γης them, because she came from the ends of the earth ακουσαι την σοφιαν Σολομωνος και ιδου, πλειον to hear the wisdom of Solomon; and lo, a greater Σολομώνος ώδε. 32 Ανδρές Νινευι αναστησονται o' Solomon here. Men ot Nineveh will stand up

τη κρισει μετα της γενεας ταυτης, και the judgment with the generation this, and in the judgment κατακρινουσιν αυτην· ότι μετενοησαν εις το will condemn her; because they reformed at the κηρυγμα Ιωνα και ιδου, πλειον Ιωνα ώδε. presching of Jonas; and lo, a greater of Jonas here.

³³ Ουδεις δε λυχνον άψας, εις κρυπτην No one and a lamp having lighted, into a secret place τιθησιν, ουδε ύπο τον μοδιον, αλλ' επι την neither under the corn-measure, but on the λυχνιαν, ίνα οί εισπορευσμένοι το φεγγος βλεlamp-stand, that those entering the light may takes with it Seven Other Spirits more wicked than itself, and entering, they abide there; and the LAST state of that MAN becomes worse than the FIRST.'

27 And it occurred, while he was speaking these things, a Certain Woman from the CROWD, raising her Voice, said to him, ‡" Нарру is тилт womb which BORE thee, and those Breasts which thou hast sucked!"

28 But he said, ‡" Yes, rather, happy mose who HEAR the WORD of GOD,

and keep it!"

29 And the CROWDS gathering about him, he began to say, * "This GEN-ERATION is a wicked Generation. It demands a Sign; but no Sign will be given it, except the sign of Jonah.

30 f For as * Jonah became a Sign to the NINE-VITES, thus also will the son of man be to this

GENERATION.

31 The Queen of the South will rise up at the JUDGMENT with the MEN of this GENERATION, and cause them to be condemncd; Because she came from the EXTREMITIES of the LAND to hear the WIS-DOM of Solomon; and behold, one greater than Solomon is here.

32 The Ninevites will stand up in the JUDGMENT with this GENERATION. and cause it to be condemned; I Because ther reformed at the WARNING of Jonah; and behold, one greater than Jonah is here.

33 No one having lighted a LAMP, I places it in a Secret place, neither under the CORN-MEASURE, but on the LAMP-STAND: that THOSE ENTERING MAY See the LIGHT.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. - 29. This GENERATION is a wicked Generation. 30. Jonah.

^{1 27.} Luke i. 28, 48. 1 28. Matt. vii. 21; Luke viii. 21; James 1. 25. 2 30. Jonah 1. 17; ii. 10. 2 31. 1 Kings x. 1. 2 32. Jonah iii. 5. 2 33. Matt. v. 15; Mark iv. 21; Luke viii. 16.

πωσιν. ofthe lamp the The , body is Ree. οφθαλμος· όταν *[ουν] δ οφθαλμος σου άπλους when [therefore] the eye ofthee και όλον το σωμα σου φωτεινον εστιν· , also whole the body of thee enlightened is: may be, also whole the body επαν δε πονηρος 'η, και το σωμα σου σκοτεινον. when but wil may be, also the body of thee darkened. 35 Σκοπει ουν, μη το φως το εν σοι σκοτυς εστιν.

Take heed therefore, not the light that in thee darkness is.

 36 Ει ουν το σωμα σου όλον φωτεινον, μη εχον If therefore the body of thee whole is enlightened, not having τι μερος σκοτεινον, εσται φοτεινον όλον, ώς will be enlightened whole, dark,

όταν δ λυχνος τη αστραπη φωτιζη σε. when the lamp by the brightness may enlighten thee.

 37 Εν δ ϵ τ ω λαλησαι, ηρωτα αυτον Φαρισαιος a Pharisee In and the to have spoken, asked him *[τις] δπως αριστηση παρ' αυτω.
[certain] that he might dine with him. Εισελθων Having entered 33 'Ο δε Φαρισαιος ιδων εθαυμα- $\delta \in \alpha \nu \in \pi \in \sigma \in \nu$. The and Pharisee and he reclined. seeing wondered σεν, ότι ου πρωτος εβαπτισθη προ του αριστου. because not first he was dipped before the ³⁹ Ειπε δε δ κυρβης προς αυτον. Νυν ύμεις οί

hin. . you the Said and the word to Now Φαρισαιοι το εξωνεν του ποτηριου και του πινα-Pha.isees the outside of the cup and of the plat- $\epsilon \sigma \omega \theta \epsilon \nu$ buw YELLEL κος καθαριζετε. το δ∈ you cleanse: the hut inside of you is full 40 Appoves, oux άρπαγης και πονηριας. of evil. Sunwise, not of extortion and $\pi \circ \eta \sigma \alpha s$ τη εξωθεν, και το ε $\sigma \circ \theta \epsilon \nu$ ε $\pi \circ \iota \eta \sigma \epsilon$; also the having made tho outside, ⁴¹ Πλην ενοντα δοτε ελεημοσυνην και τα

alms: But the things being within give you and 42 Aλλ' ιδου, παπα καθατα ύμιν επτιν. ουαι 11 thin 38 But clean to you 15. # O 5 τοις Θαρισαιοις, ότι αποδεκατουτε ύμιν TO o you Phartsees, for you tithe ουυσμον, και το πηγανον, και παν λαχανον. an : the and every rue, pot-herb:

κ ι παρερχετθ. την κρισιν και την αγαπην του ass by C'C and the ratice love of the Τα τα εδοι ποιησαι, κακεινα 0000c μη These things ou ought to have done, and those not αφιεναι.

to omit.

43 Ουαι δμιν τοις Φαρισαιοις, ότι αγαπατε the Pharisees, for you love Woe to you

34 The LAMP of the BODY is * thine EYE; wher thine EYE is clear, thy Whole BODY also is enlight. ened; but when it is dim. thy BODY also is darkened,

35 Take heed therefore, that THAT LIGHT which is in thee be not Darkness.

36 If, therefore, thy whole BODY be enlight. ened, having no Part dark, the Whole will be enlight. ened, as when the LAMP by its BRIGHTNESS enlightens thee."

37 And while he was speaking a Pharisee invited him to dine with him; and he went in, and re-

clined.

38 And the Pharisee noticing it, wondered that he did not first † immerse before the DINNER.

39 # And the LORD said to him, "Now you PHARI-SEES cleanse the OUTSIDE of the CUP and PLATTER; but ‡ your INSIDE is full of Extortion and Wiekedness.

40 Senseless men! lid not HE who MADE the OUTSIDE make the INSIDE also?

41 ‡But give in Alms the THINGS WITHIN, and Lenold, all things are pure to you.

42 But Woe to you, PHARISEES! Because you tithe of MINT, and JUE, and Every Pot-herb but disregard JUSTICE and the LCVE of GOD; these things you ought to practise, and not to omit those.

43 ‡ Woe to you, Phari-SEES! Because you love

1 °4 M tt. vi. 22. 1 38. Mark vii. 8. 1. 5 1 41. Isa. lviii. 7, Dan. iv. 27; Luke xii. 33. Matt vxiii 6; Mark xii. 33. 89. 1 39. Matt. xxii. 25. I 39. Titus 1 41. Matt. xxiii. 23.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. thine EYE. 34. therefore-omit. 87 certain-omit. various alanuscriff.—3t. title ETE. 3s. therefore—omit. 87 certain—omit.

† 37. Perhaps, rather, "to breakfast with him," as ariston, signifies a morning meal. The Jews made but two meals in the day: their ariston, may be called their breakfast or their dinner, because it was both, and was but a slight meal. Their chief meal was their deipnon or supper, after the heat of the day was over and the same was the principal meal among the breeks and Romans. Josephus, in his life, says, sec. 5s, that the legal hour of the ariston on the Sabbath was the sixth hour, or at twelve o'clock at noon, as we call it. What the hour was on the other days of the week, he does not say; but probably it was much the same.—Pearce. † 38. Some critics refer this to the dipping of the hands; others to the imperion of the whole person. From Mark vii. 8, 4, it is evident, that both were practised, as well a various other ablutions.

of you not

and yourselves with one of the

ψαυετε τοις φορτιοις.

touch the burdens.

την πρωτοκαθεδριαν εν ταις συναγωγαις, και the first seat in the ayong gues, and τους ασπασιιους εν ταις αγοραις. 44 Ουαι δμιν, Woe to you, the salutations in the markets. ότι εστε ώς τα μνημεια τα αδηλα, και οί for you are like the tombs those unseen, and the ανθρωποι, οί περιπατουντες επανω, ουκ οιδασιν. men, those walking over, not 45 Αποκριθεις δε τις των νομικων λεγει αυτφ.
Answering and one of the lawyera says to him; Διδασκαλε, ταυτα λεγων και ήμας υβριζεις.
O teacher, these things saying also us thou reproachest. 46 °Ο δε ειπε· Και ύμιν τοις νομικοις ουαι, ότι He and sald; Also to you the lawyers woe, for φορτιζετε τους ανθρωπους φορτια δυσβαστακτα, burdena oppressive, you load the men και αυτοι ένι των δακτυλων ύμων ου προσ-

fingers

⁴⁷ Ουαι ύμιν, ότι οικοδομειτε τα μνημεια των Woe to you, for you build the tombs πατερες ύμων απεκτειναν προφητων, οἱ δεthe and prophets, fathers ofyou 48 Αρα μαρτυρειτε και συνευδοκειτε Therefore you testify and you consent αυτους. τοις εργοις των πατερων ύμων ότι αυτοι μεν to the works of the fathers of you; for they indeed απεκτειναν αυτους, ύμεις δε οικοδομειτε * [αυthem, you and build for ⁴⁹ Δια τουτο και ή σοφια των τα μνημεία.] ⁴⁹ Δια τουτο και ἡ σοφια them the toubs.] Because of this and the wisdom του θεου ειπεν. Αποστελω εις αυτους προφητας of the God said; I will send to them και αποστολους, και εξ αυτων αποκτενουσι and apostles, and out of them they will kill και εκδιωξουσιν· ⁵⁰ ίνα εκζητηθη το αίμα πανpersecute; so that may be required the blood των των προφητων, το εκχυνυμενον απο καταail of the prophets, that being shed from βολης κοσμου, απο της γενεας ταυτης. 51 απο log down of a world, from the generation this; του αίματος Αβελ έως του αίματος Ζαχαριου, του απολομένου μεταξυ του θυσιαστηριου και του οικου. Ναι λεγω ύμιν, εκζητηθησεται απο Yes I say to you, it will be required THS YEVEAS TAUTHS. the generation this.

 52 Ουαι ύμιν τοις νομικοις, ότι πρατε την Wose to you the lawyers. for you took away the kake of the knowledge; yourselves not you entered, and τους εισερχομενους εκωλυσατε. 55 Λεγοντος δε those entering you hindered. 53 Λεγοντος δε

the CHIEF SEAT in the SYNAGOGUES, and SALU-TATIONS in the PUBLIC PLACES.

44 Twoe to you! Because you are like those CONCEALED TOMBS, which MEN WALKING over, know not."

45 Then one of the LAW-YERS, answering, says to him, "Teacher, in saying these things thou reproachest Us also."

46 And HE said, "Woe to you, LAWYERS! ‡ For you impose oppressive Burdens on MEN, and yet, gou yourselves touch not the BURDENS with one of your FINGERS.

47 ‡ Woe to you! For you build the sepulchres of the prophets, and your fathers killed them.

48 Thus you testify that you approve the ACTS of your FATHERS; For tyen, indeed, killed them, and nou build.

49 And because of this, the WISDOM of GOD said, \$'1 will send them Prophets and Apostles, and some of them they will kill and persecute;'

50 so that the BLOOD of All the PROPHETS being slied from the Formation of the World, may be required of this GENERATION;

51 from the *Blood of Abelto the *Blood of THAT Zechariah, twho will perish between the ALTAR and the HOUSE. Yes, I tell you, it will be required of this GENERATION.

52 ‡ Woe to you, LAW-YFRS l Because you have taken away the KEY of KNOWLEDGE, you entered not yourselves, and THOSE APPROACHING, you hindered."

51, Blood.

51. Blood.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-48. Their tombs-omit.

^{† 51.} See Note on Matt. xxiii. 35.

^{1 44.} Matt. xxiii. 27. 1 46. Matt. xxiii. 4. 1 47. Matt. xxiii. 29. 1 49. Matt. xxiii. 84. 1 62. Matt. xxiii. 14.

αυτου ταυτα προς αυτους, ηρξαντο οί γραμματεις of him these things to them, began the και οί Φαρισαιοι δεινως ενεχειν, και αποστοand the Pharisees greatly to be incensed, and to make ματιζειν αυτον περι πλειονων· 54 ενεδρευοντες speak off-hand itim about many things; trying to entrap αυτον, *[ζητουντες] θηρευσαι TI $\epsilon \kappa$ to catch something out of the hım, [seeking] ιυτου, ίνα κατηγορησωσιν αυτου. στοματος of him, that they might account 1.2. 1 Ev ois $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\nu\nu\alpha\chi\theta\epsilon\iota\sigma\omega\nu$ $\tau\omega\nu$ mouth μυριαδων του οχλου, ώστε καταπατειν αλληmy nave of the crowd, so as to tread upon λοις, ηρξατο λεγειν προς τους μαθητας αύτου. roo ner, be began to say to the disciples of himself; Πρωτον προσεχετε έαυτοις απο της (υμης των take heed to yourselves of the leaven of the 2 Ουδεν δε Φαριοαιών, ήτις εστιν ήποκρισις. Pharisees, which 18 hypocrisy. Nothing and σι γκεκαλυμμενον εστιν, δ ουκ αποκαλυφθησεis, which not shall be uncovered : b; viog been covered ται και κρυπτον, δ ου γνωσθησεται.
and secret, which not shell be known. $^3 A \nu \theta$ On which όσα εν τη σκοτια ειπατε, εν τω φωτι twhat in the dark you speak, in the light $\dot{\omega}\nu$ scrcoot what in the ακυυσθησεται· και ό προς το ους ελαλησατε εν and what to the ear you spoke in •halt be heard: τοις ταμειοις, κηρυχθησεται επι των δωματων. the shalhe published on closets. the house-tops. 4 Λεγω δε ύμιν τοις φιλοις μου. Μη φοβηθητε I say and to you the friends of me: Not you be afraid απο των αποκτεινοντων το σωμα, και μετα ταυτα killing of those the body, and after μη εχοντων περισσοτερον τι ποιησαι. 5 Υποhaving more anything to have done. I will δειξω δε ύμιν, τινα φοβηθητε φοβηθητε τον point out and to you, whom you should fear: you should fear the μετα το αποκτειναι, εξουσιαν εχοντα εμβαλειν after the to have killed, authority having to cast εις την γεενναν ναι λεγω ύμιν, τουτον φοβη-into the Gehenna; yes Isay toyou, this fear into the θητε. 6 Ουχι πεντε στρουθια πωλειται ασσαριων you. Not five sparrows are sold assarii δυο; και έν εξ αυτων ουκ εστιν επιλελησμενον two? and one out of them not is being forgotten 7 Αλλα και αί τριχες της $\epsilon \nu \omega \pi i o \nu \tau o \upsilon \theta \epsilon \upsilon \upsilon$. in presence of the God. But also the hairs of the Μη *[ουν] κεφαλης ύμων πασαι ηριθμηνται. of you all have been numbered. Not [therefore] φοβεισθε: πολλων στρουθιων διαφερετε. 8 Λεγω fear you: sparrows you are better. Lany many δε ύμιν. Πας δς αν δμολυγηση εν εμοι εμπροσand to you: All whoever may confess to me in presθεν των ανθρωπων, και δ υίος του ανθρωπου also the son of the ence of the men. man

53 And *having gone out thence, the scribes and Pharisers began to be extremely angry, and to press him to speak unguardedly on many things;

54 trying to entrap him, and to catch something from his MOUTH, that they

might accuse him.

CHAPTER XII.

At that time, the crowd having assembled by TENS OF THOUSANDS, so that they trampled on each other, he began to say to his DISCIPLES, "First, I guard yourselves against the LEAVEN of the PHARTSEES, which is Hypocrisy.

2 ‡ And there is nothing concealed, which will not be discovered; and hid, which will not be made

known.

3 Therefore, what you speak in the DARK, will be heard in the LIGHT; and what you whispered to the EAR in CLOSETS, will be proclaimed on the HOUSE-TOPS.

4 ‡ But I say to you, my FRIENDS, Be not afraid of THOSE who KIL* the BODY, and after this san do no

more.

5 But I will show you whom you should fear; Fear HIM, who, after having killed, HAS Authority to castinto GEHENNA; yes, I tell you, Fear him.

6 Are not Five Sparrows sold for two † Assarii? and yet not one of them is for-

gotten before Gon.

7 But even the HAIRS of your HEAD have all been numbered. Fearnot; you are of more value than Many Sparrows.

8 ‡ And 1 say to you, Whoever may acknowledge me before MEN, the son of

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—53. having gone out thence, the scribes.

54. seeking—
omit.

7. therefore—omit.

^{* 6.} An assarion was about one cent and five mills in value, or three farthings sterling.

^{† 54.} Mark xii, 13. iv. 22; Luke viii, 17. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa. li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8. † 4. Matt. x. 28; Isa. li. 7, 8, 12; Jer. i. 8. † 4. Matt. x. 32;

όμολογησει εν αυτφ εμπροσθεν των αγγελων will confess in him in presence of the mesaengera 9 'Ο δε αρνησαμενος με ενωπιον των του θεου. He but having denied me in presence of the of the God. ανθρωπων, απαρνηθησεται ενωπιον των αγγεwill be denied in presence of the messenλων του θεου. 10 Και πας δς ερει λογονεις τον And all who shall speak a word against the gers of the God. υίον του ανθρωπου, αφεθησεται αυτώ τω δε man, it will be forgiven to him; to the but son of the εις το άγιον πνευμα βλασφημησαντι ουκ αφεagainst the boly spirit having spoken evil not 11 'Οταν δε προσφερωσιν ύμας επι θησεται. be torgiven. When and they may may you τας συναγωγας και τας αρχας και τας εξουσιας, the synagogues and the rulers and the authorities, μη μεριμνατε, πως η τι απολογησησθε, η τι not be you anxious, how or what you may answer, or what ειπητε· 12 το γαρ άγιον πνευμα διδαξει ύμας εν you may say; the for boly spirit will teach you αυτη τη ώρα, ά SEL ειπειν. the hour, what it is proper to say.

¹³ Ειπε δε τις αυτώ εκ του οχλου· Διδασ-Said and one to him out of the crowd; καλε, ειπε τω αδελφω μου μερισασθαι μετ' speak to the brother of me to divide with 14 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτώ"; εμου την κληρονομιαν. me the inheritance. He and said to him Ανθρωπε, τις με κατεστησε δικαστην η μερισwho me appointed a judge a diviτην εφ' ύμας; 15 Ειπε δε προς αυτους· Όρατε der over you? He said and to them; See you και φυλασσεσθε απο της πλεονεξιας δτι ουκ εν of the covetousness; because not in τω περισσευειν τινι ή ζωη αυτου εστιν εκ των the to abound any one the life of him is out of the

ύπαρχοντων αυτου.
possessions of him.

16 Ειπε δε παραβολην προς αυτους, λεγων·
He spoke and a parable to them, aaying;
Ανθρωπου τινος πλουσιου ευφορησεν ή χωρα.
A man certain rich yielded plentifully the farm.

17 Και διελογιζετο εν έαυτφ, λεγων Τι ποιησω; And hereasoned in bimself, saying; What shall I do? δτι ουκ εχω, που συναξω τους καρπους μου. because not I have, where I will gather the fruits of me

18 Και ειπε· Τουτο ποιησω· καθελω μου τας And he said; This will do: I will pull down of me the αποθηκας, και μειζονας οικοδομησω· και συναξω

barns, and greater I will build: and I will collect εκει παντα τα γενηματα μου, και τα αγαθα μου there all the products of me, and the fruits of me:

19 και ερω τη ψυχη μου Ψυχη, εχεις πολλα and I will say to the soul of mer Soul, thou hast many

MAN will also acknowledge him in the presence of the ANGELS of GOD.

9 But he who has RE-NOUNCED me before MEN, will be renounced .. the presence of the ANGELS of

GOD.

10 ‡ And every one who may speak a Word against the son of MAN, it will be forgiven him; but HE who BLASPHEMES against the HOLY Spirit shall not be forgiven.

Il ‡ And when they may bring you to the SYNA-GOGUES, and the RULERS, and the MAGISTRATES, be not anxious how you may defend yourselves, or what you may say;

12 for the HOLY Spirit will instruct you, in that HOUR, what it is proper to

say."

13 Then one out of the CROWD said to him, "G Teacher, speak to my BROTHER to divide the INHERITANCE with me."

14 But HE replied to him, ‡" Man, who appointed Me a Judge or Arbiter over you?"

16 And he spoke a Parable to them, saying, "The FARM of a certain rich Man produced abundantly;

17 and he reasoned within himself, saying, 'What shall I do? For I have no place where to deposit my FRUITS.'

18 And he said, 'I will do this; I will pull down My STOREHOUSES, and build Greater; and there I will bring together All my * WHEAT and my GOOD things;

19 and I will say to MY-SELF, 'Life! thou hast an

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. All Covetousness.

^{18.} WHEAT and.

^{10.} Matt. xii. 31, 32; Mark iii. 28; 1 John v. 16. 11. Matt. x. 19: Mark xiii. 13 Luke xxi. 14. 14. Exod. 11. 14. 15. 1 Tim. vi. 7—19.

γινεσθε ετοιμαι ότι, η ώρα ου δοκειτε, δ be prepared, because, in the hour not you think, the vios του ανθρωπου ερχεται. ΔΕιπε δε \times [αυτω] son of the man comes, Said and [to him] δ Πετρος Κυριε, προς ήμας την παραβολη the Peter; Olord, to us the parable ταυτην λεγεις, η και προς παντας,

45 Eαν χουσιν αύτου καταστησει αυτον. of himself he will appoint but him. If ό δουλος εκεινος εν τη καρδια αύτου. shouldsay the slave that in the heart of himself: Χρονιζει δ κυριος μου ερχεσθαι και αρξηται Delays the lord of me to come; and small begin τυπτειν τους παιδας και τας παιδισκας, εσθιειν to strike the servants and the maidens, to eat τε και πινειν και μεθυσκεσθαι· 46 ήξει δ κυριος and also to drink and to be druuken; will come the του δουλου εκεινου εν ήμερη, 'ή ου προσδοκα, that in a day, to which not he looks, slave και εν ώρα η ου γινωσκει και διχοτομησει and in an hour which unt he knows; and snall cut as under αυτον, και το μερος αυτου μετα των απιστων him, and the part of him with the unbelievers θησει. That and the slave who having known the will place. θελημα του κυριου έαυτου, και μη έτοιμασας, will of the lord effimself, and not having prepared,

μηδε ποιησας προς το θελημα αυτου, δαρησεneither having done according to the will of him, shall be beaται πολλας $^{\circ}$ 48 δ δε μη γνους, ποιησας δε he but not having known having done and many: αξια πληγων δαρησεται ολιγας. Παντι δε To all and to whom deserving of stripes shall be beaten few εδοθη πολυ, πολυ ζητηθησεται παρ' αυτου. will be required from him; is given much, much και 'ω παρεθεντο πολυ, περισσοτερον αιτηand to whom they have entrusted much, more they

σουσιν αυτον.
will ask him.

 49 Πυρ ηλθου βαλειν εις την γην και τι Fire I came to throw into the earth; and what θ ελω, ει ηδη ανηφθη. 50 Βαπτισμα δε εχω σο I wish, if already it were kindled. A dipping and I have

pared; For at an Hour you think not, the son of MAN comes."

41 Then PETER said, "Master, dost thou speak this PARABLE to us, or even to all?"

in its Season.

43 Happy that seevant.
whom his Master, at his arrival, shall find thus employed!

44 ‡ I tell you truly. That he will appoint him over ALL his PROPERTY.

45 But if that SERVANT should say in his HEART, 'My MASTER delays to come;' and shall begin to beat the SERVANTS and the MAIDENS, and to eat and drink and be drunk;

46 the MASTER of that SERVANT will come in a Day when he does not expect him, and at an Hour of which he is not aware, ‡ and will cut him off, and will appoint his PORTION with the UNBELIEVEES.

47 And ‡ THAT SER-VANT, who knew the WILL of his MASTER, and was not prepared, nor did according to his WILL, he shall be beaten with many stripes;

48 ‡ but HE who KNEW not, and did things worthy of Stripes, shall be beaten with few. And from any one to whom much is given much will be required; and from him with whom much has been deposited, they will exact the more.

49 I came to throw Fire on the LAND; and what do I wish,—if it were already kindled?

50 But I have an Im-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—41. to him—omit. whom. 42. portion of food in.

^{42.} the FAITHFUL Steward, the WISE,

^{\$ 42.} Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 21.

xxiv. 51.

\$ 47. Deut. xxv. 2; James av. 17.

\$ 48. Lev. v. 17; 1 Tim. i. 13.

βαπτισθηναι· кαι $\pi\omega s$ till and I am pressed, to b dipped; how τελεσθη. 51 Δοκειτε, δτι ειρηνην παρεγενομην may be finished. Do you think, that peace I came δουναι εν τη γη; Ουχι, λεγω ύμιν. αλλ' to give in the earth? No, I say to you, but rather 52 Εσονται γαρ απο του νυν διαμερισμον. division. Shall be fur frum the πεντε εν οικφ ένι διαμεμερισμενοι, τρεις επι five in house one having been divided, three against ⁵³ Διαμερισθησεται δυσι, και δυο επι τρισι. two, and two against three. Will be divided πατηρ εφ' υίφ, και υίος επι πατρι· μητηρ επι a lather against a son, and a son against a father : a mother against θυγατρι, και θυγατηρ επι μητρι $\pi \in \nu \theta \in \rho \alpha$ a daughter, and a daughter against a mother: a mother-in-law επι την νυμφην αύτης, και νυμφη

the mother-in-law of herself. $^{54} \ E\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon \ \delta\epsilon \ \kappa\alpha i \ \tauois \ o\chi\lambdaois \ \ ^{\circ}O\tau\alpha\nu \ i\delta\eta\tau\epsilon \ \tau\eta\nu$ fleshid and also to the crowds: When you see the $\nu\epsilon\phi\epsilon\lambda\eta\nu \ \alpha\nu\alpha\tau\epsilon\lambda\lambdaou\sigma\alpha\nu \ \alpha\pio \ \delta\nu\sigma\mu\omega\nu, \ \epsilon\nu\theta\epsilon\omega s$ cloud rising from west, immediately $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\tau\epsilon \ O\mu\beta\rhoos \ \epsilon\rho\chi\epsilon\tau\alpha i \ \kappa\alpha i \ \gammai\nu\epsilon\tau\alpha i \ o\nu\tau\omega,$ you say: A shower comes: and it happens so.

against the a daughter-in-law of herself, and a daughter-in-law against

την πενθεραν αύτης.

 55 Και όταν $^{\rm Noτον}$ πνεοντα, $^{\rm λεγετε}$ $^{\rm c}$ $^{\rm C}$ $^{\rm C}$ $^{\rm C}$ καυ And when South wind is blowing, you say: That burning $^{\rm C}$ $^{\rm C}$

and of the

of the earth

face

δοκιμαζειν τον δε καιρον τουτον πως ου to discern the hut season this how not δοκιμαζετε; 57 Τι δε και αφ' έαυτων ου κρινετε ως δικαιον; 58 Ως γαρ ύπαγεις μετα του αντιthe right? When for thou goast with the opposit of the to a ruler, in the way give thou I abor απηλλαχθαι απ' αυτου μηποτε κατασυρη σε

προκτορι κριτην, και δ κριτης σε παραδω τω to the judge, and the judge thee may deliver to the πρακτορι, και δ πρακτωρ σε β αλη εις φυλασθίες, and the officer, thee may east into prison. κην. $\frac{59}{2} \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ σοι, ου μη $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta s$ $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \nu$,

I say to thee, not not thou may est come out thence, έως ού και το εσχατον λεπτων αποδως. '
till even the last lepton thou hast paid.

συνεχομαι, έως ού mersion to undergo; and how am I pressed, till it may be consummated?

51 ‡ Do you imagine That I am come to give Peace in the LAND? I tell you, No; but rather Division.

52 For from this TIME, five in * One House will be divided; three against two, and two against

three ;-

53 ‡ a Father against a Son, and a Son against a Father; a Mother against a the DAUGHTER, and a Daughter against * the MOTHER; a Mother-in-law against her DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, and a Daughter-in-law against her MOTHER-IN-LAW."

54 And he said also to the CROWDS, \$\frac{1}{2}\$" When you see \$\frac{1}{2}\$ a Cloud rising from the West, you immediately say, 'A Shower is coming;' and so it happens.

55 And when the South wind is blowing, you say, 'There will be scorching Heat;' and it occurs.

Heat; and it occurs.
56 O Hypocrites! you know how to scan the FACE of the EARTH and of the SKY; but how is it, you cannot discern this TIME?

57 And why do you not, even of yourselves, judge what is RIGHT?

58 ‡ When thou goest with thy LEGALOPPONENT to a Magistrate, on the ROAD labor to be released from him, lest he drag thee to the JUDGE, and the JUDGE deliver Thee to the OFFICER, and the OFFICER east Thee into Prison.

59 I tell thee, thou wilt by no means be released till thou hast paid even the last † Lepton?"

heaven

you know

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 52. One House. 53. the DAUGHTER. 53. the MOTHER. 54. a Cloud. 56. cannot.

^{† 54.} The westerly winds in the Holy Land are still generally attended with rain, whilst the easterly winds are usually dry. † 55. Le Bruyn tells us, there blew when he was at Rama, a south-east wind, which coming from the desert beyond Jordan, caused a great heat, and that it continued some days.—Ilarmer. † 50. Lepton, in value about two mills, or half a farthing.

КЕФ. 17.13.

* Παρησαν δε τινες εν αυτφ τφ καιρφ, απαγ-Were present and some in to him the season, reγελλοντες αυτώ τερι των Γαλιλαιών, ών το to him concerning the Galileans, of whom the αίμα Πιλατος εμιξε μετα των θυσιων αυτων. mingled with the sacrifices boold ² Και αποκριθεις ὁ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις· Δοκειτε, answering the Jesus said to them; Suppose you, ότι οί Γαλιλαιοι ούτοι άμαρτωλοι παρα παντας that the Galıleans these ainnera ahove τους Γαλιλαιους εγενοντο, ότι τοιαυτα πεπονθαwere, because such things they have σιν; 3 Ουχι, λεγω ύμιν αλλ' εαν μη μετανοητε, suffered? No, I say to you; but except you reform, 4 H παντες ώσαυτως απολεισθε. εκεινοι οί all in like manner you will perish. Or those the δεκα και οκτω, εφ' ούς επεσεν ὁ πυργος εν τφ on whom fell and eight, the tower in the Σιλωαμ, και απεκτεινεν αυτους, δοκειτε, ότι Siloam, and them, suppose you, that υύτυι οφειλεται εγενοντο παρα παντας ανθρωoffendera were ahove πους τους κατοικουντας εν Ίερουσαλημ; 5 Ουχι, dwelling those in Jerusalem? No, αλλ' εαν μη μετανοητε, παντες λεγω ύμιν hut except you reform, to you; 6 Ελεγε δε ταυτην την απολεισθε. όμοιως in like manner you will perish. Hespoke and this the παραβυλην· Συκην ειχε τις εν τω αμπελωνι parable; A fig-tree had one in the vineyard αύτου πεφυτευμενην και ηλθε ζητων καρπον of himself having been planted; and came seeking fruit εν αυτη, και ουκ εύρεν. ⁷ Ειπε δε προς τον her, He said and and not found. to Ιδου, τρια ετη ερχομαι ζητων αμπελουργον. Lo, three years came seeking καρπον εν τη συκη, ταυτη, και ουχ εύρισκω to find; fruit on the fig-tree this, and not εκκοψον αυτην ίνατι και την γην καταργει; the earth it renders useless? her; why and ⁶ Ο δε αποκριθεις λεγει αυτώ· Κυριε, αφες says Olord, He and answering to him: leave αυτην και τουτο το ετος, έως ότου σκαψω περι her also this the year, till I may dig about 9 καν μεν ποιηση και βαλω κοπρια. auTny, and I may put and if indeed it may bear her, dung; καρπον ει δε μηγε, εις το μελλον εκκοψεις if and not, future thou may est cut down fruit: in the 10 Ην δε διδασκων εν μια των συνααυτην. one of the He was and teaching in ayna-

CHAPTER XIII.

1 And some were present at That PERIOD, informing him concerning the GALI. LEANS, † Whose BLOOD Pilate mingled with their SACRIFICES.

2 And * he answering said to them, "Do you think That those GALI-LEANS were the greatest Transgressors in All GAL1-LEF, Because they suffered Such things?

3 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be destroyed.

4 Or, Those EIGHTEEN, on whom tthe Tower in SILOAM fell, and killed them, do you imagine then were greater Offenders than All THOSE MEN who DWELL in Jerusalem?

5 I tell you, No; but, unless you reform, you will all in like manner be

destroyed."

6 And he spoke This PARABLE; ‡"A certain man had a Fig-tree planted in his VINEYARD; and he came seeking Fruit on it, but found none.

7 And he said to the VINE-DRESSER, 'Behold, I have come Three Years seeking Fruit on this Fig-TREE, and find none: cut it down, why should it render the GROUND unproductive?'

8 And HE answering, said to him, 'Sir, leave it This YEAR also, till I dig about it, and manure it;

9 and * perhaps it may bear Fruit; but if not, at a FUTURE time thou mayest cut it down."

10 And he was teaching

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. he answering. if not, thou mayest.

^{9.} AFTER THAT it may bear Fruit; but

[†] i. Josephus says, that Archelaus sent his soldiers into the temple, "who suddenly falling upon them, as they were sacrificing, sew about three thousand of them." And Antipater, when he accused Archelaus for this among other crimes before the Emperor Augustus, is reported by Josephus as saying that he had "cruelly cut the throats of those who came up to the feast, and were at their own sacrifices." † 4. A tower near the pool Siloam, which supplied the city with water, and being situated in the midst of Jerusalem, at the foot of Mount Zion, was a place of great resort—See John ix. 7; Neh. iii. 55.

γωγων εν τοις σαββασι. 11 Και ιδου, γυνη ην gogues in the sabbaths. And lo, a woman was πνευμα εχουσα ασθενειας ετη δεκα και οκτω. aspirit having of infirmity years ten and eight; και ην συγκυπτουσα, και μη δυναμενη ανακυψαι and was being bent double, and not being able to raise up εις το παντελες. 12 Ιδων δε αυτην δ Ιηπους, Seeing and ner the Jesus, προσεφωνησε, και ειπεν αυτη· Γυναι, απολε-be called to, and said to her; O woman, thon bast λυσαι της ασθενειας σου. ¹³ Και επεθηκεν been loosed of the infirmity of thee. And he placed αυτη τας χειρας και παραχρημα ανωρθωθη, hauds; and immediately she stood erect, to her the nature, the control of t συναγωγος, αγανακτων, ότι τω σαββατω εθεραbeing angry, because in the sabhath gogue-ruler, πευσεν δ Ιησους, ελεγε τω οχλω Έξ ήμεραι the Jesus, he said to the crowd; Six days

εισιν, εν αίς δει εργαζεσθαι εν ταυταις ουν αες, in which it is proper to work; in these therefore ερχομενοι θεραπευεσθε, και μη τη ήμερα του coming be you healed, and not in the day of the σαββατου.

15 Απεκριθη ουν αυτω ὁ κυριος, και subbath.

Απεκρεθ η ουν αυτω ὁ κυριος, και subbath.

ειπεν· Ύποκριτα, έκαστος ύμων τω σαββατως said; Ο hypocrites, each one of you in the sabbath ou λυει τον βουν αύτου η τον ουον απο της not loose the ox or himself or the ass from the φαινης, και απαγαγων ποτιζει; 16 Ταυτην δε, stall, and having ted he drinks? This end, θυγατερα Αβραμ ουσαν ήν εδησεν ό σατανας adaughter oldbraham being, whom bound the edversary thou δεκα και οκτω ετη, ουκ εδει λυθηναι απο to ten and eight years, not ought to beloosed from τον δεομου τουτου τη ήμερα του σαββατου; the bond this in the day of the sabbath? 17 Κοι ταυτα λεγοντος αυτου, κατησχυνοντο Auu these things saying of him, were ashamed

18 Ελεγε δε. Τινι δμοια εισιν ή βασιλεια του He said and; To what like is the kingdom of the θ εου , και τινι δμοιωσω αυτην ; 19 Όμοια εστι God, and towhatsball compare her; Like it is κυκκώ σιναπεως, δυ λαβων ανθρωπος εβαλεν of mustard, which having taken a man he cast εις κηπον έαυτου και ηυξησε, και εγενετο εις into a garden of himsell; and it grew, and became into δενδρον *[μεγα,] και τα πετεινα του ουρανου a tree [great,] and the birds of the heaven

in one of the SYNAGOGUES on the SABBATH.

11 And behold, there was a Woman who had a Spirit of Infirmity for eighteen Years, and was bent down, and was not able to raise herself up at all.

12 And Jest's seeing her, called to her and said. "Woman, thou art released from thine INFIRMITY."

13 ‡ And he placed his HANDS on her; and immediately she stood erect, and praised GoD.

14 And the SYNAGOGUE-RULER, being angry, Because JESUS had healed on the SABBATH, answering, said to the CROWD, 1" There are Six Days in whish you ought to labor, in these, therefore, come and be cured, ‡ and not on the SABBATH."

15 * But the LORD answered him, and said, "Hypocrites! ‡ does not every one of you, on the sabbath, loose his ox or his ass from the stall, and lead him to DRINK!

16 And was it not proper, that this woman, their a Daughter of Abraham, whom the Advirsable has bound, behold, Eighteen Years, to be released from this bond on the Sabbath?

17 And on his saying this, All L's opposers were ashamed; and All the CROWD rejoiced at All THOSE GLORIOUS WORKS which were PERFORMED by him.

18 And he said, #"What is the KINGDOM of GOD like? and to what sl 11 I

compare it?

19 It is like a Grain of Mustard, which a Man took, and planted in his Garden; and it grew, and became a Tree; and the BIEDS of the HEAVEN

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—15. But the Lord answered him, and said. 19. great—omit. 13. Mark xvi. 18; Acts ix. 17. 14. Exod. xx. 9. 14. Matt. xii. 10; Mark it. 2; Luke vv. 7; xv. 3. 15. Luke xv. 5. 16. Luke xv. 9. 18. Matt. xii. 31, Mark iv. 30.

Chap. 13. 20.] LUKE. 20 Kai κατεσκηνωσεν ευ τοις κλαδοις αυτου. in the branches of it. And παλιν ειπε· Τινι δμοιωσω την βασιλειαν του again be said: Το what shall I compare the kingdom of the θ εου; 21 Ομοια εστι ζυμη, ήν λαβουσα γυνη Like it is to leaven, which having taken a woman ενεκρυψεν εις αλευρου σατα τρια, έως ού εζυtill mixed into of meal measures three, 22 Και διεπορευετο κατα πολεις μωθη όλον. leavened whole. he passed throughout cities And και κωμας, διδασκων, και πορειαν ποιουμενος and towns, teaching, and went on making 23 Ειπε δε τις αυτώ. Κυριε, εις Ίερουσαλημ. Said and one to him: Olord, erusalem. ει ολιγοι οἱ σωζομενοι; 'Ο δε ειπε προς αυτους. He and said to are few those being saved : ²⁴ Αγωνιζεσθε εισελθειν δια της στενης θυρας· Agohize you to enter through the strait door: ότι πολλοι, λεγω ύμιν, ζητησουσιν εισελθειν, for many, I say to you, will seek to enter, και ουκ ισχυσουσιν. 25 Αφ' ού αν εγερθη ό From when may be raised the will be able. οικοδεσποτης, και αποκλειση την θυραν, και householder, and may have shut the door, and aρξησθε εζω έσταναι, και κρουειν την θυραν,you may begin without to stand, and to knock the λεγοντες· Κυριε, *[κυριε,] ανοιξον ήμιν· και [Olord,] open thou to us: and αποκριθεις ερει υμιν. Ουκ οιδα υμας, ποθεν answering he will say to you: Not I know you, whence εστε. 26 Τοτε αρξεσθε λεγειν Εφαγομεν ενω-Then you will begin to say: We ate πιον σου και εν ταις πλατειαις ήμων εδιδαξας.

sence of thee and in the wide places of us thou hast taught.

27 Και ερει· Λεγω ύμιν, ουκ οιδα *[ύμας,]
 And he will say: I say to vid, not I know [you,]

ποθεν εστε· αποστητε απ' εμου παντες οί whence you are: depart you from me all the eργαπαι της αδικιας. ²⁸ Εκει εσται δ κλαυθμος workers of the wrong. There will be the weeping και δ βρυγμος των οδοντων, δταν οψησθε Αβρααμ

and the guashing of the teeth, when you may see Ahraam
ται Ισαακ και ευκωβ και παντας τους προφητας
and Isaac and Jacob and all the prophets

εν τη βασιλεία του θεου, ύμας δε εκβαλομενους in the kingdom of the God, you and being cast εξω. 29 Και ήξουσιν απο ανατολων και δυσιων.

εξω. ²⁹ Και ήξουσιν απο ανατολων και δυσμων, outside. And they willcome from east and west,

και απο Βορβα και Νοτου· και ανακλιθησονται and from North and South: and mill recline εν τη βασιλεία του θερυ. 30 Και ίδου, εισιν

in the kingdom of the God. And le,

built their nests in its

20 And again he said, "To what shall 1 compare the KINGDOM of GOD?

21 It resembles Leaven, which a Woman taking, mingled in three + Measures of Meal, till the whole fermented."

22 ‡ And he passed through Cities and Villages, teaching, and traveling towards Jerusalem.

23 And some one said to him, "Master, are those few who are BEING saved?" And HE said to them,

24 ‡ "Earnestly endeavor to enter through the NARROW Door; For many, I tell you, will seek to enter in, and will not be able.

25 When the HOUSE-HOLDER shall rise and close the Door, and you shall begin to stand without, and to knock at the DOOR, sayilg, ‡ 'Master, open to us;' and he shall answer and say to you, 'Y do not recognize you; whence are you?'

26 you will then begin to say, 'We have eaten and drank in thy presence, and thou hast taught in our

OPEN SQUARES.

27 ‡ But he will say *to you, 'I do not know from whence you are. Depart from me, all you workers of Wickedness.'

28 There will be the WEEFING and the GNASH-ING of TEETH, 1 when you shall see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and All the PROPHETS in the KINGDOM of GOD, and gou cast out.

29 And they will come from the East and West, and from the North and South, and will recline in the Kingdom of God.

27. speaking to you. I know not

30 ‡ And behold, they

they are

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. Lord -- omit. 27. you -- omit.

 ^{21.} See Note on Matt. xiii. 33.

^{; 22.} Matt. ix. 35; Mark vi 6. ; 27. Matt. vii. 23; xxv. 41. Maik x. 31.

^{1 24.} Matt. vii. 13.

εσχατοι, οί εσονται πρωτοι και εισι πρωτοι, οί and they are first, who who shall he firsts 31 Εν αυτη τη ήμερα προσηλεπονται εσχατοι. will be In this the day last. approached θον τινές Φαρισαιοι, λεγοντές αυτώ Εξελθέ, saying to him; Come out, ότι Ἡρωδης θελει σε certain of Pharisees, Come out, και πορευου εντευθεν. wishes thee gothou hence; for llerod 32 Και ειπεν αυτοις. Πορευθεντες απυκτειναι. to kill. And be said to them; Having gone ειπατε τη αλωπεκι ταυτη. Ιδου, εκβαλλω δαιsay you to the fox this; Lo, I cast out μονια και ιαπεις επιτελω σημερον και αυριον, and cures perform to-day and to-morrow, 33 Πλην δει με But it behoves me και τη τριτη τελειουμαι. σημερον και αυριον και τη ερχομενη πορευεσθαι. to-day and to-morrow and in the coming ότι ουκ ενδεχεται προφητην απολεσθαι εξω it is possible for not a prophet to perish out 'Ιερουσαλημ. 34 'Ιερουσαλημ, Ίερουσαλημ, ή Jerusalem, Jerusalem, the of Jerusalem. αποκτεινούσα τους προφητάς, και λιθολούσα and the prophets, stoning τους απεσταλμενους προς αυτην, ποσακις η θ εber, having been sent how often to επισυναξαι τα τεκνα σου, δν τροπον to gather the children of thee, what manner οργις την έαυτης νοσσιαν ύπο τας πτερυγας; under the a bird the cfherseif brood wings? 35 Ιδου, αφιεται ύμιν δ και ουκ ηθελησατε. Lo, toyouthe and not you were willing. is left οικος ύμων. Λεγω δε ύμιν, ότι ου μη με ιδητε, nouse of you. I say and to you, that not not me you may see, εως *[αν ηξη ότε] ειπητε· Ευλογημενος ό iil [may come when] you may say; Having been blessed be ερχομένος εν ονοματι κυριου.

coming in name of Lord.

ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

 1 Και εγενετο εν τω ελθειν αυτον εις οικον And it happened in the to come him into a house τινος των αρχοντων των Φαρισαιων σαββατφ of the Pharisees ofore of the rulers in a sabhath φαγειν αρτον, και αυτοι ησαν παρατηρουμενοι bread, and to eat they were watching ² Και ιδου, ανθρωπος τις ην ύδρωπικος αυτον. a man certain was And lo, dropsical 3 Και αποκριθεις δ Ιησους εμπροσθεν αυτου. answering of him. And the Jesus in presence ειπε προς τους νομικους και Φαρισαιους, λεγων to Pharisees, lawyers and saying; σαββατφ θεραπευειν; Ει εξεστι τω Οί δε If it is lawful in the sabbath to cure? They but

are last who will be first, and they are first who will be last.

31 On That DAY, certain Pharisees approached, saying, "Go, depart hence; For Herod intends to kill

Thee."

32 And he said to them, "Go, and tell that + rox, Behold, I expel Demons, and perform Cures To-day and To-morrow, and on the THIED * Day I shall have finished.

33 But I must go on Today, and To-morrow, and the day FOLLOWING; For it is not possible for a Prephet to perish t out of

Jerusalem.

34 1 O Jerusalem, Jerusalem I DESTROYING the PROPHETS, and stoning THOSE SENT to thee I how often have I desired to assemble thy CHILDREN, as a Bird collects HER Young under her WINGS, but you would not!

35 Behold, your павттаттом is left to you; and I tell you, That you shall not see me, till you shall say, ‡ 'Blessed be нЕ who сомез in the Name of Je-

hovah."

CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred, on a Sabbath, as he went to eat Bread into the House of one of the RULING PHARISFES, that they were watching him.

2 And behold, there was a certain dropsical Person in his presence.

in his presence.

3 And Jesus answering, spoke to the LAWYERS and Pharisees, saying, ‡"Is it lawful to cure u the Sabbath * Day, or not?

4 But THEY were silent.

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—32. Day. not? But.

^{35.} may come, when-omit.

^{3.} Day, or

^{† 32.} It is not certain that Jesus meant Herod here; he might have only intended to call that man so, from whom the advice of departing came, (whether from the speaker himself, or from the person who sent him;) for it is probable that the advice was given craftly, and with a design to frighten Jesus, and make him go from that place.—Pearce. * 33. Because he was only to be judged by the great Sanhedrim, and they were only to pass judgment on him in that place.—Lightfoot.

^{1 34.} Matt. xxiii. 37. \$ 35. Psq. cxviii. 26.

Και επιλαβομενος ιασατο συτον, ήσυχασαν. having taken hold he cured him, were silent. And 5 Και αποκριθεις προς αυτους και απελυσε. And answering to them dismissed. eiπe. Tivos ύμων ovos η βous eis said; Ofany one of you an ass or an ox into φρεαρ εμπεa pit σειται, και ουκ ευθεως ανασπασει αυτον εν τη and not immediately will draw out him in the ήμερα του σαββατου; 6 Και ουκ ισχυσαν αντα-And not they were able ofthe sabbath? π κριθηναι *[αυτω] προς ταυτα.

reply [to him] το blood sample.

TEλεγε δε προς τους κεκλημενους παραβολην,

There having been invited a parable, [to him] to these things. He spoke and to those having been invited a parable, επεχων πως τας πρωτοκλισιας εξελεγοντο, how the first reclining places they were choosing out, λεγων προς αυτους· 8'Οταν κληθης υπο When thon mayest be invited by them; aaying to τινος εις γαμους, μη κατακλιθης εις την πρωany one to marriage-feasts, not thou mayest recline in the τοκλισιαν· μηποτε εντιμοτερος σου η κεκληlest a more honorable of thee may be having ύπ' αυτου. 9 και ελθων ό σε και αυτον been invited by him; and coming he thee and καλεσας, ερει σοι Δος τουτφ τοπον. και baving invited, challeay to thee: Give thou to this a place; and αρξη μετ' αισχυνης τον εσχατον TOTE then thou shouldst begin with the farthest שמומוכ rav 10 Aλλ° τοπον κατεχειν. κληθης, But when thou mayest he invited. to occupy; πορευθεις αναπεσαι εις τον εσχατον τοπων, ίνα baving gone recline thou in the farthest place, όταν ελθη δ κεκληκως σε, ειπη σοι Φιλε, when may come he having invited thee, may say to thee; Ofriend, Τοτε εσται σοι δοξα προσαναβηθι ανωτερον. Then will be to thee glory a higher place. go thou up to 11 'Οτι πας ενωπιον των συνανακειμενων σοι. with thee. For every one in presence of those reclining δ ύψων ξαυτον, ταπεινωθησεται και δ ταπειchall be humbled; and the the exalting himself, 12 Ελεγε δε και τω νων έαυτον ύψωθησεται. bling himself shall be exalted. He said and also to the «εκληκοτι αυτον· 'Οταν ποιης αριστον η (one) having invited him: When thou mayest make a dinner or δειπνον, μη φωνει τους φιλους σου, μηδε τους friends of thee, a supper, not call the hor the αδελφους σου, μηδε τους συγγενεις σου, μηδε relations of thee. the nor ofthee, nor γειτονας πλουσιους. μηποτε Kai αυτοι $\sigma \epsilon$ lest thee neighbors

And taking hold of him, he cured, and dismissed him.

5 And * he said to them, to 'If a Son or an Ox of any of you shall fall into a Pit, will he not immediately draw him out on the SAB-BATH DAY?"

6 And they could not

reply to this.

7 And he spoke a Parable to THOSE who had been INVITED, observing how they were choosing out the CHIEF PLACES; saying to them.

them,
8 "When thou art invited by any one to a Marriage-feast, do not recline in the † CHIEFPLACE; lest one more honorable than thou may have been invited

by him;

'9 and HE who INVITED Thee and Him, should come and say to thee, 'Give this man a Place;' and then with shame thou shouldst begin to occupy the LOW-EST Place.

10 ‡ But when thou art invited, go and recline in the Lowest Place; that when HE who INVITED thee comes, he may say to thee, 'Friend, go up to a higher place;' then thou wilt have honor in the presence of *All THOSE RECLINING with thee.

11 ‡ For every one who exalts himself will be humbled, and he who humbles himself will be exalted."

12 And he said also to him who had invited him, "When thou makest a Dinner or a Supper, call not thy friends, nor thy brothers, nor thy relatives, "nor rich neighbors; lest they also should

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—5. he said to them, If a Son or an Oz.
 10. All THOSE.
 12. not rich.

^{6.} him-omit.

^{† 8.} Rather, to lie down first: to place themselves first on the couches, whereon the Jews were used to lay at their meals. Each couch held three, who sat or rather laid themselves down upon it; and it was esteemed the greatest mark of respect to any man, when the master of the house desired him to place himself first on the couch, in what part of it he pleased. Josephus telling us how craftily Herod treated Tyrcanus, says, that he deceived him by "calling nim father, and making him take his place first at feasts."—Pearce.

^{† 5.} Exod. xxiii. 5: Deut xxii. 4 Luke xiii. 15 † 10. Prov. xxv. 6, 7. † 11. Joh xxii 20: Psa. xviii 27; Prov. xxix. 23; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xviii. 14; James iv. 6; 1 Pet.

αντικαλεσωσι, και γενηται σοι ανταποδομα. should invite sgain, and be made to thee a recompense.

13 Αλλ' όταν ·ποιης δοχην, καλει πτωχους, when thou mayest make aleast, invite αναπηρους, χωλους, τυφλους. 14 και μακαριος maimed ones, lame ones, blind ones: and blessed ότι ουκ εχουσιν ανταποδουναι σοι. thou wilt be, because not they have to recompense to thee: ανταποδοθησεται γαρ σοι εν τη αναστασει των it will be recompensed for to thee in the resurrection 15 Ακουσας δε τις των συνανακειμενων δικαιων. Hearing and one of those reclining just.

ταυτα, ειπεν αυτφ. Μακαριος, δς φαγεται αρτον said to him: who shall eat Blessed, 16 'Ο δε ειπεν αυτφ· εν τη βασιλεια του θεου. in the kingdom of the God. He and said to him: Ανθρωπος τις εποιησε δειπνον μεγα, και εκαλεσε

a supper great, and invited A man certain made 17 Και απεστειλε τον δουλον αύτου $\pi o \lambda \lambda o \nu s$. of himself many. he sent the slave τη ώρα του δειπνου ειπειν τοις κεκλημενοις. in the hour of the aupper to say to those having been invited 18 Ka1 Ερχεσθε, δτι ηδη έτοιμα εστι *[παντα.]for now ready 18 [all.] ηρξαντο απο μιας παραιτεισθαι παντες. '0

one to excuse themselves they began from all The πρωτος ειπεν αυτώ. Αγρον ηγορασα, και εχω to himi A field I bought, and I have αναγκην εξελθειν και ιδειν αυτον ερωτω σε, and him: I beseech thee, to go out to see 19 Και έτερος ειπε. Ζευγη εχε με παρητημενον. have me having been excused. And another said: Yokes

βοων ηγορασα πεντε, και πορευομαι δοκιμασαι of oxen I bought five, and I go

20 Kat αυτα· ερωτω σε, εχε με παρητημενον. them: I beseech thee, have me having been excused. And έτερος ειπε· Γυναικα εγημα, και δια τουτο ου another said. A wife I married, and because of this not

δυναμαι ελθειν. 21 Και παραγενομενος δ δουλος to come. And having come the slave εκείνος απηγγείλε τω κυρίω αύτου ταυτα. $To \tau \epsilon$

to the lord of himself these. reported οργισθεις δ οικοδεσποτης ειπε τφ δουλφ αύτου. being angry the householder said to the slave of himself:

Έξελθε ταχεως εις τας πλατειας και δυμας της quickly into the wide places and streets of the

 $\pi \circ \lambda \in \omega s$, kai $\tau \circ \upsilon s$ $\pi \tau \omega \chi \circ \upsilon s$ kai $\alpha \nu \alpha \pi \eta \rho \circ \upsilon s$ kai and the poor ones and maimed ones and ²²Και ειπεν χωλους και τυφλους εισαγαγε ώδε.

lame ones and blind ones bring in hither. And said invite Thee again, and a Recompense be made thee.

13 But when thou makest a Feast, invite the Poor, the Crippled the Lame, the Blind;

14 and thou wilt be hap: py; Because they have no means to repay thee, therefore thou shalt be repaid at the RESURRECTION of the RIGHTEOUS."

15 And one of THOSE with RECLINING him, hearing this, said to him, t "Happy he who shall eat t Bread in the KINGDOM of God."

16 ‡ And HE said to him, "A certain Man made a great SUPPER, and invited

many.

17 And the sent his SERANT, at the HOUR of the SUPPER, to say to THOSE who had been IN-VITED, 'Come, for it is now ready.'

18 And they all began, with one accord, to excuse themselves. The FIRST said to him, 'I have bought a Field, and I must go out and see it; I beseech thee to have Me excused '

19 And another said, 'I have bought five Yoke of Oxen, and I am going to try them; I entreat thee to have Me excused.'

20 And another said. 'I have married a Wife, and, therefore, I cannot come.

21 And that SERVANT having returned, related all to his MASTER. Then the HOUSEHOLDER, being angry, said to his SERVANT, Go out quickly into the OPEN SQUARES and Streets of the CITY, and bring in hither tthe POOR, and Crippled, and * Blind, and Lame.

22 And the SERVANT

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. All-omit. 21. Blind and Lame.

^{† 15.} Instead of arton, bread, some one hundred MSS., with some Versions and Fathers, read ariston, a dinner. This is probably the best reading, as they were now at dinner.—Clarke, † 21. Faint traces remain of indiscriminate invitations to Oriental entertainments at this day. See Matt. xxii. 9: Prov. 1x. 23. Dr. Pococke speaks of the admission of the poor to the tables of the great. "The Arabs never set by any thing that is brought to table, but call in their neignbors and the poor, and finish every thing." An Arab prince will often dine is the street before his door, and call to all that pass, even beggars, who come and sit down.

Kurie, Yeyovev &s emetaxas, kai olord, it is done as thou didst order, and $\sigma\tau$ i. 23 Kai ϵ i π e ν δ kuries π ros τ o ν δ δουλος. the slave. ETUTOTOS ECTI. said the lord still room And to is. δουλον. Έξελθε εις τας ύδους και φραγμους, και ways and hedges, Go out into the αναγκασον εισελθειν, ίνα γεμισθη δ οικος μου. that may be filled the house of me. to enter, $^{24}\Lambda$ εγω γαρ 6 μιν, 6 τι ουδεις των ανδρων εκεινων leay for to you, that no one of the men των κεκλημενων γευσεται μου του δειπνου.
the having been invited shall taste of me the supper.

²⁵ Συνεπορευοντο δε αυτφ οχλοι πολλοι· και crowds Were going with and him great; • τραφεις ειπε προς αυτους: ²⁶ Ει τις ερχεται turning he said to them; If any one comes προς με, και ου μισει τον πατερα έαυτου, και to me, and not hates the father of himself, την μητορα, και την γυναικα, και τα τεκνα, και the mother, and the wife, and the children, and τους αδελφους, και τας αδελφας, ετι δε και την and the sisters, still more and even the brothers, έαυτου ψυχην, ου δυναται μου μαθητης ειναι. of himself life, not is able ofme a disciple to be. 27 Και δστις ου βασταζει τον σταυρον αύτου, bears the cross of himself, And whoever not και ερχεται οπισω μου, ου δυναται μου ειναι after me, not is able of me to be 23 Tis γαρ εξ ύμων, θελων πυργον Who for of you, wishing a tower comes μαθητης. a disciple. οικοδομησαι, ουχι πρωτον καθισας ψηφιζει την not first having sat down computes the δαπανην, ει εχει εις απαρτισμον, ²⁹ ίνα μηποτε if he has to finish : θ εντος αυτου θ εμελίον, και μη ισχυοντος εκτεbaying laid of him a foundation, and not being able to

λεσαι, παντες οί θεωρουντες αρξωνται εμπαιζειν should begin to deride all those heholding αυτφ, 30 λεγοντες. 'Οτι ούτος δ ανθρωπος ηρξατο That mau begau this the saying; 31 H οικοδομειν, και ονκ ισχυσεν εκτελεσαι. and not Or was able to finish. συμβαλειν τις βασιλευς πορευομενος έτερφ

king going to engage with another what βασιλει εις πολεμον, ουχι καθισας πρωτον battle, not having sat down first

said, 'Sir, *1 have done what thou didst command, and yet there is Room.

23 And the MASTER said to the SERVANT, 'Go to the ROADS and Hedges, and constrain people to come in, that *the House may be filled:

24 for I tell you, ‡ Thai. none of THOSE MEN who have been INVITED shall taste of My supper."

25 And great Crowds were going with him; and turning he said to them,

26 t"If any one comes to me, and † hates not his FATHER, and MOTHER, and wife, and children, and BROTHERS, and SISTERS, ‡and still more even * his own LIFE, he cannot be my DISCIPLE.

27 ** Whoever, therefore, does not bear his own cross, and come after me, he cannot be My Disciple.

28 For who of you wish. ing to build a Tower, does not first sit down and estimate the EXPENSE, to know whether he has the means to complete it?

29 lest having laid a Foundation, and not being able to finish, ALL who SEE it begin to deride him,

30 saving, 'This MAN began to build, but was not able to finish.

31 Or What King, going to encounter Another King in Battle, * will not first

Vatican Manuscrift—22. I have done what thou didst command.
 his own life.
 27. Whoever therefore does not hear his own cross. 23. the House 31. will 26. his own life. not first sit down and consult.

^{† 26.} This is one amongst many examples in the sacred writings of Oriental figurative language, where the expression is hyperbolical in order to render the truth meant to be conveyed in it more striking and impressive. Matthew, in chap, x. 37, expresses the literal meaning of this passage, when he says, "loves his father and mother more than me;" and in chap, vi. 24, uses the word hate with similar force. So when we read in Rom, ix.13, "Jacob have I loved, but Esau have I hated," the meaning is, I have loved Jacob more than Esau; and that this is no arbitrary interpretation of the word hate, but one agreeable to the Hebrew idiom, appears from what is said in Gen, xxix, 30, 31, where Leah's being hated is explained by Rachel's being bred more than Leah; see also Deut, xxi, 15—17. Something resembling what Jesus here teaches, is said by Philo (de Monarch, lib. ii, p. 230) concerning the duty of a high-priest; that he was to "estrange himself from all his relations, and not out of love to his parents, his children, or brethren, to omit any part of his duty, or act in any thing contrary to it."—Pearec.

^{† 26.} Deut. xiii. 6; xxxiii. 9; Matt. x. 374 2 27. Matt. xvi. 24; Mark viii. 34; Luke ix. 23; † 24. Matt. xxi. 43; xxii. 8; Acts xiii. 46. m. ix. 13. † 26. Rev. xii. 11. Rom. ix-13. 2 Tim. iii 12.

Βουλευεται, ει δυνατος εστιν εν δεκα χιλιασιν if able he is with ten thousand απαντησαι το μετα εικοσι χιλιαδων ερχομενφ coming to meet the (one) with twenty thousand $\epsilon \pi'$ αυτον; 32 Ει δε μηγε, ετι αυτου πορρω If but not, while of him far off against him? οντος, πρεσβειαν απυστειλας, ερωτα *[τα] προς he asks [the] being, an emhassy having sent, to 33 Cύτως ουν πας εξ ύμων, ός ουκ So then all of you, who not ειοηνην. peace. αποτασσεται πασι τοις έαυτου ύπαρχουσιν, ου for all the of himself possessions, δυναται μου ειναι μαθητης. 34 Καλον το άλας iaable of me to be a disciple. Good the εαν δε το άλας μωρανθη, εν τινι αρτυθησεται; if but the salt should be tasteless, by what shall it be salted? 25 Ουτε εις γη , ουτε εις κοπριαν ευθετον εστιν Neither for land, nor for manure fit 'Ο εχων ωτα ακουειν, εξω βαλλουσιν αυτο. it He having eara to hear. they cast ακουετω. et him hear.

KEΦ. ιε'. 15.

¹ Ησαν δε εγγιζοντες αύτω παντες οἱ τελω-Were and urawing near to him all the tax-gath-2 Kat ναι και οἱ άμαρτωλοι, ακουειν αυτου. erses and the sinners, to hear him. And διεγογγυζον οι Φαρισαιοι και οι γραμματεις, murmured the Pharisees and the scribes. λεγοντες. Ότ. ούτος άμαρτωλους προσδεχεται, saying: That this sinners receives, 3 Ei $\pi\epsilon$ $\delta\epsilon$ $\pi\rho\sigma$ autous και συνεσθιει αυτοις. He said and eats with them. to them 4 Τις ανθρωπος την παραβολην ταυτην, λεγων. What parable this, aaying: εξ ύμων εχων έκατον προβατα, και απολεσας of you having a hundred sheep, and having lost έν εξ αυτων, ου καταλειπει τα εννενηκονταεννεα one of them, not leaves behind the ninty-oine εν τη ερημώ, και πορευεται επι το απολωλος, ir the desert, and goes after that having been lost, έως εύρη αυτο, 5 Και εύρων, επιτιθησιν επι τους till he may and it? And having found, he lays on ωμους ξαυτου \sim αιοων· 6 και ελθων εις τον οικον shoulders of himself ; ejoicing : and coming into the συγκαλει τους φιλους και τους γειτυνας, λεγων he calls together the friends and the neighbors, saying αυτους. Συγχαρητε μοι, ότι εύρον το προβατον with me, for I found the to them Rejoice aheep 7 Λεγω ύμιν, ότι ούτω χαρα μου το απολω ιος. of me that having been lost. lasy to you, that thus

sit down, and consult whether he is able with Ten Thousand, to meet HIM who COMES against him with Twenty Thousand.

32 And if not, while the other is at a distance, he sends an Embassy, and

asks for Peace.

33 So, therefore, no one of you who does not forsake ALL his Possessions, can be My Disciple.

34 \$SALT is good; † but if *the salt should become insipid, how shall it recover

it: savor?

35 It is not fit for Land, nor for Manure; they throw it away. He who has Ears to hear, let him hear."

CHAPTER XV.

I TANG All the TRIBUTE-TAKERS and the SINNERS were drawing near to hear him.

2 And * both the PHA-RISTES and SCRIBES murmured, saying, "This man receives Sinners, ‡ and eats with them."

3 Then he spoke this PARABLE to them, saying,

4 ‡"What Man of you, having a Hundred Sheep, and losing one of them, does not leave the NINETT-NINE in the DESEXT, and go after THAT which is LOST, till he finds it?

5 And having found it. he lays it on his shoul-

DERS, rejoicing.

6 And coming to the HOUSE, he calls together his FRIENDS and NEIGHBORS, saying to them, 'Rejoice with me, For I have found THAT SHEEP of mine twhich was LOST.'
7 I say to you, That

34. also the SALT.

2. both the.

^{*} VATICAN MAT JSCRIPT .- 32. the omit.

^{† 34.} That this is possible in Palestine, is proved by what Mr. Maundrell savs, in describing the Valley of Sait. He remarks, "Along on one side of the valley, towards Gibui, there is a small precipice about two men's lengths, occasioned by the continual taking away of the sait; and in this "Amay see how the veins of it lie. (broke a piece of it, of which that part that was exposed to the rain, sun, and air, though it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it had the sparks and particles of sait yet it is not passed to the rock, retained its savor as I found by proof."

^{1 94.} Matt. v. 18 Mark ix. 50. 1 1. Matt ix. 10. 1 4. matt. xviii. 12 1 6. 1 Pet. ii. 10, 25.

εσται εν τφ ουρανφ επι ένι αμαρτωλφ μετανοwill be in the heaven over one sinner reformουντι, η επι εννενηκονταεννεα δικαιοις, διτινες ing, than over ninety-nine just ones, ⁸ Η τις γυνη, ου χρειαν εχουσι μετανοιας. have of reformation. Or what woman, δραχμας εχουσα δεκα, εαν απολεση δραχμην having ten, if she may lose drachmas drachma μιαν, ουχι άπτει λυχνον, και σαροι την οικιαν, lights a lamp, and eweeps the not house, και ζητει επιμελως, έως ότου εύρη; 9 Kai carefully, finds? aeeks till she And εύρουσα συγκαλειται τας φιλας και τας γειτοhaving found she calls together the friends and the neighνας, λεγουσα· Συγχαρητε μοι, ότι εύρον την bors, saying; Rejoice with me, for I found the 10 Ούτω, λεγω ύμιν, δραχμην, ήν απωλεσα. which I lost. Isay Thus, drachma, to you, χαρα γινεται ενωπιον των αγγελων του θ εου joy is produced in presence of the messengers of the God επι ένι άμαρτωλφ μετανοουντι. ainner reforming. 11 Ειπε δε· Ανθρωπος τις ειχε δυο vious. He said and; A man certain had two cone. 12 Και ειπεν δ νεωτερος αυτων τφ πατρι· Πατερ, And said the younger of them to the father: Ofather, δος μοι το επιβαλλον μερος της ουσιας. Kai of the property. give to me the falling to part And διειλεν αυτοις τον βιον. 13 Και μετ' ου πολλας And after not he divided to them the living. many ήμερας συναγαγων άπαντα δ νεωτερος vios, days having gathered together all the younger zon, χωραν μακραν. απεδημησεν και ELS **€K€**L went abroad into a country distant: and there διεσκορπισε την ουσιαν αύτου, ζων ασωτως.

ένι των πολιτων της χωρος εκεινης και επεμπικό οπος the citizens of the country that; and he ψεν αυτον εις τους αγρους αύτου βοσκειν χοιρους, sent him into the fields of himself to feed swine.

16 Και επεθυμει γεμισαι την κοιλιαν αύτου απο απα helonged to fill the helty of himself from των κερατιων, ών ησθιον οί χοιροι και ουδεις the pods, which were eating the swine; and no one εδιδου αυτω. 17 Εις ξαυτον δε ελθων, ειπε

the property of himself, living

all,

And having gone

that:

15 Και πορευθεις εκολληθη

came

and

a famine

he united

14 Δαπανησαντος δε αυτου παντα, εγενετο λιμος

ισχυρος κατα την χωραν εκεινην και αυτος

country

and ofhim

thus there will be more Joy in HEAVEN over One reforming Sinner, ‡ than for Ninety-nine Righteous persons who need no Reformation.

8 Or, what Woman, having ten † Drachmas, if she loses one of them, does not light a Lamp, and sweep the HOUSE, and search carefully, till she finds it?

9 And having found it,

9 And having found it, she calls together her friends and neighbors saying, 'Rejoice with me, For I have found the DRACHMA which I had lost.'

10 Thus, I say to you, there is Joy in the Presence of the ANGELS of GOD over One reforming Sinner."

11 And he said, "A certain Man had Two Sons.

12 And the Youngest of them said to his father, give me the PORTION of the ESTATE FALLING to me. And * hv divided ‡ his Living between them.

13 And not Many Days after, the Youngers Son having gathered all together, went abroad into a distant Country, and there wasted his PROPERTY in profligate living.

14 And having spent all, a great Famine occurred in that country; and he began to be in want.

15 Then he went and attached himself to one of the CITIZENS of that COUNTRY, and he sent him into his FIELDS † to feed Swine.

16 And he longed * to be fed with the CAROB PODS, which the SWINE were eating; but no one gave to him.

17 And coming to him-

himself

and coming, he said;

Having expended

ηρξατο ύστερεισθαι.

to him.

began

gave

throughout the

to he in want.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-12. HE divided. 16. to be fed with the.

^{† 8.} The Grecian Drachma was about the same value as the Roman Denarius, i. e. about 14 cents, or 7d. † 15. This prodigal is supposed to be a Jew; and (ifso) as the Jews were forbidden by their law to eat swine's flesh, the care of swine in that distant and heathen country must have been an employment as inconsistent with his religion as he could possibly have liad. This circumstance therefore serves to show us to what a very low condition he was reduced.—Peurys.

^{17.} Luke v. 32. : 12. Mark x11. 44.

10σοι μαθέρι του πατρος μου περισσευουτίν How many hiredservants of the father of the base an abundance 18 Ανασαρτων; εγω δε ώδε λιμφ απολλυμαι. and here with hunger am perishing. Having τας πορευσομαι προς τον πατερα, μου, και ερω I will go to the father of me, and willsay ήμαρτον εις τον ουρανον και αυτω. Πατερ, I sinned against the heaven and ενωπιον σου· 10 ουκετι ειμι αξιος κληθηναι vios in presence of thee; no longer I am fit to be called # 80n σου· ποιησον με ώς ένα των μισθιων σου. ²⁰ Και of thee; make me as one of the hired servanta of thee. αναστας ηλθε προς τον πατερα έαυτου. Eτι having arisen he went to the father of himself. While δε αυτου μακραν απεχοντος, ειδεν αυτον δ παbeing, but of him at a distance BAW him the faτιρ αυτου, και εσπλαγχνισθη και δραμων of him, and was moved with pity; and running επεπεσεν επι τον τραχηλον αυτου, και κατεφιneck ofhim. end on the repeatedly 21 Ειπε δε αυτφ δ vios. Πατερ, λησεν αυτον. Said and to him the son; kissed him. O father, ημαρτον εις τον ουςανον και ενωπιον σου· και I sinned against the heaven and in presence of thee; and ουκετι ειμι αξιος κληθηναι υίος σου. 22 Ειπε δε δ Said but the ao longer I am fit to be called a son of thee. πατηρ προς τους δουλους αύτου. Εξενεγκατε the alaves of himself; Bring von out to την στολην την πρωτην, και ενδυσατε αυτον, the and clothe you robe chief, και δοτε δακτυλιον εις την χειρα αυτου, και and give you a finger-ring into the hand of him, and 23 Και ενεγκαντ ες ύποδηματα εις τους ποδας. And having brought for the feet. τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον θυσατε και φαγοντες the calf the fatted do you sacrifice; and eating ευφρανθωμεν· 24 ότι ούτος δυίος μου νεκρος ην, we may be joyful: for this the son of me dead και *[αν]εζησε· και απολωλως ην, και εύρεθη. [again] is alive: and having been lost he was, and is found, and Και ηρξαντο ευφραινεσθαι. 25 Ην δε δ vios they bagan to be merry. Was and the con αυτου δ πρεσβυτερος εν αγρώ· και ώς ερχομενος elder in afield: and as he was coming of him the γγισε τη οικια, ηκουσε συμφωνιας κα: χορων. near to the bouse, he heard a sound of music and ²⁶ Και προσκαλεσαμενος ένα των παιδων, επυν-And having called to one of the servants, he in-27 ' Ο δε ειπεν θ aveto τ i ϵ i η τ av τ a; αυτω. what may be these things? He and bise Ότι δ αδελφος σου ήκει και εθυσεν δ πατηρ That the brother of thee is come: and has sacrificed the father σου τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. ότι ύγιαινοντα of thee the cali the fatted, because 23 Ωργισθη δε, και ουκ εθεαυτον απελαβεν. he received. He was angry and, and not was dis-

self, ac said, 'frow many of my FATHER's Hired servants have an abundance of Bread, and I am perishing here with Hunger!

18 I will arise and go to my father, and will say to him, Pather, I have sin ned against HEAVEN, and

before thee.

19 I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED

SEBVANTS.

20 And he arose, and went to his FATHER. But while he was yet at some distance, his FATHER saw him, and was moved with pity; and running, he fell on his neck, and repeatedly kissed him.

21 And the son said to him, 'Father, I have sinned against Heaven, and before *thee. I am nolonger worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy HIRED SERVANTS.'

22 But the father said to his servants, 'Bring *out quickly that chief robe, and clothe him; and attach a Ring to his hard, and Sandals to his feet;

23 and bring the FATTEL CALF, and kill it; and let us eat, and be joyful:

24 For This my SON was dead, but is restored to life; he was even lost, but is found. And they began to be joyful.

25 Now his older son

25 Now his older son was in the Field, and as he was coming and approached the nouse, he heard Music and † Dancing.

26 And summoning one of the SERVANTS, he asked him the reason of this.

27 And HE said to him, 'Thy BROTHER is come; and thy FATHER has killed the FATTED CALF, Because he has received him in health.'

28 And he was enraged,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT—21. thee. I am no longer worthy to be called thy Son; make me as one of thy hired servants. But. 22. outquickly. 24. again—omet.

^{† 25.} Choron, probably ought to be rendered a choir of singers. Le Clere denies that the word means dancing at all. Symphonia, translated music, may mean the musical instruments, which accompanied the choir of singers.

λεν εισελθείν. Ό ουν πατηο αυτου εξελθων posed to enter. The therefore tather of him going out παρεκαλει αυτον. 29 °Ο δε αποκριθεις ειπε τω He and answering said to the him. πατρι· Ιδου, τοσαυτε ετη δουλευω σει, και father: Lo, so many years do I slave for thee, and ουδεποτε εντολην σου παρηλθον· και εμοι ουδεnever a command of thee I passed by: and to me never ποτε εδωκας εριφον, ίνα μετα των φιλων μου thou gavest a kid, that with the friends of me $\epsilon \nu \phi \rho \alpha \nu \theta \omega$. 30 °O $\tau \epsilon \delta \epsilon \delta \nu$ ios $\sigma \sigma \nu \sigma \nu \delta \delta \delta \delta \omega$ I might be joyful. When and the son of thee this, the having φαγων σου τον βιον μετα πορνων, ηλθεν, σας αυτώ τον μοσχον τον σιτευτον. eacrificed for him the calf the fatted. ειπεν αυτφ' Τεκωνου, συ παυτοτε μετ' εμου εί, said to him: Jehid thou always with me art, και παντα τα εαω σα εστιν. 32 Ευφρανθηναι δε al the nine nine To be joyful και χαρηνα. εδε. ότ. δ αδελφος σου ούτος and to be glad was proper (o. the brother of thee this νεκρος ην, κω και με συστεκος και απολωλως ην, dead was and again is alive: and having been lost was, dead was end και εύρεθη. and is found.

КЕФ. .s'. 16.

1 Ελέγε δε εω προς τους ασθητάς αύτου. 19 Hr said and elso to disc tes of nimself: Ενθρωπιις τις ην πλουσιος, ός ειχεν οικονυμον. who had A man certain was rich, a steward; και ούτος διεβληθη, συτφ ώς διασκορπιζων τα Was accused to him as wasting the ύπαρχουτα αυτου. ' Και φωνησας αυτον, ειπεν And having called him, POSSESSIONE o' him. αυτώ Τι τουτο ακούω περι ου; αποδος τον 1 him; What this I hear concernning thee? render λογού της εικονομίας σου συ γαρ δυνηση ετι account of the stewardship of thee not to should be able tonger ³ Ειπε δε εν έαυτφ δοικονομος. Τι otkovoliety. Said and in himself the steward. Whas to be steward. ποιησω, ότι δ κυριος μου αφαιρειται την οικονοfor the lord of me takes the cteward_ LICE STE CHOT. Σκαπτειν ουκ ισχυω, επαιτειν To dig not I have strength. to beg mes * Εγνων τι ποιησω, ίνα, δταν aloxuvoua. Iknow what I will do. I am asnamed. that, when μετασπαθα της οικονομίας, δεξωνται με εις I may be pur out of the stewardship, they may receive me into 5 Και προσκαλεσαμενος τους νωτους αύτων, MOVser of themselves. having summoned 190 And χρεωφειλετων του κυριου EVA EMMOTOV TWV ofthe dehtors lord έαντους ελεγε τω πρωτω. Ποσον οφειλεις τω officered be said to the Gest, How much owest thou to the

and refused to enter. *And nis father going out, entreated him.

29 And HE answering, said to his father, 'Behold, so many years have I slaved for thee, and never disobeyed thy command; and yet thou never gavest Me a Kid, that I might be joyful with my friends;

30 but when this son of thine came, who has consumed Thy Living with prostitutes, thou hast killed for him the *FATTED Calf.'

31 And HE said to him, 'Child, thou art always with me, and ALI that is MINE is thine.

32 It was proper to be joyful and be glad for this BROTHER of hine was dead, but is restored to life; he was even tost, but

CHAPTER XVI.

is found."

I And he said also to *the Disciples, "There was a certain rich Man, who had a Steward, and he was accused to him of wasting his POSSESSIONS.

9 And having called him, he said to him, 'What 19 this that I hear of thee? render an ACCOUNT of thy STEWARDSHIP; for thou canst be a Steward no longer.'

3 And the STEWARD said within himself, What shall I do? For my MASTER takes the STEWARDSHIP away from me; I have not strengh to dig: * and I am ashamed to beg.

4 I know what I will do, that when I am deprived of the STEWARDSHIP, they may receive me into their own Houses.

5 And calling each one of his MASTER'S DEBTORS, he said to the FIRST, How much dost thou owe my MASTER?'

κυριω μου: 6'Ο δε ειπεν. Έκατον βατους ελαιου. ofme? Heand said; Ahundred baths Και ειπεν αυτφ. Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και he said to him; And Receive of thee the bill, 7 Επειτα καθισας ταχεως γραψον πεντηκοντα, sitting down quickly write thou fifty. Then έτερω ειπε Συδε ποσον οφειλεις; Ο δε ειπεν· to another hessid, I nou and how much owest thou? He and said; to another hessid, Thou and how much owest thou? * [Kai] Έκατον κοιους σιτου. λεγει αυτώ. [And] to him; A hundred cors of wheat. he says Δεξαι σου το γραμμα, και γραψον ογδυηκοντα. Receive of thee the bill, and write eighty. 8 Και επηνεσεν ό κυριος τον οικονομον της praised - the Iord the αδικιας, ότι φρονιμως εποιησεν ότι οί υίοι του

unjust, because prudently he had done: for the sons of the alwood τουτοι φρονιμωτεροι ύπερ τους υίους του age this more prudent above the sons of the φωτος εις την γενεαν την έαυτων εισι. ⁹ Καγω light for the generation that of themselves are. And I υμιν λεγω Ποιησατε έαυτοις φιλους εκ του te you say; Make you to yourselves friends out of the

μαμωνα της αδικιας ένα, όταν εκλιπητε, δεξων-

If Et our ev to adiko mamon faithful not if therefore in the unrighteous mammon faithful not exenesses, to adhlivor tis univarioteust; 12 kai you have been, the true who to you will entrust? and et ev to addotping prisoned our exenesses, to in the another faithful not you have been, the

υμετερον τις υμιν δωσει;
yours who to you will give?

13 Ουδεις ηιμετης δυναται δυσι κυριοις δουλευ-No one domestic is able two lords to serve: ν° η γαρ τον ένα μισησει, κα τον έτερον

ειν η γαρ τον ένα μισησει, κα τον έτερον either for the one he will hate, and the other αγαπησει η ένος ανθεξεται, και τυ έτερου he will love: or one he will cling to, and the other

καταφρονησει. Ου δυνασθε θεφ δουλευειν και he will alight. Not you are able God to serve add

9. it fails.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-6. HE said.

7. Thy LETTERS, and.

6. Thy letters, and. 7. And—omit.

6 And HE said, †'A Hundred Baths of Oil.' And *HE said to him, 'Take back *Thy ACCOUNT, and sit down quickly, and write one for fifty.'

7 Then he said to another, 'And how much dost thou owe?' And HE said, t'A Hundred Cors of Wheat.' He says to him, 'Take back * Thy Account, and write one for eighty.'

8 And the MASTER applauded the UNJUST STEW-ARD, Because he had acted prudently; For the sons of this AGE are more prudent as to THAT GENERATION which is their own, than ‡ the sons of LIGHT.

9 And I say to you, 1 Make for yourselves Friends with the DECEIT-FUL WEALTH, that, when *it fails, they may receive you into AIONIAN Mansions.

10 ‡He who is FAITH-FUL in a little, is also faithful in much; and ne who is UNJUST in a little, is also unjust in much.

11 If, therefore, you have not been faithful in the DELUSIVE Riches, who will confide the TRUE to you.

12 And if you have not been faithful in THAT which is ANOTHER'S, who will give you THAT which is *YOUR OWN?

13 ‡ No Domestic can serve Two Masters; for he will either hate the ONE, and love the OTHER; or he will attend to one, and neglect the OTHER. You cannot serve God and Mammon.

^{† 6.} The bath was the largest measure of capacity among the Hebrews, except the homer, it which it was the tenth part. See Ezek. xlv. 11, 14. It is equal to the ephah, i. e., to serve gallons and a half of our measure.—Clarke. Josephus states that it contained seventy-two sextarii, or about thirteen and a half gallons. † 7. The cor was the largest measure of capacity among the Hebrews, whether for solids or liquids. As the bath was equal to the whan, so the cor was equal to the homer. It contained about seventy-five gallons and five pints English.

^{1 8.} John xii. 36; Eph. v. 8; 1 Thess. v. 5. 2 9. Dan. iv. 27; Matt. vi. 10; xix. 21; Tim. vi. 17-19. 1 10. Matt. xxv. 21; Luke xix. 27. 1 13. Matt. vi. 24.

14 Ηκουον δε ταυτα παντα και οί μαμωνα. all also the mammon. Heard and these Φαρισαιοι, φιλαργυροι ύπαρχοντες. και εξεμυκ-Pharisees, being; they money-lovers and · THEIS 15 Kat τηριζον αυτον. $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ JUTOIS. And he said You to them; mocked him. διδαιουντες $T\omega\nu$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$ οĭ έαυτους ενωπιον yourselves ofthe those justifying in presence ανθρωπων· ὁ δε θεος γινωσκει τας καρδιας ύμων· knows the hearts men: the but God έτι το εν ανθρωποις ύψηλον, βδελυγμα ενωπιον highly prized, an bomination in presence for that by men του θεου. of the God.

16 Ο νομος και οί προφηται έως Ιωαννου· απο The law and the prophets till John: from τοτε ή βασιλεια του θεου ευαγγελιζεται, και kingdom of the God is preached, then the 17 Ευκοπωτερον δε εις αυτην βιαζεται. $\pi \alpha s$ every one into her presses. Easier εστι τον ουρανον και την γην παρελθείν, η του heaven and the earth to pass away, than of the 18 Πας δ απολυων νομου μιαν κεραιαν πεσειν. Every one who diamissing one fine point to fail. την γυναικα αύτου, και γαμων έτεραν, μοι-the wife of himself, and marrying another, commits χευει και πας δ απολελυμενην απο ανδρος adultery: and every one who her being divorced from an hueband γαμων, μοιχευει. marrying, commits adultery.

19 Ανθρωπος δε τις ην πλουσιος, και ενεδιand A man now certain was rich, δυσκετο πορφυραν και βυσσον, ευφραινομενος purple fine linen. and tlothed καθ' ήμεραν λαμπρως. $^{20} \Pi \tau \omega \chi os \delta \epsilon \tau \iota s * [\eta \nu]$ A poor and certain [was] sumptuously. every day *[6s] εβεβλητο προς τον ονοματι Λαζαρος, Lazarus, [who] was laid at the 21 και επιθυμων ήλκωμενος, πυλωνα αυτου of him being covered with sores, aod χορτασθηναι απο των ψιχιών των πιπτοντων falling 4he ernmbs those from απο της τραπεζης του πλουσιου αλλα kal oi of the rich: but erca the table trom the κινες ερχομενοι απελειχον τα έλκη αυτου. licked the sores of him. coming dogs 22 Εγενετο δε αποθανειν τον πτωχον, και απε-It happened and to die the poor, and νεχθηναι αυτον ύπο των αγγελων εις τον κολhobe borne away him by the messengers into the

14 And the PHARISEES, theing money-lovers, also heard all these things, and they ridiculed him.

15 And he said to them,
"Dou are those who
thistiff yourselves before
men; but God knows your
HEARTS; For that which
is highly prized among
Men is an Abomination before * God.

16 ‡ The LAW and the PROPHETS were till John; from that period, the KINGDOM of GOD is proclaimed, and every one presses towards it.

17 \$ And it is easier for HEAVEN and EARTH to pass away, than for one Point of the LAW to fail.

18 ‡EVERY ONE who DISMISSES his WIFE, and marries another, commits adultery; and *ne who MARRIES her being divorced from her Husband, commits adultery.

19 † Now there was a certain rich Man, who was clothed in Purple and Fine linen, and feasted sumptuously every Day.

20 And a certain Poor man, named Lazarus, was laid at his GATE, full of sores.

21 and longing to be fcd with *THOSE CRUMBS which FELL from the RICH man's TABLE; but even the DOGS came and licked his sores.

to the POOR man died, and was carried away by the Angels to Abraham's

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—15, the Lord, 20. who—omit. 21. things which fell. 28. he who marbies. 20. was-omit.

^{† 19.} This parable stands in connection with a palpable confusion and interruption of our Savior's discourse, which is broken after the fifteenth verse by three verses neither connected with each other, nor with what precedes them. Neither is it directly said that our Savior did use the parable, but is abruptly introduced, &c. I amy unable to learn whether a similar parable has been recognized in the rabbinical writings but the complexion of it certainly accords with their mode of illustration much better than it does with that employed by our Savior—McCullub. Dr. Lightfoot and others have shown that the Jews in their Gemara have a parable much to the same purpose.—Doddrudge.

πον Αβρααμ. Απεθανε δε και δ πλουσιος, και som Abraam. Died and also the rich, and εταφη. 23 Και εν τω 'αδη επαρας τους οφθαλ-And in the unseen having lifted the was buried. eyes μους αύτου, ύπαρχων εν βασανοις, όρα TOV being in of himself, torments, sees Αβρααμ απο ματροθεν, και Λαζαρον εν τοις κολa distance, and Lazarus in the bo-Abraam from TOIS QUTOU. coms of him. And be crying out he said; Ofother Αβρααμ, ελεησον με, και πεμψον Λαζαρον, ίνα Abraham, do thou pity me, and send Lazarus, βαψη το ακρον του δακτυλου αύτου ύδατος, he may dip the tip of the finger of himself of water, και και αταψυξη την γλωσσαν μου ότι οδυνωμαι and may cool the tongue of me; for I am in pain $\epsilon \nu$ τη φλογι ταυτη. 25 Ειπε δε Αβρααμ Τέκνον, in the flame this. Said and Abraam; O child, μνησθητι, ότι απελαβες τα αγαθα σου εν τη remember, that thou didst receive the things good of thee in the ζωη σου, και Λαζαρος όμοιως τα κακα νυν (ωη σου, και Μαζαρος υμοίως life of thee, and Lazarus in like manner thethings had; now 26 Και δε όδε παρακαλειται, συ δε οδυνασαι.
but this is comforted, thou and art in pain. επι πασι τουτοις, μεταξυ ήμων και ύμων χασμα besides all these, between of us and of you a chasm μεγα εστηρικται, όπως οἱ θελοντες διαβηναι great has been fixed, so that those wishing to pass over ενθεν προς ύμας, μη δυνωνται, μηδε οἱ εκειθεν ence to you, not is able, nor those thence προς ήμας διαπερωσιν. 27 Ειπε δε Ερωτω ουν He said then; I beseech then to us cross over. σε, πατερ, ίνα πεμψης αυτον εις τον οικον του thee, O father, that thon wouldstsend him to the house of the πατρος μου· ²⁸ εχω γαρ πεντε αδελφους· όπως father of me, I have for five brothera: that διαμαρτυρηται αυτοις, ίνα μη και αυτοι ελθωσιν he may testify to them, that not also they may come FIS TOV TOWOV TOUTOV THS β acavou. 29 Λ eyel into the place wis of toe torment. Says π [auta] A β paa μ Exoval Masea kal Tous [to him] Abraam: They have Moses and the 29 Λεγει προφητας ακουσατωσαν συτων. 30 'Ο δε ειπεν. propheta: let them hear them. He and said: Ουχι, ποπερ, Αβρααμ. αλλ' εσν τις απο νεκρων No, Otatner, Abraam: but if one from dead ones πορευθη προς αυτους, μετανοησουσιν. ³¹ Ειπε δε may go to them, they will reform. He said but

†BOSOM. And the RICH man also died, and was buried;

23 and in HADES, being in Torments, he lifted up his EYES, and sees * Abraham at a distance, and Lazarus in † the folds of

his mantle.

24 And crying out he said, 'Father Abraham, pity me, and send Lazarus. that he may dip the TIP of his FINGER in Water, and cool my TONGUE; For I am tortured in this FLAME.

25 But Abraham said, 'Child, recollect That thou, during thy LIFE, I didst receive thy GOOD things, and Lazarus, in like manner, his EVIL things; but now * here he is comforted, and thou art tormented.

26 And besides all this, a great Chasm is situated between us and you; so that THOSE WISHING to pass over hence to you are unable; nor can *those cross over thence to us.'

27 Then he said, 'I entreat thee, then, Father, to send him to my FATHER'S

HOUSE;

28 For I have Five Brothers; that he may testify fully to them, lest then also come into this PLACE of MISERY.'

29 * But Abraham says, t'They have Moses and the PROPHETS; let them

hear them.'

30 And HE said, 'No, Father Abraham, but if one should go to them from the Dead, they will reform.' 31 And he said to him.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT-23. Abraham. But Abraham. 29. to him-omit. 25. Acre he is comforted, and. 26. those. 29. But Abraham.

^{† 22.} The expression, "Abraham's hosom," alludes to the posture used by the Jews at ta ble. This was recliming on couches after the manner of the Romans, the upper part of the body resting upon the left cibow, and the lower lying at length upon the couch. When two or three reclimed on the same couch, some say the worthiest or most honorable person lay first, (Lightfoot says, in the middle;) the next in dignity lay with his head recliming on the breast or bosom of the first, as John is said to have done on the bosom of Jesus at supper; and hence is borrowed the phrase of Abraham's bosom, as denoting the state of ce'estial happiness. Abraham being esteemed the most honorable person, and the father of the Jewish nation, to be in his bosom signifies (in allusion to the order in which gnests were placed at an entertainment) the highest state of felicity next to that of Abraham' himself.—Burder.

† 23. Tots kolpois, being plural, the idea seems to be as expressed in the text -Burder. See Parkhurst.

^{† 25.} Job xxi. 13; Luke vi. 24.

^{‡ 29.} Isa. viii. 20; xxxiv. 16; John v. 39, 45; Acts xv.

**Uτφ' Ει Μωσεως και των προφητών ουκ ακουto him: If Moses and the prophets not they
oυσιν, ουδε εαν τις εκ νεκρων αναστη, πεισbear. neither if one out of dead ones should rise. will
θησονται.
they be convinced.

КЕФ. ιζ'. 17,

1 Είπε δε προς τους μαθητας Ανενδεκτος Hessid and to the disciples: Impossible εστι του μη ελθείν τα σκανδαλα ουαι δε, δι it is of the not to come the sares, woe but, terangh ου ερχεται. ² Λυσιτελεί αυτα, ει μυλος ονικος whom they come. It is profitable for him, if a mills tone upper περικείται περί τον τραχηλον αυτου, και ερρίπται εις την θαλασσαν, η ίνα σκενδαλιση ένα thrown into the sea, than that he should ensuare one των μικρων τουτων. ³ Προσεχετε έαυτοις. Εαν efthe little ones these. Ταλε heed to yourselvee. If δε άμαρττ [εις σε δ οδελφος σου, επιτιμησεν and should sin [against thee] the brother of thee, rebuke αυτω και εαν μετανοηση, αφες αυτω. Και him; and if he should reform, forgive him. Aud επτακις πης ημερας αμαρτη εις σε, και if seven times of the day he should sin against thee, and έπτακις πης ημερας επιστρεψη, λεγων seven times [of the day] be should turn, saying; I seform; thou shalt forgive him.

5 Και ειπον οί αποστολοι τω κυριω. Προπθες
And said the apostles to the lord; Do thou add ήμιν πιστιν. 6 Ειπε δε 5 κυριος. Ει ειχετε Said and the lord: If to us faith, you had πιστιν ως κοκκον σιναπεως, ελεγετε αν τη faith as agrain of mustard, you might hay to the συκαμινώ ταυτη. Εκριζωθητι, και φυτευθητι εν ayeamine-tree this; Bethon uprooted, and he thou planted in τη θαλασση· και ύπηκουσεν αν ύμιν. ⁷ Tis δε the sea; and it would obey you. Which but εξ ύμων δουλον εχων αροτριωντα η ποιμαινοντα, you a slave having ploughing or feeding cattle, ός εισελθοντι εκ του αγρου ερει Ευθεως who having come ontof he field willsay; Immediately παρελθων αναπεσαι; ⁸Αλλ' ουχι ερει αυτω do then recline? But not will say to him Ετοιμασον τι δειπνησω, και περιζωσαμενος Make ready what I may sup, and baving girded διακονει μοι, έως φαγω και πιω και μετα ταυτα ão thou serve me, till I may est and drinks and after these φαγεσαι και πιεσαι συ; 9 Μη χαριν εχει τφδουλφ shalt eat and drink thou? Not favor has the slave διαταχθεντα; *[Ου εκεινώ, ότι εποιήσε τα because he did the things having been commanded? δοκω.] 10 Ούτω και ύμεις, όταν ποιησητε παντα

So also you, when you shall have done all

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. his disciples.
3. against thee—omit.
4. of the day—omit.

!think.]

'If they hear not Moses and the PROPHETS, I nenther will they be convinced, though one should rise from the Dead.'"

CHAPTER XVII.

1 And he said to * his DISCIPLES, 1"It is impossible for SNARES not * to come; but Woe to him through whom they come!

2 It would be hetter for him, if an upper Millstone were hanged about his NECK, and he be thrown into the SEA, than that he should insnare one of these LITTLE ONES.

3 Take beed to yourselves; \$ 1f thy BROTHER sins, \$ rebuke him; and is he reforms, forgive him.

4 And if seven times in a DAY he shas against thee, and seven times he turns to thee again, saying, 'I reform;' thou shalt forgive him."

5 And the APOSTLES said to the LORD, "Increase our Faith."

6 thand the Lord said, "If you had Faith as a Grain of Mustard, you might say to this Sychemine-Tree, Be thou uprooted and planted in the Sea; and it would obey you.

7 But which of you having a Servant ploughing or feeding cative, will say to him as he comes in from the FIELD, Come immediately, and recline?

8 But will he not say to him, 'make ready my supper; gird thyself, and serve me, while 1 eat and drink; and afterwards thou shalt eat and drink?'

9 Does he thank *that SERVANT 'Because he did what was commanded?

10 So also nou, when you shall have done All the

^{/1.} should comm; nevertheless Woethe seavang. 9. him. 1 think

διαταχθεντα ύμιν, λεγετε 'Οτι δουλοι
naving been commanded you, say you: That slaves the things having been commanded you, say you: αχρειοι εσμεν ότι δ ωφειλομεν ποιησαι, anprofitable we are: because what we were bound πεποιηκαμεν.

we have done.

11 Και εγενετο εν τω πορευεσθαι αυτον εις And it happened in the togo him to Ιερουσαλημ, και αυτος διηρχετο δια μεσου Jerusalem, and he passed through midst 12 Και εισερχομενου Σαμαρειας και Γαλιλαίας. of Samaria and Galilee. And entering **φ**υτου εις τινα κωμην, απηντησαν αυτφ δεκα of him into a certain village, met him ten 18 Kat λεπροι ανδρες, οί εστησαν πορρωθεν. men, who stood far off.

מטדפי מימע שנשיקע, אניציעדיני צוניטים בהימדמדם ...y fifted up a voice, saying Jesus master-14 Και ιδων ειπεν ελεησον ημας. CUTOIS. And seeing he said to them: Πορευθεντες επιδείζατε έαυτους τοις lepevot.
Going ahoryon vourselves to the priests. Και εγενετο εν τφ ύπαγειν αυτους, εκαθαρισθη-And it happened in the togo them, they were cleansed.

15 Είς δε εξ αυτων, ιδων ότι ιαθη, ύπεσ-One and of them, seeing that he was cured, turned

τρεψε, μετα φωνης μεγαλης δοξαζων τον θεον. back, with a voice loud glorifying the 13 και επεσεν επι προσωπον παρα τους ποδας and fell face at OL the feet. αυτου, ευχαριστων αυτφ. και αυτος ην Σαμαgiving thanks to him: and he was a Samao. him,

PELTTIS. Noc Answering and the Jesus ritan. said: οί δεκα εκαθαρισθησαν; ίδε εννεα που; 18 Ουχ ware cleansed? thebut nine where? Not εύρεθησαν ύποστρεψαντες δουναι δοξαν τφ θεφ, we found having returned to give glory to the God, ει μη δ αλλογενης ούτος: 19 Και ειπεν αυτω. iscept the foreigner this? And he said to him:

Aras πορευου * ή η πιστις σου σεσωκε σε.]
Adding go thou: [the faith of thee has saved thee.] 20 Επερωτηθεις δε ύπο των φαρισαιων, ποτε Having been asked and by the Pharisees, ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου, απεκριθη αυτοις, cones the kingdom of the God, he answered them, κα. ειπεν. Ουκ ερχεται ή βασιλεια του θεου

and said: Not comes the kingdom of the God μει ε παρατηρησεως· ²¹ ουδε ερουσιν· Ιδου ώδε, careful watching; nor will they say; Lo bere, *[ιδου] εκει ιδου γαρ, ή βασιλεια του θεου

there, lo for, the maiesty of the God

THINGS COMMANDED YOU. say, 'We are unprofitable Servants; for we have done only what we were bound to do.'"

11 And it occurred, as he was PROCEFDING to Jerusalem, he passed through the Interior of Samaria and

Galilee.

12 And as he was about entering a Certain Village. Ten Lepers met him, who stood 1 at a distance;

13 and then lifted on

Master, pity us."

14 And seeing them, he said to them, 1"Go, show yourselves to the PRIESTS." And it happened, as they were going, they were cleansed.

15 And one of them perceiving That he was cured, returned, praising Gon with a loud Voice;

16 and he fell on his Face at his FEET, thanking him; and he was a Samaritan.

17 And Jesus answering, said, "Were not the TEN cleansed? but where are the NINE?

18 Were none found o return to give Praise GOD, except this ALIEN?"

19 And he said to him: "Arise, go thy way; *thy FAITH has saved thee."

And having asked by the PHARISEES, when God's Kingdom was coming, he answered them, and said, "The KINGDOM of God comes not with outward show:

21 nor shall they say, 'Behold here! or there? for, behold, † God's ROYAL MAJESTY is among you."

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. thy FAITH has saved thee-omit. 21. lo-omit.

t 21. 10—omit.

t 21. 11 this verse it has been found necessary to depart from the usual signification of heeb isileia tou theou, the kingdom of God, and render as in the text. That this rendering is admissible and correct, see Note on Matt. ii. 2. Basileia here refers to the personto whom the tile and honor of king belonged, rather than to his territory or kingdom. Prof. Whiting, an abe Hebrew and Greek scholar, says, this clause in the 21st verse ought to be rendered the king is among you." Dr. A. Clarke in a note on the 21st verse evidently understood it as relating to the Christ. He says, "Perhaps those Pharisees thought, that Messiah was kept secret, in some private place, known only to some of their rulers; and that by and my he should be proclaimed in a similar way to that in which Jossa was by dehoined the priese See the account, 2 Chron. xxiii. 1—11."

^{1 1:} Lev. ziii. 46. . 1 14. Lev. zili. 2; ziv. 2; Matt. viii. 4: Lakov. 34.

κος Δωτ.

of Lat.

22 Ειπε δε προς τους μαθηεντος ύμων εστιν. He said and to the in the midst of you τας. Ελευσονται ήμεραι, ότε επιθυμησετε μιαν ples: Will come days, when you will desire των ήμερων του υίου του ανθρωπου ιδειν και of the days of the son of the man to see; and ουκ οψετθε. 23 Και ερουσιν ύμιν Ιδου ώδε, η, and they will say to you; Lo here, or, ιδου εκει· μη απελθητε, μηδε διωξητε. 24 Ωσπερ lo there; not you may go away, nor may you follow. Even as γαρ ή αστραπη, ή αστραπτουσα εκ της ύπ for the lightning, that flashing out of the under ουρανόν, εις την ύπ' ουρανον λαμπει. ούτως to the under heaven shines; εσται ὁ υίος του ανθρωπου *[εν τη ἡμερα αυτου.] will be the son of the man [in the day 25 Πρωτον δε δει αυτον πολλα παθειν, but it behoves him many things to suffer, and αποδοκιμασθηναι απο της γενεας ταυτης. ²⁶ Και to be rejected from the generation this. καθως εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Νωε, ούτως εσται days of Noe, so it will be it happened in the και εν ταις ήμεραις του υίου του ανθρωπου. of the son also in the days ofthe man. ²⁷ Ησθιου, επινου, εγαμουν, εξεγαμιζοντο, αχρι They ate, they drank, they married, they were given in marriage, till ής ήμερας εισηλθε Νωε εις την κιβωτον. Noe into the of which day entered ark; ηλθεν δ κατακλυσμος, και απωλεσεν άπαντας. and destroyed flood, 28 'Ομοιως και ώς εγενετο εν ταις ήμεραις Λωτ· In like manner also as it happened in the days of Lot; η σ θ ι ο ν, ε π ι ν ο ν η γ ο ρ α ζ ο ν, ε π ω λ ο ν ν, ε φ υ τ ε ν ο ν, they ate, they drank, they hought, they sold, they planted, they planted. $ωκοδομουν^{29}$ η δε ημερα εξηλθε Λωτ αποτ they huilt: in the but day went out Lot from μday Σοδομων, εβρεξε πυρ και θειον απ' ουρανου, και it rained fire and brimstone from heaven, Sodom, απωλεσεν άπαντας. 30 ката \mathbf{r} аита ϵ ота! according to these it will tein the all: destroyed ημερα ό υίος του ανθρωπου αποκαλυπτεται, 31 Εν day the son of the man is revealed. εκεινη τη ήμερα, ός εσται επι του δωματυς, και who will be on the roof. the day, τα σκευη αυτου εν τη οικια, μη καταβατω αραι the goods of him in the house not let him descend to take αυτα και δ εν τω αγρω, δμοιως μη επιστρεandhe in the field, in like manner not ψατω εις τα οπισω. 32 Μνημονευετε της γυναιturn for the things behind. Remember you of the 33 'Os ear ζητηση την ψυχην αύτου Whoever may seek the life of himself

22 And he said to the DISCIPLES, ‡ Days will come, when you will desire to see one of the DAYS of the son of man, and you will not see it.

23 I And they will say to you, * 'Behold, there' or 'behold, here!' follow

not.

24 ‡ For as THAT LIGHT-NING FLASHING out of ONE part under Heaven, shines to the OTHER part under Heaven; so will the SON of MAN be.

25 ‡ But first he must suffer Much, and be rejected by this GENERA-

TION.

26 ‡ And as it was in the DAYS of Noah, so will it be also in the DAYS of the son of MAN.

27 They were eating, they were drinking, they were marrying, they were given in marriage, till the DAY that Noah entered the ARK, and the DELUGE came, and destroyed them all.

28 In like manner also as it was in the DAYS of Lot; they were eating, they were drinking, they were buying, they were selling, they were planting, they were building;

29 but ton the DAY that from | Lot went out from Sodon, it rained Fire and Sulphur from Heaven, and destroved them all.

30 Thus will it be in the Day when the son of MAN

is revealed.

31 On That DAY, ‡ let not him who shall be on the ROOF, and his FURNI-TURE in the HOUSE, descend to take it away; and in like manner, let not him who shall be in the * Field turn back.

32 ‡ Remember Lot's

WIFE.

33 1 Whoever may seek to * save his LIFE, will

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. there! or behold here! follow not. For. 24. in his DAY—0mi/. 31. Field. 33. insure his Lipe.

1 22. Mott. ix. 15. 1 23. Matt. xxiv. 23; Mark xiii. 21; Luke xxi. 8. 1 24. Mott. xxiv. 27. 1 25. Mark viii. 31; ix. 31; x. 33; Luke ix. 22. 1 26. Gen. vii. Mott. xxiv. 37 1 29. Gen. xix. 16, 24. 1 31. Matt. xxiv. 17; Mark xiii. 15. 1 33. Unit. x. 26. 1 33. Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; John xii. 25.

σωσαι, απολ σει αυτην· και δε εαν απολεση to save, will lose her, and whoever may lose αυτην, ζωογονησει αυτην. 34 Λεγω υμιν Ταυτη hei, will preserve her. I say to you: In this τη νυ τι εσονται δυο επικλινης μιας είς παραthe night will be two on hed one; one λ., φθησεται, και δ ετερος αφεθησεται. betaken, and the other will be left Two εσονται αληθουσαι επι το αυτο ή μια παραληφgrinding on the same; the one will be ³⁶ Каг атокθησεται, και ή έτερα αφεθησεται. and the other will be left. And 80-'Ο δε οιθεντες λεγουσιν αυτώ. Που, κυριε: swering they said to bim; Where, Olord? He and ειπεν αυτοις. Όπου το σωμα, εκει συναχθησονsaid to them; Where the body, there will be gathered ται οί αετοι. the eagles.

ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.

δειν παντοτε προσευχεσθαι, και μη εκκακειν, ought always to pray, and not to be weary, ² λεγων Κριτης τις ην εν τινι πολει, τον θεον saying: Ajudge certain was in a certain city, the God μη φοβουμένος, και ανθρωπον αη εντρεπομένος. and man not regarding. * Χηρα δε ην εν τη πολει εκεινη· και ηρχετο A widow and wa in the city that; and she went προς αυτον, λεγουσα. Εκδικήσον με απο του to bim, saying; Dojustice me from the αντιδικου μου. 4 Και ουκ ηθελησεν επι χρονον. opponent of me. And not be would for a time. Με α δε ταυτα ειπεν εν έαυτφ. Ε. και τον θεον A terwards but these he said in himself; If even the God ού φοβουμαι, και ανθρωπον ουκ εντρεπομαι. cot I fear, and niau not διαγε το παρεχειν μοι κοπον την χηραν ταυτήν, through the to render to me trouble the widow this, εκδικησω αυτην ίνα μη εις τελος ερχομενη i.iiidojustice her; that not to end coming $-\infty\pi$ ia(η) μ e. 6 Ei π e δ e δ κ v ρ i σ s $^{\circ}$ Ak σ v σ a τ e, ab abould pester me. Said and the lord: Hear you, τ i δ κ ρ i τ \etas τ η s α δ i κ i κ as λ e γ ei. The and God The and God - hat the judge the unjust aays. ού μη ποιησει την εκδικησιν των εκλεκτων will do the justice for the chosen ones αύτου των βοωντων προς αυτον ήμερας και day 8 Λεγω of himself those crying to him νυκτος, και μακροθυμων επ' αυτοις;
uight, and bearing long towards them? ύμιν, **δ· ι** ποιησει την εκδικησιν αυτων εν ταχέι. to you, that he will do the justice for them in an instant. Πλην δ vios του ανθρωπου ελθων άρα εύρησει But the son of the coming indeed will be find man την πιστιν επι της γης; the faith on the earth?

lose it; and whoever may lose it, will preserve it.

34 ‡ I tell you, in That NIGHT th re will be two on *a Bed; One will be taken, and the OTHER left

35 Two will be grinding together, the ONE will be taken, and the OTHER left. 7

36 And answering they said to him, ‡"Where, Lord?" And HE said to them, "Where the BODY is, there *also the EAGLES will be assembled."

CHAPTER XVIII.

I And he also spoke a Parable to them, to how that they ought to projection and not be weary;

2 saying, "There was a certain Judge in a certain City, wh feared not Gon nor respected Man.

3 And there was a Widow in that City; and she went to him, saying, Otain justice for me or my Opponent.'

4 And he would not 'or a time; but afterward he said within himse' 'Though I fear not Gon nor regard Man;

5 tyet, because this window importances me. I will do her justice, lest of last her coming should weary mel'"

6 And the Lord s.i... "Hear what the unjust Judge says;

7 and twill not God d; justice for THOSE CHOSEN ONES of his, who are CRY-ING to him Day and Night, and he is compassionata towards them?

8 I tell you, That a will speedily do them JUS TICF. But when the st of MAN comes, will he find this BELIEF on the LAND?

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34, a Bed.

^{37,} also will,

^{1: 34.} Matt. xxiv. 40, 4° ; 1 Thes. iv. 17. 1: 30. Matt. xxiv. 28. 1. Luke xi. 5. Rom. xii. iz; Eph. vi. 18 1: 6. Luke xi. 8. 17. Rev. vi. 16. 18. Hab. x

⁹ Ειπε δε και προς τινας τους πεποιθοτας εφ' llespokeand also to some those trusting έαυτοις ότι εισι δικαιοι, και εξουθενουντας τους themselves that they are just ones, and despising λοιπους, την παραβολην ταυτην. 10 Ανθρωποι the parable this: Men δνο ανεβησαν εις το ιερον προσευξασθαι δ εις two wentup into the temple to pray: the one 11 'Ο Φαρι-Φαρισαιος, και ὁ έτερος τελωνης. a Pharisee, and the other a tax-gatherer. The Phariσαιος, σταθεις προς έαυτον, ταυτα προσηυχετο. standing by himself, these he prayed: Ό θεος, ευχαριστω σοι, ότι ουκ ειμι ώσπερ of The God, I give thanks to thee, that not I am like the λοιποι των ανθρωπων, άρπαγες, αδικοι, μοιχο., others of the men, plunderers, unjust ones, adulterers, η και ως ούτος ό τελωνης. 12 Νηστευω δις του or even like this the tax-gatherer. twice of the I fast σαββατου, αποδεκατω παντα όσα κτωμαι. ¹³ Και Itithe all what I acquire. δ τελωνης μακροθεν έστως ουκ ηθελεν the tax-gatherer at a distance having been standing not would ουδε τους οφθαλμους εις τον ουρανον επαραι. ast even the to the heaven lift up: *[εις] το στηθος αύτου, λεγων·
[on] the breast of himself, saying: αλλ' ετυπτεν hut he smote O $\theta \epsilon \sigma s$, ila $\sigma \theta \eta \tau \iota$ $\mu \sigma \iota$ $\tau \varphi$ $\dot{\alpha} \mu \alpha \rho \tau \omega \lambda \varphi$. The God, he propitious to me the sinner. ύμιν, κατεβη ούτος δεδικαιωμενος εις τον οικον to vou, went down this having been justified to the αύτου, η γαρ εκεινος ότι πας ό ύψων έαυτον, of himself, or for that: forevery onethe exalting himself, ταπεινωθησεται· ό δε ταπεινων έαυτον, ύψωθηhe but humbling himself. will be humbled. σεται. exalted.

15 Προσεφερον δε αυτφ και τα βρεφη; ίνα
They brought and to him also the infants, that
αυτων άπτηται· ιδοντες δε οἱ μαθηται επετιμηthem he might touch; seeing and the disciples rebuked
σαν αυτοις. 15 Ο δε Ιησους προσκαλεσαμενος
them. The but Jesus calling to

αυτα, ειπεν. Αφετε τα παιδια ερχεσθαι προς με, he said; Allow the little children to come to me, και μη κωλυετε αυτα· των γαρ τοιουτων εστιν them; for the because such like and not forbid 17 Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ός ή βασιλεια του θεου. the kingdom of the God. Indeed I say to you, who εαν μη δεξηται την βασιλειαν του θεου ώς ever not may receive the kingdom of the God παιδιον, ου μη εισελθη εις αυτην. a little child, not not may enter into her.

9 And he spoke this PARABLE also to some, two trusted in themselves That they were righteous, and despised others.

10 "Two Men went up into the TEMPLE to pray; the ONE a Pharisee, and the OTHER a Tribute-taker.

11 The Phabisee standing by himself, prayed thus; † O God, I thank thee, That I am not like other Men,—Rapacious, Unjust, Dissolute, or even like This tribute-taker.

12 I fast twice in the WEEK, I tithe all that I

acquire.

13 * But the TRIBUTE-TAKER, standing at a distance, would not even lift up his EYES to HEAVEN, but smote his BREAST, saying, 'O GOD, be propinous to me a SINNER.'

14 I tell you, this man went down to his HOUSE justified *more than the other; ‡For EVERY ONE who EXALTS himself will be humbled; and HE who HUMBLES himself will be exalted."

15 ‡ And they brought to him their INFANTS also, that he might touch them; but the DISCIPLES seeing it, rebuked them.

16 But Jesus calling them to him, said, "Permit the LITTLE CHILDREN to come to me, and forbid them not; for to \$\frac{1}{2}\$SUCH LIKE belongs the KINGDOM of God.

17 ‡ Indeed I say to you, Whoever does not receive the KINGDOM of GOD like a Little child, he will by no means enter it."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. But,

^{13.} on-omit.

^{14.} more than the other.

^{† 11.} The following from *Bereshith Rabba*, will illustrate this Pharisaic pride:—"Rabbi Simeon, the son of Jochai, said: The world is not worth thirty righteous persons such as our father Abraham. If there were only thirty righteous persons in the world, I and my son should make two of them; and if there were but twenty. I and my son would be of the number; and if there were but ten, I and my son would be of the number; and if there were but five, I and my son would be of the five; and if there were but two, I and my son would be those two; and if there were but one, myself should be that one."

^{† 9.} Luke x, 29; xvi. 15. † 14. Job xxii. 29; Matt. xxiii. 12; Luke xiv. 11; James iv. 6; 1 Pet. v. 5, 3. † 15. Matt. xix. 13, Mark x. 13. † 16. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 2, † 17. Mark x. 15.

18 Και επηρωτησε τις αυτον αρχων, λεγων Απί asked certain him ruler, aaying; Διδασκαλε αγαθε, τι ποιησας (ωην αιωνιον Ο teacher good, what shall I do hie age-lasting κληρονομησω; 19 Ειπε δε αυτον δ Ιησους. Τι με to inherit? Said and to him the Jesus; Why me λεγεις αγαθον; ουδεις αγαθος, ει μη είς, δ callest thou good? no one good, if not one, the θεος. 20 Τας εντολας οιδας. "Μη μοιχευ-God. The commandments thou knowest: "Not thou mayest σ ης" μη φονευσης. μη κλεψης» μη commit adultery, not thou mayest kill; not thou mayest thou mayest bear false testimony, honor the father of thee, and την μετερα * [σον."] 21 Ο δε ειπε Ταυτα παντα the mother of thee."] He and said, These all εφυλαξαμηι εκ νεοτητος μου. 22 Ακουσας δε Ισυντα] δ Ιησους, ειπεν αυτον Ετι έν σοι λει-

(these) the Jesus, said to him; Yet one to thee is $\pi\epsilon\iota$: $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha$ δσα $\epsilon\chi\epsilon\iota$ s $\pi\omega\lambda\eta\sigma\sigma\nu$, και διαδος $\pi\tau\omega$ -wanting; all whathou hast sell, and give thou to poor $\chi\sigma\iota$ s, και έξεις θησαυρον εν συραν φ · και δευρο, οιες, and thou shalt have a treasure in heaven: and come, $\alpha\kappa\sigma\lambda\sigma\nu\theta\epsilon\iota$ μοι. 23 Ο δε ακουσας $\tau\alpha\nu\tau\alpha$, $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota\lambda\nu$ -

rollow me. He and having heard these, greatly mos εγενετο· ην γαρ πλουσιος σφοδρα. 24 Ιδων δε frieved became: he was for tich exceedingly. Seeing and auton δ Ιησους * [περιλυπον γενομένου,] είπε· him the Jesus [greatly grieved becoming,] asid: Πως δυσκολως οί τα χρηματα εχοντές είσελευ- How with difficulty those the riches having shall σονται είς την βασιλείαν του θεου. 25 Ευκοπωτε- enter into the kingdom of the God. Σαιετ ρου γαρ εστι, καμηλον δια τρυμαλίας δαφίδος

for it is, a camel through hole of a needle $\epsilon\iota\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$, η $\pi\lambda o \nu\sigma\iota o \nu$ $\epsilon\iota s$ $\tau\eta\nu$ $\beta\alpha\sigma\iota\lambda\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu$ $\tau o \nu$ to enter, than a rich man into the kingdom of the $\theta\epsilon o \nu$ $\epsilon\iota\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$. Said and those having heard: And $\tau\iota s$ $\delta\nu\nu\alpha\tau\alpha\iota$ $\sigma\omega\theta\eta\nu\alpha\iota$; 26 O $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon$. Ta $\alpha\delta\nu\nu\alpha\tau\alpha$

who is able to be saved? He hat said: The things impossible π apa a $\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi$ ois, $\delta\nu\nu$ ata e $\sigma\tau$: π apa $\tau \omega$ $\theta \varepsilon \omega$. with nien, possible is with the God. 28 Ei $\pi\epsilon$ $\delta\epsilon$ δ $\Pi\epsilon\tau\rho$ os. Idou, $\eta\mu\epsilon$ is a $\phi\eta\kappa\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu$

all, and followed thee. He and ald autous. Αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι ουδεις εστιν ός to them: Indeed I say to you, that no one is who aφηκεν οικιαν, η γονεις, η αδελφους, η γυναικα, left house, or parents, or brethren, or wife,

η ΤΕΚΡΩ, ένεκεν της βασιλείας του θεου, 30 ός Children, on account of the cot, who Kinghom of God.

18 ‡ And a Certain Ruler asked him, saying, "Good Teacher, what shall I do to inherit aionian Life?"

19 And Jesus said to him, "Why dost theu call Me good? There is none good, except one,—God.

20 Thou knowest the commandments; † Do not commit adultery, Do not kill, Do not steal, Do not testify falsely, Honor thy father and Mother."

21 And HE said, "All these have I kept from My

Youth."

22 And Jesus having heard, said to him, "Yet in One thing thou art wanting; ‡ sell all that thou hast, and give to the Poor, and thou shalt have Treasure in * HEAVEN; and come follow me."

23 And hearing this, HE became very sorrow-ful; for he was exceedingly

rich.

24 And *Jesus seeing him, said, "With what difficulty will THOSE HAVING RICHES enter the KINGDOM of God!

25 It is easier for a Camel to pass through a Needle's Eye, than for a Rich man to enter the KINGDOM of GOD."

26 And THOSE HEAR-ING him, said, "Who then

ean be saved?"

27 And HE said, ‡"The THINGS IMPOSSIBLE with Men are possible with God."

ν ός who that no one has forsaken a House, or a * Wife, or Brothers, or Parents, or Children, on account of the who

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. of thee—omit. 22. these—omit. 24. Jesus seeing him, said. 24. becoming greatly grieved—omit. 23. Jur ows, and. 29. Wile, or Brothers, or Parents, or Children.

cu μη απολαβη πολλαπλασιονα εν τω καιρω not not may receive many times more in the season ζωην τφ αιωνι τφ ερχομενο τουτω, και εν the life the age coming and in alwalov. age-lasting.

31 Παραλαβων δε τους δωδεκα, $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ Troos to Having taken and the twelve, he said αυτους. Ιδου, αναβαινομέν εις Ίεροσολυμα, και wego · to Jerusalem, τελεσθησεται παντα τα γεγραμμενα δια των will be finished all the having been written through the προφητων τω υιω του ανθρωπου. 33 Παραδοθηprophets in the son of the man. He will be delivσεται γαρ τοις εθνεσι, και εμπαιχθησεται, και ered up for to the Gentiles, and will be derided, ύβρισθησεται, και εμπτυσθησεται· 33 και μασwill be shamefully treated, and will be spit on: and having τιγωσαντες αποκτενουσιν αυτον και τη ήμερα him: and the they will kill day been scourged ³⁴ Και αυτοι ουδεν τουτη τριτη αναστησεται. And they not one the third he will stand up. των συνηκαν και ην το βημα τουτο κεκρυμμενον απ' αυτων, και ουκ εγινωσκον τα λεγομενα. den from them, and not they knew thethings being spoken.

³⁵Εγενετο δε εν τω εγγιζειν αυτον εις Ίεριχω,

It bappened and in the to draw nigh him to Jericho, τυφλος τις εκαθητο παρα την όδον προσαιτων. by the way a blind man certain sat begging. ³⁶Ακουσας δε οχλου διαπορευομενου, επυνθανετο, he asked, Hearing and a crowd passing along, 37 Απηγγειλαν δε αυτώ, ότι τι ειη τουτο; what may he this? They told and him, that ³³ Και εβοησε, Ιησους δ Ναζαραιος παρερχεται. And he shouted Jesus the Nazarene passes by. 3) Kai $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu^{\bullet}$ Ιητου, $vi\epsilon$ Δαυιδ, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \eta \sigma o \nu$ $\mu \epsilon$. saying: Jesus, Oson of David, pity me. And οί προαγωντες επετιμών αυτώ, ίνα σιωπηση. those going hefore rebuked that he might be silent. him, Αυτος δε πολλω μαλλον εκραζεν Υίε Δαυιδ. more eried out: O son of David, He but much 40 Σταθεις δε ό Ιησους εκελευσεν ελεησον με. Stopping and the Jesus commanded me. pity αυτον αχθηναι προς αύτον. Εγγισαννος δε to himself. Having come and to be led αυτου, επροωτησεν αυτον, 41 * [λεγων] Τι σοι[saying:] What for thee him, he asked ποιησω; 'Ο δε ειπε. Κυριε, ίνα αναthou desirest I should do? He and said: Olord, that I may 42 Και δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ. Αναβλεβλεψω. to him: See thou said Ard the Jesus see again. ψον· ή πιστις σου σεσωκε σε. 43 Και παραχρημα again: the faith of thee has saved thee. And instantly

30 who will not receive manifold, in this TIME, and in the COMING AGE aionian Life."

31 # And taking the TWELVE aside, he said to them, "Behold, we go up to Jerusalem, and All the THINGS WRITTLY through the PROPHETS, will be accomplished in the son of MAN.

32 For the will be delivered to the GENTILES, and will be mocked, and insulted, and spit upon;

33 and having scourged him, they will kill him; and the THIRD DAY he

will rise again."

34 # But then understood none of these things; and this MATTER was concealed from them, and they did not recognize WHAT was SPOKEN.

35 ‡ And it occurred, as he APPROACHED Jericho, a certain blind man sat begging by the ROAD.

36 And hearing a Crowd passing along, he inquired what it meant.

37 And they told him, "Jesus the NAZARITE is passing by."

38 And he shouted, saying, "Jesus, Son of David, have pity on me!"

39 And Those Going BEFORE, charged him to be silent; but he cried out much more, "Son of David, have pity on me!"

40 And JESUS stopping, commanded him to be led to him. And having come near, he asked him,

41 "What dost thou wish that I should do to thee?" And HE said, " Master, to restore my sight."

42 And Jesus said to him, "Receive thy sight; thee." has cured thee."

43 And instantly he saw

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 41. saying-omit.

^{1 31.} Matt. xvi. 21; xvi. 22; xx. 17; Mark x. 32. 1 32. Matt. xxvii. 2; Luke xxii. 1; John xvii. 23; Acts iii. 13. 1 34. Mark ix. 32; Luke ii. 50; ix. 45; John x. 6; xii. 19. 1 35. Matt. xx. 20; Mark x. 46. 1 42. Luke xvii. 19

ανεβλεψε, και ηκολουθει αυτω, δοξαζων τον again, and followed him him, glorifying he naw again, and followed the θεον· και πας ό λαος ιδων, εδωκεν αινον τω θεω. God; and all the people seeing. gave praise to the God

‡ glorifying GoD; and al, the PEOPLE seeing it, gave Praise to GoD.

КЕФ. 10'. 19.

Kai εισελθων διηρχετο την 1εριχω. 2 Kai And having entered he passed through the Jericho. And ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι καλουμένος Ζακχαιος· και a man for a name being called Zaccheus; and αυτος ην αρχιτελωνης, και ούτος ην πλουσιος.

he was a chief tax-gatherer, end this was rich. ³ Και ε(ητει ιδειν τον Ιησουν, τις εστι· και ουκ taker,) And be sought to see the Jesus, who he is; and not ηδυναιο απο του οχλου, ότι τη ήλικια μικρος was abl, on account of the crowd, for the stature little $\eta \nu$. 4 Kat $\pi \rho o \delta \rho a \mu \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \mu \pi \rho o \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu$, $\alpha \nu \epsilon \beta \eta$ $\epsilon \pi t$ was. And running before, he went up on ίνα ιδη αυτονο δτι εκεινης συκομορεαν, that he might see him; that a sycamore, for ημελλε διερχεσθαι. 5 Και ώς ηλθεν επι τον he was about to pass by. And as he came to the τοπον, αναβλεψας δ Ιησους * [είδεν αυτον, και]
place, having looked the Jesus [saw him, sud] aud] είπε προς αυτον Ζακχαιε, σπευσας καταβηθι·
said to him; Ο Zaccheus, having hastened descend thou; σημερον γαρ εν τω οικώ συν δει με μειναι.

to-day for in the house of the constant me to abide.

6 Και σπευσας κατεβη, και ύπεδεξατο αυτον And having hastened he came down, and he received him χαιρων. 7 Και ιδοντες άπαντες διεγογγυζον, rejnicing. And seeing all murmured, λεγοντες: Ότι παρα άμαρτωλω ανδρι εισηλθε

saying: That with a sinner a man be went in 8 Σταθεις δε Ζακχαιος ειπε προς καταλυσαι. Standing up but Zaccneus said to

τον κυριον Ιδου, τα ημιση των ύπαρχοντων the lord; La, the half of the possessions μου, κυριε, διδωμι τοις πτωχοις και ει τινος ofme, Olord, I give to the poors and if of any one εσυκοφαντησα αποδιδωυι τετραπλουν. anything I extorted I give back fourfold.

9 Ειπε δε προς αυτον δ Ιησους. Ότι σημερον Said and to him the Jesus, That to-day σωτηρια τω οικώ τουτώ εγενετο καθοτι και salvation to this house this has come: since also μυτος νίος Αβρααμ εστιν. 10 ηλθε γαρ δ υιος for the son a son of Abraham is: came

του ανθρωπου ζητησαι και σωσαι το απολωλος. of the man to seek and to save that having been lost.

11 Ακουοντών δε αυτών ταυτά, προσθεις
tlearing and of them these things, proceeding $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \beta \delta \lambda \eta \nu$, $\delta i\alpha \tau o \epsilon \gamma \gamma v s \alpha v \tau o \nu \epsilon i \nu \alpha i$ Ίερουσαλημ, και δοκειν αυτους, ότι παραχρημα and to think them, that immediately

CHAPTER XIX.

- 1 And having entered, he was passing through JERICHO:
- 2 and beheld, a Mar. named Zaccheus, the was rich, and a Chief Tribute.
- 3 sought to see who Jr. sus was, and could not on account of the CROWD, for he was of low STATURE.

4 And running *BEFORE, he climbed a Sycamore to see him; For he was about to pass by it.

5 And when * Jesus came to the PLACE, looking up he said to him, "Zaccheus, hasten down, for To-day I must abide at thy HOUSE."

6 And he hastened down. and received him rejoicing

- 7 And seeing it, they all murniired, saving, ‡" He has gone in to lodge with a Sinful man."
- 8 But Zaccheus standing up, said to the Lorn, "Behold, Master, the HALF of * My Possessions I give to the Poor; and if I have extorted any thing from any one, ‡ I restore fourfold."
- 9 And * Jesus said to him, "To-day has Salvation eome to this nouse, since he also is ‡ a Son of Abrahanı.
- 10 I For the son of MAN has come to seek and to save THAT which was LOST."
- Il And as they were hearing these things, procceding he spoke a Parable, because he was near Jeiusalem, and they thought that the KIN SDOM of GOD

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. BEPORE. 8. My Possessions I give to the Poor.

^{5.} Jesus. 9. Jesus.

^{5.} saw him, and-omit.

^{† 43.} Lukev ⁹⁸; Acts iv. 21; xi. 18. xxii. 1; 1 Sam. xii 3; 2 Sam. xii. 6. xvii. 11.

μελλει ή βασιλεια του θεου αναφαινεσθαι. is about the kingdom of the God to appear. - Ειπεν ουν· Ανθρωπος τις ευγενης επορυθη He said therefore: A man certain well-born went εις χωραν μακραν, λαβειν έαυτφβασιλειαν, και into a country distant, to receive for himself royal dignity, 13 Καλεσας δε δεκα δουλους έαυύποστρεψαι. Having called and ten slaves of himto return. του, εδωκεν αυτοις δεκα μνας, και ειπε προς and he said to he gave to them ten minas, 14 Of αυτους. Πραγματευσασθε έως ερχομαι. I come. them: Do you business till δε πολιται αυτου εμισουν αυτον, και απεστειλαν but citizens of him hated him, and πρεσβειαν οπισω αυτου, λεγοντες. Ου θελομεν an embassy after him, saying: Not we are willing

τουτον βασιλευσαι εφ' ήμας. 15 Και εγενετο And it happened toreign over us. εν τω επανελθειν αυτον λαβοντατην βασιλειαν, to return him having received the royal dignity, και ειπε φωνηίην ιι αύτφ τους δουλους τουτους, and he ordered to be called to himself the those, slaves εδωκε τ. αργυριον ίνα שעני TIS TE

that he might know, what each to whom he gave 'ho silver: 16 Παρεγενετο δε δ πρωδιεπραγματευσατο. had gained by trading. Came and the first,

τος, λεγων Κυριε, ή μνα σου προσειργασατο Olord, the mina of thee has gained aaying:

17 Και ειπεν αυτώ. Ευ, αγαθε δουλε. δεκα μνας. And he said to him: Well, O good minas. slave: ότι εν ελαχιστώ πιστος εγενου, ισθι εξουfaithful thou hast been, be thou autholeast 18 Και ηλθεν σιαν εχων επανω δεκα πολεων. cities. And ten δ δευτερος, λεγων Κυριε, η μνα σου εποιησε the second, saying; Olord, the mina of thee has made 19 Ειπε δε και τουτώ. Και συ TEVTE uvas. He said and also to this; Also thou five minas. 20 Kas πολεων. €T€DO3 TEVTE YIVOU επανω caties.

ηλθε, λεγων Κυριε, ιδου ή μνα σου, ήν ειχον lo the mina of thee, which I had O lord, saying: αποκειμενην εν σουδαριφ. 21 Εφοβουμην γαρ

heing laid np in a napkin. I feared ότι ανθρωπος αυστηρος €80 aipeis, η'e, hee, because a man barsh thou art; thou takestup, what

και θεριζεις, δ ουκ εσπειρας. $\epsilon\theta\eta\kappa\alpha s$, not thou didst lay down, and thou reapest, what not thou didst now , didst not sow.

22 Λενει δε αυτώ. Εκ του στοματος σου κρινω Hesays and to him; Out of the

was about immediately te appear.

12 Therefore he said, t"A certain Man of noble birth went into a distant Country to procure for himself Royalty, and to return

13 And he called Ten of his Servants, and gav? them Ten † Minas, and said to them, 'Trade till I

14 But his citizens hated him, and sent an Embassy after him, saying, 'We are not willing for this man to reign over us."

15 And it occurred, that at his RETURN, having received the ROYALTY, he ordered those SERVANTS to be called to him, to whom he gave the SILVER, that he might know what * they had gained by traffic.

16 Than the FIRST came. saying, 'Sir, thy MINA has gained Ten Minas.'

17 And he said to him, *'Well done, good Servant! because thou hast been t faithful in a very small matter, possess authority over Ten Cities.'

18 And the SECOND, came, saying, 'Sir, the MINA has made Five Minas.'

19 And he said also to this, 'Be then also over Five Cities.

And *the OTHER came, saying, 'Sir, behold thy MINA, which I had laid up in a Napkin;

21 for I feared thee, because thou art a harsh Man; thou takest up what thou didst not lay down, and reapest what thou

22 And he said to him, mouth of thee I will judge ! Out of thine own MOUTH

17. Well done. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. they had gained. 20. the other.

^{† 12.} Our Lord manifestly alludes to the case of Archelaus, who went to Rome to solicit the Emperor that he might be reinstated in his father's kingdom; and the Jews sent an ambassage after him. to petition and plead against him. But however he was confirmed in the kingdom of Judea; and when he returned, took ample vengeance of his enemies and opposers.—Newcome. † 13. The LXX use the original word mnaa for the Hebrew manch from which it is evidently derived, and it appears from Ezek. xiv. 12. to have been equal to sixty snekels. Now allowing the shekel with Dr. Prideaux, to be three shillings, then the mina was equal to nine pounds English.—A. Clarke. Horne makes the mina cause of the shill with the shill with the shillings.

σε, πονηρε δουλε· ηδεις, δτι εγω ανθρωπος thee, O evil slave; thou knewest, that I a man slave; thou knewest, that, αυστηρος ειμι, αιρων δ ουκ εθηκα, και θεριam, taking up what not I laid down, and reapζων δ ουκ εσπειρα. 23 και διατι ουκ εδωκας το ing what not and why not thou gavest the I sowed: αργυριον μου επι την τραπεζαν, και εγω ελθων silver of me on the table, Lad συν τοκφ αν επραξα αυτο; 24 Και τοις παρεσ-And to those having with interest might have exacted it? σωσιν ειπεν. Αρατε απ' αυτου την μναν, και stood by heasid; Take you from him the mina, and 25 (Και ειπον δοτε τω τας δεκα μνας εχοντι. minas having. give you to the ten (And they said 26 Λεγω * [γαρ] αυτφ. Κυριε, εχει δεκα μνας.) to him; Olord, he has ten minas.) I say [for] ύμιν ότι παντι τω εχοντι δοθησεται**· απο δ**ε from but to you that to every one the having will be given; του μη εχοντος, και ὁ εχει, αρθησεται * [απ of the not having, even what he has, will be taken [from 27 Πλην τους εχθρους μου εκεινους, αυτου. him.] e: emiea of ne those, τους μη θελησαντας με βασιλευσαι επ' αυτους, willing to reign th- not me O/CF αγαγετε ώδε, και κατασφαξατε εμπρουθεν μου. bring you hither and slay in presence of me.

23 Και ειπων ταυτα, επορευετο εμπροσθεν, And havin raaid these, he went 29 Και εγενετο ώς αναβαινων εις Ίεροσολυμα. Jerusalem. And it happened as going up to ηγγισεν εις Βηθφαγη και Βηθανιαν, προς το and he drew near to Bethphage Bethany, 4.0 the το καλουμενον ελαιων, απεστειλε δυο 2000 mountain that being called of olive-trees, hesent two των μαθητων αύτου, ³⁰ ειπων· TRAYETE ELS disciples of himself, saying; Goyou into εν 'η εισπορενομενοι την κατεναντι κωμην. the over-against village. in which entering €φ' εύρησετε πωλου δεδεμενον, δν ουδεις you will find a colt having been tied, on which no one σωποτε ανθρωπων εκαθισε. λυσαντες αυτον of men aat; having loosed him 31 Και εαν τις ύμας ερωτα· TYQYETE. $\Delta \iota \alpha \tau \iota$ And if any one you bring you. mny ask : Why λευετε; ούτως ερειτε *[αυτω·]'Οτι δ κυριος do you loose? thus say you [to him:] That the lord αυτου χρειαν εχει. 32 Απελθοντες δε οί απεσ-

ταλμενοι εύρον, καθως ειπεν αυτοις. ³³ Λυον-

I will judge thee, Wicked Servant. ‡ Didst thou know that I am a harsh Man taking up what I laid not down, and reaping what I did not sow?

23 Why, then, didst thow not place my money in the BANK, that coming I might have exacted the Same with Interest?

24 And he said to THOSE STANDING BY, 'Take from him the MINA, and give it to HIM who has the TEN Minas.'

25 (And they said to him, 'Sir, he has Ten Minas.')

26 'I say to you, That to every one who has, more shall be given; and from him who has not, even what he has shall be taken away.

taken away.

27 But *THOSE ENEMIES of mine, who were
not WILLING that I should
reign over them, bring
hither, and slaughter thei
in my presence."

28 And having said these things, the went on before, going up to Jerusa-

lem.

29 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ And it occurred, as he drew near to Bethphage and Bethany, at THAT MOUNTAIN which is CALLED the Mount of Olives, he sent two of *the DISCIPLES,

30 saying, "Go to the VILLAGE OVER AGAINST you, in which, having entered, you will find a Colt ted, on which no Man ever sat; loose, and bring him.

31 And if any one asks you, 'Why do you loose him?' you shall thus say, 'Because the MASTER wants him.'"

32 And THOSE who were SENT, went away, and tound it even as he had told them.

3.6

need has.

found.

been sent

Having gone and those having

he said to them.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—26. Fot—omit. 29. the disciples. 31. to him—omit.

^{26.} from him-omit.

^{27.} THERE

^{†24.} Perhaps it would be well to supply the word gained here—"Give it to him who has gained ten Minas, for I say to you, I hat to every one who has gained, shall be given, and from him who has not gained, even what he has received shall be taken away."—Clarke

t 22. Matt. xxv. 26. t 28. Mark x. 32. t 29. Matt. xxi. i, Mark xi. i

των δε αυτων τον πωλον, ειπο οί κυριοι αυτου me and of them the colt, lords said the of him προς αυτους. Τι λυετε τον πωλον. 34 Οί δε ειπον. to them; Why loose you the colt: They and said: 35 Και ηγαγον Ο κυριος αυτου χρειαν εχει. The ford of him seed has. And they led αυτον προς τον Ιησουν και επιρβιψαντες έαυthe and having thrown of them-2.G Jesus: των τα ίματια επι τον πωλου, επεβιβασαν τον selves the mantles on the they set on colt, Ιησουν. ³⁶ Πορευομενου δε αυτου, ὑπεστρωννυον Jeaus. Going and of him, they spread under 37 Εγγιζοντες δε τα έματια αύτων εν τη όδφ.
the mantles of them in the way. Drawing near and αυτου ηδη προς τη καταβασει του ορους των of him now to the of the mountain of the descent ελαιων, ηρξαντο άπαν το πληθος των μαθητων began all the multitude of the disciples olive-trees, χαιρουτες αινειν τον θεον φωνη μεγαλη περι rejoicing to praise the God with a voice loud for πασων ών ειδον δυναμεων, 33 λεγοντες Ευλογall which they saw mighty works, eaying: Worthy ημενος δ ερχομενος βασιλευς εν ονοματι κυριου. king in pame of blessing the coming of Lord: ειρηνη εν ουρανω, και δοξα εν ύψιστοις. 39 Kaı peace in heaven, and glory ta highest. τινες των Φαρισαιών απο του οχλου ειπον προς some of the Pharisees from the crowd said to αυτον Διδασκαλε, επιτιμησον τοις μαθηταις O teacher, cehuke the disciples 40 Και αποκριθεις ειπεν * [αυτοις ·] Λεγω And answering hesaid [to them:] I say TOV. ύμιν, ότι εαν ούτοι σιωπησωσιν, οί λιθοι κεκto you, that if these should be silent, the stones ραξονται.

ery out. ⁴¹ Και ώς ηγγισεν, ιδων την πολιν, εκλαυσεν And as he drew near, seeing the city. 42 'Oτι ει εγνως That if the u hadet kn επ' αυτη, λεγων' και συ, if theu hadet known even thou, over her, saying; *[καιγε] εν τη ήμερα *[σου] ταυτη, τα προς [at least] in the day [of thee] this, the things to ειρηνην σου νυν δε εκρυβη απο εφθαλμων of thee; now but it is hidden from peace 43 'Οτι ήξουσιν ήμεραι επι σε, και περιnov. days on this, and For will come of thee. βαλουσιν οἱ εχθροι σου χαρακα σοι, και περικυκthrow around the enemies of thee a rampart to thee, and will surλωσουσι σε, και συνεξουσι σε παντοθεν. 44 και sound thee, and will press thes on every side; and σε, και τα τεκνα σου εν σοι εδαφιουσι will level with the ground thea and the children of thee in thee. και ουκ αφησουσιν εν σοι λιθον επι λιθω ανθ' and not they will leave in thee a stone on a stone; because

33 And as they were loosing the COLT, the OWN-ERS of it said to them, "Why do you untie the COLT?"

34 And THEY said, *" Because the MASTER wants him,"

35 And they led it to Jesus; ‡and having cast Their own MANTLES on the COLT, they set JESUS on it.

36 ‡ And as he was going, they spread their GAR-MENTS on the ROAD.

37 And when he was now approaching, at the DESCENT of the MOUNT of OLIVES, all the MULTI-TUDE of the DISCIPLES began to rejoice, and praise God with a loud Voice, for all the Miracles which they had seen,

38 saying, t"Blessed be the COMING KING in the Name of Jehovah! Peace in Heaven, and Glory in the highest heaven."

39 And some of the PHARISEES, among the CROWD, said to him, "Teacher, rebuke thy DIS-CIPLES."

40 But answering he said; "I tell you, That if these should be silent, the stones would immediately cry out."

41 And as he drew near, beholding the CITY, I he

wept over it,
42 saying, "O, that thou hadst known, even thou, at this DAY, the THINGS which are for thy Peace! But now they are hidden from thine Eyes.

43 For the Days will come on thee, when thine ENEMIES shall throw a Rampart around thee, and enclose thee and press thee in on every side, 44 and will lay thee

level with the ground, and thy CHILDREN in thee and they will not leave s Stone upon a Stone in thee

40. to them-omit. 42. av

1 36. Matt. xxi. † 41 John xi 35.

V VICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Because the MASTER. 42. of thee-omit. reast-out.

ών ουκ εγνως τον καιρον της επισκυπης σου. af which not thou knowest the season of the sisitation of thee. 45 Και εισελθων εις το ίερον, πρξατο εκβαλλειν

And entering tuto the temple, he began to creat out τους πωλουντας * [εν αυτφ και αγοραζοντας,]

those selling [in tt and buying,]

δ λεγων αυτοις Γεγραπται "Ο οικος μου
asying to them; It is written, "The house of me οικος προσευχης εστιν ύμεις δε αυτον εποιηa house of prayer is, you but it made σατε σπηλαιον ληστων." ⁴⁷ Και ήν διδασκων a den of robbers," And he was teaching το καθ' ήμεραν εν τω ίερω· οί δε αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις εζητουν αυτον απολεσαι, και οί scribes sought him to destroy, and the πρωτοι του λαου. 43 Και ουχ ευρισκον το τι Aud not chiefones of the people. finding that what ποιηοωσιν ό λαυς γαρ άπας εξεκρεματο aurou they unght do: the people for all were very attentive him GROUWY. bearing.

КЕФ. к'. 20.

1 Και εγενετο εν μια των ήμερων εκεινων And in happened in one of the days those διδασκοντος αυτου τον λαον εν τω ίερω, και was teaching of him the people in the temple, and ευαγγελιζομενου, απεστησαν οί αρχιερεις και υαγγελίζομενου, απεστησων το τροφορίετε and preaching grad tidings, stood by the high-priests and προσπβιντέρους, ² και οί γραμματεις συν τοις πρεσβυτεροις,
the scribes with the elders. and ε:πον προς αυτον, λεγοντες· Ειπε ήμιν, εν to him, saying: Say to vs, by ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποιεις, η τις εστιν δ weat authority these things does to bou? or who is he σοι την εξουσιαν ταυτην; 3 Αποκριθεις ivencoincethe authority this? sampgiven to thee the authority this? δε ειπε προς αυτους. Ερωτησω ύμας καγω ένα war you also I one and be said to them Αυγον, και ειπατε μοι. ⁴ Το βαπτισμα Ιωαννου wo.d. and earyou to me. The dipping of John $\epsilon \xi$ ουρανου ην, η $\epsilon \xi$ ανθρωπων; 5 Οί δε συνεfrom heaven was, or from men? They and reafrom heaven was, or from men? λογισαντο προς έαυτους, λεγοντες. 'Οτι εαν among themselves, That noned saying; ειπωμεν. Εξ ουρανου ερει. Διατι *[ουν] ουκ we should say. From heaven he will say; Why [then] not επιοτευσατε αυτώ; 6 Εαν δε ειπωμεν Εξ 3.5 and we should say; From d.d Teo believe him? ανθρωπων πας δ λαος καταλιθασει ήμας. ail the people will stone πεπεισμένος γαρ εξτιν, Ιωαννην προφητην having seen rerevaded for 10 482 John a prophet ειναι. 7 Και απεκριθησαν μη ειδεναι ποθεν. And they maswered not to have kanwa whence.

because thou didst not know the season of thy VISITATION.

45 ‡ And going into the TEMPLE, he began to expel

THOSE who SOLD,

46 saying to them, "It is written, † My House '* shall be a House of 'Prayer;' but you have made it a Den of Robbers."

47 And he was teaching inthetemple every DAY; and the HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES and the CHIEFS of the PEOPLE, were seeking to destroy

48 And they could not find now to do it, for all the PEOPLE were very attentive to hear him.

CHAPTER XX.

1 #And it occurred on one of *those DAYS, as he was teaching the PEOPIE in the TEMPLE, and proclaiming glad tidings, the HIGH-PRIESTS, and the SCRIBES, with the ELDERS came upon him,

2 and said to him, saying, "Tell us, 1 by What Authority thou doest These things? or who is HB that EMPOWERED thee?"

- 3 And answering he said to them, "I also will ask you *a Question; and answer me;
- 4 Was the IMMERSION of John from Heaven, or from Men?"
- 5 And THEY reasoned among themselves, saying, "If we say, 'From Heaven,' he will retort, 'Why did you not believe bim?
- 6 But if we say, 'From Men, all the PEOPLE WIll STONE us, I for they are persuaded that John was a Prophet."
- 7 And they answered, that they did not know whence it was.

46. shall be a HOUSE.

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 45. in it and buying -omit, 1. the mars. 3. a Question. 5. then-unit.

^{7 65} Mothaxil 12: Mark xi 11, 15, vii 19: viii. 37. | 1 t. Mett xxt 23, v. axt 26: Luke vii. 29

^{1 46.} Isa. lvi. 7. 147. Mark xt. 18 John 1 2. Acts iv. 7 vii. 27. 16. Matt. rvi

⁸ Και δ Ιησους ειπεν αυτοις. Ουδε εγω λεγω And the Jesus said to them: Neither I tell ύμιν, εν ποια εξουσια ταυτα ποια. to you, by what authority these I do.

9 Ηρέατο δε προς τον λαον λεγειν την παρα-le begon and to the people to say the paraβολην ταυτήν Ανθρωπος εφυτευτεν αμπελώνα, this: Aman planted a vineyard, και εξεδοτο αυτον γεωργοις και απεδημησε and let out it to husbandmen: and west abroad 10 Καί εν καιρφ απεστειλε xporous inarous. many-And in accon προς τους γεωργους δουλον, ίνα απο του καρπου the husbandmen a slave, that from of the του αμπελωνος δωσιν αυτω· οί δε γεωργοι, of the vineyard they might give to him: the but bushandmen, δειραντές αυτον, έξαπεστειλαν κένον. having beaten him, sent away empty. προσεθετο πεμψαι έτερον δουλον οί δε κακεινον he proceeded to send another slave: they but also this δειραντες και ατιμασαντες, εξαπεστειλαν κενον. having beaten and having dishoncred, aent away' empty. λαι προσεθετο πεμψαι τριτον οί δε και του-And he proceeded to send a third: they but also this this τον τραυματισαντες εξεβαλον. 13 Ειπε δε δ having wounded cast out. Said and the

κυριος του αμπελωνος. Τι ποιησω; πεμψω τον lord of the vineyard; What shall I do? I will cend the υίον μου τον αγαπητον ίσως τουτον εδοντες. won of me the beloved; perhaps this . 14 Ιδοντες δε αυτον οί γεωργοι, εντραπησονται. they will regard. Seeing but him, the husbandmen, διελογιζοντο προς έαυτους, λεγοντες. Ούτος they reasoned with themselves, Baying; εστιν ό κληρονομος. *[δευτε,] αποκτεινωμεν we may kill

is the heir; [come.] we use του του, ίνα ήμων γενηται ή κληρονομία.
him, that to us may be the inheritance. 15 Kat And εκβαλοντες αυτον εξω του αμπελωνος, απεκτειhim out of the vineyard, Τι ουν ποιησει αυτοις δ κυριος του αμπεvar. killed. What then will do to them the lord of the λωνος; 16 Ελευσεται και απολεσει τους γεωο-

He will come and will destroy those husdandγους τουτους, και δωσει τον αμπελωνα αλλοις. those, and give the vineyard to others. 17 'O SE,

Akougavies & elmos. My yevolto.
Having heard and they said; Not let it he. He but, εμβλεψας αυτοις, είπε Τι ουν εστι το γεγραμ-having looked to them, hasaid; Whatthen is that having been μενον τουτο. " Λιθον δν απεδοκιμασαν οί οικο-

"A stone which written this; rejected the buildδομουντες, ούτος εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωναις;" this has been made into, a head

15 Πας δ πεσων επ' εκεινον τον λιθον, συνθλασ-All the falling upon that the stone. will be βησεται εφ' δυ δ' αν πεση, λικιησει αυτου. on whom but it may fall, will grind to powder him. bruised;

8 And JESUS said to them, "Neither do I tell you by What Authority I perform these things."

9 And he began to speak this PARABLE to the PEO-PLE. ‡" A Man planted a Vineyard, and leased it to Cultivators, and left the country for a long time.

10 And at the Season he sent a Servant to the cur. TIVATORS, that they should give him of the TRUIT of the VINEYARD. But the cultivators beat him, and sent him away empty.

11 And again he sent Another Servant: and THEY beat him also, and having shamefully treated him, sent him away empty.

12 And again lie sent a third; and they wounded him also, and drove him

13 Then the owner of the VINEYARD said, 'What' shall I do? I will send my BELOVED SON; perhaps they will respect him.'

14 But when the cur-TIVATORS saw him, they reasoned among themselves, saying, 'This is the nere; let us kill him, that the inheritance may become ours.'

15 And having thrust hinr out of the VINEYARD. they killed him. What, therefore, will the owner of the VINEYARD do to them?

16 He will come and destroy those CULTIVATORS, and give the VINEYARD to others." And having heard it, they said, "Let it not

17 And looking on them. HE said, " What is THIS then that is written, t'A Stone which the Build-Eas rejected, has become the Head of the Corner.

18 WHOEVER FALLS OR that stone will be bruised : but on whom it may fall, it will crush him to pieces."

[·] VATICAN MANUSCREPT.-14. come-omit.

^{🎎 0,} Mattexxi. 33; Mark xii. 1. 1 17. Ps .. exvili. 27; Matt. xxi. 42.

39 Και εζητησαν οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις 19 In that very-hours sought the high-priests and the acribes επιβαλειν επ' αυτον τας χειρας εν αυτη τη scribes sought to lay ao him the hands in this 10 put ώρα και εφοβηθησαν τον λαον εγνωσαν γαρ, hnur; but they seared the people; they knew for, ότι προς αυτους την παραβολην ταυτην ειπε. to them the parable this heapoke.

20 Και παρατηρησαντες απεστειλαν εγκαθε-And having watched they sent τους, ὑποκρινομενους έαυτους δικαιους ειναι. themselves righteous to be; feigning ίνα επιλαβωνται αυτου λογου, εις το παρα-that they might lay hold of him of a word, in order to the to deδουναι αυτον τη αρχη και τη εξουσια του ήγεhim to the rule and to the authority of the gov-21 Και επηρωτησαν αυτον, λεγοντες. HOVOS. they asked ernor. And

Διδασκαλε, οιδαμεν, ότι ορθως λεγεις και Ο teacher, we know, that rightly thom speakest and διδασκεις, και ου λαμβανεις προσωπον, αλλ' επ' thou teachest, and not thou dost accept a countenance, but in 22 Εξεσαληθείας την όδον του θεου διδασκεις.

truth the way of the God thou teachest. τιν ήμιν Καισαρ. φορον δουναι, η ου; ²³ Καταawful for us to Cesar tax to give, or not? νοησας δε αυτων την πανουργιαν, ειπε προς of them the craftiness, be said to of them the craftiness, be said to of them the craftiness, be said to eciving but of them the craftiness αυτους: *[Τι με πειραζετε;] Show you to me (way me tempt you?] δηναριον τινος εχει εικονα και επιγραφην; a denarius; of whom has it a likeness and inscription ? Απυκριθεντες δε ειπον· Καισαρος. 25' Ο δε ειπεν

He and said Answering and they said; Of Cesar. αυτοις· Αποδοτε τοινυν τα Καισαρος, Καισαρι· to them: Give you hack then the things of Cesar, to Cesar: και τα του θεου, τω θεω. ²⁶ Και ουκ ισχυσαν and the things of the God, to the God. And not they were able επιλαβεσθαι αυτου βηματος εναντιον του λαου. to take hold of him of a word in presence on the people; και θαυμασαντές επι τη αποκρισει αυτου,

εσιγησαν. they were silent.

wondering

rnd

Τ Προσελθοντες δε τινές των Σαδδουκαιών, Approaching and some of the οί αντιλέγοντες αναστασιν μη ειναι, επερωτηthose denying a resurrection not to be, asked σαν αυτον, ²⁸ λεγοντες. Διδασκαλε, Μωσης a resurrection not to be,

at the

ADSWEE

of him,

saying; O teacher, Moses "if any one a brother should dia εγραψεν ήμιν, for us, εχων γυναικα, και σύτος ατεκνος αποθανη, ίνα havior and this chudless should die, that » wife; λαβη δαδελφος αυτου την γυναικα, και εξανshould whethe brother of him the wife, αστηση σπερμα τφ αδελφφ αυτου." and should 29 'Е тта seed to the brother of himself." deven

the HIGH-PRIESTS and the HANDS on him, but they γαρ, feared the PEOPLE; for for they knew That he had spoken this PARABLE concerning them.

> 20 ‡ And watching him, they sent forth Spies, feigning themselves to be right. eous men, that they might take hold of His Speech. in order to DELIVER him up to the COMMAND and AUTHORITY of the GOV-ERNOR.

> 21 And they asked him, saying, ‡"Teacher, we know That thou speakest and teachest correctly, and and dost not partially respect personal Appearance, but teachest the WAY of Gop in Truth:

22 Is it lawful for us, or not, to pay Tribute to Ce-

23 But perceiving Their CUNNING, he said to them,

24 "Show me a Denarius. Whose Likeness and Inscription has it?" And * Tibey said. "Cesar's."

25 And HE said to them. "Render, then, the THINGS of Cesar, to Cesar; and the THINGS of GOD, to GOD,"

26 And they were not able to take held of *a WORD before the PEOPLE; and they wondered at his ANSWER, and were silent.

27 tThen some of the SADDUCEES, *who SAY there is no Resurrection, approaching, asked him,

28 saying, "Teacher, I Moses wrote for us, 'If a man's brother should die, having a Wife, and * he be without children, that his BROTHER should take his WIFE, and raise up Offspring to his BROTHER.

^{*} VATICAN MANUTUBIPT .- 23. Why tempt you me-omi!. 24. reay said, Cesar's 26 a wear telore. 27. who say that there is no Resurrection.

^{25.} he be without 1 27 Matt. Exil 23;

^{. 15. 1 20.} Matt xxii. 16; Mark stt. 14. 1 28. Dect. 220. 25. 1 20 Matt azri. 15.

ουν αδελφοι ησαν• και ό πρωτος λαβων γυναικα, *[την γυναικα και ούτος απεθαναν ατεκνος.] the wife, and this died childless.] 31 Και δ τριτο ελαβεν αυτην ώσαυτως δε και took her: in like manner and also And the third οί έπτα· ου κατελιπον τεκνα, και απεθανον· they left children, and the seven: not dieu: 32 'Υστερον * [δε παντων] απεθανε και ή γυνη. [and of all] died also the woman. 33 Εν τη ουν αναστασει, τινος αυτων γινεται In the therefore resurrection, of which of them will be γυνη; οί γαρ έπτα εσχον αυτην γυναικα. 34 Και a wife? the for seven had her a wife. And * [αποκριθεις] ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Οι υίοι And [answering] he said to them the Jesus: The sons του αιωνος τουτου γαμουσι και εκγαμισκονται. of the age this and marry are given in marriage 35 oi δε καταξιωθεντες TOU ALWVOS EKELVOU those but having been accounted worthy of the age τυχειν, και της αναστασεως της εκ νεκρων, that out of dead ones, to obtain, and of the resurrection ουτε γαμουσιν, ουτε εκγαμισκονται· ³⁶ ουτε γαρ neither marry, nor are given in marriage: nor αποθανειν ετι δυνανται ισαγγελοι γαρ ειπι, to die more are able: like ange!s for they are, και υίοι εισι του θεου, της αναστασεως υίοι and sons they are of the God, of the resurrection 37 Οτι δε εγειρονται οί νεκροι, και Μω-OVTES. being. rise the dead ones even σης εμηνυσεν επι της βατου, ώς λεγει κυριον, declared at the bush, when he calls τον θεον Αβρααμ, και τον θεον Ισαακ, και τον the God of Abraham, and the God of Isaac, and 38 Θεος δε ουκ εστι νεκρων, αλλα ετον Ιακωβ. God of Jacob. A God now not he is of dead ones, ζωντων· παντες γαρ αυτφ ζωσιν. ³⁹ Αποκριθεντες of living ones; all for to him live. Answering δ. τινες των γραμματεων ειπον $\Delta \iota \delta \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon$, and some of the scribes O teamer, said; 40 Ουκετι δε ετολμων επερωταν καλως ειπας. well thou hast spoken. No longer and they presumed to ack αυτον ουδεν.

29 Now there were Seven Brothers; and the FIRST, having taken a Wife, died childless.

30 And the SECOND

31 and the THIRD took her; and in like manner also the seven; they died, and left no Children.

32 And last, the workan

died also.

33 At the RESURGECTION, therefore, To which for them does she become a Wife; for the SEVEN had her for a Wife."

34 And Jesus said to them, "The CHILDREN of this AGE marry, and are given in marriage,

35 but THOSE DEEMED WORTHY to obtain that AGE, and THAT RESURRECTION from the Dead, neither marry, nor are given in marriage,

36 for they can die no more, ‡ because they are like angels; and are Sons of *God, being Sons of the

RESURRECTION.

37 But That the DEAD rise, even Moses has declared, that the Bush, when he calls Jehovah, 'the 'God of Abraham, and 'the *God of Isaac, and 'the *God of Jacob.'

38 Now he is not a God of the Dead, but of the Laving; † for to him all

are alive."

39 Then some of the scribes answering, said, "Teacher, thou hast spoken well."

40 * And they dared not question him any more.

41 And he said to them; ;" How do they say, that

41 Eiπe δε προς αυτους. Πως λεγουσι τον He said and to them: How say they the

him nothing.

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -30. took -omit. 30. the wife, and this died childless-omit. 32. And of all-omit. 34. answering-omit. 36. God. 37. God. 37. God. 40. For after.

^{† 37.} Many modern critics regard the phrase,—at the Bush,—as referring to the section in the book of Exodus, commencing at chap. in 2. where it is recorded that the angel of Jehovah appeared to Moses "in a flame of fire out of a bush." In Mark xii 26, we read, Jesus asks, "Have you not read in the book o' Moses, at the Bush, how God spoke to him?" evidently alluding to the place or section where it was to be found to there he save "That the dead rise, even Moses has declared at the isection of The Bush when he calls Jehovah &c. Now Moses could only be said to declare this by recording what the angel and the account in Exodus. † 33. To him who regards the luture resurrection of his people as though it was present:—"God, who makes alive the dead and calls things coain being as shough they were." Rom. iv. 17.

^{2 36. 1} Cor. xv. 42, 49, 52; Rom. vili. 23; i John Hi. 2. 1 44. Math. axii 45; Mark air 35.

Κριστον υίον Δαυιδ εινα; ⁴² Και αυτος Δαυιδ Audinted ason of David to be? And yethimself David λεγει εν βιβλω ψαλμων. "Ειπεν δ κυριος τω "Said the Lord to the says in a book of psalms; truριφ μου. 43 Καθου εξ δεξιων μου έως αν θω lord ofme; Sitthon at right hand of me till I may place τους εχθρους σου υποποδιον των ποδων σου." the enemies of thee a footstool of the feet of thee."

44 Δαυιδ ουν κυριον αυτον καλει, και πως vios David therefore a lord him calls, and how a son αυτου εττιν; 45 εκτουντος δε ποντος του λαου, of him he is? Rearing and all of the ειπε τοις μαθη ταις αύτου· 46 Προσεχετε απυ he said to the disciples of himself; Beware of των γραμματέων την θελοντων περιπατείν εν the scribes, those wishing to walk in στολαις, και φιλουντών ασπασμούς εν ταις robes, and loving salutations in the αγοραις, και πρωτοκαθεδριας εν ταις συναγωγαις, markets, and first seats in the synagogues, $\kappa \alpha i \pi \rho \omega \tau \sigma \kappa \lambda i \sigma i \alpha s \varepsilon \tau \tau \sigma i s \delta \varepsilon i \pi \nu \sigma i s$ and first places in the fensts; they deθιουσι τας οικιας των χήρων, και προφασει μακρα προσευχονται υύτοι ληψονται περισποthey pray; these will receive greater

τερον κριμα. judgment.

ΚΕΦ. κα'. 21.

1 Αναβλεψας δε ειδε τους βαλλοντας τα δωρα Looking and he saw those casting the gitts αύτων εις το γαζολυλακιον πλουσιος. ²Ειθε of them into the treasury rich ones. He saw Hesaw $\delta \epsilon \stackrel{*}{=} [\kappa \alpha i] \tau i \nu \alpha \chi \eta \rho \alpha \nu \pi \epsilon \nu i \chi \rho \alpha \nu \beta \alpha \lambda \lambda 0 \upsilon \sigma \alpha \nu \epsilon \kappa \epsilon i$ and [also] a certain widow poor easting there $\delta \upsilon o \lambda \epsilon \pi \tau \alpha$. $^3 \kappa \alpha i \epsilon i \pi \epsilon \nu$. $A \lambda \eta \theta \omega s \lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \upsilon \mu i \nu$, $\delta \tau i$ two lepta: and he said: Truly I say to you, that ή χηρα ή πτωχη αύτη πλειον παντων εβαλεν. the widow that poor this more of all has cast.

 4 Απαντες γαρ ούτοι εκ το περισσευοντος All for they out of the abundance αύτοις εβαλον εις τα δωρα *[του θεου] αύτη δε of them cast into the gifts [of the God;] she but εκ του ύστερηματος αύτης ά ταντα τον βιον, of herself all the living, out of the want ύν ειχεν, εβαλε. 5 Και τινων λεγοντων περι του ίερου ότι λιθοις καλοις και αναθημασι the temple that with stones heautiful and offerings κεκοσμηται, ειπε· 6 Ταυτα ά θ εωρειτε, ελευit was adorped, he said; These which you behold, will σονται ήμεραι εν αίς ουκ αφες ησεται λιθος επι days in which not will be left a stone upon $\lambda \iota \theta \omega$, δς ου καταλυθησεται. ΓΕπηρωτησαν δε Stone upon a Stone, that a stone, which not will be thrown down.

the MESSIAH is to be a Sch of David ?

42 * For David himself says in the Book of Psalms, †*'Jehovah said to my 'LORD, sit thou at m' 'Right hand,

43 'till I put thine ZN. EMIES underneath thy

'FEET.'

44 David, therefore, calls him Lord, and how then is he * His Son?"

45 Then in the hearing of All the PEOPLE he said

to * the disciples,
46 "Beware of Those SCRIBES Who DESIRE to walk about in Long robes and ‡love Salutations in the MARKETS, and the Principal seats in the syn. AGOGUES, and the Upper couch at FEASTS;

47 I those PLUNDERING the FAMILIES of WIDOWS. and for a Show make long Prayers; these will receive a Heavier Judgment."

CHAPTER XXI.

1 And looking up, The saw the RICH CASTING their GIFTS into the TREA-SURY.

2 And he saw a Certain poor Widow casting in there Two † Lepta.

3 And he said, ' I assure you, That this POOR WIDOW cast in more than all.

4 for all these have cast among the GIFTS out of their SUPERFLUITY: but she, out of her POVERTY. cast in All the LIVING that she had

5 t And some speaking of the TEMPLE, That it was adorned with beautiful Stones and Offerings, he

said,

6 "As for these things which you behold, the Days will come, in which there will not be *left here a They asked and will not be thrown down."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. For David. 43. Lord. 44. Ilis Son. 45 his 6. left here. 2. also-omit. 4 of Gov-omit.

^{4 2.} In value about four mills, or nearly half a farthing.

^{† 42.} Psa, cx. 1; Acts ii. 34. † 45. Matt xxiv 1; Mark xii 39. † 46. Luke xi 43. 7. Matt. xxiv 14. † 1. Matt. xxi. 41. † 5. Matt. xxiv 14 Mark xiv. 1. † 6 Luke 1 47. Matt. xxiii. 14. x1x. 44.

αυτον, λεγοντες Διδασκαλε, ποτε ουν ταυτα O teacher, when then these saying; εσται; και τι το σημειον, όταν μελλη ταυτα will be? and what the sign, when may be about these sign, γινεσθαι; 8'Ο δε ειπε Βλεπετε, μη πλανηθητε. Look you, notyou may be deceived He but said; to be done? Πολλοι γαρ ελευσονται επι τω ονοματι μου, the in name of me, willcome λεγοντος 'Οτι εγω ειμι, και δ καιρος ηγγικε. That I am, and the season has approached Mη * [ουν] πορευθητε οπισω αυτων. 9 'Οταν δεNot [therefore] go you after them. When and ακουσητε πολεμους και ακαταστασιας, μη πτοnot you may you may hear of wars and commotions, ηθητε· δει γαρ ταυτα γενεσθαι πρωτον· αλλ' be terrified; must for these come to pass first; 10 Τοτε ελεγεν αυτοις. TUK EUBEWS TO TELOS. Then he said to them; immediately the end. βασιλεια Εγερθησεται εθνος επι εθνος, και ou a nation, and a nation a kingdom επι βασιλειαν. 11 σειτμοι τε μεγαλοι κατα τοa kingdom; Carthquakes and great in many πους, και λιμοι, και λοιμοι εσουται φοβητρα places, and famines, and pestilences will be; fearful sights απ' μεγαλα εσται. τε και σημεια 0002-00 also and sigus from heaven great will be. 12 Προ δε τουτων παντων επιβαλουσιν εφ' ύμας Belore but this all they will lay on you τας χειρας αύτων, και διωξουσι, παραδιδοντες and they will persecute, delivering up of them, εις συναγωγας και φυλακας, αγ μενους dragging and prisons, to synagogues Βασιλεις και ήγεμονας, ένεκεν του ονοματος and governors, on account of the Lings HOV. 14 Θεσθε ουν εις τας καρδιας ύμων, μη προ::-Settle you therefore in the hearts o.yuu, not to preι Εγω γαρ δωσω ύμιν λεταν απολογηθηναι. lo make a deleace. tor will give to you στομακαι σοφιαν, 'η ου δυνησονται αντειπειν η mouth and wisdom, which not will be able to gainsay or αντιστηναι παντες οί αντικειμενοι ύμιν. 16 Παραall the opponents to you. You will δοθησεσθε δε και ύπο γονεων, και αδελφων, be delivered up and also by parents, and και συγγενων, και φιλων και θανατωσουσιν εξ and friends. and they will put to death of relatives, 17 Κα: εσεσθε μισουμενοι ύπο παντων ύμων. Ana you will be being hated by you. δια το ονομα μου. 18 Και θριξ εκ της κεφαλης And a bair from th anrough the name orme. head

7 And they asked him. saying, "Teacher, when then will these things be?" and "What will be the sign when these things are about to be accomplished?"

8 And HE said, ‡ "See that you be not deceived; for many will come in my NAME, saying, 'H am he, and the TIME draws near;' ge not after them.

9 And when you hear of Battles and Insurrections, be not alarmed; for these things must first occur; but the END comes not im-

mediately."

10 Then he said to them, "Nation will rise against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom;

11 *and in various Places there will be great Earthquakes, and Famines, and Pestilences; there will be also Fearful sights and great Signs from Heaven.

12 ‡ But before all these things they will lay their HANDS on you, and persecute you, delivering you up to Synagogues and ‡ Prisons, dragging you before Kings and Governors on account of my NAME.

13 And it will turn out to you for a Testimony.

14 † Settle it in your HEARTS, therefore, not to premeditate on your defence;

15 for # will give you Eloquence and Wisdom, # which All your opponents will not be able to gainsay, or resist.

16 And you will be delivered up even by Parents, and Brothers, and Relatives, and Friends; and some of you they will put to death.

17 And you will be hated oy all on account of my NAME;

18 But not a Hair of your HEAD will perish.

VATICAE MAN SCRIFT .- 8. therefore -omt. 11. there will be great Earthquakes, and in various Places Famines, and.

^{† 8} Matt. xxiv. 4; Mark xiu. 5, Eph. v 6; 2 Thess. ii. 3. † 12 Matk xiu. 9. † 12, Acts iv. 3, v 18; xii. 4; xvi 24; zxv. 23. 1 14 Matt. 1 15 Acts vi. 4; xvi 24; zxv. 23.

19 Εν τη ύπομονη ύμων υμων ου μη αποληται, of you not not will perish. In the patient endurance of you κτησασθε τας ψυχας ύμων.

preserve you the lives of you. 20 Όταν δε ιδητε κυκλουμενην ύπο στρατοπε-When and you may see surrounded by encampments δων την Ίερουσαλημ, τοτε γνωτε, ότι ηγγικεν thenyou may know, that has comencar Jerusalem, the 21 Τοτε οί εν τη Ιουδαια, ή ερημωσις αυτης. Then those in the the desolation of her. Judea. Φευγετωσαμ εις τα ορη· και οί εν μεσφ αυto the mountains; and those in midst της, εκχωρειτωσαν και οί εν ταις χωραις, μη and those in the country places, not let them go out; 22 'Οτι ήμεραι εκδιεισερχεοθωσαν εις αυτην. let them euter into her. For days κησεως αύται εισι, του πλησθηναι παντα $\tau \alpha$ vengeance these are, of the to be fulfilled all the things γεγραμμενα. ²³Ουαι *[δε] ταις εν γαστρι εχου-having been written. Woe [but] to the in womb holdσαις και ταις θηλαζουσαις εν εκειναις ταις ήμεing and to the giving suck in those the ραις εσται γαρ αναγκη μεγαλη επι της γης, will be for distress great upon the ²⁴ και πεσουνται οργη τφ λαφ τουτω. wrath to the people this: and και αιχμαλωτισθησονται στουατι μαχαιρας, by edge of a sword, aud they will be led captive εις παντα τα εθνη· και into all the natione; and 'Ιερουσαλημ εσται Jerusalem πατουμενη ύπο εθνων, αχρι πληρωθωσι καιροι trodden down by Gentiles, till may be fulfilled seasons 25 Και εσται σημεια εν ήλιφ και σεληνη And will be signs in sun and of Gentiles. και αστροις και επι της γης συνοχη εθνων εν and stars; and on the earth auguish of nations in αποριά ηχους θαλασσης και σαλου. 26 αποψυand oftossing: perplexity of a roar of sea faintχοντων ανθρωπων απο φοβου και προσδοκιας from fear των επερχομενων τη οικουμενη αί γαρ δυναμεις of the things coming on the habitable: the for powers 27 Και τοτ ε οψοντων ουρανων σαλευθησονται. of he heavens will be sbakeu. And then they will ται τον υίον του ανθρωπου ερχομενον εν νεφελη, me the son of the man coming in a cloud, μετα δυναμεως και δοξης πολλης. 23 Αρχομενων power and. glory great Begioning δε τουτων γινεσθαι, αναψυσατε και επαρατε and of these to occur, raise yourselves and τας κ+φαλας ύμων διοτι εγγιζει ή απολυτρωβις the beade of you; because draws near the deliverance ²⁹ Και ειπε παραβολην αυτοι**ς·** Ιδετε την vuwy. And he spoke a parable to them; See you the

19 By your PATIENT ENDURANCE preserve your LIVES.

20 ‡ And when you see JERUSALEM Sarrounded by Encampments, then know That its DESOLATION has approached.

21 Then let THOSE who are in JUDEA, flee to the MOUNTAINS; let THOSE who are in the city, depart out; and let not THOSE who are in the COUNTRY PLACES enter it.

22 For these are Days cf Vengeance, that All the THINGS WRITTEN may be ACCOMPLISHED.

23 But alas for the PREGNANT and NURSING WOMEN in Those DAYS! for there will be great Distress on the LAND, and Wrath against this PEOPLE.

24 And they will fall by the Edge of the Sword, and be I d captive into All the NATIONS; and Jerusalem will be trodden down by Gentiles, ‡ till * the Times of Gentiles may be accornplished.

25 I And there will be Signs in the Sun and Moon and Stars; and on the EARTH Anguish of Nations in Perplexity; *Roarings of the Sea and Waves; 26 Men fainting from

Fear and Apprehension of the THINGS COMING on the HABITABLE; I for the POWERS of the HEAVENS will be shaken.

27 And then they will see the son of MAN ing in a Cloud with Power and great Glory.

28 When these things are beginning to occur, raise yourselves, and lift up your HEADS; for your DELIV-ERANCE is drawing near."

29 And he spoke a Parable to them ;-" Behold the FIG-TREE, and All the

TREES.

30 When they now put

all

fig-tree and

συκην και παντα τα δενδρα· 30 δταν προβαλωσιν

trees;

when they shoot forth

the VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. But-omit. the Times shall be those of the Gentiles. And

^{24.} when they should be fulfilled; and 25. Roarings of the Sea.

²⁰ Matt. xxiv. 15; Mark xiii. 14. † 22. Dan. ix. 26; Zech. xi. 1. 7 Rom. xi. 25. † 25. Matt. xxiv. 29; Mark xiii. 24; 2 Pet. iii. 10, 12. iv. 24. † 27. Matt. xxiv. 30; Rev. 1. Z 1 24. Dag

ηδη, βλεποντες, αφ³ έαυτων γινωσκετε, ότι now, beholding, from of yourselves you know, that ηδη εγγυς το θερος εστιν. 31 Ούτω και ύμεις, now near the summer is. So also you, όταν ιδητ**ε τ**αυτα γινομενα, γινωσκετε, ότ**ι** when you may see these occurring, know you, εγγυς εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου. 32 ίμην λεγω is the kingdom of the God. Indeed I say ύμιν, ότι ου μη παρελθη ή γενεα αύτη, έως to you, that not not may pass away the generation this, till 33 O ουρανος και ή γη αν παντα γενηται. may be done. The heaven and the earth all παρελευσονται οί δε λογοι μου ου μη παρελshall pass away; the but words of me not not may pass 34 Προσεχετε δε έαυτοις, μηποτε βαρηθωσι. Take heed but to yourselves, lest should be

θωσιν θμων αί καρδιαι εν κραιπαλη, και μεθη, burdened of you the hearts with surfeiting, and drunkenness, και μεριμναις βιωτικαις· και αιφνιδιος εφ' ύμας you and suddenly anxieties of life: on 35 'Ως παγις γαο επεεπιστη ή ήμερα εκεινη. may come the day that. As snare for it will λευσεται επι παντας τους καθημενους ετι προall those dwalling come face On on 36 Αγρυπνειτε ουν εν σωπον πασης της γης. of the earth. Wateh you then in

παντι καιρώ, δεομενοι, ίνα καταξιωθητε €Kpraying, that you may be accounted worthy to every season, φυγειν ταυτα παντα τα μελλοντα γινεσθαι, all the things being about these to occur,

και σταθηναι εμπροσθέν του υίου του ανθρωπου. in presence of the son of the and to stand ³⁷ Ην δε τας ήμερας εν τω ίερω διδασκων·

days in the temple teaching; He was and the τας δε νυκτας εξερχομενος ηυλιζετο εις το going out he lodged nights in the 38 Και πας δ ορος το καλουμενον ελαιων. mountain that being called of olive-trees. And all the λαος ωρθριζε προς αυτον εν τω ίερω ακουειν people came early to bim in the temple to hear КЕФ. кв'. 22. 1 Ηγγιζε δε ή έορτη αυτου. Drew near now the him. feast των αζυμων, ή λεγομενη πασχα· ²και εζητουν of the unleavened cakes, that being called passover; and sought οί αρχιερεις και οί γραμματεις, το πως ανελωσιν

the high-priests and the scribes, the how they might kill 3 Eισηλ $\ell \in \delta \epsilon$ αυτον εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον, they feared for the people. Entered and σατανας εις Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμένον Ισκαριω-

adversary >nto Judas that being surnamed Iscariot 4 Kai την, οντα εκ του αριθμου των δωδεκα. being of the number of the

forth, observing it, you know of yourselves That the summer already is

near.
31 Thus, also, when nou see these events occurring, know That the KINGDOM

of God is ear.

32 Indeed I say to you, This GENERATION will not pass away, till all be accomplished.

33 The HEAVEN and the EARTH will fail; but my

WORDS cannot fail.

34 But ‡ take heed to vourselves, lest Your HEARTS be oppressed by Gluttony, and Drunkenness, and Anxieties of life, and that DAY should come unexpectedly upon you.

35 For it will come, like a Snare, on All THOSE DWELLING on the Face of

the Whole LAND.

36 ‡* Be you watchful. therefore, at all times, praying that you may be regarded worthy to escape All these THINGS BEING ABOUT to occur, and to stand before the son of MAN."

37 Now he was teaching Iduring the DAYS in the TEMPLE, and going out he lodged at NIGHTS in THAT MOUNTAIN which is called the Mount of Olives.

38 And All the PEOPLE came early to lnm in the TEMPLE to hear him.

CHAPTER XXII.

1 Now THAT FEAST of UNLEAVENED BREAD. which is CALLED the Passover, was drawing near.

2 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and scribes sought now they might kill him; for they feared the PEOPLE.

3 ‡ And the Adversary entered * into THAT Judas. CALLED Iscariot, who was of the NUMBER of the TWELVE.

And

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—36. But watch you, and pray always, that you may prevail to cape.

3. into that Judas, called Iscariot. escape.

^{† 34.} Rom xiii. 13; 1 Thess, v. 6; 1 Pet, iv. 7. xiu. 33. † 37. John. vin 1, 2; Luke xxii. 39. \$\$ 3. Matt. xxvi. 14; Matt. xiv. 10; John xiii. 2, 27.

^{1 36.} Matt. xxiv 42; xxv. 13; Mark 1 1. Matt. xxvi. 2; Mark xi 1. 1.

«πελθων συνελαλησε τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις going he talked with the high-priests and the στρατηγοις, το πως αυτον παραδώ αυτοις. the how him he might deliver up to them. Kai εχαρησαν και συνεθεντο αυτω ωργυριον
And they were glad, and agreed to him silver 6 Και εξωμολογησε. και εζητει ευκαιto give. And he consented; and he sought opporοιαν του παραδουναι αυτον αυτοις ατερ οχλου. tunity of the to Jenver up him to them without of a crowd. 7 Ηλθε δε ἡ ημερα των αζυμων,

Came and the day of the unleavened cakes, in which θυεσθαι το πασχα. 8 και απεστειλε it is necessary to sacrifice the paschallamb; and

Πετρον και Ιωαννην, ειπων Πορευθεντες έτοι-Peter and John, saying, Going preμασατε ήμιν το πασχα, ίνα φαγωμεν. 9 Oi SE pare you for un the passover, that we may eat. They and 10 'O de ειπον αυτώ. Που θελεις ατοιμασωμεν: and to him; Where wilt thou we make ready? He and ειπεν αυτοις. Ιδου, εισελθοντων ύμων εις την said to them; Lo, having entered of you into the πολιν, συναντησει ύμιν ανθρωπος κεραμιον will meet you aman a pitcher ύδατος βασταζων ακολουθησατε αυτώ εις την of water carrying, follow you him into the οικιαν, ού εισπυρευεται και ερειτε τφ οικο-

house, where he enters, and say you to the house δεσποτη της οικιας· 11 Λεγει σοι δ διδασκαλος· master of the house: Says to thee the teacher: Που εστιτο καταλυμα, δπου το πασχα μετα Where is the guest-chamber, where the passover with

των μαθητων μου φαγω; 12 Κακεινος ύμιν δειξει the disciples of me i may eat? And he to you will show αναγιον μεγα εστρωμενον εκει έτοιμασατε. an upper room large having been furnished; there prepare you.

13 Απελθοντες δε εύρον καθως ειρηκεν αυτοις. Having gone and they found even as he had said to them:

και ήτοιμασαν το πασχα. they prepared the passover. and

Και ότε εγενετο ή ώρα, ανεπεσε, και οί And when came the bour, he reclined, and the 15 Και ειπε προς δωδεκα αποστολυι συν αυτώ. twelve aposties with him. And he said to αυτους. Επιθυμια επεθυμησα τουτο το πασχα them: With desire I have desired this the passover 16 Λεγω φαγειν μεθ' υμων, προ του με παθειν. to eat with you, before the me to suffer. γαρ ύμιν, ότ * [ουκετι] ου μη φαγω εξ αυτου, for to you, that [no more] not not I may eat of it, έως ότου πληρωθη εν τη βασιλεια του θεου. till it may be tutfilled in the kingdom or the God.

17 Και δεξαμενος ποτηριον, ευχαριστησας ειπε. And having taken a cnp,

4 And he went and talked with the HIGH-PRIESTS and officers, now he might deliver him up to them.

5 And they were glad, and agreed to give him

Money

6 And he consented, and sought a Convenient time to DELIVER him up to then in the absence of the Crowd.

7 I Now the DAY of UN-LEAVENED BREAD came, on which it was necessary to sacrifice the PASCHAL LAMB.

8 And he sent Peter and John, saying, "Go, and prepare the PASSOVER for us, that we may eat."

9 And THEY said to him, "Where dost thou wish that we * prepare for thee to eat the PASSOVER?"

10 And HE said to them. "Behold, as you enter the city, a Man carrying a Pitcher of Water will meet you: follow him into the HOUSE where he enters.

Il And you shall say to the MASTER of the House, 'The TEACHER says to thee, Where is the GUEST-CHAM-BER, where I may eat the PASSOVER with my DISCI-PLES ?

12 And he will show you a large Upper-room furnished ready; there prepare."

18 And they were, and found all even as he had said to them; and they prepared the PASSOVER.

14 I And when the Hour came, he rechned, and *the APOSTLES with him.

15 And he said to tnem. " I have earnestly desired to cat This Passover with you before I suffer;

16 for I say to you, I will not eat * of it till it shall be fulfilled in the KINGDOM of God."

17 And taking a Cup. having given thanks he said: having given thanks, he

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. prepare for thee to cat the PASSOVER. 14. the APOSTLES with him. 13. no more-omit. 16. the same, till.

^{1 7} Matt xxvt. 17 Mark xiv. 12.

Λαβετε τουτο, και διαμερισατε έαυτοις. 18 Λεγω and divide you among yourselves. 1 say this. γαρ ύμιν, ότι ου μη πιω απο του γεννηματος for to you, that not not I may drink of the product της αμπελου, έως ότου ή βατιλεια του θεου kingdom of the God of the till the $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$. 19 Και λαβων αρτον, ευχαριστησας aloaf, having given thanks And having taken may come. εκλασε, και εδωκεν αυτοις, λεγων. Τουτο εστι to them, saying: This he broke, and gave το σωμα μου, το ύπερ ύμων διδομενον τουτο the body of me, that in behalf of you being given: this 20 'Ωσαυτως ποιειτε εις την εμην αναμνησιν. do you in the my remembrance. In like manner και το ποτηριον, μετα το δειπησαι, λεγων after also the the supper, saying: Τουτο το ποτηριον, ή καινη διαθηκη εν τφ the the new covenant in cup, αίματι μου, το ύπερ ύμων εκχυνομενον. 21 Πλην blood of me, that in behalf of you being poured out. ιδου, ή χειρ του παραδιδοντες με μετ' εμου επι io, the hand of the delivering up me with mine on 22 Και δ μεν υίος του ανθρωπου της τραπεζης.

the table. And the indeed son of the man πορευεται κατα το &ρισμενον πλην ουαι goes away according to that having been appointed, but woe τω ανθρωπω εκεινω, δι' ού παραδιδοται. to the man that, through whom he is delivered up.

Kai aυτοι ηρξαντο συζητειν προς έαυτους, το, And they began to inquire among themselves, the, V is aρα ειη εξ αυτων ὁ τουτο μελλων πρασwhich then it could be of them the this being about to

Otiv.

 24 E γ e ν e τ o δ e κ a ι φιλονεικία εν αυτοίς, among There had been and also a strife them, 25 °O δ€ το, τις αυτων δοκει ειναι μειζων. the, which ofthem thinks He but to be greater. ειπεν αυτοις. Οί βασιλεις των εθνων κυριευουsaid to them: The kings of the nations exercise tordship σιν αυτων και οἱ εξουσια(οντες αυτων, ευερthem; and those having authority of them, bene-26 Υμεις δε ουχ ούτως αλλ' γεται καλουνται. are called. You but not 80; but factors δ μειζων εν ύμιν, γενεσθω ως δ νεωτερος και the greater among you, let him become as the younger; and and 27 Tis γαρ μειηγουμενος, ώς δ διακονων. as he serving. Which for greater? the governor, ζων, δ ανακειμενος, η δ διακονων, ουχι δ or he serving? not he reclining, ανακε μενος, εγω δε ειμι εν μεσφ ύμων ώς ό in midst ofyou as he echning ! but am

said, "Take this, and divide it among yourselves;

18 for ‡I say to you, I will not drink *from HENCEFORTH of the PRODUCT of the VINE, till the KINGDOM of GOD shall come."

19 ‡ And taking a Loaf, and having given thanks, he broke it, and gave to them, saying, "This is THAT BODY of mine which is GIVEN for you; do this in MY Remembrance."

20 In like manner also the cup, after the supper, saying, "This cup is the NEW Covenant in my BLOOD, THAT in your behalf being poured out.

21 ‡ But, behold, the HAND of HIM who DELIVERS me up is with mine on

the TABLE.

23 * For indeed the son of MAN is going away, according to THAT which E25 been APPOINTED; but Woe to that MAN by whom he is delivered up!"

23 And then began to inquire among themselves, which of them it could be who was about to do this.

24 ‡ And there was also a Contention among them, which of them should be thought the greatest.

25 ‡And HE said to them, "The KINGS of the NATIONS exercise dominion over them; and THOSE HAVING AUTHORITY OVER them are styled † Benefactors.

26 But you must not be so; but let the greatest among you become as the LEAST, and the GOVERNOR AS HE WHO SERVES

27 For who is greater, HE who RECLINES, OF HE who SERVES? Is not HE who RECLINES? But # am among you as HE who SERVES.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. from HENCEFORTH.

^{22.} for indeed.

^{† 25.} Lucrgetes, Benefactors, was a name borne by several kings in Lgypt and Syria, and had Lecome proverbial for a tyrant.—Sharpe.

23 Τμεις δε εστε οί διαμεμενηκοτες διακονων. You but are those having continued serving. $μετ^*$ εμου εν τοις πειρασμοις μου. ²⁹ Καγω with me in the trials of me. And I of me. διατιθεμαι ύμιν, καθως διεθετο μοι δ πατηρ covenant for you, even as hoscovenanted forme the father μου βασιλειαν, 30 ίνα εσθιητε και πινητε επι of me a kingdom, that you may ext and you may drink at της τραπείης μου εν τη βασιλεια μου και table of me in the kingdom of me; and καθισεσθε επι θρονων, κρινοντες τας δωδεκα you may sit on thrones, judging φυλας του Ισραηλ. tribes of the Israel.

31 * [$E_i\pi\epsilon \delta\epsilon \delta \kappa \nu \rho ios$] $\Sigma_i\mu\omega\nu$, $\Sigma_i\mu\omega\nu$, $i\delta\sigma\nu$, [Said and the tord;] Simon, Simon, 10, δ σατανας εξητησατο ύμας, του σινιασαι ώς the adversary has asked for you, the to sift 32 Εγω δε εδεηθην περι σου, ίνα μη 1 but prayed for thee that not τον σιτον. the wheat, εκλειπη ή πιστις σου. Και συ ποτε επιστρε-may fail the faith of thee. And thou when having been εκλειπη ή πιστις σου. 33 . O δε ψας, στηριξον τους αδελφους σου. turned, strengthen the brethren of thee He and ειπεν αυτώ. Κυριε, μετα σου έτοιμος ειμι και said to him : Olord, with thee ready I am both 34 'O εις φυλακην και εις θανατον πορευεσθαι. and to death prison to go. ειπε Λεγω σοι, Πετρε, ου μη φωνησει said; I say to thee, O Peter, not not will crow ση, ερον αλεκτωρ, πριν η τρις απαρνηση μη a cock, before thrice was $35 \text{ Ka} = 6 \text{$ to-day ειδεναι ME. And he said to them; When to have known me. τειλα ύμας ατερ βαλαντιου, και πηρας, και sent you without apuree, and a hag, and ύποδηματων, μη τινος ύστερησατε; Οί δε ειπον· not anything wanted you? They and said; 36 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις. Αλλα νυν, δ Ουδενος. He said then to them; Nothing. But now, be εχων βαλαντιον, αρατω, ομοιως και πηραν.
having spurse, lethim take, in like manner and a bag; και δ μη εχων, πωλησατω το ίματιον αύτου, και and henot having, let him sell the mantle of himself, and αγορασατω μαχαιραν. ³⁷ Λεγω γαρ ύμιν, δτι a sword. lasy for to you, that let him buy *[ετι] τουτο το γεγραμμενον δει τελεσθηναι εν [yet] this the baving been written must to be finished in εμοι, το " Και μετα ανουων ελογισθη." Kai me, that; "And with law-treakers to was counted" 33 Οί δε ειπον. γαρ τα περιεμου τελος εχει. for the things about me an end has. They but said: Κυριε, ιδου, μαχαιραι ώδε δυο. O 00 $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ O lord, 10, swords hers two. He and αυτοις. Ίκανον εστι. to them : Exough it is.

28 And nou are THEY who have CONTINUED with me in my TRIALS.

29 And I covenant for you, even as my FATHER has covenanted for me, 24

Kingdom,

SO that you may eat and drink at my TABLE in mg KINGDOM, 2 and sit on Thrones, Judging the TWELVE Tribes of 18AFL.

31 Simon, Simon, behold.

the Adversary has asked for you, that he may sift

you like WHFAT:

32 but T have prayed for thee, that thy FAITH may not fail, and when thou hast turned, strengthen thy BRETHREN."

33 And HE said to him, "Master, I am ready to go with thee both to Prison and to Death."

34 ‡ And HE said, "I tell thee, Peter, a Cock will not crow To-day, *tilt thou shalt thrice deny that thou knowest me."

35 And he said to them I' When I sent you out without a Purse, and Bag and Sandals, did you want any thing?" And THEY said, "Nothing."

36 *And he said to them, "But now, HE who has a Purse, let him take it and in like manner, a Bag; and HE who has no Sword, let him sell his MANTLE, and buy one.

37 For I tell you, That THIS which has been written must be fully accomplished in me, I AND HE WAS NUMBERED WITH LAW-PREAKERS; for also the THINGS concerning me have an end."

38 And THEY said, "Master, Behold, here are two Swords." And HE said to them, "It is sufficient."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-31. And the Lord said-omir. 30. And he said. 37. yet-omit.

^{34.} till thou shalt.

^{; 29.} Matt. xxiv. 47; Luke zii. 32; 2 Cor. i. 7; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. ii. 26, 27. † 30. Matt xix. 28; 1 Cor. vi. 9; Rev. iii. 21. † 34. Matt. xxvi. 34; Mark xiv. 30; Jöbu xiii. 38. † 37. Isa. Iiii. 12; Mark xv. 28.

39 Και εξελθων επορευθη κατα το eθos eis And going out he went according to the custom to των ελαιων ηκολουθησαν δε αυτω the mountain of the olive-trees: followed the mountain of the olive-trees: followed to the opos Having come and to also the disciples of him. τοπου, ειπεν αυτοις. Προσευχεσθε μη εισελθειν to enter he said to them: Pray you not 41 Και αυτος απεσπασθη απ' εις πειρασμον. temptation. And he was withdrawn αυτων ὧσει λίθου βολην, και θεις τα γονατα them about of a stone throw, and having placed the inces προσπυχετο, λεγων. 42 Πατερ, ει βουλει παρεhe prayed, saying: Ofather, if thou art willing to take νεγιζείν το ποτηρίον τουτο απ' εμου πλην μη this from meı but Sevia το θελημα μου, αλλα το σον γενεσθω. 43* [Ω φθη the will of me, but the thine be done. [Appeared] [Appeared δε αυτώ αγγελος απ' ουρανου, ενισχυών αυτον. heaven, strengthening and to him a messenger from 44 Και γενομενος εν αγωνια, **ε**κτενεστερον being in agony, very earnestly

Εγενετο δε δ ίδρως αυτου ώσει προσηυχετο. Was of him like and the sweat he prayed. θρουβοι αίματος καταβαινοντές επι την γην. the ground. of blood falling down to ⁴⁵ Και αναστας απο της προσευχης, ελθων προς And having stood up from the prayer, coming τους μαθητας, εύρε**ν αυτ•υς κ**οιμωμενου**ς α**πο disciples, he found them sleeping της λυπης και ειπεν αυτοις 46 Τι καθευδετε; and he said to them: Why sleep you? ανασταντες προσευχεσθε, ίνα μη εισελθητε εις having stood up pray you. that not you may enter into πειρασμον.

temptation. 4. Ετι * [δε] αυτου λαλουντος, ιδου οχλος, [and] of him speaking, 10 a crowd, και ό λεγομενος Ιουδας, είς των δωδεκα, προηρand he being called Judas, one of the twelve, χετο αυτους, και ηγγισε τω Ιησου φιλησαι them, and drewnear to the Jesus to kiss belore Ιουδα, 48 'Ο δε Ιησους ειπεν αυτώ· αυτον. The but Jesus said to him; him, φιληματι τον υίον του ανθρωπου παραδιδως; the son of the hetrayest thou? man 4) Ιδοντες δε οί περι αυτον το εσομένον, ειπον Seeing and those about him the was going to be, said * $\begin{bmatrix} av\tau \omega \\ t_0 \text{ him.} \end{bmatrix}$ Kupie, $\epsilon i \pi a\tau a\xi o \mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \nu \mu a \chi a \rho i \alpha$;

39 ‡And going out, he went according to his custom to the MOUNT of OLIVES; and his DISCIPLES also followed him.

40 And having arrived at the PLACE, he said to them, "Pray that you may not enter into Trial."

41 And he retired from them about a stone's throw, and kneeling down, he prayed, saying,

42 "Father, if thou art willing, take away * This Cup from me; yet not my will, but THINE be done."

43 †[And there appeared to him an Angel from Heaven, strengthening him.

44 And being in Agony, he prayed very earnestly; and his sweat was like Clots of Blood falling down to the ground.]

45 And rising from PRAYER, and coming to the DISCIPLES, he found them sleeping from GRIEF,

46 and said to them, "Why do you sleep? Arise, and pray that you may not enter into Trial."

47 And while he was yet speaking, t behold a Crowd, and HE who was CALLED Judas, one of the TWELVE, preceded them, and drew near to Jesus to kiss him.

48 But *Jesus said to him, "Judas, dost thou betray the son of MAN with a Kiss?"

49 And THOSE about him perceiving WHAT was about TRANSPIRING, said, "Moster, shall we strike with he Sword?"

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—42. This Cup. 48. Jesus. 49. to him—omit.

^{43, 44.—}omit.

^{47.} And-omit.

^{† 43.} There is no mention of this circumstance in any of the other Evangelists : and it is worthy of remark, that among many of the ancients, the authenticity of these two verses, the 43rd and 44th, has been doubted, and in consequence, they are omitted in several MSS., and in some Versions and Fathers. The Codex Alexandrinus, and the Codex Vaticanus, the two oldest MSS. in the world, omit both verses; in some very ancient MSS. they stand with an asterisk before them, as a mark of dubiousness; and they are both wanting in the Coptic Lagments published by Dr. Ford. They are however extant in such a vast number of MSS., Versions and Fathers, as to leave no doubt with most critics, of their authenticity.—Clarke. Griesbach notes them as wanting in some authorities, but thinks that they ought not to be omitted.

^{† 36.} Matt, xxvi.36; Mark xiv.32; John xviii.1.

^{1 47.} Matt. xxvi. 47; Matt. x19

και επαταξεν είς τις εξ αυτων τον δουλον του struck one a certain of them the slave of the τρχιερεως, και αφειλεν αυτου το ους το δεξιον.

high-priest, and cut off of him the ear the right. 51 Αποκριθεις δε δ Ιησους ειπεν· Εατε έως Answering and the Jesus said; Let you be till τουτου. Και άψαμενος του ωτιου αυτου, ιασατο And touching the ear of him, he healed 52 Ειπε δε δ Ιησους προς τους παραγενοαυτον. Said and the Jesus to those μενους επ' αυτον αρχιερεις, και στρατηγους του come on him high-priests, and officera of the ίερου, και πρεσβυτερους. 'Ως επι ληστην εξελη-temple, and elders; Λε on a robber you have λυθατε μετα μαχαιρων και ξυλων. ⁵³καθ' ήμεραν ώρα, και ή εξουσια του σκοτους.

hour, and the authority of the darkness. 54 Συλλαβοντες δε αυτον ηγαγον, και εισηγα-Having seized and him they led, and brought him, they led him away υτον εις τον οικον του αρχιερεως. 'Ο δε and brought him to the γον αυτον εις τον οικον του αρχιερεως. him into the house of the high-priest. The but $\Pi \epsilon au \rho o \delta$ $\eta \kappa o \lambda o \nu \theta \epsilon \iota$ $\mu \alpha \kappa \rho o \theta \epsilon \nu$. 55 $\Lambda \psi \alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$ $\delta \epsilon$ Having kindled and Peter followed at a distance. πυρ εν μεσω της αυλης, και συγκαθισαντων a fire in midst of the court, and having sat down αυτων, εκαθητο δ Πετρος εν μεσφ αυτων. sat the Peter in midst of them.

⁵⁶ Ιδουσα **δε αυτον π**αιδισκη τις καθημενον προς Seeing and him a maid-servant certain sitting το φως, και ατενισασα αυτώ, ειπε. Και ούτος the light, and looking steadily to him, she said: Also this συν αυτ ϕ ην. 57 Ο δε ηρνησατο *[αυτον,]He but denied with him Was. [him,] ⁵⁸ Και μετα λεγων Γυναι, ουκ οιδα αυτον, saying; Owoman, not I know And after βραχυ έτερος ιδων αυτον, εφη. Και συ εξ a little another seeing him, said; Also thou of 'Ο δε Πετρος ειπεν' Ανθρωπε, ουκ αυτων ει. The but Peter said: them art. O man, 59 Και διαστασης ώσει ώρας μιας, αλλος EILLI. And having mtervened about hour one, enother ris διισχυοιζετο, λεγων' Επ' person confidently affirmed, soring: In αληθείας και truth also ούτος μετ' αυτου ην και γαρ Γαλιλαιος εστιν. 60 Ειπε δε δ Πετρος· Ανθρωπε, ουκ οιδα δ λε-Said but the Peter: O man, not I know what thon

YELS. Και παραχρημα, ετι λαλουντος αυτου, sayest. And immediately, while speaking

50 And tone of them struck the SERVANT of the HIGH-PRIEST, and cut off His RIGHT EAR.

51 But *Jesus a sering said, "Let this suffice." And he touc red * his EAR.

and healed him.

52 Then Jesus said to the HIGH-PRIESTS, and Officers of the TEMPLE, and Elders, who were COMING against him, "As in pursuit of a Robber, have you come with Swords and Clubs to take me?

53 When I was with you every day in the TEMPLE, you did not stretch out your HANDS against me: tbut this is Your HOUR, and the POWER of DARK-

NESS."

54 Then having seized The but | HOUSE of the HIGH-PRIEST. I But PETER followed at a distance.

55 # And they having kindled a Fire in the Mids of the court, sat down together, and PETER sat down among them.

56 And a certain Maidservant seeing him sitting by the LIGHT, and looking steadily at him, she said, "This man also was with him.

57 But HE denied, sage ing, "Woman, I do nos

know him."

58 # And after a little, another saw him and said, "Thou also art one of them." And PETER said, " Man, I am not."

59 And about an HCUE having intervened, another confidently affirmed, saying, "In Truth this man was also with him; for he is also a Galilean."

60 And PETER said, "Man, I know not what thou savest." And im. ' of him, | mediately, while he was

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 51. Jesus.

^{51.} the EAR.

^{57.} him-omit.

^{† 50.} Matt. xxvi. 51, Mark xiv. 47; John xviii. 10. † 52. Matt. xxvi. 55; Mark xiv. 48 † 53. John xii. 27. † 54. Matt. xxvi. 58; John xviii. 15. † 55. Matt. xxvi. 69; Mark xiv. 60; John xviii. 17 18. † 58. Matt. xxvi. 71; Mark xiv. 63- John

61 Και στραφεις δ κυριος εφωνησεν αλεκτωρ. And having turned the Lord a cock. ενεβλεψε τω Πετρω· και ύπεμνησθη δ Πετρος looked to the Peter; and was reminded the Peter του λογου του κυριου, ώς ειπεν αυτω. 'Οτι πριν as he said to him; That before of the word of the Lord, 62 Kaı αλεκτορα φωνησαι, απαρνηση με τρις. to crow, thou mayest deny me thrice. 63 Και οἱ ανδρες εξελθων εξω, εκλαυσε πικρως. And the going out, he wept hitterly. mers οί συνεχοντες τον Ιησουν, ενεπαιζον αυτώ, him, those having in custody the mocked Jesus, δεροντες. 64 και περικαλυψαντες αυτον, * [ετυπ-And having blindfolded him, [they acourging; τον αυτου το προσωπον,] και επηρωτων αυτον, and struck of him the face,] they asked him, λεγοντες. Προφητευσον, τις εστιν δ παισας Prophesy, who ia he striking σε; 65 Και έτερα πολλα βλασφημουντες ελεγον And other many blaspheming ELS QUTOV. against him.

66 Και ως εγενετο ήμερα, συνηχθη το πρεσ-And as it became day, were assembled the βυτεριον του λαου, αρχιερεις τε και γραμship of the people, high-priests and and scribes, ματεις, και ανηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδριον and brought him into the sanbedrim έαυτων, 67 λεγοντες Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, ειπε If thou artthe Anointed, of themselves, Saying; Ειπε δε αυτοις. Εαν ύμιν ειπω, ου μη ημιν. us. He said and to them; If to you I tell, not not πιστευσητε· 63 εαν δε *[και] ερωτησω, ου μη you will believe; if but [also] I ask, not not you will believe; if but [also] αποκριθητε * [μοι, η απολυσητε.] you would answer [me, or would loose.] 69 Απο του From of the νυν εσται δ υίος του ανθρωπου καθημενος εκ now shall be the son of the man sitting at 70 Ειπον δε $\delta \epsilon \xi \iota \omega \nu$ $\tau \eta s$ $\delta \upsilon \nu \alpha \mu \epsilon \omega s$ $\tau \circ \upsilon$ $\theta \epsilon \circ \upsilon$.

right hand of the power of the God. Said and 'O de mpos παντες. Συ ουν ει δ υίος του θεου; Thou then art the son of the God? He and to 'Υμεις λεγετε ότι εγω αυτους εφη. Elul. said: You Bayı 71 Of δε ειπον Τι ετι χρειαν εχομεν μαρτυριας;
They and said: Whatfurther need have we oftestimony? ηκουσαμεν απο του στοματος VUTOL γαρ Ourselves | for we have heard from the mouth 1 Και ανασταν KEΦ. κγ. 23. άπαν SUTOU. of him. And having stood up whole το πληθος αυτων, ηγαγον αυτον επι τον Πιof them, they led him the multitude te the λατον.

² Ηρξαντο δε κατηγορείν αυτου, λεγοντες^{*}
They began and to accuse him, saying:

ate.

yet speaking, the cock crew.

61 ‡ And the LORD, turning, looked on PETER; and PETER was reminded of the DECLARATION of the LORD, how he said to him, "Before a Cock * crows To-day, thou shalt deny me thrice."

62 And going out, he wept bitterly.

63 And THOSE MEN who had * him in custopy, derided and beat him:

64 and having blindfolded him, they asked him, saying, "Divire who is HE that STRUCK thee?"

65 And many other things they blasphemously spoke against him.

66 ‡ And when it was Day, the ELDERSHIP of the PEOPLE, both High-priests and Scribes, were assembled, and they led him into their SANHEDRIM, saying,

67 "If thou art the MESSIAH, tell us." And he said to them, "If I inform you, you will not believe;

68 and if I interrogate you will not answer.

69 * But from this TIME the ‡ son of MAN will sit on the Right hand of the POWER of GOD."

70 And they all said, "Thou art, then, the son of God?" And HE said to them, "Pou say; I am."

71 And then said, "What further need have we of Testimony? since we ourselves have heard this from his own Mouth."

CHAPTER XXIII.

1 And the Whole MUL-MIUDE of them rising up, led him to PILATE.

2 And they began to accuse him, saying, "We

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—61. crows To-day, thou shalt. 63. him. 64. struck sim on the face and—omit. 63. also—omit. 63. me, or would loose—omit. 69. But foot this time.

^{* 61.} Matt. xxvi. 75; Mark xiv. 72. ; Mark xiv. 62; Heb. i. 3; vii. 1. 1. Matt. xxvii. 2; Mark xv. 1; John xviii 28.

days.

Τουτον εύρομεν διαστρεφοντα το εθνος, και
This we found misleading the nation, and κωλυοντα Καισαρι φορυς διδοναι, λεγοντα έαυforbidding to Cesar tax to give, saying himτον Χριστον βασιλεα ειναι. 3 Ο δε Πιλατος himself is an anointed self an anointed king to be. The and Pilste King. self an anointed king to be.
επηρωτησεν αυτον, λεγων Συ ει ὁ βασιλευς
asked him, saying: Thou art the king
'Ο δε αποκοιθεις αυτω εφη Συ των Ιουδαιων; 'Ο δε αποκριθεις αυτφ εφη Συ of the Jews: He and answering to him said: Thou λεγεις. 4 'Ο δε Πιλατος είπε προς τους αρχίε-The and Pilate said to the sayest. ρεις και τους οχλους. Ουδεν εύρισκω αιτιον εν priests and the crowds: Nothing I find criminal in $\tau \varphi$ and $\rho \omega \pi \varphi$ τουτ φ . 5 Oi $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \chi \upsilon \sigma \upsilon$, $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \sigma \upsilon \tau$ They but were urgent. saying this. τες 'Οτι ανασειε: τον λαον, διδατκων καθ' That he stirs up the people, teaching όλης της Ιουδαιας, αρξαμενος απο της Γαλιλαιας whole of the Judea, having begun from the έως ώδε. ⁵Πιλατος δε ακουσας *[Γαλιλαιαν,] to here. Pilate and having heard [of Galilee,] επηρωτησαν, ει ὁ ανθρωπος Γαλιλαιος εστι. he asked, if the man a Galilean 7 Και επιγνους, δτι εκ της εξουσιας 'Ηρωδου And having learned, that of the authority of Herod εστιν, ανεπεμψεν αυτον προς 'Ηρωδην, οντα hers, he sent him to Herod, being και αυτον εν Ίεροσολυμοις εν ταυταις ταις was bim in in Jerusalem those quepais.

8 'Ο δε 'Ηρωδης ιδων τον Ιησουν, εχαρη λιαν The and Herod seeing the Jesus, rejoiced greatly, γι γαμ θελων εξ ίκανου ιδειν αυτον, δια το he was for wishing of a long time to see him, because the «Κουειν * [πολλα] περι αυτου και ηλπιζε τι to hear [many things about him; and hoped some σημειον ιδειν ύπ' αυτου γινομενον. $9 E \pi \eta \rho \omega \tau \alpha$ He asked δε αυτον εν λογοις ίκανοις αυτος δε ουδεν and him in words many; he and nothing απεκρινατο αυτφ. 10 Ειστηκεισαν δε οί αρχιε-Stood up answered him. and the highρεις και οί γραμματεις, ευτονως κατηγορουντες priests and the scribes, vehemently accusing αυτου. 11 Εξουθενησας δε αυτον δ ήρωδης συν Having despised and him the Herod with τοις στρατευμασιν αύτου, και εμπαιξας, περι-the soldiers of himself, and having mocked, casting βαλ ων αυτον εσθητα λαμπραν, ανεπεμψεν αυτον around him arobe splendid, sent again him 12 Εγενοντο δε φιλοι ό, τε Πι-Became and friends the, both Piτω Πιλατω. to the Pilate. λατος και ό Ηρωδης εν αυτη τη ήμερα μετ' late and the Herod in this the day with

found this man nusleading *our NATION, and forbid-

- 3 ‡ And PILATE asked him, saying, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?" And HE answering him, said, "Thou sayest."
- 4 Then PILATE said to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the crowds, "I find Nothing Criminal in this MAN."
- 5 But THEY were urgent, saying, "He stirreth up the PEOPLE, teaching in All JUDEA, beginning from GALILEE even to this place.
- 6 Now Pilate hearing of Galilee, asked if the MAN was a Galilean.
- 7 And ascertaining That he was of the PROVINCE of Herod, he sent him to * HEROD, who was also in Jerusalem in Those DAYS.
- 8 And HEROD I seeing JESUS, was very glad; for he had wished for a long time to see him, because he had HEARD about him; and he hoped to see Some Sign done by him.
- 9 And he questioned him in many Words; but he answered him nothing.
- 10 And the HIGH-PRIESTS and the SCRIBES stood up, and vehemently accused him.
- 11 And HEROD, with his SOLDIERS, treated him with contempt; and having, in derision, arrayed him in a spiendid Robe, sent him back to PILATE.
- 12 And * HEROD and DILATE became Friends to each other on That DAY;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. OUT NATION. 2. and saying. 6. of Galilee-omit, 8. many things-omit. 12. HEROD and PILATE.

^{12.} John xiz. ki † 8. Matt. xxvii. 11; 1 Tim. vi. 13. † 8. Matt. xiv. 1; Mark vi. 14; Luke ix. 9.

αλληλων προυπηρχον γαρ εν εχθρα οντες προς each other; formerly for in hatred being with έαυτους. themselves,

13 Πιλατος δε συγκαλεσαμένος τους αρχιέρεις Pilate and having summoned the high-priests και τους αρχοντας και τον λαον, 14 ειπε προς said chiefs and the people, to and the αυτους· Προσηνεγκατε μοι τον ανθρωπον του-them; You have brought to m the man this, τον, ως αποστρεφοντα τον λαον· και ιδου, εγω misleading the people; and lo, ενωπιον έμων συακρινας, ουδεν εύρου εν τω in presence of you having examined, nothing I found in ανθρωπφ τουτφ αιτιον, ών κατηγορειτε κατ'

this a fault, of which you accuse against 15 Αλλ' ουδε Ήρωδης ανεπεμψα γαρ αυτου. But not even Herod: Laent ύμας προς αυτον, και ιδου, ουδεν αξιον θανατου him, and to Kothing worthy of death εστι πεπραγμενον αυτω. 16 Παιδευσας having been done to him. Having scourgedt is having been done to him. Having scourged therefore autov a π o λ u σ ω . If $A\nu\alpha\gamma\kappa\eta\nu$ δ ϵ ϵ i χ ϵ ν a π ohim I wilt release. [Necessarv now it was to λ u ϵ i ν autois κ a τ a ϵ o ρ τ η ν ϵ ν a ω .] Is $A\nu$ e κ pa δ a ν Cried out. release to them at a feast one. Cried out δε παμπληθει, λεγοντες. Αιρε τουτον, απολυand autogether. saying: Take away this, release σον δε ήμιν τον βαραββαν. 19 Οστις ην δια and to us the Barabbas; Who was through

στασιν τινα γενομενην εν τη πολει, και φουον, a sedition certain having occurred in the city, and a murder, Βεβλημενός εις φυλακην.

paving been cast into prison.

20 Παλιν ουν ό Πιλατος προσεφωνήσε, θελων Again therefore the Pilate wishing spoke to, 21 Οί δε επεφωνουν, απολυσαι τον Ιησουν. cried, 22 °O They but the to release Jesus. λεγοντες. Σταυρωσον, σταυρωσον αυτον Crucify, crucify him. He δε τριτον ειπε προς αυτους. Τι γαρ κακον them: What for third said and to evil εποιησενούτος; ουδεναιτιον θανατου εύρον εν has done 'this? nothing a cause ordeath I found in 23 01 8€ αυτω· παιδευσας ουν αυτον απολυσω. him: having acourged therefore him . will release. They but επεκειντο φωναις μεγαλαις, αιτουμένοι αυτον demanding pressed with voices loud, him σταυρωθηναι και κατισχυον αί φωναι αυτων prevailed to be crucified; and the voices of them 24 °Ο δε Πιλατος επε-*[και των αρχιερεων.] [and of the high-priests.] The and Pilate

 25 A $\pi \epsilon \lambda v \sigma \epsilon$ κρινε γενισθαι το αιτημα αυτων. of them. to satisfy the request He released δε τον δια στασιν και φονον βεβλημενον είς and the through sedition and murder having been cast into

for before they had been at Enmity with each other 13 # And Pilets, baving called the HIGH-PRIESTS. and the RULERS, and the

PEOPLE, 14 said to them, "You have brought this MAN to me, as one who misleads the PEOPLE; and behold, having examined him in your presence, # have not found this MAN guilty of the Crimes you bring

against him. 15 Nor, indeed, has Herod: for * he sent him back again to you; and behold, nothing worthy of Death has been done by him;

16 having chastised him, therefore, I will release him."

17 1* [For it was Necessarv to release one to them at the Feast.]

18 Then they all exclaimed with one accord, saying, "Take away this man. and release to us BARABBAS;"

19 (who had been cast into * Prison for a certain Insurrection made in the CITY, and a Murder.)

20 PILATE, therefore, again addressed them, wishing to release JESUS. 21 But THEY cried, say.

ing, him." "Crucify, "rucify

22 And HE said to them, a Third time, "For what? Has this man done Evil? I have found No Cause of Death in him; having chastised him, therefore, I will release him."

23 And THEY were ur gent with loud Voices, de manding him to be crucified, and their CRIES pre-

vailed;

24 and *Pilate decided to satisfy their REQUEST.

25 And he released KIM who had been CAST into * Prison for Insurrection

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. he sent him back again to you; an behold, nothing wer thy of Death has been done by him. 17.—amit. 25. Prison. 19. PRISON. the HIGH-PRIESTS -omit.

^{† 13.} Matt. xxvii. 23; Mark xv. 14; John xviii. 29; xix. 4. Mar's xv. 6; John xviii. 39:

την φυλακην, δν ητοιντο τον δε Ιησουν παρεthe prison, whom they asked; the out Jesus he deι «κε τω θεληματι αυτων. Frered to the will

ό Και ως απηγηγον αυτον, επιλαβομενοι Σι-And as theyled him, having laid hold of Siμωνος τινος Κυρηναιου ερχομενου απ' αγρου, επεθηταν αυτφ τον σταυρον, φερειν οπισθεν shey placed to him the eros, to carry sfter του Ιητου. 27 Ηκολουθει δε αυτφ πολυ πληθος the people, and of women; who [also] lamented of the people, and of women are elephytous autov. 28 Στραφεις δε προς autas and bewailed him. Turning but to them δ Ιησους, ειπε. Θυγατερες Ίερουσαλημ, μη ho Jesus, said. Daughters of Jerusalem, not the Jesus, graiter επ' εμε, πλην εφ' έαυτας κλαιετε, και enyou for me, but for yourselves weepyon, and 29 'Οτι ιδου, ερχονται ήμεεπι τα τεκνα ύμων. For lo, for the children of you. come days, ραι, εν αίς ερουσι. Μακαριαι αί στειραι, και in which they will say; Blessed the barren ones, and κοιλιαι αί ουκ εγεννησαν, και μαστοι οί ουκ and wombe which not bore breasts which not εθηλασαν. 30 Τοτε αρξονται λεγειν τοις ορεσι Then they will begin to say to the mountains; suckled. Πεσετε εφ' ήμας και τοις βουνοις Καλυψατε Fallyon on us; and to the hills; Coveryon

δμας. ³¹ Ότι ει εν τφ ύγρφ ξυλφ ταυτα ποιου-For if in the green tree these

σιν, εν τφ ξηρά τι γενηται; in the dry what will be don ?

Weroled and also others two malefactors with αυτω αναιρεθηναι. 33 Και ότε απηλθον επι τον bim to be put to death. And when they came to τοπον, τον καλουμένον Κρινιον έκει εσταυρωplace, that skull, being cal.e ! there they cruci-Tay autor, kal tous kakoupyous by HEV EK ₽D.d the malefactore one Indeed at 34 # [O de Inσeus δεξιων, όν δε εξ αριιττερων. right, one and at left. The and ελεγε Πατερ, αφες αυτοις οδ γαρ οιδασι τι
laid; Ofather forgive them; not for they knowwhat MOIOUGE Διαμερ (ομεναι δε τα ίματια αυτου. and the garments of him, they dod Having divided εβαλον κληρον. 35 Και είστηκει δ λαος θεωρών· And stood the people gasing: they cass alot. εξεμυκτηριζου δε και οί αρχοντες * [συν αυτοις,] and also the scoffed at rulers with them,] AEYOUTES" Αλλους εσωσε, σωσατω έαυτον, ει Otners he saved, let him rave himsels, if

and Murder, whom they desired; and delivered up JESUS to their WILL.

26 And as they led him away, having laid hold of Simon, a certain Cyrenian, coming from the Country, they laid the cross on him. that he might carry it after JESUS.

27 And there followed him a Great Multitude of the PEOPLE, and of Women who lamented and bewailed

28 But * Jesus, turning to them, said, "Daughters of Jerusalem, weep not for me, but weep for yourselves, and for your CHIL-DREN.

29 For behold, 1 Days are approaching, in which they will say, 'Happy the BARREN! even the Wombs which never bore, and the Breasts which never suckled.'

30 Then they will begin to say to the MOUNTAINS. 'Fall on us;' and to the HILLS, 'Cover us.'
31 For if these things

are done while the Tree is * Green, what will be done when it is DRY."

32 1 Now two others, who were Criminals were also led with him to be put

to death.

they

83 And twhen they came to THAT PLACE which is CALLED Skull, they there nailed him to the cross, and the CRIMINALS; one at his Right hand, and the other at his Left.

34 "[Then JESUS said, "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."] And having divided his GARMENTS, they cast Lots.

35 And the PEOPLE stood gazing. And the RUL also scoffed, saying, "He saved others; let him save himself, *if he is the Sor.

84 Then 85. with

aying:

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. also -omit. 28. Jesus. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—27. also—omit. 23. Jesus. 31. Green. Jesus said. "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."—omit. them—omit 35. if he is the Son, the Messian, the chosen of God.

^{1 29.} Matt. xxvl. 19; Luke xxi. 23. 1 33. 1sa. lui. 12; Matt. xxvii. 38.

εύτος εστιν ό Χριστος, ό του θεου εκλεκτος. 36 Ενεπαιζον δε αυτφ και οί στρατιωται, προσ-Mocked also the soldiers, and him *[Ka1] ερχομενοι. οξος προσφεροντες αυτώ, [and] offering ing near vinegar to him, 37 και λεγοντες Ει συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιου-and saying. If thou art the king of the Jews, 38 Ην δε και επιγραφη δαιων, σωσον σεαυτον, Was and also an inscription thyself. *[γεγραμμενη] επ' αυτφ *[γραμμασιν Έλλη-[having been written] over him [letters νικοις, και 'Ρωμαικοις, και 'Εβραικοις'] "Ούτος Latin, Hebrews.] and and This εστιν δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." is the king ofthe Jews."

³⁹ Είς δε των κρεμασθεντων κακουργων εβλασ-One and of those having been hanged malefactors spoke φημει αυτον, *[λεγων'] Ει συ ει δ Χριστος, against him, [saying.] If thou art the Christ, 40 Αποκριθεις δε δ σωσον σεαυτον και ήμας. Answering thyself and us. but the έτερος επιτιμα αυτφ λεγων. Ουδε φοβη συ τον rebuked him saying; Not even fearest thou the θεον, δτι εν τω αυτω κριματι ει; 41 Και ήμεις God, since in the same condemnation thou art? And we μεν δικαιως αξια γαρ ών επραξαμεν απολαμβαindeed justly; due for which has been done we receive: 42 Kat νομεν ούτος δε ουδεν ατοπον επραξε. but nothing amiss has done. ελεγε τω Ιησου Μνησθητι μου, *[κυριε,] he said to the Jesus; Do thou remember me, [O lord,] δταν ελθης εν τη βασιλεια σου, 43 Και ειπεν when thou may est come in the kingdom of thee. And eaid *[κυριε,] αυτω ό Ιησους. Αμην λεγω σοι, σημερον μετ' Indeed Issy to thee, to him the Jesus; to-day with εν τω παραδεισω. €μου €ση

⁴⁴ Ην δε ώσει ώρα έκτη, και σκοτο**ς εγ**ενε**το** It was and about hour sixth, and darkness εφ' δλην την γην, έως ώρας εννατης. over whole the land, till hour pinth. came 45 Kaı And εσκοτισθη δ ήλιος και εσχισθη το καταπεwas darkened the cun; and wasrent the veil 46 Και φωνησας φωνη τασμα του ναου μεσον. crying with a voice of the temple midst. And

paradise.

me thou shalt be in the

the Messiah, the Chosen of Gop."

36 And the soldiers also derided him, coming near and offering him Vine-

37 and saying, "If thou art the KING of the JEWS,

save thyself." 38 ‡ And there was also an Inscription over him;-"This is the KING of the

JEWS." 39 ‡And one of the CRIM. INALS who were †sus-PENDED, reviled him, say-

ing, *"Art not thou the MESSIAH? save thyself and us."

40 But the OTHER answering rebuked him, say. ing, "Dost thou not even fear God, since thou art under the SAME Sentence?

And we, indeed justly; for we receive what is due for the deeds we have done; but this man has done nothing amiss."

42 And he said to * Jesus, "Remember me when thou comest * in thy KING. DOM."

43 † And *he said to him, "Indeed I say to thee. This day thou shalt be with me in † PARADISE."

44 1* And it was now about the sixth Hour, and there was Darkness over the Whole LAND till the ninth * Hour:

45 the sun failing, * and the VEIL of the TEMPLE was rent in the Midst.

46 And JESUS exclaim.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 36. and -omit. 38. written-omit. 33. in Letters of Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew-omit. 39. saying—omit.
42. Lord—omit. 89. Art not thou the MESSIAH? save. 42. Jesus. 42. to. 43. he said. 44. Hour; the sun failing, 64. It was now about. 45. and the VEIL.

^{† 39.} It is likely that the two robbers were not nailed to their crosses, but only tied to them † 39. It is likely that the two robbers were not nailed to their crosses, but only tied to them by cords, and thus they are represented in ancient paintings.—A. Clarke. † 43. This verse was wanting in the copies of Marcion and other reputed heretics; and in some of the older copies in the time of Origen; nor is it cited by Justin, Irenæus, or Tertullian; though the two former have quoted almost every text in Luke which relates to the crucifixion; and Tertullian wrote concerning the intermediate state. See Evanson's Diss. p. 28. Im. Ver note. † 43. The word paradise is not Greek, but is of Asiatic origin. In Arabic and Persian it signifies a garden, a vineyard. The Septuagint renders Gen. ii. 8, thus; "God planted a paradise in Eden." The word only occurs in two other places in the New Testa ment—2 Cor. xii. 4; and Rev. ii. 7.

^{‡ 38.} Matt. xxvii. 37; Mark xv. 26; John xix. 19. ‡ 39. Matt. xxvii. 44; Mark xv 12. 1 44. Matt. xxvii. 45; Mark xv. 33. ‡ 45. Matt. xxvii. 51; Mark xv. 38.

ωεγαλη δ Ιησους, ειπε Πατερ, εις χειρας σου ou ha Jesus, said: Ofather, into hands of thee παραθησομαι το πνευμα μου. Και ταυτα ειπων,

the breath of me. And these having said, 47 Ιδων δε δ έκατονταρχος το γε-EEERVEUGEV. that havhe breathed out. Seeing and the centurion roμενον, εδοξασε τον θεον, λεγων·
tag occurred, glorified the God, saying; OUT 'IS & Truly the 42 Kai wantes oi ανθρωπος ούτος δεκαιος ην. this W15. And all the

συμπαραγενομενοι οχλοι επι την θεωριαν ταυhaving come together crowds to the sight τ: , θεωρουντες Ta γενομενα, TUTTOVTES

beholding the things having occurred, striking ⁴³ Είστη-*[έαυτων] τα στηθη ύπεστρεφον. of themselves | the breasts returaed. Stood κεισαν δε παντες οί γνωστοι αυτου μακροθεν,

but all the acquaintances of him at a distance, και γυναικες ιξί συνακολουθησασαι αυτφ απο those him from having followed women

της Γαλιλαιας, δρωσαι ταυτα. behalding these things. Galilee,

50 Και ιδου, ανηρ ονοματι Ιωσηφ, βουλευτης a man with a name Juseph, a senator And lo. ύπαρχων, ανηρ αγαθος και δικαιος, 51 (ούτος (this bas boog being, a man just, ουκ ην συγκατατεθειμενος τη βουλη και τη sot was having assented to the will and the having assented πραξει αυτων,) απο Αριμαθαιας πολεως των act of them.) from Arimathea acity of the

Ιουδαιων, ός και προσεδεχετο * [και αυτος] την Jews. who and was looking for [also himself] the βασιλειαν του θεου 52 ούτος προσελθων τω kingdom of the God; this having gone to the 53 Ka1

Πιλατώ, ητησατο το σωμα του Ιησου. asked the body of the Jesus. And αυτο, ενετυλιξεν αυτο σιδονι, και καθελων having taken down it, he wrapped it to linen. and εθηκεν αυτο, εν μνηματι λαξευτω, ού ουκ ην

atomb hewn in a rock, where not was in 64 Και ήμερα ην παραουδεπω ουδεις κειμενος. And day was 55 Katakoeveryet no one being laid. σκευη, και σαββατον επεφωσκε. sabbath approached. Having folλουθησασαι δε *[και] γυναικες, αίτινες ησαν and also women, who lowed after συνεληλυθυιαι αυτφ εκ της Γαλιλαιας, εθεα-having been with him out of the Galilee, be-

ταντο το μνημειο**ν,** και ώς ετεθη το σωμα αυτου. tom's, and how they laid the body 6 Υποστρεψασαι δε ήτυιμασαν αρωματα and they prepared aromatics and

Having returned μυρα και το μεν σαββατον ήσυχασαν κατα ointments; and the indeed they rested according to sabbath την εντολην.

the commandment.

rvi. l.

ing with a loud Voice, said, "Father, into thy Hands I commit my t spirit;" and having said this, the cx.

47 1 And the CENTURION seeing WHAT had CURRED, he glorified God, saying, "Truly This MAN was righteous.

48 And All the CROWDS who had come Together to this spectacle, having beheld the THINGS which OCCURRED, returned, heating their BREASTS.

49 And Allhis ACQUAIN-TANCE, * and THOSE WO-MEN who had FOLLOWED him from GALILEE, stood at a distance, beholding these things.

50 2 And behold, a Man named Joseph, a Senator, a good and righteous Man,

51 (he had not consented to their DESIGNS and DEEDS,) from Arimathea, a City of the Jews; and who was waiting for the KINGDOM of GOD.

52 This man coming to PILATE, asked for the BODY of JESUS.

53 And having taken it down, he wrapped it in Linen, and laid it in a Tomb cut out of a rock, in which no one had ever yet been

64 And it was the Day of ! Preparation, and the Sabbath approached.

55 And the WOMEN following after, who had accompanied him from GALILEE, saw the TOMB, and how his BODY was laid.

56 And returning, they prepared Aromatics and Ointments; and rested on the SABBATH, according to the COMMANDMENT.

40. and THOSE WOMES Who

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 48. of themselves -omit. 55. also-omit. 51. also himself-omit.

^{† 46.} My breath or life, Luke viii. 55.

^{1 45.} Matt xxvii. 59: Mark xv. 87; John xix. 30. : 50 Matt. xxvii. 57: Mark :: v. 42; John xix. 38.

^{1 47.} Matt. xxvii. 54; Mark xv. 89 1 54. Matt. xxvii. 62. 1 56. Mark 1 56. Mar)

КЕФ. κδ'. 24. Τη δε μια των σαββατων, ορθρου βαθεος, In the and first of the weeks, of morning very early, ηλθον επι το μνημα, φερουσαι ά ήτοιμασαν to the tomb, bringing what they prepared *[και τινές συν αυταις.] 2 Eupov αρωματα. and some with them.] δε τον λιθον αποκεκυλισμενον απο του μνημειου. having been rolled from the Και εισελθουσαι ουχ εύρον το σωμα του κυριου And having entered not they found the body of the Lord 4 Και εγενετο εν τφ διαπορεισθαι αυτας And it happened in the to be perplexed περι τουτου, και ιδου, ανδρες δυο επεστησα**ν** and lo, men twe stood aυταις εν εσθησεσιν αστραπτουσαις.

by them in clothing shining. **5** Еµфо-Airaid βων δε γενομενων αυτων, και κλινουσων το and having become of them, and bowing the τροσωπου εις την γην, ειπον προς αυτας. Τι face to the earth they said to them: Why (ητείτε τον ζωντα μετα των νεκρων; 6 Ουκ seek you the living among the dead ones? Not εστιν ώδε, αλλ' ηγερθη. Μνησθητε ώς ελαληhe is bere, but has been raised. Remember you how he spoke σεν ύμιν, ετι ών εν τη Γαλιλαια, λεγων. Ότι to you, while being in the Galilee, saying; That τον υίον του ανθρωπου παραδοθηναι εις tochoves the son of the man to be delivered into χειρας ανθρωπων αμαρτωλων, και σταυρωθηναι, of men of sinners, and to be crucified, και τη τριτη ήμερα αναστηναι. 8 Και εμνησand the third day to stand up. And θησαν των βηματων αυτου. 9 και υποστρεψασαι words of him: and baving returned απο του μνημειου, απηγγειλαν TAUTA TAUTA come the tomb, they related 10 Hoar de τοις ένδεκα και πασι τοις λοιποις. othe eleven and to all the others. Were and ή Μαγδαληνη Μαρια, και Ιωαννα, και Μαρια the Magdalene Mary, and Joanna, and the Magdalene and the others with them, who epoke τρο τους αποστολους τωυτα. 11 Και εφανησαν

και ήπιστουν αυταις. 12 °O δε Πετρος αναστας The and and they believed not them. Peter

ενωπιον αυτων ώσει ληρος τα δηματα αυτων,

these.

And

words

appeared

εδραμεν επι το μνήμος α and basing stooped down to the tomb, and basing stooped down to the tomb α and α are α and α and α and α are α and α and α are α are α and α are α are α and α are α and α are α are α and α are α are α and α are α and α are α are α and α are α are α and α are α and α are α are α and α are α are α are α are α are α and α are α are α are α and α are α and α are α are έαυτον, θαυμαζων το γεγονος.

wondering that having occurred.

apostles

in presence of them as an idle tale the

the

CHAPTER XXIV.

1 And on the FIRST day of the WEEK, very early in the Morning, they went to the TOMB, carrying the Aromatics which they had prepared.

2 And they found the STONE rolled away from

the TOMB;
3 t and having entered, they found not the BODY t of the Lord Jesus,

4 And it occurred, as they were in PERPLEXITY about this, ‡ behold two Men stood by them in shin-

ing Clothing.
5 And the women being afraid, and bowing their FACES to the EARTH, these said to then., "Why do you seek the LIVING one among the DEAD?

6 He is not here, but has been raised. Remember how he spoke to you, while he was yet in GALILEE;

7 saying, 'The son of MAN must be delivered up into the Hands of Sinners. and be crucified, and the THIRD day rise again."

8 And they recollected

his words;

9 tand returning from the TOMB, related all these things to the ELEVEN, and

to All the REST.

10 Now they were the MAGDALA Mary, and Jo-anna, and *THAT Mary the mother of James, and the OTHERS with them, who told these things to the APOSTLES.

11 1 And * theze WORDS appeared to them like idle talk; and they believed

them not.

10. THAT Mary.

12 † But PETER arising ran to the YOMB, and stoop. ing down he saw only the LINEN BANDS; and he went away by himself, wondering at WHAT had HAPPENED.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. and some with them—omit.

† 12. Tischendorf omita

11. theza

^{† 8.} Fischendorf omits the words "of the Lord Jesus." this verse.

^{1 4.} John xx.

13 Και ιδου, δυο εξ αυτων ησαν πορευομενοι εν in lo, two of them were going κυτη τη ήμερα εις κωμην απεχουσαν σταδιους this the day into a village being distant furlongs εξηκοντα απο Ίερουσαλημ, 'η ονομα Εμμαους. Jerusalem, to which a name Emmans. sixty from ²⁴ Και αυτοι ώμιλουν προς αλληλους περι παν-And they were talking to each other about των των συμβεβηκοτων τουτων. 15 Και εγενενο of the having happened of these. And it occurred εν τφ δμιλειν αυτους και συζητειν, και αυτος δ in the totalk them and to reason, even he the 16 Οί δε Ιησους εγγισας συνεπορεύετο αυτοίς. Jesus havin geomenear weat with them. The but οφθαλμοι αυτων εκρατούντο, του μη επιγνωναι the not of them were held, to know 17 $E_l\pi \in \delta \in \pi pos$ autous. Tives of $\lambda o \gamma o t$ He said and to them; What the words αυτον. ούτοι, ούς αντιβαλλετε προς αλληλους περιπαwalkto one another these, which you throw τουντες, και εστε σκυθρωποι; ¹⁸ Αποκριθεις δε Answering and and are sad? δ είs, ω ονυμα Κλεοπαs, ειπε προς αυτον.
he one, to whom a name Cleopas, said to him: Συ μουος παροικεις ερουσαλημ, και ουκ εγ-Jerusalem, and not thou γενομενα εν αυτη εν ταις ημεραις knowest the things having been done in her in the ¹⁹ Και ειπεν αυτοις. TauTais; Hoia; these ? And Le said to them: What things? They δε ειπον αυτώ. Τα περι Ιησου του Ναζωend said to him: The things about Jesus the Nazaραιου, δε εγενετο ανηρ προφητης, δυνατος εν rene, who was a man powerful in a prophet, εργφ και λογφ εναντιον του θεου και παντος work and word in presence of the God and rou λαου. 20 $^{\circ}$ Oπως τε παρεδωκαν αυτον οί the people. How and delivered up him the αρχιερεις και οί αρχοντες ήμων εις κριμα θανα-Digh-priests and the chiefs of us to a sentence of $\tau o v$, $\kappa a \iota \epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha v \rho \omega \sigma \alpha \nu \alpha v \tau o \nu$. 21 H $\mu \epsilon \iota s \delta \epsilon \eta \lambda \pi \iota$ death, and crucified him. We but hoped, ζομεν, ότι αυτος εστιν ό μελλων λυτρουσθαι that he it is the being about to redeem τον Ισραηλ. αλλαγε συν πασι τουτοις τριτην Israel: but besides all these third ταυτην ήμεραν αγει σημερον, αφ' οὐ ταυτα day goes away to-day, from of which these ²² αλλα και γυναικες τινες εξ ήμων EYEVETO' occurred: but also women some of εξεστησαν ήμας, γενομεναι ορθριαι επι το μνη-

astonished us, having heen early at the tomb: μειον· ²³ και μη εύρουσαι το σωμα αυτου, ηλθον, and not having found the body of him, came.

λεγουσαι και οπτασιαν αγγελων έωρακεναι, οί BODY, they came, saying, & vision

of messengers to have seen, who that they had even seen a

13 ‡ And behold, two of them were going on the Same DAY, to a Village called Emmaus, sixty Furlongs from Jerusalem.

14 And then were conversing with each other about All these THINGS which had HAPPENED.

15 And it occurred, while they were conversing and reasoning, *Jesus himself having approached, went with them.

16 But their EYES were held, so that they did not

RECOGNIZE him.

17 And he said to them, "What WORDS are these which you are exchanging with each other, as you *walk? and why are you dejected ?"

18 And the ONE I named Cleopas, answering, said to him, "Art thou the only Sojourner in Jerusalem, who is unacquainted with the THINGS which have OCCURRED in it in these DAYS ?"

19 And he said to them, "What things ?" And they "The THINGS said to him, "The THINGS concerning Jesus, the NA-

ZARITE, ‡a Man who was a Prophet, powerful in Work and Word before GOD and All the PEOPLE;

20 tand how the HIGH. PRIESTS and our BULERS delivered him up to a Sentence of Death, and crucified him.

21 But we hoped ! That it was HE who WAS ABOUT to redeem ISRAEL; and besides all this, * This Day is the Third since these things were done.

22 But # some of our Women also astonished us; for having been early at the TOMB,

23 and not finding his

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. Jesus. II. This Day is the Third since.

^{17.} walk? And they stood still and were sad.

tvi. 10 . John xx. 13.

24 Και απηλθον λεγουσιν αυτον ζην. TIVES him to be alive. And went some €ύρο₽ TWV GUV ημιν επι το μνημειον, και ofthose with to the tomb, aud found ns *[ούτω,] καθως και αί γυναικες ειπον• QUTOP also the Woman him ²⁵ Και αυτος ειπε προз αυτουз· δε ουκ ειδον. out not they saw. he And said them; to Ω ανοητοι και βραδεις τη καρδια του πιστευειν slow with the heart of the to believe O thoughtless and 26 OUXI επι πασιν, οίς ελαλησαν οί προφηται. the prophets. Not which spoke παθειν τον Χριστον, και εισελταυτα €S€1 these it was hinding to have suffered the Anointed, and θειν εις την δοξαν αύτου; 27 Και αρξαμενος απο enter into the glory of himself? And beginning from Μωσεως και απο παντων των προφητων, διηρand from all of the prophets, μηνευεν αυτοις εν πασαις ταις γραφαις explained to them in all the writings the things 28 Και ηγγισαν εις την κωμην, ού And they drew near to the village, where περι αύτου. about himself. επορευοντο και αυτος προσεποιειτο πορβωτερω they were going; and he seemed intending further 29 Kai πορευεσθαι. παρεβιασαντο autor, to go. But they pressed him, λεγοντες Μεινον μεθ ήμων, άτι προς έσπεραν eaying: Abide with us, for toward evening εστι, και κεκλικεν ή ήμερα. Και εισηλθε του itis, and has declined the day. And has declined the day. And has declined to to to to to HELVAL TUY QU? OLS. to abide with κλιθηναι αυτον μετ' αυτων, λαβων τον αρτον, recline him with them, having taken the loat, 31 Avευλογησε, και κλασας επεδιδου αυτοις. he blessed, and having broken he gave to them. των δε διηνοιχθησαν οί οφθαλμοι, και επεγνωand they knew them and were opened the eyes, και αυτος αφαντος εγενετο απ GAV QUTOV. and be disappeared from 32 Και ειπον προς αλληλους· Ουχι ή αυτων. And they said to "ach other: Not the καρδια ήμων καιομενη ην *[εν ήμιν,] ώς ελαλει heart of us burning was (in us,] as hewastalking ημιν εν τη δδφ, *[και] ως διην... γεν ημιν τας tous to the way, [and] as he was opening to us the γραφας;

²³ Και ανασταντες απη τη ώρα, ὑπεστρεψαν And rising up in this the hour, they returned και εύρον συνηθροισμενους * Γερουσαλημ* and found having been assembled ους ένδεκα και τους συν αυτοις, 34 λεγοντας. eleven and those with them. saying: ωφθη Ztηνερθη δ κυριος οντως, και indeed, and has appeared to Si- mon." That has been raised the Lord

2 26. verse 46; Acts xvil. 3: 1 Pet. i. 11.

writings?

Vision of Angels, who said that he was alive.

24 And some of THOSE with us went to the TOMB. and found it as the WOMEN had said; but Him they saw not."

25 And he said to them, "O inconsiderate men, and slow of HEART to BELIEVE all which the PROPHETS

have spoken! 26 Was it not necessary for the Messian to have suffered these things, and

to enter his GLORY?" 27 And beginning from Moses, and through All the PROPHETS, he explained to them in All the SCRIP-TURES the THINGS concerning himself.

28 And they drew near to the VILLAGE where they were going; and he seemed as intending to go further.

29 But they urged him, saying, "Remain with as, for it is towards Evening, and the DAY has *already declined. And he went in to ABIDE with them.

30 And it occurred, as he RECLINED with them, taking the LOAF, he blesor sed God, and having broken it, he gave to them.

31 And Their EYES were opened, and they knew him; and he disappeared from them.

32 And they said to each other, "Did not our HEARTS † burn, while he talked to us on the ROAD, and while he unfolded to us the SCRIPTURES?"

33 And rising up the Same nour, they returned to Jerusalem, and found the ELEVEN, and THOSE with them, assembled,

34 SAYING, "The LORD has indeed been raised. and has appeared to Si-

^{29.} already past. 32. in us-and-om. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—24. thus—omit. † 32. The Codex Beza has a very remarkable reading here; instead of kaiomenee, burned, has kekalummenee, veiled, and one of the Itala, has fuit excacatum, was blinded. "Was are our hearts veiled (blinded) when he conversed with us on the way and while he unfolded Scriptures to us," seeing we did not know him .- A. Clarke. 1 30. Matt. miv. 12.

μονι. 35 Και αυτοι εξηγουντο τα εν τη δδω, mon. And they related thethings in the way, και ώς εγνωσθη ευτοις εν τη κλασει του αρτου. and how he was known to them in the breaking of the load. 35 Ταυτα δε αυτων λαλουντων, αυτος εστη εν

These and of them speaking, lie. in stood μεσφ αυτων, και λεγει αυτοις. Ειρηνη ύμιν. midst of them, and says to them; Peace to you. 37 Πτοηθεντες $\delta \epsilon$ εμφοβοι ка: YEVOLEVLI,

Being terrified but and affrighted having lecome, εδοκουν πνευμα θεωρειν.

They thought a spirit to see.

The πεπαραγμενοι εσπε; και διατι διαλογμισμου why having heen agitated are you? and why reasonings

αναβαινουσαν εν ταις καρδιοκς ύμων; 39 Ιδετε the hearts ofyon? τας χειρας μου και τους ποδας μου, ότι αυτος the hands of me and the feet of me, that he εγω ειμι Ψηλαφησατε με και ιδετε δτι πνευμα handle you handle you me and see you; for a spirit σαρκα και υστεα ουκ εχει, καθως εμε θεωρειτε flesh and bones not has, as me you perceive ⁴⁰ Και τουτο ειπων, επεδειξεν αυτοις εχοντα. saying, he snowed And this τας χειρας και τους ποδας. hands and the feet. While and not believτων αυτων απο της χαρας, και θαυμαζοντων, of them from the joy. and were wondering, αυτοις. Εχετε τι βρωσιμων ενθαδε; to them; Have you anything eatable here? 42 Of δε επεύωκαν αυτώ ιχθυος οπτου μερος,
There and the to him of a fish broiled a piece,

43 Και λαβων, *[και απο μελισσιου κηριου.] [and from a boney comb.] And bering taken, 44 Ειπε εφαγεν. $\delta \epsilon$ αυτων ofthem he cat. He said and to them; Ούτοι οί λιγοι, ούν ελαλησα προς ύμας, ετι ων These the words, which Ispoke to you, while being

συν θμιν, ότι δει καιρωθηναι παντα τα γεγwith yon, that must to be fulfilled all the things having
ραμμενα εν τφ νομφ Μωσεως, και προφηταις,
been written in the las of Moses, and prophets,

been written in the law of Moses, and prophets,

κα: ψαλμοις. περι εμου. ⁴⁵ Τοτε διηνοιξεν

and paslms, concerning ms. Then be opened

αυτων τον νουν, του συνιεναι τας γραφας·
of the care ind, of the to understand the writings;
⁴⁶ και ειπεν αυτοις· Ότι ούτω γεγραπται, και
and he said to them; That thus it is written, and

and he said to them; that thus the written, and ούτως εδει παθείν τον Χριστον, και αναστηthus it behoved to have suffered the Anointed, and to stand
rai εκ νεκρων τη τριτη ήμερα, ⁴⁷ και κηρυχup out of dead one sin the third day, and to be

35 And then related what THINGS happened on the BOAD, and how he was known to them in the BREAKING of the LOAF.

36 ‡ And as they were saying these things, he stood in the Midst of them, † and says to them, "Peace he to you"

he to you."

37 But they being troubled and terrified, thought they saw ‡†a

Spirit.

38 And he said to them,

"Why are you troubled?

and why do Doubts arise
in your * HEARTS?

39 \$ See my Hands and my feet, that I am he; handle me, and be convinced; For a Spirit has not *both Flesh and Bones as you perceive me to have."

40 † And having said this, he showed them his HANDS and his FEET.

41 And while from Jox they were unbelieving, and were wondering, he said to them, "Have you any Food here?"

42 And THEY gave him Fart of a broiled Fish;

43 and taking it, ; heate in their presence.

44 And he said to them, T"These are the WORD which I spoke to you, while I was yet with you, That All THINGS WRITTEN in the LAW of Moses, and in the "PROPHETS, and in the Psalms, concerning me, must be fully accomplished."

45 Then he opened Their MINDS to UNDERSTAND

the scriptures,

46 and said to them, "Thus it is written, * that the MESSIAH should suffer, and should rise from the Dead the THIED Day;

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—37. troubled, and. 38. heart. 39. both Flesh and 42. and from a Honey comb—omit. 44. lrofhets. 46. that the Messiah should suffer, and should rise.

^{† 36.} Tischendort omits, "And says to them, 'Peace be to you." † 37. Griesbach has phantama, phantama, in the margin, which agrees with Mark vi. 49. † 40. Tischendorf omits this verse.

^{† 36.} Mark xvi. 14; John xx. 19; 1 Cor. xv. 5. † 37. Mark vi. 49. † 39. John xx. 20, 27. † 43. Acts x. 41. † 44. Matt. xvi. 21; xvii. 22; xx. 18; Mark viii. 31. Luke ix. 22; xviii. 31.

θηναι επι τφ ονοματι αυτου μετανοιαν και αφεproclaimed in the same of him reformation and forgive σ ιν αμαρτιων εις παντα τα εθνη, αρξαμενον απο seas of sins to all the sations, beginning from Teroυσαλημ. ⁴³ Τμεις δε εστε μαρτυρες τουτων. Jerusalem. You and are witnesses of these.

Και ιδου, εγω αποστελλω την επαγγελιαν And lo, I sendforth the promise

του πατρος μου εφ' ύμας ' ύμεις δε καθισατε εν efthe father of me on you, you but remain you in $r\eta$ πολει, έως ού ενδυσησθε δυναμιν εξ ύψους. be eity, till you may be clothed power from on high. Εξηγαγε δε αυτους εξω έως εις Βηθανιαν και

He led and them out even to Bethany: and επαρας τας χειρας αύτου, ευλογησεν αυτους, assing liftedup the hands of himself, he blessed them.

51 Και εγενετο εν τφ ευλογειν αυτον αυτους, And it happened in the to bless διεστη απ' αυτων, και ανεφερετο εις τον ou-hestood apart from them, and was carried up into the hea-⁵² Και αυτοι προσκυνησαντες αυτον, ρανον. they him, And having prostrated to ren. θπεστρεψαν εις 'Ιερουσαλημ μετα χαρας μεγαreturned to Jerusalem with joy great: *[alvouvλης· 53 και ησαν διαπαντος εν τφ ίερφ,

res και] ενλογουντες τον θεον.
and blessing the God.

47 and that in his NAME, Reformation *in order to Forgiveness of Sins should be proclaimed to All the NATIONS, beginning at Jerusalem.

48 And t you are Witnesses of these things.

49 And, behold, 3 send forth the Promse of my Father upon you; but remain unu in the ciry, till you are invested with Power from on high."

50 And he led them out to Bethany; and lifting up his HANDS, he blessed them.

51 Anditoccurred while he was blessing them, he was separated from them, †and carried up into heaven.

52 And thry † having prostrated to him, returned to Jerusalem with great Joy;

53 and were constantly in the TEMPLE, blessing Gop.

*ACCORDIGN TO LUKE.

[praising

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—47, in order to Forgiveness. Subscription—According to Luke.

^{53.} praising and-omite

^{† 51 &}amp; 52. Tischendorf omits, "and carried up into heaven," and "having prostrated to nim."

^{1 48.} John xv. 27; Acts i. 8, 22; ii. 32; iii. 15.

* ACCORDING JOHN.

not apprehended.

КЕФ. а'. 1.

Εν αρχη ην δ λογος, και δ λογος ην προς In a beginning was the word, and the word was with 2 Ούτος ην εν τον θεον, και θεος ην δ λογος. she God, and a god was the word. This 3 Παντα δι' αυτου TPOS τ ov $\theta \epsilon$ ov. a begioning with the God † εγενετο και χωρι. αυτου εγενετο ουδε έν, δ was done: and without it was done not even one, that 4Εν αυτφ ζωη ην, και ή ζωη ην το has been done. In Ít life was, and the life φως των ανθρωπων· 5 και το φως εν τη σκοτια and the light in the darkness light of the φαινει, και ή σκοτια αυτο ου καταλαβεν.

i:

shines, and the darkness

6 Εγενετο ανθρωπος απεσταλμενος παρα θεου, a man having been sent from ονομα αυτφίωαννης ούτος ηλθεν εις ματυριαν, thus came for a witness, ίνα μαρτυρηση περι του φωτος, ίνα παντες πισ-that he might testify about the light, that all might τευσωσι δι' αυτου. 8 Ουκ ην εκεινος το φως, through him. Not was he the light, helieve αλλ' ίνα μαρτυρηση τερι του ψωτος.
but that he might testify about the light, 9 HV TO Was the φως το αληθινον, δ φωτιζει παντα ανθρωπον Eght the true, which enlightens svery 10 Εν τφ κοσμφ ην, ερχομενον εις τον κοσμον.

into the In the world he was, και δ κοσμος δι' αυτου εγενετο, και δ κοσμος

aud the world world through him WAA, αυτον ουκ εγνω. 11 Εις τα ιδια ηλθε, και οί Into the own he came, and the not knew. him 12 Όσοι δε ελαβον ιδιοι αυτον ου παρελαβον.

received. As many as hut received not

In the # Beginning was the † Logos, and the Logos was with God, and tee Looos was God.

2 This was in the Begin-

ning with Gon.
8 Through it every thing was done; and without it not even one thing was done, which has been done.

4 In it was Life; and the LIFE was the LIGHT of

MEN.

5 And the 1 LIGHT shone in the DARKNESS, and the DARKNESS apprehended It not.

6 !There was a Man, named John, sent by God.

7 He came for a Witness, that he might testify concerning the LIGHT, that all might believe through him.

8 Dewas not the LIGHT, but to testify concerning

the LIGHT.

9 The TRUE LIGHT Was that, which, coming into the WORLD, enlightens Every Man.

10 He was in the WORLD, and the WORLD was (enlightened) through him; and yet the WORLD knew Him not.

11 1 He came to his own domains, and yet his own people received Him not;

12 but to as many as received him, the gave

CHAPTER I.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- Title-According to John.

t 1. In this and the fourteenth verse logos, has been transferred, rather than translated. Dr. A. Clarke remarks, "This term should be left untranslated, for the very same reasons why the names Jesus and Christ are left untranslated. As every appellative or the Savior of the world, was descriptive of some excellence in his person, nature, or work, so the epithet Logos, which signifies a word spoken, speech, eloquence, doctrine, reason, or the faculty of reasoning, is very properly applied to him." See 1 John 1. 1, for a clear and useful comment by the apostle John on the proem to this Gospel. reisoning, is very properly applied to him." See I John i. 1, for a clear and useful comment by the apostle John on the proem to this Gospel. † 3. Ginomai occurs upwards of seven hundred times in the New Testament, but never in the sense of create, yet in most versions it is translated, as though the word was ktico. "The word occurs fifty-three times in this Gospel, and signifies to be, to come, to become, to come to pass; also, to be done or transacted. All things in the christian dispensation were done by Christ, i. e. by his authority, and according to his direction; and in the ministry committed to his apostles, nothing has been done without his warrant. See John xv. 4, 5, "Without me ye can do nothing." Conpare ver. 7, 10, 16; John xvii. 8; Col. i. 16, 17." Cappe's Diss † 10, ho kosmos, the order, arrangement of things, the human race; here it evidently means that kosmos of human beings which he came to enlighten and to save. John viii. 12; iii. 16.

^{† 1.} Prov. viii. 22, &c.; 1 John l. 1. † 3. Eph. iii. 9; Col. i. 16. † 5. John viir 12; ix. 5; xii. 35, 46. † 6. Mal. iii. 1; Matt. iii. 1; Luke iii. 2. † 11. Matt. xxr 88; Mark xii. 7; Luke xix. 14. * 212. Bom. viii. 15; Gal. iii. 26, 27; 1 John vii. 1

QUTOV. εδακεν αυτοις εξουσιαν ΤΕΚΝα he gave to them authorit; children of God γενεσθαι, τοις πιστευουσιν εις το ονομα αυτου. to become, to those into the name helieving of him; 13 οί ουκ εξ αίματων, ουδε εκ θεληματος σαρκος, who not from bloods, nor from a will of flesh, oude $\epsilon \kappa$ $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \tau \sigma s$ $\alpha \nu \delta \rho \sigma s$, $\alpha \lambda \lambda' \epsilon \kappa \theta \epsilon \sigma \sigma \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \eta$ nor from a will of a man, but from God were he-14 Και ό λογος σαρξ εγενετο, και εσκηθησαν. gotten. And the word flesh hecame, and taberνωσεν εν ήμιν, (και εθεασαμεθα την δοξαν αυτου, sacled among us, (and we beheld the glory of him, δοξαν ώς μονογνους παρα πατρος,) πληρης agiory as of an only-begotten from Afather,) full χαριτος και αληθείας. ¹⁵ Ιωαννης μαρτυρεί περί truth. John testifies concerning αυτου, και κεκραγε, λεγων. Ούτος ην, and This cried, saying; was, of whom ειπονο 'Ο οπισω μου ερχ. μενος, εμπροσθεν μου I said; He after me coming, before me 16 *Οτι €Κ του γεγονεν ότι πρωτος μου ην. has become; for of me he was. Because out of tho first πληρωματος αυτου ήμεις παντες ελαβομεν, και of him al. received: 17 'Οτι δ νομος δια Μωχαριν αντι χαριτος. For the law through Mofavor upon fazor. σεως εδοθη· ή χαρις και ή σληθεια δια Ιησου and the truth through Jesus was given; the fever Χριστου εγενεκο.

Christ 18 Θεον ουδείς ξωρακε πωποτε $^{\circ}$ δ μονογενης God no one has seen ever the only begotten υίος, ὁ ων εις τον κολπον του πα~pos. εκεινος son, that being in the bosom of the father he εξηγησατο. ¹⁹ Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του heamada known. And this is the testimony of the εξηγησατο. has made known. Ιωαννου, ότε απεστειλαν οί Ιουδαιοι εξ 'Ιεροσο. senf th^ Jews from λυμων ίερεις και Λευιτας, ίσα ερωτησωσιν αυτον. priests and Levites that they might ask Συ τις ει: 30 Και ωμολογησε, και ουκ ηρνηand not denied; Thou who art? And he confessed, σατο και ώμολογησεν Ότι ουκ εμι εγω 3 cotifessad: That not Am the 21 Και ηρωτησαν XOLTTOS. aurovo Ti OUV; Anointed. And him. What then? they asked

 $\theta \in ov$ Authority to become Children of God, to THOSE BELIEVING into his NAME;

13 thwho were begotten not of Blood, nor of the Will of the Flesh, nor of the Will of Man, but of God.

14 And the † Logos became ‡ Flesh, and dweli among us,-and twe beheld his glory, a Glory as of an Only-begotten from a Father,—full of Faver and Truth.

15 † John testified concerning him, and criec, saying, "This is he of whom I said, ‡'HE who COMES after me is in advance of me; For he is my Superior."]

16 For out of his YUL ness me all received; even Favor upon Pavor.

17 For the LAW was given through Moses; the FA VOR and the TRUTH came through Jesus Christ

18 No one has ever seen God; the * Only-begotten Son, who is in the BOSOM of the FATHER, he has made him known.

13 Now this is the TES-TIMONY of JOHN. I When the Jews sent "to him Priests and Levices to ask him, "Who art thou?"

20 heacknowledged and did not deny but acknow-ledged, "# in not the MESSIAH."

21 And they asked him, Who *theil art thou?

† 13. John iii, 5; James i, 18; 1 Pet. i, 23. † 14. Ma † Tim. iii, 16. † 14. Matt. xvii. 2; 2 Pet. i, 17. Luke iii, 16; ver. 27, 30; John iii, 31. † 19. John v. 33. † 14. Matt. i. 16, 20; Luke i. 31, 35; ii. 7:

[·] Vatican Manuscript.—18. Only-begotten Son, he who is-21. then art tyou? Art thou Elijah?

^{19.} to him Priests

'Ο προ-Ιλιας ει συ, Και λεγει. Ουκ ειμι. Elian art thou? And hesays: Not Iam. $H\lambda \iota as \in \sigma v$, The pro-Фητης ει συ; Και απεκριθη. Ov. 22 Ειπον αυν phet arttaou? And be answered; No. They said then αυτώ. Τις ει: ίνα αποκρισιν δωμεν τοις πεμto him; Whn artthou? that an answer we may give to those having ψασιν ήμις· τι λεγεις περι σεαυτου; 23 Εφη us; what sayest thou shout thyself? Hesaid Εγω. " φωνη βοωντος εν τη ερημώ. Ευθυνατε 1; "A voice crying in the desert; Makeyoustraight
την δδον κυριου," καθως ειπεν 'Ησαιας δ προthe way of alord," as said Esaias the pro-24 Και οί απεσταλμενοι ησαν εκ των And those having been sent were of the Φαρισαίων. ²⁵ και ηρωτησαν αυτον, και είπον Pharisees; and they asked him, and said αυτω. Τι ουν βαπτιζείς, ει συ ουκ ει δ Χρισ-tohim, Why then dippest thou, if thou not art the Anoinτος, ουτε Ηλιας, ουτε προφητης; 26 Απεκριθη ted, nor Elias, nor a prophet? Answered αυτοις δ Ιωαννης, λεγων. Εγω βαπτιζω εν them the John, saying; I dip in $\dot{\nu}\delta\alpha\tau\iota^*$ $\mu\epsilon\sigma\sigmas * \begin{bmatrix} \delta\epsilon \end{bmatrix} \dot{\nu}\mu\omega\nu$ $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\eta\kappa\epsilon\nu$, $\dot{\delta}\nu$ $\dot{\nu}\mu\epsilon\iota s$ ouk water: midst [out] of you stands, whom you not them the John, saying; dip οιδατε, ²⁷ δ οπισω μου ερχομενος, ού εγω ουκ know, he after me coming, fwhom I not ειμι αξιος, ένα λυσω αυτου τον ίμαντα του am worthy, that I may loose of him the strap of the ύποδηματος. ²⁸ Ταυτα εν Βηθανια εγενετο sandal These in Bethany were done περαν του Ιορδανου, όπου ην Ιωαννης βαπbeyond the Jordan, where was TI (WV. ping.

29 Τη επαυριον βλεπει τον Ιησουν ερχομενον In the morrow he heholds the Jesus προς αυτον, και λεγει. Ιδε δ αμνος του θεου, έ to him, and he says: Behold the lamb of the God, he αιρων την άμαρτιαν του κοσμου, 30 Ούτος taking away the 810 of the world. εστι, περι ού εγω ειπον. Οπισω μου ερχεται is he, about whom I said: After me ανηρ, δε εμπροσθεν μου γεγονεν ότι πρωτος a man, who before me has tecome : because first μου ην. 31 Καγω ουκ ηδειν αυτον αλλ' ίνα ofm he was. And I not knew him: but that τφ Ισραηλ, δια τουπο ηλθον φανερώθη he might be manifested to the Israel, because of this am come εγω εν τω ύδατι βαπτιζων. 32 Και εμαρτυρη-I in the water dipping. And bore testiσεν Ιωαννης, λεγων. 'Οτι τεθεαμαι το πνευμα mony John, saying: That I saw the καταβαινον ώς περιστεραν εξ ουρανου, και εμειout of heaven, and coming down like a dove

Art thou t Elijah?" And he said, "I am not." "Art thou the PROPHET?" And he answered, "No."

22 * They said to him, "Who art thou? that we may give an Answer to THOSE who SENT us. What dost thou say concerning thyself?"

23 He said, ‡" I am a Voice preclaiming in the DESERT, ' Make straight the WAY for the Lord,' as t Isaiah the PROPHET said."

24 Now *those sent were of the PHARISEES.

25 And they asked him, and said to him, "Why then dost thou immerse, if thou art not the Messiah, nor Elijah, nor a Prophet?"

26 John answered them. saying, ‡" I immerse in Water; *in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom you do not know,

27 the STRAP of Whose SANDAL # am not worthy to untie."

28 These things occurred in Bethany beyond the JORDAN, where * JOHN

was immersing.

29 On the NEXT DAY he sees JESUS coming to him, and says, "Behold the LAMB of GOD, who TAKES AWAY the SIN of the WORLD.

SO This is he of whom I said, 'After me comes a Man who is in advance of of me; for he is my Superior.

31 And E did not know him; but for this purpose, that he might be manifested to ISRAEL, & am come immersing in * Wa-

32 ‡ And John testified, saying, " I saw the SPIRIT coming down like a Dove

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. They said to him. 24. they who were sent. 26. ut 23. in the Midst of you, coming after me, stands one whom neu do not know, Whose sakdal. 28. John. 31. Water. the STBAP of Whose SANDAL.

^{† 21.} Mai. iv. 5; Matt. xvii. 10. † 23. Matt. iii. 3; Mark i. 8; Luke iii. 4; John ii. 28 † 23. Isa. xl. 3. † 26. Matt. iii. 11. † 29. 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6. † 82. Matt. iii. 16; Mark i. 10; Luke iii. 24.

νεν επ' αυτον. 33 Καγω ουκ ηδειν αυτον· αλλ' And I not knew him: but him. δ πεμψας με βαπτιζειν εν ύδατι, εκεινος μοι to dip in water, he having sent me to me he ειπον Εφ' δν αν ιδης το πνευμα καταβαινον, said: On whom thou may est see the spirit coming down, και μενον επ' αυτον, ούτος εστιν ό βαπτιζων εν this is he dipping and abiding on him, 34 Καγω έωρακα, και μεμαρτυσνευματι άγιφ. And I have seen, and holy. have testiρηκα, ότι ούτος εστιν ό υίος του θεου... that this is the son of the God.

35 Τη επαυριον παλιν είστηκει ὁ Ιωαννης, και The morrow again was stauding the John, and εκ των μαθητων αυτου δυο. 36 Και εμβλεψας of the disciples of him two. And having looked on τω Ιησου περιπατουντι, λεγει. Ιδε ο αμνος του the Jesus walking, he says; Behold the lamb of the 37 Και ηκουσαν αυτου οί δυο μαθηται And heard him the two disciples God. λαλουντος, και ηκολουθησαν τω Ιησου. 38 Στραspeaking, and they followed the Jesus. Having φεις δε δ Ιησους, και θεαταμενος αυτους ακοturned and the Jesus, and accing them λουθουντας, λεγει αυτοις Τι ζητειτε; Οί δε lowing, he says to them; What seek you? They and ειπον αυτφ. 'Ραββι, (ὁ λεγεται ερμηνευομε-said to hun, Rabbi, (which means being interpreted. ov, διδασκαλε,) που μενεις; 39 Λεγει αυτοις.
O teacher,) where dwellest thou? He says to them: Was Andrew, the brother Hourit was about tenth. Σιμωνος Πετρου, είς εκ των δυο των ακουσανof Simon Peter, one of the two of those having heard των παρα Ιωαννου, και ακολουθησαντων αυτφ. from John, and having followed 41 Εύρισκει ούτος πρωτως τον αδελφον τον he first the brother ιδιον Σιμωνα, και λεγει αυτώ. Εύρηκαμεν τον and he says to him; We have found Μεσσιαν (δ εστι μεθερμηνευομενον, Χριστος.) Messiah which is being interpreted, 22 * [Kai] ηγαγεν αυτον προς τον Ιησουν.

him

from Heaven, and resting on him.

33 And I did not know him; but HE who SENT me to immerse in Water, he said to me, 'On whom thou shalt see the SPIRIT descending and resting, this is he who timmerses in holy Spirit.'

34 And I have seen and testified, That he is the

son of God."

35 On the NEXT DAY * John was again standing, and two of his DISCIPLES; 36 and observing Jesus

walking, he says, "Behold

the LAMB of GOD!"

37 The Two Disciples hearing this, followed JE-

38 And Jesus turning, and seeing them following, says to them, "What do you seek?" And THEY said to him, "Rabbi, (which signifies, being translated, Teacher,) where dwellest thou?"

39 He says to them, "Come and see." They went, *therefore, and saw where he dwelt, and continued with him that DAY. It was about the †tenth Hour.

40 # Andrew, the BRO-THER of Simon Peter, was one of THOSE TWO Who having heard from John, followed him.

41 担e first finds his OWN BROTHER Simon, and says to him, "We have found the MESSIAN," (which is, being translated,

42 He conducted him to JESUS. JESUS looking

[And] he brought

the

to

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. John.

Jesus. 39. therefore, and saw.

^{42.} And-omit.

^{† 39.} It was the way of the ancients to divide the day into twelve hours, and the night into as many. The first hour of the day was an hour after the sun rose, and the twelfth was when it set. This was the way in Judea, and to this the other Evangelists adhere. But St. John appears to have reckoned the hours as we do, from midnight to noon, and again from noon to midnight. And it may be observed, that he mentions the hour of the day oftener than any other Evangelist; as if with design to give his readers an opportunity of discerning his method, by comparing one passage with another. If the time here intended was that which we may call Jewish, (to distinguish it, not from the Greek and Roman which were the same with the Jewish, but from the modern; the tenth hour was about four in the afternoon, or two hours before the day ended in Judea; with which time neither the words nor circumstances of the narration seem to agree. For the words, they abode with him that day, rather imply, that they spent a good part of the day with him. Therefore the most resonable account of this tenth hour is, that it was ten in the morning.—Townson.

Εμβλεψας αυτφ δ Ιησους είπε: Συ ει Σίμων, δ Having tooked to him the Jeans vios Ιωνα: συ κληθηση Κηφας: δ έρμηνευεται σου οί Jona; thoushalt be called Hetpos.

Peter.

 43 Τη επαυριον ηθελησεν εξελθειν εις την he desired to go forth into the The morrow Γαλιλαιαν· και εύρισκει Φιλιππον, και λεγει aud he finda Philip, and Galilee; 44 Hy $\delta \epsilon \delta \Phi i \lambda i \pi \pi \sigma s \alpha \pi \sigma$ αυτω. Ακολουθει μοι. to him; Follow Was and the Philip from me. Βηθσαιδα, εκ της πολεως Ανδρεου και Πετρου. Bethaaida, of the city of Andrew and Peter.

45 Εύρισκει Φιλιππος τον Ναθαναηλ, και λεγει Finds Philip the Nathanael, and says αυτώ. Όν εγραψε Μωσεως εν τφ νομώ, και Moses to him: Whom wrote in the law, and προφηται, εύρηκαμεν, Ιησουν TOV vior prophets, we have found, Jesus the του Ιωσηφ, τον απο Ναζαρεθ. ⁴⁶ Και ειπεν of the Joseph, that from Natareth. And said αυτφ Ναθαναηλ. Εκ Ναζαρεθ δυναται τι αγαθον to him Nathanael: Out of Nazareth is able any good ειναι, Λεγει αυτφ Φιλιππος ερχου και ιδε. Saya to him Philip; Come 47 Ειδεν ό Ιησους τον Ναθαναηλ ερχομενον προς

Saw the Jesus the Nathanael to coming αυτον, και λεγει περι αυτον $1\delta \epsilon$ αληθως 1σ him, and he says concerning him; Behold indeed an ραηλιτης, εν φ δολος ουκ εστι. 43 Λεγει αυτφ Says Israelite, in whom guile not is. to him Απεκριθη Nαθαναηλ· Ποθεν με γινωσκεις; Nathanael; Whence me knowest thou? Answered Ιησους και ειπεν αυτφ. Προ του σε Φιλιππου Jesus and said to him; Before the thee Philip Φωνησαι, οντα ύπο την συκην, είδον σε. to have called, being under the fig-tree, I saw thee. thee. 4 Απεκριθη Ναθαναηλ *[και λεγει αυτφ.] Nathanael [and to him: says $^{\circ}$ Ραββι, συ ει δ υίος του θεου, συ ει δ βασταλουί, thou art the son of the God, thou art the king λευς του Ισραηλ. 50 Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν

of the Israel. Answered Jesus and said αυτφ' Ότι είπον σοι' Ειδον σε ὑποκατω της to him: Because I said to thee: I saw thee underneath the συκης, πιστευείς; μειζωτουτων οψη, 51 Και Εξίτες, believest thou? greater of these thous hislatese. And λεγεί αυτφ' Αμην αμην λεγωύμιν, *[απ' αρτί] μο μαγις του οψεσθε τον ουρανον ανεωγοτα, και τους αγγεγου shall see the heaven having been opened, and the messen-λους του θεου αναβαινοντας και καταβαινοντας gers of the God ascending and descending επί τον υίον του ανθρωπου.

on the son of the man.

at him, said, "Thou art Simon, the son of Jonas; ‡thou shalt be called Cephas; (which denotes the same as Peter.)

43 On the NEXT DAY he wished to go to GALILEE, and finding Philip, * Jesus says to him, "Follow me."

44 Now ‡ PHILIF was from Bethsaida, the CITY of Andrew and Feter.

45 Philip finds ‡NATHA-NAEL, and says to him, "We have found the person described by Moses in the LAW, and by the PROPHETS, THAT JESUS, the *Son of JOSEPH, from Nazareth."

46 And Nathanael said to him, t "Can any t good thing proceed from Nazareth?" *PHILIP says to him, "Come and see."

47 *Jesus saw NATHA-NAEL coming to him, and said concerning him, "Behold a genuine Israelite; in whom is no deceit."

48 Nathanael says to him, "How dost thou know Me?" Jesus answered and said to him, "Before Philip called Thee, when thou wast under the Fig-tree, I saw thee."

49 Nathanael answered, "Rabbi, thou art the son of God; thou art the tring of Israel."

50 Jesus answered and said to him; "Because I told thee * That I saw thee under the FIG-TREE, ther believest! Thou shalt set greater things than this."

51 And he says to him, "Truly, indeed, I say to you, you shall see the HEAVENS opened, and the ANGELS of God ascending from and descending to the son of Man."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—43. JESUS SAYS. 45. Son. 46. PHILIP. 47. Jesus 49. and says to him—omit. 50. That I saw, 51. From now—omit.

^{† 46.} Some think allusion is here made to "that good thing promised," Jer. xxxiii. 14: others think this a term of reproach.

^{† 42.} Mekt. xvi. 18. † 44. John xii. 21. † 45. John xxi. 2. † 48. Mil. 41. 52. † 49. Matt. xxt. 5; xxvii. 11, 42; John xviii. 37; xix. 8.

KΕΦ. Β'. 2.

Yakos EYEVETO 1 Kai τη ἡμερα τη τριτη
And in the day the third And in the third a marriage-feast eccurred day εν Κανά της Γαλιλαιας. ην ή μητηρ και Galilee: and was the mother of the και δ Ιησους 2 Ekanon $\delta \epsilon$ του Ιησου εκει. Was invited and also the Jesus there. Jesus 3 Kai και οί μαθηται αυτου εις τον γαμον. the marriage-feast. disciples ofhim to ύστερησαντος σινου, λεγει ή μητηρ του Ιησου having fallen short of wine, says the mother of the Jesus 4 Λεγει αυτη δ προς αυτον. Οινον ουκ εχουσι. to her the Wine not they have. Says Ιησους Τι εμοι και σοι, γυναι; ουπω ήκει ή Jesus: What to me and to thee, O woman? Not yet has comethe ώρα μου. δ Λεγει ή μητηρ αυτου τοις διακονοις* hour of me. Says the mother of him to the 'Ο, τι αν λεγη ύμιν, ποιησατε. Whatever he may say to you, do you. 6 Hoav de Were and εκει ύδριαι λιθιναι έξ κειμεναι κατα τον καθαthere water-pots of stone six being placed according to the mode ρισμον των Ιουδαιων, χωρουσαι ανα μετρητας holding each measures of cleansing of the Jews, δυο η τρεις. 7 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Γεμισατε Says to them the Jesus; two or three. τας ύδριας ύδατος. Και εγεμισαν αυτας έως the water-pots of water. And they filled 8 Και λεγει αυτοις. Αντλησατε νυν, KCL And he says to them; Draw you and top. 9, , 25 φερετε τφ αρχιτρικλινφ. Και ηνεγκαν. When to the ruler of the feast. And they carried. CATTY δε εγευσατο δ αρχιτρικλινος το ύδωρ οινον ruler of the feast the water γεγενημενου (και ουκ ηδει ποθεν επτιν οί δε (and not he knew whence it is; the but having become; διακονοι ηδεισαν, οί ηντληκοτες το ύδωρ.) those having drawnknew, the Water:) φωνει τον νυμφιον δ αρχιτρικλινος, 10 και λεγει the bridegroom the ruler of the feast, and 8299 αυτω· Πας ανθρωπος πρωτον τον καλον οινον first good to him: Every the wine

CHAPTER II.

1 And on the *THIER Day there was a Marriagefeast in Cana of GALILEE; and the MOTHER of JESUS was there;

2 and Jesus also, and hisdisciples, were invited to the MARRIAGE-FEAST.

3 And the Wine falling short, the MOTHER of JEsue says to him, "They have no Wine."

4 Jesus says to her, t"O Woman, what hast thou to do with me? My time has not yet arrived.

5 His MOTHER says to the SERVANTS, "Do whatever he may bid you."

6 Now six stone Waterjars were there, placed ‡ according to the JEWISH CUSTOM OF PURIFICATION, each containing two or three † Measures.

7 Jesus says them, "Fill the JARS with Water." And they filled them to the top.

8 And he says them, "Draw now, and carry to the † RULER OF THE FEAST. And *they carried some.

9 And when the RULER OF THE FEAST tasted I the WATER made Wine, and knew not whence it was, (but THOSE SERVANTS knew who had DRAWN the WATER,) the RULER OF FEAST called the THE BRIDEGROOM,

10 and says to him, "Every Man First presents GOOD Wine, and when they

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. THIRD Day. 8. THEY carried.

^{† 6.} The exact capacity of this measure cannot now be determined. The LXX use the word in the original for the bath, which contained about seven gallons; and for the seah, which contained one-third of the bath. 2 Chron. iv. 5; 1 Kings xviii. 32. † 8. The Greek word here is a compound, denoting the president of the tridinium, or guest chamber, so called from its containing three couches placed in the form of a crescent, on which the guests reclined during the entertainment. It was the duty of this officer to prepare the feast, arrange the couches, dispose the guests, place the dishes, and taste the wine and viands.—Stockius in Verb. Lightfoot, in his Hore Heb. Talmud, adds, "That be performed the duty of chaptain also, by saying grace, and pronouncing those benedictions which were accustomed to be given upon occasion of a marriage. He blessed the cup also prepared for the guests; and having first drank of it himself, sent it round to the company. In the Book of Ecclesiastics (xxxxii. 1) we have an account of his duties. † 6. The exact capacity of this measure cannot now be determined. The LXX use the (xxxii. 1) we have an account of his duties.

τιθησι, και όταν μεθυσθωσι, *[τοτε] τον when they may have drunk freely, [then] the . and ελασσω· συ τετηρηκας τον καλον οινον έως αρτι. worse; 'hou hast kept the good wine till now. 11 Ταυτην εποιησε την αρχην των σημειων δ did the beginning of the signs the Ιησους εν Κανα της Γαλιλαιας, και εφανερωσε Jesus in Cana of the Galillee, and manifested την δοξαν αύτου· και επιστευσαν εις αυτον οί the glory of himself; and believed into him the

ειαθηται αυτου,
disciples of him.

12 Μετα τουτο κατεβη εις Καπερναουμ, αυτος
After this he went down ioto Capernaum, he

και ή μητηρ αυτου, και οἱ αδελφοι * [αυτου,] και αντου και οἱ μαθηται αυτου και εκει εμειναν ου πολλας the disciples of him; and there remained not many ήμερας. 13 Και εγγυς ην το πασχα των Ιουδαιdays. Απα nigh was the passover of the Jews,

ων, και ανεβη εις Ίεροσολυμα δ Ιησους. 14 Ka1 and went up to Jerusalem the Jesus. εύρεν εν τω ιερώ τους πωλουντας βοας και προhe found in the temple those selling oxeu and sheep βατα και περιστερας, και τους κερματιστας dovea, and the money-changers and 15 Kat ποιησας φραγελλιον εκ καθημενους.

sitting. And having made a whip out of σχοινιων, παντας εξεβαλεν εκ του ίερου, τα he drove out of the rushes, all τε προβατα και τους βοας· και των κολλυβισand sheep and the oxen; and of the money-chanτων εξεχεε το κερμα, και τας τραπεζας ανεσgers he poured out the cuin, and the τρεψε· 16 και τοις τας περιστερας πωλουσιν and to those the doves turned:

 $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ Αρατε ταυτα εντευθεν μη ποιειτε τον he said: Take these bence: not make you the υικον του πατρος μου οικον εμποριου. ¹⁷ Εμνησhouse of the father of the a louse of merchandise. Remembered [and] the disciples of him, that having been written bered [and] the disciples of him, that having been written this "To (ηλος του οικου σου καταφαγεται it it: "The real of the house of thee will consume uε." 18 Απεκριθησαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι και ειπον

ne." Answered then the Jews and said αυτφ' Τι σημειον δεικνυεις ἡμιν, δτι ταυτα to him; What sign showestthou to us, that these have † drunk freely, the INFERIOR; but thou hast kept the GOOD Wine till now."

11 This * First of signs JESUS performed in Cana of GALILEE, and displayed his GLORY; and his DISCI-PLES believed into him.

12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his MOTHER, and his BROTHERS, and his DISCI-PLES; but they did not remain there Many Days.

13 ‡ And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near, and Jesus went up to Jerusalem.

14 ‡ And he found the MONEY-CHANGERS sitting in the TEMPLE, and THOSE who SOLD Oxen, and Sheep, and Doves.

15 †And having made a Whip of Rushes, he drove them all out of the TEM-PLE, with the SHEEP and the CATTLE, and he poured out the COIN of the BANK-FRS, and overturned the TABLES,

16 and said to Those who sold doves, "Take these things hence. Make not my father's house a House of Traffic."

17 And his disciples recollected That it is written, ‡" My ZEAL for thy HOUSE consumes me."

18 Then the Jews answered and said to him, t" What Sign dost thou show us, why thou doest these things?"

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. then-omit. 17. And-omit.

^{11.} First of.

^{12.} his-omit.

^{† 10.} The Greek expression here does not imply the least degree of intoxication. The verbs methusko and methus, from methu, wine, which, from meta thuen, to drink after sacrificing, signify not only to inebriate, but to take wine, to drink wine, to drink enough, and in this sense the verb is evidently used in the Septuagint. Gen. xliii. 34; Cant. v. 1; I Mac. xvi. 16; Ecclus. i. 16. And the prophet Isaiah, chap. lviii. 11, speaking of the abundant blessings of the godly compares them to a well-watered garden, which the LXX translate, ons keepoo nethuson, by which is certainly understood, not a garden drowned with water but one sufficiently saturated with it, not having one drop too much, not too little.—Clark. † 15. It is probable that this cleansing of the temple occurred at the commencement of our Lord's ministry, and is not to be confounded with that mentioned by the other evangelists, which took place at its close.

^{13.} Ex. xii, 14; John v. 1; vi. 4; xi. 55. 14. Matt. xxi. 12; Mark xi. 15; Luke xix. 45. 17. Psa. Pxi. 9. 18. Matt. xii. 38; John vi. 30.

σαν τη

Inocus.

the

which

ποιεις; 19 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις· Λυσατε του ναον τουτον, και εν τρισιν ήμεραις this, and in Destroy the temple three days 20 Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι. Τεσσαεγερω αυτον. Said then the Jews; I will raise it. Forty ρακοντα και έξ ετεσιν φκοδομηθη δ ναος ούτος. and six years was being built the temple this; και συ εν τρισιν ημεραις εγερεις αυτον, 21 Εκειand thou in three days wilt raise νος δε ελεγε περι του ναου του σωματος αύτου. but spoke concerning the temple of the body of himself. 22 Ότε ουν ηγερθη εκ νεκρων, εμνησθησαν οί When therefore he was raised out of dead ones, remembered the μαθηται αυτου, ότι τουτο ελεγε και επιστευ-dusciples of him, that this hespoke; and they believed he spoke; and they believed ν λογφ φ ειπεν δ γραφη, και τω λογω writing, and the word w

Jesus. When and was in the Jerusalem •t TW the πασχα εν τη έορτη, πολλοι επιστευσαν εις το passover at the feast, many believed into the υνομα αυτου, θεωρουντες αυτου τα σημεια ά fhim, beholding other the signs which 24 Autos $\delta\epsilon$ δ Involve our $\epsilon\pi$ 1 σ 1 ϵ 0 $\epsilon\nu$ of him, ETTOLEL. but the Jesus not εαυτον αυτοις, δια το αυτον γινωσκειν παντας. himself to them, because the him to know all: ²⁵ και ότι ου χρειαν ειχεν, ίνα τις μαρτυρηση and because not need he had, that any one should testify περι του ανθρωπου αυτος γαρ εγινωσκε, τι for man: he knew. What Concerning the ην εν τφ ανθρωπω. was in the

КΕФ. γ'. 3.

¹ Ην δε ανθρωπος εκ των Φαρισαιων, Νικοδη-Was and a man of the Pharisees, Nicodeμος ονομα αυτώ, αρχων των Ιουδαιων. ούτος mus aname to him, aruler of the Jews: this ηλθε προς αυτον νυκτος, και ειπεν αυτώ 'Ραβhim by night, and eaid to him: βι, οιδαμεν, ότι απο θεου εληλυθας διδασκαλος. we know, that from God thou hast come a teacher: υυδεις γαρ ταυτα τα σημεια δυναται ποιειν, no one for these the signe ie able to do, which 'η δ θεος μετ' συ ποιεις, εαν μη αυτου. expect may be the God with / him. ³Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ· † Αμην αμην Answered the Jesus and said to him. Indeed indeed

19 *Jesus answered and said to them, ‡ " Destroy this TEMPLE, and in Three Days I will raise it."

20 Then the JEWS said, "Forty and Six Years has this TEMPLE been in building and wilt thou erect it in Three Days?"

21 But he spoke of the TEMPLE of his BODY.

22 When, therefore, he was raised from the Dead. this disciples remembered That he had said This; and they believed the SCRIPTURE, and the WORD which JESUS had spoken.

23 Now while he was in JERUSALEM at the FEAST of the PASSOVER, many believed into his NAME. beholding His signs which he performed.

24 But * Jesus did not trust himself to them, because he KNEW them all.

25 and required not that any one should testify concerning MAN; for he knew what was in MAN.

. CHAPTER III.

1 And there was a Man of the PHARISEES, whose name was Nicodemus, a Ruler of the JEWS;

2 he came to him by Night, and said to him, "Rabbi, we know That thou art a Teacher come from God; #for no one can work These signs that thou workest, unless God be with him.'

3 * Jesus answered and said to him, "Indeed I

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Jesus.

^{24.} Jesus.

^{3.} Jesus.

^{† 19.} Or, destroy this very TEMPLE; perhaps pointing to his body at the same time. † 20. Herod began to rebuild the temple in the 18th year of his reign, or sixteen years before Jesus was born. Jesus was at this time about thirty years old, which makes the term exactly 46 years. But although Herod finished the main work in nine years and a half, yet Josephus tells us that the whole of the buildings were not completed till Nero's reign, some 80 years after the 18th of Herod's reign. † 3. The repetition of Ameen, among the Jewish writers, was considered of equal import with the most solemn oath—Clarke.

^{† 19.} Matt. xxvi, 61; xxvii, 40; Mark xiv. 58; xv. 29, † 22. Luke xxiv. 8. vii, 50; xix 39. † 2. John ix. 16, 33; Acts ii. 22; x. 38. 1 2. John

λεγω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη ανωθεν, ου δυναleay to thee, if met any one may be born from above, not is able ται ιδείν την βα λείαν του θέου. 4 Λεγεί προς to see the kingdom of the God. Says :0 αυτον δ Νικοδημος. Πως δυναται ανθρωπως the Nicodemua; How ie able γεννηθηναι γερων ων; μη δυναται εις την κοι-to be born old being? not is able into the womb λιαν της μητρος αύτου δευτερον εισελθειν, και of the mother of himself a second time to enter. γεννηθηναι: 5 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Αμην αμην Jesus; to be born? Answered Indeed indeed λεγω σοι, εαν μη τις γεννηθη εξ ύδατος και lany to thee, if not any one may be born out of water and πνευματος, ου δυναται εισελθειν εις την βασιnot isable to enter into the λειαν του θεου. 6 Το γεγεννημενον εκ της That having been born out of the of the God. σαρκος, σαρξ εστι και το γεγεννημενον εκ της flesh, flesh is; and that having been born out of the νευματος, πνευμα εστι. 7 Μη θαυμασης, δτι πνευματος, πνευμα εστι. a spirit is. Not thou mayest wonder, that ειπον σοι Δει ύμας γεννηθηναι ανωθεν. I said to thee; Must you to be born from above. κνευμα όπου θελει πνει και την φωνην αυτου spirit where it wills breathes; and the sound ακουεις, αλλ' ουκ οιδας, ποθεν ερχεται, και not thou knowest, whence thou hearest, but st comes, που ύπαγει ούτως εστι πας δ γεγεννημενος εκ where it goes: thus is every one the having been born out of του πνευματος. 9 Απεκριθη Νικοδημος και ειπεν Answered Nicodemus and said spirit. αυτώ. Πως δυναται ταυτα γενεσθαι; 10 Απεκto tum: How is able these to be? ριθη Ιησους και ειπεν αυτώ. Συ ει δ διδασκαλος swered Jesus and said to him : Thou art the του Ισραηλ, και ταυτα ου γινωσκεις; 11 Αμην of the Israel. and these not thou knowest? Indeed αμην λεγω σοι, ότι δ οιδαμεν λαλουμεν, και δ endeed I say to thee, that which we know we apeak, έωρακαμεν μαρτυρουμεν και την μαρτυριαν we testify; and the testimony we have seen 12 E ι τ a $\epsilon\pi\iota\gamma\epsilon\iota$ a $\epsilon\iota\pi\circ\nu$ ήμων ου λαμβανετε. of us not you receive. If the things earthly ύμιν, και ου πιστευέτε πως, εαν ειπω ύμιν you, and not youbelieve; how, if I tell you 13 Και ουδεις επουρανια, πιστευσετε; Ta the things beavenly, will you believe? And no one αναβεβηκεν εις τον ουρανον, ει μη δ εκ του has ascended into the heaven, except be ontof the ουρανου καταβας, δ υιος του ανθρωπου, *[δ ων heaven having descended, the son of the man, [he being εν τω ουρανω.] 14 Και καθως Μωσης ύψωσε τον in the heaven.] And even as Mosen raised aloft the οφιν εν τη ερημώ, ούτως ύψωθηναι δει τον thus to be raised it behaves the serpent in the desert, υίον του ανθρωπου· 15 ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις

assure thee, if any one be not born from above, he cannot see the KINGDOM of Gon.

4 NICODEMUS says to him, "How can a Man be born, being old? Can he enter a second time into his MOTHER'S WOMB, and be born?"

5 Jesus replied, "Truly indeed I say to thee, if any one be not 1 born of Water and Spirit, he cannot enter the Kingdom of God.

6 THAT which has been BORN of the FLESH, is Flesh; and THAT which has been # BORN of the SPIRIT, is Spirit.

7 Do not wonder, Because I said to thee, you must be born from above.

8 The SPIRIT breathes where it will, and thou hearest its voice, but thou knowest not whence it comes, or where it goes; thus it is with EVERY ONE who has been BORN of the SPIRIT."

9 Nicodemus answered and said to him, "How can these things be?"

10 Jesus answered and said to him, "Art thou the TEACHER of ISBAEL, and knowest not these things?

11 Most assuredly I tell thee, That what we know, we speak, ‡ and what we have seen, we testify; and you receive not our TESTI-MONY.

12 If I told you of EARTHLY things, and you do not believe, how will you believe if I tell you of HEAVENLY things?

13 ‡ And no one has ascended into HEAVEN, except the son of MAN who DESCENDED from HEAVEN.

14 ‡ And as Moses elevated the SERPENT in the DESERT, so must the son of MAN be placed on high;

15 that EVERY ONE BE-

man:

non of the

that every one who believing into

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. he being in HEAVEN-omit.

^{1 5.} Mark xvi. 16; Acts ii. 38. : 6. 1 Cor. xv. 44-46. 11. Matt. xi. 27; John 1. 18; vii. 16; viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 24, Eph. iv. 9, 10. ‡ 14. Num. xxi. 9. 1 13. John xvi. 29; Acts ii. 34; 1 Cor. xv. 47;

αυτον, *[μη αποληται, αλλ'] εχη ζωην αιω-him, [not may be destroyed, but] may have life age-16 Ούτω γαρ ηγαπησεν δ θεος τον κοσμον, VIOV. loved the God the Thus for lasting. ώστε τον υίον αύτου τον μονογενη εδωκεν, ίνα so that the son of himself the only-begotten he gave, δ πιστευων εις αυτον, μη αποληται, αλλ every one who believing into him, not may be destroyed, but ζωην αιωνιων. 17 Ou $\gamma \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon i \lambda \epsilon \nu \delta$ for the life age-lasting. Not may have θεος τον υίον αύτου εις τον κοσμον, ίνα κρινη God the son of himselfinto the world, that he might judge σωθη δ κοσμος δι' τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα that might be saved the world through but world. 18 Ο πιστευων εις αυτον, ου κρινεται. αυτου. not is judged: He believing into bim, δ * [δε] μη πιστευων, ηδη κεκριται, ότι μη πε-he [hut] not believing, already is judged, hecause not be πιστευκεν εις το ονομα του μονογενους υίου του has believed into the name of the only-begotten son of the 19 Αυτη δε εστιν ή κρισις, ότι το φως is the judgment, that the light God. Thie and εληλυθεν εις τον κοσμον, και ηγαπησαν οί the has come into the world, and loved ανθρωποι μαλλον το σκοτος, η το φως ην γαρ men rather the darkness, than the light; was for πονηρα αυτων τα εργα. ²⁰ Πας γαρ δ φαυλα Every one for the vile things of them the works. πρασσων, μισει το φως, και ουκ ερχεται προς hates the light, and not comen to 21 'O το φως, ένα μη ελεγχθη τα εργα αυτου. the light, that not may be detected the works of him. δε ποιων την αληθειαν, ερχεται προς το φως, the light. but doing the truth, comes to φανερωθη αυτου τα εργα, ότι εν θεφ so that may be made manifest of him the works, that in εστιν ειργασμενα. it is having been done.

 22 Μετα ταυτα ηλθεν ὁ Ιησου $\mathbf s$ και οἱ μαθηται After these came the Jesus and the disciples αυτου εις την Ιουδαιαν γην και εκει διετριβε shim into the Judean land; and there remained 23 Ην δε και Ιωανμετ' αυτων, και εβαπτιζεν. Was and also with them, and was dipping. νης βαπτιζων εν Αινων, εγγυς του Σαλειμ, ότι dipping in Enon, near the Salim, because ύδατα πολλα ην εκει και παρεγινοντο, και waters many was there: and they were coming, and 24 Ουπω γαρ ην βεβλημενος εις Notyet for was having been cast into Ιωαννης. ²⁵ Εγενετο ουν ζητη-≅βαπτιζοντο. were being dipped. την φυλακην δ Ιωαννης. prison the John. Occurred then σις εκ των μαθητων Ιωαννου μετα Ιουδαιου περι pute of the disciples of John with a Jew about καθαρισμου. 26 Και ηλθον προς τον Ιωαννην, And they came to the John, cleansing.

thave aionian Life.

16 ‡ For God so loved the world, that he gave * his son, the ONLY-BE-GOTTEN, that EVERY ONE BELLEVING into him may not perish, but obtain aionian Life.

17 ‡ For God sent not his son into the world that he might judge the world, but that the world through him might

be saved.

18 ‡ HE BELIEVING into him is not judged; but HE not BELIEVING has been judged already, Because he has not believed into the NAME of the ONLY-BEGOTTEN Son of GOD.

19 And this is the JUDG-MENT, ‡ That the LIGHT has come into the WORLD, and MEN loved the DARK-NESS rather than the LIGHT; for Their WORKS were evil.

20 For TEVERY ONE who does Vile things hates the LIGHT, and comes not to the LIGHT, that his WORKS

may not be detected.
21 But HE who does the
TRUTH comes to the LIGHT,
so that His works may be
manifested That they have
been done in God.

22 After this, JESUS and his DISCIPLES went into the TERRITORY OF JUDEA, and there he remained with them, and was inniersing.

23 And * John also was immersing in Enon, near Salin, because there were many Waters there; and they were coming and being immersed.

24 ‡ For * John had not yet been cast into PRISON.

25 A Dispute then cccurred among * the DISCI-PLES of John with a Jew, about Purification.

26 And they came to

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-15. may not be destroyed, but—omit. 16. the sow. 18. but—omi. 23. John. 24. John. 25. THOSE DISCIPLES who were of John and a Jew, about.

^{† 15.} John vi. 47. † 16. Rom. v. 8; 1 John iv. 9. † 17. Luke ix. 56; John v. 45; vii. 15; xii. 47; 1 John iv. 14. † 18. John v. 24; vi. 40, 47; xx. 31. † 19. John v. 45; viii. 12. † 20. Eph. v. 13. † 24. Matt. xiv. 3.

και ειπον αυτφ. 'Ραββι, ός ην μετα σου περαν and eaid to him, Rabbi, who was with thee beyond του Ιορδανου, 'ω τυ μεμαρτυρηκας, ιδε, ούτος Jordan, to whom thou hast testified, hehold, βαπτιζει, και παντες ερχονται προς αυτον. dips, and all come to 27 Απεκριθη Ιωαννης και ειπεν. Ου δυναται eaid; Not John and is able ανθρωπος λαμβανειν ουδεν, εαν μη 'η δεδομεa man to receive nothing, except it may be having been νον αυτφ εκ του ουρανου. ²⁸ Αυτοι ύμεις μοι siven to him from the heaven. Fourselves you to me μαρτυρειτε, ότι ειπον Ουκ ειμι εγω ό Χριστος, beartestimony, that I said; Not am I the Anointed, αλλ' ότι απεσταλμενος ειμι εμπροσθεν εκείνου. but that having been sent I am in presence of him. 29 °C εχων την νυμφην, νυμφιος εστιν.

He having the bride, a bridegroom is; δ δε the but φιλος του νυμφιου, δ έστηκως και ακουων αυτου, fixend of the bridegroom, that standing and hearing χαρα χαιρει δια την φωνην του νυμφιου. Αύτη withjoy rejoicesthrough the voice of the bridegroom. This ουν ή χαρα ή εμη πεπληρωται. 30 Εκεινον jow that of me has been completed. Him 31 'O δε ελαττουσθαι. δe1 αυξανειν, εμε it behoves to increase, me but to decrease. He 'O ανωθεν ερχομένος, επανω παντών εστιν. He coming. over all $\omega \nu$ $\in \kappa$ $\tau \eta s$ $\gamma \eta s$, $\in \kappa$ $\tau \eta s$ $\gamma \eta s$ $\in \sigma \tau \iota$, $\kappa \alpha \iota$ $\in \kappa$ $\tau \eta s$ being from the earth, from the earth is, and from the

παντων εστι, 32 * [και] δ έωρακε και ηκουσε,[and] what he has seen and τουτο μαρτυρει· και την μαρτυριαν αυτου ουδεις this he testifies, and the testimony of him no one λαμβανει. ³³ 'Ο λαβων αυτου την μαρτυριαν, He receiving of him the testimony,

γης λαλει δ εκ του ουρανου ερχομενος, επανω

earth apeaks; he from the heaven

34 'Ov εσφραγισεν, ότι ό θεος αληθης εστιν. has set his seal, that the God true γαρ απεστειλαν δ θεος, τα δηματα του θεου the God, the words of the God

ου γαρ εκ μετρου διδωσιν δ θεος το λαλει. for by measure gives the God not 35 Ο πατηρ αγαπα τον υίον, και πανπνευμα. spirit. The father loves the son, sad Τα δεδωκεν εν τη χειριαυτου. 36 'Ο πιστευων has been given in the hand of him. He believing

εις τον σίον, εχει ζωην αιωνιον· δ δε απειθων into the son, has life age-lasting: he but disobeying τω υίω, ουκ οψεται ζωην αλλ' ή οργη του θεου the aco, not shall see life, but the anger of the God

μενει επ' αυτον.

abides on

JOHN, and said to him, "Rabbi, he who was with thee beyond the JORDAN, tto whom thou hast testified, behold, HE immerses, and all are coming to him.

27 John answered and said, 1" A Man can receive nothing unless it be given him from HEAVEN.

28 Pou yourselves are witnesses for me, That I said, ‡' H am not the Mes-sian,' but That I have been sent before him.

29 The Bridegroom is the who possesses the BRIDE; but THAT FRIEND of the BRIDEGROOM who stands and hears him, rejoices with joy, because of the BRIDEGROOM'S VOICE; this, therefore, MY JOY has been completed.

30 We must increase. but I must decrease.

31 #HE who comes from above is over all. HE who is from the EARTH, is of the EARTH, and speaks of the EARTH. HE who COMES from HEAVEN is over all.

32 And what he has seen and heard, this he testifies: and no one receives his TESTIMONY.

33 He who RECEIVES His TESTIMONY has set his seal That God is true.

34 ‡ For he whom God has sent speaks the words f GoD; for *he gives not the SPIRIT by Measure.

35 The FATHER loves the son, ‡ and has given All things into his HAND.

36 THE BELIEVING inte the son has aionian Life: but HE DISOBETING the son, shall not see Life; but the Anger of God abides on him."

coming,

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. And -omit. 34. he gives not.

^{7 26.} John 1. 7, 15, 27, 34. 1, 27. 1 Cor. iv. 7; Heb. v. 4, James 1. I7. 1, 28. John 1. 20, 27. 1, 31. Matt. xxxiii. 18; John 1. 15, 27; Rom. ix. b. 1, 34. John viii. 16. 1, 35. Luke x. 22; John v. 20, 22, xiii. 3, xvii. 2; Heb. ii. 8. 1, 38. John vi. 47; 1, John 1 38. John vi. 47; 1 John 10. 11.

ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

1 Ως ουν εγνω δ κυριος, δτι ηκουσαν οί When therefore knew the Lord, that heard the Φαρισαιοι, ότι Ιησους πλειονας μαθητας ποιει Pharisees, that Jesus more disciples made και βαπτιζει, η Ιωαννης· 2 (καιτοιγε Ιησους (though indeed Jesus dipped, than John; αυτος ουκ εβαπτιζεν, αλλ οί μαθηται αυτου.) but the himself not dipped, disciples of him;) 3 αφηκε την Ιουδαιαν, και απηλ θ ε παλιν εις heloft the Judea, and went into 4 Εδει δε αυτον διερχεσθαι δια την Γαλιλαιαν. Galilee. It behoved and him to pass through 5 Ερχεται ουν εις πολιν της της Σαμαρειας. the Samaria. He comes therefore into a city of the Σαμαρειας, λεγομενην Συχαρ, πλησιον του Samaritans, being called Sychar, near by the χωριου, ού εδωκεν Ιακωβ Ιωσηφ τω νίφ field, of which gave Jacob Joseph $\alpha\dot{\nu}\tau$ ov. 6 H ν $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\kappa\epsilon\iota$ $\pi\eta\gamma\eta$ τ ov Ia $\kappa\omega\beta$. Joseph to the son 'O ouv of himself. Was and there aspring of the Jacob. The then Ιησους κεκοπιακως εκ της όδοιποριας, εκαθεζετο Jesus having become weary from the sat down journey, πηγη· ώρα ην ώσει έκτη. ούτως επι τη hour was over the spring: about thus ⁷ Ερχεται γυνη εκ της Σαμαρειας, αντλησαι Comes awoman of the Samaria, ίδωρ. water. 🤋 (Οί γαρ μαθηται αυτου απεληλυθεισαν εις την (The for disciples of him had gone into the 9 Λεγει ουν πολιν, ίνα τροφας αγωρασωσι.) that provisions they might buy.) Says then αυτφ ή γυνή ή Σαμαρειτις. Πως συ, Ιουδαιος to him the woman that Samaritan : How thou, a Jew ων, παρ' εμου πιειν αιτεις, ουσης γυναικος to drink askest, being, from me being a woman Σαμαρειτιδος; (Ou γαρ συγχρωνται Ιουδαιοι (Not for associate with Jews 10 Απεκριθη Ιησους και ειπεν Σαμαρειταις.) Samaatans.) Answered Jesus and said QUTT' EL ηδεις την δωρεαν του θεου, και to her: If thou hadst known the gift of the God, and τις εστιν δ λεγων σοι. Δος μοι ποιειν. συ he saying to thee: Give to me to drink: thou αν ητησας αυτον, και εδωκεν αν σοι ύδωρ ζων.
wouldstask him, and he would give thee water living. 11 Λεγει αυτφ ή γυνη. Κυριε, ουτε αντλημα

CHAPTER IV.

1 When, therefore, the LORD knew, That the PHARISEES had heard, ‡ That Jesus was making and immersing More Disciples than John;

2 (though Jesus himself did not immerse, but his

DISCIPLES;)

3 he left JUDEA, and went again into GALILEE. 4 And it was necessary for him to pass through SAMARIA.

5 He comes, therefore, to a City of Samaria called † Sychar, near the FIELD which ‡ Jacob gave * to

Joseph his son.

6 And Jacob's Fountain was there. Jesus, therefore, having become weary from the Journey, sat down over the Fountain. It was about the † sixth Hour.

7 There comes a Woman of Samaria to draw Water. Jesus says to her, "Give

me to drink."

8 (For his DISCIPLES had gone into the CITY, that they might buy Pre

visions.)

11. She says.

9 The Samaritan woman, therefore, says to him, "How dost thou, being a Jew, ask drink of me, who am a Samaritan Woman?" (‡ For the Jews do not associate with Samaritans.)

10 Jesus answered and said to her, "If thou didst know the GIFT of God, and who is HE that says to thee, 'Give me to drink,' thou wouldst ask him, and he would give thee Living Water."

11 * She says to him. "Sir, thou mast nothing to

to him the woman: Olord, nothing to draw with

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to JOSEPH his son.

t5. Called at first Sichem, or Shechem, and afterwards Sichar. From Judges ix. 7, it seems to have been situated at the foot of Mount Gerizim. on which the Samaritan temple was built.

†6. According to John's computation of time, this would be six o'clock in the afternoon. See Note on John i. 39. The women of the East have stated times for going to draw water—not in the heat of the day, but in the cool of either morning or evening. It was very likely in the evening that this Sararitan woman came to draw water, because it is said, Jesus had become weary with his journey; and because the Samaritans when they came to see him, invited him to remain or lodge with them.

^{† 1.} John iii. 22, 26. † 5. Gen. xxxiii. 19; xlviii. 22; Joshua xxvi. 32. † 9. 2 Kings xvii. 24; Luke ix. 52, 53; Acts x. 28.

εχεις, και το φρεαρ εστι βαθυ ποθεν ουν εχεις thou hast, and the well is deep: whence then hast thou το ύδωρ το ζων. 12 Μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος the water the living? Not thou greater art the father ήμων Ιακωβ; ός εδωκεν ήμιν το φρεαρ, και Jacob? who gave to us the αυτος εξ αυτου επιε, και οί υίοι αυτου, και τα he of it drank, and the sons of him, and the ρεμματα αυτου. 13 Απεκριθη Ιητους και ειπεν $\theta \rho \epsilon \mu \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \alpha \nu \tau \sigma \nu$. cattle of him. Answered Jesus and said αυτη. Πας δ πινων εκ του ύδατος τουτου, διψηto her; All the drinking of the water this, will σει παλιν. 14 δς δ' αν πιη εκ του ύδατος, thirst again; who but ever may drink of the water, of which εγω δωσω αυτφ, ου μη διψηση εις τον αιωνα· I shall give to him, not not may thirst to the age; αλλα το ύδωρ, δ δωσω αυτφ, γενησεται εν ahall be tt the water, which I shall give him, σητώ πηγη ύδατος άλλομενου εις ζωην αιωνιον. on a well of water apringing into life age-lasting. 15 Λεγει πρυς αυτον ή γυνη. Κυριε, δος μοι Suya to him the woman; Olord, give tome τουτο το ύδωρ, ίνα μη διψω, μηδε ερχωμαι ενthis the water, that not I may third, nor may come to θ a $\delta \epsilon$ a $\nu \tau \lambda \epsilon i \nu$. $^{16} \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i$ a $\nu \tau \eta$ δ $1 \eta \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma \sigma$ ϵ , Says to her the Jesus; this place to draw. Gu, φωνησον τον ανδρα σου, και $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon$ $\epsilon \nu \theta \pi \delta \epsilon$. 17 Απεκριθη ή γυνη και ειπεν. Ουκ εχω ανδρα.
Answered the woman and said; Not I have a husband. Λεγει αυτή δ Ιησους. Καλως ειπας. Ότι ανδρα Says to her the Jesus; Rightly thou didst say: That a husband ουκ εχω. 18 Πεντε γαρ ανδρας εσχες και νυν Five for husbands thou has thad; and now δυ $\epsilon \chi \epsilon$ is, ουκ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ σου ανηρ \cdot τουτο αλη $\theta \epsilon s$ whom thou rast, not is of thee a husband: this ϵ ιρηκα*. 19 Λεγει αυτ ω ή γυνη* Κυριε, θ ε ω ρ ω , thou has said. Says to him the woman; Olord, I see, thou has' said. 20 Οί πατερες ήμων εν τω ότι τροφητης ει συ. that a prophet art thou. The fathers ofus in the ορει τουτφ προσεκυνησαν και ύμεις λεγετε, worshipped: and δτι εν Ίεροσολυμοις εστιν δ τοπος, δπου Jerusalem is the place, whereitianecessary προσκυνείν. 21 Λεγεί αυτη δ Ιησους· Γυναί, πίσ-Says to her the Jesus: O woman, believe **τ**ευσον μοι, ότι ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουτε εν τφορει me, that comes an hour, when neither in the mountain τουτώ, ουτε εν Ιεροσολυμοις προσκυνησετε τω in this, nor Jerusalem you shall worship the 22 THEIS πατρι. προσκυνειτε δ ουκ οιδατε. father. worship what not you know: ήμεις προσκυνουμεν ό οιδαμεν ότι ή σωτηρια

draw with, and the WELL is deep; whence, then, hast thou the LIVING WA-

12 Art thou greater than our FATHER Jacob, who gave us the WELL, and drank of it himself, and his sons, and his CATTLE?"

13 Jesus answered and said to her, "EVERY ONE DRINKING of this WATER

will thirst again;
14 but the, who may drink of the WATER which # will give him, shall not thirst to the AGE; but the WATER which I will give him, shall become in him a Fountain of Water, springing up into aionian Life."

15 ‡ The woman says to him, "Sir, give me This WATER that I may not thirst, nor * come here to draw."

16 * He says to her, "Go, call thy HL BAND, and come here."

17 Thewoman answered and said, "I have no Husband." JESUS said to her, "Correctly thou didst say, 'I have no Husband.'

18 For thou hast had Five Husbands, and he whom now thou hast is not Thy Husband; this thou hast truly spoken.'

19 The WOMAN says to him, "Sir, # I see That thou art a Prophet.

20 Our FATHERS WORshipped in this Moun-TAIN; and nou say, That in IJerusalem is the PLACE where it is necessary to worship."

21 Jesus says to her, "Woman, believe me, That an Hour is coming, when neither in this MOUNTAIN, nor in Jerusalem, will you worship the FATHER.

22 Dou worship what you do not know; we wership what we know; beεκ των Ιουδαιων εστιν. 23 Αλλ' ερχεται ώρα, cause salvation is of the

16. He says.

from the But comes an hour, JEWS.

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. come over here.

worship what we know: because the salvation

^{14.} John vi. 35; vii. 38. 15. John xvii. 2, 3; Rom. vi. 23; 1 John v. 20. 10. 10. vii. 16; xxiv. 19; John vi. 14; vii. 40. 1 20. Deut. xii. 5, 11; 1 Kingsix. 3; 2 Chron. val. 12

και νυν εστιν, ότε οἱ αληθινοι προσκυνηται and now is, when the true worshippers προσκυνησουσι τφ πατρι εν πνευματι και αληshall worship the father in spirit and truth; θ ειά· και γαρ δ πατηρ τοιουτους ζητει τους for the father such like seeks 24 Πνευμα δ θεος· και προσκυνουντας αυτον. him. A spirit the God: worshipping and τους προσκυνουντας αυτον, εν πνευματι και worshipping him, and in spirit αληθεια δει προσκυνειν. 25 Λεγει αυτφ ή truth it behoves to worship. Says to hir the γυνη. Οιδα, ότι Μεσσιας ερχεται. (δ λεγομεwoman: I know, that Messiah comes: (he being called νος Χριστος) όταν ελθη εκεινος, αναγγελει Anointed:) when may come he, he will relate ήμιν παντα. 26 Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Εγω ειμι, to us all. Says to her the Jesus: I am. 27 Και επι τουτφ ηλθον οί μαθηδ λαλων σοι. he talking to thee. And on this came the disciται αυτου, και εθαυμαζον, ότι μετα γυναικος ples of him, and wondered, that with a woman ελαλει. Ουδεις μεντοι ειπε· Τι ζητεις; η, τι hetalked. No one nevertheless said; What seekest thou; or, why λαλεις μετ' αυτης; 28 Αφηκεν ουν την ύδριαν talkest thou with herP Left therefore the bucket αύτης ή γυνη, και απηλθεν εις την πολιν, και of herself the woman, and went into the city, λεγει τοις ανθρωποις· 29 Δευτε, ιδετε ανθρωπον, says to the men; Come you, see ύς ειπε μοι παντα όσα εποιησα· μητι ούτος who told me all what I did; not this $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ δ Χριστος; 30 Εξηλθον $\epsilon \kappa$ της πολεως, is the Anointed? They went out of the city, και ηρχοντο προς αυτον. and were coming to

31 Εν δ∈ τω ματαξυ ηρωτων αυτον οἱ μαθηται In and the meantime were asking him the disciples λεγοντες 'Ραββι, φαγε. 32' Ο δε ειπεν αυτοις. Rabbi, eat. He hut said to them: Σγω βρωσιν εχω φαγειν, ήν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. have to eat, which you not know. ³³ Ελεγον ουν οί μαθηται προς αλληλους· Μη Said then the disciples to each other; Not 34 Λεγει αυτοις δ τις ηνεγκεν αυτφ φαγειν; any one brought to him food? Says to them the Invous. Εμον Βρωμα εστιν, ίνα ποιω το Jesus. My food is, that I may do the θελημα του πεμψαντος με, και τελειωσω αυτου will of the sending me, and may finish το εργον. 35 Ουχ ύμεις λεγετε, ότι ετι τετραthe work. Not you say, that yet four μηνος εστι, και ό θερισμος ερχεται; Ιδου, λεγω months it is, and the harvest comes? Lo, Izzy ύμιν, επαρατε τους οφθαλμους ύμων, και θεα-

eyea

of you,

and

23 But an Hour is coming, and now is, when the TRUE Worshippers will worship the FATHER In Spirit and Truth; for the FATHER even seeks SUCH LIKE as his Worshippers,

24 Ccd is Spirit; and THOSE WORSHIPPING him must worship in Spirit and

Truth."

25 The WOMAN says to him, "I know That Messiah is coming, (HE being CALLED Christ;) when he comes he will tell us all things."

26 Jesus says to her, t" I, who am TALKING to

thee, am he."
27 And upon this his DISCIPLES came, and won. dered That he was talking with a Woman; nevertheless no one said. "What dost thou seek?" or, "Why art thou talking with her?"

28 The WOMAN, therefore, left her PITCHER, and and went into the CITY.

and says to the MEN, 29 Come, see a Man, who told me all things which I have done! Is this the MESSIAH?"

30 They went out of the CITY, and were coming to him.

31 And in the MEAN-TIME, his DISCIPLES entreating him, said, "Rabbi, eat."

32 But he said to them. "I have Food to eat, of which nou know not."

33 Then the DISCIPLES said to each other, "Has any one brought him (food) to eat?"

34 Jesus says to them, t" My Food is to do the WILL of HIM who SENT me, and to finish His WORK.

35 Do nou not say, That it is yet four Months, and the HARVEST comes? Behold, I say to you, Lift up your EYES, and see the

to you, hit np

σασθε τας χωρας, ότι λευκαι εισι προς θερισμον fields. that white they are to **vou** ³⁶ 'Ο θεριζων μισθον λαμβανει, και συνα-He resping a reward receives, and gathers γει καρπον εις ζωην αιωνιον· ίνα και δ σπειρων life age-lasting; so that both he sowing for χαιρη, και δ θεριζων. ³⁷ Εν γαρ τουτφ δ δμου to; ether may rejoice, and he reaping. ln for this the λογος εστιν δ αληθινος, δτι αλλος εστιν δ is the true, that is Ьe 38 Εγω απεσσπειρων, και αλλος δ θεριζων. sowing, and another he reaping. τειλα ύμας θεριζειν δ ουχ ύμεις κεκοπιακατε

you to reap what not you have labored: αλλοι κεκοπιακασι, και ύμεις εις τον κοπον and ³⁹ Ек labored, into the labor others δε της πολεως εισεληλυθατε. αυτων Out of and the ofthem are entered. εκεινης πολλοι επιστευσαν εις αυτον των Σαμα-

into him of the believed ρειτων, δια τον λογον της γυναικος, μαρτυthrough the wurd of the woman, ritane. 'Οτι ειπε μοι παντα όσα
That he told me all what εποιησα. I did.

40 *['Ως] ουν ηλθον προς αυτον οί Σαμαρειται, [When] therefore came to him the Samaritana. ηρωτων αυτον μειναι παρ' αυτοις και εμεινεν aking him to abide with them; and he abode εκει δυο ήμερας. 41 Και πολλφ πλειους επιστευ-And many daye. more believed there two 42 Τη τε γυναικι σαν δια τον λογον αυτου.

To the and the word of him. through *OT1 δια την σην λαλιαν €λ€γον° OUKETI no longer through the thy they said; That saying πιστευομεν αυτοι γαρ ακηκοαμεν, και οιδαμεν, we helieve; ourselves for we have heard, and we know, ότι ούτος εστιν αληθως δ σωτηρ του κοσμου

the savior of the

world

Galileans,

truly

* [δ Χριστος.] [the Anvinted.]

that this

into the

⁴³ Μετα δε τας δυο ήμερας εξηλθεν εκειθεν, After and the two daye he went out thence, 44 AUTOS * [$\kappa \alpha \iota \alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \in \nu$] $\epsilon \iota s \tau \eta \nu$ $\Gamma \alpha \lambda \iota \lambda \alpha \iota \alpha \nu$.

[and went out] into the Gahlee. Himself γαρ Ιησους εμαρτυρησεν, ότι προφητης εν τη that in the for Jesus testified. a prophet 45 'Οτε ουν ηλθεν ιδια πατριδι τιμην ουκ εχει. country honor not has. When therefore he came εις την Γαλιλαιαν, εδεξαντο αυτον οί Γαλιλαιοι,

received

FIELDS; ! That they are already white for Harvest

36 ‡ The REAPER receives a Reward, and ga thers Fruit for aicnion Life; so that the SOWER and the REAPER may rejoice together.

37 For in this is the SAYING TRUE; 'That one is the sower, and another

is the REAPER.

38 I sent you to reap that on which you have not labored; others labored, and nou have entered into their LABOR."

39 Now many of the SAMARITANS from that CITY believed into him, because of the word of the WOMAN, testifying, "lle told me all things which I have done."

40 * Then came the SAMARITANS to him, and asked him to remain with them; and he remained there Two Days.

41 And many more believed on account of his WORD;

42 and said to the wo-MAN, "We no longer be-lieve because of * THY Report; for we ourselves have heard; and we know That this is truly the SA-VIOR of the WORLD."

43 Now after the Two Days, he went from thence into Galilee.†

44 For ‡ Jesus himself testified, That a Prophet has no Honor in his own Country.

45 When, therefore, he came into GALILEE, the GALILEANS received him,

him the

Galilee.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—40. When—omit. 40. Then came asked him. 42. thy BEFORT. 43. the ANOINTED—omit. 40. Then came the Samabitans to him, and asked him. 43. and went-omit.

^{†43.} Fearce thinks that some words have been lost from the end of this verse, which may be suprlied thus; "Went into Galilee, but not to Nazareth; for Jesus himself had declared," etc. In Matt. xiii. 57; Mark vi. 4; and Lukelv. 24, which are the only texts where Jesus is said to have declared this, he spoke of Nazareth only, and not Galilee in general, a country where he lived for the most part, and wrought the greatest number of his miracles, and made the most converts.—Clarke. There is a probability that something to this purpose has been very early omitted in transcribing. The casual conjunction gar, for, which introduces the next verse, shows that it contains the reason of what had immediately preceded.—Camp.

t 35. Matt. ix. 37; Luke x. 2.

^{1 36.} Dan xii. 3.

παντα έωρακοτες ά εποιησεν εν Ίεροσολυμοις all having seen what he did in Jerusalem εν τη έορτη και αυτοι γαρ ηλθον εις την έορ- FEAST, for th 46 Ηλθεν ουν παλιν εις την Κανα της He came then again into the Cana of the Γαλιλαιας, όπου εποιησε το ύδωρ οινον. Kai And where he made the water wine. ην τις βασιλικος, ού ό υίος ησθενει, εν Κα-Cawas certain courtier, of whom the son was sick, in ⁴⁷ Ούτος ακουσας ότι Ιησους ήκει περναουμ. hearing that ' pernaum. This Jesus was come $\epsilon \kappa$ της Ιουδαίας ϵ ις την Γαλιλαίαν, απηλθέ into the Galilee, Judea went προς αυτον, και ηρωτα αυτον, ίνα καταβη, and was asking him, that he would come down to iται ιασηται αυτου τον υίον ημελλε γαρ αποand heal of him the son; he was about for to 48 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους προς αυτον: $\theta \nu \eta \sigma \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu$. Said therefore the Jesus to him; Εαν μη σημεια και τερατα ιδητε, ου μη πιστευ-If not signs and prodigies you may see, not not you may 49 Λεγει προς αυτον δ βασιλικος Κυριε, σητe. Says to him the courtier: Osir, καταβηθι, ποθανειν αποθανειν το παιδιον mov. come down, before to die the child of me. 60 Λεγει αυτφ ό Ιησους· Πορευου· ό υίος σου Says to him the Jesus: Go: the son of thee *[Και] επιστευσεν δ ανθρωπος τφ λογφ $\zeta \eta$. [And] helieved the man the word lives. 51 H $\delta\eta$ φ ειπεν αυτφ Ιησους, και επορευετο. which said to him Jesus, and went. Already δε αυτου καταβαινοντος, οί δουλοι αυτου απηνand of him was going down, the slaves of him τησαν αυτ φ , *[και απηγγειλαν,] λεγοντες· him, saying; [and reparted,] Ore δ mais σov (η . That the child of thee lives. 52 Επυθετο ουν * [παρ' Heinquired then of την ώραν, εν 'η κομψοτερον αυτων εσχε. in which better the hour, he was. Και έιπον αυτώ. Ότι χθες ώραν έβδομην αφηand they said to him; That yesterday hour seventh κεν αυτον δ πυρετος. 53 Εγνω ουν δ πατηρ, Knew then the father, him the fever. δτι εν εκεινη τη ώρα, εν 'η ειπεν αυτώ δ Ιη-Ότι δ υίος σου ζη. Και επιστευσαν That the son of thee lives. And he believed αυτος, και ή οικια αυτου όλη. 54 Τουτο παλιν himself, and the house of him all. This δευτερον σημειον εποιησεν ό Ιησους, ελθων did the Jesus, having come ont of a second sign της Ιουδαιας εις την Γαλιλαιαν.

thaving seen All that he did in Jerusalem, at the FEAST, for then also went

46 * Then he came again towards Cana of GALILEE, t where he made WATER Wine. And there was a Certain Courtier, Whose son was sick in Capernaum.

47 Me, having heard That Jesus was come out of JUDEA into GALILEE, went to him, and asked him, that he would come down and cure His son: for he was about to die.

48 Jesus, therefore, said to him, ‡"If you see not Signs and Prodigies, you will not believe."

49 The COURTIER says to him, "Sir, come down, before my CHILD die."

"Go, thy son lives." The MAN believed the WORD which Jesus said to him. and went.

51 And now as he was going down, his SERVANTS met him, saying, * "Thy CHILD lives."

52 He then inquired * that HOUR in which he grew better. * And they said to him, "Yesterday, at the † seventh Hour, the FEVER left him."

53 The FATHER, therefore, knew That it was in That Hour in which JESUS said to him, "Thy son lives." And he believed and all his House.

54 * This again, a Second Sign, did Jesus, having come out of JUDEA into GALILEE.

* Varican Manuscript.—46. Then he came again towards Canaand reported—omit.

51. That his son lives.

52. Then said they to him.

53. And this son 50. And-omit. 52. of them-omit. 51. and reported-omit. 53. Then said they to him. 52. that HOUR. 54. And this again is the Second Sign.

the

Judea

into the

^{† 52.} According to John's computation of time this would be seven o'clock in the evening. Macknightthicks the Roman hour is intended, i. e. seven in the evening; and this he thinks is the reason why our Lord did not accompany the courtier: for as Cana was a day's journey from Capernaum, had our Lord gone at that hour, he must have traveled in the *ipht, from which it might have been inferred, that he could not cure the child without being personally present. Harmony, vol. i. p. 52.

became,

KE Φ . ϵ' . 5.

1 Μετα ταυτα ην έορτη των Ιουδαιων, κα: After these things was a feast of the Jews, and 2 Εστι δε εν ανεβη δ Ιησους εις Ίεροσολυμα. went up the Jesus to Jerusalem. Is now in τοις Ίεροσολυμοις, επι τη προβατική, κολυμthe Jerusalem, by the sheep-gate, a swimming-βηθρα, ή επιλεγομενή Έβραιστι Βηθεσδα, πεντε bath, that being called in Hebrew Bethesda, στοας εχουσα. ³ Εν ταυταις κατεκειτο πληθος porches having. In these were lying a multitude * $\begin{bmatrix} \pi \circ \lambda \upsilon \end{bmatrix}$ των ασθενουντων, τυφλων, χωλων, $\begin{bmatrix} \text{great} \end{bmatrix}$ of those being sick, blind, lame, ξηρων * $\begin{bmatrix} \epsilon \kappa \delta \epsilon \chi \circ \mu \epsilon \nu \omega \nu & \tau \eta \nu & \tau \delta \omega \tau \circ \kappa \kappa \kappa \nu \eta \sigma \epsilon \nu \end{bmatrix}$

withered Waiting the of the water moving. 4 Αγγελου γαρ κατα καιρον κατεβαινεν εν τη Amessenger for at a season wentdown in the κολυμβηθρα, και εταρασσε το ύδωρ ό ουν πρωswimming-oath, and agitated the water; he theo τος εμβας μετα την ταραχην του ύδατος, ύγιης stepping in after the agitation of the water, sound εγινετο, φ δηποτε κατειχετο νοσηματι.]

was held

by disease.]

 5 Ην δε τις ανθρωπος εκει, τριακοντα και οκτω man there, thirty and eight Was and a certain $\epsilon \tau \eta$ $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \nu$ $\tau \eta$ $\alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \alpha$. years being in the feeble health. 6 Τουτον ιδων δ This seeing the Ιησους κατακειμενον, και γνους ότι πολυν ηδη and knowing that long already lying, χρονον εχει, λεγει αυτώ. Θελεις ύγιης γενεσtime he had been, he says to bim; Dost thou wish sound θαι; ⁷ Απεκριθη αυτφ δ απθενων Κυριε, ανθρω-

who indeed

πον ουκ εχω, ίνα, όταν ταραχθη το ύδωρ, not I have, that, when may be agitated the water, €ν 'ω δ€ βαλη με εις την κολυμβηθραν· in which but ερχουαι εγω, αλλος προ εμου καταβαινει. another before me am coming I, goes down.

8 Λεγει αυτώ ὁ Ιησους. Εγειραι, αρον τον κραβ-Rise, take up the bed rei. 9 Και ευθεως εγε-Says to him the Jesus: βατον σου, και περιπατει.

of thee, and walk. And immediately νετο ύγιης δ ανθρωπος, και ηρε τον κραββατον came sound the man, and took up the αύτου, και περιεπατει. of himself, and walked. Ην δε σαββατον εν It was and a sabbath εκεινη τη ήμερα. 10 Ελεγον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι τω Said then the to the day. Jews

τεθεραπευμενω. Σαββατον επτιν. ουκ εξεστι itis: not it is lawful having been healed: A sabbath αραι τον κραββατον. 11 Απεκριθη αυτοις He answered for thee to carry the bed. them:

CHAPTER V.

l After these things there was ‡ a Feast of the JEWS; and * Jesus went

up to Jerusalem.

2 Now there is in JERU-SALEM Inear the SHEEP-GATE, a Bath, which is CALLED in Hebrew, * † Bethesda, having Five covered Walks.

3 In these were lying a Multitude of the sick,-Blind, Lame, Withered,-* † [waiting the motion

of the WATER.

4 For a Messenger at times went down into the BATH, and agitated the WATER; the FIRST, therefore, stepping in after the AGITATION of the WATER, was cured of Whatever Disease he was held. I

5 Now a certain Man was there, having been Thirty-eight Years in FEE-

BLE HEATH.

6 Jesus seeing him lying, and knowing That he had now been thus a Long Time, says to him, "Dost thou wish to become well?"

7 The SICK person answered him, "Sir, I have no Man, that, when the WATER is agitated, he may put me into the BATH; but while I am coming, another goes down before me."

8 Jesus says to him, toucii, and walk."

9 And immediately the MAN became well, and took up his couch, and walked. t Now That DAY was a Sabbath.

10 The JEWS, therefore, said to HIM who had been CURED, "It is a Sabbath; tit is not lawful for thee to earry the couch."

2. Bethsaida. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. Jesus. 3. great-omit. 3, 4-omit. † 2. Bethesda, signifies the house of mercy.

† 3, 4. This clause is without doubt the addition of some transcriber. Five of the most ancient MSS, either reject the whole or the principal part of the clause in brackets. Bloomfield says, "the whole narration savors of Jewish fancy." Meyer calls it a legendary addition. It is omitted by Mill and Tischendorf, and marked as spurious by Griesbach.

O ποιησας με ὑγιη, εκεινος μοι είπεν Αρον τον He having made me sound, he to me said; Take up the κραββατον σου, και περιπατει. 12 Ηρωτησαν bed of thee, and walk. They asked *[oυν] αυτον Τις εστιν ὁ ανθρωπος, ὁ είπων [then] him; Who is the man, he saying σοι Αρον τον κραββατον σου, και περιπατει; to thee; Take up the hed of thee, and walk?

To the expression of the state of the form of the but having been cured not knew who it is; the for indicates $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \nu \epsilon \nu \sigma \epsilon \nu$, ox $\lambda \sigma \nu$ over $\delta \nu$ to $\delta \nu$ to $\delta \nu$ desure slipped out, a crowd being in the place.

14 Μετα ταυτα εύρισκει αυτον δ Ιησους εν τω After these finds him the Jesus in the $i \in \rho \omega$, και ειπεν αυτω $i \in \rho \omega$, το μη τωπρικ, and said to him: See, sound thou hast become: no κετι αμαρτανε, $i \nu \alpha \mu \eta \chi$ είρον σοι τι γενηται, longer do thou sin, that no worse to thee anything may happen. 15 $i \in \rho \omega$ ανθρωπος, και ανηγγείλε τοις Wentaway the man, and told to the

Wentaway the man, and told to the Ioυδαιοις, ότι Ιησους εστιν, ό ποιησας αυτον Jews, that Jesus itis, he having made him $\dot{v}_{\gamma i\eta}$. 16 Και δια τουτο εδιωκον τον Ιησουν οί sound. And through this persecuted the Jesus the Iουδαιοι, ότι ταυτα εποιει εν σαββατω. 17 Ο

Jews, because these he did in a sabbath. 'Ο πατηρ μου δε Ιησους απεκρινατο αυτοις. The father them: answered 18 Δια έως αρτι εργαζεται, καγω εργαζομαι. Through and I works. τουτο ουν μαλλον εζητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι the him this therefore more eought το σαββα-€λυ€

αποκτειναι, δτι ου μονον ελυε το σαββαto kill, because not only he was breaking the sabbath
τον, αλλα και πατερα ιδιον ελεγε τον θεον,
but also a father his own said the God;

but also a father his own said the God; ισον έαυτον ποιων τφ θεω. 19 Απεκρινατο ουν equal himself making to the God. Answered ther

 δ Ιησους και ειπει αυτοις Αμην αμην λεγω the Jesus and said to them: Indeed indeed I say δ μιν, ου δυναται δ υίος ποιειν αφ' έαυτου ουδεν, to you, not is able the son to do of himself nothing,

εαν μη τι βλεπη τον πατερα ποιουντα ά it not anything he may see the father doing: what γαρ αν εκεινος ποιη, ταυτα και δ υίος δμοιως

γαρ αν εκείνος ποιίη, these sho the son in like manner ποιει. 20 Ο γαρ πατηρ φιλει τον νίον, και πανdoes: The for father toves the con, and all

τα δεικνυσιν αυτω, α αυτος ποιει και μειζονα
showe to him, what he does: and greater

τουτων δειξει αυτφ εργα, ίνα ύμεις θαυμαζητε.
of these shows to him works, so that you may wonder.

21 Ωσπερ γαρ δ πατηρ εγειρει τοις νεκρους και
As for the father raises the dead ones and

17 * But he answered them, "HE who MADE me well, he said to me, Take up thy couch, and walk."

up thy couch, and walk."
12 They asked him,
"Who is the MAN THAT
SAID to thee, *"Take up
thy couch, and walk?"

13 But HE who had been cured knew not who it was; for Jesus withdrew, a Crowd being in the PLACE.

14 After these things, *Jesus finds him in the TEMPLE, and said to him, "Behold, thou hast become well; †sin no more, lest something worse may happen to thee."

15 The MAN wentaway, and told the Jews That Jesus was HE who MADE

him well.

16 And on account of this the Jews persecuted Jesus, because he did These things on a Sabbath.

17 But * HE answered and said, t" My father works till now, and E work."

18 For this, then, the JEWS ‡ sought the more to kill him, because not only was he breaking the SABBATH, ‡ but he also said, that GoD was his own Father, making himself equal with GoD."

19 Then * he answered and said, "Indeed, I assure you, The son can do nothing of himself, except what he may see the FATHER doing, for whatever he does, these things also does the son in like manner.

20 For the FATHEE loves the son, and show him All what he himse does; and Greater Works than these will he sh him, that nou may wond

raises up and makes al the DEAD, ‡ so also

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—11. But he. 12. Then—omit. 12. Take up, and, 14. Jesus. 17. не answered and said, My father. 19. he answered and said.

^{† 14.} Matt. xii, 45: John vii, 11. † 17. John ix 4; xiv. Jo. † 18. John vii, 19. John ix, 30, 33, Phil. ii, 6. † 20. Matt. iii, 17; John iii, 35; 2 Pet. 1. 17. † 31. Luke vii, 14, viii 54: John xi. 25, 56.

ζωοποιει· ούτω και ό υίος, ούς θελει, ζωοποιει. makes alive: thus also the son, whom he will, maken alive. 22 Ουδε γαρ ό πατηρ κρινει ουδενα αλλα την Not even for the father but judges any one; the κρισιν πασαν δεδωκε τφ υίφ. 23 ίνα παντες all has given to the son; '0 τιμωσι τον υίον, καθως τιμωσι τον πατερα. may honor the son, even as they honor the father. He μη τιμων τον υίον, ου τιμα τον πατερα, not honoring the son, not honora the father, TOV η τερών. αυτον. ²⁴ Αμην αμην λεγω ύμεν, ότι δ τον λογον μου ακουων, και πιστευων, he the word of me hearing, and believing, the πεμψαντι με εχει ζωην αιωνιον, και εις κρισιν having sent me has life age-lasting, and into judgment ουκ ερχεται, αλλα μεταβεβηκεν εκ του θαναhas passed out of the comes, but 25 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, TOU ELS THY (WHY. Indeed indeed I say into the life.

to you, ότι ερχεται ώρα, και νυν εστιν, ότε οι νεκροι that comes anhour, and now is, when the dead ones ακουσονται της φωνης του υίου του $\theta \epsilon$ ου \cdot και voice of the son of the God; and $\eta \sigma o \nu \tau \alpha i$. 26 $\Omega \sigma \pi \epsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \rho \delta \pi \alpha$ shall hear the

οί ακουσαντες ζησονται. will live. for the those having heard As faτηρ εχει ζωην εν έαυτω ούτως εδωκε και τω life in himself; he gave also to the 27 Και εξουσιαν εδωυίφ ζωην εχειν εν έαυτφ. life to have in himself. And authority κεν αυτώ και κρισιν ποιειν, ότι υίος ανθρωπου gave to him also judgment to execute, because a son εστι. ²⁸ Μη θαυμαζετε τουτο· ότι ερχεται ώρα, Not wonder you this: because comes an hour, εν 'η παντες οί εν τοις μνημειος ακουσανται in which ali those in the tomba aball hear της φωνης αυτου, ²⁹ και εκπορευσονται, οί τα and voice of him, shall come forth, those the αγαθα ποιηταντες, εις αναστασιν (ωης. good things having done, to a resurrection of life; those

[and] the evilthings having done, to a resurrection 30 Ου δυναμαι εγω ποιειν απ' εμαυτου σεωs. Not amable ľ to do judgment. of ουδεν. Καθως ακουω, κρινω, και ή κρισις ή nothing. Even as I hear, ljudge, and the judgment the $\epsilon \mu \eta$ δικαια $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu^*$ ότι ου ζητω το $\theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$ το \min just is; that not I seek the will the εμον, αλλα το θελημα του πεμψαντος με. but the will ofthe sending mine. me.

*[δε] τα φαυλα πραξαντες, εις αναστασιν κρι-

 31 Εαν εγω μαρτυρω π ερι εμαυτου, $\hat{\eta}$ μαρτυρια the testify concerning myself, testimony 32 Αλλος εστιν δ μαρμου ουκ εστιν αληθης. true. Another is he testiτυρων περι εμου και οιδα, ότι αληθης εστιν fying concesning me; and I know, that

son makes alive Whom he pleases.

22 For the FATHER does not even judge any one, but t has given all JUDG-MENT to the son;

23 so that all may honor the son, even as they honor the FATHER. # IlE who HONORS not the son hone ors not THAT FATHER who sent him.

24 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who HEARS my WORD, and believes HIM who sent me, has aionian Life, and comes not into Judgment, but has passed out of DEATH into LIFE.

25 Indeed, I assure you, That an Hour comes, and now is, when the DEAD will hear the voice of the son of God, and THOSE HAVING HEARD will live.

26 For as the FATHER has Life in himself, so he gave also to the son to have Life in himself;

27 and he gave him Authority also to execute Judgment, Because he is a Son of Man.

28 Wonder not at this: Because an Hour comes in which ALL those in the TOMBS will hear his VOICE,

29 and will come forth; THOSE HAVING DONE GOOD things, to a Resurrection of Life; and THOSE HAVING DONE EVIL things. to a Resurrection of Judgment.

30 # am not able to do anything of myself; as I hear, I judge; and MY JUDGMENT IS just, Because I seek not 1 MY WILL, but the will of HIM SENDING me.

31 Though H testify concerning myself, tis not my TESTIMONY true?

32 There is ANOTHER who testifies concerning me; and I know That the

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. and -omit.

^{† 31.} By translating this interrogatively, this passage is harmonized with John viii, 14.

^{† 22.} Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; Luke x. 22; John iii. 85; xvii. 2; Acts xvii. 31; 1 Pet. lv. 6 † 23. 1 John ii. 23. † 20. Dan. xii. 2; Matt. xxv. 32, 33, 46. † 30. Matt. xxvi 89, John iv. 34; vi. 38. ‡ 31. John viii. 14: Rev. iii. 14.

33 'THEIS ή μαρτυρια, ήν μαρτυρει περι εμου. You απεσταλκατε προς Ιωαννην, και μεμαρτυρηκε John, and he has testified 34 Εγω δε ου παρα ανθρωπου την τη αληθεια. hut not from a man the to the truth. μαρτυριαν λαμβανω· αλλα ταυτα λεγω, ίνα but these things I say, receive; ύμεις σωθητε. 35 Εκεινος ην δ λυχνος δ καιοyou may be saved. He was the lamp the μενος και φαινων ύμεις δε ηθελησατε αγαλλιyou and were willing and shining: to reαθηναι προς ώραν $\epsilon \nu$ τω φωτι αυτου. joice for an hour in the light of him. 36 E $\gamma\omega$ δε εχω την μαρτυριαν μειζω του Ιωαννου· τα but have the testimony greater of the John: the γαρ εργα, ά εδωκε μοι ό πατηρ, ίνα τελειωσω for works, which gave to me the father, that I might finish αυτα, αυτα τα εργα, ά εγω ποιω, μαρτυρει works, which I testifies th em, the do, these περι εμου, ότι δ πατηρ με απεσταλκε. 37 Και And concerning me, because the father me has sent. δ πεμίμας με πατηρ αυτος μεμαρτυρηκε $\pi \in \rho \iota$ he having sent me father himself has testified concerning Ουτε φωνην αυτου ακηκοατε πωποτε, €щой. Neither a voice of him have you heard at auy time, me. And the word υυτε ειδος αυτου έωρακατε. nor form of him have you seen. αυτου ουκ εχετε μενοντα εν ύμιν ότι όν απεσof him not you have abiding in you; because whom sent τειλεν εκεινος, τουτφ ύμεις ου $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\upsilon\epsilon\tau\epsilon.$ this you not he, ³⁹ Ερευνατε τας γραφας, ότι ύμεις δοκειτε εν ou search the writings, because you think αυταις ζωην αιωνιον εχειν και εκειναι εισιν αί are those life age-lasting to have : and they μαρτυρουσαι περι εμου· 40 και ου θελετε ελθειν and not you are willing to come testifying concerning me; 41 Δοξαν παρα ανθρωπρος με, iνα ζωην εχητε.
to me, so that life you may have. Glory from πων ου λαμβανω· 42 αλλ' εγνωκα ύμας, ότι την but I have known you, that the not I receive; $^{43}\,\mathrm{E}\gamma\omega$ αγαπην του θεου ουκ εχετε εν έαυτοις. of the God not you have in yourselves. εληλυθα εν τφ ονοματι του πατρος μου, και ου name of the father of me, and not have come in the

have come in the name of the father of me, and not $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \mu \epsilon$ $\epsilon \alpha \nu \alpha \lambda \lambda \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta \epsilon \nu \tau \omega$ or o $\nu \alpha \tau \epsilon \nu \sigma \epsilon$ you receive me: if another should come in the name $\tau \epsilon \nu \delta \iota \omega$, $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota \nu \sigma \nu \lambda \eta \psi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$. How are able the own, him you will receive. How are able $\delta \iota \mu \epsilon \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \nu \sigma \sigma \epsilon$

ύμεις πιστευσαι, δοξαν παρα αλληλων λαμβανουyou to believe, glory from one another receiving, τες, και την δοξαν την παρα του μονου θεου ου

and the glory that from the only God not (ητειτε; 45 Μη δοκειτε, ότι εγω κατηγορησω you seek? Not think you, that I will accuse

TESTIMONY which he testifies of me is true.

33 Pour have sent to John, and he has testified to the TRUTH.

34 But I receive not TESTIMONY from a Man (only;) but These things I say, that nou may be saved.

35 Me was the BURNING and shining LAMP; and pou were willing, for a Time, to rejoice in his LIGHT.

36 But I have testimony greater than John's; for the works which the Father gave me, that I might finish them, These works which * I do, trstify concerning me, That the Father has sent Me.

37 And the FATHERWHO SENT me, he has testified concerning me; though you have not, at any time, either heard his Voice, or seen his Form.)

38 And his word you have not remaining in you; Because you believe not him whom he sent.

39 You search the SCRIP-TURES, Because gout think by them to obtain aionian Life; ‡and they are THOSE TESTIFYING Of me;

40 and yet you are not willing to come to me that you may obtain Life.

41 I receive not Glory from Men;

42 but I know you, That you have not the LOVE of God in yourselves.

43 F have come in the NAME of my FATHER, and you do not receive me; if another should come in his own NAME, him you will receive.

44 ‡ How can nou believe, receiving Glory one from another; and THAT GLORY from the ONLY God you do not seek.

45 Do not think That H will accuse you to the

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-36. I do. 44. the only one.

^{‡ 33.} John i. 15, 10, 27, 32. xvii. 5; John vi. 27; viii. 18. ‡ 36. John iii. 2; x. 25; xv. 24. ‡ 39. Deut. xviii. 15, 18; Luke xxiv. 27; John i. 45, ‡ 44. John xii. 43.

ύμων προξ τον πατερα· εστιν δ κατηγορων in he to the father: accusin 13 12 ύμων, Μωσης, εις ύν ύμεις ηλπικατε. Moses, into whom you have hoped. You. γαρ επιστευετε Μωση, επιστευετε αν εμοι. you would believe you believed Mones, tor me; γαρ εμου εκεινος εγραψεν. 47 Ει δε τοις TEDL soncerning for me he wrote. If but the κεινου γραμμασιν ου πιστευετε, πως τοις εμοις writings not you believe, how the ιδημασι πιστευσετε. worda will you believe.

KEΦ. s'. 6.

 T Μετα ταυτα απηλθεν $^{\delta}$ Ιησους περαν της Αfter these things went the Jesus over the θαλασσης της Γαλιλαίας, της Τιβεριαδος. εa that of Galilee, of the Tiberias.

* Και ηκολουθει αυτφ οχλος πολυς, ότι έωρων And was following him a crowd great, because they saw τα σημεια, α εποιει επι των ασθενουντων.

**he signs, which he was doing on those being sick.

 δ Ανηλθε δε εις το opos δ Ιησους, και εκει went and into the mountain the Jesus, and there καθητο μετα των μαθητων αύτου. Was and εγγυς το πασχα, ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων. δ Επαnear the passover, the feast of the Jews. Lifted pas ουν δ Ιησους τους οφθαλμους, και θεασαμετηρι then the Jesus the cycs, and eceing

that great a crowd was coming to him, eava trops to Φ thim to the Philip; but the a parameter of the property of the proper

νος ότι πολυς οχλος ερχεται προς αυτον, λεγει

⁷ Απεκριθη αυτφ Φιλιππος. Διακοσιων δηναριων Answered him Fhilip; Two hundred denarii αρτοι ουκ αρκουσιν αυτοις, ένα έκαστος of loaves not are enough for them, so that each

*[$au\tau\omega\nu$] $\beta\rho\alpha\chi\nu$ τ i $\lambda\alpha\beta\eta$. δ $\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon$ i $au\tau\omega$ ϵ i s $\epsilon\kappa$ [of them] a little may take. Saya to him one of των μαθητων αυτου, Ανδρεας, δ αδελφος Σιμωdisciples of him, Andrew, the brother νος Πετρου· 9 Εστι παιδαριον έν ώδε, δ εχει little boy Peter; Is one here, who has πεντε αρτους κριθινους, και δυο οψαρια αλλα harley, and two small fishes: but ταυτα τι εστιν εις τοσουτους; 10 Ειπε *[δε] δ these what are for so many? [and] the Said Ιησους: Ποιησατε τους ανθρωπους αναπεσειν. Jesus: Make you the men to recline. Ην δε χορτος πολυς εν τω τοπω. Ανεπεσον

Was and grass much in the place.

FATHER. * HE WHO AC CUSES you to the FATHER is Moses, in whom nou have hoped.

46 For if you believed Moses you would believe me, I for he wrote about

me.

47 But if you do not believe HIS Writings, how * can you believe MY Words?"

CHAPTER VI.

1 ‡ After these things JESUS WENT ACTOSS THAT LAKE OF GALILEE, the TI-BERIAS.

2 And a great Crowd were following him, Because they saw the SIGNS which he was performing

on the sick.

3 And * Jesus went up into the MOUNTAIN, and was sitting there with his DISCIPLES.

4 And the PASSOVER, the FEAST of the JEWS, was

near.

- 5 Then Jesus, lifting up his Eyes, and seeing that a great Crowd was coming to him, says to *Phitp, "Whence *may we buy Loaves thatthese may eat."
- 6 (But this he said, trying him; for he knew what he was about to do.)
- 7 Philip answered him, "Loaves costing + Two Hundred Denami are not enough for them, that each may take a little."
- 8 One of his disciples, Andrew, the BROTHER of Simon Peter, says to him,
- 9 "Here is a Little boy, who has Five barley Loaves and Two Small fishes; but what are these for so many?"

10 JESUS said, "Make the MEN recline." And there was much Grass in the PLACE. The men,

Reclined

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-45. HE Who ACCUSES you to the FATHER IS Moses, in whom. 47. can you believe. 3. Jesus. 5. Philip. 5. may we buy. 7. of them—omit. 10. and—omit.

^{† 7.} In value about thirty dollars, or about £6. 8s. sterling.

^{† 46.} Gen. iii. 15, xii 3. xvui. 18; xxii. 18; xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; John i. 45; Acta xxvi. 22. † 1. Mait. xiv. 15; Mark vi. 35; Luke ix. 10, 12.

υν ci ανδρες τον αριθμον ώσει πεντακιχιλιοι.
therefore the men the number about five thousand.

11 Ελαβε δε τους αρτους ό Ιησους, και ευχαρισ-

Took and the loaves the Jesus, and having given τησας διεδωκε * [τοις μαθηταις, οί δε μαθηται] thanks distributed [to the disciples, the and disciples] thanks distributed τοις ανακειμενοις όμοιως και εκ των οψαριων to those reclining; in like manner also of the όσον ηθελον. 12 'Ως δε ενεπλησθησαν, λεγει τοις what they wished. When and they were filled, he says to the μαθηταις αύτου. Συναγαγετε τα περισσευσαντα disciples of himself: Collect the remaining 13 Συνηγαγον κλασματα, ίνα μη τι αποληται.

fragments, so that not any may be lost. They collected ουν, και εγεμισαν δωδεκα κοφινους κλασματων filled therefore, and twelve baskets of fragments εκ των πεντε αρτων των κριθινών, ά επερισfive out of the loaves of the barley, which remained 14 Οἱ ουν ανθρωποι σευσε τοις βεβρωκοσιν. The therefore to those having eaten.

ιδοντες δ εποιησε σημειον δ Ιησους, ελεγονε seeing what did a sign the Jesus, said: Οτι ούτος εστιν αληθως δ προφητης, δ ερχοτατ this is truly the prophet, he com-

μενος εις τον κοσμον.
ing into the world.

ing into the world.

15 Ιησους ουν γνους ότι μελλουσιν ερχεσθαι, to come, και αρπαζειν αυτον, ίνα ποιησωσιν αυτον βασιand to seize him, that they might make him, λεα, ανεχωρησε παλιν εις το ορος αυτος into the mountain himself again 16 'Ως δε οψια εγενετο, κατεβησαν οί movos. As and evening it became, went down the 17 Kαι εμβανμαθηται αυτου επι την θαλασσαν. disciples of him on the sea. And stepping τες εις το πλοιον, ηρχοντο περαν της θαλασσης

ship, they were going over the εις Καπερναουμ. Και σκοτια ηδε εγεγονει, now it had become, Capernaum. And dark και ουκ εληλυθει προς αυτους δ Ιησους. and not had come to them the Jesus. τε θαλασσα, ανεμου μεγαλου πνεοντος διηγειa wind great blowing was becoming 19 Εληλακοτες ουν ώς στραδιους εικοσι-PETO. agitated. Having driven therefore about furlongs twentyτριακοντα, θεωρουσι τον η Ιησουν or thirty, they see the Jesus περιπατουντα επι της θαλασης, και εγγυς του on the aca, and near the 20 °O δ€ πλοιου γινομενον και εφοβηθησαν. He but was coming; and they were afraid. λεγει αυτοις. Εγω ειμι, μη φοβεισθε. 21 H $\theta\epsilon$ -

aaye to them; I am, not fearyon. They were $\lambda o \nu$ our $\lambda a \beta \epsilon i \nu$ autov $\epsilon i s$ to $\pi \lambda o i o \nu$ kai

willing therefore to receive him into the ship; an

therefore, reclined, in NUM-BER about five thousand.

11 *Then Jesus took the loaves, and having given thanks, he distributed to those reclining; in like manner also of the fishes, as much as they wished.

12 And when they were filled, he says to the DISCI-PLES, "Collect the RE-MAINING FRAGMENTS, so that nothing may be lost."

13 Then they collected, and filled Twelve Baskets with Fragments, from the FIVE BARLEY LOAVES, which remained to THOSE who had EATEN.

14 The MEN, therefore, seeing the *Sign that JEsus did, said, "This is tru!" † THAT PROPHET COMINAL into the WORLD."

15 Then Jesus seeing That they were about to come and seize him, that they might make him a King, retired again into the MOUNTAIN, himself alone.

16 ‡ And as it became Evening, his DISCIPLES went down to the LAKE,

17 and having entered the BOAT, were crossing the LAKE to Capernaum. And it had already become dark, and Jesus had not * yet come to them.

18 And the LAKE was becoming agitated by a great Wind blowing.

- 19 Having, therefore, driven about twenty-five or thirty Furlongs, they see JESUS walking on the LAKE, and approaching the BOAT; and they were afraid.
- 20 But HE says to them, "It is I; be not afraid."
- fearyon. They were 21 They were willing, therefore, to receive him into the ship; and into the BOAT. And im-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. Then JESUS. PLES.—omit. 14. Signs. 17. yet come.

^{11.} to the DISCIPLES, and the DISCI-

^{14.} Gen. xlix. 10; Deut. xviii. 15, 18; Matt. xi. 3; John i. 21; iv. 19, 25, vii. 40 t i6 Matt xiv. 23; Mark vi. 47.

ευθεως το πλοιον εγενετο επι της γης, εις ήν at the land, to which immediately the ahip WAS ύπηγον.

they were going.

²² Τη επαυριον δ οχλος, δ έστηκως περαν της The next day the crowd, that standing over the θαλασσης, ιδων, ότι πλοιαριος αλλο ουκ ην seeing, that boat other not was

εκει, ει μη έν, και ότι ου συνεισηλθε τοις the there, if not one, and that not went with μαθηταις αύτου δ Ιησους εις το πλοιον, αλλα disciples of himself the Jesus into the boat, μονοι οἱ μαθηται αυτου απηλθον 23 (αλλα δε alone the disciples of him went away; (other but ηλθε πλοιαρια εκ Τιβεριαδος εγγυς του τοπου, came boats from Tiberias near the $\delta \pi o \nu$ εφαγον τον αρτον, ευχαριστησαντος του where they ate the bread, having given thanks the κυριου·) $^{24} \delta \tau \epsilon$ ουν ειδεν δ οχλος, $\delta \tau \iota$ Ιησους Lord;) when therefore saw the crowd, that Jesus ουκ εστιν εκει, ουδε οί μαθηται αυτου, ενεβησαν not is there, nor the disciples of him, they entered αυτοι εις τα πλοια, και ηλθον εις Καπερναουμ, the Jesus. finding And περαν της θαλασσης, ειπον αυτφ. 'Ραββι, ποτε beyond the see, they said to him; Rabbi, when

ώδε γεγονας; 26 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους και here did thou come? Answered them the Jesus and ειπεν Αμην αμην λεγω υμιν Ζητειτε με, ουχ said; Indeed indeed I say to you: Υου soek me, not ότι είδετε σημεία, αλλ ότι εφαγετε εκ των because you saw signs, but because you ate of the αρτων, και εχορτασθητε. ²⁷ Εργαζεσθε μη την were filled. Work you not the loaves, and βρωσιν την απολλυμενην, αλλα την βρωσιν την food that perishing, but the food that μενουσαν εις ζενην αιωνιον, ην ο υίος του ανθρω-

abiding into life age-lasting, which the son of the κου ύμιν δωσει: τουτον γαρ δ πατηρ εσφραγι-

to you will give: him for the father $\sigma \in \nu$ δ $\theta \in os$. $^{28}E\iota \pi o \nu$ our $\pi \rho os$ $\alpha u \tau o \nu$. What God. Said therefore to him: ποιωμεν, ίνα εργαζωμεθα τα εργα του θεου: that we may work the works of the God? aball we do, 29 Απεκριθη δ Ιησους και ειπεν αυτοις. Τουτο Answered the Jesus and said to them:

εστι το εργον του θεου, ίνα πιστευσητε εις δν απεστειλεν εκεινος. They said therefore to him; What

ουν ποιεις συ σημειον, ίνα ιδωμεν και πιστευthat we may see and we may bethen doest thou aign, σωμεν σοι; τι εργαζη; 31 Οί πατερες ήμων το tieve thee? what doet thou work? The fathers of us the μαννα εφαγον εν τη ερημώ, καθως εστιγεγραμin the desert, ate 2.5 it is having been

mediately the BOAT was at the LAND to which thay

were going.
22 On the NEXT IAY, THAT CROWD STANDING by the side of the LAKE, seeing That there was no other Boat there, except one, and That JESUS went not with his disciples into the BOAT, but his DISCI-PLES went away alone :-

23 (but Other Boats came from Tiberias near the PLACE where they ate the Bread, when the Lord had given thanks;—)

24 when, therefore, the CROWD saw That Jesus was not there, nor his DIS-CIPLES, then entered the BOATS, and came to Capernanum, seeking Jesus.

25 And finding him beyond the LAKE, they said to him, "Rabbi, when didst thou arrive here?"

26 JESUS answered them and said, "Indeed, truly I say to you, You do not seek me Because you saw the Signs, but Because you ate of the LOAVES, and were satisfied.

27 Labor not for THAT FOOD which PERISHES. but for that food which abides to aionian Life, which the son of man will give you; # for him, the FATHER, GOD, has sealed."

28 They said to him. therefore, "What shall we do, that we may perform the WORKS of God?"

29 Jesus answered and said to them, ‡"This is the work of God, that you should believe into him whom he sent."

30 They said to him, therefore, ‡" What Sign, dost thou perform, that we may see and believe thee? What dost thou work?

31 ‡ Our FATHERS ate the MANNA in the DESERT, as it has been written,

^{† 27.} Matt. ili. 17; xvii. 5; Marki. 11; ix. 7; Luke ili. 22; ix. 35; John i. 83; v. 37; viii. 18; Acts il. 22; ? Pet i. 17. † 30. 1 John ili. 23. † 30. Matt. xii. 38; xvi. 1; Marki. ili. 11; 1 Cor. 1. 22. † 31. Exp. xvi. 15; Num. xi. 7; Neh. ix. 15; 1 Cor. x. 8.

"Bread from the heaven gave them φαγειν." 32 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην to eat." Said therefore to them the Jesus; Indeed αμην λεγω ύμω, ου Μωσης δεδωκεν ύμιν τον indeed I say to you, not Moses has given to you the αρτον εκ του ουρανου αλλ' ό πατηρ μου but the father of me from the heaven; διδωσιν ύμιν τον αρτον εκ του ουρανου τον gives to you the bread from the heaven the 33 O $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\alpha \rho \tau \sigma s$ $\tau \sigma v$ $\theta \in \sigma v$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota v$ δ The for bread of the God is be αληθινον. καταβαινων εκ του ουρανου, και ζωην διδους life coming down from the heaven, and is giving 34 Ειπον ουν προς αυτον Κυριε, τω κοσμω. They said then to him: to the world. O sir, 35 E1π€ παντοτε δος ημιν τον αρτον τουτον. ways give to us the second the second to me, not not may hunger:

and the bread of the $\zeta \omega \eta s$. $\delta \epsilon \rho \chi o \mu \epsilon \nu o s \pi \rho o s \mu \epsilon$, ou $\mu \eta \pi \epsilon \iota \nu a \sigma \eta$.

life: he coming to me, not not may hunger:

και δ πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη διψηση πωποτε.

and he helieving into me, not not may thirst ever.

 36 Αλλ' ειπον ύμιν, ότι και έωρακατε με, και ου Eut I said to you, that even you have seen me, and not πιστευετε. 37 Παν ό διδωσ: μοι ό πατηρ, προς you believe. All what gives to me the father, to εμε ήξει· και τον ερχομενον προς με, ου μη me wulcome . and the coming to me, not not εκβαλω εξω· 35 ότι καταβεβηκα εκ του ουρα-I will cast out; because I have come down from the heaνου, ουχ ίνα ποιω το θελημα το εμον, αλλα ven, not that I may do the will the mine, but 39 Τουτο δε εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με. will of the having sent me, This and is το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα παν me, that every one which of the having sent δεδωκε μοι, μη απολεσω εξ αυτου, αλλα ανασ-behas given to me, not I may lose out of it, but rame 40 Τουτο τησω αυτο εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. γαρ it in the lasr This for day εστι το θελημα του πεμψαντος με, ίνα πας δ will o the having sent me, that all who θεωρων τον υίον, και πιστευών εις αυτον, $\epsilon \chi \eta$ and believing into him, may have secing the son, ζωην αιωνιον· και αναστησω αυτον εγω τη lie age-lasting; and will raise up hım 1 in the εσχατη ήμερα.

la t QLY. 41 Εγογγυξον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περ. αυτου, ότι Were murmuring then the Jews about him, because καταβας ειπεν Εγω ειμι δ αρτος δ CK TOU OUhe smo; I am the bread that having come down from the heaρανου· 42 και ελεγον· Ουχ ούτος εστιν Ιησους δ ven; and they said; Not this is Jesus the

μενον· "Αρτον εκ του ουρανου εδωκεν αυτοις the gave them Bread from the heaven gave them from HEAVEN to eat."

32 Jesus then said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Moses did not give you the BREAD from HEAVEN; but my FATHER gives you the TRUE BREAD from HEAVEN.

33 For the BREAD of GOD is THAT which DESCENDS from HEAVEN and is giving Life to the WORLD."

34 They, therefore, said to him, "Sir, always give us this BREAD."

35 Jesus said to them,
"I am the bread of life.
† He who comes to me
will by no means hunger;
and He who believes into
me will never thirst.

36 But I said to you, That you have even see me, and yet you do not be-

lieve.

37 Whatever the FATHER gives me will come to me; and HIM, who COMES to me, I will by no means reject;

38 because I have descended from HEAVEN, to that I may do MY WILL, but the WILL of HIM who SENT me.

39 And this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me, that I may lose nothing of all that he has given me, but may raise it up at the LAST Day.

46 For this is the WILL of HIM who SENT me, that EVERY ONE SEEING the SON, 2 and BELIEVING into him, may have aionian Life; and # will raise him up at the LAST Day."

41 Then the Jews murmured about him, Because he said, "H am THAT BREAD which DESCENDED from HEAVEN."

42 And they said, ‡"ls not this Jesus, the son of

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 35. but-omit.

vios Ιωσηφ, ού ήμεις οιδαμεν τον πατερα και son of Joseph, of whom we know the father and την μητερα; Πως ουν λεγει ούτος. Ότι εκ του ουρανου καταβεβηκα; ⁴³ Απεκριβη δ Ιησους the heaven I have came down? Answered the Jesus και ειπεν αυτοις. Μη γογγυζετε μετ' αλληλων. and said to them: Not murmuryou with one another.

44 Ουδεις δυναται ελθειν προς με, εαν μη δ No one is able to come to me, if not the πατηρ, δ πεμψας με, έλκυση αυτον, και εγω father, that having sent me, may draw him, and I αναστησω αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. 45 Εστι will raise up him in the last day. It is γεγραμμενον εν τοις προφηταις. " Και εσονται paving been written in the prophets: "And they shall be παντες διδακτοι θεου." Πας δ ακοισας παρα taught of God." Every one who having heard from the father any one has seen, if not he being from that the father any one has seen, if not he being from that the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen, if not he being from the father any one has seen. του θεου· ούτος έωρακε τον πατερα, 47 Αμην the God: this has seen the father. αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ πιστευων *[εις εμε,] εχει indeed lasy to you, he believing [into me.] has indeed leay to you, he believing [into me,] has ζωην αιωνιον. ⁴⁸ Εγω ειμι δ αρτος της ζωης. 1 am the bread of the age-lasting. 49 Οί πατερες ύμων εφαγον το μαννα εν τη ερη-

The fathers of you are the manna in the desert, $\mu \phi$, $\kappa a : \alpha \pi \epsilon \theta \alpha \nu o \nu$ 50 où $\tau o s \in \sigma \tau \iota \nu \delta \alpha \rho \tau o s$, $\delta \in \kappa$ and died; this is the bread, that from του ουρανου καταβαινων, ίνα τις εξ αυτου the beaven coming down, so that any one of it φαγη, και μη αποθανη. ⁵¹ Εγω ειμι δ αρτος δ pay eat, and not may die. I am the bread that may eat, and not may die. am the bread that (ων, δ εκ του ουρανου καταβας - εαν τις φαγη fiving that from the heaven having cume down : if any one may ext εκτυυτου του αρτου, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. Και of thus the bread, he shall live into the age. And δ αρτος δε, *[δν εγω δωσω,] η σαρξ μου εστιν, the bread also, [which I will give, the fiesh of me is, <math>ην εγω δωσω υπερ της του κοσμου ζωης.which I wil give in behalf of the of the world 52 Εμαχοντο ουν προς αλληλους οί Ιουδαιοι,

Were contending therefore with one another the Jews, λεγοντες Πως δυναται ούτος ήμιν δουναι την earing; How is able this to us to give the σαρκα φαγειν; 53 Ειπεν ουν αυτοις δ Ιησους. to eat? Said them to them the Jenus; Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη φαγητε την Indeed indeed I say to you, if not you may eat the σαρκα του γίου του ανθρωπου, και πιητε αυτου flesh of the son of the man, and you may drink of him MAN, and drink His BLOOD, το αίμα, ουκ εχετε ζωην εν έαυτοις. 54'O you have no Life in youryourselves. the blood, not you have life in

Joseph, Whose FATHER and MOTHER we know? How, *then, does he say, 'I have come down from HEAVEN ?""

43 JESUS answered and said to them, "Murmur not one with another.

44 No one can come to me, unless THAT FATHER who sent me draw him: and I will raise him up at

the LAST Day.
45 ‡ It has been written in the PROPHETS, 'And they shall all be taught of 'God.' Every one HAVING HEARD and having learned of the FATHER, comes to me.

46 Not that any one has seen the FATHER, ‡ except HE who is from *God; he has seen the FATHER.

47 Indeed, I assure you. ! HE BELIEVING into me has aionian Life.

48 I am the BREAD of LIFE.

49 Your FATHERS ate the MANNA in the DESERT. and died.

50 This is THAT BREAD DESCENDING from HEA-VEN, so that any one may eat of it, and not die.

51 E am THAT LIVING BREAD who \$ HAS DE-SCENDED from HEAVEN.
If any one eat of This
BREAD, he shall live to the AGE; and the BREAD is now FLESH, which I will give in behalf of the LIFE of the

52 The JEWS, therefore, were contending with each other. saying, "How can he give us his FLESH to eat?"

53 Then JESUS said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, tif you do not eat the FLESH of the son of He selves.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. now then. 51. that I will give omit.

^{48.} God.

^{47.} into me-omit.

^{7. 45.} Isa, liv. 13: Jer. xxxi. 34; Micah iv. 2; Heb. viii. 10; x. 16. 46. John i. 18; v. 37. John iii. 10. 18, 86. 151. John iii. 12. 152. John vii. 43; ix. 16; x. 10. 58. Gal. 11. 20.

τρωγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων μου το αίμα, flesh, eating of me the and drinking of me the blood, eating alwinov και εγω αναστησω αυτον τη has life age-lasting; and I will retieve p him in the εσγατη ήμερα. 55 H γαρ σαρξ μου αληθως γαρ σαρξ μου αληθως day. last The for flesh of me truly εστι βρωσις, και το αίμα μου αληθως εστι and the blood of me truly 56 Ο τραγων μου την σαρκα, και πινων ποσις. drink. He eating of me the flesh. and drinking μου το αίμα, εν εμοι μενει, καγω εν αυτφ. of me the blood, in me abides, and I in 57 Καθως απεστειλε με δ ζων πατηρ, καγω ζω me the living father, and I live sent και δ τρωγων με, κακεινος δια τον πατερα• also he eating me, even he 58 Ο 5τος εστιν δαρτος, δ εκ through the father; ζησεται δι' εμε. is the bread, that from shall live through me. του ουρανου καταβας ου καθως εφαγον οί heaven having come down; not ate 8.9 πατερες ύμων, και απεθανον δ τρωγων τουτον eating fathers of you, and died; he this 59 Ταυτα τον αρτον, ζησεται εις τον αιωνα. shall live into the These things bread, age. ειπεν εν συνανωγη διδασκων εν Καπερναουμ. in a synagogue teaching in Capernaum. ⁶ Πολλοι ουν ακουσαντες εκ των μαθητων Many therefore having heard of the disciples αυτου, ειπον. Σηληρος εστιν ούτος δ λογος. of him, said; Hard is this the saying; τις δυναται αιτου ακουειν; 61 Ειδως δε δ Ιησους Knowing but the Jesus who is able it to hear? εν έαντο, ότι γογγυζουσι περι τουτου οί μαθη-in himself, that were muruuring about this the disciται αύτου, ειπεν αυτοις. Τουτο ύμας σκανδαλιples of himself, he said to them; This you offends? (ει; 62 Εαν ουν θεωρητε τον υίον του ανθρωπου If then you should see the son of the 63 To αναβαινοντα, όπου ην το προτερον; where he was the first? The πνευμα εστι το ζωρποιουν ή σαρξ ούκ ωφελει spirit not

is that making alive; the flesh profits Tα ρηματα, α εγω λαλω υμιν, πνευμα The words, which I speak to you, spirit ουδεν. ζωη εστιν. 64 Αλλ' εισιν εξ ύμων εστι και of and life is. But are Tives, of ou πιστευουσιν ηδει γαρ εξ αρχης δ some, who not bolliere; knew for from beginning the Ιησους, τινες εισιν οί μη πιστευοντες, και τις some are who not believing, and who εστιν ό παραδωσων αυτον. 65 Και ελεγε. Δια is he about hetraying him. And he said; Through τουτο ειρηκα ύμιν ότι ουδεις δυναται ελθειν this I have said to you that no one is able to come προς με, εαν μη 'η δεδομενον αυτώ εκ του if not may behaving been given to him from the 66 Εκ τουτου πολλοι απηλθον των πατρος μου. father of me. this went the From many

54 HE Who EATS My FLESH, and drinks My BLOOD, has aionian Life, and I will raise him up at the LAST Day.

55 Formy flesh is * the True Food, and my BLOOD is * the True Drink.

56 HE Who EATS My FLESH, and DRINKS My BLOOD, ‡ abides in me, and I in him.

57 As the LIVING Father sent me, and I live through the FATHER; so HE who EATS me, even he shall live through me.

58 This is THAT BREAD which HAS DESCENDED from * Heaven. Not as * the FATHERS ate, and died; he who EATS This BREAD shall live to the AGE."

59 These things he said, teaching in a Synagogue, in

Capernaum.

60 # Many, therefore, of his DISCIPLES, hearing, said, "Hard is This say-ING; who can hear it?"
61 But Jesus, knowing

in himself, That his DISCI-PLES were murmuring about This, he said to them. "Does this offend You?"

62 # What then, if you should see the son of MAN ascending where he was BEFORE?

63 ‡ The SPIRIT IS THAT which MAKES ALIVE; the FLESH profits nothing; the words which # *have spoken to you are Spirit and are Life.

64 But there are some of you who do not believe." For #Jesus knew from the Beginning who those were that did not BELIEVE, and wно he was that was about to BETRAY him.

65 And he said, "Because of this I have said to you, That no one can come to me, unless it may be given him from the * FATHER."

66 From this time many

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 55. the True Food. 63. have spoken to.

^{55.} the True Drink. 58. Heaven.

^{19;} Acts 1. 9; Eph. 1v. 8.

αυτου εις τα οπισω· και ουκετι μετ' of him into the things behind; and no longer with μαθητων αυτου εις αυτου περιεπατουν. 67 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους τοις Said therefore the Jesus to the were walking. δωδεκα. Μη και ύμεις θελετε ύπαγειν; 68 Απεκ-Not and you wish to go? ριθη αυτώ Σιμων Πετρος Κυριε, προς τινα απελευσομεθα; δηματα ζωης αιωνιου εχεις. we go? words of life age-lasting thou hast; and ήμεις πεπιστευκαμεν και εγνωκαμεν, ότι συ ει we have believed and have known, that thou art δ άγιος του θεου. ⁷⁰ Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. the holy one of the God. Answered them the Jesus; Ουκ εγω ύμας τους δωδεκα εξελεξαμην; και εξ ύμων είς διαβολος εστιν. He spoke now the you one an accuser δαν Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτην ούτος γαρ ημελλεν of Simon lacariot; this for αυτον παραδιδοναι, είς ων εκ των δωδεκα. to deliver up, one being of the twelve.

КЕФ. ('. 7.

1 Και περιεπατει δ Ιησους μετα ταυτα εν τη And was walking the Jesus after these things in the Γαλιλαια ου γαρ ηθελεν εν τη Ιουδαια περιπαGalilee; not for he wished in the Judea to walk, τειν, δτι εξητουν αυτον οί Ιουδαιοι αποκτειναι.

because were seeking him the Jews to kill. ² Hν δε εγγυς ή έορτη των Ιουδαιων, ή σκηνοπ-Was and near the feast the Jews, the feast of ta-Was and near the feast the $\eta \gamma \iota \alpha$. 3 $E \iota \pi \circ \nu$ $\circ \nu \nu$ $\pi \rho \circ s$ αυτον οι αδελφοι Said therefore to the him brothers αυτου Μεταβηθι εντευθεν, και ύπαγε εις την Depart hence, and go into the Ioudanav, iva kan of $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau$ an σου $\theta\in\omega\rho\eta\sigma\omega\sigma$ ι τα Judea, so that also the disciples of thee may see the 4 Ουδεις γαρ εν κρυπτω No one for in secret εργα σου, ά ποιεις. works of thee, which thou doest. τι ποιεί, και ζητεί αυτος εν παρλησια ειναί. anything does, and he seeks himself in public to be. Ει ταυτα ποιεις, φανεροσων σεαυτον τω κοσμω.

If these things thou doest, manifest tyself to the world. 5 Ουδε γαρ οί αδελφοι αυτου επιστευον εις αυτον. Note the for the brothers of him believed into him. $\delta \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon i$ our autois δ Involve O kaipos δ $\epsilon \mu os$ Says then to them the Jesus; The season the mine them, "ffly TIME is not

of his DISCIPLES withdrew. and walked no longer with

67 Jesus, therefore, said to the TWELVE, "Do gow also wish to go away?"

68 Simon Peter answered him, "Master, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the # Words of aionian Life;

69 and we have believed and known, ! That thou art the nory one of God."

70 Jesusanswered them, "Did E not choose you, the TWELVE, and of you one is an Accuser?"

71 Now he spoke of Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot; for he, being one of the TWELVE, was about to betray him.

CHAPTER VII.

1 And after these things * Jesus walked about in GALILEE; for he did not wish to walk in JUDEA, # Because the Jews were seeking to kill him.

2 # And the FEAST of the Jews was near,-the † FEAST OF TABERNACLES.

3 His BROTHERS, therefore, said to him, "Remove hence, and go into JUDEA, so that thy DISCIPLES also may see thy works which thou doest.

4 For no one does Anything in secret, and * seeks himself to be in public. If thou doest Thee things. manifest thyself to the WORLD."

5 (For ‡ not even his BROTHERS believed into

6 Jesus then said to

† 63. Acts v. 20. † 70. Luke vi. 13. Mark iii. 31; Acts i. 14. † 100. Matt xvi. 16; Mark viii. 29; Luke ix. 20; Jobn i. 49; xi. 27. † 1. John v. 16, 18. † 2. Lev. xxiii. 34. † 3. Mark iii. 21.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. Jesus. 4. seeks that the same be known.

^{†2.} The Feast of Tabernaeles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling of the Israelites in tents. It is sometimes called the feast of ingetherings. Ex xxiii. 16, and xxiv. 22. The following are the principal ceremonies. (f.) During the entire week of its continuance, the people dwelt in booths or tents, erected in the fields or streets, or on the flat, terrace-like roots of their houses. (2.) Extraordinary officings were made. See Num. xxix. (3.) During the feast, branches of palm, olive, citron, myrife, and willow, were carried in the hands, singing "Hosanna," that is, Save now; or, Save, I beseech thee. Psa. cxviii. 25. It was meant as a prayer for the coming of the Messiah. Thus was Jesus conducted into Jerusalem, by the multitude, who be leved him to be the promised Savior. (4.) The libation of water upon and around the a'tar, which was an emblem of the effusion of the Holy Sprit. To this Christ alluded, when, in the last day of the feast, he cried, "It any man thirst, let him come unto me and drink." During the whole festival, music, feasting, rejoicings, and illuminations, gladdened the city.—Malcon.

163. Acts v. 20. † 2. The Feast of Tabernaeles continued for a week, and was to commemorate the dwelling

ουπω παρεστιν δ δε καιρος δ ύμετερος παντοτε not yet is present; the and season the yours always εστιν έτοιμος. 7 Ου δυναται δ κοσμος μισειν Not is able the world to hate ready. ύμας• εμε δε μισει, ότι εγω μαρτυρω περι me but it hates, because I testify concerning you; αυτου, ότι τα εργα αυτου πονηρα εστιν. 8 Υμεις that the works of it evil You αναβητε εις την έορτην ταυτην εγω ουκ αναto the feast this; not βαινω εις την έορτην ταυτην, ότι δ καιρος δ

np to the feast this, because the season the the 9 Ταυτα ειπων αυτοις, εμος ουπω πεπληρωται. mine not yet has fully come. These things saying to them, εμεινέν εν τη Γαλιλαια. he remained in the Galilee.

10 'Ως δε ανεβησαν οί αδελφοι αυτου, τοτε When but had gone up the brothers of him, then και αυτος ανεβη εις την έορτην, ου φανερως, he went up to the feast, not openly, αλλ' ώς εν κρυπτφ. 11 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι εζητουν but as in secret. The then Jews sought αυτον εν τη έορτη, και ελεγον. Που εστιν Where in the feast, and said; εκεινος; 12 Και γογγυσμος πολυς περι αυτου ην And murmuring much about him was εν τοις οχλοις. Οἱ μεν ελεγον 'Οτι αγαθος That The some said; good crowds. among the $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ alloi $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \rho \nu$ Ov alla $\pi \lambda \alpha \nu a$ $\tau \sigma \nu$ heis; others said; No; but he deceives the 13 Ουδεις μεντοι παρόησια ελαλει περι ογλον. No one however with freedom spoke about αυτου, δια τον φοβον των Ιουδαιων. aim, because of the fear of the

 14 Ηδη δε της έορτης μεσουσης, ανεβη δ being half out, went up being half out, went up 15 Και εθαυ-Now and of the feast ιησους εις το ίερον, και εδιδασκε. Jesus into the temple, and taught. μαζον οί Ιουδαιοι, λεγοντες Πως ούτος γραμdered the Jews, saying; How this let-ματα οιδε, μη μεμαθηκως; 16 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ ters knows, not having learned? Answered them the και ϵ ιπ ϵ ν· 'Η ϵ μη διδαχη ουκ ϵ στιν and said; The my teaching not is Ιησους και ειπεν. εμη, αλλα του πεμψαντος με. 17 Εαν τις θελη mine, but of the sending me. If any one may wish το θελημα αυτου ποιειν, γνωσεται περι της will of him to do, he shall know concerning the the . διδαχης, ποτερον εκ του θεου εστίν, η εγω απ' teaching, whether from the God it is, or 1 from 18 'Ο αφ' ξαυτου λαλων, την εμαυτου λαλω. myself speak. He from himself speaking, the δοξαν την ιδιαν ζητει δ δε ζητων την δοξαν glory the own seeks; he but seeking the glory του πεμψαντος αυτον, ούτος αληθης εστι, και of the sending him, this true is

yetarrived; but Your TIME is always ready.

- 7. The WORLD cannot hate you; but it hates Me, t because I testify concerning it, That its WORKS are evil
- 8 Go you up to *the FEAST; I am not going up to this FEAST, because *MY Time has not yet fully arrived."
- 9 And saying These Thingstothem he remained in GALILEE.

10 But when his BRO-THERS, had gone up, then he also went up to the reast, not openly, but rather in a private manner.

11 The JEWs therefore, kept seeking him during the FEAST, and said, "Where is he?"

12 #And there was much murmuring about him among the CROWDS; SOME said, "Heis good;" OTHERS said, "No, but he is misleading the PEOPLE."

13 No one, hovever.

spoke with freedom concerning him, ; because of the FEAR of the JEWS.

14 And now, the FEAST being advanced midwy *Jesus went up into the

TEMPLE, and taught.

15 ‡ * Then the Jews
were estonished, saying. "How does this person know Letters, not having learned?"

16 *Jesus then answered them, and said, ‡ "My Teaching is not mine, but HIS who SENT me.

17 ‡ If any one wish to perform his WILL, he shall know of the TEACHING, whether it is from God, or

am speaking from myself. 18 ! HE Who SPEAKS from himself seeks his own GLORY; but HE who SEEKS the GLORY of HIM who and sent him, he is true, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. the PEAST. 16. Jesus then. the JEWS.

^{8.} MY Time.

^{15.} Then 14. Jesus.

^{† 7.} John xv. 19. † 7. John iii. 19. † 11. John xi. 56. † 12. John ix. 16: * 19. † John. ix. 23; xil. 42; xix. 38. † 15. Matt. xiii. 54; Mark vi. 2; Luke iv. 22: Acts ii. 7. † † 16. John iii. 11; viii. 28; xii. 49; xiv. 10. 24. † 17. John viii. 43 * 18. John v. 41; viii. 50.

ουκ εστιν. 19 Ου Μωσης αδικια ev $aut \varphi$ arrightwomeness in him Moses not is. Not εδωκεν ύμιν τον νομον; και ουδεις εξ ύμων has given to you the and no one law? of τι με ζητειτε αποκτειναι; TOIGE TOV VOLOV' law; why me do you seek to kill? 10 Απεκριθη δ οχλος *[και ειπε.] **Δ**αιμονι**ον** the crowd Answered [and said;] A demon 21 Απεκριθη δ εχες τις σε ζητει αποκτειναι, to kill? Answered the th mast; who thee seeks σους και ειπεν αυτοις Έν εργον εποιησα, said to them; One and work I did, 22 Μωσης κα: παντες θαυμαζητε δια τουτο. you wonder because of this. Moses οεδωκεν ύμιν την περιτομην (ουχ ότι εκ του bas given to you the circumcision; (not that of the Μωσεως εστιν, αλλ' εκ των πατερων,) και εν it is, but of the f.thers,) and 23 Ει περισαββατώ περιτεμνετε ανθρωπον. you circumcise a man. If circumτομην λαμβαινει ανθρωπος εν σαββατφ, ένα μη a man in a sabbath, eiston $\lambda \nu \theta \eta$ δ νομος Μωσεως, εμοι χολατε, δτι may be loosed the law of Moses, with means you angry, because (λ) ον ανθρωπον ύγιη εποιησα εν σαββατω; whole a man sound I made in a sabbath; ²⁴ Μη κρινέτε κατ' σψιν, «λλα την δικαιζν Not judge you according to appearance, but the righteous κρισιν κρινατε. 25 Ελεγον ουν τινες εκ των judgment judgeyou. Said then some of the Ιεροσολυμιτων Ουχ ούτος έστιν, δν ζητουσις Jerusalemites; Not this is he, whom they seek αποκτειναι: 26 και ιδε, παρόησια λαλει, και to kill? and lo, boildy he is talking, and ουδεν αυτφ λεγουσι. μηποτε αληθως εγνωσαν did know nothing to him they say; not truly did know οι αρχοντες, δτι ούτος εστιν δ Χριστος; 27 Αλλα that this is the Anointed? rulers, τουτον οιδαμεν, ποθεν εστιν ό δε Χριστος όταν we know, whence he is; the but Anointed when ²⁸ Екраερχηται, ουδεις γινωσκει, ποθεν εστιν. knows, Cried he comes, no one whence he is. ξεν ουν εν τφ ίερφ διδασκων δ Ιησους, και then in the temple touching the Jesus, and λεγων Καμε οιδατε, και οιδατε ποθεν είμι και saying; And me you know, and you know whence I am; and $a\pi'$ $\epsilon\mu a u \tau o u o u \kappa \epsilon \lambda \eta \lambda u \theta a$, $a \lambda \lambda'$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau i \nu$ $a \lambda \eta \theta i \nu o s$ myself not I have come, but is 29 Εγω οιδα ό πεμψας με, όν ύμεις ουκ οιδατε. he having sent me, whom you not know. know αυτον, ότι παρ' αυτου ειμι, κακεινος με απεσhim, because from him I am, and he me sent. I am, 30 Εζητουν ουν αυτον πιασαι TEILEV. κάι They sought therefore him to seize; and ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον την χειρα, δτι ουπω

there is no Unrighteousness in him.

19 Has not Moses given you the LAW, and not one of you performs the LAW? Why are you seeking to kill me?"

20 The CROWD answered, Thou hast a Demon; who is seeking to kill thee?"

21 *Jesus answered and said to them, "1 have done One Work, and you are all astonished because of this.

22 †Moses has given you CIECUMCISION; (not that it is of Moses, but of the FATHERS;) and you circumcise a Man on a Sabbath.

23 If a * Man on a Sabbath receive Circumcision, so that the LAW of Moses may not be violated, are you angry with me ‡ Because I made a Man entirely well on a Sabbath?

24 ‡ Judge not according to Appearance, but judge EIGHTEOUS Judgment."

25 Then some inhabitants of Jerusalem said, "Is not this he whom they are seeking to kill?

26 And, behold, he is talking boldly, and they say nothing to him. Do the RULERS really acknowledge That this is the MESSIAH?

27 ‡ But we know Him, whence he is; but when the MESSIAH comes, no one knows whence he is."

28 Jesus, therefore, exclaimed, teaching in the TEMFLE, and saying, "You both know Me, and you know whence I am, and I have not come of myself, but he who sent me is true, whom you know not. 29 ‡ I know him Because

29 ‡ E know him Because I am from him, and he sent Me."

30 Then they sought to take him; and no one laid HANDS on him, Because his HOUR had not yet arrived.

OB

put

εληλυθει ή ώρα αυτου.

had come the hour of him.

him the

hands, because not yet

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. and said-omit.

^{21.} Jesus.

^{1 20.} John viii. 48, 52; x. 20. 1 22. Lev xii. 8. 1 22. Gen.xvii. 10. 1 23. John vi. 8, 0, 16. 1 24. Deut. i. 16, 17; Prov. xxiv. 23; viii. 15; James ii. 1. 27. Matt xiii. 55; Mark vi. 8; Luke iv. 22. 29. Matt. xi. 27; John x. 15.

31 Πολλοι δε εκ του οχλου επιστευσαν εις and out of the crowd believed into αυτον, και ελεγον 'Οτι δ Χριστος όταν ελθη, him, and said; That the Anointed whenhemaycome, μητι πλειονα σημεια * [τουτων] ποιησει, ών signs [of these]

32 HKOUGAV of Pharisees of the wot ούτος εποιησεν; Pharisees did? οχλου γογγυζοντος περι αυτου ταυτα. Kai these things; about him murmuring απεστειλαν οἱ Φαρισαιοι και οἱ αρχιερεις ὑπηρεthe Phasisees and the high-priests officers, τας, ίνα πιασωσιν αυτον. 33 Ειπεν ουν δ Ιησους· that they might seize him. Sard then the Jesus: Ετι μικρον χρονον μεθ' ύμων ειμι, και ύπαγω you I am, and I go 34 Ζητησετε με, και time with Yet aturle προς τον πεμψαντα με. You will seek me, to the sending me. και όπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου and where am I you not ουχ εύρησετε. will find: mot 35 Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι προς δυνασθε ελθειν. Said therefore the Jews to are able to come. ότι Που ούτος μελλει πορευεσθαι, έαν Γους° Where this he is about to go, that themselves; μη εις την διασημεις ουχ εύρησομεν αυτον; not into the dishim? shall and ποραν των Έλληνων μελλει πορευεσθαι, Kal to go, persion of the Greeks is about and διδασκειν τους Έλληνας; 36 Tis εστιν ούτος δ Greeks? Whas to teach 18 this λογος, δν ειπε. Ζητησετε με, και ουχ εύρησετε. word, which he said; You will seek me, and not you will find; και όπου ειμι εγω ύμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν; and where am I you not are able to come?

3. Ην δε τη εσχατη ήμερα τη μεγαλη της εορ-In and the last day the great of the feast της είστηκει δ Ιησους, και εκραξε, λεγων Εαν eried, stood the Jesus, and saying; διψα, ερχεσθω προς με,KAL TIVETW. any one may thirst, let him come and let him drink. to me, 38 Ο πιστευων εις εμε, καθως ειπεν ή γραφη, said the scripture, believing rato me, 25 ποταμοι εκ της κοιλιας αυτου βευσουσιν ύδατος rivers out of the belly of him shall flow 39 Τουτο δε ειπε περι του πνευματος, COUTOS. spirit. This but said concerning the

31 But t many of the CROWD believed into him, and said, "When the MESSIAH comes, will he do More Signs than what this person did?"

32 The Pharisees heard the crowd murmuring these things about him; and the *HIGH-PRIZETS and the Pharisees sent Officers that they might seize him.

33 Jesus therefore said, ‡ "Yet a Little Time am I with you; then I am going to HIM who SENT me.

34 ‡ You will seek me, and will not find * me; and where # am, * there nou cannot come."

35 The Jews then said among themselves, "Where is he about to go, that we shall not find him? Is he about to go to the DISPERSION of the GREEKS, and to teach the GREEKS?

36 What is This word that he said, 'You will seek me, and will not find *me; and where \(\mathbf{T} \) am you cannot come?'"

37 thow in the LAST, the GREAT Day of the FEAST, JESUS stood and cried, saying, t"If any one thirst, let him come to me and drink.

33 He beleiving inteme, as the scripture says, tout of him shall flow Rivers of living Water."

39 ? But this he said concerning the SPIRIT,

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31. of these—omit.
ent. 34. me; and. 34. there. 36. me; and.

† 35. Probably the Hellenists, or Grecian Jews, are here intended. These spoke the Greek language, and are thus distinguished from the Hebrews, who spoke the Hebrew language at that time.

† 37. The last day grew into high esteem with the Jews, because on the preceding seven days they held that sacrifices were offered, not so much for themselves, as for the whole world. They offered, in the course of them, seventy bullocks, for the seventy nations of the world; but the eighth was wholly on their own behalf. They had then this solemn offering of water, the reason of which is this:—At the passover the Jews offered an omer to obtain from God his blessing on their harvest; at Pentecost, their first-fruits, ta request his blessing on the fruits of the trees; and in the feast of tabernacles they offered water to God, partly referring to the water from the rock in the wilderness, (I Cor. x. 4,) but chiefly to solicit the blessing of rain on the approaching seedtime.—Lightfoot. At the feast of tabernacles the Jews drew water from Siloam, with the sound of trumpets and of songs, to derive a blessing on the rains of the year; this season or September being the beginning of the year. There was therefore a pertinency in the images of thirsting, drinking, and rivers of water.—Nowcome.

εύ εμελλον λαμβανειν οι πιστευοντες εις into the believing of which was about to receive αυτον ουπω γαρ ην πνευμα άγιον, ότι δ Ιησους him; not yet for was spirit holy, because the Jesus ουδεπω εδοξασθη. 40 Πολλοι ουν εκ του οχλου not yet was glorified. Many therefore out of the crowd ακουσαντες τον λογον, ελεγον Ούτος εστιν the word, said; having heard This 41 Αλλοι ελεγον Ούτος αληθως δ προφητης. truly the prophet. Others said; This εστιν δ Χριστος. Αλλοι δε ελεγον Μη γαρ hut said; the Anointed. Others Not for εκ της Γαλιλαιας δ Χριστος ερχεται; 42 Ουχι ή comes? cut of the Galilee the Anointed Not the γραφη ειπεν, ότι εκ του σπερματος Δαυιδ, και writing said, that of the seed of David, and and By $\theta \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \mu$ this kamps, denoted by $\Delta \alpha v \delta$, defined Bethlehem the village, where was David, the from Bethlehem the 43 Σχισμα ουν εν τω οχλω Χριστος ερχεται; Anointed comes? Adivision then in the crowd ⁴⁴ Tives $\delta \epsilon \eta \theta \epsilon \lambda o \nu \epsilon \xi \alpha u \tau \omega \nu$ εγενετο δι' αυτον, occurred through him. Some and wished of them πιασαι αυτον αλλ' ουδεις επεβαλεν επ' αυτον to seize | him; but no one put ras Xeipas. hands.

45 Ηλθον ουν οί ύπηρεται προς τονς αρχιερεις to Came therefore the officers the high-priests και Φαρισαιους. Και ειπον αυτοις €K€LVOL* Pharisees. these; and And said to them 46 Απεκριθησαν οί Διατι ουκ ηγαγετε αυτον; Why not did you bring him? Answered the ύπηρεται· Ουδεποτε ούτως ελαλησεν ανθρωπος, Never thus spoke 47 Απεκριθησαν ουν *[ώς ούτος δ ανθρωπος.] [as this the man.] Answered then *[αυτοις] οί Φαρισαιοι· Μη και ύμεις πεπλαν-[them] the Pharisecs; Not also you have been ησθε: 43 μη τις εκ των αρχοντων επιστευσεν believed not any one of the rulers εις αυτον, η εκ των Φαρισαιων; 49 αλλ' δ οχλος into him, or of the Pharisees? but the crowd ούτος δ μη γινωσκων τον νομον επικαταρατοι this the not knowing the law; 50 Λεγει Νικοδημος προς αυτους, δ ελθων ELTI. Says Nicodemus to them, he coming νυκτος προς αυτον, είς ων εξ αυτων $^{51}\,{
m M}\eta$ δ to him, one being of them; Not the νομος ήμων κρινει τον ανθρωπον, εαν μη ακουση παρ' αυτου προτερον, και γνω τι ποιει: man, if not it may 52 Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτώ. Μη και συ εκ They snswered and said to him; Not also thou of

which THOSE BELIEVING into him were about to receive; for the Holy Spirit * had not yet been given, because Jesus was not yet glorified.

40 Many, therefore, of the CROWD, having heard *these words, said, "This is truly ‡ the PROPHET."

41 * Some said, "This is the MESSIAH." But others said, "Does the MESSIAH, then, come from Galilee?

42 I Does not the scrip-TURE say, That of the SEED of David, and from Bethlehem, the VILLAGE where David was, the MESSIAH comes?"

43 A Division then occurred, among the CROWD

because of him;

44 and some of them wished to seize him, but no one laid HANDS on him.

45 The officers then came to the HIGH-PRIESTS and Pharisees, and they said to them, "Why did you not

bring him?"

46 The officers answered, ‡"A Man never spoke thus."

47 Then the Pharisees answered, "Have pou also been deceived?

- 48 ! Did any of the Ru-LERS believe into him, or of the Pharisees?
- 49 But † THIS CROWD, who do not know the LAW, are accursed."
- 50 Nicodemus says to them, (THE Who CAME * to him before, being one of them.)
- 51 "Does our LAW judge the MAN, unless it first hear from him, and know what he does?"
- 52 They answered and said to him, "Art thou also

^{40.} these words, said. 50. to him before. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. had not yet been given. 47. them-omit. 41. Some said. 40. as this the MAN-omit.

^{† 49.} The common people were treated by the Pharisees with the most sovereign contempt. They were termed am ha-arets people of the earth; and were not thought worthy to have s resurrection to eternal life.-Clarke.

της Γαλιλαιας ει; ερευνησον και ιδε, ότι προsee, that a pro-Galilee art? search and φητης εκ της Γαλιλαίας ουκ εγηγερται. Galilee not has been raised. 53 * Και επορευθη έκαστος ELS TOV OLKOV went every one into the КΕФ. η'. 8. 1 Ιησους δε επορευθη εις αύτου. Jesus but went of himself. το opos των ελαιων. ² ορθρου δε παλιν παρεγενετο εις το ίερον, και πας δ λαος ηρχετο προς eame into the temple, and all thepeople came to 3 Αγουσι αυτον· και καθισας εδιδασκεν αυτους. Bring and having sat down he taught them. δε οί γραμματεις και οί Φαρισαιοι προς αυτον and the Pharisees him scribes to γυναικα εν μοιχειά κατειλημμενην, και στηhaving been taken, placin adultery and a woman εν μεσφ, ⁴ λεγουσιν αυτω· αυτην they say in middle, to him; Διδασκαλε, αύτη ή γυνη κατειληφθη επαυτοφωthis the woman was taken in the very act 5 Εν δε τω νομφ Μωσης ήμιν ρω μοιχευομένη. committing adultery. In now the law Moses ενετειλατο τας τοιαυτας λιθοβολεισθαι. CT 11 the such like to be stoned? thou 6 Τουτο δε ελεγον πειραζονουν TI LEYELS; therefore what sayest thou; This but they said tempting 'Ο δε τες αυτον, ίνα εχωσι κατηγορειν αυτου. that they might have to accuse him. Thebut Ιησους κατω κυψας, τω δακτυλώ εγραφεν εις Jesus down stooping, with the finger wrote I Ω s $\delta \epsilon \in \pi \epsilon \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu \epsilon \rho \omega \tau \omega \nu \tau \epsilon s$ autov, עודע עודד. the ground. When but they continued asking 'Ο αναμαρτητος ανακυψας ειπε προς αυτους. having raised up he said to them; He without sin ύμων, πρωτος τον λιθον επ' αυτη βαλετω. first the stone on her let him cast. 8 Και παλιν κατω κυψας, εγραφεν εις την γην. And again down stooping, wrote on the ground. 9 Οί δε ακουσαντες, και ύπο της συνειδησεως the and by ελεγχομενοι, εξηρχοντο είς καθ' είς, αρξαμενοι being convinced, went out one by one, beginning απο των πρεσβυτερων έως των εσχατων και

from GALILEE? Search, and see, that no Prophet has been raised † out of GALILEE."

53 * [[And every one went to his own HOUSE;

JHAPTER VIII.

1 but Jesus went to the MOUNT of OLIVES.

2 And in the Morning he came again to the TEMPLE, and All the PEOPLE came to him, and having sat down, he taught them.

3 And the SCRIBES and the PHARISEES bring to him a Woman having been taken in Adultery; and placing her in the Midst,

4 they say to him, "Teacher, This woman was taken in the very act, committing adultery.

5 t Now, in the LAW, Moses commanded us to stone SUCH LIKE women; therefore, what dost thousands?

6 But this they said, trying him, that they might have something of which to accuse him. But JESUS stooping down, wrote on the GROUND with his FINGER.

7 And when they continued asking him, rising up, he said to them, "HE who is WITHOUT SIN of you, ‡ let him first cast the STONE at her."

8 And again, stooping down, he wrote on the GROUND.

9 And THEY, HAVING HEARD, and being convicted by their CONSCIENCES, went out, one by one, beginning from the ELDERS, even to the LAST; and JESUS was left alone, and the WOMAN standing in the Midst.

even to the

κατελειφθη μονος ό Ιησους, και ή γυνη εν μεσφ

last ones;

and the woman in middle

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -53. to viii. 11-omit.

^{†52.} This conclusion, according to Calmut, was incorrect. Jonah was of Gathheper, in Gaillee; see 2 Kings xiv. 25, compared with Josh, xix. 13. Nahum was a Galilean, for he was of the tribe of Simeon, and some suppose Malachi was of the same place. †53. This paragraph concerning the woman taken in adultery is wanting in the Alexandrian (see Woode's Preface.) Vatican, Ephrem, and other manuscripts of great authority, and in the oldest copies of the Syraic version; and is not cited by Origen, Chrysotom, and other ancient ecclesiastical writers. It is found in the Cambridge manuscript, though with some variations from the received text. Griesbach keeps it in his text; but with great hesitation. Improved Version.

^{1 5.} Lev. xx. 10; Deut. xxii. 22.

έστωσα. 10 Ανακυψας δε δ Ιησους, και μηδενα standing. 10 Ηνακυψας δε δ Ιησους, και μηδενα θεασαμένος πλην της γυναικος, είπεν αυτη 10 Η secung but the woman, said to her; The woman, where are those the accusers of thee? ουδεις σε κατεκρινέν; 11 11 Η δε είπεν 11 Ουδεις, boone thee condemned? She and said; 11 Νη οπε, κυριε. Είπε δε αυτη δ Ιησους 11 Ουδε εγω σε 11 Οιακ. Said and to her the Jenns; 11 Neither 11 thee κατακρινώ πορευου, και μηκετι άμαρτανε.]

condemn; go, and no longer do thou sin.] 12 Παλιν ουν δ Ιησους αυτοις ελαλησε, λεγων. Againthereforethe Jesus to them spoke, saying; Εγω ειμι το φως του κοσμου. δ ακολουθων εμοι, 1 am the light of the world; he following me, ou μη περιπατησει εν τη σκοτια, αλλ' έξει το act not shall walk in the darkness, but shall have the φως της ζωης. 13 Ειπον ουν αυτφ οί Φαρισαιοι. life. Said therefore to him the Pharisees; light of the $\bar{\Sigma}_{v}$ περι σεαυτου μαρτυρεις· ή μαρτυρια σου Thos concerning thyself dost testify; the testimony of thee ουκ εστιν αληθης. 14 Απεκριθη Ιησους και not is true. Answered Jesus and ειπεν αυτοις. Καν εγω μαρτυρω περι εμαυτυυ, said to them; Even if I testify concerning myself. αληθης εστιν ή μαρτυρια μου ότι οιδα, ποθεν true is the testimony of me; because I know, whence ηλθον, και που ύπαγω ύμεις δε ουκ οιδατε, I came, and where I go; you but not $\pi \circ \theta \in \nu \in \rho \times 0$, and $\pi \circ \theta \in \nu \in \rho \times 0$, and $\pi \circ \theta \in \nu \in \rho \times 0$. whence I came, or where I go. You according to την σαρκα κρινετε, εγω ου κρινω ουδενα. 16 Και the flesh judge, I not judge no one. Even εαν κρινω δε εγω, ή κρισις ή εμη αληθης εστινif judge but I, the judgment the my true is: ότι μονος ουκ ειμι, αλλ' εγω και δ π εμψας με because alone not I am, but I and the having sent me εμαυτου, και μαρτυρει περι εμου δ πεμψας με myself, and testines concerning me the baring sent me 19 Ελεγον ουν αυτώ. που εστιν ό πατηρ πατηρ. They said then to him; where is the father father.

10 And Jesus raising up and seeing no one but the woman, said to her, "Woman, where are those, thine Accusers? Did no one condemn Thee?"

ll And she said, "No one, sir." And Jesus said to her, ‡ "Neither do # condemn Thee; ‡ go, and

sin no more."]]

12 Again, therefore, Jrsus spoke to them, saying, t; "F am the light of the world; He who follows me shall not walk in the Darkness, but shall have the light of life."

13 Then the Pharisees said to him, ‡" Thou dost testify of thyself; thy Testimony is not true."

14 Jesus answered and said to them, "Even if F testify concerning myselt, my TESTIMONY is true; Because I know whence I came and where I go; but you know not whence I came, or where I go.

15 ! Dou judge according to the FLESH; ! I judge

no one.

16 But even if X judge, MY JUDGMENT is true; Because I am not alone, but X and the father who sent me.

17 And it has also been written in YOUR LAW, †That the TESTIMONY of

Two Men is true.

18 % am one who tes-TIFIES concerning myself, and the father who sent me testifies concerning mc."

19 Then they said to him, "Where is thy FA-

^{† 12.} The Rabbins denominated the Supreme Being the light of the world, and this title being assumed by our Lord was a cause of offence to the Jews. The Messiah was also frequently spoken of by the prophets under the emblem of light. See Isa Ix I; xlix 6; ix 2. Therefore, by applying this symbol to himself, the Pharisees must at once have perceived that he claimed the Messiahship. Buxtorfin Synag, Jud.'c. xxii, tells us, that the 0th day, or day after the expiration of the 8th, which belonged to "the feast of the tabernacles," is a solemn day likewise, and is called "the feast of joy for the law," because on that day (says he,) the last section of the law was read, the rest having been read weekly in the course of the preceding sabbaths. He adds, that on this 9th day the custom of the Jews is to take all the books of the law out of the chest and to put a candle into it, in allusion to Prov. vi. 23, or rather Psa, cxix. 165. But perhaps, after all, it was to the light which their understanding received from the reading of the law, that Jesus here alluded to, when he said, "I am the light of the world."

^{11.} Luke ix. 50; xii. 14; John iii. 17. 11. John v. 14. 12. John i. 4, 5, 9; iii. 19; ix. 5; xii. 35, 86, 46. 13. John v. 31. 15. John vii. 24. 15. John iii. 17; xii. 47; xviii. 36. 17. Deut. xvii. 6; xix. 15; Matt. xviii, 16; 2 Cor. xii, 1; Heb. x. 28.

σου: Απεκριθη Ίησους. Ουτε εμε οιδατε, συτε of thee? Answered Jesus; Neither me you know, nor τον πατερα μου. Ει εμε ηδεντε, και τον πατερα μου ηδειτε αν. 20 Ταυτα τα ρηματα ελαλησεν ο΄ me you would know. These the words he spoke $\varepsilon \nu$ τ ω γαζοφυλακι ω , διδασκ ω ν $\varepsilon \nu$ τ ω ἱερ ω και in the treasury, teaching in the temple; and ουδεις επιασεν αυτον, δτι ουπ ω εληλυθει ή ώρα so one seized him, because not yet had come the hour autoυ.

of him. 21 Ειπεν ουν παλιν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Εγω Said therefore again to them the Jesus; ύπαγω, και ζητησετε με. και εν τη άμαρτια go away, and you will seek me, and in the sin ύμων αποθανεισθε· όπου εγω ύπαγω, ύμεις ου of you you will die; where I go, you not δυνασθε ελθειν. 22 Ελεγον ουν οἱ Ιουδαιοι· then the Said are able to come. Μητι αποκτενει έαυτον, ότι λεγει 'Οπου εγω' Not will he kill himself, because he says; Where I Not will he kill himself, because he says; Where I ὑπαγω, ὑμεις ου δυνασθε ελθειν: 25 Και ειπεν you not are able to come? And he said αυτοις. Ύμεις εκ των κατω εστε, εγω εκ των to them; You from the heneath are, ανω $\epsilon \iota \mu \iota^*$ $\dot{\nu} \mu \epsilon \iota s$ $\epsilon \kappa$ του $\kappa \sigma \sigma \mu \sigma \nu$ τουτου $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$, above am; you from the world this are, εγω ουκ ειμι εκ του κοσμου τουτου.

I not am from the world this 24 Ειπον not am from the I said ουν ύμιν, ότι αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις therefore to you, that you will die in the sins ύμων εαν γαρ μη πιστευσητε, ότι εγω ειμι, of you, if for not you may helieve, that I am, 25 Ελεγον αποθανεισθε εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων. you will die in the sins of you. They said ουν αυτω. Συ τις ει; Και ειπεν αυτοις δ therefore to him; Thou who art? And said to them the Ιησους· Την αρχην ό, τι και λαλω ύμιν. Jesus; The heginning what, what even I say ²⁶Πολλα εχω περι ύμων λαλειν, και κρινειν· Many things I have about you to say, and to judge; all δ $\pi \in \mu \psi$ as $\mu \in \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta s \in \sigma \tau \iota^*$ $\kappa \alpha \gamma \omega$ a $\eta \kappa \sigma \upsilon \sigma \alpha$ but he having sent me true is; and I what I heard παρ' αυτου, ταυτα λεγω εις τον κοσμον. ²⁷ Ουκ from him, thesethings I say to the world. Not εγνωσαν, ότι τον πατερα αυτοις ελεγεν. ²⁸Ειπεν they knew, that the father to them he spoke. ουν *[αυτοις] δ Ιησους· 'Οταν ύψωσητε τον υίον then [to them] the Jesus; When you may lift up the son του ανθρωπου, τοτε γνωσεσθε ότι εγω ειμι' και of the man, then you will know that I am; and απ' εμαυτου ποιω ουδεν, αλλα καθως εδιδαξε με from myself I do nothing, but as δ πατηρ μου ταυτα λαλω²⁹ και δ πεμψας με, the father of me these things I say; and he having sent me, μετ' εμου εστιν ουκ αφηκε με μονον δ πατηρ, 16; not left me alone the father,

THER?" Jesus answered, "You neither know Me, nor my father; if you knew Me, you would also know my father."

- 20 these words he spoke in the Teeasury, teaching in the Temple; and no one seized him, Because his HOUR had not yet come.
- 21 Then *he said to them again, ‡" £ am going away, and you will seek me, and will die in your sin; where £ go, gou cannot come."
- 22 The Jews therefore said, "Will he kill himself, that he says, Where # go, you cannot come?"
- 23 And he said to them. "Dougre from Below: I am from Above. I Dou are of *This world; I am not of this world.
- 24 Therefore I said to you, That you will die in your sins; for if you beheve not That I am he, you will die in your sins."
- 25 Then they said to him, "Who art thou?" * Jesus says to them, Even what I said to you at the BEGIN-NING
- 26 I have many things to say and to judge concerning you; but he who sent me is true; ‡ and what # heard from him, These things I say to the world."
- 27 They knew not That he spoke to them of the FATHER.
- 28 Jesus therefore said, ‡ "When you shall lift up the son of man, then you will know That **£** am he; and I do nothing of myself; but as my father taught me, I say These things.
- 29 And HE who SENT me is with me; * he has not left me alone; ‡ Because £

Vatican Manuscript.—21. he said.
 23. of This world.
 25. Jesus says.
 28. to them—omit.
 29. he has not left me.

^{† 20.} Mark xii. 41. † 21. John vii. 34; xiii. 33. † 23. John xv. 10; xvii. 16; t John iv. 5. † 26. John iii. 52; xv. 15. † 28. John xii. 32. † 29. John iv. 34; v. 30; vi. 33.

δτι εγω τα αρεστα αυτω ποιω παντοτε.

Δ. c.c.ause 1 the things pleasing to him do always.

201 Ταυτα αυτου λαλουντος, πολλοι επιστευσαν

These of him speaking, wany believed

into him.

31 Ελεγεν ουν δ Ιησους προς τους πεπιστευ-Said then the Jesus to those having believed κοτας αυτω Ιουδαιους. Εαν ύμεις μεινητε εν τω him Jews, If you may abide in the $\lambda \gamma \gamma \omega \tau \omega \epsilon \mu \omega$, althous $\mu \alpha \theta \eta \tau \alpha \iota \mu \omega \upsilon \epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$, $^{32} \kappa \alpha \iota$ word the my, truly disciples of me you are, γνωσεσθε την αληθειαν, και ή αληθεια ελευθε- $^{\text{truth,}}$ and the truth 33 $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\alpha\upsilon\tau\omega$. you shall know the ρωσει ύμας. Σπερμα you. They answered him; Seed Αβρααμ εσμεν, και ουδενι δεδουλευκαμεν πωand to no one have we been slaves of Abraam we are, ποτε· πως συ λεγεις· 'Οτιελευθεροι γενησεσθε; any time; how thou sayest; That free you shall become?

Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους: Αμην αμην λεγω Αρωσετελ them the Jesus; Indeed indeed leay ύμιν, ότι πας δ ποιων την άμαρτιαν, δουλος to you, that every one who is doing the sin. a slave $\epsilon \sigma \tau i \tau \eta s$ άμαρτιας. 35 Ο δε δουλος ου μενει εν το the but slave not abides to τη οικια εις τον αιωνα: δ υίος μενει εις τον αιωνα.

the house to the age; the son abides to the age. 26 Eav συν ὁ υίος ύμας ελευθερωση, οντως ελευ- 16 then the son you may make tree. really free θ εροι εσεσθε. 37 Οιδα, ότι σπερμα A βρααμ εστεyou shall be. 1 know, that seed of Abraam you are; α λλα ζητείτε με αποκτείναι, ότι ὁ λογος ὁ εμος

but you seek me to kill, because the word the mine ou xwpei $\in \nu$ uhiv. Is a compared to the morphism of the property of the compared to the morphism of the compared to the

Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ει τεκνα του Αβρααμ Says to them the Jesus; if children of the Abraum εστε, τα εργα, του Αβρααμ εποιείτε· 40 Νυν δε sou are, the works of the Abraum you would do Nuw but (ητείτε με αποκτείναι, ανθρωπον, δς την αληyou sock me to kill, a man, who the truth

θειαν υμιν λελαληκα, ήν ηκουσα παρα του θεουτογοι has spoken. which I have heard from the God.

τουτο Αβρααμ ουκ εποιησεν. Τμεις ποιείτε τα thu Abrahm sot did. You do the εργα του πατρος ύμων. 41 Είπον ουν αυτων works of the father of you. They said them to fum.

always do the things pleas-

30 As he was speaking Thesethings, many believed

into him.

31 Jesus therefore said to the Jews who had BE-LIEVED him, "If now abide in MY WOED, you are certainly my Disciples.

32 And you shall know the TRUTH, and the TRUTH shall make you

free."

33 They answered him, "We are Abraham's Offspring, and have never been in slavery to any one. How dost thou say, 'You shall become free?'"

34 * Jesus answered them, "Indeed, I assure you, that EVERY ONE DOING SIN is a Slave of

SIN

35 ‡But the SLAVE does not abide in the HOUSE to the AGE; the son abides to the AGE

36 If, therefore, the son make you free, you will in-

deed be free.

37 I know That you are ABRAHAM'S Offspring; but you are seeking to kill Mc, Because MY WORD has no place in you.

38 ‡# speak what I have seen with my FA-THER; and gou, therefore, do what you have * heard from your FATHER."

39 They answered and said to him, "Our father is Abraham." Jesus says to them, ‡" If you were Children of Abraham, you would do the Works of Abraham.

40 But now you are seeking to kill Me, a Man who has spoken to you the TRUTH, which I heard from GoD; This Abraham did not.

You do the 41 You do the WORKS

Al Είπον ουν αυτω of your father * * They

They said then to him, said to him, The have not

^{*} VARICAN MARUSCRIPT.-34. Jesus

^{38.} heard from your FATHER

^{41.} They

"Ημεις εκ πορνειας ου γεγεννημεθα" ένα πατεWe from formation not have been born; one fisher
ρα εχομεν, τον θεον. ⁴² Ειπεν αυτοις ὁ Ιησους:
Ει ὁ θεος πατηρ ύμων ην, ηγαπατε αν εμε" εγω
fit the God a fisher of you was, you would love me? "
γαρ εκ του θεου εξηλθον και ήκω: ουδε γαρ απ'
for from the God e.me out and mesome; not even for
εμαυτου εληλυθα, αλλ', εκείνος με απεστείλε.
"myself I have come, but he me sent;
⁴³ Διατι την λαλιαν την εμην ου γινωσκετε;

Why the speech the mine not know you? ΤΟΤΙ Ου δυνασθε ακουείν τον λογον τον εμον.

Perausonot you are able to hear the word the name 44 Υμεις εκ του πατρος του διαβολου εστε, και

You from the father the accuser are, a and tas επιθυμιας του πατρος ύμων θελετε πονευν the lusts of the father of you you wish to do:

Εκεινος ανθρωποκτονος ην απ' αρχης, και εν τη the a manslayer was from a heginning, and in the aληθεία ουχ έστηκεν ότι ουκ εστιν αληθεία εν truth not has stood; because not is truth in aυτώ, "Όταν λαλη το ψευδος, εκ των ιδιων him when may speak the falsehood, from the own λαλει ότι ψευστης εστι, και ό πατηρ αυτου, hespeaks; because aliar is, also the father of him.

45 Εγω δε ότι την αληθειαν λεγω, ου πιστευετε but because the truth I speak, not you believe fue. 46 Τις εξ ύμων ελεγχει με περι αμαρτιας; ime. Who of you councits me concerning sin? ει αληθειαν λεγω, διατι ύμεις ου πιστευετε μοι: if truth I speak, why you not believe me?

47 'Ο ων εκ του θεου, τα ρηματα του θεου ακουει He being from the God, the words of the God hears; δια τουτο ύμεις ουκ ακουετε, ότι εκ: του θεου through this you not hear, because from the 48 Απεκριθησαν οί Ιουδαιοι και ειπον OUK ECTE: Answered the Jews not you are. and αυτώ. Ου καλως λεγομεν ήμεις, ότι Σαμαρειτης to bim; Not well eay that a Samaritan 100, ει συ, και δαιμονιον εχεις; 40 Απεκριθη Ιησους. art thou, and a demon thou hast? Answered . Jesus, Εγω δαιμονιον ουκ εχω, αλλα τιμω τον πατερα 1 n demon not have, but I honor the father

1 n demon not have, but I honor the father μου, και ύμεις ατιμαζετε με. 50 Εγω δε ου ζητω είνει and you dishonor inc. I but not seek την δοξαν μου εστιν δ ζητων εκαι κρινων. the glory of ine; It is he seeking and judging. 51 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, εαν τις τον λυγον τον Indeed fudeed I sey to you, if anyone the word the

Indeed indeed 1 say to you, if anyone the word the εμον τηρηση, θανατον ου μη θεωρηση εις τον mine may keep, death not not he may see to the αιωνα.

52 Ειπον ουν αυτφ οι Ιουδαιοι Νυν ασε. Said then to him the Jews; Now

εγνωκαμεν, ότι δαιμονιον εχεις. Αβρααμ απεwelsow, that ademon thou hast; Abraam died

been born of Fornication, we have One Farker, God."

42 * Jesus said to them, "If GoD were your * FA-THER, you would love me; for I came forth from GoD, and am come; for I um not even come of myself, but he sent Me.

MY SPEECH? Because you can not hear MY WOLD.

44 ‡ Dou are from the FATHER the ACCUSER, and the LUSTS of your CATHER you wish to do. The was a Manslayer from the Beginning, and has not stood in the TRUTH, Because there is no Truth in him. When [any one] speaks a FALSEHOOD, he speaks from his own a Because his father also is a Liar.

45 But because I speak the TRUTH, you do not be-

lieve me.

46 Who of you convicts me of Sin? If I speak the Truth, why do nou not be lieve me?

47 the who is from God hears the words of God; on this account nou hear not, because you are not from God."

48 The Jews answered and said to him. "Do we not say well That thou art a Samaritan, and I hast a Demon?"

49 Jesus answered, "E have not a Demon, but I honor my FATHER, and nou dishonor me.

50 But # I seek not my) GLORY; there is ONE who SEEKS it, and judges.

51 Indeed, I assure you, *If any one keep * MY Word, he will by no means see Death to the AGE

52 * The JEWS said to him, "Now we know That thou hast a Demon. ‡ Abra-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-42. Jesus. 42. PATHER. 7 51. MY Word. 52. The

θανε και οί προφηται, και συ λεγεις. Εαν τις and the prophets, and thou sayest, If anyone τον λογον μου τηρηση, ου μη γευσηται θανατου word of me may keep, not not may taste 53 Μη συ μειζων ει του πατρος EIS TOV aIWVA. Not thou greater art of the father to the age. ήμων Αβρααμ, όστις απεθανε: και οί προφηται and the Abraam, who died? απεθανον τινα σεαυτον ποιεις: 54 Απεκριθη whom thyself makest thou? Answered Ιησους. Εαν εγω δοξαζω εμαυτον, ή δοξα μου glorify myself, the glory of me ουδεν εστιν. Εστιν ό πατηρ μου ό δοξαζων με, He is the father of mehe glorifying me, nothing 1s. όν ύμεις λεγετε, ότι θεος ύμων εστι, 55 και ουκ whom you say, that a God of you he is, and εγνωκατε αυτον: εγω δε οιδα αυτον. Kai eav I but know him. you know him; είπω, ότι ουκ οίδα αυτον, εσομαί όμοιος ύμων, ψευστης. Αλλ' οιδα αυτον, και τον λογον a liar. But I know him, and the word αυτου τηρω. 56 Αβρααμ δ πατηρ ύμων ηγαλλιof him I keep. Abraam the father of you ardently ασατο, ίνα ιδη την ήμεραντην εμην και ειδε, thathemight see the day the my; and heasw, και εχαρη. ⁵⁷ Ειπον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι Troos then the Said Jewa was glad. αυτον· Πεντηκοντα ετη ουπω εχεις, και Αβρααμ Fifty years not vet thou art, and Abraam rilly years not vet thou art, and Abraan εωρακαs: 58 Ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αμην αμην hat thou seen? Said to them the Jesus, Indeed indeed λ εγω ὑμιν, πριν Αβρααμ γενεσθαι, εγω ειμι. I say to you, before Abraam to have been born, I am. 5 Hpar our λ i θ ous, iva β a λ ω σ i ν $\epsilon\pi$ auau σ ν that they might cast on They took up therefore stones, Ιησους *[δε] εκρυβη, και εξηλθεν εκ του ίερου.

Jesus [but] hid himself, and went out of the temple.

KE Φ . θ' . 9.

1 Και παραγων, είδεν ανθρωπον τυφλον εκ And passing by, he saw a man blind from 2 Και ηρωτησαν αυτον οί μαθηται YEVETHS. him the asked disciples αυτου, λεγοστες Ραββι, τις ήμαρτεν; ούτος, Rabbi, who sinned? of him, saying; this, η οί γονεις αυτου, ίνα τυφλος γεννηθη; 3 Απεκor the parents of him, that blind he should be born? An-Ουτε ούτος ημαρτεν, ουτε οί ριθη Ιησους. swered Jesus; Neither this sinned, γονεις αυτου· αλλ' ίνα φανερωθη τα εργα του parents of him; but that may be manifested the works of the θεου εν αυτω. 4 Εμε δει εργαζεσθαι τα εργα Gud in him. Meitbehoves to work the works the works

ham died, and the PRO-PHETS; and thou savest, If any one keep my word, he will by no means * see Death to the AGE.

53 Art thou greater than our FATHER Abraham, who died, and the PROPHETS died? Whom dost * thou

m: ke thyself?"

54 J sus answered, "If * I should glorify myself, my GLORY is nothing? THE who glorifies me is my PATHER, of whom you say, That he is your God.

55 And you have not known him, but # know him; and if I say, that I do not know him, I shall belike you a Liar; but I know him, and keep his wond.

56 Abraham, your FA-THER, ardently desired that he might see MY DAY; and the saw, and was glad."

57 Then the JEWS said to him, "Thou art not yet Fifty Years old, and hast thou seen Abraham?"

58 *Jesus said to them, "Indeed, I assure you, Before Ahraham was born, E am he."

59 † Then they took up Stones that they might east at him; but Jesus hid himself, and went forth out of the TEMPLE.

CHAPTER IX.

1 And passing along, he saw a Man blind from Birth.

2 And his disciples asked him, saying, "Rabbi, t who sinned, he, or his PARENTS, so that he was born blind?"

3 Jesus answered, "Neither did he sin, nor his PARENTS, but that the WORKS of GOD might be displayed in him.

4 # I must perform the

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 52. see Death to the Age. 54. E should glorify. 58. Jesus. 4. We must. 59. but-omit.

^{1 54.} John v. 41; xvi. 14; xvii 1; Acts iii. 13; 2 Pet. i. 17. 2 59, John x. 31. 39; xi. 8. 2 ver. 34. 14. Joh 1 4. John iv. 34; v 19, 36; xi. 9; xii. 35;

του $\pi \in \mu \psi$ αιτος $\mu \in$, $\dot{\epsilon} \omega s$ $\dot{\eta} \mu \in \rho \alpha$ $\dot{\epsilon} \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ $\dot{\epsilon} \rho \chi \in \tau \alpha \iota$ of the sending me, while day it is; comes day 5 'Οταν εν νυξ, ότε ουδεις δυναται εργαζεσθαι. night, when no one is able to work. While in 6 Ταυτα τω κοσμφ ω, φως ειμι του κοσμου. the world I may be, light I am of the world. These things είπων, επτυσε χαμαι, και εποιησε πηλον εκτου saying, he spit on the ground, and made clay of the πτυσματος, και επεχρισε τον πηλον επι τους spittle. and rubbed the clay OR 7 και ειπεν αυτώ. τυφλου, οφθαλμους του and of the blind, said Υπαγε, νιψαι εις την κολυμβηθραν του Σιλωαμ. Go, wash thyself in the pool of the Siloam; (8 απεσταλμενος.) έρμηνευεται, $A\pi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ (which is interpreted, having been sent.) He went away 8 Oi *[ουν, και ενιψατο, και ηλθε] βλεπων. [therefore, and washed himself, and came] seeing. The ουν γειτονες, και οί θεωρουντες αυτον το προthen neighbors, and those seeing him the beτερον, ότι προσαιτης ην, ελεγον Ουχ ούτος because he was, said; Not this a beggar εστιν δ καθημενος και προσαιτων: Αλλοι and Others he sitting begging? Ότι ούτος ANNOE SE Ότι $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$. That this is. Others said, όμοιος αυτώ εστιν. Εκεινος ελεγεν. 'OTL EYW He it is, said; That like him ι Ελέγον ουν αυτώ. Πως ανεφχθησαν ELLI. 11 Απεκριθη εκεινος were opened am. They said thee *[και οφθαλμοι σου oi of thee the eyes? Answered he [and Ανθρωπος, λεγομενος Ιησους, πηλον €UTEV. being named Jesus, clay said.] A man, εποιησε, και επεχρισε μου τους οφθαλμους, π ι and rubbed of me the made. eyes, ειπε μοι Υπαγε εις τον Σιλωαμ, και νιψαι. Siloam, Go into the and wash thyself. said to me; 12 Ειπον Απελθων δε και νιψαμενος, ανεβλεψα. and and washing myself, I obtained sight. ουν αυτώ. Που εστιν εκεινος; Λεγει. Ουκ οιδα. then to him; Where He says; Not I know. he, i-a 13 Αγουσιν αυτον προς τους Φαρισαιους, 🙄 ν the Pharisees. that They bring him to 14 Ην δε σαββατον, δτε τον ποτε τυφλον.It was and a sabbath, the πηλον εποιησεν δ Ιησους, και ανεώξεν αυτου Jesus, clay made the and opened of him 15 Παλιν ουν ηρωτων αυτον τους οφθαλμους. Again therefore the eyes. asked 'Ο δε ειπεν και οί Φαρισαιοι, πως ανεβλεψεν. 'Ο δε ειπει also the Pharisees, how be obtained sight. He and said αυτοις. Πηλον επεθηκε μου επι τους οφθαλμους,

works of him who sent nie while it is Day; Night comes, when no one can work.

5 While I am in the world, ‡I am the Light of the world."

6 Saying these things. ‡ he spit on the Ground, and made Clay of the spit-TLE, and * he put the CLAY on his eyes,

7 and said to him, "Go wash thyselt in the POOL of SILOAM," (which signifies, Sent) He went away, therefore, and washed himself, and came seeing.

8 Then the NEIGHBOBS, and THOSE who had PRE-VIOUSLY SECT him, because he was a Beggar, said, "Is not this HE who was SIT-TIN and begging?"

9 Some said, "This is

9 Some said, "This is he;" "others * said, "No; but he 's like him;" he said. "I am he."

said, "I am he."

They then said to him, "How were Thine

TYES opened?"

11 Die answered *"The MAN called Jesus made Clay, and rubbed my EYES, and said to mr, "Go to the SILOAM, and wash thyself;" *I wen', therefore, and washed myseit, and obtained sight.

12 * And they said to m, "Where is he?" He rays, "I do not know."

13 They bring HIM that

13 They bring HIM that was formerly BLIND to the PHARISEES.

14 And it was a * Sabbath when Jesus made the CLAY, and opened Hiseyes.

15 Then the PHARISEES also asked him again how he obtained his sight. And he said to them, "He put Clay on Mine Eves, and I washed myself, and see."

eyes,

the

he put of me on

to them;

Clay

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—6. He put the clay thereof on his eyes, and said. 7. therefore, and washed, and came—omit. 9 said; "No; but he is." 11. and said—omit. 11. The man called. 11. I went therefore and. 12. And they said to him. 14 s Sabbath, on which Day Jasus.

^{† 7.} The Pool of Siloam is described by recent travellers to have been "a well built oblong tank, some fitty feet long, nearly twenty deep, and somewhat less than this wide." It has now only about two feet of water in it. It is supplied from an upper fountain through a well-cut conduit more than a quater of a mile long.

16 Ελεγον ουν εκ και ενιψαμην, και βλεπω. and I washed myself, and sec. Said therefore of των Φαρισαιων τινες. Ούτος δ ανθρωπος ουκ the Pharisees some; This the man εστι παρα του θεου, δτι το σαββατον ου τηρει. is from the God, because the sabbath not he keeps. Αλλοι ελεγον. Πως δυναται ανθρωπος άμαρ-Others said; How is able a mao τωλος τοιαυτα σημεία ποιείν; Και σχισμα ην signs to do? And a division was εν αυτοις. 17 Λεγουσι τω τυφλώ παλιν. Συ τι They say to the blind again; Thou what among them. λεγεις περι αυτου, ότι ηνοιξε σου τους οφθαλsayest concerning him, seeing that he opened of thee the μους; 'Ο δε ειπεν' 'Οτι προφητης εστιν, 18 Ουκ He and said; That a prophet he is. Not επιστευσαν ουν οί Ιουδαιοι περι αυτου, δτιτυφbelieved therefore the Jews concerning him, that blind λος ην, και ανεβλεψεν, έως ότου εφωνησαν hewas, and obtained sight, till when they called τους γονεις αυτον του αναβλεψαντος. the parents of him the baving obtained sight. ηρωτησαν αυτους, λεγοντες. Ού. os εστικ δ vios they asked them, saying; This is the son \dot{v} μων, \dot{o} ν \dot{v} μεις λεγετε, \dot{o} τι τυφλος εγεννηθη; of you, whom you say, that blind he was born? π ως ουν αρτι βλεπει; 20 Απεκριθη $^{-}$ αν * [αυτοις] how then now he sees? Answered [them] οί γονεις αυτου και ειπον. Οιδαμεν, ότι ούτος the parenta of him and said; We know, that this εστιν δ υίος ήμων, και δτι τυφλος εγεννηθη. is the son of us, and that blind he was born; 21 πως δε νυν βλεπει, ουκ οιδαμεν η τις ηνοιζεν how out now he sees, not we know; or who opened αυτου τους οφθαλμους, ημεις ουκ οιδαμεν, know. the eyes, we got αυτος ήλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε αυτος he full age has, hun περι αυτου λαλησει. 22 Ταυτα ειπον οί concerning himself shall speak. These things said the ask you; γονεις αυτου, ότι εφοβουντο τους Ιουδαιους. Ηδη γαρ συνετεθειντο οί Ιουδαιοι, ινα εαν τις Already for had sgreed the Jews, that many on αυτον δμολογηση Χριστον, αποσυναν ωνος sim should coufess Anointed, ram ... sy agogureuntation 23 Δια τουτο οι γονεις αυτου ειπονshould be. Through this the parents thin eachΟτι ηλικιαν εχει, αυτον ερωτησατε. 24 ΕφωThat full age be has, him askyou. They νησαν ουν εκ δευτερου τον ανθρωπον, ός ην who was salled therefore a second time the man, τυφλοs, και είπον αυτώ. Δος δοξαν τω θεω. blind, and said to him; Give glory to the God;

16 Then some of the PHARISEES said, "This MAN is not from " God, Because he keeps not tl: SABBATH." Others said. t"How can a sinful Man perform such Signs?" And there was ta Division among them.

17 * They say to BLIND man again, "What dost thou say concerning him, Seeing that he opened Thine EYES?" And he said. "He is a Prophet."

18 The Jews, therefore, did not believe of him. That he was blind and ohtained sight, till they called the PARENTS of HIM who RECEIVED SIGHT.

19 And they asked them, saying, "Is this your son, of whom you say, 'That he was born blind?' How then does he now see?"

20 * Then his PARENTS answered and said, "We know That this is our son, and That he was born blind;

21 but how he now sees. we know not; or who opened Hiseyes, fre know not; *ask Him, he is of mature Age; he will speak concerning himself."

22 His PARENTS said this, # Because they were afraid of the Jews; for the JEWS had already determined, that if any one should acknowledge him to be the Messiah. the should be expelled from the synagogue.

23 On this account PARENTS said, "He is mature Age, ask him."

24 They called, therefore, a second time, the MAN who had been blind, and said to him, "Give Glory to God; we know * That ήμεις οιδαμεν, ότι δ ανθρωπος ούτος άμαρτωλος This Man is a Sinner."

R SIMMET

this

that the man

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. God. 17. Then they say. 20. Then his PARENTS. 20. them-omit. 21. ask Him; he is of mature Age; he will. 24. That This Man 18.

t 16. ver. \$3; John iii. 2. 1 16. John vn. 12, 43; x. 19. 1 17. John iv 19 vi. 14 1 22. John vii. 13; xii. 42; xix. 38; Acts v. 13. 1 22. ver. 34; John xvi 2.

²⁵ Απεκριθη ουν εκεινος *[και ειπεν·] EOTIV. said,] is. Answered then he iand Ει αμαρτωλος εστιν, ουκ οιδα. έν οιδα, ύτι not I know; one I know, that he is, τυφλος ων, αρτι βλεπω. 26 Ειπον δε αυτω They said and to him blind being, now I ace. *[παλιν·] Τι εποιησε σοι; Tι εποιησε σοι; πως ηνοιξε σου What did he to thee? how opened of thee τους οφθαλμους; Απεκριθη αυτοις Ειπον ύμιν the eyes; He answered them; I said to you γαι ουκ ηκουσατε. $\tau\iota$ παλιν θελετε and not you did hear; why again do you wish ακουε.ν; μη και ύμεις θελετε αυτου μαθηται to hear? not also you wish of him disciplea γενεσθαι; 28 Ελοιδορησαν αυτον, και ειπον· Συ They reviled said; Thou him, and ει μαθητης εκεινου ήμεις δε του Μωσης εσμεν of him; we but of the Moses art a disciple 29 Ήμεις οιδαμεν, ότι Μωση λελαμαθηται. We know, disciples. that to Moses has ληκεν δ θεος τουτον δε ουκ οιδαμεν ποθεν spoken the God; this but not we have $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$. 30 $A\pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta$ δ $\alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \sigma s$ but not we know whence $\epsilon\iota\pi\epsilon\nu$ και Answered the man said and αυτοις. Εν γαρ τουτώ θαυμαστον εστιν, δτι for this a wonder 18, ύμεις ουκ οιδατε ποθεν εστι, και ανεφξε μου you not know whence beis, and he has opened of me τους οφθαλμους. 31 Οιδαμεν * [δε,] ότι άμαρthe eyes. We know [but,] that ainτωλων δ θεος ουκ ακουει αλλ' εαν τις θεοσεthe God not hears; but if any one a worshipper $^{\circ}$ η, και το θ ελημα αυτου π οιη, τουτου of God may be, and the will of him may do, this 32 Ek του αιωνος ουκ ηκουσθη, δτι From the he hears. age not it was heard, that ηνοιξε τις οφθαλμους τυφλου γεγεννημενου. eyes of blind having been born. opened any one 33 Ειμη ην ούτος παρα θεου, ουκ ηδυνατο ποιειν If not was this from God, not were able to do 34 $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ και $\epsilon\iota\pi\sigma\nu$ αυτ ψ^{\bullet} $E\nu$ They answered and said to him; In ουδεν. nothing. άμαρτιαις συ εγεννηθης όλος και συ διδασκεις 35 Ηκουσεν δ Και εξβαλον αυτον εξω. ημαs; And they cast him out. ότι εξεβαλον αυτον εξω· και εύρων Invovs, that they cast him out; and having found αυτον, ειπεν ^{*} [αυταν] Συ πιστευεις εις τον him, said [to him;] Thou believest into the υίον του θεου; ³⁶ Απεκριθη εκεινος και ειπε· son of the God? Answered he and said: Και τις εστι, κυριε, ίνα πιστευσω ELS QUTOV; And who is he, O vir, I may believe that into him? ³⁷ Ειπε *[δε] αυτω ό Ιησους· Και έωρακας

[and] to him the

25 Then he answered, "If he is a Sinner, I know not; One thing I do know, That naving been blind, now I see."

26 And they said to him, "What did he do to thee? How did he open Thine

EXES!

27 He answered them "I told you just now, and did you not hear? * Why then do you wish to hear again? are nou also willing to become His Disciples?"

28 *And they reviled him, and said, "E hou art his Disciple; but we are Disciples of Moses.

29 THe know That God has spoken to Moses; but This person,—we ‡ know not whence he is."

30 The MAN answered and said to them, "Why, in this is a wonder, That nou know not whence he is, and he opened My eyes!

31 We know that Gondoes not hear Sinners; but if any one be a Worshipper of God, and performs his will, him he hears.

32 From the (earlies?) AGE it was not heard, that any one opened the Eyes of one having been born blind.

33 If he were not from God, he could do nothing."

34 They answered and said to him, "Thou wast entirely born in Sins, and dost thou teach us?" And they cast him out.

35 Jesus heard That they had cast him out; and having found him, he said to him, "Dost thou believe into the son of God?"

36 De answered and said, "Who is he, Sir, that I may believe into him?"

37 Jesus said to him. "Thou hast even seen him.

Jesus; Even thou hast seen

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—25. and said—omit. 26. again—omit. 27. Why then do you wish. 28. and they reviled. 31. But—omit. 35. to him—omit. 35. son of man? and he said, Who. 37. and—omit.

^{† 29.} John viii. 14. xv. 8, 29; xxviii. 9. † 30. John iii. 10. † 31. Joh xxvii. 9; Psa. lxvl. 18; Prov.

αυτον, και δ λαλων μετα σου, εκεινος εστιν. and he talking with thee, 38 Ο δε εφη. Πιστευω, κυριε. και προσεκυνησεν He and said; I believe, O sir; and he prostrated αυτφ. 39 Και ειπεν δ Ιησους. Εις κριμα εγω εις to lim. And said the Jesus; For judgment I into τον κοσμον τουτον ηλθον, ένα οἱ μη βλεποντεs the world this came, thatthorenot seeing βλεπωσι, και οί βλεποντες τυφλοι γενωνται. might see, and those seeing blind might become. 40 * [Και] ηκουσαν εκ των Φαρισαιων ταυτα οί [And] heard of the Pharisees theaethingsthose οντες μετ' αυτου, και ειπον αυτω. Μη και ήμεις being with him, and said to him; Not also we τυφλοι εσμεν; ⁴¹Ειπεν αυτοις δ Ιησους. Ει to them the Jesus; Said If are? τυφλοι ητε, ουκ αν ειχετε άμαρτιαν νυν δε blind you were, not you would have sin; now but λεγετε 'Οτι βλεπομεν' ή *[ουν]
you say; That we see: the fell άμαρτια the [therefore] ύμων μενει. of you remains.

KEΦ. θ' . 10.

1 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ό μη εισερχομενος Indeed indeed I say to you, be not entering δια της θυρας εις την αυλην των προβατων, through the door into the fold of the sheep, αλλα αναβαινων αλλαχοθέν, εκεινος κλέπτης going up another way, he a thief εστι και ληστης. 2 δ δε εισερχομενος δια της is and arobber; he but entering through the 3 Τουτφ δ θυρας, ποιμην εστι των προβατων. door, ashepherd is of the sheep. To him the θυρωρος ανοιγει· και τα προβατα της φωνης doorkeeper opens: and the sheep the αυτου ακουει και τα ιδια προβατα καλεικατ' and the own hears; sheep he calls by 4 * [Kaι] όταν τα ιδια
[And] when the own ονομα, και εξαγει αυτα. name, and he leads out them. προβατα εκβαλη, εμπροσθεν αυτων πορευεται·
sheep he puts forth, before them he goes; και τα προβατα αυτφ ακολουθει, ότι οιδασι την him follows, because they know the sheep δ Αλλοτριώ δε ου μη ακουλου-A stranger but not not they may φωνην αυτου. of him. ▼O1Ce θησωσιν, αλλα φευξονται απ' αυτου· δτι ουκ wril fice from him; because not οιδασι των αλλοτριων την φωνην. 6 Ταυτην they know of the the strangers This

and HE who is TALKING with thee is he."

38 And HE said, "Lord, I believe;" and he threw himself prostrate before him.

40 Those of the Pharistes being with him heard these things, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and said to him, "Are we blind also?"

41 * Jesus said to them, ‡"If you were blind, you would not have Sin; but now you say, 'We see;' your SIN remains.

CHAPTER X.

1 Indeed, I truly say to you, HE who ENTERS not by the DOOR into the FOLD of the SHEEP, but climbs up another way, he is a Thief and a Robber;

- 2 but HE who COMES IN by the DOOR, is the Shepherd of the SHEEP.
- 3 The DOOR-KEEPER opens to him; and the SHEEP hear his voice; and he calls his own Sheep by Name, and leads them out.
- 4 When he puts forth *al his own, † he goes befon them, and the SHEEF follow him, Because the know his voice.
- 5 But a Stranger they will not follow, but will flee from him; Because they know not the voice of STRANGERS."

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-40. And-omit.
And-omit. 4. all his own, he goes.

^{1.} Jes us.

^{41.} therefore-omit

^{† 4. &}quot;We see a flock of perhaps threescore black and white sheep returning from the hillside where they have been grazing, or from the caves in which they have been sheltered from the noon-heat. Before them slowly walks the shepherd, staff in hand, not once looking behind him. The flock follows quietly, not scattering nor needing the rod or the angry shout. He and they seem to know each other well, and to have mutual confidence. He who wrote the twenty-third Psalm must have known scenes like this; and still more lie who said, "when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him, for they know his voice."—H. Bonar.

^{; 30.} John v. 22, 27. See John fii. 17; xii. 47. ; 59. Matt. xiii. 13. ; 40. Rom. ii. 19; 41. John xv. 22, 24.

chap. 10: 29.] JOHN. 29 'O oυχ αρπασει τις αυτα εκ της χειρος μου.
not wilwrest any one them out of the hand of me. The πατηρ μου, ός δεδωκε μοι, μειζων παντων εστι father of me, who has given to me, greater και ουδεις δυναται άρπαζειν εκ της χειροs to wrest out of the ieable του πατρος μου· 30 εγω και δ πατηρ έν εσμεν. of the father of me; and the father one 31 Εβαστασαν ουν παλιν λιθους οί Ιουδαιοι, ίνα Took up then again stones the Jews, that 32 Απεκριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. λιθασωσιν αυτον. them the Jesus; they might stone him. Answered Πολλα καλα εργα εδειξα ύμιν εκ του πατρος good works I showed you from the Many father δια ποιον αυτων εργον λιθαζετε με: of me: because of which of them work do you stone me? ²³ Απεκριθησαν αυτώ οί Ιουδαιοι *[λεγοντες·] him the Answered Jews καλου εργου ου λιθαζομεν σε, αλλα Περι Concerning a good work not we stone thee, but βλασφημιας, και ότι συ, ανθρωπος ων, and that thou, concerning blasphemy, a man being, ποιεις, σεαυτον θεον. ³⁴ Απεκριθη αυτοις δa god. the makest thyself Answered them Indous Ουκ εστι γεγραμμενον εν τω νομω Not is it having been written in the ύμων· " Εγω ειπα, θεοι εστε;" 35 Ει εκεινους gods you are?" "I said, If them ειπε θεους, προς ούς ό λογος του θεου εγενετο, he called gods. to whom the word of the God came. και ου δυναται λυθηναι ή γραφη. 36 δν δ πατηρ and not is able to be broken the writing; whom the father ηγιασε, και απεστειλέν εις τον κοσμον, ύμεις .et apart, and sent into the world, you λεγετε· Ότι βλασφημεις, ότι ειπον, vios του That thou blasphemest, because I said, a son of the

θεου ειμι ; 37 Ει ου ποιω τα εργα του πατρος God Lam? If not I do the works of the father 38 Ει δε ποιω, καν εμοι μου, μη πιστευέτε μοι.

of me, not you believe me. If but I do, and if me μη πιστευητε, τοις εργοις πιστευσατε. ίνα pot vou believe. the worke believe you. that

γνωτε και πιστευσητε, ότι εν εμοι ό πατηρ, you may know and you may believe, that in me the father, 3) Ε (ητουν ουν παλιν αυτον καγω εν αυτω. andt in him. They sought therefore again hım και εξηλθεν εκ της χειρος αυτων. and he went forth out of the hand ¥ Και απηλθε παλιν περαν του Ιορδανου, εις τον And he went again beyond the Jordan. to the

VALUEAN MANUSCRIPT. -20. the PATHER'S HAND. 32. Works. 82 the 33. understand, That. 82. good Works. FATHER

38. I am in the FATHER. t 29. John viv 28. 1 80 John xvii. 11, 22.

them out of my HAND.

29 # My FATHER, who has given them to me, is greater than all; and no one is able to wrest them out of * the FATHER'S HAND.

AGE, and no one shall wrest

30 # H and the FATHER

arc One."

31 Then the JEWS took up Stones again, that they

might stone him.

32 Jesus said to them, "Many * good Works did I show you from * the FA-THER; on account of which of these Works do you stone * Me?"

33 The JEWS answered him, "We do not stone thee for a Good Work, but for Blasphemy; and Because thou, being a Man, makest thyself God."

34 * Jesus answered them, I" Is it not written in your LAW, 'I said, You

are Gods?'

35 If he called them Gods, to whom the word of God came, and the SCRIPTURE cannot be bro-

36 of him whom the FA-THER set apart and sent into the WORLD, do nou say, 'Thou blasphemest;' Because I said, 'I am a Son of God?'

37 If I do not the works of my father, believe me

not.

38 But if I do, and if vou believe not me, believe the WORKS, so that you may know and *believe, t That the FATHER is in me, and * I am in the FATHER."

39 Therefore, they were seeking again to seize Him: but he went forth out of their HAND.

40 And he went away again beyond the JORDAN, into the PLACE

τοπον, δπου ην Ιωαννης το πρωτον βαπτιζων· place where was John the first dipping; και εμεινεν εκει. 41 Και πολλοι ηλθον προς and he abode there. And many came to αυτον, και ελεγον· 6 Οτι Ιωαννης μεν σημειον him, and said; That John indeed a sign εποιησεν ουδεν· παντα δε όσα ειπεν Ιωαννης did notone; all but what things said John περι τουτου, αληθη ην. 42 Και επιστευσαν concerning this, true was. And beheved πολλοι εκει εις αυτον. many there into him.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Ην δε τις ασθενων, Λαζαρος, απο Βηθανιας, Was and a certain sick one, Lazarus, from Bethany, εκ της κωμης Μαριας και Μαρθας της αδελφης out of the village of Mary and Martha the αυτης. 2 (Ην δε Μαρια ή αλειψασα τον κυριον of her. (Was and Mary the having anointed the lord μυρω, και εκμαξασα τους ποδας αυτου ταις with balsam, and wiped the feet of him with the θ ριξιν αυτης ής δ αδελφος Λαίαρος ησθεof him with the ριξιν αύτης ής δ αδελφος Λαζαρος ησθε-hairs of herself, of whom the brother Lazarus was 3 Απεστειλαν ουν αί αδελφαι προς αυτον, val.) Sent therefore the sisters to him, λεγουσαι· Κυριε, ιδε, δν φιλεις, ασθενει. 4 Akovoas de d'Invovs einev. Avin $\dot{\eta}$ acheveia Having heard and the Jesus said. This the sickness ουκ εστι προς θανατον, αλλ' ύπερ της δοξης not is to death, but on account of the glory του θεου, ίνα δοξασθη δ υίος του θεου δι' αυτης. o the God, that may be glorified the son of the God through her. 5 Ηγαπα δε δ Ιησους την Μαρθαν, και την Hyana $\delta \in O$ 170005 the Martha, and the Loved now the Jesus the Martha, $\delta \in \Omega$ s our αδελφην αυτης, και τον Λαίαρον. 6 Ως ουν ηκουσεν, ότι απθενει, τοτε μεν εμεινεν εν 'φ he heard, that he was sick, then indeed he abode in which ην τοπφ δυο ημεραs. 7 Επειτα μετα τουτο hewas place two days. Them after this λεγεί τοις μαθηταίς. Αγωμέν εις την Ιουδαίαν hesays to the disciples: Let us go into the Judea π αλιν. ⁸Λεγουσιν αυτ ω οἱ μαθηται 'Ραβ β ι again. Say to him the disciples; Rabh, 'Ραββι, νυν εζητουν σε λιθασαι οί Ιουδαιοι, και παλιν now sought thee to stone the Jews, ύπαγεις εκει: 9 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουχιδωδεκα goest thou there? Answered Jesus: Not and again εισιν ώραι της ήμερας; εαν τις περιπατη εν τη are hours of the day? if any one may walk in the ημερα, ου προσκοπτει, δτι το φως του κοσμου day, not he stumbles, because the light of the world τουτου βλεπει· 10 εαν δε τις περιπατη εν τη if but any one may walk he sees? in the νυκτι, πρυσκοπτει, όπι το φως ουκ εστιν εν wight, he stumbles, because the light not is

John was immersing at the FIEST; and he abode there.

41 And many came to him, and said, "John, indeed, performed no Sign, ‡but Whatever John said concerning him was true."

42 And many believed into him there,

CHAPTER XI.

1 Now there was a certain sick man. Lazarus of Bethany, from the VIL-LAGE of ‡ Mary, and Martha, her SISTEE.

2 (‡It was that Mary who anointed the Lord, and wiped his feet with her hair, whose brother Lazarus was sick.)

3 The sisters, therefore, sent to him, saying, "Lord, behold, he whom thou lovest is sick."

4 But JESUS, having heard, said, "This SICK-NESS is not to Death, t but for the GLORY of GOD, that the SON of GOD may be glorified by it."

5 Now Jesus loved MARTHA, and her SISTER,

and Lazarus.

6 When, therefore, he heard That he was sick, then, indeed, ‡ he abode in the Place where he was Two Days.

7 Then, after this, he says to the DISCIPLES, "Let us go into JUDEA

again."

8 The disciples say to him, "Rabbi, the Jews recently sought to stone thee; and art thou going there again?"

9 Jesus answered, "Are there not Twelve Hours of the DAY? If any one walk in the DAY, he stumbles not, Because he sees the LIGHT of this WORLD.

10 But if any one walk in the NIGHT, he stumbles. Because the LIGHT is not

in him."

^{2 41} John in. 30. 1 Luke x. 38, 39. 11 J. Luke x. 38, 39. 1 4. John ix. 3; ver. 40.

11 Ταυτα ειπε· και μετα τουτο λεγει αυτω. These things he said; and after this he says him. Λαζαρος δ φιλος ήμων κεκοιμηται· Lazarus the friend of us is fallen as leep; QUTOIS* to them: αλλα πορευομαι, ίνα εξυπνισω αυτον. I go, that I may awake ουν οί μαθηται αυτου Κυριε, ει κεκοιμηται, then the disciples of him; Olord, if be is fallen asleep, 13 Ειρηκει δε δ Ιησους περι του σωθησεται. Had spoken but the he shall be saved. Jesus about the θανατου αυτου εκεινοι δε εδοξαν, ότι περι της death of him; they but thought, that concerning the 14 Τοτε ουν ειπεν κοιμησεως του ύπνου λεγει. of the aleep he speaks. Then therefore said αυτοις δ Ιησους παρβησια. Λαζαρος απεθανε. to them the Jesus plainly; Lazarus ls και χαιρω δι' ύμας, ίνα πιστευσητε, ότι ουκ and Irejoice because of you, that you may believe, that not ημην εκει αλλ' αγωμεν προς αυτον.
I was there; but we may go to him. ουν Θωμας, δ λεγομενος Διδυμος, τοις συμμαθηthea Thomas, that being called a twin, to the fellow-disciταις. Αγωμεν και ήμεις, ίνα αποθονωμεν μετ' May go also that we may die with we, αυτου. 17 Ελθων ουν δ Ιησους εύρεν αυτον τεσ-Coming therefore the Jesus found him four 18 HV σαρας ήμερας ηδη εχοντα εν τφ μνημειώ. days already having been in the tomb. δε ή Βηθανια εγγυς των Ιεροσολυμων, ώς απο nowthe Bethany near the Jerusalem, στραδιων δεκαπεντε. fifteen. 19 Και πολλοι εκ των Ιουδαιων εληλυθεισαν And many of the Jews had come προς τας περι Μαρθαν και Μαριαν, ίνα παραμυto those about Martha and Mary, that they might θησωνται αυτας περι του αδελφου αυτων. them concerning the brother of them. comfort

ουν Μαρθα ώς ηκουσεν, ότι Ιησους ερχεται, then Martha when she heard, that Jesus was coming, υπηντησεν αυτψ Μαρια δε εν τψ οικψ εκαθεmet him; Mary but in the house was sit-21 Εικεν ουν ή Μαρθα προς του Ιησουν. (ετο. Said then the Martha to the ting. $\dot{\omega}$ δε, $\dot{\delta}$ αδελφος μου ουκ αν Kupie, ei 775 O lord, if thou hadst been here, the brother of me not would ετεθνηκει 22 αλλα και νυν οιδα, ότι But and now I know, that whatever things av aιτηση τον θ εον, δωσει σοι δ θ εος. 23 Λεγει thou may est ask the God, will give to the ethe God. Says αυτη δ Ιησους· Αναστησεται δ αδελφος σων. 24 Λεγει αυτ ω Μαρθα· Οιδα, ότι αναστησεται, to him Martha; I know, that he will rise again,

11 These things he said; and after this he says to them, ‡ "Lazarus, our FRIEND, has fallen asleep; but I am going, that I ma; awake him."

12 * The DISCIPLES, therefore, said to him "Lord, if he has faller asleep, he will recover."

13 But Jesus had spoken concerning his death; but they thought That he was speaking of the reposition of sleep.

14 Then, therefore, JEsus said plainly, "Laza-

rus is dead;

15 and I rejoice, on your account, That I was not there, so that you may believe; but let us go to him.

16 Then THAT Thomas, who is CALLED Didymus, said to the FELLOW-DISCIPLES, "Let us also go, that we may die with him."

17 Jesus, therefore, coming, found that he had been already Four Days in

the TOMB.

18 Now BETHANY was near JERUSALEM about fifteen Furlongs dis ant.

19 And many of the JEWS had come to hose with Martha and Muy, that they might conside them concerning their BE THER.

20 MARTHA, therefore, when she heard That * Jesus was coming, went to meet him; but Mary was sitting in the house.

21 Then MARTHA said to * Jesus, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, my brother would not have died.

22 * And even now I know, ‡ That whatever things thou wilt ask of Gop, Gop will give thee."

23 Jesus said to her. "Thy brother will rise again."

24 * MARTHA said to him, t"I know that he will

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. The DISCIPLES, therefore, said to him, 21. Jesus. 22. And. 24. Martha.

^{20.} Jesus,

^{† 11.} Deut. xxxi. 16; Dan, xii. 2; Matt. ix. 24; Acts vii. 60; 1 Ccr. xx 1s, 51 † 22. John x 31.

25 Ειπεν εν τη αναστασει εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. in the resurrection lu the last day. Said αυτη δ Ιησους. Εγω ειμι ή αναστασις και ή to her the Jesus; I am the resurrection and the and the ζωη· δ πιστευων εις εμε, καν αποθανη, ζησεται· life; he believing into me, even if he may die, he shall live; 26 και πας δ ζων και πιστευων εις εμε, ου μη believing into me, not not and all the living and ELS TOV aLWVA. Πιστευεις τουτο; ποθανη may die into the Believest thou age. ²⁷Λεγει αυτω. Ναι, κυριε. εγω πεπιστευκα, ότι She says to him; Yes, Olord; I have believed, that συ ει δ Χριστος, δ νίος του θεου, δ εις τον κοσthouartthe Anointed, the son of the God, he into the world μον ερχομενος. 28 Και ταυτα ειπουσα, απηλθε, And these things vaying, she went, coming. και εφωνήσε Μαρίαν την αδελφήν αύτης λαθρά, Mary the sister and called of her privately, ειπουσα. 'Ο διδασκαλος παρεστι, και φωνει σε. saying; The teacher is present, and calls thee. 29 Εκεινη ώς ηκουσεν, εγειρεται ταχυ, και ερχεrises up quickly, and comes She when she heard, 30 (Ουπω δε εληλυθει δ Ιηται προς αυτον. (Not yet now had come the Jeto him. σους εις την κωμην· αλλ' ην εν τω τοπω, όπου sus into the village; but was in the place, where ύπηντησεν αύτω ή Μαρθα.) ³¹ Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι. The therefore Jews, him the Martha.) οί οντος μετ' αυτης εν τη οικια και παραμυθουthose being with her in the house and were comfortμενοι αυτην, ιδοντες την Μαριαν, ότι ταχεως seeing the Mary, that quickly ανεστη και εξηλθεν, ηκολουθησαν αυτη, λεγονshe rose up and went out, followed her, saying; τες. 'Οτι ύπαγει εις το μνημειον, ίνα κλαυση That she goes into the tomb, that she may weep 32 'Η ουν Μαρια ώς ηλθεν όπου ην ό Ιη-EKEL. The therefore Mary when came where was the Jethere, σους, ιδουσα αυτον, επεσεν αυτου εις τους of him to she fell aus. seeiug him, the ποδας, λεγουσα αυτώ. Κυριε, ει ης $\dot{\omega}\delta\epsilon$, saying to him; Olord, if thou had stbeen here, ουκ αν απεθανε μου δ αδελφος. 33 Inσους nut would have died of me the brother. Jesus therefore ώς ειδεν αυτην κλαιουσαν, και τους συνελθονand those having come her weeping, when he saw τας αυτη Ιουδαιους κλαιοντας, ενεβριμησατο τω with her Jews weeping, he was egitated in the πνευματι, και εταραξεν έαυτον, 34 και ειπε. and troubled bimself, and said; Που τεθεικατε αυτον: Λεγουσιν αυτω. Κυριε. Where have you laid him? They say to him; O lord. 35 Εδακρυσεν 8 Inσous. ιδε. EPXOU, Kal Wept see. the come, and Jesus.

rise again, in the RESUR-RECTION, in the LAST day."

25 Jesus said to her, "F am ‡ the RESURRECTION, and ‡ the LIFE; HE BE-LIEVING into mc, even though he die, shall live;

26 and no one LIVING and believing into me, shall die to the AGE. Dost theu

believe this?"

27 She says to him, "Yes, Lord, ‡ # have believed that if you art the Messiah, that son of God coming into the world."

28 And saying these things, she went and called Marv, her sister, privately, saying, "The TFACHER is come, and calls thee."

29 *And she, when she heard, rose up quickly, and came to him.

30 Now Jesus had not yet come into the VIL-LAGE, but was *still in the PLACE where Martha met him.

31 THOSE JEWS, therefore, who WERE with her in the HOUSE, and were consoling her, seeing MARY, That she rose up suddenly and went out, followed her, * saying. "She is going to the Tomb, that she may weep there."

32 Mary, therefore, when she came where * Jesus was, seeing him, fell at his feet, saying to him, "Lord, if thou hadst been here, My BROTHER would not have died."

33 When Jesus, therefore, saw her weeping, and the Jews having come with her weeping, he was greatly agitated in his spirit, and affected.

34 and said, "Where have you laid him?" They say to him, "Lord, come and see"

35 t Jesus wept.

^e VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—29. And 5ht, when she heard, rose up. 30. still in the PLACE. 31. thinking. 32. Jesus.

^{1 25.} John v. 21: vi. 89, 49, 44. 25. John i. 4: vi. 85; xiv. 6; Col. iii. 4: 1 John i. 1 2: v. 11. 1 27. Matt. xvi. 1d; John i. 49; iv. 42, vi. 14, 69. 2 35. Luke xix. 41-

36 Ελεγον ουν οί Ιουδαιοι· Ιδε, πως εφιλει αυτον.
Said then the Jews; See, how he loved him.

³⁷ Tives δε εξ αυτων είπον. Ουκ ηδυνατο ούτος, Some but of them said; Not was able this, δ ανοιξας τους οφθαλμους του τυφλου ποιησαι, he having opened the eyes of the blind to have caused, ίνα και ούτος μη αποθηνη; 38 Ιησους ουν παλιν that even this not should die? Jesus therefore again

εμβριμωμενος εν έαυτω, ερχεται εις το μνη-being agitated in himself, comes to the tomb. Ην δε σπηλαιον, και λιθος επεκειτο επ'

It was now a cave, and a stone was lying αυτφ. ³⁹ Λεγει δ Ιησους· Αρατε τον λιθον. Says the Jesus; Take away the Λεγει αυτφ ή αδελφη του τεθνηκοτος, Μαρθα· Says to him the sister of the having died, Martha; $40 \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ Κυριε, ηδη οζει· τεταρταιος γαρ εστι. Olord, now he smells; fourth day for it is. Says αυτη δ Ιησους. Ουκ ειπον σοι, δτι εαν πιστευ-Not I said to thee, that if thou wouldst οψει την δοξαν του θεου; 41 Ηραν ουν believe, thou shalt see the glory of the God? They took away then τον λιθον. 'Ο δε Ιησους πρε τους οφθαλμους The but Jesus lifted up the ανω, και ειπε. Πατερ, ευχαριστω σοι, δτι Ofather, I give thanks to thee, that and said;

 42 Εγω δε ηδειν, δτι παντοτε μου ηκουσας μου. thou didst hear me. I and knew, that always

ακουεις: αλλα δια τον οχλον τον περιεστωτα thou hearest; but on account of the crowd that standing-by ειπον, ίνα πιστευσωσιν, ότι συ με απεστειλας. I apoke, so that they may believe, that thou me hast sent.

43 Και ταυτα ειπων, φωνη μεγαλη εκραυγασε.

And these things saying, with a voice loud he cried out.

Λαζαρε, δευρο εξω. 44 Εξηλθεν δ τεθνηκως, come out. Came out he having been dead, O Lazarus, δεδεμενος τους ποδας και τας χειρας κειριαις, having been bound the feet and the hands with bandages, having been bound the feet and the και ή οψις αυτου σουδαριφ περιεδεδετο. Λεγει and the face of him with a napkin bound about. autois δ Ιησους. Λυσατε αυτον, και αφετε ὑπα-to them the Jesus; Loose you him, and allow to to 45 Πολλοι ουν εκ των Ιουδαιων, οί YELV. Many therefore of the those Jews, ελθοντες προς την Μαριαν, και θεασαμενοι ά to the Mary, andhaving gazed upon what having come 46 Tives de επιστευσαν εις αυτον. εποιησεν, Some but into he did, beheved hım. εξ αυτων απηλθον προς τους Φαρισαιους, και the Pharisees. to went

ειπεν αυτοις ά εποιησεν ό Ιησους. the Jesus. them what did

47 Συνηγαγον ουν οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαριthen the high-priests and the

36 The Jews, therefore, said, "Behold, how he loved him!"

37 But some of them said, "Could not he, who OPENED the EYES of the BLIND man, have even prevented this man's death?"

38 Jesus, therefore, again being agitated within himself, comes to the TOMB. Now it was a Cave, and a Stone was lying upon it.

39 Jesus said, "Take away the STONE." Martha, the SISTER of HIM who *had died, says to him, "Lord, he smells now; for it is the fourth day."

40 JESUS says to her, "Did I not tell thee, That if thou wouldst believe, thou shalt ‡ see the GLORY

of GoD ?"

41 Then they took away the STONE. And JESUS lifted his EYES above, and said, "Father, I give thanks to thee That thou didst hear me.

42 And I knew That thou hearest Me always; t but on account of THAT CROWD STANDING BY I spoke, so that they may believe That thou didst send Me."

43 And having said these words, he cried out with a loud Voice, "Lazarus, come

forth!"

44 HE who that been DEAD came forth, having his HANDS and FEET bound with Bandages, and this FACE bound about with a Napkin. * Jesus says to them, "Loose him, and let him go."

45 MANY, therefore, of the JEWS who CAME to MARY, ‡ and beheld * that which he had done, believed

unto him.

46 But some of them went to the PHARISEES, and told them what things JESUS did.

47 Then the BIGH-FRUE PRIESTS and the PHARI-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. had died, says.

^{44.} Jesus.

^{45.} that which he

had done, believed.

^{‡ 37} John ix. 6. ‡ 40. ver. 4, 23. ‡ 45. John ii. 23; x. 42; xii. M, 18.

^{1 43} cohn xii. 30.

σαιοι συνεδριον, και ελεγον Τι ποιουμεν; ότι sees a high council, and said; What are we doing? because ούτος δ ανθρωπος πολλα σημεια ποιει. 48 Εαν αφ-17 this the man many signs does. ωμεν αυτονούτω, παντες πιστευσουσιν εις αυτον. all allow him thus, will beheve και ελευσονται οί Ρωμαιοι, και αρουσιν ήμων και and will take away of na both will come the Romans, 49 Eis $\delta \epsilon$ τ is $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$, τον τοπον και το εθνος. the place and the nation. One and a certain of them Καιαφας, αρχιερευς ων του ενιαυτου εκεινου, Caiaphas, high-priest being of the year ειπεν αυτοις. Τμεις ουκ οιδατε ουδεν. 50 Ουδ€ said to them; You not know nothing. Neither διαλογιζεσθε, ότι συμφερει ήμιν, ίνα είς ανθρωdo you consider, that it is better for us, that one πος αποθανη ύπερ του λαου, και μη όλον το should die in behalf of the people, and not whole the 51 Τουτο δε αφ' έαυτου ουκ $\epsilon\theta\nu$ os αποληται. but from himself nation should perish. This ειπεν· αλλα αρχιερευς ων του ενιπυτου εκεινου, but high-priest heing of the year he said, προεφητευσεν, δτι εμελλεν Ιησους αποθνησκειν he prophesied, that was about Jesus to die

he prophesied, that was about Jesus to die ὑπερ του εθνους: ⁵² και ουχ ὑπερ του εθνους in behalf of the nation; and not in behalf of the nation μονον, αλλ ἱνα και τα τεκνα του θεου τα alone, but that also the children of the God these

διεσκορπισμενα συναγαγη εις έν. having been scattered he should gather into one.

54 Ιησους ουν σαντο, ίνα αποκτεινωσιν αυτον. together, that they might kill him. Jesus therefore ουκετι παρδησια περιεπατει εν τοις Ιουδαιοις, walked among the . publicly alla apples $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i \theta \epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i \theta \epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa \tau \eta \nu$ $\chi \omega \rho \alpha \nu$ $\epsilon \gamma \gamma \nu s$ $\tau \eta s$ but wentaway thence into the country near the εις Εφραιμ λεγομενην πολιν κακει €ρημου, being called a city; and there into Ephraim desert, 55 Hν δε διετριβε μετα των μαθητων αύτου. disciples of himself. Was and remained with the εγγυς το πασχα των Ιουδαιων και ανεβησαν near the passover of the Jews; wentup πολλοι εις Ίεροσολυμα εκ της χωρας προ του many into Jerusalem out of the country before the 56 Ε (ητουν ουν πασχα, ίνα αγνισωσιν έαυτους. passover, that they might purify themselves. They sought then

SEES convened the Sanhedrim, and said, ‡ "Wha are we doing? Because This MAN performs Many Signs.

48 If we suffer him thus, all will believe into him, and the ROMANS will come and take away both our PLACE and NATION."

49 And a certain one of them, ‡ Caiaphas, † being High-priest that YEAR, said to them, "Dou know nothing."

ing;
50 † neither do you consider That it is expedient
for us that One Man should
die in behalf of the PEO-PLE, than that the Whole
NATION should perish."

51 But he said this not from himself; but being High-priest that YEAR, he predicted That Jesus was about to die in behalf of the NATION;

52 and not only in behalf of the NATION, \$\pm\$ but that he should also assemble into one, THOSE CHILD-REN of GOD who have been SCATTERED ABROAD.

53 Therefore from That DAY, *they took counsel that they might kill him.

54 * Jesus, ‡ therefore, walked no longer publicly among the Jews, but went away thence into the country near the desert, into a City called † Ephraim, and there * abode with the disciples.

55 ‡ And the PASSOVER of the Jews was near; and many went up to Jerusalem out of the COUNTRY, before the PASSOVER, that they might purify themselves.

56 Then they sought for

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-53. they took counsel.

^{54.} JESUS. 54. abode with

^{† 49.} By the law of Moses, Exod. xl. 15, the office of high-priest was for life, and the son of Aaron's race always succeeded his father. But at this time the high-priesthood was almost annual; the Romans and Herod put down and raised up whom they pleased, and when they pleased, without alluding to any other rule than merely that the person put in this office should be of the sacerdotal race. Caiaphas held this office eight or nine years.—Clarke. † 54. A little village in the neighborhood of Bethel. Eusebius and Jerome say it was about twenty miles north of Jerusalem.

^{1 47.} John xii. 19; Acts iv. 16. \$49. Luke iii. 3; John xviii. 14; Acts iv. 6. \$50. John xviii. 14. \$52. Isa. xlix. 6; John x. 16. Eph. i. 10; ii. 14-17. \$54. John iv. 1, 8; viii. 1. \$55. John ii. 13; v. 1; vii. 4.

τον Ιησουν, και ελεγον μετ' αλληλων εν τω with each other Jesus, and said in the ίερω έστηκοτες. Τι δοκει ύμιν; ότι ου μη standing; What think you? that not $57 \Delta \in \delta \omega \kappa \in i \sigma \alpha \nu$ that not not temple $\delta \epsilon$ $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ εις την έορτην; feast? Had given now he may come to the *[και] οί αρχιερεις και οί Φαρισαιοι εντολην, [both] the high-priests and the Pharisees a commandment, ίνα εαν τις γνω που εστι, μηνυση, όπως that if anyone should know where he is, he should show, how πιασωσιν αυτον. they might seize him.

ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

The therefore Jesus before six days the passover $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ $\epsilon\iota s$ $B\eta\theta\alpha\nu\iota\alpha\nu$, $\delta\pi\sigma\nu$ $\eta\nu$ $\Lambda\alpha\zeta\alpha\rho\sigmas$ \star $\begin{bmatrix} \delta & \tau\epsilon\theta-\text{came into} & \text{Bethany,} & \text{where was} & \text{Lazarus} & \text{[he having]} \end{bmatrix}$ [he having νηκως,] όν ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. 2 Εποιησαν ουν been dead, whom he raised out of dead ones. They made therefore αυτφ δειπνον εκει, και ή Μαρθα διηκονει ό δε him a supper there, and the Martha served; the but Λαζαρος είς ην των ανακειμενων συν αυτφ. one was of those reclining with him. 3 'Η ουν Μαρια λαβουσα λιτραν μυρου ναρδου The then Mary having taken a pound of balsamof spikenard πιστικης πολυτιμου, ηλειψε τους ποδας του genuine of great price, anointed the feet of the Ιησου, και εξεμαξε ταις θριξιν αύτης τους πυδας and wiped with the hairs of herself the autov $\mathring{\eta}$ de oikia epanpwhy ek the odur of the odur of the the and house was filled with the odur of the μυρου. Αλεγει ουν εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου, Says therefore one of the disciples of him, balsam. Ιουδας Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτης, δ μελλων αυτον of Simon Iscariot, he being about παραδίδοναι. 5 Διατι τουτο το μυρον ουκ επραθη Why this the halsam not to deliver up; sold τριακοσιαν δηναριων, και εδοθη πτωχοις; 6 Ειπε denarii, and given to poor ones? He said three hundred $\delta \epsilon$ τουτο, ουχ ότι $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota$ των $\pi \tau ο \chi \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \mu \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu$ now this, not because about the poor it concerned αυτώ, αλλ' ότι κλεπτης ην, και το γλωσσοκοbut because a thief he was, and the box τα βαλλομενα εβασταζεν. και $\mu \omega \nu \in i\chi \epsilon$, he had, and the things being put in 7 Ειπεν ουν ὁ Ιησους. Αφες αυτην. he carried off. ELS THY Let alone ber, Said therefore the Jesus; for the ήμεραν του ενταφιασμου μου τετηρηκεν αυτο. embalming of me she has kept The poor for always you have with έαυyour- 9 E $\gamma\nu\omega$ των, εμε δε ου παντοτε εχετε. ουν selves, me but not always you have. Knew therefore οχλος πολυς εκ των Ιουδαιων, ότι εκει εστι that there a crowd great of the Jews, he is.

JESUS, and said to one another, standing in the TEMPLE, "What think you? Will he not come to the FEAST?"

57 Now the HIGH-PRIESTS and the PHARIsees had given *a Command, that if any one knew where he was, he should show how they might apprehend him.

CHAPTER XII.

1 Then JESUS Six Davs before the PASSOVER came to Bethany, t where THAT Lazarus was whom * Jesus raised from the Dead.

2 they made him, therefore, a Supper there, and MARTHA served: but LAZARUS was one of THOSE RECLINING with him.

3 Then I MARY having taken a Pound of Balsam of genuine Spikenard, very costly, anointed the FEET or * Jesus, and wiped his FEET with her HAIR; and the HOUSE was filled with the ODOR of the BALSAM.

4 *And one of his DISCI-PLES, THAT ISCARIOT Who was about to betray him.

says, 5 "Why was not This BALSAM sold for Three hundred Denarii, and given to the Poor?"

6 Now he said this, not Because he cared for the POOR; but because he was a Thief, and thad the Box, and stole what THINGS were DEPOSITED in it.

7 Jesus, therefore, said, * "Suffer her, that she may keep it for the DAY of my EMBALMING.

8 For the Poor you have always with yourselves; but Me you have not always."

9 A great Crowd of the JEWS, therefore, knew That he was there; and they

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—57. Commandments that. having been dead—omit. 1. Jesus raised. 3. Jesthat iscanior who was about to betray him, says. it for the DAY of my EMBALMING.

John xiii. 29.

that. 57. both—omit. 1. he
3. Jesus. 4. And one of his disciples,
5. Suffer her, that she may keep

και ηλθον ου δια τον Ιησουν μονον, αλλ' ίνα and they came boton account of the Jesus alone, but that και τον Λαζαρον ιδωσιν, όν ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων. also the Lazarus they might see, whom he raised out of dead ones. $10 \text{ FR}_{\text{CM}}$

12 Τη επαυρίον οχλος πολυς, δ ελθων είς την On the morrow a crowd great, who having come to the εορτην, ακουσαντες, ότι ερχεται Ιησους είς feast, having heard that was coming Jesus into Iεροσολυμα, 13 ελαβον τα βαία των φοινικων, Jerusalem, they took the branches of the palm-trees,

και εξηλθον εις υπαντησιν αυτφ, και εκραζον.
and weutout to a meeting with him, and cried out; 'Ωσαννα, ευλογημενος δ ερχομενος εν ονοματι Hosanna, worthy of blessing he coming in name κυριου, ὁ βασιλευς του Ισραηλ. 14 Εύρων δε δ Finding and the of Lord, the king of the Israel. Ιησους οναριον, εκαθισεν επ' αυτο, καθως εστι Jeaus a young ass, he sat on it, as it is γεγραμμενον: 15 "Mη φοβου, θυγατερ Σιων having been written; "Not fear, O daughter of Sion; ιδου, δ βασιλευς σου ερχεται καθημενος επι lo, the king of thee comes sitting on 16 Ταυτα δε ουκ εγνωσαν οί πωλον ονου." a foal of an ass." These things now not knew the μαθηται αυτου το πρωτον αλλ' ότε εδοξασθη disciples of him the first; but when was glorified δ Ιησους, τοτε εμνησθησαν, ότι ταυτα ην επ' the Jesus, then they remembered, *hatthese things was about αυτώ γεγραμμενα, και ταυτα εποιησαν αυτώ. 17 Εμαρτυρεί ουν δοχλος, δων μετ' αυτου, δτι Testified then the crowd, that being with him, that

Tennied then the crowd, that heing with him, that tou $\Lambda\alpha$ (apou $\epsilon\phi\omega\nu\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$ $\epsilon\kappa$ tou $\mu\nu\eta\mu\epsilon\iota\sigma\nu$, kai the Lazarus he called out of the tomb, and $\eta\gamma\epsilon\iota\rho\epsilon\nu$ autou $\epsilon\kappa$ $\nu\epsilon\kappa\rho\omega\nu$. As Δ a touto kai raised him out of dead ones. On account of this ϵ also $\nu\pi\eta\nu\tau\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$ autou δ $\chi\lambda$ os, $\delta\tau\iota$ $\eta\kappa$ $\nu\sigma\alpha\nu$ τ outo met him the growd, because they heard this

met him the frowt, because they heard this auton $\pi \in \pi$ oin $\kappa \in \nu$ at to sign. The then Pharidali eight to bave done the sign. The then Pharidali eight π out to themselves; You see that not $\omega \in \pi$ out π out

is going away.

²⁰ Η σαν δε τινες 'Ελληνες εκ των αναβαινου-Were and some Greeks of those going των, ίνα προσκυνησωσιν εν τη έορτη. ²¹ Ούτοι ₄p, that they might worship in the feast. These came, not on account of JESUS only, but also that they might see LAZARUS whom he raised from the DEAD

10 ‡ * And even the HIGH-PRIESTS took counsel, that they might kill

LAZARUS also;

11 ‡ Because, on account of him, many of the Jews went away, and believed into Jesus.

12 The NEXT DAY, a great Crowd HAVING COME to the FEAST, having heard That Jesus was coming to

Jerusalem,

13 took BRANCHES of PALM-TREES, and went out to meet him, and cried out, ‡ "Hosanna, Blessed is HE who COMES in the Name of Jehovah, the KING of ISRAEL!"

14 And Jesus having found a Young ass, sat on it, as it has been written,

15 ‡ "Fear not, * daugh-"ter of Zion; behold, thy "KING comes, sitting on "the Colt of an Ass."

16 Now these things his DISCIPLES knew not at FIRST; but when JESUS was glorified, ‡ then they remembered That These things had been written about him, and they did these things to him.

17 Then THAT CROWD which was with him, testified that he called LAZARUS out of the TOMB, and raised him from the dead.

18 On this account also the CROWD met him, Because they heard that he had done This SIGN.

19 Therefore the Phart. SEES, said among themselves, ‡ "You see that you are gaining nothing; behold, the world is gone away after him."

20 And there were ‡some

z(νονgoing Greeks of Those HAVING GONE UP, that they might worship during the FEAST.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. But even the HIGH-PRIESTS.

^{15.} DAUGHTER of Zion.

^{1 10.} Luke xvi. 31. 11. John xi. 45. 1 12. Matt. xxl. 8; Mark xi. 8; Luke xix 85, &c. 1 13. Psa. cxviii. 25, 26. 1 15. Zech. 1x. 9. 1 16. John xiv. 24. 1 19. John xi. 47, 48. 2 20. Acts xvii. 4

ουν προσηλθον Φιλιππω, τω απο Βηθσαιδα της to Philip, that from Bethsaida of the Γαλιλαίας, και ηρωτων αυτον, λεγοντες. Κυρίε, Galilee, and were asking him, saying; 22 Ερχεται Φιλιπθελομεν τον Ιησουν ιδειν. we wish the to see. Comes Jesus Philip, πος, και λεγει τω Ανδρεα * [και παλιν] Ανaud says to the Andrew; [and sgain] An-23 ℃ δ€ δρεας και Φιλιππος λεγουσι τω Ιησου. drew and Philip say to the Jesus. The but $I_{ησουs}$ απεκρινατο αυτοις, λεγων Εληλυθεν ή j_{esus} answered them, saying; Has come the ώρα, ίνα δοξασθη δ υίος του ανθρωπου. 24 Αμην hour, that may be glorified the son of the man. αιην λεγω ύμιν, εαν μη δ κοκκος του σιτου indeed lear to you, if not the grain of the wheat $\pi\epsilon\sigma\omega\nu$ els $\tau\eta\nu$ $\gamma\eta\nu$ a $\pi\sigma\theta$ a $\nu\eta$, autos μ o ν os μ e ν el·falling into the ground should die, he alone abides; εαν δε αποθανη, πολυν καρπον φερει. 25 'O if but it may die. much fruit it bears. φιλων την ψυχην αύτου, απολεσει αυτην και loving the life of nimself, shall lose her; and δ μισων την ψυχην αύτου εν τω κοσμω τουτω, be hating the life of himself in the world this, εις ζωην αιωνιον φυλαξει αυτην. hie age-lasting shall keep

²⁶ Εαν εμοι διακονη τις, εμοι ακολουθειτω· If me may serve any one, me let him follow; και όπου ειμι εγω, εκει και ό διακονος ό εμος where am I, there also the servant the mine εσται εαν τις εμοι διακονη, τιμησει αυτον ό shall be, if any one me may serve, will serve him the πατηρ. ²⁷ Νυν ή ψυχη μου τεταρακται και τι father. Now the soul of me is troubled; and what είπω· Πατερ, σωσον με εκ της ώρας ταυτης; shall I say? O father, save me from the hour this? Alla dia touto $\eta \lambda \theta o \nu \in \mathcal{S}$ the $\lambda \rho a \nu$ tauthy. But in account of this $\lambda \rho a \nu$ to the hour this. 25 Πατερ, δοξασον σου το ονομα. Ηλθεν ουν O father, glorify of thee the name. then φωνη εκ του ουρανου· "Και εδοξασα, a voice out of the heaven, "Both I glorified, παλιν δοξασω." ²⁹ O *[ουν] οχλος δ έ Kal roice out of the heaven; "Both I glorified, and παλιν δοξασφ." 29 O *[ουν] οχλος δ έστως again will glorify." The [therefore] crowd that standing και ακουσας, ελεγε βροντην γεγονεναι. Αλλοι and hearing, said thunder to have been. Others ελεγον Αγγελος αυτ ϕ λελαληκεν. 30 Απεκριθη ead; A messenger to him has spoken. Answered δ Ιησους και ειπεν Ου δι εμε αυτη ή φωνη the Jesus and said; Not on account of me this the voice 31 Nuv κρισις εστι γεγονεν, αλλα δι' ύμας. but on account of you. Nowajudgment του κοσμου τουτου νυν δ αρχων του κοσμου

του κουμου τουτου νου ο αρχων του κουμου the world this; now the ruler of the world τουτου εκβλη-thm: now the ruler of the world this will be

21 These, therefore, came to That Philip who was of Bethsaida of GALILEE, and asked him, saying, "Sir, we wish to see Jesus."

22 * PHILIP comes and tells Andrew; Andrew and Philip * come and tell Jesus.

23 And Jesus * answers them, saying, 1" The HOUR has come that the son of MAN may be glorified.

24 Indeed, I assure you, If the GRAIN of WHEAT falling into the GROUND should not die, it remains alone; but if it should die, it bears Much Fruit.

25 ‡ H3 LOVING his LIFE shall lose it, and HE HATING his LIFE in this WORLD shall preserve it to aionian Life.

26 If any one serve me, let him follow me; \$\pm\$ and where \$\pm\$ am, there also shall MY SERVANT be. If any one serve me, him will the FATHER honor.

27 ‡ Now is my soul troubled; and what shall I say? Father, save me from this HOUR? But on this account I came to this HOUR.

28 Father, glorify * Thy NAME." ‡ Then a Voice came from HEAVEN, "I both glorified and will glorify again."

29 That CROWD STAND-ING and hearing, said, "It was Thunder;" others said, "An Angel has spoken to him."

30 * Jesus answered and said, "This VOICE has not come on account of me, but on your account.

world 31 There is now a Judgment of this world; ‡ the κβλη-will be now be cast out.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—22. Philip. 22. and again—omet. 22. come and tell. 23. answers. 28. My name. 29. therefore—omit. 30. Jesus.

^{† 23.} John xiii. 32; xvii. 1. † 24. 1 Cor. xv. 36. † 25. Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii 25: Luke ix. 24; xvii. 33. † 26. John xiv. 3; xvii. 34; 1 Thess. iv 17. † 27. Matt. xvii. 83, 39; Luke xii. 50; John xii. 21. † 28. Matt. iii. 17. † 31. John xiv. 30; xvi. 11.

32 Καγω εαν θησεται εξω. ύψωθα EK THS Aud I if I should be lifted up from the tast out. 33 Τουτο γης, παντας έλκυσω προς εμαυτον. will draw to myself. δε ελεγε, σημαινων ποιφ θανατφ ημελλεν αποbut he said, signifying by what death he was about 34 Απεκριθη αυτώ δ οχλος· 'Ημεις θνησκειν. him the crowd; We Answered ηκουσαμεν εκ του νομου, ότι δ Χριστος μενει heard out of the law, that the Anointed abides εις τον αιωνα και πως συ λεγεις, ότι isto the and how thou sayest, thatitbehoves age; ύψωθηναι τον υίον του ανθρωπου; τις εστιν to be lifted up the son of the is man? who ούτος δ υίος του ανθρωπου; ³⁵ Ειπεν ουν αυτοις Said then this the son of the man? to them δ Ιησους. Ετι μικρον χρονον το φως εν υμιν the Jesus; Yet a little time the light among you the Jesus; εστι. Περιπατειτε, έως το φως εχετε, ίνα μη is. Walk you, while the light you have, that not σκοτια ύμας καταλαβη· και δ περιπατών εν τη darkness you may overtake; and he walking in 36 'Eas To pas τκοτις τυκ οιδε που ύπαγει. darliner; not knows where he goes. While the light εχεψε, πιστευετε εις το φως, ίνα υίοι φωτος you have, believe into the light, that sons of light you have, Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και γενησθε. you may become. These things spoke the and Jesus, απελθων εκρυβη απ' αυτων. going away he was hid from them.

37 Τοσαυτα δε αυτου σημεια πεποιηκοτος having been done but of him So many signs εμπροσθεν αυτων ουκ επιστευον εις αυτον· 38 ίνα in presence of them not they did helieve into him; that δ λογος Ησαιου του προφητου πληρωθη, δν of Esaiss the prophet might befulfilled, which the word ειπε " Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων; the report he said; "Olord, who helieved of us? και δ βραχιων κυριου τινι απεκαλυφθη;" 39 Δια arm offord to whom was itrevealed?" On account of and the τουτο ουκ ηδυναντο πιστευειν ότι παλιν ειπεν this not they were able to believe; because again 'Ησαιας. 40 "Τετυφλωκεν αυτων τους οφθαλ-Esaias: He has blinded of them the eyes, μους, και πεπωρωκεν αυτων την καρδιαν ίνα and has hardened of them the heart; so that μη ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και νοησωσι τη anothey might see with the and understand with the eyes, καρδια, και επιστραφωσι, και ιασωμαι αυτους." heart, and should turn back, and I should heal them." 41 Ταυτα ειπεν 'Ησαιας, ότι ειδε την δοξαν said Esaias, because he saw the These things 42 'Oμωs αυτου, και ελαλησε περι αυτου. of him. spoke concerning him. Nevertheless

32 And £, ‡ if I be raised on high from the EARTH, will draw All to myself."

33 ‡ Now this he said, signifying by What Death he was about to die.

he was about to die.

3.4 * Then the crowd answered him, t "CHe heard out of the LAW, That the Messiah continues to the AGE; and how sayest thou, That the son of MAN must be raised on high? Who is This son of MAN?

35 Jesus, therefore said to them, ‡"Yet a Little Time the LIGHT is among you. Walk while you have the LIGHT, so that Darkness may not overtake You; and ‡ HE who WALKS in DARKNESS knows not where he is going.

36 While you have the LIGHT, believe into the LIGHT, that you may become the sons of LIGHT." These things spoke *Jesus, and going away he was concealed from them.

37 But though he had performed so Many Signs in their presence, they did not believe into him;

38 that the WOED of Isaiah, the PROPHET, might be verified, which he said, t "Lord, who believed our "REPOET? and the ARM of "the Lord, to whom was it "revealed?"

39 On account of this they could not believe, Because Isaiah said again,

40 \$ "He has blinded "Their EYES, and hardened "Their HEART, so that they "should not see with the "EYES, and understand with the HEART, and "should turn, and I should "heal them."

41 Isaiah said these things, because he saw his GLORY, and spoke of him

42 Nevertheless, many

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 34. Then the CROWD.

^{† 32.} John ill. 14; viii. 28. † 33. John xviii. 32. Isa. ix. 7, &c. † 35. John t. 9; viii. 12; ix. 5; ver. 40. † 30. Luke xvi. 8; Eph. v. 8; † Thess. v. 5; † John ii. 9–11. † 40. Isa. vi. 9, 10; Matt. xiii. 14. † 41. Isa. vi. 1.

^{36.} Jesus.

^{† 34.} Psa. lxxxix. 36, 37; ex. 4; † 35. John xi. 10; 1 John ii. 11. † 38. Isa. Iiii. 1; Rom. x. 16.

μεντοι και εκ των αρχοντων πολλοι επιστευσαν truly and of the rulers many believed δια τους Φαρισαιους ουχ ELS QUTOV. αλλα but on account of the Pharisees ώμολογουν, ίνα μη αποσυνανωγοι γενωνται did confess, so that not from synagogues they might be; they might be; ⁴³ ηγαπησαν γαρ την δοξαν των ανθοωπων for the gipry of the

μαλλον, ηπερ την δοξαν του θεου.more, than the glory of the God.

44 Ιησους δε εκραξε και ειπεν· 'Ο πιστευων Jesus and cried and said; He believing ϵ is $\epsilon \mu \epsilon$, ou π : $\sigma \tau \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota$ $\epsilon \iota s \epsilon \mu \epsilon$, $\sigma \iota s \tau \iota s \tau$ ψαντα με· 45 και δ θεωρων εμε, θεωρει τον πεμand he seeing me, sees him having sent me; ψαντα με. sent me. θα, ίνα πας δ πιστευων εις εμε, εν τη σκοτια that all the in the believing into me, darkness 47 Και εαν τις μου ακουση $\mu\eta$ $\mu\epsilon\iota\nu\eta$. And if any one of me may hear ρηματων, και μη πιστευση, εγω ου κρινω αυτον·
words, and not may believe, I not judge bim; (ου γαρ ηλθον, ίνα κρινω τον κοσμον, αλλ' ίνα (not for I came, that I might judge the world, but that σωσω τον κοσμον) 48 δ αθετων εμε, και I might save the world;) he rejecting me, and μη λαμβανων τα βηματα μου εχει τον κρινοντα not receiving the words of me has that judging αυτον ό λογος όν ελαλησα, εκεινος κρινει the word which I spoke, that shall judge 49 'Οτι εγω εξ αυτον εν τη εσχατη ήμερα. in the last day. Because ľ from εμαυτου ουκ ελαλησα· αλλ' δ πεμψας με πατηρ but the having sent me father not spoke; μοι εντολην εδωκε, τι ειπω και τι me a commandment gave, what I should say and what αυτος λαλησω. 50 και οιδα, ότι $\mathring{\eta}$ ϵ ντολη αυτον ζωη I should speak; and I know, that the commandment of him life 'Α ουν λαλω εγω, καθως ειρηαιωνιος εστιν. What therefore say age-lasting is. has spoκε μοι δ πατηρ, ούτω λαλω. ken to me the father, so I speak.

КЕФ. ιγ. 13.

1 Προ δε της έορτης του πασχα, ειδως δ Ιη-Before and the feast of the passover, knowing the Jeσους, ότι εληλυθεν αύτου ἡ ώρα, ίνα μεταβη was come of himself the hour, that he should depart του κοσμού τουτού προς τον πατέρα, out of the world this to the father, αγατησας τους ιδιους τους εν τω κοσμώ, εις those in the world, having luved the own 2 Και δειπνου γενοτελος ηγαπησεν αυτους. an end he loved them. And supper being

of the RULERS also believed into him, ‡ but because of the PHARISEES they did not confess him, so that they might not be put out of the synagogues.

43 ‡ For they loved the GLORY of MEN more than

the GLORY of GOD.

44 But Jesus cried out and said, "He believing into me, believes not into me, but into him who sent me;

45 and the beholding me, beholds him who sent

me.

46 ‡# have come a Light into the WORLD, so that * HE BELIEVING into me may not abide in DARK-NESS.

47 And if any one hear, and * keep not My words, I do not judge him; I for I came not that I might judge the world, but that I might save the world.

48 HE REJECTING me, and receiving not my words, has that which Judges him; ‡ the word which I spoke, that will judge him in the LAST Day.

49 Because ‡ I spoke not from myself; but the FA-THER who SENT me, he *has given me a Commandment, what I should enjoin, and what I should speak;

50 and I know That his COMMANDMENT is aionian Life. What things E speak, therefore, as the father has told me, so I speak."

CHAPTER XIII.

1 Now Jesus knowing before the Frast of the Passover, That His Hour was come, that he should depart out of this world tothe father, having loved those his own who were in the world, he loved them to the End.

2 And as Supper was pre-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. HE BELIEVING.

^{47.} keep not.

^{49.} has given me.

μενου, (του διαβολου ηδη βεβληκοτος εις την (the accuser already having put into the καρδιαν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτου, ίνα αυτον Judaa of Simon Iscariot, heart that παραδώ,) 3 ειδως δ Ιησους, δτι παντα δεδωκεν he might betray,) knowing the Jesus, that all things had given αυτφ δ πατηρ εις τας χειρας, και ότι απο θεου him the father into the hands, and that from εξηλθε, και προς τον θεον ύπαγει· 4 εγειρεται God he goes: he came out, and to the εκ του δειπνου, και τιθησι τα ίματια, και λαand puts off the mantles, and having from the supper, 5 Ειτα βαλλει βων λεντιον, διεζωσεν έαυτον. girded himself. taken a towel, Afterward he puts ύδωρ εις τον νιπτηρα, και ηρξατο νιπτειν τους water into the wash-basiu, and began to wash the ποδας των μαθητων, και εκμασσειν τω λεντιω feet of the disciples, and to wipe with the towel 6 Ερχεται ουν προς ην διε (ωσμενος. with which he was having been girded. He comes then to Σιμωνα Πετρον και λεγει αυτφ εκεινος Κυριε, Peter; and says to him O lord, he: συ μου νιπτεις τους ποδας; 7 Απεκριθη Ιησους feet? thou of me washest the Answered Jesus 'Ο εγω ποιω, συ ουκ και ειπεν αυτω. οιδας What I said to him. do, thou not knowest $8 \Lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ αυτφ αρτι, γνωση δε μετα ταυτα. now, thou shalt know but after these things. Says to him Πετρος. Ου μη νιψης τους ποδας μου εις Peter. Not not thon mayest wash the feet of me into τον αιώνα. Απ κριθη αυτ ϕ δ Ιησους: Εαν μ η the age. Answered him the Jesus; If not νιψω σε, ουκ εχεις μερος μετ' εμου. 9Λ€↑€ I may wash thee, not thou hast a part with me. Says αυτφ Σιμων Πετρος. Κυριε, μη τους ποδας μου to him Simon Peter; Olord, not the of me μονον, αλλα και τας χειρας, και την κεφαλην. the hands, and the alone, but also 10 Δεγει αυτώ δ Ιησους. to him the Says χρειαν εχει η τους ποδας νιψασθαι, αλλ' $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ has than the feet to wash, but is και ύμεις καθαροι εστε, αλλ' καθασος όλος. wholly; and elean you clean are, 11 H $\delta \epsilon i$ $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\tau o \nu$ $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \delta i \delta o \nu \tau \alpha$ He knew for the betraying ουχι παν: es. all. δια τουτο ειπεν. Ουχιπαντες καθαροι αυτον° him; on account of this he said; Not

paring, the ENEMY having already put into the HEART of Judas Iscariot, son of Simon, that he should betrav him,

3 * he knowing ! That the FATHER had given him All things into his HANDS. and That he came out t from God, and was going to God,

4 rises from the SUPPER, and puts off his MANTLE, and taking a Towel girded

himself.

5 † Afterward he puts Water into the WASH-BA-SIN, and began to wash the FEET of the DISCIPLES, and to wipe them with the TOWEL with which he was girded.

6 Then he comes to Simon Peter; * he says to him, "Lord, dost thou

wash My FEET?"

7 Jesus answered and said to him, "What I am doing, thou knowest not now, but ‡ after this thou wilt know."

8 Simon Peter says to him, "Thou shalt not wash my FEET to the AGE." *He answered him; "Unless I wash thee, thou hast no PART with me."

9 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, not my FEET only, but also my HANDS

and my HEAD."

10 * Jesus says to him. +"HE who has been BATH-ING, has no need unless to wash his FEET, but is wholly clean; and t nou are clean, but not all."

11 For the knew wno was BETRAYING him; on this account he said, "You are not all clean."

 $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$.

6. he says.

8. He answered.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. he knowing. 10. Jesus.

^{† 5.} The washing of the feet in times of primitive simplicity was performed by the host T b. The washing of the feet in times of primitive simplicity was performed by the host or hostess to the guest, but afterwards it was committed to the servants, and therefore was accounted a servile employment. When David sent to Abigail, to inform her that he had chosen her for a wife, she arose and said,—"Behold, let thy handmaid be a servant, to wash the feet of the servants of my lord," I Sam. xxv. 41. At the time when our Lord performed this office, it was esteemed the office of the meanest slaves. This act plainly showed the humility and condescension of Jesus, and emphatically taught the same to his disciples. 110. It was customary for the Jews to bathe themselves (twice, according to some,) before eating the paschal supper. eating the paschal supper.

^{1 3.} Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 35; xvii. 2. 1 3. John xiii. 42; xvi. 28. ver. 12-17. 10. John xv. 8 - 111. John vi. 64.

ενιψε τους ποδας αυτων, και 12 'OT€ OUV of them, and When therefore he had washed the fees ελαβε τα ίματια αύτου, αναπεσων παλιν, ειπεν taken the mantles of himself, falling down again, he said αυτοις: Γινωσκετε τι πεποιηκα ύμιν; 13 Υμεις αυτοις. Γινωσκετε τι πεποιηκα ύμιν; Know you what I have done to you? φωνειτε με 'Ο διδασκαλος και δ κυριος και and the iord; me; The and teacher καλως λεγετε· ειμι γαρ. well you say; I am for. 14 Ει ουν εγω ενιψα If then ύμων τους ποδας, ό κυριος και ό διδασκαλος, the lord and the the feet, οφειλετε αλληλων νιπτειν τους ύμεις are bound of one another to wash 15 Υποδειγμα ίνα εδωκα ύμιν, ποδας. γαρ that An example for I gave to you, καθως εγω εποιησα ύμιν, και ύμεις ποιητε. you should do. to you, also did 16 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, ουκ εστι δουλος μειζων Indeed indeed I say to you, not is a slave greater του κυριου αύτου, ουδε αποστολος μειζων του greater of the of himself, nor a messenger of the lord 17 Ει ταυτα οιδατε, μακαριοι $\pi \in \mu \cup \alpha \nu \tau \circ s \ \alpha \upsilon \tau \circ \nu$. If these things you know, blessed him. seuding

18 Ου περι παντων Not about all εστε, εαν ποιητε αυτα. if you should do them. ύμων λεγω· εγω οιδα ούς εξελεξαμην· αλλ', I chose; but, Ispeak; I know whom ofyou ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη. " Ο τρωγων μετ €μου that the writing may be fulfilled; "He eating with me τον αρτον, επηρεν επ' εμε την πτερναν αύτου." heel of himself." lifted up against me the loaf, 19 Απ' αρτι λεγω ύμιν, προ του γενεσθαι, ίνα From now I say to you, before the to happen, that δτι εγω γενηται, πιστευσητε, EILL. δταν

it may happen, you may believe, that 20 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν. Ο λαμβανων εαν τινα Indeed indeed I say to you; He receiving if any one $\pi \in \mu \psi \omega$, $\in \mu \in \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \in \iota$ δ $\delta \in \mu \in \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \omega \nu$, I may send, me receives; he and me receiving,

λαμβανει τον πεμψαντα με. receives him having aent me.

²¹Ταυτα ειπων δ Ιησους εταραχθη τω πνευμα-These things saying the Jesus was troubled in the τι, και εμαρτυρησε, και ειπεν· Αμην αμην λεγω and testified, and said; Indeed indeed I say

ύμιν, ότι εις εξ ύμων παραδωσει με. to you, that one of you will betray me. 22 Εβλε-Looked σον * [ουν] εις αλληλους οί μαθηται, απορου-

the disciples, doubt-[then] to each other 23 Ην δε ανακειμένος μενοι περι τινος λεγει.

about whom he was speaking. Was now reclining

12 When, therefore, he had washed their FEET, and taken his MANTLE, reclining again he said to them, "Do you know what I have

done to you?
13 # Dou call me The TEACHER, and The LORD; and you say well; for I am.

14 If # then, the LORD and the TEACHER, have washed Your FEET, you ought also to wash One another's FEET.

15 For ‡ I have given you an Example, that, as # have done to you, so you

should do.

16 Indeed, I assure you, ta Servant is not greater than his LORD, nor an Apostle greater than HE who sent him.

17 ‡ If you know These things, happy are you if

you do them.

am.

18 I am not speaking about all of you; I know * whom I chose; but that the SCRIPTURE may be fulfilled, t'HE that EATS * ' My BREAD, lifted up his 'HEEL against me.'

19 I tell you now, before it occurs, that when it occurs you may believe That I am he.

20 Indeed, I assure you THE who RECEIVES one whom I send receives Me; ard HE who RECEIVES Me receives HIM who SENT me."

21 Having said these things *Jesus was troubled in his spirit, and testified, and said, "Indeed I assure you, That one of you will deliver me up."

22 Thedisciples looked one on another, doubting of whom he spoke.

23 † Now there was re

18. My BREAD. 21. Jesus

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. same I chose. 22. Then-omit.

^{† 23.} As two or more lay on one couch, each resting on his left elbow, with his feet sloping away from the table towards the back of the couch, he that turned his back on his next neighbor was said to be lying in his bosom. This position made it easy for John to speak to Jesus in a whisper which could not be heard by the other disciples.—S. Sharpe.

εις εκ των μαθητων αυτου εν τω κολπω του one of the disaples of him in the bosom of the Iησου, δν ηγαπα δ Ιησους. 24 Νευει συν τουτω $_{\rm Jcsus}$, whom loved the Jesus. Nods then to him $_{\rm Jcsus}$ Πετρος, $_{\rm πυθε}$ εσθαιτις αν ειη περι οδ Simon Peter, to ask who it might he concerning of whom $_{\rm λεγει}$. 25 Επιπεσων δε εκεινος επι το στηθος

λεγει. ²⁵ Επιπεσων δε εκεινος επι το στηθος he speaks. Falling and he on the breast

²⁶ Αποκρινεται δ Ιησους. Εκεινος εστιν, ω Αιιώνετες the Jesus, He it is, to whom εγω βαψας το ψωμιον επιδωσω. Και εμβαψας

εγω βαψας το ψωμιον επιοωσω. Και εμβαψας I having dipped to ψωμιον, διδωσιν Ιουδα Σιμωνος Ισκαριωτη. the little piece, he gives to Judas of Simon lecariot.

That $\mu \in \tau \alpha$ to $\psi \omega \mu \iota \circ \nu$, $\tau \circ \tau \in \epsilon \iota \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \in \nu$ and after the little piece, then entered into him

the adversary. Says then to him the Jesus, What $\pi o \iota \epsilon \iota s$, $\pi o \iota \eta \sigma \sigma \nu$ $\tau \alpha \chi \iota \sigma \nu$. This for $\eta \circ \iota s$ thou duest, do thou

εγνω των ανακειμενων προς τι ειπει αυτω.

knew of those reclining with why he said to him.

Tives γαρ εδοκουν, επει το γλωστοκομον Some for thought, seeing that the hox

ειχεν δ Ιουδας, ότι λεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Αγοhad the Judas, that says to him the Jesus: Buy
ρασον ῶν χρειαν εχομεν εις την έορτην. η τοις
what things need we have for the teat; or to the $\pi \tau \omega \chi$ oις $\nu \omega$ τι δω. $\nu \omega$ Λαβων ουν το
μου that something he should give Having taken then the
ψωμιον εκείνος, ευθεως εξηλθεν ην δε νυξ.

 51 Ότε εξηλθε, λεγει δ Ιησους. Νυν εδοξασθη When he went out, says the Jesus; Just now was glorified δ vios του ανθρωπου, και δ θεος, εδοξασθη εν the son of the man. and the God. was glorified in α_{17} τ_ν. 32 * [Ει δ θεος εδοξασθη εν αυτφ,] και 12 *

he, immediately went out; it was and night.

itf the God was glorified in him,] δ θεος δοξαπει αυτον εν έαυτφ, και ευθυs the God will glority hım to himself. and immediately 33 Τεκνια, αυτον. $\mu \in \theta$ δοξασει. ETI μικρον willglority lum. Ohttlechildren, yet a tittle with

will right him. Obtile children, yet a little with have είμι. Ζητησετε με και καθως είπον τοις του 1 είμ. Υου will seek me, and as I said to the loudanois. Ότι ὑπου εγω ὑπαγω, ὑιιεις ου

Jews. That where I go, you not

clining on the Bosom of JESUS ‡ one of his DISCI-PLES, whom * Jesus loved

PLES, whom * Jesus loved. 24 To him, therefore, Simon Peter nods, * and says to him, "Inquire who it is of whom he is speaking."

25 And he, *leaning back on the BREAST of Jesus, says to him, "Lord, who is

it?"

26 *Then Jesus answers, "De tits, *for whom I shall dip a LITTLE PIECE and give it to him." Then having dipped the LITTLE PIECE, he took and gave it to *Judas, the son of Simon Iscariot.

27 ‡ And after the LIT-TLE PIECE, then the AD-VERSARY entered into him. * Jesus, therefore, says to him "What thou doest, do

quickly."

28 No one of those RE-CLINING knew for what he

said this to him.

29 For some thought, seeing that *Judas had the Box, That *Jesus said to him, "Buy what things we need for the FEAST;" or, that he should give something to the POOR.

30 De, therefore, having taken the LITTLE PIECE, immediately went out. And it was Night.

out. And it was Night.

31 When, therefore, he went out, *Jesus says,
‡"Just now was the son of MAN glorified, and ‡Gop was glorified by him.

32 * * [If God be glorified by him,] God will also glorify him by himself, and he will immediately glorify him.

33 My Children, yet a little while I am with you. You will seek me, and ‡ as I said to the Jews, 'That where # am going, nou

^{*}Vatical Manuscrift.—23 Jesus. 24. and says to him. "Inquire who it is of whom. 25. leaning back on the bereast of Jesus. 26. Then Jesus. 26. for whom I shall dip relittle fire and give it to him. Then having dipped the etitle fire, he took and vave. 27. Jesus. 28. now-omit. 29. Judas. 20. Jesus says to him. 31. Jesus. 32. If God he glorified by him.—omit.

^{† 23.} John xix. 26; xx. 2; xx1. 7, 20, \$4. † 27. Luke xxit. 3; John vi. 70. † 29. John xii. 6. † 31. John xii. 23. † 31. John xiv. 18, 1 Pet. iv. 11. † 83. John xvii. 1, 4. † 53. John xii. 1, 53. John xii. 1, 54. vii. 11. j.

34 EVT0δυνασθε ελθειν· και ύμιν λεγω αρτι. to come; even to you I say now. A comλην καινην διδωμι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε αλληmandment new I give to you, that you may love each κωθως ηγαπησα ύμας, ίνα και ύμεις also Iloved you, that you 35 Εν τουτφ γνωσονται αγαπατε αλληλους. each other. Ву this will know might love παντες, ότι εμοι μαθηται εστε, εαν αγαπην all, that to me disciples you are, if love εχητε εν αλληλοις. 36 Λεγει αυτώ Σιμων Πε-Says to him Simon Peyou have in each other. τρος Κυριε, που ύπαγεις ; Απεκριθη *[αυτω] δ ter; Olord, where goest thou? Answered [him] the Ιπσους. Όπου ύπαγω, ου δυνασαι μοι νυν ακο-Where I go, not thou art able me now ύστερον δε ακολουθησεις *[μοι.] λουθησαι. afterwards but thou shalt follow [me.] 37 Λεγει αυτώ Πετρος. Κυριε, διατι ου δυναμαι Says to him Peter; Olord, why not I am able

Says to him Peter; Olord, why not I am able σ ol akoloudhoal art; the life of me in behalf cou through θ ow. As $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are the life of me in behalf crov through $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ and $\lambda = 0$ are $\lambda = 0$ a

Life of the einbehalf of the wilt thou lay down? Indeed indeed 1 say σ or or $\mu\eta$ a $\lambda \in \kappa \tau \omega \rho$ $\phi \omega \nu \eta \sigma \in \mathcal{C}$, $\varepsilon \omega s$ or $\varepsilon \omega \tau \alpha \rho \nu \eta \sigma \eta$ to the enothor a cock will crow, till not thou wilt deny $\mu \in \tau \rho(s)$.

me thrice.

ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14.

¹ Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια· πιστευετε Not let be troubled of you the heart; believe you 2 Eν τη ειι τον θεον, και εις εμε πιστευετε.
into the God, and into me believe you. the In οικιά του πατρος μου μοναι πολλαι εισιν. ει δε house of the father of me dwellings many are; Πορευομαι έτοιμασαι ειπον αν ύμιν. $\mu\eta$, I would have told you. I am going to prepare τοπον ύμιν· 3 και εαν πορευθω, και έτοιμασω if I should go, and should prepare a place for you; and ύμιν τοπον, παλιν ερχομαι, και παραληψομαι for you a place, again I am coming, and will receive ύμας προς εμαυτην ίνα όπου ειμι εγω, και myself; so that where 8111 also to 4 Και δπου εγω ύπαγω οιδατε, 'ύμεις ητε. you may be. And where am going you know, *[$\kappa \alpha i$] $\tau \eta \nu$ $\delta \delta \sigma \nu$ † $\sigma i \delta \omega \tau \epsilon$ vou know. 5 Λεγει αυτφ Θω-Says to him Thoμας· Κυριε, ουκ οιδαμεν που ύπαγεις; * [και] mas; Olord, not we know where chow art going? [and]

cannot come,' I now also say to you.

S4 ‡ A new Commandment I give to you, That you love each other; as I loved you, that nou also should love each other.

35 ‡ By this, all will know That you are My Disciples, if you have Love for each other."

36 Simon Peter says to him, "Lord, where art thou going?" *Jesus answered, "Where I am going, thou caust not follow me now; but ‡ thou shalt follow afterwards."

37 Peter says to him, "Lord, why cannot I follow theenow? ‡I will lay down my life in behalf of thee."

38 *Jesus answers him, "Wilt thou lay down thy LIFE in my behalf? Indeed, I assure thee, † The Coek will not crow till thou wilt disown me three times.

CHAPTER XIV.

I ‡ Let not your HEART he troubled; believe into God, and believe into Mc.

2 In my FATHER'S HOUSE are many Dwellings; but if not, I would have told *you; Because I am going to prepare a Place for you.

3 AndifIgo and prepare a Place for you, ‡ I am coming again, and will receive you to myself, so that ‡ where # am nou also may be.

4 And where I am going you know the way."

5 Thomas says to him, "Lord, we know not where thou art going; * how do we know the WAY?"

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. Jesus. 36. him—omit. 36. me—omit. 38. Jesus answers. 2. you; Because I. 4. and—omit. 5. and—omit. 5. how do we know the war.

^{† 38.} See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. † 4. Tischendorf omits the second oidate, on the authority of several ancient MSS, and versions. The connection seems to indicate that it ought to be excluded from the text.

^{† \$4.} John xv. 12, 17; Eph. v. 2; 1 Thess. iv. 9; James ii. 8; 1 Pet. i. 22; 1 John ii. 7, 8; iii* 11 25; iv. 21. † 35. I John ii. 5; iv. 20. † 36. John xxi. 18; 2 Pet. i. 14 † 37* Matt xxvi. 33—35; Matk xiv. 29—31; Luke xxii. 23, 24. † 1. ver 27. † 3. ver. 18, 23-3. John xii. 26; xvii. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 17*

πως δυναμεθα την όδον ειδεναι; 6 Λεγει αυτφ ό how are wealthe the way to know? Says to him the Inσους. Εγω ειμι ή όδος, και ή αληθεια, και ή Jesus; I um the way, and the truth, and the ζωη· ουδεις ερχεται προς τον πατερα, ει μη δί life; moone comes to the father, if notthrough ⁷Ει εγνωκειτε με, και τον πατερα μου If you had knum me, also the father of me εγνωκειτε αν *[και] απ' αρτι γινωσκετε youwoullhaveknown; [and] from now you know αυτον, και έωρακατε αυτον. ⁸Λεγει αυτω and have seen hien. Says to him Φιλιππος Κυριε, δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα, και Philip; Olord, show to us the father, and ⁹ Λεγει αυτώ δ Ιησους. Τοσουτον Sers to him the Jesus; So long αρκει ήμιν. Misenoughforus. χρονον μεθ ύμων ειμι, και ουκ εγνωκας με, at time with you am l, and not knowest thou me, Φιλιππε; Ο έωρακως εμε, έωρακε τον πατερα· O Philip? He having seen was, has seen the father; *[και] πως συ λεγεις. Δειξον ήμιν τον πατερα;
[and] how thou sayest; Show to us the father? 10 Ου πιστευεις, ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και ό Not believest thou, that I is the father, and the πατηρ $\epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \mu o \iota$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$; Τα δηματα α $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ λαλω father in me is? The words which I speak ύμιν, απ' εμαυτου ου λαλω δ δε πατηρ, δ εν to you, from myself, not I speak; the but father, he in εμοι μενων, αυτος ποιειτα εργα. 11 Πιστευετε me abiding, he does the works. You believe μοι, ότι εγω εν τω πατρι, και δ πατηρ εν εμοι, me, because I in the father, and the father in me, ει δε μη, δια τα εργα αυτα πιστευετε μοι.

if but not, on account of the works themselves believe me. 12 Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, δ πιστευων εις εμε, fadeed indeed I speak to you, he believing into me, τα εργα ά εγω ποιω, κακείνος ποιησεί, και the works which I also he shall do, and μειζονα τουτων ποιησει ότι εγω προς τον greater of these shall be do; because I to the πατερα μου πορευομαι, 13 και δ, τι αν αιτησηfather of me surgoing, and what, any thing you may ask τε εν τφ ονοματι μου, τουτο ποιησω· ίνα in the name of me, this I will do; that δυξασθη δ πατηρ εν τω υίφ. 14 Εαν τι αιτηmay be glorified the father in the son. lfanything you σητε εν τφ ονοματι μου, εγω ποιησω. 15 Εαν may ask in the name of me, αγαπατε με, τας εντολας τας εμας τηρησατε. you love me, the commandments the mine keep you; 16 και εγω ερωτησω τον πατερα, και αλλον

the

will nok

6 JESUS says to him, "H war, and the war, and the truth, and the Life. No one comes to the father, except by me.

7 If you had known me you would have known my FATHER; and from this time you know him, and have seen him."

8 Philip says to him, "Lord, show us the FA-THER, and it is enough for us."

9 Jesus says to him, "So long a Time am I with you, and dost thou not know me, Philip? He HAVING SEEN He has seen the eathers; how sayest thou, Show us the father?

10 Dost thou not believe That # am in the father, and the father is in me? The words which # speak to you, ‡I speak not from myself; and that father * abiding in me, \$p\$ does the works.

11 Believe me, because fam in the father, and the father in me; but if not, on account of * his works believe me.

12 Indeed, I assure you, HE BELLEVING into me, the WORKS which I do shall he do also; and greater than these shall he do, Because I am going to *the FATHER;

13 tand whatever you may ask in my name, this I will do; so that the Father may be glorified in the son.

14 If you ask * anything

in my name, this I will do.

15 ‡ If you love me, *you will keep MY COMMAND-MENTS;

all and I will ask the nother FATHEE, and the will give

and

father,

^{*} Varican Manuscrift.—7. and -omit. 9. and—omit. 10. dwells in me, does his works. 12. the rather. 14. ask me anything in my name, this E will do. 15. you will keep.

^{† 6.} Heb. ix. 8. † 6. John i. 17; viii. 32. † 6. John i. 4; xi. 25. † 10. John v. 10; vii. 16; viii. 23; xil. 49. † 12. Matt. xxi. 21; Mark xvi. 17; Luke x. 17. † 13. Matt vii. 7; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; Luke xi. 9; John xv. 7, 16; xvi. 23, 24; James i. 5; 1 John iii 22; v. 14. † 15. ver. 21, 23; xv. 10, 14; 1 John v. 3. † 16. John xv. 26; yvi. 7; Ropa viil. 15. 26.

παρακλητον δωσει ύμιν, ίνα μενη μεθ' ύμων belper' be will give to you, that he may abide with you 'eis' τον αιώνα: $^{-17}$ το πνευμα της αληθείας, δ δ min the age; the spirit of the truth, which the κοσμος ου δυναται λαβειν, ότι ου θεωρει αυτο, οτι παρ' ύμιν μενει, Kal ev ύμιν € oral. you, it abides, because with and in you it will be. 18 Ουκ αφησω ύμας ορφανους. ερχομαι προς Not I will leave you I am coming to orphans;

19 Ετι μικρον, και δ κοσμος με ουκετι ùμας. alittle, and the world me no more Yet θεωρει ύμεις δε θεωρειτε με ότι εγω ζω, και you but behold me; because I live, ciso ύμεις ζησεσθε. 20 Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα γνωσεσθε dey you shall live. la that the shall know ύμεις, ότι εγω εν τφ πατρι μου, και ύμεις εν you, because I in the father of me, and you in 21 'Ο εχων τας ευτολας εμοι, καγω εν ύμιν. He having the commandments me, and I in you. μου, και τηρων αυτας, εκεινος εστιν δ. αγαπων of me, and keeping them, is he loving that με ό δε αγαπων με, αγαπηθησεται ύπο του me; he and loving me, shall be leved by the Kal eyw πατρος μού αγαπησω αυτον, KAL bas will love him, of me; and father εμφανισω αυτφ εμαυτον.

will manifest to him myself.

²² Λεγει αυτώ Ιουδας (ουκ δ Ισκαριωτης.)
Says to him Judes (not the Iscariot.)

Κυριε, και τι γεγονεν, ότι ήμιν μελλεις εμφα-Olord, and how has it happened, that to us thou are about to maniνιζειν σεαυτον, και ουχιτφ κοσμφ; ²³ Απεκριθη fest thyself, and not to the world? Answered Ιησους και είνεν αυτφ. Εαν τις αγαπά με,

Jesus and said to him; It asyone love me, TOV. LOYOV HOU THOMOTEL! Kat & WATHO HOU the word of me he will keep; and the father of me

αγαπησει αυτον, και προς αυτον ελευσομεβα, will love him, and to him we will come, και μονην παρ' αυτφ ποιησομεν. 24 'Ο μη

каг цогпр. жар' αυτφ ποιησομέν. and adwelling with him we will make. He not αγάπων με, τους λογούς μου ου τηρει και δ of me not will keep; and the loving me, the words λογος δυ ακουετε, ουκ εστιν εμος, αλλα του is mise, but of the

word which you hear, not is mine, but of the πεμψαντος με πατρος. ²⁵ Ταυτα λελαληκα ending mo father. These things I have spoken

ύμιν, παρ' ύμιν μενων ²⁶ δ δε παρακλητος, το to you, with you abiding; the bat helper, the πνευμα το αγιον. δ πεμψει δ πατηρ εν τω

πνευμα το αγιον, δ πεμψει δ πατηρ εν τφ spirit the boly, which will send the father in the

you Another Helper, that he may * be with you to the Age;

17 the SPIRIT OF TRUTH, 1 which the WORLD cannot receive, Because it beholds it not, nor knows it; but gou know it; Because it abides with you, ‡ and * will be in you.

be in you.

18 I will not leave you Orphans; I am coming to

you.

19 Yet a little while, and the world beholds me no more? but you behold me; †Because E livo you also shall live.

20 In That DAY you shall know That I am in my FATHER, and non in nic, and I in you.

21 THE who has my commandments, and obscress them, that is he who loves me; and he who loves he shall be loved by his pattern and

loved by my FATHER; and will love him, and will manifest myself to him."
22 Judas says to him, (not the ISCARIOT,)' Lord, what has occurred, That thou art about to manifest.

thyself to us, and not to

23 Jesus answered and said to him, to I fany one love me, he will observe my word; and my farmer will love him; and we will come to him, and make an Abode with him.

24 Hg who loves me not, observes not my words; and the word which you hear is not mine, but that of the father, who sent me.

25 These things I have; spoken to you, while abiding with you.

26 But the HELPER, the HOLY SPIRIT, which the PAIHER will send in my NAME, that teach

^{*}Vatican Manuscrift.—16. be with you.

17. John xv. 20. xvi. 13; 1 John iv. 6.

17. 1 Cor. ii. 14.

17. 1 Cor. xv. 20.

17. 20. 1 Cor. xv. 20.

ονοματι μου, εκεινος ύμας διδαξει παντα, και name of me, that you will teach all things, and ὑπομνησει ύμας παντα ἁ ειπον ύμιν.
will remind you all things which I told you.

²⁷ Ειρηνην αφιημι ύμιν, ειρηνην την εμην Peace I leave to you, peace the mine lleave to you, peace διδωμι ύμιν ου καθως ό κοσμος διδωσιν, εγω I give to you; not as the world gives, διδωμι ύμιν. Μη ταρασσεσθω ύμων ή καρδια Not let be troubled ω . 23 H K O ω 23 H K M ω 23 H K M ω 23 H K M M ω $^$ give to you. $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$ $\delta\epsilon$ $i\lambda i\alpha\tau\omega$. let it be afraid. ύμιν 'Υπαγω, και ερχομαι προς ύμας. Eι If ηγαπατε με, εχαρητε αν, ότι πορευομαι προς you loved me, you would rejoice, that I am going to τον πατερα ότι ό πατηρ μου μειζων μου εστι. the father; because the father of me greater of mo

²⁹ Και νυν ειρηπα ύμιν πριν γενεσθαι, ίνα όταν Απα ποιν Ι have told you before it happens, so that when γενηται, πιστευσητε. it happens, you may believe. No more much ℓ will speak with you. ℓ before it happens, so that when ℓ it happens, you may believe. No more much ℓ will speak with you. Is coming for he of the world ruling, και εν εμοι ουκ εχει ουδεν. ℓ Αλλ ℓ ίνα γνω and in me not has nothing. But that may know ℓ κοσμος, ότι αγαπω τον πατερα, και καθως the world, that I love the father, and as ℓ ενετειλατο μοι ℓ πατηρ, ούτω ποιω.

commanded me the father. so I do;

εγειρεσθε, αγωμεν εντευθεν. ΚΕΦ. ιε'. 15.

let us go from this place. arise you. Ι Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος ή αληθινη, και ό πατηρ μου am the vine the true, and the father of me 2 Παν κλημα εν εμοι μη γεωργος εστι. 45 Every branch in me not the vine-dressor ia. φερον καρπον, αιρει αυτο· και παν το καρπον bearing fruit, he takes away it; and every one the fruit φερον, καθαιρει αυτο, ίνα πλειονα καρπον φερη. bearing, he cleanses it, that more fruit it may bear. ³ Ηδη ύμεις καθαροι εστε, δια τον λογον, όν are, through the word, Already you clean 4 Μεινατε εν εμοι, καγω εν λελαληκα ύμιν. me, I have spoken to you. Ahide you in and l ύμιν. Καθως το κλημα ου δυναται καρπον As the branch not is able vou. φερειν αφ' έαυτου, εαν μη μεινη εν τη αμπελώ. of itself, if not it may abide in the to bear ούτως ουδε ύμεις, εαν μη εν εμοι μεινητε. 0 5 Εγω ειμι ή αμπελος, ύμεις τα κληματα.

you

the

You all things, and remind you of all things which I said to you.

27 Peace * F leave to you; MY Peace I give to you; not as the WORLD gives, do F give to you. Let not Your neart be troubled, nor let it be afraid.

28 You heard That I said to you, I am going away and I am coming to you. If you loved me, you would rejoice, That I am going to the FATHER; Because I my FATHER is greater than I.

29 And now I have told you before it occurs, so that when it occurs, you may

believe.

30 I will not speak much more with you; ‡ for the † RULER of the WORLD is coming, and has nothing in

31 But that the WORLD may know That I love the FATHER, and that as \$ the FATHER commanded me, even so I do; arise, let us go hence.

CHAPTER XV.

I Ham the TRUE VINE, and my FATHER is the VINE-DRESSER.

2 Every Branch in me not bearing Fruit, he takes away; and every one bearing fruit, he prunes it, thatitmay bear More Fruit.

3 1 Dou are already clean through the word which I have spoken to you.

4 ‡ Abide in me, and # in you. As the BRANCH cannot bear fruit of itself, if it abide not in the VINE, so neither can nou, unless you abide in mc.

5 H am the VINE, you are the BEANCHES. HE

am the vine,

branches.

Lie

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. H leave.

^{† 30.} Some say the ruler of this world means Satan; some, the Roman government; others, the Jewish kierarchy and magistracy; but Wakefield, in his translation, thinks that Christ here speaks of himself; (as he does in chap. xii. 30, and xvi. 11,) not of what he then was, but of what he shall be, when he comes agaix. He translates this clause as follows:—"For the ruler of this world is coming; and I have nothing now to do, but to convince the world that I love the Father, and do as he commanded me."

^{128.} John v. 18; x. 30; Phil. ii. 6. † 30. John xii. 20; xvi. 11. † 31. John x. 18; Phil. ii. 8; Heb. v. 3. † 3. John xiii. 10; xvii. 17; Eph. v. 26; 1 Pet. i. 22. † 4. Col. 23; 1 John ii. 6.

μενων εν εμοι, καγω εν αυτιο, ούτος φερει καρaviding in me, and in him, this bears firsts
πον πολινο ότι χωρις εμου ου δυνασθε ποιειν
much; because apart from me not you are able to do

much: because apart from me not you are able to do

ο. δεν. δεαν μη τις μεινη εν εμοι, εβληθη

nothing. If not any one may abide in me, he is east

εξω, δε το κλημα, και εξηρανθη και συναγου
eut, like the branch, and is withered; and they gather

σιν αυτα, και εις πυρ βαλλουστι, και καιεται;

them, and into afre they east, and it is burned.

Εαν μεινητε εν εμοι και τα δηματα μου εν If youabide in me and the words of me is υμιν μεινη, δ εαν θελητε † αιτηπεσθει, και γου may slide, whatever youn... wish you shallook, and γενησεται ύμιν. Εν τουτω εδοξασθη ό πατηρ it shall be for you. In this was glorified the father

μου, ένα καρπου πολυυ φερητε, και γενηπεσθε of ue, that fruit much you might bear, and you shall be 9 Καθως ηγαπησε με δ πατηρ, εμοι μαθηται. asserples. As Loved me the father, kayw nyannaa buas metrate er th ayann th the 10 Εαν πας εντολας μου πηρησητε, με-Eun. If the commanuments of me you may keep, you mine. ν ιτε εν τη αγαπη μου καθως εγω τας εντολας will abide in the love of me; as i the commandments του πατρος μου τετηρηκα, και μενω αυτου εν of the father of me have kept, and abide ef bira τη αγαπη.

he love.

11 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα ή χαρα ή εμη εν
that the love the mine in These things I have spoken to you, that the joy the mine in έμιν μεινη, και ή χαρα ύμων πληρωθη. 🗈 Αυτη you may abide, and the joy of you may he fulfilled. εστιν ή εντολη ή εμη, ίνα αγαπατε αλληλους, is the commandweathenine, that you love e alws ηγαπητα ύμας. ¹³ Μειζονα each ather, καθως TauTHS Ploved you. Greates cothis. αγαπην ουδεις εχει, ένα τις την ψυχην αύτου no one has, that any one the life of himself 14 THEIS ύπερ των φιλων αύτου. may lay down in behalf of the friends of himself. You φιλοι μου εστε, εαν ποιητε δσα εγω εντελkiends of mo are, if you may no una. δουλους.

Τουλ είαιος; No more you you. ότι ό δουλος ουκ οιδε τι ποιει αυτου ό κυριος. because the slave not knowswhat does of him the hord; ύμας δε ειρηκα φιλους, ότι παντα ά ηκουσα you but I have called friends, because allthings which I heard 36 OUX παρα του πατρος μου, εγνωρισα ύμιν. of me, I made known to you. Not from the father ύμεις με εξελεξασθε, αλλ εγω εξελεξαμην did shoose, y.014 me chose

who ABIDES in me, and E in him, he ‡ bears much Fruit; Because severed from me you can do nothing.

6 If any one abide not in me, he is cast out like the BEANCH, and is withered; and such are gathered, and cast into a Fire, and are bursed.

7 ‡ If you abide in me, and my words abide in you, ask whatever you wish, and it shall be given you.

8 : In this is my rathen glorified, that you bear much Fruit, and you shall be My Disciples.

9 As the FATUER loved me, and X loved you, abide in my love.

10 ‡ If you observe my commandments, youshall abide in my love; as K have observed * the father's commandments, and abide in His love.

Il These things I have spoken to you, that my jou *may be in you, and tyour soy may be completed.

19 I This is MY COM-MANDMENT, That you love each other, as I loved you.

13 ! No one has greater Love than this, that one should lay down his life to behalf of his friends.

14 ‡ Pou are my Friends if you do what things £ command you.

35 No more I can you Servants; Because the servant knows not what His master does; but I have called Yon Friends, Because all things which I heard from my father I made known to you.

16 Pou did not choose Me, but I chose you, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. the FATHER'S.

^{11.} be in you.

^{† 7.} Griesbach favors the reading, aiteesasthe instead of aiteesesthe; which is adopted by lachmann and Tischendorf.

^{† 5.} Phil. i. 11; iv. 13. † 7. ver. 16; John xiv. 13, 14; xvi. 23. † 8. Matt. v. 10; Phil. i. 11. † 10. John xiv. 15, 21, 23. † 11. John xvi. 24; xvii. 13; 1 John i. 4; 12. John xiii. 34; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 Pet. iv. 8; 1 John iii. 11; iv. 21. † 13. John x. 11, 152 Lom. v. 7, 8; Eph. v. 2; 1 John iii. 16. † 14. John xiv. 16, 23; Matt. xii. 29.

ύμας, και $\epsilon \theta \eta$ κα ύμας, ένα ύμεις ύπαγητε και you, and appointed you, that you might go and καρπον φερητε, και δ καρπος ύμων μενη ένα fruit might bear, and the fruit of you might abide; so that δ, τι αν αιτησητε τον πατερα $\epsilon \nu$ τω ονοματι whatever you may ask the father in the name μου, $\delta \omega$ ύμιν.

of me, he may give to you. 17 Ταυτα εντελλομαι ύμιν, ίνα αγαπατε These things I command you, ληλους. ¹⁸ Ει δ κοσμος ύμας μισει, γενωσallnhous. If the world you each other. 19 E 1 κετε, ότι εμε πρωτον ύμων μεμισηκεν. know, that me before you it hashated. εκ του κοσμου ητε, δ κοσμος αν το ιδιον εφιof the world you were, the world would the own kiss, λει· ότι δε εκ του κοσμου ουκ εστε, αλλ' because but of the world not you are, but 1 εξελεξαμην ύμας εκ του κοσμου, δια τουτο chose you out of the world, on account of this 20 Μυημονευετε μισει ύμας δ κοσμος. you the world. Remember you ού εγω ειπον ύμιν. Ουκ εστι δο : .s λο γου, word, of which I said to you; Not μειζων του κυριου αύτου. Ει εμε εδιωζαν, και If methey persecuted, also greater of the lord of himself. ύμας διωξουσιν ει τον λογον μου ετηρησων, you they will persecute; if the word of me they kept, 21 Αλλα ταυτα και τον ύμετερον τηρησουσιν. also the yours they will keep. But these things παντα ποιησουσιν ύμιν δια το ονομα μου, they will do to you on account of the name of me, ότι ουκ οιδασι τον πεμψαντα με. because not they know him sending If me. not ηλθον και ελαλησα αυτοις, αμαρτιαν ουκ ειχον. I had came and spoken to them, not they had; sin νυν δε προφασιν ουκ εχουσι περι της άμαρτιας now but an excuse not they have about the sin3 Ο εμε μισων, και τον πατερα μου αυτων. of them, He me hating, also the father of me μισει. 24 Ει τα εργα, μη εποιησα εν αυτοις, α If the works, not I had done among them, which ουδεις αλλος πεποιηκέν, άμαρτιών ουκ ειχον. not they had; has done, sin νυν δε και έωρακασι, και μεμισηκασι και εμε now but even they have seen, and have hated both me 25 Αλλ', ίνα πληρωθη δ και τον πατερα μου. But, that may be fulfilled the and that father of me. λογος δ γεγραμμενος εν τω νομω αυτων "' Ότι word the having been written in the law of them; " That εμισησαν με δωρεαν."

²⁶ Οταν δε ελθη δ παρακλητος, δν εγω When butmay come the helper, whom I πεμψω ύμιν παρα του πατρος, (το πνευμα της will send to you from the father, (the spirit of the

appointed you, that nou may go and bear Fruit, and that your fruit may abide; so that whatever * you ask of the father in my NAME, he may give you.

17 These things I command you, so that you may

love each other.

18 ‡ If the WORLD hate You, you know That it has hated Me before you.

19 If you were of the WORLD, the WORLD would love its own; but Because you are not of the WORLD, but I chose you out of the WORLD, on this account the WORLD hates you.

20 Remember the Word which I said to you, 1'A Servant is not greater than his Master.' If they persecuted Me, they will also persecute You; if they observed my word they will also observe yours.

21 But tall These things they will do to you, on account of my NAME, Because they know not him who sent me.

22 If I had not come and spoken to them, they would not have had Sin; but now they have no Excuse for their SIN.

23 He who hates Me, hates my father also.

24 If I had not done among them the works which no other one had done, they would not have had Sin; but now they have even seen them, and yet have hated both me and my fathers.

25 Thus they verify THAT WORD which was WRITTEN in their LAW, ‡ 'They hated 'me without cause.'

26 ‡ But when the HELPER comes, whom E will send to you from the FATHER, the SPIRIT of

they hated me without cause."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. you ask.

^{† 18.} I John ili. 1, 13. † 10. John iv. 5; xvii. 14. † 20. Matt. x. 24; Luke vi. 40; John xiii. 10. † 21. Matt. x. 22; xxiv. 0; John xvi. 3. † 24. John ili. 2; vii. 3; \&x. 32. † 25. Psa. xxxv. 10. † 20. Luko xxiv. 49; John xiv. 17, 20; xvi. 7, 13; Acts ii. 33

αληθειας, δ παρα του πατρος εκπορευετα.,) shall come out,) which from the father ²⁷ Και ύμεις δε εκεινος μαρτυρησει περι εμου. will testify concerning me. Also you and

μαρτυρείτε, δτι $\alpha\pi$ αρχης $\mu\epsilon\tau$ shall testify, because from a beginning with εμου εστε. me you are.

КЕФ. is'. 16. ¹ Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ίνα μη These things I have spoken to you, that not

² Αποσυναγωγους ποιησουσιν $\sigma \kappa \alpha \nu \delta \alpha \lambda \iota \sigma \theta n \tau \epsilon$. From synagogues they will put you may be ensnared. ύμας αλλ' ερχεται ώρα, ίνα πας δ αποκτεινας

comes an hour, that every one the ύμας, δοξη λατρειαν προσφερειν τω eew.

you, may think a service to offer to the 3 Και ταυτα ποιησουσιν, ότι ουκ εγνωσαν τον And these things they will do, because not they know the

4 Αλλα ταυτα λελαληκα πατερα, ουδε εμε. But these things I have spoken me. μνημονευητε

iνα δταν ελθη η δρα, that when may come the bour, ύμιν, you may remember to you,

αυτων, δτι ϵ γω ϵ ιπον ύμιν. Ταυτα δε ύμιν ϵ ξ them, that I said to you. These things but to youfrom αρχης ουκ ειπον, ότι μεθ' ύμων ημην. 5 Nuv

a beginning not I said, because with you I was. δε ύπαγω προς τον πεμψαντα με, και ουδεις εξ to him having sent me, and no one of

Που ὑπαγεις; 6 Αλλ' ότι He. ύμων ερωτα But because Where goest thou? me; you asks

ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ή λυπη πεπληρωκεν hese things I have spoken to you, the sorrow has filled

7 Αλλ' εγω την αληθειαν ίμων την καρδιαν. But the heart.

λεγω ύμιν· συμφερει ύμιν, ίνα εγω απελθω. say toyou; it is better for you, that I should go away.

Εαν γαρ μη απελθω, δ παρακλητος ουκ ελευ-If for not I should go away, the helper not

σεται προς ύμας· εαν δε πορευθω, πεμψω αυτον if but Igo, I will send you; come to

8 Kal $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega \nu$ exelvos $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \xi \epsilon l$ $\tau o \nu$ And having come he will convict th. προς ύμας. And having come he κοσμον περι άμαρτιας, και περι δικαιοσυνης,

and concerning righteousness, world concerning sin, 9 Περι άμαρτιας μεν, και περι κρισεως.

Concerning sin indeed, because and concerning judgment. ου πιστευουσιν εις εμε· 10 περι δικαιοσυνης δε,

not they believe into me; concerning righteousness but, ότι προς τον πατερα μου ύπαγω, και ουκετι father of me I go away, and no more because to the

θεωρείτε με· 11 περι δε κρισεως, ότι δ αρχων behold me no more;

you behold me; concerning and judgment, because the ruling

TRUTH which comes forth from the father, he will testify of me.

27 And ‡ you also will testify, Because you are with me from the Begin-

ning.

CHAPTER XVI.

1 These things I have spoken to you, that you may not be ensnared.

2 † They will expel you from the synagogues; but an Hour is coming, when EVERY ONE Who KILLS you will think to offer Service

3 And tthese things they will do Because they know not the FATHER, nor me.

4 But These things I have spoken to you, so that. when * their HOUR comes you may remember them, That I told you. And these things I said not to you from the Beginning, Bccause I was with you.

5 And now 11 am going away to HIM who SENT mc; and no one of you asks me, 'Where art thou going?'

6 But Because I have said These things to you, sorrow has filled Your HEART.

7 But # tell you the TRUTH; It is better for you That I should go away; for if I go not away; I the HELPER will not come to you; but if I go I will send him to you.

8 And having come, he will convict the WORLD concerning Sin, and con-cerning Righteousness, and concerning Judgment;

9 concerning Sin, indeed, Because they believe not into me;

10 but concerning Righteousness, Because I am going to my FATHER, and you

11 and concerning Judg.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. their HOUR.

^{† 27.} Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 3, 21, 22; ii. 32; iii. 15; iv. 20, 33; v. 32; x. 30; xiii. 31; 1 Pe v. 1; 2 Pet. i. 10. † 2. John ix. 22, 34; xii. 42; viii. 1; ix. 1; xxvi. 9—11. † 3. . ohn xv. 21; Rom. x. 2; 1 Cor. ii. 8; 1 Tim. i. 13. * 5. ver. 10, 16; John vii. 33; xiii. 8; xi=. 28 † 7. John vii. 39; xiv. 16, 20; xv. 20.

του κοσμου τουτου κεκριται. 12 Ετι πολλα εχω 12 εκριται bethe world this has been judged. Yet mauythings I have $λεγειν \dot{ν}μιν$, αλλ' ου δυνασθε βασταζειν αρτι. 12 το say to you, but not you are able to bear now.

to bear now. 13 'Οταν δε ελθη εκεινος,
When but may come he, TO πνευμα THS ofthe the spirit αληθειας, όδηγησει ύμας εις πασαν την αληhe will lead you into all the truth. θειαν. Ου γαρ λελησει αφ' έαυτου, αλλ' όσα αν Not for he will speakfrom himself, but whatever ακουση, λαλησει, και τα ερχομενα αναγγελει he may hear, he will speak, and the things coming he will declare ύμιν. 14 Εκεινος εμε δαξασει, ότι εκ του εμου me will glorify, because out of the He ληψεται, και αναγγελει ύμιν. 15 Παντα όσα will declare to you. All things what he will take, and εχει δ πατηρ, εμα εστι. Δια τουτο ειπον, δτι has the father, mine is. On account of this I said, εκ του εμου λαμ, ανει, και αναγγελει ύμιν. tut of the mine hetakes, and declares to you. 16 Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτεμε και παλιν μικρον, A little while, and not you see me; and again alittle while, και οψεσθε με, *[ότι ὑπαγω προς τον πατερα.]
and you shall see me, [because lamguing to the father.] 17 Ειπον ουν εκ των μαθητων αυτου προς

then of the disciples ofhim αλληλους. Τι εστιτουτο δ λεγει ήμιν. Μικρον, each other; What is this which he says to us; A little while, και ου θεωρειτε με και παλιν μικρον, me; and again a little while, and and not you see ηψεσθε με και Ότι εγω ύπαγω προς τον you shall seeme; and; Because I am going to the πατερα; 13 Ελεγον ουν Τουτο τι εστιν δ They said therefore; This what is which λεγει, το μικρον; Ουκ οιδαμεν *[τι λαλει.]
he ways, the little while? Not we know [what he says.]

19 Εγνω δ Ιησους, δτι ηθελον αυτον ερωταν, Knew the Jesus, that they wished him και ειπεν αυτοις. Περι τουτου (ητειτε μετ' and said to them; Concerning this inquire you with αλληλων, δτι ειπον. Μικρον, και ου θεωρειτε each other, because I said; A little while, and not yousee με και παλιν μικρον, και οψεσθε με; Αμην rue; and again alittle while, and you shall see me? Indeed αμην λεγω ύμιν, ότι κλαυσετε και θρηνησετε indeed I say to you, that will weep and willlament ύμεις, δ δε κοσμος χαρητεται ύμεις *[δε] the but world will rejoi...; [and] you $λυπηθησεσθε, αλλ' <math>\mathring{r}$ $λυπη <math>\mathring{υ}μων$ εις will be sorrowful, but the sorrow of you into χαγαν joy 21 H youn δταν τικτη, λυπην $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$, γενησεται. The woman when she may bear, sorrow shall become. has,

ment, Because the RULER of this WORLD has been judged.

12 I have yet Many things to tell you, ‡ but you cannot bear them now.

13 But when he may come, ‡ the spirit of truth, he will lead you into * all the truth; for he will not speak from himself; he will speak whatever he may hear; and declare to you the COMING THINGS.

14 Me will glorify Me; Because he will take of MINE, and declare to you.

15 ‡ All things that the FATHER has are mine; on account of this I said, That out of MINE he takes, and will declare to you.

16 ‡ A little while, and you see me *no more, and again a little while, and you

will see me."

17 Then some of his DIS-CIPLES said to each other, "What is this he is saying to us, 'A little while, and you will see me not; and again a little while, and you will see me;' and, 'Because I am going to the FATHER?'"

18 They said, therefore, "What is this that he is saying, 'A * little while?"

We know not."

19 *Jesus knew That they wished to ask Ilim, and said to them, "Do you inquire one with another concerning this, Because I said, 'A little while, and you see me not, and again a little while, and you will see me?

20 Indeed, I assure you, That you will weep and hunent, but the WORLD will rejoice; you will be sorrewful, but your sorrow shall become Joy.

21 The Woman when she is in labor has Sorrow,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. all the TRUTH. going to the FATHER—omit.

18. little while.
20. and—omit.

^{16.} no more. 16. Because I am 18. what he says—omit. 19. Jesus.

^{† 11.} See Note on chap. xiv. 30.

δτι ηλθεν ή ώρα αυτης όταν δε γεννηση because has come the hour of her; when but she may have borne to παιδιον, ουκετι μνημονευει της θλιψεως, the child, no more she re-nembers of the distress, δια την χαραν, δτι εγεννηθη ανθρωπος είς τον κοσμον. 22 Και ύμεις ουν λυπην μεν νυν the world. And you therefore sortow indeed now εχετε παλιν δε οψομαι ύμας, και χαρησεται have; again but I will see you, and will be rejoiced ύμων ή καρδια, και την χαραν ύμων ουδεις οίγου the heart, and the joy of you no one ειρει αφ' ύμων. 23 και εν εκεινη τη ήμερα εμε takes from you; and in that the day mo συκ ερωτησετε ουδεν Αμην αμην λεγω ύμιν, not you will ask nothing; Indeed indeed I say to you, δτι ότα αν αιτησητε τον πατερα εν τω ενουματι that whatever you hoay ask the father in tho name of me, he will give to you. Till now not you asked ουδειν εν τω ονοματι μουν αιτειτε, και ληψεσθε, nothing in the name of me; ask you, and you shall receive, iva ή χαρα ύμων η πεπληρωμενη.

25 Ταυτα εν παροιμιαις λελαληκα ύμιν. These things in figures I have spoken to you; ερχεται ώρα, ότε ουκετι εν παροιμιαις λαλησω comes an hour, when no more in figures I will speak ύμιν, αλλα παρβησια περι του πατρος ανανtuyou, but plainly concerning the father 25 Εν εκεινη τη ήμερα εν τω ονο-In that the day in the name $\gamma \in \lambda \omega \ \text{ú} \mu \iota \nu$. In tell you. ματι μου αιτησεσθε· και ου λεγω ύμιν, ότι εγω of me you will ask; and not I say to you, that ερωτησω τον παιερα περι ύμων. 27 αυτος γαρ filleutreat the father concerning you; himself for δ πατηρ φιλει ύμας, δτι ύμεις εμε πεφιληκατε, the father loves you, because you me haveloved, και πεπιστευκατε, ότι εγω παρα του θεου and have believed, that I from the God εξηλθον. 28 Εξηλθον παρα του πατρος, Kal came out. I came out from the father, παλιν αφιημι τον εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον. I leave have come into the world; again the κοσμον, και πορευομαι προς τον πατερα. father.

world, and am going to the father. ${}^{29}\Lambda\epsilon\gamma\rho\nu\sigma\iota\nu * \begin{bmatrix} \alpha\nu\tau\omega \\ \delta\nu\nu \end{bmatrix} oi \ \mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\alpha\iota \ \alpha\nu\tau\sigma\nu \cdot 1\delta\epsilon, \\ \delta\nu\nu \ map\beta\eta\sigma\iota\alpha \ \lambda\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iotas, \ \kappa\alpha\iota \ map\rho\iota\mu\iota\alpha\nu \ ov\delta\epsilon\mu\iota\alpha\nu \\ now \ plainly thou speakest, and a figure not one <math display="block">\lambda\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\iota s. \ {}^{30}\ N\nu\nu \ o\iota\delta\alpha\iota\epsilon\nu, \ \delta\tau s \ o\iota\delta\alpha s \ m\alpha\nu\tau\alpha, \ \kappa\alpha\iota \\ thou sayest. \ Now \ we know, \ that thou knowest all things, and <math display="block"> o\nu \ \chi\rho\epsilon\iota\alpha\nu \ \epsilon\chi\epsilon\iota s, \ i\nu\alpha \ \tau\iota s \ \ \sigma\epsilon \ \epsilon\rho\nu\tau\alpha^* \ \epsilon\nu \ \tau o\nu\tau\omega \\ no \ need \ has, \ that any one the eshould ask; in this \\ \pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\nu\rho\iota\epsilon\nu, \ \delta\tau\iota \ \alpha\tau\sigma \ \theta\epsilon\sigma\nu \ \epsilon\xi\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon s. \ {}^{31}\ A\pi\epsilon\kappa-we believe, \ that from \ God thou \ didst come out.$

Because her TIME has come; but when she has borne the CHILD, she remembers the DISTRESS no more, on account of the Joy That a Man was born into WORLD.

22 And nou, therefore, now indeed have Sorrow; but I will see you again, and ‡ Your Heart shall rejoice; and your Joy no one takes from you.

23 And in That DAY you will ask Menothing. Indeed, I assure you, Whatever you may ask the Pathern in my NAME, he will give you.

24 Till now you asked nothing in my NAME; ask, and you shall receive, so that your joy may be completed.

25 These things I have spoken to you in Figures; an Hour is coming, when I will no more speakto you in Figures, but I will tell you plainly about the FATHER.

26 In That DAY you will ask in my NAME, and I do not say to you, That I will entreat the FATHER for you;

27 ‡ for the FATHER himself loves you, Because you have loved me, and thave believed that I came out from * God.

28 ‡I cameout from the FATHER, and have come into the WORLD; again I leave the WORLD, and am going to my FATHER."

29 His disciples said to him, "Behold, now thou art speaking plainly, and without a Figure.

30 Now we know That thou knowest all things, and hast no need that any one should ask Thee; by this we believe That thou didst come out from God."

31 * Jesus answered,

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-27. the FATHER. 29. to him-omit. 31. Jesus.

^{† 22.} Luke xxiv. 41, 52; John xx. 20. † 23. Matt. vii. 7; John xiv. 13; xv. 16. † 24. John xi. 11. † 27. John xiv. 21, 23. † 27. ver. 30; John iii. 13; xvii. 8. † 28. John xiii. 3.

ριθη αυτοις δ Ιησους. Αρτι πιστευετε 32 ίδου, ωνειες them the sems down do you believe; Le, ερχεται έρα, και νυν εληλυθεν, ένα σκορπισθητε εσων να θους, ανα τους that γου will be exattered έκαστος εις τα ιδια, και εμε μονον αφητε και ενεχοπε το che σνη, and cone είσους και εμε μονον αφητε του είσους το che σνη, από το πάτηρ μετ εμον εστι. 33 Ταυτα λελαληκα ύμιν, ένα εν εμοι ειρηνην τhese things I have spoken to you, that in the peace εχητε. Εν τω κοσμω θλίψιν εχετε αλλα θαργουποχήπνε. In the world affliction you have; but ba you of σειτε, εγω νενικηκα τον κοσμον.

ουν συσερε, Ι πανεσνειεσισε the world.

KED. K. 17.

1 Ταυτα ελαλησεν δ Ιησους, και επηρε τυνς These things spoke the Jesus, and lifted up opparations antimers tor onbaror, has eine. of him to the Lienven, and Πατερ, εληλυθεν ή ώρος δοξασον σου τον υίον, Stather, is come the hour; glarify of thee the ένα *[και] δ υίος σου δοξασθη σε· 2 καθως εδωthat [also] the son of thee may glorify thee; κας αυτώ εξουσιαν πασης σαρκής, ίνα παν έ gavent to him authority over all Besh, so that allwhich 3-bakas auto, bown autois come autoious line agrelating. age-lasting. Αυτη δε εστιν ή αιωνιος ζωη, ένα γενωσκωπι This and is thergo-lasting life, that they might know σε τον μονον αληθινον θεον, και δν απεστειλας then the only true God, and whom thou hast sent ξησουν Χριστον. ⁴ Εγω σε εδοξασε επι της then glarified yns TO Epyor Erekeiwra, & δεόωκας μοι, ένα work I finished, which thou hast given me, that ποιησω. 5 Και νυν δοξασον με, συ πατερ, παρε. And now glarify me, thou Ofather, with lunght do. σεαντώ, τη δοξη, η ειχον, προ του τον throat, with the clos, which I had, before of the the γυσμέν ειναι, παρα σοι. Εφανερώσα σου τ. to be, with thee. I manifested of theethe ονομα τοις ανθρωπαις, ούς δεδωκας μοι εκ του mer, whom thou hast given to me out of the Maine coste ποσμου σοι ήσαν, και εμοι αυτους δεδωκας world; thine they were, and to me their thou hant givez; Nur eyrwκαι τον λογον σου τετηρηκασι. and the word of thee they have kept. Now καν, ότι παντα όσα δεδωκας μοι, παρα σου Luow, that sellthings whatever thou hast given me, from thee

them, "Do you new be-

32 Behold, an Heur is coming, and is come, that you will be scattered every one to his own home, and will leave Me alone; and yet I am not alone, Because the FATHER is with me.

\$3 These things I have spoken to you, that in me you may have Peace. I have he world you have Affliction; but be of good courage; I have conquered the world."

CHAPTER XVII.

I JESUS spoke these things, and lifted up h s syres to Heaven, and said, "Yather, the Hour is come; glorify Thy son, that " the son may glorify thee;

2 tas thou didst give him Authority over All Flesh, so that every thing which thou hast given to him, he may give to them, even nomian Life.

3 And this is the AT MIAN Life, that they me a know thee, the ONLY TRUE God, and him whom thou didst send, Jesus Christ.

4 I glorified thee on the FARTH, I * having finished the work which thou hast giver me, that I might do it.

5 And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thyself, with the GLORY which I had with thee before the WORLD WAS.

6 I manifested Thy NAME to the MEN whom thou hast given me out of the WORLD; thine they were, and thou hast given them to me; and they have kept thy WORD.

7 Now they know The all things whatever thou gavest me are from thee.

[.] VARICAN MANUSCRIPT.-1. the son.

^{1.} also-omit.

⁴ having finished.

^{† 33.} John xv. 49—21; 2 Tim. fii. 12. † 2. Matt. xi. 27; xxviii. 18; John iii. 25; v. 27; 1 Cox. xv. 25; 27; 1 Pill. ii. 10. † 4. John tv. 36; ix. 3; xix. 59.

εστιν. 8 ότι τα δηματα ά δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα because the words which thou hast given me, I have given αυτοις και αυτοι ελαβον, και εγνωσαν αληθως, to them; and they received, and knew ότι παρα σου εξηλθον, και επιστευσαν, ότι συ that ir m thee I cameout, and that thou believed με απεστειλας. 9 Εγω περι αυτων ερώτω ου me didst send. concerning them ask, not του κοσμου ερωτω, αλλα περι wv περι con terming the world I ask, but concerningwhom δεδωκας μοι, ότι σοι εισι· 10 και τα εμα παντα thou hast given me, because thincthey are; and the mine σ^{π} $\epsilon\sigma\tau_i$, $\kappa\alpha_i$ $\tau\alpha$ $\sigma\alpha$ $\epsilon\mu\epsilon$, $\kappa\alpha_i$ $\delta\epsilon\delta\sigma\xi\alpha\sigma\mu\alpha_i$ $\epsilon\nu$ 11 Και ουκετι ειμι εν τφ κιταω, και QUTOIS. And no more I am in the world, outor εν τω κοσμφ εισι, και εγω προς σε ερχοthese in the world are, and I to thee are Πατερ αγιε, τηρησον αυτους εν τφ ονοin the name coming. Ofather hely, keep them ω δεδωκας μοι ίνα ωσιν of thee, by which then hast given to me; that they may be one καθως ήμεις. 12 Ότε ημην μετ' αυτων * το When I was with them we. κοσμώ,] εγω ετηρούν αυτούς εν τω ονοματί them in the kept раше σου ούς δεδωκας μοι εφυλαξα, και ουθεις εξ of thee whom thou hast given tome I guarded, 2:4 Mo one of αυτων απωλετο, ει μη δ vios της απωλείας, ένα them was destroyed, if not the son of the destructions that 13 Νυν δε προς σε ερχεμαι, η γραφη πληρωθη. Now and to thes I am coming, the writing may be fulfilled. και ταυτα λαλω εν τφ κοσμφ, ένα εχωσι την and these things I say in the world, that they may have the χαραν την εμην πεπληρωμενην EV QUITOIS. mine ulfilled joy the

14 Εγω δεδωκα αυτοις των λογον σου και δ
1 have given to them the word of thes; and the

κοσμος εμισησεν αυτους, δτι ουκ εισιν εκ του world hated them, because not they are of the κοσμου, καθως εγω ουκ ειμι εκ τον κοσμου, world, as I not an of the world.

To Our ερωτω, ira cons and of the world.

Not lask, that thou would stake them out of the world,

uou, αλλ' ira τηρησης αυτους επ του πονηρου.
but that thou would skeep them from the evil one.

26 Εκ του κοσμου ουκ εισι, καθως εγω εκ 7ου of the work not they are, as I of the κοσμου ουκ ειμι. 17 Αγιασον αυτους εν τη world not are. Sanctify them in the

8 Because I have given to them the WORDS which them the WORDS which them them to me, and them truly that I came out from thee, and believed That thou didst send Me.

9 H entreat for them; not for the world I entreat, but for those whom thou hast given me; Because they are thine.

cause they are thine.

10 And all MINE are
thine, and ‡ THINE are
mine; and I have been glo-

rafied in them.

11 And I am no more in the WORLD, but then are in the WORLD, but then are in the WORLD, and E am coming to thee. Holy Father, keep them in thy NAME, by which thou hast given them me, that they may be one, as me *also are.

19 When I was with them, I kept them in thy *NAME, by which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them, and no one of them was destroyed, except the I son of DESTRUCTION; I that the SCEIPTURE might be verified.

13 But now I am coming to thee; and These things I speak in the world, that they may have MY JOY completed in them.

14 # have given thy WORD to them, I and the WORLD hated them; Because they are not of the WORLD, as # am not of the WORLD.

15 I entreat not that thou wouldst take them out of the world, but that thou wouldst keep them from EVIL.

16 They are not of the WORLD, as X am not of the WORLD.

17 # Sanctify them in

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—?1. also. 12. in the world—smit. 12. ware, by which thou hast given them me; and I guarded them.

^{† 8.} John viii, 28; xii, 49; xiv. 10. † 10. John xvi. 15. † 12. John vi. 71; xiii. 18. † 13. John xv. 18, 10; † John iii, 13. † 14. John xv. 18, 10; † John iii, 13. † 15. Matt. vii † 17. John xv. 28; Acts xv. 9; Eph. v 20; † Pet. i. 29

κληθεια σου· δ λογυς δ σος αληθεια εστι. * Truth; ‡ Thy word is trath of thee; the word the thine truth ls.

🥦 Καθως εμε απεστειλας εις τον κοσμον, καγω me thos didst send into the world, also l 19 Και ὑπερ απεστειλα αυτους εις τον κοσμον.

And in behalf them into the world.

αυτων εγω αγια(ω έμαυτον, ίνα και αυτοι ωσιν sanctify myself, so that also they 20 Ου περι τουτων δε ήγιασμενοι εν αληθεια. Not concerning these Banctified in truth.

ερωτω μονον, αλλα και περι των πιστευοντων but also concerning those

του λογου αυτων εις εμε. 21 Ίνα παντες through the word of them into me. That έν ώσι· καθως συ, πατερ, εν εμοι, κάγω εν σοι, one maybe; as thou, father, in me, and I in thee, ίνα και αυτοι εν ήμιν *[έν] ώσιν ίνα δ κοσthat also they in us [one] may be, that the world 22 Kat μος πιστευση, ότι συ με απεστειλας. may believe, that thou me didst send. Aud

εγω την δοξαν ην δεδωκας μοι, δεδωκα αυτοις. the glory which thou hast given to me, have given to them; ίνα ώσιν έν, καθως ήμεις έν εσμεν. 23 (εγω εν that they may be one, 28 we one are;

αυτοις, και συ εν εμοι.) ίνα ώσι τετελειωμεand thou in me;) that they may be νοι εις έν, *[και] ένα γινωσκη δ κοσμος, δτι συ into one, [end] that may know the world, that thou

με απεστειλας, και ηγαπησας autous, καθως and didst send, and thou didst love them, as

24 Πατερ, ούς δεδωκας μοι, εμε ηγαπησας. Ofather, whom thou hast given to me, me thoo didst love. θελω, ίνα όπου ειμι εγω, κακεινοι ώσι μετ' that where am ĺ, also they may be I wish,

εμου ένα θεωρωσι την δ ξαν την εμην ην that they may behold the ry the mine, which

μοι, ότι ηγαπησας με προ καταβολης thou didst give to me, because theu didst love me before a laying down

κοσμου. 25 Πατερ δικαιε, και δ κοσμος σε ουκ Ofather rightcous, and the world thee not of a world. εγνω. εγω δε σε εγνων, και ούτοι εγνωσαν ότι

I butthee knew, and these knew that 26 Και εγνωρισα αυτοις το συ με απεστειλας. didst send.

And I made known to them the thou me evoua σου, και γνωρισω· ίνα ἡ αγαπη ην name of thee, and will make known; that the love which

 $\eta \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \sigma \alpha s \ \mu \epsilon$, $\epsilon \nu$ autois $^{\epsilon} \eta$, $\kappa \alpha \gamma \omega \ \epsilon \nu$ autois. thou didstlove me, in them may be, and I in them.

the TRUTH.

18 1 As thou didst send Me into the WORLD, so # sent them into the WORLD:

19 tand in their behalf It sanctify myself, so that then also may be sanctified in Truth.

20 Nor do I entreat for these only, but also for THOSE BELIEVING into me through their word;

21 tso that all may be one; as t thou, Father, art in me, and I in thee, that then also may be in us; so that the WORLD may believe That thou didst send

22 And the GLORY which thou hast given me, E have given them; \$ that they may be one, as a c are one,

23 E in them, and thou in me, that they may be perfected into one; so that the WORLD may know That thou didst send me, and didst love them, as thou didst love me.

24 I Father, those whom thou hast given me, I wish that where I am, then also may be with me; so that they may behold MY GLORY, which thou didst give me, because thou didst love me before the Formation of the World.

25 O righteous Father, the WORLD did not knew Thee, but # knew Thee, and these knew That the didst send Me.

26 And I made known. and will make known to them thy NAME; so that the LOVE with which thou didst love me may be in them, and I in them.

21. one-omit.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. Truth; THY WORD is the TRUTH.

^{† 17. 2} Sam. vii. 28; Psa. exix. 142, 151; John viii. 40. † 18. John xx. 21. † 10. 1 Cor. 1, 30; Heb. x. 10. † 21. ver. 11, 22, 23; John x. 10; Rom. xii. 5; Gal. iii. 28. † 21. John x. 38; xiv. 11. † 22. John xiv. 20; 1 John i. 3; iii. 24. † 24. John xix 20; xiv. 3; 1 Thess. iv. 17.

КЕФ. ιπ. 18.

1 Ταυτα εικων δ Ιησους εξηλθε συν TOIS went out with These things saying the Jesus the μαθηταις αύτου περαν τον χειμαρρου τov disciples of himself beyond the ofthe brook Κεβρων, όπου ην ιεηκος, εις δυ εισηλθεν αυτος Κεθρών, υπου ην περιούς, intowhich entered himself και οί μαθηται ευτου. ²Ηδεί δε και Ιουδας, δ. Μπου and also Judas, he παραδίδους αυτον, τον τοπον ότι πολλακις delivering up. him, the place; because often συνηχθη δ μαθητων Ιηπους ενει μετα των the Jesus there met with the disciples 3 Ο ουν Ιουδας λαβων την σπειραν, αύτου. The then Julas having taken the band, και εκ των αρχιερεων και Φαρισαιων δπηρετας, and from the high-priests and Pharmers oth cers, ερχεται εκει μετα φανων και λαμπαδων και there with torches and lampe 4 Ιησους ουν ειδως παντα τα STAWV. EPXOwedpons. Jesus therefore knowing all the things comμενα επ' αυτον, εξελθων ειπεν αυτοις Tiva (η-5 Απεκριθησαν αυτώ Ιησουν τον Να-TELTE; They answered him; the Nagou; Jesus (υραιον. Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. Εγω ELLI. Says to them the Jesas: am. Ciστηκει δε και Ιουδας, δ παραδίδους αυτον, Was standing and also 6'Ως ουν ειπεν αυτοις αυτων.) OTE with them.) When therefore he said That to them; εγω ειμι απηλθον εις το οπισω, και επεσον t am; they went into the behind, and fell am; they went into the seamnpwrησε·
αι. 7 Παλιν ουν αυτους επηρωτησε·
he asked; Τινα ... the ground. Again them Whom (reite; Oi δε είπον Ιησουν τον Ναζωραίον. *Απεκριθη Ιησους· Ειπον ύμιν, ότι εγώ ειμι· Jewus; I said to you, that I am; ει ουν εμε ζητειτε, αφετε τουτοις ύπαγειν.

if therefore me you seek, suffer these to go. "Ίνα πληρωθη όλογος, όν ειπεν "Ότι ούς So that might be fullilled the word, which he said; "That whom μοι, ουκ απολεσα εξ αυτων ουδενα. δεδωκας of

thou hast given to me, not liost thew No one." 14 Σιμων ουν Πετρος εχων μαχαιραν, είλκυσεν then Peter having a sworth drew

ωυτην, και επιασε τον του αρχιερεως δουλον, and struck the of the high-priest plave.

και απεκοψεν αυτου το ωτιον το δεξιον. Hu de of him the cut off ear the right. WASBOW ονομα τω δουλω Μαλχος. 11 Ειπεν ουν 'δ Ina name to the slave Malchus. Said therefore the Je-

CHAPTER XVIII.

1 * Jesns, saying These things, I went out with his DISCIPLES beyond the FROOK KEDRON, where was fa Garden, into which he entered, and his Disci-PLES.

3 NOW THAT JUDAS also, who DELIVERED him up, knew the PLACE; Because * Jesus often met there with his Disciples.

3 Then Judas, having obtained the BAND and Officers from the MIGU-PRIESTS and * PHARISEES, comes there with Torches, and Lamps, and Weapons.

4 Jesus, herefore, knowing All THINGS that were COMING upon him, going one, * says to them, Whom do you seek?"

5 They answered him, "Jesus the NAZABENE." * He says to them, * am JESUS." AND THAT JUDAS also, who DELIVERED him up, was standing with them.

6 When therefore, he said to them, " I am he," they went back, and fell on the Ground.

7 Then he asked them again, "Whom do you seek?" And THEY said, "Jesus, the NAZAREEE."

8 Jesus answered, "I told you That I am he; if, therefore, you seek Me, permit these to go."

9 That the word might be fulfilled which he said, t"Of those whom thou hast given me, I lost no

10 t Then Simon Peter having a Sword, drew it, and struck the SERVANT of the mign-priest, and cut off his right *EAR-TIP. Now the SERVANT'S Name was Malchus. 11 JESUS. therefore,

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—1. Jesus. 5. He says to them, "I am Jesus." S. PHARISEES. 2. Jesus. 4. says. 10. BAR-TIP.

^{† 1.} The name of a small rivulet, and of a valley towards the east of Jerusalem; probably derived from an Hebrew root signifying to be darkened, the valley being shaded with † 1. Gethsemane.

^{† 1.} Matt. xxvi. 36; Mark xiv. 32; Luke xxii. 30. Luke xxii. 47; Acts i. 16. † 9. John xvii. 12 47; Luke xxii. 49, 50. 1 9. John xvii. 12.

^{2 3.} Matt. xxvi. 47; Mark xiv. 43; 1 10. Matt. xxvi. 51; Mark xiv.

σους τω Πετρω· Βαλε την μαχαιραν εις την θαια to the Peter; Put up the sword into the θ ηκην· το ποτηριον δ δεδωκε μοι δ πατηρ, ου sheath; the cup which has given to me the father, not μη πιω αυτο; not should I drukit?

12 H συν σπειρα και οἱ χιλιαρχος και οἱ ὑτηThe then band and the commander and the offρεται των Ιουδαιων συνελαβον του Ιησουν, και apprehended the Jesus, cers of the Jews and εδησαν αυτον, 13 και απηγαγον αυτον $\pi \rho o s$ and him to him, Αυναν πρωτον· ην γαρ πενθερος του Καιαφα, Annas first; he was for father-in-law of the Chiaphas, ός ην αρχιερευς του ενιαυτου εκεινου. who was high-priest of the year that. δε Καιαφας δ συμβουλευσας τοις Ιουδαιοις, δτι now Caiaphas he having advised the Jewa, that συμφερει ένα ανθρωπον απολεσθαι ύπερ του it is better one men to be destroyed in behalf of the 15 Ηκολουθει δε τω Ιησου Σιμων Πετρος, Pollowed and the Jesus Simon people. και δ ολλος μαθητης. Τhe and disciple. 'Ο δε μαθητης εκεινος that ην γνωστος τω αρχιερει, και συνεισηλθε τω was known to the high-priest, and wentin with the Ιησου εις την αυλην του αρχιερεως.

Jesus into the palace of the high-priest. 16 'Ο δε The but Πετρος είστηκει προς τη θυρη εξω. Εξηλθεν Peter at the door without. Went out stood δ μαθητης δ αλλος, δς ην γνωστος τφ therefore the disciple the other, who was known to the αρχιερει, και ειπε τη θυρωρώ, και εισηγαγε τον high-pricat, and spoke to the door-keeper, and brought in the 17 Λεγει ουν ή παιδισκη ή θυρωρος
Says then the female-servant the door-keeper Πετρον. τω Πετρώ. Μη και συ εκ των μυθητών ει του Not sho thou of the to the Peter; disciples art the ανθρωπου τουτου; Λεγει εκεινος Ουκ ειμι. this? Says Not he; 18 Είστηκεισαν δε οί δουλοι και οί ύπηρεται ανand the slaver and the efficers θρακίον πεποιηκότες, ότι ψυχός ην, και εθερεσώ having made, because cold it was, and warmed μαινοντο· ην δε μετ' αυτων δ Πετρος έστως themselves; was and with them the Peter standing και θερμαινομενος. 19 'Ο ουν αρχιερευς ηρωwarming himself. The therefore high-priest asked τησε τον Ιησουν περι των μαθητων αυτου, Jesus concerning "the disciples the of him, και περι της διδαχης αυτου. 20 Απεκριθη teaching and concerning the of him. Answered αυτώ δ Ιησους. Εγω παρδησιά ελαλησα τώ him the Jesus; Ι publicly spoke to the

said to PETER, "Put the sword into the scarbard; the cur which the father has given me, shall I not drink it?"

12 Then the BAND, and the COMMANDER, and the OFFICERS of the JEWS apprehended JESUS, and bound him,

18 and led him first to Annas, for he was Father-in-law of CAIAPHAL, who was High-Priest that YEAR.

14 ‡ Now Caiaphas was the one HAVING ADVISED the JEWS, "That it is expedient that One Man be destroyed in behalf of the PEOPLE."

15 ‡ And Simon Peter followed Jesus; also the other Disciple. And that disciple was known to the High-Priest, and went in with Jesus into the Palace of the High-Priest;

16 ‡ but Peter stood at the door without. Therefore, *THAT OTHER DISCIPLE Who was the ACQUAINTANCE of the HIGH-PRIEST, went out, and spoke to the DOOR-KEEP-ER, and brought in Peter.

17 Then that female servant, the door keeper, says to Peter, "Art thou also of this man's disciples?" Ale says, "I am not."

18 And the SERVANTS and OFFICERS having made a Fire of coals, Because it was cold, stood and warmed themselves. And Peter * also was standing with them, and warming himself.

19 Then the HIGH-PRIEST asked JESUS about his disciples, and about his TEACHING.

ελαλησα του 20 Jesus answered him, spake to the " # * have spoken publicly

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-10. THAT OTHER DISCIPLE Who was the ACQUAINTANCE of the HIGH FRIEST, and. 18. also. 20. have spoken.

^{† 11.} Matt. xx. 22; xxvii. 30, 42. Mark xiv. 54; Luke xxii. 54. † 14. John xi. 50. † 15. Matt. xxvi. 58

κοσμφ· εγω παντοτε εδιδαξα εν συναγωγη και world; I always taught in a synagogue and εν τω ίερω, όπου παντες οί Ιουδαιοι συνερχον-In t. e temple, where all the Jews come together, In the temple, where all the Jews
ται, και εν κρυπτφ ελαλησα ουδεν. 21 Τι με
Ται, και εν κρυπτφ ελαλησα nothing. Why me secret and in akykooras, Ti επερωτας: επερωτησον τους what having heard, thoso ελαλησα αυτοις ιδε, ούτοι οιδασιν ά ειπον il said to them; lo, they know whatthings said ask 22 Taura de aurou elmouros,
These things and of him having said, EIS €γω. ί. one ύπηρετων παρεστηκώς εδωκε βαπισμα TW to the a blow baving stood by gare officers Ιησου, ειπων. Ούτως αποκρινη τω αρχιερει; Thus dost thou answer the high-priest? Jesus. saying; 23 Απεκριθη αυτώ ο Ιησους. Ει κακώς ελαλη-Answered him the Jerus, H evil I spoke, I spoke, σα, ματυρρησον περι του κακου ει δε καλως, testify concerning the evil; if but well; τι με δερεις; why me dost thou beat?

24 Απεστελαν αυτον δ Αννας δεδεμενον προς him the Annas having been bound to tepea. 25 Hv de Zimwv Herpos John Sent Επιαφαν τον αρχιέρεα. Was and Simon Caiaphas the high-priest. Ειπον ουν αυτώ. έστως και θερμαινομένος. They said therefore to him; etanding and warming himself. Μη και συ εκ των μαθητων αυτου ει: Ηρνη-Not also thou of the disciples of him thouart? Denied σατο εκεινος, και ειπεν. Ουκ ειμι. 26 Λεγει Says Not I am. and said; he. eis εκ των δουλων του αρχιερεως, συγγενης ών one of the slaves of the high-priest, arclative being Ουκ εγω σε ού απεκοψε Πετρος το ωτιον. Not Peter the ear; of whom cut off ειδον εν τω κηπω μετ' αυτου; saw in the garden with him? 27 **Пахіи** очи Again therefore ηρνησατο δ Πετρος και ευθέως αλεκτωρ εφωdenied the Peter; and immediately a cock crew. νησεν.

28 Αγουσιν ουν τον Ιησουν απο του Καιαφα Jesus from of the Caiaphas They lead then the εις το πραιτωριον ην δε πρωια. Και αύτοι into the judgment hall; it was and morning. And they ουκ εισηλθον εις το πραιτωριον, ίνα μη μιανnot went into the judgment hall, that not they might 29 Εξηλθωσιν, αλλ' ίνα φαγωσι το πασχα. be defiled, but that they might cat the passover. Went θεν ουν δ Πιλατος προς autous, και είπε. Tiva went out to them, and und said; them, out therefore the 10

to the WORLD; I always taught in a Synagogue and in the TEMPLE, where All the Jews come together; and in secret I said noth-

ing. 21 Why dost thou ask Me? Ask those having HEARD what I said to them; behold, then know what things E said."

22 And he having said these things, tone of the OFFICERS standing by gavo JESUS a Blow, saying, " Dost thou thus answer the HIGH-PRIEST?"

23 *Jesus answered him, "If I spoke evil, testify concerning the EVIL; but if well, why dost thou beat Me ?"

24 11 (Annas sent him, having been bound, to Caiaphas, the HIGH-PRIEST.) 25 And Simon Peter was standing and warming himself. Then they said to him, "Art not thou also of his DISCIPLES!" He denied, and said, "I am not."

26 One of the SERVANTS of the HIGH-PRIEST, being a relative of him Whose EAR Peter cut off, says. "Did not I see Thee in the GARDEN with him?"

27 Then * Peter again denied, ‡ and immediately t a Cock crew.

28 1 Then they lead Jr. sus from CAIAPRAS into the † Pratrozium. It was now morning; and they went not into the Præ-TORIUM so that they might not be defiled, but that they might eat the Pass-OVER.

29 PILATE, therefore, went out to them, and

^{27.} Peter. 29. says. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. Jesus.

^{† 24.} This clause by some is added to the end of the 13th verse where it seems more properly to belong. † 27. The trumpet, called the cock-crowing, sounded at the beginning of the third watch; this was at midnight. See Note on Matt. xxvi. 34. † 28. See Note on Matt. xxvii. 27. † 28. It was probably then thought lawful for the Jews to eat the paschal lamb at any hour between the two evenings, though Exod. xii. 6, 8, seems to get the paschal lamb at any hour between the two evenings, though Exod. xii. 6, 8, seems to require it to be eaten at the time when Jesus ate it.

^{† 22.} Jer. xx. 2; Acts xxiii. 2. Mark xiv. 69; Luke xxii. 58. 21ii. 38. † 28. Matt. xxvii. 2, Mark xv. 1; Luke xxii. 4; Acts iii 16.

κατηγοριαν φερετε κατα του ανθρωπου τουτο; accusation bringyou against the man this?
30 Απεκριθησαν και ειπον αυτώ. Ει μη ην ούτος

They answered and said to him; If not was this κακαποιος, ουκ αν σοι παρεδωκαμεν αυτον. an evil-doer, not would to thee we delivered up him. 31 Εππεν ουν αυτοις δ Πιλατος. Λαβετε αυτον

31 $Ei\pi \epsilon \nu$ our autois δ $\Pi i\lambda a au os^*$ $\Lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon au \epsilon$ autov S and then to them the Pilate; Take him $\xi \mu \epsilon is$, kai kata to $\nu \nu o\mu o\nu \psi \mu \omega \nu$ krivate autov. you, and according to the law of you judge him. $Ei\pi o\nu *[ou\nu]$ aut ϕ of $Iou \delta a \iota ot$ S and Itherefore] to him the $Iou \delta a \iota ot$ S and $Iou \delta a \iota ou$ S at $Iou \delta a \iota ou$ $Iou \delta a \iota ou$ Iou

he was about to die.

33 Εισηλθέν συν εις το πραιτωριον παλιν δ
Went then into the judgment-hall again the Πιλατος, και εφωνησε τον Ιησουν, και ειπεν rilate, and called the Jesus, and saurautw. Συ ει δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων; 34 Απεκto him; Thou arithe king of the Jews? ριθη $\overset{*}{\pi}$ [αυτφ] δ Ιησους. Αφ' ξαυτου συ τουτο swered [him] the Jesus; From thyseef thou this λεγεις, η αλλοι σοι ειπον περι εμου; 35 Απεκsayest, or others to thee told concerning me? Anοιθη ό Πιλατος Μητι εγω Ιουδαιοις ειμι; το a Jew am? the wered the Pi ate; Not I εθνος το σον και οί αρχιερεις παρεδωκαν σε high-pnests delivered up thee ustion the thine and the 36 Απεκριθη Ιησους· εμοι τι εποιησας, to me; what didst thou do? Auswered Jesus; βασιλέα ή εμη ουκ εστιν εκ του κοσμου τουτου. kingdom the mine not is of the world this; ει εκ του κοσμου τουτου ην ή βασιλεια ή εμη, if of the world this was the kingdom the mine, οί ύπηρεται αν οί εμοι ήγωνιζοντο, ίνα μη the officers would those for me conteud, that nat Ιουδαιοις, νυν παραδοθω τοις δε I might be delivered op to the Jews, now but the $37 \text{ E} \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ βατιλεια ή εμη ουκ εστιν εντευθεν. is from this place. kiugdom the mine not ουν αυτφ δ Πιλατος. Ουκουν βασιλευς ει συ; then to him the Pilate; Not then a king art thou? Απεκριθη ό Ιησους. Συ λεγεις. ότι βασιλευς Answered the Jesus; Thou sayest; that aking ειμι εγω. Εγω εις τουτου γεγεννημαι, και for this have been born, and εις τουτο εληλυθα εις τον κοσμον, ίνα μαρτυfor this I have come into the world, that I may tesρησω τη αληθεία. Πας δων εκ της αλη-tify to the truth. Every one who being of the truth, $\theta_{\rm clas}$ ακουεί μου της φωνης. 38 Λεγεί αυτω hears of me the voice. Says to him δ Πιλατος. Τι εστιν αληθεια; Και τουτο ειπων, the Pilate; What is truth? And this saying,

do you bring * against this

30 They answered and said to him, "If he was not "one who does evil, we would not have delivered him up to thee."

31 Then * Pilate said to them, "Take nou him, and judge him according to your LAW." The JEWS said to him, "It is not lawful fer us to kill any one;"

32 that the word of Jesus might be verified, which he spoke, intimating by What Death he was about to die.

33 † PILATE, therefore, went into the PRÆTORIUM again, and called JESUS, and said to him, "Art thou the KING of the JEWS?"

34 Jesus answered, "Dost thou say this from thyself, or did others tell thee concerning me?"

35 PILATE answered,
"Am K a Jew? Thine
own nation, even the
high-priests have delivered thee to me. What
didst thou do?"

56 ‡ Jesus answered, "My KINGDOM is not of this WORLD. If MY KINGDOM were of this WORLD, MY OFFICERS WOuld fight, so that I might not be delivered up to the JEWS; but now MY KINGDOM is not from hence."

87 PILATE, therefore, said to him, "Art thou not a King then?" Jesus answered, "Thou sayest; *I am a King. For this E have been born; and for this E have come into the WORLD, that I may testify to the TRUTH. ‡ EVERY ONE Who IS of the TRUTH, hears My VOICE."

38 PILATE says to him, "What is Truth?" ! And saying This, he went out

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. of this man. 30. one who does evil, we would, \$1. Pilate. 31. therefore—omit. 34. him—owit. 37. I am.

† 32. Matt. xx. 19; John xii. 32, 33. † 33. Matt. xxvii. 11. † 36. 1 Tim. vi. 1 8. † 37. John viii. 47; 1 John xii. 19; iv. 6. xiv. 4, 6. † 38. Matt. xxvii. 24; Luke xxiii. 4; John xii. 4, John xii. 5, Xii. 4, John xii. 4, John xii. 5, Xii. 4, John xii. 5, Xii. παλιν εξηλθε προς τους Ιουδαιους, και λεγει again he went out to the Jews, and says αυτοις. Εγω ουδεμιαν αιτιαν εύρισκω εν αυτω, to them; I not one fault find in him.

39 Εστι δε συνηθεια ύμιν, ίνα ένα ύμιν απολυσω It is but a custom for you, that one to you I release εν τφ πασχα· βουλεσθε ουν, ύμιν απολυσω it the passover; are you willing therefore, to you I release τον βασιλεα των Ιουδαίων; ⁴⁰ Εκραυγασαν ουν the king of the Jews? They cried out then παλιν *[παντες,] λεγοντες· Μη τουτον, αλλα again [all,] saying; Not this, but τον Βαραββαν. Ην δε δ Βαραββας ληστης. the Barabbas. Was now the Barabbas a robber.

ΚΕΦ. ιθ'. 19.

1 Τοτε ουν ελαβεν δ Πιλατος τον Ιησουν, και Then therefore took the Pilate the Jesus, εμαστιγωσε. 2 Και οί στρατιωται πλεξαντες And the soldiers braiding στεφανον εξ ακανθων, επεθηκαν αυτου τη κεφαa crown of thorns, placed of him to the head, λη, και ίματιον πορφυρουν περιεβαλον αυτον, and amantle purple threw about him, 3 και ελεγον· Χαιρε δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων·
and said; Hail the king of the Jews; 4 Εξηλθεν παλιν και εδιδουν αυτώ βαπισματα. Went and they gave him blows. $\epsilon \xi \omega$ δ $\Pi \iota \lambda \alpha \tau \sigma s$, και $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \iota$ αυτοις. $\delta \epsilon$, αγω $\delta \mu \iota \nu$ cut the filate, and says to them; Lo, I bring to you αυτον $\epsilon \xi \omega$, $\delta \iota \nu \alpha \gamma \nu \omega \tau \epsilon$, $\delta \tau \iota \epsilon \nu \alpha \upsilon \tau \omega$ $\delta \iota \nu \omega \tau \omega$ him out, that you may know, that in him not one aitian $\epsilon \delta \rho i \sigma \kappa \omega$. $\delta \left(E \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \text{ out } \delta \right) I \eta \sigma \sigma \sigma s \epsilon \xi \omega$, fault 1 find. (Came then the Jesus out, φορων τον ακανθινον στεφανον, και το πορφυrearing the thorny crown, and the purple ρουν ίματιον.) Και λεγει αυτοις $1 \delta \epsilon$, δ ανθρωmantle,) And he says to them; See, the man. 6 Ότε ουν ειδον αυτον οί αρχιερεις και οί When therefore saw him the high-priest and the ύπηρεται, έκραυγασαν λεγοντες Σταυρωσον, they cried out saying; Crucify, officers, σταυρωσον αυτον. Λεγει αυτοις δ Πιλατος·
crucify him. Says to them the Pilate; Λαβετε αυτον ύμεις, και σταυρωσατε· εγω γαρ Take him you, and erucify; Í for ουχ εύρισκω εν αυτω αιτιαν. ⁷ Απεκριθησαν not find in him a fault. Answered αυτφ οί Ιουδαιοι· Ήμεις νομον εχωμεν, και him the Jews; Ŵe a law have, κατα τον νομον ήμων οφειλει αποθανειν, according to the law of ns he ought to die, 8 'Oτ€ 00V δτι ξαυτον, υίον θεου εποιησεν. because himself, a son of God he made. Whentherefore ηκουσεν δ Πιλατος τουτον τον λογον, μαλλον word, the

again to the JEWS, and says to them, " I find No Fault in him."

39 ‡But it is customary for you that I release to you One during the PASSOVER; are you willing, therefore, that I release to you the KING of the JEWS?"

40 Then they cried out again, saying, ‡" Not him, but Barabbas." ‡ Now Barabbas was a Robber.

CHAPTER XIX.

1 Then PILATE, therefore took and scourged Jesus.

2 And the SOLDIERS, wreathing a Crown of Acanthus, placed it on 11is HEAD; and they threw around him a purple Mantle,

3 * and they came to him and said, "Hail, KING of the JEWS!" And they gave him Blows.

4 * And PILATE went out again, and says to them, "Behold, I bring him out to you, That you may know that I find ‡ No Fault in him."

5 Then * Jesus came out, wearing the ACAN-THINE Crown, and the PURPLE Mantle. And he says to them, "Behold, the MAN!"

6 When, therefore, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the OF-FICERS saw him, they cried out, saying, "Crucify, crucify him!" PILATE says to them, "Take him yourselves, and crucify him; for I find no Faultin him."

7 The Jews answered him, ‡ "THe have a Law, and by * the Law he ought to die, because ‡ he made himself a Son of God."

8 When PILATE, therefore, heard This word, he

was more afraid,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—40. all—omit. 3. they came to him and said. 4. And PILATE went. 5. Jesus. 7. the LAW.

^{† 30.} Matt. xxvii. 15; Mark. xv. 6; Luke xxiii. 17. † 40. Acts iii. 14. xxiii. 19. † 1. Matt. xx. 19; xxvii. 20; Mark. xv. 15; Luke xviii. 33. xviii. 38; ver. 6. † 6. Acts iii. 13. † 7. Lev. xxiv. 10. † 7. Matt. xxvi. 5; John v. 18; x. 33.

 $\epsilon \phi \circ \beta \eta \theta \eta^{-9}$ hai $\epsilon \iota \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota s \tau \sigma \pi \rho \alpha \iota \tau \omega \rho \iota \sigma \nu \pi \alpha \lambda \iota \nu$, he was afraid; and went into the judgment-hall again, kal $\lambda \in \gamma \in l$ $\tau \omega$ In $\tau = 0$ $\tau = 0$ 10 Λενει ουν σους αποκρισιν ουκ εδωκεν αυτφ. Says then ans an answer not gave to him. αυτφό Πιλατος: Εμοιου λαλεις; ουκ οιδας, το him the Pilate; Το me nutthon dost speak? not knowes thou, $\delta \tau \iota \in \xi$ oustau $\in \chi \omega$ staupwsal $\sigma \epsilon$, kal $\epsilon \xi$ oustau that authority I have to crueify thee, and authority εχω απολυσαι σε, 11 Απεκριθη Ιησους. Ουκ Thave to release thre? Answered Jesus; Not εξουσιαν ουδεμιαν κατ' εμου, ει μη thou couldst have an hority not any against me, if not ην σοι δεδομενον ανωθεν δια τουτο δ it was to thee having been given from above; on account of this παραδιδους με σοι, μειζονα άμαρτιαν εχει. delivering up meto thee, greater sin bos. From τουτου εζητει δ Πιλατος απολυσαι αυτον. this seeks the Pilate to release bim. δε Ιουδαιοι εκραζον, λεγοντες Εαν τουτον cried out, saying; Jews απολυσης, ουκ ει φιλος του Καισαρος· πας δ thou release, not thou art a friend of the Cesar; every one the βασιλεια ξαυτον ποιων, αντιλεγει τω Καισαρι.
king himself making, speaks against the Cesai. 13 'Ο ουν Πιλατος ακουσας τουτον τον λογον, Thetherefore Pilate having heard this ηγαγεν εξω τον Ιησουν, και εκαθισεν επι του brought out the Jesus, and sat down on the βηματος εις τοπον λεγομενον Λιθοστρωτον, tribunal into a place Leing called Pavement, Εβραιστι δε Γαββαθα 14 (ην δε παρασκευη του in Hebrew but Gabbatha; (It was and a preparation of the πασχα, ώρα δε ώσει εκτη') και λεγει τοις Iouδαιοις. Ιδε δ βασιλευς ύμων. 15 Οί δε εκραυγα-See the king ofyun. They but eried out;

αυτοις δ Πιλατος: Τον βασιλεα ύμων σταυρωσω; to them the Pilate; The king of you shall I crucify? Απεκριθησαν οί αρχιερεις: Ουκ εχομεν βασιλεα Answered the high-pireste; Not we have a king,

σαν' Αρου, αρου' σταυρωσου αυτου.
Away, away; crucify him.

ει μη Καισαρα. If aut Cesar

16 Tote our $\pi \alpha \rho \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \nu$ autor autois, ive

9 and went again into the Pretorium, and says to Jesus, "Whence art thou?" ‡ But Jesus gave him no Answer.

10 PILATE then says to him, "Dost thou not speak to me? Post thou not know That I have Authority * to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify

thee?"

11 * Jesus answered him, ‡ " Thou wouldst have no Authority against me, if it had not been given thee from above. On this account HE who DELIYERED me to thee has a Greater Sin."

12 From this time, Pt-LATE sought to release him; but the Jews cried out, saying, ‡" If thou release him, thou art not a Friend of Cefar; ‡every one who makes Hinself a King speaks against Ce-SAR."

13 PILATE, therefore, having heard * these words, brought Jesus out, and sat down on † the *Tribunal, in a Piace called † The Pavement, but in Hebrew, Gabbatha.

14 ‡ (Now it was the Preparation of the Passover, and the Hour was about the † Sixth;) and he says to the Jews, "Behold your King!"

15 * Then then cried out,

15 * Then then cried out,
"Away, away, crucity
him!" PILATE says to
them, "Shall I crucity your
king?" Themigh-priests
answered, ‡ "We have no
king, except Cesar."

lva delivered him to them that he might be crucified.

Λεγει Says

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—10. to release thee, and I have Authority to crucify thee?

11. Jesus abswered him, Thou.

13. These words, brought.

13. Tribunal, in a Place.

^{† 13.} The Tribunal seems to have been placed in the open air, agreeably to what Jose phus says of Herod, when he tried his two sons; "He came to the tribunal, and that was placed in the stadium, (the circus, or place for races,) behind which his soldiers kept guard unseen."—Peare. † 13. A spot paved with stones, enclosed and elevated, where the judge sat in his chair of state. † 14. Six o'clock in the morning. See Note on John i. 39.

^{† 9.} Isa. liii. 7; Matt. xxvii, 12, 14. † 11. Luke xxii. 53; John vii. 80. † 12. Luke xxiii. 2. † 12. Acts xvii. 7. † 14. Matt. xxvii. 62. † 15. Gev. xlix 16. 16. Matt. xxvii. 26, 81; Mark xv. 15; Luke xxiii. 26.

Παρελαβον δε τον Ιησουν *[και σταυρωθη. he might be crucified. They took and the Jesus [and ηγαγον.] 17 Και βασταζων τον σταυρον αυτου, And earrying the cross of himself, led.] εξηλθεν εις τον λεγομενον κρανιου τοπον, ός he went outinto the being called of a skull a place, which λεγεται Εβραιστι Γολγοθα. 18 Όπου αυτον Where is called in Hebrew Golgotha. him εσταυρωσαν, και μετ' αυτου αλλους δυο, εντευ-they crucified, and with him others two, hence 19 Eγθεν και εντευθεν, μεσον δε τον Ιησουν. and hence, in middle and the Jesus. ραψε δε και τιτλον δ Πιλατος, και εθηκεν επι του and also a title the Pilate, and placed upon the poor. Hy $\delta \in \gamma \epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu$ " $1 \eta \sigma o v s$ δ $N \alpha$ σταυρου. cross. It was and having been written; "Jesus the Naζωραιος, δ βασιλευς των Ιουδαιων." 20 Τουτον the king o the Jews." This τον τιτλον πολλοι ανεγνωσαν των Ιουtherefore the title many read of the Jews." δαιων, ότι εγγυς ην ό τοπος της πολεως, όπου because near was the place of the city, εσταυρωθη δ Ιησους και ην γεγραμμενον Έβwas crucified the Jesus; and it was having been writen in ραιστι Έλληνιστι, 'Ρωμαιστι. 21 Ελεγον ουν Said therefore Hebrew in Greek, in Latin. τ ϕ Πιλατ ϕ οί αρχιερεις τ ω ν Ιουδαι ω ν Μη to the Pilate the high-priests of the Jews, Not γραφε· Ο βασιλευς τ ω ν Ιουδαι ω ν αλλ' ότι Not write thou; The king of the but that Jews; Ιουδαιων. Βασιλευς ειμι των EKELVOS ELTE. I am of the A king ²²Απεκριθη δ Πιλατος. Ό γεγραφα, γεγραφα.

Answered the Pilate; What I have written, I have written. 23 Οί ουν στρατιωται, ότε εσταυρωσαν τον soldiers, when they crucified Ιησουν, ελαβον τα ίματια, αυτου, (και εποιησαν took the mantles o him, (and made ταρα μερη, έκαστω στρατιωτη μερος,) και soldier a part,) four parts, to each ον χιτωνα. Ην δε δ χιτων αρβαφος, εκ των the coat. Was but the coat without seam, from the aνωθεν ύφαντος δι' δλου 24 ει - ον ουν προς top woven thronghont whole; they said then to αλληλους. Μη σχισωμέν αυτον, αλλαλαχωμέν ίματια μου έαυτοις, και επι τον .ίματισμον μου mantles of melor themselves, and on the raimeut of me εβαλον κληρον." they cast a lot."

Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται ταυτα εποιησαν. The indeed therefore souliers these things

17 ‡* Then they took JESUS, and putting the cross on him, he went out into WHAT IS CALLED a Place of a Skull, which signifies in Hebrew Golgotha

18 where they crucified Him, and two others with him, one on each side, and JESUS in the Middle.

19 ‡ And PILATE wrote a Title, and placed it on the cross. Now that having been written was. " Jesus, the NAZARENE, the KING of the JEWS."

20 This TITLE, therefore, many of the JEWS read because the PLACE was near the CITY, where JEsus was crucified; and it had been written in Hebrew, * Latin, and Greek.

21 Then the High-PRIESTS of the JEWS said to PILATE, " Do not write, The KING of the JEWS, but That he said, I am King of the JEWS."

22 PILATE answered. "What I have written, I have written."

23 Then the soldiers, when they had nailed JEsus to the cross, took his GARMENTS, and made Four Parts, to Each Soldier a Part. But his COAT was without seam, woven from the top through the whole.

24 They said, therefore, to each other, "Let us not tear it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be;" that the SCRIPTURE might be verified, ‡" They di-"vided my GARMENTS "among themselves, and "upon my RAIMENT they "cast a Lot." The sol-DIERS, therefore, did these things.

ting the cross on him.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—16. And led—omit. at the cross on him. 20. Latin and Greek.

^{17.} Then they took Jasys, and put-24. that saying -onit.

Mark xv. 20. Lake xxm. 28 1 24. Psa xxii. 13

²⁵ Είστηκεισαν δε παρα τφ σταυρφ του Ιησου ή now by the cross of the Jesus the μητηρ αυτου, και ή αδελφη της μητρος αυτου, mother of him, and the sister of the nother of him, Μαρια ή του Κλωπα, και Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη. Mary that of the Klopas, and Mary the Magdaleue.

 26 Iy σ ous our $t\delta\omega v$ $au\eta v$ $\mu\eta au\epsilon
ho$ a, κ at au v $\mu a heta\eta$
Jeens thereforeseeing the mother, and the discidisciτην παρεστωτα, όν ηγαπα, λεγει τη μητρι standing by, whom he loved, he says to the mother αύτου Γυναι, ιδε, ό ύιος σου. -7 Ειτα λεγει τω of himself, Owoman, Lo, the son of thee. Then hesays to the Και απ' εκεινης $\mu\alpha\theta\eta\tau\eta$. Idou $\dot{\eta}$ $\mu\eta\tau\eta\rho$ σ ou. And from that της ώρας ελαβεν ό μαθητης αυτην εις τα ιδια. the hour took the disciple her into the 28 Μετα τουτου ειδως ο Ιησους, ότι παντα ηδη

After this knowing the Jesus, that all things already τετελεσται ίνα τελειωθη ή γραφη, λεγει nad been huished that might be limished the writing, says; Διψω. 29 Σκευος * συν εκειτο οξους μεστον. A vessel [therefore] stood of vinegar I thirst. full,

οί δε πλησαντες σπογγον οξους, και ύσσωfilling a sponge of vinegar, and to a hyssop stalk theyand πω περιθεντες, προσηνεγκαν αυτου τω στοματι. putting round, brought of him to the mouth.

^{3(1 '}Οτε ουν ελαβε το οξος δ Ιησους, ELTTE" When therefore took the vinegar the Jesus, he said; Τετελεσται και κλινας την κεφαλην, παρε-It has been finished, and having juclined the he gave

δωκε το πνευμα. o_i. the spirit.

Chap. 19: 25 1

31 Οί ουν Ιουδαιοι (ίνα μη μεινή επι του The then (timt not night remain on the σταυρου τα σωματα εν τω σαββατω. €πει hodies in sabbath, the the since παρασκευή ην. ην γαρ μεγαλή ή ήμερα εκείνου

a preparation it was, was for great the day του σαββατου) ηρωτησαν τον Πιλατον, ίνα sabbath) nsked the l'ilate, that

κοτεαγωσιν αυτων τα σκελη, και αρθωm ght be broken of them the legs, and they might be taken

31 Ηλθον ουν οί στρατιωται, και του μεν Came theretore the and of the indeed soldiers, πρωτου, κατεαξαν τα σκελη, και του αλλου

the first. they brake legs. and of the other 33 Επι δε τον Ιητου συσταυρωθεντος αυτώ.

that having been crucified with him. but the Je-

25 't And there were standing by the cross of JESUS his MOTHER, and his MOTHER'S SISTER, † Mary, the mother of CLOPAS, and Mary of MAGDALA.

26 Jesus, therefore, seemg his MOTHER, and the DISCIPLE whom he loved standing near, says to his MOTHER, "Woman, behold thy son!"

27 He then says to the DISCIPLE, "Behold thy MOTHER!" And from that HOUR the DISCIPLE took her to his own [house.]

28 After this, * Jesus knowing That all things had already been finished, t that the SCRIPTURE might be fully accomplished, says, "I thirst."

29 A Vessel was placed full of Vinegar; ‡ * then a Sponge full of the VINE-GAR, having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to his MOUTH.

30 When therefore, * Jesus took the VINEGAR, he said "It has been finished!" And inclining his HEAD, he expired.

31 Then the Jaws, (I that the BODIES might not remain upon the cross during the SABBATH, SIECE it was the Preparation; for the DAY of That SABBATH was a great one:) asked PILATE that their LEGS might be broken, and they might be taken away.

32 The SOLDIERS there. fore came, and did, indeed, break the LEGS of the FIRST, and of THAT OTHER who was CRUCIFIED with

him;

33 but having come to

^{*} VALICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. Jesus. 29. Then-omit. 20. then a Sponge full of the VINEGAR having been attached to a Hyssop-stalk, they brought to His Moure. 30 Jesus

^{+ 25.} The Greek does not state the relationship between Mary and Clopas, and we must supply it by conjecture. In other gospels she is called James's Mary, and Mary the mother of James; and Clopas was probably another name for James, being a Greek translation of the library Jacob or James, a thief. Paul fells us that the Savier after his resurrection was seen by James (I Cor. xv. 7.1 which is not mentioned in the gospels or Acts, unless we suppose that Cleopas, who walked with him to Emmaus, was James See Luke xxiv. 18.— Sharps

^{1 26} Mait. xxvil 55; Mark xv. 40; Luke xxiii. 49. Luke xxiv 18. 1 26 John xiii. 23. xx. 2; xxi 7, 20, 24. 1 31. Deut. axt. 25.

σουν ελθοντες, ώς ειδον αυτον ηδη τεθνηκοτα, ms having come, when they saw him already having died, 9υ κατεαξαν αυτου τα σκελη. 34 αλλ' είς των act they broke of him the iegs; but one of the στρατιωτων λογχη αυτου την πλευραν ενυξε, pierced, side with a spear of him the ευθυς εξηλθεν αιμα και ύδωρ. Και and immediately came out blood and And water. ό έωρακως μεμαρτυρηκε, και αλη Ιυη αυτου he having seen has testified, and true εστιν ή μαρτυρια κακεινος οιδεν, ότι αληθη is the testimony; and he knows, that truethings 36 EYEVETO λεγει, ίνα και ύμεις πιστευσητε. Occurred he says, so that also you may believe. γαρ ταυτα, ίνα ή γραφη πληρωθη· "Οστουν for these things, that the writing might be fulfilled; ου συντριβησεται αυτου." ⁸⁷ Και παλιν έτερα not shall be broken of him." And again another γραφη λεγει "Οψονται εις δν εξεκεντησαν." 'They shall lookintowhom writing says; they pierced." 38 Μετα δε ταυτα ηρωτησε τον Πιλατον δ After and these things nsked the Pilate the Ιωσηφ ό απο Αριμαθαιας, (ων μαθητης του Ιη-Joseph that from Arimathea, (being a duciple of the Jeσου, κεκρυμμενος δε δια τον φοβον των Ιουsus, having been hid but through the fear δαιων,) ίνα το σωμα του Ιησου. αρη thathemight take away the body of the Jesus; επετρεψεν δ Πιλατος. Ηλθεν ουν και and permitted the Pilate, He came therefore and ³⁹ Ηλθε δε και ηρ€ το σωμα του Ιησου. took away the Came aud hody of the Jesus. also Νικοδημος, (δ ελθων προς τον Ιησουν νυκτος Nicodemus, (hehaving come to the Jesus by night το πρωτον,) φερων μιγμα σμυρνης και αλοης

bringing a mixture of myrrh and ώς λιτρας έκατον. 40 Ελαβον ουν το σωμα They took therefore the του Ιησου, και εδησαν αυτο οθονιοις μετα των and bound it with liven cloths with of the Jesus, αρωματων, καθως εθος εστι τοις Ιουδαιοις ενταspices. as customaryitis with the 41 Ην δε εν τω τοπω, όπου εσταυρωθη, φια (ειν. Was and in the place, where he was crucified, embalm. κηπος, και εν τφ κηπφ μνημειον καινον, εν 'φ agarden, and in the garden a tomb new, in which ⁴²Εκει ουν ουδεπω ουδεις ετεθη. δια την There therefore on account of the not yet no one was laid. παρεσκευην των Ιουδαιων, ότι εγγυς ην το preparation of the Jews, because near was the μνημειον, εθηκαν τον Ιησουν.

Jusus, when they saw that he had aheady died, they did not break His LEGS.

34 but one of the son-DIERS pierced His SIDE with a Spear, and immediately there came out Blood and Water.

35 And HE HAVING SEEN has testified, and His TESTIMONY is true; and he knows That he is saying true things, so that nou also may believe.

36 For these things occurred, that the SCRIPTURE might be verified, t"A Bone of him shall not be broken."

37 And again Another SCRIPTURE says, ‡"They shall look on him whom

they pierced."
38 ‡ And after these things, * Joseph, from Arimathea, (being a Disciple of * Jesus, but a concealed one through FEAR of the JEWS.) asked Pilate, that he might take away the BODY of JESUS; and PI-LATE permitted him. He came therefore, and took away * his Body.
39 And ‡ Nicodemus

came also, (he having come to *him by Night at the riest,) bringing a Mixture of Myrrh and Aloes, about a hundred Pounds.

40 Then they took the BODY of JESUS, and thound it with Linear cloths, with the Aroma rics, as it is a Custom with the JEWS to embalm

- 41 And there was in the PLACE where he was crucified a Garden, and m the GARDEN a new TOMB. in which no one was ye.
- 42 There, therefore, on account of the PERPARA TION of the JEWS, Because the TOMB was near, they laid Jesus.

they laid the

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 38. Joseph. by Night.

^{33.} Jesus.

^{38.} his Body. 89. him

^{† 36.} Exod. xii. 46; Num. ix. 12; Psa. xxxiv. 20. † 37. Psa. xxii. 16; Zech. xii. 6-Rev. i. 7. † 88. Matt. xxvii. 57. Mark xv. 42; Luke xxiii. 544 † 39. John iii. 1. 2; vii. 50. † 40. Acts 4.

KED. 16', 20.

Τη δε μια των σαββατων Μαρια ή Μαγδα-The and first of the week . Mary ton . Magdaληνη ερχεται πρωι, σκοτιας ετι ουσης, εις το kenc comes early, dark yet being, into the iene comes early, dark being, yet μνημείον και βλεπεί τον λίθον ηρμενον and sees tomb; the stone having been taken away 2 τρεχει ουν και ερχεται εκ του μνημειου, at of the lumb, she runs therefore and comes προς Σιμωνα Πετρον, και προς τον αλλον μαθηdiscito Simon Peter, and to the other την, όν εφιλει δ Ιηπους, και λεγει αυτοις. ple, whom loved the Jesus, and says to them; τον κυριον εκ του μνημειου, και ουκ They took away the lord out of the tomb, and not $\delta a \mu \epsilon \nu$, $\pi o \nu \epsilon \theta \eta \kappa a \nu a \nu \tau o \nu$. $\delta E \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu o \nu \sigma \delta$ we know, where they laid him. Went out then the Τετρος και δ αλλος μαθητης, και ηρχοντο εις
Peter and the other disciple, and they came into 4 Ετρεχον δε οί δυο όμου και ό το μνημειον. Ran andthey two together; and the the tomb. αλλος μαθητης προεδραμε ταχιον του Πετρου, other disciple ran before more quickly of the Peter, και ηλθε πρωτος εις το μνημειον 5 και παρακυand came first into the tomb; such stooping ψας βλεπει κειμενα τα οθονια ου μεντοι εισηλdown hesees lying thelinen cloths; not however he went αυτφ, και εισηλθεν εις το μνημειον, και θεωρει and entered into the tomb, and sees τα οθονία καιμένα, ⁷ και το σουδαρίον δ ην επι the lines cloths lying, and the papkin which was on της κεφαλης αυτου, ου μετα των οθονιών κειof him, not with the linen cloths μενον, αλλα χωρις εντετυλιγμενον ELS ένα bnt apart having been folded up into one 8 Τοτε ουν εισηλθε και δ αλλος μαθητοπον. Then therefore went in also the other της, δ ελθων πρωτος εις το μνημειον, και into the ple, he coming first tomb, and ⁹ Ουδεπω γαρ ηδεισαν Notyct for they knew ειδε, και επισ ευσεν. and believed. την γραφην, ότι δε: αυτον εκ νεκρων ανασthat it behaves him out of dead ones to have writing, τηναι. 10 Απηλθον ουι παλ.ν προς έαυτους οί becaraised. Went ther again to themselves the CHAPTER XX.

· 1 * And on the first of the week, Mary of Mac-DALA comes early, it being yet dark, † into the TOMB, and sees the STONE, having been removed out of the

2 She runs, therefore, and comes to Simon Peter, and to the \$\frac{1}{2}\text{other}\$ Disciple whom Jesus loved, and says to them, "They have taken away the Lord out of the TOMB and we know not where they have laid him."

3 ‡ PETER then went out, and the OTHER Disciple; and they came into the TOMB.

4 And the Two ran together; and the OTHER Disciple outran Peter, and came first into the TOMB.

5 And stooping down, he sees ‡ the LINEN CLOTHS lying; however, he went not in.

6 Then Simon Peter *also comes following him, and entered into the TONB, and beheld the LINEN CLOTHS lying.

7 and the NAPKIN, which was on his HEAD, not lying with the LINEN CLOTHS, but having been folded up in a separate Place.

8 Then, therefore, THAT CTHER Disciple, who CAME first into the TOMB, also went in, and he saw, and believed [her.]

9 For they did not yet know ‡ the SCRIPTURE, That he must rise from the Dead.

10 Then the DISCIPLES went away by themselves.

μαθηται.

disciples.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. also Fimon Peter.

^{† 1.} The very definite manner in which John expresses himself in this narrative, with reference to going (cis) into and coming (xi) out of the tomb, makes it very probable that this tomb, had two chambers, an outer and inner one. The body was placed in the inner one, to the deer of which the stone was placed. Hence when they entered the first apartment they were said to go into the tomb, though they might not enter or see what was in the inner chamber. Such tombs are not uncommon in the East. That which is now called the "Holy Sepulchre" is one of this class.

11 Μαρια δε ειστηκει προς τω μνημειω κλαι-Mary but stands by the tomb weep-'Ως ουν εκλαιε, παρεκυψεν εις το ουσα εξω. As therefore she wept, she stooped down into the ing outside. μνημειον, 12 και θεωρει δυυ αγγελου, εν λει κοις and sees two messengers in watεαθεζομενους, ένα προς τη κεφαλη, και ένα sitting, one at the head, and one προς τοις ποσιν, όπου εκειτο το σωμα του Ιηat the feet, where was laid the hody of the Ju-ov. 13 Και λεγουσι ωντη εκεινοι Γυναι, τι sus. And say the they: κλαιεις; Λεγει αυτοικ Ότι γ O woman, why $\tau o \nu$ ηραν weepest thou? She says to t. O. Because the tooks way κυριον μου, και ο ... ιδα που εθηκαν αυτον. These things having same statured into the helind, and $\theta \in \omega \rho \in \tau \cup V$, $\sigma \circ v \in V$, $\sigma \circ v \in \tau \cup V$, $\sigma \circ v \in V$, $\sigma \circ v$ Ιησους εστι. -5 Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Γυνλι, τι Says to ar the Jesus; owoman, why desus it is. κλαιεις; τινα ζητεις: Εκεινη, δοκουσα ότι ό weepest thou? whom seekest thou? She, supposing that the κηπουρος εστι Εγει αυτώ. Κυριε, ει συ εβασ-gardener it is, says to bim. O sir, if thou didst τασας αυτον, εικε μοι ποι εθηκας αυτον, καγω tel me wherethou didst lay him, carry off him, αυτον αρω. 16 Λε-, ει αυτη Ο Ιησους Μαρια. αυτον αρω. Στραφεισα εκεινη λεγει αυτώ 'Ραββουνι, δ Turning round she szy to him; Rabhool, which λεγεται, διδασκαλε. 17 Λεγει αυτη ό Ιησους. Says to her the Jesus; mieans, O teacher. Μη μου άπτυν ουπω γαρ αναβεβηκα προς τον Not me touch; not ret for I have gowing to the πατερα μου πορευου δε προς τους αδελφους father of me; go but to the brethren μου, και ειπε αυτοις. Αναβαινω προς τον πατεis me, and say to them; Igoup to the father ρα μου και πατερα ύμων, και θεον μου και θεον of me and father of you, even God of me and God 18 Ερχετα: Μαρια ή Μαγδαληνη απαγύμων. Mary t. magdalene Comes of you. γελλουσα τοις μοθηταις, ότι έωρακε τον κυριον, that she had seen the the disciple, κα, ταυτα ειπεν αυτη. and these things he said to her.

19 Ουσης ουν οψιας τη ήμερα εκεινη τη μια Being then evening in the Cay that the first τον σαββατων, και των θιρων κεκλεισμενων, et the week, and the doors having been shut, όπου ησαν οί μαθηται * [συνηγμενοι,] δια τον φιρεν were the disciples [having been assembled,] through the φοβον των Ιουδαιων, ηλθεν δ Ιησους, και εστη fear of the Jews, came the Jews, and stood

11 Bus Mary was standing near the TOMB outside, weeping. Asshe was weeping, therefore, she stooped down into the TOMB,

12 and sees Tw, Angels in white sitting, one at the MEAD, and one at the FEET, where the BODY of JES IS had been laid.

13 And they say to her, "Woman, why dost thou weep?" *And she says to them, "Because they took away my LORD, and I knew not where they laid him."

14 ‡ Having said these things, she turned BACK-WARD, and beholds JESUS standing, and ‡ knew not That it was Jesus.

15 * Jesus says to her, "Woman, why dost thou weep? Whom dost 'hou seek?" She, supposing that he was the GARDENER, says to him, "Sir, if thou didst carry him off, tell me where thou didst lay him, and **£** will take Him away."

16 * Jesus says to her, "Mary!" She, having turned, says to him * in Hebrew, "Rabboni!" which signifies, Teacher.

17 * Jesus says to her. "Touch me not; for I have not yet ascended to my pather; but go to tiny brether; but go to tiny brether, and tell them, I ascend to my pather, and your Father; even my God, and your God."

18 ‡ Mary of Magdala comes, telling the Disci-R Es That she had seen the Lond, and he said These things to her.

19 ‡Then being Evening of that DAY, the FIRST of the * Week, and the DOORS having been closed where the DISCIPLES WERE, through PEAR of the JEWS, JESUS came into the MIDST,

^{*} VATIOAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. And she says. 15. Jesus. 16. Jesus. 10. in Hebrew, Rabboni. 17. Jesus. 19. Week. 19. having been assembled—omit.

^{† 14.} Matt. xxviii. 9; Mark xvi. 0. † 14. Luke xxiv. 10, 31; John xxi. 4. † 17. Pss. (xxii, 22; Matt. xxviii. 10; Rom. viii. 29; Heb. ii. 11. † 18. Matt. xxviii 10; Luke xxiv. 30; † Cor xv. 5.

ELS TO $\mu \in \sigma o \nu$, kal $\lambda \in \gamma \in \iota$ autols. Elphuh $\mathring{v} \mu \iota \nu$. into the midst, and says to them; I cace to you.

24 Και τουτο ειπων, εδειξεν αυτοις τας χειρας And this having said, he showed to them the hands και την πλευραν αύτου. Εχαρησαν ουν οὶ therefore the of himself. Were glad side 21 Ειπεν ουν ιδοντ∈S μαθηται, τον κυριον. Baid then disciples, seeing the lord. autuis & ύμιν καθως Ιησους παλιν. Ειρηνη to them the Jesus egain; Peace to you; 2.5 απεσταλκε με δ πατηρ, καγω πεμπω ύμας. aend me the father, also I you.

22 Και τουτο ειπων, ενεφυσησε, And this having said, he breathed on, και λεγει and says 23 Αν τινων Λαβετε πνευμα άγιον. Receive you aspirit holy. QUTOIS. If of whom τας άμαρτιας, αφιενται αυτοις αν μΦητε the sins, they are forgiven them; you may forgive τινων κρατητε, κεκρατηνται.

of whom you may retain, they have been retained.

 26 Και μεθ' ήμερας οκτω παλιν ησαν εσω οί And after days eight again were within the μαθηται αυτου, και Θ ωμας μετ' αυτων. Ερχε-disciples of him, and Thomas with them. Comes ται δ Ιησους, των θυρων κεκλεισμενων, και

the Jesus, the doors having been sbut, εστη εις το μεσον, και ειπεν Ειρηνη ύμιν. stood into the midst, and said; Peace to you. 🛂 Ειτα λεγει τω Θωμα. Φερε τον δακτυλον σου Afterwards he says to the Thomas; Bring the finger of thee ώδε, και ιδε τας χειρας μου, και φερε την and the hauda of me, and bring see. the χειρα σου, και βαλε εις την πλευραν μου και haud of thee, and put into the side of me: and μη γινου απιστος, αλλα πιστος. 28 Απεκριθη not be thou unbelieving, believing. but Answered Θωμας και ειπεν αυτφ. 'Ο κυριος μου και δ θεος

Thomas and said to him; The lord of me and the God μου. ²⁹ Λεγει αυτφ ὁ Ιησους. 'Οτι έωρακας με, of me. Says to him the Jesus; Because thou hast seen me,

and stood, and says to them, "Peace be with you!"

20 And having said this, he showed them * his HANDS and his SIDE. The DISCIPLES, therefore, ‡ rejoiced, seeing the Lord.

21 Then JESUS said to them again, "Peace oe with you; ‡ as the FATHER has sent me, # also send you."

23 And having said this, he breathed on and says to them, "Receive the Holy Spirit.

23 ‡ If the sins * of any one you may forgive, they are forgiven them; if thoso * of any you may retain

they have been retained."

24 But Thomas, THAT
one of the TWELVE, FREING
CALLED Didymus, was not
with them, when * Jesus
came.

25 The other Disciples, therefore, said to him, "We have seen the Lord." But He said to them, "If I do not see in his hands the IMPRESSION of the NAILS, and put my finger into the IMPRESSION of the NAILS, and put *My HAND into his side, I will by no means believe."

26 And after eight Days his DISCIPLES were again within, and Thomas with them. The DOORS having been closed, Jesus comes into the MIDST, and stood, and said, "Peace be with you!"

27 Afterwards he says t THOMAS, "Reach here the FINGER, and behold my HANDS, and treach here thy HAND, and put it into my SIDE; and be not unbelieving, but believing."

26 Thomas answered and said to him, "My Lond and my God!"

29 Jesus says to him, "Because thou hast seen

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.-20, both the hands and the side. 24. Jesus. 25. My hand.

^{23.} of any one.

μακαριοι οί μη ιδοντες, και πισ- $\pi \in \pi \iota \sigma \tau \in \nu \kappa \alpha s^*$ blessed they not main all all a on μεία το σημεία σημεία στημεία στημεία signs Many indeed then ar other signs εποιησεν δ Ιησους ενωπιον των μαθητων αύτου, did the Jesus ir presence of the disciples of him, ά ουκ εστι γεγραμμενα εν το βιβλιφ τουτφ. which not it is having been written in the book 31 Ταυτα δε γεγραπται, ίνα πιστευσητε, ότι These things hut have been written, that you may believe, that Inσους εστιν δ Χριστος, δ vios του θεου, και Jesus is the Anginted, the son of the God, and ίνα πιστευοντες ζωην εχητε εν τω ονηματι that believing life you may have in the name αυτου. of him.

ΚΕΦ. κα'. 21.

1 Μετα ταυτα εφανερωσεν ξαυτον παλιν δ
After these things manifested himself again the Ιησους τοις μαθηταις επι της θαλα σης της of the Jesus to the disciples on the sea Εφαιηοωσε δε ούτως. Ε Ησαν Τιβεριαδος. He manifested and thus. Were Tibenias. δμου Σιμων Πετρος, και Θωμας δ λεγομένος THAT Thomas CALLED together Simon Peter, and Thomas he being called Διδυμος, και Ναθαναηλ δ απο Κανα της Γαλι-atwin, and Nathannel ac from Cana of the Galiλαιας, και οι του Ζεβεδαιου, και ελλοι εκ των lee, and they of the Zebedee, and others f the μαθητων αυτου δυο. ³Λεγει αυτοις Σιμων Πε gether, disciples of him two. Says o them Stoop Pe 3 Sir Thos: That wall every λ for the same terror than going to lish. They say ohim; Are $\chi_0 = 0$ for $\chi_0 = 0$ for τη νυκτι επιασαν ουδεν. ⁴Πρωιας δε the night they caught nothing. Moraing but ηδη now $\gamma \epsilon \nu o \mu \epsilon \nu \eta s$, $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta$ δ $1 \eta \sigma o \nu s$ $\epsilon \iota s$ $\tau o \nu \alpha \iota \gamma \iota \alpha \lambda o \nu^*$ ov $\iota \iota \nu \tau o \iota \eta$ δ $\iota \iota \tau o \iota$ $\iota \iota \tau o \iota \eta$ δ $\iota \iota \tau o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \tau o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota \sigma o \iota$ $\iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \iota \sigma o \iota \sigma \sigma o \iota \sigma$ πρ. Φαγιον τχετε Απεκριθησαν αυτω. Ου. fcod have you? They answered him; No. 6 O δε εεπεν αντιις Βαλετε εις τα δεξια μερη lie and said to them; Castyou into the sight parts του ... λοιου το δικτυον, και εύρησετε. Εβαλον of the ship the net, and you will find. They cast of the ship the net, ουν, παι ουκετι αυτο ελκυσαι ισχυσαν απο του then, and no longer it to draw were able from the ⁷ Λεγει ουν δ μαθητης Sign therefore the disciple πληθο ς των ιχθυων. multitude of the fishes. εκτινός δυ ηγαπα δ Ιησους, τω Πετρω. O fore, whom Jesus loved, that whom loved the Jesus, to the Peter, The says to Peter, "It is the

me, thou hast believed: t luppy those who see notand believe!"

30 ‡ Then, indeed, many Other Signs Jesus performed in the presence of * the DISCIPLES, which have not been written in this BOOK.

S1 # But these have been written, that you may be-lieve That Jesus is the MESSIAH, the son of Gon: and that, believing you may have Life in his NAME.

CHAPTER XXI

1 After these things * Jesus manifested himself again to the Disciplas, at the LAKE of TIBERIAS; and in this manner he appeared.

2 Simon Peter, and Didymus, and ITHAT Nathanael of Cana in GALI-LEE, and the sons of Zebedee, and two others of his DISCIPLES, were to-

3 Simon Peter says to them, "I am going a fishing." They say to him, "EMe also go with thee." They went out, and entered into the BOAT, and during That NIGHT they caught nothing.

4 But now Morning being come, * Jesus stood on the SHORE. The DISCL PLES, however, #knew not That it was Jesus.

5 Then ‡* Jesus says to them, "Children, have you any food?" They answered him, "No."

6 And HE said to them, t"Throw the NET on the RIGHT side of the BOAT, and you will find." Then they threw it, and were no longer able to draw it, from the MULTITUDE of FISHES.

7 That DISCIPLE there-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 30. the DISCIPLES. 5. Jesus.

1. Jesus.

3. immediately-on it.

^{† 20. 2} Cor. v. 7; 1 Pet. i. 8. † 30. John xxi. 25. † 31. Luke i. 4. † 31. John ii! 15, 10; v. 23; 1 Pet. i. 9. † 2. John ii. 45. † 12. Matt. iv. 21. † 4 John xx. 14 † 5 Luke xxiv. 41. † 0. Luke v. 45 45. † 7. John xi. 23; xx. 2.

κυριος εστι Σιμων ουν Πετρος, ακουσας ότι δ it is, Simon then Peter, na-ne neard that the κυριρς εστι, τον απενδυτην διεζωσατο ην γαρ lord it is, the upper garment negirded, he was for γυμνος και εβαλεν έαυτον εις την θαλασσαν naked; and threw himself into the 8 Οί δε αλλοι μαθηται τφ πλοιαριφ ηλθον (ου The but other disciples by the little ship came (not γαρ ησαν μακραν απο της γης, αλλ' ώς απο for they were for from the land, but about from πιγγων διακοσιων,) συροντές το δικτυον των dragging the culite two mundsed.) net of the ιχθυων. 9 'Ως ουν απεβησαν εις την γην, βλεfishes. When therefore they went up to the land, πουσιν ανθρακιαν κειμενην, και οψαριον επικειand lynes, a fire of coals a finia 10 Λεγει αυτοις ό Ιησους. μειον, και αρτον. Seys to them the Jesus; and bread. Ενεγκατε απο των οψαριων, ών επιασατε νυν. Bring you from the fishes, which you caught just now. 11 Ανεβη Σιμων Πετρος, και είλκυσε το δικτυον Went up Simon Peter, and drew the επι της γης, μεστον ιχθυων μεγαλων έκατον to the land, full offishes great πεντηκοντατριων. και τοσσυτών οντών, ουκ filly-three; so many being, and 12 Λεγει αυτοις δ Ιησους. εσχ:σθη το δικτυον. was teru the Says to them the Jesus, net. $*[\delta \epsilon]$ $\Delta \epsilon v \tau \epsilon$, $\alpha \rho i \sigma \tau \eta \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon$. Ouders ετολμα [and] breakfast you. No one presumed των μαθητων εξετασαι αυτον. Συ TIS EI; Then of the disciples him; art? to ask who 13 Ερχεται ὁ Ιηειδοτες, ότι δ κυριος εστιν. knowing, that the Lord Comes the Jeit 18. σους, και λαμβανει τον αρτον, και διδωσιν the bread, and takes and givee 14 Τουτο ηδη αυτοις, και το οψαριον διιοιως. to them, and the fish in like manner This already τριτον εφανερωθη ὁ Ιητους τοις μαθηταις αυτου, third was manifested the Jesus to the disciples of himself, eyepheis εκ νεκρων. having been raised out of dead ones.

15 OT € OUV ηριστησαν, λεγει τω Σιμωνι When therefore they had breakfasted, says to the Simon Πετρφ δ Ιηπους. Σιμων Ιωνα, απαπας με πλειον l'eter the Jesus; Simon of Jona, lovest thou me τουτων; Λεγει αυτώ. Ναι, κυριε, συ οιδας, ότι Olord, thou knowest, that He eays to him, Yes, Λεγει αυτφ. Βοπκε τα αρνια μου. DIXW OE. I dearly love thee. He says to him, Fred the lambs of me 16 Λέγει αυτώ παλιν δευτερού. Σιμών Ιώνα, lie says to him again a second time; Simon of Jona, αγαπας με; Λεγει αυτώ. Ναι, κυριε, συ οιδας, lovest thou me? He says to him, Yes, Olord, thou knowest, σε. Λεγει αυτω. Ποιμαίνε τα προ-Φιλω that I dearly love thee; He says to him; Tend thou the sheep

LORD." Then Simon Peter having heard that it was the Lord, girled on his UPPER GARMENT, (for he was thinked,) and threw himself into the LAKE.

8 But the OTHER Discretes came by the BOAT; (for they were not far from the LAND, but about two hundred Cubits off.) dragging the NET with the FISHES.

2 When, therefore, they went out to the LAND, they see a Fire of coals lying, and a Fish lying on it, and Bread.

10 * Just says to them, "Bring of the Fishes which you just now caught."

11 * Simon Peter went on board and drew the NET to the LAND, full of great Fishes, a hundred and fittythree; and though there were so many, the NET was not torn.

12 * Jesus says to them, 1 "Come and breakfast." No one of the DISCIPLES presumed to ask him, "Who art thour"

13 * Jesus comes, and takes the Burab, and gives to them, and the Yish in like man er.

14 This third time now was *Jesus manifested to *the pisciples, having been raised from the Dead.

15 When, therefore, they had breakfasted, Jesus says to Simon Peter, "Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me more than these?" He says to him, "Yes, Lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." He says to him, "Feed my LAMES."

16 He says to him again, a second time, "Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me?" He says to him, "Yes, lord; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee."

^{*} Vartean Manuscrift.—10. Jesus. 11. Then Simon Peter. 12. Jesus. 12. and—omit. 13. Jesus. 14. Jesus. 14. the disciples.

^{77.} So the Jews called those who were clothed in their under garments only.-Newcome

^{12.} Acts x. 41. 14. See John xx. 19, 26.

17 Λεγει αυτφ το τριτον·
He says to him the third; Σιμων RALL HOU. Simon of me, δ Πετρος, δτι Ελυπηθη δ Πετρος, δτι Was grieved the Peter, because $\phi i\lambda \epsilon is \mu \epsilon$; ιωνα, of Jona, dearly lovest thou me? ειπεν αυτώ το τριτον, Φιλεις με; και ειπεν third, Dearly lovest thoume? and he said he said to him the *[αυτω·] Κυριε, συ παντα οιδας. συ γινωσκεις, [to him;] Olord, thou all things knowest; thou knowest, σε. Λεγει αυτώ ο Ιησους. Βοσκε φιλω Says to him the Jesus; that I dearly love thee; τα προβατα μου. 18 Αμην αμην λεγω σοι, ότε of me. Indeed indeed I say to thee, when ης νεωτερος, εζωννυες σεαυτον, και περιεπατεις thouwast younger, thou didst gird thyself, didst walk and όπου ηθελες όταν δε γηρασης, εκτενεις where thou didst wish; when but thou art old, thou wilt stretchout $\zeta \omega \sigma \epsilon \iota$ Tas $\chi \in lpas$ $\sigma o v$, $\kappa a l$ $a \lambda \lambda o s$ $\sigma \in \omega \sigma \in l$, hands of thee, and another thee will gird, και and 19 Τουτυ δε ειπε, δπου οι θελεις.onwill carry where notthouwishest. This now he s ice sigμαινων, ποιφ θανατφ δοξασει τον Ceev. Και And by what aifying, Jun 106. · ~ · o \r'v" :. λεγει αυτώ. TOUTO $\epsilon \iota \pi \omega \nu$, having said, he says to him; F Ho THE *[δε] 20 Επιστραφεις δ Πετρος βλεπις [and] the Having turned about Peter ·h. μαθητην, δν ηγαπα δ Ιησους, ακολουθουντα whom loved the Jesus, following: (ός και ανεπεσεν εν τφ δειπνφ επι το στηθος reclined at the supper on breast (who also αυτου, και ειπε· Κυριε, τις εστιν δ παραδιδους of him, and said; Olord, who is he betraying σε:) 21Τουτον ιδων δ Πετρος λεγει τω Ιησου. Him seeing the says to the Jesus: Peter Κυριε, ουτος δε τι; Ελεγει αυτφ δ Ιησους. Says this and what? to him the Jesus; O lord. Εαν αυτον θελω μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς I wish to abide till Leome, what to 23 Εξηλθεν ουν δ λογος σε: συ ακολουθει μοι. Went out therefore the word me. thce? thou outos εις τους αδελφους, ότι ό μαθητης εκεινος this among the brethren, that the disciple that this among the ρυκ αποθνησκει. Και ουκ ειπεν αυτφ δ Ιησους, And not said to him the Jesus, not δτι ουκ αποθνησκει αλλ' Εαν αυτον $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ but; 1f him I wish he dies; μενειν έως ερχομαι, τι προς σε; 24 Ουτος εστιν

I come, what to thee?

He says to him, t"Tend m7 SHEEP.

17 He says to him the THIRD time, "Simon, son of Jonas, dost thou affectionately love me?" Peter was grieved, Because he said to him the THIRD time, "Dost thou affectionately love me?" And he said, "Lord, thou knowest All things; thou knowest That I affectionately love thee." * Jesus says to him, "Feed my sheep.

18 # Indeed, I truly say to thee, When thou wast younger, thou didst thyself, and walk where thou didst wish; but when, thou art old, † thou wilt extend thy HANDS, and another will gird thee, and carry thee where thou dost not wish.

19 Now this he said, intimating t by t What Death he would glorify God And having sald this, he says to him, "Follow me."

20 Peter, having turned about sees the DISCIPLE, following, t whom Jesus loved (who also reclined at the sur PER table on his BREAST, and said, "Lord, who his HE BE-TRAYING thee ?")

21 * HETFR, therefore, seeing him, says to Irsus, "Lord, and what of this man?"

22 Jesus says to him, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee? follow thou me."

23 * This REPORT, therefore, went out among the BRETHREN, That that DIS-CIPLE would not die; * but Jesus did not say to him, "That he shall not die;" but, "If I wish him to abide till I come, what is it to thee?"

Thic

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. to him—omit. erefore. 23. This. 23. but. 17. Jesus. 20. and-omit. 21. PETER therefore.

^{† 18.} Wetstein observes, that it was a custom in Rome, to put the necks of those who were to be crucified, into a yoke, and to stretch out their hands, and fasten them to the end of it, and having thus led them through the city, they were carried out to be crucified.—Clarke, † 19. Many ancient writers say that Peter was crucified with his head downwards, a short time before the destruction of Jerusalem.

^{† 16.} Acts xx. 23; Heb. xiii. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 2, 4. † 17. John ii. 24, 25; xvi. 30; 18. John xiii. 36; Acts xii. 3, 4. † 19. 2 Pet. i. 14. - † 20. John xiii. 23, 25; xx. 26; 29. Matt. xvi. 27, 28; xxv. 31; 1 Cor. iv 5: xi. 26; Rev. ii. 25; iii. 11; rzdi. 7, 20.

μαρτυρων περι τουτων, ка: δ μαθητης, δ testifying concerning these things, and the disciple, he ότι αληθης οιδαμεν, ypayas Tauta. we know, true having westlen these things; and 25 Εστι δε και αλλα εστιν ή μαρτυρια αυτου. other the testimouy and also of him.

πολλα όσα εποιησεν ό Ιησους, απινα εαν γραwhich if they should things did the Jeaus, many

φηται καθ' έν, ουδε αυτον οιμαι τον κοσμον every one, not even him I suppose the

χωρησαι τα γραφομένα βιθλια. to contain the being written books.

24 This is THAT DISCLE YAE, who *both TESTIFIES of these things and WROTE these things; and twe know That His TESTI-MONY is true.

25 TAnd there are many other things which JESUS performed, which, if they should be written, every one, + I suppose that not even the WORLD itself would contain the WEIT-TEN BOOKS.

ACCORDING TO JOHN.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25 Loth. 24 His. Subscription-According To JOHN.

† 25. This is a very strong eastern expression, to represent the great number cymiracles which Jesus wrought. But however strong and strange this expression may seem to us of the western world, we find sacred and other authors using hyperboles of the like kind and signification; some instances of which it may be proper to lay before the reader. In Num xii. 33, the spies, who returned from the search of the land of Canaan, say they saw giants there of such a prodigious size, that they were "in their own sight as grasshoppers." In Deut. i. 28, cities with high walls round about them are said to be "walled up to heaven." In Dan. iv. 11, mention is made of a tree, whereof "the height reached unto the heaven," and the sight thereof num to the end of all the earth," and the author of Ecclesiasticus, in chap. xlvii. 15, speaking of Solomon's wisdom, says, "Thy soul covered the whole eartb. and thou filleds it with parables," as the world is there said to be filled with Solomon's parables, so here, by one degree more of hyperbole, it is said that the world would not contain all the books which should be written concerning a sus' miracles, if the particular accesses a very one of them were given.—Pearce. every one of them were given .- Pearce.

\$ 24. John xix. 35; S John 12.

* ACTS OF APOSTLES.

КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Του μεν πρωτον λογον εποιησαμεν περι account I Lade concernin. The indeed firet Θεοφιλε, ων ηρξατο δ Incores
Theophulus, which hegan the Josus παντων, ω 0 ποιείν τε και διδασκειν, ²αρχι ης ήμερας, ²νο to do and also to teach, even to which day, was to do and also τειλαμενος τοις αποστολοις, δια πνευματος through 3 Ois est ing given charge to the apostics, $\alpha \gamma_{10} v$ ous $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \xi \alpha \tau o$, $\alpha \nu \epsilon \lambda \eta \phi \theta \eta$. To whom also whom έαυτον ζωντα μετα το παθειν παρεστησεν living after the to suffer he presented himself αυτον, εν πολλοις τεκμηριοις, δι' ήμερων τεσclear proofs, through days in many σαρακοντα οπτανομένος αυτοις, και λέγων Ta by them, and saying the things being seen 4 Και συναλιτης βασιλειας του θεου. concerning the kingdom of the God. And assemζομενος παρηγγειλεν αυτοις, απο 'Ιεροσολυμων bling them he commanded them Jerusalem irom μη χωριζεσθαι, αλλα περιμενειν την επαγγελιαν but to wait for the promise not to depart, του πατρος, ην ηκουσατε μου· ⁵ ότι Ιωαννης of the father, which you heard from me; that John μεν εβαπτισεν ύδατι, ύμεις δε βαπτισθησεσθε in water, you but shall be dipped εν πνευματι άγιω, ου μετα πολλας ταυτας ήμεholy, not after many these spirit 6 Of μεν ουν συνελθοντες επηρωτων They indeed therefore having come together, αυτον λεγοντες Κυριε, ει εν το χρονφ τουτο Olord, if in the saying; αποκαθιστανεις την βασιλειαν τω Ισραηλ; kingdom to the IsraelP the thou restorest 7 Ειπε δε προς αυτους. Ουχ ύμων εστι γνωναι He said and to them; Not for you it is to know them; He said and to χρονους η καιρους, ούς ὁ πατηρ εθετο εν τη times or seasons, which the father placed in the 8 Αλλα ληψεσθε δυναμη επελιδια εξουσια. But you shall receive power own authority. θοντες του άγιου πνευματος εφ' ύμας. Kal spirit upon you; and the holy ing come εσεσθε μοι μαρτυρες εν τε Ίερουσαλημ, και you shall be to me witnesses in both Jerusalem, and εν πατη τη Ιουδαια και Σαμαρεια, και έως εσχα-

CHAPTER I.

1 The FORMER History compiled, ‡ O Theophilus, concerning all things which * Jesus began both to de and to teach,

2 t even to the Day in which, thaving given commandment, through the holy Spirit, to the APOSTLES whom he had chosen, he was taken up;

3 to whom also he presented himself living, atter his suffering, by Many Infallible proofs; heing seen of them forty Days, and speaking the THINGS concerning the KINGDOM of GOD.

4‡And assembling them, he charged them "not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the PROMISE of the FATHER, ‡ which you heard from the:

5 that John, indeed, immersed in Water, but you will be immersed in holy Spirit, after a few Days."

6 They, therefore, having come together, asked him, saying, "Lord, wilt thou, at this time, trestore the kingdom to Isbrall?"

7 *Then he said to them,
"It is not for you to know
the Times or Scasons,
which the FATHER appointed by his OWN Authority.

πνευματος εφ' ύμας και spirit upon you; and spirit upon you; and the in both Jerusalem, and in Samaria, and even to the samaria, and even to the

the

ali

Judea

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—Acts of Apostles.

^{1.} Jesus. 7. Then he

^{† 1.} Luke i. 31. † 2. Mark xvi. 19; Luke xxiv. 51; ver. 9; 1 Tim. iii. 16. † 2. Matt. xxviii. 19; Mark xvi. 15; John xx. 21; Acts x. 41, 42. † 3. Mark xvi. 14; Luke xxiv. 36; John xx. 19, 26; xxi. 1, 14; 1 Cor. xv. 5. † 4. Luke xxiv. 43, 49. † 4. Luke xxiv. 49; John xiv. 16, 26, 27; xv. 26; xvi. 7; Acts ii. 33. † 5. Matt. iii. 11; Acts xi. 16; xix. 4. † 6. Isa. i. 26; Amos ix. 11; Micahiv. 8; Acts iii. 21. Isa. Luke xxiv. 43. John xv. 27; Acts ii. 33. † 3. Luke xxiv. 43. John xv. 27; Acts ii. 33.

9 Και ταυτα ειπων, βλεποντωνTOU THE YES. And these thrugs having said, beholding art of the land. αυτων επηρθη· και μεφελη ύπελαβεν αυτον απο of them be washitten up; and a cloud wing frew him from των οφθαλμων αυτών. 10 Και ώς ατενίζοντες And as of them. fixedly gazing eyes ησαν εις τον ουρανον, πορευομενου αυτου, και they were into the heaven, of him, and guing away ιδου, ανδρες δυο παρειστηκεισαν αυτοις εν εσθη two were standing by them in raiτι λευκη, 11 οί και ειπον. Ανδρες Γαλιλαιοι, τι ment white, they and said; Men of Galilee, εστηκατε εμβλεποντες εις τον ουρανον; ουτος looking into the heaven? δ Ιησους, δ αναληφθεις αφ' ύμων εις τον ουραthe Jesus, he being taken up from you into the heaven,
νον, ούτως ελευσεται, δν τροπον εθεασασθε you saw will come, which manner thus 12 ToT€ αυτον πορευομένον εις τον ουρανον. into the going heaven. Then ύπεστρεψαν εις Ίερουσαλημ απο ορους του from a mountain that they returned into Jerusalam καλουμενου Ελαιωνος, δ εστιν εγγυς 'Ιερουσαbeing called of olive trees, which is near Jerusalem, ¹³ Και ότε εισηλλημ, σαββατου εχον όδον. a sabbath being distantjourney. And when they came θον, ανεβησαν εις το ύπερφον, ού ησαν καταinto, they went up into the upper room, where were μενοντες, δ, τε Πετρος και Ιακωβος, και Ιωανmaining, the, both Peter and James, and John Auspeas, Φιλιππος Ownas, vns kai και and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Βαρθολομαίος και Ματθαίος, Ιακωβου Αλφαί-Bartholomew and Matthew. James of Alpheου και Σιμων δ ζηλωτης και Ιουδας Ιακωβου. us also Simon the zealot and Judas of James. 14 Ουτοι παντες ησαν προσκαρτερουντες όμοθυall were being constantly engaged with one μαδον τη προσευχη, συν γυναιξι, και Μαρια τη mind in the prayer, with women, and Mary the μητρι του Ιησου, και συν τοις αδελφοις αυτου.

mother of the Jesus, and with the brother of him. 15 Και εν ταις ήμεραις ταυταις αναστας Π ε-And in the days these having stood up Peτρος εν μεσω των μαθητων, ειπεν (ην τε l m middle of the disciples, he said; (was and οχλος ονοματων, επιτο αυτο ώς έκατον εικοσιν.) a nrowd of names, in the same about ahundred twenty;) 16 Ανδρες αδελφοι, $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \iota$ πληρωθηναι την Men

hrethren, it was necessary to be fulfilled γραφην ταυτην, ην προειπε το πνευμα το άγιον this, which spoke before the spirit the

hely δια στοματος Δαυιδ, περι Ιουδα του γενομενου through mouth of David, about Judas that having become

the remotest parts of EARTH."

9 And having said These things, as they were looking on he was litted up; and a Cloud carried him away from their SIGHT.

10 And while they were fixedly gazing towards the HEAVENS, as he was going up, behold, two Men were standing by them in white

Raiment:

11 who also said, "Men of Galilee, why do you stand looking towards the HEAVENS? This JESUS, who is taken up from you into the heavens, Ishall so come in the manner in which you saw him go into the HEAVENS."

12 #Then they returned to Jerusalem, from THAT Mountain CALLED the Mount of Olives, which is near Jerusalem, being distant a Sabbath-day's Jour-

ney.
13 And when they came into the city, they went up into the UPPER ROOM, where were remaining both PETER and * John, and James and Andrew, Philip and Thomas, Bartholomew and Matthew, James the son of Alpheus, and Simor the ZEALOT, and Judas the brother of James.

14 All these were con. stantly engaged with one mind in PRAYER, with the Women, and with Mery the MOTHER of * Jesus, and with his BROTHERS.

15 And in these DAYS, Peter standing up in the Midst of the * BRETHREN, (the Number of Persons assembled were about a hundred and twenty,) said,

16 "Brethren, it was necessary for * the SCRIP-TURE to be fulfilled, ‡which the HOLY SPIRIT, through the mouth of David, foretold concerning THAT Judas ‡who веслме a Griide

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.--13. John, and James and Andrew. ETHREN, said. 16. The SCRIPTURE. BRETHREN, said.

^{14.} Jesus. 15.

^{† 11.} Dan. vii. 13; Matt. xxiv. 30; Mark xiii. 26; Luke xxi. 27; John xiv. 3; 1 Thess. i. iv. 16; 2 Thess. i. 10; Rev. 1. 7. 12. Luke xxiv. 52. 16. Psa. xli. 9; John t. 18. 110. Luke xxiv. 47; John xiu. 3. xiii. 18.

επιδημουντες 'Ρωμαιοι, Ιουδαιοι τε και προση-Romans, Jews both and proseλυτοι, 11 Κοητες και Αραβες, ακουομεν λαλουν-lytes, Cretane and Arabians, we hear speaking speaking των αυτων ταις ήμετεραις γλωσσαις τα μεγα-

great them in the our tongues the λεια του θεου; 12 Εξισταντο δε παντες και διη-Were astonished and all and things of the God? πορουν, αλλος προς αλλον λεγοντες. Τε αν plexed, one to another saying What θελοι τουτο ειναι ; ¹³ Ετεροι δε διαχλευαζοντες Others but deriding will this to be?

ελεγον· 'Οτι γλευκους μεμεστωμενοι εισι.
said; That sweet wine having been filled . they are

14 Σταθεις δε Πετρος συν τοις ένδεκα, επηρε Standing up but Peter with the eleven, lifted up την φωνην αύτου, και απεφθεγξατο αυτοις. the voice of himself, and said to them. Ανδρες Ιουδαιοι, και οί κατοικουντες Ίερουσα-Men Jews, and those dwelling λημ άπαντες, τουτο ύμιν γνωστον εστω, και lem all, this to you known let be, and ενωτισασθε τα βηματα μου. 15 Ου γαρ, ယ်s Not listen you the words of me. for, as ύμεις ύπολαμβανετε, ούτοι μεθυουσινο εστι γαρ you euppose, these are drunk; it is for ώρα τριτη της ήμερας ¹⁶ αλλα τουτο εστι το hour third of the day; but this ic that ειρημενον δια του προφητου Ιωηλ. 17 και having been spoken through the prophet Joel; and εσται εν ταις εσγαταις εσται εν ταις εσχαταις ταις ήμεραις, λεγει ό says the it shall be in the last the days, θεος, εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου επι πασαν God, I will pour outfrom of the spirit of me upon all σαρκα· και προφητευσουσιν οί υίοι ύμων και αί flesh; and shall prophesy the sons of you and the θυγατερες ύμων, και οί νεανισκοι ύμων δρασεις daughters of you, and the young men of you visions οψονται, και οι πρεσβυτεροι ύμων ενυπνιοις and the old men of you ενυπνιασθησονται^{*} ¹⁸καιγε επι τους δουλους μου shall dream; and even on the male-slaves of me

και επι τας δουλας μου εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις and on the femaleslaves of me in the days εκχεω απο του πνευματος μου, και προφηof me, and I will pour out from of the spirit τευσουσι. 19 Και δωσω τερατα εν τω ουρανω And I will give prodigies in the heaven shall prophesy. ανω, και σημεια επι της γης κατω, αιμα και above, and signs on the earth below, blood and πυρ και ατμιδα καπνου 20 δ ήλιος μεταστραφη-fire and a cloud of smoke; the sun shall be turned σεται εις σκοτος, και ή σεληνη εις αιμια, πριν

into darkness, and the moon into blood, sooner $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota \nu \tau \eta \nu$ ήμεραν κυριου την μεγα) ην και in to come the day of lord the great and than to come the επιφανη. 21 Και εσται, πας δς αν επικαλεση-And it shall be, every one who may call upon ται το ονομα κυριου, σωθησεται.

the name of lord, shall be saved. Roman STRANGERS, botk Jews and Proselytes,

11 Cretans and Arabians; we hear them sneaking in our Tongues the GREAT THINGS OF GOD."

12 And they were all astonished and perplexed. saying one to another, "What can this be?"

13 But others scoffing, said, "They are full of Sweet wine."

14 But Peter standing with the ELEVEN, lifted up his VOICE, and said to them, "Jews! and all who are sojourning in Jerusalem! let this be known to you, and listen to my WORDS.

15 For these are not drunk as pou suppose, I for it is the third Hour of the

16 but this is WHAT Was SPOKEN through the PRO-

PHET Joel;

17 1 'And it shall be * in 'the LAST Days, says GoD, 'I will pour out of my 'Spirit upon All Flesh; and your sons and your DAUGHTERS shall prophesy; and your Young MEN shall see Visions, and your OLD MEN shall 'dream Dreams.

18 'And indeed on my 'MEN-SERVANTS and ‡ on 'my women-servants in 'those DAYS I will pour out of my spirit, and they shall prophesy.

19 'And I will give Pro 'digies in the HEAVEN-'above, and Signs on tle 'EARTH below; Blood, and 'Fire, and a Cloud of 'Smoke.

20 t'The sun shall be 'turned into Darkness, and 'the moon into Blood, be-· fore THAT great and illus-'trious Day of the Lord 'come.

21 'And it shall be, tev-'ery one who may invoke 'the NAME of the Lord, 'shall be saved.'

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. after these things, says God.

^{† 15. 1} Thess. v. 7. † 17. Joel ii. 28, 29. † 18. Acts x v. 11. † 20. Matt. xxiv. 29; Mark xiii. 24; Luke xxi. 25. 1 18. Acts xxi. 4, 9, 10: 1 Cor. xii. 10, uke xxi. 25. 1 21. Rom. x. 13. 28; xvi. 1.

22 Ανδρες Ισραηλίται, ακουσατε τους λογους Mea Israelites, hearyou the words τουτους. Ιησουν τον Ναζωραίον, ανδρα από του these; Jesus the Namerone, a man from the θεου αποδεδείγμενον εις ύμας δυναμεσί και God having been pointed out to you by mighty works and τερασι και σημείοις, (οίς εποίησε δι' αυτου ό prodigies and signs, (which did through him the θεος εν μεσω ύμων, καθως * [και] αυτου οιδατε,) God in midst οίγο... as [also] yourselves youknow,] 23 τουτον τη ώρισμενη βουλη και προγνωσει this by the having been fixed purpose and foreknowledge

this by the having been fixed purpose and foreknowledge του θεου εκδοτον λαβοντες, δια χειρων ανοστικέ God given up having been taken, by hands σίλανμων προσπηξαντες ανειλατε. ²⁴ Oν δ θεος less ones having affixed to you killed. Whom the God ανεστησε λυσας τας ωδινας του θανατου, raised up; having loosed the pains of the death, καθοτι ουκ ην δυνατον κρατεισθαι αυτου ὑπ' hasmuch as not was possible to be held him under αυτου.

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25 Λαυιδ γαρ λεγει εις αυτον Προωρωμην David for says conceroing him; τον κυριον ενωπιον μου διαπαντας, ὅτι εκ δεξιων lord in presence of me always, because at right hand μου εστιν, ίνα u σαλευθω. 26 Δια τουτο of me he is, so that not I may be shaken. Through this ευφρανθη ή καρδια μου, και ηγαλλιασατο ή 26 Δια τουτο rejoiced the heart of me, and exulted the γλωτσα μου ετι δε και ή σαρξ μου κατασκηtongue of me; moreover and also the flesh of me will repose νωσει επ' ελπιδ: 27 ότι ουκ εγκαταλειψεις hope; because not in thou wilt ahandon την ψυχην μου εις 'αδου, ουδε δωσεις invisibility, nor then wilt abandon τοι δσιον σου ιδειν διαφθοραν. 28 Εγνωρισας holy one of these to see corruption. Thou didst make known 28 Εγνωρισας μοι όδους ζωης: πληρωσεις με ευφροσυνης μετα lo me wave of life; how wilt fill me του προσωπου σου, (B)w face of thee.

 29 Ανδρες αδελφοι, εξον ειπειν μετα παρβη
Men brethreu, it is lawful to speak with freedom
σιας προς ύμας περι του πατριαρχου Δαυιδ,
ο τι και ετελευτησε και εταφη, και το μνημα
that both he died and was buried, and the tomb
αυτου εστιν εν ἡμιν αχρι της ἡμερας ταυτης,
σό τὶ με απος us till σό the day this. 20 Προφητης ουν ὑπαρχων, και είδως δτι δρκω

A prophet therefore being, and knowing that with an oath μμοσεν αυτώ δ θεος, εκ καρπου της οσφυος awore to him the God, out of fruit of the loins αυτου καθισαι επι του θρονου αυτου. 31 Προι
Thim to cause to sit on the throne of him. foresee-

22 Israelites! hear these words. Jesus, the NAZA-BENE, a Man from God, celebrated among you toy Miracles, and Prodigics, and Signs, which God wrought through him in the Midst of you, as you yourselves know;

23 him, tgiven up by the FIXED Counsel and Foreknowledge of God, *by the Hand of Lawless ones, tyou nailed to the cross,

and killed;

24 twhom God raised up, having loosed the PAINS of DEATH; as it was impossible to hold him under it.

- 25 For David says concerning him, ‡'I saw the 'Lord always before me, 'Because he is at my Right 'hand, so that I may not 'be moved.
- 26 'On account of this '* My heart rejoiced, and 'my tongue exulted; and 'moreover, my flesh also 'snan appose in Hope;
- 27 'because thou wilt 'not abandon my soul in 'Hades, nor give up thine 'HOLY ONE to see Corruption.
- 28 'Thou didst make 'known to me the Ways of 'Life; thou wilt make me 'full of Joy with thy 'COUNTENANCE.'
- 29 Brethren! I may speak to you, with freedom, concerning the Patrelarch David, that he both died and was buried, and his TOMB is among us to this DAY.
- 30 Being, therefore, a Prophet, ‡ and knowing That GOD swore to him with an Oath, that of the Fruit of his Loins he would cause one to sit upon his THRONE;

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—22. also—omit. 23. by the Hand of Lawless ones, row nailed to the cross and killed. 26. My HEART.

δων ελαλησε περι της αναστασεως του Χριστου, ing he spoke concerning the resurrection of the Anelnted, 'αδου, ουδε ή σαρξ ότι ου κατελειφθη εις that not he was abandoned into invisibility, nor the flesh 32 Τουτον τον Ιησουν αυτου ειδε διαφθοραν. This BAW corruption. the Jeans ανεστησεν δ θεος, ου παντες ημεις raised up the God, of which all we εσμεν are 33 Τη δεξια ουν του θεου ນປωμαρτυρες. To the right handtherefore of the God baving been $\theta \in is$, $\tau \eta \not = \epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda i \alpha \nu \tau o u \dot{\alpha} \gamma i o u \tau \nu \epsilon u \mu \alpha \tau o s$ exalted, the and promise of the holy spirit of the holy παρα του πατρος, εξεχεε τουτο, δ ed from the father, he poured ont this, which επετε και ακουετε. 34 Ου γαρ Δαυιδ λαβων having received from the ύμεις βλεπετε και ακουετε. and hear. Not for aνεβη εις τους ουρανους· λεγει δε αυτος· Ειπεν ascended into the heavens; he says but himself; Said δ κυριος τω κυριω μου Καθου εκ δεξίων μου, the lord to the lord of me; Sit thou at right hand of me, ³⁵ έως αν θω τους εχθρους σου ύποποδιον των till I may place the enemies of thee a footstoo. 36 Ασφαλως ουν γινωσκετω πας Certainly therefore let know all ποδων σου. of thee. οικος Ισραηλ, ότι και κυριον αυτον και Χριστον house of Israel, that both lord him and Anointed ό θεος εποιησε, τουτον τον Ιησουν, όν ύμεις the God made, this the Jesus, whom 37 Ακουσαντες δε κατενυγησαν εσταυρωσατε. Having heard and they were pierced τη καρδια, ειπον τε προς τον Πετρον και τους to the heart, and to the said Peter and the Τι ποιησομέν, λοιπους αποστολους. ανδρες apostles; What shall we do. men 38 Πετρος δε *[εφη] προς αυτους· αδελφοι; Peter hrethren? [said] and to Νιετανοησατε, και βαπτισθητω έκαστος ύμων and be dipped each one of you επι τφ ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου, εις αφεσιν άμαρ-in the name of Jesus Anointed, for forgiveness of τιων, και ληψεσθε την δωρεαν του άγιου πνευand you shall receive the gift of the holy spirit.

shall we do?" 39 Υμιν γαρ εστιν ή επαγγελια και 39 For the PROMISE IS to you and to your CHILDREN, and to ALL τοις τεκνοις ύμων, και πασι τοις εις μακραν, a distance, who are far off, as many

as the Lord our God may call. 40 And with many Other Words he testified and

41 Then THOSE Who RE-

και παρεκαλει, λεγων. Σωθητε απο της γενεας Be saved from the generation saying; 41 Οί μεν ουν *[ασμενως] της σκολιας ταυτης. of the perverse. this. They indeed therefore [gladly]

δσους αν προσκαλεσηται κυριος δ θεος ήμων.

the is

lord

with many

31 foreseeing he spoks concerning the RESURRECS TION of the MESSIAH. that he was not left in Hades, nor did his FLESH 'see Corruption.'

32 God raised up this Jesus, t of which we all

are Witnesses.

33 Having been, therefore, exalted to the RIGHT HAND of God, tand having received from the FA-THER the PROMISE of the * HOLY SPIRIT, The poured out this which pou *both see and hear.

34 For David ascended not to HEAVEN, but he says himself, ‡ 'JEHOVAH 'said to my LORD, Sit thou 'at my Right hand,

35 'till I put thine EN-'EMIES underneath thy

FEET.

36 Therefore, let all the House of Israel certainly know, that This Jesus, whom you eracified, \$GoD made him both Lord and Messiah."

37 And having heard this, they were pierced to the HEART, and said to PETER and the OTHER Apostles, "Brethren! what

38 And Peter said to

them; ‡"Reform, and let each of you be immersed in the NAME of Jesus Christ, for the Forgiveness * of your SINS; and you will receive the GIFT of

the HOLY Spirit.

*exhorted them, saying, "Be you saved from this PERVERSE GENERATION."

83. both see. 38. said-omit,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—33. HOLY SPIRIT. of the sins. 40. exhorted them, saying.

To you for

40 Έτεροις τε λογοις

and words

of you, and to all

may call

датоз.

as many as

to the children

promise

those at

the God

πλειοσι διεμαρτυρετο,

he testified,

^{† 32.} Acts i.8. , † 33. Acts v. 31; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. x. 12. † 33. John xiv. 20; xv. 20; xvi. 7, 13; Acts i.4. † 34. Psa. cx. 1; Matt. xxii. 24; 1 Cor. xv. 25; Eph. i. 20—22; Heb. i. 13; x. 12; 13. † 36. Acts v. 31. † 38. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii. 19. † 30. Acts x. 45; xi. 15, 18; xiv. 27; xv. 3, 8, 14; Eph. ii. 13, 17.

αποδεξαμενοι τον λογον αυτου, εβαπτισθησαν having received the word of him, were dieped; και προσετεθήσαν τη ήμερα εκείνη ψυχαι ώσει were added the day that souls 42 Ησαν δε προσκαρτερουντες τη τρισχιλιαι. Were and constantly attending three thousand. διδαχη των αποστολων, και τη κοινωνια, *[και] teaching of the and to the distribution, [and] apostles, τη κλασει του αρτου, και ταις προσευχαις. to the breaking of the lost, and to the prayers. 42 Εγενετο δε ταση ψυχη φοβος, πολλα τε

Came and to every soul fear, many τερατα και σημεια δια των αποστολων prodigies and signs through the apostles and €YI-M CLG νετο. 46 Παντες δε οί πιστευοντες ησαν επι All and those believing MCLO το αυτο, κει ειχον άπαντα κοινα, 45 και τα the same, and had allthings common, and the κτηματα και τας ύπαρξεις επιπρασκον, και διεpossessions and the goods they were selling, and they μερίζον αυτα πασι, καθοτι αν τις χρειαν είχε.
were dividing them to all, as any one need had.

46 Καθ' ήμεραν τε προσκαρτερουν**τες ό**μοθ**υμ**αδον Every day and constantly attending with one mind εν τφ ίερφ, κλωντες τε κατ' οικον αρτον, μετεin the temple, breaking and at home bread λαμβανον τροφης εν αγαλλιασει και αφελοτητι were partaking offood in gladness and singleness καρδιας, η αινουντες τον θεον, και εχοντες praising the God, and having of heart 'Ο δε κυριος προσεχαριν προς όλον τον λαον. Theand lord favor with whole the people. τιθει τους σω (ομενους καθ' ήμεραν * τη εκκληadding those, being saved every day [to the coogreoua. gation.]

КЕФ. √. 3.

Επι το αυτο δε Πετρος και Ιωαννης ανεβαι-In the same now Peter and John were going νον εις το ίερον επι την ώραν της προσευχης into the temple at the bour of the μος.

γ εννατην. ² Και τις ανηρ χωλος εκ κοιainth. And a certain man lame from womb THY EVVATHV. λιας μητρος αύτου ύπαρχων, εβασταζετο δν of mother of himself being, was being carried; whom ετιθουν κατ' ήμεραν προς την θυραν του ίερου at the door of the temple they placed every day την λεγομενην ώραιαν, του αιτειν ελεημοσυνην being called beautiful, the toask alms 3,02 παρα των εισπορευομένων εις το ίερον.

CEIVED his WORDS were immersed; and on that DAY about thee thousand Souls were added.

- 42 ‡And they were constantly attending to the TEACHING of the APOS-TLES, and to the † con-TRIBUTION, and to the BREAKING of the LOAF, and to the PRAYERS.
- 43 And Fear came upon Every Soul; and ! Many Prodigies and Signs were done through the APOS-
- 44 And ALL the BE-LIEVERS !* had all things common together;
- 45 and sold their Possessions and goods, and divided them to all, asany one had Need.
- 46 And constantly attending with one mind tin the TEMPLE every day, and breaking Bread at Home, they partook of Food in Joyfulness and Simplicity of Heart;
- 47 praising God, and having Favor with all the PEOPLE. And the Lord daily added THOSE BRING SAVED to the CONGREGA-TION.

CHAPTER III.

- 1 Now Peter and John were going up TOGETHER into the TEMPLE, at the HOUR of PRAYER, being the NINTH hour.
- 2 And a Certain Man. lame from his Birth, was being carried, whom they placed daily at ITHAT GATE of the TEMPLE which is CALLED Beautiful, to ASK Alms of THOSE EN-. Who | TERING into the TEMPLE;

from those

into the temple.

entering * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT,-42, and-omit. 47. to the congregation-omit.

^{44,} had all things common together;

^{†42.} See the following passage where the same original word is used:—Rom, xv. 26; 2 Cor, viii, 4; ix. 13; Phll. 1, 5; Heb. xiii, 16. Also Appendix. † 2. This gate is said to have led from the court of the Gentiles into the court of the Israelites on the eastern side of the temple. It was built by Herod the Great, almost or quite wholly of Corinthian brass. The folds of this gate were fifty cubits high and forty broad, and covered with plates of gold and silver.

^{1 43.} Mark xvi. 17; Acts iv. 33, v. 12. 1 44. Acts iv. 32. † 42. Heb. x. 25. † 40. Luke xxiv. 53; Acts v. 42. 1 47. Acts v. 14; xi. 24.

ιδων Πετρον και Ιωαννην μελλουτας εισιεναι seeing Peter and John being about togo 4 Aτεεις το ίερον, ηρωτα ελεημοσυνην λαβειν. nto the temple, asked alma to receive. Looking νισας δε Πετρος εις αυτον συν τω Ιωαννη, ειπε. steadily and Peter on him with the John, βλεψον εις ήμας. 5 'Ο δε επειχεν αυτοις, προσ-He and gave heed to them, us. δοκων τι παρ' αυτων λαβειν. 6 Ειπε δε Πεpecting something from them to receive. Said and τρος· Αργυριον και χρυσιον ουχ ὑπαρχει μοι· ter; Silver and gold not are possessed by me; ό δε εχω, τουτο σοι διδωμι. Εν τω ονοματι what but I have, this to thee fgive; In the name Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου *[εγειραι και] of Jesus Anointed the Nazarene [do thou arise and] περιπατει. 7 Και πιασας αυτον της δεξιας And having taken him the right walk. χειρος ηγειρε παραχρημα δε εστερεωθησαν hand he rose up, immediately and were strengthened 8 Και εξαλλοαυτου αί βασεις και τα σφυρα. of him the feet and the ankle-bones. And Leaping μενος, εστη, και περιεπατει και εισηλθε συν walked; and with he stood, and entered αυτοις εις το ίερον, περιπατων και αλλομενος, them into the temple, walking and leaping, ⁹ Και ειδεν αυτον πας δ And saw him all the και αινων τον θεον. and praising the God. $\theta \in ov$ λαος περιπατουντα και αινουντα τον people walking and praising the συς, ¹⁰ επεγινωσκον τε αυτον, ότι ουτος ην δ προς was who for they knew and him, that he την ελεημοσυνην καθημενος επι τη ώραια πυλη sitting at the beautiful gate του ίερου και επλησθησαν θαμβους και εκταof the temple; and they were filled with wonder and 11 Κρατουντος σεως επιτφ συμβεβηκοτι αυτφ. ment at that having happened to him. Holding fast δε αυτου τον Πετρον και Ιωαννην, συνεδραμε and of him the Peter and John, rantogether προς αυτους πας δ λαος επι τη στοα τη καλουto them all the people to the porch that being μενη Σολομωνος, εκθαμβοι. 12 Ιδων δε Πετρος salled of Solomon, awe-struck. Seeing and Peter απεκρινατο προς τον λαον. Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, to the people; Men answered Israelites, ατενιζετε, τι θαυμαζετε επιτουτφ; η ήμιν τι or to us why look you earnestly, why do you wonder at this? ώς ιδια δυναμει η ευσεβεια πεποιηκοσι του as by own power or piety having been made of the περιπατειν αυτον: 13 'Ο θεος Αβρααμ και Ισαακ The God of Abraam and Isaac και Ιακωβ, δ θεος των πατερων ήμων, εδοξασε Jacob, the God of the fathers of us, glorified τον παιδα αυτου Ιησουν, όν ύμεις μεν παρεδωthe servant of himself Jesus, whom you indeed

3 who seeing Peter and John being about to go into the TEMPLE, asked Alms.

4 And Peter, with John, having earnestly fixed his eyes on him, said, "Look on us."

5 And HE gave heed to them, expecting to receive Something from them.

Something from them.
6 But Peter said, "Silver and Gold I have not; but what I have, This I give thee; ‡ in the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZARENE, walk."

7 And having taken him by the RIGHT Hand he raised *him up; and immediately *his FEET and ANKLES were strengthened:

8 and leaping up, he stood, and walked about, and entered with them into the TRMPLE, walking, and leaping, and praising God.

9 ‡ And All the PEOPLE saw him walking and praising GoD;

10 and they knew him, That HE was the ONE who SAT for ALMS at the BEAUTIFUL Gate of the TEMPLE; and they were filled with Wonder and Amuzement at WHAT had BAPPENED to him.

11 And while he held fast to PETER and John, All the PEOPLE ran together to them, into THAT PORTICO ; which is CALLED Solomon's, greatly astonished.

12 And * PETER seeing it, answered the PEOPLE, "Israelites! why do you wonder at this? or why do you look intently at Us, as though by Our Power or Piety we had caused him to walk.

δοξασε glorified Jacob, the God of Abraham, and of Isaac, and of Jacob, the God of our Fathers, glorified his sered vant Jesus, whom you

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6, rise up and-omit.

7. him.

7. his feet.

13.

κατε, και ηρνησασθε *[αυτον] κατα προσωπον and denied . [him] . in face Πιλατου, κριναντος εκεινου απολευειν. 14 Υμεις of Pilate, having judged he . to release. δε τον άγιον και δικαιον ηρνησασθε, και ητη-hut the holy and righteous decied, and asked but the holy and righteous σαπθε ανδρα φονεα κανισθηναι ύμιν, 15 τον δε a man a murderer to be granted to you, αρχηγον της ζωης απεκτεινατε όν δ.θεος ηγειyou killed; whom the God, raised prince of the life ρεν εκ νεκρων, ού ήμεις μαρτυρες εσμεν out of dead ones, of whom we witnesses 16 και επι τη πιστει του ονοματος αυτου, τουτον and by the faith of the name of him. θεωρειτε και αιδατε, εστερεωσε το ονομα whom you behold and know, strengthened the name αυτου και ή πιστις ή δι αυτου εδωκεν αυτω of him; and the faith that through him gave to bim την όλοκληριαν ταυτην απεναντι παντ εν ύμων. the perfect soundness , this in presence of all of you. 17 Και νυν, αδελφοι, οιδα ότι κατα ανγοίαν Από που, brethree, I know that in general general empagers, ωσπερ και οι αρχοντες ύμων. 18 Ο you did, a.s also the rulers 'of you. δε θεος ά προκατηγγειλε δια στοματος παντων through mouth but God what he foretold of all .. των προφητων αύτου, παθειν του Χριστον, of the prophets of himself, to outer the Accinted, 19 Μετανοησατε ουν και επληρωσεν ούτω. Reform you therefore and be fulfilled thus. επιστρεψατε, εις το εξαλειφθηναι ύμων τας turn you, in order that the to be wiped out of you the αμαρτιας, όπως αν ελθωσι καιροι αναψυξεως απο seasous of refreshing from sins, that may come προσωπου του κυριου, : 20 και αποστειλη τον lord, . and he may send of the προκεχειρισμενον ύμιν Ιησουν Χριστον: 21 δν having been before destined for you Jesus . Anointed; whom δει ουρανον μεν δεξασθαι αχρι χρονων αποκα-must besses todeed to receive till times of restoreταστεσεως παντων, ών ελαλησεν δ θεος δια tion of all things, which spoke the Godthrough στοματος των άγιων αυτου προφητων απ' αιωof the holy of himself prophe's from . . vos. · 22 Μωυσης μεν *[προς τους πατερας]
age. Moses ladeed [to the false...] ειπεν 'Οτι προφητην ύμιν αναστησει κυριος δ said; That a prophet to you shall raise up lord the θεος ύμων, εκ των αδελφων ύμων ώς εμε Goal ofyou, from of the brethren of you; like me; αυτου ακουσεσθε κατα παντα, δσα αν λαληση of him you shall hear in all things, which he may speak προς ύμας. 23 Εσται δε, γασα ψυχη ήτις αν μη to you. It shall be and, every coul whatever not ακουση του προφητου εκεινου, εξολοθρευθησεmay hear the prophet " that.

indeed delivered up, and trejected in the Presence of Pilate, when he resolved to release him:

14 But nou rejected the HOLY and Rightcous one, and asked a Murderer to be given you,

15 and killed the PRINCE of LIFE; whom God raised from the Dead, of which we are Witnesses.

16 And by the FAITH of his NAME, this NAME strengthened This Man, whom you behold and know; and THAT FAITH, through him, gave him this PERFECT SOUNDNESS in the presence of you all.

17 And now, Brethren, I know That in † Ignorance you did it, as also your RULERS.

18 But GoD thus fulfilled twhat he 'oretold by the Mouth of All * the PROPHETS, that his ANOINTED should suffer.

19 ‡ Reform, therefore, and turn, that Your sins may be BLOTTED OUT; so that Seasons of Refreshment may come from the Presence of the LORD,

20 and he may send him HAVING BEEN BEFORE DESTINED for you, Jesus Christ.

Christ;

21 whom, indeed, Heaven must retain till the Times of Restoration of all things which God spoke by the Mouth of HIS HOLY Prophets, from of Old.

22 Moses indeed said, 'The Lord your God shall 'raise up to you, from your, 'BRETHEEN, a Prophet, 'like me; Him you shall 'hear in all thiogs which 'he may speak to you;

h te may speak 23 'and it shall be, Ev-(η ήτις αν μη 'ery Soul which may not 'hear that PROPHET, shall be destroyed from among the PEOPLE.

*Vatican Manuscript.—13. him—omit. 13. the prophets his anointed. 21. of his holy. 22. to the pathers—omit.

^{13.} Matt. xxvii. 20; Mark xv. 11; Luke xxiii. 18, 20, 21; John xviii. 40; xlx. 15; Acts' xiii. 28; 1 16. Acts' iv. 10. 17. Luke xxiii. 34; John xvi. 3; Acts xiii. 27; Lor. ii. 8; Trim. 1. 13. 18. Luke xxiv. 44; Acts xxvi. 21. 1 18. Psa. xxii.; Isa. iii.; Iban ix. 20; I Pet. i. 10, 11. 21. Acts iii. 38. 22. Deut. xviii. 16, 18, 10; Acts iii. 38.

24 Και παντες δε οί προφηκ του λαου. prophets Also ail and the out of the people. ται απο Σαμουηλ και των καθεξης όσοι ελαλη-Samuel and those succeeding as many as spoke, και κατηγγειλαν τας ήμερας ταυτας. ofthe days these. told 25 Εμεις εστε οἱ υἱοι των προφητων, και της You are the sons of the prophets, and of the διε θηκης, ής διεθετο δ θεος προς τους πατερας covenant, which ratified the God to the fathers ήμων, πεγων προς Αβρααμ. Και εν τω σπερματι saying to Abraam; And in the σου ενευλογηθησονται πασαι αί πατριαι της ofthe all the families of thee shall be blessed 26 Υμιν πρωτον δ θεος, αναστησας τον Το you first the God, having raised up the yns. earth. αυτον ευλογουντα παιδα αύτου, απεστειλεν him blessing servant of himself, seut έκαστον απο των ύμας, εν τω αποστρεφειν from the in the to turn each one πονηριων *[ύμων.]

ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

1 Λαλουντων δε αυτων προς τον λαον, και and of them to the people, and Speaking επεστησαν αυτοις οί ίερεις και δ στρατηγος του came upon them the priests and the captain of the iερου και οi Σαδδουκαιοι, 2 δια π ονουμενοι δια temple and the Sadducees, being grieved through το διδασκειν αυτους τον λαον, και καταγγελλειν them the people, and to announce εν τφ Ιησου την αναστασιν την εκ νεκρων. in the Jesus the resurrection that out of dead ones. 3 Και επεβαλον αυτοις τας χειρας, και εθεντο hands, the and them And they laid on ets then the mortow; it was for evening now. 4 Πολλοι δε των ακουσαντων τον λογον επισ-Many but of those having heard the word beτευσαν και εγενηθη δ αριθμος των ανδρων ώσει and became the number of the χιλιαδές πέντε. 5 Εγένετο δε επι την αυριον συνthousand five. It happened and on the morrow to be αχθηναι αυτων τους αρχοντας και πρεσβυτερους rulers elders and assembled of them the και γραμματεις εις Ίερουσαλημ. 6 και Ανναν τον and scribes at Jerusalem; also Annas the αρχιερεα, και Καιαφαν και Ιωαννην και Αλεξανhigh-priest, and Caiaphas and John Alexanand δρου, και όσοι ησαν εκ γενους αρχιερατικου. der, and as many as were of a family of high priesthood. 7 Και στησαντες αυτους εν μεσφ, επυνθανοντο And having placed them in middle, they asked; Εν ποια δυναμει, η εν ποιφ ονοματι εποιησατε

By what power, or in what

24 And also All the PRO-PHETS from Samuel, and THOSE succeeding in order, as many as spoke, also announced these DAYS.

25 1 Pou are * Sons of the PROPHETS, and of the COVENANT which GOD ratified with our FATHERS, saying to Abraham, ‡ 'And in thy seed shall all the 'FAMILIES of the EARTH 'be blessed.'

26 God having raised up his servant, sent him first to you, to bless each one who shall TURN from

his EVIL WAYS."

CHAPTER IV.

1 And while they were speaking to the PEOPLE, the * HIGH-PRIESTS, and the COMMANDER of the TEMPLE, and the SADDU-CEES, came upon them,

2 tbeing grieved because they TAUGHT the PEOPLE, and announced THAT RES-URRECTION from the Dead

in Jesus.

3 And they laid HANDS on them, and placed them in Custody till the NEXT DAY; for it was now Evening.

4 But many of THOSE HAVING HEARD the WORD believed; and the NUM-BER of the MEN became about five Thousand.

5 And it occurred on the NEXT DAY, that Their RULERS, and * the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES assembled at Jerusalem:

6 and ‡Annas, the HIGH-PRIEST, and Caiaphas, and John, and Alexander, and as many as were of the family of the High-Priesthood;

7 and having placed them in the Midst, they asked, ‡"By What Power, or in What Name, have nou done this?"

did

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—25. the Sons of.
d. 5. and the elders and the scribes. 26. of you-omit. 1. HIGH-PRIESTS

Acts

τουτο $\dot{\nu}$ μεις; 8 Τοτο Πετρος πλησθεις πνευμαthis you? Then Peter being filled with spirit τος άγιου, ειπε προς αυτους. Αρχοντες του Rulers of the holy, said to them; λαου, και πρεσβυτεροι * [του Ισραπλ,] 9 ει ήμεις people, and elders [of the Israel,] if we σημερον ανακρινομεθα επι ευεργεσια ανθρωπου to-day be examined to for kindness 10 Γνωστον ασθενους, εν τ νι ούτος σεσωσται sick, by what be had been saved. Known εστω πασιν ύμιν και παντι τω λαφ Ισραηλ, ότι beit all to you and to all the people of Israel, that εν τις ονοματι Ιησου Χριστου του Ναζωραιου, in the name of Jesus Anointed the Nazarene, όν ύμεις εσταυρωσατε όν ό θεος ηγειρεν εκ whom you erucified whom the God raised out of νεκρων, εν τουτω ούτος παρεστηκεν ενωπιον dead ones, by him this has atood in presence ύμων ύγιης.

11 Ούτος εστιν δ λιθος δ εξουθενηof you sound. This is the stonethat having beed θεις ύφ' ύμων των οικοδομουντων, δ γενομεdespised by you the builders, the having been νος εις κεφαλην γωνίας. 12 Και ουκ ιστιν εν made into a head of a corner. And not is in αλλφ ουδενιή σωτηρια ουδε γαρ ονομο εστιν another to any one the salvation; not even for a name is έτερον ύπο τον ουρανον, τον δεδομενον εν another under the heaven, that having been given among ανθρωποις, εν 'ω δει σωθηναι ήμας. men, in which must to be saved 13 Θεωρουντες δε την του Πετρου παρδησιαν
Sceing and the of the Peter boldness και Ιωαννου, και καταλαβομενοι, ότι ανθρωποι that and of John, and having perceived, αγραμματοι εισι και ιδιωται, εθαυμαζον, επεγιunlearned they are and ungifted, they woodered, νωσκον τε αυτους, ότι συν τω Ιησου ησαν.

knew and them, that with the Jesus they were; 14 τον δε ανθρωπον βλεποντες συν αυτοις εστωman beholding with them standτα των τεθεραπευμενον, ουδεν ειχον αντειπειν. Ing that having been healed, nothing they had to say against. 15 Κελευσαντες δε αυτους εξω του συνεδριου Having ordered and them outside of the high-council

 $\alpha\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\iota\nu$, $\sigma\nu\epsilon\beta\alpha\lambda\nu$ $\pi\rho\sigma$ $\alpha\lambda\lambda\eta\lambda\sigma\nu$, $^{16}\lambda\epsilon\gamma\sigma\nu$ they consulted with each other. saying; τες. Τι ποιησομεν τοις ανθρωποις τουτοις; ότι What shall we do to the men these? that

μεν γαρ γνωστον σημειον γεγονε δι' αυτων, indeed for known a sign has been done by them, πασι τοις κατοικουσιν 'Ιερουσαλημ φανερον, και to all those dwelling in Jerusalem manifest, and

17 Αλλ' ίνα μη επι ου δυναμεθα αρνησασθαι. that not not we were able to deny. But to πλειον διανεμηθη εις τον λαον, * [απειλη] απει- spread no further among more it may spread among the people, [with a threat] let us the PEOPLE, let us threat-

8 \$ Then Peter being filled with holy Spirit, said to them, "Rulers of the PEOPLE, and Elders of Is-

9 if we are to-day examined about a Good Deed conferred on the sick Man by what means he has been

cured;

10 be it known to you all, and to All the PEOPLE of Israel, ! That by the NAME of Jesus Christ, the NAZARENE, whom nou crucified, t whom Gon raised from the Dead, by him has this man stood before you whole.

11 # This is 'THAT STONE which HAS BEEN RE-JECTED by You, the BUILDERS, THAT which HAS BECOME the Head of

the Corner.'

12 And there is no sal-VATION in any other; for there is no other Name under HEAVEN, which HAS BEEN GIVEN among Men, by which we can be saved."

13 And seeing the BOLD-NESS of PETER and John, tand perceiving that they were illiterate and ungifted Men, they wondered, and recognized them That they had been with JEsus.

14 And beholding THAT MAN who had been CURED standing with them, they had nothing to say against

15 But having ordered them to withdraw from the SANHEDRIM, they conferred with each other,

16 saying, ‡"What shall we do to these MEN? for that, indeed, a Signal Sign has been wrought by them, is manifest to All THOSE DWELLING in Jerusalem: and we cannot deny it.

17 But that it may

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- S. of ISRAEL -- omit. 17. with a threat-omit. 2 8. Luke xii, 11, 12. † 10. Acts iii. 6. 16. † 10. Acts ii. 24 exviii. 22; Isa. xxviii. 16; Matt. xxi. 42. † 13. Matt. xi. 25; 1 Cor. i. 27. John xi. 47.

1 11. Psa.

apyou, $\pi\omega\lambda\eta\sigma\alpha$ s $\eta\nu\epsilon\gamma\kappa\epsilon$ to $\chi\rho\eta\mu\alpha$, $\kappa\alpha$ l $\epsilon\theta\eta\kappa\epsilon$ a field, having sold brought the price, and placed παρα τους ποδα**ς των** αποστολων feet of the

КЕФ. €'. 5.

1 Ανηρ δε τις Ανανιας ονοματι, συν Σαπφει-Α man but certain Ananias by name, with Sapphira ρη τη γυναικι αύτου, επωλησε κτημα. 2 και of himself, sold a possession; and the wife ενοσφισατο απο της τιμης, συνειδυιας και της also kept back from the price, being privy γυναικος αυτου° και ενεγκας μερος τι, παρα and having brought a part certain, of him; 85 3 E ιπε δε τους ποδας των αποστολων εθηκεν. Said and feet of the apostles placed, Πετρος Ανανία, διατι επληρωσεν δ σατανας has filled Ananias why the adversary την καρδιαν σου, ψευσασθαι σε το πνευμα το heart of thee, to deceive thee the spirit αγιον, και νοσφισασθαι απο της τιμης του χωholy, and to keep back from the price of the land? ριου; 4 Ουχι μενον, σοι sueve, Kal To: Not remaining, to thee it remained, and having teen εν τη ση εξουσια ύπερχε; τι ότι $\theta \in \nu$, in the thine authority it was? why that sold. εν τη καρδια σου το πραγμα τουτο; $\epsilon\theta\sigma\sigma$. heart of thee the thing thisP hast thou placed in the εψευσω ανθρωποις, αλλα Τω $\theta \in \omega$. not thon hast lied to men, but to the God. ⁵ Ακουων δε δ Ανανίας τους λογους τουτους, Having heard and the Ananias the words these, πεσων εξεψυξε. Και εγενετο φοβος μεγας επι falling down breathed out. And a fear great came 6 Ανασταντες δε παντας τους ακουοντας γαυτα. those having heard hese. Having arisen and οί νεωτεροι συνεστείλων αυτον, και εξενεγκανhim, und having carried the younger ones wrapped up 7 Εγενετο δε ώς ώρων τριων διατες εθαψαν. It happened and about hours three out they buried. στημα, και ή γυνη αυτου μη ειδυια το γεγο-and the wife of him not having known that having εισηλθεν. 8 Απεκριθη δε αυτη δ Πετρος. been done came in. Answered and to her the Peter; Ειπε μοι, ει τοσουτου το χωριον απεδοσθε; "Η Tell me, if for so much the land you sold? She 9 ο δε Πετρος ειπε δε ειπε Ναι τοσουτου. and said; Yes for so much. The and Peter said προς αυτην. Τι ότι συνεφωνήθη ύμιν πειρασαι

it, and brought the MONEY and laid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

CHAPTER V.

1 And a certain Man-Ananias by name with Sapphira his WIFE, sold an Estate,

2 and appropriated a part of the PRICE, * his WIFE also knowing of it: and having brought a certain part, flaid it at the FEET of the APOSTLES.

8 # But Peter said, " Ananias, why has the IAD-VERSARY filled thine HEART to deceive the HOLY SPIRIT, and to appropriate a part of the PRICE of the LAND?

4 While remaining unsol was it not thine r and when sold, was it not at thine own disposal? Why is it that thou hast admitted this thing into thine HEART? Thou hast not lied to Men, but to Gop."

5 And ANANIAS, have ing heard these words, fell down, and expired. And great Fear came on all THOSE who HEARD these things.

6 Then the Younger disciples arising, ‡ wrapped him up, and carrying him out, buried him.

7 And it occurred after an interval of about Carce Hours, his wife also come in, not knowing WHAT had been DONE.

8 And * Peter answered her, "Tell me whether you sold the LAND for so much ?" and SHE said, "Yes, for so much."

9 And Peter said to her. "Why have you agreed together I to try the SPIRIT of the Lord? Behold, the FEET of THOSE who have been subling thy hus-BANK albatthe Door and the hushand of thee, at the door, and they will carry eu: table they wall carry thee out."

her; Whythatit has been agreed upon by you to tempt

το πνευμα κυριου; Ιδου οί ποδες των θαψαντων

τον ανδρα σου, επι τη θυρα, και εξοισουσι σε

spirit of ford?

Lo the feet of those having brief

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. the WIFE. 8 Peter

^{1 2.} Acts iv. 37. 1 6 Matt. iv). 5. ver. 10, 11.

10 Επεσε δε παοαχρημα παρα τους ποδας αυτου, She fell and immediately at the feet of him, και εξεψυξεν εισελθοντες δε οι νεανισκοι ευρου and breathed out, having come in and the younger once found αυτην νεκραν, και εξενεγκαντας εθαψαν προς her dead, and having carried out they buried with τον ανδρα αυτης. 11 Και εγενετο φοβος μεγας the husband of her. And came a fear great εφ' όλην την εκκλησιαν, και επι παντας τους οα whole the assembly, and on all those ακουοντας ταυτα. having heard these things.

12 Δια δε των χειρων των αποστολων εγινετ Through and the hands of the apostles were done σημεια και τερατα εν τ ϕ λα ϕ πολλ α ° και ησαν signs and prodigies among the people many; and they were δμοθυμαδον άπαντες εν τη στοα Σολομωνος with one mind all in the porch of Solomon, 13 πους κειρωσικώς και λιαστίκις και λια

13 των δε λοιπων ουδεις ετολμα κολλασθαι of the and others no one presumed to join himself αυτοις. Αλλ' εμεγαλυνεν αυτους δ λαος to them. But magnified them the people; 14 (μαλλον δε προσετιθεντο πιστευοντες τω

(more and were added believing to the κυριφ πληθη ανδρων τε και γυναικων) 15 Οστε Lord multitudes of men both and women;) so that κατα τας πλατειας εκφερειν τους ασθενεις, και in the open squares to bring out the sick ones, and

τιθενει επικλινων και κραββατων, ίνα ερχομενου to place on bed and couches, that coming Πετρου καν ή σκια επισκιαση τινι αυτων οf Peter if even the shadow might overshadow some of them. $^{16} \Sigma u \nu \eta \rho \chi \epsilon \tau o \delta \epsilon \ \kappa \alpha \iota \ \tau o \pi \lambda \eta \theta o s \tau \omega \nu \ \pi \epsilon \rho \iota \xi \ \pi o \lambda \cdot$ Came together and also the multitude from the surrounding cities

εων εις 'Ιερουσαλημ, φεροντες ασθενεις και into Jerusalem, bringing sick ones and οχλουμενους ύπο πνευματων ακαθαρτων οίτινες those being troubled by spirits impure, whom εθεραι ευοντο άπαντες. ¹⁷ Αναστας δε δ αρχιε-

εθεραι ευοντο άπαντες.

Were healed

all.

Having arison and the highpeus και παντες οἱ συν αυτω, ἡ συσα αἰρεσις
priest and all those with him, the being sect

των Σαδδουκαιων, επλησθησαν ζηλου. 18 Και of the Sudducees, were filled of anger. And $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \beta \alpha \lambda o \nu \tau \alpha s \chi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha s * [\alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \omega \nu] \epsilon \pi \iota \tau o \nu s \alpha \pi \sigma \sigma \tau o laid the hands [of them] on the apostles,$

laid the hands [of them] on the apostles, λους, και εθεντο αυτους εν πηρησει δημοσια.

and placed them in prison public.

19 Aγγελος δε κυριου δια της νυκτος ηνοιξε τας
A messenger but of a lord by the night opened the

θυρας της φυλακης, εξαγαγων τε αυτους ειπε·
doors of the prison, having brought out and them said;

20 πορευεσθε, και σταθεντες λαλειτε εν τω ίερω go, and standing speak you in the temple τω λαω παντα τα βηματα της ζωης ταυτης.

to the people all the words of the life this.

10 And she fell down immediately at his feet, and expired; and the YOUNG MEN coming in, tound her dead, and having carried her out, buried her by her HUSBAND.

11 ‡ And great Fear came on the Whole ASSEM-BLY, and on all THOSE WHO HEARD these things.

12 ‡ And many Signs and Prodigies were performed among the PEOPLE by the HANDS of the APOSTLES—(and they were all with ono mind in Solomon's PORTICO?

13 and of the mest, no one presumed to urite himself to them; ‡ but the PEOPLE magnified them;

14 and Believers were added the more to the LORD, Multitudes both of Men and Women;)—

15 so that they brought out the SICK * even into the OPEN SQUARES, and laid them on Beds and Couchs, that at least the SHADOW of Peter, coming along, might evershadow some of them.

16 And the MULTITUDE came together even from the CITIES SURTOUNDING Siek persons, and those troubled by impure Spirits; all of whom were cured.

17 And the HIGH-PRIEST arising, and All THOSE who were with him,—being the SECT of the SADDUCEES,—were filled with Anger.

18 and laid HANDS on the APOSTLES, and put them into the public Prison.

19 † But an Angel of of the Lord, in the NIGHT, opened the DOORS of the PRISON, and bringing them out said.

20 "Go, stand and speak in the TEMPLE to the PEO-PLE All the words of this LIFE."

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. even into. 18. of them-omit.

^{† 11.} Acts ii. 43. xix. 17. † 12. Acts xiv. 3. xiv. 11; Rom. xv. 10; 2 Cor. xii. 12; Heb. ii. 4. † 13. Acts ii. 47. iv. 21. 219. Acts xii. 7; xvi. 26.

A Kousautes $\delta \epsilon$ eighthour úto tou ordrou eis to Having heard and they entered at the dawn into the $\ell \epsilon \rho o \nu$, kal $\epsilon \delta i \delta a \sigma \kappa o \nu$.

Somple, and taught.

Παραγενομένος δε δ αρχιέρευς και οί συν and the high-priest and those with αυτώ, συνεκαλεσαν το συνεδριον και πασαν την him, they called together the high council even all the γερουσιαν των υίων Ισραηλ, και επεστειλαν εις senate of the sons Israel, and 22 Οι δε ύπητο δεσμωτηριον, αχθηναι αυτοις, The but to have brought them. offiρεται παραγενομενοι ουχ ευρον αυτους εν τη ters having gone not found them in the having gone φυλακη· αναστρεψαντες δε απηγγειλαν, 23 λεγprison; having returned and reported, οντες 'Οτι το *[μεν] δεσμωτηριον εύρυμεν κεprison we found hav-[indeed] That the ιλεισμενον εν παση ασφαλεια, και τους φυλαing heen closed with all safety, and the κας εστωτας προ των θυρων ανοιξαντες δε, εσω standing before the doors; having opened but, within 24 'Ωs δε ηκουσαν τους λογους
When and they heard the words ουδενα εύρομεν. no one we found. τουτους * [ό, τε ίερευς και] ό στρατηγος του these [the, both priest and] the commander of the ίερου και οί αρχιερεις, διηπορουν περι αυτων, τι temple and the high-priests, they doubted concerning them, what αν γενοιτο τουτο. 25 Παραγενομενος δε τις απηγmight be this. Having come but one 'Οτι ιδου, οί ανδρες ούς εθεσθε YEINEY AUTOIS' That lo, the men whom you put εντη φυλακη, εισιν εν τω ίερω εστωτες και in the prison, are in the temple standing and prison, ²⁶ Τοτε απελθων δ διδασκοντές τον λαον. Then having gone the the people. στρατηγος συν τοις ύπηρεταις, ηγαγεν αυτους, commander with the officers, they brought them, ου μετα βιας: εφοβουντο γαρ τον λαον, ίνα μη not with violence; they feared for the people, that not λιθασθωσιν. 27 Αγαγοντες δε αυτους εστησαν εν they might be stoned. Having brought and them they stood in

τω συνεδριφ. Και επηρωτησεν αυτους δ αρχιεthe sanhedrim. asked them the ρευς, 28 λεγων. Ου παραγγελιά παρηγγειλαμεν saying; Not with a charge we charged priest, ύμιν, μη διδασκειν επι τφ ον ματι τουτφ; και you, not to teach in the name this? and δου, πεπληρωκατε την Ίερουσαλ με της δίδα-lo, you have filled the Jerusalem of the teachχης ύμων, και βουλεσθε επαγαγειν εφ' ήμας το mg of you, and you wish to bring on us the 29 Αποκριθεις δε δ αιμα του ανθρωπου τουτο. Answering and the blood of the man this. Πετρος και οί αποστολοι, ειπον Πειθαρχειν and the said: To obey ape ales, 30 °O θ €05 θεφ μαλλον η ανθρωποις. δει rather than it is necessary God The men. God

21 And having heard this, they entered into the TEMPLE, early in the MORNING, and taught. † And the HIGH-PRIEST coming, and THOSE with him, called the SANHEDRIM together, even All the SENATE of the SONS of Israel, and sent to the PRISON to have them brought.

22 But the OFFICERS going did not find them in the PRISON; and having returned, they reported,

23 saying, "We found the PRISON closed with All Safety, and the GUARDS standing *at the DOORS; but having opened them, we found no one within."

24 And when they heard these words, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ both the COMMANDER of the TEMPLE, and the HIGH-PRIESTS were perplexed concerning them, how this thing could be.

25 But some one having come, told them, "Behold, the MEN whom you put in the PRISON are standing in the TEMPLE, and teaching the PRISON are standing in the TEMPLE, and teaching the PRISON are the PRISON are standing the standard teaching teaching the standard teaching teaching the standard teaching teaching teaching teaching tea

ing the PEOPLE."

26 Then the COMMANDER going away with the OFFICERS, brought them without Violence; for they feared the PEOPLE, lest they should be stoned.

27 And having brought them, they stood before the SANHEDRIM; and the HIGH-PRIEST asked them, saying,

28 * 1" We charged you strictly not to teach in the NAME, and behold, you have filled JERUSALEM with your TEACHING, and twish to bring this MAN's BLOOD on us."

29 And PETER answering, and the APOSTLES, said, ‡"It is necessary to obey God, rather than Men.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—23. indeed—omit. 23. at the books.

PREST, and—omit. 23. We charged you strictly not.

^{24.} both the

των πατερων ήμων ηγειρεν Ιησουν, δυ ύμεις of the fathers of us raised up Jesus, whom you διεχειρισασθε, κρεμασαντες επι ξυλου. 31 τουτον laid violent hands upon, having hanged on a cross; δ θεος αρχηγον και σωτηρα ύψωσε τη δεξια the God a prince and a savior has lifted up to the right hand αύτου, δουναι μετανοιαν τφ Ισραηλ, και αφεσιν of himself, to give reformation to the Israel, and for giveness $\ddot{a}\mu a \rho \tau \iota \omega \nu$. $\overset{\mathfrak{R}^2}{\mathcal{R}^2}$ Kat $\ddot{\eta}\mu \epsilon \iota s \in \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$ autov $\mu a \rho \tau \iota \nu \rho \epsilon s$ of sine. And we are of him witnesses των βηματων τουτων, και το πνευμα δε το of the matters these, and the spirit also the άγιον, δ εδωκεν δ θεος τοις πειθαρχουσιν αυτ ... holy, which gave the Godto those submitting to him. 33 Οί δε ακουσαντες διεπριοντο, και εβουλευουτο They and having heard were sawn through, and took counsel ανελειν αυτους. to kill them. ³⁴ Αναστας δε τις εν τω συνεδριω Φαρισαιος, Having arisen and one in the high counsel a Pharisee, ινοματι Γαμαλιηλ νομοδιδασκαλος, τιμιος πανby name Gamaliel a teasher of law, honored

τι τω λαω, εκελευσεν εξω βραχν τι τους all the people, ordered without a little while the αποστολους ποιησαι. ³⁵ Ειπε τε προς αυτου Hesaid and to apostles to be put. Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, προσεχετε έαυτοις, επι τοις Men Israelites, take heed to yourselves, to the $\mu \nu \rho \rho \omega \pi \sigma i s$ $\tau \nu \nu \rho \omega \pi \sigma i s$ $\tau \nu \nu \rho \omega \pi \sigma i s$ $\tau \nu \nu \rho \omega \pi \sigma i s$ ανθοωποις τουτοις these what you are shout to do. 36 Προ γαρ τουτων των ήμερων ανεστη Θευδας, Before for these the days stood up Theudas, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον, ω προσεκολληθη saying to be some one himself, to whom adhered αριθμος ανδρων ώσει τετρακοσιων ός ανηρεθη, a number of men about four hundred; who was put to death, και παντες όσοι επιεθοντο αυτώ, διελυθησαν and all as many as listened to him, were dispersed και εγενοντο εις ουδεν. ³⁷ Μετα τουτον ανεστη and came to nothing. After this stoodup Iov das d Γ alilean, in the days of the registres. γραφηs, και απεστησε λαεν *[iκανον] σπισω tering, and drew away people [much] behind αύτου κακεινος απ ελετ , και παντες όσοι επειaimself; and he was destroyed, and all as many as lisθοντ's αυτα, διεσκορπισ' ησαν. 33 Και τανυν tened to him, were dispersed. And now λεγω ύμιν, αποστητε απο των ανθρωπων του-I say to you, withdraw from the men these των, και εασατε αυτους, ότι εαν η εξ ανθρω-and letalone them, because if may be from men

πων ή βουλη αύτη η το εργον τουτο, καταλυthe counsel this or the work this, it will be καταλυσαι αυτους, μηποτε και θεομαχοι -ύρεnot and fighters against God you God." to overthrow them,

30 The Gon of our FATHERS raised up * JE. sus, whom, having hanged on a Cross, peu killed.

31 Mim, a Prince and a Savior, God has lifted up to his own RIGHT-HAND, t*to give Reformation to ISRAEL, and Forgiveness of Sins.

32 And we are Witacsses * in him of these THINGS; I and God gave the HOLY SPIRIT to THOSE who submit to him."

33 And THEY, having heard this, were enraged, and took counsel to kill

them.

34 But a certain Pharisee in the SANHEDRIM. named Gamaliel, a teacher of the law, honored by All the PEOPLE, standing up ordered * the MEN to be put out for a little time.

35 And he said to them, "Israelites! take heed to vourselves what you are about to do to these MEN

36 For before These DAYS Thendas stood up. saying that he was somebody; to whom a Number of Men, about four hundred, adhered; who was put to death, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dispersed, and came to nothing.

37 After him stood up Judas the Galilean, in the DAYS of the REGISTERING, and drew away PEOPLE after him; and he was destroyed, and all, as many as obeyed him, were dis-

persed.

38 And Now I say to you, Keep away from these MEN, and let them alone: Because if this counsel or this work be from Men, it will be overthrown:

39 but if it be from God, you are not able to overthrow them; be not you found fighters against

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—31, to give. 32, in him of these things; and God gave the holy spirit to those who submit to him. 34, the men. 37, much—omit. 37. much-omit.

^{1 31.} Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iii, 26; xiii, 38. t 30. Acts iii. 13, 15; xxii 14. 1 88. Prov. xxi. 30; Isa. viii. 10; Matt. xv. 13.

40 Επεισθησαν δε αυτώ· και προσκαshould be found. They were persuaded and by him; and λεσαμενοι τους αποστολους, δειραντες παραγhaving heaten they comapostles, the γειλαν μη λαλειν επιτφ ονοματιτου Ιησου, και to speak in the name of the Jesus, and autous. 41 Of $\mu \in \nu$ our exoreworto manded not απελυσαν αυτους. They indeed therefore went released them.

χαιροντες απο προσωπου του συνεδριου, ότι of the high council, because presence from ύπερ του ονοματος κατηξιωθησαν ατιμασθηναι. name they were accounted worthy to be dishonored. in behalfofthe 42 Πασαν τε ήμεραν εν τω ίερου και κατ' οικον

at home Every and day in the temple and ουκ επαυοντο διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι and announcing glad tidings of teaching not they ceased

Ιητουν τον Χριστον. Anointed. the

КЕФ. s'. 6.

Εν δε ταις ήμεραις ταυταις πληθυνοντων increasing days those In and the των μαθητων, εγενετο γογγυσμος των Έλληofthe Hellea murmuring disciples, came νιστων τρος τους Έβραιους, ότι παρεθεωρουντο Hebrews, because were overlooked to the εν τη διακονια τη καθημερινη αί χηραι αυτων. daily in the service the ² Προσκαλεσαμ**ενοι δε οί δ**ωδεκα το πληθος and the the multitude twelve Having called των μαθητων, ειπον Ουκ αρεστον εστιν ήμας of the disciples, said; Not proper it is us καταλειψαντας τον λογον του θεου, διακονειν word of the God, to serve having left the 3 Επισκεψασθε αδελφοι, ovv, τραπε(ais. brethren, therefore, Look you out tables. ανδρας εξ ύμων μαρτυρουμενους έπτα, πληρεις full being attested seven, men from of you πνευματος και σοφιας, ούς καταστησομεν επι wisdom, whom we will appoint of spirit της χρειας ταυτης. 4 ήμεις δε τη προσευχη και but to the prayer we need this; λογου προσκαρτερησομεν. TOU τη διακονια will constantly attend. of the word to the service 5 Και ηρεσεν δ λογος ενωπιον παντος του πληof the multiof all And pleased the word in presence θους και εξελεξαντο Στεφανον, ανδρα πληρη full they choose Stephen, a man tude; and πιστεως και πνευματος άγιου, και Φιλιππον, holy, Philip, and spirit of faith and και Προχορον, και Νικανορα, και Τιμωνα, και Timon, and and Nicsnor, and Prochorus, Παρμεναν, και Νικολαον προσηλυτον Αντιοχεα

40 And they were persuaded by him; and having summoned the APOS-TLES and I scourged them, they charged them not to speak in the NAME of JE. sus, and dismissed them.

41 Ther indeed THEY went trejoicing from the Presence of the SANHE-DRIM, Because they were decmed worthy to be dishonored on account of the

NAME.

42 # And every Day, in the TEMPLE and at Home, they ceased not teaching and preaching the glad tidings * of the ANOINTED Jesus.

CHAPTER VI.

1 And in those DAYS, the DISCIPLES increasing, there arose a Complaint of the † HELLENISTS against the Hebrews, Because their widows were neglected in the # DAILY SER-

2 And the TWELVE, having summoned the MULTITUDE of the DISCI-PLES, said, "It is not preper for us to leave 123 WORD of GOD and serve

Tables.

3 * Therefore, Brethren, look out from among yourselves, seven Men of good reputation, full of Spirit and Wisdom, whom we may set over this Busi-NESS ;

4 but we will constantly attend to PRAYER, and to the MINISTRY of the

WORD."

5 And the PROPOSITION was pleasing to All the MULTITUDE; and they selected Stephen, a man full of Faith and holy Spirit, and †Philip, and Prochorus, Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicolaus, a Proselyte of Antioch;

Nicolaus

of Antioch;

a proselyte

and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 42. of the Anointed Jesus. look out among you.

^{3.} But, Brethren, we will

^{† 1.} Proselytes to the Jewish religion, or foreign Jews who spoke the Greek language. † 41. Matt. v. 12; Rom. v. 3; James i. 2; † 1. Acts ix. 29. † 1. Acts iv. 85. 1 40. Matt. x. 17; xxiii. 34; Mark xiii. 9.

6 ο 5ς εστησαν ενωπιον των αποστολων και τhom they placed in presence of the apostles; and προσευξαμενοι επεθηκαν αυτοις τας χει, ας having prayed they pu to them the hands. Τίωι δ λογος του ^αεου ηυξανε, και επληθυνετο And the word of e God grew, and was multiplied δ αριθμος τωι μα^λητων εν 'Ιερουσαλημ σποδρα' the number of the disciples in Jerusalem greatly; πολυς τε οχλος των ίερε ν ὑπηκουον τη πιστει. great and αστονό of the priests wer obedient; the faith. Ετέφανος δε πλη τις γαριτος και δυναμεως διέρρε and full of favor and σρονως

Stephen and full of two and of power εποιεί τερατα και ημεία μεγαλα εν τω λαω. performed prodigies and signs great among the people.

Ανεστησαν δε τινες των εκ της συναγω-

Stood up and some of those from the γης της λεγομενης Λιβερτινων, και Κυρηναιων gogue of that being called of Libertines, and of Cyreniaus, και Αλεξανδρεων, και των απο Καλικιας και And of Alexandrians, and of those rom Cilicia and Aσιαs, συζητουντες τφ Στεφανφ. 10 και ουκ Asia, disputing with the Stephen and not ισχυον αντιστηναι τη σοφια και το πνευματι were able to resist the wisdom and the spirit ελαλει. 11 Τοτε ύπεβαλον ανδρας. "hen they thrust under men, with which he spok... λεγοντας. 'Οτι ακηκοαμεν αυτου λαλουντος saying; That we have hard him speaking δηματα βλασφημα εις Μωυσην και τον θεον. hlasphemous against aloses and the God. 12 Συνεκινησαν τε τον λαον παι τους πρεσβυτε-They stirred up and the puple and the pors και τους γραμματώς, και επισταντές and having come upon and the scribes, συνηρπασαν αυτον, και ηγαγον εις το συνεδριον, they seized _im, and ied into the high council, 13 εστησαν τε μαρτυρας ψευδεις, λεγοντας 'Ο stood up and tritnessee falce, saying; ανθρωπος ούτος ου παυετα. δημιτα λαλων κ τα man this not censes
του τοπου του άγιου και του ν μου. 34 Ακηκοαwe have heard μεν γαρ αυτου λεγουτος Ότι ητους δ Ναζω for him eaving; That out the Nazaραιος ούτος καταλυσει τον τυπον τουν ν, και Trit dentroy th' .ace

rene which continues the mace thin, and although $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \xi \in \mathcal{V} \alpha$ and, and $\alpha \lambda \alpha \xi \in \mathcal{V} \alpha$ and $\alpha \lambda \alpha \xi \in$

15 Και ατενισαντες εις αυτον άπαντες οξ καθεAnd having pased on him all those being

(ομενοι εν τφ συνεδριφ, ειδον το προσωπον scated in the high-council, saw the face

αυτου ώσει προσωπον αγγελου.
of him like a face of a messenger.

6 whom they set before the APOSTLES; ‡ and they, having prayed, ‡ laid HANDS on them.

7 ‡ And the word of God grew; and the Number of the disciples was greatly multiplied in Jerusalem; and a great Crowd of the †Priests obeyed the faith.

8 And Stephen, full of Favor and Power, performed Prodigies and great Signs among the PEOPLE.

9 And there arose some O. THAT SYNAGOGUE which is CALLED of the † Libertines, and of the Cyrcnians and Alexandrians, and of THOSE from Cilicia and Asia, disputing with STEPHEN!

.0 and j they were not able to resist the WISDOM and the SPIRIT with which he spoke.

11 Then they bribed Men to say, "We have heard him speak blasphemous Words against Moses and God."

12 And they excited the PEOPLE, and the ELDERS, and the SCRIBES; and coming suddenly, they seized him, and led him into the SANHEDRIM;

_3 and introduced fase Witnesses, saying, "This MAN is incessantly speaking against the HOLY PLACE, and the LAW;

14 ‡ for we have heard him say, That this Jesus, the Nazarene, ‡ will destry this Place, and will change the customs which Moses Colivered to us."

15 And ALL, those BEING SEATED in the SANHE-DRIM, looking steadily at him, saw his FACL like the Face of an Angel.

^{† 7.} The number of the priests must have been quite large about this time, as a aprears from Ezra ii. 36—39, that 42% priests returned from the captivity. † . These persons seem to have been Jews, who having been carried captive to Rome, were freed by their masters, and thus became freed-men. Some think they received their name from the place where they lived.—Owen.

^{† 6.} Acts i. 24. xii. 24; xix. 20. ix. 96; Mast. xxii. 7.

КЕФ. (', 7.

Eiπε δε δ αρχιερευς, Ει * [αρα] ταυτα ούτως
Said and the high-priest, If [then] these things thus εχει; 2'Ο δε εφη. Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, He and said; Men hrethren and fathers, 'Ο θεος της δοξης ωφθη τω πατρι ακουσατε. The God of the glory appeared to the father hear you. ήμων Αβρααμ οντι εν τη Μεσοποταμια, πριν η ofus Abraham being in the Mesopotamia, before κατοικησαι αυτον εν Χαρβαν. 3 Και ειπε προς to dwell him in Charran; and said to autov. Exeche ek the syns fou, kat ek the him; Go out from the land of thee, and from the συγγενειας σου, και δευρο εις γην, ην αν σοι of thee, and come into aland, which to thee ⁴ Τοτε εξελθων εκ γης Χαλδαιων, κατφ-. Then going out from land of Chaldeans, he dwelt δειξω. I may show. κησεν εν Χαρβαν· κακειθεν, μετα το αποθανειν and thence, after the to have died in Charran; τον πατερα αυτου, $μετ \sim κισεν$ αυτον εις την the father of him, he caused to remove him into the γην ταυτην, εις ήν ύμεις νυν κατοικειτε. 5 και in which you now dwell; ουκ εδωκεν αυτφ κληρονομιαν εν αυτη, ουδε he gave to him inheritance in her, not even βημα ποδος και επηγγειλατο αυτώ δουναι εις foot-breadth; and he promised to him κατασχεσιν αυτην, και τ ο σπερματι αυτου μετ' .ndto the her, seed of him after a possession 6 Ελαλησε δε αυτον, ουκ οντος αυτώ τεκνου. him, not being to him action.

δ θεος. Ότι εσται το σπερμα αυτου seed of him ούτως δ θεος. παροικον εν γη αλλοτρια, και δουλωσουσιν a stranger in aland foreign, and ther will enslave αυτο και κακωσουσιν ετη τετρακοσια, 7 και το and they will oppress years Fur hundred; ΄ω εαν δουλευσωσι, κρινω εγω, ειπεν ∈θνos. to which they may be enslaved, will judge I, θεος και μετα ταυτα εξελευσονται, and after these things they shall come out, the God; 8 (Kai λατρευσουσι μοι εν τφ τοπφ τουτφ. shall render service to me in the place this. (And εδωκεν αυτφ διαθηκην περιτομης και ούτως to him a covenant of circumcision; and εγεννησε του Ισαακ, και περιετεμεν αυτου τη and he begot of the Isaac, circumcised 'tim the

CHAPTER VII.

1 Then the HIGH-PRIEST said, "Are these things so?"

2 And HE said, ‡ "Brethren and Fathers, hearken! The GLORIOUS GOD appeared tto our FATHER Abraham, when in MESO-POTAMIA, before he resided in Haran,

3 and said to him, t'Depart from thy country, and from thy KINDRED, and come into * the LAND which I will show thee.'

4 Then I going out from the Land of the Chaldeans, he dwelt in Haran; from thence also, †after the DEATH of his FATHER, he removed him into this LAND in which pou now

5 and gave him t no IN-HERITANCE in it, not even the breadth of his Foct: that he promised to give it to him for a Possession, and to his seed after him, though he had no Child.

6 And God spoke thus, t'That his SEED should be a Stranger in a foreign Land; and that they will enslave and oppress it four hundred years;

7 and the NATION to which they shall be en-slaved # will judge, said God, and after that, they shall come out and serve me in this PLACE.

8 ‡ And he gave him a Covenant of Circumcision; ‡ and thus he begot IsAAC, and circumcised him the

xi. 13. xv. 13, 16. 1 8. Gen.

vii. 9-11.

^{3.} AT A LAND. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. then-omit.

^{† 2.} It seems probable hat tephen here followed the Jewish tradition, (adopted by philo,) that God appeared twice to Abraham,—1st, when living in Chaldea, and 2dly, when resident in Haran. He left Ur at the first call, and came to Haran with his father Terah, (Gen. xi. 31;) he left Haran at the second call, and came into the promised land. In this way the account harmonizes with the call as narrated in Gen. xii. 1: "Now the Lord had said unto Abraham," &c. † 4. By recurring to Gen xi. 26, 32, and xii. 4, it will appear that Terah lived 60 years after the removal of Abraham, and yet here he is said to have died before Abraham left Haran. Unless with some we suppose Abraham to have been the youngest of Terah's sons, and born when his father was 130 years old we must presume that Stephen followed some traditionary account of the transaction.—Owen. The Samaritan copy makes the age of Terah at his death to be 145, or 60 years less than the Hebrew text.

ήμερα τη ογδοη· και ό Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ, και ό day the eighth; and the Isaac the Jacob, and the 9 Kai Ιακωβ τους δωδεκα πατριαρχας. Jacob the twelve patriarchs. And the πατριαρχαι ζηλωσαντες τον Ιωσηφ απεδοντο envying the Joseph sold εις Αιγυπτον· και ην δ θεος μετ' αυτου, 10 και into Egypt; and wasthe God with hun, and εξειλετο αυτον εκ παπων των θλιψεων αυτου, delivered him out of all of the affections of him, και εδωκεν αυτώ χαριν και σοφιαν εναντιών and gave to him favor and wisdom in presence Φαραω βασιλέως Αιγυπτου, και κατέστησεν of Pharaoh king of Egypt, and συτον ήγουμενον επ' Αιγυπτον και δλον τον ruling over Egypt and whole οικον αύτου.

nouse of himself. 11 Ηλθε δε λιμος εφ' όλην την γην Αιγυπτου
Came and a famine on whole the land of Egypt of Egypt και Χανααν, και θλιψις μεγαλη· και ουκ εύρισκον και Χανααν, και υλίψις με γανη and not found and Canaan, and affliction great; and not found for a factor of πατερες ήμαν. 12 Ακουσας δε provisions the fathers of us. Having heard and Ιακωβ οντα σιτα εν Αιγυπτφ, εξαπεστειλε τους Jacob being grain in Egypt, 13 Και εν τφ δευτερφ πατερας ήμων πρωτον. And in the first. fathers of us second ανεγνωρισθη Ιωσηφ τοις αδελφοις αύτου, και was made knowa Joseph to the brothers of himself, and φανερον εγενετο τω Φαραω το γενος του Ιωσηφ. shown became to the Pharaoh the family of the 14 Αποστειλας δε Ιωσηφ μετεκαλεσατο τον Joseph Having sent and called for πατερα αύτου Ιακωβ, και πασαν την συγγενειαν, father of himself Jacob, and all the kindred, father of himself Jacob, and $\pi \in VTE$. 15 $Ka\tau \in \beta\eta$ $\delta \in VTE$ εν ψυχαις εβδυμηκοντα πεντε. souls seventy five. Went down and Ιακωβ *[εις Αιγυπτον,] και ετελευτησεν αυτος Jacob [into Egypt,] and die.3 16 Και μετετεθησαν εις
And they were carried into και οί πατερες ήμων. and the fathere of us. ω ωνη-Συχεμ, και ετεθησαν εν τφ μνηματι, Sychem, and were placed in the which bought tomb, σατο Αβρααμ τιμης αργυριου παρα των υίων Abrasm for a price of silver from the BODS 17 Καθως δε ηγγιζεν δ Εμμορ του Συχεμ.) of Emmor of the Sychem.) When but drewnear the χρονος της επαγγελιας, ής ωμοσεν δ θεος τω promise, which swore the God to the

JACOB, and JACOB the TWELVE Patriarchs.

9 ‡ And the PATRIARCHS envying JOSEPH, sold him into Egypt; ‡ but God was with him.

10 and delivered him from All his AFFLICTIONS, and gave him Favor and Wisdom in the sight of Pharaoh, King of Egypt, who constituted him Ruler over Egypt, and All his house.

11 ‡ And a Famine came upon All the LAND of Egypt and Canaan, and great Distress; and our FATHERS found no Provisions.

12 ‡ But Jacob, having heard that there was Grain * in Egypt, sent our FA-THERS the first time;

13 ‡ and at the second time, Joseph was made known to his brothers; and * Joseph's family was shown to Pharaon.

14 ‡ And Joseph sent and invited his father Jacob to him, and ‡ All his KINDRED, † seventy-five Souls.

15 And Jacob went down into Egypt, and died, he, and our fathers;

16 and they were carried to Shechem, and laid in the TOMB which tJacob bought for Money of the sons of Hamor * in Shechem.

17 But when the TIME of the PROMISE drew near, which God t * solemnly

* Vatican Manuscript.-12. for Egypt.

Egypt-omit. 16. in Shechem. 13. Joseph's Familt. 15. into

^{11.} It states in Gen. xiv. 26, "All the souls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his loins, besides Jacob's sons' wires, all the souls were three score and six." Stephen adds to this number nine of Jacob's sons' wires, which makes the number of seventy-five. These though not of his blood, were of his kindred, as Stephen expresses it, being related to him by marriage.

† 18. In Gen. 1. 13, it is stated, "that Jacob was buried in the cave of the field of Machpelah, before Mamre," and in Josh. xxiv. 32, that Joseph was buried in Shechem; and here we have the authority of Stephen that the rest of the twelve patriarchs were interred in the same place.

† 16. The best critics are of the opinion that Abraham, as found in the text, is spuring, and has been inserted by some officious transcriber. The word Jacob ought to be supplied.

^{10.} Gen. xxxvi. 4, 11, 28; Psa. cv. 17. 10. Gen. xxxix. 2 21, 22. 10. Gen. xli. 37; xlii. 6 11. Gen. xli. 54. 12. Gen. xlii. 1. 13. Gen. xlv. 4, 16. 14. Gen. xlv. 4, 16. 14. Gen. xlv. 27. 14. Gen. xlv. 22.

Αβρααμ, ηυξησεν δ λαος και επληθυνθη εν Abraam, grew the people and were multiplied in 18 αχρις ού ανεστη βασιλευς έτερος, Αιγυπτώ till for whom stood up a king another, Egypt; 19 Ούτος κατασοφιδς ουκ ηδει τον Ιωσηφ. This having dealt kuew the Joseph. who not σαμενος το γενος ήμων, εκακωσε τους πατερας deceitfully the family of us, ill-treated the fathers ήμων, του ποιειν εκθετα τα βρεφη αυτων, εις of us, of the to cause to be exposed the babes of them, in order το μη ζωογονεισθαι. 20 Εν ω καιρω εγεννητο μη ζωογονεισθαι. In which season was horn that not they might be preserved. θη Μουσης, και ην αστειος τω θεω. ός ανετραand was beautiful to the God; who Moses, was nursed , η μηνας τρεις εν τω οικώ του months three in the house of the πarpos. house of the father. 2 Εκτεθεντα δε αυτον, ανειλετο αυτον ή θυγαhim the daugh-Having exposed and him, tookup τηρ Φαραω, και ανεθρεψατο αυτον έαυτη εις υίον. ter of Pharaoh, and nursed him herself for a son. 22 Και επαιδευθη Μωυσης παση συφια Αιγυπiaall wisdom of Egypwas taught Moses τιων ην δε δυνατος εν λογοις και εν εργοις tians; was and powerful in words and in works 23'Ως δε επληρουτο αυτώ τεσσαρακον-When but was completed to him of himself. ταετης χρονος, ανεβη επι την καρδιαν αυτου years of time, it came up in the heart of him επισκεψασθαι τους αδελφους αύτου, τους υίους brothren of himself, the the BORR ²⁴ Και ιδων τινα αδικουμενον, ημυνατο, Ισραηλ. of Israel And seeing one being wrouged, he defeuded, εκδικησιν τφ καταπονουμενφ, και εποιησεν being oppressed, to him did justice 25 Ενομίζε δε συνιεναι παταξας τον Αιγυπτιον. having smitten the Egyptian. He thought and to understand τους αδελφους αύτου, δτι δ θεος δια χειρος the brethren of himself, that the God by hands αυτου διδωσιν αυτοις σωτηριαν οί δε ου συνηgives to them salvation; they but not under-26 Tη δε επιουση ημερα ωφθη αυτοις «av. day he appeared to those In the but next stood. μαχομενοις, και συνηλασεν αυτους εις ειρηνην, and urged them \$0 peace, contending, ειπων Ανδρες, αδελφοι, εστε ύμεις. ίνατι Men, brethren, are you; saying; αδικειτε αλληλους; 27 'Ο δε αδικων τον πλησιον, He but wronging the neighbor, wrong you each other? απωσατω αυτον, ειπων. Τις σε κατεστησεν Who thes saying; has appointed him. thrust away .ρχοντα και δικαστην εφ' ήμας; ²³ Μη ανελειν to kill ajudge over us; Not

made to ABBAHAM, the PEOPLE grew and we o multiplied in Egypt,

18 till another King *arose, who did not ac-

knowledge Joseph.

19 Me, having outwitted our race, ill-treated * our rathers, causing their infants to be exposed in order that they might not live.

20 ‡ At which period Moses was born, and ‡ was DIVINELY beautiful; and he was nursed in his FATHER'S HOUSE three

Months;

21 that having exposed him, the DAUGHTER of Pharaoh took him up, and cherished him for her own Son.

22 And Moses was educated in All the Wisdom of the Egyptians, and was † Powerful in his Words and Works.

23 ‡ And when he was full † forty years of age, it came into his HEART to visit his BRETHBEN, the Sons of Israel.

24 And observing one wronged, he defended and executed judgment for 1111 who was OPPRESSED, smitting the EGYPTIAN.

25 Now he thought that his BRETHREN understood That GOD by his Hand would give them Deliverance; but they did not un-

derstand.

26 ‡ And on the FOL-LOWING Day, he presented himself to them as they were contending, and urged them to peace, saying, 'Men, *you are brethren; why do you injure each other?'

27 But HE INJURING his MEIGHBOR, thrust him away, saying, t Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge over us?

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. rose up in Egypt, who knew.

19. the FATHERS'

²⁶ you are.

^{† 23.} This was a general tradition among the Jews: "Moses was 40 years in Pharaoh's court, 40 years in Midian, and 40 years he served Israel."—Clarke.

^{† 20.} Exod. ii. 2. † 2). Heb. xi. 23. † 21. Exod. ii. 3—10. † 22. Luke ii. 13. † 23. Exod. ii. 14. 12. † 26. Exod. ii. 13. † 27. See Luke xii. 14. Acts iv. 7.

we supplied the major and the major that killy esterday the Alyumtion. The had major the modes at the word Egyptian? Fled and Moses at the word τουτω, και εγενετο παροικος εν γη Μαδιαμ, ού this, and became a solourner in land of Midian, where εγεννησεν υίους δυο. ³⁰ Και πληρωθεντων ετων And being completed years he begot sons two.

τεσπαρακοντα, ωφθη αυτώ εν τη ερημώ του forty, appeared to him in the desert of the epous $\Sigma \iota \nu \alpha \ \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda o s$ [κυριου] εν φλογι πυρος mountain Sinai a messenger [of Lord] in a flame of fire 31 'Ο δε Μωυσης ιδων εθαυμαζε το βατου. The but Moses having seen admired of a bush. δραμα· προσερχομενου δε αυτου κατανοησαι, sight; coming near and of him to observe,
εγενετο φωνη κυριου *[προς αυτον] 32 εγω δ
came a voice of lord [to him;] I the θ εος τ ων π ατερων σου, δ θ εος Aβρααμ, κ αι * [δ God of the fathers of thee, the God of Abraam, and [the θ εος] Iσαακ, κ αι * [δ θ εος] Iακωβ. Eντρομος God] of Isaac, and [the God] of Jacob. Terrified δε γενομένος Μωυσης ουκ ετολμα κατανοησαι.

του λαου μου του εν Αιγυπτφ, και του στεναγof the people of me of that in Egypt, and the groaning μου αυτων ηκουσα, και κατεβην εξελεσθαι of them I have beard, and am come down to deliver autous και νυν δευρο, αποστελω σε εις Αιγυπthem: and now come. I will send thee into Egypt.

and being Moses not dared tolook.

TOV.

35 Τουτον τον Μωυσην δν ηρνησατο, ειπον-This the Moses whom they denied, nes. Τις σε κατεστησεν αρχοντα και δικαστην; ing. Who thee appointed a ruler and a judge? τουτον δ θεος αρχοντα και λυτρωτην απεσthe God a ruler and a redeemer τειλεν εν χειρι αγγελου του οφθεντος αυτφ by hand of a messenger of that having appeared to him εν τη βατω. 36 Ούτος εξηγαγεν αυτους, ποιη-This led out them. σας τερατα και σημεια εν γη Αιγυπτφ, και εν done productes and signs in the Egypt, and in ερυθρα θαλασση, και εν τη ερημω, ετη τεσσα-red sea, and in the desert, years forty. ρακοντα. ³⁷Ούτος εστιν ή Μωυσης, δ ειπων is the Moses, he saying τοις υίοις Ισραηλ. Προφητην ύμιν αναττησει of larael; A prophet for you will raise up to the sons

28 Wilt thou kill me as thou didst the Egyptian yesterday?

,29 ‡ And Moses fled at that SAYING, and became a Sojourner in the Land of Midian, where he begot two Sons.

30 ‡ And forty Years being completed, there appeared to him in the DL-SERT of MOUNT Sinai, an Angel in a Flame of Fire, in a Bush.

Sl And Moses having seen, admired the sight; and coming near to look at it, a Voice came from the

Lord, saying; 32 ‡ '# am the God of thy FATHERS,—the God of Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob.' And Moses being afraid dared not look at it.

33 # And the LORD said to him, 'Loose thy SAN-DALS from * Thy FEET; for the PLACE on which thou standest is Ground.

34 ‡ I have surely seen the EVIL TREATMENT of THAT PEOPLE of mine in Egypt, and I have heard their GROANING, and am come down to deliver them: and now, come, I will send thee into Egypt.'

35 This is the Moses whom they renounced, saying, 'Who made Thee a Ruler and a Judge?' * even Him God scut to be a Ruler and a Redeemer, * with the Hand of THAT Angel which appeared to him in the BUSH.

36 # Me led them out, having performed Prodi-gies and Signs in Egypt, t and in the Red Sea, tand in the DESERT forty years.

37 This is THAT MOSES, who said to the sons of Israel, ‡'A Prophet will God raise up for you from

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -30. of the Lord-omit. D-omit. 32. the Gop-omit. 33. Thy 31. to him-omit. 32. ths 33. Thy FEET. 35. even. 35. with the Hand.

ses, to make

[κυριος] δ θεος εκ των αδελφων ύμων, ώς εμε [lord] the God from of the brethren of you, like me; 38 Ούτος εστιν ό γενομε-[αυτου ακουσεσθε.] This he being, [him you shall hear.] is νος, εν τη εκκλησια εν τη ερημώ, μετα του in the congregation in the desert, with the Σινα αγγελου του λαλουντος αυτώ εν τω ορει speaking to him in the mountain Sinai, messenger that και των πατερων ήμων, ός εδεξατο λογια ζωντα and of the fathers of us, who received oracles δουναι ήμιν. 39 φ ουκ ηθελησαν ύπηκοοι γενεσto give to us; to whom not were willing obedient to become θαι οί πατερες ήμων, αλλ' απωσαντο, και εστραthe fathers of us, but thrust away, and turned καρδιαις αύτων εις Αιγυπτον, φησαν ταις of them into in the hearts back 40 ϵ ιποντ ϵ s τ ω Ααρ ω ν \cdot Ποιησον ήμιν heta ϵ ουs, οί for us gods, who Make saying to the Aaron; προπορευσονται ήμων ό γαρ Μωυσης ούτος ός shall go before us; the for Moses this who εξηγαγεν ήμας εκ γης Αιγυπτου, ουκ οιδαμεν us from land Egypt, not we know τι γεγονεν αυτφ. 41 Και εμοσχοποιησαν εν what has happened to him. they made a calf in And ταις ήμεραις εκειναις, και ανηγαγον θυσιαν τφ days those, and offered a sacrifice to the ειδωλφ, και ευφραινοντο εν τοις εργοις των works of the rejoiced in the 42 Εστρεψε δε δ χειρων αύτων. deos, και of them. Turn ed and the God, παρεδωκεν αυτους λατρευειν τη στρατια του the them to serve host of the gave np ουρανου· καθως γεγραπται εν βιβλφ των προit is written in book of the proφητων Μη σφαγια και θυσιας προσηνεγκατε Not victims and sacrifices did you offer μοι ετη τεσσαρακοντα εν τη €ρημα, OLKOS in the desert, house forty to me years 43 Και ανελαβετε την σκηνην του Ισραηλ; of Israel? you took up the tabernacle of the And Μολοχ και αστρον του θεου ύμων 'Ρεμφαν, τους star of the god of you Remphan, the Moloch and τυπους, ούς εποιησατε προσκυνειν αυτοις και to worship images, which you made them; 44 'H ύμας επεκεινα Βαβυλωνος. μετοικιω beyond Babylon. l will cause to remove you σκηνη του μαρτυριου ην εν τοις πατρασιν ήμων tabernacle of the testimony was with the fathers of us εν τη ερημώ, καθως διεταξατο ὁ λαλων τω Μωυdirected he speaking to the Moin the desert, ση, ποιησαι αυτην κατα τον τυπον δν έωρακει.

among your BRETHREN, like me.'

38 ‡ This is HE who was in the CONGREGATION in the DESERT, with ‡ THAT ANGEL who SPOKE to him on MOUNT Sinai, and with our FATHERS; ‡ who received the living ‡ Oracles to give to us;

39 to whom ourfathers wouldnot become obedient, but thrust away, and in their Hearts turned back into Egypt,

40 ‡ saying to AARON, 'Make us Gods to go before us; for this Moses, who led us out of the Land of Egypt, we know not what has happened to him.'

41 ‡ And they made a Calf in those DAYS, and offered a Sacrifice to the IDOL, and rejoiced in the WORKS of their own NANDS.

42 ‡ But God turned, and gave them up to serve ‡ the host of heaven; as it is written in the Book of the prophets, ‡ Did you not offer Victims and Sacrifices to me forty Years in the desert, O House of Israel?

43 And yet you took up the TABERNACLE of Mo-LOCH, and the STAR of the GOD † Remphan, the FIG-URES which you made to worship them; I will even cause you to remove beyond † Babylom.'

44 Our fathers had the tabernacle of the testimony in the desert, as he who spoke to Moses directed him to make it according to the Pattern which he had seen;

her according to the form which he had seen;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-37. Lord-omit. 37. him you shall hear-omit. 43. the

^{† 43.} Remphan or Raiphan was the name of the same Idol in Faypt, which was called Chium in Syria, and represented the planet Saturn. † 43. Both the Septuagint, from which this appears to be a quotation, and the Hebrew, read Damascus, instead of Babylon. Bloomfield thinks it is a marginal reading which has crept into the text.

^{† 38.} Exod. xix. 3, 17. † 38. Isa. lxiii. 9; Gal. iii. 19; Heb. ii. 2. † 38. Exod. xxi. 1; Deut. v. 27, 31; xxxlii. 4; John i.e. 7. † 38. Rom. iii. 3. † 40. Exod. xxxii. 1. † 41. Deut. ix. 16; Psa. viz. 10; † 42. Psa. lxxii. 12; Ezek. xx. 25, 39; Rom. 124; 2 Thess. ii. 11.", † 42. Deut. iv. 19; xvii. 3; 2 Kings xvii. 16; xxi. 3; Jer. xix. 13. † 43. Amos v. 25, 26., † 44. Exod. xxv. 40; xvvi. 30; Heb. viii. 5.

45 ήν και εισηγαγον διαδεξαμενοι οί πατερες which elso brought having received by succession the fathers ήμων μετα Ιησου εν τη κατασχεσει των εθνων, with Jeaus in to the possession of the nations, ών εξωσεν ό θεος απο προσωπου των πατερων which drove out the God from face ofthe fathers ήμων, έως των ήμερων Δαυιδ. 45 ός εύρε χαριν ofus, till the days of David; who found ενωπιον του θεου, και ητησατο εύρειν σκηνωμα in presence of the God, and asked to find a dwelling τω θεω Ιακωβ. 47 Σολομων δε ωκοδομησεν for the God of Jacob. Solomon but built Aλλ' ουχ ὁ ὑψιστος εν χειρο-But not the Most High in hand αυτφ οικον. for him a house. ποιητοις κατοικει, καθως ό προφητης λεγει made things dwells, the prophet 8.0 49 δ ουρανος μοι θρονος, ή δε γη ύποποδιον των the heaven to me athrone, the and earth a footstool of the ποδων μου. Ποιον οικον οικοδομησετε μοι; What house will you huild for me? λεγει κυριος η τις τοπος της καταπαυσεως says Lord; or what place of the dwelling μου; 50 Ουχι ή χειρ μου εποιησε ταυτα παντα; of me? Not the hand of me made these things all? 51 Σκληροτραχηλοι, και απεριτμητοι τη καρδια Ostif-necked, and nucircumcised in the heart και τοις ωσιν. ύμεις αει τω πνευματι τω άγιω and the ears; you always the spirit the αντιπιπτετε, ώς οί πατερες ύμων και ύμεις. like the fathers of you also fight against, you. 52 Τινα των προφητων ουκ εδιωξαν οί πατερες Which of the prophets not persecuted the fathers ύμων; και απεκτείναν τους προκαταγγείλαντας of you? and they killed those having foreto.d περι της ελευσεως του δικαιου, ού νυν ύμεις concerning the coming of the rightcous, of whom now you προδοται και φονεις γεγενησθε. ⁵³ οίτινες ελα-betrayers and murderers bave become;, who re βετε τον νομον εις διαταγας αγγελων, και ουκ served the law by injunction fmessengers, and εφυλαξατε. 54 Ακουοντες δε ταυτα, διεπριον-Having heard and these things, they were sawn το ταις καρδιας αύτων, και εβρυχον τους οδονthrough the hearts of them, and gnashed the τας επ' αυτον. 55 'Υπαρχων δε πληρης πνευματος him. Being but full άγιου, απενισας εις τιν ουρανον, ειδε, δοξαν holy, having gazed intently into the heaven, he saw glory

45 1 Which also our FA-THERS, having received it by succession, brought in with Joshua into the Pos-SESSION of the NATIONS, whom Gop drove out before the Face of our FA-THERS, to the DAYS of David;

46 I who found Favor in the sight of God, and trequested to find a Dwelling for the * GoD of Jacob.

47 But Solomon built

for him a House.

48 Yet the Most High dwells not in things made with hands; as the PRO-

PHET Savs,

49 t'HEAVEN is My Throne, and the EARTH my FOOTSTOOL; What House will you build for me? says the Lord; or what is the PLACE of my REST ?

50 Has not my HAND made all these things?'

51 O stiff-necked and uncircumcised in HEART and EARS! you always fight against the HOLY SPIRIT; as your FATHERS did nou also do.

52 I Whien of the PRO-PHETS did not your PA-THEES persecute? And they killed THOSE who FORETOLD the COMING of the RIGHTEOUS ONE; a whom pou now have become Betrayers and Murderers :--

53 I you who received the LAW by Injunctions of Angels, and kept it not."

54 And having heard these things, they were enraged in their HEARTS. and gnashed their TEETH upon him.

55 But being full of holy Spirit, and looking steadily towards HEAVEN, he saw the Glory of God, and Jesus standing at the right hand of Gon,

of God, and Jesus having stood at

θεου, και Ιησουν έστωτα εκ δίζιων του θεου,

right of the God,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 46. HOUSE of Jacob.

^{2 45.} Josh. iii. 14. 2 45. Neh. ix. 24; Psa. xliv. 2; lxxviii. 55; Acts xiii. 19. 2 46. 1 Sam. xvii. 1; 2 Sam. vii. 1; Acts xiii. 22. 7; Psa. exxxii. 4, 5. 2 47. 1 Kings vi. 1; viii. 20. 2 1 48. 1 Kings viii. 27; Acts xvii. 24. 2 49. Matt. v. 34, 35. 2 52. Matt. xxi. 35; xxit. 34, 37. 2 53. Exod. 1x. 1: Gal. iii. 19; Heb. it. 2.

56 και ειπεν. Ιδου, θεωρω τους ουρανους ανεφγ-I see the heavens having been and said; Lo, μενους, και τον υίον του ανθρωπου εκ δεξιων and the son of the man at right τ ou θ \in ou. 57 $K\rho\alpha\xi\alpha\nu\tau$ \in δ \in $\phi\omega\nu\eta$ μ \in $\gamma\alpha$ έστωτα του θεου. Having cried and with a voice Ioud, having stood of the God. λη, συνεσχον τα ώτα αύτων, και ώρμησαν they shut up the ears of them, and they ran δμοθυμαδον $\epsilon \pi$, αυτον 58 και $\epsilon \kappa \beta$ αλοντες $\epsilon \xi$ ω with one mind on him; and having cast outside της πολεως, ελιθοβολουν. Και οί μαρτυρες And the witnesses they stoned. απεθεντο τα ίματια αύτων παρα τους ποδας laid down the mantles of them at the feet νεανιου καλουμενου Σαυλου, ⁵⁹ και ελιθοβολουν of a young man being called Saul, and they stoned τον Στεφανον, επικαλουμενον και λεγοντα. Stephen, ealling upon and saying; 60 Oers Κυριε Ιησου, δεξαι το πνευμα μου. Olord Jesus, do thou receive the breath of me. Having placed δε τα γονατα εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη. Κυριε, μη knees he cried out with a voice loud; Olord, not αυτοις την άμαρτιαν ταυτην. Και στησης thou mayest place to them the sin this. And τουτο ειπων, εκοιμηθη. this having said, he fell asleep.

KE Φ . η^i . 8.

τη αναιρεσει 1 Σαυλος δε ην συνευδοκων and was consenting to the death Saul Εγενετο δε εν εκεινη τη ήμερα διωγμος αυτου. the day a persecution Was and in that μηγας επι την εκκλησιαν την εν 'Ιεροσολυμοις. great against the congregation that in παντες τε διεσπαρησαν κατα τας χωρας της all and were seattered in the regions of the Ιουδαιας και Σαμαρειας, πλην των αποστολων. apostles. Samaria, except the Judea and ² Συνεκομισαν δε τον Στεφανον ανδρες ευλαβεις, Buried and the Stephen men εποιησαντο κοπετον μεγαν επ αυτω. και great they made for him. n.nd lamentation ³ Σαυλος δε ελυμαινετο την εκκλησιαν, κατα hut was outraging the congregation, τους οικους εισπορευομένος, συρών τε ανδρας dragging and entering, και γυναικας, παρεδίδου εις φυλακην ⁴οί μεν and women, was delivering up into prison; they indeed they indeed ουν διασπαρεντες διηλθον, ευαγγελιζομενοι therefore having been scattered wandered about, preaching glad tidings τον λογον. 5 Φιλιππος δε κατελθων εις πολιν Philip and going down into a city της Σαμαρειας, εκηρυσσεν αυτοις τον Χριστον. Anointed. of the Samaria, proclaimed to them the

56 and said, ‡ "Behold, I see the HEAVENS opened, and the son of MAN standing on the right hand of God."

57 And crying out with a loud Voice, they stopped their EARS, and rushed upon him with one accord;

58 and thaving cast him out of the CITY, they stoned him. And the WITNESSES laid down their MANTLES at the FEET of a Young man, named Sau,

59 and they stoned Stephen, as he was invoking and saying, "Lord Jesus, ‡†receive my spirit."

60 And bending his KNEES he cried with a loud Voice, ‡" Lord, place not * This Sin against them." And having said This, he fell asleep.

CHAPTER VIIL

- 1 Now \$ Saul was consenting to his DEATH. And in That DAY there was a great Persecution against THAT CONGREGATION in Jerusalem; and \$\$\frac{1}{2}\$ they were all dispersed through the REGIONS of JUDEA and Samaria, except the APOSTLES.
- 2 And pions Men buried Stephen, and made great Lamentation over him.
- 3 ‡ But Saul ravaged the CONGREGATION, entering HOUSES, and violently seizing Men and Women, he committed them to Prison.
- 4 Then THOSE HAVING BEEN DISPERSED, went about preaching the glad tidings of the WORD.
- 5 And Philip going down to *the CITY of SAMARIA, proclaimed to them the MESSIAH.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 60. This sin. 5. the city.

† 59. Dexai may also be rendered sustain or support. Booth, in his Lexicon of Primitive Greek words, gives this as one of the significations of the word. The prayer of Stephen then would read, "Lord Jesus, sustain my spirit," or "assist me to suffer."

^{† 56.} Ezek. i. 1; Matt. iii. 16; Acts x. 11. † 58. 1 Kings xxi. 13; Luke iv. 29; Heb. xiii. 12. † 58. Deut. xiii. 9, 10; xvii. 7. † 59. Luke xxiii. 40. † 60. Matt. 7. 44; Luke vi. 28; xxiii. 34. † 1. Acts vii. 58; xxii. 20. † 1. Acts xi. 10, 12; Acts vii. 58; ix. 1, 13, 21; xxii. 4; xxvi. 10, 11; 1 Cor. xv. 0; Gal. i. 18; Phil. iii. 6; † Tim. i. 13.

5 Προσειχον τε οί οχλοι τοις λεγομενοις ύπο Assented and the crowds to the thingsheing spoken by του Φιλιππου όμοθυμαδον, εν τφ ακουειν αυτους Philip with one mind, in the to hear και βλεπειν τα σημεια & εποιει. 7 Πολλων γαρ to see the signs which he did. Many for των εχοντων πνευματα ακαθαρτα, βοωντα φωνη of those possessing spirita unclean, crying with a voice μεγαλη εξηρχετο πολλοι δε παραλελυμενοι and having heen palsied came out; many 8 Και εγενετο χαρα και χωλοι εθεραπευθησαν. were cured. And lame was joy μεγαλη εν τη πολει εκεινη.

great in the city

 9 Aνηρ δε τις, ονοματι Σιμων, προυπηρχεν A man but certain, by name Simon, formerly εν τη πολει, μαγευων, και εξιστων το εθνος io the city, practising magic, and amazing the της Σαμαρειας, λεγων ειναι τινα έαυτον μεγαν. saying to be somehody himself great; of the Samaria, 10 ω προσειχον παντες απο μικρου έως μεγαto whom they assented all from least to greatλου, λεγοντες. Ούτος εστιν ή δυναμις του θεου est, saying; Thia ia the power of the God 11 Προσειχον δε αυτω, They attended and to him, ή καλουμενη μεγαλη. which is being called great. δια το ίκανω χρονω ταις μαγειαις εξεστακεναι time with the magic arts because that for a long to have amazed 12 °Οτε δε επιστευσαν τφ Φιλιππφ autous. Hiem. When but they believed the Philip

ευαγγελιξημενφ * [τα] περι της βασιλειας announcing glad .. dings [the thin s] concerning the kingdoin Χριστου, του θεου και του ονοματος Ιησου

of the God and the name of Jesus Anointed. εβαπτιζουτο ανδρες τε και γυναικες. 15 'O δε they were dipped men both and women. The and

Σιμων και αυτος επιστευσε, και βαπτισθεις ην Simon and himself believed, and having been dipped he was π ροσκαρη ερων τ ϕ Φιλιππ ϕ ° θ εωρων τε δυναμεις constantly attending to the Philip; beholding and miracles

και σημεια μεγαλα γινομενα, εξιστατο. great being done, and signa he was amazed, 14 Ακουσαντες δε οἱ εν Ἱεροσολυμοις αποστολοι,

Having heard and the in Jerusalem ότι δεδεκται ή Σαμαρεία τον λίγον του θεου, that had received the Samaria the word of the Goć,

απεστειλαν προς αυτους τον Πετρον και Ιωα:~ to them the Peter and John:

νην· 15 οίτινες καταβαντες προσηυξαντο, περι having gone down who offered prayer concerning

16 (Ουπω αυτων, όπως λαβωσι πνευμα άγιον. them, so that they might receive spirit holy. (Not yet

γαρ ην επ' ουδενι αυτων επιπεπτωκος, μονον for it was on any one of them having fallen, only

6 And the CROWDS with one mind attended to tha THINGS SPOKEN by Pul-LIP, as they HEARD and saw the SIGNS which he performed.

7 TFor many of THOSE POSSESSING impure Spirits, crying with a loud Voice, were dispossessed, and many paralytic and lame persons were cured.

8 And there was Much

Joy in that CITY.

9 Now a certain man, named Simon, came before into the CITY I using magic, and astonishing the NATION of SAMARIA, ‡saying that he himself was somebody great;

10 to whom all attended, from the least to the greatest, saying, "This is THAT which is CALLED the GREAT POWER of GOD."

11 And to him they gave heed, because that for a Long Time he had aston-ished them with his MAGIC

ARTS.

12 But when they believed PHILIP announcing glad cidings I concerning the KINGDOM of GOD, and the NAME of Jesus Christ, they were immersed, both Men and Women.

13 And SIMON himself also believed; and having been immersed, he was constantly attending to PHILIP; and beholding the * signs and great Mira. cles which were performed, he was astonished.

14 And the APOSTLES in Jerusalem having heard That SAMARIA had received the WORD of GOD, sent to them Peter and

John;

15 who, having gone down, prayed for them that they might receive the holy Spirit;

16 for it was not yet fallen on any of them; but they had only ‡ been im-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. Much Joy. and great Miracles.

ου having been dipped they were into the name of the κυριου Ιησου.)

17 Τοτε επετιθουν τας χειρας they placed the Then Lord Jesua.) επ' αυτους, και ελαμβανον πνευμα άγιον.

them, and they received spirit 18 $1\delta\omega\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ δ $\Sigma\iota\mu\omega\nu$, $\delta\tau\iota$ $\delta\iota\alpha$ $\tau\eta s$ $\epsilon\pi\iota\theta\epsilon\sigma\epsilon\omega s$ Having seen and the Simon, that through the placing on των χειρων των αποστολων διδοται το πνευμα was given the spirit of the hands of the apostles το άγιον, προσηνεγκεν αυτοις χρηματα, ¹⁹ λεmoney, saythe holy, he offered to them γων. Δοτε καμοιτην εξουσιαν ταυτην, ίνα ing; Give you also to me the authority this, that to whomεαν επιθω τας χειρας, λαμβανη πνευμα άγιον. 20 Πετρος δε είπε προς αυτον. Το αργυρίον σου
Peter but said to him; The silver of thee

him; Peter but said to συν σοι ειη εις απωλειαν ότι την δωρεαν του with thee may be into destruction; because the gift ofthe εστι σοι μερις ουδε κληρος εν τφ λογφ τουτφ. is to thee a part nor lot in the word η γαρ καρδια σου ουκ εστιν ευθεια εναντι του

🕮 Μετανοησον ουν απο της κακιας σου θeau. Do thou reform therefore from the wickedness of thee God. ταυτης, και δεηθητι του θ εου, ει αρα αφεθηthis, and entreat of the God, if indeed may be may be 23 E 15 σεται σοι ή επινοια της καρδιας σου.

heart of thee not

is

right

before

forgiven to thee the thought of the heart of thee. γαρ χολην πικριας και συνδεσμον αδικιας όρω fo: agall of bitterness and abond of wickedness I see σε οντα. ²⁴ Αποκριθεις δε δ Σιμων ειπε· Δεη-Answering and the Simon said; thee being. θητε ύμεις ύπερ εμου προς τον κυριον, όπως

you in behalf of me to the lord, that αηδεν επελθη επ' εμε ών ειρηκατε. nothing may come on me of which you have spoken. They indeed διαμαρτυραμενοι και λαλησαντες therefore having earnestly testified and having spoken λογων του κυριου, ύπεστρεψαν εις Ίερουσαλημ, turned back for Jerusalem, word of the lord,

πολλας τε κωμας των Σαμαρειτων ευηγγελι-Samaritans announced and villages of the man 🗸

σαντο. glad tidings.

the for

26 Αγγελος δε κυριου ελαλησε προς Φιλιππον, spoke Philip, to A messenger and of a lord

λεγων Αναστηθι, και πορευοι κατα μεσημtowards south, Do thou arise, and go saying;

βριαν, επι την όδον την καταβαινουσαν απο from leading down the way that

Ίερουσαλημ εις Γαζαν. αύτη εστιν ερημος. Gaza this is desert. to

27 Και αναστας επορευθη• και ιδου, ανηρ Αιθιοψ and lo, Andhaving arisen he went;

* Vatican Manuscript.-18. spirit was given.

mersed into the 1 NAME of the Lord Jesus.

17 Then they !placed their HANDS on them, and they received the holy Spirit.

18 And Simon seeing That through the IMPOSI-TION of the HANDS of the APOSTLES, the * SPIRIT was given, he offered them Money,

19 saying, "Give me also this AUTHORITY, that on whom I place my HANDS, he may receive the

holy Spirit." 20 But PETER said to him, "May thy SILVER go to Destruction with thee, Because thou hast thought to buy the GIFT of God with Money.

21 Thou hast no Part nor Lot in this THING; for thy HEART is not right

before GoD.

22 Reform, therefore, from this thy WICKED-NESS, and entreat *the LORD, if perhaps the THOUGHT of thine HEART may be forgiven thee;

23 for I see that thou art in the Gall of Bitterness, and in the Bond of

Wickedness."

24 And SIMON answering, said, ‡" Entreat you tne LORD in my behalf, that nothing of which you have spoken may come on me."

25 Then THEY, having fully testified and spoken the word of the Lord, turned back for Jerusalem, and announced the glad tidings in Many Villages of the SAMABITANS.

26 And an Angel of the Lord spoke to Philip, saying, "Arise, and go towards the South, by THAT BOAD LEADING DOWN from Jerusalem to Gaza;" this is a Desert.

27 And having arisen, he went; and behold, an a man of Ethiopia | Ethiopian Eunuch, a Gran-

ευνουχος, δυναστης Κανδακης της βασιλισσης a grandee of Candace of the queen Αιθιοπων, δε ην επι πασης της γαίης αυτης . δε of Ethiopiaus, who was over all the treasure of her; who εληλυθει προσκυνησων εις Ίερουσαλημ, 28 ην worshipping 10 Jerusalem, τε ύποστρεφων και καθημενος επι του άρματος returning and sitting in the chariot αύτου, και ανεγινωσκε τον προφητην 'Ησαιαν. of hunself, and wa reading the prophet ε Ειπε δε το πνευμα τφ Φιλιππφ. Προσελθε, Said and the epirit to the Philip; Go thou near, 30 Προσδρακαι κολληθητι τω άρματι τουτώ. ud bejoined to the chariot Running μων δε δ Φιλιππος ηκουσεναυτου αναγινωσκονto and the Philip heard him TOS ΤΟν Τρ. Την 'Ησαιαν, και ειπεν Αραγε the prophet Isaiah, and caid, Truiy γινωσκεις, α ανα ινωκεις; ?1 'Ο δε ειπε. Πως auderstandest thou, s:h. thou readest. He but said; How γαρ αν δυναιμην, εαν μη τις δδηγηση με for chould I be able, if a teomcone should guido mer Παρεκαλεσε τε τον Φιλ.ππον, αναβαντα καθιlicealled and the Phili having gone up to sit 32 H δε περοχη της γραφης,
The and portion of the writing σαι συν αυτφ. with him. ήν συετινωσκε, ην αυτή 'Ως προβωτον επι σφαγην ιχθη, και ώς αμνώς εναιτιού του κειalaughter was led, and as . 2m : befor ρουτος αυτον αφωνος, ούτως ουκ ωνοιγει το him is cumb, so not he opens the ahearing Εν τη ταπεινωσει αυτίυ ή στομα αύτου. In the low cotate of himself. -fhim the κρισις αύτου ηρθη την δε γενεαν αυτου τις udgment of himself was taken away; the and muerati διηγησεται; δτι αιρεται απο της γης ή ζωη suall declare? because is taken awe from the earth the $34 \, \mathrm{A}\pi \epsilon \kappa \gamma i \theta \epsilon is \delta \epsilon$ αυτου. ευνουχος τω Φιλιπ-Ausweilug butt-eunuch tothe -fhim. 1'hilip πφ είπε° Δεομαί σου, περί τίνος δ προφητης said; I beseech the, concerning whom the prophet λεγει τουτο; περι εαυτου, : περι έτερου: this? concerning houself, or concerning another τινος: 35 Ανοιξ - δε δ Φιλιππος τ. στομα Having open d and the Philip the mouth αύτου, και αρξαμεν · απο της γραφης ταυτης, of himself, and having begun fro the writing ευηγγελισατο αυτώ τον Ιησουν. ε Ως δε εποannounced glad tidings to him the esus and they ρευοντο κατα την όδον, ηλοον επι τι νόωρ- και were going in the way they me to a certain water and φησιν δ ευνουχος Ιδου ύδωρ τι κωλυει με water what hinders said the eunuch Lo

dee of Candace, * Queen of the Ethiopians, who was over All her TREASURF, and who had come to worship at Jerusalem,

28 was returning, and sitting in his charlot he was reading the Prophet

Isaiah.

29 And the SPIRIT said to PHILIP, "Approach, and join thyself to this

CHABIOT."

80 And PHILIP running soward heard him reading * Isaiah the PROPHET, and he said, "Dost thou mdeed understand what thou art reading?"

SI And HE said, "How can I, unless some one should guide me?" And he requested PHILIP to come up and sic with him.

82 Now the Portion of the scripture which he was reading was this.

1" As a Sheep ha was ted "to Slaughter, and like a "Lamb before the SHLAR-"ER is dumb, so no opens "not his mouth.

33 "In "his humitya"Tion his judgment was
"taken away; and who
"will tell of his genera"Tion? Because his
"Life is taken from the

"EARTH"

34 And the EUNUCH answering Philip, said. "I beseech thee, of whom speaks the PROPHET this—of himself, or of someother person."

35 Then PHILIP opening his MOUTH, ‡ and beginning from this scripture, announced the glad tidings of Jesus to him.

36 And as they were going on the ROAD, they came to a Certain Water and the EUNUCH said Behold, Water I ‡ what hinders my being immersed?" ‡

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—27. Queen.

^{80.} Isaiah the PROPHET, and said.

³³ the

^{† 36.} Verse 37 of the common version is spurious. It is not found in the Vatican MS, nor in the aucient Syriac. Griesbach rejects it; and it is cancelled or rejected by Grotius Mil, Wetstein, Pearce, Tittman, Knapp, Lachmann, Tischendorf, and others.

Παπτισθηναι; 36 λαι εκελευσε στηναι το άρμα^ο the dipped? And be ordered to stand the chariot; και κατεβησαν αμφοιεροι εις το ύδωρ ό, τε and they wen down both into the water the, both μιλιππος και δ εννουχος και εβαπτισεν αυτον.

Pilip and the eunuch; and he dipped him.

39 Οτι δε ανεβησαν εκ του ύδατος, πνευμα When and they came up out of the water, spirit κυρι υ ήρπασε τον Φιλιππον KAL OUR ELDEN flord seized the Philip, and act αυτον ουκετι ε ευνουχος επορευετο γαρ saw όδον αύτου χαιρων. 40 Φιλιππος δε εύρεθη εις way of himself rejoicing. Philip but was found into him no longer the cunuch: he went και διερχομένος ευηγγελιζετο τας AS TOV and passing through he announced glad tidings the Azrtus. πολεις πασας, έως του ελθειν αυτον εις Καισσtill of the to come him into ρειαν. rea.

КЕФ. θ'. 9.

1 O δε Σαυλος ετι εμπνεων απείλης και
The .nd Saul of the breathing of threatening and φονου εις τους μαθητας του κυριοι, πρυσελθων slang to to ard, the disciples of the Lord, coming τω αρχιερει, ητησατο παρ' αυτου επιστολας So the high-piect, he desired from him letters o the high-p -t, εις Δαμασκον προς τας συναγωγας, ό-ως εαν to the syuagogues, that Damascur τινας εύρη της άδου οντας, ανδρας τε και any hemi . and of the way being, both and men γυναικας, δεδεμενους αγαγη εις Ίερουσαλημ.
women, having been bound hemight lead into Jerusalem. 3 Εν δε τφ πορευεσθαι, εγενετο συτον εγγιζειν came In and the him to go: to draw near τη Δαμασκώ και εξαιφνης περιηστραψεν αυτον to the Damascus and suddenly flashed around φως απο του ουρανου. 4 και πεσων επι την γην, alight from the heaven; and having fallen to the earth. ηκουσε φωνην λεγουσαν αυτφ. Σαουλ, Σαουλ. he heard avoice saying to him: Saul, Saul; τι με διωκεις; ⁵Ειπε δε τις ει, κυριε, why me dost thou persecute He said and: who art thou, O lord. The δε κυριος ειπεν. Εγω ειμι Ιησους όν συ and Lord said; I am Jesus whom thou p and Lord said; Jesus whom thou persecuκεις. 6 αλλα αναστήθι και εισλθε εις την πολιν, but stand thou up and onter into the test; $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta \sigma \epsilon \tau \alpha t$ $\sigma \epsilon$ $\delta \epsilon t$ $\pi o \epsilon \epsilon t \nu$.

it shall be told to the ewhat thee it is necessary to do. TOLELY. Kal and ⁷ Οἱ ὖε ανδρε**ς οἱ συν**οδευο**ντες α**υτφ, ει**στ**ηκειwith him, The and men those traveling stood σαν εννεοι, ακουοντες μεν της φωνης, μηδενα dumb, hearing indeed the voice, no one dumb, hearing δε θεωρουντες. 8 Ηγερθη δε δ Σαυλος απο της Arose andthe Saul from the ανεφγμενων δε των οφθαλμων αυτου, yns. earth; having been opened and the eyes of him.

38 And he ordered the CHARIOT to stop; and the both went down into the WATER, both PHILIP and the EUNUCH, and he mersed him.

39 And when they came np out of the WATER, ‡ the Spirit of the Lord seized PHILIP; and the EUNUCH saw him no more, for he went * His way rejoicing.

40 Philip, however; was found at Azotus; and passing through, he announced the glad tidings in all the Centes, till he came to Cesarer.

CHAPTER IX.

1 And †Saul, still breathing out Threatenings and Slaughter against the Disciples of the Lord, proceeding to the High-Priest.

2 asked from him Letters to the SYNAGOGUES at Damaseus, that if he should find Any o. 2 hat RELIGION, whether Men or Women, ha might bring them bound to Jerusalem.

8 † And as he was going Along, he came near to Damasous; and suddenly a Light from HEAVEN flashed around him

4 and having fallen to the EARTH, he heard a Voice saying to him, "Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Me?"

5 And he said. "Who art thou, Sir?" And *11 said, "I am Jesus whom thou persecutest.

6 But arise, and go into the CITY, and it shall be told thee what thou must do."

7 And THOSE MEN traveling with him, stood speechless, hearing indeed the VOICE, but seeing no one.

. 8 And Saul arose from the EARTH; and his EYES having been opened, he

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 39. His WAY. 5. HE

^{† 39. 1} Kings xviii. 12; 2 Kings ii. 16; Ezek. iii. 12, 14. † 1. Acts viii. 3; Gal. i. 13 † Tim. i. 13. † 2. Acts xix. 9, 23. † 3. Acts xxii. 6; xxvi. 12. † 4. Matt **Exv. 49. † 7. Dan. x. 7; Acts xxii. 9; xxvi. 13.

υυδενα εβλεπε χειραγωγουντες δε αυτον εισηno one he saw; leading by the hand and him they $\gamma \alpha \gamma ον \ \epsilon is \ \Delta \alpha \mu \alpha \sigma \pi ον \ ^9 και \ ην \ ημερας τρείς μη$ le into Damascus; and he was days three not βλεπων και ουκ εφαίνεν, ουδε επιτ. seeing; and not ate, nor dra s

10 Ην δε τις μαθητης εν Δαμασκφ ονοματι Was and acertain disciple in Damascus by name Ανανιας, και ειπε προς αυτον δ κυριος εν δρα-Ananias, and said to him the Lord Ο δε ειπεν. Ιδου εγω, κυριε. ματι Ανανια. He and said; Lo I, Olord. Ananias. 11 °O δε κυριος προς αυτον· Αναστας πορευθητι The and Lord to him; Laving arisen go thou επι την δυμην την καλουμένην ευθειαν, to the street that being called Straight, και and ζητησον εν οικια Ιουδα Σαυλον νοματι, Ταρseck for in house of Judas Saul by name, of Tar $σεα^*$ ιδου γαρ προσευχεται, 12 και ειδεν εν δραaus; lo for he prays, and saw in a ματι ανδρα ονοματι Ανανιαν, εισελθοντα και vision a mai by name Anonias, having come in and επιθεντα αυτ φ χειρα, δπως $e^{-i\theta}$ λεψη. $e^{-i\theta}$ Απεκhaving placed to him a hand, that he might receive sight. ριθη δε Ανανίας Κυρίε, ακηκόα από πολλών swered and Ananias; Olor, I have heard from man; περι του ανδρος τουτου, όσα κακα εποιη-concerning the man this, what things bad he did τε τοις άγιοις σου εν Ἱερουσαλημ. 14 Και ώδto the saints of thee in Jerusalem. And ere εχει εξουσιαν παρα των αρχιερεων, δησαι παν-he has authority from the high-priests, to hind all 15 Eιπε τας τους επικαλουμένους το ονομα σου. those calling upon the name of thee. Said δε προς αυτον δ κυριος· Πορευου, δτι σκευος him the Lord. Gothou, because a vessel εκλογης μοι εστιν ούτος, του βαστασαι το ονοchosen to me is this, of the to hear the name μα μου ενωπιον εθνών, και βαπιλεων, υίων τε before actions, and kings, aona and

αυτον ύπερ του ονοματος μου παθειν. it behaves him in behalf of the name of me to suffer. $17 \ A\pi\eta\lambda \theta \epsilon \ \delta \epsilon \ A\nu a \nu i as \kappa a i \epsilon i \sigma \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu \ \epsilon i s \tau' \nu$ Wentaway and ..nanias i.nd entered the into ικιαν· και επιθεις επ' άυτον τας χειρας, ειπε· house; and having placed on him the hands,

16 Εγω γαρ ύποδειξω αυτω,

hesaid; Σαουλ αδελφε, δ κυριος απεσπαλκε με, (Ιησους Saul Obrother, the Lord hassent me, (J :sua

saw No one; but leading him by the hand they conducted him to Damascus.

9 And he was three Days without sight, and neither ate nor drank.

10 Now there was in Damascus a certain Disciple, I named Ananias; and the LORD said to him in a Vision, "Ananias." And HE said, "Behold, I am here, Lord."

11 And the LORD said to him, "Arise, and go into † THAT STREET which is CALLED Straight, and inquire in the house of Judas, for ‡ a man of +Tarsus, named Saul; for Leh.ld, he is praying,

12 and has seen in a Visi n a Man, named Anarias, entering, and laying his * HANDS on him, that he might recover his sight."

I3 And Ananias answered, "Lord, I have heard from many concerning this MAN, how much Evil he has done to thy S. INTS in verusalem;

14 and here, he has Au thority from the HIGH-PRIESTS to bind ALL who ‡invoke thy name."

15 But the LORD said to him, "Go; Because he is to me ‡ a chosen Vessel. to B. AR my NAME before Nations, and * Kings, and Sons of Israel;

16 for ‡ will point ou; to him what things he must suffer in behalf of my NAME."

17 And Ananias d parted, and entered th HOUSE, and placing his I NDS on him, said, "Brother Saul, the Lord sent me, eve: THAT Jesus who

Ισραηλ.

of Israel.

δσα

for will point out to him, what things

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. HANDS on him.

^{13.} also Kings.

^{† 11.} This street has continued under the same name to the present day. It runs in 3 eet line from the eastern to the western gate, a distance of three miles. † 11. Tardirect line from the eastern to the western gate, a distance of three miles. † 11. Tai-sus, was the capital of Cilicia, situated on the banks of the Cnidus, which flowed through the midst of it. It is now called Tarasso. As a seat of learning, it ranked with Athens and Alexandria. Its inhabitants, in the time of Julius Cesar, were endowed with all the privileges of Roman citizens.

^{‡ 10.} Acts xxii. 12. xxii. 16; 1 Cor. i. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 22. Eph. ii. 7, 8. ‡ 16. 2 Cor. xi. 23. 1 14. Acts vii. 59; verse 21; ‡ 15. Acts xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17; Rom. 4. 1;

 δ οφθεις σοι εν τη οδφ η ηρχοι,) δ πως ανα-henaving appeared to the ein the way in which thou camest, that thou 18Ka1 βλεψης, και πλησθης πνευματος άγιου. mayest receive sight, and mayest he filled of spirit holy. And ευθεως απεπεσον απο των οφθαλμων αυτου immediately fell from the eyes of him ώσει λεπιδες, ανεβλεψε τε και αναστας εβαπas it were scales, he recovered sight and; and having arisen he was τισθη. 19 Και λαβων τροφην ενισχυσεν. Εγενdipped. And having taken food he was strengthened. ετο δε μετα των εν Δαμασκω μαθητων ήμερας was and with the in Damascus disciples days τινας. $^{20} \text{ Kai } \epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \omega s \quad \epsilon \nu \quad \tau \alpha is \quad \sigma \upsilon \nu \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma \alpha is$ And immediately in several. the synagogues εκηρυσσε τον Ιησουν, ότι ούτος εστιν ὁ υίος he proclaimed the Jesus, that this is the son του θεου. 21 Εξισταντο δε παντες οί ακουοντες, of the God. Were amazed and all those having heard, και ελεγον. Ουχ ούτος εστικ ό πορθησας εν and Not this is the one having wasted in said: Ιερουπαλημ τους επικαλουμενους το ονομα those calling npon the τουτο; και ώδε εις τουτο εληλυθει, ίνα δεδεand here for had come, that having this? this αυτους αγαγη επι TOUS αρχιερεις. them he might lead to high-priests. the 22 Σαυλος δε μαλλον ενεδυναμουτο, και συνεbut more was strenghtened, and perplexed χυνε τους Ιουδαιους του κατοικουντας εν Δαin those dwelling Jews μασκώ, συμβιβαζων, ότι ούτος εστιν ό Χριστος. proving, that this is the Anointed. 23 'Ως δε επληρουντο ήμεραι ίκαναι, συνεβου-When and were fulfilled days many, consulted λευσαντο οί Ιουδαιοι ανελειν αυτον· ²⁴εγνωσθη the Jews to kill him; was made known together δε τφ Σαυλφ ή επιβουλη αυτων παρετηρουν but to the Saul the plot of them; they were watching τε τας πυλας ήμερας τε και νυκτος, όπως αυτον and the gates day both and night, 25 Λαβοντες δε αυτον οί μαθηται ανελωσι. they might kill. Having taken hut him the disciples νυκτος, κατηκαν δια του τειχους, χαλασαντες by night, they let down through the wall, lowering 26 Παραγενομενος δε εις Ίερουσαεν σπυριδι. and into n a basket. Having come Jerusalem, ληά, επειρατο κολλασθαι τοις μαθηταις και to unite himself to the he tried disciples; παντες εφοβουντο αυτον, μη πιστευοντες ότι him, not believing that feared

APPEARED to thee on the the boad in which thou camest, in order that thou mayest receive sight, and be filled with holy Spirit.

18 And immediately something fell from * His EVES, like Scales, and he recovered sight; and rising up, he was immersed.

19 And having received Food he was strenghtened: and was with the DISCIPLES in Damascus several

20 And immediately in the SYNAGOGUES he proclaimed JESUS, That he is the SON of GOD.

21 But all who heard him were astonished, and said, ‡"Is not his he who in Jerusalem spread desolution anony them who call on this name, and had come her? for this purpose, that he might lead them bound to the b 'GH-PRIESTS?"

22 But Saul increased more in power, ‡ and * ! erplexed THOSE Jews DWALLING IN Damascus, demostrating That this is the MESSIAH.

23 And when † many Days were fulfilled, ‡ the Jews conspired to kill

24 but their PLOT was made known to Saul. And they * also watched the GATES both Day and Night, that they might murder him.

25 But the DISCIPLES took him by Night, and through the WALL lowered him down in a Basket.

26 ‡ And having come to Jerusalem he attempted to associate with the DISCIPLES; but they all feared him, not believing That he was a Disciple.

27 But Barnabas taking

εστι μαθητης.

a disciple.

heis

having taken

²⁷ Βαρναβας δε επιλαβομενος

but

Barnahas

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—18. His etes. 24. also watched the gates.

^{22.} perplexed those Jews Dwelling.

^{† 23.} The many days here alluded to, probably included the three years mentioned by Paul in Gal. 1. 13, during which he preached in Damascus and visited Arabia.

^{† 21.} Acts viii. 3: verse 1; Gal. i. 13, 23. † 22. Acts xviii. 28. † 23. Acts xxiii. 12; xxv. 3, 2 Cor. xi. 26. † 25. Josh, ii. 15; 1 Sam. xix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 33. † 20. Acts xxii. 17; Gal. i. 17, 16.

αυτον, ηγαγε προς τους αποστολους, και διηbrought to the apostles, and γησατο αυτοις, πως εν τη δδφ ειδε τον κυριον, to them, how in the way he saw the Lord, και ότι ελαλησεν αυτώ, και πως εν Δαμασκώ and that he spoke to him, and how in Damascus επαρρησιασατο εν τω ονοματι του Ιησου. 28 Και he spoke boldly in the name of the Jesus. ην μετ' αυτων εισπορευομένος και εκπορευομένος he was with them coming in and going out εν Ιερουσαλημ, *[και] παρβησιαζομενος εν τφ [and] * peaking boldly tov * [Infov.] 29 Jerusalem, the 29 Ελαλει τε ονοματι του κυριου [Jesus.] Hespoke name of the Lord και συνεζητει προς τους Έλληνιστας· οί δε Hellenists; they but contended with the 30 Επιγνοντες δε οί επεχειρουν αυτον ανελειν. took in hand bim to kill. Having known but the αδελφοι κατηγαγον αυτον εις Καισαρειαν, και brethren they brought down him Cesarea, to and 31 Αίμεν ουν εξωπεστειλαν αυτον εις Ταρσον. sentaway him into Tarsus. The indeed then εκκλησιαι καθ' όλης της Ιουδαιας και Γαλιλαιας Judea congregations in whole of the and και Σαμαρείας είχον ειρηνην, οικοδεμουμέναι and Samaria had peace, being built up και πορευομεναι τω φοβω του κυριου και τη and proceeding in the fear of the Lord and the παρακλησει του άγιου πνευματος, επληθυνοντο. consolation of the holy spirit, were multipled.

🕮 Εγενετο δε Πετρον, διερχομενον δια παν-It happened and Peter, through all, passing των, κατελθειν και προς τους άγιους τους to have gone down also to the saints those 33 Εύρε δε εκει ανθρωκατοικουντας Λυδδα». He found and there dwelling Lydda. a man πον τινα Αινεαν ονοματι, εξ ετων οκτω καταcertain Eneas by name, from years eight κειμενον επι κραββατφ, ός ην παραλελυμενος. who was Laid in bed, a paralytic. 34 Και ειπεν αυτω δ Πετρος. Αινέα, ιαται σε

And said to bim the Peter; Eneas, cures thee Ιησους δ Χριστος· αναστηθι, και στρωσον σε-Jesus the Anointed; arise thou, and make the bed for ³⁵ Και ειδον αυτον Και ευθεως ανεστη. And immediately be arose. And 83W thyself. παντες οί κατοικουντες Λυδδαν και τον Σαρωνα, dwelling Lydda and the all those Saron,

οίτινες επεστρεψαν επι τον κυριον. ³⁵ Εν Ιοπwho turned to the Lord. In Jopπη δε τις ην μαθητρια ονοματι Ταβιθα, ή διερpa andcertain was a female disciple by name Tabitha, which being

μηνευομενη λεγεται Δορκας αύτη ην πληρης translated is called Dorcas; she was full αγαθων εργων και ελεημοσυνων ών εποιει. of good works and of alms which she did.

of good works and of alms which s

him, conducted him to the APOSTLES, and related to them how he saw the LORD on the ROAD, and That he spoke to him, and how he tspoke publicly in Damascus in the RAME of JESUS.

28 ‡ And he was with them coming in and going out at Jerusalem, speaking publicly in the NAME of

the LORD.

29 And he spoke and disputed with the Hellenists; ‡ they however un dertook to kill him.

30 But the BRETHREN having been informed of it, conducted him to Cesarea, and sent him to Tar-

31 Then the *CHURCU had Peace in All JUDE! and Galilee, and Samaria and being built up, and walking in the FEAR of the Lord, and in the admonition of the HOLY Spirit, was increased.*

32 And Peter, passing through all places, happened to go down also to those SAINTS DWELLING at Lydda.

33 And he found a certain Man named Eneas, who, being palsied, had lain on a bed for eight Years.

34 And PETER said to him, "Eneas, ‡ Jesus the MESSIAH, restores thee; arise, and make the bed for thyself." And he instantly arose.

35 And ALL THOSE DWELLING in Lydda and Sharon saw him; ‡ and they turned to the Lord

36 And there was in Jota pa a Certain female Disciple named † Tabitha, (which being translated signifies Doreas;) she was full of good Works and Charities which she did.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. and-omit.

^{28.} Jesus-omit.

^{81.} the CHURCH.

^{31.} was increased.
† 33. Tabitha, is a Syria word, and Dorcas a Greek word, both signifying an antelope.
The name here is expressive of beauty; as "antelopes are particularly remarkable for their beautiful eyes." See Parkhurst.

⁸⁷ Εγενετο δε εν ταις ήμεραις εκειναις ασθενη-It happened and in the days those having τη Ιοππη, οί μαθηται ακουσαντες ότι Πετρος to the Joppa, the disciples having heard that εστιν εν αυτη, απεστειλεν δυο ανδρας προς two " sent men αυτον, παρακαλουντες μη οκνησαι διελθειν έως not to delay to come over to entreating αυτων. 39 Αναστας δε Πετρος συνηλθεν αυτοις· Having arisen and Peter came with $\delta \nu$ παραγενομένον ανηγαγον εις το ὑπερ ϕ ον, whom having come they led into the upper room, και παρεστησαν αυτφ πασαι αί χηραι κλαιουand stood beside him all the widows weeping, σαι, και επιδεικνυμεναι χιτωνας και ίματια, and showing tunics and mantles, όσα εποιει μετ αυτων ουσα ή Δορκας. 40 Εκβαλων δε εξω παντας δ Πετρος, $\theta \epsilon \iota s$ Having put and out all the Peter, having placed τα γονατα προσηυξατο· και επιστρεψας προς he prayed; and having turned to knees $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon$ Ta $\beta \iota \theta$ a, $\alpha \nu \alpha \sigma \tau \eta \theta \iota$. 'H $\delta \epsilon$ said; Tahitha, do thou arise. She and το σωμα, body, said; ηνοιξε τους οφθαλμους αύτης και ιδουσα τον opened the eyes of herself; and seeing the Tetρον, ανεκαθίσε.

Having given and to her a hand, ανεστησεν αυτην· φωνησας δε τους άγιους και he raised her; having called and the saints and τας χηρας, παρεστησεν αυτην ζωσαν. 42 Γνωσ-Known

he raised her; having called and the saints and τ as $\chi\eta\rho\alpha s$, $\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\sigma\tau\eta\sigma\epsilon\nu$ author ($\omega\sigma\alpha\nu$. 42 $\Gamma\nu\omega\sigma$ the widows, he presented her living. Known τ or $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\nu\epsilon\tau\sigma$ $\kappa\alpha\theta$ $\delta\lambda\eta s$ $\tau\eta s$ $I\sigma\pi\eta s$ $\kappa\alpha t$ and it became in whole of the Joppa; and $\pi\sigma\lambda\lambda\sigma t$ $\epsilon\pi t\sigma\tau\epsilon u\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\epsilon\pi t$ $\tau\sigma\nu$ $\kappa\nu\rho t\sigma\nu$. It happened $\delta\epsilon$ $\eta\mu\epsilon\rho\alpha s$ $i\kappa\alpha\nu\alpha s$ $\mu\epsilon t\nu\alpha t$ $\alpha u\tau\sigma\nu$ $\epsilon\nu$ $I\sigma\pi\eta$, $\pi\alpha\rho\alpha$ and days many to remain him in Joppa, with $\tau\nu$ $\Sigma t\mu\omega\nu t$ $B\nu\rho\sigma\epsilon t$. one Simon a tanner.

КЕФ. 1. 10.

1 Ανηρ δε τις εν Καισαρεια, ονοματι ΚορνηΑ man and certais in Cesarea, by name CorneΑίος, εκατονταρχης εκ σπειρης της καλουμενης
βίας, a centurion of a cohort that being called
Ιταλικης, ² ευσεθης και φοβουμενος τον θεον
Ιταίαη, pious and fearing the God
συν παντι τω οικω αύτου, ποιων * [τε] ελεημοwith all the house of himself, doing [and] alma
συνας πολλας τω λαω, και δεομενος του θεον
many to the people, and praying of the God
διαπαντος· ³ ειδεν εν δραματι φανερως, ώσει
always; he saw in a vision clearly, about

37 And it happened in those DAYS, that she was sick and died; and having washed they placed her in an upper room.

38 Now Lydda being near to Joppa, and the disciples having heard That Peter was there, sent Two Men to him entreating, *"Do not delay to come over to us."

89 And Peter arose and went with them; and having arrived they conducted him to the UPPER ROOM; and All the WIDOWS stood beside him weeping, and showing the Tunics and Mantles which Dorces made, while she was with them.

40 But Peter ‡ putting them all out, kneeled down and prayed; and turning to the Body, the said, "Tabitha, arise!" And she opened her eyes; and beholding Peter, she sat up.

41 And giving her his Hand, he raised her; and having called the SAINTS and WIDOWS, he presented her living.

42 And it became known through All * Joppa; and † many believed in the LORD.

43 And it occurred, he continued many DAYS in Joppa, with One ‡ Simon a Tanner.

CHAPTER X

1 And a certain Man in Cesarea, named Cornelius, a Centurion of THAT Cohort CALLED the Italian,

2 tapious man, and one fearing God with All his HOUSE, doing many Charities for the PEOPLE, and praying to God always,

ώσει 3 ‡ saw distinctly in a Vision, *about the ninth

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—37. her—omit.
2. Joppa. 2. and—omit. 3. as if about.
38. Do not delay to come over to us

ύραν εννατην της ήμερας, αγγελον του θεου hour ninth ofthe day, a messenger of the God εισελθοντα πρυς αυτον, και ειποντα αυτώ. having come him, to him; and saying 4 '0 Κορνηλιε. $\delta \epsilon$ ατενισας αυτφ και O Cornelius. He andhaving looked steadily to him and εμφοβος γενομενος, ειπε· Τι εστι, afraid becoming, be said, What is it, KUPLE; OsirP Ειπε δε αυτώ. Αι προσευχαι σου και αι ελεη-He said and to him; The prayers of thee and the alms μοσυναι σου ανεβηπαν εις μνημοσυνον ενωπιον of thee went up for a memorial 5 Και νυν πεμψον εις Ιοππην ανδρας, του θεου. And now send God. into Joppa men. και μεταπεμψαι Σιμωνα, δε επικαλειται Πετρος. end Simon, who is surnamed 6 ούτος ξενιζεται παρα τινι Σιμων. βυρσει, with one Simon lodges a tanuer, to whom 7 'Ως δε απηλθεν εστιν οικια παρα θαλασσαν. is a house by When and sea. weni away & αγγελος, δ λαλων αυτω, φωνησας δυο των the messenger, that speaking to him, having called two of the οικετων αύτου, και στρατιωτην ευσεβη των house pervante of himself, and 2 soldier prous of those προσκαρτερουντων αυτφ, 8 και εξηγησαμενος constantly attending and him, having related autois anauta, amegreiler autous eis thy all things, them to them he sont into θ Τη δε Ιοππην. $\epsilon\pi$ v_r tov, δδοιπορουντων On the and morr. w, pursuing the journey εκεινων, και τη πολει εγγιζοντων, ανεβη Πετand toth city drawing near, went up επι το δωμα προσευξασθαι, περι ώραν 003 to the roo to pray, $^{(1)}$ Eyevero be $\pi poor \pi e ivos$, kal $\eta \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon$ γευσασθαι παραπιενιζοντων δε εκεινων, επεmakin ad and of them, π εσεν επ' αυτον εκστασις, 11 κα. θεωρει τον ουραa trance, and he beholds the heaven νον ανεφημενον, και καταβαινον σκευος τι ώς having been opened, and coming down a vessel certainlike οθονην μεγαλην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις δεδεμενών, grest, four ends having been bound, και καθιεμενον επι της γης. 12 εν φ ύπηρχε and being lowered down to the earth; in which were

Hour of the DAY, an Ange of Gon coming in to him, and saying to him, "Cornelius!"

4 And steadily gazing at him, and becoming afraid, he said, "What is it, Sir!" And he said to him, "Thy PRAYERS and thine ALMS went up as a Memorial before God.

5 And now send Men to Joppa, and invite one Simon, who is surnamed Pe-

ter;

6 he lodges with #One Simon a Tanner, whose House is by the Sea.

7 And when THAT ANGEL which stoke to him was gone away, he called two of * the House servants, and a pious Soldier of THOSE who ATTENDED constantly on him;

8 and having related to them all things, he sent

them to JOPPA.

9 And on the NEXT DAY, † while then were pursuing their journey, and drawing near to the CITY, ‡ Peter went upon † the Roof to pray, about the sixth Hour.

10 And he became very hungry, and wished to eat; but while they were making ready, a Trance fell on him,

11 and he beheld THEA-VEN opened, and a certain Vessel like a great Sheet descending, * being let down by the Four Ends to the EARTH;

12 in which were * All the QUADRUPEDS and REPTILES of the EARTH, and BIRDS of HEAVEN.

13 And a Voice came to him, "Rise, Peter, kill and eat."

14 But PETER said "By no means, Lord,

* Vatican Manuachiff.—7, the house servants. 11, being let down by the Four Ends to the easth 12. All the quadruffes and reffiles of the frit.

maid;

O Peter,

By no

The but Peter

παντα τα τετραποδα της γης και τα θηρια και

τα ερπετα και τα πετεινα του ουρανου $^{-13}$ και

εγενετο φωνη προς αυτον Αναστας, Πετρε,

all the four-footed beasts of the earth and the wild beasts and

birds of the heaven;

him; Having arisen,

14 Ο δε Πετρος ειπε Μηδα-

the creeping things and the

θυτον και φαγε.

sacrifice and

a voice

ea:-

ta

^{+ 9} It was about forty miles from Joppa to Cesarea, therefore the messengers must have traveled a part of the night to reach Joppa towards noon of the next day. † 9. It has been remarked before, that the houses in Palestine had flat * f on which people walked, our resaid, medits ad and prayed.

μως, κυριε ότι ουδεποτε εφαγον παν κοινον η means, Olord; because never I ate any thing common or ακαθαρτον. 15 Και φωνη παλιν εκ δευτερου And a voice again a second time προς αυτον. 'Α δ θεος εκαθαρισε, συ μη κοινου. to him. Whatthe God has cleansed, thou not pollute.

16 Τουτο δε εγενετο επι τρις: και παλιν ανελη-This and was done for three times; and again 17' Os SE EV $\phi\theta\eta$ TO $\sigma\kappa\epsilon\nu$ OS $\epsilon\iota$ S TOV $\sigma\nu$ OUP $\sigma\nu$ OV. As and in έαυτω διηπορει δ Πετρος, τι αν ειη το δραμα himself was pondering the Peter, what might be the vision ειδε, και ιδου, οί ανδρες οί απεσταλμενοι which he saw, even lo, απο του Κορνηλιου, διερωτησαντες την οικιαν Cornelius, having inquired for the Σιμωνος, επεστησαν επι τον πυλωνα· 18 και stood at the gate; φωνησαντες επυνθανοντο, ει Σιμων δ επικαλουhaving called aloud they asked, if Simon he being called μενος Πετρος ενθαδε ξενιζεται.

Peter here lodgea.

19 Του δε Πετρου διενθυμουμενου περι του The and Peter reflecting concerning the ²⁰ αλλα αναστας σε. τρεις ζητουσι катаare seeking thee; but having arisen do thou βηθι, και πορευου συν αυτοις, μηδεν διαgo down, and go with them, nothing doubt. κρινομενος ότι εγω απεσταλκα αυτους. 21 Καταthem. Having gone iug have sent βας δε Πετρος προς τους ανδρας, ειπεν. Ιδου, said; Cown but Peter to the men, Lo, εγω ειμι, δν ζητειτε τις ή αιτια, δi, am, whom you seek; what the cause, on account of which παρεστε; ²² Οί δε ειπον· Κορνηλιος εκατονταρyou are present? They and said; Cornelius a centurion, χης, ανηρ δικαιος και φοβουμένος τον θέον, and just fearing the God. μαρτυρουμένος τε ύπο όλου του εθνους των Ιουheing testified of and by whole of the nation of the Jews, δαιων, εχρηματισθη ύπο αγγελου άγιου, μεταwas divinely instructed by a messenger holy, πεμψασθαι σε εις τον οικον αύτου, και ακουσαι

23 Εισκαλεσαμενος ρηματα παρα σου. ouvfrom words thee. Having called in then $T\eta$ δ€ αυτους $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \nu \iota \sigma \epsilon$. επαυριον αναστας On the and them he lodged. morrow having arisen εξηλθε συν αυτοις, και τινες των αδελφων, των brethren, those he went out with them, and some of the απο Ιοππης, συνηλθον αυτφ. 24 Και τη επαυhim. went with And on the

thee to the house of himself, and

t For never did 1 eat anv thing common and impure.

15 And a Voice came to him again a second time, t" What God has cleansed, do not thou regard as common.

16 And this was done three times; and * imme diately the VESSEL was taken up into HEAVEN.

17 And as PETER was pondering in himself, what the vision which he saw might mean, behold, even THOSE MEN who were SENT * by CORNELIUS, having inquired for the HOUSE of *Simon, stood at the GATE;

18 and calling aloud, they asked, "Is THAT Simon who was surnamed Peter lodging here?"

19 Now while PETER was reflecting concerning the vision, the spirit said, "Behold, * three Men are seeking thee;

20 tarise and go down, and go with them, without any hesitation, Because #

have sent them."

21 Then Peter having gone down to the MEN. said, "Behold, I am he whom you seek; what is *the Cause of your coming?"

22 And THEY said, t" Cornelius, a Centurion, a righteous Man, and one fearing God, ‡ and es-teemed by all the NATION of the JEWS, was divinely instructed by a holy Angel to send after thee to his HOUSE, and to hear WORDS from thee."

23 Having, therefore, invited them in, he entertained them. And on the NEXT DAY he arose and went with them, and some of those brethren from Joppa accompanied him.

24 And on the DAY FOL-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCE ST.—16. immediately the vessel.
Simon. 19. to nim—omit 19. two Men.

^{17.} by Cobnelius, 21. the Cause.,

^{14.} Lev. xi. 4; xx 25; Deut. xiv. 3.7; Ezek. iv. 14. 12. 120. Acts xv. 7./ Lea. verses 1. 2.

^{1 15.} verse 28. \$ 19. Acts 1 22. Acts xxii. 12.

ριον εισηλθον εις την Καισαρειαν. 'Ο δε Κορ-ί tow they entered into the Cessica. The and Corνηλιος ην προσδοκων αυτους, συγκαλεσαμενος WAS empecting them, having assembled συγγενεις αύτου και τους αναγκαιους relatives of himself and the intimate TOUS the 25 ' Ω s de eyeveto του ειπελθειν τον φιλους. friends. When end came the to enter Πετρον, συναντησας αυτώ δ Κορνηλιος, πεσων him the Cornelius, having fallen εκυνησεν. 26 Ο δε Πετρος having met επι τους ποδας, προσεκυνησεν. feet, he worshipped. The but αυτον ηγειρε, λεγων Αναστηθι κφγω αυτος him raised up, saying; Do thou arise; also I myaelf him raised up, saying; Do thou arise; also I myself ανθρωπος ειμι. ²⁶ Και συνομιλων αυτώ, εισηλθε, And talking with him, he went in, am. και ευρισκει συνεληλυθοτας πολλους. finds having been assembled He said many. τε προς autous. Τμεις επιστασθε, ώς αθεμιτον and to them; You know, how unlawful εστιν ανδρι Ιουδαιφ, κολλασθαι η προσερχεσθαι it is for a man a Jew, to anite or μηδενα αλλοφυλφ. και εμοι δ θεος εδειξε, and to me the God has shown, to a foreigner; not 29 △10 κοινον η ακαθαρτον λεγειν ανθρωπον. Therefore common or unclean to say n man. και αναντιρόητως ηλθον μεταπεμφθεις. Πυνθα-I ask also without hesitation I came having been sent after. νομαι ουν, τινι λογφ μετεπεμψασθε µ€; therefore, for what you sent after resson me? 30 Και δ Κορνηλιος εφη· Απο τεταρτης ήμερας
And the Cornelius said; From four days μεχρι ταυτης της ώρας, ημην νηστευων, και this the hour, 1 was fasting, and την εννατην ώραν προσευχομενος εν τφ οικφ ninth hour praying μου και ιδου, ανηρ, εστη ενωπιον μου εν εσθηolme; and 10, aman, stood before me in clothof me; and 'o, a man, stood before me is
τι λαμπρα, ³¹ και φησι' Κορνηλιε, εισηκουσθη
in shining, and he said; O Cornelius, heard · σου ή προσευχη, και αί ελεημοσυναι σου εμνησand the of thee the prayer, alms of thee 32 Πεμψον ουν εις βησαν ενωπιον του θεου. membered before the God. Send therefore into Ιοππην, και μετακαλεται Σιμωνα ός επικαλειται call for Simon who is surnamed and Πετρος· ούτος ξενιζεται εν οικια Σιμωνος βυρhe lodges in a house of Simon Peter; *[δς παραγενομενος σεως παρα θαλασταν· Who having come mer λαλησει σοι.] ³³ Εξαυτης ουν επεμψα προς Immediately therefore I sent ' to will speak to thee.] σε συ τε καλώς εποιησας παραγενομενος. thee; thou and well didat having come. Νυν ουν παντες ήμεις ενωπιον του θεου παρεσ-Now therefore all we before the God are preμεν, ακουσαι παντα τα προστεταγμενα σοι ύπο all the things having been commanded thee by to hear

LOWING they entered JESAREA. And CORNELIUS was expecting them, having assembled his relatived and intimate Friends.

25 And as Peter Jos' COMING IN, CORNELIUS met him, and falling flown at his FEET he worshipped him.

26 But PETER raised him up, saying, ‡ "Arise; # also am a Man."

27 And conversing with him, he went in, and found many gathered together.

28 And he said to them, † Dou know that it is unlawful for a Jew to associate with a Foreigner; † but God has showed Me not to call any man common or impure.

29 Therefore, being sent for, I also came without hesitation. I ask, therefore, for what reason you sent for me?"

30 And CORNELIUS said, "Four days ago *I was fasting till This Hour; and at the NINTH Hour I was praying in my HOUSE, and behold, ‡a Man stood before me in ‡splendid Clothing,

31 and said, 'Cornelius' thy PRAYER is heard, and thine ALMS are remembered before God.

32 Send therefore to Joppa, and invite Simon, whose surname is Peter; the lodges in the House of Simon, a Tanner, by the Sea; who, when he is come, will speak to thee.'

33 Immediately, therefore I sent to thee, and thou hast done well in having come. Now therefore we are all present before God to hear All THINGS which *the LORD has COMMANDED thee."

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—30. till This Hour, I was at the NINTH praying in my House.

82. who having come will speak to thee—omit.

33. the Lord.

^{† 26.} Acts xiv. 14, 15; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 9. † 28. Josh. iv. 9; xviil. 28; Acts xi. 8; Gal. ii. 12, 14. † 28. Acts xv. 8; Eph. iii. 6. † 30. Acts i. 10. † 50. Mata

dead ones.

To him

του θεου. 34 Ανοιξας δε Πετρος το στομα, ειπεν the God. Having opened and Peter the mouth, said; αληθειας καταλαμβανομαι, ότι ουκ εστι $\mathbf{E}\pi$ προσωποληπτης δ θεος. 35 αλλ' εν παντι εθνει a respector of persons the God; but in every mation ό φοβουμενος αυτον, και εργαζομενος δικαιοand working fearing 36 Τον λογον δν συνην, δεκτος αυτφ εστι. acceptable to him is. The word which απεστείλε τοις vios Ισραηλ, ευαγγελιζομενος hesent to the sons of Israel, proclaming glad tidings of ειρηνην δια Ιησου Χριστου· ούτος εστι παντων is peace through Jesus Anointed; this 37 'Υμεις οιδατε το γενομενον όημα You know that baving been aspokenword KUPLOS. a .ord. καθ όλης της Ιουδαιας αρξαμενον απο της Γαλιbeginning from the in whole of the Judea λαιας, μετα το βαπτισμα δ εκηρυξεν Ιωαννης. dipping which was preached after the 38 Ιησουν τον απο Ναζαρετ, ώς εχρισεν αυτον δ Jesus that from Nazareth, how anointed him the θεος πνευματι άγιω και δυναμει, ός διηλθεν ευερ-God with spirit holy and power, who went about doing γετων και ιωμενος παντας τους καταδυναστευand curing all those being oppressed υμενους ύπο του διαβολου, ότι ό θεος ην μετ' by the accuser, hecausethe God was with αυτου· 39 και ήμεις μαρτυρες παντων, ών εποιηand we witnesses of all, which he did σεν εν τε τη χωρα των Ιουδαιων και εν Ίερου-in both the country of the Jews and in Jerusaσαλημ' όν και ανείλον κρεμασαντες επι ξυλου. lem; whom also they killed having hanged on a cross. 40 Τουτον δ θεος ηγειρε τη τριτη ημερα, και the God raised up the third day, εδωκεν αυτον εμφανη γενεσθαι, ⁴¹ ου παντι τω manifest to become, not to all the λαω, αλλα μαρτυσι τοις προκεχειροτονημενοις people, but to witnesses to those having been chosen before $\dot{\upsilon}$ πο του θεου, $\dot{\eta}$ μιν, οἰτινες συνεφαγομεν και by the God, to us, who atewith and συνεπιομέν αυτφ μέτα το αναστηναι αυτον εκ after that to have raised drank with him out of 42 Και παρηγγειλεν ήμιν, κηρυξαι τω νεκρων. to publish so the And he commanded ns, λαφ και διαμαρτυρασθαι, ότι αυτος εστιν δ to fully testify, that he the people and ώρισμενος ύπο του θεου κριτης ζωντων και having been appointed by the God a judge of living ones and 43 Τουτω παντες οί προφηται μαρτυνεκρων. the prophets

34 And Peter opening his mouth, said, 2 "I perceive in Truth That God is not a Respecter of persons. 35 but in Every Nation.

he who FEARS him and works Righteousness is ac-

ceptable to him.

S6 * He sent the WORD to the sons of Israel, 1 announcing glad tidings of Peace, through Jesus Christ-he is Lord of all-

37 (* you know that WORD which was SPOKEN through All JUDEA, Ibeginning from Galilee, after the immersion which John preached;)

38 even THAT Jesus from Nazareth, how \$ Gon anointed him with holy Spirit and Power; who went about doing good. and curing ALL who were OPPRESSED by the ENEMY; Because God was with him.

39 And we are Witnesses of all things which he did. both in the country of the Jews, and in Jerusalem; whom also, having hanged on a Cross, they killed.

40 Him God raised up the THIRD Day, and permitted him to become manifest,

41 not to All the Pro-PLE, but to THOSE Witnesses PREVIOUSLY CHO-SEN by GOD, to us, I who did eat and drink with him after he ROSE from the Dead.

42 And the commanded us to proclaim to the Pro-PLE, and to fully testify * That this is HE ; who has been APPOINTED by GOD the Judge of the Living and the Dead.

43 To him All the PRO-

37. You

all

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—36. He sent the word to the sons of Israel.

W. 42. That this is HR.

^{† 34.} Deut. x. 17; 2 Chron. xix. 7; Job xxxiv. 19; Rom. ii. 11; Eph. vi. 9; Col. vi. 25; 1
Pet. i. 17. † 36. Matt. xxviii. 18; Rom. x. 12; 1 Cor. xv. 27; Eph. i. 20—22; 1 Pet. iil.
22; Rev. xvii. 14; xix. 16. † 37. Luke iv. 14. † 38. Luke iv. 18; Acts ii 22; iv.
27; Heb. i. 9. † 38. John iii. 3. † 41. Luke xxiv. 30, 43; John xxi. 13. † 42. Matt.
xxviii. 19, 20; Acts i 8. † 42. John v. 22, 27; Acts xvii. 31; Rom xiv. 9: 2 Cor v. 10.
†Tim. iv. 11; 1 Pet iv. 5.

to remain

days

φουσιν, αφεσιν άμαρτιων λαβειν δια του ονοforgiveness Ofeins to receive through the name ματος αυτου παντα τον πιστευοντα εις αυτον. of him every one the believing into 44 Ετι λαλουντυς του Πετρου τα βηματα ταυτα, While speaking the Peter the words επεπεσε το πνευμα το άγιον επι παντάς τους fell the spirit the holy on all those 45 Και εξεστησαν οί εκ ακουοντας τον λογον. the word. And were astonished those of περιτομης πιστοι όσοι συνηλθον τω Πετρω, eircumcision believers many as came with the ότι και επι τα εθνη ή δωρεα του άγιου πνευμαbecause also on the gentiles the gift of the boly τος εκκεχυται: 46 ηκουον γαρ αυτων λαλουντων has been poured out; they heard for them apeaking γλωσσαις, και μεγαλυνοντων τον θεον. Tore with congues, and magnifying the God. απεκριθη δ Πετρος. 47 μητι το ύδωρ κωλυσα. answered the Peter; not the water to forbid δυναται τις, του μη βαπτισθηναι τουτους, anythat not to be dipped these. οίτινες το πνευμα το άγιον ελαβον καθως και who the spirit the holy received 8.6 ήμεις : 48 Προσεταξε τε αυτους βαπτισθηναι εν to be dipped He directed and them Τοτε ηρωτησαν αυτον τω ονοματι του κυριου. the name of the Lord. Then they asked him επιμειναι ήμερας τινας.

ΚΕΦ, ια'. 11.

some.

1 Ηκουσαν δε οι αποστολοι και οι αδελφοι οι and the brethren those Heard 'and the apostles οντες κατα την Ιουδαιαν, ότι και τα εθνη εδεξbeing in the Judea, that also the gentiles αντο τον λογον του θεου. 2 Και ότε ανεβη ceived the word of the God. And when went up Πετιος εις Ίεροσολυμα, διεκρινοντο προς αυτον Peter into Jerusalem. disputed with οί εκ περιτομης, 3 λεγοντες. Ότι προς ανδρας those of eircumcision. That saying; to men ακροβυστιαν εχοντας εισηλθες, και συνεφαγης having thou wentest in, and thou didst eat 4 Αρξαμενος δε δ Πετρος εξετιθετο Having begun and the Peter with them. set forth αυτοις καθεξης, λεγων. 5 εγω ημην εν πολει in order, saying: Was in Ιοππη προσευχομένος και είδον εν εκστασει and I saw praying; in of Joppa δραμα, καταβαινον σ" ευος τι ώς οθονην μεγαa vision, coming down a vessel certainline a sheet great λην, τεσσαρσιν αρχαις καθιεμένην έκ του ουραeude being owered out of the hea-

PHETS bear testimony; and EVERY ONE BELLIEVING into him shall receive Forgiveness of Sins, through his NAME.

44 While Peter was yet speaking these words, the holy spirit fell on all those having heard

the word.

45 And THOSE BELIEV-ERS of the Circumcision, *who came with Peter, were astonished, ! Because the GIFT of the HOLY Spirit was even poured out upon the GENTILES;

46 for they heard them speaking with Tongues, and magnifying God. Then answered PFTER,

47 "Can any one forbid WATER, that these should not be IMMERSED, who received the HOLY SPIRIT, even as for did?"

46 ‡ And he ordered them to be immersed in the name of *the LORD. Then they desired him to remain some Days.

CHAPTER XL

And the APOSTLES and THOSE BRETHEEN who WERE IN JUDEA heard That the Gentiles also had received the WOED of GOD.

2 And when Peter went up to Jerusalem, Those of the Circumcision contended with him,

3 saying, ? * That he went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

4 But * Peter, having begun, set it forth in order to them, saying,

5 "E was in the City of Joppa praying, and in a Trance I saw a Vision, certain Vessel like a great Sheet descending, being let down by the Four Ends out of HEAVEN, and it came to me.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-45, who came with, went in to Men uncircumcised, and did eat with them.

^{48.} Jesus Christ. 4. Peter.

^{3.} That he

^{1 44.} Acts 11. 2; x1. 15. 1 45. Acts xi. 18; Gal. iii. 14. 13. Acts x. 28. 1 5. Acts x. 9. &c.

^{: 48.} Acts ii. 88; viii. 1%

χρματισαι τε πρωτον εν Αντιοχεια τους μαθηto have been styled and first in Antioch disciτας Χριστιανους. Christians. ples

27 Εν ταυταις δε ταις ήμεραις κατηλθον απο these and the days came down Ιεροσολυμων προφηται εις Αντιοχειαν. 28 Ανασprophets into Antioch. τας δε είς εξ αυτων, ονοματι Αγαβος, εσημανε arisen and one of them, by name Agabus, signified δια του πνευματος, λιμον μεγαν μελλειν εσεσa famine great through the spirit, about is going θαι εφ' όλην την οικουμενην όστις και εγενετο to be over whole the habitable? which also occurred $\epsilon\pi\iota$ K λ au $\delta\iota$ ov. 29 T $\omega\nu$ $\delta\epsilon$ μ a $\theta\eta\tau\omega\nu$ κ a $\theta\omega$ s $\eta\upsilon\pi$ owhich also occurred The and disciples A.S. under Claudius. ρειτο τις, ωρισαν έκαστος αυτων εις διακονιαν able each, determined each one of them for a relief πεμψαι τοις κατοικουσιν εν τη Ιουδαια αδελφοις· dwelling in the Judea to seud to the brethren: 30 δ και εποιηταν, αποστειλαντες προς τους sending to which also they did, πρεσβυτερους δια χειρος Βαρναβα και Σαυλου.

eldere through hand of Barnabas and Saul.

КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

Ι Και εκεινον δε τον καιρον επεβαλεν Ήρωδης In that and the season put forth δ βασιλευς τας χειρας, κακωσαι τινας των απο to afflict some of the from the king the hands, to afflict some of the from $\tau\eta$ is $\epsilon\kappa\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma$ i.e., τ and τ is $\epsilon\kappa\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma$ i.e., τ and τ i.e., τ i. he killed and James, the of the congregation, 3 Και ιδων, ότι αρεστον φον Ιωαννου, μαχαιρά. of John, with a sword. And having seen, that pleasing $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \ \tau \sigma \iota s$ Ioudaiois, $\pi \rho \sigma \sigma \epsilon \theta \epsilon \tau \sigma \ \sigma \upsilon \lambda \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \iota \upsilon \kappa \alpha \iota$ it is to the Jews, he proceeded to take also Πετρον (ησαν δε αί ήμεραι των αζυμων) Peter; (they were and the days of the unleavened cakes;) who m και πιασας $\epsilon\theta$ $\epsilon\tau$ 0 ϵ 15 φυλακην, παραδους τ $\epsilon\sigma$ also having seized he placed into a prison, baving delivered to σαρσι τετραδιοις στρατιωτων φυλλασειν αυτον, four sets of four soldiers to watch him, βουλομένος μέτα το πασχα αναγαγείν αυτον intending after the passover to lead out him 5 Ο μεν ουν Πετρος ετηρειτο εν τη τω λαω. The indeed therefore Peter was watched by the φυλακη $^{\circ}$ προσευχη δε ην εκτενης γινομενη ὑπο guard; prayer but was earnest was made by της εκκλητιας *[προς τον θεον] ύπερ αυτου. God] in behalf of him. [to the the congregation ⁶ Ότε δε εμελλεν αυτον προαγειν ό Ηρωδης, When but was about him to bring before the Herod,

great Crowd. And the DIS-CIPLES were styled † Christians first in Antioch.

27 And in Those DAYS † Prophets came down from Jerusalem to Anti-

och;

28 And one of them, named # Agabus, standing up signified by the SPIRIT that a great Famine was about to come on the Whole habitable; which also happened under Clau. dius.

29 And the DISCIPLES, according to the ability of each, determined to send ‡ Relief to the BRETHREN DWELLING in JUDEA;

30 ‡ which also they did, sending to the ELDERS by the Hand of Barnabas and Saul.

CHAPTER XII.

1 Now at That TIME Herod the KING put forth his hands to injure some of the CHURCH.

2 And he killed #James the BROTHER of John with

the Sword.

- 3 And seeing that it pleased the Jkws, he proceeded to arrest Peter also; (and it was during the DAYS OF UNLEAVENED BREAD;)
- 4 and having seized he put him in Prison, delivering him to Four Quarternions of Soldiers to guard him, intending after the PASSOVER to lead him out to the PEOPLE.
- 5 Therefore, indeed, Pr-TER was watched by the ‡ but earnest GUARD; Prayer was made * in his behalf by the CHURCH.
- 6 But when HEROD was about to bring him forward,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. to God-omit.

^{5.} concerning him.

^{† 26.} This name is only found in two other places in the New Testament, viz. Acts xxvi. 25, and 1 Pet. iv. 16. Some understand it to have been given by Divine authority and so translate it: some think that it was a term of reproach applied to the followers of Christ, by their enemies; while others with much more probability suppose it was adopted by themselves, both for convenience, and to keep out a term of reproach. † 1. Herod Agrippa, grandson of Herod the Great.

^{† 27.} Acts ii. 17; xiii. 1; xv. 32; xxi. 9; 1 Cor. xii. 28; Eph. iv. 11. 29. Rom. xv. 26; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. ix. 1. ; 30. Acts xvi. 25. xx. 23. ‡ 5. 2 Cor. i. 10; Eph. vv. 18; 1 Thess. v. 17.

^{23.} Acts xxi. 10.

τη νυκτι εκεινη ην δ Πετρος κοιμωμενος μεταξυ in the night that was the Peter sleeping between δυο στρατιωτων, δεδεμενος αλυσεσι δυσι, having teen bound with chains two, φυλακες τε προ της θυρας ετηρουν την φυλαguards and before the door watching the prison. guards and before the door πειστης και ην. 7 Και ιδου, αγγελος κυριου επεστη, και αναική stood by, and and φως ελαμψεν εν τφ οικηματι παταξας δε την in the building; having struck and the πλευραν του Πετρου, ηγειρεν αυτον, λεγων of the Peter, aroused him, saying, Αναστα εν ταχει. Και εξεπεσον αυτου αί αλυ-Arise in haste. And fell off of him the chaine 8 Ειπε τε δ αγγελος προς σεις εκ των χειρων. Said and the messenger from the hands. αυτον Περιζωσαι, και ύποδησαι τα σανδαλια Gird thyself, bind under and the eandals Εποιησε δε Kaı ούτω. λεγει αυτώ He did and 80, And he says to him; Περιβαλου το ίματιον σου, και ακολουθει μοι. Throw around the mantle of thee, and follow me. 9 Και εξελθων ηκολουθει * [αυτω·] και ουκ ηδει, And having gone out he followed [him;] and not knew, knew, ότι αληθες εστι το γινομενον δια του αγγελου, that real it is that being done through the messenger, εδοκει δε δραμα βλεπειν. 10 Διελθοντες δε thought but a vision to see. Passing through and Passing through and πρωτην φυλακην και δευτεραν, ηλθον επι την first guard and second, they came to the πυλην την σιδηραν την φερουσαν εις την πολιν, gate the into the that leading iron ήτις αυτοματή ηνοιχθή αυτοίς και εξελθοντές opened to them; and having gone out which self-moved προηλθον δυμην μιαν, και ευθεως $a\pi \in \sigma \tau n$ δ ουε, and immediately συν 11 Και δ Πετρος γενομενος having come went forward street and immediately stood the $a\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda os\ a\pi'\ av\tau ov.$ And the Peter having come messenger from him. εν έαυτω, ειπε. Νυν οιδα αληθως, δτι εξαπεσin to himself, said; Now I know really, that sent forth τειλε κυριος τον αγγελον αύτου, και εξειλατο Lord the messenger of himself, and delivered με εκ χειρος Ήρωδου, και πασης της προσ-me out of hand of Herod. expec- 12 Συνιδων $\tau \epsilon$ δοκιας του λαου των Ιουδαιων. of the people of the Jews. Considering and ηλθεν επι την οικιαν Μαριας της μητρος Ιωανhe came to the house of Mary the mother of John νου, του επικαλουμενου Μαρκου, ού ησαν ίκαbeing surnamed Mark, where were 13 Kpvνοι συνηθροισμενοι και προσευχομενοι.

on that NIGHT PETER was sleeping † between Two Soldiers, bound with two Chains; and the Guards before the Door were watching the PRISON.

7 And behold, ‡ an Angel of the Lord stood by him, and a Light shone in the Building; and striking PETER on the SIDE, he awoke him, saying, "Arise quickly." And Hischains fell from his HANDS.

8 And the ANGEL said to him, "Gird thyself, and tie on thy sandals." And he did so. And he says to him, "Throw thy MANTLE around thee, and follow me."

9 And going out he followed him; and knew not That WHAT was DONE by the ANGEL was real, but thought the saw a Vision.

10 And having passed through the First and second Guard, they came to THAT IRON GATE that LEADS into the CITY, t which opened to them of itself; and going out they went forward one Street: and immediately the AN-GEL withdrew from him.

11 And Peter becoming self-possessed, said, " Now I know truly, ‡ That the Lord sent his ANGEL and t delivered me from the Hand of Herod, and All the EXPECTATION of the JEWISH PEOPLE."

12 And reflecting, ‡he came to the HOUSE of Mary, the MOTHER of THAT John, surnamed MARK; where many were assembled, and were pray-

13 And as he was knocking at the DOOR of the

and

σαντος οε αυτου την θυραν του πυλωνας, προσ-

door

assembled

knocked and him

of the gateway,

were praying.

Having

came

the VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. him-omit.

^{† 6.} Peter was bound to each of the soldiers, so that the least movement on his part to free himself from the chains, would awaken his guard. Two keepers were also stationed at the doors to prevent any ingress of his friends, or any egress on his part.

^{† 7.} Acts v. 19. † 9. Acts x. 3, 17; xi. 5. † 10. Acts xvi. 26 † 11. Psa. xxiv. 7; Dan. iii. 28; vi. 22; Heb. i. 14. † 11. Job v. 10; Psa. xxxii. 18, 19; xxxiiv. 22; li. 2; xevii. 10; 2 Cor. i. 10; 2 Pet. ii. 9. † 12. Acts iv. 23. † 12. Acts xv. 37.

ηλθε παιδισκη ύπακουσαι, ονοματι 'Ροδη· 14 και by name Rhoda; and a female servant to listen, επιγνουσα την φωνην του Πετρου, απο της from the the voice of the Peter, knowing χαρας ουκ ηνοιξε τον πυλωνα εισδραμουσα δε having run in joy not she opened the gate; απηγγειλεν, έσταναι τον Πετρον προ του πυλωgate. to have stood the Peter before the 'Η δε 15 Οί δε προς αυτην ειπον. Μαινη. said; Thou art mad. She but The but to her 16 Οί δε ελεγον. 'Ο διισχυριζετο ούτως εχειν. They and said; confidently affirmed thus 'Ο δε Πετρος επεμενε αγγελος αυτου εστιν. messenger of him it is. The but Peter continued κρουων ανοιξαντες δε ειδον αυτον, και εξεστηknocking; having opened and they saw him, and were amazed. 17 Κατασεισας δε αυτοις τη χε:ρ. σιγαν,
Having waved but to them the hand to be silent, διηγησατο αυτοις, πως δ κυριος αυτον εξηγαγεν he related to them, how the Lord him εκ της φυλακης. Ειπε δε Απαγγειλατε Ιακω-Report you to James Said and; out of the βφ και τοις αδελφοις ταυτα. Και εξελθων and to the brethren these things. going out And

επορευθη εις έτερον τοπον. into another place. he went 18 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ην ταραχος ουκ όλιday, Having become and was. astir not γος εν τοις στρατιωταις, τι αρα ὁ Πετρος εγεwhat then the Peter soldiers, among the 19 'Ηρωδης δε επιζητησας αυτον, και μη
Herod and having sought him, and not and having sought him, Herod ανακρινας τους φυλακας, εκελευσεν εύρων, having found. having examined the guards, commanded απαχθηναι και κατελθων απο της Ιουδαίας εις to be led off; and going down from the Judea into την Καισαρειαν διετριβεν. 20 Ην δε θυμομαχων he remained. He was and being euraged και Σιδωνιοις· όμοθυμαδον δε παρησαν and Sidonians; with one mind but was present with Tyrians and Sidonians; προς αυτον, και πεισαντες Βλαστον, τον επι and having persuaded Blastus, that over του κοιτωνος του βαπιλεως, ητουντο ειρηνην. the bed-chamber of the king, δια το τρεφεσθαι αυτων την χωραν απο της because that to be nourished of them the country from of the 21 Τακτη δε ήμερα δ 'Ηρωδης ενδυ-On a set and day the Herod baving Βασιλικης. king. σαμενος εσθητα βασιλικην, και καθισας επιτου and having satdown on the royal, apparel 22 'O de βηματος, εδημηγορει προς αυτους. The them. to made a speech

GATE, a female servant named Rhoda, came to listen.

14 And having recognised PETER'S VOICE, she opened not the GATE from Joy, but running in, told them that Peter was standing at the GATE.

15 And THEY said to her, "Thou art mad." But SHE strongly asserted that it was so. And THEY said, " It is his angel."

16 But Peter continued knocking; and having opened they saw him, and were astonished.

17 ‡ And waving his hand for them to be silent, he related to them how the LORD conducted Him out of the PRISON. And he said, "Tell these things to James and to the BRE-THREN." And going out, he went into Another

Place. 18 Now when it was Day, there was no small Commotion among the SOLDIERS, as to what had become of Peter.

19 And Herod having sought for him, and not finding him, examined the GUARDS, and commanded them to be led away to execution. And going down from JUDEA to CE-SAREA, he abode there.

20 And he was highly displeased with the Tyrians and Sidonians; but they came with one accord to him, and having persuaded THAT Blastus who was over the KING'S CHAMBER, they desired Peace; because their country was NOURISHED from that of the KING'S.

21 And on † an appointed Day, * Herod, having put on his regal Robes. and sitting upon the THRONE, made an oration but to them.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. Herod.

^{† 21.} This appointed day appears to have been the second day of the Games then celebrating in honor of Cesar. This history is remarkably confirmed by Josephus. See Ant. xix. 7, 2.

I 17. Acts xi ii 16, xix. 13. xxi 40.

^{1 20. 1} Kings v. 9, 11.

δημος επεφωνει: Θεου φωνη, και ουκ ανθρωπου.
people shouted; Of a god a voice, and not of a man.
²³ Παραχρημα δε επαταξεν αυτον αγγελος

επαταξεν αγγελος δε αυτον Immediately and atruck him a messenger κυριου, ανθ' ών ουκ εδωκε δοξαν τφ θεφ' και of Lord, hecause not he gave glory to the God; and 24 'Ο δε γενομενος σκωληκοβρωτος, εξεψυξεν. The and eaten of worms, he breathed out. 25 Bαρλογος του θεου ηυξανε και επληθυνετο. word of the God grew and was multiplied. Barναβας δε και Σαυλος ύπεστρεψαν εξ Ίερουσαnabas and and Saul returned from λημ, πληρωσαντες την διακονιαν, συμπαραλαhaving brought lem, having fulfilled the aervice, βοντες και Ιωαννην τον επικληθεντα Μαρκον. John that having been surnamed Mark. also

КЕФ. 17. 13.

Hσαν δε * [τινες] εν Αντιοχεια κατα την Were and [some] in Antoch in the ουσαν εκκλησιαν προφηται και διδασκαλοι, ό, the, being congregation prophets and τε Βαρναβας και Συμεων δ καλουμενος Νιγερ, both Barnabas and Simeon that being called Black, και Λουκιος ὁ Κυρηναιος, Μαναην τε, Ἡρωδου and Lucius the Cyrenian, Manaen also, of Herod του τετραρχου συντροφος, και Σαυλος. $^2\Lambda\epsilon$ 1a foster brother, and Saul. τουργουντων δε αυτων τφ κυριφ και νηστευονand and of them the Lord των, ειπε το πνευμα το άγιον Αφορισατε eald the spirit the haly; Separate you indeed μοι τον Βαρναβαν και *[τον] Σαυλον εις το for me the Barnabas and [the] Saul for the 3 Τοτε νηστευεργον, δ προσκεκλημαι αυτους. work, which I have called them. Then having σαντες και προσευξαμενοι, και επιθεντες τας and having faid and having prayed, 4 Ούτοι μεν ουν χειρας αυτοις, απελυσαν. to them, they sent forth. These indeed then εκπεμφθεντες ύπο του πνευματος του άγιου, having been sent forth by the apirit the holy, κατηλθον εις την Σελευκειαν, εκειθεν τε απεwent down into the thence and sailed Seleucia, 5 Και γενομενοι εν πλευσαν εις την Κυπρον. And having arrived in into the Cyprus. Σαλαμινι, κατηγγελον του λογον του θεου εν they announced the word of the God in ταις συναγωγαις των Ιουδαιων ειχον δε και synagogues of the Jewa; they had and also 6 Διελθοντες δε όλην την Ιωαννην ύπηρετην. John an attendant. Having gone through and whole the νησον αχρι Παφου, εύρον τινα μαγον, ψευδο-island to Paphos, they found a certain magian, a false προφητην Ιουδαιον, 'ω ονομα Βαριησους, 7 δς to whom a name Barjesus, a Jew,

22 And the PEOPLE shouted, "It is the Voice of a God, and not of a Man."

23 And instantly an Angel of the Lord smote him, because he gave not Glory to GoD; and being eaten with worms, he expired.

24 But the word of Good grew and multiplied. 25 And Barnabas and Saul returned from Jerusalem, having fulfilled the SERVICE, ‡ taking with them also THAT John who was SURNAMED MARK.

CHAPTER XIII.

1 And there were Prophets and Teachers in the CONGREGATION at Antioch;—BARNABAS, and THAT Simeon CALLED Niger, and Lucius, the CYRENIAN, and Manaen, a foster-brother of Herod the TETRARCH, and Saul.

2 And while they were serving the LORD and rasting, the HOLY SPIRIT said, "Separate to me BARNABAS and SAUL for the WORK to which I called them."

3 Then thaving fasted and prayed, and laid their Hands on them, they sent them forth.

4 Then, therefore, having been sent out by the *HOLY SPIRIT, went down to * Seleucia; and from thence they sailed to * Cyprus.

5 And having arrived at Salamis, they announced the WORD of GOD in the SYNAGOGUES of the JEWS; and they also had John for an Attendant.

6 And having gone through the Whole Isthe LAND to Paphos, they found ‡* a Certain Mafalse gian, a False-prophet, a
δ δ δ δ ψ, whose Name was
Bar-Jesus,

<sup>Vatican Manuscript.—24. the Lobd grew.
4. Holy Spirit.
4. Seleucia.
4. Cyprus.
Faise-Prophet.</sup>

some—omit.
 a Certain Man, a Magian, a

ην συν τω ανθυπατφ Σεργιω Παυλφ, ανδρι was with the proconsel Sergius Paulus, a man συνετω. Ούτος προσκαλεσαμενος Βαρναβαν και This having summoned intelligent. Barnabas Σαυλον, επεζητησεν ακουσαι τον λογον του the word ofth Saul, desired to hear 8 Ανθιστατο δε αυτοις Ελυμας δ μαγος, Stood against but them Elymas the magian, $\theta \in ov$. | God. (ούτω γαρ μεθερμηνευεται το ονομα αυτου,) is translated the name of him,) (ητων διαστρεψαι τον ανθυπατον απο της πισ-10 ειπεν Ω πληρης παντος δουλου και πασης full of all deceit and δαδιουργιας, υιε διαβολου, εχθρε πασης δικαιοσυready working, O son of an accuser, enemy of all righteonsνης, ου παυτη διαστρεφων τας οδους κυριου τας ness, not wiltthou cease perverting the ways of Lord the ευθε: as; 11 Και νυν ιδου, χειρ κυριου επι σε, straight? And now lo, a hand of Lord on thee, και εση τυφλος, μη βλεπων τον ήλιον αχρι and thou shalt be blind, not the seeing sun καιρου. Παραχρημα δε επεπεσεν επ' a season. Immediately and fell on αυτον αχλυς και σκοτος και περιαγων εζητει χειραa mist and darkness; and going about he sought γωγους. 12 Τοτε ιδων ὁ ανθυπατος το γεγονος, Then seeing the proconsul that having been done,

επιστευσεν, εκπλησσομενος επι τη διδαχη του believed, heing astonished at the teaching of the

kupiou.

13 Αναχθεντες δε απο της Παφου οξ περι τον Having set sail and from the Paphos those about the Παυλον, ηλθον εις Περγην της Παμφυλιας. came into of the Pamphylia. Paul, came into Perga of the Pamphylia. Ιωαννης δε, αποχωρησας απ' αυτων, ύπεστρε-John but, having gone away from them, ψεν εις Ἱεροσολυμα. 14 Αυτοι δε returned διελθοντες They and having passed through Jerusalem. απο της Περγης παρεγενοντο εις Αντιοχειαν went to Antioch from the Perga της Πισιδιας, και εισελθοντες εις την συναγωof the Pisidia, and having entered into the synagogue γην τη ήμερα των σαββατων, εκαθισαν. 15 Μετα in the day of the sabbaths, they sat down. δε την αναγνωσιν του νομου και των προφητων, of the law and the and the reading prophets, αυτους, απεστειλαν οἱ αρχισυναγωγοι προς synagogue-rulers them, to the λεγοντες. Ανδρες αδελφοι, ει εστι λογος εν

saying; Men brethren, if is a word in υμιν παρακλησεως προς τον λαον, λεγετεyou of consolation to the people, sayyou.

7 who was with the PROCONSUL, Sergius Paulus, an intelligent Man. This man having called for Barnabas and Saul desired to hear the word of God.

8 But Elymas, the Ma-GIAN, (for so his NAME is translated,) opposed them, seeking to turn away the PROCONSUL from the FAITH.

9 Then THAT Saul, also called Paul, being filled with holy Spirit, looking intently on him, said,

10 "O full of All Deceit, and of All Imposture! Son of an Accuser! Enemy of all Righteousness! wild thou not cease to pervert the STRAIGHT WAYS of the Lord?

11 And now, behold, the Hand of the Lord is upon thee; and thon shalt be blind, not seeing the SUN for a Season." And immediately a Mist and darkness fell *on him, and going about he sought Guides.

12 Then the proconsul seeing that having been done, believed, being astonished at the teaching of the Lord.

13 And sailing from Pa-Phos, Thosk with * Paul came to Perga in Pamphylia; ‡ but John having withdrawn from them, returned to Jerusalem.

14 And these, having passed through from Perga, came to Antioch in Pisidia, and ‡ went into the Sinagogue on the day of the sabbaths, and sat down.

15 And \$ after the READING of the LAW and the PROPHETS, the SYNAGOGUE-RULERS sent to them, saying, "Brethren, if *any one among you have a Word of Exhortation for the PEOPLE, speak."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—9. and—omit.
15. any one among you have a Word of.

^{11.} on him-omit.

16 Αναστας δε Παυλος, και κατασεισας τη χειρι, Having stood up and l'aul, and having waved the hand, ειπεν Ανδρες Ισραηλιται, και οί φοβουμενοι the live of the people this Men τον θεον, ακουσατε. the God, hear you. του εξελεξατο τους πατερας ήμων και τον the fathers of you; and Λαον ύψωσεν εν τη παροικία εν γη Αιγυπτω, people exalted in the cojourning in land of Egypt, people exalted in the και μετα βραχιονος ύψηλου εξηγαγεν αυτους εξ and with au arm lifted up he brought them out of αυτης· 18 και ώς τεσσαρακονταετη χρονον ετροforty years and about φοφορησεν αυτους εν τη ερημώ 19 *[και] καθεmourished them in the desert; [and] having λων εθνη έπτα εν γη Χανααν, κατεκληρονοrast out nations seven in land of Canana, he distributed he distributed 20 Και μετα μησεν αυτοις την γην αυτων, the laud ofthem. by lot to them And after ώς ετεσι τετρακοσιοις και πεντηκοντα these things about years four hundred and εδωκε κριτας, έως Σαμουηλ του προφητου. till judges Samuel the be gave prophet. 21 Κακειθεν ητησαντο βασιλεα, εδωκεν каг a king, And then they asked for and gave αυτοις ο θεος τον Σαουλ υίον Κις, ανδρα €κ to them the God son of Kis, the Saul a man 22 Ka1 ουλης Βενιαμιν, τεσσαρακοντα. $\epsilon \tau \eta$ of Benjamin, years forty. And 4εταστησας αυτον, ηγειρεν αυτοις τον Δαυιδ Aaving removed him, heraised up to them the David Aaving removed εις βασιλεα, ω και ειπε μαρτυρησας·
tor aking, to whom also be said having testified; Εύρον I found Δαυ:δ, τον του Ιεσσαι, *[ανδρα] κατα την that of the Jesse, David, [a man] according to the καρδιαν μου, ός ποιησει παντα τα θεληματα ofme, who will do 23 Τουτου δ θεος απο του σπερματος κατ' MOU. of me. This the God from the seed according to επαγγελιαν ηγαγε τω Ισραηλ σωτηρα Ιησουν, promise brought forth to the Israel

²⁴ προκηρυξαντος Ιωαννου προ προσωπου της

having announced before of Joha before

16 Then Paul standing up, and waving his HAND, said, "Israelites! and you who fear Gon, listen!

17 The God of * the PEOPLE of ISRAEL ; chose our FATHERS, and elevated the PEOPLE I during their EXILE in the Land of Egypt, ‡ and brought them out of it with an uplifted Arm.

18 And f for a period of Forty Years he nourished them in the DESERT;

19 and thaving east out seven Nations in the Land of Canaan, the *distributed their LAND to them by Lot.

And after these things, the gave Judges about four hundred and fifty Years, ‡ till Samuel

the PROPHET.

21 # And then they asked for a King; and GoD gave them SAUL, the Son of Kish, a Man of the Tribe of Benjamin, for forty Years.

22 And thaving removed him, the raised up to them DAVID for a King; to whom also giving testimony, he said, ‡'I have found David, the son of 'JESSE, ‡a Man according 'to my HEART, who will 'perform All my WILL.'

23 # From This man's POSTERITY, Jaccording to Promise, God brought forth to Isbael ‡a Savior, Je-

24 1 John having previously proclaimed, before his APPEARANCE, an Ini-

a Savior

face

Jesus.

of the

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—17. the reople of Israel. 19. And—omit. 19. gave their land for an inheritance, about four hundred and fifty Years. And after that he gave them Judges till Samuel the Prophet. 22. a man—omit.

^{† 20.} A difficulty occurs here which has very much puzzled Biblical chronologists. The date given here is at variance with the statement found in 1 Kings vi. 1. There have been many solutions offered, but only one which seems entirely satisfactory, i. e., that the text in 1 Kings vi. 1, has been corrupted, by substituting the Hebrew character daleth (1) for hay (5), which is very similar in form. This would make 580 years (instead of 480) from the exected to the building of the temple, and exactly agree with Paul's chronology.

^{† 17.} Deut. vii. 6, 7. † 17. Psa. ev. 23, 24; Acts vii. 17. † 17. Exod. xiii. 14, 16
† 18. Num. xiv. 33, 34; Psa. xev. 9, 16; Acts vii. 36. † 19. Deut. vii. 1. † 19. Jest, xiv. 1, 2; Psa. lxxviii. 55. † 20. Judges ii. 16. † 20. 1 Sam. iii. 20. † 21. 1 Sam. xiv. 23, 25, 28; xvi. 1; Hosea xii. 11. † 22. 1 Sam. xvi. 13; 2 Sam. iii. 4; v. 3. † 22. Psa. lxxxix 20. † 22. 1 Sam. xiii. 14; Acts vii. 46. † 23. Isa. xi. 1; Luke ii. 32, 40; Acts ii. 30; Rom. i. 3. † 23. 2 Sam. vii. 12; Psa. exxxil 1; Luke iii. 40. † 23. Matt. i. 21.

εισοδου αυτου βαπτισμα μετανοιας παντι τφ a dipping of reformation the o f him to all 25 'Ως δε επληρου ό Ιωαννης λαφ Ισραηλ. τον people Israel. As and wasfulfilling the the δρομον, ελεγε Τινα με υπονοειτε ειναι; race, he said; Who me do you suppose to be? OUR ειμι εγω, αλλ' ιδου, ερχεται μετ' εμε, ού ουκ am I, but lo, comes after me, of whom not ειμι αξιος το ύποδημα των ποδων λυσαι. I am worthy the of the feet to loose. saudal

²⁶ Ανδρες αδελφοι, υίοι γενους Αβρααμ, και brethren, sons race of Abraham, οἱ εν ὑμιν φοβουμενοι τον θεον, ὑ/ιιν ὁ λογος those among you fearing the God, to you the word της σωτηρίως ταυτης απεσταλη. ²⁷Οἱ γαροί the salvation this is sent. Those for κατοικουντες εν Ίερουσαλημ, και οὶ αρχοντες in Jerusalem, and the rulers και τας φωνας αυτων, τουτον αγνοησαντες, and the voices him not knowing, των προφητων τας κατα παν σαββατον αναγιof the prophets those in every being sabbath 28 Και μηνωσκομενας, κριναντες επληρωσαν. And judging fulfilled. read. ητησαντο αιτιαν θανατου εύροντες, δεμιαν of death having found, they asked cause Πιλατον αναιρεθηναι αυτον, 29 Ως δε ετελεσαν him. When and they finished Pilate to kill περι αυτου γεγραμμενα, καθελονπαντα τα all the things concerning him having been written, having taken 30 'O τες απο του ξυλου, εθηκαν εις μνημειον. down from the cross, they placed in a tomb. The δε θεος ηγειρεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, 31 δς ωφθη who appeared him out of dead ones, raised επι ημερας πλειους τοις συναναβασιν αυτφ απο many to those having gone up with him της Γαλιλαίας εις Ίερουσαλημ, οίτινες €LUL.

ύμας ευαγγελιζομεθα την προς τους πατερας you address with glad tidings that fathers to the επαγγελιαν γενομενην, ότι ταυτην δ θεος εκhaving been made, that this the God has πεπληρωκε τοις τεκνοις αυτων ήμιν, αναστησας of them to us, having raised up to the children fulfilled

Jerusalem,

the people.

into

to

μαρτυρες αυτου προς τον λαον.

of him

of the

Galilee

Ιησουν· 33 ώς και εν τφ πρωτφ ψαλμφ γεγραπit is written . as also in the first psalm

ται Yios μου ει συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα t' Thou art my Son; this have begotten A son of me art thou, to-day

mersion of Reformation to All the PEOPLE of ISRAEL.

25 And as John was ful-. filling his RACE, he said, t * 'Whom do you suppose me to be? I am not he; but behold, one comes after me, the SANDALS of Whose FEET I am not worthy to untie.'

26 Brethren, sons of the Family of Abraham, and THOSE among you who FEAR GOD, ‡ to you is the WORD of this SALVATION

* sent.

27 For THOSE DWELL-ING in Jerusalem, and their RULERS, I not know. ing him, nor the DECLA-RATIONS of the PROPHETS twhich are READ Every Sabbath, thave fulfilled them in judging him.

28 I And without having found any Cause of Death they desired Pilate

to kill him.

29 And when they had finished ALL things WRIT-TEN concerning him, 1 having taken him down from the cross, they laid him in a Tomb.

30 1 But GoD raised

him from the Dead;

S1 ‡ and he appeared for several Days to THOSE who went up with him from GALILEE to Jerusalem, who are his Witnesses to the PEOPLE.

32 And we announce glad tidings to you, I the PROMISE which was made to the FATHERS; because Gon has fulfilled this to * us their CHILDREN, having raised up Jesus;

33 as it is written also in the † * SECOND Psalm. 'day I have begotten thee.'

who

And

32 Και ημεις

are

we

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 25. What think you that. 26. sent forth. For. 32. our 33. SECOND Psalm. CHILDREN, having.

^{1 33.} The two first Psalms as they stand in our editions, were anciently joined together. See Wetstein, Griesboch has followed some MSS which have first instead of second. So also Tischendorf. The common reading, however, has been adopted, which agrees with the Vat. MS.

^{† 25.} Matt. iii. 11; Mark i. 7; Luke iii. 16; John f. 20, 27. † 26. Matt. x. 6; Luke xxiv 47; Acts iii. 20; ver. 40. † 27. Luke xxii. 34; Acts iii. 17; 1 Cor. ii. 8. † 27. Acts xv. 21. † 27. Luke xxiv. 20, 44; Acts xxvii. 23. † 28. Matt. xxvii. 22, &c.; Acts iii. 18, 14. † 29. Matt. xxvii. 59, &c. † 30. Matt. xxviii. 6; Acts ii. 24; iii. 13, 15, 26; v 30. † 31. Acts ii. 3; 1 Cor xv. 5—7. † 32. Jen. xii. 3; xxii. 18, Acts xvii. 6; Gal. iii. 10. † 33. Psa. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5; v. \$

34 'Οτι δε ανεστησεν αυτον εκ νεκρων, him out of dead ones, thee. Because and he raised *μηκετι μελλοντα ύποστρεφειν εις διαφθοραν*, no more being about to return to corruption, ούτως ειρηκεν' 'Οτι δωσω ύμιν τα δσια Δαυιδ thus he said, That I will give to you the holy things of David 35 Διο και εν ετερφ λεγει τα πιστα. another he says; the faitnful. Therefore also in Not δωσεις idein διαφθοραν. TOY δσιον σου thuu wilt permit the holy one of thee to see corruption. 36 $\Delta avi\delta$ $\mu \in \nu$ γap $\iota \delta \iota a$ $\gamma \in \nu \in a$ $\iota \pi \eta p \in \tau \eta \sigma as$ $\tau \eta$ David indeed for own generation having served by the του θεου Βουλη εχοιμηθη, και προσετεθη προς of the God will fell asleep, and was laid with τους πατερας αύτου και ειδε διαφθοραν. ³⁷ δν δε the fathers of himself and saw corruption; whom but 33 Γνωσό θεος ηγειρεν, ουκ ειδε διαφθοραν. the God raised up, not saw corruption. Known τον ουν εστω ύμιν, ανδρες αδελφοι, ότι δια therefore let it be to you, men brethren, thatthrough τουτου ύμιν αφεσις άμαρτιων καταγγελλεται this to you forgiveness of sins is announced; 39 και απο παντων, ών ουκ ηδυνηθητε εν τω and from allthings, which not you are able by the σομω Μωσεως δικαιωθηναι, εν τουτφ πας δ tow. of Moses to be justified, in him every one the δικαιουται, 40 Βλεπετε ouv, πιστευων then. believing is justified. See επελθη εφ' ύμας το ειρημενον εν τοις προφηmay come upon you that having been spoken by the prophets; ταις. 41 ιδετε οί καταφρονηται, και θαυμασατε, behold you the despisers, and wonder you, και αφανισθητε ότι εργον εγω εργαζομαι εν and disappear you; because a work work ταις ήμεραις ύμων, εργον, c φ ου μη πιστευthe days of you, a work, which not not you would σητε, εαν τις εκδιηγηται ύμιν. 42 Εξιοντων δε believe, it one should narrate to you. Having goneout and αυτων, παρεκαλουν εις το μεταξυ σαββατων on the next they desired sabbath 43 Auderλαληθηναι αυτοις τα δηματα ταυτα. to be spaken to them the words these. Being broken σης δε της συναγωγης, ηκολοι θησαν πολλοι ap and the synagogue, fullowed many των Ιουδαιων και των σεβομενων προσηλυτων o'the Jews and o the worshipping proselytes .

τω Παυλώ και τω Βαρναβά οίτινες προσλα-

λουντες αυτοις, επειθον αυτους προσμενειν τη

Barnahas; who

and the

the

Paul

34 And because he raised him from the Dead, no more to return to Corruption, he has spoken thus, ‡ I will give you 'the SURE MERCIES of Da-'vid.'

Therefore also in another place he says, I'Thou wilt not permit 'thy HOLY ONE to see Cor-'ruption.'

36 For David, indeed, having in his Own Generation served the WILL of God, ‡ fell asleep, and was laid with his fathers, and saw Corruption;

37 but he whom God raised up saw not Corruption.

38 Be it therefore known to you, Brethren, † That through him Forgiveness of Sins is proclaimed to you;

39 ‡ and by him EVERY ONE who BELIEVES is justified from all things. from which you could not be justified by the LAW of Moses.

40 See then that WHAT is spoken in the pro-PHETS may not come upon

41 * Behold, DESPISERS, and wonder, and dis-appear; For I perform a 'Work in your DAYS, a 'Work which you will by 'no means believe, though one should declare it to 'you."

42 And they having gone out, * it was thought proper that these words should be spoken to them on the NEXT Sabbath.

43 And when the SYNAS GOGUE was broken up, many of the Jews and RE-LIGIOUS Proselytes folopeaking lowed PAUL and BARNA-BAS, who, speaking to them, persuaded them to to them, persuaded them to continue in the

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 42. it was thought proper that these words should be spoken

^{1 54. 18}a. 1v. 8. t 35. Psa. xvi. 10; Acts ii, 31. t 36. 1 King 29. t 88. Luke xxiv. 47. 1 29. Rom. iii, 28; viii, 3; I John ii, 12. xxix. 18, 11 ab. i 5. 1 36, 1 Kings ii. 16; Acts ii-

χαριτι του θεου. 44 Τφ τε εχομενφ σαββατφ On the and coming favor of the God. σχεδον πασα ή πολις συνηχθη ακουσαι τον city came together to hear the almost all the ⁴⁵ Ιδοντες δε οί Ιουδαιοι τους λογον του θεου. word of the God. Seeing and the Jews οχλους, επλησθησαν ζηλου, και αντελεγον they were filled of zeal, and spokeagainst crowds, *[αντιλεύπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις, [contra-Paul being spoken, thethings by the γοντες και] βλασφεμουντες. 46 Παρρησιασαandî blaspheming. Speaking μενοι δε δ Παυλος και δ Βαρναβας ειπον. said; and the Barnabas and the Paul πρωτον λαληθηναι τον Υμιν ην αναγκαιον to be spoken To you it was necessary first (ογον του θεου επειδη * [δε] απωθεισθε αυτον, word of the God; since [but] you thrust away him,κα. ουκ αξιους κρινετε έαυτους της αιωνιου yourselves of the age-lasting and not worthy judge ζωης, ιδου, στρεφομεθα εις τα εθνη. 47 Ούτω 10, weturn to the gentiles. γαρ εντεταλται ήμιν δ κυριος. Τεθεικα σε εις for has commanded us the Lord. I have set thee for φως εθνων, του ειναι σε εις σωτηριαν έως εσχα-Having heard and the Centiles rejoiced, of the earth.

και εδοξαζον τον λογον του κυριου και επισglorified the word of the Lord; and Was published and the word of the Lord through whole

50 Οί δε Ιουδαιοι παρωτρυναν τας της χωρας. of the country. The hut Jews stirred up the $\sigma \in \beta$ ομένας γυναικάς τας ευσχημόνας, και τους

religious women the honorable, and the

πρωτους της πολεως, και επηγειραν διωγμον raised a persecution of the city, and επι τον Παυλον και τον Βαρναβαν, και εξεβαλον and the Barnabas, and cast out against the Paul ⁵¹ Οί δε εκτινααυτους απο των δριων αυτων. them from the borders of them. They but

ξαμενοι τον κονιορτον των ποδων αύτων επ' of the feet dust of them against shaken off the

αυτους, ηλθον εις Ικονιον. came into Iconium.

 52 Οί δε μαθηται επληρουντο χαρας και πνευjoy and spirit holy Spirit. disciples were filled The and $1 E \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \tau \sigma \delta \epsilon \epsilon \nu$ ματος άγιου. ΚΕΦ. ιδ'. 14. It happened and in holy.

Ικονιφ, κατα το αυτο εισελθειν αυτοις εις την I conium, that they went at the same to enter Icontum.

continue in the FAVOR of Gon.

44 And on the FOLLOW-ING Sabbath, almost the Whole CITY assembled to hear the word of God.

45 And the Jews seeing the crowds, were filled with Envy, and opposed the things spoken by *Paul,

blaspheming. 46 And both PAUL and BARNABAS speaking freely, said, ‡ "It was necessary for the WORD of GOD first to be spoken to you; ‡ but since you thrust it away trom you, and judge yourselves unworthy of A10-NIAN Life, behold, two turn to the GENTILES.

47 For thus the LORD has commanded us: t'I 'have set thee for a Light of Nations, that thou 'shouldst BE for Salva-'tion to the Extremity of 'the EARTH.'"

48 And the GENTILES having heard this, rejoiced, and glorified the word of *the LORD; and as many as were disposed for aionian Life, believed.

49 And the WORD of the LORD was published through the Whole of the COUNTRY.

50 But the JEWS excited the RELIGIOUS and HON-ORABLE Women, and the FIRST MEN of the CITY, and raised a Persecution against PAUL and * Barnabas, and expelled them from * their borders.

51 # And THEY, shaking off the DUST of * their feet against them, went to Iconium.

52 And the DISCIPLES I were filled with Joy and

CHAPTER XIV.

1 And it occurred at them into toe TOGETHER into the SYNA-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—45. Paul, blaspheming. And Paul and. and—omit. 48. God; and as many. ing and-omit. 51. the PEET. 50. the BORDERS.

^{45.} contradict-50. Barnabas.

^{† 40.} Matt. x. 6; Acts iii. 26; v. 26; Rom. i. 16. † 46. Matt. xxi. 43; Rom. x. 19, † 46. Acts xvii. 6; xxviii. 28. † 47. Isa. xlii. 6; xlix. 6; Luke ii. 32. † 51. Matt. x. 14; Mark vi. 11; Luke ix. 5; Acts xviii. 6. † 52. Matt. v. 12, John xvi. 22; Acts ii. 46.

of himself, granting

synagogue of the and to speak Jews, 00, ώστε πιστευσαι Ιουδαιων τε και Έλληνων πολυ of Jewa and also 2 Οίδε απειθουντες Ιουδαιοί επηγει- $\pi\lambda\eta\theta$ os. The but unbelieving multitude. Jewa stirred up ραν και εκακωσαν τας ψυχας των εθνων κατα and imbittered the souls of the Gentiles against των αδελφων, 3 Ίκανον μεν ουν χρονον διετριψαν παρήησιαζομενοι επι τω κυριω, τω μαρτυρουντι τω λογω της χαριτος αύτου. διδοντι

favor

συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων, και λαλησαι ούτως,

σημεία και τερατα γινεσθαι δια των χειρων $_{\rm signs}$ and prodigies to be done through the $_{\rm hands}$ αυτων. ${}^{4}Εσχισθη δε το πληθος της πολεως$ Was divided and the multitude of the και οἱ μεν ησαν συν τοις Ιουδαιοις, οἱ δε and these indeed were with the Jews, those and $\sigma_{J\nu}$ Tois $\alpha\pi_0\sigma\tau_0\lambda_{0is}$. $5^{\circ}\Omega_s$ $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\gamma\epsilon\nu\epsilon\tau_0$ $\delta\rho\mu\eta$ As and was with the apostles. n rush των εθνων τε και Ιουδαιων συν τοις αρχουσιν et the gentiles and elso of Jewn with the rulere α. των, δβρισαι και λιθοβολησαι autous, to inault ofthem. and to stone them,

to the word of the

 6 συνιδοντες κατεφυγον εις τας πολεις της they fled into the city of the Λυκαονίας, Λυστραν και Δερβην, και την Lyconium. Lystra and Derbe, and the περιχωρον 7 κακει ησαν ευαγγελίζομενοι. autrounding country; and there they were preaching glad tidings.

8 Και τις ανηρ εν Λυστροις αδυνατος τοις And a certain man in Lystra ποσιν εκαθητο, χωλος εκ κοιλιας μητρος αύτου, feet was sitting, lams from womb of mother of himself, 9 Ούτος ηκουε δς ουδεποτε περιεπεπατηκει. had walked about. This heard του Παυλου λαλουντος ός ατενισας QUTO. Paul speaking; who having looked intently to him, και ιδων ότι πιστιν εχει του σωθηναι, 10 ειπε and seeing that faith he has of the to be saved, μεγαλή τη φωνή. Αναστήθι επι τους ποδας σου loud with the voice; Do thou stand upon the feet of thee ορθος. Και ήλατο, και περιεπατει. 11 Οἱ δε And he leaped up, and walked about. The and οχλοι, ιδοντες ό εποιησεν ό Παυλος, επηραν crowds, accing what did the Paul, lifted up την φωνην αύτων, Λυκαονιστι λεγοντες. Οί the voice of them, tu Lycaonian language saying; The θεοι δμοιωθεντες ανθρωποις κατεβησαν προς beinglike gods men came down to 12 Εκαλουν τε τον μεν Βαρναβαν, yuus. Dia. They called and the indeed Barnahas, Jupiter;

gogue of the Jews, and spoke in such a manner, that a Great Multitude both of the Jews and Greeks believed.

2 But the UNBELIEV-ING Jews excited and embittered the MINDS of the GENTHES against the

BRETHREN.

3 For a considerable Time however, they continued there, speaking boldly in the Lord, twho testified to the word of his favor, by granting Signs and Prodigies to be performed by their Hands.

4 But the MULTITUDE of the CITY was divided; and SOME were with the JEWS, and SOME with the

APOSTLES.

5 And as a violent attempt was made, both by the GENTILES and Jews, with their RULERS, \$10 wantonly disgrace and stone them,

6 knowing it, they fled to the CITIES of LYCAO-NIA, Lystra and Derbe, and the SURROUNDING

COUNTRY;

7 and there they proclaimed glad tidings.

8 ‡ And there was sitting a certain Man at Lystra, disabled in his Feft, lame from his Birth, who had never walked.

9 This man heard PAUL speaking; who, looking intently on him, and the to be RESTORED,

10 said with a *Loud

Voice, "Stand erect on thy freet." And he leaped up, and walked about.

11 And the CROWDS seeing what PAUL did, they litted up their voice in the Lycaonian language, saying, †"The GODS, resembling men, have come down to us."

12 And they, indeed, called Barnabas, Jupiter.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Loud Voice.

^{| 1} a Mark xvi. 20: Heb. it. 4. | 1 5. 2 lim. ivi. 11. | 1 6. Matt. x. 23. | 1 8. Acts et. 1. | 2 9. Matt. viv. 10; x. 28, 29. | 1 11. Acts viv. 10; xxviv. 6

τον δε Παυλου, Έρμην επειδη αυτος ην ό Mercury; because

13 O Se ispeus Tou Alos

Of the Jupiter the and Paul, ήγουμενος του λογου. The and priest of the Jupiter leader of the word. του οντος τρο της πολεως, ταυρους και στεμefthatheing before the city, bulls and garματα επι τους πυλωνας ενεγκας, TOIS having brought, with the the οχλοις ηθελε θυειν. 14 Ακουσαντες δε οί αποσ-Having heard and the apostles crowds wished to sacrifice. τολοι Βαρναβας και Παυλος, διαρδηξαντές τα Paul, having rent Barnabas and ίματια αὐτων, εξεπηδησαν εις τον οχλον, κραmantles of them, rushed out into the crowd, erying (οντες 15 και λεγοντες. Ανδρες, τι ταυτα ποιειτε : και ήμεις όμοιοπαθεις εσμεν ύμιν ανθρωare to you men, we being like you? ποι, ευαγγελιζομενοι ύμας απο τουτων των announcing glad tidings you from these the ματαιων επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον τον ζωντα, to turn to the God the livrng, ός εποιησε τον ουρανον και την γην και την and the earth and the who mide the heaven 16 ôs €v θαλασσαν, και παντα τα εν αυτοις. all the things in them; who in and ταις παρφχημεναις γενεαις ειασε παντα τα all having gone by generations permitted 17 Καιτοιγε εθνη πορευεσθαι ταις όδοις αύτων. to go in the ways of themselves. Although indeed ουκ αμαρτυρον έαυτον αφηκεν, αγαθοποιων, not without witness himself left, doing good, ουρανοθεν ύμιν ύετους διδους και καιρους καρ-from heaven to you rains giving and seasons fruitfruitfrom heaven to you rains ποφορους, εμπιπλων τροφης και ευφροσυνης ofjoy being full of food and ful. ¹⁸ Και ταυτα τας καρδιας ύμων. $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau \epsilon s$, And these things saying, of you. $\theta v \in v$ μολις κατεπαυσαν τους οχλους του μη crowds the not to sacrifice hardly they restrained the $^{19}\,\mathrm{E}\pi\eta\lambda\theta$ ον δε απο Αντιοχείας και Ικοautois. Came and from Antioch and Icoro them. και νιου Ιουδαιο: και πεισαντες τους οχλους, and having persuaded the crowds, Jews; Παυλον, $\epsilon \sigma \nu \rho o \nu$ εξω THS λιθασαντές τον they dragged outside of the . Paul, having stoned the ²⁰ Κυκπολεως, νομισαντες αυτον τεθναναι. Surhim | to be dead. supposing αναστας λωσαντων δε γυτον των μαθητων, having arisen him the dieciples, and εις την πολιν. Και τη επαυριον | εισηλθεν And on the morrow the city, into

εξηλθε συν τω Βαρναβα εις Δερβην.be went with the Barnabas into Derbe.

and PAUL, Mercury, because he was the CHIEF SPEAKER.

13 And the PRIEST OF THAT [image of] JUPITER which was thefore the CITY, brought Bulls and Garlands to the GATES, and wished to sacrifice with the CROWDS.

14 But the APOSTLES, Barnabas and Paul, having heard of it, rent their MANTLES, and rushing out among the CROWD, ex-

claiming

15 and saying, "Men, why do you These things? † The are also Men, subject to frailty with you, proclaiming glad tidings to turn you from These vanities to the Living God, ‡ who made the heaven, and the earth, and the sea, and all things in them;

16 ‡ who, in PRECED-ING Generations permitted All the GENTILES to walk in their own WAYS;

17 ‡though indeed he left not Himself without testimony, doing good, ‡giving you Rains from heaven, and fruitful Seasons, and filling your HEARTS with Food and Gladness."

18 And saying These things, they with difficulty restrained the CROWDS from SACRIFICING to them.

19 But ‡ Jews came from Antioch and Iconium, and having persuaded the CROWDS, and ‡ having stoned PAUL, they dragged him out of the CITY, supposing him to be dead.

20 But the DISCIPZES having surrounded him, he rose up and entered the CITY. And on the NEXT DAY he departed with BARNABAS to Derbe.

^{† 3.} As was common in that day, cities were placed under the protection of heathen deities. The city of Lystra had the image of Jupiter, before its gates.

^{† 15.} James v. 17; Rev. xix. 10. † 15. l Thess. 1.9. † 16. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Acts xvit. 30; l Pet. iv. 3. † 17. Acts xvit. 27; Rom. x. 20. † 17. Lev. xxvi. 4; Deut. xt. 14; xxviii 12; Job v. 10; Psa. lxv. 10; ixviii. 9; cxlvii. 8; Jer. xiv. 22; Matt. v 45. † 19. Acts xiii. 45 † 19. 2 Cor xi. 25: 2 Tim. iii. 11.

γελισαμενοι τε την πολιν εκεινην, και μαθηpreached glad tidings and the city that, and τευσαντες ίκανους, ὑπεστρεψαν εις την Λυστραν made disciples they returned to the Lystra και Ικονιον και Αντιοχειαν· ²² επιστηριζοντες Antioch, confirming and Iconium and τας ψυχας των μαθητων, παρακαλουντες εμμενειν souls of the disciples, exhorting

τη πιστει, και ότι δια πολλων θλιψεων in the faith, and that through many afflictions it behoves ήμας εισηλθειν εις την βασιλειαν του θεου. to enter into the kingdom of the God. 23 Χειροτονησαντες δε αυτοις πρεσβυτερους κατ'

Having appointed and for them elders in every εκκλησιαν, προσευξαμενοι μετα νηστειων παρε-

congregation, having prayed with fasting

αυτους τφ κυριφ, εις όν πεπιστευκειcommended them to the Lord, into whom they had believed. 24 Και διελθοντες την Πισιδιαν, ηλθον σαν.

And having passed through the Pisidia, they came εις Παμφυλιαν. 25 και λαλησαντες εν Περγη Pamphylia; and

having spoken Perga in τον λογον, κατεβησαν εις Ατταλειαν· 26 κακειword, they weut down into Attalia; and thence

 θ ϵ ν α π ϵ π λ ϵ ν σ α ν ϵ ν they sailed auto Antioch, whence they were

παραδεδομενοι τη χαριτι του θεου εις το εργον, asving been commended to the favor of the God for the work, δ επληρωσαν. 27 Παραγενομενοι δε και συναwhich they tu!filled. Having arrived and and

γαγοντές την εκκλησιαν, ανηγγειλαν assembled the congregation, they related whatthings

 ϵ θνεσι θυραν πιστεως. 2b Διετριβον δε χρονον Gentiles a door of faith. They remained and a time ουκ ολιγον συν τοις μαθηταις. ΚΕΦ. ιε'. 15. not a little with the disciples.

1 Και τινές κατελθοντές από της Ιουδαίας, some having come down from the εδιδασκον τους αδελφους. 'Οτι εαν μη περιτεμwere teaching the brethren; That if not you are curνησθε τω εθει Μωυσεως, ου δυνασθε σωθηναι. cumcised with the rite ol Moses, not you are able to be saved.

 2 Γ ενομενης ουν στασεως και ζητησεως ουκ Being therefore a dispute and discussion no. ολιγης τφ Παυλφ και τφ βαρναβα προς autous, alittle the Paul and the Barnabas with them,

εταξαν αναβαινειν Παυλον και Βαρναβαν και they decided to send up Paul. Barnabas and and

21 And having preached the glad tidings in that CITY, and 1 made many disciples, they returned to LYSTRA, and Iconium, and Autioch,

22 confirming the sours of the DISCIPLES, and fexhorting them to continue in the FAITH, ‡ and That through Many Afflictions we must enter the KING-DOM of GOD.

23 And ‡ having appointed ELDERS for them in every Congregation, and having prayed with Fasting, they commended them to the Lord, into whom they had believed.

24 And passing through PISIDIA, they came to

* PAMPHYLIA;

25 and having spoken the WORD in Perga, they went to Attalia:

26 ‡ and thence they sailed to Antioch, whence they were ‡ recommended to the FAVOR of GOD for the WORK which they fulfilled.

27 And having arrived, and assembled the con-GREGATION They related what things God did by them, and that he had t opened a Door of Faith to the GENTILES.

28 And they remained not a little Time with the DISCIPLES.

CHAPTER XV.

1 And ‡ some having come down from JUDEA taught the BRETHREN, I" If you are not circumcised according to the cus-TOM of * Moses, you cannot be saved."

2 There being, therefore, a Contention, and PAUL and BARNABAS had no little Debate with them, they decided to send up Paul and Barnabas, and some

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -24. PAMPHYLIA.

^{† 21.} Matt. xxviii. 19. † 22. Acts xi. 23; xiii. 43. † 22. Matke xxii. 28, 29; Rom. viii. 17; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12, iii. 12. † 23. Titus Acts xxii. 1, 3. † 26. Acts xv. 40. † 27. Acts xv. 4. 12; xxi. 19. xvi. 9; 2 Cor. ii. 12; Col. iv. 8; Rev. iii. 4. † 21. Gal. ii. 12. ver. 5; Gal. v. 2; Phil. iii. 2; Col. ii. 8, 11, 10. † 2. Gal. ii. 1. 1 22. Matt. x. 38; xvi. 24; 2 23. Titus 1. 5. 1 26. 2; xxi. 19. 27. 1 Cor. 1 27. 1 Cor.

τινας αλλους εξ αυτων προς τους αποστολους others of them, to the some others of them to the apostles και πρεσβυτερους εις 'Ιερουσαλημ, περι του and elders at Jerusalem, about the ζητηματος τουτου. 3 Οί μεν ουν προπεμφθεν-question this. Τhey indeed therefore having been sent the convergence of them, to the APOSTLES and Elders at Jerusalem, about this question. 3 ΤΗΕΥ, therefore, having been sent forward by τες ύπο της εκκλησιας, διηρχοντο την Φοινι-forward by the congregation, passed through the Pheni-κην και Σαμαρειαν, εκδιηγουμενοι την επιστροnarrating the turning cia and Samaria, φην των εθνων και εποιουν χαραν μεγαλην of the Gentiles; and caused joy great πασι τοις αδελφοις. 4 Παραγενομενοι δε εις to all the brethren. Having come and into Τερουσαλημ, απεδεχθησαν ύπο της εκκλησιας $\mathbf{J}_{\text{erusalem}}$, they were received by the congregation και των αποστολων και των πρεσβυτερων, ανηγand the apostles and the elders, γειλαν τε όσα ό θεος εποιησε μετ' αυτων. 5 Εξανεστησαν δε τινες των απο της αίρεσεως
Stoodup and some of those from the sect των Φαρισαίων πεπιστευκότες, λεγοντες. Ότι st the Pharisees having believed, saying; That δει περιτεμνειν αυτους, παραγγελλειν τε to command and tt is necessary to circumcise them, 6 Συνηχθησαν δε τηρειν τον νομον Μωυσεως. Assembled and to keep the law of Moses. οί αποστολοι και οί πρεσβυτεροι ιδειν περι του the apostles and the elders to see concerning the λογου τουτου. ⁷Πολλης δε συζητησεως γενοword this. Much and debate being, μενης, αναστας Πετρος είπε ποςς αυτους, having ausen Peter said to them: Aνδρες αδελφοί, ὑμεις επίστασθε, δτι ηφήμενη με brethren, you know, that from days ρων αρχαιων δ θεος εν ήμιν εξελεξατο δια του former the Godamong us chose through the στοματος μου ακουσαι τα εθνη τον λογον του mouth of me to hear the Gentiles the word of the ευαγγελίου, και πιστευσαι. ⁸ Και δ καρδιογ-glad oldings, and to believe. And the glad ordings, and to believe. νωστης θεος εμαρτυρησεν αυτοις, δους αυτοις knowing God testified to them, giving to them το πνευμα το άγιον, καθως και ήμιν 9 και the boly. as even to us. and ουδεν διεκρινε μεταξυ ήμων τε και αυτων, τη aorhing judged between us and also them, by the πιστει καθαρισας τας καρδιας αυτων. 10 Nυν faith baving purified the hearts of them. Now ουν τι πειραζετε τον θεον, επιθειναι ζυγον therefore why do you tempt the God. to place a yoke επι τον τραχηλον των μαθητων, όν ουτε οί on the neck of the disciples, worch neither the πατερες ήμων ουτε ήμεις ισχυσαμεν βαστασαι, fathers of us nor we were able to bear? 11 Αλλα δια της χαριτος του κυριου Ιησου πισ But through the favor of the Lord Jesus we be-

the CONGREGATION, went through PHENICIA and Samaria, ‡ relating the CONVERSION of the GEN-TILES, and caused great Joy to All the BRETHEEN.

4 And having arrived at Jerusalem, they were received by the congre-GATION, and the APOS-TLES, and the ELDERS, and trelated what things God performed with them.

5 But SOME of those having BELIEVED, from the SECT of the PHARIsees, stood up, saying, 'It is necessary to eircumcise them, and to command them to keep the LAW of Moses.

6 And the APOSTLIS and ELDERS were gathered together to see about this MATTER.

7 And there being much Debate, Peter arising said to them, ‡" Brethren, nou know That in former Days God chose among us, that by my MOUTH the GEN-TILES should hear the WORD of the GLAD TI-DINGS, and believe.

8 And God, the HEART-SEARCHER, testified to them, I giving to them the HOLY SPIRIT, even as to

us:

9 # And made no distinction between us and them, I having purified their HEARTS through the

10 Now, therefore, why do you try Goo, I to put a Yoke on the NECK of the DISCIPLES, winch neither our fathers nor we were able to bear?

But through the FAVOR of the Lord Jesus

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRITT .- S. to them -omil.

^{1 3} Acts xiv. 27. 1 4. ver 12; xxi. 19. ; 7. Acts x. 20; x1. 12. 1 9. Acts x 15, 28, 43; I Cor. 1. 2; I Pet. 1. 22. t le Matt. xxui. 4; Gal V. d.

Τευομεν σωθηναι, καθ' όν τροπον κακεινοι.

here to be saved, in which mauner also they.

12 Εσιγησε δε παν το πληθος, και ηκουον ΒαρWas rileut and all the multitude, and heard Barναβα και Παυλου εξηγουιενων, όσα εποιησεν
nabas and Paul narrating, what did

narrating, δ θεος σημεία και τερατά εν τοις εθνέσι δι' signa and prodigies among the Gentileathrough 13 Μετα δε το σιγησαι αυτους, απεκαυτων. After and the to be silent them. them, ριθη Ιακωβος, λεγων Ανδρες αδελφοι, ακουσατε James, saying; Men brethren, hear you awered 14 Συμεων εξηγησατο, καθως πρωτον δ HOV. Simeon related, how θεοs επεσκεψατο λαβειν εξ εθνων λαον επι τω God looked to take out of Gentiles a people for the

ονοματι αύτου, 15 Και τουτφ συμφωνουσιν οί name of himself. And with this harmonize the λογοι των προφητων, καθως γεγραπται 16 μετα words of the prophets, as it is written, after ταυτα αναστρεψω και ανοικοδομησω την σκηthese things I will return and I will hold again the taberνην Δαυιδ την πεπτωκυιαν και τα κατεσκαμπαλεί οι David that having fallen down; and the μενα αυτης ανοικοδομησω, και ανορθωσω αυτην

of her I will build again, and I will set up 17 δπως αν εκζητησωσιν οί καταλοιποι των so that may seek the of the rest ανθρωπων τον κυριον, και παντα τα εθνη,€φ' the Lord, and all the nations, OB ούς επικεκληται το ονομα μου επ' αυτους, ¹⁸ λεwhom has been called the name of me over them, says

γει κυριος *[δ] ποιων ταυτα γνωστα απ' αιωνος. [he] doing these things known from an age. Lord 19 Λιο εγω κρινω μη παρενοχλειν τοις απο των to trouble Therefore I judge not those from the $\theta \in ov^{20}$ alla εθνων επιστρεφουσιν $\epsilon\pi\iota$ $\tau o\nu$ turning Gentues to the God: but απεχεσθαι επιστειλαι αυτοις του απο $\tau\omega\nu$

 $\epsilon \pi_i \sigma \tau \epsilon_i \lambda \alpha_i$ αυτοις του απεχεσθαι απο των to send word to them the to shall from the $\alpha \lambda_i \sigma \gamma \eta \mu \alpha \tau \omega \nu \tau \omega \nu$ ειδωλων και της πορνείας και

pollulous of the idols and the formation and του πνικτου και του αίματος. ²¹ Μωυσης γαρ the strangsed and the blood. Moses for

the stranged and the blood. Moses for $\epsilon \kappa \ \gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \omega \nu$ appearance κ at a $\pi o \lambda i \nu$ to us $\kappa \eta \rho \nu \sigma$ from generations of old in every city those preach- $\sigma \nu \nu \tau as$ autov $\epsilon \chi \epsilon i$, $\epsilon \nu$ tais $\sigma \nu \nu a \gamma \omega \gamma a is$ $\kappa a \tau a$

ing him has, in the synagogues in $\pi \alpha \nu \sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \tau \sigma \nu \alpha \gamma \nu \omega \sigma \kappa \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma s$. Then it seemed good the synagogues in $\pi \alpha \nu \sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \tau \sigma \nu \sigma \sigma \kappa \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma s$.

τοις αποστολοις και τοις πρεσβυτεροις συν όλη sothe apostles and the elders with whole

τη εκκλησια, εκλεξαμενους ανδρας εξ αύτων the congregation, having chosen men out of themselves

we trust to be saved; in like manner then also.

12 And All the MULTITUDE was silent, and heard Barnabas and Paul relate What Signs and Prodigies God I performed among the GENTILES through them.

13 And after they were stlent, ‡James answered, saying, "Brethren, hearme!

me!
14 ‡ Simon has related how God first looked to take out of the Gentiles a People for his NAME.

15 And with this the words of the Prophets as it is writ-

ten,
16 * After these things
'I will return; and I will
'rebuild THAT TABERNA'CLE of David which has
'FALLEN DOWN; and I
'will rebuild its RUINS,
'and will re-establish it;

17 'in order that the 'REMAINDER Of MEN may 'seek the LORD, even All 'the GENTILES upon 'whom my NAMERS been 'unvoked.

18 'says the Lord, who 'does these things,' which were known from the Age.

19 Therefore ## nudge that we should not trouble THOSE, who from among the Gentiles are Turn-ing to God,

20 but write to them to ABSTAIN from the POL-LUTED ‡ OFFERINGS to LUDOLS, and ‡ FORNICA-TION, and THAT which 18 STEANGLED, and ‡ BLOOD.

21 For from ancient Generations Moses has, in every City, THOSE who PREACH him, being read in the SYNAGOGUES Every Sabbath."

22 Then it seemed good ders with whole το the APOSTLES and ELνδρας εξ αύτων men out of themselves GREGATION, to send Men

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. he-omit.

^{\$ 12.} Acts xiv. 27. \$ 13. Acts xii 17 \$ 14. ver. 7 \$ 16. Amos ix. 11. 12 \$ 19. ver. 28. \$ 20. ver. 23. Acts xxii. 25; 1 Cor. viii. 1., Rev. ii. 14. 20. \$ 1. 20. 1 Cor. vii. 1; 18; Gal. v. 19; Epit. v. 3, Col. iii. 5, 1 Thess. iv. 3, 1 Pet. iv. 3. \$ 20. Gen ix. 4; Lev. iii. 17; Deut. xii. 16; 23.

πεμψαι εις Αντιοχειαν συν τφ Παυλφ και Βαρto send to Antioch with the Paul and Barναβα, Ιουδαν τον επικαλουμενον Βαρσαβαν, και that being called Barsabas, and Σιλαν, ανδρας ήγουμενους εν τοις αδελφοις. 23 γραψαντες δια χειρος αυτων * [ταδε]
having written by hand of them brethren;

Οἱ αποστολοι και οἱ πρεσβυτεροι και οἱ apostles and the elders and the αδελφοι, τοις κατα την Αντιοχειαν και Συριαν brethren, to those in the Antioch and Syria και Κιλικιαν αδελφοις, τοις εξ εθνων, χαιρειν. and Cilicia brethren, those from Gentiles, health.

²⁴ Επειδη ηκουσαμεν, ότι τινες εξ ήμων *[εξελ-Since we have heard, that some from นร Thaving θοντες εταραξαν ύμας λογοις, ανασκευαζοντες gone out] troubled you with words, unsettling τας ψυχας ύμων, *[λεγοντες περιτεμνεσθαι the souls of you, [saying to be circumcised και τηρειν τον νομον,] οίς ου διεστειλαμεθα and to keep the law,] to whom not we gave commands; 25 εδοξεν ήμιν γενομενοις δμοθυμαδον, εκλεξαit seemed good to us of one mind, being having μενους ανδρας πεμψαι προς ύμας, συν τοις αγαchosen out men to send to you, with the πητοις ήμων Βαρναβα και Παυλώ, 26 ανθρωποις Barnahas and Paul, παραδεδωκοσι τας ψυχας αύτων ύπερ του ονο-

lives of them in behalf of the name the ματος του κυριου ήμιν Ιησου Χριστου. 27 Απεσof the Lord ofus Jesus Anointed.

ταλκαμέν ουν Ιουδαν και Σιλαν, και αυτους Silas, and them therefore Judas and 28 Εδοξ€ δια λογου απαγγελλοντας τα αυτα. announcing the same things. It seemed good through word

γαρ τω αγιω πνευματι και ήμιν, μηδεν πλεον for to the holy spirit and to us. no more επιτιθεσθαι ύμιν βαρος, πλην των επαναγκες to you a burden, besides the necessary things

τουτων, ²⁹ απεχεσθαι ειδωλοθυτων και αίματος to abstain from things offered to idols and blood

και πυικτου και πορνείας. εξ ων διατηρουντες and strangled and fornication; from which keeping and strangled 30 Οί μεν Ερρωσθε. €U $\pi \rho \alpha \xi \epsilon \tau \epsilon$.

Eautous, They indeed yourselves, well you will do. Farewell. ουν απολυθεντες ηλθον εις Αντιοχειαν. και went to Antioch; and therefore being dismissed

συναγαγοντες το πληθος, επεδωκών την επισhaving assembled the multitude, delivered the let-31 Avayvovtes $\delta \epsilon$, $\epsilon \chi \alpha \rho \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \eta$

the Having read and, they rejoiced at 32 Ιουδας τε και Σιλας, και αυτοι παρακλησει. and and Silas, also themselves also themselves being ready exhortation. Judas

chosen from among themselves to Antioch with PAUL and Barnabas;— THAT Judas * being called Barsabbas, and Silas, leading Men among the BRETH-REN;

23 having written by their Hand, the :: "The APOSTLES and * ELDERS and BRETHREN, to THOSE BRETHREN IN ANTIOCH and Syria and Cilicia, who are of the Gentales, greet-

ing.
24 Since we have heard That ‡ some having gone out from us troubled you with Words, unsettling your MINDS, to whom we gave no commands;

25 it seemed good to us, being of one mind, to chose out men to send to you, with your BELOVED Barnabas and Paul,

26 # Men who have given up their Lives in behalf of the NAME of our LORD Jesus Christ.

27 We have therefore sent Judas and Silas, who will also tell you he SAME things by Word.

28 For it seemed good to the * HOLY SPIRIT, and to us, to lay on you no Additional Burden besides *These NECESSARY things;

To abstain things offered to Idols, and Blood, and That which is Strangled, and Fornica-tion; from which if you keep yourselves you will do well. Farewell."

30 THEY, therefore, being dismissed, *went down to Antioch, and having assembled the MULTITUDE, delivered the LETTER.

31 And when they had read it, they rejoiced at the EXHORTATION.

32 And Judas and Silas,

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—22. being called Barsabbas.

DER BRETHBEN. 24. having gone out—omit.

1 to keep the Law—omit. 23. Holy spirit. and to keep the LAW-omit.

^{23.} thus-omit. 24. saying, to be circumcised, 28. These. 30. went down

^{24.} ver. 1; Gal. ii. 4, 5, 12; Titus i. 10, 11. 80; 2 Cor. xi. 23, 26.

^{1 26.} Acts xiii. 50; xiv. 19; 1 Car. xv

προφηται οντες, δια λογου πολλου παρεκαλεprophets being, through a word great exhorted 33 Ποιησαν τους αδελφους, και επεστηριξαν. brethren, Having the and confirmed. σαντες δε χρονον, απελυθησαν μετ' $\epsilon \iota \rho \eta \nu \eta s$ peace απο των αδελφων προς τους αποστειλαντας to those brethren from the having sent $34 * [E\delta o \xi \epsilon \delta \epsilon \tau \omega \Sigma i \lambda \alpha \epsilon \pi i \mu \epsilon i \nu \alpha i$ autous. [It seemed good but to the Silas them. to remain ³⁵ Παυλος δε και Βαρναβας διετριβον αυτου. Paul but and Barnabas there.] εν Αντιοχεια, διδασκοντες και ευαγγελιζομενοι. Antioch, teaching and announcing glad tidings, μετα και έτερων πολλων, τον λογον του κυριου. with also others many, the word of the Lord. ³⁶ Μετα δε τινας ήμερας ειπε Παυλος προς Βαρ-After and some days said Paul to Barναβαν. Επιστρεψαντες δη επισκεψωμεθα τους Having returned indeed we may visit αδελφους κατα πασαν πολιν, εν αίς κατηγγειin every city, in which we have λαμέν τον λογον του κυρίου, πως preached the word of the Lord, how εχουσι. they are. ³⁷ Βαρναβας δε εβουλευσατο συμπαραλαβειν και Barnabas and counselled to take with Ιωαννην τον καλουμενον Μαρκον. 33 Παυλος John being called Paul that Mark. δε ηξιου, τον αποσταντα απ' αυτων απο out deemed fitting, the having gone away from them from Παμφυλίας, και μη συνελθοντα αυτοίς είς το Pamphylia, and not having gone with them to the 39 Εγενετο εργον, μη συμπαραλαβειν τουτον. work, not to take him. Occurred ουν παροξυσμος, ώστε αποχωρισθηναι αυτους therefore a sharp contention, so as to separate απ' αλληλων, τον τε Βαρναβαν παραλαβοντα from one another, the and Barnabas having taken τον Μαρκον εκπλευσαι εις Κυπρον.

Mark sailed 1 C Cyprus. 40 Παυλος δε επιλεξαμένος Σιλαν $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$, Paul having scleeted Silas went out, but παραδοθεις τη χαριτι του θεου having been commended to the favor of the God ύπο των by 41 Διηρχετο δε την Συριαν και Κιλιαδελφων. He passed through and the Syria and Ciliκιαν, επιστηριζων τας εκκλησιας. KEΦ. ιs'. cia. confirming the congregations. 1 Κατηντησε δε εις Δερβην και Λυστραν. 16.

He came and to Derbe and Lystra; και ιδου, μαθητης τις ην εκει, ονοματι Τιμο-

and lo, a disciple certain was there, by name Timo-

speakers, exhorted the BRETHREN in a long Discourse and confirmed them.

33 And having spent some Time, they were dismissed with Peace from the BRETHREN to those HAVING SENT them.

\$4 * † But it seemed good to Silas to remain

there.]

35 ‡ And Paul and Barnabas remained at Antioch, teaching and proclaiming the glad tidings of the word of the Lord, with many others also.

36 And after Some Days Paul said to Barnabas, "Let us return and visit the BRETHREN In *Every City in which we proclaimed the WORD of the LORD, and see how they are."

37 And Barnabas wished to take also with them that John, who was surnamed Mark.

38 But Paul deemed it improper to take HIM with them, ‡ who DESERTED them from Pamphylia, and did not go with them to the WORK.

39 A sharp Contention therefore ensued, so as to separate them from each other; and BARNADAS having taken MARK sailed to Cyppus

to Cyprus.

40 But Paul having sclected Silas, departed, theing commended to the FAvor of * the Lord by the BRETHEEN.

41 And he went through SYRIA and Ciheia, ‡establishing the CONGREGA-TIONS.

CHAPTER XVI.

τραν 1 And he came * both to to the total to Lystra. And behold a certain Disciple Time- was there, ‡ named Time-

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. -34. omit. 36. every City. 40. the Lord. 1 both to Derbe and to Lystra.

^{-† 34.} This sentence is omitted by the *Vatican*, and a great number of other MSS; also by the Syric, Arabic, Coptic, Slavonic, and Vulgate. Griesbach marks it as doubtful, and to be expunged.

^{† 35.} Acts xiii. 1. † 36. Acts xiii. 4, 13, 14, 51; xiv. 1, 6, 24, 25. † 37. Acts xii. 12, 25; xiii. 5; Col. iv. 10; 2 Tim, iv. 11; Philemon 24. † 38. Acts xiii. 13. † 40. Acts xiv. 26. † 41. Acts xvi. 5. † 1. Acts xiv. 6. † 1. Acts xiv. 2.; Rom' vvi. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 17; Phil. ii. 19; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim, ii. 2; 2 Tim, i. 2.

Χριστου, εξελθειν απ' αυτης. σου Anointed. her. to come out from .115 19 Ιδοντες δε οί κυριοι $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ auth the hour. Seeing and the lords αυτης, ότι εξηλθεν ή ελπις της εργασιας of her, came out the hope of the gain that επιλαβομενοι τον Παυλον αύτων, και TOV having taken hold of the Paul and the Σιλαν, είλκυσαν εις την αγοραν TOUS $\epsilon \pi \iota$ they dragged into the market to the Silas, 20 και αρχοντας. προσαγαγοντες **QUTOUS** and they having led them rulers: τοις στρατηγοις, ειπον Ούτοι οί ανθρωποι said, These the commanders, men εκταρασσουσιν ήμων την πολιν, Ιουδαιοι ύπαρgreatly disturb of us the city, Jews 21 και καταγγελλουσιν εθη, α ουκ χοντεs, and preach customs, which not εξεστιν ήμιν παραδεχεσθαι, ουδε ποιειν, 'Ρωto do, to receive, or it is lawful for us 22 Και συνεπεστη δ οχλος κατ' μαιοις ουσι. And rose up together the crowd against mans being. αυτων, και οί στρατηγοι περιρρηζαντες αυτων them, and the commanders having torn off of them τα ίματια, εκελευον βαβδιζειν· 23 πολλας τε they ordered to beat with rods; mantles, many επιθεντες αυτοις πληγας, εβαλον εις φυλακην, they cast into naving laid on them blows, prison, τφ δεσμοφυλακι, παραγγειλαντες ασφαλως baving charged the jailor, securely 24 85 THREIV QUTOUS. παραγγελιαν τοιαυτην to keep them. who a charge such ειληφως, εβαλην αυτους εις την εσωτεραν baving received, cast them iuto the inner φυλακην, και τους πυδας αυτών ησφαλισατο prison, and the feet of them were made fast εις το ξυλον. ento the stocks.

🕉 Κατα δε το μεσονυκτιον Παυλος και Σιλας At and the midnight Paul and προσευχομενοι ύμνουν τον θεον· επηκροωντο δε praying sung a hymn to the God; listened to αυτων οι δεσμιοι. 26 Αφνω δε σεισμος εγενετο Suddenly and ashaking occurred them the prisoners. μεγας, ώστε σαλευθηναι τα θεμελια του δεσμωgreat, so as to shake the foundations of the τηριου· ανεωχθησαν τε * [παραχρημα] αί θυραι ton, were opened and [timmediately] the doors πασαι, και παντων τα δεσμα ανεθη. 27 Εξυπνος all, and all the bonds were loosed. Out of sleep and baving arisen the jailor, and seeing having been μενας τας θυρας της φυλακης, σπασαμενος doors of the prison, having drawn opened the μαχαιραν, εμελλεν έαυτον αναιρειν, νομιζων asword, was about himself to kill, supposing εκπεφευγεναι τους δεσμιους. 28 Εφωνησε δε prisoners. Cried out and to have been fled the

Ka: come out of her." And it came out in That Hour.

19 And her MASTERS seeing That the HOPE of their GAIN was gone, ‡ seizing PAUL and SI-LAS, ‡ they dragged them into the MARKET, to the RULERS;

20 and they having conducted them before the COMMANDERS, said, "These MEN, being Jews, ‡ greatly disturb our CITY,

21 and preach Customs, which it is not lawful for us to receive or observe, being Romans."

22 And the CROWD rose up together against them; and the COMMANDERS having torn off their MAN t TLES, ‡ gave orders to bea them with rods.

23 And having laid Many Stripes on them, they cast them into Prison, charging the jailor to keep them safely;

24 who, having received such a Charge, cast them into the inner prison, and made their feet fast in the stocks.

25 And at MIDNIGHT, Paul and Silas praying, sung a hymn to God; and the Prisoners listened to them.

26 ‡ And suddenly there was a great Concussion, so as to shake the FOUN-DATIONS of the PRISON; and ‡ all the DOORS were opened, and the FETTERS of All were loosed.

27 And the IAILOR, awaking from sleep, and seeing the Doors of the PRISON opened, drew a sword, and was about to kill Himself, supposing that the PRISONERS had escaped.

28 But PAUL cried with

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26 immediately-omit.

^{1 18} Mark xvi, 17. 19. 2 Cor. vi, 5. 19. Matt. x, 18. 126. Acts vi 6 22 Cor. vi, 5; xi, 23, 25; f Ibess. i, 2. 126. Acts vi, 31. 4 26. Acts vi, 31. 4 26. Acts vi 7; xi 7; ib.

φωνη μεγαλη δ Παυλος, λεγων. Μηδεν πραξης with a voice loud the Paul, saying; Not thoumayest do σεαυτώ κακον, απαντές γαρ εσμεν ενθαδε. h arm, all for we are 29 Αιτησας δε φωτα εισεπηδησε, και εντρομος
Having askedand lights herushedin, and terrified $\gamma \epsilon \nu o \mu \epsilon \nu o s$ $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \pi \epsilon \sigma \epsilon \tau \omega$ $\Pi a \nu \lambda \omega$ $\kappa a \iota \tau \omega$ $\Sigma \lambda \alpha$.

having become he fell before the Paul and the Silas. 30 Και προαναγων αυτους εξω, εφη. Κυριοι, And having led them out, he sald; Osira, τι με δει ποιειν, ίνα σωθω; 31 Οί δε ειπον. what me it behoves to do, that I may be saved? They and said; Πιστευσον επι τον κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, και Believe thou in the Lord Jesus Anointed, and σωθηση συ και δοικος σου. 32 Και ελαλησαν shalt be asved thou and the house of thee. And they spoke αυτώ τον λογον του κυριου, συν πασι τοις εν to him the word of the Lord, with all those in τη οικία αυτου. 33 Και παραλαβων αυτους εν the house of him. And having taken them in εκεινη τη ώρα της νυκτος, ελουσεν απο των that the hour of the night, he washed from the πληγων και εβαπτισθη αυτος και οἱ αυτου stripes; and was dipped he and those of him παντες παραχρημα. 34 Αναγαγων τε αυτους εις Having led up and them into all munediately. τον οικον αύτου, παρεθηκε τραπεζαν, και ηγαλ-the house of himself, he set a table, and reλιασατο πανοικι πεπιστευκώς τω θεω. with all his house, having believed in the God. 35 Ήμερας δε γενομένης, απεστείλαν οί στρατηγοι τους ραβδουχους, λεγοντες. Απολυσον Release thou manders the rod bearers, saying; 36 $A\pi\eta\gamma\gamma\epsilon\iota\lambda\epsilon$ $\delta\epsilon$ δ τους ανθρωπους εκεινους. Told those. and the

δεσμοφυλαξ τους λογους τουτους προς τον Παυjailor the words these to the Paul; λον 'Οτι απεσταλκασινοί στρατηγοι, ίνα αποhas sent the commanders, that you λυθητε νυν ουν εξελθοντες, πορευεσθε εν may be released; now therefore going out, do you go in ειρηνη. 37 O δε Παυλος εφη προς αυτους·
peace. The but Paul said to them; Δειραντες ήμας δημοσια, ακατακριτους, ανθρω-Having beaten us publicly, uncondemned, πους 'Ρωμαιους ύπαρχοντας, εβαλον εις φυλα-Romans being, they cast into prison, κην, και νυν λαθρα ήμας εκβαλλουσιν; Ου and now privately us do they cast out? γαρ· αλλα ελθοντες αυτοι ἡμας εξαγαγετωσαν. 33 Annyyeilan $\delta\epsilon$ tois orpanyois of paßouxoi and to the commanders the rod-hearers τα δηματα ταυτα· και εφοβηθησαν, ακουσαντες the words these; and they were alraid, having heard ότι 'Ρωμαιοι εισι. 33 Και ελθοντες παρακαλεthat Romana they are. And having come they entreated

a loud Voice, saying, "Do thyself no harm; for we are Allhere"

are All here."
29 And having asked for Lights, he rushed in, and being in a tremor, fell down before PAUL and * SILAS.

them out, he said, ‡"Sirs, what must I do that I may

be saved?"

31 And THEY said, 1"Believe in the LORD Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved, and thy FAMILY.

32 And they spoke to him the WORD of *the LORD, and to ALL those in

his house.

33 And taking them in That HOUR of the NIGHT, he washed them from their STRIPES, and was immediately immersed, he and all HIS.

34 And having brought them into *his House, the set a Table, and rejoiced with all his household, believing in God.

35 And when it was Day, the COMMANDERS sent the OFFICERS, saying, "Let those men go."

36 And the Jailor told *these words to Paul, "The COMMANDERS have sent to release you; now therefore depart, and go in Peace."

37 But PAUL said to them, "They have beaten us publicly uncondemned, then Romans, and cast us into Prison; and now do they privately cast Us out? No, indeed; but let them come themselves and conduct Us out."

38 And the OFFICERS related these words to the COMMANDERS; and they were afraid when they heard that they were Romans.

S9 And they came and

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—29. Silas. 10088. 36. the words.

^{32.} God, with ALL that were.

^{34.} the

^{; 30.} Luke iii. 10; Acts ii. 37; ix. 6. ; 31. John iii. 16, 36; vi. 47; 1 John v. 10; 34. Luke v. 29; xix. 6. ; 37. Acts xxii. 25.

σαν αυτους, και εξαγαγοντες ηρωτων εξηλθειν them, and having led out they asked to go out 40 Εξελθοντες δε εκ της φυλατης πολεως. Having gone and out of the prison of the city. κης εισηλθον προς την Λυδιαν· και ιδοντες τους they came in to the Lydia; and having seen the ιδελφους, παρεκαλεσαν αυτους, και εξηλθον. they exnorted them, and went out. ΚΕΦ. : §'. 17. Διοδευσαντες δε την Αμφι-Having passed through and the Amphiπολιν και Απολλωνιαν, ηλθον εις Θεσπαλονι-Apollonia, they came into Thessalonica, and όπου ην ή συναγωγη των where was the synagogue of the Ιουδαιων. synagogue ² Ката δε το ειωθος τω Παυλω εισηλθε προς According to and the custom the Paul wentin to αυτους, και επι σαββατα τρια διελεγετο αυand for sabbaths three reasoned with τοις απο των γραφων ³ Διανοιγων και παρατιthem from the writings; opening and setting setting θεμενος, ότι τον Χριστον €δ€ι παθειν και that the Anointedit was necessary to have suffered and εκ νεκρων, και ότι ούτος εστιν ό to have been raised out of dead ones, and that this Χριστος Ιησους, όν εγω καταγγελλω ύμιν. Jesus, whom I announce 4 Και τινες εξ αυτων επεισθησαν, και προσε-And some of them were convinced, and joined κληρωθησαν τω Παυλω και τω Σιλα, των τε themselves to the Paul and to the Silas, of the and σεβομενων Έλληνων πολυ πληθος, γυναικων Greeks a great number.

τε των πρωτων ουκ ολιγαι.
and of the chief not a few.

5 Προσλαβομενοι δε οί Ιουδαιοι των αγοραιων Having taken to themselves and the Jews of the market-loungers τινας ανδρας πονηρους, και οχλοποιησαντες, and having gathered a crowd, of evil, εθορυβουν την πολιν: επισταντες τε τη οικια, they disturbed the city; having assaulted and the house Ιασονος, εζητουν αυτους αγαγειν εις τον δημον. of Jason, they sought them to lead out into the people; 6 μη εὐροντες δε αυτους, εσυρον τον Ιασονα not having tound and them, they dragged the Jason και τινας αδελφους επι τους πολιταρχης, βοωνbrethren to the city-rulers, τες. 'Οτι οί την οικουμενην αναστατωσαντες, having disturbed, That they the habitable ούτοι και ενθαδε παρεισιν. 7 ούς ύποδεδεκται here are present, whom has received also Ιασων· και ούτοι παντές απέναντι των δογμα-

entreated them; and conducting them out, asked them ‡to depart * from the

40 And going out of the prison, they entered note the house of Lydia, and having seen the Brethern, they exhorted them, and departed.

CHAPTER XVII.

1 And traveling through Amphipolis and Apollonia they came to *Thessa-Lonica, where was *a Synagogue of the Jews.

2 And according to his CUSTOM. PAUL I went in to them, and on three Sabbaths reasoned with them from the SCRIPTURES,

3 opening and setting forth, That the Messiah ought to suffer and to rise from the dead, and That "This is the ANOINTED Jesus whom I announce to you."

4 ‡ And some of them beheved and adhered to Paul and ‡* Silus, and of the Prous Greeks a *great Multitude, and of the CHIEF Women not a few.

5 But the Jrws taking some evil-disposed Men from the MARKET-LOUNG-ERS, and gathering a crowd, alarmed the CITY; and having assailed the HOUSE of ‡ Jason sought to bring them * forth into the assembly of the PEO-PLE;

6 but not finding them, they dragged *Jason and some of the Brethren to the RULERS of the CITY, crying out, ‡"THESE men who have disturbed the EMPIRE, are come here also;

7 whom Jason has received; and all these oppose the ‡ DECREES of Ce-

the

against

decrees

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—39. from the CITY. gogue of. 4. Silas. 4. great Multitude. Jason.

^{1.} THESSALONICA. 1. a Syna-5. forth to the People. 6.

^{† 39.} Matt. viii. 31. † 40. ver. 14. † 2. Acts ix. 20; xiii. 5, 14; xiv. 1; xvi. 13; xix. 8. † 3. Luke xxiv. 25, 45; Acts xviii. 28; Gal. iii. 1. † 4. Acts xxviii. 24. Acts xv. 22, 27, 32, 40. † 5. Rom. xvi. 21. † 6. Acts xvi. 20. † 7. Luke xxii. 2; John xix. 12.

Κωισαρος πραττουσι, βασιλέα λεγοντές do, 8 Εταραξεν δ τονοχλον of Cesar ετευεν ε.ναι, Ιησουν. another to be, Jesus. Troubled and the crowd 9 Kai αι τοι s πολιταρχας ακουοντας ταυτι having heard these things. City-rulers λαβοντες το ίκανον παρα του Ιασ νος και των having taken the security from the and Jaso a 10 Οί δε αδελφοι λοιπων, απελυσαν αυτ υς brethren rest. they let go them. The and δια της νυκτος εξεπεμψαν τον τε ευθεως immediately by the night sent away the both Παυλον και τον Σιλαν εις Βεροιαν οίτινες παραand the Silas into Berea; who havγενομενοι, εις την συναγωγην των Ιουδαιων ing arrived, into the synagogue of the 11 Ούτοι δε ησαν ευγενεστεροι των απηεσαν. These and were more candid ofthose went. εν Θεσσαλονικη, οίτινες εδεξαντο τον λογον Thessalonica, who received the word μετα πασης προθυμιας, το καθ' ήμεραν ανακριwith all promptness, that everyday closely υοντες τας γραφας, ει εχοι ταυτα ούτως. if was these things scrutinizing the thus. writings, ε Πολλοι μεν ουν εξ αυτων επιστευσαν, και Many indeed therefore ont of them believed, των Έλληνιδων γυναικων των ευσχημονων και of the Greek women of the honorable and 13 'Ως δε εγνωσαν οί απο ανδρων ουκ ολιγοι. a few. not When but knew those from men της Θεσσαλονικης Ιουδαιοι, ότι και εν τη Βεροια Berea Thessalonica Jews, that also in the κατηγγελη ύπο του Παυλου ό λογος του θεου, was preached by the Paul the word of the God, ηλθον κακει σαλευοντες τους οχλους. 14 Ευθεως they came also there stirring up the crowds. Immediately they came also there stirring up δε τοτε τον Παυλον εξαπεστειλαν οί αδελφοι and then the Paul sent out the brethren πορευεσθαι ώς επι την θαλασσαν. ύπεμενον δε to the remained and 2.8 sea; ό, τε Σιλας και ό Τιμοθεος εκει. 15 Οί δε καθισthe, both Silas and the Timothy there. They but conductτωντες τον Παυλον ηγαγον * [αυτον] έως Αθηthe Paul led [him] to νων· και λαβοντες εντολην προς τον Σιλαν και and having received a charge to the Silas Τιμοθεον, ίνα ώς ταχιστα ελθωσι προς αυτον, that as soon as possible they should come to Timothy, 16 Εν δε ταις Αθηναις εκδεχομενου εξηεσαν. they departed. In and the Athens waiting αυτους του Παυλου, παρωξυνετο το πνευμα of the Paul, was stirred up the spirit αυτου εν αυτώ, θεωρουντι κατειδωλον ούσαν

sar, saying that there is another King, Jesus."

8 And they alarmed the CROWD and the RULERS of the CITY, when they heard these things.

9 And having taken security from Jason, and the BEST, they let them go.

10 But the BRETHREN immediately, by * Night, \$sent away PAUL and SILAS, to Berea; who, baving arrived, went into the SYNAGOGUE of the JEWS.

11 And These were of a more noble disposition than THOSE in Thessalonica, for they received the WORD with All Readiness, DAILY texamining the SCRIPTURES whether these things were so.

12 Many of them, therefore, believed; and of the HONORABLE GREEK WOMEN, and Men not a

few.

13 But when the Jews of Thessalonica knew That the word of God was preached by Paul at Berea, they came there also exerting * and troubling the crowds.

14 ‡ And then the BRETHREN immediately sent PAUL away, as if he were to go towards the SEA; but SILAS and TIMOTHY remained there.

15 And THOSE CONDUCTING PAUL led him to Athens; and having received a charge for Si-LAS and *TIMOTHY to come to him as soon as possible, they departed.

16 Now while PAUL was waiting for them at ATHENS, this SPIRIT was stirred within him, on beholding the CITY was † full of idols.

beholding

him,

of him in

full of idols

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—10. Night. him—omit. 15. TIMOTHY.

^{13.} and troubling the CROWDS.

¹⁵

^{† 16.} This expression denotes the appearance of Athens to the eye of a stranger. "A person could hardly take his position any where in ancient Athens, where the eye did not range over temples, altars, and statues of the gods almost without number." Bib. Sac. Vol. vi. p. 339

17 Διελεγετο μεν ουν εν τη συνατην πολιν. He reasoned indeed then in the synaγωγη τοις Ιουδαιοις και τοις σεβομενοις, και gogue with the and with those being pious, Jews and εν τη αγορα κατα πασαν ήμεραν προς TOUS in the market during every day with those 18 Τινες δε των Επικουρειων παρατυγχανοντας.

happening to meet. Some but of the Epicureaus και των Στωικων φιλοσοφων συνεβαλλον αυτώ. and of the Stores philosophers him; encountered και τινες ελεγον. Τι αν θελοι δ σπερμολογος said; What may intend the seed-picker Οί δε. Ξενων δαιμονιων δοκει ούτος λεγειν to say? They and; Ofstrange demons καταγγελευς ειναι· ότι τον Ιησουν και την a proclaimer to be; because the Jesus and the αναστασιν *[αυτοις] ευηγγελιζετο. ¹⁹ Επιλα-[to them] he announced glad tidings. Having

Bομενοι τε αυτου, επι τον Aρειον παγον ηγα-taken hold and of him, to the Mars hill they γον, λεγοντες Δυναμεθα γνωναι, τις $\mathring{η}$ καινη βιδαχη $\mathring{η}$ το σου λαλουμενη διδαχη: βlow <math>βlow βlow βlow

τα γαρ τινα εισφερεις εις τας ακοας ήμων. for certain thou bringest to the ears of us. Βουλομεθα ουν γνωναι, τι αν θελοι ταυτα We desire therefore to know, what may intend these things

ειναι. ²¹ Αθηναιοι δε παντες και οἱ επιδημουνto be. Athenians and all and the sojourning τες ξενοι, εις ουδεν έτερον ευκαιρουν, η λεγειν strangers, in nothing else spend lesiure, than to tell

τι και ακουειν καινοτερον.
comething and to hear newer.

22 Σταθεις δε δ Παυλος εν μεσφ του Αρειου Laving stoodup and the Paul in midst of the Mars Having stood up and the Ανδρες Αθηναιοι, κατα παγου, εφη. παντα hill, Men Athenians, all things in δεισιδαιμονεστερους ύμας θεωρω. 23 διερworshippers of demons you I perceive; passκαι αναθεωρων τα σεβασματα γαρ and beholding the objects of worship ύμων, εύρον και βωμον, εν 'φ επεγεγραπτοof you, I found also an altar, in which had been written; 'Ον ουν αγνοουντες ευσεβειτε, Αγνωστω θεω. To an unknown God. Whom therefore not knowing you worship, 24 'Ο θεος δ τουτον εγω, καταγγελλω ύμιν... this announce to you. The God that ποιησας τον κοσμον και παντα τα εν αυτώ,

17 He reasoned therefore in the SYNAGOGUE with the JEWS, and with the PIOUS persons; and in the MARKET every Day with THOSE he happened to MEET.

18 But some of the EPI-CUBEAN and * STOIC PHILOSOPHERS encountered him. And some said, "What does this † BABBLER wish to say ?" And OTHERS, "He seems to be a Proclaimer of Strange Demons;" Because he announced glad tidings concerning Jesus and the RESURRECTION.

19 And laying hold of him, they led him to the † AREOPAGUS, saying, "Can we know what This NEW Doctrine is, which is spoken by thee?

20 For thou bringest certain strange things to our EARS; we desire, therefore, to know what these things mean."

21 Now all the Athenians, and the RESIDENT STRANGERS among them, spent their time in nothing else but to tell and hear something new.

22 And PAUL standing in the midstof the Areopagus, said, "Athemans, I perceive that in all things you are textremely devoted to the worship of Demons.

23 For as I passed through, and beheld the OBJECTS of your worship, I found also an Altar on which was an inscription, 'To an Unknown God.' * What therefore you worship without knowing, This I announce to you.

24 That ‡ God who made the WORLD and All THINGS in it, he being

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. Stoics.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. Stoics.

18. to them—omit.

23. What therefore you worship without knowing:

^{† 18.} Literally, a seed-picker, a name given to crows, etc., and applied to a person who picks up scraps of knowledge, which he imparts to others without sense or purpose, and upon any and every occasion.—Oven. † 19. The supreme court of Athens. † 22. Or, more religiously inclined than others.

^{1 24.} Acts xiv. 15.

ούτος συρανου και γης κυριος ύπαρχων, ουκ ! Lord of Heaven and ofheaven and earth Lord being, not $\epsilon \nu$ χειροποιητοις ναοιοις κατοικει, 25 ουδε ύπο dwells, hand-made temples nor γειρων ανθρωπων θεραπευεται, προσδεομενος of men is served, wanting τιν ες, αυτος διδους πασι ζωην και πνοην και giving to all life and breath παντα· 26 εποιησε τε εξ ένος * [αίματος] the things all, made andout of one [blood] παν εθνος ανθρωπων κατοικειν επι παν το προon all the every nation of men to dwell face σωπον της γης, δρισας προστεταγμένους καιof the earth, having fixed having been appointed sea-

ρους και τας δροθεσιας της κατοικιας αυτων. and the fixed limits of the habitation of them; 27 $\zeta\eta\tau\epsilon\iota\nu$ au και εύρυιεν, καιτοιγε ου μακραν απο ένος έκασfar and might fied, and indeed not fair from one each του ήμων ὑπαρχοντα. 28 Εν αυτφ γαρ ζωμεν being. of us ln him for

και κινουμεθα και εσμεν· ώς και τινες των καθ' are moved and we are; as also some of those with Tov γαρ και γενος Of the for also offspring ύμας ποιητων ειρηκασι. poeta have said; 29 Γενος ουν ύπαρχοντες also offspring you εσμεν. θεου, TOU Offspring therefore being of the God. ουκ οφειλομεν νομιζειν, χρυσφ η αργυρφ η not we are bound to suppose, gold or λιθω, χαραγματι τεχνης και ενθυμησεως ανθρω-Mone, a sculpture ofart and device of man, 30 Tous HEV που, το θειον ειναι δμοιον. ουν

Deity to be like. The indeed therefore χρονους της αγνοιας ύπεριδων δ θεος, τανυν times of the ignorance overlooking the God, παραγγελλει τοις ανθρωποις πασι πανταχου

he commands tothe in all places μετανυειν· ³¹ διοτι εστησεν ημεραν, εν 'η to reform, because he established a day, in which μελλει κρινειν την οικουμενην εν δικαιοσυνη, he is about to judge the habitable in righteousness, εν ανδρι 'ψ ώρισε, πιστιν παρασχων πασιν, by a man whom he appointed, aguarantee having furnished to all, αναστησας αυτον εκ νεκρων..... 32 Aκουσανhim out of dead ones. Having heard

τες δε αναστασιν νεκρων, οί μεν εχλευαζον. and a resurrection of dead ones, these indeed mocked;

οί δε ειπον. Ακουσομεθα σου παλιν περι του-We will hear those but said; thee again about

Earth, # dwells not in Temples made with hands:

25 nor is he served by the HANDS of MEN, Tas needing anything; the having given to all Life, and Breath, and all things;

26 and made from One, Every Nation of Men to dwell on * the Whole Face of the EARTH; having determined the appointed Seasons, and the FIXED LIMITS of their HABITA-TION ;

27 tto seek God, if perhaps they might feel after and find him; ‡ and in-deed he is not far from

every one of us; 28 for in him we live, and move, and exist; as even some of † Your own Poets have said, 'For also we HIS Offspring are.'

29 Being, therefore, the Offspring of God, twe ought not to imagine a Gold or Silver or Stone Sculpture,-a work of Art and human Skill,-to be hke the DEITY.

30 Therefore, indeed, overlooking the TIMES of IGNORANCE, GOD I now commands all MEN, in

every place, to reform;
31 because he has established a DAY I in which he is about to judge the HABITABLE IN Righteousness, by a Man whom he has appointed, having furnished a Proof to all by traising him from the Dead."

32 And when they heard of the Resurrection of the Dead, some derided, but OTHERS said, "We will hear thee *again about this.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. Blood-omit. again.

^{26.} The Whole Face of.

^{32.} also

^{† 23.} The Phanomena of Aratus, and Cleanthes' Hymn to Jupiter, contain this quotation. Aratus was a Cilician, one of Paul's countrymen, with whose writings Paul was probably well acquainted.

^{† 24.} Matt. xl. 25. † 24. Acts vil. 48. † 25. Psa. 1. 8. † 25. Gen. ii. 7; Num. xvi. 22; Job xil. 10; xxvii. 3, xxxiii. 4; Isa. xlii. 5; lvii. 10; Zech. xii. 1. † 26. Deut. xxxii. 8. † 27. Rom. i. 20. † 27. Acts xiv. 17. † 29. Isa. xl. 18. † 30. Acts xiv. 10; Rom. ii. 25. † 30. Luke xxvi. 47; Titus ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. 4. Isi. 19. † 31. Acts x. 42; Rom. ii. 16; xiv. 14. † 31. Acts ii. 24.

του. 33 Και ούτως δ Παυλος εξηλθεν εκ μεσου And thus the Paul wentout from midst αυτων.

of them. 34 Tives δε ανδρες κολληθεντες αυτώ, επίσ-Some but men having associated with him, beτευσαν εν οίς και Διονυσιος δ Αρεοπαγιτης, the lieved; among whom also Dionysius Areopagite, έτεροι συν και γυνη ονοματι Δαμαρις, και and awoman hyname Damaris, and others with КЕФ. ιη'. 18. Μετα δε ταυτα αυτοις. and these things After χωρισθεις ὁ Παυλος εκ των Αθηνων, ηλθεν εις having withdrawn the Paul from the Athens, came into Κορινθον. ² Και εύρων τινα Ιουδαίον ονοματι And having found a certain Jew by name

Akulay, Ποντικον τω γενει, προσφατως εληλυAquia, Pontus by the race, recently having
θοτα απο της Ιταλιας, και Πρισκιλλαν γυναικα
come from the Italy, and Prizella wife
αυτου, (δια το διατεταχεναι Κλαυδιον χωριof him, (because the to have commanded Claudius to with- ξ εσθαι παντας τους Ιουδαιους εκ της 'Ρωμης,)
draw all the Jews from the Rome,)
προσηλθεν αυτοις' 3 και δια το δμοτεχνον
he went to them; and because the same trade

ειναι, εμενε παρ' αυτοις και ειργαζετο ησαν to be, he remained with them; and worked, they were γαρ σκηνοποιοι την τεχνην. 4 Διελεγετο δε εν for tent-makers the trade. He reasoned and in τη συναγωγη κατα παν σαββατον, επειθε τε the synagogue during every sabbath, persuaded and 10υδαιους και Έλληνας.

Jews and Greeks. When but came down

ato the Macedonia the, both Silas and the Timothy, sourcestant to the word the Paul, carnestly testifying to the Jews the Anointed Jesus. Resisting source was confined to the word the Paul, carnestly testifying to the Jews the Anointed Jesus. Resisting sourceway $\delta \epsilon$ autaw kai $\beta \lambda a \sigma \phi \eta \mu o v \tau \omega v$, $\epsilon \kappa \tau \iota v \alpha \tau \omega v$

ματι Ιουστου, σεβομενου τον θεον, ού ή οικια name Justus, worshipping the God, of whom the bouse ην συνομορουσα τη συναγωγη. 8 Κρισπος δε ό was adjoining to the synagogue. Crispus but the αρχισυναγωγος επιστευσε τω κυριω συν όλω

synagogue-ruler believed in the Lord with whole τω οικω αύτου και πολλοι των Κορινθων ακουthe house of himself, and many of the Corinthians bear-

33 And thus Paul went out from the midst of them.

34 But Some Men adhering to him, believed; among whom were Dionysus the *Arcopagite, and a Woman named Demaris, and others with them

CHAPTER XVIII.

1 And after these things * PAUL withdrawing from ATHENS, came to Corintn;

2 and having found a Certain Jew named ‡Aquila, a native of Pontus, recently come from ITALY, and his wife Priscilla, (because * Claudius had COMMANDED All JEWS to withdraw from ROME,) he went to them.

S And because he was of the same trade, he remained with them, 1 and * labored; for they were Tent makers by trade.

4 ‡ And he reasoned in the SYNAGOGUE Every Sabbath, and persuaded Jews and Greeks.

5 ‡ And when SILAS and TIMOTHY came from MACEDONIA, PAUL was confined to the word, earnestly testifying to the JEWS the ANOINTED Jesus.

6 ‡ But when they resisted and blasphemed, shaking his CLOTHES, he said to them, "Your blood be upon your head! # am pure; from this TIME I will go to the GENTILES."

7 And having removed thence he went into the House of one named Justus, a worshipper of God, Whose house was adjoining the synagogue.

8 And † Crispus, the RULER of the SYNAGOGUE, believed 12 the LORD, with All his ucuse; and many of the Corinthians hear

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—34. Areopagite.
 were commanded to withdraw from Rome.

^{1 2.} Rom. xvi. 3; 1 Cor. xvi. 19; 2 Tim. iv. 19. Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. Acts xiil. 45, 46; xxviii. 28, 28 4 Cor. 1. 14.

^{1.} he departed from. 2. All Jews 3. they labored.

^{1 3.} Acts xx. 34; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 5. Acts xvii. 14. 15. 1 6.

οντες εσιστευον, και εβαπτιζοντο 9 ειπε δε δ ing, believed, and were dipped; and the mersed. κυριος δι δραματος εν νυκτι τφ Παυλφ Μη 9 ‡ And the Lord said Lord through a vision by night to the Paul; Not φοβου, αλλα λαλει και μη σιωπησης. 10 διοτι Not fear, but speak and no be silent; because εγω ειμι μετα σου, και υυδεις επιθησέται σοι I am with thee, and no one shall attack tilee του κακωσαι σε· διοτι λαυς εστι μοι πολυς εν of the to hurt thee; because people is for me much τη πολει ταυτη. ¹¹ Εκαθισε τε ενιαυτον και the city this. He continued and a year and μηνας έξ, διδασκων εν αυτοις τον λυγον του months six, teaching among them the word of the $\theta \epsilon \alpha \nu$. God.

12 Γαλλιωνος δε ανθυπατευοντες της Αχαιας, Gallio and being proconsul of the Achaia, κατεπεστησαν δμοθυμαδον εί Ιουδαιοι τω Παυrushed with one mind the Jewe to the Paul, λφ, και ηγαγον αυτον επί το βημα, 13 λεγοντες·
and led him to the tribunal, saying; Ότι παρα τον νομον ούτος αναπειθεί τους That from the law this persuades the 14 Mealertos Being about ανθρωπους σεβεσθα: τον θεου. men to worship the God. δε του Παυλου ανοιγείν το στομα, ειπεν δ but the Paul to open the mouth, said the Γαλλιων πρυς τους Ιυυδαιους. Ει μεν ουν Gailto to the Jews; If indeed therefore it was αδικημα τι, η βαδιουργημα πονηρο: , ω Ισυinjustice any, or reckless evil O Jews, δαιοι, κατα λογον αν ηνεσχομην ύμων. 15 ει according to reason I would hear with you, 11 δε ζη, ημα εστι περι λογου και ονοματων και but a question it is about a word and names νομου του καθ' ύμας, οψεσθε αυτο: κριτης or a law of that with you, you will see yourselves; a judge $*[\gamma a \rho]$ εγω τουτων ου βουλομα ειναι. 16 Και [tur] 1 οι these not choose to be. Απα απηλασεν αυτους απο του βηματος. 17 Επίλαhe drove them from the tribunal. Having Boulevol δε παντες *[pi Eλληνες] Σωτθενην taken hold and all [th Greeks] of Southeness tov apxisouraywyov, etuptov emproshev too the aynagogue-ruler, they strick before the βηματος και ουδεν τουτών τφ Γαλλιών: εμεtribunal. and nothing of these the Gallio cared. 18 'Ο δε Παυλος ετι προιμεινας ήμερας The and Paul yet having remained days ίκανας, τοις αδελφοις αποταξαμένος, εξεπλει many, to the hrethren having bul farewell, unifed out εις την Συριαν, και συν αυτφ Πρισκιλλα και into the Syria, and with him Princilla and Ακυλας, κειραμεύος την κεφαλην εν Κεγχρεαίς. Aquila, having shaved the head in Cenchrea;

9 ‡ And the LORD said to PAUL, in a Vision by Night, "Fear not, but speak, and be not silent;

10 I for I am with thee : and no one shall attack ince, to nurr thee; for there are many People for me in this city.

11 And he remained there a Year and six Months, teaching among them the WORD of GOD.

12 But when Gallio was Proconsul of ACHAIA, the Jews with one mind PAUL, assaulted brought him to the TRIBU-NAL,

13 saying, "This man persuades MEN to worship God contrary to the

14 And PAUL being about to SPEAK, GALLIO said to the Jews, ‡"If indeed it was an act of Injustice or reckless Evil, O Jews! according to Reason I would bear with

15 but if it be a Question concerning Doctrine, and Names, and THAT Law which is among you, see nou to it, for I will not be a Judge of these things."

16 And he drov them from the TRIBUNAL.

17 And they All took Sosthenes, the RULER of he synagoguz, and beat him before the TRIBUNAL. But Gallio cared for none of these things.

18 And PAUL having remained yet many Days, bidding farewell to the BRETHREN, sailed thence for Syria, in company with Priscilla and Aquila; thaving shaved his HEAD in ! Cenchrea, for he had a Vow.

19 And he came

ειχε γαρ ευχην.

he had for a vow.

13 Κατηντησε δε εις Εφεσον,

He came and to Ephesus,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT -15. for-omit. 17. the GREEKE-omit.

^{† 0.} Acts xxiii. 11. † 10. Jer. i. 18, 20; Matt. xxviii. 20, v. 11, 10. † 17. 1 Cor. i. 1. 1 18. Num. vi. 12; Acts xzi. 24. 2 14. Acts Txiii. 20; 1 18. Rom. xv:. 1

Kakelvous

of the Lord:

εξιδασκεν

taught

κατελιπεν αυτου αυτος δε εισελ-

hut having enhe left there. he $\theta \omega \nu \in is$ THY σννς:γωγην, διελεχθη TOIS tered into the synagogue, reasoned with the ²⁰ Ερωτωντων δε αυτων επι πλειονα Ιουδαισις. Asking and them for χρονον μειναι *[παρ' αυτοις,] ουκ επενευσεν. a tune to remain [with them,] not he consented; 21 $\alpha\lambda\lambda'$ $\alpha\pi\epsilon\tau\alpha\xi\alpha\tau\sigma$ $*[\alpha\upsilon\tau\sigma\iota\varsigma,]$ $\epsilon\iota\pi\omega\nu^{\bullet}$ $*[\Delta\epsilon\iota$ $\mu\epsilon$ but be hade farewell [to them,] saving; [It behoves me παντως την έορτην την ερχομενην ποιησαι εις feast that into coming to keep by all meane the *[δε] ανακαμψω προς Ίεροσολυμα•] παλιν Jerusalem ;] but I will return again *[Και] ανηχθη απο υμας, του θεου θελοντος. you, the God [And] he sailed from willing. της Εφεσου. 22 και κατελθων εις Καισαρειαν, and having gone down to Cesarea, Ephesus, εκκλησιαν, ασπασαμενος avaßas, kai τηυ having gone up, and having saluted th: congregation, 23 Και ποιησας χρονον κατεβη εις Αντιοχειαν. And haring spent he went down to Antioch. τινα, εξηλθε, διερχομενος καθεξης, την Γαλαsome, he went out, passing through in order Galaτικην χωραν και Φρυγιαν, επιστηριζων παντας Phrygia, establishing country and 24 Ιουδαιος δε τις Απολλως μαθητας. TOUS A Jew and certain Apollos ονοματι, Αλεξανδρευς τω γενει, απηρ λογιος, by name, an Alexandrian by the hirth, sman eloquent, κατηντησεν εις Εφεσον δυνατος ων εν ταις powerlu: being in came to Ephesus the ²⁵ Ούτος ην κατηχημένος την δδον γραφαις. This was having been instructed the writings. του κυριου και ζεων το πνευματι, ελαλει και

επισταμενος μονον το βαπτισμα being acquainted with only the dipping Ιωαννου. of John ²⁶ Ούτος τε ηρξατο παρβησιαζέσθαι εν τη συνα-This and began to speak boldly in the syna-Ακουσαντες δε Ακυλας αυτου και and of hira Having heard Aquila and gogue. Πρισκιλλα, προσελαβουτο αυτου, και ακριβεσ-

and heing fervent in the spirit,

ακριβως τα περί του

accurately the things concerning the

took Priscilla, bim, and mere accuτερον αυτώ εξεθεντο την του θεου όδον. 27 Bovrately to him explained the of the God way. Wishλομενου δε αυτου διελθειν εις την Αχαιαν, προand of him to pass through into the Achaia, havτρε ψαμενοι οί αδελφοι εγραψαν τοις μαθηταις ing exhorted the brethien they wrote to the disciples αποδεξασθαι αυτον ός παραγενομενος, συνε-

to receive him, who having arrived, he βαλετο πολυ τοις πεπιστευκοσι δια της χαριbelped much those having believed through the grace.

Ephesus, and left them there; as he entered into the SYNAGOGUE, and reasoned with the Jews.

20 And when they requested him to remain a longer Time, he did not consent;

21 but bade them farewell, saying, "I will return to you again, ‡GoD willing." And he sailed from EPHESUS;

22 and coming down to Cesarca, and going up, and saluting the CONGREGA-TION, he went down to Autoch.

23 And having spent some Time there, he de parted; going through the COUNTRY of ‡ GALATIA and Phrygna, in order, ‡ establishing All the Disciples.

24 † And a certain Jew named Apollos, a Native of Alexandria, an eloquest Man, being powerful in the SCRIPTURES, came to Ephesus.

25 This person was being instructed in the Wax of the Lord, and being fervent in spirit, he spoke and *also taughtaccurately the Things * concerning Jesus, ‡ being acquainted only with the immersion of John.

bespoke and

κυριου,

Lord.

26 And he began to speak boldly in the SYNAGOGUE. And *Aquila and Priscilla explained to him more accurately the WAY of GOD.

27 And when he was wishing to pass over inte Achaia, the Brethren wrote exhorting the discreples to receive him; who, having arrived, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ he greatly assisted THOSE BELIEVERS, by his GIFT;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. with them—omit. behoves me to keep the coming feast in Jerusalem—omit.

-omit. 25. also taught. 25. concerning Jesus.

^{21.} to them—omit. 21. It 21. but—omit. 21. And 26. Priscilla and Aquila.

t 21. 1 Cor. iv. 19; Heb. vi. 3; James iv. 15. t 23. Gal. i. 2; iv. 14. xiv. 22, xv. 32, 41. t 24. 1 Cor. i. 12; iii. 5, 6; iv. 6; Titus iit. 13. xix. 3. t 27. 1 Cor. iii. %

τος. 28 Ευτονως γαρ τοις Ιουδαίοις διακατηStrenuously for with the Jews he was discuss λεγχετο δημοσία, επιδεικνυς δια των γραφων, sing publicly, proving by the writings,

ειναι τον Χριστον Ιησουν. to be the Anointed Jesus.

КЕФ. 16'. 19.

 $\epsilon i \nu \alpha i \epsilon \nu$ to be Κορινθφ, Παυλον διελθοντα τα ανωτερικα μερη, Paul having passed through the upper ελθειν εις Εφεσον. Και εύρων τινας μαθητας, to come to Ephesus. And having found some disciples, ² ειπε προς αυτους. Ει πνευμα άγιον ελαβετε them; he said to If a spirit holy you received πιστευσαντες ; Οί δε ειπον προς αυτον· Αλλ' They and saul to 3 Ειπε ουδε ει πνευμα άγιον εστιν, ηκουσαμεν. not even if a spirit holy is, we have heard, $\tau \epsilon * [\pi \rho o s \ a \upsilon \tau o \upsilon s \cdot]$ Eis $\tau \iota \ o \upsilon \upsilon \varepsilon \beta a \pi \tau \iota \sigma \theta \eta \tau \varepsilon :$ [10 them,] Intowhat then were you dipped? Οἱ δε ειπον. Εις το Ιωαννου βαπτισμα. 4 E $\iota \pi \epsilon$ They and said, Into the of John dipping. Said δε Παυλος. Ιωαννής εβαπτίσε βαπτίσμα μετα-John dipped a dipping of reforνοιας, τω λαω λεγων, εις τον ερχομενον μετ' mation, to the people saying, into him coming after αυτον ίνα πιστευσωσι' τουτ' εστιν, εις τον him that they should believe. that into the is. Ιπσουν. 5 Ακουσαντές δε εβαπτισθησαν εις το Having heard and they were dipped into the ονομα του κυριου Ιησου. 6 Και επιθεντος Lord Jesus. And having placed name of the αυτοις του Παυλου τας χειρας, ηλθε το πνευμα to them the Paul the hands, came the spirit το άγιον επ' αυτους, ελαλουν τε γλωσσαις και the holy upon them, they spoke and with tongues and προεφητευον. Ι Πσαν δε οι παντες ανδρες ώσει prophesied. Were and the all men *Ε:σελθων δε εις την συναγωγην, Having entered and into the synagngue, επαρβησιαζετο, επι μηνας τρεις διαλεγομενος he spoke freely, for months three και πειθων *[τα] περι της βασιλειας του and persuading [the things] concerning the kingdom of the 9'Ως δε τινές επκληρυνοντο και ηπει-When and some God. were hardened and dishe. θουν, κακολογουντές την όδον ενωπιον του speaking evil of the way in presence of the

28 for he strenuously discussed with the Jaws in public, ‡ proving by the SCRIPTURES that Jesus is the Messian.

CHAPTER XIX.

I And it happened, while ‡ APOLLOS was in Corinth, Paul, having passed through the UPPER Parts, came to *Ephesus; and having found Some Discinles.

2 he said to them, "Have you received the holy Spirit since you believed?" And THEY said to him, ‡ "We have not even heard whether there be any holy Spirit."

- 3 And he said, "Into what then were you immersed?" And THEY said, † "Into JOHN'S IMMERSION?"
- 4 And Paul said, t "John administered the Immersion of Reformation, saying to the PEOPLE, that they should believe into HIM that was COMING after him, that is, into Jesus."
- 5 And having heard this, they were immersed \$\(\pm\) the NAME of the Lonn Jesus.
- 6 And Paul † putting his * Hands on them, the Holy spitif came on them, and † they spoke with Tongues and prophesied.
- 7 And ALL the Men were about twelve.
- 8 And having entered the synagogue, he spoke holdly for three Months, reasoning and persuading about the kingdom of God.
- 9 But when some were hardened, and disbeheved, speaking evil of the wax

Vatican Manuscritt.-1. Ephesus, and found Certain Disciples; and he said to them.
 to them-omit.
 Hands.
 the things-omit.

 ^{† 28.} Acts ix. 22; xvii. 3; yer. 5.
 ‡ 1. 1 Cor. 1. 12; iii. 5, 6.
 ‡ 2. Acts viii. 16.

 † 3. Acts xviii. 25.
 † 4. Matt. iii. 11, John i. 15, 27, 20; Acts i, 5; xi. 16, xvii. 24, 25.

 † 5. Acts vii. 16.
 † 6. Acts vi. 6, viii. 17.
 † 6. Acts ii. 4; x. 46.
 † 8. Acts ii. 3, xxvii. 23.

πληθους, αποστας απ' multitude, having departed from αυτων, αφωρισε τους them, he separated the καθ' ἡμεραν διαλεγομενος $\tau \eta$ μαθητας, $\epsilon \nu$ every day reasoning in the disciples, 10 Τουτο δε εγενετο σχολη Τυραννου *[τινος.] was done This and school of Tyrannus [one.] επι ετη δυο, ώστε παντας τους κατοικουντες all the so that την Ασιαν ακουσαι τον λογον του κυριου, Ιουword of the Lord, Asia to hear the 11 Δυναμεις τε ου τας δαιους τε και Έλληνας. Miracles and not the Greeks. Sia rwv b €eos. χειρων τυχουσας €TTOLEL hands did the God through the common ones $12 \ \omega \sigma \tau \epsilon \ \kappa \alpha \iota \ \epsilon \pi \iota$ ασθενουντας TOUS Παυλου. those being sick of Paul: so that even to επιφερεσθαι απο του χρωτος αυτου σουδαρια η skin napkins or to be brought from the of him σιμικινθια, και απαλλασσεσθη απ' αυτων τας them the and to be set free from νοτους, τα τε πνευματα 'τα πονηρα εκπορευεσ-diseases, the and spirits the evil to be cast $\theta \alpha \iota$

13 Επεχειρησαν δε τινές απο των περιέρχο. Took in hand and some from of those μενων Ιουδαιων εξορκιστων οναμα(ειν επι τους exorcists to name those Jews εχοντας τα πνευματα τα πονηρα το ονομα του the evil the name ofthe spirits having the 'Ορκιζω λεγοντες. ύμας τον Ιησου, KUDLOU I adjure you the Jesus, saying; 14 Hσαν δε δν δ Παυλος κηρυσσει. Ιησουν, preaches. Were and whom the Paul Jesus, τινες υίοι Σκευα Ιουδαιου αρχιερεως επτα, οί a high-priest seven, who some sons of Sceva a Jew 15 Αποκριθέν δε το πνευματο τουτο ποιουντες. spirit the were doing. Answering and the πονηρον ειπε. Τον Ιησουν γινωσκω, και τον I know, and Jesus said; The evil Παυλον επισταμαι· ύμεις δε τινες εστε; 16 και Paul I am acquainted with; you but who εφαλλομενος επ' αυτους δ ανθρωπος, εν 'ω ην nian, in which was them the on leaping κατακυριευσας πονηρον, Kal τo πνευμα TO having overcome and evil, the the αυτων, ισχυσε κατ' αυτων, ώστε κυμνους και naked and so that prevailed against them, OLKOU τετραυματισμενους εκφυγειν $\epsilon \kappa$ TOU to have fled out of the house having been wounded 17 Τουτο δε εγενετο γνωστον πασιν EKELVOU. to all known This and became that. Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι τοις κατοικουσι την Greeks dwelling the both and those Εφεσον και επεπεσε φοβος επι παντας αυτους, them. and Ephesus,

before the PEOPLE, having departed from them, he separated the DISCIPLES, reasoning daily in the SCHOOL of Tyrannus.

10 ‡ And this was done for two Years, so that All the inhabitants of Asia, heard the word of the Lord, both Jews and Greeks.

11 And ‡ God performed EXTRAORDINARY Miracles by the HANDS of Paul;

12 tso that Napkins or Aprons were bronght from him to the sick, and the diseases departed from them, and the evil spirits were cast out.

13 ‡ And some of the TRAVELING Jewish exorcists ‡ undertook to name the Name of the Lord Jesus over those having evil spirits, saying, "I adjure you by Jesus whom Paul preaches."

14 And there were some *Seven Sons of One Seeva, a Jewish High-priest, who did so.

15 But the EVIL SPIRIT answering, *said to them, "Jesus indeed I know, and Paul I know, but who are you?"

16 And the MAN in whom the EVIL SPIRIT was leaped on them, and having overcome * them, prevalled against them, so that they fled out of that HOUSE naked and wounded.

17 And this became known to ALL, both Jews and GREEKS, dwelling in Ephesus; ‡ and fear fell

15.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 0. one - omit. said to them, Jesus indeed I know, and.

^{14.} Seven Sons of One Sceva. 16. them both, and prevailed.

^{† 10.} Acts xx. 31. † 11 Mark xvi. 20; Acts xiv. 3. † 12. Acts v. 15; See 2 Kings iv. 29. † 13. Matt. xii. 27. † 13. See Matt. ix. 38; Luke ix. 49. † 17. Luke i. 65; vii. 18; Acts ii. 43; v. 5, 11.

και εμεγαλυνετο το ονομα του κυριου Ιησου. name of the and was magnified the Lord Jesus. 18 Πολλοι τε των πεπιστευκοτων ηρχοντο cEo-

Many and of those having believed cama couπραξεις μολογουμενοι και αναγγελλοντες τας deed. and declaring the 19 Ίκανοι δε των τα περιεργα τραξαν-CITWV. Many and of those the magical arts of them. practisτων, συνενεγκαντες τας βιβλους, κατεκαίον <math>together the books, buried ενωπιον παντων και συνεψηφισαν τας τιμας prices in presence of all; and they computed the αυτων, και εύρον αργυριου μυριαδας $\pi \in \nu \tau \in .$ and found pieces of siver myriads of them. 20 Ούτω κατα κρατος δ λογος του κυριου

Thus according to power the word of the Lord ηνξανε και ισχυεν. 21 'Ως δε επληρωθη ταυτα. When and was fulfilled these things, grew and prevailed. διελθων δ Παυλος εν τω πνευματι, was disposed the l'and in the spirit, having passed through την Μακεδονιαν και Αχαιαν, πορευεσθαι εις the Macedonia and Achaia, to go Ίερουσαλημ, ειπων 'Ότι μετα το γενεσθαι με saying; That after the to be come Jerusalem,

22 Αποστειλας δει με και 'Ρωμην ιδειν. EKEL, there, it behoves me also Rome to see. Having seut

δε εις την Μακεδονιαν δυο των διακουουυτων and into the Macedonia two of those munistering Τιμοθέον και Εραστον, αυτος επεσχεΤίμοτης and Erastus, he remained αυτφ, to him, remained

23 Εγενετο δε κατα τον χρονον εις την Ασιαν. time in the Asta. It happened and during the

καιρον εκεινον ταραχος ουκ ολιγος περι της small concerning the that atumuit not δSov.

way.

24 Δημητριος γαρ τις ονοματι, αργυροκοπος, Demetrius for a certain by name, a silversmith,

ποιων ναους *[αργυρους] Αρτεμιδος, παρειχετο making temples for Diana, [of milver] 25 O ús τοις τεχνιταις εργασιαν ουκ ολιγην. a little. Whom to the workmen gain not συναθροισας, και τους περι τα τοιαυτα εργαhaving brought together, and those about the such like work. τ as, $\epsilon \iota \pi \epsilon \nu$ Av $\delta \rho \epsilon s$, $\epsilon \pi \iota \sigma \tau a \sigma \theta \epsilon$, $\delta \tau \iota \epsilon \kappa$ Tauthat out of this faen. said; Men, you know, της της εργασιας $\hat{\eta}$ ευπορια $\hat{\eta}$ μων εστι· 26 και the wealth of us is, and

θεωρειτε και ακουετε, ότι ου μονον Εφεσου, you see you hear, that not only of Ephesus,

on them all, and the NAME of the Lord Jesus was magnified.

18 And MANY of those who BELIEVED, came, confessing and declaring

their DEEDS. 19 And many of THOSE

PRACTISING MAGICAL ARTS, having brought together their BOOKS, burnt them before all; and they computed the value of them, and found it to be fifty thousand pieces of Silver.

20 Thus the WORD of * the Lord powerfully in. creased and prevailed.

21 #And when these things were accomplished, PAUL was disposed by the SPIRIT, having passed through Macedonia and Achara, to go to Jerusalem, saying, "After I have BEEN there, \$1 must also see Rome."

22 And having sent two of THOSE who MINISTERED to him, Timothy and Erastus, into Macedonia, he remained for a Time in Asia.

23 And ‡ there occurred. during that PERIOD, no small Tumult concerning I that WAY.

24 For a certain man, named Demetrius, a Sil versmith, making † silver Temples of Diana afforded t no * Small Gain to the WORKMEN.

25 whom he having assembled, with Those employed about the LIKE BUsiness, said, "Men, yor know That from This WORK is our WEALTH:

26 and you see and hear, That not only at Ephesus

and

^{24.} silver-omit. 24. Small Gain. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. the LORD.

^{+ 24.} Portable representations of this temple, which were bought by strangers as matters of curiosity, and probably of devotion. The temple of Diana was raised at the expense of all Asia Minor, and yet was 229 years in building, before it was brought to its sum of perfection. It was in length 425 feet, by 228 in breadth, and was beautified by 127 columns, which were made at the expense of so many kings; and was adorned with the most beautiful status — Clark. lul statues .- Clarke.

^{† 21.} Acts xx. 22. † 21. Acts xviii, 21; xxiii, 5 † 23. 2 Cor. i. 8. † 23. Se Acts ix. 2 1 21. Acts xviii. 21; xxili. 11. Rom. xv. 24-28. 1 34. Acts xvi. 18, 19.

αλλα σχεδον πασης της Ασιας δ Παυλος ούτυς but almost all the Asia the Paul this είσας μετεστησεν ίκανον οχλον, λεγων, άτι ουκ εισι θεοι οί δια χειρων γινομενοι. 27 Ου but not are gods those by hands being made. μονον δε τουτο κινδυνευει ήμιν το μερος εις indancer to us the craft into only and this μπελεγμον ελθειν αλλα και το της μεγαλης contempt to come; but also that the great Pras Αρτεμίδος ίερον εις ουδεν λογισθηναι, temple into nothing to be despised, Diana μιλλείν τε και καθαιρείσθαι την μεγαλείστητα to be about and also to be destroyed the magnificence αυτης, ήν όλη ή Ασια και ή οικουμενη σεβεται. other, which whole the Asia and the habitable worships. 25 Ακουσαντες δε, και γενομενοι πληρεις θυμου,

Having heard and, and having become toll of wrath, εκραζον, λεγοντες. Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις Εφεσιών. they cried out, saying; Great the Diana 19 Και επλησθη ή πολις * [όλη] της συννυσεως. [whols] the contusion; And was filled the city

ώρμησαν τε δμοθυμαδον εις το θεατρον, συναρthey rushed and with one mind into the theatre,

πασαντες Γαιον και Αρισταρχον Μακεδονας, seized ' Gaius and Aristarchus Macedonians, 30 Του δε Παυλου βουσυνεκδημους Παυλου. The and ot Paul. Paul fellow-travelers λομενου εισελθειν εις τον δημον, ουκ ειων to enter into the assembly of the people, not suffered 31 Τινες δε και των Ασιαραυτον οί μαθηται. him the disciples. Some and even of the rulers of γων οντες αυτφ φιλοι, πεμψαντες προς αυτον, Asia being to him friends, having sent παρεκαλουν μη δουνωι ξαυτον εις το θεατρον.
besought not to venture himself into the theatre.

32 Αλλοι μεν ουν αλιώ τι εκραζών ην γαρ ή Some indeed therefore some thing στω; was for the

εκκλησια συγκεχυμενη, και εί πλειους ουκ having been confused, and the assembly greater ηδεισαν, τινος ένεκεν συνεληλυθεισαν. for what purpose they were come together. δε του οχλου προεβιβασαν Αλεξανδρον, προcrowd they pushed forward Alexander, thrustβαλοντων αυτον των Ιουδαιων δ δε Αλεξανthe and ing forward him the Jews; 4lexanδρος κατασεισας την χειρά, ηθελεν απολογεισ-

der having waved the Land, wished to defend himself 34 Επιγνοντες δε ότι louθαι τω δημφ. in the assembly of the people. Knowing

but almost All Asia, this PAUL has persuaded and turned aside Many People, saying, That I THEY are not Gods which are MADE by Hands.

27 And not only This WORK of ours is in danger of being brought into contempt, but also that the TEMPLE of the GREAT Goddess Diana should be despised, and her GRAN-DEUR destroyed, whom All ASIA and the HABITA. BLE worships."

28 And having hear' this, they were full f Wrath, and cried out, saying, "Great is the DIANA of the Ephesians."

29 And the CITY was filled with Confusion; and having seized # Gaius and t Aristarchus, Macedomans, Paul's Fellow-travelers, they rushed with one mind into the THEA-

30 And * PAUL desiring to enter the THEATRE, the DISCIPLES did not permit

31 And some even of the t Asiarchis, who were his Friends, sent to him, advising him not to venture into the THEATRE.

32 Some therefore cried one thing, and some another; for the ASSEMBLY was confused, and the GREATER part did not know why they were come together.

33 And they pushed Alexander out of the CROWD, the JEWS thrusting him forward. And ‡ ALEXANDER ‡ having waved the HAND wished t. defend himself in the As-SEMBLY OF THE PEOPLE.

34 But knowing that he

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 29. Whole-omit. 30. Paul.

^{† 31.} These persons presided over religious observances and the public games. They were ten in number, chosen by the cities from persons of wealth and influence, and approved to the proconsul. One of them styled the chief Asiarch resided at Ephesus; the others were his associates and advisers.

^{1 16.} Isa. czv. 4; Isa. xliv. 10-20; Jer. x. 3. A. 15 xx. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10, Philemon 24. 1 53. Acta xii 17.

^{1 29.} Rom. xvi. 22; 1 Cor. J. 14. 1 20. 1 33 1 Lim. 1, 20, 2 Tim. 1v. 14

δαιος εστι, φωνη εγενετο μια εκ παντων, ως was a Jew, one Voice came one from all, about from all for about two επι ωρας δυο κραζοντων Μεγαλη ή Αρτεμις illurs, crying, "Great is the Diana the Diana of the * Ephermann and the Diana and the manner and the Diana and th Εφεσιων. 35 Κατωστειλας δε δ γραμματευς τον of Ephesians. Horng stilled and the scribe the οχλον, όησιν Ανδρες Εφεσιοι, τις γαρ εστιν αλλρωπος, δε ου γινωσκει την Εφεσιων πολιν knows the Ephesians who not νεωκορον ουσαν της μεγαλης Αρτεμίδος και temple-keeper being of the Diana great του Διοπετους: 33 Αναντιρόητων ουν οντων Cannot be denied therefore being of that fallen from Ju; iter? τουτων, δεον εστιν ύμας κατεσταλμενους tuese things, necessary you having been quiet itis μηδεν προπετες πραττειν. ύπαρχειν, και nothing to be, and rashly 37 Hyayete yap tous avopas toutous, OUTE neither ιεροσυλους, ουτε βλασφημουντας την θεον temple-robbers, nor blasphemers :: ine goddess ύμων· 38 Ει μεν ουν Δημητριος και οί συν If indeed therefore Demetrius and those with αυτώ τεχνιται εχουσι προς τινα λογον, αγοραιοι him workmen have against any aword, courts αγονται, και ανθυπατοι εισιν εγκαλειτωσαν are held, let them accuse and proconsuls are; 39 Ει δε τι περι έτερων επιζηαλληλοις. If hut anything about other things you ineach other. τειτε, εν τη εννομω εκκλησια επιλυθησεται. quite, in the lawful assembly it shall be settled. ⁴¹Και γαρ κινδυνευομεν εγκαλεισθαι στασεως Even for we are in danger to be accused of tumult της σημερον, μηδενος αιτιου ύπαρχονconcerning the day, not one cause heing, τις, περι ού δυνησομεθα αποδουναι λογον της about which we are able to give a reason for the συστροφης ταυτης. 41 Και ταυτα ειπων, απε-And these having said, he diszathering this. λισε την εκκλησιαν.

Bussel the assembly.

After and the to be restrained the

KEΦ. κ'. 20, 1 Μετα δε το παυσασθαι τον θορυβον, προσ-

having καλεσαμενος ό Παυλος τους μαθητας, και ασπαthe Paul the disciples, and Eaving called to σαμενος, εξηλθε πορευθηναι εις την Μακεδονιαν. I smbraced, he went out to go into the Macedonia. 2 Διελθων δε τα μερη εκεινα, και παρακαllasing passed through and the parts those, and having exλετας αυτους λογω πολλω, ηλθεν εις την horici them with a word great, he went into the

sians i"

35 And the RECORDEP having quieted the crown, said, "Ephesians! What Man is there who does not know that the CITY of the EPHESIANS IS Templekeeper of the GREAT Diana, and of that which FELL FROM JUPITER?

36 These things, therefore, being indisputable, it is necessary for you to be quiet, and to do nothing rashly;

37 for you have brought these MEN, which are neither Temple-robbers, nor Blasphemers of your GODDESS.

38 If, therefore, Demetrius and the ARTIFICERS with him have a Charge against any one, Courts are held, and there are Proconsuls; let them accuse each other.

39 But if you seek anything "further, it shall be settled in the LAWFUL Assembly.

40 For we are even in danger of being accused about the Tumult of TO. DAY; there being no cause by which we can excuse this concourse."

41 And having said this. he dismissed the ASSEM-BLY.

CHAPTER XX.

1 Now after the TU-MULT was allayed, PAUL, * leaving summoned the DISCIPLES, and embracing them, ‡ departed to go into MACEDONIA.

2 And passing through those PARTS, and exhorting them with many Words, he went into GREECE.

tumult,

^{*} VATROAN MANUSCRIPT.-34. Ephesians! Great is the Diana of the Ephesians! And Cie. 39 Inrther, il shall be. 1. sent for the precious, and exhorting and embraman them, he departed for.

^{1 1. 1} Cor. xvi. 5, 1 1mg/

Έλλαδα ³ ποιησας τε μηνας τρεις, γενομενης Greece; having continued and months three, being formed αυτφ επιβουλης ύπο των Ιουδαιων, μελλοντι a plot against by the Jews, being about αναγεσθαι εις την Συριαν, εγενετο γνωμη του a resolution of the into the Syria, came ύποστρεφειν δια Μακεδονιας. 4 Συνειπετο δε to return through Macedonia. Vient with and αυτω *[αχρι της Ασιας] Σωπατρος Πυρβου Βε-[as far as the Asia] Sopater of Pyrrhus a Be-Θεσσαλονικέων δε, Αρισταρχος και polatos. Aristarchus Of Thessalontano and. Σεκουνδος, και Γαιος Δερβαιος και Τιμοθεος· Secundus, and Gaius of Derbe and Timothy; Ασιανοί δε, Τυχικός και Τροφιμός. 5 Ούτοι These προελθοντες εμενον ήμας εν Τρωαδι. ⁶ ήμεις δε going before awaited us in Trops; we but εξεπλευσαμεν μετα τας ήμερας των α(υμων after the days of theunleavened cakes απο Φιλιππων, και ηλθομεν προς αυτους εις την irom Philippi, and came to them into the ήμερων πεντε, οδ διετριψαμεν Γρωαδα αχρις days five, Troas in where we remaine: ⁷ E ν $\delta \epsilon \tau \eta$ $\mu \iota \alpha \tau \omega \nu$ $\sigma \alpha \beta \beta \alpha \tau \omega \nu$, In and the first of the sabbuths, ημερας έπτα. days seven. ήμων κλασαι αρτον, δ Παυλος τυνηγμενων taving been assembled of us to break bread, διελεγετο αυτοις, μελλων εξιεναι τη επαυριων discoursed to them, being about to depart on the morrow; RADETELVE TE τον λογον μεχρι μεσονυκτιου. and the discourse continued midnight. 8 Ησαν δε λαμπαδες ίκαναι εν τφ ύπεργφ, ού in the upper room, where .Were and lamps many 9 Καθημενος δε τις νεανιας, ημεν συνηγμενοι. we were assembled. Was sitting and a certain youth, ονοματι Ευτυγος, επι της θυριδος, καταφεροthe window, by name Entychus, in being overμενης ύπνω βαθει, διαλεγομενου του Παυλου powered with sleep deep, discoursing the Paul ετι πλειον, κατενεχθεις απο του ύπνου, επεκεν for a longer time, having been overcome from the sleep, απο του τριστεγου κατω, και ηρθη νεκρος. from the down, and was taken up dead. third story 10 Καταβας δε δ Παυλος επεπεσεν αυτώ, και Paul Having gone down and the fell upon him, and ή γαρ Μη θορυβεισθε συμπεριλαβων ειπε be you troubled; the for having embraced said; Not 11 Ava β as $\delta \epsilon$, κ ai ψυχη αυτου εν αυτώ εστιν. Having come up and, and life of him in hım is. κλασας αρτον και γευσαμενος, εφ' ίκανον τε

3 And having remained three Months, ‡a Plot being laid for him by the Jews, as he was about to sail into Syria, he resolved to return through Macedonia.

4 And there went with him into ASIA, Sopater, the son of Pyrrhus, a Berean; but ‡ Aristarchus and Secundus of the Thessalomans; and Gaius of Derbe, and ‡ Timothy; and ‡ Tychicus and ‡ Trophimus, Asiatics;

5 * these going before waited for us at Troas.

6 And we sailed out from Philippi, after the LDAYS of UNLEAVENED BREAD, and came to them at TROAS in five Days; where we continued seven Days.

7 And on the first day of the week, we having assembled to break Bread, Paul, intending to depart on the Next day, discoursed to them, and continued his sprech till Midnig!...

8 And there were many Lamps in the TUPPER ROOM where we were assembled.

9 And there was a Certain Youth, named Entychus, sitting in awindow, being overpowered with deep Sleep; and as Paul prolonged his discourse, having been overcome by Sleep, he fell from the THIRD STORY down, and was taken up dead.

10 And PAUL going down, #fell on him, and embracing him, said, # Be not troubled; for his life is in him."

11 And having come up and broken * Bread, and tasting it, and con-

• Vatican Manuscrift.—4, as far as Asia omit,

† 3. Acts ix, 23; xxiii, 13; xxv. 3; 2 Cor. xi, 26.

† 4. Acts xix, 29; xxviii, 2; Col.

† 4. Acts xix, 29; Tim. iv, 20.

† 4. Acts xix, 29; Tim. iv, 20.

† 5. Exod. xii, 14, 15; xxvii, 15.

† 6. Acts xix, 29; 2 Tim. iv, 15.

† 6. Exod. xii, 14, 15; xxvii, 15.

† 7. 1 Cor. xvi, 2; Rev. i 10.

† 7. 1 Cor. i, 4*, 10.

† 10. Matt. ix, 24

**Transparent in the segoing.

† 11. Bread.

† 2. Acts xix, 29; xxviii, 2; Col.

† 3. Acts ix, 29; xxviii, 2; Tim. 12; Tit. iii 12;

† 6. Acts xix, 29; xxviii, 2; Tim. 12; Tit. iii 12;

† 7. 1 Cor. xvi, 2; Rev. i 10.

† 7. 1 Cor. i, 4*, 10.

† 10. Matt. ix, 24

having tasted, for alonger time and

having broken bread

and

12 Hyaύμιλησας αχρις αυγης, ούτως εξηλθεν. They having conversed till day-break, on he departed. γον δε τον παιδα ζωντα, και παρεκληθησαν ου departed. brought and the youth living, and were comforted $\mu\epsilon\tau\rho\iota\omega s$. 13 Hµcis $\delta\epsilon$ $\pi\rho\sigma\epsilon\lambda\theta\sigma\nu\tau\epsilon s$ $\epsilon\pi$. 70 a little. We but gning before :he πλοιον, ανηχθημέν εις το Ασσον, εκειθέν μέλsailed to the Assos, there inλοντες αναλαμβανειν τον Παυλον ούτω γαρ ην Paul; for it was tending to take in again the 80 14'05 διατεταγμενος, μελλων αυτος πεζευειν. When having been arranged, being about himself to go on foot. δε συνεβαλεν ήμιν εις την Ασσον, αναλαβοντες and he met with us at the Assos, having again received αυτον ηλθομέν εις Μιτυληνην· 15 κακειθέν αποwe cause to Mitylene; and thence lene. πλευσαντες, τη επιουση κατηντησαμεν αντικρυ ing sailed away, on the morrow we came opposite Χιου. Τη δε έτερα παρεβαλομεν εις Σαμον. Chios. In the and another Chios. In the and another we touched at Samus.

*[και μειναντες εν Τρωγυλλιφ,] τη εχουενη jandhaving remained in Trogyllium,] in the following ηλθομεν εις Μιλητον. 16 Κεκρικει γαρ δ Παυwe touched 2.5 Samne: Had determined for the Paul we came to Miletus. λος παραπλευσαι την Εφετυν, όπως μη γενηται the Ephesus, so that not it might be to sail by αυτώ χρονοτριβησαι εν τη Ασια· εσπευδε γαρ, tor him to spend time in the Asia; he was hastening for, ει δυνατον ην αυτή, την ημεραν της πεντηκοσ
of possible it was for him, the day of the pentecost της γενεσθαι εις Ίεροπολυμα. 17 Aπο δε της to be From and the Jerusalem. TECOST. Μιλητου πεμψας εις Εφεσον, μετεκαλεσατο Miletus having sent to Ephesus, he called for 13 'Ως δ€ τους πρεσβυτερους της εκκλησιας. ofthe congregation. When and παρεγενοντο προς αυτον, εικεν αυτοις. Υμεις hun, he said to them; 60 You επιστασθε, απο πρωτης ημερας αφ ης επεβην first in which I cutered day εις την Ασιαν, πως μεθ' ύμων τον παντα χρονον

εγενομην, 19 δουλευων το κυριώ μετα πασης I was, the Lord servior with ταπεινοφροσυνης και δακρυων και πειρασμων, and tears and temptations,

you the wholo

to you and

how with

των συμβαντων μοι εν ταις επιβουλαις των of those having happened to me by the of the ιουδαιων. των ουδεν ύπεστειλαμην των συμ-

Jews. how nothing I kept back ofthat φεροντων, του μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν και διδαξαι

to declare οικους. 21 διαμαρτυρυμεύμας δημοσια και κατ' you publicly and to houses, earnestly testifying

versed for a long time even till Day-break, he so

12 And they brought the Yourn alive, and were not a little comforted.

- 13 But we, having gone before to the SHIP, sailed 'c Assos, there intending to take PAUL in again; for it was so arranged, he being about to go by land.
- 14 And when he met us at Assos, we received him, and came to Mity-
- 15 And sailing thence, on the NEXT day we came opposite to Chios; and on *the NEXT we arrived at Samos; and having remained at Trogyllium, on the FOLLOWING we came to Miletus.

16 For PAUL had determined to sail by EPHESUS, that it might not be necessary for him to spend time in Asia; I for he was his-tening, if it were possible for him, ‡ to be at Jerusalem on the DAY of PEN-

17 But sending from MILETUS to Ephesus, he called to him the KLDERS of the congregation.

18 And when they were come to him, he said to them, " You know, I from the First Day in which I came into Asia, how I was the WHOLE Time with

19 serving the Lord with all humility, and with Tears, and THOSE Trials which happened to me ! by the PLOTS of the Jews;

20 how 11 kept back NOTHING that was PROFIT-ABLE; neglecting not to declare to you and to teach you publicly, and at your Ilouses;

21 earnestly testifying

the not

NATIOAN MANUSCRIPT -15, in the EVENING We arrived. rogyllium-omit.

^{15.} and remained at

^{1 16.} Acts xviii. 21; xix. 21; xxi. 4, 12, or, xvi. 8. 1 18. Acts xviii. 19; xix 1, 10. 1 16. Acta xxiv 17. 1 19. verse 3.

νος Ιουδαιοις τε και Έλλησι την εις τον θεον to Jews both and Greeks the towards the God μετανοιαν, και πιστιν την εις τον κυριον ήμων reformation, and faith that towards the Lord ofus 22 Και νυν ιδου, δεδεμενος Ιησούν Χριστον. lo, having been bound Anointed. And now εγω τω πνευματι, πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, Jerusalem, in the spirit, togo to ϵ ν αυτη συναντησοντα μοι μη ϵ ιδως, the things in her shall be happening to me not knowing, 23 πλην ότι το πνευμα το άγιον κατα πολιν except that the spirit the holy every διαμαρτυρεται μοι, λεγον, ότι δεσμα με και to me, saving, that bonds me and uv. 24 AAA $ov\delta\epsilon\nu\sigma$ s $\lambda\sigma\gamma\sigma\nu$ $\pi\sigma\iota\sigma\sigma$ θλιψεις μενουσιν. afflictions await. But ofno acconst I make, μαι, ουδε εχω την ψυχην μου τιμιαν εμαυτφ, life of me valuable to myself, the ώς τελειωσαι τον δρομον μου *[μετα χαρας,] with so that to finish the course of me joy.] και την διακονιαν ήν ελαβον παρα του κυριου and the service which I received from the Lord διαμαρτυρασθαι τα ευαγγελιον TMS Ιησου, to earnestly declare the glad tidings of the χαριτος του θεου. 25 Και νυν ιδου, εγω οιδα, And now lavor of the God. lo, know, ότι ουκετι οψοσθε το προσωπον μου ύμεις πανthat no longer will see the face of me you διηλθον κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν TES, EV DIS among whom I have gone about proclaiming the kingdom * $\begin{bmatrix} \tau o v & \theta \varepsilon o v \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 26 & \Delta t o \\ \text{Oother Good.} \end{bmatrix}$ Therefore 26 Διο μαρτυρομαι ύμιν εν τη Ltestify to you in the ότι καθαρος εγω απο TOU σημερον ημερα, that clean this day. from the αιματος παντων. 27 ου γαρ υπεστειλαμην του blood oral, not for I kept back of the μη αναγγειλαι ύμιν πασαν την βουλην του all wid to declare to you the not 25 Προσεχετε * [ουν] έαυτοις και παντι θeov. God. Take heed [therefore] to yourselves and to all εν 'ω ύμας το πνευμα το άγιον τω ποιμνιω, in which you the spirit the the flock. hoty $\epsilon\theta$ ετο επισκοπους, ποιμαινείν την εκκλησιαν to feed the placed overseers, congregation του κυριου, ήν περιεποιησατο δια του αίματος of the Lord, which he purchased through the ²⁹ Εγω γαρ οιδα *[τουτο,] δτι εισ-for know [this,] that shall του ιδιου. of the own. shall

both to Jews and Greeks, tof reformation towards God, and that Faith which is towards our Lord Jesus Christ.

22 And now behold, theing constrained by the spirit, F go to Jerusalem, not knowing the things which will happen to me there;

23 except That the HOLY SPIRIT testifies to me in every City, saying That Bonds and Athetion awart Me.

24 ‡ But * of No Account make I life precious to myself, so that I may finish my counse, even the service which I received from the Lorin Jesus, carnestly to declare the GLAD TIDINGS of the FAVOR of GOD.

25 And now, behold, † & know That you all, among whom I have gone proclaiming the KINGDOM of GOD, will see my FACE ID more.

26 Therefore I testify to you THIS Day, That * I am pure from the BLOOD of All;

27 for I kept not back from announcing * All the will of God to you.

28 ‡ Take heed to your-selves, therefore, and to All the FLOCK among whom the HOLY SPIRIT made you Overseers, to feed † the CHURCH of GOD, ‡ which he acquired by the BLOOD of his own.

29 For # know, That

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—24. of No Account make Luff precious to myself. 24. with Joy—omit. 25. of God—omit. 26. I am pure. 27. All the will of God to you. 28. therefore—omit. 28. the church of God. 29. this—omit.

too to you. 28. therefore—omit. 28. the current of God. 29. this—omit, † 28. The Common Version and Vation MS. have been followed in the above rendering Griesbach, and nearly all modern editors, read "Church of the Lord." The phrase ecclesia tau Kuriou nowhere occurs in the New Testament, while ecclesia tou theore occurs about the times in Paul's epistles. There are no less than six different readings of this phrase into MSS, which have probably arisen from a presumed difficulty in understanding it in cornection with the latter part of the scutence—"purchased with his own blood." But read it as it stands in the original, and it still makes good sense, without rejecting the reading of the most ancient MS. and some of the oldest Peshito Syrice copies. The reader can supply the elliptical word after own, whether it be Son, or Lumb, or Sacrifice. Thus, "feed the current of God, which he acquired by the Blood of his own [Son.]

^{† 21.} Luke xxiv. 47; Acts ii. 38. † 22. Acts xiv. 21. † 23. Acts xxi. 4, 11; 1 Thess. iii. 3. † 24. Acts xxi. 13; Rom viii. 35; 2 Cor. iv. 16. † 25. ver. 38; Lom. xv. 23. † 28. 1 Pet. v. 2. † 28. Eph. 1. 7, 14. Col 1. 14; 11cb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 19, 1cc. v. 9.

εις ύμας, μη φειδομενοι του ποιμνιου. 30 και among you, not sparing the flock; εξ ύμων αυτων αναστησονται ανδρες λαλουνfrom yourselves will arise nien speaking τες διεστραμμενα, του αποσπαν τους μα9ητας perverse things, the to draw away
ω αύτων. 31 Διο γρηγορείτε, μνημονευthem. Therefore watch you, rememberοπισω αύτων. εντες, δτι τριετιαν νυκτα και ήμεραν ουκ επαυing, that three years night and day not θεφ και το λογφ της χαριτος αυτου, το δυνα-God and to the word of the favor of him, to that being μενώ εποικοδομησαι, και δουναι ύμιν κληρονοable to build up, and to give you an inheriμιαν εν τοις ήγιασμενοις πασιν. 33 Αργυριου η. tance among those having been sanctified all. χρυσιου η ίματισμου ουδενος επεθυμησα• gold of no one or raintent I coveted; 34 autol ylvwtkete, btl tals xpcials mov kal yourselves you know, that the necessities of the and τοις ουσι μετ' εμου ύπηρετησαν οί χειρες αύται. those being with me supplied the hands these. 35 Παντα ὑ $\pi\epsilon$ δ ϵ ιξα ὑ μ ιν, ὑτι οὑτ ω κοπι ω ντ α s Allthings I pointed out to you, that so αντιλα ιβανεσθαι των ιασθενουντων. to ald those μνημονευείν τε των λογων του κυρίου Ιησου, to remember and the words of the Lord Jesus, ότι αυτος ειπε. Μακαριον εστι μαλλον διδοναι, Bleused it is more to give, that he said; 36 Και ταυτα ειπων, η λαμβανειν. than to receive. And these things having said, having placed τα γονατα αύτου, συν πασιν αυτοις προσηνέατο. the knees of himself, with all those he prayed. 37 'Ικανος δε εγενετο κλαυθμος παντων' και and was weeping of all; επιπεσοντες επι τον τραχηλον του Παυλου, having fallen on the neck of the αυτον. 33 οδυνωμενοι μαλιστα κατεφιλουν they affectionately kissed him; most of all sorrowing επι τω λογω 'ω ειρηκει, ότι ουκετι, μελλουσι

ελευσονται μετα την αφιζιν μου λυκοι βαρεις enter after the departure of me wolves rapacious

after my DEPARTURE ‡ rapacious Wolves will come in among you, not sparing the FLOCK;

- 30 ‡ and * of you will Men arise speaking perverse things, to DRAW AWAY DISCIPLES after them.
- 31 Therefore watch, remembering That for three years, by Night and by Day, I ceased not to admonish every one with Tears.
- 32 And Now I commend you * to God, and to that word of his favor, which is able to edify, and to give you ‡ an Inheritance among all those who were sanctified.
- 33 I have coveted no man's Silver, or Gold, or Apparel;
- 34 you yourselves know ‡ That these HANDS have served my NECESSITILS, and THOSE who WERE with me.
- 35 I have showed you in All things, ‡That by thus laboring you ought to assist the weak, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, That he said, 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.''
- 36 And having said these words, he kneeled; and prayed with them all.
- 37 And there was much weeping among them all; and falling on PAUL'S NECK, they affectionately kissed hum,
- 38 grieving chiefly for the WORDS which has spoke, That they should see his face no more. And they accompanied him to the surp.

το προσωπον αυτου θεωρειν.

of him

ship.

face

αυτον εις το πλοιον.

to the

for the word which he spoke, that no more, they are about

to sec.

Προεπεμπον δε They accompanied and

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—30. of you will men arise, to the Lord, and to that word.

^{32.} brethren-omit. 33

^{† 29.} Matt. vii. 15; 2 Pet. ii. 1. † 30. 1 Tim. i. 20; 1 John ii. 10. † 32. Aetr xxvi. 18; Eph. i. 18; Col. i. 12; iii. 24; Heb. ix. 15; 1 Pet. i. 4. † 34. Aets xviii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 35. Hom. xv. 1; 1 Cor. ix. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 9, 12; xii. 18; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. iv. 11; v. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 8.

ΚΕΦ. κα'. 21.

1 'Ως δε εγενετο αναχθηναι ήμας αποσπασθεν-When and it happened to have sailed us having separated τας $\alpha \pi$, $\alpha \nu \tau \omega \nu$, $\epsilon \nu \theta \nu \delta \rho \rho \mu \eta \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ $\eta \lambda \theta \rho \mu \epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \iota s$ from them, having run a straight course we came to την Κω, τη δε έξης εις την 'Poδον, κακειθεν εις the Coos, the and next to the Rhodes, and thence to 2 Και εύροντες πλοιον διαπερων εις And having found a ship passing over Φοινικην, επιβαντες ανηχθημεν. 3 Αναφανέν-Phenicia, going on board we set sail. Having comein τες δε την Κυπρον, και καταλιποντες αυτην view and the Cyprus, and baving left behind ευωνυμον, επλεομεν εις Συριαν, και κατηχθηwe sailed into Syria, and were brought μεν εις Τυρον εκεισε γαρ ην το πλοιον αποthere for was the ship to Tyre. τον γομον. 4 Και ανευροντες φορτιζομενον the freight. And having found τους μαθητας, επεμειναμέν αυτου ήμερας έπτα. the disciples, we remained there days seven: οιτινές τω Παυλω ελέγον δια του πνευματος, these to the Paul said through the spirit, μη αναβαινειν εις Ίεροσολυμα. δ Ότε δε εγε· to Jerusalem. When and νετο ήμας εξαρτισαι τας ήμερας, εξελθοντες happened us to have completed the days, having gone out επορευομεθα, προπεμποντων ήμας παντων συν we went our way. accompanying all with γυναιξι και τεκνοις, έως εξω της πολεως και till outside of the wives and children. city; and το γονατα επι τον αιγιαλον, προσηυhaving placed the knees on the shore, 6 Και ασπασαμενοι αλληλους, επε β η-And having embraced each other, μεν εις το πλοιον εκεινοι δε ύπεστρεψαν εις ship, they and returned teredinto the into 7 'Ημεις δε τον πλουν διανυσαντες, τα ιδια. and the voyage We having nushed, απο Τυρου κατηντησαμέν εις Πτολεμαίδα και we came down to Ptolemais, and ασπασαμενοι τους αδελφους, εμειναμεν ήμεραν brethren, we remained having embraced the 8 Τη δε επαυριον εξελθοντες μιαν παρ' αυτοις. them Ou the and morrow having gone out ηλθομέν εις Καισαρείαν και εισελθοντες into Cesarea. and having entered into we came τον οικον Φιλιππου του ευαγγελιστου, οντος the Evangelist, being house of Phinp ⁹ Τουτφ εκ των έπτα, εμειναμέν παρ' αυτώ. seven we remained with him. To this δε ησαν θυγατερες παρθενοι τεσσαρες προφηvirgins four heing daughters 10 Επιμενοντων δ€ ήμων TEUDINTAL. ημερας gitted with prophacy. Continuing and ofus days

CHAPTER XXI.

- I Now it occurred, when we had separated from them, and had sailed, having run a straight course we came to Coos; and on the FOLLOWING day to RHODES, and thence to Patara.
- 2 And having found a Ship passing over to Phemeia, going on board we sailed.
- 3 And arriving in view of CYPRUS, and leaving it on the left, we sailed into Syria, and landed at Tyre; for there the SHIP was to unload its FREIGHT.
- 4 And having found the DISCIPLES we remained there seven Days; ‡ and these told PAUL, through the SPIRIT, not to go up to Jerusalem.
- 5 And it happened when we had completed the DAYS, we went our way; they all accompanying us with Wives and Children, till out of the city; and tkneeling down on the SHORE, we prayed.
- 6 And having embraced each other, we entered the site; and then returned to \$\pm\$ their own homes.
- 7 And having finished the VOYAGE, from Tyre we went down to Ptolemais, and having embraced the BRETHREN, we remained one Day with them.
- 8 And departing on the NEXT day we came to Cesarea; and having entered the house of that Philip the Evangelist, t who was one of the seven, we lodged with him.
- 9 Amd this man had four Virgin Daughters. ; who prophesied.
- 10 And as we continued there many Days, a Cer-

πλειους, κατηλθε τις απο της Ιουδαιας προφηmany. came down a certain from the Judea a proτης ονοματι Αγαβος. 11 και ελθων προς ήμας, rhet by name Agahus: and having come tu us, kat apas $au\eta v$ (we'll too Haulou, $\delta \eta au as au \epsilon$ and having taken the girds of the Paul, having bound and αύτου τας χειρας και τους ποδας, ειπε Ταδε or humself the hands and the feet, said. Thus λεγει το πνευμα το άγιον Τον ανδρα, ού says the spirit the holy; The man, of whom εστιν ή ζωνη αύτη, ούτω δησουσιν εν Ίερουσαis the girdle this, so shall bind in λημ οι Ιουδαιοι, και παραδωσουσιν εις χειρας tem the 12 Ως δε ηκουσαμεν ταυτα, παρεκα-EHVWV. o Gentilea. When and they heard these things, entreated λουμεν ήμεις τε και οί εντοπιοι, του μη αναwe both and those of the place, of the not to β alvely auton els (lepou σ a $\lambda\eta\mu$. 13 $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho$ 1 $\theta\eta$ $\delta\epsilon$ him to Jerusalem. Answered and ό Παυλος· Τι ποιειτε, κλαιοντες και συνθρυπ-the Paul, What do you, weeping and breaking τυντες μου την καρδιαν: εγω γαρ ου μονον of me the heart? 1 for not δεθηναι, αλλα και αποθανειν εις Ίερουσαλημ to be hound, but also to die in Jerusalem ετοιμως εχω ύπερ του ονοματος του κυριου I in hehalf of the n readmess pame 14 Μη πειθομένου δε αυτου, ήσυχατα Ιησου. Not being persuaded and of him, we were silent, μεν, ειποντες. Το σελημα του κυριου γενεσθω. The will of the Lord let it be done. 15 Μετα δε τας ήμερας ταυτας αποσκευασα-After and the days these packing up bagμενοι ανεβαινομεν εις Ίερουσαλημ. 16 Συνηλ we went up to Jerusaicui. Went with gage θυν δε και των μαθητων απο Καισαρειας συν and also of the disciples from Cesarea ήμιν, αγοντες παρ' 'ω ξενισθωμεν, Μνασωνι us, leading with whom we might lodge, to Mnason τινι Κυπριφ, αρχαιφ μαθητη. 17 Γενομενων δε one a Cyprian. an old disciple. Having arrived and ήμων εις Ίεροσολυμα, ασμενως εδεξαντο ήμας gladly of us to Jerumlem. received 19 Τη δε επιουση εισηει δ Παυλος οί αδελφοι. On the and next had entered the Paul the brethren. σιν ήμιν προς Ιακωβον· παντές τε παρέγενονwith us to James; all το οί πρεσβυτεροι. 19 Και ασπασαμενος αυτους, Aud having saluted them, elders εξηγειτο καθ' έν έκαστον, ών εποιησεν δ θεος one by one, which did the God he related

tain Prophet, named 1 Agabus, came down from Ju-DEA.

Il And coming to us, taking PAUL'S GIRDLE and having bound his * FEET and HANDS, he said, "Thus says the HOLY SPIRIT, # So will the JEWS at Jerusalem bind the MAN who owns this GIR-DLE, and deliver him inte the Hands of the Gentiles."

12 And when we heard these things, both we and THOSE of that place, entreated him not to go up to Jerusalem.

13 But PAUL answered. t" What do you, weeping and breaking My HEART? for I am ready not only to be bound, but also to die at Jerusalem in behalf of the NAME of the LORD Jesus."

14 And he not being persuaded, we were silent, saying, ‡" Let the WILL of the LORD be done."

after these And DAYS, packing up our baggage, we went up to Jerusalem.

16 And some of the DISCIPLES also from Cesarea accompanied us, conducting us to one Mnason, a Cyprian, an Old Disciple, with whom we might lodge.

17 ‡ And on our arriving at Jerusalem, the BRETHREN received gladly.

18 And on the FOLLOW ing day, Paul went in with us to # James; and all the ELDERS were present.

19 And having saluted them, the particularly related what things God did among the Gentiles by this ministry. They

εν τοις εθνεσι δια της διακονίας αυτου.

among the Gentiles through the service

of him.

20 Oi

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. FRET and E Nos, he said.

^{† 10.} Acts xi. 28. † 11. ver. 33; Acts vx. 25. † 13. Acts xx. 24. Matt vi. 10; xxvi. 42; Luke xi. 2; xxii. 42. † 17. Acts xv. 4. † 18. Acts xx. 24. † 19. 19; ii 9. † 19. Acts xv. 4, 12; Rom xv. 18, 19. † 19. Acts xx. 24. 1 18. Acts xv. 13

 $\delta\epsilon$ akougavtes $\epsilon\delta\sigma\xi$ atov tov $\theta\epsilon\sigma v$ $\epsilon\iota\pi \sigma v$ te and having heard glorified the God; they said and αυτ ϕ Θ. ωρεις, αδελεφε, ποσαι μυριαδας εισιν το him: Thouseest, O brother, how many myrtads are **λουδαιων των πεπιστευκοτων· και π**αντ**ες (ηλω**of Jews of those having believed; and , all 21 Κατηγηθησαν δε ται του νομου ύπαρχουσι. of the law being. They were informed and σου, ότι αποστασιαν διδασκεις απο περι oncerning thee, that Νωυσεως τους κατα τα εθνη παντας Ιουδαιους, Moses those among the Gentiles all λεγων, μη περιτεμνειν αυτους τα τεκνα, μηδε them the children, nor not to circumcise $22 \text{ Ti our } \epsilon \sigma \tau i$; $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \omega s$ τοις εθεσι περιπατειν. What then is it? the customs to walk. *[δει πληθος ουνελθειν·] ακουσώνται *[ναρ,] ύτι εληλυθας. This therefore do thou, what to these that thou hast come. λενομεν Εισιν ήμιν ανδρες πεσσαρες ευχην ме вау; Are tous men four ιχοντες εφ' έαυτων. 24 Τουτους παραλαβων, These having taken, άγνισθητι συν αυτοις, και δαπανησον επ be thou purified with them, and be at expense for αυτοις, ίνα ξυρησωνται την κεφαλην, και γνω tnem, that they may shave the head. will σονται παντες, ότι ών κατηγηνται TEPL all, that the things they have been informed concerning σου ουδεν εστιν, αλλα στοιχεις και αυτος τον thee nothing is, but walkest orderly also himself the

 $\tau\omega\nu$ $\epsilon\theta\nu\omega\nu$ $\eta\mu\epsilon\iota s$ $\epsilon\pi\epsilon\sigma\tau\epsilon:\lambda\alpha\mu\epsilon\nu$, lead of Gentiles we sent word, judging *[μηδεν τοιουτον τηρειν αυτους, ει μη] φυif not] nothing such like to observe them, λασσεσθαι αυτους το, τε ειδωλοθυτον και το themselves the, both things offered to iJols and the είμα και πνικτον και πορνειαν.

νομον φυλασσων. ²⁵ Περι δε των πεπιστευκο-

Concerning but those

having be-

κριναντές

blood and strangled and furnication.

kceping.

²⁶ Τοτε ό Παυλος παραλαβων τους ανδρας, Then the Paul having taken τη εχομενη ήμερα συν αυτοις αγνισθεις εισηει with them being purified entered unthetollowing day εις το ίερου, διαγγελλων την εκπληρωσιν των nto the temple, announcing the completion of the ήμερων του άγνισμου, έως ού προσηνεχθη purification, till of which they offered days of the 27 '25 ύπερ ένος έκαστου αυτων ή προσφορα. in behalf of one of each of them the offering. Wheu δε εμελλον αί έπτα ήμεραι συντελεισθαι, οί απο days to be completed, those from and were about the seven της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι θεασαμενοι αυτον εν τω ίερω, Jems having seen him in the temple,

20 And THEY, having heard, glorified GoD, and said to him, "Thou seest, brother, how Many Myriads * there are, among the Jews, of Those who who BELIEVE, and all are Zealots for the LAW.

21 And they have been informed concerning thee, That thou teachest ALL the Jews among the Gen-FILES to apostatize from Moses, telling them not to erronneise their CHIL-DREN, nor to follow the CCSTOMS.

22 What is it then? They will certainly hear That thou hast come.

23 Do this, therefore, which we say to thee. We have four Men who have a Vow on them;

24 take them, and be purified with them, and be at expense for them, that they may # shave the HEAD; and all will know That those things of which they were informed concerning thee are not cor-rect; but that thou the self walkest orderly, keeping the LAW.

25 But concerning the BELIEVING GENTILES I toe have sent word, judging that they avoid what is OFFERED TO IDOLS, and BLOOD, and what is Strangled, and Fornication."

26 Then Paul took the MEN, and on the FOLLOWing Day being purified with them, ‡ entered the TEMPLE, ‡ announcing the COMPLETION of the DAYS of PURIFICATION; till the OFFERING should be offered in behalf of each one of them.

27 But when the seven DAYS were about to be completed, the Jews from Asia seeing him in the

^{*} Varican Manuscript.—20. there are among the Jews, of those who believe. 22. Multitude must assemble—omit. 22. for—omit. 25. that they observe no the Multitude must assemble-omit. such thing, except-omit.

^{† 20.} Acts xxii, 3; Rom. x. 2; Gal. i. 14. † 25. Acts xv. 20, 20. † 26. Acts xxiv. 18.

^{1 24.} Num. vi. 2, 13, 18; Acts xviii. 18 1 20. Num. vi. 13.

συνεχεον παντα τον οχλον, και επεβαλον επ' stirred up all the crowd, and put on αυτον τας χειρας, 28 κραζύντες. Ανδρες Ισραηλιhim the hands, cytigs. Nen Israel-ται, βοηθείτε· ούτος εστιν δ ανθρωπος, δ κατα help you, this is the man, who against του λαου και του νομου και του τοπου τουτου the people and the law and the place this παντας πανταχου διδασκων ετι τε και Έλληall everywhere is teaching, besides and also Greeks νας εισηγαγεν εις το ίερου, και κεκοινωκε τον he led into the tempte, and has made common the άγιον τοπον τουτον. 23 (Ππαν γαρ προεωρακο-holy place this. Were for having seen before τες Τροφιμον τον Εφεσίον εν τη πολεί συν Trophimus the Epaesian in the city auto, δν ενομιζον ότι εις το ίερον εισηγαγεν δ ham, whom they supposed that into the temple led the Παυλος.) 30 Εκινηθη τε ή πολις όλη, και εγενε-Was groved and the city whole, and was το συνδρομη του λαου και επιλαβομενοι του augmoing together of the people; and having taken hold of the Παμλου, είλκον αυτον εξω του ίερου. και I'and, they were dragging him outside of the temple; and ευθεώς εκλεισθησαν αί θυραι. 31 Ζητουντων the mentalely were closed the gates. Seeking δε αυτυν αποκτειναι, ανεβη φασις τω χιλιαρχω and him to kill, went up a report to the commander της σπειρης, ότι όλη συνκεγυται Ίερουσαλημο of the band, that whole was in confusion Jerusalem ; δί ός εξαυτης παραλαβων στρατιωτας και έκαwho tumediately having taken soldiers and cenτουταρχους, κατεδραμέν επ' αυτους. $O(\delta \epsilon)$ ran down funsons, upon them, They and ιδώντες τον χιλιάργον και τους στρατιώτας, arring the commander and the soldiers, Παυλον. 33 Toτ€ επαυσαντές τυπτοντές τον Paul. beating the Tuen εγγισας δχιλιαρχος επελαβετο αυτου, και having approached the commander laid nold on him, and εκελευπε δεθηναι άλυπεπι δυσι και επυνθαto be bound with chains orde, ed two, and inquired, VETO, TIS QV EIN, KOL TI ETTL πεποιηκως. who it might be. and what it to having been done. ³⁴ Αλλοιδε αλλο τι εβοων εν τφ οχλφ. Others and snotherthing were crying in the crowd. Not δυναμένος δε γνωναι το απφαλές δια τον θορυbeing able and to know the certainty through the tumolt, βου, εκελευσεν αγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμ-he ordered to be brought bim into the castle. castle. βολην. 35 'Οτε δε εγενετο επιτους αναβαθμους, When and became on the συνεβη βασταζεσθαι αυτον ύπο των στρατιω-

TEMPLE, stirred up All the CROWD, ‡ and laid HANDS on him,

28 exclaiming, "Israelites, help! This is That Man ‡ who teaches all men everywhere against the People, and the law, and this place; and besides he brought Greeks into the TEMPLE, and made this noly Place common."

29 (For they had previously seen i Trophinus the Ephesian, in the city with him, whom they imagined That Paul had brought into the Temple.)

30 ‡And all the CITY was moved, and there was a running together of the PEOPLE; and having scized Paul they dragged him out of the TEMPLE; and the GATES were instantly closed.

31 And while they were seeking to kill Ilim, a Report went up to the COMMANDER of the COHORT, That All Jeruszlem was in confusion;

32 ‡ who immediately having taken Soldiers and Centurions, rushed down upon them, and THEY, seeing the COMMANDER and the SOLDIERS, ceased beating PAUL.

33 Then the COMMAND-ER country near, serzed him, and ‡ ordered him to be bound with two Chains; and inquired who he was, and what he has done.

54 And some among the CROWD shouted one thing, and some another; and not being able to ascertain the TRUTH on account of the TUMULT, he ordered him to be led into the CASTLE.

35 But when he was upon the STEPS, it happened that he was borne away by the SOLDIERS, because of the VIOLENCE of the CROWD.

soldiers

tor

Iollowed

Il happened to be carried him by the

through the violence of the crowd,

των δια την βιαν του οχλου. 36 ηκυλουθει γαρ

το πληθος του λαου, κραζον Αιρε αυτον. the multitude of the people, crying; Lift up him. 37 Μελλων τε εισαγεσθαι εις την παρεμβολην δ Being about and to be led the into the castle Παυλος, λεγει τω χιλιαρχω. Ει εξεστι μοι Paul, he says to the commander; If it is permitted for me $\epsilon i\pi \epsilon i\nu \tau i \pi \rho \sigma s \sigma \epsilon$; O $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \phi \eta$ Example 10 to say anything to thee? He and said, Greek γινωσκεις; 38 Ουκ αρα συ ει δ Αιγυπτιος, δ understandes thou? Not then thou art the Egyptian προ τουτων των ήμερων αναστατωτας και before these the days having raised an insurrection and εξαγαγων εις την ερημον τους τετρακισχιλιους having led out into the desert the four thousand αν δρας των σικαριων ; Ειπε δε δ Παυλος. 39 εγω men of the Stearif? Said and the Paul, ανθρωπος μεν ειμι Ιουδαιος Ταρσευς, της Κιλιa man indeed am a lew of Tarsus, of the Ciliκιας ουκ ασημου πολεως πολιτης. δεομαι δε not of a mean city a citizen, I beseech and σου, επιτρεψον μοι λαλησαι προς τον λαον. or thee, permit me to speak to the people.

40 Επιτρεψαντες δε αυτου, ό Παυλος έστως επι Having permitted and him, the Paul having been set on των αναβαθμων κατεσείσε τη χείρι τω λαώ: the sieps waved with the hand to the people; τολ λης δε σίνης χείνημενης, ποιστεφώνησε τη

πολλης δε σιγης γενομενης, προσεφωνησε τη great and silence occurring, he spoke in the 'F βοσιδι διαλεντοι λερισιν

Έβραιδι διαλεκτώ, λεγων·
Hebrew dialect, saying:

КЕФ, κβ', 22, 1 Ανδρες αδελφοι και πατερες, ακουσατε μου brethren and fathers, hear you of me 2 Ακουσαντες της προς ύμας νυνι απολογιας. you now δε ότι τη Εβραιδι διαλεκτώ προσεφωνει αυτοις, dialect he was speaking to them, and that in the flebrew μαλλον παρεσχον ήσυχιαν. Και φησιν 3 εγω more they kept silence. And he said. μεν ειμι ανηρ Ιουδαιος, γεγεννημενος εν Ταρσφ indeed am a man a Jew, having been born in Tarsus της Κιλικιας; ανατεθραμμενος δε εν τη πολει having been brought up and in the city ταυτη, παρα τους ποδας Γαμαλιηλ πεπαιδευμεof Gamaliel having been taught the feet νος κατα ακριβειαν του πατνφου νομου, ζηλωaccuracy the ancestral law, a zeaτης ύπαρχων του θεου, καθως παντες ύμεις εστε ot being of the God, even as ail you are σημερον· 4 ός ταυτην την όδον εδιωξα αχρι way I persecuted tail the to day; who

36 for the MULTITUDE of the PEOPLE followed, crying, ‡"Take him away!"

37 And Paul being about to be led into the Castle, he says to the COMMANDER, "May I be allowed to say something to thee?" And HE said, "Dost thou understand Greek?"

38 Art thou not then that † Egyptian, who didst before These days, excite a Sedition, and lead out into the desert four thousand Men of the † Sicarii?"

39 But Paul said, ‡" I am a Jew, of Tarsus in Cl-Licia, a Citizen of no Inconsiderable City; and I cutreat thee, permit me to speak to the People."

40 And having given him permission, PAUL, standing on the STEFS, twaved the HAND to the PEOPLE; and when there was Great Silence, he addressed them in the HEBREW Dialect, saying,

CHAPTER XXII.

1 "Men, ‡ Brethren, and Fathers, hear now My APOLOGY before you."

2 (And hearing that he spoke to them in the HEBREW Dialect, they kept greater silence; and he said,)

3 ‡ "H am a Jew, born in Tarsus, of Cilicia, but, having been brought up in, this city, at the feet of ‡Gamaliel, and accurately instructed in the Ancestral law; ‡being a Zealot for God, ‡as nou all a re To-day.

4 And I persecuted This way to Death,

^{† 38.} Josephus mentions this Egyptian as having raised a mob of 30,000 men. (or as some think it originally read 4,000.) which he led against Jerusalem, as far as Mount Olivel, but was suddenly dispersed by Felix. † 38. The Sicarii were a body of rebels mentioned by Josephus, Wars b. vii, c. 10, § 1.

^{† 38.} Luke xxiii, 18; John xix, 15; xxii, 22. ix, 11; xxii, 2. † 40. Acts xii 17. 4 or, xii 22; Phil. iii, 5. † 18. Acts vii 34 † 1. Acts vii, 2 † 18. Acts xxii, 50, 4 f. 8 Acts xxii, 20, Gal. i. 14. † 5. Rem x 2.

death, binding and delivering into prisona αιδρας τε και γυναικας, δ ώς και δ ερχιερευ:
men both and women, as also the high-priest μαρτυρεί μοι, και παν το πρεσβυτερίον πας testifies to me, and all the eldership; from ών και επιστολας δεξαμένος προς τους αδέλwhom also letters having received to the brethαξων φους, εις Δαμασκον επορευομην, I went, going to lead ren, to Damascus τους εκεισε οντας, δεδεμενους εις Ίερουσαλημ, thos there being, having been Lound into Jerusalem, ίνα τιμωρηθωσιν. 6 Εγενετο δε μοι πορευομενφ that they might be punished. It happened and to me traveling και εγγιζουτι τη Δαμασκώ, περι μεσημβριαν and drawing near to the Damascus. about εξαιφνης εκ του ουρανου περιαστοψαι φως ίκαsuddenly out of the heaven to shine round a light great νον περι εμε επεσον τε εις το εδαφος, και fell and on the ground, and about me; ηκουσα φωνης λεγουσης μοι Σαουλ, Σαουλ, τ: heard avoice saying to me; Saul, $\mu \in \delta \iota \omega \kappa \epsilon \iota s$: $^8 E \gamma \omega \delta \epsilon \quad \alpha \pi \epsilon \kappa \rho \iota \theta \eta \nu$. Saul, why Tis Ei, me persecutest thou? and answered. Wh artthou. Εγω ειμι Ιησους ο $\kappa \nu \rho \iota \epsilon$: $E \iota \pi \epsilon \tau \epsilon \pi \rho \sigma \sigma \mu \epsilon$ O sir! Ho said and to m, am Jeans the 9 Οίδε συν εμοι Ναζωραίος, όν συ διωπείσ. Those and with me Nazareus, whom thou rersecutest. εντές το με φως εθεαπάντο, * και εμφοβοι bang the indeed light new [and terrified την ξε φωνην ουκ ηκουσαν του εγενοντη] την they wern,] the but roice not they heard of the 20 Ειπον δε. Τι ποιησω, κυριε: λαλουντος μοι. I sai' and, What shall do, O Lord? speaking to me. 'Ο δε κυριος ειπε προς με· Αναστας πορευου The an! Lord said to me, Having arisen go thou κακει σοι λαληθησεται περι εις Δαμασκον. and there to thee it shall be told cons rning Dama:cus, παντων, ών τετακται σοι ποιησαι. 11'Ως δ all things, which have been appointed for thee to do. ουκ ενεβλεπον 2000 της δυξης του φωτος εκειfrom the glory of the light of that, νου, χειριγωγουμενος ύπο των συνοντων μοι. by thuse being with being led by the hand me.

θανατου, δεσμευων και παραδιδους εις φυλακας

 $\eta \lambda \theta o \nu \in \mathcal{S} \Delta \alpha \mu \alpha \sigma \kappa \omega \nu$.

1 came into Damascus.

12 Ανανίας δε τις, ανηρ ευσεβης κατα τον Avanias and ouc, a man pious according to the νομον, μαρτυρουμένος ύπο παντών των κατοιbeing testified to by all the κουντων Ιουδαιων, 13 ελθων προς με και επισhaving come to me and having ding Jews, $\Sigma ao v \lambda$ $a\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \epsilon$, ELTE HOL' αναβλεψον. Tas Saul O brother, said to me; look up. boots

binding and delivering into Prisons both Men and Women;

5 as the HIGH-PRIEST also *is my witness, ‡ and All the ELDERSHIP; ‡ from whom also receiving Letters to the Bretthern, I went to Damascus to bring Those who were there bound to Jerusalem, that they might be punished.

6 ‡ And it occurred, as I was traveling and drawing near to Damascus, about noon, suddenly a great Light from HEAVEN shone around me;

7 and I fell to the GROUND, and heard a Voice saying to me, 'Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Mo f'

8 And I answered: 'Who art thou, Sir?' And he said to me, 'I am Jesus the NAZABENE, whom thou persecutest.'

9 And THIOSE who WERE with me saw indeed the light, but they understood not the voice of HIM who spoke to me.

10 And I said, 'What shall I do, Lord?' And the Lord said to me, 'Arise, and go into Damascus, and there it shall be told thee of all things which are appointed for thee to de.'

11 And as I could not see from the GLORY of that LIGHT, being led by the hand of THOSE who WERE WITH me, I came into Damascus.

12 And ‡ one Ananias, a pious Man according to the LAW, ‡ having a good tesimony from All the Jews restoing there.

13 coming to me, and standing by, said to me, Brother Saul, look up.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. did bear me witness.

^{9.} and they were terrified-omit

14 0 Καγω αυτη τη ώρα ανεβλεψα εις αυτον. lle And I in this the hour looked on him. $\delta \epsilon$ ειπεν. Ο θεος των πατερων ήμων προεχειρισατο σε γνωναι το θελημα αυτου, και ιδειν τον thee to know the will of hunself, and to see the δικαιον, και ακουσαι φωνην εκ του στοματος a voice out of the n shteous one, and to hear α ιτου 15 ότι εση μαρτυς αυτώ προς παντας of him, because thou shalt be a witness for him to all 16 Ka1 ανθρωπους ών έωρικας και ηκουσας. of what thou hast seen and thou hast heard. men νυν τι μελλεις; αναστας βαπτισαι, και αποn w why dostthondelay? having arisen be thou dipped, and wash λ ιυσαι τας άμαρτιας σου, επικαλεσαμενος το sins of thee, having invoked tayself from the 17 Εγενετο δε μοι ύποστρεψαντι ονομα αυτον. It happened and to me having returned name of him. εις Ίερουσαλημ, και προσευχομένου μου εν τω otine in the praying Jerusalem, and temple, το have been me in an ecstacy, 15 και ιδειν and to see αυτον λεγοντα μοι Σπευσον, και εξελθε εν saying to me; Do thou hasten, and come out with ταχει εξ Ίερουσαλημ. διστι ου παραδεξονται speed from Jerusalem; because not they will receive την την μαρτυρίαν περι έμου. 19 Κηγω είπον. του την μαρτυριαν περι έμου. o thee the testimony concerning me. And l said; Κυριε, αυτοι επιστανται, ότι εγω ημην φυλαthat I was mpris-() Lord, they know. κιζων και δερων κατα τας συναγωγας τους πισoming and beating in the synagogues $\tau \in VOVTAS$ $\in \pi \iota$ $\sigma \in \Upsilon^{\circ}$ Σ° KCL $\delta \tau \in \mathcal{E} \in \chi \in \mathcal{T} \circ \tau \circ \sigma \circ \mu \alpha$ Στεφανου του μαρτυρος σου, και αυτος ημην martyr of thee, and myself was the ot Stephen και συνευδοκων, και φυλασσων τα εφεστως, kee; ing the having been standing, and approving, and 21 Και ειπε ιματια των αναιρουντων αυτον. And he said mantles of those killing liim. προς με. Πορευου ότι εγω εις εθνη μακραν Go thou; for I to matter αχρι

22 Ηκουον δε αυτου αχρι to me, εξαποστελω σε.... They heard and him wall send thee. και επηραν την φωνην τουτου του λογου, and they raised the word, the α των, λεγοντες. Αιρε απο της γης τον τοιουof them, saying; Lift up from the earth the such a τον ου γαρ καθηκεν αυτον ζην. 23 Κραυγα-Crying to live. hun person, not for it is fit (υντων δε αυτων και ριπτουντων τα ίματια, και tossing up the mantles, and and of them and out κονιορτον βαλλοντων εις τον αερα, 24 εκελευσεν ordered into the aır, dust throwing

And in That HOUR I looked upon him.

14 And HE said, ‡ 'The God of our fathers tappointed thee to know his WILL, and to tsee that IRIGHTEOUS ONE, and I to hear a Voice from his MOUTH;

15 for thou shalt be a Witness for him to All Men of ‡ what thou hast

seen and heard.

16 And now, why dost thou delay? Arising, be immersed, ‡ and wash thyself from thy sins, I having invoked his NAME.'

17 ‡ And it happened, when I returned to Jerusalem, and was praying in the TEMPLE, I was in a

Trance,

18 and saw him saying to me, 'Make haste, and go quickly out from Jerusalem; because they will not receive * Thy TESTI-MONY concerning me.'

19 And # said, 'Lord, then know That I was imprisoning and beating in the SYNAGOGUES THOSE BELIEVING on thec;

20 ‡ and when BLOOD of Stephen, thy WITNESS, was poured out, I also was standing by and consenting, and having in charge the MANTLES of THOSE Who KILLED him.

21 And he said to me, t'Go; for I will send thee to NATIONS far away.'" . .

22 And they heard him to This WORD, and then raised their voice, saying, t "Take away such a man from the EARTH, for it is not fit that he should live."

23 And as they were erving out, and tossing up th. .r MANTLES, and throving Dust into the AIR,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. Thy Testimony concerning me.

^{† 14.} Acts iii. 13; v. 30. † 14. Acts ix. 15; xxvi. 16. † 14. 1 Cor. ix. 1; xv. 8. † 14. Acts iv. 20; xxvi. 16. † 14. 1 Cor. xi. 23;, Gal. i. 12. † 15. Acts xiii. 11. † 15. Acts xiii. 11. † 16. Acts iv. 20; xxvi. 16. † 17. Acts ix. 25; Titus iii. 5; Heb. x, 22. † 16. Acts iv. 14; Rom. x. 13; 1 Cor. xi. 2; 2 Tim. u. 22. † 17. Acts ix. 26; 1 Cor. xii. 2. † 20. Ats vii. 58. † 21. Acts ix. 15; xii. 2, 40, 47; xvii. 6; xxvi. 17; Rom. i. 5; xi. 13; xv. 19. Gal. i. 15, 16; ii. 7, 8; Lph. iii. 7, 8, 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 22. Acts xxi. 36, xv. 19.

δ χιλιαρχος εισαγεσθαι αυτον εις την παρεμμαστιξιν βυλην, ειπων ανεταζεπθαι αυτον saying him; with scourges to examine ήν αιτιαν ούτως επεφωινα επιγνω tout he might know, on account of what cause thus they were 20 125 δε προετειναν αυτον τοις αυτφ. c ying against him. As and they stretched out him with the ί ιασιν, ειπε προς τον έστωτα έκατονταρχον δ said to the standing by centurion the Παυλος. Ει ανθρωπον Ρωμαιον και ακατακριτον a man a Roman and uncondemned εξεστιν ύμιν μαστιζειν; 26 Ακουσας δε δ έκα-Having heard and the centait is lawful for you to sconige? τονταρχος, προσελθων τω χιλιαρχω απηγτίου, having gone to the commander reported, γειλε, λεγων τι μελλεις ποιειν; όγαρ ανθρωsaying; what arithon about to do? the for man πος ούτος Ρωμαίος εστι. Τροσελθων δε ό this a Roman is. Having come to and the χιλιαρχος ειπεν αυτώ. Λεγε μοι, συ 'Ρωμαιος commander said to him; Tell me, thou a Roman 28 $A\pi\epsilon\kappa\rho$ $i\theta\eta$ $\tau\epsilon$ δ χ $i\lambda$ $i\alpha\rho$ ει; 'Ο δε εφη· Ναι. art? He and said; Yes. Answered and the commanκεφαλαιου την πολιτειαν γος Εγω πολλου of a great 1 sum o'money the citizenship 'Ο θε Παυλος εφη. Εγω ταυτην εκτησαμην. The end this purchased. Paul said; $\mathbf{E}^{0}\mathbf{E}$ \mathbf{E}^{0} \mathbf{e} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{s} our \mathbf{u} $\mathbf{\pi}$ \mathbf{e} $\mathbf{\sigma}$ $\mathbf{\tau}$ $\mathbf{\eta}$ $\mathbf{\sigma}$ \mathbf{u} \mathbf{v} δε και γεγεννημαι. but even have been born. !-amediately then went away οτ' αυτου οι μελλοντε αυτον ανεταζειν. from him those being about him And δ χιλιαρχος δε εφοβηθη, επιγνους ότι Έωμαιος the commander also was afraid, having ascertained that a Roman εστι, και ότι ην αυτον δεδεκως. 30 Τη δε επαυhers, and thathe was him having becu bound. On the and morrow ριον βουλομένος γνωναι το ασφαλές, το τι καto know the wishing certainty, that what he τηγορειται παρα των Ιουδαιων, ελυσεν αυτον, Jews, was accused of by the he loosed him. και εκελευσεν συνελθειν τους αρχιερεις και παν ordered to come together the high-priests and ο ι συνεδρίον και καταναγών τον Παυλον, εσthe sanhedrim; and having led down the Paul, TTTEV EIS QUTOUS.

KEΦ. $\kappa\gamma'$. 23.

1 Ατενισας $\delta \epsilon \delta \Pi \alpha \nu \lambda \sigma s$ συνεδριώ, τω Having looked intently and the Paul to the sanhedrim, ειπεν Ανδρες, αδελφοι, εγω παση συνειδησει Men, brethren, said; in all conscience αγαθη πεπυλιτευμαι τω θεω αχρι ταυτης της good have been as a citizen to the God till this the 2 'Ο δε αρχιερευς Ανανιας επεi,μερας. The and high-priest Anapias

24 the COMMANDER ordered him to be led into the CASTLE, and to be examined with Scourges, so that he might know for what reason they thus cried against him.

25 And as they extended him with the THONGS, PAUL said to the CENTURION STANDING BY, ‡ "Is it lawful to scourge a Man, a Roman, and uncon.

demned ?"

26 And the CENTURION having heard, went and told the COMMANDER, saying, "What art thou about to do? for this MAN is a Roman."

27 And the COMMANDER coming near said to him, "Tell me, art thou a Roman?" And HE said,

" Yes."

28 And the COMMANDER answered, "# purchased this CITIZENSHIP with a Great Sum of money." And PAUL said, "But # have even been born so."

29 Then Those being about to examine him, immediately departed from him; and the commander also was afraid, having ascertained That he was a Roman, and Because he had bound him.

30 And on the NEXT DAY, desiring to know the CERTAINTY Of WHAT he was accused by the Jews, he loosed him; and ordered the HIGH-PRIESTS and all the SANHEDRIM to come together, and having led PAUL down, placed him before them.

CHAPTER XXIII. .

1 And PAUL carnestly looking on the SANIE-DRIM, said, "Brethren! ‡ K have lived before Gon in All good Conscience to This DAY.".....

πε- 2 And the HIGH-PRIEST, gave Ananias, ordered THOSE

stood among them.

 $\tau \alpha \xi \epsilon$ τois $\tau \alpha \rho \epsilon \sigma \tau \omega \sigma i \nu$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau \varphi$, $\tau \upsilon \pi \tau \epsilon i \nu$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon$ scharge to those having been standing by him, to strike of him 3 Τοτε δ Παυλος προς αυτον ειπε· то отона. the mouth, Then the Paul to him said: Τυπτειν σε μελλει δ θεος, τοιχε κεκονιαμενε· To strike thee is about the God, O wallhaving been whitewashed; και συ καθη κρινων με κατα τον νομον, και and thou sittest judging meaccording to the law, and aw, and ⁴Οίδε $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \nu \rho \mu \omega \nu \quad \kappa \in \lambda \in \nu \in \mathcal{S} \quad \mu \in \quad \tau \nu \pi \tau \in \sigma \theta \alpha \iota;$ violating the law thou orderest me to be struck? Those and παρεστωτες είπον Τον αρχίερεα του θεου having been standing by said; The high-priest of the God λοιδορείς; 5 Εφη τε δ Παυλος Ουκ ηδείν, revilest thou? Said and the Paul; Not I had known, αδελφοι, ότι εστιν αρχιερευς. γεγραπται γαρ. brethren, that it is it is written a high-priest; Αρχοντα του λαου σου ουκ ερεις Kakws. A ruler of the people of thee not thou shalt speak evil. 6 Γνους δε δ Παυλος, ότι το έν μερος εστι Σαδ-Knowing and the Paul, that the one part is of Sadδουκαιων, το δε έτερον Φαρισαιων, εκραξεν εν ducees, the and other of Pharisees, he cried out in τω συνεδριώ. Ανδρες αδελφοι, εγω Φαρισαιος brethren, the sanhedrun; Men a Pharisee ειμι, υίος Φαρισαιου. περι ελπιδος και ανασam, a son of a Pharisee; concerning hope and a resur-7 Τουτο δε αυτου τασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι. rection of dead ones I being judged. This aud of him

σιν, μηδε αγγελον μητε πνευμα. Φαρισαιοι δε tion, nor a messenger nor a spirit; Pharisecs but δμολογουσι τα αμφοτερα. ⁹ Εγενετο δε κραυγη confess the both. Was and an outcry μεγαλη. και ανασταντες οἱ γραμματεις του

great; and having arisen the scribes of the μερους των Φαρισαιων διεμαχοντο, λεγοντες. party of the Pharisees contended, saying; Ουδεν κακον εύρισκομεν εν τω ανθρωπω τουτω. we find to the man this;

 ϵ ι δε πνευμα ελαλησεν αυτ \wp , η αγγελος.... if but a spirit spoke to him, or a messenger.

 10 Πολλης δε γενομενης στασεως, ευλαβηθεις δ Great and becoming dispute, fearing the

χιλιαρχος μη διασπασθη δ Παυλος ύπ' αυτων, commander lest would be toru to pieces the Paul by them, εκελευσε το στρατευμα καταβαν άρπασαι αυτον he ordered tha armed force having gone down to take him

STANDING BY him, ‡ to strike him on the MOUTH.

3 Then Paul said to him, "God is about to strike thee, O whitened Wall! and dost thou sit judging me according to the Law, ‡ and yet, violating the law, commandest me to be struck?"

4 And THOSE STANDING BY said, "Dost thou revile the HIGH-PRIEST of God?"

5 And PAUL said, "I did not know, Brethren, That he was a High-priest; for it is written, ‡ 'Thou 'shalt not speak evil of the 'Ruler of thy PEOPLE.'"

6 And PAUL perceiving That the ONE Part were of the Sadducces, and the OTHER of the Pharisces, he exclaimed in the SANHEDRIM, "Brethren, ‡# am a Pharisce, †a Son *of PHAR.SEES; concerning ‡the Hope and the Resurrection of the Dead *I am being judged."

7 And having said this, there was a Dispute between the PHARISFES and the MULTITUDE was divided.

8 ‡ For indeed the Sadducces say, there is no Resurrection, nor Angel, nor Spirit; but the Pharisecs confess BOTH.

9 And there was a great Clamor; and *some of the Scribes of the Party of the Purries arising contended, saying, 1" We find no Evil in this Man; 1 and what if a Spirit or an Angel spoke to hint?".....

10 And the Dispute becoming vehement, the COMMANDER, fearing that Paul would be torn in pieces by them, ordered the Troops to go down and take him by force from the

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—6. of Pharisees. of the scribes.

^{6.} I am being judged.

^{9.} some

^{+ 6.} Or, a Disciple of the Pharisees.

^{† 2. 1} Kings xxii. 24; Jer. xx. 2; John xviii. 22. † 3. Lev. xix. 35; Deut. xxv. 1, 2; John vii. 51. † 5. Exod. xxii. 28; Eccl. x. 10; 2 Pct. ii. 10; Jude 8. † 6. Acts xxvi. 5; Pliil. iii. 5. † 6. Acts xxiv. 15, 21; xxvi. 6; xxvii. 20. † 8. Matt. xxii. 23; Mark xii. 18; Luke xx 27. † 9. Acts xxv. 25, 31. † 0. Acts xxii. 7, 17, 18.

εκ μεσου αυτων, αγειν (τ, ϵ) εις την παρεμβολην. toom midst of them, toleid [and] nto the castle. If Tη δε επισυση νυκτι επιστας αυτω δ κυριος On the and next high thaving stood by him the Lord ειπε Θαρσει &ς γαρ διεμαρτυρω τα περι said. Take courage as for thould be testify the things concerning εμου εις Γερουσαλημ, ούτω σε δει και εις Υωπε in Jerusalem, so the either hoves also in Rome μην μαρτυρησαι.

lo testify. 12 Γενομενης δε ήμερας, ποιησαντες συστρο-Becoming and day, having formed a conspirφην οί Ιουδαιοι, ανεθεματισαν έαυτους, λεγονncy the Jews, they bound with a curse themselves, saying τες μητε φανειν μητε πιειν έως ού αποκτεινωσι neither to eat nor drink till they might kill τον Παυλον. 13 ησαν δε πλειους τεσσαρακοντα were and more οί αυτην την συνωμοσιαν πεποιηκοτες. 14 οίτιthose this the conspiracy having been engaged; who νε προσελθοντες τοις αρχιερευσι και τοις πρεσhaving come to the high-priests and the elders, βυτεροις, ειπον· Αναθεματι ανεθεματισαμεν With a curse we have cursed said; έαυτους, μηδενυς γευσασθαι έως ου αποκτεινωourselves, of nothing to taste till we have killed we very τ ov Π aulov. 15 N ov our v μ ϵ is ϵ μ ϕ au ϵ τ ϵ τ ω Now therefore you make known to the Paul. χιλιαρχώ συν τω συνεδριώ, όπως αυτον καταcommander with the sanhedrim, in order that him he may γαγη προς ύμας, ώς μελλοντας διαγινωσκειν lead down to you, as being about to examine του εγγισαι αυτυν, έτοιμοι εσμεν του ανελειν of the to have come nigh him, ready we are of the to kill αυτον. 16 Ακουσας δε δ υίος της αδελφης Παυ-Having heard but the son of the sister of Paul λου την ενεδραν, παραγενομενος και εισελθων the lying in wait, having come near and having gone 17 Προσκαλεσαμενος δε δ Παυλος ένα των έκα-Having summoned and the Paul one of the cenτονταρχων, εφη. Τον νεανιαν τουτοι απαγαγε he said; The young man this. read thou προς τον χιλιαρχον· έχει γαρ τι απαγνειλαι to the commander; he has for something to relate 18 Ο μεν ουν παραλαβων αυτον ηγαγε αυτω. to him. He indeed then having taken him led προς τον χιλιαρχον, και φησιν 'Ο δεσμιος to the commander, and said; The prisoner Παυλος προσκαλεσαμενος με, ηρωτησε τουτον

Paul having summoned me, asked this τον νεανίαν αγαγείν προς σε, εχουτα τι λαλη-the young man tolead to thee, having something to say $\sigma \alpha \iota \sigma o \iota$. ¹⁹ $E \pi \iota \lambda \alpha \beta o \mu e \nu o s$ δε $\tau \eta s$ $\chi \epsilon \iota \rho o s$ αυτου to thee. Having taken and the hand of him

midst of them, and to lead him into the CASTLE.

11 ‡And on the FOI-LOWING Night the LORD standing by him, said, "Take courage; for as thou didst testify the things concerning me in Jerusalem, so thou must also testify at Rome."

12 And when it was Day, the Jews, forming a Conspiracy, bound themselves with a Curse, declaring that they would neither eat nor drink till they had killed Paul.

13 And THOSE HAVING FORMED This CONSTIRACY, were more than forty;

14 who having come to the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS, said, "We have cursed ourselves with a Curse to taste nothing till we have killed PAUL.

15 Now therefore, do nou, with the sanhedrim, intimate to the commander, that he may bring him down to you, as if you were about to examine more accurately the things concerning him; and we, before he comes near, are ready to kill him."

16 But the SON of Paul's SISTER having heard the PLOT, came up, and going into the CASTLE, told PAUL.

17 And PAUL, having called one of the CENTURIONS to him, said, "Conduct This YOUNG MAN to the COMMANDER, for he has something to tell him."

led Then HE took him and led him to the commander, and said, "Paul the PRISONER calling me to him, asked me to conduct This young MAN to thee, who has something to tell thee."

19 And the COMMA.:- DER, taking him by the

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. and-omit.

ό χιλιαρχος, και αναχωρησας κατ' ιδιαν, επυνby one's self, the commander, and having retired he inθανετο. Τι εστιν δ εχεις απαγγειλαι HOL: What is it which thou hast to relate to me? ευ ειπε δε. Ότι οι Ιουδαιοι συνεθεντο του ερω-Jews agreed together of the to ask he said and; That the

τησαι σε, δπως αυριον εις το συνεδριον καταγαthee, that to-morrow into the sanhedran thou may estlead γης τον Παυλον, ώς μελλοντες τι ακριβεστεbeing about something more accu-Paul, as 21 Συ ουν μη ρον πυνθανεσθαι περι αυτου. Thou therefore not to investigate concerning hun. αυτοις ενεδρευούσι γαρ αυτον εξ for shouldst be persuaded by them; lie in wast αυτών ανδρες πλειους τεσσαρκοντα, οίτινες ανεforty, hound who them men more $\mu\eta\tau\epsilon$ $\pi\iota\epsilon\iota\nu$ θεματισαν έαυτους, μητε φαγειν with a curse themselves, neither to eat nor έως ού ανελωσιν αυτον και νυν έτοιμοι εισι read: Dev are and now till they killed him, προσδεχομενοι την απο σου επαγγελιαν.

the from thee promise. looking for

The indeed then commander dismisse the young ειαν, παραγγειλας μηδενι εκλαλησαι, ότι ταυτα having charged to no one to speak out, that these things ²³ Και προσκαλεσαμενος ενεφανισας προς με. thou didst report to me. And having summoned δυο τινας των έκατονταρχων, ειπεν Έτοιμαwo certain of the centurions, he said; σατε στρατιωτας διακοσιους, όπως πορευθωσιν soldi, ra two hundred, that they may go ως Καισωρείας, και ίππεις εβδομηκώντα, και J sarea, and horsemen seventy, and δεξιολεβους διακοσιους, απο τρτης ώρας της two hundred, from third hour of the PURTOS: 24 ΚΤηνη τε περαστησαι, ίνα επιβιβασαντές τον Παυλον διασωσωσι προς Φηλικα Paul they might convey safely to Fehr τον ήγεμονα. 25 γραψας επιστολην περιεχουσαν having written a letter containing the governor; τουτον. 26 Κλαυδιος Λυσιας τω τον + τυπον Lysias to the Clandins this, Φηλικι ήγεμονι χαιρειν. κρατιστω most excellent governor Felix health. The ανδρα τουτον συλληφθεντα ύπο των Ιουδαιων, having been seized by the man ύπ αναιρεισθαι αυτων, επισκαι μελλοντα them, having come heing about to be killed by συν τω στρατευματι εξειλομην *[αυτον,] Tas I rescued [him,] suddenly with the armed force 28 Βουλομενος δε μαθων ÓΤι 'Ρωμαιος εστι.

a Roman VATIGAN MANUSCRIPT .- 27. him-omit. HAND, and having retired by himself, he inquired, What is it that thou hast to tell me?"

20 And he said, ‡" The JEWS have agreed together to ASK thee that then wouldst bring down PAUL To-morrow into the san. нерким, as if about to investigate something more accurately concerning him.

21 Therefore, be not the a persuaded by them; for more than forty Men of them lie in wait for him, who have bound themselves with a curse, nerther to eat nor drink till they have killed him; and now they are ready, locking for the PROMISE from thee."

22 Then the COMMAN-DER dismissed the Young MAN, charging him, "lu-form No one That then hast told me these things."

23 And having summoned * Certain Two of the CENTURIONS, he said, "Prepare two hundred Soldiers to go to Cesarea, and seventy Horsemen, and two hundred Spearmen, after the Third Hour of the NIGHT ;

24 and provide Animals on which to place PACL, that they may convey him safely to † Felix, the Gov-ERNOR."

25 And he wrote a Letter having this form :—

26 "Claudius Lysias to the most-excellent Governor Felix, greeting:

27 This MAN having been seized by the JEWS, and being about to be killed by them, I rescued, having come suddenly upon them with an ARMED FORCE. Having learned that he is a Roman.

Wishing

he is.

having learned that

^{+ 24.} Felix was a freed man of the emperor Claudius, and brother of Pallas, chief favorite of the emperor. Tacitus gives us to understand that he governed with all the authority of a king, and the baseness and insolence of a quondam slave. He was an unrighteous governor, a base, mercenary, and bad man.

γνωναι την αιτιαν $\delta i'$ ήν ενακαλουν αυτώ, to know the cause on account of which they were necusing him, κατηγαγον αυτον εις το συνεδριον αυτων. 29 δν Heddown him into the sanhedries of them; whom εύρον εγκαλουμενον περι ζητηματων του νομου I found being accused concerning questions of the law αυτων, μηδεν δε αξιον θανατου η δεσμων εγκληof them, nothing but worthy of death or bonds an aceuμα εχοντα.

Having been disclosed but to me a plot against τον ανδρα μελλειν εσεσθαι ύπο των Ιουδαιων, the man to be about to be by the $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon \xi \text{auths } \epsilon \pi \epsilon \mu \psi \text{a mpos } \sigma \epsilon, & \text{mapagyeilas kai tois} \\ \text{tistantly} & 1 \text{ sent} & \text{to} & \text{thee, having commanded also} & \text{the} \end{array}$ κατηγοροις λεγειν τα προς αυτον επι σου. to say the things against him before thee. *[Ερδωσο.] 31 Οί μεν ουν στρατιωται, κατα The indeed therefore soldiers, according to [Parcwell.] το διατεταγμένον αυτοίς, αναλαβοντες τον that having been commanded them, having taken the Παυλον, ηγαγον δια της νυκτος εις την Αυτι-Paul, they led through the night into the Antiπατρίδα. ³¹ Τη δε επαυρίον εασαντές τους έπ-Ortheand morrow having left the horseπεις πυρευεσθαι συν αυτφ, ύπεττρεθαν εις την with him, they returned to togo the παρεμβολην. 33 Οίτινες εισελθοντες εις την Who having come into castle. Καισαρείαν, και αναδούτες την επιστολην τω Cesarea, and having delivered the letter ήγεμονι, παρεστησαν και τον Παυλον αυτώ. presented also the Paul to him. governor, 31 Αναγνους δε, και επερωτήσας εκ ποιας επαρ-Having read and, and having asked from what province χιας εστι, και πυθομένος ότι απο Κιλικίας. he is, and having understood that from 35 διακουσημαι σου, εζη, όταν κιι οί κατηγοροι

> Herod to be kept. ΚΕΦ, κδ', 24.

σου παραγενώνται. Εκελευσε τε αυτον εν τω

I will fully hear thee, he said, when also the

πραιτωρίο του Ήρωδου φιλασσεσθαί.

may arrive.

bulgment-hall of the

Ανανίας μετα των πρεσβυτερων και ρητορος elders with the and Ananias an orator Τερτυλλου τινος, οίτινες ενεφανισαν τω ήγε-Tertulius certain, who appeared before the gov-2 Κληθεντος δε αυτου, μονι κατα του Παυλου. ernor against the Paul. Having been called and of him, ηρξατο κατηγορείν δ Τερτυλλος, λεγων. 3 πολ-Tectullus, saying; began to accuse the

28 † and desiring to know the CRIME of which they accused him, I led him down into their SAN-HEDRIM;

29 whom I found being accused ‡concerning Questions of their LAW, ‡but having no Accusation worthy of Death or Bonds.

30 ‡ But it having been disclosed to me that a Plet was about to be formed against the MAN by the JEWS, I instantly sent to thee, ‡ having commanded his ACCUSERS also * to speak against him before thee."

31 The SOLDIERS, therefore, according to That which was COMMAND! Dethem, took Paul, and conveyed him by * Night to Antipatris.

32 And on the NEXT DAY they returned to the CASTLE, having left the HORSEMEN to proceed with him:

33 who, having entered CESAREA, and delivered the LETTER to the G-v-ernor, they also presented PAUL to him.

34 And having read ithe asked of What Province he was; and being informed That he was from t Cilicia,

35 he said, ‡"I will fully hear thee, when thine ACCUSERS are also come. And he commanded him to be kept in ‡ HEROD'S PRETORIUM.

CHAPTER XXIV.

1 And after ‡ Five Days
the High-friest, ‡ Ananias, went down with * the
ELDERS, and a certain
Orator named Tertuffes,
and appeared before the
GOVERNOR against PAUL.

7 ολ- TERTULLUS began to acgreat cuse him, saying;

He com anded and him in the

^{*} Varican Manuscript.-30, to speak against him before thee. 30. Farewell-omit. 51. Night. 1. certain Elders.

^{† 28.} Acts xxii, 30. † 29. Acts xxiii, 15; xxv. 10. † 29. Acts xxvi. 21. † 30. ver. 20. † 30. Acts xxiv. 8; xxv. 6. † 34. Acts xxi, 20. † 35. A 4 xxiv. 1, 10; xxv. 16. † 55. Matt. xxvii. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27. † 1. Acts xxi. 27.

λης ειρηνης τυγχανοντές δια σου, και κατορ. through thee, and enjoying θωματων γινομενων τω εθνει τουτω δια της σης deeds being done to the nation this through of the of thy προνοιας, παντη τε και πανταχου αποδεχομεθα, foresight, in every thing and and everywhere we accept, κρατιστε Φηλιξ, μετα πασης ευχαριστιας. O'most excellent Felix, with all thankfulness. είνα δε μη επι πλειον σε εγκοπτω, παρακαλω That and not to longer thee I may detain, I beseech ακουσαι σε ήμων συντομως τη ση επιεικεια. briefly in the thy clemency. to hear thee of us 5 Εύροντες γαρ του ανδρα τουτον λοιμον, και We have found for the a pestilence, and man this κινουντα στασιν πασι τοις Ιουδαιοις τοις κατα exciting a sedition in all the Jews those την οικουμενην, πρωτοστατην τε της των Ναthe habitable, a leader and of the of the Na-ζυραιων αίρεσεως, 6 5ς και το ίερον επειρασε sect, who also the temple attempted βεβηλωσαι· δν και εκρατησαμεν, * [και κατα to profane, whom also we apprehended, [and according to to profane; whom also we apprehended, τον ημετερον νομον ηθελησαμεν κρινειν. 7 Παρour law we wished to judge. ελθων δε Λυσιας b χιλιαρχος, μετα πολλης come but Lysias the commander, with a great βιας εκ των χειρων ήμων απηγαγε, ⁸ κελευσας force out of the hands of ns led away, baving commanded τους κατηγορους αυτου ερχεσθαι επι σε παρ' to thce; 1 from of him to come δυνηση αυτος, ανακρινας $\pi \in \rho \iota$ whom thou wilt be able thyself, having examined closely, concerning επιγνωναι, ών ήμεις κατηπαντων τουτων of these thingato have knowledge, of which we 9 Συνεπεθεντο δε και οί Ιουγορουμεν αυτου. United in impeaching and also the Jews, him. 10 Aπεκδαιοι, φασκοντες ταυτα ούτως εχειν. Auswered asserting these things thus to be. οιθη δε δ Παυλος, νευσιντος αυτώ του ήγεμο-Paul, noddiug to him the governor νος λεγείν. Εκ πολλων ετων ουτα σε κρίτην τω to speak, From many years being thee a judge to the εθνει τουτώ επισταμένος, ευθυμοτέρον more cheerfully thia knowing, the things εμαυτου απολογουμαι. 11 δυναμενου σου περι concerning myself I defend; heing able of thee γνωναι, ότι ου πλειους εισι μοι ήμεραι δεκαδυο, days that not more are to me twelve, αφ' ής ανεβην προσκυνησων εν Ίερουσαλημ. from which I went up to worship Jerusalem. in

12 Και ουτε εν τω εερφ εύρον με προς τινα δια-And neither in the templethey founding with any one dis-

a tumult

λεγομενον, η

or

puting,

" Having obtained Great Peace through thee, and * worthy Deeds being done for this NATION by THY Forethought, and in every thing and everywhere, we accept it, Most excellent Felix, with all Thankfulness.

4 But that I may not further detain thee, I beseech thee to hear us briefly, with THY usual

Candor.

5 ‡ For we found this MAN a Pestilence, and exciting * Seditions among All those Jews throughout the EMPIRE, and a Chief of the SECT of the NAZARENES;

6 t who even attempted to profane the TEMPLE, and whom we apprehended, *[and wished to judge according to our Law;

7 tbut Lysias, the com-MANDER, having come with a Great Force, took him away out of our

HANDS,

8 ‡ commanding his Accusers to come to thee;] from whom thou wilt be able to learn for thyself, on examination, of all these things of which we accuse him.

9 And the Jews also jointly impeached him, asserting that these things

were so.

10 And the GOVERNOR having made a sign for him to speak, PAUL answered, "Knowing that thou hast been for Several Years a Judge of this NATION, * I cheerfully defend myself;

11 it also being in thy power to ascertain, That it is not more than twelve Days since ‡ I went up to worship at Jerusalem.

12 ‡ And they die not find me disputing with any one in the TEMPLE, or making an Insurrection of of a crowd,

making 5. Sedi-* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. Reformations are going on in this NATION. 10. I cheerfully. 6-8. omit. tions among.

επισυστασιν ποιουντα οχλου,

^{† 5.} Luke xxiii. 2; Acts vi. 13; xvi. 20; xvii. 6; xxi. 28; † Pet. ij. 12, 15. † 6. Acts t. 28. † 6. John xviii. 31. † 7. Acts xxi. 33. † 8. Acts xxiii. 30. 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi. 26. † 12. Acts xxv. 8; xxviii. 17 I 11. ver. 17; Acts xxi, 26,

ουτε εν ταις συναγωγαις, ουτε κατα την πολιν· nor in the syangogues, nor in the city; 13 ουτε παραστησαι δυνανται, περι ών νυν nre they asile, conceining which now κατηγορουσι μου. 14 Ομολογω δε τουτο σοι, they accuse me. 14 Ομολογω but this to thee,

ότι κατα την όδον, ήν λεγουσιν αίρεσιν, ούτω that according to the way, which they called a sect, so λατρευω τω πατρωω θ εω, ιιστευων πασι τοις

1 serve the patriarchal God, believing all things those
κατα τον νομον και τοις εν τοις προφηταις
according to the law and those in the prophets

according to the law and those in the prophets $\gamma \epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \epsilon \nu o is^{-15} \epsilon \lambda \pi i \delta \alpha \epsilon \chi \omega \nu \epsilon is \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu, \dot{\eta} \nu$ naving been written; a hope having in the God, which

και αυτοι ούτοι προσδεχονται, αναστασιν μελeven they themselves are looking for, a resurrection about

λειν εσεσθαι *[νεκρων,] δικαιων τε και αδιτο be [ordendones,] of just ones and also unjust κων. 16 Εν τουτφ δε αυτος ασκω, απροσκοπον

ου.». Ια this and myself Lexercise, 'a clear συνειδησεν εχειν προς τον θεον και τους ανθρ:.-

conscience to have towards the God and the men πους διαπαντος. 17 Δι' ετων δε πλειονων always. In the course of years and many

 π αρεγενομην ελεημοσυνας ποιησων εις το εθνος Γ_{came} alma bringing to the nation

μου, και προσφορας. ¹⁸ Εν οίς εύρον με ήγof me, and offerings. In which they found me having νισμένον εν τφ ίερφ, ου μετα οχλου, ουδε μετα

been purified in the temple, not with acrowd, nor with θορυβου. Τινες δε απο της Ασιας Ιουδαιοι, atumult. Some and from the Asia Jews,

19 ούς εδει επι σου παρειναι, και κατηγορειν ει who ought before thee to be present, and to accuse if

τι $\epsilon \chi$ οι $\epsilon \nu$ προς $\mu \epsilon$. 20 Η αυτοι ούτοι ϵ ιπαanything they may have against me Or these themselves let $\tau \omega \sigma \alpha \nu$, τι ϵ ύρον $\epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \mu$ οι α δικημ α , σ τ $\alpha \nu$ τος

them say, what they found in the crime, having stood

μου επι του συνεδριου 21 η περι μιας ταυof the before the saubedring or concerning one this

της φωνης, ής εκραξα έστινς εν αυτοις. 'Οτι voice, which I cried out standing among them; That

περι αναστασεως νεκρων εγω κρινομαι σημεconcerning a resurrection of dead ones I am judged to-day
ρον ὑφ' ὑμων. $\frac{22}{2}$ Ανεβαλετο δε αυτους ὁ Φηλιξ,
by you. Put off but them the Febra,

ακριβεστερον είδως τα περι της όδου, more accurately knowing the things concerning the way,

 ϵ ιπων· ^cΟταν Λυσιας δ χιλιαρχος κατηβη, saying; When Lysias the commandermaycomedowu,

the Crowd, either in the SYNAGOGUES, or in the CITY;

13 nor are they able to prove the things concerning which they now accuse

14 But this I confess to thee, that according to the way which they call a Sect, so serve I the God of my Fathers, believing the Things which are according to the Law, and those which have been written in the Propurity 5

15 having a Hope in God, which even they themselves are looking for, —‡that there is to be a Resurrection both of the Righteous and Unrightcous.

16 And in this I exercise myself, always to have to a clear Conscience towards God and Men.

17 But in the course of several Years \$1 came bringing Alms to my NA. TION, and Offerings;

18 at which time they found me purified in the T MPLE, net er with a Crowd, nor with Tummlt \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ But there are some Jows from Asia,}

19 twho ought to be present before thee, and to accuse, if they may have anything against me.

20 Or let these themselves say, What Crime they found in me while I stood before the SANHE-DRIM;

2I unless it be for This One Declaration which I made while I was standing among them,—‡ 'That concerning the Resurrection of the Dead I am judged by you This day.'"

22 But Felix knowing more accurately about that WAY, put them off, saying, "When Lysias, the COMMANDER, comes down, I

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the THINGS according to Law.

^{15.} of the dead-omit.

^{† 15.} Dan. xii. 2; John v. 28, 29. † 16. Acts xxiii. 1. † 17. Acts xi. 20, 30; xx. 16; Rom. xv. 25; 2 Cor. viii. 4; Gal. ii. 10. † 18. Acts xxii. 26, 27 xxvi. 21. † 19. Acts xxiii. 30; xxv. 16. † 21. Acts xxiii. 6; xxviii. 20.

Felix,

διαννωσομαι τα καθ' ύμας. 23 Διαταξαμένος Having given orders I will imquire into the things about you. $T \in T$ εκατονταρχη τηρεισθαι αυτον, εχειν τε and to the centurion to keep han, to have and and to the centurion αν σιν, και μηδενα κωλυειν των ιδιων αυτου no one to forbid of the own friends of him and \dot{v} πη $_{c}$ ετειν, *[η προσερχεσθαι] αυτφ.

[or to hum. to come] to assist, 14 Μετα δε ήμερας τινας παραγενομένος δ Φηthe Fe-After and days some having come λιξ συν Δρουσιλλη τη γυναικι, ουση Ιουδαια, hix with Drusilla the wife, being a Jewess, μετεπεμψατο τον Παυλον, και ηκουσεν αυτου and beard he sent for the Panl, 25 Διαλεγο-

της εις Χριστον πιστεως. concerning the into Anointed faith. μενου δε αυτου περι δικαιοσυνης και εγκραand self-coning and of him concerning justice τειας και του κριματος του μελλοντος, εμφοtrol and of the judgment that being about to come, termf is γενομενος δ Φηλιξ απεκριθη. Το νυν εχον it heing the Felix answered; The present being πορευου καιρον δε μεταλαβων μετακαλεσορ.αι go thou; a season and having found I will call

τοι τοι και ελπιζων, ότι χρηματα δοθητικ. At the same time also hoping, that noney will be ϵ ται *[αυτω] ύπο του Παυλου, *[δπως λυση] to him) by the Paul (so that lemight loose to the content of the content o και πυκνοτερον αυτον μεταπεμ-[יעס־ מ διο him therefore and oftener Sin,] $27 \Delta \iota \epsilon \tau \iota \alpha s \delta \epsilon \pi \lambda \eta \rho \omega \theta \epsilon \iota$ τημένος ώμιλει αυτω. Two years but being ended talked with him. σης ελαβη διαδοχον δ Φηλιξ Πορκιον Φηστον. Festus; received a successor the Felix Porcius

θελων τε χαριτας καταθεσθαι τοις Ιουδαιοις δ wishing and favors to lay in store for himself with the Jews the Φ λιξ, κατελιπε τον Παυλον δεδεμενον. the Paul having been bound. left

KEΦ. $\kappa \epsilon'$. 25.

επιβας τη επαρχια, μετα 1 Φηστος ουν Festus therefore having enteredupon the perfecture, after τρεις ήμερας ανεβη εις Ίεροσολυμα απο Καισα-Jerusalem from Cesadays weet up to three ² Ενεφανισαν δε αυτω δ αρχιερευς και Appeared before and him the high-priest and pelas. οι πρωτοι των Ιουδαιων κατα του Παυλου, каі against the Paul and the chiefs of the Jews 3 αιτουμενοι χαριν KaT' παρεκαλουν αυτον, asking afavor against him, αυτου, όπως μεταπεμψηται αυτον εις Ίερουσαhe would send for him to Jerusathat ενεδραν ποιουντες ανελειν αυτον κατα ‡ forming an Ambuscade λημ. to kill him in an ambush forming

will inquire about your MATTERS "

23 And he commanded the CENTURION to keep him, and let him have Liberty, ‡ and to forbid none of his FRIENDS to assist him.

4 And after some Days, FFLIX coming with † Drusilla, * his WIFE, who was a Jewess, sent for PAUL, and heard him concerning the FAITH in * Christ Jesus.

25 And as he was discoursing concerning Justice, Self-government, and THAT JUDGMENT about to COME, FELIX, being terrified, answered, "Go for the PRESENT; and when I find an Opportunity I will call for thee."

26 At the same time also hoping that Money would be given him by PAUL: and therefore he more frequently sent for Him, and conversed with

will be

27 But when two Years were ended, FELIX had a Successor, Porcius Festus; and Felix, ‡wishing to be favorably regarded by the Jews, left Paul a prisoner.

CHAPTER XXV.

- 1 Festus, therefore, having entered upon his GOV. ERNMENT, after Three Days went up from Cesarea to Jerusalem.
- 2 #And *the HIGH-PRIESTS and the CHIEFS of the JEWS appeared against PAUL, and entreated him,
- 3 asking a Favor against him, that he would send for him to Jerusalem to kill him on the ROAD.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—23. or to come—omit. 24. his own Wife. . 26. to him—omit. 26. so that he might loose him—omit. 24. Christ 26. to him-omit. Jesus.

^{† 24.} Drusilla was the youngest daughter of Herod Agrippa, and had been married to A.A.Zus, king of Emessa, whom Felix had persuaded her to abandon, in order to an adulter oat marriage with himself.

^{1 27.} Acts xii. 3; xxv. 9, 14 1 2. Acts xx.v. 1 23. Acts xxvii. 3; xxviii. 16. ver. 15. 1 3. Acts xxiii. 12, 15. 1, ver. 15.

την δδον. 4 Ο μεν ουν Φηστος απεκριθη, the way. The indeed then Festus answered, τηρεισθαι τον Παυλον εν Καισαρεια, έαυτον δε to be kept the Paul in Cesarea. himself but μελλειν εν ταχει εκπορευεσθαι. ⁵ Οί συν εν to be about with speed to go out. Those therefore among έμιν, φησι, δυνατοι, συγκαταβαντες, ει τι εστιν εν τω ανδρι, κατηγορειτωσαν αυτου. in the man, let them acense ⁶ Διατριψας δε εν αυτοις ήμερας ου πλειους οκτω Il wingremained and among them days not more eight η δεκα, καταβας εις Καισαρειαν, τη επαυριον or ten, having gone down into Cesarea, on the morrow καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευτε τον biving satdown on the judgment-seat, he commanded the Παιλον αχθηναι. 7 Π γραγενομένου δε αυτου, Having approached and of lam, Paul to be led forth. περιεστησαν οί απο Ίεροσολυμων καταβεβηκοstood around the from derusalem. having been come τες Ιουδαιοι, πολλα και βαρεα αιτιαματα φερονdown Jews, many and heavy accusations τες * [κατα του Παυλ ιυ,] ά ουκισχυον αποδειξαι: ing [against the Paul,] which not they were able to point out; δ απολογουμένου αυτου. 'Οτι ουτε εις τον νομον saying in defence of him; That neither against the law των Ιουδαιών, ουτε εις το ίερον, ουτε εις Καιor the Jews, nor against the temple, nor against Ceσαρα τι ημαρτον. 9 'Ο Φηστος δε, τοις Ιουδαιsar anything did I wrong. The Festus but, with the Jews οις θελων χαριν καταθεσθαι, αποκριθεις τ ϕ wishing a favor to lay up for hunself answering to the Παυλώ ειπε. Θελεις εις Ίεροσολυμα αναβας,

εκει περι τουτων κρινεσθαι επ' εμου; 10 Ειπε there concerning these things to be judged before me? Said $\delta \epsilon \delta$ Παυλος. Επι του βηματος Καισαρος εστως but the Paul; At the judgment-scat of Cesar standing ειμι, ού με δει κρινεσθαι. Ιουδαιους ουδεν Ι am, where me it behoves to be judged. Jewa nothing $\delta \kappa$ και συ καλλιον επιγινωσκεις. I have doue wrong, as also I hou full well last ascertained,

said; Art thou willing to

11 Ει μεν γαρ αδικω, και αξιον θανατου πεπρα
11 indeed for 1 am unjust, and worthy of death 1 have $\chi \alpha \quad \tau_i$, ου παραιτουμαι το αποθανειν ει δε done anthing, not 1 refuse the to die; if but
ουδεν εστιν ών ούτοι κατηγορουσι μου, ουδεις
nothing is of which these accuse me, no one

με δυναται αυτοις χαρισασθαι. Καισαρα επι-

καλουμαι. 12 Τοτε ο Φηστος συλλαλησας μετα upon. Then the Pestus having conferred with

4 But Festus answered that Paul should be kept at Cesarea, and that he himself would go down there shortly.

5 "Therefore," said he. "let THOSE among you who are ABLE go down with me, ‡ and * if there is anything amiss in the MAN.

accuse him.

6 And having continued among them eight or ten Days, he went down to Cesaria; and on the NEXT DAY, sitting down on the TRIBUNAL, commanded PAUL to be brought.

7 And he having come, the Jews who had come bown from Jerusal m stood * round him, I bringing down Many and Heavy Accusations, which they were not able to prove,

8 *while Paul maintained in his defence, the Neither against the LAW of the Jews, nor against the TEMPLE, nor against Cesar, have I sinned in anything."

9 But Festus, twishing to gratify the Jews, answering Paul, said, t"Art thou willing to go up to Jerusalem, and there be judged before me concerning these things?"

10 And PAUL said, "I am standing at Cesar's TRIBUNAL, where I ought to be judged. I have done no wrong to the Jews, as thou also very well knowest.

11 ‡ * For if, indeed, I do wrong, or have done anything deserving of Death, I refuse not to die; but if there be nothing of which they accuse me, no one can give Me up to gratify Them. ‡ 1 appeal to Cesar."

12 Then Festus, having conferred with the

Jerusalem having gone up,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCUIPT.—5. if there is anything amiss in the man, accuse him. 7. round him, bringing down Many. 7. against Paul—omit. 8. Paul answering. 11. If, then, indeed.

^{† 5.} Acts xviii. 14; ver. 18. † 8. Acts vi. 13; xxiv. 12; xxviii. 17. ver. 25; Acts xviii. 14; xxiii. 29; xxvi 33 † 11. Acts xxiv. 27. † 19. ver. 20. † 11. Acts xxiv. 32; xxviii. 10.

Καισαρα επικεκλητου συμβουλιου, απεκριθη thou bast called Ces.u answered; council, σαι· επι Καισαρα πορευση. thou shalt go. Cesar t o 13 'Ημερων δε διαγενομενών τινων, Αγριππας Agrippa and having intervened some, Days δ βασιλευς και Βερνικη κατηντησαν εις Καισα-Cesarea, came down Bernice and 14 'Os king ασπασομένοι τον Φηστου. ρειαν, When and Festus. paying their respects to the πλειους ήμερας διετριβον εκει, δ Φηστος τω they remained there, the Festus to the βασιλει ανεθετο τα κατατον Παυλον, λεγων. saying; submitted thethings against the Paul, Ανηρ τις εστι καταλελειμμενος ύπο Φηλικος having been left behind by δεσμιος. 15 περι ού, γενομενου μου εις 1ερο-a prisoner; concerning whom, being of me in Jeru-σολυμα, ενεφανισαν οί αρχιερεις και οί πρεσβυgave information the high-priests and the κατ' αυτου των Ιουδαιων, αιτουμενοι him against asking of the Jews, 16 Προς ούς απεκριθην, ότι ουκ εστιν δικην. that not I answered, whom To εθος 'Ρωμαιοις χαριζεσθαι τινα ανθρωπον, πριν η a custom for Romans to give as a favor any man, before δ κατηγορουμενος κατα προσωπον εχοι τους may have the face to face being accused κατηγορους, τοπον τε απολογιας λαβοι accusers, an opportunity and of defence he may take concerning 17 Συνελθοντων ουν * [αυτων]
Having come therefore [of them] του εγκληματος. accusation. μηδεμιαν ποιησαμενος, τη ενθαδε, αναβολην having made, on the nooe delay καθισας επι του βηματος, εκελευσα αχhere, EETS the judgment-seat, I commanded to be next day having sat down on ού σταθεντες οί 18 Περι θηναι τον ανδρα. Concerning whom having stood up the brought the κατηγοροι ουδεμιαν αιτιαν επεφερον, ών ύπεman. brought, of things supaccusation no one 19 ξητηματα δε τινα περι της νοουν €γω. but certain concerning of the questions posed προς αυτον, δεισιδαιμονίας ειχον 1Sias him. they had with religion τινος Ιησου τεθνηκοτος, δν εφασκεν δ OWO affirmed the concerning one Jesus having been dead, whom 20 Απορουμενος δε εγω εις την $\langle \eta \nu.$ Παυλος on that but Being in doubt to be alive. βουλοιτο τουτου ζητησιν, ελεγον, ει if he would be willing

COUNSEL, answered, "To Cesar thou hast appealed; to Cesar thou shalt go."

13 And after some Days, † Agrippa the KING and Bernice came down to Cesarea, to pay their respects

to FESTUS.

14 And when they had spent Many Days there, FESTUS submitted PAUL'S CASE to the KING, saying, t"There is a certain Man left a Prisoner by Felix;

15 # concerning whom, when I was in Jerusalcin, the HIGH-PRIESTS and the ELDERS of the JEWS * appeared; asking a Sentence of judgment against him;

16 ‡to whom I answered, That it is not a Custom for Romans to make a present of Any Man, before the ACCUSED has the ACCUsers Face to Face, and an Opportunity is allowed for defence concerning the AC-CUSATION.

17 Therefore, when they arrived here, ‡ making no Delay, the NEXT DAY, sitting down on the TRIBU-NAL, I commanded the MAN to be brought;

18 concerning whom the ACCUSERS having stood up, brought No Charge of *such Evil things as I

supposed; 19 tbut had certain Questions with him about their own Religion, and about One Jesus who died, whom PAUL affirmed to be alive.

20 And I being in doubt on that concerning this QUESTION, I inquired if he would be willing to go to Jerusalem, and there be judged concerning these things.

21 But PAUL having ap-

Paul concerning these things. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15, appeared, asking a Sentence of judgment. 18. such Evil things.

'Ιερουσαλημ, κακει κρινεσθαι

21 Του δε Παυλου επικαλεσα-

I said,

question,

Jerusalem,

The bnt

concerning this

TEDL

πορευεσθαι εις

to

τουτων.

and there to be judged

having appealed

^{† 13.} This was the son of Agrippa, whose miserable death is recorded in Acts xii. 23. In A.D.53, he was transferred from the kingdom of Chalcis, which he had received from Claudius, when only 17 years old, to the provinces possessed by his father, viz., Batanea, Trachonitis, Auranitis, and Ablene, which he governed with the title of king. He died A. D. 100, after a reign including that over Chalcis, of 61 years.—Owen.

^{1 16.} ver. 4, 5. 1 15. ver. 2, 3. † 14. Acts xxiv. 27. Acts xviii. 15. xxiii. 29.

Absurd

and the against him

μενου τηρηθηναι αύτον εις την του Σεβαστου to bo kept himself for the of the Augustus διαγνωσιν, εκελευσα τηρεισθαι αυτον, έως ού decision, I commanded to be kept him, till 22 A $\gamma \rho i\pi \pi \alpha s \delta \epsilon$ πεμψω, αυτον προς Καισαρα. l could send him to Cesar. Agrippa $*[\epsilon\phi\eta\cdot]$ προς τον Φηστον Εβουλομην και to the Festus I was wishing also 'Ο δε αυριον, αυτος του αν θ ρωπου ακουσαι. myself the man to hear. The and morrow; 23 Tŋ ουν επαυριον φησιν, ακουση αυτου. he said, thou shalt hear him. On the therefore morrow ελθοντος του Αγριππα και της Βερνικης μετα having come the Agrippa and the Bernice with πολλης φαντασιας, και εισελθοντων €LS TO display, and having entered into the ακροατηριον, συν τε τοις χιλιαρχοις και ανδρασι place of hearing, with both the commanders and τοις κατ' εξοχην *[ουσι] της πολεως, και κε-[being] of the city, and principal hav-24 Kaı λευσαντος του Φηστου, ηχθη δ Παυλος. ing commanded the Festus, was brought the Paul. And φησιν δ Φηστος. Αγριππα βατιλευ, και παντες said the Festus; Agrippa O king, and οί συμπαροντες ήμιν ανδρες, θεωρειτε τουτον, those being present with us men, you see π ερι ού π αν το π ληθος των Ιουδαιων ενετυconcerning whom all the multitude of the Jews applied χον μοι εν τε Ίερυσολυμοις και ενθαδε, επιto me in both Jerusalem and here, cry-Βοωντες μη δειν ζην αυτον μηκετι. not to be right to live him longer. δε καταλαβομενος μηδεν αξιον θανατου αυτον but having described bothing worthy of death him $\pi \in \pi \rho \alpha \chi \in \nu \alpha \iota$, $\kappa \alpha \iota$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\tau \sigma \upsilon \tau \sigma \upsilon$ $\epsilon \pi \iota \kappa \alpha \lambda \epsilon \sigma \alpha$ to have done, also of him and of this having appealed μενου τον Σεβαστον, εκρινα πεμπειν *[αυτον.] $^{-6}$ $\Pi \epsilon
ho \iota$ où ar ϕ ales $au \iota$ prayal $au \phi$ kuric Concerning whom certain anything to write to the Lord -6 TEPL ουκ εχω, διο προηγαγον αυτον εφ' ύμων, και not I have, therefore 1 led forth him before you, μαλιστα επι σου, βασιλευ Αγριππα, όπως της especially before thee, O king Agrippa, so that the ανακρισεως γενομενης σχω TL γραψαι. examination having taken place I may have something to write, ²⁷ Αλογον γαρ μοι δοκει πεμποντα δεσμιον, μη

for to me it seems sending

charges

και τας κατ' αυτου αιτιας σημαναι.

pealed to be kept for the DECISION of †AUGUSTUS, I ordered him to be kept till I could send him * to Cesar.

22 And Agrippa said to Festus, "I myself also desire to hear this MAN." And he said, "To-morrow, thou shalt hear him."

23 On the NEXT DAY, therefore, AGRIPPA and BERNICE having arrived with Great Pomp, and having entered into the PLACE OF HLARING, with the *Commanders and THOSE Men who were of Distinction in the CITY, at the COMMAND OF FESTUS, PAUL was brought.

24 And Festus said, "King Agrippa, and All the MEN PRESENT with uslyou see this man, about whom ‡ All the MULTITUDE of the JEWS applied to me, both in Jcrusalem and here, crying out that he ought ‡ not to live

any longer.

25 But when I detected Nothing which the had done deserving Death, tand he also having appealed to tauerus, I determined to send him;

26 concerning whom I have nothing definite to write to the † SOVEREIGN. Therefore I have brought him before you, and especially before thee, King Agrippal that on EXAMINATION, I may have something to write.

27 For it appears to Me unreasonable to send a Prisoner, and not to signify the CHARGES alleged

against him."

* Vatican Manuscrift.-21, up to Cesar. 22, said-omit. 23, Commanders and. 23, being-omit, 25, him-omit,

to signify.

a prisoner,

^{+ 21 &}amp; 25. Although Sebastos, is usually translated Augustus, and the Roman emperors generally assumed this epithet, which signifies no more than the renerable, the august; yet here it seems to be used merely to express the emperor, without any reference to any of his attributes or titles. + 26. The title Kurios, Lord, both Augustus and Tiberius had absolutely refused; and forbad, even by public edicts, the application of it to themselves. Tiberius himself was accustomed to say, that he was lord of his slaves, emperor of the troops, and prince of the senate. See Suetonius, in his life of this prince. The succeeding emperors were not so modest; they affected the title. Nero, the emperor, would have it; and Pliny the younger is continually giving it to Trajan, in his letters.—Clarke.

КЕФ. кѕ'. 26.

1 Αγριππας δε προς τον Παυλον εφη. Επιτρεπεται σοι ίπερ σεαυτου λεγειν. Τοτε ό permitted for thee in behalf of thyself to speak. Then the Παυλος απελογειτο, εκτεινας την Paul made a defeuce, having stretched out the X sipa. hand; $^2\pi\epsilon\rho\iota$ παντων ών εγκαλουμα ύπο Ιουconcerning allthings of which I am accused Jews, δαιων, βασιλευ Αγριππα, ήγημαι εμαυτον μακα-Lesteem myself happy. Oking Agrippa, ριον, επι σου μελλων σημερον απολογεισθαι. before thre being about to-day to make a defence; 3 μαλιστα γ νωστην οντα σ ϵ π αντων auων κατα especially acquainted being three of all of the among Ιουδαιους εθων τε και ζητηματων. Διο δεο-Jews customs and also questions. Therefore I enμαι *[σον,] μακροθυμως ακουσαι μου. $^4\,\mathrm{T}\eta\nu$ [tnee, | patiently to hear of me. The tieit μέν ουν βιωσιν μου την εκ νεοτητος, την Indeed therefore mode of life of me that from youth, that απ' αρχης γενοπενην εν τω εθνει μου εν Ίερο-from beginning being amongt e nation of me in Jeruσολυμοις, ισασι παντες οί Ιουδαιοι. 5 προγινωσstem, know all the Jews; previously knowκοντες με ανωθεν, (εαν θελωπι μαρτυρείν,) ότι ing me from the first, (if they would be willing to testify,) that κατα την ακριβεστατην αιρ σιν της ήμετεaccording to the mast rigid sect of the our ρας θρηττείας εξησα Φαρισαίος. 6 Kai νυν επ' religion I lived a Pharisee. And now for ελτ 3ι της προς τους πατερας επαγγελιας γενοhope of that to the fathers promise μενης ύπο του θεου, έστηκα κρινομένος. ⁷ εις made by the God, I have stood being judged; to ήν το δωδεκαφυλον ήμων, εν εκτενεία νυκτα which the twelve tribes of us, in intently night λατρευον, ελπιζει καταντησαι: και ήμεραν day ήs serving, hopes to a tain; βασιλευ περι €λπιδος
hope εγκαλουμαι, Oking concerning which hope I am accused, *[Αγριππα,] ὑπο Ιουδαιων. S'Γι;
[Agrippa,] by Jews. What? απιστον [Agrippa,] by Jews. incredible κρινεται παρ' ύμιν, ει δ θεος νεκρους εγειρει; thic judged by you, if the God dead ones raises? $E \gamma \omega = \begin{bmatrix} \mu \varepsilon \nu \end{bmatrix}$ funded therefore thought in myself to the ονομα Ιησου του Ναζωραιου δειν πολλα εναντια

 9 Εγω * [μεν] ουν εδ) ξα εμαυτφ προς το I (indeed) therefore thought in myself to the oνομα Ιησου του Να(ωραιου δειν πολλα εναντια name of Jesus the Nazarene ought many things against πραξαι. 10 °O και εποιησα εν 'Ιεροσολυμοις to practise, Which also I did in Jerusalem; και πολλους των αγιων εγω εν Φυλακαις κατε-

and many of the saints i in prisons shut κλεισα, την παρα των αρχιερεων εξουσιαν λα-

up, the from of the high-priests authority having AUTHORITY I from the

CHAPTER XXVI.

1 And Agrippa said to PAUL, "It is permitted thee to speak in behalf of thyself." Then PAUL extending his HAND, spoke his defence.

2 "Concerning all things of which I am accused by the Jews, I esteem mys if happy, King Agrippa! that I am about This day to speak my defence before

thee;

3 especially as thou art acquainted with all the customs and Questions among the Jews, therefore, I entreat thee, to hear me patiently.

4 My MODE OF LIFE, from my Youth, THAT which was from the Beginning among my own NATION, * and in Jerusalem, is known to All the

*Jews;

5 who, knowing me from the first, if they would, might testify, That according to \$\times\$ the MOST RIGHD Sect of our Religion, I lived a Pharisee.

6 ‡ And now I stand on trial for the Hope of that PROMISE made by GOD to

our FATHERS;

7 to which our TWELVE TRIBES, earnestly serving Night and Day, hope to attain; concerning Which Hope, O King, I am accused by the Jews.

8 What! is it judged by you as an incredible thing, that God should raise the

Dead?

9 ‡Therefore, indeed, I thought within myself that I ought to do Many things against the NAME of Jesus the NAZARENE;

10 ‡* which even 1 did in Jerusalem; and Many of the SAINTS E shut up in Prisons, having received

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.-3. thee-omit. 7. Agripp&-omit. 9. Indeed-omit.

^{4.} and in Jerusalem.
10. Therefore also I did.

^{4.} the Jews.

^{† 5.} Acts xxii, 3; xxiii, 6; xxiv, 15, 22; Phil. iii, 5. † 6. Gen. xii, 3; xxii, 18; xxⁿ, 1; P.S. CXXXII, 11. † 7. James i. 1. † 9. 1 Tim. i. 13. † 10. Gal. i. 3. † 16. Acts ix, 14, 21; xxii, 5.

[mid saying]

βων αναιρουμενων τε αυτων, κατηνεγκα ψηφον received, being killed and of them, I brought against a vote;

11 και κατα πασας τας συναγωγας πολλακις τιand synagogues often 111 all the μωρων αυτους, ηναγκαζον βλασφημειν περισthem. I was compelling to blaspheme; ishing exceedσως *[τε] εμμαινομένος αυτοις, εδιώκον έως being furious towards them, I pursued [and] και εις τας εξω πολεις. 12 Εν οίς * [και] πορευομένος εις την Δαμασκον μετ' εξουσιας και επιto the Damascus with anthority and a comτροπης της *[παρα] των αρχιερεων, 13 ήμερας

mission of that [from] the high-priests, ofaday μεσης, κατα την όδον είδον, βασιλευ, ουρανοin the way I saw, O king, from heaven $\theta \in \nu$, ύπερ την λαμπροτητα του ήλιου,

ahove the brightness of the sun, περιλαμψαν με φως και τους συν εμοι πορευσ-having shone round me a light and those with mo going. μενους. ¹⁴Παντων δε καταπεσουτων *[ήμων]εις

All and having fallen down την γην, ηκουσα φωνην λαλουσαν προς με, carth, I heard a voice speaking to me, *[και λεγουσαν] τη Έβραιδι διαλεκτώ. Σαουλ,

in the Hebrew dialect;

Σαουλ, τι με διωκεις; σκληρον σοι προς me persecutest thou? hard for thee against wh_ κεντρα λακτιζειν. 15 Εγω δε ειπον. Tis El, shoup points to kick. Who art thou, and said; κυριε: 'Ο δε ειπεν' Εγω ειμι Ιησους, όν συ Usir? He and said; Jesus, whom thou I am 16 Αλλα αναστηθι, διωκεις. και στηθι $\in \pi_I$ But arise thou, and stand up parseentest. τους ποδας σου εις τουτο γαρ ωφθην σοι, of thee; for this for I appeared to thee

to constitute thee a minister and a witness, of what ών τε οφθησομαι σοι. 17 εξαιρουboth thou didst see, of what and I will appear to thee, deliver_ μενος σε εξ του λαου και των εθνων, εις ούς ing thee from the people and the Gentiles, to whom εγω σε αποστελλω, 18 ανοιξαι οφθαλμους αυτων, thee send, to open of them, eyes

πρυχειρισασθαι σε ύπηρετην και μαρτυρα, ών

του επιστρεψαι απο σκοτους εις φως, και της of the to have turned from darkness to light, and of the εξουσιας του σατανα επι τον θεον, του λαβειν authority of the adversery to the God, of the to receive αυτους αφεσιν άμαρτιων, και κληρον εν τοις and inheritance among those them forgiveness of sins, ήγιασμενοις, πιστει τη εις εμε. 19 'Οθεν, βασι-

having been sanctified, faith by the into me. Thereupon, O king

HIGH-PRIESTS; and when they were killed I gave my vote against them.

11 ‡ And punishing them often in All the syna-GOGUES, I compelled them to blaspheme; and being exceedingly furious towards them, I pursued them even to FOREIGN Cities.

12 ‡At which time, as 1 was going to DAMASCUS with Authority, and a Commission from the migh-

PRIESTS,

[ofus] on

Saul,

13 at Mid-day-I saw on the ROAD, O Kingfrom heaven-exceeding the BRIGHTNESS of the sun-a Light shining round me, and Those GOING with me.

14 And all of us having fallen to the EARTH, I heard a Voice speaking to me in the HEBREW Language, 'Saul, Saul, why dost thou persecute Me? It is hard for thee to kick against the Goads.'

15 And # said, 'who art thou, Sir F' And * HE said, 'E am Jesus whom thou

persecutest?

16 But arise, and stand on thy FEET; since for this purpose I have appeared to thee, ‡to constitute thee a Minister and a Witness, both * of what thou hast seen, and of those things in which I will appear to thee;
17 delivering thee from

the PEOPLE and the GEN-TILES, Ito Whom E send

thee,

18 to open their Eves, I to TURN them from Darkness to Light, and from the DOMINION of the AD-VERSARY to God; #that they may receive Forgiveness of Sins, and an Inheritance among THOSE ' HAVING BEEN TSANCTI-FIED through THAT Faith which leads into me.

1 17. 1 18

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. and-omit. 14. of us—omit. 14. and saying—omit. thou hast seen me, and of those things.

^{12.} also-omit. 12. from-omit. 15. the Lord said. 16. in the which

^{† 11.} Acts xxii. 19. Acts xxii. 21. † 18. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. iv. 28; v. 8; Col. i. 23; 1 Pet. ii. 7, 25. Eph. i. 11; Col. i. 12. † 18. Acts xx. 32.

λευ Αγριππα, ουκ εγενομην απειθης τη ουρανιφ Lwas disobedient to the heavenly Agrippa, not οπτασια: 20 αλλα τοις εν Δαμασκφ πρωτον και hut to those in vision: Damascus Ίεροσολυμοις, εις πασαν τε την χωραν της in Jerusalem, in all and the country of the Ιουδαίας, και τοις εθνεπίν, απηγγελλον μετα-I declared Judea, and to the Gentiles, to reνοειν, και επιστρεφειν επι τον θεον, αξια της the God, worth,
21 Ενεκα τουτων form, and to turn to μετανοιας εργα πρασσοντας. On account of these reformation works doing. με οί Ιουδαιοι συλλαβουενοι εν τω ίερω επει-me the Jewa having seized in the temple at-22 Επικουριας ουν τυρωντο διαχειρισασθαι.tempted with violent hands to have killed. Help therefore havτης παρα του $\theta \in \mathcal{O}$ υ, αχρι της ήμερας of that from of the God, till the day ing obtained of that from of the God, ταυτης έστηκα, μαρτυρο**υη ενος μικ**ρώ τε και to small both and I have stood, testilying μεγαλώ, ουδεν εκτος λεγων, ών το οί προφηται to great, nothing beyond saying, of what both the prophet. ελαλησαν μελλοντων γινεσθαι, και Μωυσης. being about to take place, and Moses: spoke ²³ ει παθητος δ Χριστος, ει πρωτος εξ ανασταthat liable to suffer the Auditted, that first from a resurrecσεως νεκρων φως μελλει καταγγελλειν τω tion of dead ones a light he is about to announce to the to the λαφ και τοις εθνεσι. people and to the Gentiles. $^{24}\mathrm{T}$ αυτα $\delta\epsilon$ αυτου απολογουμ ϵ νου, δ Φηστος These things and of him saying in defence, the Festus μεγαλη τη φωνη εφη Μαινη, Παυλε τα πολ-

loud with the voice said; Thou art mad, O Paul; the much 25 'O λα σε γραμματα εις μανιαν περιτρεπει. into maduess He αλλ' θε· Ου μαινομαι, φησι, κρατιστε Φηστε, but; Not I am mad, he says, O most noble Festus, but αληθειας και σωφροσυνης δηματα αποφθεγγοof truth and ofsanity words I utter. 26 Επισταται γαρ περι τουτων δ βασι-Is acquainted for concerning these things the king, μαι. λευς, προς δν * και παρόησια ομενος λαλω. to whom [also] being confident I may speak; λανθανειν αυτον τι τουτων ου TELAOγαρ him any of these things not Mai ουδεν ου γαρ εστιν εν γωνια πεπραγμεpersuaded nothing; not for it is in a corner having been 27 Πιστευεις, βασιλευ Αγριππα, VOV TOUTO. Believest thou, Oking Agrippa, 28 'O δ€ τοις προφηταις; Οιδα, ότι πιστευεις. I know, that thou believest. prophets?

19 Wherefore, O King Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the HEAVENLY Vision;

20 but † declared first to Those * in Damasons and in Jerusalem, and in All the Country of Judea, and to the Gentiles, that they should reform, and turn to God, performing † Works worthy of Reformation.

21 On account of these things, the Jews, having seized Me in the TEMPLE, attempted with violent hands to kill me.

22 Having obtained, therefore, THAT Assistance which is from Gon, I have continued to this DAY, testifying both to small and great, saying nothing beyond what the Propulsiand those spoke as being both to transpire;

23 ‡ That the Messiah would be a sufferer—would be ‡ the first from the Resurrection of the Dead—and would communicate ‡ * Light both to the People and to the Gentiles."

24 And while saying these things in his defence, FESTUS said with a Loud voice, "‡Thou art mad, Paul; thy GREAT Learning has turned Thee into a Madman."

25 But * PAUL replied, "I am not mad, Most excellent Festus, but utter Words of Truth and Sanity.

26 For the KING knows about these things, to whom I speak with freedom. for I am persuaded that none of these things have escaped his notice; for this was not done in a Corner.

nππα, 27 King Agrippal dost thou believe the PROPII-'O δε The and believest."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—20. in Damascus, and also in Jerusalem, and All the country of Judea. 23. Light both to the feofie. 25. Paul. 26. also—omit.

^{† 20.} Acts ix. 20; xxii. 20; xii. 26; xiii.; xiv.; xvl.—xxl. † 20. Matt. iii. S. † 21. Acts xxi. 30, 31. † 22. Luke xxiv. 27, 44; Acts xxiv. 14; xxviii. 23; Rom. iii. 21. † 22. John v. 46. † 23. Luke ii. 32. † 24. 2 Kings ix. 11; John x. 20; 1 Cor. i. 23; ii. 13, 14; 1v. 10.

Αγριππας προς τον Παυλον $*[\epsilon \phi \eta^*]$ Εν ολιγω Agrippa to the Paul [suid;] Within allit.e $\mu \epsilon = \pi \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \iota s$ Χριστιανον γενεσθαι. 29 Ο δε ne thou persuadeat a Christian to become. The and Παυλος *[ϵ ιπεν·] Ευξαιμην αν τ φ θε φ , και Paul [said;] I would pray to the God, and εν ολιγω και εν πολλω, ου μονον σε, αλλα within a little and within much, not only thee, but και παντας τους ακουοντας μου σημερον, γενεσalso all those hearing me to-day, θαι τοιουτους, δποιος καγω ειμι, παρεκτος των come auch, as event am, except the δεσχων τουτων. 30 Âνεστη τε δ βασιλευς και chains these. Arose and the king and αλληλους, λεγοντες 'Οτι ουδεν θανατου αξιον each other, saying; That nothing of death worthy η δεσμων πρασσει δ ανθρωπος ούτος. 33 Αγριπor of bonds does the man this. Agrippa πας δε τω Φηστω εφη. Απολελυσθαι εδυνατο δ and to the Festua said; To have been released might the ανθρωπος ούτος, ει μη επεκεκλητο Καισαρα. this, if not he had called on Cesar.

KEΦ. $\kappa\zeta'$. 27.

1 · Ως δε εκριθη του αποπλειν ήμας εις την When and it was determined of the to sail us to the Ιταλιαν, παρεδιδουν τον τε Παυλον και τινας Italy, they delivered the both Paul and some έτερους δεσμωτας έκατονταρχη, ονοματι Ιουother prisoners to a centurion, by name Julius, λιφ, σπειρης Σεβαστης. ² Επιβαντες δε πλοιφ of a cohort of Augustus. Having gone on hoard and a snip Αδραμυττηνώ, μελλοντες πλειν τους κατα την Adramyttium, being about to sail the in the A σ tau τ o π ous, σ au η χ θ η μ ϵ ν , o ν τ os σ out σ A sia places, we were put to τ ea, being with ήμιν us 3 Tn Αρισταρχου Μακεδουνος Θεσσαλονικεως.
Anatarchus a Macedonian of Thessalomea. τε έτερα κατηχθημε**ν εις Σ**ιδωνα· φιλανθρωπως and next day we were brought to Sidon; humanely τε δ Ιουλίος τφ Παυλφ χρησαμενος, επετρεψε and the Julius to the Paul having treated, permitted προς τους φιλους πορευθεντες επιμελειας to the friends having gone care τυχειν. 4 Κακειθεν αναχθεντες ὑπεπλευσα to have obtained. And from thence having put to sea we sailed under μεν την Κυπρον, δια το τους ανεμους ειναι the Cyprus, because the the winds to be To, $\tau \in \pi \in \lambda \alpha \gamma os$ τo $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha$ $\tau \eta \nu$ The, and deep that by the EVAVTIOUS. contrary. Κιλικιαν και Παμφυλιαν διαπλευσαντες, κατηλ-Cilicia and Pamphylia having sailed through, we came θομεν εις Μυρα της Λυκιας. ⁶ Κακει εύρων δ down to Myra of the Lycia. And there having found the

28 And AGRIPPA said to PAUL, *"Thou almost persuadest Me to become a Christian."

29 And PAUL said, ‡"I would to God, that not only thou, but also All who HEAR me This day, were both almost and altogether such as I am, except these CHAINS."

30 And the KING arose, and the GOVERNOR, and BERNICE, and THOSE Who SAT with them;

31 and having retired, they spoke to each other, saying, ‡"This Man does nothing deserving Death or Bonds."

32 And Agrippa said to Festus, "This MAN might have been released, tif he had not appealed to Cu-

CHAPTER XXVII.

1 And when it was determined for us to SAIL to ITALY, they delivered PAUL, and some Other Prisoners, to a Centurion of the Cohort of Augustus, named Julius,

2 And embarking in an Adramyttian Ship, which was about to sail to PLACES in ASIA, we were put 10 sea, ‡ Aristarchus, a Macedonian of Thessalonica, be-

ing with us.

3 And on the NEXT day
we were brought to Sidon;
and JULIUS \$\pm\$ treating
PAUL with much kindness,
permitted him to go to his
Friends to receive attention.

4 And having put to sea from thence, we sailed under CYPRUS, because the WINDS WERE contrary;

5 and having sailed through the SEA by C1-LICIA and Pamphylia, we came to * Myrrha, of Ly-CIA.

6 And there the CENTU-

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—28. said—omit. 28. Almost thou persuadest to make Me a Christian. 29. said—omit. 5. Myrrha.

κλυδων.

rlydon.

έκατονταρχος πλοιον Αλεξανδρινον πλεον εις sailing $7 \, \text{E}_{\nu}$ aship Alexandrian centurion την Ιταλιαν, ενεβιβασεν ήμας εις αυτο. us into Italy, put it. ίκαναις δε ήμεραις βραδυπλοουντες, και μολις and many days sailing slowly, and scarcely γενομενοι κατα την Κνιδον, μη προσεωντος the Cnidns, not permitting an approach ήμας του ανεμου, ύπεπλευσαμεν την Κρητην us of the wind, we sailed under the Crete κατα Σαλμωνην. 8 μολις τε παραλεγομενοι αυ-Salmone; with difficulty and sailing by την, ηλθομεν εις τοπον τινα καλουμενον Καλους we came to a place certain being called λιμένας, 'ω εγγυς ην πολις Λασαια. 9 Ικανου havens, to which near was a city Along δε χρονου διαγενομενου, και οντος ηδη επισφαtime having elapsed, and being already λους του πλοος, δια το και την νηστειαν ηδη of the sailing, because the even the fast already παρεληλυθεναι, παρηνει δ Παυλος, to have been past, advised the Paul, saying αυτοις· Ανδρες, θεωρω, ότι μετα ύβρεως και to them; Men, I perceive, that with damage and πολλης ζημιας ου μονον του φορτιου και του only of the freight loss not and of the much πλοιου, αλλα και των ψυχων ήμων μελλειν but also of the lives efus to be about εσεσθαι τον πλουν. 11 'Ο δε εκατονταρχης τφ to be the voyage. The but centurion κυβερνητη και τω ναυκληρω επειθετο μαλλον, and by the owner of the ship was persuaded rather, τοις υπο του Παυλου λεγομενοις. 12 Ανευθεthan by those by the Paul being spoken. Inconveτου δε του λιμενος ύπαρχοντος προς παραχειμαnient and of the harbor heing to σιαν, οἱ πλειους εθεντο αναχθηναι βουλην to be led out a wish the greater part placed ειπως δυναιντο καταντησαντες εις κακειθεν, from theuce also, if possibly they might be able having come Φοινικα παραχειμασαι, λιμενα της Κρητης βλεa harbor of the Crete look-Phenice to winter, 13 'Υποποντα κατα Λιβα και κατα Χωρον. towards south-west and towards north-west. πνευσαντος δε Νοτου, δοξαντες της προθεσεως ing blown gently and South wind, supposing the purpose κεκρατηκεναι, αραντες, ασσον παρελεγοντο to have been attained, having raised up, close passed by την Κρητην. 14 Μετ' ου πολυ δε εβαλε κατ' After not much but beat against Crete. αυτης ανεμος τυφωνικος, δ καλουμενος Ευροa wind tempestnous, that being called Euro_ 15 Συναρπασθεντος δε του πλοιου, και

Having been caught and the

TURION having found an Alexandrian Ship bound for ITALY, put us into it.

7 And having sailed slowly for Several Days, and scarcely being by † CNIDUS, the WIND not permitting us, we sailed under CRETE, by Salmone;

8 and with difficulty passing by it, we came to a certain Place called t Fair Havens, near which is the City Lasea.

9 But Much Time having been spent, and SAIL-ING being now hazardous, (because even the † FAST had already passed by,) PAUL advised,

10 saying to them, "Men, I perceive That the VOYAGE is about to be attended with Injury and Much Loss, not only of the CARGO and the SHIP, bu: also of our LIVES."

11 But the CENTURION was persuaded by the Pi-LOT and the OWNER OF THE SHIP, rather than by the WORDS SPOKEN by

PAUL.

12 And the HARBOR being inconvenient to winter in, the greater part ex-pressed a desire to sail from thence also, and, if possibly, they might be able to reach Phenice, a Harbor of CRETE, looking towards the South west and North west, to winter there.

13 And the South wind blowing gently, supposing that they had attained their PURPOSE, weighing anchor, they passed close by CRETE.

14 But not long after, THAT Tempestuous Wind CALLED Euroclydon, beat

against it;

15 and the SHIP, having been caught, and not being and able to bear up against the

ship,

^{† 7.} This was a city of Caria, situated on the extremity or tongue of land lying between Rhodes and Cos. The distance from Myra to Cuidus is about 130 geographical nules. Salome was the eastern promontory of Crete, or the present Candia, and is now called Cape Salomon.

† 8. Fair flavens, near Cape Matala, midway between the castern and western extremities of the island Lasea, a city lying between the harbor and the cape, a short distance inland.

† 9. The day of expiation, the great Fast on the tenth of the month Tisri, about the tenth of October.

μη δυναμενου αντοφθαλμειν τω ανεμω, επιδοντες nut being able to bear up against the wind, having given up 16 Νησιον δε τι ὑποδραμοντες εφερομεθα. A small island and certain having run under καλουμενον Κλαυδην, μολις ισχυσαμεν περιscarcely we were able being called Clauda, κρατεις γενεσθαι της σκαφης. 17 ήν αραντες, which having taken up, to become of the boat; βοηθειαις εχρωντο, ύποζωννυντες το πλοιον. undergirding the they used, ship; φοβουμενοι τε μη εις την Συρτιν εκπεσωσι, and lest into the quicksand they should fall, χαλασαντές το ούτως εφεροντο. σκευος, having lowered thc mast, thus were driven. 18 Σφοδρως δε χειμαζομενων ήμων, τη έξης Exceedingly and heing storm-tossed of us, on the next εκβολην εποιουντο· 19 και τη τριτη αυτοχειρες and on the third with their own hands a throwing out they began; $au\eta \nu$ σκευην του πλοιου ερβιψαν. 20 Μητε δε the furniture of the ship they threw out. Neither and ήλιου, μητε αστρων επιφαινοντων επι πλειονας nor atars for appearing ημερας, χειμωνος τε ουκ ολιγου επικειμενου, a tempest and not small λοιπον περιηρειτο πασα ελπις του σωζεσθαι hope of the to be saved remaining was taken away all 21 Πολλης δε ασιτιας ύπαρχουσης, τοτε nuas. Long but abstinence existing, then σταθεις δ Παυλος εν μεσφ αυτων, ειπεν· Εδει in midst of them, said; It was proper μεν, ω ανδρες, πειθαρχησαντας μοι μη αναγεσindeed, O men, having taken advice to me not to have Oal and this Kronths, kerdingal te the bloom the Crete, to have gained and the damage 22 Και τανυν παραινω ταυτην και την ζημιαν. and the loss. And now Iexhort ύμας ευθυμειν αποβολη γαρ φυχης ουδεμια you to take courage; loss for of a life not one ΄ 23 Παρεστη εσται εξ ύμων, πλην του πλοιου. shall be from of you, except the ship. γαρ μοι ταυτή τη νυκτι αγγελος του θεου, ου for me this the night a messenger of the God, of whom ειμι 'ω και λατρευω, 24 λεγων Μη φοβου, lam to whom also I offer service, saying, Not fear, Παυλε. Καισαρι σε δει παραστηναι και ιδου, To Cesar theeithehoves to be presented; and σοι δ θεος παντας τους πλεοντας κεχαρισται

κεχαρισται σοι δ θεος παντας τους πλεοντας has graciously given to thee the God all those sailing μετα σου. ²⁵ Διο ευθυμειτε, ανδρες· πιστευω

with thee. Therefore take you courage, mea; I believe $\gamma \alpha \rho \tau \omega \theta \epsilon \omega$ ότι ούτως επται καθ' όν τροπον

for in the God that thus it shall be in which manner

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—16. Cauda. 20. all Hope.

* Vatican Manuscrift.—16. Cauda. 20. all Hope.

† 17. Dr. Schmitz says, "the hupozoomata were thick and broad ropes, which ran in a norizontal direction around the ship from the stern to the prow, and were intended to keep the whole fabric together." Such also is the opinion of Pres. Woolsey, who well remarks that if ropes had passed under the keel, the boat would have been needed in the operation, and yet the boat was first lifted on the deck.—Owea.

1 19. Jonah i. 5. 23. Acts xxiii. 11. 25. Luke i. 45; Rom. iv. 20, 21; 2 Tim. i. 12

WIND, we surrendered, amt were driven.

16 And as we ran under a certain little Island, called * Clauda, with difficulty we were able to become masters of the BOAT;

17 which having hoisted up, they used Helps, † undergirding the SHIP; and fearing lest they should fall into the QUICKSAND, lowering the MAST, they were thus driven.

18 And we being exceedingly storm-tossed, on the NEXT day they began to throw overboard;

19 and on the THIED day they threw out with their own hands the FURNITURE of the SHIP.

20 And neither Sun nor Stars appearing for Several Days, and no small Tempest pressing on us, *all remaining Hope of our being saved was taken away

21 But there having been a Great Want of food, then Paul standing in the Midst of them, said, "O Men! you ought, indeed, having taken my advice, not to have loosed from CRETE, but have avoided this INJURY and LOSS.

22 And now 'I exhort you to take courage; for there will be no Loss of Life among you; but only of the snip.

23 ‡ For there stood by me This NIGHT, an Angel of the God whose I am, and ‡ whom I serve,

24 saying, 'Fear not, Paul; thou must be presented to Cesar; and behold, God has graciously given thee All THOSE SAILING with thee.'

25 Therefore, take courage, Men; ‡ for I believe God, That it will be so, even as it was told me;

^{1 2.} Dan. vi. 16; Rom. i. 9; 2 Tim. 4 4

λελαληται μοι.it has been told to me. $\mathring{η}μας εκπεσειν.$

26 Eis νησον δε τινα δει On an Island hut certain it is necessary

to he cast. ²⁷'Ωs δ∈ When and τεσσαρεσκαιδεκατη νυξ EYEVETO, fourteenth night was come, διαφερομενων ήμων εν τω Αδρια, κατα μεσον being driven along of ua in the Adriatic, about middle της νυκτος ύπενοουν οί ναυται προσαγειν τινα of the night suspected the sailors to draw near αύτοις χωραν· 28 και βολισαντες, εύρον οργυιας to them country; and having heaved the lead, they found fathoms εικοσι βραχυ δε διαστησαντες, και παλιν and again alittle twenty; and having intervened, 29 φοεύρον οργυιας δεκαπεντε. $\beta \circ \lambda \iota \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$, having heaved the lead, they found fathoms fearfifteen; βουμενοι τε, μηπως εις τραχεις τοπους εκπεand, lest on rough places σωμεν, εκ πρυμνης βιψαντας αγκυρας τεσσαhaving thrown anchors 30 Twv should fall, out of stern four, $\delta \epsilon$ ρας, ηυχοντο ήμεραν γενεσθαι. day they were wishing The to be. ναυτων ζητουντων φυγειν εκ του πλοιου, και to flee out of the ship, seeking χαλασαντων την σκαφην εις την θαλασσαν, into the having lowered the boat sea. προφαπαι ώς εκ πρωρας μελλοντων αγκυρας prow as ont of heing about anchora εκτεινειν, 31 ειπεν δ Παυλος τω έκατονταρχη Paul to the to let down, said the centurion και τοις στρατιωταις. Εαν μη ούτοι μεινωσιν and to the soldiers; lf not these remain τφ πλοιφ, ύμεις σωθηναι ου δυνασθε. ship, you to be saved not are able. the ³² Τοτε οἱ στρατιωται απεκοψαν τα σχοινια της cut off the soldiers

ropes of the 33 Αχριδε σκαφης, και ειασιν αυτην εκπεσειν. Till and and allowed her to fall. ού εμελλεν ήμερα γινεσθαι, παρεκαλει ό Παυto be, called upon the day λος άπαντας μεταλαβειν τροφης, λεγων Τεσsaying; to partake of food, ali σαρεσκαιδεκατην σημερον ήμεραν προσδοκωνto-day day

τες, ασιτοι διατελειτε, μηδεν προσλαβομενοι.
without food you continue, nothing having taken.

ουδένος γαρ ύμων θριξ έκ της κέφαλης αποσία to of the of the head will

 λ ειται. 35 Ειπων δε ταυτα, και λαβων αρτον, perish. Having said and these, and having taken bread,

26 but we must be cast upon ‡ a certain Island."

27 And on the Fourteenth Night, when we were driven along in the † ADRIATIC, about MID-NIGHT, the SAILORS SUspected † that Some Country drew near to them;

28 and having sounded, they found twenty lathoms; and a short space having intervened, and sounding again, they found fifteen lathoms;

29 and fearing lest we should fall on rocky Places, they cast out four Anchors from the Stern, and were wishing for Day to break.

30 And the SAILORS seeking to flee from the SHIP, and having lowered the BOAT into the SEA, under Pretence of being about to earry forth Anchors from the Bow,

31 PAUL said to the CENTURION and the SOL-DIERS, "Unless these men remain in the ship, you cannot be saved."

32 Then the SOLDIERS cut off the ROPES of the BOAT, and allowed her to drift away.

33 And when Day was about to dawn, Paul urged them all to partake of Food, saying, "This Day, the Fourteenth Day that you have watched, you continue fasting, having taken Nothing.

34 Therefore, I entreat you to partake of Food; for this concerns YOUR Safety; ‡ for + not a Hair shall perish from the HEAD of any one of you."

35 And having said these words, he took Bread, ‡ and

^{† 27.} Not the Gulf of Venice, but the portion of the Mediterranean south of Italy and west of Greece. † 27. A nautical kypallage, originating in the optical deception, by which, on approaching a coast, the land seems to approach to the ship, not the ship to the land.—Bloomfeld. † 34. A proverbial expression, for you shall neither lose your lives, nor suffer any hurt in your bodies, if you follow my advice.—Clarke.

^{† 26.} Acts xxviii, 1. Luke xii. 7; xxi. 18. † 34. 1 Sam. xiv. 45; 2 Sam. xiv. 11; 1 Kings i. 52; Matt. x. 30; † 35. Matt. xv. 36; Mark viii. 6; John vi. 11; 1 Tim. iv. 3, 4.

ευχαριστησε τφ θεφ ενωπιον παντων, και κλαhe gave thanks to the Gud in presence of all, and having 36 Ευθυμοι δε γενομενοι σας ηρξατο εσθιειν. Encouraged and becoming broken began to eat. Tartes, Kal αυτοι προσελαβοντο τροφης. also they received food. all 37 Ημεν δε έν τω πλοιφ αί πασαι ψυχαι, *[δια-We were and in the ship the all sauls, [two κοσιαι] έβδομηκοντα 38 Κορεσθεντες δε έξ. Being satisfied seventy six. and τροφης, εκουφιζον το πλοιον, εκβαλλομενοι τον of foud, they tightened the ship, throwing the 39 °O τ € δ € σιτον εις την θαλασσαν. ημερα wheat into the When day sea. and εγενετο, την γην ουκ επεγινωσκον κολπον δε it was, the land not they knew; a bay but τινα κατενοουν εχοντα αιγιαλον, εις δv εβουthey perceived having ashore, into which they λευσαντο, ει δυναιντο, εξωσαι το πλοιον. ⁴⁰ Και if they were able, to force the ship. τας αγκυρας περιελοντες ειων εις την θαλασσαν, the anchors having cut off left in the ανεντες τας ζευκτηριας των πηδαat the same time having loosed the bands of the λιων και επαραντές τον αρτέμονα τη πνέουση, ders; and having hoisted the foresail to the wind, 41 Περιπεσοντος δε κατειχον εις τον αιγιαλον. they pressed towards the shore. Having fallen εις τοπον διθαλασσον, επωκειλαν την ναυν into a place with a sea on both sides, they ran aground the vessel; και ή μεν πρωρα ερεισασα εμεινεν ασαλευτος, and the indeed prow having stuck fast remained η δε πρυμνα ελυετο ύπο της βιας * των κυμthe but stern was broken by the violence [of the waves.] 42 Των δε στρατιωτων βουλη εγενετο, saldiers ίνα τους δεσμωτας αποκτεινωσι, μη τις εκκολυμthat the prisoners they should kill, lest any one having 43 'Ο δε έκατονταρχος βουλοβησας διαφυγη. swum out abould escape. The but centurion wishing μένος διασωσαί τον Παυλον, εκώλυσεν αυτους

to save the Paul, restrained them
του βουληματος, εκελευσε τε τους δυναμενους
from the purpose, ordered and those being able

κολυμβαν, απορριψαντας πρωτους επι την γην to swim, having thrown of first to the land

Kai ούτως εγενετο παντας διασωθηναι επι την And thus it happewed all to be safely on the gave thanks to God in the presence of all; and having broken, he began to eat.

36 And being encouraged, then also received Food.

37 And ALL the Souls in the SHIP were two hundred and sevenly-six.

38 And being satisfied with Food, they lightened the SHIP, throwing out the WHEAT into the SEA.

39 And when it was Day, they did not know the LAND; but they perceived a certain Bay, having a Shore, into which they wished, if they were able, to force the ship.

40 And having cut off the ANCHORS, they left them in the SEA; having, at the same time, loosed the †BANDS of the RUD-DFRS, and hoisted the FORESAIL to the WIND, they pressed towards the SHORE.

41 But having fallen into a Place with two currents, they ran the VESSEL aground; and the Bow sticking fast, remained immoveable, but the STERN was broken by the VIOLENCE.

42 Now it was the Design of the soldiers to kill the PRISONERS, lest any one by swimming out should escape.

43 But the CENTURION wishing to save Paul, restrained them from their Purpose, and ordered Those Able *to swim out to plunge in first, and get to Land;

44 and the REMAINDER, SOME ON BOARDS, and SOME ON things from the SHIP. And thus it happened that all reached the LAND in safety.

Vatican Manuscript.—37. two hundred—omit. to swim out.

^{41.} of the waves-omit.

^{43.}

^{† 40.} The ships of the ancients usually had two rudders, one on either side of the ship. As one helmsman managed both, they were joined by a pole, so that both rudders would be parallel. The zeukteeriai were the ropes by which these rudders were fastened to the sides of the ship, and by which they were moved by the helmsman. † 42. The military of scipline of the Romans was such, that had the prisoners escaped, the soldiers would have been answerable with their lives.—Outs.

ΚΕΦ. κη'. 28. ynv. 1 Και διασωθεντες, τοτε land. And having safely escaped, then επεγνωσαν ότι Μελιτη ή νησος καλειται. the island they knew that Melita is called. Οί δε βαρβαροι παρειχον ου την τυχουσαν The and barbarians rendered not the ordinary ριλανθρωπιαν ήμιν αναψαντες γαρ πυραν, having kindled for a fire, to us: προσελαβοντο παντας ήμας, δια τον ύετον τον they brought to all of us, because of the rain that 3 Συστρεκαι δια το ψυχος. εφεστωτα, Having having been present, and because of the cold. ψαντος δε του Παυλου φρυγανων πληθος, και gathered and the ofsticks Paul a bundle, επιθεντος επι την πυραν, οχιδνα εκ της θερμης having placed on the fire, a viper from the heat 4'Ωs δ€ εξελθουσα κατηψε της χειρος αυτου. having come out fastened on the hand of him. When and ειδον οί βαρβαροι κρεμαμένον το θηριον έκ της barbarians hanging the wild beast from the χειρος αυτου, ελεγον προς αλληλους. Παντως hand of him, they said to each other; φονευς εστιν δ ανθρωπος ούτος, δν διασωθεντα a murderer is the raan this, whom having been saved 50 εκ της θαλασσης ή Δικη (ην ουκ ειασεν. the Justice to live not permitted. μεν ουν αποτιναξας το θηριον εις το πυρ. €πα-Indeed then having shaken off the wild beast into the fire, sufθεν ουδεν κακον. 6 οἱ δε προσεδοκων αυτον they but were expecting fered nothing bad; μελλειν πιμπρασθαι, η καταπιπτειν αφνω νεκtoswell or so fall down to be about suddenly dead. Επι πολυ δε αυτων, προσδοκωντων, και For along and of them, expecting, θεωρουντων μηδεν ατοπον εις αυτον γινομενον, nothing out of place to him μεταβαλλομενοι ελεγον, θεον αυτον ειναι. chauging their minds they said, a god him to be. δε τοις περι τον τοπον εκεινον ύπηρχε χωρια and to those about the place that το πρωτώ της νησου, ονοματι Ποπλιώ. δε αναto the chief of the island, by name Poplius; who having δεξαμενος ήμας, τρεις ήμερας φιλοφρονως εξεreceived three days kindly us, enter- 8 Eyeveto $\delta\epsilon$ tov matera tov Π om λ tov It happened and the father of the Poplius νισεν. πυρετοις και δυσεντερια συνεχομενον κατακεισwas lying and desentery being seized θαι προς όν δ Παυλος εισελθων, και προσευdown; to whom the Paul going in, and having

CHAPTER XXVIII.

1 And having safely es caped, * we then ascertained That the ISLAND w is called † Melita.

2 And the I † BARBA-BIANS treated as with no ORDINARY Philanthropy: for having kindled a Fire, they brought us all to it, on account of the FALLING RAIN, and the COLD.

3 And as PAUL was collecting a Bundle of Sticks. and placing them on the FIRE, a Viper having come out from the HEAT, fastened on his HAND.

4 And when the BAR-BARIANS saw the SER-PENT hanging from his HAND, they said, to each other, "This MAN is certainly a Murderer, whom, though saved from the SEA, †JUSTICE has not permitted to live."

5 Then, indeed, he shook off the SERPENT into the FIRE, and ‡ suffered no in-

jury.
6 But they were expecting him about to swell up, or to fall down suddenly dead; and waiting a long time, and seeing nothing extraordinary happen to him, changing their minds they said, " He is a God."

7 And in the vicinity of that PLACE were the LANDS of the CHIEF of the ISLAND, whose Name was † Poplius; who having received us, for * three Days benevolently entertained

8 Now it happened, that the FATHER of POPLIUS, being seized with Fevers and Dysentery, was lying in bed; to whom PAUL having entered

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. we then. 7. three Days.

^{† 1.} The recent investigations of Smith show conclusively, that the island now called Malla, was the scene of the shipwreck. See Bibloth. Sacra. † 2. A name applied by the Greeks and Romans indiscriminately to all foreigners. † 2. Hee Dikee was the proper name of the heathen goddess of justice. She was the daughter of Jupiter, and was called also Nemesis. † 8. Poplius is thought to have been the deputy of the prætor of Sicily, as in the time of Cicero, Malta was under the jurisdiction of the Sicilian prætor.

^{† 2.} Rom. i. 14; 1 Cor. xiv. 11; Col. iii. 11. ets xiv. 11. † 8. James v. 14, 15. 1 5. Mark xvi. t 1. Acts xxvil. 26. 18: Luke x. 19. 1 6. Acts xiv. 11.

ξαμενος, επιθεις τας χειρας αυτφ, ιασατο αυτον. prayed, having placed the hand to him, healed him.

11 Μετα δε τρεις μηνας ανηχθημεν εν πλοιω After and three months we sailed io a ship παρακεχειμακοτι εν τη νησω, Αλεξανδρινω, having been wintered in the island, Alexandrian, παρασημω Διοσκουροις. 12 Και καταχθεντες εις

with an ensign Dioscuri. And having been led down to $\Sigma v \rho \alpha \kappa o v \sigma \alpha s$, $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \mu \epsilon \iota v \alpha u \epsilon v$ $\dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha s$ $\tau \rho \epsilon \iota s$.

three; we remained days wheuce 'Ρηγιον' π εριελθοντες κατηντησαμέν εις και having gone round we came to Rhegium: and μετα μιαν ήμεραν επινενομενου Νοτου, δευτεday having sprung up a south wind, second ραιοι ηλθομεν εις Ποτιολους· 14 ού εύροντες we came to Puteoli; where having found αδελφους παρεκληθημεν επ' αυτοις επιμειναι we were invited by them to remain

brethren we were invited by them to remain $\eta\mu\epsilon\rho$ as $\epsilon\pi\tau\alpha$ και ούτως ϵ is $\tau\eta\nu$ ' $P\omega\mu\eta\nu$ $\eta\lambda\theta$ 0 days seven; and thus towards the Rome we $\mu\epsilon\nu$. 15 Κακείθεν οἱ αδελφοι ακουσαντες $\tau\alpha$

went. And thence the brethren having heard the things $\pi \in \rho \iota$ $\eta \mu \omega \nu$, $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu \epsilon \iota s$ a $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \eta \sigma \iota \nu$ $\eta \mu \iota \nu$ ax $\rho \iota s$ concerning us, came out to a meeting with us as far as $A\pi\pi\iota o \nu$ $\phi o \rho o \nu$, $\kappa \alpha \iota \tau \rho \iota \omega \nu$ $\tau \alpha \beta \epsilon \rho \nu \omega \nu$ $\delta \iota \delta \omega \nu$ δ Appii forum, and Three taverus; whom seeing the

Παυλος, $\epsilon \nu \chi$ αριστησας τω $\theta \epsilon \omega$, $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \theta \alpha \rho \sigma \sigma s$.

Paul, having given thanks to the God, he took courage.

36 Ότε δε ηλθομεν εις 'Ρωμην, *[δ έκατονταρ-When and we came to Rome, [the centurion]

When and we came to Rome, [the centurion xos παρεδωκε τους δεσμιους τω στρατοπεδτρ-delivered the prisoners to the prefect of the Preto-

χη τω *[δε] Παυλω επετραπη μενειν καθ' rium camp, the [but] Paul was permitted to abide by εαυτον, συν τω φυλασσοντι αυτον στρατιω-himself, with the watching him soldier.

prayed, ‡ put his HANDS on him, and cured him.

9 This, therefore, having been done, the OTHERS also in the ISLAND, HAVING Diseases, came, and were cured;

10 and THEY presented us with Many Presents; and when we left, put on board THINGS for our

WANTS.

11 And after Three Months we set sail in an Alexandrian Ship, which had wintered in the 1s-LAND, with the Sign of the † Dioscuri.

12 And having landed at † Syracuse, we remained

three Days;

13 whence, coasting round, we came to † Rhegium; and after One Day, a South wind having sprung up, we came in Two days to † Putcoli;

14 where we found Brethren, and were invited by them to remain seven Days; and thus we went

towards Rome.

15 And theree, the RRETHREN having heard about our AFFAIRS, came out to meet us as far as † Appii Forum, and the † Three Taverns; whom, when PAUL saw, he thanked God, and took Courage.

16 And when we * came to Rome, the CENTURION delivered the PRISONEES to the † PREFECT OF THE PRETORIUM CAMP; but † PAUL was permitted to dwell by himself, with the soldier who Guarded him.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—16. were entered Rome. , 16. the centurion delivered the prisoners to the prefect of the Pretorium camp—omit. 16. but—omit.

^{† 11.} Castor and Pollux, children of Jupiter, the tutelary deities of sailors.

port of this celebrated city was directly in the course from Malta to Italy.

It is a received from Malta to Italy.

13. A nurtime city of lower Italy, opposite Messina in Sicily. Its present name is Reggio.

13. Putcoli is now called Puzzuoli, and lies six miles south-west from Naples.

15. About 52 miles from Rome, a town on the Appian way, a road paved from Rome to Campania.

15. Another place on the same road, some 33 miles from Rome.

16. The usual title given to the chief of the fortress. He commanded the garrison of Rome, a body of 10,000 men, who were lodged in the Pretorium camp, an enclosed fortress of about 40 acres, outside of the city, and about a mile and a half from the emperor's palace.

17 Εγενετο δε μετα ήμερας τρεις συγκαλε-It happened and after days three to have called σασθαι αυτον τους οντας των Ιουδαιων πρωτους. together to him those being of the Jews chiefs. $\Sigma \iota \nu \epsilon \lambda \theta o \nu \tau \omega \nu$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau \omega \nu$, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \gamma \epsilon$ $\pi \rho o s$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon s$. Having come together and of them, he said to them; Ανδρες αδελφοι, εγω ουδεν εναντιον ποιησας Men brethren, I nothing against having done $τ_{\psi}$ λα φ η τοις εθεσι τοις πατρψοις, δεσμιος to the people or to the customs those paternal, a prisoner εξ Ίεροσολυμων παρεδοθην εις τας χειρας των from Jerusalem I was delivered into the hands of the 'Ρωμαιων· 18 οίτινες ανακριναντες με εβουλοντο who having examined me $a\pi o \lambda v \sigma ai$, δia τo $\mu \eta \delta \epsilon \mu i av$ $ai\tau i av$ to release, because that no one cause θανατου of death 19 Αντιλεγοντων ύπαρχειν εν εμοι. δε των to be in me. Speaking against and the Ιουδαιων, ηναγκασθην επικαλεσασθαι Καισαρα· I was forced to call upon ουχ ώς του εθνους μου εχων τι κατηγορησαι. not as of the nation of me having anything to accuse. 20 Δ ia τ au $au\eta
u$ our $au\eta$ aitiar π ahoe κ a λ e σ a Because of this therefore the cause lealled ύμας ιδειν και προσλαλησαι ένεκεν γαρ της you to see and to speak with; on account for of the ελπιδος του Ισραηλ την άλυσιν ταυτην περιhope of the Israel the chain this 21 Oi δε προς αυτον ειπον· 'Ημεις ουτε They and to him said, We neither γραμματα περι σου εδεξαμεθα απο της Ιουletters concerning thee received from the Juδαιας, ουτε παραγενομενος τις των αδελφων having come any one of the απηγγειλεν η ελαλησε τι περι σου πονηρον. related or spoken anything concerning thee evil. 22 Αξιουμεν δε παρα σου ακουσαι, ά φρονεις. We deem proper but from thee to hear, what thou thinkest; περι μεν γαρ της αίρεσεως ταυτης γνωστον concerning indeed for of the sect this known 23 Taεστιν ήμιν, ότι πανταχου αντιλεγεται. to us, that everywhere it is spoken against. Havξαμενοι δε αυτφ ήμεραν, ήκον προς αυτον εις a day, ing appointed and to him came to him την ξενιαν πλειονες· οίς εξετιθετο διαμαρτυροthe lodging many, to whom he set forth testifying earnestly μενος την βασιλειαν του θεου, πειθων τεαυτους *[τα] περι του Ιησου, απο τε του concerning the Jesus, from both the them [the things] concerning the νομου Μωυσεως και των προφητων, απο πρωι and of the from morning of Moses prophets, 24 Και οί μεν επειθοντο τοις έως εσπερας. till evening. And these indeed were persuaded by the. λεγομενοις, οί δε ηπιστουν. ²⁵ Ασυμφονοι δε words being spoken, those but helieved not. Notagreed and

17 And it occurred, after three Days, he called together the chief men of the Jews. And they having convened, he said to them, "Brethren, ‡ though £ have done nothing contrary to the PEOPLE, or to the PATERNAL CUSTOMS, yet ‡ I was delivered a Prisoner from Jerusalem into the HANDS of the Ro-MANS:

18 who, ‡ having examined me, wished to release me, because there was No Cause of Death in

19 But the Jews speaking against it, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ I was compelled to appeal to Cesar; not as having anything of which to accuse my NATION.

TION.
20 For This REASON, therefore, I called you, to see and speak with you; † for on account of the HOPE of ISRAEL I wear ‡ this CHAIN."

21 And THEY said to him, "THE neither received Letters from JUDFA about thee, nor did any one of the BRETHREN who came relate or speak Any Evil concerning thee.

22 But we deem it proper to hear from thee what thou thinkest; for indeed it is known to us concerning this sect, ‡ That it is every where spoken against."

23 And having appointed him a Day, many came to him into his LODGING; to whom he set forth, earnestly testifying the kingdom of God, and persuading them concerning Jesus, both from the law of Moses and the PROPHETS, from Morning till Evening.

24 And ‡ SOME WERE PERSUADED BEING SPOKEN; but SOME believed not.

^{† 17.} Acts xxiv. 12, 14; xxv. 8. † 17. Acts xxi. 33. † 18. Acts xxii. 24; xxiv. 10; xxv. 8; xxvi. 31. † 19. Acts xxv. 11. † 20. Acts xxvi. 6, 7. † 20. Acts xxi. 6, 7. † 20. Acts xxiv. 11; iv. 20; 2 Tim. i. 16; ii. 9; Philemon 10, 13. † 22. Acts xxiv. 1 Pct. ii. 12; iv. 14. † 23. Luke xxiv. 27; Acts xvii. 8; xix. 8. † 24. Acts xxiv. 4; xvii. 4; xix. 9.

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οντες προς αλληλους, απελυοντο, ειποντος του heing with each other, they were dismissed, saying Παυλου όγμα έν· 'Οτι καλως το πνευμα το word one; spirit That well the the άγιον ελαλησε δια 'Ησαιου του προφητου προς spoke through Esaias the prophet to τους πατερας ήμων, 26 λεγον. Πορευθητι προς fathers ofus, saying; Go thon to τον λαον τουτον, και ειπον. Ακοη ακουσετε, and say thon; With ears you will hear the people this, συνητε. και βλεποντες βλεψετε, και ου μη you will see and not not you may understand; and seeing 27 Επαχυνθη γαρ ή καρδια $i\delta n \tau \epsilon$. and not not you may perceive. Unfeeling for the heart του λαου τουτου, και τοις ωσι βαρεως ηκουσαν, and with the ears heavily they hear, και τους οφθαλμους αύτων εκαμμυσαν· μηποτε of tuem they closed; lest at any time eyes ιδωσι τοις οφθαλμοις, και τοις ωσιν ακουthey should see with the and with the ears eyea, σωσι, και τη καρδια συνωτι, και επισshould hear, and with the heart they should understand, and should τρεψωσι, και ιασωμαι αυτους. 23 Γνωστον ουν and I should heal them. Known therefore εστω ύμιν, ότι τοις εθνεσιν απεσταλη το σωτηlet it he to you, that to the Gentiles is sent the salva-29 * Kai οιον του θεου· αυτοι και ακουσονται. tion of the God; they and will hear. [And ταυτα αυτου ειποντος, απηλθον οί Ιουδαιοι, these things of him saying, went the Jews, πολλην εχοντες εν έαυτοις συζητησιν.] 30 Eue 1having among themselves discussion.] He abode νε δε διετιαν όλην εν ιδιφ μισθωματι και απεand two years whole in own hired dwelling; and received $\delta \epsilon \chi \epsilon \tau \sigma$ $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s$ $\tau \sigma \sigma s$ $\epsilon \iota \sigma \pi \sigma \rho \epsilon \nu \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma \sigma s$ $\pi \rho o s$

δεχετο παντας τους εισπορευομενους προς all those coming in to αυτον, 31 κηρυσσων την βασιλειαν του θεου,

him, publishing the kingdom of the God,
και διδασκων τα περι του κυριου Ιησου
and teaching the things concerning the Lord Jeans

Χριστου μετα πασης παρβησιας, ακωλυτως.
Anointed with all freedom of speech, unrestrained.

25 And not being agreed with each other, they were dismissed, PAUL saying one Word, "Well did the HOLY SPIRIT speak through Isaiah the PROPILET to our FATHERS,

26 saying, ‡ Go to this 'PEOPLE, and say, Hearing you will hear, though 'you may not understand; 'and seeing, you will see, 'though you may not per-

ceive.
27 'For the HEART of 'this PEOPLE is stupified; 'they hear heavily with 'their EARS, and their 'EYES they have closed; 'lest at any time they 'should see with their 'EYES, and hear with their 'EARS, and understand 'with their HEART, and 'should retrace their steps,

'and I should heal them.'
28 Be it known to you,
therefore, That* This salvation of God is sent to
the Gentiles, and then
will hear it."

29 *[And when he said these things, the Jews departed, having Much Discussion among them-

selves.]
30 And he dwelt two
whole Years in his Own
Hired honse, and received
ALL those COMING IN to
him:

31 t proclaiming the KINGDOM of GOD, and teaching the THINGS concerning the LOED Jesus Christ, with Entire Freedom of speech, and without

*ACTS OF APOSTLES.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-23. This SALVATION. 29. omit. Subscription-Acts of Apostles.

^{† 26.} Isa. vi. 9; Jer. v. 21; Ezek. xii. 2; Matt. xiii. 14, 15; Mark iv. 12; Luke viii. 10; John xii. 40; Rom. xi. 8. † 28. Matt. xxi. 41, 43; Acts xiii. 40, 47; xviii. 6; xxii. 21; xxvb 17, 18; Rom. xi. 11. † 31. Acts iv. 31; Eph. vi. 19.

ROMANS. THE

КΕФ. α'. 1.

δουλος Ιησου Χριστου, κλητος a servant of Jesus Anointed, called ·Παυλος, αποστολος, αφωρισμένος εις ευαγγελιον θέου, an apostle, having been set apart for glad udings of God, $(^2 \, \delta \, \pi \rho o \epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \iota \lambda \alpha \tau o \, \delta \iota \alpha \, \tau \omega \nu \, \pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \omega \nu \, \alpha \dot{\nu} \tau o \upsilon$ (which he promised before through the prophets of himself $\epsilon \nu$ γραφαις άγιαις,) $3\pi\epsilon$ ρι του υίου αύτου, concerning the son of himself, (του γενομενου εκ σπερματος Δαυιδ (...a. having been born from a seed of David according to σαρκα. ⁴ του δρισθεντος υπο of God in that having been distinctly set forth a son of God in δυναμει, κατα πνευμα άγιωσυνης, εξ ανασpower, according to spirit of homness, from τασεως νεκρων,) Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου Anointed ofthe of dead ones,) Jesus apostleλην εις ύπακοην πιστεως εν πασι τοις εθνεσιν, hip for obesieuce offaith in all the του ονοματος αυτου· 6 εν οίς εστε και in benalf of the of him; among whom are also name ύμεις, κλητοι Ιησου Χριστου) τασι τοις called ones of Jesus Anounted;) ουσιν εν 'Ρωμη αγαπητοις θεου, κλητοις άγιοις. who are in Rome beloved ones of God, called saints; χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, lavor to you and peace from God father of us, 8 Πρωτον και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. μεν First indecu lord Jesus Anounted. ευχαριστω τφ θεφ μου δια Ιησου Χριστου I bive manks to the God of me through Jesus Ansinted ύπερ παντων ύμων, ότι ή πιστις ύμων καταγof you, because the faith of you on account of all 9 Μαρτυς γαρ μου γελλεται εν όλφ τφ κοσμφ. in whole the world. A witness for of me εστιν δ θεος, $^{\epsilon}$ φ λατρευω εν τφ πνευματι whom I am a servant in the spirit the God, to whom I am a servant in μου εν τω ευαγγελιω του υίου αυτου, ώς αδιαof me in the glad timings of the son of him, how unceasλειπτως μνειαν ύμων ποιουμαι, 10 παντοτε επι ingly remembrance of you I make, always των προσευχων μου δεομενος, ειπως ηδη ποτε asking, if possibly now at length prayers εν τφ θεληματι του θεου ευοδωθησομαι I shall have a prosperous journey by the of the God will

CHAPTER L

1 Paul, a Servant of * Christ Jesus, ‡a Constituted Apostle, ‡ set apart for the Glad Tidings of God,-

2 (‡ which was previously announced #through his PROPHETS in the holy

Scriptures.)—

3 concerning THAT SON of his, 1 who was born of the Posterity of David as

to the Flesh;

4 who was ‡designated the Son of God in Power as to the Spirit of Holiness, by his Resurrection from the Dead,—Jesus Christ our Lord:

5 through whom we received Favor and Apostolic office, in order to the Obedience of Faith among All the NATIONS, on account of his NAME;

6 among whom pou are also the Invited ones of Je-

sus Christ ;-

7 to ALL who ARE in Rome, the BELOVED of God, Constituted Holy ones; Favor and Peace to you from God our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ.

8 And first, ‡ I give thanks to my God through Jesus Christ * concerning you all, Because your FAITH is celebrated in the Whole WORLD.

9 For ‡ God is my Witness, whom I reverently serve with my spirit in the GLAD TIDINGS of his son, how incessantly I make mention of you;

10 ‡ always asking in my prayers, that it by any means, now at length, I may have a prosperous journey, ‡ by the WILL of God, to come to you.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE ROMANS. cerning you all.

^{1.} Christ Jesus. 8. con-

^{† 1.} Acts xxii. 21; 1 Cor. i. 1; Gal. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 11; ii. 7; 2 Tim. i. 11.
† 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; Gal. i. 15.
† 2. Gen. xxii. 18; Deut. xv.ii. 15; 2 Sam. vii. 12; Isa. ix. 6, 7; Jer. xxiii. 5, 6; xxxiii. 14—16; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; Dan. ix. 24.
† 2. Acts iii. 21.
† 3. Matt. 1, 6, 10; Luke i. 32; Acts ii. 30; 2 Tim. ii. 8.
† 4. Acts xii. 33.
† 9. Rom. xv. 25, 32; 1 Thess. iii. 10. James iv. 15.

ελθειν προς ύμας.

11 Eπιποθω γαρ ιδειν ύμας, το come to you.

11 long for to see you,

1να τι μεταδω χαρισμα ύμιν πνευματικον, εις

that some I may impart

το στηριχθηναι ύμας: 12 τουτο δε εστι, συμ
the to be established you, this and is, to be

παρακληθηναι, εν ύμιν δια της εν αλληλοις

comforted together, among you through the

πιστεως, ύμων τε και εμου.

13 Ου θελω δε

faith, of you and also of me. Not I wish but

πιστεως, \dot{v} μων τε και εμου. ¹³ Ου θελω δε faith, of you and also of me. Not I wish but \dot{v} μας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, \dot{v} τι πολλακις προεθεμην you to be ignorant, brethren, that many times I purposed ελθειν προς \dot{v} μας, (και εκωλυθην αχρι του δευto come to you, (and was hindered till the prespo,) \dot{v} να τινα καρπον σχω και εν \dot{v} μιν, καθως ent,) that some I ruit I might have also among you, as και εν τοις λοιποις εθνεσιν. ¹⁴ Έλλησι τε και ενen among the other nations.

βαρβαροις, σοφοις τε και ανοητοις οφειλετης to barbarians, to wise ones both and to sumple ones a debtor ε:μι· 15 ούτω, το κατ' εμε, προθυμον και ύμιν tam; thus, that according to me, I am eager even to you τοις εν $^{\circ}$ Ρωμη ευαγνελισασθαι. 16 Ου γαρ

I am ashamed the glad tidings; power for of God εστιν εις σωτηριαν παντι τω πιστευοντι, Ιου-

is for salvation to all to the believing, to $\delta \alpha \iota \omega \tau \epsilon * [\pi \rho \omega \pi \sigma \nu] \kappa \alpha \iota `E \lambda \lambda \eta \nu \iota .$ ¹⁷ $\Delta \iota \kappa \alpha \iota \sigma \iota \nu \nu \eta$

Jew both [first] and to Greek. Righteousness
γαρ θεου εν αυτφ αποκαλυπτεται εκ πιστεωs
for of God in it is revealed from faith

 ϵ is πιστιν, καθως γεγραπται 'Ο δε δικαιος εκ in order to faith, as it has been written. The and just by

πιστεως, ζησεται.

18 Αποκαλυπτεται γαρ οργη θεου απ' ουρανου In revealed besides wrath of God from heaven

των την αληθειαν εν αδικια κατεχοντων. of those the truth by injustice holding down.

19 Δ 1071 to $\gamma \nu \omega \sigma \tau o \nu$ to $\theta \epsilon o \nu$ $\phi \alpha \nu \epsilon \rho o \nu$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ $\epsilon \nu$ Because that known of the God manifest is among $\alpha \nu \tau o \iota s$: δ $\theta \epsilon o s$ $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\alpha \nu \tau o \iota s$: $\epsilon \phi \alpha \nu \epsilon \rho \omega \sigma \epsilon$: $\epsilon \phi \alpha \nu \epsilon \rho \omega \sigma \epsilon$: $\epsilon \phi \alpha \nu \epsilon \rho \omega \sigma \epsilon$: (the things them; the God for to them showed; (the things

 $\gamma \alpha \rho$ aurata autou ato ktioews koomuu, tois for unseen of him from creation of the world, in the $\pi oin \mu a \sigma i$ $\nu our \mu e \nu a$ ka $\theta o \rho a \tau a$, $\dot{\tau} \tau \epsilon$ atolos things made being perceived is clearly seen, the both eternal

things made being perceived is clearly seen, the both eternal αυτου δυναμις και θειστης.) εις το ειναι αυτους of him power and deity;) in order that to be them

11 For I greatly desire to see you, ‡ that I may impart to you Some spiritnal Gift, for your firm ES-TABLISHMENT;

12 and this is, that I may be comforted among you, through the MUTUAL Faith both of you and me

13 But I wish you not to be ignorant, Brethren, that I often purposed to come to you, (though limdered till Now) that I may have the Some Fruit among you also, even as among the OTHER Nations.

14 T Both to Greeks and Barbarians, both to Wise and Simple, I am a Debtor;

15 so that ACCORDING
TO my ability, I am eager
to announce glad tidings
among YOU also in Rome.
16 ‡ For I am not

16 ‡ For I am not ashamed of the GLAD TI-DINGS; ‡ because they are the Power of God for Salvation to Every ONE BE-LIEVING; both to Jew and to Greek;

17 ‡ For the Righteousness of God by Faith is revealed therein in order to Faith; as it has been written, ‡" But the RIGHTE-OUS by Faith, shall live."

18 f Besides, the Wrath of God is revealed from Heaven in regard to All Impiety and Injustice of THOSE MEN, who, through Injustice, SUPPRESS the TRUTH.

19 Because the KNOW-LEDGE of GOD is apparent among them; for GOD disclosed it to Them;

20 for this invisible things, even His eternal Power and Deity, since the Creation of the World are clearly seen, being perceived by the Things which are made; so that they are inexcusable.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. first-omit.

^{† 11.} Rom. xv. 29. † 13. Rom. xv. 23. † 13. Phil. iv. 17. † 14. 1 Cor 15. † 16. Psa. xl. 9; Mark viii. 38; 2 Tim. i. 8. † 16. 1 Cor. i. 18; xv. 2 † 17. Rom. iii. 21. † 17. Hab. ii. 4; John iii. 36; Gal. iii. 11; Phil. iii. 9; Heb. x. 38 † 18. Acts xvii. 30; Eph. v. 6; Col. iii. 6. † 20. Psa. xix. 1; Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 27.

21 Διοτ αναπολογητους. $\gamma \nu o \nu \tau \in s \quad \tau o \nu \quad \theta \in o \nu$, Because having known the God, inexcusable. ουχ ώς θεον εδοξασαν η ηυχαριστησαν. αλλ' as God they glorified or they gave thanks; εματαιωθησαν εν τοις διαλογισμοις αύτων, και in the reasonings of them, and were vain εσκοτισθη ή ασυνετος αυτων καρδια. 22 φασheart; was darkened the ofthem assertperverse κοντες ειναι σοφοι, εμωρανθησαν, 23 και ηλλαing to be wise ones, they were foolish, ξαν την δοξαν του αφθαρτου θεου εν όμοιωματι the glory of the incorruptible God in εικονος φθαρτου ανθρωπου, και πετεινων και man, of an image of corruptible and birds and 24 A10 *[Kai] τετραποδων και ερπετων. [also] of four-footed bearts and creeping things. Therefore παρεδωκεν αυτους δ θεος εν ταις επιθυμιαις των them the God in the lusts delivered καρδιων αυτων εις ακαθαρσιαν, του ατιμαζεσθαι hearts of them to impurity, of the to be dishonored τα σωματα αύτων εν έαυτοις. 25 υίτινες μετηλof them in themselves; who exchanged λαξαν την αληθειαν του θεου εν τφ ψευδει, και truth of the God in the falsehood, and the εσεβασθησαν και ελατρευσαν τη κτισει reverenced and served the created thing more than του κτισαντα, δε εστιν ευλογητος εις τους him having created, who is worthy of praise into the αιωνας αμην. 26 Δ ια τουτο παρεδωκεν αυτους

δ θεος εις παθη ατιμιας. the God to passions of infamy. Ai $\tau \in \gamma \alpha \rho \ \theta \in \lambda \in \alpha$ The even for αυτων μετηλλαξαν την φυσικην χρησιν εις την the natural use into that of them changed 27 $\delta\mu$ 01 ω S $\tau\epsilon$ κ al of apperes in like manner and also the males φυσιν. in violation of nature; αφεντες την φυσικην χρησιν της θηλειας, εξεhaving left the natural of the female, use καυθησαν εν τη ορεξει αύτων εις αλληλους, of them for with the lust each other,

delivered

so be it. On account of this

αρσενες εν αρσεσι την ασχημοσυνην κατεργαmales with maies the indecency working ξομενοι, και την αντιμισθιαν, ην εδει, της out, and the recompence, which it was proper, of the

out, and the recompence, which it was proper, of the πλανης αύτων εν εαυτοις απολαμβανοντες.

error of them in themselves receiving back.

28 Και καθως ουκ εδοκιμασαν τον θεον εχειν εν they did try the God to have 28 not επιγνωσει, παρεδωκεν αυτους ό θεος εις αδοκιdelivered them the God to knowledge, a worthμον νουν, ποιειν τα μη καθηκοντα· 29 πεπληto do thethings not fitting; having been ρωμενους παση αδικια, πονηρια, πλεονεξια, καwith all iniquity, in wickedness, in covetousness, filled

21 Because, though they knew God, they did not glorify or thank him as God, but thecame vain in their Reasonings, and Their Perverse Heart was darkened;

22 assuming to be Wisc men, they became foolish:

23 and they changed the GLORY of the INCORNUP-TIBLE ‡ God into an Image-likeness of Corruptible Man, and of Birds, and of Quadrupeds, and of Reptiles.

24 Therefore God delivered them over, through the lusts of their hearts for Impurity, It dishonor their Bodies among themselves:

25 twho exchanged the TRUTH concerning God for a FALSE religion, and reverenced and served the CREATURE rather than the CREATOR, who is worthy of praise to the AGES Amen!

26 On this account God delivered them over to infamous Passions; for even their females changed the natural Use for that which is unnatural;

27 and in like manner also the MALES, leaving the NATURAL Use of the FEMALE were burnt up with their furious LUST for each other;—Males with Males committing INDECENCY, and receiving back among themselves that RECOMPENSE of their ERBOR which was proper.

28 And as they did not cnoose to possess the Knowledge of God, God delivered them over to a Worthless Mind, to do IMPROPER THINGS;

29 abounding in Every Iniquity;—in Wickedness, in Covetousness, in Mahg-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. also-omit.

^{† 21. 2} Kings xvii. 15; Jer. ii. 5; Eph. iv. 17, 18. † 23. Deut. iv. 16; Psa. cvi. 20; Isa. xl. 18, 26; Jer. ii. 11; Ezek. viii. 10; Acts xvii. 20. † 24. Psa. lxxxi. 12; Acts vii. 42; Eph. iv. 18, 19; 2 Thess. ii. 11, 12. † 24. Lev. xviii. 22; 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 25. Jer. x. 14; Jonah ii. 8: Hab. ii. 18.

κια μεστους φθονου, φονου, εριδος, δολου, malignity; full of envy, murder, strife, deceit κακοηθείας, ψιθυριστας 30 καταλαλους, θεοσbad disposition, whisperers; God-TUYELS, ύβριστας, ύπερηφανους, αλαζονας, insolent ones, proud ones, boasters εφευρετας κακων, γονευσιν απειθεις, 31 απυνεto parenta disobedient, of evils, τους, ασυνθέτους, αστοργούς, *[ασπονδούς,] ones, covenant-breakers, unaffectionate ones,] ανελεημονας. 32 οίτινες το δικαιωμα του θεου unmerciful ones; who the ordinance of the God επιγνοντες, (δτι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασποντες having known, (that those the things such αξιοι θανατου εισιν,) ου μονον αυτα ποιουσιν worthy of death are,) mot only them they do; αλλα και συνευδοκουσι τοις πρασσουσι. $KE\Phi$.

but even are well pleased with those 1 Διο αναπολογητος ει, ω ανθρωπε Wherefore inexcusable thou art, O πας δ κρινων. Εν ω γαρκρινεις τον έτερον, every one who art judging. In which for thou judgest the other, σεαυτον κατακρινεις τα γαρ αυτα πρασ-thyself thou condemnest, the things for same thou σεις δ κρινων. 2 Οιδαμεν δε, ότι το κριματου doest whoart judging. We know but, that the sentence of the θεου εστι κατα αληθείαν επί τους τα τοιtruth upon those the things such God is according to 3 Λογι(η δε τουτο, ω αναυτα πρασσοντας. Thinkest thou and this,

θρωπε δ κρινων τους τα τοιαυτα πρασποντας, who art judging those the things such

και ποιων αυτα, ότι συ εκφευξη το κριμα του and artdoing them, that thou shall escape the sentence of the ο θεου ; 4 Η του πλουτου της χρηστοτητος αυτου Or of the wealth of the goodnesa και της ανοχης και της μακροθυμιας καταφρηand of the forbearance and of the patience thinkest thou νεις, αγνοων, ότι το χρηστον του θεου εις wrong, being ignorant, that the goodness of the God to μετανοιαν σε άγει; 5 Κατα δε την σκληροreformation thee leads? According to but the Lardness τητα σου και αμετανοητον καρδιαν, θησαυριζεις

of thee and unchanged heart thou treasurest σεαυτώ οργην εν ήμερα οργης και αποκαλυψεως to thyself wrath in aday of wrath and of a revelation

δικαιοκρισιας του θεου, 6 ός αποδωσει έκαστ $_{
m w}$ of righteons judgment of the God, who will render to each

. VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. Implacable-omit.

nity; full of Envy, Mur-der, Strife, Deceit, Bad Habits; Secret Slanderers,

SO Revilers, God-haters, Insolent, Proud, Boasters, Devisers of Evil things, Disobedient to Parents,

31 Obstinate, Covenantbreakers, destitute of Natural Affection, without

Pity; 32 who, though they know the ORDINANCE of God, (That THOSE who PRACTISE SUCH things are deserving of Death,) not only * are doing Them, but even are approving those who practise them.

CHAPTER II.

1 Therefore thou art inexcusable. O Man! THOU who JUDGEST all; for in what thou judgest ANO-THER, thou condemnest Thyself; since Thou, the Junge, dost practise the SAME things.

2 But we know That the SENTENCE of GOD is according to TRUTH upon those who PRACTISE SUCH

things.

8 And dost thou think this, O Mant Thou who JUDGEST THOSE PRACTIS-ING SUCH things, and yet art doing the same, That thou shalt escape the sen-TENCE of GOD !

4 Or dost thou despise the # ABUNDANCE of his GOODNESS and FORBEAR-ANCE and PATIENCE, ‡ being ignorant That this GOODNESS of GOD entices thee to a Reformation?

5 According to thy HARDNESS and unchanged Heart, thou art treasuring up Wrath for thyself in a Day of Wrath and Revelation of GoD's Righteous judgment:

6 twho will award to

approving those who.

^{32.} are doing them, but even are

^{+ 1.} Whitby, in his note on this verse, quotes passages from Josephus, by which it appears that the Jews were guilty of most of the crimes enumerated in the first chapter.

κατα τα εργα αυτου το τισις μεν καθ υπομοaccording to the works of him; to those indeed by perseνην εργου αγαθου, δοξαν και τιμην και αφθαρεταπαε of a work good, glory and honor and incorrupσιαν ζητουσι, ζωην αιωνιον το δε εξ εριθείτ tibility are seeking, life age-lasting; to those but from a party
ας, και απειθουσι μεν τη αληθεία, πειθομενοις
εργη, αλίκια, οργη και θυμος.

δε τη αδικια, οργη και θυμος.

Αffliction and

but the unrighteousness, wrath and indignation. Affliction and στενοχωρια επι πασαν ψυχην ανθρωπου του distress on every soul of man of the

κατεργαζομενου το κακον, Ιουδαιου τε πρωτον both of Jew evil, working the και 'Ελληνος· 10 δοξα δε και τιμη και ειρηνη glory but and honor and peace of Greek; παντι τω εργαζομενω το αγαθον, Ιουδαιω τε to every one the working the good, to Jew both to every one the 11 Ου γαρ εστι πρασωπο.
Not for is respect of πρωτον και Έλληνι. respect of to Greek. first and

ληψια παρα τφ θεφ.

12 Όσοι γαρ ανομως ήμαρτον, ανομως και siuned, without law also As many as for without law εν νομφ ήμαρτον, δια απολουνται και όσοι by and as many as under law sinned, shall perish; νομου κριθησονται, 13 (ου γαροί ακροαται του tow shall be judged, (not for the hearers of the shall be judged, νομου δικαιοι παρα τω θεω, αλλ' οί ποιηται but the just ones with the God, doers 14 'Οταν γαρ εθνη του νομου δικαιωθησονται. for Gentiles When shall be justified. τα μη νομον εχοντα, φυσει τα του thosenot alaw having, by nature the things of the του νομου

ποιη, ούτοι νομον μη εχοντες, έαυτοις εισι may do, these a law not having, to themselves are νομος.
15 οίτινες ενδεικνυνται το εργον του a law; who show plainly the work of the νομου γραπτον εν ταις καρδιαις αύτων, συμμαρ-

νομού γραπτον ενώς παι star hearts of them, testifyτυρουσης αυτων της συνείδησεως, και μεταξυ ing with them the conscience, and between αλληλων των λογισμων κατηγορουντων, η και

accusing or even a considered consists of even a constant of the reasonings accusing or even a constant of the reasonings accusing the reasoning of the

hetaeos τα κρυπτα των ανθρωπων, κατα το God the things secrets of the men, according to the

each according to his works:

7 aionian Life, indeed, to those who, by Perseverance in Good Works, are seeking for Glory and Honor and Incorruptibili-

8 but Indignation and Wrath to THOSE who are FACTIOUS, and \$ obey not the TRUTH but obey UNRIGHTEOUSNESS:

9 Affliction and Distress on EVERY Soul of Man WORKING EVIL; first of the Jew, and then of the Greek:

10 but Glory and # Honor and Peace to EVERY one WORKING GOOD; first to the Jew, and then to the Greek;

II for there is no Par-

tiality with God.

12 Therefore, as many as sinned without law, will perish also without law; and as many as sinned under Law, will be judged by Law:—

by Law;—
13 (for not 7the HEAR-ERS of * Law are just before God, but the doers of * Law will be justified.

14 When, therefore, THOSE Gentiles not HAVING a Law, † naturally perform the THINGS of the LAW, these, though they do not possess a Law, are a Law to themselves;

15 who demonstrate the † work of the LAW written on their HEARTS, Their conscience co-attesting, and the reasonings between each other, accusing or defending;)—

16 in a Day when, according to my GLAD TI-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-13. Law. 13. Law.

^{† 14.} Phusei, by nature, means also "an infused disposition, which is become, as it were, natural. And in this view, I apprehend, after attentive consideration, it is used in that famous passage, Rom. ii. 14, 15. This passage relates, I think, not to unconverted, but to converted Gentiles. See verse 26; and Jer. xxxi. 31—35 with Hrb. viii. 6—13; x. 16; 2 Cor. iii. 3. Ignatius uses the word in the same view when he thus addresses the Ephesian church, \$1; "Having heard of your name much beloved of God, which you have attained by your righteous disposition, (Phusei,) according to the faith and love which is is in Jesus Christ our Savior." See Parkhurst on the word.

† 15. Matter or substance of the law, or by a pleonasm, the law itself.

^{† 8. 1} Tim. vi. 3, 4. † 8. 2 Thess. i. 8. † 10. 1 Pet. i. 7. † 11. Deut. x. 17; 2 Chron. xix. 7; Gal. ii. 6; 1 Pet. 1. 17. † 13. James i. 22, 23.

ευαγγελιον μου, δια Ιησου Χριστου. 17 Ει δε glad tidings of me, through Jesus Anointed. If but glad tidings of me, through Jesus

συ Ιουδαιος επονομα(η, και επαναπαυη τω thou a Jew and dostrest in the

νομφ, και καυχασαι εν θ εφ, 18 και γινωσκεις το dost boast in God, and knowest

 $\theta \in \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$, δοκιμα (εις διαφεροντα, και $\tau \alpha$ discernest the things will, and differing,

κατηχουμένος εκ του νομου 19 πεποιθας τε being instructed out of the law; hast believed and

ύδηγον ειναι τυφλων, φως των εν aguide to be of blind ones, a light of those in $\sigma \in \alpha \cup \tau \circ \nu$ thyself 20 παιδευτην OKOTEL, αφρονων, διδασκαλον

darkness, an instructor of simple ones, a teacher ιηπιων,

εχοντα την μορφωσιν της γνωσεως form ot babes. having the of the knowledge και της αληθειας εν τφ νομφ. 21 δ ουν διδασ-

and of the truth in the law; who then art teachκων έτερον, σεαυτον ου διδασκεις; δ κηρυσσων

thyself not dost thou teach? who art preaching

μη κλεπτειν, κλεπτεις: 22 δ λεγων μη μοιχευnot to steal, dost thou steal? who art saying not to commit

ό βδελυσσομένος τα $\epsilon \iota \nu$, μοιχευεις ; adultery. dost thou commit adultery? who art detesting

ειδωλα, ίεροσυλεις: ²³ ός εν νομώ καυχασαι, idols, dost thou rob temples? who in a law boastest, δια της παραβασεως του νομου $\tau o \nu$ $\theta \in \Omega \nu$

through the violation of the law God ατιμαζεις: 24 Το γαρ ονομα του θεου δι' ύμας dost thou dishonor? The for name of the God through you

βλασφημειται εν τοις εθνεσι, καθως γεγραπται. is blasphemed among the nations, even as it has been written.

²⁵ Περιτομη μεν γαρ ωφελει, εαν νομην πρασ-Circumcision indeed for profits, if law thou

εαν δε παραβατης νομου ή π∈ριns, a violator

practisest. if but of law thou may est be, the cirτομη σου ακροβυστια γεγονεν. 26 Εαν ουν ή cumcision of thee uncircumcision has become. It therefore the

ακροβυστια τα δικαιωματα του νομου φυλασση, uncircumcision the ordinances of the law may keep,

ουχι ή ακροβυστια αυτου εις περιτομην λογισthe uncircumcision of him for circumcision will be

θησεται; 27 και κρινει ή εκ φυσεως ακροetaυσand will judge the from nature uncircum_

ings, God will judge the # HIDDEN things of MEN, through * Christ Jesus.

[Chap. 2: 27.

17 But if thou fart named a Jew, and dost rest in Law, and boast in

18 and knowest this WILL, and dost # discern SUPERIOR THINGS, being instructed out of the LAW;

19 and hast believed thyself to be a Guide of the Blind, a Light of THOSE in Darkness,

20 an Instructor of the Simple, a Teacher of Babes; having the | FORM of KNOWLEDGE and of TRUTH in the LAW;-

21 † dost ‡THOU, then, who art TEACHING another, not instruct Thyselt? THOU who art PREACH-ING, "Do not steal," dost thou steal?

22 THOU who art saying, "Do not commit adultery!" dost thou commit adultery? THOU Who AB-HORREST IDOLS, dost thou rob temples?

23 Thou who dost boast in a Law, through the VIOLATION of the LAW dost thou dishenor God?

24 For, even as it has been written, "The NAME of God is blasphemed on your account among the NATIONS."

25 Now Circumcision indeed profits, if thou dost practise Law . but if thou art a Violator of Law, thy CIRCUMCISION has become Uncircumicision.

26 If therefore the tun-CIRCUMCISION observe the ORDINANCES of the LAW, will not his UNCIR-CUMCISION be accounted for Circumicision?

27 And the UNCIRCUM-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. Christ Jesus. 17. Law.

^{† 21} The Jewish priesthood was very corruption the apostolic age. This is very evident both by the Scriptures, and the testimony of Josephus. He charges them with "thefte treachery, adultery, sacrilege, rapine, and murder:" and he adds, that "new ways of wickedness were invented by them; and that of all their abominations, the temple was the receptacle."

^{† 16.} Luke viii. 17. † 20. 2 Tim. 113; iii. \$ † 25. Gal. v. 3. 1 17. ver. 28. 1 18. Psa. exlvii. 19, 20. \$ 1 21. Matt. xxiii. 3. 1 26. Acts x. 34, 35. 1 24. Isa. lii. 5, Ezek. xxxvi. 20, 23-

τια, τον νομον τελουσα, σε τον δια γραμμα-eision, the law perfecting, thee who through letter τος και περιτομης παραβατην νομου; ²⁸ Ου γαρ of law? Not a violator and circumctsion ό εν τω φανερω, Ιουδαιος εστιν, ουδε ή εν τω nor that in the he in the outward appearance, a Jew is, εν σαρκι, περιτομη^{ο 29} αλλ' δ εν τω outward appearance, in flesh, circumcision; but he in the κρυπτώ Ιουδαιος, και περιτομη καρδιας, $\epsilon \nu$ circumcision even of heart, πνευματι, ου γραμματι ού δ επαινος ουκ εξ letter; of whom the praise not from not epirit, ανθρωπων, αλλ' εκ του θεου.

but from the God. KE Φ . γ' . 3. ¹ Τι ουν το περισσον του Ιουδαιου; η τις ή What then the pre-eminence of the Jew? or what the ωφελεια της περιτομης; ² Πολυ,κατα πανprofit of the circumcision? Much, according to every Πρωτον μεν γαρ, ότι επιστευθηFirst indeed for, because they were eaτα τροπον. 3 Τι γαρ : ει ηπιστα λογια του θεου. treated with the oracles of the God. What for? if believed τησαν τινες, μη ή απιστια αυτων την πιστιν some, not the unbelief of them the ⁴ M η $\gamma \in \nu \circ \iota \tau \circ \circ \circ \gamma \iota \nu \in \sigma \theta \omega$ Not let it be; let be του θεου καταργησει; of the God will make void? δε δ θεος αληθης, πας δε ανθρωπος ψευστης, every but but the God true, man καθως γεγραπται 'Οπως αν δικαιωθης εν τοις even as it has been written; That thou mayest be justified in the λονοις σου, και νικησης εν τω κρινεσθαι σε. words of thee, and mayest conquerin the to be judged thee. αδικια ήμων θεου δικαιοσυνην συ-It but the unrighteousness of us of God righteousness νιστησι, τι ερουμεν; μη αδικος δ θεος δ επιtablishes, what shall we say? not unrighteous the God that inφερων την οργην; (κατα ανθρωπον λεγω.) dienug the wrath? (according to man 1 speak.) 6 Μη γενοιτο: επει πως κρινει δ θεος τον κοσμον; Not let it be; otherwise how will judge the God the ⁷Ει γαρ ή αληθεια του θεου εν τφ εμφ ψευσμα-If for the truth of the God by the my falsebood τι επερισσευσεν εις την δοξαν αυτου, τι ετι why yet to the glory of him, καγω ώς αμαρτωλος κρινομαι; ⁸ Και μη (καθως am judged? And not (as asinner βλασφημουμεθα, *[και] καθως φασι τινες ήμας we are falsely accused, [and] as affirm some ofus

CISION, from a state of nature, perfecting the LAW, will the condemn THEE, who with the Written law and Circumcision art a Violator of Law.

28 For not that which is external makes the Jew, nor that which is fxternal in the Flesh cir-

CUMCISION;

29 but the Jew is HID-DEN within, even † Curcuncision of the Heart,— Spiritual, not Literal; Whose PRAISE comes not from Men, but from God.

CHAPTER III.

1 What then is the surpraiority of the Jkw, or What the Profit of the CIRCUMCISION?

2 Much in every Respect; but first, indeed, ‡ Because they were entrusted with the OBACLES

of GoD.

3 For what \$\frac{1}{2}\$ if some did not believe? will their UNBELIEF annul the FI-

DELITY of GOD?

4 By no means! but let God be true, though Every Man be False; even as it has been written, ‡ "That "thou mayest be justified "in thy words, and may-"est overcome in thy "Judgment."

5 But if our Unrighte-OUSNESS establishes God's Righteousness, what shall we say? Is that God unrighteous who inflicts wrath? (I speak according to Man.)

6 By no means! otherwise, I how will God judge

the WORLD?

7 For if the TRUTH of GOD abounded by MY Falsehood to his GLORY, why am I also yet judged as a Sinner?

8 And not, (as we are falsely accused, and as

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. and-omit.

^{† 27.} Matt. xii. 41 42. † 28. Matt. iii. 9; John viii. 39; Rom. ix. 6, 7; Gal. vi. 15, 2. Col. ii. 11; Phil. iii. 3. † 2. Psa. cxlvii. 19, 20; Rom. ix. 4. † 8. Rom. x. 16; Heb. iv. 2; † Psa. li. 4. † 6. Gen. xviii. 25; Job viii. 3; xxxiv. 17. † 8. Rom. x. 20; vi. 1, 15.

λεγείν,) ότι ποιησωμέν τα κακα, ίνα ελθη τα to say,) that we may do the cylithings, so that may come the

αγαθα; ών το κριμα ενδικον επτι. 9 Τι ουν; good things? of whom the judgment just is. What then?

προεχοιιεθα; Ου παντως προητιασαμεθα γαρ, do we excel? Not at all; we before convicted for,

Ιουδαίους τε και Έλληνας παντας ύφ' αμαρ-Jewa both and Greeka all under sin

τιαν ειναι 10 καθως γεγραπται $^{\circ}$ Οτι ουκ εστι to be; even as it has been written; That not is

δικαιος ουδε είς. 11 ουκ εστιν δ συνιων, ουκ εσjust noteven one; not is heunderstanding, not is

τιν δ εκζητων τον θ εον· 12 παντες εξεκλιναν, he seeking out the 6 God; all terned aside,

άιια ηχρειωθησαν· ουκ εστι ποιων χρηστοτηtogether they were unprofitable; not is doing goodness,

τα, *[ουκ εστιν] έως ένος. ¹³ Ταφος ανεωγμε[not is] even one. A sepaichre having been

vos δ λαρυγξ αυτων ταις γλωσσαις αύτων uponed the throat of them; with the tongues of them

14 'Ov to στομα apas kat mispias yeuei.
Of whom the mouth of cursing and of bitternesa is full.

15 Οξεις οί ποδες αυτων εκχεαι αίμα. 16 συντριμ-Switt the feet of them to pour out blood; ruin

μα και τολαιπωρια εν ταις όδοις αυτων. ¹⁷ και and misery to the ways of them; and όδον ειρηνης ουκ εγνωσαν. ¹⁸ Ουκ εστι φοβος

away of peace not they knew. Not is fear θ-ου απεναντι των οφθαλμων αυτων. ¹⁹Οιδαot God before the eyes of them. We know

 $\underset{\text{and, that what things the}}{\mu \in \nu} \delta \varepsilon, \ \delta \tau \iota \quad \delta \sigma \alpha \quad \delta \ \nu o \mu o s \ \lambda \varepsilon \gamma \varepsilon \iota, \ \tau o \iota s \varepsilon \nu \ \tau \phi$

νομφ λαλει ίνα παν στομα φρανη, και υποδιlaw itspeaks; that every mouth may be stopped, and liable to

KOS γ ental π as δ Ko σ μ os τ ϕ θ ee. 20 Δ lott ϵ ξ penalty may become all the world to the God. Therefore from

ερνων νομου ου δικαιωθησεται πασα σαρξ ενωworks oflaw not shall be justified all flesh before

πιον αυτου· δια γαρ νομου επιγνωσις άμαρτίας.
him; through for law an acknowledgement of sin.

some affirm that we say,]
‡That we may do EVIL, so
that GOOD may come;
Whose CONDEMNATION is
just.

9 What then? Do we excel? Not at all; for we before convicted both Jews and Greeks to be all under Sm;

10 even as it has been written, ‡ "There is none "righteous, not even one;

If There is *none that "understands, there is "none that seeks God.

12 "They all have "turned aside; they are "altogether worthless; "there is none that does "Good, there is not even "one.

13 † ‡ " An opened "Tomb is their THROAT; "with their TONGUES they "deceive; ‡the Poison of "Asps is under their LIPS.

14 ‡ "Their MOUTH is "full of Cursing and Bit-"terness."

15 ‡" Their FEET are "swift to shed Blood;

16 "Ruin and Misery "are in their PATHS,

17 "and a Peaceful "Road they have not "known.

18 t "There is no Fear "of God before their EYES."

1º But we know That whatever things the Law says, it speaks to THOSE under the LAW; so that Every Mouth may be stopped, and that All the WORLD may become amenable to God.

20 Therefore by Works of Law No Human being shall be justified in his presence; ‡ for through haw there is an Acknowledgement of Sin.

Varican Manuscript.—11. none that understands, there is none that seeks God.
 12. not is—omit.

^{† 13.} This, with all the following verses to the end of the 18th, are found in the Septuagent, but not in the Hebrew text; and it is most evident that it was from this Version that the apostle quoted, as the verses cannot be found in any other place with so near an approximation to the apostle's meaning and words.—Clarke. Some contend, however, that the Apostle quoted from different parts of Scripture.

^{† 10.} Psa. xiv. 1-3. † 13. Psa. v. 5; Jer. v. 16. † 14. Psa. ext. 8. † 14. Psa. x. 7. † 15. Prov. t. 10; Lea. lix. 7, 8. † 18. Psa. xxxvi. 1. † 19. John x. 24; xv. 25. † 20. Rom. vii. 7; Gal. ii. 16.

 21 Νυνι δε χωρις νομου δικαιοσυνη θ εου π εφαa righteousuess of God has been Now but without law νερωται, μαρτυρουμενη ύπο του νομου και των made manifest, being attested by the law and the $\pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \omega v$ $^{22} \delta i \kappa \alpha i \sigma \sigma \nu \eta$ $\delta \epsilon \theta \epsilon o \nu \delta i \alpha \pi i \sigma \tau \epsilon \omega s$ and the a righteonsness even of God through faith

*[Ιησου] Χριστου, εις παντας *[και επι παν-[and upon [of Jesus] Anointed, to all τας] τους πιστευοντας ου γαρ εστι διαστολη.
the believing; not for is a distinction.

²³ Παντες γαρ ήμαρτον, και ύστερουνται της has come short of the for sinned, 24 δικαιουμενοι δωρεαν, $\tau \eta$ freely, by the $\delta o \xi \eta s \tau o v \theta \epsilon o v$, glory of the God, αυτου χαριτι, δια της απολυτρωσεως της εν

that favor, through the redemption Χριστω Ιησου· 25 δν προεθετο δ θεος ίλαστηριον Anointed Jesus; whom set forth the God a mercy-seat

δια της πιστεως εν τω αυτου αίματι, εις ενδειby the of him for a pointthrough the faith blood, της δικαιοσυνης αύτου, δια την παρεσιν

ing out of the righteousness of himself, through the passing by των προγεγονοτων άμαρτηματων εν τη ανοχη

of the formerly committed in theforbearance sins $\theta \epsilon o v^{-26} \pi \rho o s$, $\epsilon \nu \delta \epsilon i \xi i \nu$ της δικαιοσυνης of the God; to a pointing out of the

αύτου εν τω νυν καιρώ, εις το ειναι αυτον of himself in the present time, in order that to be

δικαιον, και δικαιουντα τον εκ πιστεως Ιησου. him righteous, and justifying faith of Jesus.

 27 Που ουν ή καυχησις; εξεκλεισθη. Δια ποιου it is shut out. Through what kind Where then the boasting?

ουχι, αλλα δια νομου των εργων; νομου; no, of law? of the works? but through a law

πιστεως· ²⁸ λογιζομεθα γαρ, δικαιουσθαι πιστει for, to be justified by faith wereckon 29 Η Ιουδαιων δ

ανθρωπον, χωρις εργων νομου. without works of law. Or of Jews the θεος μονον; ουχι και εθνων; ναι και εθνων.

and of gentiles? yes also of gentiles. alone? not 30 Επειπερ εις δ θεος, δς δικαιωσει περιτομην εκ

Since one the God, who willjustify circumcision from πιστεως, και ακροβυστιαν δια της πιστεως. uncircumcision through the and

³¹ Νομον ουν καταργουμεν δια της πιστεως; Μη do we nullify through the Law then faith ? Not

γενοιτο αλλα νομον ίστωμεν. let it be; · but law we establish.

21 ‡ But now, apart from Law, God's Righteousness has been made manifest, tbeing attested by the LAW and the PROPHETS;

22 even God's Righte-ousness, ‡ through the Faith of Christ, to All WHO BELJEVE ;- for there is no Distinction,

23 for ‡ all have sinned, and come short of the

GLORY of GOD ;-

24 being justified freely by HIS Favor, through THAT REDEMPTION which is by Christ Jesus;

25 whom God has set forth to be † a Mercyseat, by his own Blood, through the FAITH; for an Exhibition of his RIGHT-EOUSNESS IN PASSING BY the SINS FORMERLY committed, during the FOR-BEARANCE of GOD;

26 and for an Exhibition of his RIGHTEOUSNESS at the PRESENT Time, in order that he may BE Righteous while justifying HIM who is of the Faith of Jesus.

27 Where then is BOAST-ING ? It is shut out. Through What Law? Of works? No, but by the Law of Faith;

28 for we reckon that Man is justified by Faith, apart from Works of Law.

29 Or is he the God of the JEWS alone? and not of the Gentiles? Yes, of the the Gentiles also;

30 since it is Íthe One God who will justify the Circumcision by Faith, and the Uncircumcision through the FAITH.

31 Do we then nullify Law through the FAITH? By no means; but, we es-

tablish Law.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-22. Jesus-omit.

^{22.} and on all-omit.

^{† 25.} The word hilasteerion never signifies "propitiation," as it is translated in the common version; but it is always used wherever it occurs, both in the Old Testament and the New, to express the mercy-seat; which was the golden lid of the ark, upon which the Shehinah or cloud of glory rested, and from which oracles were dispensed. See Exod. xxv. 22; Num. vii. 3, 9; Lev. xvii. 2; 1leb. ix. 5.—Im. Ver. Note.

^{† 21.} Acts xv. 11; Rom. i. 17; Phil. iii. 9. † 21. John v. 46; Acts xxvi. 22. † 22. Rom. iv. † 23. ver. 9; Rom. xi. 32; Gal. iii. 22. † 24. Matt. xx. 28; Eph. i. 7; ¢l. i. 14; 1 Tim. ii. 6; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 19. † 25. Heb. ix. 5. † 25. Acts 128, 39; 1 Tim. i. 15. † 30. Rom. x. 12, 13; Gal. iii. 8, 20, 28.

KEΦ. δ'. 4.

2 Τι ουν ερουμεν Αβρααμ τον πατερα ήμων What then shall we say Abraam the father ofus *[εύρηκεναι] κατα σαρκα; ²Ει γαρ Αβρααμ εξ to the Flesh?

It for Abraam from 2 For if A

 $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu \epsilon \delta i \kappa \alpha i \omega \theta \eta$, $\epsilon \chi \epsilon i \kappa \alpha \upsilon \chi \eta \mu \alpha$, αλλ' ου προς works was justified, he has boasting, but not towards

3 Τι γαρ ή γραφη λεγει; Επιστευσε What for the writing says? Believed τον θεον.

δε Αβρααμ τω θεω, και ελογισθη αυτω εις διand Ahraam the God, and it was counted to him for right-⁴ Τψ δε εργαζομενω δ μισθος ov To him but working the reward not καιοσυνην.

λογιζεται κατα χαριν, αλλα κατα οφειλημα·
is counted according to favor, but according to debt;

5 τω δε μη εργαζομενω, πιστευοντι δε επι τον to him but not believing but on working, λογι(εται ή δικαιουντα τον ασεβη, $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \iota s$ one justifying the ungodly, is counted the faith

αύτου εις δικαιοσυνην ⁶ καθαπερ και Δαυιδ of uimself for righteousness; also David

λεγει τον μακαρισμον του ανθρωπου, " φ δ θεος blessedness of the man, to whom the God λογιζεται δικαιοσυνην χωρις εργων 7 μακαριοι, counts righteonsness without works; blessed ones,

αφεθησαν αί ανομιαι, και ών επεκαλυφθηof whom are forgiven the iniquities, and of whom are covered over

σαν αξ άμαρτιαι 8 μακαριος ανηρ, 'ω ου μη blessed man, to whom not not

λογισηται κυριος άμαρτιαν. ⁹ 'Ο μακαρισμος ουν may count Lord sin. The blessedness tuen

ούτος, επι την περιτομην η και επι την ακροon the circumcision or also on the

βυστιαν;

Αβρααμ ή πιστις εις δικαιοσυνην.

Abraam the faith for righteousness. 10 Πως ουν How ελογισθη; εν περιτομη οντι, η εν ακροβυστια;

was it counted? in circumcision being, or in uncircumcision?

Ουκ εν περιτομη, αλλ' εν ακροβυστια. 11 και Not in circumcision, but in uncircumcision;

σημειον ελαβε περιτομης, σφραγιδα της δικαιοa sign he received of circumcision, aseal of the righteous-

συνης της πιστεως της εν τη ακροβυστια. faith of that in the uncircumcision; in order

το ειναι αυτον πατερα παντων των πιστευονa father ofall of those telieving

CHAPTER IV.

1 What, then, shall we say of ‡ Abraham, our

2 For if Abraham was justified by Works, he has a ground of boasting; but not before Gon:

3 for what says the SCRIPTURE? ‡ "And Abra-"ham believed God, and "it was accounted to him "for Righteousness."

4 I Now to HIM who WORKS, the REWARD is not accounted as a Favor,

but as a Debt;

5 but to HIM who does not work, but who believes on HIM who JUSTI-FIES the UNGODLY, his FAITH is accounted for Righteousness.

6 Even as David also speaks of the BLESSED-NESS of the MAN to whom God accounts Righteousness apart from Works,
7 saving, ‡ "Happy are
"they Whose INIQUITIES

"are forgiven, and Whose "sins are covered;

8 "happy is the Man"to whom the Lord will "not account Sin."

9 Is this BLESSEDNESS. then, on the CIRCUMCI-SION? or also on the UN CIRCUMCISION? for we affirm, FAITH was accounted to ABRAHAM for Righteousness.

10 How then was it accounted? When he was in Circumcision, or in Uncircumcision? Not in Circamcision, but in Uncircumcision.

11 And the received the Symbol of Circumcision, as a Seal of the RIGHTEOUSNESS OF THAT FAITH which he had while in Uncircumcision; in order that he might be the Father of All uncircum-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. FOREPATHER.

^{1.} to have found-omit.

^{9.} That

^{1.} Isa, li. 2; Matt. iii. 9; John viii. 33, 39; 2 Cor. xi. 22. 3 Gen. xv. 9; Gal. iii 6; James ii. 23. 17. Psa, xxxii. 1, 2. 11. Gen. xvii. 12.

^{1 2.} Rom. iii. 20, 27, 28. 1 5. Josh axiv. 2

των δι' ακροβυστιας, (εις το λογισθηναι * [και]

autois $\tau\eta\nu$ dikaiovun $\eta\nu$,) 12 kai $\pi\alpha\tau\epsilon\rho\alpha$ $\pi\epsilon\rho$ itothem the righteousness.) and a father of circum-

τοις στοιχουσι τοις ιχνεσι της εν ακροβυστια to those treading in the footsteps of the in uncurcumcision

πιστεως του πατρος ήμων Αβοααμ. 13 Ου γαρ faith of the father of us Abraam. Not for

δια νομου $\dot{\eta}$ επαγγελια τω Αβρααμ, η τω σ περ-through law the promise to the Abraum, or to the seed

ματι αυτου, το κληρονομον αυτον ειναι κοσμου, of him, that a possessor him to be of a world,

αλλα δια δικαιοσυνης πιστεως. ¹⁴Ει γαρ οί εκ but through a righteousness of faith. If for those of νομου, κληρονομοι, κεκενωται ή πιστις, και

νομου, κληρονομοι, κεκενωται $\mathring{\eta}$ πιστις, και haw. possessors, has been made void the faith, and κατηργηται $\mathring{\eta}$ επαγγελια· 15 $\mathring{\delta}$ γαρ νομος

has been multiplied the promise; the for law

οργην κατεργαζεται ού γαρ ουκ εστι νομος, whath works out; where for not is law,

ουδε παραβασις. 16 Δια τουτο εκ πιστεως, neither transgression. On account of this from faith,

ίια κατα χαριν· εις το ειναι βεβαιαν την το that according to favor; in order that to be sure the επαγγελιαν παντι τφ σπερματι, ου τφ εκ του

promise to all the seed, not to that from the νομου μονον, αλλα και τω εκ πιστεως Αβρααμ

but also to that from faith Abras.

δς εστι πατηρ παντων ήμων· 17 (καθως γεγραπwho is a father of all of us, (even as it has been

ται· 'Οτι πατερα πολλων εθνων τεθεικα σε·) written; That a father of many nations I have placed thee; α του επιστευσε θεου, του ξωοποιουντος in presence of whom he believed of God, of that making alive

τους νεκρους, και καλουντος τα μη οντα &ς
the dead ones, and calling the things not being as

 $\mathfrak{O}\nu\tau\alpha$. ¹⁸ 'Os $\pi\alpha\rho$ ' ελπιδα επ' ελπιδι επιστευbeing. Who contrary to hope in hope helieved,

σεν, εις το γενεσθαι αυτον πατερα πολλων

εθνων, (κατα το ειρημενον Ούτως εσται το mations, according to that having been spoken, Thus shall be the

σπερμα σου) 19 και μη ασθενησας τη πιστει, seed of thee, and not having grown weak in the faith,

cised BELIEVERS; that the RIGHTEOUSNESS may be ACCOUNTED to them;

12 and a Father of Circumcision, not only to THOSE who are of Circumcision, but to THOSE also who TREAD in the FOOTSTEPS of the FAITH of our FATHER Abraham, which he had in Uncircumcision.

13 For the PROMISE to ABRAHAM and to his SEED, \$\pm\$ that he should be an Inheritor of a World, was not through Law, but through a Righteousness of Fath.

14 ‡ For if THOSE of the Law are Heirs, the FAITH becomes useless, and the PROMISE abrogated.

15 Besides, the LAW works out Wrath; *but where Law is not, there is no Transgression.

16 On account of this it is from Fath, ‡ that it may be according to Favor, ‡in order that the PROMISE might BE sure to All the SEED; not to THAT of the LAW only, but to THAT of the Faith of Abraham, ‡who is a Father of us all,—

17 as it has been written, ‡"A Father of Many "Nations I have constituted thee,"—in the presence of that God whom he believed, ‡who Makes alive the Dead, and calls ‡things not in Being, as though existing;

18 who, contrary to Hope, believed with Hope, that he should become a Father of Many Nations, according to That which had been SPOKEN, ‡" Thus "shall thy SEED be."

19 And not having grown weak in the FAITH,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. also-omit. 15. but where.

*[ou] κατενοησε το ξαυτου σωμα *[ηδη] νενειωτίω he regarded the of hunself body [already] having κρωμενον, ξκατονταετης που ὑπαρχων, και την been deadened, an hundred years old thereabouts being, and the νεκρωσιν της μητρας Σαρράς 2^{10} εις δε την deadness of the wumb of Sarah; against and the απαγγελιαν του θεου ου διεκριθη τη απιστια,

απαγγελιαν του θεου ου διεκριση τη απιστια, prunise of the God not he disputed in the unbelief, αλλ' ενεδυναμωθη τη πιστει, δους δοξαν τω but was made strong in the faith, giving glory to the

but was made strong in the faith, giving glory to the $\theta \in \varphi$, 21 $\kappa \alpha \iota \ \pi \lambda \eta \rho o \phi \rho \rho \eta \theta \epsilon \iota s$, $\delta \tau \iota \ \delta \ \epsilon \pi \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \tau \alpha \iota$, God, and having been fully assured, that what has been promised, $\delta \nu \nu \alpha \tau o s \ \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \ \kappa \alpha \iota \ \pi o \iota \eta \sigma \alpha \iota$. 22 $\Delta \iota o \ ^*[\kappa \alpha \iota] \ \epsilon \lambda o -$

δυνατος εστι και ποιησαι. 22 22 22 22 22 και 22 ελοable heis also to do. Wherefore [also] it was γισθη αυτιχ εις δικαιοσυνην. 23 Ουκ εγραφη δε

counted to him for righteousness. Notit was written but δι' αυτον μονον, δτι ελογισθη αυτω²⁴ αλλα οπ account of him alone, that it was counted to him; but

και δι' ήμας, οίς μελλει λογιζεσθαι, τοις also on account of us, to whom it is about to be counted, to those

πιστευουσιν επι τον εγειραντα Ιησουν τον believing on the one having raised up Jesus the κυριον ήμων εκ νεκρων. 25 δς παρεδοθη δια

Lord of us out of dead ones; who was delivered up on account of τα παραπτωματα ήμων, και εγερθη δια την the offences of us, and was raised up on account of the

δικαιωσιν ημων.justification of us.

KE Φ . ϵ' . 5.

1 Δικαιωθεντες ουν εκ πιστεως, ειρηνην Having been justified therefore by faith, εχομεν προς τον θεον δια του κυριου ήμων the God through the Lurd we have with ofus Ιησου Χριστου· 2 δι' ού και την προσαγωγην Jesus Anointed; through whom also the introduction $\epsilon \sigma \chi \eta \kappa \alpha \mu \eta \nu * [\tau \eta \pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota] \epsilon \iota s \tau \eta \nu \chi \alpha \rho \iota \nu \tau \alpha \upsilon$ [by the faith] we have into the favor this, καυχωμεθα επ' την, εν 'η εστηκαμεν' και in which we have stood; and we boast in 3 Ου μονον ελπιδι της δοξης του θεου. SE. hope of the glory of the God. Not alone and, αλλα και καυχωμεθα εν ταις θλιψεσιν, ειδοτες but also we boast in the afflictions, knowing 4 ή δε δτι ή θλιψις δπομονην κατεργαζεται, that the affliction endurance works out, the and ύπομονη δοκιμην, $\dot{\eta}$ δε δοκιμη ελπιδα, $\dot{\delta}$ δ ε endurance approbation, the and approbation hope, the and $\epsilon \lambda \pi \iota s$ ου καταισχυνει, ότι ἡ αγαπη του θεου hope not is put to shame, because the love of the God

though he regarded HIS own Body as deadened, being somewhere about a Hundred years old, and the DEADNESS of Sarah's WOMB;

20 he did not dispute against the PROMISE of GOD, by UNBELLEY, but was made strong in the FAITH, giving Glory to

God; 21 having been fully assured, That what has been promised, the is able also to perform.

22 Therefore, it was accounted to him for Righte-

ousness.

23 But ‡it was not written for him alone, That it was accounted to him,

24 but also for us, to whom it is about to be eccounted, even to THOSE who BELIEVE TON HIM who RAISED UP Jesus our LORD from the Dead;

25 ‡ who was delivered up on account of our offences, ‡ and raised for our JUSTIFICATION.

CHAPTER V.

1 Having been justified, therefore, by Faith, we have ‡ Peace with God, through our LORD Jesus Christ;

- 2 through whom, also we have been introduced into this favor in which we stand; ‡ and we boast in Hope of the GLORY of GOD.
- 3 And not only so, but twe triumph also in AF-FLICTIONS, tknowing That AFFLICTION works our Endurance;
- 4 ‡ and ENDURANCE, Approval; and APPROVAL, Hope;
- 5 tand this HOPE is not put to shame, because

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—19. not—omit. 19. already—omit. 22 also—omit. 2. in the faith—omit.

Χριστος, οντων ἡμων ασθενων ετι, κατα καιan Anointed one, being of us without strength still, according to a ρον ὑπερ ασεβων απεθανε. 7 Μολις γαρ season in behalf of impious ones he died. Scarcely for

υπερ δικαιου τις αποθανειται· υπερ γαρ in behalf of a just person any one will die; in behalf of though του αγαθου ταγα τις και τολμα αποθανειν· the good possibly some one even might dare to die;

8 συνιστησι δε την ξαυτου αγαπην εις ήμας δ recommends but the of himself love to us the θεος, δτι, ετι ἁμαρτωλων οντων ἡμων, Χριστος God, because, still siners being of us, an Anointed one $\dot{\nu}\pi$ ερ ἡμων απέθανε. 9 Πολλφ ουν μαλλον, in behalf of us died. By much then more, $\dot{\nu}$ εν συνθεντες καν εν το σίματι αυτον, σωθη-

εχθροι οντες κατηλλαγημεν τω θεω δια του enemies being we were reconciled to the God through the θανατου του υίου αυτου, πολλω μαλλον καταλdeath of the son of him, by much more having been

λαγεντες σωθησομεθα εν τη ζωη αυτου. 11 Ου reconciled we shall be saved in the life of him. Not μονον δε, αλλα και καυχωμενοι εν τω θεω δια

ouly and, but also boasting in the God through
του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δι' ού νυν
the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, through whom now

την καταλλαγην ελαβομεν. 12 Δια τουτο the reconciliation we received. On account of this δ σ π ε ρ δι' ένος $ανθρωπου \mathring{η}$ $\mathring{α}μαρτια$ εις τον as through one man the sin into the

as through one man the sin the death; work εισηλθε, και δια της άμαρτιας δ θανα-work entered, and through the sin the death; τος και ούτως εις παντας ανθρωπους δ θανατος and thus to all men the death

διηλθεν, εφ' 'ω παντες ήμαρτον. 13 Αχρι γαρ passed through, in which all sinned. Till for αμαρτια δε ουκ νομου άμαρτια ην εν κοσμφ. world; but not was in sin 14 Αλλ' εβασιλευελλογειται μη οντος νομου. law. But being is counted not

σεν δ θανατος απο Αδαμ μεχρι Μωυσεώς και the death from Adam till Moses and

επι τους μη αμαρτησαντας επι τω δμοιωματι
over those not having sinued in the likeness

της παραβασεως Αδαμ· δς εστι τυπος του μελ- | 18 a Type of the of the transgression of Adam; who is a type of the one ABOUT TO COME.

ithe LOVE of GOD has been diffused in our HEARTS, through THAT holy Spirit which has been GIVEN to

6 * Besides we being yet helpless, Christ at the proper Time, died in behalf of

the Ungodly.

7 Now scarcely on behalf of a Just person will any one die, though, possibly, on behalf of the good, some one might even venture to die.

8 ‡But *God recommends his own Love to us, Because we being yet Sinners, Christ died on our

behalf.

9 By much more, then, having been now justified ‡ by his BLOOD, we shall, through him, be saved from wrath.

10 For if, being Enemies, ‡ we were reconciled to God through the DEATH of his son, by how much more, having become reconciled, shall we be saved ‡ by his LIFE?

Il And not only so, but we even boast in GOD through our LORD Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the RE-

CONCILIATION;

12 for this reason,—as through One Man sin entered into the world, (in whom all sinned,) and through sin, tdeath; so also, death passed upon All Men.

13 For till the Law, Sin was in the World, but \$\pm\$ Sin is not accounted where there is no Law.

14 DEATH, however, reigned from Adam till Moses, even over those who had not sinned in the similitude of the transcression of Adam, twho is a Type of that being about to come.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. If, then, we being yet helpless. 6. yet—omit. 8, he recommends.

he recommends.

\$\frac{1}{2}, 5, 2 \text{ Cor. i, 22; Gal. iv. 6; Eph. i. 13, 14.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 8. \text{ John xv. 13; 1 Pet. iii, 18; 1 John iii. 16; iv. 9, 10.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 9. \text{ Rom. iii. 25; Eph. ii. 13; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John i. 7.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 10. \text{ 2 Cor. iv. 10; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 12. \text{ Gen. iii. 6; 1 Cor. xv. 21.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 12. \text{ Gen. iv. 15; 1 John iii. 4.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 12. \text{ Gen. iv. 21, 22, 45.} \text{ \$\frac{1}{2}}, 13. \text{

λοντες. 15 Αλλ' ουχ & συ παραπτωμα ούτω being about to come. But not as the fall, so $\frac{\pi}{\kappa}$ [και] το χαρισμα. Ει γαρ τω του ένος [also] the gracious gift. If for by the of one one παραπτωματι οί πολλοι απεθανον, πολλφ μαλfall the many died, by much λ ον $\dot{\eta}$ χαρις του θ εου και $\dot{\eta}$ δωρεα εν χαριτι τη the favor of the God and the gift by favor by that του ένος ανθρωπου Ιησου Χριστου εις τους πολman Jesus Anointed to the many of the one λους επερισσευσε. 16 Και ουχ ώς δι' And not as through one abounded. αμαρτησαντος, το δωρημα. Το μεν γαρ κριμα, having sinned, the free gift. The indeed for sentence, εξ ένος εις κατακριμα το δε χαρισμα, εκ from one to condemnation; the but gracious gift, from πολλων παραπτωματων εις δικαιωμα. 17 Ει γαρ

many offences to righteousness. If for τω του ένος παραπτωματι ό θανατος εβασι-

δικαιοσυνης λαμβανοντες, εν ζωη βασιλευσουrighteonsnes having received, in life
σι δια του ένος Ιησου Χριστου.
through the one Jesus Anointed. Indeed then ώς δι' ένος παραπτωματος, εις παντας ανθρωas through one offence, on all πους εις κατακριμα· ούτω και δι' ένος δικαιω-

to condemnation; so also through one righteousματος, εις παντας ανθρωπους εις δικαιωσιν on all to ajustification men bess, 19 Ωσπερ γαρ δια της παρακοης του
As for through the disbedience of the (wns. of life. ένος ανθρωπου άμαρτωλοι κατεσταθησαν οί sinners were constituted the one uian πολλοι ούτω και δια της ύπακοης του ένος so also through the obelience of the one many;

κατασταθησονται οί πολλοι. δικαιοι righteous persons shall be constituted the many.

20 Noμος δε παρεισηλθεν, ίνα πλεοναση το Law but supervened, so that might abound the παραπτωμα ού δε επλεονασεν ή άμαρτια, offence; where but abounded the sin, ύπερεπερισσευσεν ή χαρις 21 ίνα ώσπερ εβασιreperationaded the favor; that as reigned λ ευσεν ή άμαρτια εν τ ω θανατ ω , ούτ ω και ή the death, so also the χαρις βασιλευση δια δικαιοσυνης εις ζωην αιωfavor might reign through righteousness into life ageνιων, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων. of us.

fasting, through Jesus Anointed the Lord KEΦ. s'. 6. Tr ουν ερουμεν; επιμενωμεν 1 What then shall we way? onght we to continue say? Ought we to continue

τη άμαρτια, ίνα ή χαρις πλεοναση: ² Μη In the sin, so that the favor may abound? Not

15 But not as the FALL, so is the GRACIOUS GIFT. For if by the FALL of the ONE, the MANY died, much more the FAVOR of GOD, even THAT Gracious GIFT by the ONE Man, Jesus Christ, abounded to the

16 And not as through One having sinned, is the FREE GIFT. For indeed the SENTENCE was from One to Condemnation; but the GRACIOUS GIFT is from Many Offences to

Rightcousness. 17 Besides, if by the FALL of the ONE, DEATH reigned through that ONE; much more will THOSE HAVING RECEIVED the ABUNDANCE of the FAVOR and the RIGHTEOUSNESS reign in Life through the ONE-the * Anointed Je-SHS.

18 Therefore, indeed, as through One Offence, sentence came on All Men to Condemnation; so also, through One Righteons act, sentence came on All Men to Justification of

19 For as through the DISOBEDIENCE Of ONE Man, the MANY were constituted Sinners, so even through the OBEDIENCE of the ONE, the MANY will be constituted Righteous.

20 And Law supervened, so that the OFFENCE might abound; but where SIN abounded, FAVOR superabounded:

21 that as sin reigned by DEATH, so also FAVOR mightreign through Rightcousness for aionian Life, through the * Anointed Jesus, our Lord.

CHAPTER VI.

in SIN that FAVOR may Not abound?

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. also-omit.

^{17.} of the GIFT-omit.

^{17.} Christ

^{21.} Christ Jesus our Lond. † 15. Isa, liii, 11; Matt. xx. 28; xxvi, 28. † 18. John xii, 32; Heb, ii, 9. † 20. John xv. 22; Rom, iii, 20, iv, 15; vii, 8; Gal, iii, 19, 23. † 20. Luke vii, 47; 1 Tim, i, 14

γενοιτο. Οίτινες απεθανομεν τη άμαρτια, πως sin, let it be. we died by the how Whe ετι ζησομεν εν αυτη; 3 Η αγνοειτε, ότι still shall we live to it? Or are you ignorant, that as δσοι Or are you ignorant, that as many as εβαπτισθημεν εις Χριστον *[Ιησουν,] εις τον were dipped into Anointed [Jesus,] into the into θανατον αυτου ϵ βαπτισθημ ϵ ν; $\frac{4}{2}$ Συνεταφημ ϵ ν we were dupped? We were buried together αυτώ δια του βαπτισματος εις τον θαναtherefore with him through the into the dipping τον, ίνα ωσπερ ηγερθη Χριστος εκ νεκρων that as was raised up Anointed out of dead ones δια της δοξης του πατρος, ούτω και ήμεις εν through the glory of the father, 80 also we 5 Ει γαρ συμκαι "οτητι (ωης περιπατησωμεν. of life should walk. for planted φυτοι γεγοναμεν τω δμοιωματι του θανατου together we have become in the likenesss of the death αυτου, αλλα και της αναστασεως εσομεθα·
of him, certainly also of the resurrection we shall be; ⁶ τουτο γινωσκοντε**ς,** ότι ὁ παλαιος ἡμ**ων** ανθρωknowing, this that the old man πος συνεσταυρωθη, ίνα καταργηθη το was crucified with, that might be rendered powerless the σωμα της αμαρτιας, του μηκετι δουλευειν ήμας of the no longer to be enslaved sin, τη άμαρτια. 7 δ γαρ απο 9 ανων δεδικαιωται απο in the sin; he for having died has been justified from της άμαρτιας. 8 Ει δε απεθανομε" συν Χριστώ, sin. If but we died with Anointed, the πιστευομεν, ότι και συζησημεν αυτφ, ⁹ειδοτες, we believe, that also we shall live with him, knowing, έτι Χριστος ενερθείς εκν κρών, ουκετι αποθthat Anointed having been raised out of dead ones, no longer 10 'O ιησκει θανατος αυτου ουκετι κυριευει. of him no longer lords over. γαρ απεθανε, τη αμαρτια απεθανεν εφαπαξε for he died, by the sin he died once for all; (η τω θεω. 11 Ούτω και ύμεις $\delta \in (\eta,$

which but belives, belives by the God. So also you λογιζεσθε έαυτους νεκρους μεν τη άμαρτια, dead ones indeed by the yourselves

ζωντας δε τω θεω, εν Χριστω Ιησου. living ones but by the God, in Anointed Jesus.

¹² Μη ουν βασιλευετω ή άμαρτια εν τω Not therefore let reign the siu, in the θνητφ ύμων σωματι, εις το ύπακουειν· 13 μηδε mortal of you body, in order that to obev: nor

2 By no means. How shall we, who have I da d by sin, live any longer in

3 Or are you ignorant, that ‡as many as have been immersed into Christ. have been immersed into his Death?

4 We have therefore been t entombed with him by the IMMERSION into that DEATH; that as Christ was raised from the Dead by the IGLORY of the FATHER, so also we should walk in a New Life.

5 I For if we have been planted together in the LIKENESS Of his DEATH, certainly we shall be also in that of his RESURREC-

6 * knowing this, That tour old Man was crucified with nim, so that the BODY of SIN may be rendered powerless; that we may no longer be EN-SLAVED to SIN;

7 for the who DIED has been justified from

SIN.

8 # And if we died with Christ, we believe That we shall also live with him;

9 knowing that # Christ, having been raised from the Dead, dies no more; Death no longer lords it over him.

10 For [the death] which he died, the died by SIN once; but [the life] which he lives, he lives by Gon.

11 Thus also do you account yourselves dead indeed by SIN, \$ but living by God in the * Anointed Jesus.

12 # Let not sin, therefore, reign in your MORTAL Body, in order *10 OBEY its DESIRES;

13 nor present your

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. Jesus-omit. DESIRES.

^{11.} Christ Jesus. 12. to oBEY its

^{† 3.} Col. iii. 3; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. Phil. iii. 10, 11. † 7. 1 Pet. iv. 1. † 11. Gal. ii. 19. † 12. Pet. iii. 24. † 2. ver. 11; Rom. vii. 4; Gal. ii. 19; vi. 14. Col. ii 12. † 4. John ii. 11; xi. 40. 24; vi 14; Eph. iv. 22; Col. iii. 5, 0. † 6. Rev. l. 18. † 10. Heb. ix. 27, % † 6. Gal. ii. 20; v. † 8. 2 Tim. ii. 11. † 12. Psa. xix. 13; exix. 133.

παριστανέτε τα μελη ύμων όπλα αδικίας present you the members of you weapons of unrighteousness

ύμων ου κυριευσει ου γαρ εστε ύπο νομον, of you not shall lord over; not for you are under law,

νοιτο. ¹⁶ Ουκ οιδατε, ότι 'φ παριστανετε it be. Νοι you know, that to whom you present έαυτους δουλους εις ύπακοην, δουλοι εστε 'φ

yourselves slaves for obedieuce, slaves you are to whom ὑπακουετε, ἡτοι ἀμαρτιας εις θανατον, ην you are obedieut, whether of sia to death, or

ύπακοης εις δικαιοσυνην; 17 Χαρις δε τφ θεφ, of obedience to righteousness? Thanks but to the God,

ότι ητε δουλοι της άμαρτιας, ύπηκουσατε δε that you were slaves of the sin, you obeyed yet εκ καρδιας εις όν παρεδοθητε τυπον διδαχης.

εκ καρδιας ειτ όν παρεδοθητε τυπον διδαχης. from heart into which you were delivered a form of teaching. ¹⁸ Ελευθερωθεντες δε απο της άμαρτιας, εδου-

Having been freed and from the sin, you were $\lambda\omega\theta\eta\tau\epsilon$ $\tau\eta$ $\delta\iota\kappa\alpha\iota\sigma\sigma\upsilon\nu\eta$. $^{19}(\lambda\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\iota\nu\sigma\nu)$ $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$, enslaved to the righteousness. (According to man 1 speak,

δια την ασθενειαν της σαρκος ύμων.) 'Ωσon account of the weakness of the flesh of you.) Αs
περ γαρ παρεστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη
for you presented the members of you slaves to the

ακαθαρσια και τη ανομια *[εις την ανομιαν.]
uncleanness and to the iniquity [for the iniquity,]

ούτω νυν παραστησατε τα μελη ύμων δουλα τη so now presentyou the members of you slaves to the δικαιοσυνη εις άγιασμον. 20 $^{\rm C}$ Οτε γαρ δουλοι richteousness for sanctification. When for slaves

 $\eta \tau \epsilon$ $\tau \eta s$ anaptias, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \rho o i$ $\eta \tau \epsilon \tau \eta$ dikaloguyou were of the sin, tree you were to the righteous-

νη. 21 Τινα ουν καρπον ειχετε τοτε; εφ' οίς nees. What therefore fruit hadyou then? in the things νυν επαισχυνεσθε· το γαρ τελος εκεινων, θανα-

now you are ashamed; the for end of those, death.

τος. ²² Νυνί δε ελευθερωθεντες απο της άμαρΝοw but having been freed from the sin,

τιας, δουλωθεντες δε τω θεω, εχετε τον καρhaving been enslaved and to the God, you have the fruit

niving deed ensured and to the God, you have the fruit

† MEMBERS to SIN, as Instruments of Iniquity; but † present yourselves to God, * as if alive from the Dead, and your * Members to God, as Instruments of Righteousness.

14 For ‡ Sin shall not lord it over You; for you are not under Law, but

under Favor.

15 What then? * Should we sin, ‡ Because we are not under Law, but under Favor? By no means.

16 Do you not know, That to whom you present yourselves Slaves for Obedience, his Slaves you are to whom you are obedient, whether of Sin to Death, or of Obedience to Righteousness?

17 But thanks to God, That though you were Slaves of six, yet you obeyed from the Heart that Mould of Instruction into which you were delivered;

18 and, thaving been emancipated from sin, you became subservient to

BIGHTEOUSNESS.

19 (I speak humanly, because of the Weakness of your Flesh;) for as you presented your MEMBERS enslaved to IMPURITY and INIQUITY, so now present your MEMBERS bound to RIGHTE-OUSNESS for Sanctification.

20 For when you were Slaves of sin, you were free as to RIGHTEOUS-

NESS.

21 What Fruit, therefore, had you at that time in things of which you are now ashamed? for the END of those things is Death.

22 But now, having been emancipated from sin, and having become bound to God, you have

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. as if alive. 19. for the iniquity—omit.

^{13.} Members.

^{15.} Should we sin.

^{† 13.} Rom. vii. 5; Col. iii. 5; James iv. 1. † 14. Rom. vii. 4, 6; viii. 2; Gal. v. 18. † 15. 1 Cor. ix. 21. † 16. Matt. vi. 24; † 17. 2 Tim. i. 13. † 18. John viii. 22; 1 Cor. vii. 22. Gal. v. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 16. † 21. Rom. 1. 32. † 18. John viii. 22; 1 Cor. vii. 22.

πον ύμων εις άγιασμον το δε τελος, ζωην αιω- your fetil in Santifica. of you in samenifeanen; the and end, life ageνιον. 3 Τα γαρ οψωνια της άμαρτιας, θανατος. The for wages of the το δε χρασμα του θεου, ζωη αιωνιος εν Χριστφ the but gracious gritofine God, life age-lasting in an Anointed Ιησου τε κυριφ ήμεν. Jesus the Lord of us.

KEΦ. (7. 7.

1 Η αγνοειτε, αδελφοι, (γινωσκουσι Or we you ignorma, bestern, to those knowing 700 107 rous λαλω,) ότι ό rous κυριευει του αιθρω-ke I speak, that the law lords over the man, ESE, που, εφ' όσον χρονον (η; 2 'Η γαρ ύπανδρος for as long as a time helires? The for bound to a man γινη τι (ωντι ανόρι δεδεται νομώ, εαν δε αποwoman to the hving bushind is bound by liw; if but may farm o armp. Kathpy et al and tou roudou tou doe the bushand, she is freed from the law of the αι δρος. 3Αρα ουν (ωντος του ανδρος μοιχαλις χρηansitized. So ther living the husband an adulteress she will ματισει, εαν γενηται ανδρι έτερω εαν δε αποθαof she should be to a man another; if but should ry δ αντρ. ελευθερα εστιν απο νομου, του μη de the hastard, free she is from law, of the zot ειναι αυτην μοιχαλιδα, γενομειτην ανδρι έτερα.
to be her an abulteress, having become to a man abouter. 4 'Ωστε, αδελφοι μου, και ύμεις εθανατωθητε Therefore, brethren of me, also you were put to death τφ νομφ δια του σωματος του Χριστου, εις το by the law through the body of the Ameinted, in order that γενεσθαι ύμας έτερφ, τφ εκ νεκρων εγερθενto become you to another, to him out of dead ones having been τι, ίνα καρποφορησωμέν τω θέω. 5 Ότε γαρ When for raised, so that we should bring forth fruit to the God. ημεν εν τη σαρκι, τα παθηματά των άμαρτιών, we were in the flesh, the passions of the τα δια του νομου, ενηρηείτο εν τοις μελεσιν abose through the law, worked in the members 6 Nu7: τιιών, εις το καρποφορτσαι τφ θανατφ. of us, in order wint to bring forth fruit to the death. Now δε κατηρηηθημεν απο του νομου, αποθανοντες, we were freed from the law, having died, εν ε κατειχομεθα έστε δουλευειν ήμας εν in which we were held; so that to serve us in καινοτητι πνευματος, και ου παλαιστητι γραμnewness of spirit, and not in oldness ματος. Τι ουν ερουμεν; ὁ νομος άμαρτια; 7 What then shall we ter. What then shall we say? the law sin? Say! Is the Law Sin? By

tion, and the END atomian

23 For the Wages of sin is Death; ! but the GRACIOUS GIFT OF GOD 13 monian Life, by the Anointed Jesus, our LOED.

CHAPTER VII.

1 Are you ignorant, Brethren, for I am speaking to those who are acquainted with Law,) That the LAW controls a MAN for as long a Time as he lives ?

2 Hence tthe MARRIFD Woman is bound by Law to the LIVING Husband; but if the HUSBAND die, she is released from the LAW of the HUSBAND.

3 So then, twhile the HUSBAND is living, she will be declared an Adulteress, if she belong to another Man; but if the HUSBAND die, she is free from the Law; so that she is not an Adulteress, though she belong to another Man.

4 Therefore, my Brethren, you also were tput to death by the LAW, through the BODY of the ANOINTED one, in order that you may BELONG to another,-to HIM who was EAISED from the Dead, that we should I bring forth fruit to Gop.

5 For when we were in the FLESH, those SINFUL Passions, which were through the LAW, I worked in our MEMBERS HOBEING PORTH FEUIT to DEATH.

6 But now, having died, we are released from the LAW, by which we were held; so that we may serve tin Newness of Spirit, and not in Oldness "offer of Letter.

: 23. Gen. ii. 17; Rom. v. 12; James i. 15.
; 2. 1 Cor. vii. 30.
: 3. Mart. v. 32.
: 4. Rom. vii. 2; Gal ii. 19; v. 18; Eph. ii.
: Col. ii. 14.
: 24. Gal v. 22.
: 5. Rom. vi. 13.
: 5. Rom. vi. 21; Gal v. 19;
: 6. Rom. ii. 29; 3 Cor. iii. 6.

Μη γενοιτο αλλα την αμαρτιαν ουκ εγνων, ει but the 810 not I knew, μη δια νομου την τε γαρ επιθυμιαν ουκ ηδειν, not through law, the even for strong desire not I knew, ει μη δ νομος ελεγεν. Ουκ επιθυμησεις. Not it not the law thou shalt lust. said; 8 Αφορμην δε λαβουσα ή άμαρτια, δια της εν-Opportunity and having taken the sin, through the comτολης κατειργασατο εν εμοι πασαν επιθυμιαν. worked out in me all strong desire; χωρις γαρ νομου άμαρτια νεκρα. 9 Εγω δε spart from for law Í sin dead. and ε(ων χωρις νομου ποτε. $\epsilon \lambda \theta o \nu \sigma \eta s$ $\delta \epsilon \tau \eta s$ was alive apart from law then; baving come but the εντολης, ή άμαρτια ανεζησεν, εγω δε απεθαcommandment, the sin ived again, l and died; νον. 10 και εύρεθη μοι ή εντολη ή εις ζωην, and was found by me the commandment that for life, 11 'Η γαρ αμαρτια αφορμην auth ϵ is θ avatov. same for death. The for sin opportunity λοβουσα, δια της εντολης εξηπατησε µE, having taken, through the commandment deceived me, και δι' αυτης απεκτεινεν. 12 'Ωυτε δ μεν and through it killed. So that the indeed νομος άγιος, και ή εντολη άγια και δικαια και law holy, and the commandment holy and just αγαθη. 13 Το ουν αγαθον, εμοι γεγ νε θανατος; That then good thing, to me has become death? Μη γενοιτο αλλα ή άμαρτια ίν.. φανη Not letit be; but the sin, so that it might appear αμαρτια, δια του αγαθου μοι κατερναζομενη ain, through the good to me working out θανατον, ίνα γενηται καθ' ύπερβολην άμαρτωdeath, so that might become in excess λος ή αμαρτια δια της εντολης. 14 Οι ξαμεν sin through the commandment. the Welnow γαρ, δτι δνομος πνευματικος εστιν εγω δε εστι, that the law epiritual is; I but σαρκινος ειμι, πεπραμενος ύπο την άμαρτιαν. Is O yap katepya(oual, ou γ irwatkw ou yap δ What for I work out, bot I know; not for what 16 Ει δε δ ου θελω, τουτο ποιω, συμποιω. If but what not I wish, I da this l do, , I as-

no means. Indeed, #1 did not know sin except through Law; for even STRONG DESIRE I had not known, if the LAW had not said, t" Thou shalt not covet."

8 But sin having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, worked in me All Strong desire. Apart from Law, however, Sin is dead;

9 and H was formerly living apart from Law; but the COMMANDMENT having come, sin lived again, and E died;

10 and THAT COMMAND-MENT intended for Life, the same was found by me

for Death.

11 For SIN having taken Opportunity, through the COMMANDMENT, deceived me, and through it killed

12 And so the | LAW indeed is holy, and the COM-MANDMENT holy, and just, and good.

13 That Good thing, then, has become Death to me? By no means, but SIN has; that Sin might be manifest, through that GOOD thing producing Death to me; so that sin, through the COMMAND-MENT, might become an exceedingly great Sinner.

14 Besides, we know That the LAW is spiritual; but I am fleshly, I having been sold under SIN.

15 For what I work ont. I do not approve; since I do not practise # what I desire; but what I hate, this I do.

16 But if what I desire not, this I do, I assent to the LAW, That it is excellent;

17 and now, no longer I am working it out, but the SIN * DWELLING in me.

εγω κατεργαζομαι αυτο, αλλ' ή οικουσα εν

φημι τω νομφ, ότι καλος.

sent to the law, that excellent.

but the

17 Νυνι δε ουκετι

Now but no longer

dwelling in

^{11,} · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .-- 17. INDWELLETH in me.

^{† 7.} Rom. iii. 20. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 56. † 10. Lev. xxx. 8; exix. 38, 137; 1 Tim. i. 8. † 7. Exod. xx. 17, Deut. v. 21; Acts xx. 33; Rom. xiii. 9. † 10. Lev. xviii. 5; Ezek. xx. 11, 13, 21; 2 Cor. iii. 7. † 12. Psa. † 14. 1 Kings xxi. 20, 25; 2 Kings xvii. 17.

18 Οιδα γαρ, ότι ουκ οικει εν εμοι άμαρτια. for, Iknow that not dwells in sin. εμοι, τουτ' εστιν εν τη σαρκι μου, αγαθον το me, this is in the flesh of me, a goodthing; the γαρ θελειν παρακειται μοι, το δε κατεργαζεσθαι for to will is present with me, the but to work out 15 Ου γαρ δ $\theta \in \lambda \omega$, το καλον, ουχ εύρισκω. the excellent, not I know. for what I wish. Not ποιω αγαθον αλλ' δ ου θελω κακου, τουτο I do a good thing; but what not I wish an evilthing, this ²⁰ Ει δε δ ου θ ελω *[εγω,] τουτο I practise. If but what not wish [1,] this

I practise. If but what not wish [1,] this $\pi ot \omega$, $ou \kappa \in \tau \in \gamma \omega$ $\kappa \alpha \tau \in \rho \gamma \alpha \langle o\mu \alpha \iota \ a\nu \tau o, \ a\lambda \lambda' \ \eta'$ I do, no longer I work out it, but the

οικουσα $\epsilon \nu$ ϵ μοι άμαρτια. ²¹ Ευρισκω αρα τον dwelling in the sin. I find therefore the νομον τ ω θ ϵ λοντι ϵ μοι ποι ϵ ιν το καλον, δ τ ϵ 1

law in the wishing to me to do the excellent, because $\epsilon\mu$ 01 to kakov π apak ϵ 1 tal. 22 Σ v γ 0 do μ 01 γ 0 apak ϵ 1 tal.

with me the evil thing has near. I am pleased for τω νομώ του θεου κατα τον εσω ανθρωπον

with the law of the God according to the inside man;

23 βλεπω δε έτερον νομον εν τοις μελεσι μου
tee but another law in the members of me

αντιστρατευομένον τω νομω του ν os μου, και warring against the law of the mund of the, and

αιχμαλωτιζοντα με τω νομω της αμαρτιας τω making a captive meto the law of the sin to that

ανθρωπος τις με ρυσεται εκ του σωματος του man; who me will rescue from the body of the θανατου τουτου; 25 Ευχαριστω τω θεω δια death this? I thank the God by means of

Iησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων. Αρα ουν Jesus Anointed of the Lord of us. So then αυτος $\epsilon\gamma\omega$ τω μεν νοι δουλευω νομω θεου myself I with the indeed mind am in servitude to a law of God; τη δε σαρκι, νομω άμαρτιας. ΚΕΦ. η'. 8.

with the but flesh, to a law of sin.

1 Ουδεν αρα νυν κατακριμα τοις εν Χριστω
Νο therefore now condemnation to those in an Anointed

1 ησου.

2 Ο γαρ νομος του πνευματος της ζωης

The for law of the spirit of the life εν Χριστω Ιησου, ηλευθερωσε με $\alpha \pi a$ του by an Anomited Jesus, freed me the from 3 Το γαρ νομου της άμαρτιας και του θανατου. otthe and of the death. The for

18 For I knew That time, that is, in my flesh, there dwells no good thing; for to DESIRE 18 present with me, but to WORK OUT WHAT IS EXCELLENT I find not.

19 For I do not the good which I desire, but the evil which I desire not,

this I practise.

20 But if what I desire not, this I do, I no longer work it out, but the SIN DWELLING in me.

21 I find therefore this LAW, when I am willing to do RIGHT, That the WRONG lies near me.

22 For I am pleased with the LAW of *God according ‡to the INWARD Man;

23 but \$1 perceive Another Law in \$\pmy members\$, warring against the Law of my mind, and making me a captive to that law of sin existing in my members.

24 Wretched Man that I am! who will rescue Me from † this BODY of DEATH?

25 ‡*Thanks to God, by means of Jesus Christ, our Lord. Consequently, then, indeed, H myself, by the MIND, amin subjection to the Law of God, but by the Flesh to the Law of Sin.

CHAPTER VIII.

1 There is then No Condemnation now to THOSE in the Anointed Jesus;

2 for the LAW of the SPIRIT of LIFE by the Anointed Jesus, liberated * me from the LAW of SIN and of DEATH.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-20. I-omit.

^{22.} the mind;

^{25.} Thanks to God.

^{† 24.} There seems to be here an allusion to an ancient custom of certain tyrants, who bound a dead body to a luving man, and obliged him to carry it about, till the contagion from the putrid mass took away his life.—Clarke.

^{† 18.} Gen. vi. 5; viii. 21. † 22. 2 Cor. iv. 10; Eph. iii. 16; Col. iii. 9, 10. † 23. Gal. v. 17 † 23. Rom. vi. 18, 19. † 25. 1 Cor. xv. 57. † 2. John viii. 354 Rom. vi. 18, 22; Gal. ii. 19; y. 1.

αδυνατον του νομου, εν 'φ ησθενει δια της in that it was weak through the law, mability of the σαρκος, δ θευς τον έαυτου υίον πεμψας εν δμοιthe God the of himself son having sent in a form ωματι σαρκος αμαρτιας, και περι αμαρτιας, of sin, of flesh and on account of κατεκρινε την αμαρτιαν εν τη σαρκι. 4 ίνα το condemned the sin in the fiesh; so that the δικαιωμα του νομου πληρωθη εν ήμιν, τοις μη nehtequeness of the law might be fulfilled by us, by those not κατα σαρκα περιπατουσιν, αλλα κατα walking, according to according to flesh hut 5 Oi γ ap κ a τ a σ ap κ a $o\nu \tau \epsilon s$, Those for according to flesh being, t πνευμα. being, the things spirit. οί δε κατα πνευμα, της σαρκος φρονουσιν. those but according to spirit, of the flesh are minding; 6 Το γαρ φρονημα της του πνευματος. The for mind the things of the spirit. of the σαρκος, θανατος το δε φρονημα του πνευμαthe but mind of the ⁷ Διοτι το φρονημα της τος, ζωη και ειρηνη. life and peace. Because the mind of the σαρκυς, $εχθρα εις θεον^* τω γαρ νομω του θεου flesh, enmity to God; to the for law of the God$ ουχ ὑποτασσεται, ουδε γαρ δυναται * δοί δε εν not it is subject, neither for it is able; those and in 9 'THEIS σαρκι ουτες, θεφ αρεσαι ου δυνανται. flesh being, to God to be pleasing not they are able. You δε ουκ εστε εν σαρκι, αλλ' εν πνευματι, ειπερ flesh, but in but not spirit, Ει δε τις πνευμα πνευμα θεου οικει εν ύμιν. spirit of God dwells in you. it and any one spirit ουκ εχει, ούτος ουκ εστιν αυτου. Χοιστου of an Anointed onenot has, he not is of him. 10 Et $\delta \in X\rho\iota\sigma\tau os \ e\nu \ \ \dot{\nu}\mu\iota\nu, \ \tau o \ \mu\epsilon\nu \ \sigma\omega\mu\alpha$ If but an Anointed in you. the indeed body **ν**∈κρον άμαρτιαν το δε πνενμα ζωη the but spirit gin; life with respect to with respect to δικαιοσυνην. 11 Ει δε το πνευμα του εγε σαν-If but the of him having raised righteousuess. * pirit τος Ιησουν εκ νεκρων οικει εν ύμιν, δ εγει-Jesus out of dead ones dwells in you, he having ρας τον Χριστον εκ νεκρων, ζωοποιησει και raised the Anointed out of dead once, will make alive also τα θνητα σωματα ύμων, δια το ενοικουν αυτου the mortal bodies of you, through the indwelling of him πνευμα εν ύμιν.

 12 Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, οφειλεται εσμεν ου τη So then, brethren, debtors we are not to the σαρκί, του κατα σαρκα ζην. 13 Ει γαρ flesh, of the according to flesh to live.

3 For twhat was impossible for the Law, in that it was weak through the flesh, \$\(\) for, having sent his own Son in a Form of the Flesh of Sin, even [by an offering] for Sin, condemned sin in the flesh;

4 so that the RIGHTE-OUSNESS of the LAW may be fulfilled by US, who are WALKING, not according to Flesh, but according to

Spirit.

5 For THOSE who LIVE according to Flesh, are minding the THINGS of the FLESH; but THINGS who live according to Spirit, the THINGS of the CREBIT.

6 % For the MIND of the FLESH is Death; but the IND of the SPIRIT is Life

and Peace.

7 Because the MIND of the FLESH is # Enmity to Go'; for to the LAW of GOD it is not subject-# nor, indeed, can it be. 8 Those, then, who

8 Those, then, who are in a Sensual state, are unable to please God.

9 But you are not Sensual, but Spiritual, because the Spirit of God dwells in you. But if any one possess not the Spirit of Christ, he is not of him.

Now, the BODY indeed is dead at to Sin: but the SPIRIT it Life as to Right-

eousness.

1. And if the SPIRIT THE HIM WHO RAISED JESUS from the Dead dwell myou, the who raises *Christ from the Dead, will also make alive your MORTAL Bodies, through the INDWELLING of hig Spirit within you.

12 ‡ So then, Brethren, we are not Debtors to the FLESH, to live according

to the Flesh.

spirit in you.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Christ.

^{2 3.} Gal. iii. 13; 2 ‡ 6. Rom. vi. ‡ 9. 1 Cor. *1: ‡ 11. Rom. vi. 4,

κατα σαρκα ζητε, μελλετε αποθνησκειν ει according to flesh you live, you are about to die; if $\delta \epsilon$ πνευματι τας πραξεις του σωματος θαναbut by spirit the practices of the body you put τουτε, ζησεσθε. 14 Όσοι γαρ πνευματι ϵ

to death, you shall live. As many as for by spirit of God αγονται, ούτοι εισιν υίοι θεου. 15 Ου γαρ ελα-are led, these are sons of God. Not for you

are led, these are sons of God. Not for you $\beta \in \tau \in \pi \nu \in \nu \mu a$ $\delta \circ \iota \lambda \in \iota as \pi a \lambda \iota \nu \in \iota s$ $\phi \circ \beta \circ \nu$, $a \lambda \lambda$ received a spirit of hondage back to fear, but

ελαβετε πνευμα υίοθεσιας, εν $^{\prime}$ ω κραζομεν $^{\prime}$ youreceived aspirit of sonship, by which we cry;

Aββα, δ πατηρ.

Abba, the father.

Itself the spirit testifies toge-

ρει τφ πνευματι ήμων, δτι εσμεν τεκνα θεου. ther with the spirit of us, that we are children of God.

17 Ει δε τεκνα, και κληρονομοι· κληρονομοι μεν
If and children, also heirs; heirs indeed

 θ εου, συγκληρονομοι δε Χριστου· ειπερ συμ-of God, joint-heirs and of an Anointed; if indeed we suf-

πασχομεν, ΐνα και συνδοξασθ ημεν. ¹⁸ Λογιζοfer with, so that also we may be glorified with. 1 reckon

μαι γαρ, ότι ουκ αξια τα παθηματα του νυν for, that not comparable the sufferings of the now

καιρου προς την μελλουσαν δοξαν αποκαλυφθηseason with the being about glory to be revealed

ναι εις ήμας.

19 Η γαρ αποκαραδοκια της κτιfor earnest desire of the crea-

in ns. The for earnest desire of the creaσεως την αποκαλυψιν των υίων του θεου απεκtion the revelation of the sons of the God looks

δεχεται. 20 Γη γαρ ματαιοτητι η κτισις for.

To the for vanity the creation

ύπεταγη, (ουχ έκουσα, αλλα δια τον ύποταwas placed under, (not voluntarily, but through him having

 ϵ λευθερωθησεται απο της δουλείας της φθορας will be freed from the bondage of the corruption

εις την ελευθεριαν της δοξης των τεκνων του into the freedom of the glory of the children of the

θεου. 22 Οιδαμεν γαρ, ότι πασα ή κτισις συσGod. We know for, that all the creation groans τεναζει και συνωδινει αχρι του νυν· 23 ου μονον
weighter and travails together till the now; not only

13 For ‡if you live according to the Flesh, you are about to die; but if, by the Spirit, Iyou put to death the DEEDS of the BODY, you shall live;

14 because t as many as are guided by God's Spirit, these are Sons of God.

15 ‡ For you did not receive a Slavish Spirit back again for ‡ fear; but you received ‡ a Spirit of Sonship, by which we cry, ‡ "Abba! FATHER!"

16 ‡The SPIRIT itself testifies together with our SPIRIT, that we are Chil-

dren of God.

17 And if Children, also Heirs; ‡ Heirs, indeed, of God, and Joint-heirs with Christ; ‡ if indeed, we suffer together, so that we may be also glorified together.

18 For I consider That the sufferings of the PRESENT Time, as unworthy of Comparison with the future glory to be revealed in us.

19 Indced, the EAR-NEST EXPECTATION of the † CREATION longs for the REVELATION of the SONS of God.

20 For the creation was made subject to FRAILTY, (not voluntarily, but by HIM who PLACED it UNDER;)

21 in Hope That even the CREATION itself will be emancipated from the SLAVERY OF CORRUPTION, into the FREEDOM of the GLORY Of the CHILDREN OF GOD.

συσgroans coνον only Present time.

^{† 19, 20, 21, 22.} Ktisis, creation, has the same signification here as in Mark xvi. 15; "Proclaim the GLAD TIDINGS to the Whole CREATION," that is, all mankind; and also Col. i. 23, where a similar phrase occurs. That the brute and inanimate creation is not here spoken of, but mankind, is evident from the hope of emancipation from the "SLAVERY Of CORRUTTION" held out in the 21st verse, and the contrast introduced in the 23rd verse, between the ktisis and those "possessing the fibst-fruit of the spibit."

^{† 13.} Gal. vi. 8. † 13. Eph. iv. 22; Col. iii. 5. † 14. Gal. v. 18. † 15. 1 Cor. ii. 12; Heb. ii. 15. † 15. 2 Tim. i. 7; 1 John iv. 18. † 15. Gal. iv. 5, 6 † 17. Gal. iii. 20; iv. 7. † 17. Acts xiv. 22; Phil. 1. 29; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12. † 18. 2 Cor. iv. /; 1 Pet. † 18. 1 Cor. iv. /; 1 Pet. † 19. 1 John iii. 2. † 20. Gen. iii. 19.

 $\delta\epsilon$, αλλα και αυτοι την απαρχην τοι πνευματος and, but also ourselves the first-fruit of the εχοντες, και *[ήμεις] αυτοι εν έαυτοις στεναourselves in ourselves having, and [we] ζομεν, υίοθεσιαν απεκδεχυμενοι, την απολυτρωthe redemption a sonship looking for, $^{\circ}$ 24 Τη γαρ ελπιδι εσωσιν του σωματος ήμων. By the for hope of us. Ελπις δε βλεπομενη, ουκ εστιν ελπις $\theta\eta\mu\epsilon\nu$. what for sees one, why [also] hopes? a hope; 25 E1 δ€ If but δi' δ ου βλεπομεν, ελπιζομεν, υπομονης whatnot we hope, with we see, 26 'Ωσαυτως δε και το πνενμα απεκδεχομεθα. In like manner and also the we wait. spirit

συναντιλαμβανεται ταις ασθενειαις ήμων το belps weaknesses ofus; the the γαρ τι προσευξωμεθα καθο δει, ουκ οίδαμεν, for what we should pray as it behoves, not we know, αλλ' αυτο το πνευμα ύπερεντυγχανει * [ύπερ itself the spirit intercedes (on hehalf 27 'Ο δε ερευήμων στεναγμοις αλαλητοις. lle but searchof us] with groans nnspoken. νων τας καρδιας, οιδε τι το φρονημα TOU knows what the the bearts, mind ofthe πνευματος, δτι κατα θεον εντυγχανει ύπερ

because according to God it intercedes on behalf

àγιων.
of holy ones.

 28 Othamev $\delta\epsilon$, $\delta\tau$ 1 τ 018 $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\omega\sigma$ 1 τ 0 ν $\theta\epsilon$ 0 ν 0 We know and, that to those who love the God παντα συνεργει εις αγαθον, τοις κατα TOUall things work together for good, to those according to a pur-²³ 'Οτι ούς προεγνω, και being. Because whom he foreknew, also προωρισε συμμορφούς της εικούος του υίου he before marked out copies of the likeness son εις το ειναι αυτον πρωτοτοκον ε. toxof himself for the to be a first-born among many him λοις αδελφοις. 30 Ο5ς δε προωρισε, τουτους Whom and he before marked out, those brethren.

και εκαλεπε. και ούς εκαλεσε, τουτους και he called; and whom also be called, those also εδικαιωσε, εδικαιωσεν ous $\delta \epsilon$ TOUTOUS Kal he pustified, whom and he justified, also those 31 Τι ουν ερουμεν προς ταυτα: εδοξασε. he glorified. What then shall we say to these things? 32 'Ωσγ€ ό θεος ύπερ ήμων, τις καθ' ήμων; the God on behalf of us, who against Who indeed ns? του ιδιου υίου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ύπερ ήμων but on behalf of us of the own son not spared,

23 And not only it, but ourselves also, possessing the first-fruit of the spirit, teven we ourselves groan within ourselves, twaiting for Sonship,—the tredemption of our body.

24 For we were saved by the HOPE; ‡ but a Hope which is seen is not Hope; for why does any one hope for what he sees?

25 But if we hope for what we do not see, we wait for it with Patience

26 And in like manner also the spirit assists our *WEAKNESS; for we do not know what we should pray for as we ought; but ithe spirit itself intercedes with unspoken groans.

27 and HE WHO SEARCHES the HEARTS, knows what is the MIND of the SPIRIT, Because Taccording to God it intercedes on behalf of Saints.

28 And we know That *all things work togother for good to those who love God,—to those Being invited according to a Purpose;

29 because those whom he foreknew, he also predetermined to be Copies of the LIKENESS of his son, for him to be ‡ a Firstborn among Many Brethren;

30 and those whom he predetermined, he also invited; and whom he invited, those he also justified; and whom he justified, those he also glorified.

31 What shall we say, then, to these things? Since God is for us, who can be against us?

32 Surely he who spared not his own Son, ‡ but de-

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—23. we—omit. 24. also—omit. 26. weakness-26. on behalf of us—omit. 28. God works all things together for good.

^{† 33. 2} Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. Luke xxi. 28; Eph. iv. 30. † 24. 2 Cor. v. 7; Heb. xi. 1. 1 John v. 14. † 29. Col. i. 15, 18; Heb. i. 9; Rev. i. 5.

^{1 23.} Luke xx. 26. 1 23. Eph. vi. 18. 1 32. Rom. iv. 25.

παντων παρεδωκεν αυτον, πως ουχι και συν delivered np him: how not also with 33 T15 αυτώ Tα παντα ήμιν χαρισεται; Who to us will he graciously give? him the things

εκλεκτων θεου; Θεος δ εγκαλεσει κατα Godthat will bring a charge chosen ones of God? against

³⁴ Τις δ κατακρινων; Χριστος δ αποδικαιων; justifying? Who he cundemning? Anointed that having

θανων; μαλλον δε *[και] εγερθεις; ός και [also] having been raised? who also still more and

εστιν εν δεξια του θεου; δε και εντυγχανει right of the God? who and

ήμων; 35 Tis ήμας χωρισει απο της ύπ∈ρ on behalf will separate from ofus? Who us

αγαπης του Χριστου; Θλιψις; η στενοχωρια; Affliction? or love of the Anounted?

η διωγμος; η λιμος; η γυμνοτης: η κινδυνος; or persecution? or famine? or peril? nakedness? or

η μαχαιρα; 36 (καθως γεγραπται 'Οτι ένεκεν (as it has been written; That on account

σου θανατουμεθα όλην την ήμεραν ελογισθηof thee we are put to death whule the day;

 $37 \text{ A}\lambda\lambda' \in \nu \text{ Toutois}$ μεν ώς προβατα σφαγης.) counted as sheep of slaughter.)

πασιν ύπερνικωμεν δια του αγαπησαντος ήμας. all we more than conquer through the one having loved

38 Πεπεισμαι γαρ. ότι ουτε θανατος ουτε ζωη, I am persuaded for, that neither death life,

ενεστωτα ουτε αγγελοι ουτε αρχαι, ουτε nor messengers nor principalities, nor things heing present 39 ουτ€ μελλοντα, δυναμεις. $0v\tau\epsilon$

nor things being about to come, nor ύψωμα ουτε βαθος, ουτε τις κτισις έτερα δυνηnor any creation will be other height nor depth,

σεται ήμας χωρισαι απο της αγαπης του θ εου, able us to separate from the love of the God,

της εν Χριστω Ιησου τω κυριω ήμων. $KE\Phi$. of that in Anointed Jesus the Lord

θ'. 9. ¹ Αληθείαν λεγω, εν Χριστώ ου ψευδο-Truth Ispeak, in Anointed; not Iutter

(συμμαρτυρουσης μοι της συνειδησεως falsehood, (bearing testimony together to me the conscience

μου,) εν πνευματι άγιφ. 2 ότι λυπη μοι εστι grief to me holy; that it is a spirit

μεγαλη, και αδιαλειπτος οδυνη τη καρδια μου. anguish in the heart great,

livered him up on behall of us all, how will he not with him also graciously give us ALL things?

33 Who will bring an accusation against God's Chosen ones? Will THAT God who JUSTIFIES?

34 Who is HE who CON-DEMNS? Will THAT Anointed one who DIED; and, still more, who has been raised; who also is at the Right hand of God, and twho intercedes on our behalf?

35 Who shall separate us from THAT LOVE OF * God, which is in the Anointed Jesus? Shall Affliction, or Distress, or Persecution, or Famine, or Nakedness, or Peril, or Sword?

36 (even as it has been written, ‡"On account of thee we are put to death the Whole DAY; we are accounted as Sheep for Slaughter.")

37 ‡ But in all these things we do more than overcome, through HIM

who LOVED us.

nor

38 For I am persuaded that neither Death nor Life; neither Angels nor Principalities; neither Things present nor Things future; nor Powers,

nor Height, nor Depth, nor any other thing in Creation, will be able to separate Us from THAT LOVE of GOD, which is in the Anointed Jesus, our LORD.

CHAPTER IX.

1 I tspeak the Truth in Christ, I do not speak falsely, my CONSCIENCE co-attesting with mc, in a holy Spirit,

. 2 that I have great Grief and Unceasing Anguish in

of me. My HEART,

VAT. MANUSCRIPT. -34. also-omit. 35. THAT LOVE of GOD which is in Christ Jesus; † 34. Heb. vii. 25; ix. 24; 1 John ii. 1. † 35. Psa. xliv. 22; 1 Cor. xv. 30, 31; 2 Cor. vv. 11. † 37. 1 Cor. xv. 57; 2 Cor. ii. 14; 1 John iv. 4; v. 4, 5; Rev. xii. 11. Rom. i. 9; 2 Cor. i. 23; xi. 31; xii. 19; Gal. i. 20; Phil. i. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7.

3 Ηυχομην γαρ αυτος εγω αναθεμα ειναι απο Was wishing for myself I an accursed thing to be from

του Χριστου ύπερ των αδελφων μου, των συγ-

γενων μου κατα σαρκα. 4 οίτινες εισιν Ισρατινες υf me according to flesh; who are Isra-

ηλιται, ών $\mathring{\eta}$ υίοθεσια, και $\mathring{\eta}$ δοξα, και $\mathring{\alpha}$ δια-elites, of whom the souship, and the glory, and the cove-

elites, of whom the souship, and the glory, and the coveθηκαι, και ἡ νομοθεσια, και ἡ λατρεια, και αί nauts, and the law-giving, and thereligious service, and the

 $\epsilon\pi\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\iotalpha\iota$, 5 $\acute\omega\nu$ of $\pi\alpha\tau\epsilon\rho\epsilon s$, $\kappalpha\iota$ $\epsilon\xi$ $\acute\omega\nu$ δ prumuses, of whom the fathers, and from whom the

θεος ευλογητος εις του αιωνας. Αμην. God worthy of praise into the ages. So be it.

6 Ουχ οίον δε, ότι εκπεπτωκεν ό λογος του Not so as but, that has fallen off the word of the

Geou ou yap martes of ex Ispanal, obtol Ispa-God; not for all thosefrom Israel, these Israel

ηλ. ⁷ Ουδ' ότι είτι σπερμα Αβρααμ, παντες el. Nor because they are seed of Abraum, all

 τ εκνα, αλλ' εν Ισαακ κληθησεται σοι σπερμα, children, but in lance shall be called to thee a seed,

8 τουτ' εστιν, ου τα τεκνα της σαρκος, ταυτα this is, not the children of the flesh. these

τεκνα του θεου* αλλα τα τεκνα της απαγγελίας children of the God; but the children of the promise

λγνιζεται εις σπερμα. 9 Επανγελιας γαρ δ οί promise for the

λογος ούτος: «Κατα τον καιρον τουτον ελευword this; According to the season this I will

σημαι, και εσται τη Σαρρα vins. 10 Ου μουου come, and shall be to the Sarah a son. Not only

δ:, αλλα και 'Pεβεκκα, εξ ένος κοιτην εχουσα and, but also Rehecca, from one conception having

 1σ α κ του πατρος ήμων. 11 Μηπω γαρ γεννη- $_{1\text{-mac}}$ the latter of is. Not yet for they having

θεντων, μηδε πραξαντων τι αγαθον η κακον, been horn, nor having done anything good or bad,

(iva $\mathring{\eta}$ κατ' εκλονην προθεσις του θεου μενη, (so that the according to an election purpose of the God might abide,

ουκ $\epsilon \xi$ $\epsilon \rho \gamma \omega \nu$, αλλ $\epsilon \kappa$ του καλουντος,) 12 $\epsilon \rho \delta \eta$ nut from works, but from the one calling,)

θη αυτη· 'Οτι δ μειζων δουλευσει τω ελασσονι' said to her; That the greater shall be subject to the lesser.

3 on account of my ERETHREN, my KINSMEN according to the Flesh; (‡ for £ myself was wishing to be accursed from the Anointed one;)

4 who are Israelites; to whom belong the sonship, and the GLORY, and * the t COVENANTS; and the LAW-GIVING, and the pures of SERVICE, and the PROMISES:—

5 whose are the FATHERS, and ‡from whom is THAT ANOINTED one, according to the Flesh; I'E who IS over all, God blessed to the AGES. Amen.
6 But not as implying

6 But not as implying that the WORD of GOD has fallen; for TALL those who are from Israel, these

are not Israel.

7 Nor Because they are the Seed of Abraham, are they ALL Children; but the Isaac shall thy Seed "be called."

8 That is, the CHIL-DREN of the FLESH, these are not of GOD; but the \$\frac{1}{2}\$ CHILDRYN of the PROM-ISE are accounted for the Seed.

9 For this is the word of Promise—t "According "to this season I will "return, and Sarah shall "have a Son."

10 And not only this, but also to ‡ Rebecca, when she had conceived twins by Onc,—by Isaac our FATHER;

11 (for they not having been born, nor having done anything good or bad, so that God's furrose, as to an Election, might abide,—not from Works, but from HIM who CALLS;)

12 it was said to her, "The SUPERIOR shall be subject to the INFE-"RIOR,"

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4 the COVENANT.

^{† 4.} Exod. iv. 22; Deut. xiv. 1; Jer. xxxi. 9. † 4. Acte 15. † 4. Acte 25. † 5. Luke iii. 23. † 6. John viii. 39; Rom. ii. 14. 29; iv. 12; 16; Gal. vi. 16. † 7. Gen. xxi. 12; Heb xt. 18. † 8. Gal. iv. 28. † 9. Gen. xxiii. 10, 14. † 10. Gen. xxv. 21. † 12. Gen. xxv. 23.

13 καθως γεγραπται. Τον Ιακαβ ηγαπησα, τον as it has been written; The Jacob I loved, 14 Τι ουν ερουμεν; μη αδιδε Ησαν εμισησα. I hated. What then shall we say? not injus-15 Τω γαρ κια παρα τω $\theta \in \omega$; Μη γενοιτο. tice with the God? Not letit be. To the for Μωυση λεγει Ελεησω δν αν ελεω, και ιικhe says; I will pity whom I should pity, and I will αν οικτειρω. 16 Αρα ουν ου του τειρησω δν compassionate whom I should compassionate. So then not of the θελοντος, ουδε του τρεχοντες, αλλα του ελεnor of the one running, but of the pityone willing, 17 Λεγει γαρ ή γραφη τω Φαραω·
Says for the writing to the Pharaoh; ουντος θεου. ing God. Ότι εις αυτο τουτο εξηγειρα σε, δπως ενδειζω-That for same this I raised up thee, that I might μαι εν σοι την δυναμιν μου, και όπως διαγγελη

μαι $\epsilon \nu$ σοι την δυναμιν μου, και δπως διαγγελη show in thee the power of me, and that may be declared το ονομα μου $\epsilon \nu$ παση τη γη. 18 Αρα συν δν the name of me in all the earth. So then whom $\theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota$, $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \epsilon \iota$ δν δε $\theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota$, σκληρυνει. 19 Ε ϵ is he wills, he pittes; whom and he wills, he hardens. Thou with say

our moi Tieti mempetai; $\tau \omega \stackrel{*}{=} [\gamma \alpha \rho]$ boung-then to me; Why still does be find fault? to the [for] will mati autou τ is and $\epsilon \sigma \tau \eta \kappa \epsilon$; $^{20} M \epsilon \nu o \nu \gamma \epsilon$, ω and of him who has been opposed? But indeed, ω man,

of him who has been opposed? But indeed, O man, θρωπε, συ τις ει, ὁ ανταποκρινομενος τω υεω; thou who art, the one answering again to the God?

My $\epsilon \rho \epsilon l$ to $\pi \lambda \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha$ $\tau \omega$ $\pi \lambda \alpha \sigma \alpha \nu \tau l$. The $\mu \epsilon$ Not shall say the thing formed to the one having formed; Why me $\epsilon \pi \sigma i \eta \sigma \alpha s$ où $\tau \omega s$; The our $\epsilon \chi \epsilon l$ $\epsilon \xi \sigma i \omega \omega \delta$ $\kappa \epsilon \rho \alpha \sigma i \omega l$ and $\epsilon l \omega s$? Or not has authority the potter $\mu \epsilon \nu s$ $\tau \sigma \nu \omega l \omega s$, $\epsilon \kappa \tau \sigma \nu \omega l \omega l \omega l \omega l \omega l \omega l \omega l$ of the clay, out of the same mixture to make

σαι, δ μεν εις τιμην σκευος, δ δε εις ατιμιαν; this indeed for honor a vessel, that and for dishonor?

22 Ει δε θελων δ θεος ενδειξασθαι την οργην,
If but wishing the God to sh. w the wrath,
και γνωρισαι το δυνατον αύτου, ηνεγκεν εν
and make known the power of himself, bore in

and make known the power of himself, bore in πολλη μακροθυμια σκευη οργης κατηρτισμενα much long-suffering vessels of wrath having been fitted

εις απωλειαν. ²³ και ίνα γνωριση τον πλουfor destruction; and that he might make known the wealth

τον της δοξης αύτου επι σκευη ελεους, α of the glory of himself on vessels of mercy, which

13 even as it has been written, "Jacob I loved, "but Esau I hated."

14 What shall we say then? Is not Injustica with God? By no means.

15 For to Moses he says, ‡"I will pity whom "I should pity, and I will "compassionate whom I "should compassionate."

16 So, then, it is not of the one WILLING, nor of the one BUNNING, but of GOD who PITIES.

17 Besides, the SCRIPTURE says to Pharaon to For this very purpose that I raised thee up, that I raised thee up, that I raised thee up, that I raised thee will may exhibit in thee may power, and that ny NAME may be declared in All the EARTH."

18 So, then, whom he pleases, he pities, and whom he pleases, he hard-

19 Thou wilt then say to me; "Why does he still find fault? for who has resisted his WILL?"

20 But indeed, O Man who art thou REPLYING against God? \$ Shall the THING FORMED say to its MAKER, "Why didst thou make me thus?"

21 Or has not the POTTER Authority over the CLAY, out of the SAME Mixture to make #One Vessel for Honor, and Another for Dishoner?

22 But if God, wishing to exhibit his indignation, and to make know his power, did carry with Much Longsuffering the Vessels of Wrath fitted for Destruction;

23 and that he might make known the Riches of his Glory on the Vessels of Mercy, which w r

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. For-omit.

^{† 17.} In the Hebrew, the words addressed to Pharaoh literally signify, "I have made thee to stand;" accordingly, they are translated by the LXX, "For the sake of this," namely, of showing my power, "thou hast been preserred." The apostle's translation of this passage, "For this very purpose I raised thee up," does not alter its meaning.—Macknight.

^{† 13.} Mal. i. 2, 3.

† 15. Exod. xxxiii. 19.

† 17. Exod. ix. 19.

† 20. Isa. xxix.

† 21. Prov. xvii. 4; Jer. xviii. 6.

† 21. 2 Tim. ii. 14.

† 22. 1 Pet. ii. 8. Jude 4.

† 23. Rom. ii. 4; Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 27

εις δοξαν· 24 ούς και εκαλεσεν προητοιμασεν were previously prepared for glory; whom even he called

ήμας, ου μονον εξ Ιουδαιων, αλλα και εξ εθνων. but also from of Gentiles; us, not only from of Jews,

²⁵ ώς και εν τω 'Ωσηε λεγει' Καλεσω τον ου as also in the llusea he says; I will east that not

λαον μου, λαον μου και την ουκ ηγαπημενην, a peuple of me, a people of me; and her not

ηγαπημενην. ²⁶ Και εσται, εν τ φ τοπ φ ου ερbeloved. And it shall be, in the place where it

βηθη *[αυτοις:] Ου λαος μου ὑμεις, εκει κλη-was said [to them;] Nuta people o'me you, there they

θησονται υίοι θεου ζωντος. ²⁷ Ησαιας δε κραshall be called sons of God living. Esaias but cries

ζει ύπερ του Ισραηλ. Εαν 'η δ αριθμος των on behalf of the Israel; If should be the number of the

υίων Ισραηλ ώς ή αμμος της θαλασσης, το as the sand of the of laracl

καταλειμμα σωθηπεται. 28 Λογον γαρ συντεshall be saved. An account for he is fluish-

λων και συντεμνων εν δικαιοσυνή ότι λογον bag and cutting short in righteousness, been been account

συντετμημενον ποιησει κυριος επι της γης. baving been cut short will make a Lord on the earth.

²⁹ Και καθως προειρηκεν Ησαιας· Ει μη κυριος before said Esaias; lf not

σαβαωθ εγκατελιπεν ήμιν σπερμα, ώς Σοδομα of hosts left to us a seed, Sodom as

αν εγενηθημεν, και ώς Γομορόα αν ώμοιωθηwe should have become, and as Gomorrah we should have been

μεν. 30 Tι ουν ερουμεν; Ότι εθνη τα μη quadelike. What then shall we say? That Gentiles those not

διωκοντα δικαιοσυνην, κατελαβε δικαιοσυνην, pursuing righteousness, laid hold ou righteousness,

δικαιοσυνην δε την εκ πιστεως· 31 Ισραηλ δε a rightenuaness even that from faith; larael but

διωκων νομον *[δικαιοσυνης,] εις νομον δι-[ofrighteousness,] alaw a law

καιοσυνης ουκ εφθασε. 32 Διατι; Ότι ουκ εκ Why? Because not , from righteousness not attained.

 $\pi_{1}\sigma_{1}\epsilon_{\omega}s$, $\alpha\lambda\lambda$ ' &s $\epsilon\xi$ $\epsilon\rho\gamma\omega\nu$ *[$\nu\rho\rho\nu$] Προσbut as it were from works They [oflaw.]

εκοψαν γαρ τω λιθω του προσκομματος struck against for the stone of the stumbling: even t previously prepared for Glory;

24 even us, whom ne called, not only from the Jews, but also from the

Gentiles ;

25 as also he says by Hosea, ‡"I will call "THAT which was not my " People, 'my People,' and "HER who was not be-"loved, 'beloved;'

26 ;" and it shall be, in "the PLACE where it was "said, 'Dou are not my "People,' there they shall "be called Sons of the liv-"ing God."

27 But Isaiah cries on behalf of ISRAEL, ‡" If the "NUMBER of the sons of "Israel should be as the "SAND of the SEA, I the "REMNANT only shall be " saved.

28 "For * he is finish-"ing and cutting short his "Account in Righteons-"res; ! Because the Lord "will perform a brief Work "upon the LAND."

29 And, as Isaiah pre-viously said, ‡ " If the "Lord of Hosts had not "left us a Seed, twe "should have become as "Sodom, and should have "resembled Gomorrah."

30 What then shall we say? That THOSE Gentiles not PURSUING Righteousness, laid hold on Rightecusness, teven THAT Rightcousness from Faith;

31 but Israel † pursuing a Law of Righteonsness, attained not a Law of Righteousness.

32 Why? Because they pursued it, not from Fnith, but as attainable from Works of Law. For they struck against the STONE of STUMBLING

33 as it is written,

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.-20. to them-omit. 28. finishing and cu will make a Reckoning on the Earth. 31. of Righteousness-omit. 28. finishing and cutting short, the Lord ghteousness—omit. 32. of Law—omit.

^{† 23.} Rom. viii. 28—30. † 25. Hoshea ii. 23 : 1 Pet. ii. 10. † 20. Hosea i. 10. 27. Isa. x. 22, 23. † 27. Rom. xi. 5. † 28. Isa. xxviii. 22. † 20. Isa. i. 9. 30. Rom. vi. 11 : x. 20. * 80. Rom. i. 17. 31. Rom. xi. 7. † 32. I uke ii. 34; 1 Cor. 1 * 3 1 26. Hosea i. 10. 27. Isa. x. 22, 23. 230. Rom.iv. 11; x.20.

θως γεγραπται Ιδου, τιθημι εν Σιων λιθον I place in Sion it has been written; Lo. astone προσκομματος, και πετραν σκανδαλου· και πας and a rock of offence; and every one of stumbling, δ πιστευων επ' αυτφ, ου καταισχυνησεται. it, not shall be disappointed. relying on 1 Αδελφοι, $\mathring{\eta}$ μεν ευδοκια της Brethren, the indeed good-will of the КЕФ. 1. 10. εμης καρδιας, και ή δεησις *[ή] προς τον θεον, my heart, and the prayer [that] to the God, ² Μαρτυρω γαρ ύπερ **α**υτω**ν** εις σωτηριαν. on behalf of them for salvation. Liestify autois, ότι ζηλον θεου εχουσιν, αλλ' ου κατ' to them, that a soal for God they have, but not according to επιγνωσιν. Αγνοουντες γαρ την του θεου δι-knowledg:. Being ignorant for the of the God rightκαιοσυνην. και την ιδιαν ζητουντες στησαι, τη seeking to establish, to the and the own

δικαιοσυνη του θεου ουχ ύπεταγησαν.

righteousness of the God not they were brought under.

Teλos γαρ νομου Χριστος, εις δικαιοσυνην An end for of law Anointed, for righteousness 5 Μωυσης γαρ γραφει παντι τω πιστευοντι. to every one to the believing. Mosea for την δικαιοσυνην την εκ του νομου. 'Οτι δ ποιηthe righteousness that from the law; That the having zas αυτα ανθρωπος, ζησεται εν αυτοις. shall live in The done these things man, δε εκ πιστεως δικαιοσυνη ούτω λεγει Μη righteousness thus speaks; Not εν τη καρδια σου. Τις αναβησεται yin the heart of thee; Who shall ascend ELTITIS thou mayest say in the εις τον ουρανον; τουτ' εστι, Χριστον καταγαγειν. into the heaven? this is, an Anointed to lead down. 7 Η· Τις καταβησεται εις την **α**βυσσον; τουτ' Or; Who shad go down into the ShyssP this 8 Αλλα εστι, Χριστον εκ νεκρων αναγαγειν. an Anonted out of dead onco to lead back. τι λεγει; Εγγυς σου το βημα εστιν, εν τφ what saysit? Near thee the word στοματι σου, και εν τη καρδια σου τουτ' εστι, mouth of thee, and in the heart of thee; this το βημα της πιστεως δ κηρυσσομέν 9 δτι, εαν faith which we publish: the word of the if δμολογησης εν τω στοματι σου κυριον Ιησουν, mouth of thee Lord thou wilt confess with the και πιστευσής εν τη καρδια σου, ότι ό θεος αυand thou wilt believe in the heart of thee, that the God him 10 (Καρδια τον ηγειρεν εκ νεκρων, σωθηση. raised out of dead ones, thou shalt be saved. (In heart

t"Behold, I place in Zion,
"a Stone of stumbling,
"and a Rock of Offence,
"tand yet no one RELY"ING on it shall be dis"appointed."

CHAPTER X.

1 Indeed, Brethren, the GOOD DESIRE OF MY Heart, and THAT PRAYER I offer to GOD on their behalf is, for their Salvation.

2 For I testify to them, That they possess ‡a Zeal for God, but not according to Knowledge.

3 For being ignorant of the RIGHTEOUSNESS of GoD, and seeking to establish their own, they were not submissive to the RIGHTEOUSNESS of GOD;

4 since ‡ Christ is the End of the Law for Righteousness to every one EE-

LIEVING.

5 For Moses writes of THAT RIGHTSOUSNESS which is from the *Law, t "That the MAN PER-"FORMING these things "shall live by them."

6 But the RIGHTEOUSNESS from Faith thus speaks;—"Say not in "thine HEART, ! Who shall "ascend into HEAVEN?" fluat is, to bring Christ down;

7 or, t"Who shall de-"scend into the ABYSS?" that is, to bring back Christ from the Dead.

8 But what does it say?
"The word is near thee.
"In thy MOUTH, and in thy
"HEART;" that is, the
word of FAITH which we
publish;

9 that, ‡ if thou wilt *openly confess with thy MOUTH That Jesus's Lord, and wilt believe with thy HEART That God raised Him from the Dead, thou shalt be saved.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. that—omit. 5. Law. 9. openly confess the DECLARATION with thy MOUTH That Jesus is the Lord, and wilt believe.

^{\$\ \}psi_{33}\$. Psa. cxviii. 22; Isa. viii. 14; xxviii. 16; Matt, xxi. 42; 1 Pet. ii. 6—8. \$\ \pm_{33}\$ Rom-x. 11. \$\ \pm_{2.}\$ Acts xxi. 20; xxii. 3; Gal. i. 14; 1v. 17. \$\ \pm_{3.}\$ Rom. i. 17; ix. 30-13. Phil. iii. 9. \$\ \pm_{4.}\$ Matt. v. 17; Gal. iii. 12. \$\ \pm_{5.}\$ Lev. xviii. 5; Neh. ix. 29; Ezek. xx. 11; xiii. 21; Gal. iii. 12. \$\ \pm_{5.}\$ Cout. xxx. 12. \$\ \pm_{7.}\$ Deut. xxx. 13. \$\ \pm_{9.}\$ Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. 8.

γαρ πιστευεται εις δικαιοσυνην στοματι δε for it is believed for righteousness; with mouth and 11 Λεγει γαρ ή όμολογειται εις σωτηριαν.) it is confessed for salvation.) Says for the γραφη. Πας δπιστευων επ' αυτώ, ου καταισwriting; Every one the believing on him, not shall be 12 Ου γαρ εστι διαστολη χυνθησεται. Ιουδαι-Not for is a distinction of Jew

ου τε και Έλληνος δ γαρ αυτος κυριος παν-both and of Greek; the for same Lord of

των, πλουτων εις παντας τους επικαλουμενους being rich towards all those calling upon

13 Πας γαρ ός αν επικαλεσηται το ονοαυτον. Every one for who the name may call on 14 Πως ουν επικαλεπονμα κυριου, σωθησεται. of Lord, shall be saved. How then shall they call on,

ται, εις δν ουκ επιστευσαν; πως δε πιστευinto whom not they believed? how and shall they σουσω, ού ουκ ηκουσαν; πως δε ακουσουσι believe, where not they heard? how and shall they hear χωρις κηρυσσοντος; 15 Πως δε κηρυξουσιν, εαν

without one proclaiming? How and shall they proclaim, if μη αποσταλωσι; καθως γεγραπται. 'Ως ώραιοι not they should be sent? as it has been written; How heautiful οί ποδες των ευαγγελιζομενων *[ειρηνην, των

the feet of those announcing glad tidinga [of peace, of those 16 Aλλ' ευαγγελιζομενων τα αγαθα. ου announcing glad tidings the things] good. But not

παντες ύπηκουσαν τω ευαγγελιω. Ησαιας γαρ the glad tidings. Esaias for obeyed λεγει Κυριε, τις επιστευσε τη ακοη ήμων: O Lord, who believed the hearing of us?

 17 (Apa η π ιστις εξ ακοης $^{\circ}$ η δ ε ακοη δ ια $\dot{\rho}$ ημα-(Then the faith from hearing; the and hearing through a word

18 Αλλα λεγω. Μη ουκ ηκουσαν: $\tau os \theta \epsilon ov.)$ I say, Not of God.) But not they heard?

Μενουνγε εις πασαν την γην εξελθεν δ φθογγος Yes indeed into all the earth went out the sound

αυτων, και εις τα περατα της οικουμενης τα of them, and into the ends of the inhabited earth the 19 Αλλα λεγω. Μη Ισραηλ ουκ ρηματα αυτων. I say; Not Israel words of them. But

εγνω: Πρωτος Μωυσης λεγει. Εγω παραζηλω-First Moses I will provoke to jealknew? says;

σω ύμας επ' ουκ εθνει, επι εθνει ασυνετώ not a nation, by a nation upenlightened ousy you 20 Hoaias Se αποτολμα, ύμας. παροργιω I will provoke to anger you. is very bold,

10 For with the Heart it is believed for Righteonsness, and with the Month it is confessed for Salvation.

11 Hence the SCRIP-TURE says, ‡" EVERY ONE "BELIEVING on him shall "not be ashamed."

12 # For there is no Distinction either of Jew or of Greek; since the SAME Lord of all is rich towards ALL THOSE CALL-ING upon him.

13 ‡ For "every one "who may invoke the "NAME of the Lord shall "be saved "

14 How then shall they call on him into whom they did not believe? And how shall they believe, where they did not hear? And how shall they hear without one proclaiming?

15 And how shall they proclaim if they should not be sent? as it has been written, ‡" How beautiful "the FEET of THOSE PRO-"CLAIMING GLAD TID-"INGS of Good things!"

16 But all did not obey the GLAD TIDINGS; for Isaiah says, 1" Lord, who "believed our REPORT?"

17 So then FAITH comes from a Report, and the REPORT through the Word of * God.

18 But I say, Did they not hear? Yes, indeed; t"their SOUND went out "into all the LAND, and "their words to the Ex-"TREMITIES of the HABI-"TABLE."

19 But I say, Did not Israel know? First Moses says, ‡" E will provoke "you to jealousy by that "which is no Nation; by "an unenlightened Nation "I will provoke you to an-"ger."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—15. even as. oings—omit. 17. Christ. TIDINGS-omit.

^{15.} of Peace, of those announcing glad

^{† 11.} Isa. xxviii. 16; xlix. 23; Jer. xvii. 7; Rom. ix. 33. † 12. Acts xv. 9; Rom. iii. 22; Gal. iii. 28. † 15. Isa. Iii. 7; Nahum i. 15. 1 10. Rom. iii. 3; Iteb. iv. 2. † 16. Isa. Iii. 1; John xii. 38. † 18. Psa. xix. 4; Matt. xxiv. 14; xxviii. 19; Mark xvi. 15; Col. i. 6, 23. † 19. Deut. xxxii. 21; Rom. xi. 11.

και λεγει Ευρεθην τοις εμε μη ζητουσιν, εμand says; I was found by those me not seeking, mani-

φανης εγενομέν τοις εμε μη επερωτωσι. Lecame to those . me

21 Проѕ δε τον Ισραηλ λεγει. Όλην την ήμε-In respect to but the Israel he says; Whole

ραν εξεπετασα τας χειρας μου προς λαον απειhands of me to a people I stretched out the

θουντα και αντιλεγοντα. ΚΕΦ, ια', 11, 1 Λεγω obeying and contradicting.

ουν Μη απωσατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου; Μη then; Not did put away the God the people of himself? Not

γενοιτο και γαρ εγω Ισραηλιτης ειμι, εκ σπερlet it be; even for 1 an Israelite I am, of

² Ουκ απω· ματος Αβρααμ, φυλης βενιαμεν. of Abraam, of tribe of Benjamin. Not did put

σατο δ θεος τον λαον αύτου, δν προεγνω. away the God the people of himself, whom he before knew.

υυκ οιδατε, εν Ηλια τι λεγει ή γραφη; not knowyou, in Elijah what says the writing? ယ်င

εντυγχανει τω θεω κατα του Ισραηλ. 3 Κυριε, he complains to the God against the Israel, O Lord,

τους προφητας σου απεκτειναν, * και] τα of thee they killed, prophets [and] θυσιαστηρια σου κατεσκαψεν• καγω ύπελειφθην

of thee they dug down; and l μονος, και ζητουσι την ψυχην μου. ⁴ Αλλα τι alone, and they are seeking the life of me.

λεγει αυτώ δ χρηματισμος; Κατελιπον εμαυτώ says to him the divine oracle? Heft to myself

έπτακισχιλιους ανδρας, οίτινες ουκ εκαμψαν even thousand who

5 Ούτως ουν και εν τω νυν καιγονυ τη Βααλ. a knee to the Baal. Thus then even in the present sea-

ρφ λειμμα κατ' εκλογην χαριτος γεγονεν. son a remnant according to an election of favor has been made.

6 Ειδε χαριτι, ουκετιεξ εργων· επει ή χαρις If but by lavor, no longer from works; otherwise the favor

ουκετι γινεται χαρις. ⁷Τι ουν; 'Ο επιζητει no longer is favor. What then? What seeks

Ισραηλ, τουτο ουκ επετυχεν, ή δε εκλογη επε- this he did not obtain; Israel, this not he obtained, the but chosen ob-

20 Besides, Isaiah is very bold, and says, ‡"I "was found *by those "who did not seek me; I "was made manifest to "THOSE who did not ASK "for me."

21 But in respect to Is-RAEL he says, ‡"The "whole DAY I stretched "out my HANDS to a dis-"obedient and contradict-

"ing People."

CHAPTER XI.

1 I say then, ‡ Did GoD put away his own PEO-PLE? By no means; for even LI am an Israelite of the Seed of Abraham, of the Tribe of Benjamin.

2 God has not put away his PEOPLE whom he formerly acknowledged. Do you not know what the SCRIPTURE Days in [the history of] Elijah, how he complains to GoD against Israel?—

S ‡"O Lord, they killed "thy PROPHETS; they "dng down thy ALTAES; "and I was left alone; "and they are seeking my "LIFE."

- 4 But what says the DIVINE ORACLE to him? t"I reserved for myself "Seven thousand Men, "who bent not a Knee to "BAAL."
- 5 #And in like manner, therefore, at the PRESENT Time, there is a Remnant according to an Election f Favor.
- 6 But tif by Favor, no longer from Works; otherwise the FAVOR is no longer a Favor.

7 What then? The thing ! Israel earnestly seeks, this he did not obtain;

^{*}VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. among THOSE who did not SEEK Me; I became manifest among THOSE who. 3. aud—omit. 6. But if by Favor, no longer from Works; betterwise FAVOR is made no longer Favor. But if from Works, no longer Favor; otherwise work is no longer Favor.

^{† 20.} Isa, lxv, 1; Rom. ix, 30. † 21. Isa, lxv, 2. † 1, 1 Sam. xii, 22; Jer. xxxi-87. † 1, 2 Cor. xi, 12; Phil. iii, 5. † 3, 1 Kings xix, 10, 14. † 4, 1 Kings xix, 18. † 5, Rom. ix, 27. † 6, Rom. iv, 4, 5; Gal. v, 4. † 7, Rom. ix, 31; x, 3.

τυχεν· οί δε λωποι επωρωθησαν, 8 (καθως it, and the Rest tained; the and remaining ones were hardened, (as γεγραπται Εδωκεν αυτοις δ θεος πνευμα καταit has been written; Gave to them the God a spirit νυξεως, οφθαλμους του μη βλεπειν, και ωτα sleep, eyes of the not to see, and ears του μη ακουείν,) έως της σημερον ήμερας. of the not to hear,) till the to-day day. 9 Και Δαυίδ λεγει: Γενηθητω ή τραπεζα αυτων And David says; Let be made the table of them εις παγιδα, και εις θηραν και εις σκανδαλον, και into a snare, and into a trap and into a stumbling block, and εις ανταποδομα αυτοις. 10 σκοτισθητωσαι οί into arecompence to them; let be darkened οφθαλμοι αυτων, του μη βλεπειν και τον νωτον αυτων διαπαντος συγκαμψου. 11 Λεγω ουν· eyes of them, of the not to sec; and the back $M\eta \in \pi \tau a i \sigma a \nu$, $i \nu a \pi \in \pi \omega \sigma i$; $M\eta \gamma \in \nu o : \tau o^{\circ}$ $a \lambda \lambda a$ Not did they stumble, so that they might fall? Not let it be; but τω αυτων παραπτωματι ή σωτηρια τοις $\epsilon\theta\nu\epsilon\sigma\iota\nu$, the salvation to the nations, bytheofthem fall 12 Ει δε το το παραζηλωπαι αυτους. in order that to excite to emulation thera. If but the παραπτωμα αυτων πλουτος κοσμου, Kal TO of them wealth of a world, and the ήττημα αυτων πλουτος εθνων. μαλλον ποσω failure of them wealth of nations; how much more

το πληρωμα αυτων:

the full acceptance of them? 13 Υμιν γαρ λεγω τοις εθνεσιν: εφ' δσον με: To you for I speak the Gentiles; in a much indeed ειμι εγω εθνων αποστολος, την διακονιαν μου am I of Gentiles an apostic, the διξαίω. 14 ειπως παραίηλωσω μου την σαρκα, I shall glorify, if possibly I may excite to emulation of me the Sesh, 15 Et $\gamma \alpha \rho \approx \alpha \pi$ και σωσω τινας εξ αυτων. for the casting and I may save some from of them. 10 βολη αυτων κατελλαγη κοσμού τις ή προσoff of them a reconciliation of a world; what the receiv λγψιs, ει μη ζωη εκ νεκρων: 16 Ει δε $\mathring{η}$ απαρχη $_{1/2}$. If and the first-fruit άνια, και το φυραμα· και ει ή διζα άγια, και οί holy, also the mixture; and if the root holy, also the 17 Ει δε τινες των κλαδων εξεκλασθηκλαδοι. If but some of the branches σαν, συ δε αγριελαιος ων ενεκεντρισθης off, thou and a wild olive being wast ingrafted instead of αυτοις, και συγκοινωνος της βιξης και της πιοthem, and apartaker of the root and of the fat-

blinded:-

8 as it has been written, ‡ "GoD gave to them "a Spirit of Stupor, Eyes "that they should not see, "and Ears that they "should not HEAR."till THIS very Day.

9 and David says, T"Let "their TABLE become a "Snare, and a Trap, and "a Stumbling-block, and "a Recompense to them;

10 "let their EYES be "darkened so as not to "SEE, and bow down their "BACK continually."

11 I say then, Did they stumble that they might full? By no means; but tby Their Fall the NA-TIONS have SALVATION in order to excite them to EMULATION.

12 But if their FALL is the Wealth of the World, and their FAILURE the Wealth of the Gentiles, how much more will their full acceptance be?

13 *And I speak to You, GENTILES; (there-fore, indeed, inasmuch as # am # an Apostle of the Gentiles, I shall honor my MINISTRY;)

14 if possibly I may excite My KINDRED to emulation, and ‡ may save some from among them.

15 For if their REJEC-TION be the Reconciliation of the World, what is their RECEPTION, if not Life from the Dead?

16 And if the FIRST-FRUIT be holy, so also the MASS; and if the ROOT be holy, so also the BRANCHES.

17 But if ‡ some of the BRANCHES were broken off, ‡ and thou being a Wild olive wast ingrafted instead of them, and didst become a Partaker of the

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. And I speak to You, Gentiles; therefore indeed inasmuch.

^{† 8.} Isa. xxix, 10. † 0. Psa. lvix. 22, 23. † 11. Acts xiii, 46; xviii, 6; xxiii, 18. 21; xxviii, 24, 28. † 13. Acts ix. 15; xiii, 2; xxii, 21; Rom. xv. 16; Gal. f, 16; it, 2, 7-0; lph, iii, 8; 1 Tim ii, 7; 2 Tim, i.11. † 14. 1 Cor. vii, 10; ix. 22; 1 Tim, iv, 10; James v. 20. † 10. Le⁻, xxiii, 10; Num, xv. 18-21. † 17. Jer. xi. 16. † 17. Acts ii, 39.

εγενου, 18 μη κατακαυχω τητος της ελαιας olive thou didst become, not do thou boast $\tau\omega\nu$ κλαδων ει δε κατακαυχασαι, ου συ την of the branches; if but thou dost boast, not thou the ριζαν βασταζεις αλλ' ή ριζα σε. 19 Epeis ouv. root sustainest but the root thee. Thou wilt say then; Εξεκλασθησαν κλαδοι, ίνα εγω εγκεντρισθω. Were broken off branches, so that I might be grafted in. 10 Γαλως τη απιστια εξεκλασθησαν, συ δε True; by the unhelief they were broken off, thou and τη πιστει έστηκας μη ύψηλοφρονει, αλλα by the faith hast been standing; not be high-minded, ²¹ Et $\gamma \alpha \rho$ δ $\theta \epsilon \sigma s$ $\tau \omega \nu$ $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha$ $\phi \sigma \tau \nu$ If for the God those according to nature doBov. ear. κλαδων ουκ εφεισατο, μηπως ουδε σου φεισεperhaps not even thee aranches not spared. 22 Ide our χρηστοτητα και αποτομιαν See then kindness and spare. θεου· επι μεν τους πεσοντας, αποτομίαν· επι severity; towards of God; towards indeed those having fallen, δε σε, χρηστοτητα, εαν επιμεινης but thee, kiudness, if thou shouldst remain in the 23 Κακεινοι επει και συ εκκοπηση. otherwise even thou shalt be cut off. Also they δε, εαν μη επιμεινωσι τη απιστια, εγκεντρισbut, if not they should remain in the unbelief, shall be θ-ισονται. δυνατος γαρ εστιν δ θεος παλιν the God ingrafted; for is again 24 Et εγκεντρισαι αυτους. γαρ συ εκ της to graft them. If. for thou out of the εξεκοπης Φυσιν εγριελαιου, και according to nature wast cut off wild olive. and φυτιν ενεκεντρισθης εις καλλιελαιον, in violation of nature thou wastingrafted into a good olive, μαλλον ούτοι οί κατα φυσιν, εγκενthese who according to nature, 25 Ου γαρ θελω τρισθησονται τη ιδια ελαια. olive. Not for I wish in the own ύμας αγνοείν, αδελφοί, το μυστηρίαν τουτο, brethren, the you to beignorant, (ίνα μη ητε παρ έαυτοις φρονιμοι,) ότι πωρω-(that not you may be with yourselves wise,) that hardσις απο μερους τω Ισραηλ γενονεν, αχρις ού το ness from a part to the Israel has happened, till

ROOT and FATNESS of the OLIVE;

18 ‡do not boast against the BRANCHES; but if thou dost exult ever them. thou dost not sustain Le 19 Thou wilt say the:

"The Branches were br k n off, so that I might be

grafted in."

20 True; they were broken off by unbelief, and thou hast been established by FAITH. # Be not haughty, but #fear;

21 for if GoD spared not the NATURAL Branches, *he may not even spare

Thee.

22 Behold, then, the Kindness and the Severity of God; Severity, indeed, towards THOSE HAVING FALLEN, * but the Kindness of God towards thee, tif thou continue in that KINDNESS; for otherwise thou even shalt be cut

23 But they also, ‡ if they continue not in UN-BELIEF, shall be grafted in; for Gop is able to graft them in again.

24 For if thou wast cut off from an Olive, wild by Nature, and, in violation of Nature, wast grafted into a Good olive, how much more shall these, the Natural branches, be grafted into their own Olive?

25 For, Brethren, that von may not be # conceited with yourselves, I wish you not to be ignorant of this SECRET, That # Hardness in some Measure has happened to ISBAEL ; till the FULNESS of the GENTILES may come in.

26 And then all Israe! will be saved, as it has been

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. he may not even spare Thee. of God towards thee, if thou continue in that KINDNESS.

πληρωμα των εθνων εισελθη· 26 και ούτω πας

fulness of the Gentiles may come in;

shall he saved,

Israel

Ισραηλ σωθησεται, καθως γεγραπται.

22. but the Kindness

† 20. Rom. xii. 16. xv. 2; Heb. iii. 6, 14. 10. † 25. ver. 7; 2 Cor. iii. 14. † 22. John xv. 2. † 23. 2 Cor. ii. 16. † 25. Luke xxi. 24; Rev. vii. 9. 10.

and then

it has been written; Shallcome

all

'HEE!

1 22. 1 Cor 1 25. Rom. xii

εκ Σιων δ δυομενος, και αποστρεψει ασεβειας out of Sion the deliverer, and shall turn away ungodliness απο Ιακωβ. Τκαι αύτη αυτοις ή παρ' εμου from Jacob. And this with them the from

διαθηκη, όταν αφελωμαι τας άμαρτιας αυτων. μεν το ευαγγελιον, εχθροι δι' ύμας. According to indeed the glad tidings, enemies on account of you;

δε την εκλογην, αγαπητοι δια τους according to but the election, beloved on account of the

πατέρας. ²⁹ Αμεταμέλητα γαρ τα χαρισματα fathers. Things not to be repented of for the gracious gifts και ή κλησις του θεου. 30 Ωσπερ γαρ ύμεις

for and the calling of the God. As you ποτε ηπειθησατε τω θεω, νυν δε ηλεηθητε τη unce disubeyed the God, now but obtained mercy by the

τουτων απειθεία. 31 ούτω και ούτοι νυν ηπειθηof these disobedience; thus also these now disobeyed,

σαν, τω ύμετερω ελεει ίνα και αυτοι ελεηθωσι. in the your mercy that also they may obtain mercy.

32 Συνεκλείσε γαρ δ θεος τους παντας Shut up for the God the all EIS for απειθειαν, ίνα τους παντας ελεηση. $^{33}\Omega$ βαdisobedience, so that the all he might compassionate. O depth θος πλουτου και σοφιας και γνωσεως θεου. 'Ως of wealth and of wisdom and of knowledge of God. How

ανεξερευνητα τα κριματα αυτου, και ανεξιχ-unearchable the judgments of him, and untraceνιαστοι αί όδοι αυτου. 34 Τις γαρ εγνω νουν κυριου; η τις συμβουλος αυτου εγενετο; 35 η of Lord? or who a counsellor of him became? or τις προεδωκεν αυτφ, και ανταπ δοθησετιιι
who first gave to him, and it shall be given to return αυτω; 36 Ότι εξ αυτου, και δι' αυτου, και εις to him? Because out of him, and through him, and for αυτον τα παντα αυτώ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας. him the things all; to him the glory for the

Aunv. So be 11.

КЕФ. ιβ'. 12.

ι Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, αδελφοι, δια των I entreat therefore you, brethieu, through the οικτιρμων του θεου, παραστησαι τα σωματα tender compassions of the God, to present the bodice ύμων θυσιαν ζωσαν, άγιαν, ευαρεστον τω θεώ, of you a sacrifice living, boly, well-pleasing to the God,

written, ‡ "The DELIV-"ERER shall come out of "Zion, and shall turn "away Ungodliness from " Jacob ;"

27 And ‡ "this is the "Covenant" with them "FROM ME, when I shall " take away their sins."

28 In relation to the GLAD TIDINGS, indeed, they are Enemics on your account; but in regard to the ELECTION, they are Beloved on account of the FATHERS:

29 because the GRACI. OUS GIFTS and CALLIN of GoD are ‡ not things to be repented of.

30 Besides, as nov conce disobeyed Gon, but now obtained mercy by their Disobedience:

31 so also, now, these disobeyed, so that then * may obtain mercy by Your Mercy.

32 For ‡God shut up together all for Disobedience, that he might have mercy on ALL.

33 O the Depth of the Riches and Wisdom and Knowledge of God! # llow unsearchable his Jung MENTS, and tuntraceab. his WATS!

34 ‡ For who knew the Mind of the Lord? or who was his Counsellor?

35 or 1 who first gave to him, and it shall be given to him again?

36 # Because out of him. and through him, and for him, are ALL things. To him be the GLORY for the AGES. Amen.

CHAPTER XII.

1 I entreat you, therefore, Brethren, by the TENDER COMPASSIONS Of God, to present your # B .. TIES a living Sacrifice, holy, well-pleasing to God

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 31. may now obtain mercy.

την λογικην λατρειαν ύμων· 2 και μη συσχημαthe rational religious service of you; and not conform your-tifes θ ε τω αιωνι τουτω, αλλα μεταμορφουσθε selves to the age this, but transform yourselves τη ανακαινωσει του νοος * [ύμων,] εις το by the renovation of the mind [of you,] in order that δοκιμαζειν ύμας, τι το 0 ελημα του 0 εου, το to prove you, what the will of the God, the

αγαθον και ευαρεστον και τελειον. 3 Λεγω γαρ good and well-pleasing and perfect. I say for δια της χαριτος της δοθεισης μοι, παντι through the favor of that having been given to me, to all

τω οντι εν ύμιν, μη ὑπερφρονειν παρ' δ to him being among you, not to think above beyond what δει φρονειν, αλλα φρονειν εις το σωφρονειν.

δει φρονειν, αλλα φρονειν εις το σωφρονειν, to think in order that to be of sound mind,

 4 Καθαπερ γαρ εν ένι σωματι μελη πολλα εχοJustas for in one body members many we
μεν, τα δε μελη παντα ου την αυτην εχει
have, the but members all not the same has
πραξιν 5 ο 5 τως οἱ πολλοι έν σωμα εσμεν εν
operation; thus the many one body we are in

 \mathbf{X} ριστ γ , δ δε καθ' είς, αλληλων μελη. Αποιπτεd, the but each one, of each other members. Having

τες δε χαρισματα κατα την χαριν την δοθειbut gracious gifts according to the favor that having

σαν ήμιν διαφορα· ειτε προφητείαν, κατα been given to us of different kinds; if prophets, according to την αναλογίαν της πιστεως· ⁷ ειτε διακονίαν, εν

the analogy of the faith; if service, in τη διακονία είτε ό διδασκών, εντη διδασκώλια the service; if the teaching, in the act of teaching;

S ειτε ό παρακαλων, εν τη παρακλησει ό μεταδιif the exhorting, in the exhortation; the one

δους, $\epsilon \nu$ $\overset{\circ}{\alpha}\pi$ λοτητι· $\overset{\circ}{\delta}$ προισταμενος, $\epsilon \nu$ σπουδη· $_{\text{giving, with simplicity; the one presiding, with diligence;}$

 \dot{b} ελεων, εν ίλαροτητι. 9 Η αγαπη, ανυποκthe one pitying, with cheerfulness. The love, unfeigned;

ριτος αποστυγουντές το πονηρον, κολλωμένοι detesting the evil, adhering

τω αγαθω. 10 τη φιλαδελφια, εις αλληλους to the good; in the brotherly kindness, towards each other

φιλοστοργοι· τη τιμη αλληλους προηγουμενοι·
tender affections; in the honor sach other going before;

—your RATIONAL religious service.

2 ‡ And do not conform yourselves to this AGE, ‡ but transform yourselves by the RENOVATION of your MIND, that you may ‡ ASCERTAIN what is the WILL of GoD,—the GOON, and well-pleasing, and perfect.

3 For I say, through THAT FAVOR which has been given to me, to EVEPY one among you, fnott think beyond what he ught to think; but to think so as to be soberminded, as God to Each distributed a Measure of Faith.

4 For, tjust as in One Body we have many Members, but all the MEMBERS have not the SAME Action;

so twe, the MANY, are One Body in Christ, and IND. IDUALLY Members each other.

bers each other.

3 Now having different bracious gifts, according of that favor which is imparted to us;—‡if Prophecy, speak according to the analogy of the faith.

7 or if a Service, perform that SERVICE. The TRACHER, in the TEACH-ING:

8 the exhorter, in the exhortation. Let the distributor, act with Disinterestedness; the president, with Diligence; the sympathizer, with Cheerfulness.

9 ‡ Let Love be unfeigned. Detest the EVIL; adhere to the GOOD.

10 t With BROTHERLS KINDNESS towards each other be tenderly affectionate; t in HONOE preferring one another.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of you-omit.

^{† 2. 1} Pet. i. 14; 1 John ii. 15. † 2. Eph. iv. 23; Col. iii. 10. † 3. Rom. xi. 20. xii. 20, 27; Eph. i. 23; iv. 25. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 12; Eph. iv. 10. † 5. 1 Cor. x. 17; † 6. 1 Cor. xii. 4; 1 Pet. iv. 10, 11. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. i. 22; ii. 17; iii. 8; 2 Pet. i. 7. † 8. 1 Cor. xiv. 3. † 10. 1 Pet. v. 5. † 10. 1 Pet. v. 5.

11 τη σπουδη μη οκνηροι· τω πνευματι (εοντες. is the industry not idle oces; in the spirit being fervent; τφ καιρώ δουλευοντες. 12 τη ελπιδι χαιροντες. in the boye rejoicing: τη θλιψει ύποιενοντες τη προσευχή προσκαρin the affliction being patient; in the prayer constantly
τερουντες ¹³ ταις χρειαις των άγιων κοινωνουνsttending; to the wants of the boly ones contributing; τες· την φιλοξενιαν διωκοντες. 14 Ευλογειτε

the kindness to strangers following. Bless you τους διωκοντας *[iμας·] ευλογειτε, και μη those persecuting [you.] bless you, and bot καταρασθε. 15 Χαιρειν μετα χαιροντων, rejucting ones, Kal and κλαιειν μετα κλαιοντων. 16 Το αυτο εις αλλη-The same for each other to weep with weeping ones. λους φρουνυυτες μη τα ύψηλα φρουνιντες,

minding, botthethings bigh minding αλλα τοις ταπεινοις συναπαγομενοι. MnNot to the low ones conform yourselves. γινεσθε φρονιμοι παρ' έαυτοις. 17 Μηδενι κακον with yourselves. To no one evil become you wise αντι κακου αποδιδοντες προνο υμενοι κα-

in return for evil giving back; λα ενωπιον παντων ανθρωπων. 18 ει δυνατον και είς able providing honorable το εξ ύμων, μετα παντων ανθρωπων ειρηνευονthat from of you, with all men being at peace; τες· 19 μη έαυτους εκδικουντες, αγαπητοι· αλλα

not yourselves avenging, beloved ones, δοτε τοπον τη οργη. γεγραπται γαρ. Εμοι Tome εκδικησις εγω ανταποδωσω, λεγει κυριος. vengeance, will repay, Bays Εαν ουν πεινα δ εχθρος σου, ψωμιξε αυτον. If therefore may hunger the enemy of thee, do thou feed him;

αν διψα, ποτιζε αυτον. Τουτο if he may thirst, give drink to him. This εαν διψα. yap for ποιων, ανθρακας πυρυς σωρευσεις επι την κεφαdoing, coals of fire thou wilt pile on the λην αυτου. 21 Μη νικω ύπο του κακου, αλλα Notbeovercomeby the evil,

νικα εν τω αγαθώ το κακον. overcome by the good the evil.

KEΦ. 17. 13.

Πασα ψυχη εξουσιας υπερεχουσαις υποτασ- submissive to the superior Every soul to authorities being above let be sub- Authorities; # for there σεσθω. Ου γαρ εστιν εξουσια ει μη απο θεου· is not an Authority, except 14 authority if not from God; from God; and THOSE Not for missive.

11 In DUTY be not slothful. In the SPIRIT be for-

vent, * serving the Lord.
12 | In the Hope he
jov'ul; | in Application
patterner | I in Prayer perzer cring.

13 # Contributing to the WANTS of the SAINTS,pursuing Hosipitality

14 TBICSS THOSE W. C PERSECUTE you; bless and curse not.

15 # Rejoice with the joyful, and weep with the sorrowful.

16 #Be of the SAME. Disposition towards each other. Regard not High things, but conferm yourselves to the lowly. #10 not become wise in your own estimation.

17 ‡ To no one return Evil for Evil. | Provide honorable things in the presence of All Men.

18 If possible, on YOUR part, # live peaceably with

All Men;

19 ; not avenging Your selves, Belored, but give Place to the WBATH [of God;] for it has been writ-ten, ‡" Vengeance belongs "to me; k will repay," says the Lord.

20 Therefore, 1" if thine "ENEMY is hungry, give him food; if he is "thirsty, give him drink; "for, doing this, thou wilt "heap Coals of Fire on his " HEAD."

21 Be not subdued by EVIL, but subdue EVIL by GOOD.

CHAPTER XIII.

1 Let Every person ; be

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. serving the LOBD. 14. you-omit.

^{12.} Col. iv. 2; 2 13. Heb-6. 16. Rem-17. 2 Cor.

αί δε ουσαι, ύπο θεου τεταγμεναι εισιν. 2 'Ωσ- EXISTING have been arthose and being, under God having been arranged are.

T& O αντιτασσομένος τη εξουσια, τη του the one petting himself in opposition to the authority, to the of the θεου διαταγή ανθεστηκεν οί δε ανθεστηκο-God institution has been opposed; they but having been actin 3 Οί γαρ αρξαυτοις κριμα ληψονται. opposition, to themselves judgment will receive.

The for rulχοντες ουκ εισι φοβος των αγαθων εργων, αλλα a terror of the good works, των κακων. Θελεις δε μη of the evilones. Wishest thousand not Θελεις δε μη φοβεισθαι την εξουto fear the autho-

σιαν; το αγαθον ποιει και έξεις επαινον εξ good do thou; and thou wilt have praise from the

αυτης. 4 θεου γαρ διακονος εστι, σοι εις το of God for a servant he is, to thee for the αγαθον. Εαν δε το κακον ποιης, φοβου ου

If but the evil thou shouldst do, fearthou; net γαρ εική την μαχαιράν φορεί θεου γαρ διακοfor in vais the sword

he bears; of God for νος εστιν, εκδ.λος εις οργην τφ το κακον πρασan aventer for wrath to him the evil

CONTS. CVAYKY ύποτασσεσθα:. OU Wherefore recessity to be submissive, not

μονον δια την οργην, αλλα και δια την συonly on account of the wrath, but also on account of the conνειδησιν. 6 Δια τουτο γαρ και φορους τελει-On account of this science. for also taxes

τε λειτουργοι γαρ θεου εισιν, εις αυτο τουτο you; public ministers for of God they are, to same this

7 Αποδοτε * [002] TPOOKAPTEPOUVTES. πασι constantly attending. Render [therefore] to all

τας οφειλας. τω τον φορον, τον φορον. 74 duos; to him the taz, the tax; to him

το τελος, το τελος· τω τον φοβον, τον φοβον·
the custom, the custom; to him the fear, the fear; την τιμην, την τιμην. the hener, the honor. 8 Μηδενι μηδεν

to him the hener, honor. To no ene nothing οφειλετε, ει μη το αλληλους αγαπαν ο γαρ

if not that each other you should love; the OWO you, for 9 To αγαπων τον έτερον, νομον πεπληρωκε. loving the other, alaw has fulfilled. That

yap Ou μοιχευσεις. Ου DOVEUDEIS. fors Not thou shalt commit adultory; Not thou shalt commit murder,

On KYENEIS. επιθυμησεις. Ουκ Kal El TIS Not thou shalt steal; Not thou shalt covet; and if

έτερα εντολη, εν τουτώ τω λογω ανακεφαλαι-other commendment, in this the word it is brought under it is brought under ranged under GoD;

2 so that he who sets himself in opposition to the AUTHORITY, opposes the Institution of God; and the opponents will procure Punishment for themselves.

3 For RULERS are not a terror *to a good Work. but to an EVIL. And dost thou wish not to be afraid of the AUTHORITY? 1Do GOOD, and thou shalt have Praise, from it;

4 for he is God's Servant for thy *Good. But if thou do EVIL, be afraid; for he bears the sword not in vain; since he is God's avenging Servant for Wrath on him doing EVIL.

5 Wherefore it is necessary to be subordinate, not only on account of the WRATH: † but also on account of CONSCIENCE.

6 For on this account also you pay Taxes; because they are God's public Ministers, constantly attending to this very thing.

7 † Render, therefore, to all their DUES; to WHOM TAX is due, TAX; to WHOM CUSTOM, CUS-TOM; to WHOM FEAR. FEAR: to WHOM HONOR, HONOR.

8 Owe Nothing to any one-unless Love to each other; for the who LOVES ANOTHER has fulfilled the Law.

9 Forthis, t"Thoushalt "not commit adultery, "Thou shalt not commit "murder, Thou shalt not "steal, Thou shalt not "covet," and if Auy Other Commandment, it it is briefly summed up in This PRECEPT, namely,

xx, 13; Deut. v. 17; Matt, xix. 18,

^{*} VAT. MANUSCRIPT .- 3. a GOOD Work, but to an EVIL. 4. Good. 7. therefore-omit. t3, 1 Pet. ii. 14; iii. 13. t5. 1 Pet. ii. 10. t 7. Matt. xxii, 21; Mark xii, 17; Luke xx. 25. ‡ 8. Gal. v. 14; Col. iii. 14; 1 Tim. i. 5; James ii. 8.

νται, εν τω Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου ώς me head, in this; Thou shall love the neighbor of thee as εαυτον. 10 'Η αγαπη τω πλησιον κακον ουκ

έαυτον. 10 H αγαπη τω πλησιών κακον ουκ thyself. The love to the neighbor evil not

εργαζεται· πληρωμα ουν νομου ή αγαπη. 11 Και works; a fulfilling then of law the love. And

τουτο, ειδοτες τον καιρον, ότι ώρα ήμας ηδη, this, knowing the season, that an hour us alread, εξ ύπνου εγερθηναι (νυν γαρ εγγυτερον ήμαν out of sleep to be aroused; (now for nearer of us

 $\mathring{\eta}$ σωτηρια, η ότε επιστευσαμεν· 12 $\mathring{\eta}$ νυξ προεthe salvation, than when we believed; the night is far

κοψεν, η δε ημερα ηγγικεν) αποθωμευα ουν advanced, the and day bas approached;) we should put off therefore

τα εργα του σκοτους, και ενδυσωμεθα τα όπλα the works of the darkness, and should put on the weapons

του φωτος. 13 Ως εν ήμερα, ευσχημονως περιcithe light. As in day, decently we

πατησωμεν, μη κωμοις και μεθαις, μη κοιταις should walk, not in revelness and in drinkings, not in whoredoms

και ασελγειαις, μη εριδι και ζηλ $φ^*$ 14 αλλ and in debaucheries, not in strife and in rage; but

 $\epsilon \nu \delta \upsilon \sigma \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon$ τον κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, και της put you on the Lord Jesus Anointed, and of the

σαρκος προνοιαν μη ποιεισθε ειθ επι 0 υμιας. desh provision not make you for furth.

KEΦ. ιδ. 14.

νεσθε, μη εις διακρισεις διαλονισμων. 2 °Cs actives, not for differences of reasonings. Who

λαχανα εσθιει. 3 $^{\circ}$ O εσθιων, τον μη εσθιοντα herbs eats. The one eating, the not one eating

μη εξουθενειτω· και δ μη εσθιων, τον εσθιοντα cot despise; and the not enting, the one eating μη κρινετω· δ θεος γαρ αυτον προσελα-

not judge; the God for him received to $\beta \in \tau o$. $^4 \Sigma v \tau \iota s \in \delta \kappa \rho \iota v \omega v$ allot $\rho \iota v \circ \sigma v \circ \sigma v$ the judging belonging to another household

την: τω ιδιω κυριου στηκει η πιπτει· σταθηservant? to the own lord he stands or he falls, he shall be

σεται δε δυνατος γαρ εστιν δ θεος στησαι made to stand and, able for is the Godto make stand

T"Thou shalt love thy "NEIGHBOD as thyself."

10 Love to the NUIGHBOR works no Evil; Love, then, is the Fulfilling z the Lew.

il And do this, knowing the season, That it is already the Hour forms the wake up from Sieep; fo now is Our salvation nearer than when we i lieved.

12 The NIGHT is far advanced, and the DAY has approached; twe should, therefor., lay aside the WORKS Of DARKNESS, and thould put on the ARMOR of LIGHT.

13 As in the Day, † we should walk becomingly;—
† not in Revelries and Carousings; not in Whoredoms and Debaucheries; not in * Strifes and Envyings;

14 but \$\frac{1}{2}\$ put you on the *ANOINTED Jesus, and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ make no Provision for the Lusts of the flesh.

CHAPTER XIV.

1 Now receive to you, selves the WEAE in the FAITH; not, however, for Doubtful Reasonings.

2 One, indeed, believ s he may eat all things; but the WEAK eats Vegetables only.

3 Let not him who fats despise him wh fats not; and let not him who fats not condemn him who fats; for God received him.

4 Who art THOU CON-DEMNING the Domestic of Another? To his own Master he stands or falls; and he shall be made to stand, for *God is able to make him stand.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—13. Strifes and Envyings. the Lord.

^{14.} Anointed Jesus. 4

^{† 9.} Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 30; Mark xii. 31; Gal. v. 14; James ii. 8. † 10. Matt. xxii. 40. † 11. 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14; 1 Thess. v. 5, 6. † 12. Eph. v. 11; Col. iii. 8. † 12. Eph. vl. 13; 1 Thess. v. 8. † 13. Phil. iv. 8; 1 Thess. iv. 12; 1 Pet. ii. 12; 1 13. 1 Pet. iv. 3. † 14. Eph. iv. 24; Col. iii. 10. † 14. Gal. v. 16; 1 Pet. ii. '' 1 Rom. xv. 1. 7: 1 Cor. viij. 9. 11: 1x. 22.

σπανδαλον.

L course of fall.]

Os μεν κρινει ήμερα» παρ' ήμερα», One indeed esseems a day from a day, autov. hum. δε κρινει πασαν ήμεραν έκαστος εν τ δs. the in another but esteems every day; Seck 6 Ο φρονων ιδιώ νοι πληροφορεισθω. THY let be fully assured. Ac mit.ding the own mind ήμεραν, κυριω φρονει· *[και όκιη φρονων την day, to Lord minds; [and bornet minding the ξμεραν, κυριφ ου φρονει.] Και δ οσθιων, κυριω to Lord not minds.] And he cating, to Lord εσθιει, ευχαριστει γαρ τφ θεφ· και δ μη εσcata, he gives thanks for to the God; ε... he not eatθιων, κυριφ ουκ εσθιει, και ευχωριστει τφ θεφ. to Lord not eats, and be lives thanks to the God. 7 Ouders γαρ ήμων έαυτφ ζη, και ουδεις έαυτφ No one for of you to himself lives, and no one to himself 8 Εαν νο γαρ ζωμεν, τω κυριω If poor for welive, to the Lord αποθνησκει. dies. ζωμεν εαν τε αποθνηνκωμεν, τφ κυριφ αποθwe die. to the Lord welive; if and νησκομεν. Εαν τε ουν ζωμεν, εαν τε αποθνησ-If both therefore we live, if and we die, 9 Εις τουτο γαρ TOU KUDIOU ETUEV. KWILEY, To this for of the Lord we are. Σριστος * και απεθανε και εξησεν, ίνα και so that both died and llved, [both] 10 Συ δε, τι κρινεκρων και ζωντων κυριευση. Thou but, why judgest of dead ones and living he might be lord. veis τον αδελφον σου; η κσ συ, τι εξουθενείς the brother of thee? or also thou, why sattest at nonght τον αδελφον σου; παντες γαρ παραστησομεθα shall stand before for brother of thee? all 11 Γεγραπται γαρ. τω βηματι του Χριστου. It has been written for; ina judgment-seet of the Anointed. Lw εγω, λεγει κυριος, ότι εμοι καμψει παν says ουνυ, και πασα γλωσσα εξομολογησεται τω to the tongue shall confess and every 12 Aρα *[ουν] έκαστος ήμων repi έαυ~ Osco. each one ofus concerning him-[then] God. ġ, 13 Μηκετε του λογον δωσει σφ θεω. עשס an account shall give to the God. No longer therefore ελληλους κρινωμέν αλλα τουτο κρινατε μαλ-each other we should judge; but this judge you rather, τον, το μη τιθεναι προσκομμα τω αδελφω * [η that not to place a stambling-block to the brother

5 Che indeed esteems one Day better than another Day; but another esteemed Every Day. Let each one be fully assured in his own Mind.

6 He who MINDS the DAY, minds it for the Lord; and He who MINDS not the DAY, minds it not for the Lord. And He who EATS, eats in regard to the Lord, for the gives thanks to God; and He who EATS not, eats not in regard to the Lord, and gives thanks to God.

7 For tho one of us lives for Himself, and no one dies for Himself;

8 for both, if we live, we live for the LORD, and if we die, we die for the LORD; whether, therefore, we live, or die, we are the LORD'S.

9 † For Christ died and lived for this end, that the might rule over both the Dead and the Living

10 But finn, why dost thou condemn thy brother? or why dost finn despise thy brother? for we shall all be placed before the TRIBUNAL of CHRIST.

11 For it has been written, ‡ '3 live, says the "Lord, Because to Me "shall bend Every Knee. "and Every Tongue shall "confess to God."

12 ‡ Each one of us, therefore, shall *give an Account concerning himself to God.

13 No longer, then, we should judge each other; but judge you this rather, that to place a Stumbling-block before a Brother.

been assured by the Lord

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—d. and HE who minds not the Day, minds it not for the Lord—omit. 9. both—omit. 12. then—omit. 12. render an Account. 13. or a cause of iall—omit.

14 Οιδα, και πεπεισμαι εν κιριφ

I know, and have been persuaded in Lord

† 5. Gal. iv. 10; Col. ii. 16. † 6. 1 Cor. x. 31; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 7. 1 Cor. vi. 19. 20; Col. ii. 20; 1 Thess. v. 10; 1 Pet. iv. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. v 15. † 9. Acts x. 36. † 10. Natt. xxv. 31, 22; Acts x. 43; xvii. 31; 2 Cor. v. 10; Jude 14, 15. † 11. Iss. xlv. 25: Phil. ii. 10. † 12 Matt. xii. 36; Gal. vi. 5; 1 Pet. iv. 5. † 23. 1 Oor viii. 9 18; x. 32.

Ιησου, ότι ουδεν κοινον δι' αύτου, ει μη τω that nothing common through itself, if nottohim λογιζομενφ τι κοινον ειναι, εκεινφ κοινον. regarding anything common to be, to hun 15 Ει δε δια βρωμα ό αδελφος σου λυπειται, If but through food the brother of thee is grieved, υυκετι κατα αγαπην περιπατεις. Μη τω βρωno longer according to fove dost thou walk. Not with the food ματι σου εκεινον απολλυε, ύπερ ού Χριστος him do thou destruy, an hehalf of whom Anointed ofthee 16 Μη βλασφημεισθω ουν ύμων το $\alpha\pi\epsilon\theta\alpha\nu\epsilon$. died. Not let he evil spoken of therefore of you the 17 Ου γαρ εστιν ή βασιλεια του θεου αγαθον. Not for is the kingdom of the God good. βρωσις και ποσις, αλλα δικαιοσυνη και ειρηνη eating and drinking, but righteousness and και χαρα εν πνευματι άνιω. 18 δ γωρ εν τουτω holy; he for in spurit and joy in this δημλευων τω Χρίστω, ευαρέστως τω θέω, και doing service for the Austrated, well-pleasing to the God, and δρκιμος τοις ανθρωποις. 19 Αρα ουν τα της approved by the So then the things of the men. ειρηνης διωκωμεν, και τα της οικοδομης της peace we should pursue, and the things of the building up εις αλληλους. 20 Μη ένεκεν βρωυατος καταλυε for each other. Not on account · f food demolish το εργον του θεου. Ποντα μεν καθαρα- αλλα the work of the Gud. All things indeed pure, κακον τω ανθρωπω τω δια προσκομματος εσevil for the man for that through a stumbling-llock θιοντι. 21 Καλον το μη φανειν κρεα, μηδε πιειν Good the not to eat flesh, nor to drink lug. οινον, μηδε εν 'ω δ αδελφος σου προσκοπτει, wine, nor by which the brother of thee stumbles, 22 ∑. σκανδαλιζεται, η ασθενει. TITTIV or is weakened. is ensnared, Thou faith κατα $\sigma \in \alpha \cup \tau \circ \nu \in \chi \in \varepsilon \nu \omega \pi : \circ \nu \tau \circ \nu \theta \in \circ \nu$. EXELS. according to thyself hold it in presence of the God. Μακαριος δ μη κρινων έαυτον εν 'φ δοκιμα(ει. Blessed he not judging himself in what h. approves. 23 Ο δε διακρινομένος, εαν φα 3 , κατακέκρι-He but discerning a difference, if he should eat, has been conότι ουκ εκ πιστεως παν δε δ ουκ εκ demned, because not from faith; every thing and which not from πιστεως, αμαρτια εστιν. † faith.

Jesus, †That nothing is common of itself; yet tte nim who regards anything to be common, to him it is common.

15 But if, through thy Food, thy BROTHER is grieved, thou walkest no longer according to Love. † Do not, with thy Food, ruin him on whose behalf Christ died.

16 Let not, then, Your good be evil spoken of.

17 For the KINGDOM of GOD is not Food and Drink, but Righteousness, and Peace, and Joy in a holy Spirit;

18 for HE who in this SERVES the ANOINTED one, is well-pleasing to God, and approved by

19 ‡ So then we should pursue the THINGS of PEACE, and THINGS for the EDIFICATION of each other.

20 Do not, on account of Food, demolish the WORK of GOD. All things indeed are pure, but Evil to THAT MAN Who EATS so as to cause stumbling.

2 It is good not to EAT † Flesh, nor to drink Wine, nor to do any thing by which thy BROTHER stumbles, or is ensnared, or is weakened.

22 * Thou hast Faith; with respect to thyself hold it fast in the presence of God. ‡ Happy is ne who does not CONDEMN himself in what he approves i

23 But HE who makes a DISTINCTION, if he should eat, is condemned; herause it is not from Conviction; and every act which is not from Conviction, is a Sin. †

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 22. The Faith which thou hast, have thou to thyself.

^{† 23.} Griesbach inserts here the doxology found Rom. xvi. 25-27; but as it is not authorized by the Vatican MS., nor by the most ancient versions, the Greek text has been transferred to its proper place. It may be proper to observe that Grotius, Hammond, Mill, Wetstein, Matthie, Knatchbull and Clarke approve of its insertion here; while on the other hand, Knapp, Estius, Macknight, Bleomfield, Stuart, Lachmann, Tischendorf, &c., do not approve of the transposition.

KE Φ . $\iota\epsilon'$. 15.

1 Οφειλομεν δε ήμεις οί δυνατοι τα ασθενη-Are bound and we the strong ones the infirmties

ματα των αδυνατων βασταζειν, και μη έαυτοις of those without strength to bear, and not ourselves

αρεσκειν· ² έκαστος ήμων τω πλησιον αρεσκετω to please; each one of us to the neighbor let please

Χριστος ουχ έαυτω ηρεσεν, αλλα, καθως γεγAnointed one not himself pleased, but, as it has

ραπται Οἱ ονειδισμοι των ονειδιζοντων σε, been written; The reproaches of those reproaching thee,

γραφη, ε:s την ἡμετεραν διδασκαλιαν $*[\pi \rho o]$ ε-written, for the our instruction was [fore]

γραφη· ίνα δια της ὑπομοτης και της παραwritten; so that through the patience and of the conso-

κλησεως των γραφων, την ελπίδα εχωμεν. 5 O lation of the writings, the hope we might have. The $\delta \epsilon \ \theta \epsilon os \ \tau \eta s \ \delta \pi o \mu o \nu \eta s \ \kappa a \ \tau \eta s \ \pi a \rho a \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \epsilon \omega s$

and God of the patience and of the consolation δ τη ύμιν το αυτο φρονειν εν αλληλοις,

may give to you the same to be minded among each other,
κατα Χριστον Ιησουν. 6 ενα δμοθυμαδον εν

according to Anointed Jesus; that with one mind with ενι στοματι δοξαίητε τον θεον και πατερα του one mouth you may glorify the God and father of the

κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. ⁷Διο προσλαμ-Lord of us Jesus Anointed. Wherefore take to yourβανεσθε αλληλους, καθως και δ Χριστος προσ-

solves each other, as also the Anointed took to $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon \tau \sigma$ $\dot{\nu} \mu \alpha s \epsilon \iota s$ $\delta \sigma \xi \alpha \nu \theta \epsilon \sigma \upsilon$. 8 $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \delta \epsilon$, *[Inhumself us for glory of God. 1 say but, [Je-

σουν] Χριστον διακονον γεγενησθαι περιτομης,

 ϵ παγγελίας των πατερων· $\frac{9}{7}$ τα δε ϵ θυη \hat{v} περ promises of the fathers; the and nations on account of

eleous do casal tov $\theta \in \mathcal{O}$, ka $\theta \omega$ s $\gamma \in \gamma$ pa π tal in the seen written;

CHAPTER XV.

1 Now twr, the strong, are bound to bear the tinfirmities of the Weak, and not to seek to please Ourselves.

2 ‡ Let each one of us please his Neighbor, so far as is GOOD for Edifica-

tion;

3 for even the Anoint-ED one sought not to please Himself, but, as it has been written, f"The "REPROACHES OF THOSE "who reproached thee "Fell on me."

4 ‡ For *what things were before written for OUR Instruction, were written that we through the PATIENCE and *the CONSOLATION of the SCRIPTURES might possess

the HOPE.

5 \$ And may the God of that PATIENCE and that CONSOLATION give you the SAME DISPOSITION towards each other, according to the Anointed Jesus;

6 so that with one mind, and with One Mouth, you may glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus

Christ.

7 Therefore kindly receive each other, even as the ANOINTED one also kindly received *you, to the Glory of God.

8 * For I affirm, that Jesus ‡ Christ became a Servant of the Circumcision, on account of the Truth of God, in order to CONFIRM the PROMISES of the FATHERS;

9 and that the Gentiles should glorify God on account of Mercy; as it has been written, the eause of this I will con-"fess to thee among the

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. all things whatever were written. 4. fore—omit.
4. fore—omit.
4. through consolation of the scriptures might have the hope of consolation.
7. us. 8. For. 8. Jesus—omit.

^{† 1.} Gal. vi. 1. † 1. Rom. xiv. 1. † 2. 1 Cor. ix. 19, 22; x. 24, 33; xiii. 5; Phil. ii. 4, 5. † 3. Matt. xxvi. 30; John v. 30; vi. 38. † 3. Psa. lxix. 9. † 4. Rom. iv. 23, 24; 1 Cor. ix. 9, 10; x 11; 2 Tim. ii. 16, 17. † 5. Rom. xii. 16; 1 Cor. ix. 9, 10; Phil. iii. 16 † 8. Matt. xv. 24; John i. 11; Acts vii. 25, 26; xiii. 46. † 9. Psa. xviii. 49.

και τφ ουσιατι σου ψαλω. 10 Και παλιν λεγει·
and to the name of thee sing praises. And again it says;

Ευφρανθητε εθνη, μετα του λαου αυτου. ¹¹ Και Rejuice you nations, with the people of him. And

 π αλιν* Αινειτε τον κυριον π αντα τα εθνη, και again; Praise you the Lor- all the nations, and

επαινεσατε αυτον παντες οί λαοι. 12 Και παλιν estol you him al. the peoples. And again

Ησαιας λεγει· Εσται ή βιζα του Ιεσσαι, και δ Lalas eass; Shall be the root of the Jesse, and he

auistamenos apxein edun, em' aut φ edun expinstanding up to rule nations, or him nations shall

ουσιν. 13 Ο δε θεος της ελπιδος πληρωσαι hope. The and God of the hope to fill

ύμας πατης χαρας και ειρηνης εν τω πιστευειν, you all of joy and of peace in the believing,

*[$\epsilon\iota s$ τo $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \sigma \sigma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \nu$, $\upsilon \mu a s$] $\epsilon \nu$ $\tau \eta$ $\epsilon \lambda \pi \iota \delta \iota$, $\epsilon \nu$ [ιn order that to abound, you] in the hope, in

δυναμει πνευματος ανίου. ανίου

αδελφοι μου, και αυτος εγω περι ύμων, ότι hrethren of me, and myself I concerning you, that και αυτοι μεστοι εστε αγαθωσυνης, πεπληρω-

και αυτοι μεστοι εστε αγασωσυνης, πεπληρωsloo yourselves full you are of goodness, having been μενοι πασης γνωσεως, δυναμενοι και αλληλους

μενοι πασης γνωσεως, δυναμενοι και αλληλους filled all of knowledge, being able also each other

νουθετειν. 15 Τολμηροτερον δε εγραψα $\mathring{υ}$ μιν, to admonish. More boldly, but I wrote to you,

αδελφοι, απο μερους, ώς επαναμιμνησκων ύμας, brethren, from of a part, as reminding you, δια την χαριν την δυθεισαν μοι ύπο του θεςυ, through the favor that having been given to me by the God,

in order that to be me a public servant of Jesus Anointed

*[εις τα εθνη,] [ερουργουντα το ευαγγελιον [for the nations,] administering as apprentite glad tidings

του θεου, \hat{l} να γενηται $\hat{\eta}$ προσφορα των εθνων of the God, so that may be the oblation of the nations ευπροσδεκτος, $\hat{\eta}$ γιασμενη εν πνευματι $\hat{\alpha}$ γιω. well-pleasing, having here sanctified by a spirit holy.

¹⁷ Εχω ουν καυχησιν εν Χριστω Ιησου τα I have then a ground for boasting in Anomated Jesus the things προς θεον. ¹⁸ ου γαρ τολμησω λαλειντι ών

to God; not for I will dare to speak any of those things ου κατειργασατο Χριστος δι' εμου, εις ὑπαnot worked out ... no inted through me, for obe-

"Nations, and sing to thy

10 And again it savs, "Rejoice, you NATIONS, "with his PEOPLE."

11 And again, "Praise "the LORD, All NATIONS; "and *extol him, All PEO-"PLES."

12 And again Isaiah says, ‡ There shall be "a ROOT of JESSE, even "HE who shall STAND UP "to rule Nations; in him "shall Nations hope."

13 And may the God of that hope *fully establish you with ‡All Joy and Peace in Belleving, in order that you may A-BOUND in that hope, by the Energy of the holy Spirit.

14 And I am assured, my Brethren, teven E my-self, concerning you, that nou also are full of Goodness, having been filled with * All KNOWLEDGE, being able also to admonstrate with weak other.

ish each other.

15 * But I have written to you, with more freedom, partly as reminding you, I through THAT FA-VOR which has been IM-PARTED to me * from Gon,

16 in order to my being ‡a public Servant of
the * Anointed Jesus to
the Gentiles, ministering
the Glad tidings of God,
that the oblation of the
Gentiles * might become
acceptable, having been
sanctified by the holy
Spirit.

17 I have, therefore, *cause of boasting in the Anomted Jesus, as to the THINGS pertaining to Gov.

18 For I will not presume to speak anything of ‡ what Christ did not work

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—11. let All the feofles praise him.
you with All Joy.
13. that you may abound—out.
15. But I have written.
15. from God.
16. Anointed Jesus.
16. to the Gentiles—omit.
17. cause of boasting.

^{† 10.} Deut. xxxii. 43. † 11. Psa. exvii. 1. † 12. Isa. xi. 1, 10; Rev. v. 5. xxii. 16. † 13. Rom. xii. 12; xiv. 17. † 14. 2 Pet. i. 12; 2 John ii. 21. † 15. Rom. i 5; xii. 3; Gal. i. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8. † 16. Rom. xi. 13; Gal. ii. 7—9; 2 Tim. i. 11; Philit. 17.

I should be filled.

κοην εθνων, λογφ και εργφ, εν δυναμει σημειων dience of nations, in word and work, by power of signs και τερατων, 19 εν δυναμει πνευματος * [άγιου·] and of wonders, by power of spirit [holy:] ώστε με απο Ίερουσαλημ και κυκλφ, μεχρι του Jerusalem and in a circuit, even to the so that me from Ιλλυρικου, πεπληρωκεναι το ευαγγελιον του to have fully set forth tho glad tidings of the Χριστου 20 ούτω δε φιλοτιμουμένον ευαγγελιthus and being ambitious to announce (εσθαι, · ουχ δπου ωνομασθη Χριστος, ίνα μη grad adings, not where was named Anointed, so that not επ' αλλοτριον θεμελιον οικοδομω. 21 αλλα. 0.5 another foundation I should build; καθως γεγραπται. Οίς ουκ ανηγγελη TEP! as ithasbeen written; To those not it was told corcerning συτου, οψονται και οί ουκ ακηκοασι, συνησουand those not had beard, a shall undershall see; 22 A10 Kal ενεκοπτομην τα πολλα Wherefore also I was hindered the things many 🕮 Νυνι δε μηκετι τοπον του ελθειν προς ύμας. of the to come to. Now but no longer a place εχων εν τοις κμιμασι τουτοις, επιποθίαν δε baving in the regions these, γ ο great desire and εχων του ελθειν προς ύμας απο πολλων ετων. you from . many Laving of the to come to years; ²⁴ ώς εαν πορευωμαι εις την Σπανιαν, ελπιζω I may go 80 the Spain, I hope διαφορευομενος θεασασθαι ύμας, και ύφ ύμων passing through you, and by yon to ece προπεμφθηναι εκει, εαν ύμων πρωτον απο μερους to be sent on my way there, if of you first from εμπλησθω.

25 Νυνι δε πορευομαι εις Ίερουσαλημ, διακο-Now but lam going to Jerusalem, minis. 26 Ευδοκησαν γαρ Μακεδονια vor tois ayiois. terms to the saints. Were pleased for Macedonia και Αγαία κοινωνίαν τινα ποιησασθαί εις τους contribution some to make for Ίερουσαλημ. TWY EV TTWXOUS TWY άγιων poor ones of the smints of those in Jerusalem. They were pleased for, and debtors of them they are. Ε: γαρ τοις πνευματικοις αυτών εκοινώνησαν If for in the opinitual things of them because sharers τα εθνη, οφειλουσι και εν τοις σαρκικοις λειshe Gentile, they are bound also in the fleshly things to ren-

* through me, t for the Obedience of the Grnfiles, by Word and by Work; t by the Power of Signs and Prodigies;

19 by the Energy of the Spirit; so that, from Jerussalem, and in a Circuit as far as LLLYRICUM, I have fully set forth the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED one.

20 And I was thus ambitious to evangelize where Christ was not named, \$50 that I might not build on Another's Foundation;

21 but as it has been written, t" They shall see "to whom nothing was "told concerning him; and "those who had not heard "shall understand."

22 Wherefore, also, ‡ I was * frequently hindered from coming to you.

23 But now having no longer a Place in these REGIONS, and having for Many Years a Strong desire to COME to you.

24 whenever I may go into Spain, I hope, passing through, to see you, and to be sent forward by you there, if first I should be partly satisfied with your society.

25 But now # I am going to Jerusalem, ministering to the SAINTS.

26 For Macedonia and Achaia twere pleased to make some Contribution for the POOR of THOSE SAINTS who are in Jerusalem.

27 They were pleased [I say,] and their Debtors they are; for if the GENTILES have *participated in their SPIRITUAL things, *they are obligated also to serve them in things petaining to the FLESH.

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. -18. by my Word. hindered. 24. from you.

^{19.} holy-omit.

^{22.} frequently

²⁸ Τουτο ουν επιτελεσας, τουργησαι αυτοις. This then having finished, der service to them. και σφραγισαμενος *[αυτοις] τον καρπον τουhaving sealed [to them] the fruit τον, απελευσομαι δι' ύμων εις την Σπανιαν. through of you into the I will go

🖰 Οιδα δε, ότι ερχομενος προς ύμας, εν πληρω-I know and, that coming to you, in fullness

. ματι ευλογιας Χριστου ελευσομαι. of blessing of Anounted I will come.

> ³⁰ Παρακαλω δε ύμας, *[αδελφοι,] δια του l'entreat and you, [brethren,] by

κοριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, και δια της αγαof us Jesus Anointed, and by the love

πης του πνευματος, συναγωνισασθαι μοι εν ταις to strive together with me in

προσευχαις ύπερ εμου προς τον θεον· on hehalf uf me 10 the God; ρυσθω απο των απειθουντων εν τη Ιουδαια, I may be delivered from those being disobedient in the

και ίνα ή διακονια μου, ή εις Ίερουσαλημ, ευand that the service of me, that for wellπροσδεκτος γενηται τοις άγιοις. 32 ίνα εν χαρα pleasing may be to the sainte; contest with joy

* Kai $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega$ $\pi\rho\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ $\delta\mu\sigma$ I may come to you through 33 'Ο δε θεος της ειρησυναναπαυσωμαι ύμιν.] The and God of the peace may take rest together with you.]

KΕΦ. 15'. 16. νης μετα παντων ύμων. $A\mu\eta\nu$. all of you. So be it.

Σονιστημι δε ύμιν Φοιβην, την αδελφην ήμων, I recommend and to you Phebe, the siater

ουπαν διακονον της εκκλησιας της εν Κεγχρεa servant of the congregation of that in αις. 2 ίνα αυτην προπδεξησθε εν κυριφ αξιως you may receive in Lord wurthily

των αγιων, και παραστητε αυτη εν 'ω αν ύμων her in which and you may assist of you πραγματι και γαρ αυτη προστατις

s e may need also a patroness business; for she 3 A $\sigma\pi$ a σ a σ πηλλων εγενηθη, και αυτου εμου. and myself of me. hecame, Salute you

θε Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, τους συνεργους μου εν the fellow-workers of me in SUS. Prisca and Aquila,

28 Having, then, completed this, and having secured to them this Thur, I will go through your country into * Spain;

29 ‡ and I know that when I come to you, I shall come with the Fullness of the Blessing of

Christ.

30 And I entreat you, Brethren, by our LORD Jesns Christ, and by the LOVE of the SPIRIT, \$ to strive together with me in your PRAYERS to God on my behalf;

31 I that I may be de-livered from THOSE that OBEY NOT in JUDEA; and that *THAT GIFT-BEAR-ING of mine may be acceptable to the SAINTS in

Jerusalem:

32 so that with Joy I may come to you through the will of * God, and be refreshed together with you.

33 And the God of PEACE be with you all.

Amen.

CHAPTER XVI.

1 I now recommend to you Phebe, our sister, being * also a Servant of the CONGREGATION in 1 † Cenchrea,

2 that you may receive her in the Lord, in a manner worthy of the SAINTS. and assist her in the Business in which she may have need of you; for she also has been an Assistant of Many, and especially

3 Salute ‡ Priscilla and Aquila my FELLOW-LABO-RERS in the Anointed Je-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. to them-omit. 28. Spain. 30. Brethren-omit. 31. THAT GIFT-BEABING of mine may be acceptable to the SAINTS in Jerusalem. the Lord Jesus. And.

32. and may take rest together with you—omit. 32. a Servant.

^{+ 1.} Cenchrea was the eastern seaport of Corinth, about nine miles from the city, and structed on the east side of the isthmus which joined the Morea to Greece. Lecheum was in the west side of the same isthmus, here about six miles wide. It was between these two ports that the 1sthmian games were celebrated, to which Paul makes or many allusions.

^{† 29.} Rom. i. 11. † 36. 2 Cor. i. 11; Col. iv. 12. † 31. 2 Thess. iii. 2. † 32. Acts xviii. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 19; James v. 15. † 33. Rom. xvi. 20; 1 Cor. xiv. 33: 2 Cor. xiv. 11; Phil. iv. 9; 1 Thess. v. 23; 2 Thess. iii. 10; Heb. xiii. 20. † 1. Acts xviii. 18: 2. Phil. ii. 20; 3 John 5; 4 **... Acts xviii. 2, 18, 20; 2 Tim. iv. 19

Χριστφ Ιησου - (οίτινες ύπερ της ψυχης μου Anointed Jesus: (who busterning oil our εγω τον έαυτων τραχηλον ύπεθηκαν οίς ουκ εγω μονος ευχαριστω, αλλα και πασαι αί εκκλησιαι give thanks, but also all the congregations των εθνων·) 5 και την κατ' οικον αυτων εκκληof the Geutiles:) also the in bouse of them enginesof the Geutiles:) σιαν. Ασπασασθε Επαινετον, τον αγαπητον tion. Saluto you Epenetus, the beloved one beloved one μου, δε εστιν απαρχη της Aσιας εις Χρισταν.
of me, who is a first-fruit of the Asia, into Anoined. 6 Ασπασασθε Μαριαμ, ήτις πολλα εκοπιασεν Saluteyou Mary, who much Indored « εις ήμας. 7 Ασπασασθε Ανδρονικον και Ιουνιαν, , Salutayou O Andronicus and τους συγγενείς μου και συναιχμαλωτους μην. DITIVES CIGIV ETICTIVILLE EV. TOIS GTOOTOLOIS, OF , noted among the her spostles, και προ εμου γεγονασιν εν Χριστω. 8 Ασπα-and before me have been # In Angioted. 8 Salate πασθε Αμπλίαν, τον αγαπητον μου εν κυρίφ.
you Amplias, the chelored one of the in Lord. Aσπασασθε Ουρβανον, τον συνεργον ήμων εν Salute you Urbanus, has the fellow-worker of us la Χριστω, και Σταχυν, τον αγαπητον μου.
Anointed, and Stachys, the beloved one of me. 10 Ασπασασθε Απελλην, τον δοκιμου εν Χριστφ. Salute you . Apelles, pys. the approved one in Anointed. Ασπασασθε τους εκ των Αριστοβουλου. 11 ΑσSalate you those from of the Aristobulus. Βαπαιασθε Ηρωδιωνα, τον συγγενη μου. ΑσInt. you Herodian. the har relative of me. 83πασασθε τους εκ των Ναρκισσου, τους οντας εν inte you those from of the Narcissus. those being in κυριώ. 12 Ασπασασθε Τρυφαίναν και Τρυφω-Lord. Salute you Trypheua and Τεγρόσες, Salute you σαν, τας κοπιωσας εν κυριφ. Ασπασασθέ Περ-ev kupin, kai the mother of him and of me. 14 Ασπασασθε Ασυγκριτον, Φλέγοντα, Έρμαν, Phlegon, Hermas, Salute you Asyncritus, Έρμην, και τους συν αυτοις αδελ-Патровач,

4 These persons on behalf of my LIFE, laid down their own Neck; to whom not I alone give thanks, but also All the congre-GATIONS of the GENTILES.

5 Salute also the con-GREGATION at their House. Salute Epenetus, my BE-LOVED, who is the Firstfruit of †ASIA to Christ.

6 Salute Mary, who labored much for us.

7. Salute Andronicus and Junias, my RELA-TIVES, and Fellow-prisoners, who are highly esteemed among the Apos-TLES, and who twere in Christ before mc.

8 Salute * THAT Amplias who is BELOVED in

the Lord.

9 Salute Urbanus, our Fellow-laborer in Christ. and Stachys, my BELOVED.

10 Salute THAT Apelles who is approved in Christ. Salute THOSE who are of the family of Aristobu-LUS.

11 Salute Herodian, my RELATIVE. Salute THOSE of the family of NARCISsus, THOSE BEING in the Lord.

12 Salute Tryphena and Tryphosa, THOSE sisters LABORING in the Lord. Salute Persis, the BE-LOVED, her who labored much in the Lord.

13 Salute THAT Rufus who was tchosen in the Lord, and his MOTHER and

mine.

14 Salute Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermas, Patrobas, Hermes, and the BRETHREN with them.

with

them brethren.

Hermes, and

Patrobas.

the * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. THAT Amplias who is BELOVED.

^{15.} The common version reads of Achaia; but the best MSS. have Asia. In 1 Cor. xvi. 15, the house of Stephanas is said to be "the first fruits of Achaia." Sharpe in his Notes on this passage says:—"This is an important change as helping to prove that the possons here greeted dwelt in Ephesus, where the apostle had numerous friends, and not in Rome, where he was nuknown. Thus Prisca and Aquilas in particular dwelt in Ephesus; and it seems not improbable that this chapter, together, perhaps, with xii. 1-xv. 7, formed part of an epistle to the Ephesians; which by a mistake of the editor has been added on at the end of the epistle to the Romans. This remark is not a little supported by those MSS, which say that the epistle now titled as to the Ephesians was written not to that church, but to the Laodiceans."

^{; 5. 1} Cor. xvi. 19, Col. iv. 15; Philemon 2.

15 Ασπασασθε Φιλολογον και Ιουλιαν, φous. Philologus and Salute you Julia, Νηρεα και την αδελφην αυτου, και Ολυμπαν, Nereus and the sister and Olympas, of him, 16 Ασπακαι τους συν αυτοις παντας άγιους. and the with them all saints. Ασπαζονσασθε αλληλους εν φιληματι άγιφ. each other with a kiss holy. ται ύμας αἱ εκκλησιαι πασαι του Χριστου.

The for of you obedience for all weathered. Xaipw our *[τo] $\epsilon \phi$ 'úmiv' $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$ $\delta \epsilon$ 'úmas trejoiee therefore that i in respect to you; I wish but you sie ones [indeed to be internettable good, akepaious wise ones [indeed to be internettable good, diametes ones $\delta \epsilon$ ets τo kakov. 20 O $\delta \epsilon$ $\theta \epsilon os$ $\tau \eta s$ $\epsilon i \rho \eta v \eta s$ but in respect to the evil. The and Gud of the peace

συντριψει τον σαταναν ύπο τους ποδας ύμων εν the adversary under the feet of you in will crush χαρις του ταχει. κυριου ήμων Ιησου shorttime. The favor ofthe Lord ofus Jesus *****[Χριστου] μeθ' 21 Ασπαζονται ύμων. ύμας with [Appinted] you. Salute yuu Τιμοθέος, δ συνέργος μου, και Λουκιος και

Τίποτιν, the fellow-worker of the, and Lucius and Ιασων και Σωσιπατρος, είσυγγενεις μου. 22 ΑσJason and Sosipater, the relatives of the. Saπαζομαι ύμας εγω Τερτιος, δ γραψας την

παζομαι ύμας εγω Tερτιος, δ γραψας την lute you I Tertius, the one having written the επιστολην, εν κυριφ. 23 Aσπαζεται ύμας

letter, in Lord. Salutes you $\Gamma a i o s$, $\delta \xi \epsilon \nu o s$ $\mu o v$ $\kappa a i$ $\tau \eta s$ $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma i a s$ $\delta \lambda \eta s$. Gains, the host of me and of the congregation whole. $\Lambda \sigma \pi a \xi \epsilon \tau a i$ $\delta u \mu a s$ $\epsilon \kappa a \tau a s$ $\delta u \kappa a s$ $\epsilon \kappa a \tau a s$ $\delta u \kappa a s$ $\epsilon \kappa a s$ $\delta u \kappa a s$

Salutes you Erastus, the treasurer of the $\pi \circ \lambda \in \omega s$, κai Kouaptos δ adelpos. *[24 'H

city, and Quartus the brother. [The

15 Salute Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympas, and ALL the SAINTS with them.

16 ‡Salute each other with a holy Kiss. All the congregations of the Anointed one salute

you.

17 Now I entreat you, Brethren, to watch those who are \$\frac{\pmaking factions and laying snares,}{\pmaking which got have learned, and \$\pmainter{\pmaking turn away}{\pmaking from them.}

18 For SUCH LIKE ones as THEY are not in subjection to our Anointed LORD, but to their OWN \$\frac{1}{4}Appetite; and by KIND and Complimentary words they deceive the REARTS of the

UNSUSPECTING.

19 Your Obedience, indeed, is reported to al. Therefore, I rejoice on your account; but I wish you to be twise with respect to THAT which is GOOD, and NARMLESS with respect to THAT which is EVIL.

20 And the God of PEACE will soon bruise the Adversary under your feet. The FAVER of our LORD Jesus Christ

be with you.

21 ‡ Timothy, my fel-Low-Laborer, and ‡ Inccins, and ‡ Jason, med ‡ Sosipater, my relatives, salute you.

23 f., Tertius, who wrote this letter, salute you in the Lord.

23 ‡ Gains, the Hospi-Table friend of me and of the whole congregation, salutes you. ‡ Erastus, the treasuree of the City, salutes you, and our brother Quartus.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-19. that-omit. 24. omit.

^{19.} indeed-omit.

^{20.} Anointed-

^{† 16. 1} Cor. xvi. 20; 2 Cor. xiii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 26; 1 Pet. v. 14.
24; 1 Tim. iv. 3.
17. 1 Cor. v. 0, 11; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; Titus iii. 10; 2 John 10.
18. Phil. iii. 19; 1 Tim. vi. 5.
19. Matt. x. 16; 1 Cor. xiv. 20.
121. Acts xvi. 1; Col. i. 1; Phil. ii. 10; 1 Thess. iii. 2; 1 Tim. i. 2; Heb. xiii. 23.
122. Acts xiii. 1.
121. Acts xvii. 5.
121. Acts xv. 4.
123. 1 Cor. i. 14.
123. Acts xvi. 22; 3 Tim. iv. 70.

χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα with of the Lord Jesus Anointed of us

25 Τω δε δυναμενφ $A\mu\eta\nu$. παντων ύμων. all of us. So be it.] To him now being able

κατα το υαγγελιον μου και ύμας στηριξαι glad tidings you to establish according to the of me and

το κηρυγμα Ιησου Χριστου, ατα αποκαλυthe proclaiming of Jesus Anomted, according to a revelation

ψιν μυστηριου χρονοις αιωνιοις σεσιγημενου. has been concealed; in limes Diages

26 φανερωθεντος δε νιν, δια τε γραφων προφηhaving been manifested but now, through and writings

τικών, κατ' επιταγην του αιώνιου θεου, ELS phetic, according to an appointment of the age-lasting God, for

ύπακοην πιστεως, εις παντα τα εθιη γνωρισto all the nations having been oberhence of faith,

θεντος 27 μονφ σοφώ θεώ, δια Ιησου Χριστου, made known; to only wise God, through Jesus Anointed,

Auyv. ή δυξα εις τους αιωνας. So best. to him the glory for the ages.

24 *[The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you all. Amen.]

25 Now t to HIM who is ABLE to establish You according to my GLAD TID-INGS and the PROCLAMA-TION of Jesus Christ, a-greeably to the Revelation of the Secret, ‡ kept concealed in the Times of the Ages,

26 but tnow having been ' disclosed; and through the Prophetic Writings, according to the Appoint-ment of the Alonian God, has been made known to All the NATIONS, tin order to the Obedience of Faith;

27 to the Wise God alone, through Jesus Christ, to him be the GLORY for the AGES. Amen.

*TO THE ROMANS. WRITTEM FROM CORINTH.

† 25. Eph. ii. 20; 1 Tress. iii. 13; 2 Tress. ii. 17; iii. 3; Jude 25. † 25. Eph. i. 0; iii. 3—5; Col. i. 27. † 25. 1 Cor. ji. 7; roh. iii. 5, 0; Col. i. 26. † 26. Eph. i. 9; 2 Tim. i. 10; Titus i. 2. 8; \$ Pet. b 26. † 26. Eph. i. 1; 27. h. ii. 17; vi. 16; Jude 23.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- Subscription -- TO THE ROMANS. WRITTEN FROM CORINTH.

FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS.

КΕΦ, α', 1.

¹ Παυλος, κλητος αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, called an apostle of Jesus Anointed, δια θ εληματος θ εου, και Σωσ θ ενης δ αδελ ϕ ος, *brough will of God, and Sosthenes the brother, 2 $au\eta$ ekklygia tou hetaeou $au\eta$ ough ev Kopuphe, to the congregation of the God to that heing in Counth, ηγιασμένοις - έν Χριστώ Ιησού, κλητοί**ς** αγιοίς having been sanctified in Anounted Jesus, called συν πασι τοις επικαλουμένοις το ονομα του all those calling upon the name of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εν παντι τοπω, of us Jesus Anomated in every αυτων $\overset{*}{\sim} [\tau \epsilon]$ και ήμων $\overset{3}{\sim}$ χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη of them [both] and of us; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God father of us, and Lord Jesus Anointed. περι ύμων, επι τη χαριτι του θεου τη δοconcerning you, for the favor of the God for that have θειση ύμιν εν Χριστω Ιησου 5 ότι εν παντι επλουτισθητε εν αυτώ, εν παντι λογώ και you were enriched in him, in every word and παση γνωσει, 6 (καθως το μαρτυριον του Χριστου $\epsilon \beta \epsilon \beta \alpha \iota \omega \theta \eta$ $\epsilon \nu$ ύμιν) $\frac{7}{\omega} \omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ ύμας μη ύστε to be as confirmed among you,) ρεισθαι εν μηδενι χαρισματι, απεκδεχομενους inferior in any one gracious gift, waiting for την αποκαλυψιν του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισthe revelation of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed; του. 8 ός και βεβαιωσει ύμας έως τελους ανεγwho also will confirm you to an end $\epsilon \nu \tau \eta \dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \rho \alpha \tau \sigma v \kappa v \rho \iota \sigma \dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu I \eta \sigma \sigma v$ in the day of the Lord of us Jesus $\kappa \lambda \gamma_i \tau o \nu s$ proachable ones in the day $9 \Pi \iota \sigma \tau \sigma \sigma \delta \theta \epsilon \sigma \sigma$, $\delta \iota \sigma \delta \delta \epsilon \kappa \lambda \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ Χοιστου. Faithful the God, through whom you were called εις κοινωνιαν του υίου αυτου Ιησου Χριστου, into fellowship of the son of him Jesus Anointed, 10 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελτου κυριου ήμων.

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Constituted Apostle of the * Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God. and ‡ Sosthenes, the BRO. THER,

2 to THAT CONGREGA-TION of GOD which is in Corinth, having been sanctified in the Anointed Jesus, Constituted Holv ones, with ALL THOSE INVOKING the NAME of our LORD Jesus Christ in Every Place,-theirs and ours:

3 ‡ Favor and Peace be with you from God our Father, and the Lord Je-

sus Christ.

4 ‡ I give thanks to God always concerning you, for THAT FAVOR of God which has been IM-PARTED to you in the Anointed Jesus;

5 because in every thing you were enriched by him, in Every Word, and in

All Knowledge,

6 (t when the TESTI-MONY of the ANOINTED was confirmed among you.)

7 so that you are not inferior in Any, one Gift, I waiting for the REVELA-TION of our LORD Jesus Christ;

8 who also will confirm you to the End, Irreproachable in the DAY of our Lord Jesus Anoint-

9 # Faithful is God, by whom you were invited into the Fellowship of his son Jesus Christ, our LORD.

10 Now I entreat you, Brethren, through the NAME of our LORD Jesus

1. Anointed Jesus

φοι, δια του ονοματος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου

through the name of the Lord of us

I cotreat and you, brethren,

the Lord of us.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST TO THE CORINTHIAMS. 4. of me-omit. 2. both-omit. † 1. Rom. i. 1. † 1. Acts xviii. 17. † 2. Acts † 3. Rom. i. 7; 2 Cor. i. 2; Eph. i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 2. † 4. I Cor. viii. 7. † 6. Heb. ii. 3, 4. † 7. IVII † 9. 1 Cor. x. 13; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. ii. 3; Heb. x. 23. I John i. 3; iv. 13.

^{1 2.} Acts iv. 14, 21; xxii, 16; 2 Tim. ii. 2 . 1 4. R m. i. S. . . 1 5. 1 Cor. xii, 8; 2 1 7. Phil iii. 10, Thus ii. 13; 2 Pet. ii. P. : v. John xv. 4; xvii. -1;

 $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$ $\theta a \nu a \tau o s$, $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$ $\epsilon\nu\epsilon\sigma\tau\omega\tau a$, $\epsilon\iota\tau\epsilon$ $\mu\epsilon\lambda\lambda o \nu\tau a^*$ or death, or present things, or being about to be,

παντα ύμων *[εστιν] ²³ ύμεις δε, Χριστου·
alithings of you [is;) you and, of Anointed;

Σουστος Σε, Θενικ, ΚΕΑ, Σ΄ Δ. 105-105 δενικ

Χριστος δε, θεου. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Ούτως 5 6 μως Anointed and, of God.

λογιζέτθω ανθρωπος, ὡς ὑπηρετας Χριστου, let regard a man, as assistants of Anninteu,

και οικονομους μυστηριων θ εου. 2 Ο δε λοιand stewards of mysteries of God. What but re-

που, ζητειται ευ τοις οικουομοις, ίνα πιστος τις manning, it is required in the stewards, that faithful one

 $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon \dot{b} \rho \epsilon \theta \eta, & ^3 \, \text{E} \mu o \iota \, \delta \epsilon \, \epsilon \iota s \, \, \epsilon \lambda \alpha \chi \iota \sigma \tau o \nu \, \, \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu, \, \, \dot{l} \nu \, \tau \, \, \dot{b} \phi^{\prime} \\ \text{should be found. To me but for} & \text{least thing} & \text{it is,} & \text{that} & \text{by} \end{array}$

ύμων ανακριθω, η ύπο ανθρωπινης ήμερας· you I should be condemned, or by a luman day;

all outeren myself do I condemn; 4 (outer yap ϵ_{μ} autention in myself do I condemn; (nothing for in myself)

το συνοίδα, αλλ' ουκ $\epsilon \nu$ τουτ ω δεδικαιωμαι') δ sed I am conscious, but not in this I have been justified.) he

 $\delta \epsilon$ ανακρινων με, κυριος $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$. δ ' $\Omega \sigma \tau \epsilon$ μη προ but condemning me, Lord is. Therefore not before

καιρου τι κρινετε, έως αν ελθη δ κυριος, δς proper season anything judge you, till may come the Lord, who

και φωτισει τα κρυπτα του σκοτους, και both will bring to light the things hidden of the darkness, and

φανερωσει τας βουλας των καρδιων· και τοτε will make manifest the purposes of the hearts, and then

δ επαίνος γενησεταί έκαστφ στο τον θεου. the praise shall be to each one from the God.

 6 Tauta $\delta\epsilon$, a $\delta\epsilon\lambda\phi\sigma\iota$, $\mu\epsilon\tau\epsilon\sigma\chi\eta\mu$ ativa $\epsilon\iota$ s $\epsilon\mu$ authese things and, brethren, I figuratively applied to myself

νον και Απολλω δι' ύμας, ίνα εν i_i μιν μα0ητε and Apollos on account of you, that by us you may learn

το μη ὑπερ ὁ γεγραπται φρονειν, ἱνα μη εις that not above what has been written to think, so that not one

 $\dot{\nu}\pi\epsilon\rho$ του ένος φυσιουσθε κατα του έτερου. on behalf of the one you may be puffed up against the other.

? Tis $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\sigma \epsilon$ $\delta \iota \alpha \kappa \rho \iota \nu \epsilon \iota$; $\tau \iota$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota s$, δ ouk Who for thee distinguishes? what and hast thou, which not

ελαβες; ει δε και ελαβες, τι καυχασαι thou didst receive? if and also thou didst receive, why dost thou boast

ώς μη λαβων; 8 Ηδη κεκορεσμένοι εστε, ηδη as not having received? Already having been filled you are, already

 $\epsilon \pi \lambda o \nu \tau \eta \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon$, χωρις $\hat{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \beta \alpha \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon \nu \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon$ και you were rich, without us you reigned; and

Death; whether Thines present, or Things future,

—all are yours; 23 and pourare Christ's, and Christ is God's.

CHAPTER IV.

1 Let a Man thus esteem us as # Ministers of Christ, and Stewards of the Mysteries of God.

2 But, moreover, it is required in STEWARDS, that every one should be

found fauhful.

3 Therefore, to me it is of very little importance that I should be condemned by you, or by a Human Day of Judgment; because I do not even condemn Myself;

4 (for I am conscious to myself of Nothing evil; though I am not by this justified;) but HE who JUDGES me is the Lord.

5 ‡ Therefore, judge you not Anything before the proper Time, till the Lond come, who ‡ both will bring to light the secrets of Darkness, and will make manifest the Purposes of the Hearts; and ‡ then the Praise will be to each one from God.

Gob.
6 Now these things, Brethren, ‡I figuratively applied to myself and to Apollos on your account; that by us you may ‡learn Not to think above whathas been written; that no one of you may, on behalf of the ONE, be puffed up against the OTHER.

7 For who distinguishes Thee? and twhat hast thou which thou didst not receive? and if thou didst receive, why dost thou boast as not having re-

ceived.

8 You are already filled! you are already enriched! you have reigned without

^{† 23.} Rom. xiv. 8; 1 Cor. xi. 3; 2 Cor. x. 7; Gal. iii. 20. † 1. 1 Cor. iii. 5; ix. 17; 2 C r vi. 4; Col. i. 25. † 5. Rom. iii. 13. † 5. Rom. iii. 13. † 5. Rom. iii. 13. † 5. Rom. ii. 29; 2 Cor. v. 10. † 6. 1 Cor. i. 12; iii. 4. † 8 Rom. xii. 3. † 7 John i. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 10.

οφελον γε εβασιλευσατε, ίνα και ήμεις ύμιν I wish indeed you did reign, so that slao we with you $^{9}\Delta o\kappa\omega \ \gamma a\rho, \ ^{*}[\delta\tau\iota] \ \delta \ \theta\epsilon vs$ I think for, [that] the God συμβασιλευσωμεν. might reign together. ήμιας τους αποστολους εσχατους απεδειξεν, ώς last us the apostles επιθανατιους, δτι θεατροι εγενηθημέν appointed to death, because a speciacle we were mide $\tau \omega$ to the κοσμφ και αγγελοις και ανθρωποις. 10 Ήμεις world and messengers and to men. μωρια δια Χριστον, ύμεις δε φρονιμοι εν Χρισfuolson account of Anointed, you but wise ones in Anointed; τω ήμεις απθενεις, ύμεις δε ισχυροι ύμεις you but strong ones; weak ones, ενδοξοι, ήμεις δε ατιμοι. 11 Αχρι της αστι honorable ones, we but ignobe ones. Till the ώρας και πεινωμεν, και διψωμεν, και γυνινητευhour both we hunger, and we thirst, and we are naked, ομεν, και κολαφιζουεθα, και αστατουμεν, 12 και and we are beaten, and we are homeress,

κοπιωμέν εργαζομένοι ταις ιδιαις χέρσι. λοιδοwelabor working with the own hands; being ρουμένοι, ευλογουμέν. διωκομένοι, ανέχομέθα. teviled, we bless; being persecuted, we endure;

13 βλασφημουμενοι, παρακαλουμεν ώς περικαbeing blasphemed, we exhort; as purgations

θαρματα του κοσμου εγενηθημεν, παντιών περιof the world we became, of all things of

16 for myriads child-tenders you may have in Anolisted, τφ, αλλ' ου πολλους πατερας. εν γαρ Χρίστφ but not many fathers; in for Anolisted [Ισσου] δια του ευαγρικλίου εγω ύμας εγευ[Issue] through the glad tidings I you be-

16 Παρακαλω ουν ύμας, μιμηται μου γινεπθε.

I whort therefore you, initiators of me become you.

 17 Δια τουτο επεμψα ύμιν Τιμωθεον, δε εστι $_{0 \text{ raccount}}$ of this least to you Timothy, who is τεκνον μου αγαπητον και πιστον εν κυριφ, δε achild of me beloved and faithful in Lord, who

us! and I wish, indeed, you did reign, that we also might reign with you.

9 For I think God exhibited us the apostlist last, as # devoted to death; # For we are made a Spectacle to the world, both to Angels and to Men.

10 t TCT are t Fools on account of Christ, but you are wise in Christ; t we are weak, but you are strong; you are honorable, but we are tdisgraced.

11 ‡ To the PRESENT Hour we both hunger and thirst, and are in want of clothing; we are buffetted about, and are homeless;

12 and twe labor, working with our own Hands, t Being reviled, we bless; being persecuted, we endure.

dure;
13 being calumniated, we expostulate; ‡we are become as † the Purgations of the world, the Refuse of all things till now.

14 I do not write these things to shame you, but as my beloved Children I admonish you.

15 For though you may have Myriads of Leaders in Christ, yet not Manv Fathers; for tin Christ E begot you through the GLAD TIDINGS.

16 Therefore, I exhort you, to become ‡ Imitators of me.

στι 17 On this account I sent to you ‡ Timothy, who is my beloved and faithful Child in the Lord,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 0. That -- omit. 15. Jesus-omit.

^{† 9.} Alluding to those last exposed on the theatre, to fight with wild beasts, or with each other; and who were devoted to certain destruction. † 10. The atimoi were held to be out aws, and might be slain as well as ill-treated with impunity. † 13. The words perhatharnata and perapseema are thought to allude to those human expiatory sacrifaces which were offered to infernal deities among the Greeks and Romans, selected from the lawest of the people, and loaded with curses, afironts and injuries while on their way to execution.

^{† 0.} Rom. vlii. 26; 1 Cor. xv. 30, 31; 2 Cor. iv. 11; vi. 0. † 0. Heb. x, 30. † 10
1 Cor. ii. 3. † 10. Acts xvii. 18; xxvi; 24; 1 Cor. i. 18; ii. 14; ii. 18. † 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 9. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 8; xi. 23—27; Phil. iv. 12. † 12. Acts xviii. 3; xx. 34; 1 Thess. ii. 0; 2 Thess. iii. 8; 1 Tim. iv. 10. † 12. Matt. v. 44; Luke xxiii. 34; Acts vii. 60; Rom. xii. 14, 20; 1 Pet. ii. 23; iii. 0. † 13. Lam. iii. 45. † 15. Acts xviii. 11; James 4. 18. † 16. 1 Cor. xi. 1; Phil. Iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 9. † 17. dit. zix. 22; 1 Cor. xvi. 10; Phil. 11. 19

ύμας αναμνησει τας οδους μου τας εν Χριστφ, ways of me those in you willremind the Anointed, καθως πανταχου εν παση εκκλησια διδασκω. every congregation even as every where in 18 'Ως μη ερχομένου δε μου προς ύμας, εφυσιbut of me to you, were puffed coming As not 19 Έλευσομοι δε ταχεως προς ωθησαν τινες. I will come but some. ύμας, εαν δ κυριος θεληση, και γνωσομαι ου if the Lord should will, and I will know not τον λογον των πεφυσιωμενων, αλλα την δυναtue word of those having been puffed up, but the μιν. 20 ου γαρ εν λογφ ή βασιλεια του θεου, kingdom of the God, not for in word the αλλ' εν δυναμει. 21 Τι θελετε: εν βαβδώ ελθω What do you wish? with a rod I should come προς ύμας, η εν αγαπη πνευματι τε πραστητος; you, or in love in a spirit and of meekness? 1 Ολως ακουεται εν ύμιν πορνεια, Actually is heard among you fornication, και τοιαυτη πορνεια, ήτις ουδε εν τοις εθνεσιν, and such fornication, which not even among the Gentiles, ώστε γυναικα τινα του πατρος εχειν. 2 Και ύμεις one of the father to have. πεφυσιωμενοι εστε; και ουχι μαλλον επενθηrather having been puffed up are? and not lamented, αρθη εκ μεσου ύμων δ το εργον σατε, ίνα so that might be removed from midst of you he the work τουτο ποιοσας; ³ Εγω μεν γαρ * [ώς] απων this having done? I indeed for [as] being absent this having done? το σωματι, παρων δε τω πνευματι, ηδη κεκρικα in the body, being present but in the spirit, already have judged \dot{c} ς παρων, τον ουτω το το κατεργασμενον, 4 εν as being present, him thus this having practised, τω ονοματι του κυριου ήμων Ιησου * [Χριστου,] the name of the Lord ofus Jesus [Anointed,] (συναχθεντων ύμων και του εμου πνευματος,) (having been assembled of you and of the my συν τη δυναμει του κυριου ήμων Ιησου * Χρισpower of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed,] with the

who will remind you of THOSE WAYS Of mine which are in Christ, even as I teach everywhere, ‡ in every Congregation.

18 And some are puffed up, as though I were not

coming to you;

19 but I will come to you soon, tif the LORD will, and I will know, not the word but the POWIR of THOSE who are PUFFED UP.

20 ‡ For the KINGDOM of God is not in Word,

but in Power.

21 What do you wish? that I come to you with a Rod, or in Love, and in a Spirit of Meekness.

CHAPTER V.

1 Incest is certainly heard of among you, and Such Incest as is not even among the GENTILES, that one has his FATHER'S Wife.

2 And nou have been puffed up, and did not rather lament, so that ne HAVING DONE this work might be removed from the midst of you.

3 For K, indeed, theing absent in the Body, but present in the spirit, have already judged, as if present, him who thus has performed this act;—

4 in the NAME of our LORD Jesus, you being assembled, and MY Spirit, twith the POWER of our LORD Jesus,

5 to deliver up that Person to the adversary, for the † Destruction of the flesh, that the spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord.

to deliver up

ofthe

day

του.] 5 παραδουναι τον τοιουτον τω σατανα εις

ολεθρον της σαρκος, ίνα το πνευμα σωθη εν τη

[Jesus.]

one

that

destruction of the flesh, so that the spirit may be saved in

ἡμερα του κυριου *[Ιησου.] 6 Ου καλον

TO

Not

to the adversary for

good

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. as-omit.

^{4.} Anointed-omit twice.

^{5.} Jesus-

^{† 5.} Or the infliction of bodily disease. It is evident the apostles had the power to punish offenders miraculously with disease and even death. See Acts v. 1—11: xiii. 9—11; 1 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. x. 6; xiii. 1, 2, 10.

^{† 17. 1} Cor. xiv. 33. † 10. Acts xviii. 21; Rom. xv. 32; Heb. vi. 3; James iv. 15. † 20. 1 Cor. xi. 4; 1 Thess. i. 5. † 21. 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 10. † 1. Lev. xviii. 5; Deut. xxii. 30; xxvii. 20. † 3. Col. ii. 5. † 4. Matt. xvi. 19; xviii. 18; John xx. 25; 2 Cor. xiii. 3, 10.

Ουκ οι δατε, ότι μικρα ζυμη Not know you, that a little leaven καυχημα ύμων. boasting of you. 7 Εκκαθαρατε την Cumoi: φυραμα δλον το Cleanse out the leuvens? whole the

ζυμην, ίνα ητε νεον φυραμα, καθως παλαιαν leaven, that you may be a new mass,

εστε αζυμοι· και γαρ το πασχα ήμων *[ύπερ you are unleavened; even for the paschallamb of us [on behalf 8' Ωστε έυρταζωμεν, ήμων] ετυθη, Χριστος. Therefore let us keep the feast Anninted.

μη εν ζυμη παλαια, μηδε εν ζυμη κακιας και nor with leaven old, of vice

πονηριας, αλλ' εν αζυμοις ειλικρινειας και αληbut with unleavened things of sincerity and

9 Εργαψα ύμιν εν τη επιστολη, μη συθειas. not to be I wrote to you in the letter, 10 *[Kαι] ου παντως [And] not altogether ναναμιγνυσθαι πορνοις. with fornicators. associated

τοις πορνοις του κοσμου τουτου, η τοις πλεονwith the fornicators of the world this, or with the covetous

εκταις, η άρπαξιν, η ειδωλολατραις επει οφειidolaters; or extortioners, or since you are

11 Nυνι δε λετε αρα εκ του κοσμου εξελθειν. bound indeed from the world to come out.

εγραψα ύμιν, μη συναναμιγνυσθαι, εαν τις, if any one, I wrote to you, not to be associated,

αδελφος ονομαζομενος, η πορνος, η πλεονεκ-a brother being named, may be a fornicator, or a covetous per-

της, η ειδωλολατρης, η λοιδορος, η μεθυσος, η or a reviler, or a drunkard, or an idolater.

τφ τοιουτφ μηδε συνεσθιείν 12 τι an extortioner; with the such like not even

γαρ μοι *[και] τους εξω κρινειν; Ουχι τους for to me [also] those without to judge? Not those εσω ύμεις κρινετε; 13 Tous δε εξω δ θεος κρι-

judge? Those but without the God VEL: Εξαρατε τον πονηρον εξ υμων αυτων. Put out the evilone from of yourselves. judge?

КЕФ. s'. 6.

Toλμα τις ύμων, πραγμα εχων προς τον
Daro any one of you, a matter having with the

 ξ τερον, κρινεσθαι επι των αδικων, και ουχι €7TL other, to be judged by the unjust ones, and not

6 ‡ Your BOASTING is not good. Do you not know That ‡a Little Lanven ferments the Whole MASS.

7 t Cleanse out the oun Leaven, that you may be a New Mass, as you are Unleavened; for even our PASCHAL LAMB, Christ,

was sacrificed.

8 Therefore, let us tkeep the festival, not with old Leaven, nor with I Leaven of Vice and Wickedness, but with the Unleavened principles of Sincerity and Truth.

9 In that LETTER I wrote to you ! not to be associated with Fornica-

tors;-

10 in no wise with the FORNICATORS of this WORLD, or with the COVE-Tous *and Extortioners, or Idolaters, since indeed you are hound to come out from the WORLD;-

11 but now I write to you I not to be associated with any one, named a Brother, if he be a Fornicator, or a Covetous person, or an Idolater, or a Reviler, or a Drunkard, or an Extortioner; with such a person not even to eat.

12 For what is it to me tojudge Those WITHOUT? Do not nou judge THOSE WITHIN?

13 But those without God will judge. 1 Put out from among yourselves that EVIL person.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Dare any one of you, having an Affair with ANOTHER, be judged by the UNRIGHTEOUS, and not by the SAINTS?

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—7. on our behalf—omit. tortioners. 12. also—omit. Extortioners.

^{10.} And-omit. 10. and

^{† 7.} The Jews were commanded to put away all leaven, before they ate the passover, as being an emblem of wickedness, which sours and corrupts the mind, as leaven does the lump into which it is put, if it remains in it long unbaked.—Macknight.

^{2 6. 1} Cor. iii. 21; iv. 10; James iv. 16.
2 7. Isa. liii. 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6, 12.
2 8. Exod. xii. 15; xiii. 6.
2 8. Luke xii. 1.
3 9. 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. v. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 14.
3 11. Matt. xviii. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 John 10.
3 13. Deut. xii. 5; xvii. 7; xxi. 22; xxi. 19; 22, 24.
3 10 18

των αγιων; 2 Η ουκ οιδατε, ότι οι άγιοι τον Or not knowyou, that the saints

κοτμον κρινουσι; και ει εν ύμιν κρινεται δ world will judge? and if by you is judged the

κοσμος, αναξιοι εστε κριτηριων ελαχιστων;
world, inadequate are you for tribunals smallest?

ουκ οιδατε, ότι αγγελους κρινουμεν; μητιγε not know you, that messengers weshalljudge? much morethen

4 Βιωτικα μεν ουν κριτηρια εαν βιωτικα; things of this life? Things of this life indeed then judgments if

εχητε, τους εξουθενημενους εν τη εκκλησια, you may have, those having been of no account in the congregation,

τουτους καθιζετε: 5 Προς εντροπην ύμιν λεγω. to you I speak those do you cause to sit? For shame

ούτως ουκ ένι εν ύμιν σοφος * ουδε είς, ός not one among you wise [not even one,] who

δυνησεται διακριναι ανα μεσον του αδελφου to decide between the brethren

αύτου; 6 αλλα αδελφος μετα αδελφου κρινεται, a brother with but brother

και τουτο επι επιστων; 7 Ηδη μεν ουν όλως ήτ-

τημα ύμιν εστιν, ότι κριματα εχετε μεθ' έαυτων. fault to you it is, that law-suits you have with yourselves.

Διατι ουχι μαλλον αδικεισθε; διατι ουχι μαλrather suffer injustice? why not λον αποστερεισθε; ⁸ Αλλα ύμεις αδικειτε, και be defrauded? But you injure,

9 H OUK αποστερειτε, και ταυτα αδελφους. and these things brethren.

οιδατε, δτι αδικοι θεου βασιλειαν ου κληρονο-know you, that unjust ones of God a kingdom not shall in-

Μη πλανασθε ουτε πορνοι, ουτε Not herit? be deceived; neither fornicators, nor

μοιχοι, μαλακοι, ειδωλολατραι, OUTE ovteadulterers, nor idolaters, nor effeminates.

ουτε αρσενοκοιται, 10 ουτε κλεπται, ουτε πλεονsodomites, nor thieves, nor covetous

εκται, ουτε μεθυσοι, ου λοιδοροι, ουχ άρπαγες, drunkards, not revilers, not extortioners,

11 Ka1 Barthelay θεου ου κληρονομησουσι. of God not shall inherit. And a kingdom

τωυτα τινες ητε αλλα απελουσασθε, αλλα but you washed yourselves, these things some you were; but

2 Do you not know t That the SAINTS shall judge the WORLD? And if by you the WORLD is

judged, are you inadequate to decide trivial Causes?

3 Do you not know That we shall judge Angels? Why not the things pertaining to bus life?

4 If then, indeed, you should have Causes as to the things of this life, do vou appoint THOSE, the LEAST ESTEEMED in the CONGREGATION?

5 For shame to you, I say it. It is so, that there is not among you a wise man-not even one-who shall be able to decide between his BRETHREN?

but Brother with Brother is judged, and this by Unbelievers?

7 Therefore, indeed, it is now a great Fault in you, Because you have Law-suits with each other. Why not rather f suffer ininstice? why not rather be defrauded?

8 But you injure and defrand-even these things vou'do to Brethren.

9 Do you not know, That Unrighteons persons shall not inherit God's Kingdom? Be not de-ceived; neither ! Fornicators, nor Idolaters, nor Adulterers, nor Effeminates, nor Sodomites,

10 nor Thieves, nor Covetous persons, nor Drunkards, nor Revilers nor Extortioners, shall inherit the Kingdom of

11 # And such characters were some of you, but you were I washed, but you were separated,

^{† 2.} Psa. xlix. 14; Dan. vii. 22; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30; Rev. ii. 26; iii. 21; xx. 4; 7. Prov. xx. 22; Matt. v. 39, 40; Luke vi. 29; Rom. xii. 17, 19; 1 These v. 15. † 9. 1 Cor. xv. 50; Gal. v. 21; Eph. v. 5; 1 Tim. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; xiii. 4; Rev. xxii. 15. † 11. 1 Cor. xii. 2; Eph. ii. 2; iv. 22; r. 8; Col. iii. 7; Titus iii. 3. † 11. 1 Cor. i 30; Heb.

ηγιασθητε, αλλ εδικαιωθητε εν τω ονοματι του you were separated, but you were justified in the of the O AZO

κυριου Ιησου, και εν τω πνευματι του θεου to the Lord and operts. ofthe God

Ε Παντα μοι εξεστιν, αλλ' ου παντα ப்படும். All things to me in lawful, but not all things

συμφερει παντα μοι εξεστιν, αλλ' oυκ €γω ts beneficial; all things to me is lawful, 3116

13 Τα βρωματα **εξουσιασθησομαι** ύπο τινος. will be brought into subjection by any one. The foods

τη κοιλια, και ή κοιλια τοις Βρωμασιν δ δε for the belly, and the belly for the foods: the but

θεος και ταυτην και ταυτα καταργησει. To God both and this these will make useless.

δε σωμα ου τη πορνεια, αλλα τω κυριώ, και δ and body notfor the fornication, but for the Lord, and the

κυριος τω σωματι. 14 δ δε θεος και τον κυριον Lord for the body; the and God both the

ηγειρε, και ήμας εξεγερει δια της δυναμεως raised up. us will raise up through the

αύτου. ¹⁵ Ουκ οιδατε, ότι τα σωματα ύμων of himself. Not knowyou, that the bodies of you

μελη Χριστου εστιν: αρας ουν τα μελη members of Anointed is? Having taken away then the members

του Χριστου, ποιησω πορνης μελη: Μη γενοιof the Anointed, shall I make of an harlot members? Not letit

Or not know you, that the one being joined to the πορνη, έν σωμα εστιν: (έσονται γαρ, φησιν.

(they shall be for, harlot, is? one body οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν.) 17 δ δε κολλωμενος τω

one;) the but one being joined to the the two for desh έν πνευμα εστι; 18 Φευγετε την πορ-KUPIW, spirit Flee you Lord. one ie: the for-

Παν αμαρτημα δ εαν ποιηση ανθρωπος, velav. nication. All sins which if may do

εκτος του σωματος εστιν. δ δε πορνευων is; he but committing fornication outside of the hody

το ιδιον σωμα άμαρτανει. ¹⁹ Η ουκ οιδατε, Or not knowyou, against the own body sins.

δτι το σωμα ύμων ναος του εν ύμιν άγιου πνευthat the body of you a temple of the in you holy

ματος εστιν, ού εχετε απο θεου, και ουκ εστε is, which you have from God, and not you are

but you were justified by Jesus, and by the SPIRIT of our GoD.

12 t "All things are allowed to me;"—but all things are not proper. "All things are allowed to me;"-but I will not be brought into subjection by

any one.
13 # ALIMENTS for the STOMACH, and the STOMACH for ALIMENTS;" -but GoD will put an end both to it and them. Now the BODY is not for FORNICATION, but for the LORD; ; and the LORD for the BODY.

14 And Gon both raised the LORD, and * will raise up Us. by his

POWER.

15 Do .you not know That your Bodies are Members of Christ? Having taken away, then, the MEMBERS of CHRIST, shall I make them members of an Harlot? By no means!

16 What! do you not know That he who adheres to the HARLOT is One Body; (for 1"the Two," it says, "shall be for one Flesh;")

17 1 but that HE who ADHERES to the LORD is

One Spirit?

18 #Flee from FORNICA-TION! Every Crime which a Man may commit is exterior to the BODY; but the FORNICATOR within his own Body.

19 What! ‡do you no know That your BODY is a Temple of that * holy Spirit in you, which you have from God? ‡ Besides, you are not your

20 I for you were bought

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. our Lord Jesus Christ. holy Spirit.

^{14.} raised up Us.

^{.19.}

^{† 12. 1} Cor. x. 23. † 13. Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 22, 23. † 13. Eph. v. 23. † 15. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 27; Eph. iv. 12, 15, 16; v. 30. † 16. Gen. ii. 24; Matt. xix. 5; Eph. v. 3. † 17. John xvii. 21—23; Eph. iv. 4; v. 30. † 18. Rom. vi. 12, 13; Heb. xiii. 4. † 19. 1 Cor. iii. 16; 2 Cor. vi. 16. † 10. Rom. xiv. 7, 8. † 20. Acts xx. 28; 1 Cor. vii. 23; Gal. iii. 13; Heb. iz. 12; 1 Pet. I. 18, 19. 2 Pct. II. 1; Rev. v. 2.

έαυτων; 20 Ηγορασθητε γαρ τιμης δοξασατε of yourselves? You were bought for a price; glorify you δη τον θεον εν τω σωματι ύμων. Therefore the God in the body of you.

КЕФ. С'. 7.

ών εγραψατε *[μοι,] καλον αν-1 Περι δε Concerning but what things you wrote [to me,] good θρωπφ γυναικος μη άπτεσθαι. 2 δια δε τας a man a woman not to touch; on account of but the πορνειας έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα εχετω, the of himself fornications each man wife les have, 3 Tn yuκαι έκαστη τον ιδιον ανδρα εχετω.
and each woman the own busband let have. To the wife ναικι ό ανηρ την οφειλην αποδιδοτω· όμοιως δε let render; in like manner and the husband the debt 4'Η γυνη του ιδιου και ή γυνη τω ανδρι. also the wife to the husband. The wife of the awo σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει, αλλ' δ ανηρ• δμοιως but the husband; in like manner Bot controls. δε και δ ανηρ του ιδιου σωματος ουκ εξουσια(ει, and also the husband the own body not controls, 5 Μη αποστερειτε αλληλουs, αλλ ή γυνη. Not do you deprive wife. each other, ει μητι αν εκ συμφωνου προς καιρον, ίνα from agreement for a season, so that τη προσευχη και παλιν επι το σγολασητε you may be at leisure for the prayer; and again to the ίνα μη πειραζη ύμας δ σατανας $\eta \tau \epsilon$, same you may be, so that not may tempt you the adversary δια την ακρασιαν *[ύμων.] 6 Τουτο δε λεγω This but I say κατα συγνυωμεν, ου κατ' 7Θελω $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \alpha \gamma \eta \nu$. an injunction. a concession, not A9 I wish γαρ παντας ανθρωπους ειναι ώς και εμαυτον. to be as for even αλλ' έκαστος ιδιον εχει χαρισμα εκ θεου, δς has gift from 8 Λεγω δε τοις αγαμεν ούτως, ός δε ούτο:. I say but to the indeed so, another and so. μοις και ταις χηραις. καλον αυτοις, εαν μεινωmarried and to the widows; good forthem, if they should 9 €1 δε ουκ εγκρατευονται, καγω. even f; if but not they possess self-control, γαμησατωσαν κρεισσον γαρ εστι γαμησαι, η for it is to have married, then better let them marry; 10 Τοις δε γεγακηκοσι παραγγελπυρουσθαι. to be inflamed. To those but having been married I charge λω, ουκ εγω, αλλ' δ κυριος, γυναικα 0.70 but the Lord, a wife from ανδρος μη χωρισθηναι, 11 (εαν δε και χωρισ-(if but even she should be an husband not to be separated,

with a Price; glorify God, then, in your BODY.

CHAPTER VII.

1 Now concerning the things of which you wrote;
—; It is well for a Man not to touch a Woman.

2 But on account of FORNICATIONS, let each man have a Wife of HIS own, and let each woman have her own Husband.

3 ‡ Let the HUSBAND render to the WIFE the conjugal OBLIGATION; and in like manner also, the WIFE to the HUSBAND.

4 The WIFE controls not her OWN Body, but the HUSBAND; and in like manner also, the HUSBAND controls not his OWN Body, but the WIFE.

5 I Do not deprive each other, nnless by agreement for a Season, that you may have leisure for PRAYER; and again you should RE; unite, so that the Adversary may not tempt you through your incontinence.

6 But this I say as a Concession—not as an Injunction.

7 For I wish All Men to be even as myself; but each one has his appropriate Gift from God; one, indeed, of one kind, and another of another.

8 To the UNMARRIFD men, however, and to the WIDOWS, I say, It is well for them, if they should remain even as # do;

9 that if they do not possess self-control, let them marry; for it is better to have married, than to be inflamed.

10 And to the MARRIED it is not #, but the LORD who commands, that a Wife must not be separated from her Husband;—

11 but, if she should

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. to me-omit. 5. of you-omit.

^{† 1.} ver. 8, 26. † 3. Exod. xxi. 10; 1 Pet. iii. 7. See Exod. xix. 15: 1 Sam. xxi. 4, 5. † 9. 1 Tim. v. 14.

μενετω αγαμος, η τφ ανδρι καταλλαseparated, let her remain unmarried, or to the busband let har ore-

γητω) και ανδρα γυναικα μη αφιεναι. ¹² Tois souched;) and a husband a wife not to dismiss. To the

δε λοιποις εγω λεγω, ουχ δ κυριος ει τις but remaining things I speak, not the Lord, it ony

αδελφος τυ αικα εχει απιστον, και αυτη συνευbrother. has an unbeliever and she thinks

δοκει οικειν μετ' αυτου, μη αφιετω αυτην·

13 και γυνη ήτις εχει ανδρα απιστον, και αυτος and a wife who has a husband an unbeliever, and

συνευδοκει οικειν μετ' αυτης, μη αφιετω αυτον.
thinks wel' to dwell with her, not let her dismiss him.

14 Ήγιασται γαρ δ ανηρ δ απιστος εν τη γυναιtias been sanctified for the husband the unbekieving in the

πει, και ἡγιασται ἡ γυνη ἡ απιστος εν τω and has been sanctified the wife the unbelieving in the

the content of the con

ανδρι επει αρα τα τεκνα ύμων ακαθαρτ... husband; otherwise indeed the children of you unclean

εστι, νυν δε άγια εστιν. 15 Ει δε δ απιστος now but holy If but the unbelieving 18,

χωριζεται, χωριζεσθω. ου δεδουλωται δ αδελ-withdraws, let him withdraw; not is enslaved the brother

η ή αδελφη εν τοις τοιουτοις. Εν δε ειρηνη or the sister with the such like. In but peace

κεκληκεν ημας δ θεος. 16 Τι γαρ οιδας, γυναι, How for knowest thou, O wife, has called us the God.

ει τον ανδρα σωσεις: η τι οιδας, ανερ, ει if the husband thoushalt save? or how knowest thou, Ohusband, if

σωσεις. 17 Ει μη έκαστφ ώς την γυναικα thou shalt save. If not to each εμερισεν δ κυριος, έκαστον ώς κεκληκεν δ θεος

distributed the Lord, each one even as bascalled the God ούτω περιπατειτω. Και ούτως εν ταις εκκλη-

let him walk. Aud thus in the σιαις τασαις διατασσομαι. 18 Περιτετμημενος

Having been circumcised gations τις εκληθη, μη επισπασθω· εν ακρηsny one was called not let him be uncircumcised; in uncircum-

l appoint.

Βυστια τις εκληθη, μη περιτεμνεσθω. ession any one was called, not let him be circumcised. 19 °H The

be acparated, let her remain unmarried, or let her be reconciled to her mus-BAND ;-and that a Husband do not dismiss his Wife.

12 But to the REMAIN. ING matters I speak, the t LORD does not;—If any Brother have a Wife, an unbeliever, and she is pleased to dwell with him, let him not dismiss her:

13 and if any Wife have a Husband, an unbeliever, and he is pleased to dwell with her, let her not dismiss * the Husband.

14 For the UNBELIEV-ING HUSBAND is sanctified in the believing WIFE, and the UNBELIEVING WIFE is sanctified in the *BROTHER; otherwise, indeed tyour CHILDREN were impure, but now they are holy.

15 But if the UNBE-LIEVER withdraw, let him withdraw; the BROTHER or the EISTER is not enslaved in such cases .but ‡ in Peace GoD has

called us;—

16 for how knowest thou, O Wife, whether thou shalt save thy HUS-BAND? or how knowest thou, O Husband, whe-ther thou shalt save thy WIFE?

17 If not, as the LORD has apportioned to each one, even as God has called each one, so let him walk. And Ithus in all the congregations I appoint.

18 Was any one called. having been circumcised? let him not become uncircumcised; in Uncir-cumcision * has any one been called? | let him not be circumcised.

all

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13, the Husband. one been called.

^{14.} BROTHER.

^{18,} has any

^{† 12.} These words do not intimate that the apostle was not now under the influence of the divine Spirit; but that there was nothing in the sacred writings which bore directly on this point .- Clarke.

^{† 14.} Mal. ii. 15. † 15. Rom. xii. 18: xiv. 19; 1 Cor. xiv. ?3; Heb. xii. 14. † 16. † Pet. iii. 1. † 17. 1 Cor. iv. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 28. † 18. Acts xv. 1, 5, 19, 24, 28; Gal. v. 2

σεριτομη ουδεν εστι, και ή ακροβυστια ουδεν pircumciaion nothing isand the uncircumerios nothing 20 'Екалεστιν, αλλα τησησις εντολων θεου. but keeping of commandments of God.

τος εντη κλησει η εκληθη, ενταυτη μενετω. one in the calling in which he was called, in this let himwernain

21 Δουλος εκληθης, μη σοι μηλετω· αλλ' ει A slave wast thou called, not to therefer be agaze; but if και δυνασαι ελευθερος γενεσθαι, μαλλον χρηalso thou sat able

2 'Ο γαρ εν κυριφ κληθεις δουλος, απε-He for to Lord being called a slave,

λευθερος κυριουεστιν όμοιως *[και] ὁ ελευθερος in the manner |also I the freeman ofLord 59 23 Tiuns 170κληθεις, δούλος εστι Χριστου. of Anointed. For a price 3on bein called, a slave 82 ανθρωπων. TIVE THE δουλοι parente. JE77 perceme som

4 Έκαστος εν ' εκληθη, αδελφοι, εν τουτφ Each one in which he was called, brathren,

LEVETW παρα θεφ. tet him remain with God.

25 Nept Se two napberwor; entrayyr applied Concerning and the virgine, a commandment of Lard ουκ εχω: γνωμην δε διδωμι, ώς MAETILEVOS I give, as having obtained mercy not i have; a judgment but 26 Nopila our, 70.0 ύπο κυριου πίστος είναι. Love faithful to be. Adeclare then, καλον ύπαρχειν δια την ενεστωσαν αναγκην, to be because of the having been present distress, ότι καλον ανθρωπφ το ούτως εινα-27 Δεδεfor a man the thes to be. Art thou havyuvaiki, un-(ntel duoive λελυσαι to; been bound to a wife, not seek thou arelease; hast thou been loosed 22 Ear de απο γυναικος, μη ζητει γυναικα. a.wife, not seek thon a wife, from M but kat ynuns, our huaptes even thou should star have muried, not thou did at sin; RUZE ECV if ή παρθενος, συχ ήμαρτε· θλιψιν should have married the sugin, δε τη σπρει έξουσι» οί τοιουτοι έγω δε ύμφν but in the find shall have those ouch like; I but you 29 Τουτο δε φημι, αδελφοι, ό καιρος φειδομαι. This but I say, Brethren, the season συνεσταλμένος το λοιπον εστιν

19 I CIRCUMCISION IS nothing, and uncincum-cision is nothing; thus Keeping God's Command menis.

20 Let cách one remain in that vocation in which

he was called. 21 Wast thou invited when a Slave? Let it not give thee concern; (but if. indeed, thou art able to become free, prefer it;)

22 for the Slave BEING CALLED by the Lerd, is the Lord's freedman; in like manner the TREEMAN being called is Christ's Bond-servant.

23 † Have you been bought with a Price? Become not the Slaves of

24 Brethren, 1 let each one remain with God in that vocation in which he was called.

25 And concerning the tvirgins, I have not ta Commandment of the Lord, but I give my Judg. ment, as thaving received mercy from the Lord tto be faithful.

26 I declare this to be well, then, on account of the PRESENT Distress; Because it is well for & Man to be thus :-

27 Art thou bound to a Wife? seek not a Release. Art thou loosed from a Wife? seek not a Wife.

28 But even if thom shouldst marry, thou dost not sin; and if a Virgin should marry, she does not sin; but Affliction in the FLESH SUCH will have; however, I spare you.

But this I say, iva kat of Brethren, the TIME bethat boththose ing shortened, it remains,

having been abortened the remainder

is;

^{*} Varican Manuscrift. - 22. also -omit. 23. a Virgin.

^{† 23.} So rendered interrogatively by Whitby, Wakefield, and Turnoull. † 25. The word parthenes, a virgin, signifies, in the place, a young unmarried person of either sex as is evident from verses 26, 27, 32–34, and Rev. xiv. 4. † 25. See Note on verse 12.

t 19. Gal. v. 6; vř. 15. t 19. John xv. 14; 1 John ii. 3; iii. 24. t 22. John viii. 60; Rom. vi. 18, 22; Philemon 16. t 22. 1 Cor. ix. 21; Gal. v. 13; Eph. vi. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 16. 1 24. ver. 20. t 25. verse 10; 2 Cor. viii. 8. t 25. 1 Tim. i. 12. t 29. Math. xiv. 22; Hom xiii. 11; 1 Pet. iv. 7.

εχοντες γυναικας, ώς μη εχοντες ωσι 30 και as not . having should be ;

οί κλαιοντες, ώς μη κλαιοντες και οί χαιρονweeping;

~~s, ωs μη χαιροντες· και οί αγοραζοντες, ως rejoicing; and those

μη κατεχοντες. ³¹ και οἱ χρωμενοι τφ κοσμφ aot possessing: and those using the world

τουτω, ως μη καταχρωμενοι. Παραγει γαρ tnis, Passes by for as not abusing.

32 Θελω δε σχημα του κοσμου τουτου. form ofthe world

'Ο αγαμος μεριμνα ύμας αμεριμνους ειναι. you free from anxieties to be. The unmarried caresfor the things

του κυριου, πως αρεσει τω κυριω. 33 δ δε γαhow he shall please the Lord; he but having

μησας μεριμνά τα του κοσμου, πως αρεσει married cares for the things of the world, how he shall please

34 Μεμερισται ή γυνη και ή παρτη γυναικι. Has been divided the wife and the virgio. wife.

θενος ή αγαμος μεριμνά τα του κυριου, ίνα the unmarried cares for the things of the Lord, so that

άγια και σωματι και πνευματι ή δε γαmay be holy both in body and in spirit; the but one $* \Gamma \tau \alpha$ μ~σασα μεριμνα * τα του
having married cares for [the things of the του κοσμου, πως world,]

35 Τουτο δε προς το ύμων τω ανδρι. αρεσει she shall please the husband. This and for the of you αυτων συμφερον λεγω ουχ ίνα βροχον ύμιν

yourselves benefit l say; not that asnare to you επιβαλω, αλλα προς τα ευσχημον και ευπαρε-

devoted_ but for the decorum and I may throw, 36 E1 δε TIS κυριώ απερισπαστώς. δρον τω ness to the Lord without solicitude. If butanyone

επι την παρθενον αυτου νομιζει, ασχημονειν to behave indecently toward the virgin of himself thinks,

εαν η ύπερακμος, και ούτως οφειλει γινεσif she may be beyond age, and 80 it is fitting to be;

θαι δ θελει ποιειτω, ουχ άμαρτανει γαμειτωwhat he wishes let him do, not he sins:

that both THOSE HAVING Wives, should be as not having them:

30 and THOSE who are WEEPING, as not weeping; and THOSE who are RE-JOICING, as not rejoicing; and THOSE who are BUY-ING, as not possessing;

31 and THOSE who are using this world, as not using it; # for the † SCENE of this WORLD is passing away.

32 But I wish you to be without anxiety. The UNMARRIED man is concerned for the THINGS of the LORD, how *he may please the LORD;

but HE HAVING MARRIED is anxious about the THINGS of the WORLD, how *he may please his WIFE, -and is divided.

34 And the UNMARRIED WOMAN, even the VIRGIN, concerned for the THINGS of the Lord, that she may be boly both in * BODY and in MIND; but SHE HAVING MARRIED IS anxious how *she may please her HUSBAND.

35 But I say this for YOUR OWN Advantage, not that I may throw †a Snare over you; but for the HONORABLE and constant attention to the LORD without distraction.

36 But if any one think he acts improperly tin remaining single, if he be past age, and thus it is fitting to be married, let him do what he wishes, he sins let them | not; † let them marry.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. he may please. 33. he may please his wire,-and is divided. And the unmarred woman, even the virgin, is concerned. and in mind.

34. the Things of the world—omit.

34. she ma 34. BODY 34. she may please.

^{† 31.} Probably a reference to the shifting scenes in a theare.

† 35. An allusion to a small casting net, something like the lasso of the South Americans, which was in use among the Romans and Persians, to throw on the heads of their adversaries, and thus entangle them.

† 36. Parthenos, commonly translated virgin, has been rendered as meaning also a state of virginity or cellbacy.

† 36 Many think—"let him marry"—the true reading, which is supported by many MSS. However, there are different views entertained by critics on the whole of this difficult passage; some referring it to the power of fathers over their daughters; others to the young women dedicated to the service of God in the primitive church, who were called virgins; and others again to young men, who had red in the text.

t 31. 1 John il. 17 1 32. 1 Tim. v. 5.

37' Ος δε έστηκεν έδραιος εν τη καρδια, -11. Who but he has stood settled in the marry. heart, μη εχων αναγκην, εξουσιαν δε εχει περι του control but has concerning the not having necessity, ιδιου θεληματος, και τουτο κεκρικεν εν τη καρand this has resolved in the δια αυτου του τηρειν την έαυτου παρθενον, of himself the to keep the of Limself 38 'Ωστε και δ εκγαμιζων, καλως καλως ποιει. So that even he giving in marriage, well και δ μη γαμιζων, κρεισσον ποιει. and he not marrying, better does. TOLEL. does; 39 Γυνη δεδεται ε ϕ , όπον χρονον ζ η δ ανηρ is hound for so long a time may live the husband $\epsilon \alpha \nu \delta \epsilon \kappa \sigma \iota \iota \eta \theta \eta \delta \alpha \nu \eta \rho \alpha \sigma \tau \eta s, \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \sigma$ αυτης. if but should fall asleep the husband of her, Lord. θερα εστιν 'φ θελει γαμηθηναι, μονον $\epsilon \nu$ she is to whom she wills to be married, 40 Μακαριωτερα δε εστιν, εαν ούτω KUDIW. Lord. Happier hut she is, if thus δοκω HELVY, κατα την εμην γνωμην. of God. she should remain according to the my judgment; Ithink δε καγω πνευμα θεου εχειν. spirit of God to have. and even I

KE Φ . η' . 8.

1 Περι δε των ειδωλοθυτων, οιδαμεν (ότι Concerning and the things offered to idols, we know; (because παντες γνωσιν εχομεν. ή γνωσις φυσιοι, ή δε all knowledge we have; the knowledge puffs up, the but αγαπη οικοδομει· 2 ει * [δε] τις δοκει ειδεναι love builds up; if [but] any one thinks to have known €ιδ€ναι ουδεπω ουδεν εγνωκε καθως δει γνωsomething, not yet nothing he has known as it behoves to have ναι· 3 ει δε τις αγαπά τον θεον, ούτος εγνωσknown; if hut any one should love the God, this $(v\pi)^{2} \alpha v \tau o v$) $(v\pi)^{4} \pi \epsilon \rho i \tau \eta s \beta \rho \omega \sigma \epsilon \omega s o v \nu to him;)$ concerning the eating therefore ται acknowledged by των ειδωλοθυτων, οιδαμεν, δτι ουδεν ειδωλον of the things offered to idols, we know, that nothing an idol εν κοσμώ, και ότι ουδεις θεος έτερος, ει μη είς. in world, and that no one God other, if not one 5 Και γαρ ειπερ εισι λεγομενοι θεοι, ειτε εν Indeed for though they are being called gods, whether in ουρανώ, ειτε επι γης (ώσπερ εισι θεοι πολλοι, or on earth; (as they are Gods Real κυριου πολλοι·) 6 * [αλλ'] ήμιν είς θεος δ and lords many;) [but] to us one God the God the

37 But he who stands firm in his HEART, not having Necessity, but has Control over his own Will. and has determined this in his HEART, to maintain his Celibacy, * does well.

38 so that even HE who * MARRIES, does well; but HE who * MARRIES NOT, does better.

39 ‡ A Wife is bound as long as her HUSBAND lives; but if *her HUS-BAND be deceased, she is free to be married to whom she pleases; - tonly in the

40 But she is happier, if she should so remain, according to MY Judgment; * and I am certain that even I have the Spirit

CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now concerning the # IDOL-SACRIFICES, "we know," (Because ‡ we all have Knowledge. Know-LEDGE puffs up, but LOVE builds up.

2 IIf any one is confident of knowing anything, he knows it *not yet as he ought to know.

3 But if any one love God, the same has been acknowledged by him.

- 4 Therefore, concerning the EATING of the IDOL-SACRIFICES, 'we know,') That an # Image is nothing in the World, ; and That * no one is God but
- 5 For though there are, indeed, ‡ Gods so called, whether in Heaven or on Earth; (as they are many Gods, and many Lords:
 - 6 yet to us there is but

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift,—37. shall do well.

well; and he who marries not, shall do better.

2. not yet as.

4. no one is God but one. 38. MARRIES his VIRGIN shall do 40. for I 6. but-omit.

^{† 39. 2} Cor. vi. 14. † 1. Acts xv. 20, 29; 1 Cor. x. 10; † 2. 1 Cor. xiii. 8, 9, 12; Gal. vi. 3; 1 Tim. vi. 4. † 4. Isc. † 4. Deut. iv. 30; vi. 4; Isa. xliv. 8; Matt, xii. 20; verse 6; Eplew t 39. Rom. vii. 2. 1 1. Rom. xiv. 14, 22, xli. 24; 1 Cor. x. 19. iv. 6, 1 Tim. ii. 5. 1 5. John x. 34.

πατηρ, εξ ού τα παντα, και ημεις εις αυτον: father, out of whom the all things, and we for him; είς κυριος, Ιησους Χριστος, δι' ού τα Lord, Anointed, through whom the Jesus ⁷ Αλλ' παντα, και ήμεις δι' αυτου. ουκ we through all things, and him. But not in πασιν ή γνωσις τινες δε τη συνειδησει του all the knowledge; some but in the conscience of the ειδωλου έως αρτι ώς ειδωλοθυτον εσθιουσι, και till now as offered to an idol they eat, ή συνειδησις αυτων, ασθενης ουσα, μολυνεται. being, of them, weak is defiled. the conscience ⁸ Brown de huas ou mariotholity $\theta \in \omega$ outer food but us not brings near to the God; neither *[γαρ] εαν φαγωμεν, περισσευομεν· ουτε εαν [for] if we should est, do we abound; if nor μη φαγωμεν, ὑστερουμεθα. 9 Βλεπετε δε, μηnot we should eat, are we deficient. Look you but, ή εξουσια ύμων αύτη προσκομμα γενηται in any way the liberty of you this a stumbling-block may become 10 Ear $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\tau \iota s$ $\iota \delta \eta$ $\sigma \epsilon$, $\tau o \nu$ If for any one may see thee, the $\tau ois \ a \sigma \theta \in vou \sigma i v.$ to those being weak. εχοντα γνωσιν, εν ειδωλειφ κατακειμενον, ουχtone having knowledge, in enidol-temple reclining, not ή συνειδησις αυτου, ασθενους οντος, οικοδομηthe conscience of him, being, will he built

θησεται εις το τα ειδωλοθυτα εσθιειν: 11 και in order that the things offered to idols to eat? απολειται δ ασθενων αδελφος επι τη ση γνωσει will be destroyed the being weak brother by the thy knowledge 12 Ούτω 80 δν Χριστος απεθανεν. ou account of whom Augusted died. Thus but άμαρτανοντές εις τους αδελφους και τυπτοντές against the brethren and amiting

weak

αυτων την συνειδησιν ασθενουσαν, εις Χριστον of them the being weak against Anointed conscience ¹³ Διοπερ ει βρωμα σκανδαλιζει αμαρτανετε. you sin. Wherefore if food τον α $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi$ ον μου, ου μη φαγω κρεα εις τον the brother of me, not not I may eat flesh to the

αιωνα, ίνα μη τον αδελφον μου σκανδαλισω.

age, so that not the brother of me I may ensure.

KEΦ. θ' . 9.

¹ Ουκ ειμι ελευθερος; ουκ ειμι αποστολος; a freeman? not am I an apostle? Ουχι Ιησουν *[Χριστον] τον κυριον ήμων $\dot{\epsilon}\omega$ -[Anointed] the ofus Lord Jesus

One God, the FATHER, Iont of whom are Al.L things, and we for him; and tone Lord, Jesus Christ, through whem are ALL things, and we through him. through him."

7 But this KNOWLEDGE is not in all; and some, t with the Conscious-NESS of the IDOL till now eat as of an Idol-Sacrifice; and their CONSCIENCE, being weak, 1 is defiled.

8 "And 1 Food does not

bring us before Gon; for * neither if we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we abound."

9 But ‡ take care lest, in any way, this your RIGHT become ‡a Simbling-block to THOSE BE-ING WEAK.

10 For if any ore should see * THEE Who HAST Knowledge, reclining in an Idol's temple, will not the conscience of him who is weak be strengthened for the EATING of the idol-sacrifices?

Il * And will not the WEAK Brother, on account of whom Christ died, perish by this THY Knowledge?

12 And thus sinning against the BRETHREN, and smiting Their weak CONSCIENCE, 2 you sin against Christ.

13 Wherefore 1 if Food ensnare my BROTHER, I will NEVER eat FLESH, lest I should ensure my BROTHER.

CHAPTER IX.

1 Am I not a Freeman? ‡ Am I not an Apostle? Illave I not seen Jesus bave Christ our LORD ? Are.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—7. custom of the idol. 8. for—omit. 8. neither if we should not eat, are we deficient, nor if we should eat, do we abound. 10. him who has Knowledge. 11. For by the knowledge the weak Brother perishes, on ac-1. Anointed-omit. count of whom Christ died.

^{† 6.} Mal. ii. 10; Eph. iv. 6. † 6. Acts xvii. 28; Rom. xi. 36. † 6. John xiii. 13; Acts ii. 36; 1 Cor. xii. 3; Eph. iv. 5; Phil. ii. 11. † 6. Col. i. 10; Heb. i. 2. † 7. 1 Cor. x. 28, 20. † 7. Rom. xiv. 14, 23. † 8. Rom. xiv. 17. † 9. Gal. v. 13. † 9. Rom. xiv. 13, 20. † 10. 1 Cor. x. 28, 32. † 12. Matt. xxv. 40, 45. † 13. Rom. xiv. 21; 2 Cor. xi. 29. † 1. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2, &c. † 1. Acts ix. 8, 17, &c.

ρακα; ου το εργον μου ύμεις εστε εν κυριφ; seen? not the work of me you are in Lord? Ει αλλοις ουκ ειμι αποστολος, αλλαγε ύμιν if to others not I am an apostle, at all events to you ειμι· ή γαρ σφραγις της εμης αποστολης ύμεις lam; the for seal of the my apostleship you 3 'Η εμη απολογια τοις εμε €στ∈ €ν κυριώ. The my defence to those me are in Lord. 4 Μη ουκ εχομει ανακρινουσιν, αύτη εστι. is. Not not condemning, this have we 5 Μη ουκ εχομεν εξουσιαν φαγειν και πιειν; to eat and to drink? Not not have we εξουσιαν αδελφην γυναικα περιαγειν, ώς και εί a wife to lead about, as also the a right a sister λοιποι αποστολοι, και οί αδελφοι του κυριου, and the brothers of the Lord, 6 Η μονος εγω και Βαρναβας ουκ και Κηφας; Or only I and Barnabas and Kephas? 200 7 Tis εχομεν εξουσιαν του μη εργαζεσθαι; of the not to work? have we aright στρατεύεται ιδιοίς οψωνιώς πότε; τις φυτεύει serves in war with his own wages any time? who plants αμπελωνα, και *[εκ] του καρπου αυτου σωκ and [from of the ofit fruit not $\epsilon \sigma \theta_{1} \epsilon_{1}$: η τις ποιμαίνει ποιμνήν, και εκ του or who a flock, and from of the tends ποιμνης ουκ εσθιει; 8 Mn γαλακτος της not eats? Not ofthe fluck milk ανθρωπον ταυτα λαλω; η ουχι και κατα man these things I speak? or not also ό νομος ταυτα λεγει; 9 Εν γαρ τω Μωυσεως In for the Muses the law these things says? νοιών γεγραπται. Ου φιιωσεις βουν αλοων-law it has been written; Not thou shalt innezle au ox threshing. Mη των βοων μελει τφ θεω; 10 η δι' Not for the oxen cares the Gol? or on account of Not for the oxen cares the Gol? Δι' ήμας γαρ εγραήμας παντως λεγει; us altogether he says? On account of us for it was ότι επ' ελπιδι οφειλει ό αροτριων αροwritten, because in hope it is right he plowing τριαν και δ αλοων, $\epsilon \pi^2$ $\epsilon \lambda \pi \iota \delta \iota$ του $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$. plow; and he threshing, in hope of that to partake. If E_l $\eta_{\mu \in lS}$ $\psi_{\mu l \nu}$ $\tau \alpha$ $\pi_{\nu \in \nu \mu \alpha \tau l \kappa \alpha}$ $\epsilon \sigma \pi \epsilon l \rho \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu$, if we to you the spiritual things sowed, ει ήμεις ύμων τα σαρκικα θερισομεν:

not nou my work in the

2 If to others I am not an Apostle, yet certainly I am to you; for nou are the SEAL of * My APOS-TLESHIP in the Lord.

3 My Defence to THOSE who CONDEMN Me is

this;-

4 ‡ Have we not a Right to eat and to drink?

5 Have we not a Right to lead about a Sister—a Wife, as the OTHER Apostles, and ‡the BROTHERS of the LORD, and ± Cephas?

6 Or **f** and Barnabas, thave we alone no Right to abstain from labor?

7 ‡ Who serves in war at his Own Expense at any time? Who ‡ plants a Vineyard, and does not eat the FRUIT of it? or who tends a Flock, and does not eat of the MILK of the FLOCK?

8 Do I speak These things according to Man; or does not the LAW also say these things?

9 For in the LAW of Moses it has been written, to "Thou shalt not muzzle of the Ox threshing?" Is God concerned for OXEN?

10 or does he say it altogether on our account? It was written certainly, on our account; Because it is right for the ‡ PLOWMAN to plow in Hope, and the THRESHEE to PARTICIPATE in that Hope.

II If we have sown for you spiritual things, is it too much if we shall reap your FLESHLY things?

12 If others are partaking of this Right over

If others of the of you

a great thing, if we of you the fleshly things shall reap?

12 Ει αλλοι της ύμων εξουσιας μετεχουσιν, ου

right

purtake,

not'

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-2. My APOSTLESHIP.

⁶ to abstain from labor. 7.

μαλλον ήμεις; Αλλ' ουκ εχρησαμεθα τη εξου-But not mediduse the right σια ταυτης αλλα παντα στεγουεν, ίνα μη

we endure, so that not bus allthings εγκοπην τινα δωμεν τω ευαγγελιω του Χρισ-

hinderance any we may give to the glad tidings of the Anounted. 13 Ουκ οιδατε, ότι οί τα ίερα εργαζο-Not know you, that those the holy things performing,

μενοι, εκ του ίερου εσθιουσιν; οί τω θυσιασeat? those to the from of the temple

τηριφ προσεδρευοντες, τφ θυσιαστηριφ συμattending, with the altar

μεριζονται; 14 Ούτω και δ κυριος διεταξε τοις Thus also the Lord has appointed for those partakers?

το ευαγγελίον καταγγελλουσιν, εκ του ευαγ-the glad tidings proclaiming, from of the glad

γελιου (ην. 15 Εγω δε ου κεχρημαι ουδενι tidings coline. I but not have used not one

τουτων. Ουκ εγραψα δε ταυτα, ίνα ούτω of these things. Not I did write and these things, that

γενηται εν εμοι καλον γαρ μοι μαλλον α it may be done to me; well for to me rather

θανειν, η το καυχημα μου ίνα τις κενωση. die, than the boasting of me that any one should make void.

16 Εαν γαρ ευαγγελιζωμαι, ουκ εστι μοι If for I may announce glad tidings, not it is to me

καυχημα· αναγκη γαρ μοι ετικειται· ουαι acause of boasting; necessity for to me lies on, woe

γαρ μοι εστιν, εαν μη ευαγγελιζωμαι. ¹⁷ F.t. for to me is, if worldbould preach glad tidings. If

γαρ έκων τουτο πρασσω, μισθον εχω ει δε for willing this I do, a reward I have; if but 18 T15 ακών, οικονομιαν unwilling, a stewardship I have been entrusted with. What

ουν μοι εστιν ό μισθος; 'Ινα ευαγγελιζομενος theatome is the reward? So that an ouncing glad tidings

αδαπάνον θησω το ευαγγελίον * του Χρίσwithout expense I will place the glad tidings [of the Anounted,]

του, εις το μη καταχρησασθαι τη εξουσια in order that act to fully use the authority

μου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ. 19 Ελευθερος γαρ ών of me in the glad tidings. Free for being εκ παντων, πασιν εμαυτον εδουλωσα, ίνα τους

myself I was enslaved, that the from all, to all

πλειονας κεσδησω. 20 και εγενομην τοις Ιουδαι-I might gain; and I hecame to the

you, ought not we rather? ! But we did not use this RIGHT; but we endure all things, I that we may not cause any Hindrance to the GLAD TIDINGS of th: ANOINTED.

13 t Do you not know That THOSE Who PRE-FORM the TEMPLE SER-VICES, cat from the TEM-PLE?-that THOSE AT-TENDING to the ALTAR are partakers with the ALTAR?

14 Thus, also, I the Lord has appointed to THOSE who PUBLISH the GLAD TIDINGS, \$ to live by the GLAD TIDINGS.

15 I But I have not used any of these things; and I did not write these things that thus it should he done to me; for it is good for me to die, rather than that any one should make my BOAST-1XG void.

16 For if I should evangelize, it is no cause of exultation to nie; | because Necessity is laid on Me; Woe, indeed, there is for me if I should not evangelize.

17 For if I do This voluntarily, ‡I have a Reward; but if ‡I have been entrusted with a Stewardship reluctantly,

18 what is my Reward then? So that evangelizing. I will establish the GLAD TIDINGS without expense. so as not to USE my entire AUTHORITY in the GLAD TIDINGS.

19 For, being free from all, I enslaved myself to all, that I might gain th. more.

20 And tto the Jews Jews I became as a Jew, that

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. of the Anointed-ouit.

^{† 12.} Acts xx. 33; verses 15, 18; 2 Cor. xi. 7, 9; xii. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 6. † 12. 2 Cor. xi. 12. † 13. Lev. vi. 16, 26; vii. 6; Num. v. 9, 10; xviii. 8—20; Deut. x. 9; xviii. 1. † 14. Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7. † 14. Gal. vi. 0; 1 Tim. v. 17. † 15. Acts xviiii. 3, xx. 34. 1 Cor. iv. 12; verse 12; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8. † 15. 2 Cor. xi. 10. † 16. Rom. 1. 14. † 17. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Gal. ii. 7; Ph. L. 17; Col. L. 25. † 18. 1 Cor. x. 33; 2 Cor. iv. 5; xi. 7. † 20. Acts xvi. 3; xviii. 18; 14. 24.

ois ωs Ιουδαίος, ίνα Ιουδαίους κερδησω τοις

ύπο νομον ώς ύπο νομον, (μη ων αυτος ύπο ander law as under law, (not being myself under

νομον,) ένα τους ύπο νομον καρδησω. 21 τοις law,) that those under law I might gain; to those

ανομοις ως ανομος, (μη ων ανομος θεφ, αλλ' without law as without law, (not being without law to God but

εννομος Χριστω,) ένα κερδησω ανομους·
within law to Anointed.) that I might gain lawless ones;

 22 egenound to is as denestin * [ω s] as dens, in a locame to the weak [as] weak that

τους ασθενεις κερδησω. τοις πασι γεγονα τα the weak ones I might gain; to thom all I have become too

παντα, iνα παντως τινας σωσω. 23 Τουτο δε all things, that by all means some I may seve. This but

ποιω δια το ευαγγελιον, ίνα συγκοινωνος I do on account of the gantidings, that a co-partner

αυτου γενωμαι. ²⁴ Οικ οιδανε, ότι ο΄ εν σταofit I may become. Not know you, that those in second

διφ τρεχοντες, παντες μεν τσεχουσιν, είς δε course running, all indeed run, ea. but

λαμβανει το βραθείον; Cύτω τρεχετε, γνα receives the petack Thus runyou, that

καταλαβητε. 25 Πας τε δ αγων:ζομενος, παντα you may obtain. Ετις σασώντειο contending, all things

εγκρατενεται» εκκινοι μεν ουν, ίνα φθαστον possesses self-control; they indeed thereon, that a perishable στεφανον λαβισιν ήμεις δη αφθαρτον. Εξ Εγω

wreath they may receive; we but, an imperiabable. I

ΤΟΙΡΌΡ ΟὖΤω ΤΟΕΧω, ఏ5 ΟυΚ αδηλως οὖτω
therefore thus run, as not uncertainly thus

πυκτευω, ώς ουκ αερα δερω: ²⁷ αλλ' ύπωπιαζω I box, as not air beating; but I brow-beat

μου το σωμα και δουλαγωγω, μηπως αλλοις of me the body and lead it captive, lest possibly to others

κηρυξας, αυτος αδοκιμος γενωμαι.
having proclaimed, myself without proof should become.

I might gain the Jews; to THOSE UNDER Law, as under Law, (not being myself under Law,) that I might gain THOSE UN-DER Law;

21 to THOSE WITHOUT LAW, as without Law, (yet not being *without God's Law, but under Christ's law,) that I might gain THOSE WITHOUT LAW.

22 To the WEAK, I became weak, that I might gain the WEAK; \(\frac{1}{2}\) to them ALL I have become \(^*A\) things, that I might by all means \(\frac{1}{2}\) save \(^*S\) Some.

23 And I do *all things on account of the GLAD TIDINGS, that I may become a Joint-partaker of the same.

24 Do you not know, that THOSE RUNNING in a Race-course,—all indeed run, but one receives the PRIZE? ‡ Thus rur, that you may obtain.

25 ‡ And EVERY COM-BATANT is † temperate in all things;—then, indeed, that they mar receive †a Perishable Crown; but we, ‡ one Imperishable.

26 # therefore so run, as not uncertainty; I so strike, as not beating the Air;

27 ‡ but I severely discipline My BODY, ‡ and make it subservient; lest possibly, having proclaimed to Others, I myself should ‡ become one unapproved.

VATICAL MALUSCRIFT.—21. withou hod's law, but under Christ's law, that I might gain thosh without Law. 22. as—omit. 22. All things. 23. all things.

^{1 22.} Some important ASS, read pants, all instead of times, some, which reading is adopted by Paurof. It Left ld as agreeing better with chap. x. 33. † 23. Clarke thinks the lower many is one all didings, sho id be rendered here prize or record, which he says is frequently is meaning. † 25. The apostic here alludes to the course of training owhich each of the side among the Corinthians. The training regulated their diet, their hours of exercise and rest, the restraint of the passions, the kind of exercise, &c. † 25. The prown won by the victor, in the Olympian games was made of the wild olive; in the Pythica games, of laref, in the Numean games, of parsley; and in the Isthmian games, of the pine;—all of which, though evergreens, soon withered.

^{† 22. 1} Cor. x. 35. † 22. Rom. xi. 14. † 24. Gal. ii. 2; v. ?; Pnil. ii. 16; iii. 14. † 25. 2 Tim. iv. ?; Heb. xii. 1. † 25. 2 Tim. ii. 5 † 25. 2 Tim. iv. 1; James i. 12; 1 Pct. v. 3; Rev. ii. 10; iii. 11. † 27. Rom. viii 13; Col. iii. 5. † 27. Rom. vi. 18, 19. † 28. **Tim. vi. 18, 19. † 27. Rom. vii. 18, 19. † 28. **Tim. vi. 19. † 29. **Tim. v

KEΦ. 1. 10.

1 Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αγνοειν, αδελφοι, ότι οί Not I wish for you to beignorant, brethren, that the πατερες ήμων παντες ύπο την νεφελην ησαν, of us all under the cloud και παντες δια της θαλασσης διηλθον, 2 και all through the Sea and passed, παντες εις τον Μωυσην εβαπτισαντο εν τη into the Moses in the were dipped sepany και εν τη θαλασση, 3 και παντες το and in the and the κυτο βρωμα πνευματικον εφαγον, 4 και παντες food spiritual did eat, 3.nd αυτο πομα πνευματικον (επινον ETTIOV' the same drink spiritual did drink; (they drank ναρ εκ πνευματικής ακολουθούσης πετρας ή for from arock; the spintual following πετρα ην δ Χριστος.) 5 αλλ' ουκ εν τοις rock was the Anointed;) but not with the πλειοσιν αυτων ευδοκησεν ό θεος κατεστρωθηgreater number of them was well-pleased the God; they were laid prosσαν γαρ εν τη έρημφ. 6 Ταυτα δε τυποι ήμων trate for in the desert. These things but types ofus εγενηθησαν, εις το μη ειναι ήμας επιθυμητας were made, in order that not to be 13.8 lusters 7 Mnde κακων, καθως κακεινοι επεθυμησαν. even they ofevilthings, as lusted. Nor ειδωλολατραι γινεσθε, καθως τινες αυτων· ώς image-worshippers become you, some 3.5 γεγραπται Εκαθισεν ό λαος φαγειν και πιειν, it has been written; Sat down the people to eat and to drink και ανεστησαν παιζειν. 8 Μηδε πορνευωμεν, Nor should we for uicate, stood up to sport. and καθως τινές αυτών επορνευσαν, και επέσον εν some of them fornicated, and fell 9 Μηδε εκπειμια ήμερα εικοτιτρεις χιλιαδες. twenty-three thousands. Nor should * [Kal] ραζωμέν τον Χριστον, καθως TIVES Tre tempt the Anointea, 3.8 [also] some αυτων επειρασαν, και ύπο των οφεων απωand by of them tempted, 2he aerpents were 10 Μηδε γογγυζετε, καθως *[και] τινες λουτο. murmuryou, as [alvo] some destroyed.

CHAPTER X.

1 For I wish you not to be ignorant, Brethren. That our FATHERS were all under the CLOUD, and all passed through Ithe SEA;

2 and that all were immersed into Moses in the CLOUD and in the SEA:

3 and that all ate 1the SAME † spiritual Food,

4 and all drank the SAME spiritual Drink; for they drank [water] from a Spiritual Rock which followed them; (but the ROCK was the ANOINTED)

5 With the MOST of them, however, God was not well-pleased; ! for they were laid prostrate in the DESERT.

6 Now these things were made | Types for us, in order that we might not be Cravers after Evil things, teven as then craved.

7 Nor become you Image worshippers, some of them; as it has been written, t"The PEO-'PLE † sat down to eat "and drink, and stood up "to dance "

8 Nor should we practice fornication as some of them committed it, tand fell in One Day twentythree thousand.

9 Nor should we tempt *the LORD, tas some of them tempted him, and weredestroyed by theser-PENTS.

10 Neithermurmuryou, tas some of them murσυτων εγογγυσαν, και απωλουτο ύπο του ολο-ofthem murmured, and were desiroged by the 'des-troyed by the DESTROYER.

ofthem

VATICAN MANUSCRIET .- 9. the LOBD.

^{9.} also-omit.

^{10.} also-omit.

^{† 8.} Or perhaps to be used in the sense of typical. See Rev. xi. 8. † 6. A type, figure, pattern, or example. The same phrase occurs, 1 Pet. v. 3. † 7. In ancient times the Hebrews always sat at meat, Gen. xliii, 33. It was in later times only, that, in compliance with the manners of the Greeks and Romans, they lay on couches at their meals,-Macknight.

^{1 1.} Exod. xii. 21; xl. 34-38 &c. 1 1. Exod. xiv. 22; Num. xxxiii. 8, &c. 1 2. Exod. xvi. 15, S5. 1 4. Exod. xvii. 6. 1 5. Num. xiv. 29, 32, 35; xxvi. 64, 65; Psa. cvi. 26; Heb. iii. 17; Jude 5. 1 6. Num. xi. 4, 35, 34; Psa. cvi. 14. 1 7. Exod. xxvii. 6. 1 8. Num. xxv. 1, 9; Psa. cvi. 20. 1 9. Exod. xvii. 2, 7, Num. xxi. 4-6 1 10. Exod. xvi. 2; xvii. 2; Num. xiv. 2, 20; xvi. 41.

11 Ταυτα δε παντα τυποι συνεβαιθοευτου. These things and all troyer. types happened νον εκεινοις εγραφη δε προς νουθεσιαν ήμων was written and for admonition of us, to them; ούς τα τελη $\tau\omega\nu$ αιωνων κατηντησεν. on whom the ends of the agea

12 'Ωστε δ δοκων έστανει, βλεπετω MM So that the one thinking to have stood, let him take care lest 13 Πειρασμος ύμας ουκ ειληφεν ει μη A temptation you not has taken if not he should fall. authownivos π iotos de des, ξ our eagel belonging to man, saithful but the God, who not will permit ύμας πειρασθηναι ύπερ ὁ δυνασθε, αλλα ποιηyou to be tempted above what you are able, but σει συν τω πειρασμώ και την εκβασιν, του make with the temptation also the way out. that make with the temptation also way out, that

 Δ ιοπερ, αγαπητοι μου, φευγετε απο της Wherefore, heloved ones of me, flee you from the ειδωλολατρειας. 15 'Ως φρονιμοις λεγω, κρι-

image-worship. As towise men I speak, judge

νατε ύμεις δ φημι. ¹⁶Το ποτηριον της ευλογιας you what I say. The cup of the blessing

δ ευλογουμεν, ουχι κοινωνια του αίματος του which we bless, not a participation of the blood of the

Χριστου εστι; τον αρτον δν κλωμεν, θυχι κοι- Amointed is it? the loaf which we break, not a par-

νωνια του σωματος του Χριστου εστιν; timpation of the body of the Anomated is it?

17 Ott eis apros, ev $\sigma\omega\mu\alpha$ of $\pi\circ\lambda$ ot $\epsilon\sigma\iota\epsilon\nu$ of Because one loaf, one body the many we are; these

 $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\pi \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$ $\epsilon \kappa$ $\tau \sigma v$ $\dot{\epsilon} \nu \sigma s$ $\alpha \rho \tau \sigma v$ $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \chi \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$.

for all from of the one loaf partake.

18 Βλεπετε τον Ισραηλ κατα σαρκα· ουχι οί See you the Israel according to flesh; not those

εσθιοντες τας θυσιας κοινωνοι του θυσιαστηeating the sacrifices partakers of the altar

ριου εισι; 19 Τι ουν φημι; ότι ειδωλον τι are? Why then do I say? because an idol anything

 $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$; η $\delta \tau \iota$ $\epsilon \iota \delta \omega \lambda \circ \theta \upsilon \tau \circ \nu$ $\tau \iota$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$; 20 $A \lambda \lambda$, 15? or because an idol sacrifice anything is? But,

ότι ά θυει τα εθνη, δαιμονιοις θυει, και ου because whatsaerifice the Gentiles, to demonsthey saerifice, and not $\theta \in \omega$. Ου $\theta \in \lambda \omega$ δε ύμας κοινωνους των δαιμονιων

to God; not I wish and you partners of the demons

11 *But these things occurred to them typically, and ‡ were written for our Admonition, on whom the ENDS of the AGES *have come.

12 Wherefore, \$\frac{1}{2} \text{let him} who is thinking that he has stood, take care lest he

Iall.

13 No Trial has assailed You except what belongs to Man; and God is faithful, twho will not permit you to be tried beyond your ability; but with the TRIAL, will also direct the ISSUE, that you may be able to bear it.

14 Wherefore, my Beloved, ‡flee away from

1MAGE-WORSHIP.

15 I am speaking as to wise men; judge gou what I say.

16 ‡ The CUP of BLESS-ING, for which we bless God,—is it not a Partiel-pation of the BLOOD of the ANOINTED one? ‡ The LOAF which we break,—is it not a Partielpation of the BODY of the ANOINTED one?

17 Because there is One Loaf, twe, the Many, are One Body; for we all partake of the One Loaf.

18 Look at ISRAEL according to the Flesh; are not Those twho EAT the SACRIFICES Partakers with the ALTAR?

19 Why then do I affirm this? Because *what is sacrificed to an image is anything, or Because ‡ar Image is anything?

20 No; but Because what * they sacrifice, they sacrifice to Demons, and not to God; and I do not wish you to become Associates of the DEMONS.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—11. But these things occurred to them typically.

11. have come.
10. what is sacrificed to an image is anything, or Because an Image is anything?

20. they sacrifice, they.

^{† 11.} Rom. xiv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 10. † 12. Rom. xi. 20. † 13. 2 Pet. ii. 9† 14. verse 7; 2 Cor. vi. 17; 1 John v. 21. † 16. Matt. xxvi. 20—25. † 16. Acts ii.
42; 1 Cor. xii. 23, 24. † 17. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 27. † 18. Lev. iii. 8; vii. 15,
† 19. 1 Cor. viii. 4. † 20. Lev. xvii. 7; 1 Deut. xxxii. 17; 1 Psa. cvi. 87.

γινεσθαι. ²¹ Ου δυνασθε ποτηριον κυριου πινειν to hecome. Not you are able a cup of Lord to drink

και ποτηριον δαιμονιων ου δυνασθε τραπεζης and a cup of demons; not you are able a table

κυριου μετεχειν και τραπεζης δαιμονιων. 22 H of Lord to partake and a table of demons. Or

παοα (ηλουμεν τον κυριον; μη ισχυροτεροι do we provoke to jealousy the Lord? not stronger

αυτου $\epsilon \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$; ²³ Παντα $\epsilon \zeta \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$, αλλ' ου παντα of him we are? All things it is lawful, but not all things

συμφερει παντα εξεστιν, αλλ' ου παντα οικοare beneficial; all things it is lawful but not all things builds

 $\delta c \mu \epsilon \iota$. 24 Μηδεις το έαυτου ζητειτω, αλλα το up. No one that of himself let him seek, but that

του έτερου. 25 Παν το εν μακελλ φ πωλουμεοι the other. Every thing that in market is being aud

νον εσθιετε, μηδεν ανακρινοντες, δια την entyou, not asking questions, on account of the

 $\sigma υν \epsilon \iota \delta \eta \sigma \iota v$ ²⁶ του γαρ κυριου γη και το πληconscience; of the for Lord the earth and the fulness

ρωμα αυτης. ²⁷ Ει *[δε] τις καλει ύμας των ofher. If [but] any one inv.: e. you the

απιστων, και θελετε πορευεσθαι, παν το vubelieving, and you wish to go, everything that

παρατιθεμένον ύμιν εσθιέτε, μηδέν ανακρινον-10 being presented to you eatyou, not asking questions,

auες, δια την συνειδησιν. ²⁵ Εαν δε τις ὑμιν οn account of the conscience. In brit anyone to you

δησιν. 29 Συνειδησιν δε λεγω, συχι την έαυaccence. Conscience now I say, not that of thy

36 Ει εγω χαριτι μετεχω, τι βλασφημουμαι
16 1 by favor partake, why am I blamed

 \dot{v} περ ο \dot{v} εγω ενχαριστω; 31 Ειτε ουν εσθίεσου αccount of which 12 give thanks? Whether then you

 $au\epsilon$, ϵ : $au\epsilon$ au: au:

21 ‡ You cannot drink the Lord's Cup, and ‡ the Cup of Demons; you cannot partake of the Lord's Table, and the Table of Demons.

22 Do we provoke the Lord to jealousy? Are we

stronger than he?

23 ‡"All things are allowed."—But all things are not beneficial. "All things are allowed."—But all things do not edify.

24 TLet no one seek HIS OWN, but that of

ANOTHER.

25 ‡Eat EVERYTHING which is sold in the Market, asking no questions on account of conscience;

26 for t"the EARTH is "the LORD's, and the FUL-"NESS of it."

27 If any UNBELLEVER invite you, and you wish to go, ‡ eat EVERTHING which is PRESENTED to you, asking no questions on account of conscience.

28 But if any one should say to you, "This is *an IDOL-SACRIFICE;" do not eat, ‡ on account of HIM who INFORMED you, and CONSCIENCE.

29 Now, I say Conscience, not that of the ownself, but that of the other. ‡"But why is my freedom judged by the Conscience of Another?

30 If I partake with Gratitude, why am I defamed on account of that I for which I give thanks?"

31 ‡ Therefore, whether you eat, or whether you drink, or do anything, do All for the Glory of God.

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. offered in sacrifice.

^{† 21 2} Cor. vi. 15, 16. † 21. Deut. xxxii. 38. † 23. 1 Cor vi. 12. † 24. Rom xv. 1, 2; v. 33; 1 Cor. xiii 5; Phil. 11. 4, 21. † 25. I Tim. iv. 4. † 26. Exod xxx. 5; Deut. x. 14; Psa. xxiv 1; 1 12. † 27. Luke x. 7. † 28. 1 Cor. viii. 16, 12. † 29. Rom. xiv. 16. † 30. Rom xiv 6; 1 Tim. iv. 3, 4. † 31. Col. 11. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 11.

δοξαν θεου ποιειτε. 32 Απροσκοποι γινεσθε και g.ory of God do you. Not causes of stumbling become you both I ov δαιοις και Έλλησι και τη εκκλησια του to Jews and Greeks and to the congregation of the θεου 33 καθως καγω παντα πασιν αρεσκω, μη God; even as also I all things all men please, not $^{(7)}$ των το εμαυτου συμφερον, αλλα το των πολeeking that of myself being profitable, but that of the many, λων, ένα σωθωσι.

that they may be saved.

ΚΕΦ. ια'. 11.

1 Μιμηται μου γινεσθε, καθως καγω Χριστου. Imitators of me become you, even as also I of Accounted. ² Επαινω δε ύμας, *[αδελφοι,] δτι παντα μου I praise and you, [brethren,] because all things of me μεμνησθε, καθως παρεδωκα ύμιν τας και you have remembered, and I delivered to you the 88 1. ραδοσεις κατεχετε. 3 Θελω δε ύμας traditions you retain. ειδε-I wish but you to have knowyou retain. ναι, δτι παντος ανδρος ή κεφαλη δ Χριστος man the head the Anointed ledge, that ofevery εστι κεφαλη δε γυναικος, δ ανηρ κεφαλη δε but of woman, the man; head 4 Πας ανηρ προσευχομενος η Χριστου, δ θεος. of Anointed, the God. Every man praying προφητευων κατα κεφαλης εχων, καταισχυνει Lead having, prophesying upon 5 Πασα δε γυνη προσευτην κεφαλην αύτου. Every but woman head of himself. the praying χομενη η προφητευουσα ανατακαλυπτφ τη prophesying uncovered with the or κεφαλη, καταισχυνει την κεφαλην έαυτης έν of herself; one disgraces the head τρ εστι και το αυτο τη εξυρημενη. 6 E1 and the same with the having been shaven. at is ρου κατακαλυπτεται γυνη, και κειρασθω ει

for not is covered a woman, also lether hair be cut off, if αισχρον γυναικι το κειρασθαι η ξυρασθαι, με a disgrace to a woman the hair to be cut off or to be shaven a ακαλυπτεπθω. 7 Ανηρ μεν γαρ ουκ οφειλεί

κα ακαλυπτεπθω. ⁷ Ανηρ μεν γαρ ουκ οφειλει let her be covered. A man indeed for not it is fitting

κατακαλυπτεσθαι την κεφαλην, εικων και δοξα to be covered the head, alikeness and glory θεου ύπαρχων γυνη δε δοξα ανδρος εστιν of God being; a woman but glory of a man is; boy γαρ εστιν ανηρ εκ γυναικος, αλλα γυνη εξ not for is man from woman, but woman from

32 ‡ Be you inoffensive both to Jews and Greeks, and ‡ to the CHURCH of GoD;

33 even as ‡ also please all men in all things, not seeking MY OWN Advantage, but THAT of the MANY, so that they may be saved.

CHAPTER XI.

- 1 Become ‡ Imitators of me, even as # also am of Christ.
- 2 And, Brethren, I praise you, ‡ Because you have remembered all My [instructions,] and retain the OBSERVANCES as I delivered them to you.
- 3 But I wish you to know, †That the Anoin-TED is HEAD of Every Man; and the †Head of Woman, the Man; and †the Head of the Anointed, God.
- 4 Every Man praying or prophesying, having his Head covered, disgraces his HEAD;
- 5 but Every Woman praying or prophesying with her HEAD uncovered, disgraces her HEAD; for its just the same as if it were SHAYEN.
- 6 For if a Woman be unveiled, * let her hair also be cut off or shaven; but if it is 1 Disgraceful to a Woman to have her HAIR CUT OFF, or to be shaven, let her be veiled.
- 7 Now a Man, indeed, ought not to cover the NEAD, he being God's Glorious Likeness; but Woman is Man's Glory;

for Man is not from Woman, but Woman from Man;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-2. brethren-omit. shaven.

^{6.} let her hair also be cut off of

^{† 32.} Rom. xiv. 13; 1 Cor. viii. 15; 2 Cor. vi. 3.

† 33. Rom. xv 2; 1 Cor. ix. 19, 22.

† 1. 1 Cor. iv. 16; Eph. v. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 9.

† 2. 1 Cor. iv. 17.

† 3. Eph. v. 23.

† 3. Gen iii. 16, 1

**Tom. ii. 1, 12; 1 Pet. iii. 1, 5, 6.

† 3. John xiv. 28; 1 Cor. iii. 23; xv. 27, 23; Phil. ii. 7-9

† 6. Num. v. 18; Deut xxii. 5.

avopes. 9 και γαρ ουκ εκτισθη ανηρ δια την man; even for not was created man on account of the

γυναικα, αλλα γυνη δια τον ανδρα. 10 Δια woman, but woman on account of the man. On account of

τουτο οπειλει ή γυνη εξουσιαν εχειν επι της this it is fitting the woman authority to have on the

κεφαληs, δια τους αγγελουs. Πλην head, on account of the messengers. But

ουτε γυνη χωρις ανδρος, ουτε ανηρ χωρις γυναιneither woman without man, nor man without woman,

κος, εν κυριφ. 12 Ωσπερ γαρ ή γυνη εκ του for the woman from the

ανδρος, ούτω και ό ανηρ δια της γυναικος τα man. so also the usen through the woman; the

νατε· τρεπον εστι γυναικα ακατακαλυπτον τφ you; becoming is it a woman uncovered to the

διδασκει ύμας, ότι ανηρ μεν εαν κομα, teaches you, that a man indeed if he should wearlong hair,

ατιμια αυτφ εστι; 15 Γυνη δε εαν κομα, adisgrace to him itis? A woman and if she should wearlong hair,

δοξα αυτή εστιν; ότι ἡ κομή αντι περιβολαίου n glury to her it is? because the hair instead of a covering

δεδοται αυτη. 16 Ει δε τις δοκει φιλονεικος has been given to her. If but any one thinks contentions

ειναι, ημεις τοιαυτην συνηθειαν ουκ εχυρών, to be, we such like custom no.

oude at ekknhotat tou head. It touss be not the congregations of the God. The but

παραγγελλω. ουκ επαινω, ότι ουκ εις το κριετannouncing not I praise, because not for the better,

τον, αλλ' εις το ηττον συνερχεσθε. 18 Πρωτον but for the worse you come together. First

μεν γαρ, συνερχομενον ύμων εν εκκλησια, in language for, being come together of you in an assembly,

εκουω σχισματα εν ύμιν ύπαρχειν και μερος

τι πιστευω. 19 δει γαρ και αίρεσεις εν certain I believe; it is necessary for also heresies among

9 ‡ for Man also was not created for the woman, but Woman for the MAN.

10 Therefore the wo-MAN ought ‡ to have † Authority on the HEAD, on account of the ANGELS.

11 However, Ineither is Woman without Man, nor Man without Woman

in the Lord.

12 For as the WOMAN is from the MAN, so also the MAN is by the WOMAN; ‡ but ALL things are from God.

13 Judge for Your sclves; is it becoming for a Woman to pray to Gob.

unveiled?

14 Does not NATURE herself teach you, That if a Man indeed should wear long Hair, it is a disgrace to him?

15 but if a Woman should wear long Hair, it is a Glory to her; Because her hair has been given to her instead of a Veil.

16 If, however, ‡any one is disposed to be contentious, ‡ine have no Such Custom, neither have the CONGREGATIONS of GOD.

17 But in noticing this matter, That you come together not for the BETTER but the WORSE, I do not praise you.

18 For indeed, in the first place, I hear that, on your coming together in the ASSEMBLY, there are Divisions among you; and, as to a certain part I believe it;

19 ‡ for it is necessary that there should be Factions among you, ‡ so that

^{† 10.} Benson, gives it as his opinion, that because the Hebrew word radid, (which comes from the word radid, to have power,) signifies a veil, the apostle uses the word exousia, cuthority, to denote a veil, because the Hebrew women veiled themselves in presence of the men, in token of their being under their power or authority. The veil used by the Eastern women was so large as to cover a great part of their body. Ruth's veil held six measures of barley. Ruth iii. 15. A veil of this sort, called a plaid, was worn not long ago by the women of Scotland.—Macknight. Power seems to have been the name of the head-dress; so called, perhaps, because, like a diadem or turban, it was sometimes a mark of rank.—Sharpe.

^{19.} Gen. ii, 18, 21, 23. 10. Gen. xxiv. 65. 11. Gal. iii, 28. 12. Rom. xl. 36, 10. 1 Tim. vi. 4. 10-1 Cor vii, 17; xiv. 33. 19. Matt. xviii. 4; Luke xvii. 2; Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. vv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1, 2. 119. Luke ii. 35; 1 John ii. 19.

εκαι διαιρεσεις ενεργημακαι δ αι τος κυριος. and the same ofinworkings Lord; and varieties των εισιν, ό δε αυτος θεος, ό ενεργων τα παντα are, thebut same God, who is working the allthings εν πασιν. 7 Έκαστφ δε διδοται ή φανερωσις To each one but is given the manifestation του πνευματος προς το συμφερον· 8 ω μεν γαρ for the to oneindeed for benefit; ofthe apirit δια του πνευματος διδοται λογος σοφιας, spirit through the a word of wisdom, is given αλλω δε λογος γνωπεως, κατα το αυτο πνευto another and a word of knowledge, according to the same spirit; μα· ⁹ ετερφ δε πιστις, εν τφ αυτφ πνευμα**τι·** to another and faith. by the same αλλφ δε χαρισματα ιαματων, εν τφ αυτφ πνευto another and gracious gifts of cures, by the same spirit; ματι· 10 αλλφ δε ενεργηματα δυναμεων, αλλφ of powers, to another to another and inworkings ξε προφητεία, αλλώ δε διακριέσεις πνευματών, and prophecy, to another and discernings of spirits, έτερω δε γενη γλωσσων, *[αλλω δε €ົວແກ− to another and kinds oftongues, [to another and an interpretaνεια γλωσσων.] 11 Παντα δε ταυτα ενεργει of tongues. 7 All but these things works το έν και το αυτο πνευμα, διαιρουν ιδια έκασthat one and the same spirit, distributing particularly to each 12 Καθαπερ γαρ το σωμα τω καθως βουλεται.

one as it wills. Just as for the body

έν εστι, και μελη εχει πολλα, παντα δε τα

one is, and members has many, all but the

μελη του σωματος *[του ένος,] ποιλα οντα,
members of the body [of the one,] many being,

έν εστι σωμα οὐτω και δ Χριστος, 13 Και

έν εστι σωμα ούτω και δ Χριστος. ¹³ Και one is body; thus also the Anointed. Even γαρ εν ένι πνευματι ήμεις παντες εις έν σωμα for in one spirit we all into one body

εβαπτισθημεν· ειτε Ιουδαιοι, ειτε Έλληνες, were dipped; whether Jews, or Greeks,

ειτε δουλοι, ειτε ελευθεροι και παντεs *[ειs] whether slaves, or freemen; and all

 $\epsilon \nu$ πνευμα εποτισθημεν. 14 Και γαρ το σωμα one spirit were made to drink. Also for the body

ουκ εστιν έν μελος, αλλα πολλα. 15 Εαν ειπη not is one member, but many. If shouldsay

6 and there are Varieties of Workings, ‡ and * the SAME God is HE who WORKS ALL things among all.

7 ‡ And to each is given the MANIFESTATION of the SPIRIT for the BENE-FIT of all.

8 For to one is given, through the SPIRIT, ‡ a Word of Wisdom; and to another, ‡ a Word of Knowledge, according to the SAME Spirit;

9 and to another, ‡ Faith by the SAME Spirit; and to another, ‡ Gifts of Cures by the * SAME Spirit.

10 And to another, toperations of Mighty works; and to another, there, to include the property; and to another, Different Languages; and to another, therepretation of Languages.

11 But All these things performs the ONE and the SAME Spirit, distributing to each in particular as it will.

12 ‡ For just as the BODY is one, and has many Members, but All the MEMBERS of the BODY, being many, are One Body; so also the Anointed.

13 For, indeed, by One Spirit twe were all immersed into One Body.—whether tJews or Greeks, whether Slaves or Freemen; and twere all made to drink One Spirit.

14 For the BODY also is not One Member, but many.

15 If the FOOT should

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—6. and the SAME God is HE. and to another, Interpretation of Languages—omit. into-omit.

^{9.} the ONE Spirit. 10.
12. of the one—omit. 13.

^{† 6.} Eph. i. 23. † 7. Rom. xii. 6—8; 1 Cor. xiv. 26; Eph. iv. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 10, 11, 13, 1 Cor. ii. 6, 7; † 8. 1 Cor. i. 5; xiii. 2; 2 Cor. viii. 7. † 9. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 10. Rom. xii. 6. † 12. Rom. xii. 4, 5; Eph. iv. 4, 16. † 13. Rom. vii. 4, 5, 13. Gal. iii. 28; Eph. ii. 13, 14, 16; Col. iii. 11. † 13. John vi. 63; vii. 37—39

δ πους. Οτι ουκ ειμι χειρ, ουκ ειμι εκ του the foot, Because not I am a hand, not I am from of the

σωματος· ου πορα τουτο ουκ εστιν εκ του σωnot from is it from of the body? thia nut

ματος: 16 Και εαν ειπη το ους. 'Οτι ουκ ειμι And if should say the ear; Because not

οφθαλμος, ουκ ειμι εκ του σωματος ου παρα not I am from of the budy; not

17 E TOUTO OUK ETTIV €K TOU σωματος; is it from of the

όλον το σωμα οφθαλμος, που $\mathring{\eta}$ ακοη; ει όλον whole the hody an eye, where the hearing? if whole

ακοη, που ή οσφρησις; 18 Νυνι δε δ θεος εθετο hearing, where the smell? Now but the God placed

τα μελη, έν έκαστον αυτων εν τω σωματι, each of them in the

19 Ειδε ην τα παντα έν μεκαθως ηθελησεν. If but was the he would. all one mem-

λος, που το σωμα; 20 Νυν δε πολλα μεν μελη, ber, where the body? Now but many indeed membera,

21 Ου δυναται δ οφθαλμος ειπειν έν δε σωμα. one but budy. eye is able the

τη χειρι. Χρειαν σου ουκ εχω. η παλιν ή Need of thee not I have; or to the hand;

κεφαλη τοις ποσι Χρειαν ύμων ουκ εχω. head to the feet; Need ofyou not I have.

²² Αλλα πολλφ μολλον τα δοκουντα μελη του more the accuring members of the

σωματος ασθενεστερα ύπαρχειν, αναγκαια εστι more feeble to be, necessary

²³ και ά δοκουμεν ατιμοτερα ειναι του σωματος, and those we think less hoporable to be of the

τουτοις τιμην περισποτεραν περιπιθεμεν και τα to these honor more abundant we place around; and the

ασχημονα ήμων ευσχημοσυνην περισσοτεραν uncomely parts of us coweh ness more abundant

 $\epsilon \chi \epsilon l^{\circ} \stackrel{24}{\sim} \tau \alpha$ $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \nu \sigma \chi \eta \mu o \nu \alpha \dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$, or $\chi \rho \epsilon l \alpha \nu \epsilon \chi \epsilon l$.

has, the but comely parts of us, no need has.

Αλλ' δ θεος συνεκερασε το σωμα, τφ ύστερουν-But the God combined the body, to the part being in-

τι περισσοτεραν δους τιμην, 25 ένα μη e: that not may be ferior mure abundant having given honor,

ὑπ∈ρ σχισμα εν τω σωματι, αλλα το αυτο divisions in the same on behalf but the

25 Kat 6176 αλληλων μεριμνωσι τα μελη. weach other may beconcerned the members. And whether

say-"Because I am not a Hand, I am no part of the BODY,"—is it for this not of the BUDY?

16 And if the EAR should say, "Because I am not an Eye, I am not of the Body,"—is it for this not of the BODY?

17 If the Whole BODY were an Eye, where is the the HEARING? If the Whole were Hearing, where is the SMELL?

18 But now, # God has placed the MEMBERS, each One of them in the BODY,

tas he would.

19 And if the WHOLE were One Member, where is the BODY?

20 But now, indeed, there are Many Members, but One Body.

21 The EYE is not able to say to the HAND, "I have no Need of thee;" or again, the HEAD to the FEET, "I have no need of you."

22 But much more ne. cessary are those MEM-BERS of the BODY which are THOUGHT to be more feeble;

23 and those parts of the BODY which we esteem to be less honorable, around them we throw more abundant Honor. and our uncomery parts have more abundant Comeliness:

24 but our COMELS parts have no Need. Goo, however, put together the BODY, having given *somewhat more abundantly to THAT part which was LACKING,

25 so that there may be no Division in the BODY, but that the MEW-BERS may be concerned LQUALLY for each other:

26 and whether One

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-24. somewhat more abundantly to THAT which WAS LACK-ING.

^{1 18.} verse 28. 1 18. Rom. xii. 3; 1 Cor. iii. 5; verse 11.

πασχει εν μελος, συμπασχει παντα τα μελη· all the members; suffers one member, suffers with ειτε δοξαζεται έν μελος, συγχαιρει παντα τα or is glorified one member, rejoices with all the Υου but are a body of Anointed, and μελη. 28 Και ούς μεν εθετο ὁ θεος μελη εκ μερους. members from parts. And these indeed placed the God εν τη εκκλησια πρωτον αποστολους, δευτερον in the congregation first apostles, προφητας, τριτον διδασκαλους, επειτα δυναafter that powprophets, third teachers, αντιληψεις, MEIS. ειτα χαρισματα ιαματων, of cures, gracious gifts helpers, ers, 29 Mη παντες, κυβερνησεις, γενη γλωσσων. kinds directors. of tongues. αποστολοι: μη παντές, προφηται; μη παντές, prophets? not all, not all, διδασκαλοι: Μη παντες, δυναμεις: 30 Μη πανpowers? Not Not all. τες, χαρισματα εχουσιν ιαματων; μη παντες, gracious gifts have of cures? not γλωσσαις λαλουσι; μη παντές διερμηνευουσι; speak? not all with tongues 31 Ζηλουτε δε τα χαρισματα τα κρειττονα.
You earnestly desire but the gracious gifts those better. Και ετι καθ' ύπερβολην όδον ύμιν δεικνυμι. way to you I point out. a more excellent ΚΕΦ. ιγ'. 13. ¹ Eav ταις γλωσσαις $\tau\omega\nu$ lf with the tongues of the ανθρωπων λαλω και των αγγελων, αγαπην δε I speak and of the messengers, love μη εχω, γεγονα χαλκος ηχων η κυμβαλον η ι have, I have become brase sounding or scymbal 2 Και εαν εχω προφητειαν, και αλαλαζον. if I have prophecy, And noisy. ειδω τα μυστηρια παντα και πασαν την γνωσιν, the knowledge, all and all secrets και εαν εχω πασαν την πιστιν, ώστε all I have the faith, so that mountains μεθιστανείν, αγαπην δε μη εχω, ουδεν είμι. but not have, nothing love 3 Και εαν ψωμισω παντα τα υπαρχοντα μου, the of me, all possessions I bestow και εαν παραδω το σωμα μου ίνα κατθησωμαι, and if I should give the body of me so that it should be burned, 4 'H αγαπην δε μη εχω, ουδεν ωφελουμαι.

αγαπη μακροθυμει, χρηστευεται ή αγαπη ου

suffers long,

[the love]

envies;

is gentle;

Member suffer, All the sympathize; MEMBERS or, whether *One Member is glorified, All the MEMBERS rejoice with it.

27 Now 1 pou are a Body of Christ, ‡ and

Members in part.

28 And those whom # God placed in the con-GREGATION, are first ‡Apostles; second, ‡ Prophets; third, Teachers; next, ‡ Powers; then, # Gifts of Cures; # Assistants; ‡ Directors; different Languages.

29 All are not Apostles; all are not Prophets; all are not Teachers; all are

not Powers;

30 all have not Gifts of Cures: all do not speak in different Languages; all do not interpret.

31 # But you earnestly desire the *MORE EMI.
NENT GIFTS; and yet a much more Excellent Way I point out to you.

CHAPTER XIII.

l If I should speak in the LANGUAGES of MEN and of ANGELS, but have not Love, I have become sounding Brass or a noisy Cymbal.

2 And if I have † Prophecy, and know all SECULTS and All KNOWLEDGE, and if I have All Faith, so as to remove Mountains, but have not Love, I am noth-

3 # If I distribute all my Possessions in feeding the poor, and if I deliver up my BODY to be burned, but have not Love, I am profited noth-

4 # Love suffers long not. and is kind. Love does not envy. Love is not (ηλοι· *[ή αγαπη] ου περπερευεται, ου φυσιnot envy. Love is hoastful, not is puffed up;

* VAT. MANUSCRIPT.-26. a Member be. 31. MORR EMINENT GIFTS. † 27. Rom. xii. 5; Eph. i. 23; iv. 12; v. 23, 30; Col. i. 24. † 27. Eph. v. 30. † 28. h. iv. 11. † 28. Eph. ii. 20; iii. 5. † 28. Acts xiii. 1; Rom. xii. 6. † 28. ses 10. † 28. verse 9. † 28. Num. xi. 17. † 28. Rom. xii. 8; 1 Tim. v. 17; bt. xiii. 17, 24. † 31. 1 Cor. xiv. 1, 39. † 2. 1 Cor. xii. S. -10, 28; xiv. 1, &c. See † 3. Matt. vii. 1, 2. † 4. Prov. x. 12; 1 Pet. iv. S. verse 10. 17. 24. Matt. vii. 22

the love

The

ουται, 5 ουκ ασχημονει, ου ζητει τα έαυτης, ου up. not acts unbecomingly, not seeks the things of herself, not

παροξυνεται, ου λογιζεται το κακον, 6 ου χαιρει is provoked to engefoot imputes the evil, not rejoices

ent $\tau\eta$ adikia, συγχαιρεί δε $\tau\eta$ aληθεία, τ πανin the iniquity, rejoices with but the truth, all things

τα στεγεί, παντα πιστευεί, παντα ελπιζεί, εovers, all things believes, all things hopes,

παντα υπομενει· 8 ή αγαπη ουδεποτε εκπιπτει· all things endures; the love not at any time falls off;

 $\begin{array}{lll} \epsilon_i \tau \epsilon & \delta \epsilon & \pi \rho o \phi \eta \tau \epsilon_i \alpha_i, & \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \rho \gamma \eta \theta \eta \sigma o \nu \tau \alpha_i, & \epsilon_i \tau \epsilon \\ \text{whether but} & \text{prophecies,} & \text{they will be done away;} & \text{whether} \end{array}$

γλωσσαι, παυσονται' ειτε γνωσις, καταργηθηtongues, they will cease; whether knowledge, it will be done

σεται, ⁹ Εκ μερους γαρ γινωσκομεν, και εκ away Prom parts for weknow, and from

μερους προφητευομέν. 10 όταν δε ελθη το parts when but may come the

τελειον, *[τοτε] το εκ μερούς καταργήθησεται. perfect, will be done away.

11 Ότε ημην νηπιος, ώς νηπιος ελαλουν, ώς When I was ababe, as a babe I opote, as νηπιος ελογιζομην ότε

a babe lincught, as a babo reasoned; since *[δε] γεγονα ανηρ, κατηργηκα τα του νηπιου.

[but] Therebecome aman, I have put away the things of the babe.

12 Βλεπομεν γαρ αρτι δι' εσοπτρου εν αινιγματι,

We see for now through a glass is an enigma,

τοτε δε προσωπον προς προσωπον αρτι γινωσthea but face to face; now ... I know

κω εκ μερους, τοτε δε επιγνωσομαί καθως και from ports, then but Ichall know fully even as also

επεγνωσθην. 13 Νυνι δε μενει πιστις, ελπις, fam fully known. Now tut abiles faith hope,

αγαπή, τα τρια ταυτα μειζων δε τουτων ή

αγαπη. ΚΕΦ. ιδ', 14, 1 Διωκετε την αγαlove. Pursue you the love;

πην δ ίλουτε δε τα πνευματικά, μάλλον δε eaucally desire but the apirituals, rather but

ένα προφητευητε. 2 'Ο γαρ λαλων γλωσση, that for one speaking with a tongue,

5 acts not unbecomingly; tseeks not *THAC which is not HER own; is not provoked to anger; does not impute evil;

6 1 rejoices not with iniquity, that rejoices

with the TRUTH;

7 covers all things; believes all things; hopes for all things; cudures all

things.

8 Love fails not at any time; hut if there be "Prophecyings," they will be done away; or if, "Languages," they will cease; or if, "Knowledge," it will be made useless.

9 For Partitively we know, and Partitively we

prophesy;

10 but when the PEB-FECT thing comes, THAT which is PARTITIVE will bo

done away.

11 When I was a Child, as a Child I talked; as a Child I thought; as a Child I reasoned; but when I became a Man, I put away the MANNERS of the CHILD.

12. For thow we sea through a f [dim] Glass obscurely; but then we shall see Face to Face. Now, I know Partitively, but then I shall know fully, even as also I have been fully known.

13 But now these THREE remain,—Faith, Hope, Love;—but of these the greatest is LOVE.

CHAPTER XIV.

1 Ardently pursue Love, and 1 be emulous of the spiritual gifts; 1 but rather that you may prophesy.

'Ο γαρ λαλων γλωσση, 2 For ite who is SPEAK-The for one speaking with a tongue, ING in a foreign Language,

10. then-omis.

^{*} VATICAN MARUSCRIPT,-5. THAT which is not HER OWN. 1. but-omit.

^{† 12.} The esoptron is to be understood of some of those transparent substances, which the ancients, in the then imperfect state of the arts, used in their windows; such as, thin plates of horn, transparent stone, ill-prepared glass, and such like: through which they saw, indeed, the objects without, but obscurely.—Bloomfield.

^{15. 1} Cor. x.24; Phil. ii. 4. 212. 2 Cor. iii. 18; v. 7; Phil. iii. 12. 2 10. 2 John 4. 2 11. 3 Cor. xii. 81. 2 12. 3 Cor. xii. 81. 2 13. 3 Cor. xii. 81.

our and rower speak, and $\tau \omega$ $\theta \epsilon \omega$ ouders $\gamma \alpha \rho$ is not speaking to Men, not to men speak, but to the God; no one for but to *God; for no one

ακουει, πνευματι δε λαλει μυστηρια 3 δ δε the but but he speaks mysteries; in spirit

προφητευων, ανθρωποις λαλει οικοδομην και speaks edification and one prophesying, tomen

παραμυθιαν. 4 'O λαλων παρακλησιν και The one speaking and consolation. exhortation

γλωσση, ξαυτον οικοδομει ό δε προφητευων, builds up; the but one prophesying, with a tongue, himself

5 Θ ∈ λω δ∈ παντας ὑμαςεκκλησιαν οικοδομει. a congregation builds up. I wish and all

λαλειν γλωσσαις, μαλλον δε ίνα προφηbut that you may lo speak with tongues, rather

τευντε μειζων γαρ δ προφητευων η δ λαλων propersy, greater for the one prophesying than the one speaking

γλωσσαις, εκτος ει μη διερμηνευη, ίνα ή εκκληunless if not he should interpret, so that the congrega-

σια οικοδομην λαβη. ⁶ Nuvi $\delta \epsilon$, $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o i$, $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ tion edification may receive. Now but, brethren,

προς ύμας γλωσσαις λαλων, τι ύμας $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega$ you with tongues speaking, what you I should come to ωφελησω, εαν μη ύμιν λαλησω η εν αποκαλυ-

if not to you I shall speak either in a revelation, ψει, η εν γνωσει, η εν προφητεια, η εν διδαχη; or in knowledge, or in a prophecy, or in teaching?

τα αψυχα φωνην διδοντα, ειτε αυ-7 Ouws Inlike manner the things without life a sound giving, whether

λος, ειτε κιθαρα, εαν διαστολην τοις φθονγοις μ**η** flute, or a harp, if a difference to the notes

πως γνωσθητεται το αυλουμενον η they should give, how shall be known that being played on flute or

το κιθαριζομενον; 8 Και γαρ εαν αδηλον φωνην that being played on ha.p? Also for if an uncertain sound

δφ, τις παρασκευασεται εις πολεa trumpet should give, who will prepare himself for battle?

μον: 9 Ούτω και ύμεις δια της γλωσσης εαν you through the tongue also

μη ευσημον λογον δωτε, πως γνωσθησεται το pot a well-marked word you give, how shall be known that

λαλουμενον, εσεσθε γαρ εις αερα λαλουντες.

10 Τοσαυτα, ει τυχοι, γενη φωνων εστιν εν κοσ-So many, if it may be, kinds of voices is in world,

μω, και ουδεν * [αυτων] αφωνον. 11 Εαν ουν and no oue [of them] unmeaning.

listens; but, by the Spirit, he is speaking Mysterious things.

3 He who is prophesy. ing, however, speaks to Men for Edification, and Exhortation, and Conso-

4 The SPEAKER in a foreign Language edifies Himself; but HE who PROPHESIES edifies the

Congregation.

5 I am willing, indeed, for you all to speak in difterent Languages, but rather that you should prophesy; for greater is HE who PROPHESIES, than HE Who SPEAKS in different Languages; unless, indeed, he should interpret, so that the CONGRE-GATION may receive Edifi-

6 And now, Brethren, if I should come to you speaking in various Languages, what shall I profit You, unless I shall speak to You intelligibly, either by ta "Revelation," or by a [word of] "Knowledge, or by a "Prophecy," or by a "Doctrine?"

7 In like manner, IN-ANIMATE THINGS giving a Sound, whether Flute or Harp, if they give no * Difference of Sound, how will the TUNE on the FLUTE or HARP be known?

8 For also, if a Trumpet should give an Uncertain Sound, who will prepare himself for Battle?

9 So even you by the TONGUE, if you do not give intelligible Speech, how shall it be known WHAT is SPOKEN? For you will be speaking to the Air.

10 It may be there are So many Kinds of Languages in the World, and If then no one is unmeaning;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. God.

^{7.} Difference of Sound.

μη είδω την δυναμιν της φωνης, εσομαι τω not I know the power of the voice, I shall be to the

λαλουντε βαρβαρος και δ λαλων, εν εμοι βαρens speaking a barbarian; and the one speaking, to me a bar-

βαρος. 12 Ούτω και ύμεις, επει ζηλωται εστε barran. So also you, since sealots you are

πνευματων, προς την οικαδομην ης εκκλησιας for spirits, for the building up of the congregation

ζητειτε ίνα περισσευητε. 13 Διοιτερ δ λαλων where that you may abound. Where the one speaking

γλωσση, προσευχεσθω ίνα διερμηνευη. in a tongue, let him pray that he may interpret.

γαρ προσευχωμαι γλωσση, το πνευμα μου for trial instangue, the opinit of me

προσευχεται, δ δε νους μου ακαρπος εστι. 15 Τι praye, the but mind of mo unfraitful ie. What

ουν εστι; Προσευξομαι τω πνευματι, προσευtheo is it? I will pray with the spirit, I will pray with the spirit, Γ

Formula $\delta \in \kappa a \iota \tau \phi$ you $\psi a \lambda \omega$ $\tau \phi$ pray but also with the understanding; I will sing praise with the

πνευματι ψαλω *[δε] και τω νοι.

 16 $E\pi\epsilon\iota$, ϵ un ϵ uloynons $\tau\eta$ π neumati, δ anathyothermie, if thou shouldst bless with the epirit, the one filling

ρων των τοπον του ιδιωτου πως ερει το αμην the place of the private person how shall say the robeit emi τη ση ευχαριστια; επείδη τι λεγεις ουν on the thy thanksgiving? since what thousayest act

οιδε. 17 Συ μεν γαρ καλως ευχαριστεις αλλ' be knows. Thousanded for well givest thanks; but

δ έτερος ουκ οικοδομειται. the other not is built up.

18 Ευχαριστω τω θεω, παντων ύμων μαλλον I give thanks to the God, all of you more

γλωσσαις, λαλων 19 αλλ' $\epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha$ $\theta \epsilon \lambda \omega$ with tongues, speaking; but in a congregation I wish

revre λογους δια του voos μου λαλησαι, įva five words through the understanding of moto have a poken, that

ται αλλους κατηχησω, η μυριους λιγους εν to others I may naturet, than a myriad words 'in

yhwoon. 20 Aderdot, $\mu\eta$ maidia γ iveode rais steams. Brethren, not ehildren become you in the

ρρεωιν αλλα τη κακια νηπιαζετε, ταις δε mind, but in the evil be you childlike, in the and

11 if, then I do not know the MEANING of the LANGUAGE, I shall be to the SPEAKER a Barbarian, and the SPEAKER will be a Barbarian to Me.

12 So also you, since you are Zealots for Spiritual gifts, seek them, that you may abound for the EDIFICATION of the CONGREGATION.

13 Wherefore, let the SPEAKER in a foreign. Language pray that he may interpret.

14 For if I pray in a foreign Language, my spirit prays, but my understanding is with-

out fruit.

15 How then is it? I will pray in the spirit, but I will pray also with the UNDERSTANDING; ‡ I will sing praise in the spirit, but I will sing praise also with ‡the UNDERSTANDING;

16 otherwise, if thou shouldst bless in the SPIRIT, how shall HE WHO FILLS the PLACE of the PRIVATE person say the "AMEN" to THY ! Thanksgiving; since he knows not what thou art saying.

17 For thou, indeed, givestthankswell, but the DTHER is not edified.

18 I give thanks to God, speaking in different Languages more than all of you;

19 yet, in a Congregation, I would rather speak Five Words through my UNDERSTANDING, so that I might also instruct Others, than Ten Thousand Words in a foreign

Language.
20 Brethren, † become
not Little Children in
THOUGHT; (in EVIL, however, be infantile;) but in
THOUGHT become fully

mature.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15, but-omit.

^{† 15.} Epb. v. 19; Col. iii. 16. † 15. Psa. xlvii. 7. † 16. 1 Cor. xi 24. † 20. Psa. exxxi. 2; Matt. xi. 25; xviii. 3; xix. 14; Rom. xvi. 16; 1 Cor. iii. 1; Epb. iv. 14; Heb. v. 12, 13; 1 Pet. ii. 2,

21 Εν τφ νομφ γεγφεσι τελειοι γινεσθε.

ands perfect ones become you. In the law it has ραπται. Ότι εν έτερογλωσσοις και εν χειλεσιν been written; That by other tongues and by έτεροις λαλησω τω λαω τουτω, και ουδ' ούτως others I will speak to the people this, and not even 22 'Ωστε αί εισακουσονται μου, λεγει κυριος. So that the will they listen to me, says Lord. γλωσσαι εις σημειος εισιν, ου τοις πιστευουtongues for a sign are, not to those σιν, αλλα τοις απιστοις ή δε προφητεια ου but to the unbeliever; the but prophesying 23 E av τοις απιστοις, αλλα τοις πιστευουσιν. but to those If to the unbelieving, believing. * $\lceil \sigma \upsilon \nu \rceil \epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ ή $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha \delta \lambda \eta \epsilon \pi \iota \tau \sigma$ therefore should come [together] the congregation whole to the αυτο, και παντες γλωσσαις λαλωσιν, εισελθωσι and all with tongues should speak, should come in λε ιδιωται, *[η απιστοι,] ουκ ερουσιν, δτι 24 Εαν δε παντες προφητευωσιν, μαινεσθε: you are mad? but all lf should prophesy, εισελθη δε τις απιστος, η ιδιωτης, ελεγχεται should come in and any one unbelieving, or unlearned, he is convinced ύπο παντων, ανακρινέται ύπο παντων, he is examined by all κρυπτα της καρδιας αυτου φανερα γινεται και secrets of the heart of him manifest become: and ούτω πεσων επι προσωπον προσκυνησει 700 he will worship the on a face θεω, απαγγελλων, ότι δ θεος οντως εν υμιν that the God really among you announcing, God, 26 Τι ουν εστιν, αδελφοι; 'Όταν συνερ-ECTI. Why then isit, brethren? When you may is. έκαστος *[ύμων] ψαλμον εχει, διδα- $\chi \eta \sigma \theta \epsilon$. some together, each one [ofyou] a psalm χην εχει, γλωσσαν εχει, αποκαλυψιν εχει, atongue has, a revelation εχει παντα προς οικοδομην γινεσέρμηνεια**ν** has; all things for building up let be an interpretation

 $\theta \omega$. 27 Ειτα γλωσση τις λαλει, κατα δυο, η

το πλειστον τρεις, και ανα μερος και εις διερ-

σιγατω εν εκκλησια. έαυτω δε λαλειτω και ht him be silent in congregation; to himself but let him speak and

but not may be

It with a touguesny one speaks,

11

done.

ILTVEVETW.

interpret.

21 In the LAW it has written, ‡ " With "Other Languages, and "with the Lips of others "I will speak to this "PEOPLE; and neither so will the listen to me, "says the Lord."

22 So that the LAN-GUAGES are for a Sign, not to the BELIEVERS, but to the UNBELIEVERS; the PROPHESYING, however, is not for the UN-BELIEVERS, but for the

BELIEVERS.

23 If, therefore, the whole CONGREGATION should come into ONE PLACE, and all should speak in foreign Languages, and there should come in illiterate persons or unbelievers, will they not say, ! That you are insane?

24 But if all should prophesy, and any unbe-lieving or illiterate person should enter, he is convinced by all, he is exam-

ined by all;

25 the SECRETS of his HEART become manifest: and so falling on his Face, he will worship God, announcing That God is really among you.

26 Why then is it, Brethren, when you assemble, each one has a Psalm-thas a Discourse * has a Revelation-has a Language—has an Inter-pretation? ‡ Let all things be done for Edification.

27 And if any one speak in a foreign Language, let it be by two, or at most three [scntences,] and in succession, and let one interpret;

28 but if there is no Interpreter, let him be silent in the Congregation; and let him speak to Himself and to GoD.

26.

28 Εαν δε μη η διερμηνευτης,

bу

two, or

ani nterpeter,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 23. together-omit. 23. or Unbelievers-omit. .fyou-omit. 26. has a Revelation, has a Language, has an Interpretation.

^{1 25.} Isa. xlv. 14, Zech. viii. 23 t 21. Jea. xxviii. 11, 12. 1 23. Acts ii. 13. 1 26. 1 Cor. xii. 17; 2 Cor. xii. 19; Eph iv 12

το θ ν. 29 Προφηται δε δυο η τρεις λαλει-Prophets but two or three let to the & ad. τωσαν, και οί αλλοι διακρινετωσαν· 30 εαν δε and the discern; if but others allo a mokalu $\phi \theta \eta$ ka $\theta \eta \mu \epsilon \nu \omega$, δ means of each to an albert may be revealed sitting by, the first let be

τω. 31 Δυνασθε γαρ καθ' ένα παντες προφητευsilent You are able for one by one all to prophesy,ειν, ενα παντες μανθανωσι, και παντες παρακαand may be may learn, all

λωνται $^{-32}$ και πνευματα προφητων προφηταις|and spirits ofprophets to prophets

υποτασσεται. 33 ου γαρ εστιν ακαταστασιας δ are subject; not for is of confusion the

0cos, $\alpha\lambda\lambda^2$ eirhyphs. ' Ω s ev masais tais ekk $\lambda\eta$ -God, but of peace. As in all the congre-

σιαις των άγιων, 34 αί γυναικες * [ύμων] εν gations of the saints, the women [of you] in ταις εκκλησιαις σιγατωσαν ου γαρ επιτετραπ-

the congregations let be silent; not for it has been ναι αυταις λαλειν, αλλ' ύποτασσεσθαι, καθως

permitted to them to speak, but to be submissive,

και δ νομος λεγει. ³⁵ Ει δε τι μαθειν θελουeven the law says. If and anything to learn they σιν, εν οικώ τους ιδιους ανδρας επερωτατωσαν

wish, In a house the own husbands let them ask; αισγρον γαρ εστι γυναιξιν εν εκκλησια λαan indecent thing for it is women in a congregation to

λειν. ³⁶ Η αφ' ύμων ό λογος του θεου εξηλθεν; speak. Or from you the word of the God went out?

η εις ύμας μονους κατηντησεν; ³⁷ Ει τις δοκει or to you alone did it come? If ary one thinks

προφητης ειναι η πνευματικός, επιγινώτκετω spiritual, let him scknowledge a prophet to be or

γραφω ύμιν, ότι κυριου εισιν εντοthe things I write to you, because of Lord they are command-

λαι· 33 ει δε τις αγνοει, αγνοειτω. 39 Ωστε, ments; if but any one is ignorant, let him be ignorant. So that,

αδελφοι, (ηλουτε το προφητευειν, brethren, be you zealous that to prophesy, και 70 and that

 $\lambda \alpha \lambda \epsilon_{i\nu}$ γλωσσαις $\mu \eta$ κωλυετε· 40 παντα δε to speak with tongues not ninder you; all things but

ευσχημονως και κατα ταξιν γινεσθω. in a becoming manner and according to order let be done.

29 And let two or three Prophets speak, and ‡ let the others judge;

30 but if to another sitting by, there should be a Revelation, let the FIRST be silent.

31 For you can all prophesy one by one, so that all may learn, and all may be comforted.

32 And the Spiritual gifts of Prophets are subject

to Prophets;

33 for God is not a God of Confusion, but of Peace. As in All the CONGREGATIONS of the SAINTS,

34 tlet your wives be silent in the ASSEMBLIES; for it has not been permitted to them to speak, tbut * let them be submissive; I even as the LAW also says:

35 and if they wish to learn anything, let them ask their own Husbands at Home; for it is an indecent thing for *a Woman to speak in the Assembly.

36 Did the word of God go out from you, or did it only extend to you?

37 ‡ If any one assume to be a Prophet, or a Spiritual person, let him acknowledge the things which I write to you, *That they are Commandments of the Lord;

38 but if any be igra-rant, let him be ignorant. 39 Wherefore, Brethren,

tearnestly desire to PRO-PHESY; and forbid not to * SPEAK in foreign Languages;

40 ‡ but let all things be done in a becoming manner, and according to

Order.

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—34, you. — omit.
 34. let them be submissive.
 35. a
 36. speak.
 37. That it is a Commandment of the Lord.
 39. speak. Woman to speak.

^{34. 1} Cor. xi. 3; Eph. v. 22; Col. 37. 2 Cor. x. 7; 1 John iv. 3

ΚΕΦ. ιέ. 15.

Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, το ευαγγελιον but to you, brethren, the glad tidings

ευηγγελισαμην ύμιν, δ και παραλαβετε, which I announced as glad tidings to you, which also you received,

εν 'φ και $ξστηκατε, <math>^2$ δι' ο ξ και σωζεσθε• in which also you have stood, through which also you are being saved;

λ.ογώ ευηγγελισαμεν ύμιν ει κατεχετε.) (by a certain word I announced as glad tidings to you if

3 Παρεδωκα εκτος ει μη εικη επιστευσατε. except if not inconsiderately you believed. I delivered

γαρ ύμιν εν πρωτοις δ και παρελαβον. ότι for to you among first things what also I received; that

Χριστος απεθανεν ύπερ των αμαρτιων ήμων, on behalf of the sins

κατα τας γραφας. ⁴ και ότι εταφη, και ότι according to the writings; and that hewashuried, and that εγηγερται τη τριτη ήμερα, κατα τας γραφας.

he was raised the third day, according to the 5 και ότι ωφθη Κηφα, ειτα τοις δωδεκα. 6 Επει-

and that he was seen by Kephas, then by the twelve. After that τα ωφθη επαινω πεντακοσιοις αδελφοις εφαπαξ,

by five hundred brethren at once, ών οί πλειους μενουσιν έως αρτι, τινες δε

out of whom the greater number remain till now, some but και εκοιμηθησαν. 7 Επειτα ωφθη 7 Ιακωβ ϕ 8 ειτα 7 After that he was seen by James; then

8 Εσχατον δε παντων, τοις αποστολοις πασιν. by the apostles all.

 $\dot{\omega}\sigma\pi$ ερει τ ω εκτρωματι, $\omega\phi\theta\eta$ καμοι. just as if by the abortion, he was seen also by me.

γαρ ειμι δ ελαχιστος των αποστολων δς ουκ least of the apostles; who not

ειμι ίκανος καλεισθαι αποστολος, διοτι εδιωξα am fit to be called an apostie, because I persecuted

10 Χαριτι δε θεου ειμι την εκκλησιαν του θεου. the congregation of the God. By favor but of God I am

δ ειμι και ή χαρις αυτου ή εις εμε, ου κενη what I am; and the favor of him that to me, not vain εγενηθη, αλλα περισσοτερον αυτων παντων

more abundantly of them

εκοπιασα· ουκ εγω δε, αλλ' ή χαρις του θεου I labored: but but the favor of the

CHAPTER XV.

1 Now I make known to you, Brethren, the GLAD TIDINGS 1 which I evangelized to you, and which you received; in which also you have stood,

2 and through which you are being saved, if you retain a certain Word I evangelized to you; ‡ unless, indeed, you believed inconsiderately.

3 For I delivered to you among the chief things, twhat also I re-ceived, That Christdied on behalf of oursins taccording to the SCRIPTURES;

4 and That he was buried; and That he was raised the THIRD Day taccording to the SCRIP-TURES;

5 and That he was seen t by Cephas; then t by the TWELVE;

6 afterwards, he was seen by more than five hundred Brethrenatonce; of whom the greater number remain till now, but some have fallen asleep.

7 After that, he was seen by James; then, thy all the APOSTLES;

8 and, tlast of all, he was seen by me also, as if by the ONE PREMATURELY BORN;

9 for I am t the LEAST of the Apostles, who am not worthy to be called an Apostle, † because I persecuted the CHURCH of GOD.

10 But what I am II am by the Favor of God; and THAT FAVOR of his towards me was not fruitless; ffor I labored more abundantly than all of them; tyet not 1, *but the FAVOR of GOD with me.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. but the FAVOR of God.

12 Ει δε Χριστος κηρυσσεται, δτι εκ νεκρων
If but Anointed is proclaimed, that out of dead ones

εγηγερται, πως λεγουσι τινες εν ύμιτ, ότι has been raised, how say some among you, that

αναστασις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, 13 Ει δε ανασταaresurrection of dead ones not is? If but a resurrec-

σις νεκρων ουκ εστιν, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται·
tion of dead ones not is, not even Anoisted has been raised,

He i de Xristos our eyhyertai, kevor ark to if but Anointed not has been raised, void then the khrpuyma $\mathring{\eta}\mu\omega\nu$, kevy *[de] kai $\mathring{\eta}$ mistis $\mathring{\psi}\mu\omega\nu$, preaching of us, void [and] also the faith of you.

13 Ευρισκομεθα δε και ψευδομαρτυρες του θεου·
We are found and even false witnesses of the God;

δτι εμαρτυρησαμε**ν κατα του θ**εου**, δτι η**γειρε concerning the because we testified God, that he raised up τον Χριστον, δυ ουκ ηγειρεν, ειπερ αρα νεκροι the Acoined, whom not be raised up, if indeed dead ones 16 Ει γαρ νεκροι ουκ εγειρονουκ εγειρονται. not are raised up. if for dead ones are raised ται, ουδε Χριστος εγηγερται. 17 ει δε Χριστος up, not even Asounted has been raised; if but Anointed ουκ εγηγερται, ματαια ή πιστις ύμων ετι εστε not has been raised, deceptive the faith of you; still you are εν ταις άμαρτιαις ύμων. 18 αρα και οί κοιμηθενof you; then also those havin fallen

τες εν Χριστω, απωλοντο. 19 με εν τη ζωη aleep in Anointed, permised. It in the life

ταυτη ηλπικοτες εσμεν εν Χριστω μονον, ελεthis having been hoping we are in Anointed slone, more

εινοτεροι παντων ανθρωπων επμεν. 20 Νηνι δε pitable of all men we are. Now but

Xριστος εγηγερται εκ νεκρων, απαρνη των Anointed has been raised up out of dead ones, a first-fruit of those

κεκοιμημενων. baving fallen eeleep.

²¹ Επείδη γαρ δι' ανθρωπου δ θανατος, και Since forthrough a mas the death, also

τι ανθρωπου αναστασις νεκρων. ²² 'Ωσπερ through a man a resurrection of dead ones. As γαρ εν τω Αδαμ παντες αποθνησκουσιν, ούτω

for in the Adam all die, 60 και εν τω Χριστω παντες ζωοποιηθησονται.

και εν τω Χριστω παντες (ωοποιηθησονται also in the Anointed all will be made alive.

11 Whether I, then, or then, thus we preach, and thus you believed.

13 But if it is proclaimed That Christ has been raised from the Dead, how say some among you That there is not a Resurrection of the Dead?

13 But if there is not a Resurrection of the Dead, theither has Christ been

raised;

14 and if Christ has not been raised, void certainly is our PROCLAMA-TION, and void is your

FAITH.

15 And we are found even False witnesses concerning God; * Because we testified in regard to God, That he raised up the Anointed one: whom he did not raise up, if indeed Dead persons are not raised.

16 For if Dead persons are not raised up, neither has Christ been raised;

17 and if Christ has not been raised, your FAITH * is deceptive; tyou are still in your SINS;

18 then, also, THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP in Christ, have perished.

19 ‡ If in this LIFE only we have hope in Christ, we are more pitiable than All Men.

20 But now thrist has been raised from the Dead, ta First-fruit of THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP.

21 For *since through a Man, there is * Death, through a Man, also, there is a Resurrection of the Dead;

22 for as by ADAM All die, so by the ANOINTED also, will All be restored to life.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. and-omit.

^{17.} is deceptive.

^{21.} Death.

^{† 13. 1} Thess. iv. 14. † 15. Acts ii. 24, 32; iv. 10, 83; x1i. 80. † 17. Rom. iv. 25 † 10. 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 20. 1 Pet. i. 3. † 20. Acts xxvi. 23; verse 23; Col. i. 12. Rev. i. 5. † 21. Rom. v. 12, 17. † 21. John xi 25; Rom. vi. 23.

🛱 Έκαστος δε εν τω ιδιώ ταγματι. απαρχη and in the awo band: a first-fruit Χριστος, επειτα οί του Χριστου, εν τη παρου-Anomited, afterthatthose of the Anointed, in the presence σια αυτου· 24 ειτα το τελος, όταν παραthen the end, when he should have deτην βασιλειαν τω θεω και πατρι, όταν δω kingdom to the God and livered up the father, when πασαν αρχην και πασαν εξουκαταργηση he should have abrogated all government and all 25 Δει γαρ αυτον βασιλευσιαν και δυναμιν. It behoves for hım to reign, power. εχθρους ειν, αχρις ού αν θη παντας TOUS till he may have placed all the enemies 26 Εσχατος τους ποδας αυτου. εχθρος of him. Last the feet under δ θανατος. 27 παντα γαρ δπετακαταργειται is rendered powerless the death; all things for he subjected ξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου. Όταν δε ELTTY, but it may be said, of him. When ότι παντα ύποτετακται, δηλον, ότι εκτος του that all things have been subjected, it is evident, that is excepted the 28 'Οταν δε ύπούποταξαντος αυτώ τα παντα. one having subjected to him the allthings. When but may be -αγη αυτω τα παντα, τοτε * [και] αυτος ὁ υίος subjected to him the all things, ther [also] himself the son ύποταγησεται τω ύποταξαντι αυτώ τα παντα, will be subject to the one having subjected to him the all things, iνa $^{\circ}η$ $^{\circ}θεοs$ * [τα] παντα εν πασιν. 29 Επει so that may be the God [the] all tuings in ail. Otherwise τι ποιησουσιν οί βαπτιζομένοι ύπερ των νέκwhat shallthey do those being dipped en behalf of the dead ρων, ει όλως νεκροι ουκ εγειρονται; TI Kal if at all dead ones not are raised up? why and 30 Τι και ήμεις κινβαπτιζονται ύπερ αυτων; are they dipped on behalf of them? Why and We are in δυνευομέν πασαν ώραν; 31 Καθ' ήμεραν αποθ. hourf Every day every νησκω, νη την ύμετεραν καυχησιν, ήν εχω εν die, by the your boasting, which I have Χοιστω Ιητου τω κυριω ήμων. 32 Ει

23 But teach one is his own rank; Christ & First-fruit; afterwards, those who are CHRIST's at his APPEARING.

24 (Then, the END, when he shall give up the KINGDOM to the God and Father; when he shall have abrogated All Government and All Authority and Power.

25 For he must reign till he has placed All ENE-MIES under his FEET.

26 Even DEATH, the Last Enemy, I will be rendered

powerless;

27 for the has subjected All things under his FEET But when he says that All things are subjected it is manifest that HE is excepted, who HAS SUB-JECTED ALL things to him.

28 # And when he shall have subdued ALL things to him then the son himself will be subject to HIM Who SULDUED ALL things to him, that God may be all in All.)

29 + Otherwise, what will THOSE do who are BEING IMMERSED on behalf of the DEAD? If the Dead are not raised at all, why ti en are they immersed on their behalf?

30 and t why are we in danger I.very Hour?

31 I solemnly declare, tby *tie BOASTING concerning you, Breturen, which I have in Christ Jesus our LORD, † that I am dring daily.

Jesus

the

κατα

If secording to

Lord * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. also-omit. Brethren, which.

^{31.} Your beasting, 2S. the-omit.

^{† 29.} Clarke, after saying that this is the most difficult passage _ the New Testament, and quoting Matt. xx. 22, 23; Mark x. 33; and Luke xii. 50, where sufferings and martyrdom are represented by immersion, he sums up the apostle's meaning as follows:—"If there be no resurrection of the dead, those who, in becoming Christians, expose themselves to all manner of privations, crosses, severe sufferings, and a violent dead, can have no reward, nor any motive sufficient to induce them to expose themselves to such miseries. But as they receive baptism as an emblem of death, in voluntarily going ander water; so they receive it as an emblem of the resurrection unto eternal life, in coming up out of the water; thus they are baptized for the dead, in perfect faith of the resurrection. The three following verses seem to confirm this sense."

† 31. Or, that Every Day I am exposed to death.

^{† 23.} verse 20; 1 Thess. iv. 15-17. † 25. Psa. cx. 1; Acts 41. 34, 35. Eph. i. 22; Heh i. 13; x 13. † 26. 2 Tim. i. 10; Rev. xx. 14. † 27. Psa. viii. 6; Heb. ii. 8. † 28. Phil. iii. 21. † 28. 1 Cor. iii. 23; xi. 3. † 20. 2 Cor. xi. 26; Gal. v. 11. † 31. Rom. viii. 36: i Cor iv. 9; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11; xi. 23.

υθρωπον εθηριομαχησα εν Εφεσφ, τι μοι το man I fought with a wild beast in Ephesus, what to me the οφελος; ει νεκοοι ουκ εγειρονται, φαγωμεν και proît? if dead ones not are raised up, we may cat and πιωμεν αυριον γαρ αποθυησκομεν. 33 Μη πλα-we may drink; to-morrow for we die. Not be you

νασθε. Φθειρ, υσιν ηθη χρηστα δμιλιαι κακαι. led astray. Corrupt hab.ts virtuous companionships evil. 34 Εκνηψατε δικαιως, και μη άμαρτανετε: άγνω:

Awakeyou asitisfit, and not sinyou; ignoσιαν γαρ θεου τινες εχουσι προς εντροπην rance for of God some for , shame ύμιν λεγω. 35 Αλλ' ερει τις Πως εγειρονται But will say some one; How are raised up to you I sneak. οι νεκροι; ποιφ δε σωματι ερχονται; ³⁶ Αφdo they come? Ofool. the dead ones? in what and body ρον συ δ σπειρεις, ου ζωοποιειται, εαν μη ish one; thou what sowest, not is made alive, if not αποθανη· 37 και δ σπειρεις, ου το σωμα το γενηit abould die; aud what thousowest, not that body that going

σομένον σπειρεις, αλλα γυμνον κοκκον, ει to be bora thousowest, but a unked grain, if τυχοι, σιτου, η τινος των λοιπων 38 δ δε θεος

it may happen, of wheat, or some of the others; the but God auto $\delta i\delta \omega \sigma i \ \sigma \omega \mu \alpha \ \kappa \alpha \ell \omega s \ \eta \theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \sigma \epsilon$, $\kappa \alpha i \ \epsilon \kappa \alpha \sigma \tau \omega$ to it gives a body as he willed, and to each a second of the contract of the contr

των σπερματων *[το] ίδιον σωμα. ³⁹ Ου πασα of the seeds [the] own hody. Not all σαρξ, $\mathring{\eta}$ αυτη σωρξ αλλα αλλη μεν ανθρωπων,

another and flesh of cattle, another and of fishes, another δε πτηνων. 40 Και σωματα επουρανία, και

and ofbirds. And bodies heavenly, and σωματα επίγεια αλλ' έτερα μεν ή των επσυραhodies earthly; but one indeed that of the heaven-

···νν δοξα, έτερα δε ή των επιγειων. 41 Αλλη
Les glory, another and that of the earthlies. One

δοξα ήλιου, και αλλη δοξα σεληνης, και αλλη $_{\rm glory}$ of sun, and another $_{\rm glory}$ σ. ωοου, and another

δοξα αστερων· αστηρ γαρ αστερος διαφερει εν glory of state; a star for from a star differs in

δοξη. 42 Ο $^{5}τω$ και $^{5}η$ αναστασις των νεκρων. glory. Thus and the resurrection of the dead ones.

Σπειρεται εν φθορα, εγειρεται εν αφθαρσία.
It is sort in corruption it is raised in incorruption.

43 $\sigma\pi$ espera. En atsulta, except at en $\delta o\xi \eta$. $\sigma\pi$ estimates in dishonor, it is raised in glory; the

ρεται εν ασθενεια, εγειρεται εν δυναμει some in weakness, it is raised in power;

32 If, as men do, \$1 fought a wild beast at Liphesus, of what benefit is it to me? If the Dead are not raised up, \$ Let us eat and drink, for to-morrow we die.

33 Be not led astray; tvicious intercourse corrupts virtuous Habits.

34 ‡Awake to sobricty, as it is fit, and sin not; ‡for some are Ignorant of God; ‡ for Shame to you I say it.

35 But some one will say, "How are the Dead raised up? and in What Body do they come?"

56 O senscless man! ‡ what thou sowest is not made alive unless it die;

37 and as to what thou sowest, thou sowest not THAT BODY which will be produced, but a Bare Grain, it may be of Wheat, or of some of the OTHER kinds;

38 but God gives to it a Body, as he designed, and to Each of the SEEDS

its Own Body.

39 All Fiesh is not the SAME Flesh; but there is One, indeed of Men; and Another Flesh of Cattle; and Another of Birds, and Another of Fishes.

40 and there are heavenly Bodies, and cartaly Bodies; but the GLORY of the HEAVENLY, indeed is One; and of the MARTHLY, Another.

41 There is One Glory of the Sun, and Another Glory of the Moon, and Another Glory of the Stars; for Star differs from Star in Glory.

42 ‡ And thus is the RESURRECTION of the DEAD. It is sown in Corruption, it is raised in Incorruption;

43 tit is sown in Dishonor, it is raised in Glory; it is sown in Weakness, it is raised in Power;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-38. the-omit. 39. of Birds, and another of Fishes.

^{† 32. 2} Cor. i. 8. † 32. Isa. xxii. 13; lvi. 12; Eccl. ii. 24; Luke xii. 19. † 33 l Cor. v. 6. † 34. Rom. xiii. 11; Eph. v. 14. † 34 l Thess... iv 5. † 34 l Cor. vi. 5. † 35 l Cor. vi. 5. † 36. John xii. 24 † 42. Dau. xii. 2; Matt. xiii. 46. † 43. Phil. iu. 2)

it is raised

a body

44 σπειρεται σωμα ψυχικον, εγειρεται σωμα

soulical

a body

πνευματικον.

itissown

ruption, and the mortal

Εστι σωμα ψυχικον, και εστι spiritual. a body soulical, and is 45 Ούτω και γεγραπται* * σωμα πνευματικον. andit has been written; [a body] spiritual. So Εγενετο δ πρωτος *[ανθρωπος] Αδαμ εις ψυχην Was made the first [man] adam iuto asoul giving Spirit.
46 The ζωσαν· δ εσχατος Αδαμ εις πνευμα ζωοποιουν. living; the Adam into aspirit last 46 Αλλ' ου πρωτον το πνευματικον, αλλα το spiritual, But not first the but the 47 'Ο πρωτος ψυχικον· επειτα το πνευματικον. UAL. afterwards the soulical; spiritual. The first ανθρωπος, εκ γης γοικος δ δευτερος ανθρωπος, man, from earth earthy; the second man, 48 Olos δ χοικος, τοι-*[ό κυριος] εξ ουρανου. Heaven. from heaven. Of what kind the earthy, [the Lord] ouτοι και οί χοικοι και οίος ὁ επουρανιος,
take also the earthy ones; and of what kind the heavenly, τοιουτοι και οί επουρανιοι· ⁴⁹ και καθως εφορεσalso the heavenly ones; . an like and even as we bore αμέν την είκονα του χοίκου, φορέσομεν και την the image of the earthy, we shall bear also the 50 Τουτο εικονα του επουρανιου. δε φημι, ofthe heavenly. This and I say, σαρξ και αίμα βασιλειαν θεου αδελφοι, ότι brethren, that flesh and blood a kingdom of God κληρονομησαι ου δυνανται, ουδε ή φθορα την nor the corruption the to inherit not are able, 51 Ιδου, αφθαρσιαν κληρονομει. μυστηριον incorruption shall inherit. Lo, CORRUPTION a mystery ύμιν λεγω. Hautes Hev Oυ κοιμηθησομεθα. indeed not to you I speak; All we shall be asleep; παντες δε αλλαγησομεθα, 52 εν ατομφ, εν but we shall be changed, in amoment, in a twinkπη οφθαλμου, εν τη εσχατη σαλπιγγι. (Σαλ-(It shall πισει γαρ, και οί νεκροι εγερθησονται αφθαρand the dead ones shall be raised haund for, incor- $53 \Delta \epsilon \iota$ και ημεις αλλαγησομεθα.) yap be changed. ruptible, and shall be changed.) Itisnecessary for το φθαρτον τουτο ενδυσασθαι αφθαρσιαν, this to be clothed with incorruption, the corruptible αθανασιαν. 70 θνητεν ΤΟυΤΟ ενδυσασθα: this to be clothed with immortality. with Immortality. 54 'Οταν δε το φθαρτον τουυο ενδυσηται αφθαρ-When but the corruptible this shall be clothed with incorσιαν, και το θνητον τουτο ενδυσηται αθανασιαν,

44 it is sown an animal Body, it is raised a spiritual Body. * If there is an animal Body, there is also a spiritual Body.

45 And so it has been written, The FIRST Adam t"became a living Soul;" the LAST Adam, ta life-

SPIRITUAL, however, was not the first, but the ANIMAL; afterwards, the SPIRIT-

47 The FIRST Man was from the Ground, tearthy; the SECOND Man is I from

48 Of what kind the EARTHY oue, such also the EARTHY ones; ‡ and of what kind the HEAV-ENLY one, such also the HEAVENLY ones:

49 and ‡ even as we bore the LIKENESS of the EARTHY one, I we shall also bear the LIKENESS of

the HEAVENLY one.

50 And I say this, Breth ren, Because ‡ Flesh and Blood cannot inherit the Kingdom of GoD; nor shall CORRUPTION igherit IN-

51 Behold! a Secret I disclose to you; ‡ We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed.

52 in a Moment, in the Twinkling of an Eye, at the LAST Trumpet; ‡ for it will sound, and the DEAD will be raised incorruptible, and we shall

53 For this CORRUPTI-BLE must be clothed with Incorruptibility, and ‡ this MORTAL must be clothed

54 And when this cor-RUPTIBLE shall be clothed with Incorruptibility, and this MORTAL, shall be

this shall be clothed with immortality,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—44. If there is an animal Body, there is also a Spiritual dy. 44. Body—omit. 45. Man—omit. 47. the Lord—omit. Body.

^{\$ 45.} Rom. v. 14. † 45. Gen. ii. 7. Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4. Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4. 1 47. John iii. 31. John iii. 13, 31. 1 48. Phil. iii. 20, 21. 1 John iii. 2. 1 50. John iii. 3, 5 xxiv. 31; John v. 21; 1 Thess. iv. 16. 1 53

τοτε γενησετάι δ λογος δ γεγραμμενος Κατεthen will happen the word that having been written; δ θανατος εις νικος.

55 Που σου, θαναthe death into victory.

Where of thee, O death, swallowed up the death into victory. Tε, το κεντρον; που σου, αδη, το νικος;
the sting? where of thee, Ounseen, the victory? 56 Το δε κεντρον του θανατου, ή άμαρτια ή δε The but sting of the death, the the and sin; δυναμις της αμαρτίας, δ νομος. 57 Τφ δε θεφ To the but Gud χαρις, τφ διδοντι ήμιν, το νικος δια του thanks, to the one having given to us, the victory through the 58 'Ωστε, αδελκυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. Lord of us Jesus Anointed. Wherefore, φοι μου αγαπητοι, εδοαιοι γινεσθε, αμετακινηren of me beloved, steadfast be you, unmoveable, το., περισσευοντες εν το εργω του κυριου abounding in the work of the Lurd παντοτε, ειδοτες, ότι ό κοπος ύμων ουκ εστι at all times, knowing, that the labor of you not is

KEVOS EV KUDIW. vain in Lord.

KEΦ. 15'. 16.

ώσπερ διατάζα ταις εκκλησιαις της Γαλατίας,

as I appointed to the congregations of the Galatia,

Concerning and the collection that for the

1 Περι δε της λογιας της εις τους άγιους,

ούτω κα ύμεις ποιησατε. 2 Κατα μιαν σαββαdo. Every first also you των έκαστος ύμων παρ' έαυτω τιθετω, θησαυ-each one of you by itself let him place, treasurριζων, δ.τι αν ευοδωται. ίνα μη όταν he may be prospered; so that not ing up, what thing when 3 'Отач δε τοτε λογιαι γινωνται. When I may come, then collections may be made. and δοκιμασητε, δι' επισπαραγενωμαι, ούς εαν I may arrive, whom if you may arprove, by τολων σουτους πεμψω απενεγκειν την χαριν these I will send to carry the gift ύμων εις Ίερουσαλημο 4 εαν δε 'η αξιον του if but it may be worthy of the Jerusalem; καμε πορευεσθαι, συν €µ01 πορευσονται. to go, with even me me they shall go.

προς ύμας δε τυχον παραμενω, η και παρα- 6 and, perhaps, I shall with you and it may bappen I will remain, or even I shall remain with You, or even

5 Ελευπομαι δε προς ύμας, όταν Μακεδονιαν

you,

to

I may have passed through; Macedonia

clothed with Immortality, then will THAT WORD be accomplished which HAS BEEN WRITTEN, T"DEATH was swallowed up in Victory!"

55 Where, O Death! is Thy sting? Where, O Hades! is Thy Victory?

56 The STING of DEATH is sin, and the ‡ Power of SIN is the LAW:

57 t but Thanks to THAT GOD, who gives '; the victory, through our LORD, Jesus Christ.

58 # Wherefore, my beloved Brethren, be you settled, unmoved, abounding in the WORK of the LORD at all times, knowing That your LABOR is not in vain in the Lord.

CHAPTER XVI.

I And concerning the COLLECTION which is for the SAINTS; - 28 I directed the CONGREGA-TIONS of GALATIA, so also do nou.

saints.

2 † Every † First day of the Week, let each of you lay something by itself, depositing as he may be prospered, so that when I come Collections may not then be made.

- 3 And when I arrive. the persons whom you may authorize by Tetters, I will send to convey your GIFT to Jerusa.em:
- 4 ‡ and if it be proper that even I should Go, they shall go with me.
- 5 And I will come to you, I when I have passed through Macedonia; for I am coming by Macedonia;
- 6 and, perhaps, I shall

Macedonia

for I pass through;)

when

(Μακεδονιαν γαρ διερχομαί)

l will come but

διελθω.

^{† 2.} As kata polin signifies every city; and kata meena, every month; and Acts xiv. 23, kata ekkleesian, in every church; so kata mian sabbatoon signifies the first day of every week .- Mack night.

^{† 54.} Isa. xxv S; Heb. ii. 14, 15; Rev. xx. 14. † 56. Rom. iv. 15; v. 15; vii. 5, 13. † 57. Rom. vii. 25. † 57. 1 John v. 4, 5. † 58. 2 Pet. 1ii. 14. † 1. Acts xt. *0; y-iv. 17; Rom. xv. 26; 2 Cor. viii. 4; ix. 1, 12; Gal. ii. 10. † 2. Acts xx. 7. * 3. 4 Cor. viii. 4, 12. † 5. Acts xix. 21; 2 Cor. 4=16.

χειμασω, ίνα ύμεις με προπεμψητε ού εαν πορ-

ευωμαι. ⁷Ου θελω γαρ ύμας αρτι εν παροgo. Not I wish for you now in passing

 $\delta \varphi$ ιδειν* ελπιζω γαρ χρονον τινα επιμειναι by to see; I hope for time some to remain

προς ύμας, εαν δ κυριος επιτρεπη, 8 Επιμενω with you, if the Lord should permit. I shall remain

δε εν Εφεσφ έως της πεντηκοστης. θυρα γαρ but in Epheaus til the pentecost; a door for

μοι ανεφγε μεγαλη και ενεργης, και αντικειμεto mehas been opened great and effective, and cpposers

νοι πολλοι. ¹⁰ Εαν δε ελθη Τιμοθεος, βλεmany. 11 and should have come Timothy, see

 τ ετε, iνα αφοβως γ ενηται προς ύμας το γ αρ γου, that without ear he may be to you; the for ϵ ργον κυριον ϵ ργαζεται ω ς *[και] ϵ γω *[ν] μη work of Lord he works as *[ν] *[ν] in not

τις ουν αυτον εξουθενηση. Προπεμψατε δε any one therefore him may despise. Send on before and

αυτον εν ειρηνη, ίνα ελθη προς με εκδεχομαι him in peace, so that he may come to me; I expect

ναρ αυτον *[μετα των αδελφων.] $^{12}Περι δε$ Concerning and Απολλω του αδελφου, πολλα παρεκαλεσα Apollos the brother, much leutreated

outor, from $\epsilon\lambda\theta\eta$ the sum of the second go to you with the

σδελφων και παντως ουκ ην θελημα, ίνα νυν brethren and stall not was will, that now «λθη ελευσεται δε, δταν ευκαιρηση. 13 Γρη-

Ne shouldgo; he will go but, when he may find opportunity. Watch
γορειτε, στηκετε εν τη πιστει, ανδριζεσθε,

von, stand you firm in the faith, be you manly, εραταιουσθε. ¹⁴ παντα ύμων εν αγαπη γινεσθω. be you strong: all things of you in love let be done.

* Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι οιδατε την Ientreat and you, brethree; you know the

ικιαν Στεφανα, ότι εστιν απαρχη της Αχαιας,
as aschold of Stephanas, that it is a fra-truit of the Achaia,

rat ets διακονιαν τοις άγιεις εταξαν έαυτους and for service to the crints they devoted - muselves:

that also you should be submissive to the such like persons

pass the winter, that gon may send Me forward wherever I may go.

7 For I do not wish to see You now in passing, since I hope to remain some Time with you, \$if the LORD permit.

8 But 1 will remain at

8 But I will remain at Ephesus till the Penter

CUST;

9 for 1a great and effective Door has been opened to Me; yet there are many 10 pposers.

10 Now, if Timothy should have come, take care that he may be among you without fear; for the performs the work of the Lord, even as also I do.

11 ‡ Let no one, therefore, despise him; but send him forward ‡ in Peace, that he may come to me; for I am expecting him with the BRETHEEN.

12 But concerning ‡Apollos, the BROTHER, I entreated 'him repeatedly that he would come to you with the BRETHREN; but his Inclination was not at all to come at present; he will come, however, when he may find an opportunity.

13 ‡Watch you! ‡Stand firm in the FAITH! Be manly! ‡Be strong!

14 ‡ Let all your deeds be done in Love.

15 And I entreat you, Brethren, as you know the # FAMILY of Stephanas, Thatitis # First-fruit of Achaia, and that they have devoted themselves to # Service for the SAINTS.

16 ‡ that nou also be submissive to such, and to Every one who cooperates and labors.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. even-omit. 11. with the BRETHREN-omit.

^{† 7.} Acts xviii, 21; 1 Cor. iv, 19; James iv, 15. † 9. Acts xiv, 27; 2 Cor. ii, 12; Col. fv 2; Rev. iii, 8. † 9. Acts xix, 9. † 10. Acts xix, 22; 1 Cor. iv, 17. † 10. Pom. xvi, 21; Phil, ii, 20, 22; 1 Thess. ii, 2. † 11. 1 Tim. iv, 12. † 11. Acts xv. 33. † 12. 1 Cor. i., 12; iii, 5. † 13. Matt. xxiv, 42; xxv, 13; 1 Thess. v. 6 · 1 Pet. f. 8. † 13. 1 Cor. xv. 1; Phil, i., 27; iv. 1; 1 Thess. iii, 8; 1 Pet. v. 8. † 13. Ryh. fi., 10; Col. ii, 11. † 14. 1 Cor. xiv. 1; 1 Pet. iv. 8. † 15. Ryh. fom. xvi, 5 · † 15. 8 Cor. viii, 4; ix. 1; Heb. vi. 30. † 15. Heb. xiii, 17.

και παντι τφ συνεργουντικαι κοπιωντι. 17 Χαιand to every one to the one working with and laboring with. I rejoice ρω δε επι τη παρουσία Στεφανα και Φουρτουνα-hut on the grouped of Stephanas and Fortunatus Fortunatus του και Αχαικου, ότι το ύμων ύστερημα ούτοι and Achaicus, because the of you ανεπληρωσαν 18 ανεπαυσαν γαρ το εμον πνευsupplied: they refreshed for the my spirit spirit μα και το ύμων. Επιγινωσκετε ουν τους τοιand that of you. Acknowledge therefore the auch ουτους. 19 Ασπαζονται ύμας αί εκκλησιαι της Salute like persons. you the congregations of the Αςιας. Ασπαζονται ύμας εν κυριφ πολλα Asia. Salute you in Lord much Ακυλας και Πρισκιλλα, συν τη κατ οικον Aquila and Priscilla, with the in house 20 As $\pi \alpha$ (or $\pi \alpha$ is $\pi \alpha$) and $\pi \alpha$ for $\pi \alpha$ salute you the brethαυτων εκκλησια. of them coogregation. φοι παντες. Ασπασασθε αλληλους εν φιληall. Salute you each other with a kiss 21 O ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι ΠαυThe ealutation with the my and of Paul. MATI ày'10. holy. 22 Ει τις ου φιλει τον κυριον * [Ιησουν λoυ. If any one not has a fectio. for the Lord [Jesus Xpion, ητω αναθεμα· μαραν αθα. Anointed, ? let him be accursed; the Lord comes. χαρις του κυριου Ιησου *[Χριστου] μεθ' ύμων.

favor of the Lord Jesuc [Abointed] with you. 24 'Η αγαπη μου μετα παντων ύμων εν Χριστω The love of me with all ησου. *[Αμην.] of you in Apointed Ιησου. Jesus. [So be it.]

17 And I rejoice at the presence of Stephanus and Fortunatus and Achaicus, Because these brethen supplied the Want of You;

18 ‡ for they have refreshed MY Spirit and YOURS. ‡ Acknowledge, therefore, SUCH brethren.

19 The CONGREGATIONS of ASIA salute you. Aquila and *Priscilla, ttogether with the CONGREGATION at their House, salute you much in the Lord.

salute you. ‡Salute each other with a holy Kiss.

21 ‡ This is the SALU TATION of Paul with MY OWN Hand.

22 If any one riove not the Lord, t let him be accursed. The Lord comes

23 † The PAVOR of the Load Jesus be with you.

24 My love be with you at in the Anointed Towas.

* FIRST TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM EPHESUS

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—19. Prisca. 22. Jesus Anointed—omit. 23. Anointed—omit. 24. So be it—omit. Subscription—Fiber to the Coefficients, writted from Ephesus.

^{2 18.} Col. iv. 8. 2 29. Rom. xvi. 16. 22. Gal i. 8, 9.

SECOND TO THE CORINTHIANS.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια an apostle of Jesus Anointed through θεληματος θεου, και Τιμοθεος δ αδελφος, τη of God, and Timothy the brother, to the εκκλησια του θεου τη ουση εν Κοςινθω, συν congregation of the Godtothat being in Corinth, with τοις άγιοις πασι τοις ουσιν εν όλη τη Αχαια. the saints to all those being in whole the Achaia; 2 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and peace from God a father of you, ³ Ευλογητος δ θεος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Jesus Anninted. Worthy of praise the God και πατηρ του «υριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δ and father of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, the πατηρ των ο κτιρμων, και θεος πασης παραcomand God of all father of the mercies, 4 δ παρακαλων ήμας επι παση τη κλησεως, all the the one comforting in us θλιψει ήμων, εις το δυνασθαι ήμας παρακαλειν to comfort affliction of us, in order that to be able us τους εν παση θλιψει, δια της παρακλησεως, ής those in every affliction, hy means of the comfort, of which παρακαλουμεθα αυτοι ύπο του θεου· 5 ότι καθως God; because as ourselves by the we are comforted περισσευει τα παθηματα του Χριστου εις ήμας, of the Anointed in the sufferings ahoun.s ούτω δια του Χριστου περισσευει και ή παραabounds also the comso by means of the Anointed 6 EiT€ $\delta \epsilon = \theta \lambda i \beta o \mu \epsilon \theta \alpha$, ύπ€ρ ήμων. κλησ.5 Whether but we are afflicted, on behalf of us. της ύμων παρακλησεως, *[και σωτηρι...ς.] ειτε [and salvation;] whether comfort, παρακαλουμεθα, ύπερ της ύμων παρακλησεως, on behalfof the of you comfort, we are comforted, των αυτων ύπομονη της ενεργουμένης εν in patientendurance of the same of that operating παθηματωι, ών και ήμεις πασχομεν. (και ή (and the which also we suffer; ελπις ήμων βεβαια ύπερ ύμων.) 7 ειδοτες, ότι stedfast on behalf of you; knowing, hope of us ώσπερ κοινωνοι εστε των παθηματων, ούνω και partakers you are of the 50 also sufferings, 8 Ου γαρ θελομεν ύμας αγτης παρακλησεως. Not for we wish you of the νοειν, αδελφοι, ύπερ της θλιψεως ήμων της

be ignorant, brethren, concerning the

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of the *Anointed Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy the BROTHER, to THAT CONGREGATION OF GOD which Is in Corinth, ‡together with all THOSE SAINTS Who ARE in the Whole of ACHAIA;

2 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace, from God our Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 † Blessed be the God and Father of our Lorn Jesus Christ, That Fa-Ther of Mercies, and God of All Comfort,

4 who COMFORTS us in All our AFFLICTION, in order that we may be ABLE to comfort THOSE in Every Affliction, through the COMFORT by which we ourselves are comforted by GOD;

5 because t as the SUF-FERINGS for the ANOINTED abound in us, so through the ANOINTED, abounds also our COMFORT.

6 And whether we be afflicted, ‡it is * on behalf of THAT COMFORT of YOU, which OPERATES by a Patient endurance of the SAME Sufferings which we also suffer; and our HOPE on your account is firm;

7 or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, knowing, † That as you are Partakers of the SUFFERINGS, so also of the COMFORT.

? For we do not wish you, Brethren, to be ignorant concerning THAT

affliction

of us of that

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—Second to the Corinthians.

1. Anointed Jesus.
6. and salvation—omit.
6. on behalf of that comport of you which operates by a Patient endurance of the same Sufferings which we also suffer; and our nope on your account is firm; or, whether we be comforted, it is for your Comfort and Salvation, knowing That

^{† 1. 1} Cor. i. 1; Eph. i. 1; Col. i. 1; 1 Tim. i. 1; 2 Tim. f. 1. † 1. Phil. i. 1; Col. i. 2. 2. Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. i. 3; Gal. i. 3; Phil. i. 2; Col. i. 2; 1 Thess. f. 1; 2 Thess. i. 2; Phile. 3. ; 3. Eph. i. 3; 1 Pet. i. 3. f. 5. Acts ix. 4; 2 Cor. iv. 10. Col. i. 24. † 6. 2 Cor. iv. 15. 7. Rom. viii. 17: 2 Tim. ii. 18.

γενομηνης * [ἡμιν] εν τη Ασια, δτι καθ' ὑπερ-happening [to us] in the Asia, that according to excess Βολην εβαρηθημεν ύπερ δυναμιν, ώστε εξαatrength, above we were pressed so that to be πορηθηναι ήμας και του ζην^{. 9} αλλα αυτοι εν ip despair us even of the life; hut ourselves iu έαυτοις το αποκριμα του θανατου εσχηκαμεν, ourselves the sentence ofthe death ίνα μη πεποιθοτες ωμεν εφ' έαυτοις, αλλ' επι so that not having trusted we should in ourselves, but in 10 SS €K τω θεω τω εγειροντι τους νεκρους. the God that one raising up the dead ones; who from τηλικουτου θανατου ερφυσατο ήμας, και φυεται. a death rescued 119, so great εις όν ηλιπικαμεν, ότι και ετι ρυσεται, 11 συνυ-14 whom we have hoped, that even still he will rescue, πουργουντων και ύμων ύπερ ήμων τη δεησει, also you on behalf of us in the ίνα εκ πολλων προσωπων το εις ήμας χαρισμα that from many faces the for 12 'H δια πολλων ευχαριστηθη ύπερ ήμων. through many might he given thanks on behalf of us. The γαρ καυχησις ήμων αύτη εστι, το ματυριον της for boasting of us this is, the testimony of the συνειδησεως ήμων, ότι εν απλοτητι και ειλικριthat in simplicity and of us, νεια θεου, (ουκ εν σοφια σαρκικη, αλλ' εν χαριος Gud, (not in wisdom fleshly, but in favor τ ι θεου) ανεστραφημεν εν τω κοσμώ, περισσοin the world, of God) we conducted 13 Ου γαρ αλλα γραφομεν τερως δε προς ύμας. Not for other things we write dantly but to you. ύμιν, αλλ' η ά αναγινωσκετε, *[η ά αναγινωσ-[orwhat you acknowto you, but what you read, κετε:] ελπιζω δε, ότι *[και] έως τελους επιγ-I hope and, that [even] till end νωσεσθε, ¹⁴ καθως και επεγνωτε ήμας απο will acknowledge, an also you acknowledged ua from μερους. ότι καυχημα ύμων εσμέν, καθαπέρ και parts; because a boasting of you we are, even as ύμεις ήμων, εν τη ήμερα του κυριου Ιησου. of the ofus, in the day Lord Jeana. YOU 15 Και ταυτη τη πεποιθησει εβουλομην πρos And 10 this the confidence I wished to ύμας ελθειν προτερον, ίνα δευτεραν χαριν to come before, so that & second favor εχητε. 16 και δι' ύμων διελθειν εις Μακεδοyou may have, and through you to pass through into Macedo-

νιαν, και παλιν απο Μακεδονιας ελθειν προς

Macedonia

from

and

again

‡ AFFLICTION of ours which happened in Asia, That * excessively above Strength we were pressed, so that we despaired even of life:

of LIFE;
9 but we had the SENTENCE of DEATH in oursclves, so that we might; not trust in ourselves, but in THAT GOD WHO RAISES UP the DEAD;

10 twho rescued us from so Great a Death, and *is rescuing; in whom we have hope that he will also yet rescue;

11 you, also, to-operating by PRAYER on our behalf, so that from Many t Mouths thanks may be given by Many on our behalf, for Our GIFT.

12 For our BOASTING

12 For our Boasting is this, the TESTIMONY of our CONSCIENCE, That with *the greatest Simplicity and ‡ Sincerity, ‡ not with fleshly Wisdom, but by the Favor of God, we conducted ourselves in the world; but more especially towards you.

13 For we write no Other things to you, than what you read, or what you acknowledge; and I hope that even to the End you will aeknowledge;

14 as also you partially acknowledged us, ‡ That we are your Boast, ‡ as nou also will be ours in the DAY of *the LORD Jesus.

15 And in this CONFIDENCE ‡I was purposing to come to you at first; so that you might have ‡a *Scond Favor;

16 and, by You, to pass through into Maccdonia; and from Maccdonia ‡to come again to you, and by

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—8. to us—omit.

9. excessively above strength we were pressed.

10. will rescue.

12. Pureness and godly Sincerity.

13. or what you acknowledge—omit.

14. our Lord Jesus.

15. Second Joy.

to come

to

† 11. Prosoopon, like the Latin persona, is a mask with a open mouth rather than a person. The same Greek word occurs in it. 10, where though we may use the word "person" it means "character."—Sharpe.

† 8. Acts xix. 23; 1 Cor. xv. 32; xvi. 0. † 0. Jer. xvii. 5, 7. † 10. 2 Pet. ii. 9. † 11. Rom. xv. 30; Phil. i. 10; Philemon 22. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 15. † 12 2 Cor. ii. 17; (v. 2. † 12 2 Cor. ii. 4, 13. † 14. 2 Cor. v. 12. † 14. Ph. l. ii. 10; iv. 1; 1 Thess- ii. 10, 20. † 15. 1 Cor. iv. 9. † 15. Rom. 1. 11. † 10. 1 Cor. xvi. 5, 6.

ύμας, και ύφ' ύμων προπεμφθηναι εις την Ιουyou to be sent forward into the you, and by δαιαν. 17 Τουτο ουν βουλευομενος, μητι αρα This therefore wishing, not certainly τη «λαφρια εχρησαμην; η α βουλευομαι, in the lightness or did I use? or the things I was κατα not certainly ката σαρκα βουλευομαι, ίνα η παρ' εμοι το according to flesh do I purpose, that may be with me the ναι ναι, και το ου ου: - 18 Πιστος δε δ θεος, yes yes, and the no no? Pathful but the God, δτ: δ λογος ήμων δ προς ύμας ουκ εγενετο ofue that to you not that the word. 19 'Ο γαρ του θεου vios Ιησους val Kal ov. The for of the God BOB Χριστος, δ εν ύμιν δι' ήμων κηρυχθεις, Appointed, that among you by means of us having been preached, εμου και Σιλουανου και Τιμοθεου,) ουκ (by means of me and Silvaous and. Timothy.) εγενετο ναι και ου, αλλα ναι εν αυτώ γεγονεν, became 'yes and no, but yes in him has become, 20 (to at yap $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda i$ at $\theta \epsilon o v$, ϵv aut ϕ to v at i the iκαι εν αυτώ το αμην,) τω θεώ προς δοξαν and in him the so best,) to the God for glory on account ύμων. ²¹ O δε βεβαιων ήμας συν ύμιν εις of us. The but ôncestablishing us with you for Χριστον, και χρισας ήμας, θεος-22 δ και σφρα-Anointed, and having anointed us, God; he and having γισαμενός ήμας, και δους τον αρβαβωνα του sealed ua. and having given the pledge ofthe πνευματος εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων. - 23 Εγω δε spirit ia the hearts olde. I but μαρτυρα τον θεον επικαλουμαι επι την εμην call upon at to the ewitness the God ψυχην, ότι φειδομενος ύμων ουκετί ηλθον εις soul, that sparing you not yet I came to Κορινθον. 24 ουχ ότι κυριευομεν ύμων της πισ-Corinth; not because welord it over you of the τεως, αλλα συνεργοι εσμεν της χαρας ύμων τη but fellum-workers we are of the joy of you; in the γαρ πιστει έστηκατε. ΚΕΦ. β. 2. Εκρινα faith you have stood. I decided δε εμαυτώ τουτο, το μη παλιν εν λυπη προς but with myself this, that not again in grief to ύμας ελθειν. 2 Ει γαρ εγω λυπω ύμας, και τις γου το come. If for I grieve you, indeed who *[εστίν] δευφραινων με, ει μη δ λυπουμενος εξ the one gladening me, if not the one being grieved from | Who is GRIEVED by me.

You to be sent forward. into JUDEA.

17 This therefore, being my intention, did I certainly regard it LIGHTLY? or are my purposes formed taccording to the Flesh, that there should be with me both the YES, yes, and the No, no?

18 + But God is witness. That THAT WORD of ours which was toward you * is not yes and no;

19 for that son of Gop. Jesus Christ, who was PRO-CLAIMED to You by Us,— by me, and Silvarus, and Timothy,-was not yes and no, but was yes in him.

20 # For whatever be the Promises of God, they are in him YES, "and in him tAMEN, to the Glory of Gop through us.

21 NOW HE ESTABLISH. ING us with you in Christ, and thaving anointed us, is THAT God

22 who also thas sealed us, and ‡ given-the PLEDGE, of the spinit in our HEARTS.

23 But t invoke God as a Witness to My Soul, t That, sparing you, I have not yet come to

24 not ! Because we domineer over You through the FAITH, but because we are Associates of your Joy; for fin the FAITH you have stood firm.

CHAPTER II.

1 But I decided this with myself, * not to COME! again to you, in Grief.

2 For if I grieve you, who indeed could MAKE me GLAD, but the ONE!

NATICAN MANUSCRIST.—18. is not yes and no. _____ 20. wherefore also by him AMEX 2, 15-omit.

^{† 18.} The original phrase, pistos ho theos, is the same form of an oath with The Eternal eth! that is, "As rertainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Nai, yes, was the word tireth! that is, tiveth! that is, "As rectainly as the Eternal God liveth." † 20. Noi, yes, was the word used by the Greeks or affirming anything; Amen was the word used by the Hebrews for the same purpose - Macknight. .

^{17.2} Cor. x. 2. 20. Rom. xv. 8, 0. 7 21. I John if. 20, 27. 1 22. Eph. 1. 13, 1v. 80; 2 Tim. ii. 19; Rev. ii. 17. 22. 2 Cor. v. 5; Eph. i. 14. 1 23. Roya. 20. 2 Cor. xi. 31; Gal. i. 20; Phil. i 8. 1 23. 1 Gor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. iv. 3; xii. 20; xiii. 2, iu. 22. 1 Cor. iv. 5; 1 Cor. iv. 3; xii. 20, 21; xiii. 10.

 3 Kai $\epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha \psi \alpha \stackrel{*}{=} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\nu} \mu i \nu \end{bmatrix}$ $\tau o \nu \tau o \alpha \nu \tau o$, $\hat{\nu} \alpha$ And 1 wrote $\begin{bmatrix} \text{to you} \end{bmatrix}$ tais same thing, so that ELLOV: ελθων λυπην εχω αφ' ών un $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \iota$ nut having come grief I have from of whom it behoves me χαιρειν· πεποιθως επι παντας ύμας, ότι ἡ εμη that the iny to rejoice; having confided in all you, ⁴ Εκ γαρ πολλης Out of for much χαρα παντων ύμων εστιν. of all of you at is. joy λιψεως και συνοχης καρδιας εγραψα ύμιν δια and anguish of beart I wrote to youthrough affliction πολλων δακρυων, ουχ ίνα λυπηθητε, αλλα την not that you might be grieved, but many tears, αγαπην ίνα γνωτε, ήν εχω περισσοτερως

that you might know, which I have more abundantly 5 Ει δε τις λελυπηκεν, ουκ εμε λελυ-€is buas. towards you. If butanyone has been grieved, not me πηκεν, αλλ' απο μερους, ίνα μη επιβαρω. gneved, but from that not may hear hardupon, parts, 6 Ίκανον τω τοιουτω ή επιτιμια παντας ύμας,

you. Sufficient to the such one the censure αίτη ή ύπο των πλειονων δώστε τουναντιον turs which by the majority; so that on the other hand

*[μαλλον] ύμας χαρισασθαι και παρακαλεσαι.

rather] you to freely forgive and to comfort, μηπως τη περισσοτερα λυπη καταποθη δ τοιlest by the more abundant grief should be swallowed the such

8 A10 OUTOS. παρακαλω ύμας κυρωσαι εις Wherefore I entreat you to oubliely confirm t

μυτον αγαπην. 9 Εις τουτο γορ και εγραψα for also love. In order to this

ίνα την δοκιμην ύμων, ει εις παντα that I might know the proof of you, if to all things

10 'Ωι δε τι χαριζεσθε, και ύπηκοοι εστε. obedieut ynu are. To whom hut anything you freely forgive, also

εγω· και γαρ εγω δ κεχαρισμαι, ει τι κεχα-I; even for I what have freely forgiven, if anything I have δι' ρισμαι, ύμας, εν προσωπφ Χριστου.

freely forgiven, an account of you, in presence of Anointed; 11 ίνα μη πλεονεκτηθωμεν ύπο του σατανα ου that not we should be overreached by the adversary; not

γαρ αυτου το νοηματα αγνοουμεν. of him the devices we are ignorant.

12 Ελθων δε εις την Τρωαδα εις το ευαγγελιον Ilaving come but to the Troas for the glad tidings

του Χριστου, και θυρας μοι ανεφγμενης εν Anointed, and a door to me having been opened by κυριφ, ουκ εσχηκα ανεσιν τω πνευματι μου, τω

Lord, not I had rest in the spirit of me, by to

3 I wrote also this very thing, that coming, #1 might not have sorrow from those by whom I ought to reje ce; ‡ naving confidence in you all, That MY Joy is 'he joy of you all.

4 For out of Much Affliction and Distress of Heart I wrote to you through many Tears; not that you should be grieved, but that you might know the LOVE which I have more abundantly towards you.

5 But 1 if any one has caused grief, he has not I grieved Me, except from a part; that I may not overcharge you all.

6 Sufficient for such a person is THIS PUNISH-MENT, which was inflicted by the MAJORITY.

7 \$ So that, ON THE OTHER HAND, you ought to forgive and comfort him, lest such an one should be overwhelmed by EXCESSIVE SOFFOW.

8 Wherefore, I entreat you publicly to confirm your Love towards him.

9 Besides, I wrote for this purpose also, that I might know the Proof of you, whether you are I obedient in all things.

10 But to whom you freely forgive any thing, H do also; for indeed, what I have forgiven, if E have forgiven any thing, is on your account, in the presence of Christ;

11 that we may not be overreached by the AD-VERSARY; for we are not ignorant of His DEVICES.

12 But thaving come to Troas in order to preach the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED, and ta Door having been opened to me by the Lord, ‡ had no Rest in my spirit, because I

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- S. to you-omit.

^{7.} rather-omit.

^{† 3. 2} Cor. xii. 21. † 3. 2 Cor. vii. 16; viii. 22; Gal. v. 10. † 4. 2 Cor. vii. 8, 9, 12. † 5. 1 Cor. v. 1. † 5. Gal. iv. 12. † 6. 1 Cor. v. 4, 5; 1 Tim. v. 20. 7. Cal. vi. 1. † 9. 2 Cor. vii. 15; x. 6. † 12. Acts xvi. 8; xx. 6. † 13. 1 Cor. xvi. 4 1 12. 2 Cor. VII. 5, U.

μη ευρειν με Τιτον τον αδελφον μου. 13 αλλα FOUND not Titus my Bro.

αποταξαμενος αυτοις, εξηλθον εις Μακεδονιαν. having bade farewell to them, I wen out into Macedonia.

14 Τφ δε θεφ χαρις τφ παντοτε θριαμβευοντι To the but God thanks to that always leading to triumph

huas εν τω Χριστω, και την οσμην της γνωσεως us in the Anointed, and the odor of the ino ed .

αύτου φανερουντι δι' ήμων εν παντι τοπο. of houself is manifesting through us ın every

15 Ότι Χριστου ευωδια εσμέν τω θέω έν τοις That of Anoisted a sweet odor we are to the God in

σωζομενοις και εν τοις απολλυμενοις.
being saved and in those perishing; 16 ois

μεν, οπμη θανατου εις θανατον οίς δε, οσμη indeed, an odor of death into death; to those but,

ζωης εις ζωην. Και προς ταυτα τις ίκανος: of life into And for these things who sufficient? life.

17 Ου γαρ εσμεν ως οί πολλοι, καπηλευοντες we are like the many, adulterating

τον λογον του θεου· αλλ' ώς εξ ειλικρινειας, αλλ' the word of the God: but as from sincerity,

ώς εκ θεου, κατενωπιον * του] θεου, εν Χοισas from God. in presence [of the] God, in Auointed $τ_{\psi}$ λαλουμεν. ΚΕΦ. γ' . 3. 1 Αργομεθα παλιν Do we begin

έαυτους συνιστανειν; η μη χρη (οιιην, ως τινες, to commend? or not we need, as some,

συστατικών επιστολών προς ύμας, η εξ ύμων to or from you. of recommendation you, letters

2 'Η επιστολη ήμων *[συστατικών ;] ύμεις ofus [of recommendation?] The letter you

 $\epsilon\sigma au\epsilon$, $\epsilon\gamma\gamma\epsilon\gamma$ $\epsilon\mu\epsilon
u$ $\epsilon
u$ τ are, having been written in the hearts of you. γινωσκομενη και αναγινωκομενη ύπο παντων

being read being known and by ανθρωπων 3 φανερουμενοι, δτι εστε επιστολη men: being manifest, that you are aletter

Χριστου διακονηθεισα υφ' ήμων, εγγεγραμμενη e. Anointed having been ministered by us, having been written

ου μελανι, αλλα πνευματι θεου ζωντος, ουκ εν sot withink, out by spirit of God living,

13 but having bid them farewell, I went forth into Macedonia.

14 Now, thanks be to THAT GOD, who always tleads us forth to TRE UMPH with the ANOINTEE one, and who diffuses by us the FRAGRANCE of the KNOWLEDGE of him, is

Every Place.
15 Because we are a
Sweet odor of Christ to God, tamong those who are BEING SAVED, and tamong THOSE Who ARE

PERISHING:

16 to these, indeed, an Odor of Death to Death, and to those, an Odor of Life to Life; and #for these things who is qualified?

17 For we are not like the MANY, † trafficking the WORD of GOD; but really t from sincerity, and as from God, in the presence of God, we speak concerning Christ.

CHAPTER III.

1 # Are we beginning again to recommend Ourselves? or do we require. as some, I Recommendatory Letters to you, or from you?

2 1 Pou are our LETTER, (written on our HEARTS,) known and being read by

All Men:

all

3 it being plainly declared that you are a Letter of Christ ‡ delivered by us, * and written not with Ink, but with the Spirit of the hving God, inot on Stone-tablets, but ion

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. of the -omit.

^{1.} of recommendation-omit.

^{† 14.} An allusion to the custom of the victorious generals, who, in their triumphal processions, carried some of their relations with them in their chariot. residently processions passed were strewed with flowers, and as Plutarch tells us, the streets were full of incense.

† 17. or sophisticating the word of God; referring to the practice of vinters, who adulterate their wines. Dr. Bentley paraphrases it thus,—"which adulterate and negotiate the word of God for their own lucre and advantage."

^{† 15. 1} Cor. i. 18. † 15. 2 Cor. iv. 3. † 16. Luke ii. 34; John ix. 39; 1 Pet. ii. 7, S † 16. 1 Cor. xv. 10; 2 Cor. iii. 5, 6. † 17. 2 Cor. iv. 2; xi. 13; 2 Pet. ii 3. † 17. 2 Cor. i. 12; iv. 2. † 1. 2 Cor. v. 12; xx 8, 12; xii. 11. † 1. Acts xviii. 27. † 2. Cor. iv. 2. † 3. 1 Cor. iii. 5. † 3. Evod. xxiv. 12; xxxiv. 1. \$ 3. Psa. xi S; Jer. xxxi. 35; Ezek. xi.,19; xxxvi. 26; Heb. viii. 10.

πλαξι λιθιναις, αλλα $\epsilon \nu$ πλαξι καρδιας σαρκιναις. tablets of stones, but on tablets of hearts fleshly. 4 Πεποιθησιν δε τοιαυτην εχομεν δια του Χρισ-

Considence but such we have through the Anointed του προς τον $\theta \in \text{ov}$. δ oux δ τι ίνανοι ϵ σμεν αφ' towards the God; not because sufficient we are from ϵ αυτων, λογισασθαι τι, δ s ϵ ξ ϵ αυτων, αλλ' ourselves, to reason anything, as from ourselves, but δ ίκανοτης δ μων ϵ κ του θ εου δ δς και ίκανωσεν the sufficiency of us from othe God; who also qualified δ μμας δ ιακονους καινης δ ιαθηκης, ου γραμματος,

the sufficiency of us from of the God; who also quanted $\eta\mu$ as δ i around δ is a θ in δ i

θανατου εν γρα, μαστιν, εντετυπωμενη *[εν] death in letters, having been engraved [in] $\lambda i \theta o i s$, εγενηθη εν δοξη, ώστε μη δυνασθαι stones, was made in glory, so that not to be able ατενισαι τους υίους Ἱσγαηλ εις το προσωπον to look steadily the sons of Icrael into the face

την καταργουμενην $^{\circ}$ 8 π s ουχι μαλλον $^{\circ}$ διαthat passing away; how not rather the ser-κονια του πνευματος ευτ. $^{\circ}$ εν δοξη; $^{\circ}$ Ει γαρ $^{\circ}$ γισε of the spirit shall be in glory? If for the

διακονια της κατακ ισεως, δοξα τολλώ μαλλον service of the condemnation glory; moch more περισσευει ή διακονια της δικαιοσυνης εν δοξη.

abounde the ervice of the righteousness io glory.

10 Και γαρ ου δεδοξασται το δεδοξασμενον εν

Even for not has been glorified that having been glorified in

τουτφ τφ μ: εί, ένεκεν της ὑπερβαλλουσης this the respect, on account of the surpassing

12 Εχουτες συν τοιαυτην ελπιδα, πολλη παρllaving thesefore such shope, much free-

δησια χωμεθα· 13 και ου, καθαπερ Μωυσεως

ετιθει καλυμμα επι το προσωπον έαυτου, προs
placed a veil on the face of himself, for

το μη ατενισαι τους υίους Ισραηλ εις το τελος the not to gase intently the sons of larged to the end

του καταργουμενου. 14 ('Αλλ' $\epsilon \pi \omega \rho \omega \theta \eta$ το of that passing away. (But were blinded the

fleshly Tablets of the Heart.

4 And such Confidence towards God we have through the Anointed;

5 ‡not That we are qualified of ourselves to reason any thing as from our selves, but ‡our qualification is from God;

6 who also qualified us to be ‡ Servants of a ‡ New Covenant; not ‡ of the Letter, but of the Spirit; for ‡ the LETTER kills, ‡ but the SPIRIT makes

alive.

7 Now, if the dispensation of death, tengraved in Letters on Stones, was attended with Glory, to that the sons of Israel were unable to look steadily into the face of Moses, because of the BRIGHTNESS of his countenance;—which [dispensation] is Passing Away;—

8 how, rather, shall not the ‡ DISPENSATION of the SPIRIT be attended

with Glory?

9 For if the MINISTRY of CONDEMNATION be Glory, much more does the MINISTRY TO BIGHTEOUSNESS abound in Glory.

10 For even that having been glorified has not been glorified in this respect, on account of the SURPASSING Glory.

Il For if THAT is BEING ANNULLED through Glory, far superior is this RE-MAINING in Glory.

12 Having therefore such a Persuasion, ‡ we exercise much Confidence;

l3 and are not like Moses, twho put a Veil over his face, for the sons of Israel not to GAZE INTENTLY to the END of the THAT BEING ABOLISHED.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. in-omit.

^{† 5.} John xv. 5; 2 Cor. ii. 16. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 10; Phil. ii. 10. † 6. 1 Cor. iii. 5; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. iii. 7; Coi. i. 25, 29; 1 Tim. i. 11, 12; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 6. Jer. xxxi. 31; Matt. xxvi. 28; Heb. viii. 6, 8. † 6. Rom. ii. 27, 29; vii. 6. † 6. Rom. ii. 20; iv. 15; vii. 9—11; Gal. iii. 10. † 6. John vi. 63; Rom. viii. 2. † 7. Rom. vii. 10. † 7. Exod. xxxiv. 1, 28; Deut. x. 1. † 7. Evod. xxxiv. 20, 30, 35. † 8. Gal. iii. 5. † 9. Rom. i. 17; iii. 21. † 2. Cor. vii. 4; Eph. vi. 19. † 13. Exod. xxxiv. 33, 35.

νοηματα αυτων' αχρε γαρ της σημερον το αυτο of them; till for the to-day the same καλυμμα επι τη αναγνωτει της παλαιας διαθηon the reading of the old covenant, της, μενει, μη ανακαλυπτομενον, ότι εν Χριστώ being discovered, because by Anointed remains, not καταργειται 15 αλλ' έως σημερον, ήνικα αναit is taken away; but till to-day, γινωσκεται Μωυσης, καλυμμα επι την καρδιαν Moses, aveil on the heart 16 'Ηνικα δ' αν επιστρεψη προς αυτων κειται. of them lies. When but it may turn to κυριον, περιαιρειται το καλυμμα. 17 'Ο δε κυριος Lord, is taken from around the veil. The but Lord το πνευμα εστιν ού δε το πνευ... κυριου is; where and the spirit spint of Lord *[$\epsilon \kappa \epsilon i$] $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon v \theta \epsilon \rho i \alpha$.) 18 'H $\mu \epsilon i s$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\pi \alpha v \tau \epsilon s$ $\alpha v \alpha$. [there] freedom.) We but all having κεκαλυμμενώ προσωπώ την δοξαν κυριου κατοin a face the glory of Lord been unveiled π . ρ ιζομένοι, την αυτην εικονα μεταμορφουμέθα ing as in a mirror, the same image we are transformed απο δοξης εις δοξαν, καθαιτέρ απο κυριου πνευfrom glory to glory, even as from Lord ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Δια τουτο εχοντες την цатоs On account of this Dr in g διακονιαν ταυτην, καθως ελεηθημεν, ουκ εκκαthis, even as we received mercy, not κουμεν· 2 αλλ' απειπαμεθα τα κρυπτα της αισwerefused the secrets of the shame, χυνης, μη εοιπατουντες εν πανουργια, μηδε in craitiness, nor δολουντες τον λογον του θεου, αλλω τη φανεtue word of the God. but by the manifesρωσει της αληθειας συνιστωντες έαυτους προς tation of the truth recommending oursalves to πασαν συνειδησιν ανθρωπων, ενωπιον του θε υ. ever**y** of men, in presence of the God. ³ Ει δε και εστι κεκαλυμμενον το ευαγγελιον If but even it is having been veiled the glad tidings ήμων, εν τοις απολλυμενοις εστι κεκαλυμμεof us, among those being destroyed baving been νον 4 εν οίς δ θεος του αιωνος τουτου ετυφveiled; in whom the God of the age this blinded λωσε τα νοηματα των απιστων, ELS TO MM of the unbelieving ones, in order that not αυγασα: τον φωτισμον του ευαγγελιου της to see distinctly the effulgence of the glad tidings of the δοξης του Χριστου, δς εστιν εικων του θεου. glory of the Anointed one, who is animage of the God.

14 (But their MINDS were obtuse; for to TH.S DAY, the SAME Veil r. mains over the READINT of the OLD Covenant; not discovering That it is taken away by Christ;
15 but, even to This day, when Moses is read,

a Veil lies on their HEART

16 But twhen it shall turn to the Lord, the veil will be taken from around it.

17 And the LORD is the EPIRIT; and where the SPIRIT of the Lord is, there is Freedom.)

18 But we all beholding the GLORY of the Lord in a Face Unveiled, # a 3 transformed into the SALE Likeness, from Glory to Glory, as from the Lord, the Spirit.

CHAPTER IV.

Therefore, having this ministry, even as we received Mercy, we

faint not;
2 but have repudiated the SECRET things of SHAME; not walking in Craftiness, I nor falsilying the WORD of GoD; but, by the EXHIBITION of the TRUTH, 2 approving our-selves to Every Human Conscience in the sight of GoD.

3 (But if, indeed, our GLAD TIDINGS be veiled, they have been veiled to rnose who are Perist-

4 to those unbelievers, whose minds the God of this Age blinded, in order that they might not see clearly the EFFULGENCE of the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the ANOINTED one, I who is the Likeness of God.)

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. there-omit.

^{† 14.} Isa. vi. 10; Matt. xiii. 11, 14; John xii. 40; Acts xxviii. 20; Rom. xi. 7, 8, 25; 2 Cor iv. 4. † 16. Exod. xxxiv. 34; Rom. xi. 23, 20, † 16. Isa. xxv. 7, † 17. ver, 6; 1 Cor. xv. 45; £ 18. 2 Cor. iv. 4, 6; 1 Tim. i. 11. † 18. Rom. viii. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 40; Col. iii. 10. † 1. 2 Cor. iii. 6. † 2. 2 Cor. ii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 3, 5, † 2. 2 Cor. v. 11; vi. 4. † 3. 1 Cor. i. 18; 2 Cor. ii. 15; † Thess. ii. 10. † 4. John i. 18; xii. 45; xiv. 9; Phil. ii. 6; Col. i. 15; Heb. 1. 3.

5 Ου γαρ έαυτους κηρυσσομεν, αλλα Χριστον Not for ourselves we proclaim, but Anointed Ιησουν κυριον· έαυτους δε, δουλους ύμων δια Jesus a Lord; ourselves and, slaves of you through Ιησουν. 6'Οτι δθεος δ ειπων εκ σκοτους Because the God that commanding out of daraness φως λαμψαι, ός ελαμψεν εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων, might to same, who should in the bearts olus, προς φωτισμον της γνωσεως της δοξης του θεου for illumination of the knowledge of the glory of the God εν προσωπφ * [Ιησου] Χριστου. ΓΕχημεν δε to face face to face the face but τον θησαυρον τουτον εν οσ- ακινοις σκευεσιν, the treasure this in Carthen ίνα ή ύπερβολη της δυναμεως η του θεου, power may be of the God, so that the superabounding of the και μη εξ ήμων. 8 εν παντι θλιβομενοι, αλλ' ου and not out of us; in everything bein, affleted, but bot στενοχωρουμενοι απορουμεν.ι, ;λλ ουκ εξα-being straitened; being respecte-, but not being πορουμενοι. ⁹ διωκομενοι, αλλ our εγκαταλει-in despair; being persecuted, but not being forsaken; πομενοι καταβαλλομενοι, αλλ' ουκ απολλυμεbeing cast down, but not being desνοι· 10 παντοτε την νεκρωσιν του Ιησου εν τω always the putting to death of the Jesus in the σωματι περιφεροντες ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησον body bear-gause that also the life of the Jesus εν την σωμω: ημων φανερωθη. 11 Αει γαρ n the body of you may be manifested. Always for ήμεις οί ζωντες, εις θανατον ταραδιδομεθα δια we the living, to death arcdeli ered because of Ι. σουν, ίνα και ή ζωη του Ιησου φανερωξη εν Jesus, that also the life of the Jesus may be manifested in τη θνητη σαρκι ήμων. 12 Ωστε δ θανατ 3 εν So that the death in the mortal flesh of us. ημιν ενεργειται, ή δε ζωη εν υμιν.

us works, the but life in you. 3 Εχοντες Having $\delta \in \tau o$ auto $\pi \nu \in \nu \mu a$ $\tau \eta s$ $\pi \iota \sigma \tau \in \omega s$, $\kappa a \tau a$ τo out the same spirit of the faith, according to that γεγραμιενον Επιστευσα, διο ελαλησα και taving been written; I believed, therefore I spoke; also ήμεις πιστευομέν, διο και λαλουμέν. 14 είδοwe believe, therefore and we speak; knowτες, ότι δ εγειρας τον *[κυριον] Ιηπουν, και ing, that the overaling up the [Lord] Jesus, also ήμας δια Ιησου εγερει, και παραστησει συν us through Jesus will raiseup, and will present with ύμιν. 15 Τα γαρ παντα δι' ύμας, ίνα ή χαρις you. The for all things on account of you, that the favor

5 \$ For we do not proclaim Ourselves, but the Anointed Jesus, as Lord; and ourselves \$ your Bondservants on account of Jesus.

6 Because THAT GOD ‡ who COMMANDED the LIGHT to shine out of Darkness, ‡ shoue into our HEARTS for illuminating with the KNOWLEDGE of the GLORY of GOD in the face of Jesus Christ.

7 But we have this TREASURE in ‡ Earthen Vessels, in order ‡ that the EXCELLENCE of the POWER may be of God, and not from us;

8 theing afflicted in every thing, but not distressed; being perplexed, but not in despair;

9 being persecuted, but not deserted; being thrown down, but not destroyed;

10 talways carrying about in the BODY, the dying state of JESUS, that the LIFE of JESUS may also be manifested in our BODY.

11 For we who are LIVlive are always delivered up to Death i on account of Jesus; in order that the LIFE of Jrsus also may be manifested in our MORTAL Flesh;

12 so that DEATH is working in us, but LIFE in you.

13 But having th; same Spirit of Faith, according to that having BEEN WRITTEN; t"I believed, therefore I spoke;" we also believe, and therefore we speak;

fore we speak;
14 knowing That The
who RAISED UP JESUS,
will also raise Us up * with
Jesus, and will present us
with you.

15 For tALL these things are on your account, that

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-6. Jesus-omit. 14. LORD-omit. 14. with.

πλεονασασα δια των πλειονων, την ευχαριστιαν having abounded through the many, the thanksgiving εις την δοξαν του θεου. περισσευση might superabound to the glory of the God. Wherefore cuk εκκακουμεν· αλλ' ει και δ εξω ήμων ανθρω-not wefaint; but if even the ontward of us man πος διαφθειρεται, αλλ' δ εσωθεν ανακαινουται yet the it ward is renewed is wasted, ¹⁷ Το γαρ παραυτικα ελαφήμερα και ήμερα. The for momentary by day and by day. ρον της θλιψεως *[ήμων,] καθ' ὑπερβολην εις ness of the affliction [o.us,] according to an exceeding on ύπερβολην αιωνιον βαρος δοξης κατεργαζεται an exceeding age-lasting weight riory works out ήμιν 18 μη σκοπουντων ήμων τα βλεπομενα, of us the things, being seen, not ooking for us; αλλα τα μη βλεπημένα τα γαρ βλεπομένα, but the things not being seen. the things Con being seen, τα δε μη βλεπομενα, ποοσκαιρα. transient things; the thing: but no. being seen, age-lasting things. ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. 1 Οίδαμεν γαρ, ότι, εαν ή επι· fur, that, if the earthly Weanow γειος ήμων οικια του σκτνους κατι. κή, οικοofus house ofthe tent should be aken down, a buildδομην εκ θεου εχομεν, οι ιαν αχειροποιητον, ing from God w have, a house not made by hands, ² Και γαο τν τουτφ αιωνιον, εν τοις ουρανοις. age-lasting, in & Even for in beavens. στεναξομεν, το οικητηριον ήμων το εξ ουρανου he bode of us th toom heaven we groan, 3 Ειγε και ενδυεπενδυσασθαι επιποθουντες. earnoutly lesiring. If at least and baving σαμενοι, ου γυμνοι ευρεθησομεθα. 4 Kai γαρ been invested, not naked one we had for. ε οντες εν τφ σκηνει στεναζομεν βαρουμενοι. those being in the tent groan beins oppressed; (φ) 'φ ου θελομεν εκδυσασθαι, αλλ' επενδυin which not we wish to be unclosued, but to be inτι θνητον ύπο της σασθαι, ίνα καταποθη that may be swallow a up toe morta! by 5 Ο δε κατεργασ μενος ήμας εις αυτο Lwys. life. The and one having worked out for θεος δ * [και] δους ήμιν τον αρβαβωνα TUUTO God; that [also] having given to us the 6 Θαρδουντες ουν παντοτε, και TOU TVEUHATOS. of the spirit. Being confident therefore always,

ειδυτες, ότι ενδημουντες εν τω σωματι, εκδη-

knowing, that being at home in the

the abounding FAVOR may overflow, through the THANKSGIVING OF MANY. to the GLORY of GOD.

16 Wherefore, we faint not; but even if our our-WARD Man is wasted, yet *our TINNER mar is renewed Day by Day.

17 Besides, tthe Mc. MENTARY LIGHTNESS of the AFFLICTION, works out for us an excessively exceeding aionian Weight

of Glory;

18 twe aiming not at the THINGS which are SEEN, but at the THINGS which are not seen; for the THINGS which are SEEN are temporary, but the THINGS which are not seen are aionian.

CHAPTER V.

1 For we know, That if the TENT of our TEARTHLY Dwelling be taken down, we have a Building from God, a House not made by hands, aionian, in the HEAVENS.

2 For indeed, in this twe are groaning, earnestly desiring to be invested with THAT HABI-TATION of ours which is trom Heaven;

3 and surely, having been invested, we shall not be found destitute.

4 For, indeed, THOSE BEING in the TENT are groaning, being oppressed; in which we desire not to be divested, but tinvested, that the MORTAL may be absorbed by LIFE.

5 Now HE who has PRO-DUCED us for this same thing is THAT God who thas GIVEN to us the PLEDGE of the SPIRIT.

6 Therefore, being always confident, and knowing That being at home we are in the BODY, we are from

body,

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. OUT INNER. 17. of us-omit. 5. also-omit.

μουμέν από του κυριου 2 (δια πιστέως γαρ bom bome from: the Lord, iby means of fraith for

περιπατουμεν ου δια ειδους) 8 θαρβουμεν 8 θαρβουμεν 9 το are cooddeat

δε, και ευδοκουμεν μαλλου εκδημησαι εκ του but; also we are well-pleased rather to be from home out of the

σωματος, και ενδημησαί προς τον κυριον οδιο (body, and to be at home with the Lord, wherefore και φιλοτιμουμεθα, είτε ενδημουντές, είτε αισ we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or

εκδημουντες, ευαρεστοι ζαυτη τειναι! -10 Tous teng from liquie, (well-pleasing to limi) to be. The

θεν του βηματος του Χριστου, ίνα κομισηται cotthe tribunal of the Anomaled, that may receive καστος τα δια του σωματος, προς ά επε each one me things through the body, according to what was

pater, eite ayador, eite karor.

The Elbores συν του Φοβον του Κύριου, ανθρω-Knowing therefore the fear of the Lord, men

πους πειθομέν, θεώ δε πεφανερωμεθα ελπιζω we persuade, to God butwe have been unanifested; I hope

δ: και εν ταις συνειδησεσιν ύμων πεφανερωσθαι.
ond also in the consciences of you tubava been manifested.

11 Ου *[γαρ] παλιν έαυτους συνιστανομεν ύμιν,

'Nat · (for) again ourselves do we recommend to you,

αλλα αφορμην διδοντες ύμιν Καυχηματος ύπερ

but opportunity giving to you of boasting on ημων» ένα εχητε προς τους ενπροσωπο καυχωυτ με that you have for those in face boasting.

μενους, και ου καρδία. 13Ειτε γαρ εξεστημεν, and no in heart f Evenis for wearebesides ourselves,

θειν ειτε σωφρονουμεν, ύμιν. H'Η γαρ αγαto God; and if we are of sound must to you
The for love

πη του Χριστου συνεχει ήμας, 15 κριναντας effice Appended constraine as, having judged τουτο, δτι ει εις ύπερ παντων απεθανεν αρα fais, that if one on behalf viall diel, then

fais, that if one on behalf of all diel, then

of παντες απεθανον και ύπερ παντων απεθαchey all diel, and on behalf of all hodied,

νεν, ίνα οι ζωντες μητετι έαυτοις ζωσιν, αλλα that the living polongerto themselves should live, but

τφ ύπερ αύτων αποθανοντι και εγερθεντί, to lilm on bohalf of them > baving died " and having been raised up.

home, away from the LORD;

7 (for t we are walking by Faith, not by Sight;)

8 but we are confident, and t well-pleased rather to be separated from the BODY, and to be at home with the Lord.

9 And therefore we are very ambitious, whether being at home, or being from home, to be acceptable to him.

10 ‡ For we must ALL appear before the TRIBU-NAL of the ANOINTED, ‡so that each one may receive the THINGS through the BODY, according to whatwas performed, whether good or bad.

11 Knowing therefore the Terror of the Lord, we are persuading Men; thut we have been manifested to God; and I hope we have been made manifest also in your consciences.

12 We are not trecommending Ourselves again to you, but are giving you an Opportunity of boasting on our behalf; that you may have something for THOSE who are BOASTING in Appearance, but not in Heart.

13 For even if we were besides ourselves, it was for God; and if we are of sound mind, it is for you.

14 For the LOVE of the Anointed one constrains

15 judging this, That tif one died on behalf of all, then they ALL died; and that the died on behalf of all, in order that the LIVING might no longer live for Themselves, but for HIM who DIED and rose again on their behalf.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. For omit.

6 'Ωστε ήμεις απο του νυν ουδενα οιδαμεν κατα from the now no one know according to

et de Kai **г**арка• εγνωκαμεν κατα σαρκα and even if we knew according to flesh

17° 05-Χριστον, αλλα νυν ουκετι γινωσκομεν. but now no longer

τε ει τις εν Χριστφ, καινη κτισις τα αρχαια that if any one in Anomited, new creation; the things old

παρηλθεν, ιδου, γεγονε $καινα <math>^{*}$ [τα παντα.]

¹³Τα δε παντα εκ του θεου, του καταλλαξαντος The but all things out of the God, that one having reconciled

. μας έαυτφ δια *[Ιησου] Χριστου, και δοντος us to himselfthrough [Jesus] Anointed, and having given 19 05 ιιν την διακονιαν της καταλλαγης.

service of the reconciliation. έ-ι θεος ην εν Χριστφ κοσμον καταλλασσων . .t God was in Anointed a world reconciling

έαυτω, μη λογιζομενος αυτοις τα παραπτωματα to himself, not reckoning to them the

αυτων, και θεμενος εν ήμιν τον λογον τοης of them, and having placed in us the word of the

20 Υπερ Χριστου ουν πρεσβευοκαταλλαγης. On behalf of Anointed therefore we are ambasreconciliation. μεν, ώς του θεου παρακαλουντος δι' ήμων.

sadors, as if the God beseeching through

δεομεθα ύπερ Χριστου, καταλλαγητε τφ θεφ. we pray on behalf of Anointed, be you reconciled to the God. 21 Τον *[γαρ] μη γνοντα άμαρτιαν, ὑπερ ἡμων

[for] not having known sin, on behalf of us άμαρτιαν εποιήσεν, ίνα ήμεις γινωμεθα δικαιο-

ein was made, that might become righteouswe. θεου KΕΦ. s'. 6. 1 Zuvep- $\in \mathcal{V}$ αυτφ. of God in him.

Wo. king γουντες δε και παρακαλουμεν, μη εις κενον together but also we exhort, not in van

την χαριν του θεου δεξασθαι ύμας 2 (λεγει favor of the God to receive you; (he says

γαρ. Καιρω δεκτω επηκουσα σου και εν ήμερα for, In a season acceptable I listened to thee and in a day

σωτηριας εβοηθησα σοι. Ιδου, νυν καιρος ευofsalvation I helped thee. Lo, now

a season well-

16 So that we, from this time, respect No one on account of Tilesh; and even if we esteemed Christ on account of Flesh, yet now we no longer thus regard him.

17 For, if any one be in Christ, he is ta New Creation; I the OLD things have passed away; behold! they have become new.

18 But ALL things are from THAT God ‡ who has RECONCILED us to himselt through Jesus Christ, and has given to us the MINIS. TRY of the RECONCILIA-Namely | TION;

19 namely, That # God was by Christ reconciling the World to himself, not counting to them their offences; and has deposited with us the word of the RECONCILIATION.

20 On behalf of Christ, therefore, we are I ambassadors; as if GoD were in-viting through us, we en-treat, on behalf of Christ, -be you reconciled to Gop !

21 For thim who knew no Sin, he made ta Sinoffering on our behalf, that we might become God's Righteousness in

CHAPTER VL.

1 And being also rolaborers, we exhort you not to receive the FAVOR of God in vain:

2 (for he says, ‡"In a Season acceptable, I listened to thee, and in a Day of Salvation I assisted thee." Behold! now is a

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 17. all things-omit.

^{18.} Jesus-omit.

^{21.} For-

^{† 16.} or fleshly descent. See Rom. xi. 14, where Paul styles his countrymen his flesh. Since Christ had died on behalf of all, the salvation of both Jew and Gentile were allike p. ecious.

1. There are many passages in the Old Testament; where amartia, sin, signifies a sin-offering. Hoscaiv. 8, "They (the priests) cat up the sin (sin-offerings) et riv people." In the New Testament, likewise, the word sin has the same signification. Heb. ix. 20, 28; xiii. 11.—Macknight.

^{† 16.} Gal. v. 6. † 17. Gal. vi. 15. † 17. Ep., ii. 15; Rev. xxi. 5. v. 10; Eph. ii. 16; Col. i. 20. † 19. Rom. iii. 24, 25. † 20. Eph. v. 15., 16i. 6, 9, 12; Oal. iii. 13; 1 Pet. ii. 22, 24; 1 John iii. 5. † 21. Rom. Rev. xxi. 5. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. Rom. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Eph. vi. 20. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 21. Rom. i. 17; v. 19; x. 3. 2. Isa. alix. 8.

προσδεκτος, ημερα σωτηριας.) ιδου, $\nu \nu \nu$ of salvation.) 10, accepted, now a day • Μηδεμιαν εν μηδενι δικοντες προσκοπην, ίνα giving . No ons in any thing offence, se that ή διακογια. 4 αλλ' μωμηθη εν παντι not may be blamed the service; hut in everything συνιστωντες έαυτους ώς θεου διακονοι, εν ύποourselves as of God servants. in ps-. μονη πολλη εν θλιψεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν $\sigma \tau \epsilon$ tience much in afflictions in necessities, in νοχωριαις, $5 \in \nu$ πληγαις, $\epsilon \nu$ φυλακαις, $\epsilon \nu$ ακαtresses. stripes, in prisons, in tuκοποις, εν ταστασ.αις, $\epsilon \nu$ αγρυπνιαις, $\in \nu$ labors, in watchings, mults. in in νηστειαις. 6 εν άγνοτητι, εν γνωσει, εν μακροin knowledge, in long-sufpurity, θυμια, εν χρηστοτητι, εν πνευματι άγιω, εν kindness, in spirit holy, αγαπη ανυποκριτώ, 7 εν λογώ αληθειας, $\in \mathcal{V}$ unfeigned, in a word truth, δυναμεί θεου δια των δπλων της δικαιοσυνης power of God; through the arms of the righteousness των δεξιων και αριστερων, ⁸ δια δοξης και ατιof the rights and oflefts, through glory and μιας, δια δυσφημιας και ευφημιας ώς πλανοι grace, through bad fame and good fame; as και αληθεις. 9 ώς αγνοουμενοι, και επιγινωσκοas being ignorant, and being duly appretrue; μενοι ώς αποθνησκοντες, και ιδου ζωμεν ώς lo ciated; dying, and we live; παιδευομενοι, και μη θανατουμενοι. 10 ώς λυπουand not put to death; being being corrected, 8.8 μενοι, αει δε χαιροντες ώς πτωχοι, πολλους rejoicing; as grieved, always but poor, many δε πλουτιζοντες ώς μηδεν εχοντες, και παντα but making rich; as nothing having, and all things 11 Το στομα ήμων ανεώγε προς κατεχοντες. of us has been opened to possessing. The mouth

12 Ου στενοχωρεισθε εν ήμιν· στενοχωρεισθε δε Ου στενοχωρες...
Not you are straitened in us; you are straitened in Tay δε αυτην αντιεν τοις σπαγχνοις ύμων. bawels The but same recomof you. μισθιαν, (ώς τεκνοις λεγω,) πλατυνθητε και pense, (as to children I speak,) be enlarged

ύμας, Κορινθιοι, ή καρδια ήμων πεπλατυνται.

ofus

has been enlarged.

ົນµ∈ເ\$. you.

14 Μη γινεσθε έτεροζυγουντες απιστοις· τις Not be you unequally yoking with unbelievers; what γαρ μετοχη δικαιοσυνή και ανομια; τις δε for participation righteousness and lawlessness? what and

well-accepted Season; behold! now is a Day of Sa. vation;)

3 ‡ giving No Offence in any thing, that the MINIS-TRATION may not be

blamed:

4 but in everything establishing ourselves I as God's Servants, by much patient endurance in Afflictions, in Necessities, in Distresses;

5 ‡in Stripes, in Prisons, in Tumults; in Labors, in Watchings, in

Fastings;

6 by Purity, by Knowledge, by Forbearance; by Kindness, by a holy Spirit, by Love undissembled,

7 t by the Word of Truth, by the Power of God; through THOSE ARMS of Righteousness, on the RIGHT hand and Left;

8 through Glory and Disgrace; through Bad fame and Good fame; as Deceivers, and yet true;

9 ‡ as being ignorant, yet being duly appreciated; ‡ as dying, yet behold! we live; as chastised, yet not put to death;

10 as grieving, but always rejoicing; as poor, but enriching many; as having Nothing, yet possessing All things.

11 Our MOUTH is opened toward you, O Corinthians! our HEART has been

enlarged.

12 You are not straitened in us, ‡ but you are contracted in your own TENDER AFFECTIONS.

13 But as a re-payment for the SAME, (‡ I speak as to Children,) be nou also enlarged.

14 ‡ Be not unequally yoked with Unbelievers; for ‡ What Participation has Rightcousness with Iniquity? * or what Com-

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. or what.

you, O Corintbians, the heart

^{† 3. 1} Cor. x. 32. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1. † 5. 2 Cor. xi. 23. † 7. 2 Cor. iv. 2. † 7. 2 Cor. xi. 4; Eph. vi. 11, 13; 2 Tim. iv. 7. † 9. 2 Cor. xi. 6. † 9. 1 Cor. iv. 9; 2 Cor. xi. 9; iv. 10, 11. † 12, 2 Cor. xii. 15. † 13. 1 Cor. iv. 14. 1 Lev. xix. 1) Deut. vii. 2, 3; 1 Cor. v. 0; vii. 39. † 14. 1 Kings xviii. 21 1 Cor. z. ; Eph. v. 7, 11

κοινωνια φωτι προς σκοτος; 15 Tis δε συμφωνηfellowship light with darkness? What and agreement

σις Χριστφ προς Βελιαρ; η τις μερις πιστφ of an Anointed with Beliar? or what portion to a believer μετα απιστου; 16 τις δε συγκαταθεσις ναφ θεφ

with an unbeliever? what and connection a temple of God μετα ειδωλων; Υμεις γαρ ναος θεου εστε ζων-

with idols? You for a temple of God are living; τ_{OS} $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s \in \iota \pi \in \nu$ δ $\theta \in OS$ $OT \iota \in \nu \circ \iota \kappa \eta \sigma \omega \in \nu$ as said the God; That I will indwell among

αυτοις, και εμπεριπατησω· και εσομαι αυτων them, and will walk aboutin; and I will be to them

θεος, και αυτοι εσονται μοι λαος. ¹⁷ Διο εξελa God, and they shall be to me a people. Wherefore come

θετε εκ μεσου αυτων και αφορισθητε, λεγει you out from midst of them and be you separated, says

κυριος, και ακαθαρτου μη άπτεσθε καγω εισδε-Lord, and of an unclean thing not touch you; and I will re-

ξομαι ύμας, 18 και εσομαι ύμιν εις πατερα, και ceive you, and I will be to you for a father, and ύμεις εσεσθε μοι εις υίους και θυγατερας, λεγει

you shall be to me for sous and daughters, says κυριου παντοκρατωρ. ΚΕΦ. ('. 7. 1 Ταυτας

Lord Almighty. Τhese ουν εχοντες τας επαγγελιας, αγαπητοι, καθα-

therefore having the promises, beloved ones, let us ρισωμεν έαυτους απο παντος μολυσμου σαρκος cleanse ourselves from all pollution of flesh

και πνευματος, επιτελουντες άγιωσυνην εν and spirit, perfecting holiness in

φεβφ θεου. 2 Χωρησατε ήμας ουδενα ηδικηfear of God. Receive you us; no one we in-

σαμην, ουδενα εφθειραμεν, ουδενα επλεονεκτηjured, no one we corrupted, no one we defrauded.

σαμεν. ³ Ου προς κατακρισιν λεγω· προειρηκα

σαμεν. "Ου προς κατακρισιν λεγω" προειρηκα Not for condemnation I speak; before I said γαρ, ότι εν ταις καρδιαις ήμων εστε εις το

γαρ, στι εν ταις καρσιαις ημών εστε εις το for, that in the hearts of you are in order that σ υναποθανειν και σ υζην. 4 Πολλη μοι παρδη-

to die together and to live to gether. Much with me boldness σια προς ύμας, πολλη μοι καυχησις ύπερ ύμων· towards you, much with me boasting on behalf of you,

πεπληρωμαι τη παρακλησει, ὑπερπερισσευομαι I have been filled with the consolation, I am overdowing

τη χαρα επι παση τη θλιψει ήμων. 5 Και γαρ with the joy in all the affliction of us. Indeed for

Communion has Light with Darkness?

15 and What Accordance has Christ with † Beliar? or What Portion has a Believer with an Unbeliever?

16 And What Connection has God's Temple with Idols? ‡ for * to æ are a Temple of the living God; as God said, ‡ "I "will dwell among them; "and walk among them; "and I will be Their God, "and then shall be to Me "a People."

17 Wherefore, ‡"depa.t "from the Midst of them, "and be separated," says the Lord, "and touch not "the impure; and I will

"receive you,

18 ‡ "and I will be to "you for a Father, and "nou shall be to Me for "Sons and Daughters, says "the Lord Almighty."

CHAPTER VII.

1 Having, therefore, † These PROMISES, Beloved, let us purify ourselves from all Pollution of Flesh and Spirit, perfecting Holiness in the Fear of God.

2 Receive us; † we have injured No one; we have corrupted No one; we have defrauded No one.

3 I speak not for Coudemnation; ‡for I previously said, That it is in our HEARTS to DIE TOCKTHER, and to live together.

4 ‡ Great is my Confidence in regard to you; ‡great is My Boasting on your behalf; ‡ I have been filled with CONSOLATION; I am overflowing with JOY in All our AFFLICTION.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. We are.

^{†18.} So it is in the Vatican, and the majority of MSS., and in many early ecclesiastical writers. Beliar is from the Syriac, literally signifying that which profits not, but injures, and is rendered in the Peschito-Syriac, by the word Satan.

^{† 16. 1} Cor. iii. 16; vi. 19; Eph. ii. 21, 22; Heb. iii. 6. † 16. Exod. xxix. 45; Lev. xxvi. 12; Jer. xxxi. 33; Ezek. xxxvi. 28; Zech. viii. 8. † 17. Isa. lii. 11. † 18. Jer. xxxi. 1, 9. † 1. 1 John iii. 3. † 2. Arets xx. 33; 2 Cor. xii. 17. † 3. 2 Cor. v. 11, 12. † 4. 2 Cor. iii. 12. † 4. 1 Cor. i. 4; 2 Cor. i. 11. † 4. Phil. ii. 17; Col. i. 24

ελθοντων ήμων εις Μακεδονιαν, ουδεμιαν εσχηhaving come of us into Macedonia, not had κεν ανεσιν ή σαρξ ήμων, αλλ' εν παντι θλιβο-rest the flesh of us, but in everything being dis-6 AAA εξωθεν μαχαι, εσωθεν φοβοι. without within But tressed; figuts, δ παρακαλων τους ταπεινους, παρεκαλεσεν ήμας comforted the one comforting the lowly ones, δ θεος εν τη παρουσια Τιτου. 7 ου μονον δε εν the God by the presence of Titus; not only and by τη παρουσιά αυτου, αλλα και εν τη παρακλησει presence of him. but also by the the. παρεκληθη εφ' ύμιν, αναγγελλων ήμιν with which he was cumforted over you, announcing to us την ύμων επιποθησιν, τον ύμων οδυρμον, τον the of you earnest desire, the of you lamentation, the ύμων (ηλον ύπερ εμου. ώστε με μαλλον on behalf of me; so that me ofyou zeal 8 Ότι ει και ελυπησα ύμας εν τη χαρηναι. yuu to have rejuiced. Because if even I grieved by the επιστολη, ου μεταμελομαι, ει και μετεμελομην.

βλεπω γαρ ότι ή επιστολη εκεινη, ει και προς it even for that the letter that, for 9 Νυν χαιρω, ουχ ότι ώραν, ελυπησεν ύμας. Now I rejoice, not because an hour, I grieved you. ελυπηθητε, αλλ' ότι ελυπηθητε εις μετανοιαν. you were grieved, but because you were grieved in order to reformation; ελυπηθητε γαρ κατα θεον, ίνα εν μηδενι you were grieved for according to God, so that in nothing 10 'Η γαρ κατα θεον ζημιωθητε εξ ήμων. The you might suffer loss from for according to God λυπη μετανοιαν εις σωτηριαν αμεταμελητον reformation fur salvation not to be repented of sorrow κατεργαζεται ή δε του κοσμου λυπη θανατον the but of the world works out; BOTTOW 11 Ιδου κατεργαζεται. yap QUTO TOUTO TO

I do repent, if indeed I did repent;

not

works out. Lo for same this the thing κατα θεον λυπηθηναι $*[\dot{\nu}\mu\alpha s,]$ ποσην κατειρακοταίης to God to have been grieved [you,] how much it γασατο $\dot{\nu}\mu\nu$ σπουδην αλλα απολογιαν, αλλα worked in you diligence; but a defence, but αγανακτησιν, αλλα φοβον, αλλα επιποθησιν,

fear, indignation, but earnest desire, αλλα ζηλον, αλλ' εκδικησιν εν παντι συνεσzeal, but punishment; in every thing *[εν] τφ πραγτησατε έαυτους αγνους ειναι proved yourselves pure to be [in] the 12 Αρα ει και τηραψα ύμιν ουχ εινεκεν Therefore if indeed I wrote to you not on account цать. ter. του αδικησαντος, ουδε είνεκεν του αδικηθεν-

of the one having been wronged, nor on account of the one baving done

5 For, indeed, twe having come into Macedonia, our fless had No Rest, but twe were distressed in every way;—outwardly Fightings; inwardly Fears

6 But that ‡God who comforts the Disconso-LATE, comforted us ‡ by the PRESENCE of Thus;

7 and not only by his PRESENCE, but also by the COMFORT With which he was comforted on your account, narrating to us your earnest desire, your Lamentation, your Zeat on my behalf; so that I greatly rejoiced.

8 Because if even I grieved you by the LETTER, I do not *repent; and if even I did repent, I see That that LETTER grieved you but for a short

time.

9 I now rejoice, not Because you were grieved, but Because you were grieved in order to Reformation; for you were grieved according to God, so that you might suffer loss from us in nothing.

10 ‡ For the SORROW according to God produces Reformation for Salvation, not to be repented of; that the sorrow of the WORLD produces Death.

11 For behold this very thing,—to be GRIEVED according to God,—How much Earnestness it produced in you! what an Apology! what Indignation! what Fear! what Earnest desire! what Zeal! what a Punishment! In everything you proved yourselves to be pure in this MATTER.

12 If therefore, indeed, I wrote to you, it was not on his account who suffered the wrong, *nor indeed on his account who did the wrong, that

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -8. repent; and if even I did repent, I see That. 12. nor indeed on H13 account.

^{15. 2} Cor. ii. 13. 15. 2 Cor. iv. 8. 16. 2 Cor. i. 4. 16. See 2 Cor. ii. 4. 10. 2 Sam. xii. 13; Matt. xxvi. 75. 10. Prov. xvii. 22. 12. 2 Cor. ii. 4

τος αλλ' είνεκεν του φανερωθηναι την σπουδην wrong; but on account of the to have been manifested the diligence τιων την ύπερ ύμων προς ύμας, ενωπιων του of us that on behalf of you toward you, in whence of the 13 Δια τουτο παρακεκλημεθα επι τη παρα-God. On account of this we a co forted the comκλησει ύμων περισσοτερως δε μαλλον εχαρηof you; more abundantly and rather we reμεν επι τη χαρα Τιτου, ότι αναπεπαυται το joiced in the of Titus, because has been refreshed the joy πνευμα αυτου απο παντων ύμων. 14 ότι ει of you; because if anything of him from all αυτφ ύπερ ύμων κεκαυχημαι, ου κατησχυνθην. to him on behalf of you I have boasted, not I was ashamed; αλλ' ώς παντα εν αληθεια ελαλησημεν ύμιν, wespoke but as all things in ούτω και ή καυγησις ήμων ή επι Τιτου, αληθεια of us that to Titus, also the boasting $\epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \eta \theta \eta^{\bullet}$ 15 και τα σπλανχνα αυτου περισσοbecame; and ϵ bowels of him more abunτερως εις ύμως εστιν. εμιμνησκομενου την remembering the dantly for ye-18, παντων ύμων ύπακο~ν, ώς Φοβου και τρηof you obelience, rith fear and trem-8.8 16 Χαιρω, ότι εν παντι μου εδεξασθε αυτον. that in every thing i rojoice, bling you received εν ύμιν. θαρδω I have confidence in you.

КЕФ. η'. 8.

1 Γυωριζομεν δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, την χαριν Wemake known but toyou, O brethren, the favor του θεου την δεδομενην εν ταις εκκλησιαις της of the God that having been given by the congregations of the Μακεδονιας· ² ότι εν πολλη δοκιμη θλιψεως ή that in trial of affliction the Macedonias Baπερισσεια της χαρας αυτων, και ή KATG abundance of the joy of them, and the in drep θους πτωχεια αυτων, επερισσευσεν εις TOV of them, abounded poverty * \ουτον της άπλοτητος αυτων· 3 ότι ката of them; because according to of the liberality δυναμ.ν (μαρτυρω) και ύπερ δυναμιν αυθαιρετοι, and heyond power of their own accord, (I testify) Dower ιετα πολλης παρακλησεως δεομενοι ήμων την much earnestentreaty asking of us γαριν και την κοινωνιαν της διακονιας της εις favor even the participation of the service 5 Και ου καθως ηλπισαμέν, αλλ' Tous aylous. we expected, the saints. And, not

in order that THAT DILI-GENCE of ours which we have on your behalf might be MANIFESTED toward you in the presence of GOD.

13 On this account *we were comforted; and in our comfort, we rejoiced more abundantly at the JOY of Titus, Because his SPIRIT ‡ was refreshed by you all.

14 Because if I have boasted in any thing to Him on your behalf, I was not ashamed; but as we spoke All things to you in Truth, * thus also our BOASTING before Titus

became a Truth.

15 And his TENDER AF-FECTIONS are overflowing toward you, remembering the OBEDIENCE of you all, how with Fear and Trembling you received 'im.

16 I rejoice That in every thing ‡I have confidence in you.

CHAPTER VIII.

1 Now, Brethren, we make you acquainted with THAT GIFT for GOD which has been GIVEN by the CONGREGATIONS Of MACEDONIA:

2 That in a Great Trial of Affliction, the Abundance of their Joy, even in their theep Poverty, overflowed in the Wealth of their Liberality;

3 Because That according to their Ability, I testify, and even beyond their Ability, voluntarily.

4 with Much Entreaty asking us to accept the GIFT, even the 1 JOINT PARTICIPATION OF THAT SERVICE Which is for the SAINTS;

5 and not as we ex-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—13. we were comforted; and in our comfort we rejoiced more abundantly.

14. thus also our boasting before Titus.

έαυτους εδωκαν πρωτον τω κυριώ, και ήμιν, δια themselves they gave first to the Lord, and tous, through θεληματος θεου· 6 εις το παρακαλεσαι ήμας of God; in order that tointreat Τιτον, ίνα καθως προενηρξατο, ούτω και επιτε-Titus, that as he before began, 7 Αλλ΄ λεση εις ύμας και την χαριν ταυτην. gift perfect among you also the this. But ώσπερ εν παντι περισσευετε, (πιστει και λογφ in everything you abound, (in faith and in word και γνωσει και παση σπουδη, και τη εξ ύμων εν and in knowledge and in all diligence, and in the from of you to ήμιν αγαπη,) ίνα και εν ταυτη τη χαριτι περισthat also in this the favor you may σευπτε 8ου κατ' επιταγην λεγω, αλλα wot according to a command I speak, but through της έτερων σπουδης, και το της ύμετερας αγαufthe nfothers diligence, and that of the your πης γνησιον δοκιμαζων. 9 (γινωσκετε γαρ την am proving; (you know for the χαριν του κυριου ήμων Ιησου *[Χριστου,] ότι favor of the Lord of us Jesus [Anuinted,] that Ei ύμας επτωχευσε πλουσιος ων, ίνα ύμεις on account of you he became poor rich being, so that you τη εκεινου πτωχεια πλουτησητε.) 10 και γνωpoverty might become rich;) and an opinμην εν τουτφ διδωμι. Τουτο γαρ ύμιν συμφερει, οίτινες ου μονον το ποιησαι, αλλα και το able, who not alone the to do, but also the θελειν προενηρξασθε απο περυσι. 11 νυνι δε και before began from last year; now but also

to will before began from last year; now but also to moth also the to do you perfect, that as the prompt- $\ell \nu \mu \iota \alpha \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon \lambda \epsilon \iota \nu$, out we kai to epithe to will, so also the to finish out of to to have.

12 Et $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\hat{\eta}$ $\pi \rho o \theta \nu \mu \iota \alpha$ $\pi \rho o \iota \epsilon \iota \tau \alpha \iota$, the to have.

16 for the promptness is placed first, kado $\epsilon \alpha \nu \epsilon \chi \hat{\eta} * [\tau \iota s]$ $\epsilon \nu \pi \rho o \delta \epsilon \kappa \tau o s$, our according to what may have [any one,] acceptable, not $\epsilon \alpha \theta o$ ouk $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$.

13 Ou $\gamma \alpha \rho$, $\epsilon \nu \alpha \alpha \lambda \lambda o \iota s$

recording to what not he has. Not for, that to others ανεσις, ύμιν δε θλιψις, αλλ' εξισστητος· εν τω rest, to you but affiction, but out of an equality; in the νυν καιρφ το ύμων περισσενμα εις το εκείνων present season the to you abundance for the of them

present season the to you abundance for the of them

ιστερημα, 14 ίνα και το εκεινων περισσενμα

want, so that also the of them abundance

γενηται εις το ύμων ύστερημα, όπως γενηται may be for the of you want, so that may be

viously began so also he would finish this GIFT among you.

7 But as tyou abound in every thing,—in Faith,

pected, but they gave

Themselves first to the

LORD, and to us, through

6 so that twe DESIRED

Titus, that as he had pre-

the Will of God:

and in Word, and in Knowledge, and in All Earnestness, and in Your Love to us, see that you abound in This free cift also.

8 ‡ I do not speak this by Commandment, but through the EARNESTNESS of OTHERS, I am testing also the REALITY OF YOUR Love.

9 For you know the FAVOR of our LORD Jesus, that, being rich, yet on your account he was made poor, so that, by HIS Poverty, nau might be enriched.

iy, nou might be enriched.

10 And \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in this I give an Opinion; for this is beneficial for you, who, previously began not only to Do, but also to be WILLING, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ since the last Year.

11 At present, therefore, finish the DOING also, that according to the PROMPTITUDE to WILL, so also may be the accomplishment, according to ABIL-ITY.

12 ‡ For if READINESS OF MIND be present, one is acceptable according to what he may have, and not according to what he has not.

13 Not, however, that to others may be relief, and to you distress,

14 but an Equality; at This Time let Your Abundance be for THEIR Deficiency, so that also THEIR Abundance may be for Your Deficiency; so that there may be an Equality.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-9. Anointed-omit.

^{12.} any one-omit.

ισοτης: 15 καθως γεγραπται: $^{\circ}$ Ο το πολυ, ουκ nequality; even as it has been written; He the much, not $\epsilon\pi\lambda\epsilon$ ονασε: και δ το ολιγον, ουκ ηλαττονησε. had over; and he the little, not had lack.

¹³ Χαρις δε τω θεώ τω διδοντι την αυτην σπου-Thanks but to the God to that having given the same earnestδην ύπερ ύμων εν τη καρδια Τιτου· ¹⁷ ότι την ness on behalf of you in the heart of Titus; because the μεν παρακλησιν εδεξατο σπουδαιοτέρος δε but ludeed exhortation he received; more earnest αυθαιρετος εξηελθε ύπαρχων, πρos of his own accord he went out to

ύμας. $\Sigma_{uv} \epsilon \pi \epsilon \mu \psi \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu$ $\delta \epsilon \mu \epsilon \tau$ autou tov a $\delta \epsilon \lambda \phi \sigma \nu$, We sent together and with him the brother, δ επαινος εν τω ευαγγελιω δια πασων the praise in the glad tidings through all glad tidings through of whom the praise των εκκλησιων. 19 ου μονον δε, αλλα και χειalso having of the congregatious; not only and, but οοτονηθεις ύπο των εκκλησιων συνεκδημος been voted Ъу the congregations a fellow-traveler ήμων συν τη χαριτι ταυτη, τη διακονουμενη of us with the gift this, that being administered * [autou] ημων TOOS THY του κυριου by us for the [same] the Lord 20 $\sigma \tau \epsilon \lambda \lambda o \mu \epsilon \nu o \iota$ δοξαν και προθυμιαν ήμων and readiness of mind of us; avoiding τουτο, μη τις ήμας μωμησηται εν τη αδροτητι

τουτο, μη τις ήμας μωμησηται εν τη αδροτητι this, not any one us should blame in the abundance ταυτη τη διακονουμενη ύφ' ήμων· 21 προνοσυμεthis the being served by us; we are purpos-

νοι γαρ καλα ου μονον ενωπιον κυριου, αλλα ing fur good things not only in presence of Lord, but και ενωπιον ανθρωπων. 22 Συνεπεμψαμεν δε also in presence of uen. We sent together and αυτοις τον αδελφον ήμων, δν εδοκιμασαμεν εν with them the brother of us, whom we proved in πολλοις πολλακις σπουδαιον οντα, νυνι δε πολυ many things many times diligent being, now but much

πολλοις πολλακις σπουδαίον οντα, νυνι δε πολυ many things many times diligent being, now but much σπουδαίοτερον, πεποιθησεί πολλη τη εις ύμας. more diligent, confidence great in that for you.

23 Ειτε ύπερ Τίτου, υίνωνος εμος και εις ύμας Anditon behalf of Titus, partner my and for you

εκκλησιων. congregations.

15 even as it has been written, ‡" HE who had "MUCH, had no surplus; "and HE who had LITTLE, "had no deficiency."

16 But Thanks be to THAT GOD who has PUT into the HEART of Titus, the Same Earnestness on

your behalf;

17 the cause he received, indeed, the EXHORTATION; but being very earnest, he went away of his own accord to you.

18 And we sent with him the BROTHER, whose PRAISE by the GLAD TIDINGS is throughout all of the CONGREGATIONS;

19 and not only so, but talso he has been voted by the CONGREGATIONS our Fellow-traveler with this GIFT, which is BEING DISPENSED by us for the Glory of the LORD, and of our Earnestness;

%0 avoiding this, that no one should blame Us in this ABUNDANCE which is BEING DISPENSED by

us.

21 ‡for we are purposing excellent things, not only in the presence of the Lord, but also in the presence of Men.

22 And we have sent with them our BROTHER, (whom we have often found diligent in many things, but now much more diligent,) because of THAT great Confidence reposed in you.

23 And if any inquire respecting Titus, he is my Partner and Fellow-laborer for you; or concerning our Brethren, they are the Delegates of the CONGREGATIONS, and the ‡ Glery

of Christ.

24 Show, therefore, to them the PROOF of your LOVE, and of Our ‡ Boasting on your behalf, before the CONGREGATIONS.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Same-omit.

^{† 10.} Exod. xvi. 18. † 17. verse 6. † 18. 2 Cor. xii. 18. † 10. 1 Cor. xvi. 8, 4. † 19. 2 Cor. iv. 15. † 21. Rom. xii. 17; Phil. iv. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 12. † 23. Phil. ii. 25. † 24. 2 Cor. vii. 14; 12. 2

KE Φ . θ' . 9.

 1 Περι μεν γαρ της διακονίας της είς τους Concerning indeed for the service of that for the αγιους περισσον μοι εστι το γραφείν ύμιν. saints superfluous forme it is the towrite toyou. 2 Οιδα γαρ την προθυμιαν ύμων, ήν ύπερ ύμων t know for the readmess of mind of you, which on benalf of you καυχωμαι Μακεδοσιν, ότι Αχαια παρεσκευασam boasting to Macedonians, because Achaia has been prepared ται απο περυσι και δ εξ ύμων ζηλυς ηρεθισε from last year; and the from of you zeal etirred up τους πλειυνας. ³ Επεμψα δε τους αδελφους, ίνα the many. I sent but the brethren, so that μη το καυχημα ήμων το ύπερ ύμων κενωθη εν nut the boasting of us that on behalf of you should be vain in τω μερει τουτω ίνα, καθως ελεγον, περεσκευthe respect this; so that, as I said, having been $a\sigma\mu\epsilon\nu o\iota$ $\eta\tau\epsilon^*$ $^4\mu\eta\pi\omega s$ $\epsilon\alpha\nu$ $\epsilon\lambda\theta\omega\sigma\iota$ $\sigma\nu\nu$ $\epsilon\mu o\iota$ prepared may be; lest perhaps if should come with me Μακεδονες, και εύρωσιν ύμας απαρασκευαστους, Macedonians, and find you unprepared, καταισχυνθωμεν ήμεις (ίνα μη λεγωμεν ύμεις) should be ashamed we (that not we may say you)

εν τη υποστασει ταυτη. ⁵ Αναγκαιον συν

Νεσωμαν μετείνε EV TH in the confident expectation this. Necessary therefore ηγησαμεν παρακαλεσαι τους αδελφους, ίνα προ-Ithought toexhort the brethren, that they ελθωσιν εις ύμας, και προκαταρτισωσι την would go before to and would make ready before the you, προκατηγγελμενην ευλογιαν ύμων, ταυτην blessing of you, pre-annuunced this έτοιμην ειναι ούτως ώς ευλογιαν, και μη ώς ready to be thus as a blessing, and not as πλεονεξιαν. Τουτο δε, δ σπειρων φειδομενως, This but, the one sowing sparingly, φειδομενως και θερισει και δ σπειρων aparingly also shailreap; and the one assuing €π' 7 Έκασ- $\epsilon \nu \lambda o \gamma i \alpha i s$, $\epsilon \pi' \epsilon \nu \lambda o \gamma i \alpha i s$ $\epsilon \alpha i \theta \epsilon \rho i \sigma \epsilon i$. blessings also shallreap. blessings, 113 τος καθως προαιρειται τη καρδιά μη εκ λυπης, he purposes in the heart; not from grief, η εξ αναγκης· ίλαρον γαρ δοτην αγαπα δ θεος. orfrom necessity; a cheerful for giver loves the God. 8 Δυνατος δε δ θεος πασαν χαριν περισσευσα $_1$ to make abound Powerful butthe God every favur εις ύμας, ίνα εν παντοτε πασαν αυταρκειαν yor, that in everything always all-sufficiency εχοντες, περισσευητε εις παν εργον αγαθον. Tou may abound in every work good; having, θκαθως γεγραπται Εσκορπισεν, εδωκε τοις even as it has been Critten; He has dispersed, he gave to the

πενησιν. ή δικαισσυνη αυτου μενει εις τον αιω-

poor ones; the righteousness of him abides for the

CHAPTER IX.

1 For, indeed, concerning \$\pmox THAT SERVICE which is for the SAINTS it is superfluous for me to write to you.

to you;
2 for I know tyour
PROMPTITUDE, to which
I am boasting on your
behalf to the Macedonians,
That t Achaia was prepared last Year, and Your
Zeal has excited MANY.

S t But I sent the BRE-THREN, lest THAT BOAST-ING of ours on your behalf should be vain in this RESPECT; in order that you may be prepared;

4 lest, perhaps, if the Macedonians should come with me, and find you unprepared, we, not to say you, should be ashamed in this CONFIDENT ENPECTATION.

5 I thoughtit necessary, therefore, to exhort the brethern, to go on hefore to you, and to first make ready this PREVIOUSLY ANNOUNCED GIFT of yours, that thus it may be ready as a Gift, and not as an Extortion.

6 But this I say, ‡HE who sows sparingly, will also reap sparingly; and HE who sows bountifully, will reap also bountifully;

7 even as each one purposes in his HEART, ‡ not from Gricf, or from Necessity; for ‡ God loves a Cheerful Giver.

8 ‡ And God is able to make Every Favor abound to you, so that always having All Sufficiency in every thing, you may abound in Every good Work.

9 as it has been written, "He has dispersed, ha "has given to the POOR; "his RIGHTEOUSNESS re-"mains for the AGE."

10 'Ο δε επιχορηγων σπερμα τω σπει-The and one supplying seed to the one ρηντι και αρτον εις βρωσιν, χορηγησει και bread for food, will supply and πληθυνει τον σπορον ύμων, και αυξησει τα will multiply the sowing of you, and willincrease the γεννηματα της δικαιοσυνης ύμων. 11 εν παντι products of the rightcourness of you; in everything πλουτιζομενοι εις πασαν απλοτηπα, ήτις κατερbeing enriched for all liberality, which works γαζεται δι' ήμων ευχαριστιαν τφ θεω· 12 ότι through ns thanksgiving to the God; because ή διακονια της λειτουργιας ταυτης ου μονον the dispensing of the public service this εστι προσαναπληρουσα τα ύστερηματα των nhundantly supplying the of the wants άγιων, αλλα και περισσευουσα δια πολλων also is abounding through many ευχαριστιων τω θεω. 13 δια της δοκιμης της thanksgivings to the God; on account of the proof of the διανονιας ταυτης δοξαξοντες τον θεον επι τη this they are glorifying the God at the <mark>ύποτ</mark>αγη της δμολογιας ύμων εις το ευαγγελιον subjection of the profession of you to the glad tidings του Χριστου, και απλοτητι της κοινωνιας εις of the Anointed one, and liberality of the contribution for αυτους και εις παντας, 14 και αυτων δεησει and of them by prayer ύπερ ύμων, επιποθουντων ύμας, δια την ύπερon behalf of you, ardently ving you, because of the surβαλλουσαν χαριν του θεου εφ' ύμιν. 15 Xapis favor of the God Passing | on vou. Thanks * [SE] TO BEY $\epsilon \pi \iota$ $\tau\eta$ ανεκδιηγητω αυτου [but] to the God for the inexpressible or him

Smo 12. free gift.

КЕФ. ґ. 10.

¹ Αυτος δε εγω Παυλος παρακαλω ύμας δια Same and I Paul beseech youonaccount της πραστητος και επιεικειας του Χριστου, δς of the meekness and gentleness of the Anointed, who προσωσον μεν ταπεινος εν ὑμιν, απων face indeed humble among yon, being absent δε θαρδω εις ύμας. 2 δεομαι δε, το μη but am bold toward you; I pray but, that not being present θαρβησαι τη πεποιθησει, 'η λογιζομαι τολμηto be bold with the confidence, with which I reckon to have darσαι επι τινας τους λογιζομενους ήμας ώς ng toward some those reckoning us as according to 3 Εν σαρκι γαρ περικασαρκα περιπατουντας. walking. σl flesh for walk.

10 And HE ‡ who SUPPLIES Seed to the SOWER, and Bread for Food, will multiply your sowing, and increase the PRODUCTS of your ‡RIGHTEOUSNESS;

11 you being enriched in everything for All Liberality, 1 which produces through us Thanksgiving

* to GoD;

12 because the DISPENSING of this PUBLIC SERVICE, not only is 1 amply supplying the WANTS of the SAINTS, but also is abounding through the Thanksgiving of Many * to God:

13 for they are glorifying God on account of the proof of this ministration in your avowed subjection to the Glad tidings of the Anointed one, and the Liberality of the the contribution to them and for all:

14 and by Their Prayer on your behalf, ardently loving you on account of the SURPASSING ‡ Favor of GOD bestowed upon you.

15 Thanks to God ‡ for his INEXPRESSIBLE free Gift!

CHAPTER X.

1 Now ‡F, (the same Paul, ‡ who, in Appearance, indeed, am humble among you, but being absent am bold *toward you,) exhort you by the MALEKNESS and Gentleness of the ANOINTED one;

2 and I pray that I may not be Bold, being present, with the CONFIDENCE which I presume of daring to display toward some who regard us as walking according to the Flesh.

3 For though we are

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-11. of God.
1. on account of you.

^{12.} to the ANOINTED.

^{15.} but-omit.

^{† 10.} Isa. lv. 10. † 10. Hoshea x. 12; Matt. vi. 1. † 11. 2 Cor. i. 11; iv. 15, 12 Cor. viii. 14. † 13. Matt. v. 16. † 13. Heb. xiii. 16 † 14. 2 Cor. viii. 1. † 15. James i. 17. † 1. Rom. xii. 1. † 1. verse 10; 2 Cor. xii. 5, 7, 2, 2. Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. xiii. 2,

τουντες, ου κατα σαρκα στρατευομεθα, 4 (τα inc. not according to flesh warring, (the

γαρ όπλα της στρατείας ήμων ου σαρκικα, αλλα for arms of the warfare of us not the bldy, but δ υνατα τ ϕ θ ε ϕ προς καθείρεσιν οχυρωματων,)

powerful in the God for a casting down of furtresses,)

5 λογισμους καθαιρουντες και παν ύψωμα επαιressoning casting down and every height raising ρομένον κατα της γνωσεως του θέου, και αιχ-

ρομένον κατα της γνωσέως του θέου, και αιχiteltup against the knowledge of the God, and leadμαλωτιζοντές παν νοημα εις την ὑπακοην του ing captive every inited into the obedience of the

Χριστου, ⁶και εν έτοιμφ εχουτες εκδικησαι Auointed, and in preparation having to punish

πασαν παρακοην, όταν πληρωθη ύμων ἡ ύπαevery disobedience, when may be fulfilled of you the obeκοη. 7 Τα κατα προσωπον βλεπετε; Ει τις
dience. The things according to face do you see? If any one πεποιθεν έαυτω Χριστου είναι, του το λογιζεσθω
has persuaded himself of Anointed to be, this let him consider

παλιν αφ' έαυτου ότι καθως αυτος Χριστου, sgain from himself that even as he of Anointed, υύτω και $\eta\mu\epsilon$ is. ⁸ Εαν τε γαρ και περισσοτερον

so also we. If indeed for even increabundantly

μην και ουκ εις καθειρεσιν ύμων, ουκ αισχυνηup and not for casting down of you, not I shall be θησομαι. ⁹ Ίνα μη δοξω ώς αν εκφηβειν ύμας

ashamed. So that not I may been as I would territy you δια των επιστολων· 10 (δτι αί μεν επιστολαι,

be says, weighty and powerful; the but presence of the σωματος ασθενης, και ὁ λογος εξουθενημενος.) body weak, and the word having been despised;

 11 τουτο λογιζεσθω ή τοιουτος, ότι οίοι εσμεν this let consider the such an one, that such ones we are

τ ω λογ ω δι² επιστολων αποντες, τοιουτοι και by the word through letters being absent, such like ones also

παρουτες τω εργω. 12 Ου γαρ τολμωμεν εγκριbeing present in the work. Not for we dare to rank

ναι η συγκριναι ξαυτους τισι των ξαυτους συor to compare ourselves with some of those themselves com-

walking in the Flesh, we are not warring according to the Flesh.

4 \$ since the ARMS \$ of our WARFARE are not of Flesh, but \$ DIVINELY powerful for the Demolition of Fortresses;

5 the demolishing Reasonings, and Every Height rearing itself up against the KNOWLEDGE of GOD, and leading captive Every Mind to the OBEDIENCE of the ANOINTED ONE;

6 and ‡ being prepared to punish All Disobedience, when ‡ Your OBEDIENCE may be completed.

7 ‡ Do you look on THINGS according to Appearance? ‡ If any one * seems to trust in himself. That he is of Christ, let him consider this again from himself. That as he is of Christ, so also are we. 8 For if indeed I should

boast somewhat more abundantly t of our ACTHORITY, which the LOLD gave for your Building up, and not for your overthrowing, t1 shall not be ashauned;

9 so that I may not seem as if I would terrily you by LETTERS;

10 because "the LET-TERS," says he, "are weighty and powerful; but the BODLLY PRES-ENCE is weak, and the Speech contemptible."

11 Let such a one consider this, That such as we are in word through Letters, being absent, such also will we be in work, being present.

12 ‡ For * we dare not rank or compare ourselves with some of those who commend Themselves;

 $^{^{\}bullet}$ Vatican Manuscrift.—7. seems to trust in himself. I dare not.

^{3.} to us—omit. 12.

νιστανοντων αλλα αυτοι εν έαυτοις έαυτους they by themselves themselves mending; hut μετρουντες, και συγκρινοντες έαυτους έαυτοις, measuring, and comparing themselves with themselves, 13 'Ημεις δε ουχι εις ου συνιουσιν. We and not for the things unnot are intelligent. τρα καυχησωμεθα, αλλα κατα το μετρον του we will boast, but according to the measure of the κανονος, ού εμερισεν ήμιν ό θεος μετρου, εφιrule, of which distributed to us the God of measure, 14 Ου γαρ, ώς μη εφικκεπθαι αχρι και ύμων. to even you. Not for, as not reachνουμενοι εις ύμας, ύπερεκτεινομεν έαυτους. ing we overstretch to you, (αχρι γαρ και ύμων εφθασαμεν εν τφ ευαγγελιφ for even we came in the glad tidings you του Χριστου·) 15 ουκ εις τα αμετρα καυχωμεof the Anointed,) not forthethings unmeasured νοι εν αλλοτριοις κοποις, ελπιδα δε εχοντες, but others labors, a hope; having, αυξαναμένης της πιστέως ύμων, έν ύμιν μέγαof you, by you being increased of the faith to be λυνθηναι κατα τον κανονα ήμων εις περισrule you into superabunaccording to the 16 εις τα ύπερεκεινα ύμων ευαγγελισασσειαν. dance. to the parts beyond of you to announce glad ουκ εν αλλοτριω κανονι εις τα έτοιμα θαι· another rule for the things ready tidings; not by 17 'Ο δε καυχωμενος, εν κυριφ καυχησασθαι. one boasting, to boast. The but in Lord 18 Ου γαρ καυχασθω. έαυτον συνιστων, let him boast. Not for he Limself commending, εκεινος εστι δοκιμος, αλλ' όν δ κυριος συνιστηapproved, but whom the Lord com-TIV. mends.

КЕФ. ια'. 11.

1 Οφελον ανειχεσθε μου μικρον τη αφροσυνη. wish you would hear with me a little in the foolishness. ² Ζελω γαρ ύμας θεου αλλα και ανεχεσθε μου. but even you do bear with me. I am zealous for you of God (ηλφ. ήρμοσαμην γαρ ύμας ένι ανδρι, παρθενον with a zeal; I espoused for you to one husband, a virgin άγνην παραστησαι τω Χριστω· 3 φοβουμαι δε, to present to the Anointed; I fear but μηπως ώς δ δφις Ευαν εξηπατησεν εν τη πανdeceived by the lest as the serpent Eve ουργια αύτου, *[ούτω] φθαρη τα νοηματα of himself, [so] should be corrupted the minds

these. measuring Themselves by themselves, and comparing themselves with themselves, are not intelligent.

13 # But we will not boast respecting UNMEAS-URED Things; but accord. ing to the MEASURE of the RULE which the God of Measure assigned to us, to reach even to you.

14 For we do not, as not reaching to You, overstretch ourselves; (# for we came even to You with the GLAD TIDINGS of the

ANOINTED;)

15 not boasting with reference to UNMEASURED Things, in the Labors of Others; but having a Hope, your FAITH being increased, to be enlarged among you, according to our RULE, for a superabundance;

16 to announce glad tidings in parts BEYOND you; not to boast concerning Things PREPARED by Another's Rule.

17 ‡ But HE who BOASTS, let him boast in the Lord;

18 for tnot the one com-MENDING Himself is approved, but 1 whom the Lord commends.

CHAPTER XI.

1 I wish you would bear with me *some little in imy foolishness; and indeed you do bear with me.

2 For I am ardently devoted to you with a godly Zeal; # because I betrothed you for one Husband.—a chaste Virgin ‡ to present to the Anointed;

3 but I am afraid, lest, as I the SERPENT deceived EVE by his CRAFT, your MINDS + may be corrupted

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. some little in my foolishness. 3. so-omit:

^{† 13.} verse 15. † 14. 1 Cor. iii. 5, 10; iv. 15; ix. 1. † 15. Rom. xv. 20. † 17. Isa. Ixv. 16; Jer. ix. 24; 1 Cor. i. 31. † 18. Prov. xxvii. 2. † 18. Rom. ii. 24; 1 Cor. iv. 5. † 1. verse 16; 2 Cor. v. 13. † 2. 1 Cor. iv. 15. † 2. Col. i. 3, Gen. iii. 4; John viii. 44. † 3. Eph. vi. 24; Col. ii. 4, 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 3; iv. 1; Heu xiii. 9; 2 Pet. iii. 17. 1 18. Rom. ii. 29; 1 2. Col. i. 32; m. i. 3: iv

ύμων απο της απλοτητος της εις τον Χριστον. of you from the simplicity of that into the Anointed.

⁴ Ει μεν γαρ δ ερχομενος αλλον Ιησουν κηρυσ-It indeed for the one coming another Jesus proclaims

σει δν ουκ εκηρυξαμεν, η πνευμα έτερον λαμwhom not we proclaimed, or a spirit another you

βανετε δ ουκ ελαβετε, η ευαγγελιον ξτερον δ receive which not you received, or glad tidings otherwhich

ουκ εδεξασθε, καλως ανειχεσθε. 5 Λογιζομαι not you embraced, well you might bear. 1 reckon

ηαρ μηδεν ύστερηκεναι των ύπερλιαν αποστοfor nothing to have been behind those in the highest degree apos-

lts. Et de kai idiwths $\tau \phi$ loy ϕ , all ou $\tau \eta$ thes. It hateven a simple person in the word, yet not in the

γνωσει· αλλ' εν παντι φανερωθεντες εν πασιν snowledge; but in everything having been manifested in all things ets ύμας, 7 Η άμαρτιαν εποιησα, εμαυτον among you. Or sin did I commit, myself

ταπεινων, ίνα ύμεις ύψωθητε; ότι δωρεαν το humbling, so that you might be exalted? because freely the

του θ εου ευαγγελιον ευηγγελισαμην δ μιν; of the God glad tiding a I announced to you?

8 Αλλας εκκλησίας εσυλησα, λαβων οψωνίον Other congregations I robbed, having taken wages προς την ύμων διακονίαν και παρων προς ύμας for the of you service; and being present with you

και ύστερηθεις, ου κατεναρκησα ουδενος·
and having been in want, not did Hazily burden any one;

 9 (to yap voternma mod prosamenthyrms of the for want of me supplied before the

αδελφοι ελθοντες απο Μακεδονίας) και εν brethren having come from Macedonia;) and in παντι αβαρη ύμιν εμαυτον ετηρησα, και

 π αντι αβαρη ὑμιν εμαυτον ετηρησα, και everythingurburdensome to you myself I kept, and τ τηρησω. ¹⁰ Εστιν αληθεία Χριστου εν εμοι, will keep.

will keep. It is a truth of Acointed in me, ὑτι ἡ καυχησις αὑτη ου φραγησεται εις εμε εν shattbe boasting this not shall be stopped concerning me in

τοις κλιμασι της Αχαίας. 11 Διατι; * $[\delta \tau \iota]$ ουκ the regions of the Achaia. Why? [because] not αγαπω ύμας; 4 Ο θεος οιδεν. 12 Ο δε ποιω, και

The God knows. What but I do, even ποιησω, ίνα εκκοψω την αφορμην των θελοντων

ποιησω, ινα εκκοψω την αφορμην των θελοντων I will do, so that I may cut of the opportunity of those wishing

αφορμην, ίνα εν ω καυχωνται, ευρεθωσι ao opportunity, so that in what they boast, they may be found

from *THAT SIMPLICITY and THAT PURENESS which is in the Anointed.

4 For if HE who is COM-ING proclaims Another Jesus, whom we did not preach; or you receive a different Spirit which you did not receive; or tother Glad tidings which you did not embrace, you might well bear with it.

5 * And ‡ I recken myself in Nothing to have been behind those VLRY EMINENT Apostles.

6 But even if ‡ I am a simple person in speech, yet not ‡ in Knowledge; hut in every way ‡ we have by all things been manifested among you.

7 Did I commit Sin ‡in humbling Myself that nou might be exalted? or Because I gratuitously announced to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

8 I stripped Other Congregations, taking Wages for serving You; and being present with you, and in want, ‡ I did not incommode any one;

9 for the BRETHREN having come from Macedonia supplied beforehand my Deficiency; and in everything I kept, and will keep Myself t from being a burden to you.

burden to you.

10 ‡It is a Truth of Christ by me, ‡that this very BOASTING shall not be silenced concerning me in the regions of ACHAIA.

11 Why? ‡ Because I love you not? God knows.
12 But what I am doing,

I even will do, that I may cut off the OPPORTU-NITY from THOSE DESIR-ING an Opportunity; so that in what they boast, they may be found even as mr.

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-3. THAT SIMPLICITY and THAT PUBLICS WHICH is in the Anointed.

5. And I reckon. 11. because—omit.

^{† 4.} Gal. i. 7, 8. † 5. 2 Cor. xii. 11; Gal. ii. 6. † 6. 1 Cor. 1. 17; ii. 1, 18; 2 Cor. xi. 0. † 6. Eph. iii. 4. † 6. 2 Cor. iv. 2; v. 11; xii. 12. † 7. Acts xviii. 3; 1 Cor. 1; 9 Phil. iv. 10, 15, 16. † 8. Acts xx. 33; 2 Cor. xii. 13; 1 Thess. ii. 9; 2 Thess. iii. 8, 0. † 9. 2 Cor. xii. 14, 16. † 10. Rom. ix. 1. † 10. 1 Cor. ix. 12. † 12. 1 Cor. ix. 12.

13 Of γαρ τοιουτοι ψευδαποσ-The for such one false apostles καθως και ήμεις. we. τολοι εργαται δολιοι, μετασχηματιζομενοι εις workers deceitful, transforming themselves into 14 Kai ov αποστολους Χριστου. θ auμαστον \cdot of Anointed And not it is wonderful; αυτος γαρ δ σατανας μετασχηματίζεται εις himself for the adversary is transformed into αγγελον φωτος· 15 ου μεγα ουν, ει και οίδιακοa messenger of light; not great therefore, if also the servants νοι αυτου μετασχηματιζονται ως διακονοι δικαι-

of him are transformed as servants of rightοσυνης. ὧν το τελος εσται κατα τα εργα
cousacess, efwhom the end shall be according to the works
αυτων.

of them.

16 Παλιν λεγω, μη τις με δοξη αφρονα I say, not any one me should think unwise ειναι ει δε μηγε, καν ως αφρονα δεξασθε tole; if but otherwise, even as unwise do yourcecive unwise do you receive με, ίνα καγω μικρον τι καυχησωμαι. me, so that even I a little somewhat may boast. What λαλω, ου λαλω κατα κυριον, αλλ' ώς εν αφspeak, not I speak according to Lord, but as in foolροσυνη, εν ταυτη τη ύποστασει της καυχηin this the confidence of the bosst-18 Επει πολλοι καυχωνται κατα σεωs. $\tau \eta \nu$ Sinco boast many according to the 19 'Ηδεως γαρ ανεσαρκα, καγω καυχησομαι. also I will boast. Willingly for χεσθε των αφρονων, φρονιμοι οντες. 20 ανεχεσbear with the unwise, wise oass being; you bear θε γαρ, ει τις ύμας καταδουλοι, ει τις κατεσior, if any one you enslaves, if any one eats you ifanyone eatsyon θιει, ει τις λαμβανει, ει τις επαιρεται, ει τις if any one takes you, if any oneraises himselfup, if any one δερει. 21 Κατα ατιμιαι ύμας εις προσωπον beats, OB face According to dishonor λεγω, ώς ότι ήμεις ησθενησαμεν εν 'ω δ' αι I speak, as that we were week; in what but (ev τολμα, αφροσυνη λεγω,) τολμω any one may be buld, (in I speak,) foolishness ²² Έβραιοι εισι; καγω· Ισραηλιται 2140 I. Hebrews are they? also I; Israelites

²³ διακονοι Χριστου εισι; (παραφρονων λαλω,) servants of Anointed arothey? (being a very fool I speak,) ύπερ εγω· εν κοποις περισσοπέρως, εν πληγαις

εισι; καγω σπερμα Αβρααμ εισι;

seed

are they? also I;

above I; in labors more abundant, in strines

13 For SUCH ‡ False apostles, †deceitful Workmen, are transforming themselves into Apostles of Christ.

14 And it is not surprising, for the ADVERSARY himself transforms himselfintoan Angelof Light.

15 It is therefore no great wonder, if his servants also transform themselves as †Servants of Righteousness;†Whose End will be according to their works.

16 Again ‡ I say, Let noone think Me a Simpleton; but if otherwise, then receive me as a Simpleton, so that I also may boast a little.

17 What I speak tin This CONFIDENCE of BOASTING, I do not speak according to the Lord, but as in Folly.

18 ‡Since many boast according to the Flesh, ¶ also will boast.

19‡For being wise yourselves, you readily bear with the UNWISE.

20 For you endure tif one enslave you; if one eat you up; if one take from you; if one raise himself up; if one beats You in the Face.

2I As concerning Reproach, I say that we were weak; yet in what any one is daring, (I speak foolishly,) I also am daring.

22 Are they Hebrews? tso am 11. Are they Israelites? so am 11. Are they the Seed of Abraham? so am 11.

23 Are they Servants of Christ? (I speak as being beside myself,) I am superior; tin Labors exceedingly abundant, in

of Abraam are they?

καγω.

also I;

ύπερβαλλοντως, εν φυλακαις περισσοτερως, εν ia above measure, prisons more frequently, in θανατοις πολλακις. 24 (ύπο Ιουδαιών πεντακις often; Jews deaths (by five times τεσσαρακοντα παρα μιαν ελαβον, ²⁵ τρις ερβαβexcept one I received, thrice I was δισθην, άπαξ ελιθασθην, τρις εναυαγησα, I was stoned, thrice I was shipwrecked, beaten with rods, once νυχθημερον εν τω βυθώ πεποιηκα.) 26 δδοιποa night and day in the deep I have passed;) in jourριαις πολλακις κινδυνοις ποταμων, κινδυνοις of rivers, in dangers often; in dangers ληστων, κινδυνοις εκ γενους, κινδυνοις εξ εθ-ofrobbers, in dangers from kindred, in dangers from Genνων, κινδυνοις εν πολει, κινδυνοις εν ερημια, tiles, in dangers in city, in dangers in κινδυνοις εν θαλασση, κινδυνοις εν ψευδαδελin dangers at sea, in dangers among false-breth $φ_{O(S^*)}^{27} * [εν] κοπφ και μοχθφ, εν αγρυπνιαις ren; [in] labor and t.il, in watchings$ πολλακις, εν λιμφ και διψει, εν νηστειαις πολin hunger and hirst, in fastings often, often, λακις, εν ψυχει και γυμνητητι 28 Χωρις των cold and nakednes Besides the παρεκτος, ή επισυστασις μου ή καθ' ήμεραν, ή outward things, the crowding of me that every day, the μεριμνα πασων των εκκλησιων. ²⁹ Τις ασθενει, of all of the c ngregations. Who is weak, και ουκ ασθενω: τις σκανδαλι(εται, και ουκ and not I am weak? who is made to atumble, and εγω πυρουμαι; 30 Ει καυχασθαι δει, to buast in necessary, the things bura? της ασθενειας *[μου] καυγησομαι. 31 'O BEDS of the weakness The God [of me] I will boast. και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου *[Χριστου] and father of the Lord oins Jesus [Anoin ed] οιδεν, δ ών ευλονητος εις τους αιωνας, ότι ου know; hebeing blessed for the that not -ges, ψευδομαι. 32 εν Δαμασκφ δ εθναρχης Αρετα του lutter falsehood; in Damascus the ethnarch Aretas fite βασιλεως εφρουρει την Δαμασκηνων πολιν, guarded the king Damascenea πιασαι με * $[\theta \in \lambda \omega \nu$ ·] 33 και δια θυριδος εν σαρ-to seise me [wishing;] and through an opening in a rope γανη εχαλασθην δια του τειχους, και εξεφυ-I was, owered through the wall, and escaped

γον τας χειρας αυτου. ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

of him.

hands

the

* Prisons frequently, ‡in Scourges to excess, ‡in Deaths often.

24 Five times I received, hy the Jews, ‡ forty stripes

less one;

25 three times I was t beaten with rods; tonce I was stoned; three times t I was shipwreeked; a night and day I have spent

in the DEEP.

26 During frequent Journeys, in Dangers from Rayers; in Dangers from Robbers; ‡ in Dangers from Kindred; ‡ in Dangers from Gentiles; in Dangers in Cities; in Dangers in the Desert; in Dangers at Sea; in Dangersamong False-brethren; 27 in Labor and Toil.

27 in Labor and Toil; in frequent Watchings; in Hunger and Thirst; in frequent Fastings; in Cold and Nakedness.

28 Besides these outward troubles, the anxious care for All the congregations, which is growding me every day.

29 I Who is weak, and I am not weak? Who is mad to Stumble, and I do

not burn?

30 If it is necessary to hoast, ‡ I will hoast of the THINGS which concern my WEAKNESS.

31 ‡ GOD, even the Father of our LORD Jesus, Hr ‡ who Is the BLESSED ONE for the AGFS. knows That I do not falsify.

32 ‡ In Damascus, the ETHNARCH of Aretas, the KING, gnarded the CITY of the DAMASCENES, wishing

to seize me;

33 but I was through an Opening lowered down the WALL in a Rope-basket, and escaped from his hands.

1 Kav-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-23. Prisons frequently, in Scorres to excess, in Deaths often. 30. of me-omit. 31. Anointed-omit. 32. wishing-omit.

χασθαι δη ου boast indeed not *[µ01.] ελευσομαι συμφερει I will come indeed not is profitable [lor me;] αποκαλυψεις κυριου. yap els οπτασιας και of Lord. for to and revelatious 2 Οιῦα ανθρωπον εν Χριστφ, προ ετων δεκατεσin Anointed, above years fourteen, σαρων, (ειτε εν σωματι, ουκ οιδα· ειτε εκτος not I know; without (whether with a body, * [του] σωματος, ουκ οιδα· δ θεος οιδεν·) αρπαhaving not I know; the God knows;) [the] τον τοιουτον έως τριτου ουρανου. third heaven. been snatched away the such a one to β Και οιδα τον τοιουτον ανθρωπον, $(\epsilon \iota \tau \epsilon \ \epsilon \nu$ (whether in And I know the such a man, σωματι, ειτε εκτος του σωματος, ουκ οιδα δ not I know; the without the body, or θεος οιδεν·) 4 ότι εις τον παραδειήρπαγη that he was snatched away into the paradise, αρδητα δηματα, α ουκ σον, και ηκουσεν indescribable things spoken, which not heard 5 Υπερ του τοιανθρωπώ λαλησαι. $\epsilon \xi o \nu$ being possible for a man Concerning the to speak. ουτου καυχησομαι· ύπερ δε εμαυτου ου καυχη-I will boast; on behalf but of myself not I will σομαι, ει μη εν ταις ασθενειαις *[μου.] 6 Eav If γαρ θελησω καυχησασθαι, ουκ εσομαι αφρων. to boast, not I shall be unwise; for I should desire $\epsilon \rho \omega^*$ $\phi \epsilon i \delta o \mu \alpha i$ $\delta \epsilon$, $\mu \eta$ $\tau i s$ $\epsilon i s$ I will say; If recare but, lest any one to αληθειαν γαρ εμε λογισηται ύπερ δ βλεπει με, η ακουει me should impute heyond what he sees me, or hears anything 7 Και τη ύπερβολη των αποκαλυψεων εξ εμου. And by the transcendancy of the revelations from of me. ίνα μη ύπεραιρωμαι, εδοθη μοι σκολοψ τη that not I should be over-elated, was given to me athorn in the σαρκι, αγγελος σαταν, ίνα με κολαφιζη, ίνα μη flesh, a messenger adversary, that me it might buffet, that not ύπεραιρωμαι. 8 Υπερ τουτου τρις τον κυριον t might be over-elated. Concerning this thrice the Lord **ε**μου• ⁹ και απ' παρεκαλεσα, ίνα αποστη that it might be removed from ειρηκε μοι Αρκει σοι ή χαρις μου ή γαρ δυναhe said to me, Isenough for thee the favor of me; the for 'Ηδιστα μις *[μου] εν ασθενειά τελειουται. [of me] iu weakness is perfected. Most gladly μαλλον καυχησομαι εν ταις ασθενειαις l will beast in rather the *[μ~υ,] ίνα ετισκηνωση επ' εμε ή δυναμις του [of me, | so that may dwell upon me the

CHAPTER XII.

I Is it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I will come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord.

2 I know a Man, ‡in Christ, who above fourteen Yearssince—(whether with a Body, I know not; or without a Body, I know not; God knows;)—such a one ‡ suddenly conveyed away to the Third Heaven.

3 And I know this VERY Man, (whether with a Body, or without the BODY, I know not; God knows;)

4 That he was suddenly conveyed away into PARA-DISE, and heard indescribable things spoken, which it is not possible for a Man to relate.

5 Respecting SUCH a person I will boast; ‡ butrespecting myself I will not boast, unless in my WEAK-NESSES.

6 For ‡if I should desire to boast, I shall not be Unwise; for I will speak the Truth; but I forbear, lest any one should impute to M. moro than what he sees me to be, or what he hears from me.

7 And in order that I might not be unduly elated by the TRANSCENDANCY of the REVELATIONS, ‡ a Thorn in the FLESH was given to me—‡ an Angeladversary—that it night afflict me; so that I should not be too much exalted.

8 Concerning this, I entreated the Lord three times, that it might be removed from me;

moved from me;
be for power

the for power

the for power

the for power

favorises 9 but he said to me, "My

favor is sufficient for thee;

for Power is perfected in

Weakness." Most gladly,
then, I will boast rather in

weaknesses, so that the

power of the Anointed

may abide upon Me.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIT.—1. Is it necessary to boast? it is not profitable indeed, but I come even to Visions and Revelations of the Lord.

omit. 9. of me—omit. 1. for me—omit. 2. the of me—omit.

^{† 2.} Rom. xvi. 7; 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. i. 22. † 4. Luke xxiii. 43. † 5. 2 Cor. xi. 30. † v. 13, 14. † 7. Job ii. 7; Luke xiii. 16.

^{1 2.} Acts xxii. 17. See Acts xiv. 19, 20, 1 6. 2 Cor. x. 8; xi. 16. 1 7. Gal. 3. See Deut. iii. 23-27; Matt. xxvi. 44.

Χριστου. 10 Διο ευδοκω εν ασθενειαις, εν Anointed. Wherefore I am well-pleased with weaknesses, with ύβρεσιν, εν αναγκαις, εν διωγμοις, εν στενοinsults, with necessities, with persecutions, with χωοιαις ύπερ Χριστου όταν γαρ ασθενω, τοτε on behalf of Anointed; when for I may be weak, then δυνατος ειμι. ¹¹ Γεγονα αφρων ὑμεις με ηναγ-είτοης Ιαμ. Ι have become unwise; γου me have κασατε. Εγω γαρ ωφειλον ὑφ' ὑμων συνιστασ-constrained. Ι for ought by γου to be comθαι· ουδεν γαρ ύστερησα των ύπερλιαν αποσ-mended; nothing for I was behind those in highest degree apoτολων, ει και ουδεν ειμι. 12 Τα μεν σημεια του tles, if even nothing $I_{\rm am}$. Theindeed signs of the αποστολου κατειργασθη εν ύμιν εν παση ύποwere worked out among you in all μονη, εν σημειοις και τερασι και δυναμεσι. ¹³Τι γαρ εστιν δ ηττηθητε ύπερ τας λοιπας What for isit which you were inferior beyond the other εκκλησιας, ει μη δτι αυτος εγω ου κατεναρκηcongregations, if not that myself I not was burden-some to you? Forgive to me the injustice 14 Idou, τ ριτον τουτο έτοιμως εχω ελθειν προς Lo, a third time this in readiness I am to come to ύμας, και ου καταναρκησω *[ύμων] ου γαρ you, and not I will burden [you,] not for (ητω τα ύμων, αλλ' ύμας. Ου γαρ οφειλει Not for it is fitting I seek thethings of you, hut you. τα τεκνα τοις γονευσι θησαυριζειν, αλλ' οξ γοthe children for the parents to treasure up, but the par-15 Εγω δε ήδιστα δαπανησω VEIS TOIS TEKVOIS. ents for the children. but most gladly will spend και εκδαπανηθησομαι ύπερ των ψυχων ύμων. and will in utterly spent on behalf of the souls of you; ει και περισσοτερως ύμας αγαπων, ήττον αγαif even more abundantly you loving, lesa πωμαι. 16 Εστω δε εγω ου κατεβαρησα ύμας Letit be so but; I not did burden αλλ' ύπαρχων πανουργος, δολφ ύμας ελαβον-but being crafty, with guile you I took. 17 Μη τινα ών απεσταλκα προς ύμας, δι' αυτου Not any one of whom I have sent to you, through him επλεονεκτησα $\delta\mu$ ας; 18 Παρεκαλεσα Τιτον, και I overreached your I exhorted Titus, and συναπεστειλα τον αδελφον μητι επλεονεκτηthe brother; not overreached σεν ύμας Τιτος; ου τω αυτφ πνευματι περιε-

10 Wherefore, ‡I am contented with Weaknesses, with Insults, with Necessities, with Persecutions, with Distresses on account of Christ; #since when I am weak, then I am strong.

11 Have I become ‡a Simpleton? Dou have constrained Me; for I ought to be commended by You; I for in nothing I was inferior to those VERY EMINENT Apostles—even if I am nobody.

12 The signs of the APOSTLE, surely, were performed among you with All Patience, by Signs and Prodigies and Powers.

13 TFor in what is it that you were inferior to the OTHER Congregations, unless That # I myself was not a burden to you? Forgive me this INJUSTICE!

14 # Behold, this third time I hold myself ready to come to you, and I will not be burdensome; #bccause I seek not your Preperty, but you; #for the CHILDREN are not obliged to treasure up for the PA-RENTS, but the PARENTS for the CHILDREN.

15 And II most gladly will spend and be utterly spent ton behalf of your souls; even if the more abundantly loving You, the less I be loved.

16 Be it so then, # # did not burden you; but, fit is said,] "being cunning, I took You by Artifice."
17 ‡ Did I defrand you

Ly any of those whom I

sent to you?

18 ‡1 requested Titus, and I sent the BROTHER with him. Did Titus defraud you? Did we not walk in the SAME Spirit .-in the very SAME Steps?

πατησαμέν; ου τοις αυτοις ιχνέσι; 19 Παλιν

not in the same steps?

you Titue? notin the same

walked?

apirit

Again

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. you-omit.

^{† 10} Rcm. v. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 4. † 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 4. † 11. 2 Cor. xi. 1, 16, 17, 11. 2 Cor. xi. 5. † 12. Rom. xv. 18, 19; 1 Cor. ix. 2; 2 Cor. iv. 2; vi. .; xi. 6. † 13, 1 Cor. xi. 7. † 13. 1 Cor. xi. 12; 2 Cor. xi. 9. † 14. 2 Cor. xiii. 1. † 14. Acts xx. 33; 1 Cor. x. 33. † 14. 1 Cor. iv. 14, 15. † 15. 1 Thess. ii. 8; Phil. ii. 17. † 15. John x. 11: 2 Cor. vii. 6; Col. i. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 10. † 10. 2 Cor. xi. 0. † 17. 2 Cor. vii. 2. † 18. 2 Cor. viii. 19. † 19. 2 Cor. viii. 19. † 19. 2 Cor. viii. 19. 2 Cor. viii. 19. † 19. 2 Cor. viii. 19. 2 Co

δοκειτε, ότι ύμιν απολογουμεθα; Κατενωπιον we apologize? In presence do you think, that to you

του θεου, εν Χριστφ, λαλουμεν of the God, in Anounted, wespeak

ταδε παντα, αγαπητοι, ύπερ της ύμων οικοbut all things, beloved ones, on henalf of the you

20 Φοβουμαι γαρ, μηπως ελθων ουχ I am afraid for, lest perhaps having come not Souns. ing up.

οίους θελω εύρω ύμας, καγω εύρεθω ύμιν such ones! wish Ishould find you, and I should be round by you ου θελετε μηπως ερεις, (ηλοι, θυμοι,

such a one not you wish; lest perhaps strikes, jealousies, augers, εριθειαι, καταλαλιαι, ψιθυρισμοι, φυσιωσεις,

contentious, evil-speakings, whisperings, puffings up, ακαταστασιαι 21 μη παλιν ελθοντα με ταπειlest again having come me

should νωση ὁ θεος μου προς ήμας, και πενθησω humble the God of me before you, and Ishould lamentover many

λους των προημαρτηκοτων, και μη μετανοησανof those having previously sinued, and rot having reformed

των επι τη ακαθαρσια και πορνεια και ασελγεια, in respect to the impurity and foruication and lewdness,

ΚΕΦ. ιγ'. 13. 1 Τριτον τουτο επραξαν. which they practiced. Third time this

ερχομαι πρυς ύμας επι στοματος δυο μαρτυyou; in mouth of two 2 Προ€ιρων και τριων σταθησεται παν δημα.

nesses and of three chall be established every (ώς παρων,) το δευτεκαι προλεγω, said before and I tell beforehand, (as being present,) the

ρον, (και απων νυν,) τοις προημαρτηκοσι και (and being absent now,) to those having previously sinned and λοιποις πασιν, ότι εαν TOIS

that if I should come to the others to all 3 Επει δοκιμην ζητειτε παλιν, ου φεισομαι.
again, not i will spare.

a proof Since you seek του εν εμοι λαλουντος Χριστου, (ός εις ύμας of the in me speakin; Anointed, (who towards you

ουκ ασθενει, αλλα δυνατει εν ύμιν. 4 και γαρ ει but is powerful in you; even for

εσταυρωθη εξ ασθενειας, αλλα ζη εκ δυναyet he lives from he wa. crucifie : from w akuess,

μεως θεου και γαρ ήμεις ασθενουμεν εν αυτω, of God; also for we are weak with

αλλα ζησομεθα συν αυτφ εκ δυναμεως θεου we shall live with him from power of God

*[ϵ is δ μ as·]) δ ϵ au τ ous π ϵ i ρ a ξ ϵ τ ϵ , ϵ i ϵ σ τ ϵ ϵ ν [towards you;]) yourselves if you are try you,

19 ‡ Again, do you think That we are apologizing to You? In the presence of Goo twe speak by Christ; thut ALL things, O heloved, for your Edification. 20 For I am afraid, lest

perhaps, having come, I may find you such as I do not wish; and # I may be found by you such as you do not wish ;-lest there be Strifes, * Jealousies, angry Fends, Contentions, Evilspeakings, secret Slanders, proud Swellings, Disturbances;-

21 lest, having come again, my God I may humble me before you; and I should lament for MANY of those ‡ who had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and have not reformed from the IM-PURITY, and I Fornication, and Licentiousness which

they practised.

CHAPTER XIII.

1 ‡ This third time I come to you; ‡ by the Mouth of Two Witnesses, or three, Every Fact shall be established.

2 II have said before, and I say beforehand, (as when present the SECON time, though now absent,) to THOSE Twho had PRE-VIOUSLY SINNED, and to all the OTHERS, That if I come AGAIN, ‡ I will not spare.

3 Since you seek a Proof of the Anointed I SPEAKing by me; (he is not weak towards You, but is powerful among you;

4 for though, indeed, he was crucified from Weakness, yet he lives from God's Power; and though we are weak with him, ye. we shall live with him from God's Power.)

1 try yourselves.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. Jealousy.

^{4.} towards you-omit.

t 10. 2 Cor. v. 12. t 19. Rom. ix. 1; 2 Cor. xi. 31. t 10. 1 Cor. x. 23. t 26. 1 Cor. iv. 21; 2 Cor. x. 2; xiii. 2, 10. t 21. 2 Cor. i. 1, 4. t 21. 2 Cor. xiii. 2. t 21. 1 Cor. v. 1. t 1. 2 Cor. xii. 14. t 1. Num. xxv. 30; Deut. xvii. 6; Mutt. xvii. 3. John viii. 17; Heb. x. 28. t 2. 2 Cor. x. 2. t 2. 2 Cor. xii. 21. 2 Cor. xii. 21. xii. 3. Matt. x. 20; 1 Cor. v. 4; 2 Cor. ii. 10. t 4. Phil. x. 7, t 1 Pr. x. 18. 15. 1 Tor x. x

τη πιστει έαυτους δοκιμαζετε. Η ουκ επιγι-the faith; yourselves prive you. Or not do you νωσκετε έαυτους, ότι Ιησους Χριστος εν ύμιν yourselves, that Jesus Anointed in you *[εστιν;] ει μητι αδοκιμοι εστε. 7 Ελπιζω δε

I hope but if not without proof you are. ότι γνωσεσθε, ότι ήμεις ουκ εσμεν αδοκιμοι. that you will know, that we not are without proof. 7 Ευχομαι δε προς τον θ εον, μη ποιησαι ύμας

I wish but to the God, not to do you κακον μηδεν ουχ ίνα ήμεις δοκιμοι φανωμεν, evil nothing; not that we approved ones may appear, αλλ' ίνα ύμεις το καλον ποιητε, ήμεις δε ώς but that you the good may do, we but as αδοκιμοι ωμεν. ⁸Ου γαρ δυναμεθα τι κατα without proof may be. Not for we have power any against της αληθείας, αλλ' ὑπερ της αληθείας. 9 Xaitruth, but on behalf of the truth. ρομεν γαρ, όταν ήμεις ασθενωμεν, ύμεις δε we may be weak, you rejoice for. when but δυνατοι ητε τουτο $*[\delta \epsilon]$ και ευχομεθα, την strong ones may be; this [but] even we wish, the strong ones may be; 10 Δια τουτο ταυτα ύμων καταρτισιν. of you restoration. On account of this these things being absent γραφω, ίνα παρων μη αποτομως χρησωμαι, I write, so that being present not 1 may use, severity την εξουσιαν, ην εδωκε μοι δ κυριος according to the authority, which gave to me the Lord εις οικοδομην, και ουκ εις καθαιρεσιν. 11 Λοιπον, for building up, and not for pulling down. Lastly, αδελφοι, χαιρετε, καταρτιζεσθε, παρακαλεισθε, brethren, rejoice you, be you restored, he you comforted, το αυτο φρονειτε, ειρηνευετε και δ θεος της the same think you, be you at peace; and the God of the 12 Ασπααγαπης και ειρηνης εσται μεθ' ύμων. love and peace shall be with you. σασθε αλληλους εν άγιφ φιληματι ασπαζονται each other with a huly kiss; The lavor of the Lord ύμας οί άγιοι παντές. you the saints all. Ιησου *[Χριστου,] και ή αγαπη του θεου, και Jesus [Anninted,] and the love of the God, and ή κοινωνια του άγιου πνευματος μετα παντων the joint participation of the holy apirit all ύμων. of you.

whether you are in the FAITH; prove Yourselves. Or do you not know yourselves, That Jesus Christ is among you !- except you are without proof.

6 But I hope That you will know That we are not

without proof.

7 And *I wish before God, that you may do nothing Evil; not that we may appear approved, but that nou may do what is GOOD, # though indeed we may be without proof;

8 for we have no power at all against the TRUTH. but on behalf of the TRUTH.

9 We rejoice, indeed, twhen we are weak, and nou are strong; and this we wish, Your complete restoration.

10 # On this account, being absent, I write these things, so that, being present, # I may not use Severity, 1 according to the AUTHORITY which the LORD gave to me for Building up, and not for Pulling down.

11 Finally, Brethren, rejoice! Be you fully restored; be admonished; thind the SAME thing; cultivate peace; and the God of Love and I Peace shall be with you.

12 \$ Salute each other

with a Holy Kiss.

13 All the SAINTS salute you.

14 The Travor of the LORD Jesus, and the LOVE of God, and the Joint PARTICIPATION of the HOLY Spirit be with you

* SECOND TO THE CORINTHIANS, WRITTEN FROM PHILIPPI.

† 5. Rom. viii. 10; Gal. iv. 19. † 7. 2 Cor. vi. 2. † 9. 1 Cor. iv. 10; 2 Cor. xi, 3; xii. 5, 9. 10. † 10. 1 Cor. iv. 21; 1 Cor. ii. 3; x. 2; xii. 20, 21. † 10. Titus i. 13; 1 10. 2 Cor. x. 8. † 11. 1 Cor. i. 10; Phil. ii. 2; iii. 10; 1 Pet. iii. 8. † 12. Rom. xvi. 33. † 12. Rom. xvi. 20; 1 Thess. v. 20; 1 Pet. v. 14. Rom. xv1. 24 1 14 Philatha

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. is-omit. Subscription—Second to the Corinthians, written from Philippi. Anointed-omit. † 5. Rom. viii. 10; Gal. iv. 19. 30; xii. 5. 9. 10

[NATAOY ENISTOAH] IPOS FAAATAZ

GALATIANS. THE

KE4. a'. 1.

Ι Παυλος, αποστολος ουκ απ' ανθρωπων ουδε bot from wen an apostlo δι' ανθρωπου, αλλα δια Ιησου Χριστου και Anointed a and but through Jesus through a man, θεου πατρος του εγειραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων.
God a father of the having raised him out of dead ones; 2 και οί συν εμοι παντες αδελφοι, ταις εκκλη·
and those with mo all brethren, to the congreσιαις της Γαλατίας. 3 χαρις υμίν και ειρηνη factor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος, και κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χρισ-from God afather, and Lord of us Jesus Anninted, του, ⁴ του δοντος έαυτον περι των άμαρτιων fof the having given himself concerning the , ήμων, όπως εξεληται ήμας εκ του ενεστωτος of us, in order that he mi ht rescue us out of the having been present αιωνος πονηρου, κατα το θελημα του θεου και of evil, according to the will of the God, and πατρος ήμων, 5 φ ή δοξα εις τους αιωνας των of us, to whom the glory for the age of the 6 Θαυμαζω, ότι ούτω ταχεως I wonder, because so quickly so be it. μετατιθεσθε απο του καλεπαντος ύμας εν you are being changed from the one having called χαριτι Χριστου εις έτερον ευαγγελιον 7 δ ουκ glad tidinge; which not favor of Anointed to other €στιν αλλο' ει μη τινες εισιν οί ταραπσοντες is other; if not some are who are troubling ύμας, και θελοντες μεταστρεψαι το ευαγγελιον wishing to tura about the glad tidings του Χριστου. 8 Αλλα και εαν ήμεις η αγγελος of the Anointed. . But even if we or amessenger ύμιν, κπαρ' εξ ουρανου ευαγγελιζηται from 'heaven should announce glad tidings to you, ; contrary to δ ευηγγελισαμεθα ύμιν, αναθεμα εστω. what we announced to you. accursed let him he. προειρηκαμεν, και αρτι παλιν λεγω· ει τις we before said, even now again I say; if any one παρ ύμας ευαγγελιζεται δ παρελαβετε, you addresses with good tidings contrary to what you received, 10 Αρτι γαρ ανθρωπους πειθω, do l ober.

CHAPTER 1.

Paul, an Apostle,— Man, but I by Jesus Christ, and THAT God the Father t who raised him from the Dead.)-- X

2 and ALL the Brethren twho are with me, tto the congregations of GALATIA: >2 -

3 #Favor to you and Peace from God the Father, and THAT Lord of ours, Jesus Christ;

4 twho GAVE himself on account of our sins. in order that he might rescue us I from the PRES-ENT evil Age, according to the WILL of our God and Father;

5 to whom he the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

6 I am astonished That you have so quickly turned away from HIM who CALLED you by the Favor of Christ, to other Glad Tidings;

7 I not that there are any other; but there are CERTAIN persons ; who are TROUBLING you, and wishing to subvert the GLAD TIDINGS of the ANOINTED.

8 But even if twe, or an Angel from Heaven, should announce glad tidings to You different from what we announced to you, let him be accursed.

9 As we before said, even now again I say,-If any one announces glad tidings to You different from what you received, let him be accursed.

10 For do I now obey Men, or GoD? or do I

αναθεμα εστω.

accursed let him he.

[·] VATICAN MABUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE GALATIANS:

^{1:} ver. 11, 12. 1. Acts ix. 0; xxii. 10, 15, 21; xxvi. 16; Titus i. 3. 1. Acts ii. 3; 2 Cor. i. 2; 2. Phil. ii. 22; iv. 21. 1. 2. 1 Cor. xvi. 1. 1. 3. Rom. i. 7; 1 Cor. ii. 3; 2 Cor. i. 2; &c. 1. 4. Matt. xx. 28; Rom. iv. 25; Gal. ii. 20; Titus ii. 14. 1. 4. John xvii. 14, 16. 1. 7; Acts xv. 1, 24; 3 Cor. ii. 17; xi. 13; Gal. 1.8. 1 Cor. xvi. 22.

η τον θεον: η ζητω ανθρωποις αρεσκειν: ει or the God? or do l seek usen to please? ει or the God? or do locek men to please? Η *[γαρ] ετι ανθρωποις ηρεσκον, Χριστον δουλος I pleased, of Anointed a slove (for) atill men 11 Γνωριζω δε ύμιν, αδελφοι, το ουκ αν ημην. not labould be. I make known but to you, brethren, the ευαγγελίον το ευαγγελίοθεν ὑπ εμου, ὁτι glad tidings the having been announced by me, it that me, , ! that ουκ εστι κατα ανθρωπον· 12 ουδε γαρ εγω not is according to man; neither for 1 not' is according to man; παρα ανθρωπου παρελαβον αυτο δυτε εδιδαχθην, (rom mad received it not was liaught, αλλα δι' αποκαλυψεως Ιησου Χριστου. 13 Ηκουbut through a revelation . of Jeaus Anointed. σατε γαρ την εμην αναστροφην ποτε εν τφ heard for the my cooduct formerly when in the Ioυδαισμφ, ότι καθ' υπερβολην εδιωκον την Jewish religion, that exceedingly I persecuted the εκκλησιαν του θεου, και επορθουν αυτην--- και congregation of the God, and ravaged her and προεκοπτον εν τφ Ιουδαισμφ ύπερ πολλους made progress in the Jewish religion beyond many συνηλικιωτας εν τω γενει μου, περισσοτερως of the same ago among the race of me, more earnestly $\{ηλωτης ὑπαρχων των πατρικων μου παραδοειεσιο being of the fathere of the traditions. σεων. 15 Οτε δε ενδοκησεν <math>*[δθεος,]δαροων.$ When but it pleased [the God,] that having ρισας με εκ κοιλιας μητρος μου, και καλεσας set apart me from womb of mother of me, and having called δια της χαριτος αύτου, 16 αποκαλυψαι τον υίον through the favor of himself, to rereal the son αύτου εν εμοί, ίνα ευαγγελιζωμαί αυτον εν of himself to me, so that I might announce him to τοις εθνεσιν' ευθεως, ου προσανεθεμην σαρκι nations; 'Immediately, not I consulted with fesh και αίματι, 17 ουδε ανηλθον εις Ίεροσολυμά and . blood, to nor I went up Jerusalem προς τους προ εμου αποστολους, αλλ' απηλθον to those before me apostles, but I went εις Αραβιαν, και παλιν υπεστρεψα εις Δαμασκόν.

18 Επειτα μετα ετη τριά ανηλθον εις 'Ιεροσολυ-Thes after years three I went up to. Jecusalem, μα, ίστορησαι Πετρον, και επεμεινα προς αυτον Peter, and I remained with ήμερας δεκαπεντε· 19 έτερον δε των αποστολων dera fifteen; other but of the apostles ουκ είδον, ει μη Ιακωβον τον αδελφον του pot I baw, if not James! the betther of the

Arabia, and again ; returned to

κυριου. 30 ('A δε γραφω ύμιν, ίδου ενωπιον Lord. (What now I write to you, lo in presence in presence

t seek to please Men? for if I still pleased Men, I should not be a Servant of

Il But I make known to you, Brethren, That those GLAD TIDINGS which were announcem by me; that they are not according to Man;

212 for # neither refrom a Man, 1 but through a Revelation from Jesus Christ.

13 For you heard of MY Conduct formerly in Judas ism, ! That I Exceedingly persecuted the congregation of Gop, and I laid it

14 and made proficiency in Judaism beyond Many of the same age among my own BACE, I being an excessive Zealot for the TRADITIONS Of DIY F THERS.

- 15 But when it pleased THAT GOD who SET me APART from my Birth, and CALLED me by his FAVOR.

. 16 to reveal his Son to me, I that I might an-nounce him to the NA+ TIONS, I did not immedintely consult with ! Flesle and Blood : -.

17 nor did 1 go. up to Jerusalem to THOSE who were APOSTLES hefore me. but I went away into Arabia, and returned again to Damascus.

18. Then, after three Years, I went up to Jerusalem to visit "Cephas, and remained with him fifteen Days ;;

19 and I saw no other of the APOSTLES except † 1 James, the BROTHER of the LORD ...

20 (Now, the things I

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. For .- omit, 15. the Gop-omit. 18. Cephas. † 10. The Hebrews called all near relations brothers. This James was the son of Alpheus by Mary the sister of our Lord's mother .- Macknight.

^{1 10. 2} Thess. ii. 4; James iv. 4. ; 12. 1 Cor. xv. 5. ; 12. Eph. iii. 3. ; 13. Acts ix. 1; xxii. 4; xxvi. 11; 1 Tim. i. 13. ; 13. Acts viii. 3. ; 2 14. Acts xxii. 8; xxvi. 0; Phil. iii. 6. ; 14. Matt. xv. 2; Mark vii. 5. ; 10. Acts ix. 15; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17, 18; Rom. xi, 13: Eph. iii. 8. ; 10. Matt. xvi. 17; 1 Cor. xv. 50; Eph. vi. 13; 18. Acts ix. 20. ; 10. Matt. xiii. 55; Mark vi. 5.

του θεου, ότι ου ψευδομαι.) 21 Επειτα ηλθου of the God, that not I am speaking falsely.) Then I went

εις τα κλιματα της Συριας και της Κιλικιαςand of the regions of the Syria Cilicia:

22 Ημην δε αγνοουμένος τφ προσωπφ ταις έκ-I was but being unknown by the face to the con-

κλησιαις της Ιουδαιας ταις εν Χριστω· 23 μονον thuse in Anointed; gregations of the Judea

δε ακουοντες ησαν 'Οτι δ διωκων ήμας ποτε, hearing they were; That the one persecuting us once.

νυν ευαγγελιζεται την πιστιν ήν ποτε €#OPnow proclaims as glad tidings the faith which once he was laying

 $\theta \epsilon i^{-24} \kappa \alpha i = \epsilon \delta o \xi \alpha \zeta o \nu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \mu o i \tau o \nu \theta \epsilon o \nu$. KE Φ . β' . waste; and they were glorifying in me the God.

2. Επειτα δια δεκατεσσαρων ετων παλιν ανεagain I went Then through fourteen years

βην εις Ίεροσολυμα μετα Βαρναβα, συμπαρα-np to Jerusalem with Barnabas, baving taken as

λαβων και Τιτον. 2 Ανεβην δε κατα αποκαλυa companion also Titus. I went up but according to a revela-

ψιν, και ανεθεμην αυτοις το ευαγγελιον δ κηtion, and aubmitted to them the glad tidings which

ρυσσω $\epsilon \nu$ τοις $\epsilon \theta \nu \epsilon \sigma \iota^*$ κατ³ ιδιαν δε τοις δοκουpublish among the Gentiles; by one's selfbut to those appearing

σι, μηπως εις κενον τρεχω, η εδραμον.

3 Αλλ' ουδε Τιτος δ συν εμοι, Έλλην ων,
But not even Titus he with me, a Greek being,

4 Δια δε τουs ηναγκασθη $\pi \in \rho i \tau \mu \eta \theta \eta \nu \alpha i$. to be circumcised. On account of but the was under a necessity

παρεισακτους ψευδαδελφους (οίτινες παρεισsecretly introduced false brethren; stole

ηλθον κατασκοπησαι την ελευθεριαν ήμων ήν to have spied out the freedom of us which

εχομεν εν Χριστω Ιησου, ίνα ημας καταδου-we hold in Anninted Jesus, so that no they might

 $\lambda \omega \sigma \omega \nu \tau \alpha \iota$) 5 ois ou $\delta \epsilon \pi \rho \sigma s \dot{\omega} \rho \alpha \nu \epsilon \iota \xi \alpha \mu \epsilon \nu \tau \eta$ to whom not even for an hour we yielded by the enslave;)

ύποταγη, ίνα ή αληθεια του ευαγγελιου διαsubmission, in order that the truth of the glad tidings might

am writing to you, behold, in the presence of GoD, ‡ I do not falsely affirm.

21 After that I went into the ‡ REGIONS of SYRIA and of CILICIA;

22 but I was unknown personally to THOSE CON-GREGATIONS OF JUDEA which are in Christ;

23 they only having heard, That "HE who was once PERSECUTING us, is now announcing as glad tidings the FAITH which he formerly laid waste."

24 And they glorified

God on my account.

CHAPTER II.

1 Then within † Fourteen Years I went up again to Jerusalem with Barnabas, taking Titus also with me.

2 Now I went up according to a Revelation, and submitted to them the GLAD TIDINGS which I publish among the NA-TIONS; but privately to THOSE in HIGH REPUTE, lest perhaps for a vain thing I may run, or might have run.

S * But not even Titus, my associate, though a Greek, was under a necessity to be circumcised,

4 on account even of the FALSE BRETHREN SECRETLY INTRODUCED; (who crept in to spy out our : FREEDOM which we possess in the Anointed Jesus, ‡ so that they might enslave us:)

5 to whom not even for an Hour did we yield by SUBMISSION; in order that the TRUTH of the GLAD

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 3. But not even Titus, my associate, though a Greek.

^{† 1.} Some think that the time specified in this verse, was when the apostle went to Jerusalem about the question of circumcision, Acts xv. 4. &c. There is a difficulty in determining the exact chronology of this visito Jerusalem, though this was probably the time, as the apostle says he went up by revelation, and therefore it must have been on important business. Some contend, however, that the journey alluded to was the one mentioned in Acts xi. 27, when the congregation at Antioch sent Barnabas and Saul with relief tor the poor Christians in Judea, but this would not allow sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding the content of the sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding to the sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding to the sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding to the sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding to the sufficient time for the fourteen corresponding t years mentioned.

^{† 20.} Rom ix. 1. † 21. Acts ix. 30. † 4. Acts xv. 1, 24; 2 Cor. xi. 26. Gal. v. i, 23. † 4. 2 Cor. xi. 20; Gal. iv. 3, 9. † 5. verse 14.

Chap. 2: 6.] GALATIANS. HELVY προς υμας. cemain throughout with From butofthose appearing with you. you. ποτε ησαν, ουδεν TWV ELVAL δποιοι to be something, of what sort once they were, nothing μοι διαφερει (προσωπον θεος ανθρωπου ου to me it brings; (a face God of a man not λαμβανει*) εμοι γαρ οι δοκουντες ουδεν accepts;) to me for those appearing somewhat nothing προσανεθεντο, 7 αλλα τουναντιον, ιδοντες, ότι communicated, but on the contrary, seeing, that πεπιστευμαι το ευαγγελιον της ακροβυσ-I have been entrusted with the glad tidings of the uncircumτιας, καθως Πετρος της περιτομης, 8 δ γαρ for Peter of the circumcision, he cision, even as TMS ενεργησας Πετρω εις αποστολην having inwardly wrought in Peter ofthe for an apostleship π εριτομης, ενηργησε και εμοι εις τα εθνη,) circumcision, inwardly wrought also in me for the gentiles, 9 και γνοντες την χαριντην δοθεισαν μοι, and having perceived the favor, that having been given to me, Ιακωβος και Κηφας και Ιωαννης, οἱ δοκουντες those seeming James and Kephas and John, στυλοι ειναι, δεξιας εδωκαν εμοι και Βαρναβα pillars to be, right hands they gave to me and Barnahas κοινωνιας, ίνα ήμεις μεν εις τα έθνη, αυτοι δε of fellowship, that we indeed for the gentiles, they εις την περιτομην· 10 μονον των πτωχων ίνα for the circumcision; only of the poor ones μνημονευωμεν δ και εσπουδασα αυτο τουτο we should be mindful; which also I strove earnestly same thing this $O\tau\epsilon$ δε ηλθε Πετρος εις Αντιο-When but came Peter to Antioch, to have done. χειαν, καπα προσωπον αυτφ αντεστην, δτι face to him I opposed, hecause 12 $\Pi \rho o$ $\tau o v$ $\gamma \alpha \rho$ $\epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon \iota v$ ϵv Before of the forto have come κατεγνωσμενος ην. having been blamed he was. τινας απο Ιακωβου, μετα των εθνων συνησθιεν.

with the Gentiles he was eating; some from James, ότε δε ηλθον, ύπεστελλε και αφωριζεν έαυwhen but they came, he was withdrawing and was separating

13 Kat τον, φοβουμένος τους εκ περιτομης. those of self, fearing circumciaion. And

συνυπεκοιθησαν αυτφ και οί λοιποι Ιουδαιοι dissembled with him also the other Jews;

ωστε και Βαρναβας συναπηχθη αυτων τη ύποκ-Barnabaa waa led astray of them by the hypocso that even 14 Αλλ' ότε είδον, ότι ουκ ορθοποδουσι ρισει. Kiby.

But when I saw, that not they walk straight

6 Aπο δε των δοκουν- TIDINGS might remain

6 But from THOSE of REPUTATION, whatever they were formerly is of no consequence to me; (# God does not accept a Man for Personal appearance;) for to Me, THOSE of REPUTA. TION communicated noth-

7 But on the CONTRARY, James and Cephas and John,-THOSE SEEMING to be Pillars,- perceiving That I I was entrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS for the UNCIRCUMCISION. even as Peter was for the CIRCUMCISION;

8 (for HE who OPERA-TED in Peter for the Apostleship of the CIRCUMCIsion, toperated in me also for the GENTILES;)

9 tand acknowledging THAT COMMISSION GIVEN to me, gave to me and Barnabas the Right hands of Fellowship, in order that we should be for the GEN-TILES, and then for the CIRCUMCISION;

10 only urging that we should be mindful of the POOR,- + which very thing I was even ardently hasten-

ing to perform.

11 But when * Cephas came to Antioch, I opposed Him Face to face, Because he was blameable.

12 For before certain persons CAME from James. he ate together with the GENTILES; but when they came he withdrew and separated himself, being afraid of THOSE belonging to the Circumcision.

13 And the OTHER Jews also dissembled with him, so that even Barnabas was led astray by Their uxpoc RISY.

14 But when I saw That they walked not straight

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. Cephas.

^{† 0.} Acts x. 34; Rom. ii. 11. 2 Tim. i. 11. 1 Cor. xv. 10; Gal. i. 10; Col. i. 29. Eph. iii. 8. † 10. See 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. vii. ix. † 7. Acts xiii. 40; Rom. 1.5; xi. 13; 1 Tim. ii. 7; † 8. Acts ix. 15; xiii. 2; xxii. 21; xxvi. 17, 18; † 9. Rom. i. 5; xii. 8, 6; xv. 15; 1 Cor. xv. 10;

την αληθειαν του ευαγγελιου, ειπον truth of the glad tidings, τφ Πετρφ εμπροσθεν παντων Ει συ, Ιουδαιος to the Peter in presence of all; If thon, ύπαρχων, εθνικως (ης και ουκ Ιουδαικωs, like Gentiles thou livest and not like Jews, being. .5 'Hµ €15 πως τα εθνη αναγκαζεις Ιουδαιζειν. how the Gentiles dost thon compel to Judaize. φυσει Ιουδαιοι, και ουκ εξ εθνι ν άμαρτωλοι· by nature Jews, and not of Gentiles sinners; 16 ειδοτες δε, οτι ου δικαιουται ανθρωπος εξ knowing and, that act ie justified by εργων νομου, εαν μη δια πιστεως Ιησου Χρισworks of law, if not on account of faith of Jesus Anointed; του και ημεις εις Χριστον Ιησουν επιστευσαbelieved, we into Anomited Jesus μεν, ίνα δικαιωθωμεν εκ πιστεως Χριστου, και so that we may be justified by faith of Anointed, and ουκ εξ εργων νομου διοτι εξ εργων νομου ου not he works cflaw; because by works of law not 17 Ει δε ζητουντες δικαιωθησεται πασα σος. will be justified all flesh. If but seeking δικαιωθηναι εν Χριστφ εξοεθημεν κα: QUT01 to have been justified in Anointed we were found even we onreelves άμαρτωλοι, αρα Χριστος άμαρτιας διακονος: ofsin then Anounted 18 Ει γαρ α κατελυσα, ταυτα My $\gamma \in voito.$ If for what I pull down, Not letit be. these things καλιν οικοδομω, παραβατην εμαυτυν συνισf build, a transgressor myself I con-19 Εγω γαρ δια νομου νομω απεθανον τανω. for on account of law by law 1 stitute. 20 Χριστω συνεσταυρωμαι. ίνα θεω ζησω. to that by God I may live. With Anointed I have been crucified; ξω δε, ουκετι εγω, ζη δε εν εμοι Χριστος δ live but, no longer I, lives but in me Anointed; the

δε νυν ζω εν σαρκι, εν πιστει ζω τη του υίου

του θεου, του αγαπησαντος με και παραδοντος

of the God, of that having loved me and having delivered up

died.

by

του θεου· ει γαρ δια νομου δικαιοσυνη, of the God; if for through law justification,

flesh,

Χριστος δωρεαν απεθανεν. Anointed without cause

but now I live in

έαυτον ύπερ εμου.

himselt in behalf of me.

with respect to the TRUTH of the GLAD TID-INGS, I said to * Cephas in the presence of all; I" If thou, being a Jew, livest like the Gentiles, and not like the Jews, how is it that thou dost compel the GENTILES to Judaize?

15 THe are Jews by Natural birth, and not Suners of the Gentiles:

16 and ‡ knowing That a Man is not justified by Works of Law, except on account of Faith of *Christ Jesus, even we have believed into "Jesus Christ, so that we may be justified by Faith of Christ. and not by Works of Law; Because t by Works of Law will no Flesh be justified."

17 But if seeking to be justified by Christ, even we ourselves are found Sinners, is Christ then a Servant of Sin? By no means.

18 For if rebuild those very things I pulled down, I constitute Myself a

Transgressor.
19 Besides, # 7 through Law I died by Law, so that I might three by God.

20 L have been I crucified together with Christ; still I live, yet no longer H, but Christ lives in me; for that life which I now hve in the Flesh, # I am hving * by THAT Faith of the son of God, 1 who LOVED me even to delivering himself up on my behalf.

21 I do not set aside the FAVOR of GOD; ! for if through Law I have Righteousness, then Christ died

unnecessarily.

apa then

> CHAPTER III. 1 O Thoughtless Gala-

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Cephas. 16. Christ Jesus. 16. Jesus Christ. 20. by THAT Faith of THAT GOD and Christ, who LOVED me.

KEΦ. γ'. 3. 1Ω

faith live in the of that ton

21 Ουκ αθετω την χαριν

Not I set aside the

ανοητοι, Γαλαται, τις ύμας εβασκανε; thoughtless, Galatians, who you deluded? to ois you . deluded? to whom κατ' οφθαλμους Ιησους Χριστος προεγραφη with respect to eyes Jesus Anointed was before set forth *[εν ὑμιν] εσταυρωμενος. ²Τουτο μονον θελω This thing only I wish μαθειν αφ' ύμων εξ εργων νομου το πνευto bave learned from you; on account of works of law the spirit 3 Oυμα ελαβετε, η εξ ακοης πιστεως;
did you receive, or on account of a hearing of faith? So τως ανοητοι εστε; εναρξαμενοι πνευματι, νυν thoughtless are you? having begun in spirit, now $e\pi i \tau \in \lambda \in i \sigma \theta \in \mathcal{C}^4$ Togav τ a επαθετε in flesh are you being made perfect? So many things you suffered ειγε και εικη. ⁵ 'Ο ουν επιχοwithout cause? if indeed even without cause. He then supply_ ρηγων ύμιν το πνευμα, και ενεργων δυναμεις εν ing to you the spirit, and working miracles among εργων νομου, η €ξ you, on account of works of law, or on account of ohedience πιστεως; 6 καθως Αβρααμ επιστευσε τω θεω, of faith? even as Abraam believed in the God, και ελογισθη αυτφ εις δικαιοσυνην. ⁷ Γινωσand it was counted to him for righteousness. Know you κετε αρα, ότι οί εκ πιστεως, ούτοι εισιν υίοι certainly, that those of faith, these Αβρααμ. 8 Προιδουσα δε $^{\acute{\eta}}$ γραφη, δτι εκ πισof Abraam. Having before seen and the writing, that by faith τεως δικαιοι τα εθνη δ θεος, προευηγγελισατο justifies the nations the God, before announced glad tidings τφ Αβρααμ. Ότι ενευλογηθησονται εν o the Abraam; That shall be blessed in παντα τα $\epsilon\theta\nu\eta$. 9 Ωστε οἱ εκ πιστεωs, ευλοsol the nations. So that those of faith, are 10 'Οσοι γαρ As many as for γευνται συν τφ πιστφ Αβοααμ. h'essed with the believing Abraam. εξ εργων νομου εισιν, ύπο καταραν εισιν γεγof works of law are, under a curse they are; it has ραπται γαρ. 'Οτι επικαταρατος πας ός υυκ εμbeen written for; That accursed every one who not conμενει εν πασι τοις γεγραμμενοις εν τω βιβλιω unues in all things those having been written in the

του νομιου, του ποιησαι αυτα. 11 Cτι δε εν οίτhe law, of this to have done them. That but by νομιω ουδεις δικαιουται παρα τω θεω, δηλον law no one is instifted before the God, clear; δτι δ δικαιος εκ πιστεως, (ησεται· 12 δ δε because the just by faith, shall live; the but

tians! ‡ who has deluded You, before whose Eyes Jesus Christ was previously represented as having been crucified.

2 This only I desire to learn from you;—‡ Did you receive the SPIRIT on account of Works of Law, or on account of Obedience of Faith?

3 Are you so thoughtless? ‡ Having begun in Spirit, are you now being made perfect in Flesh?

4 Have you suffered so Much for nothing? if indeed it is for nothing.

5 ‡ He then SUPPLYING to you the SPIBIT, and performing Miracles among you, does he these on account of Works of Law, or on account of Obedience of Faith?

6 even as Abraham t"be-"lieved Gop, and it was "counted to him for Right-"eousness;"

7 Know you, certainly, ‡ That THOSE of Faith, these are Sons of Abraham.

8 And the SCRIPTURE, having foreseen That God would justify the NATIONS by Faith, previously announced glad tidings to ABRAHAM, That ‡"In thee "shall All the NATIONS be "blessed."

9 Those of Faith, therefore, are blessed with BE-LIEVING Abraham.

10 For as many as are of Works of Law are under a Curse; for it has been written, † "Accursed is "every one who continues "not in All those THINGS "HAVING BEEN WRITTEN "in the BOOK of the LAW "to do them."

11 Besides, That no one tis justified by Law before GoD is clear; Because, t"The RIGHTEOUS" by Faith, shall live."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. among you-omit.

^{† 1.} Gal. v. 7. † 2. Acts viii. 15; Eph. i. 13. † 3. Gal. iv. 9. † 5. 2 Cor iii. 8. † 6. Gen. xv. 6; Rom. iv. 3, 9, 21, 22; James ii. 23. † 7. John. viii. 23 Rom. iv. 11, 12, 16. † 8. Gen. xii. 3; xviii. 18; xxii. 18; Acts iii. 35. † 10. Peut xxvii. 26; Jer. xi. 8. † 11. Gal. ii. 16. † 11. Hab. ii. 4; Rom. i. 17; Heb. x. 38.

νομος ουκ εστιν εκ πιστεως αλλ' δ ποιησαςι of faith; but the one having done 13 Χριστος ήμας αυτα, ζησεται εν αυτοις. these things, shall live by them. Anointed εξηγορασεν εκ της καταρας του νομου, γενομεbought off from the curse of the law, having bevos ύπερ ήμων καταρα· (γεγραπται γαρ· Επιome on hehalf of us a curse; (it has been written for; Acεπι ξυλου.) καταρατος πας δ κρεμαμενος cursed every one he being hung on a tree;) 14 ίνα εις τα εθνη ή ευλογια του Αβρααμ γενηso that for the nations the blessing of the Abraam ται $\epsilon \nu$ Χριστ φ Ιησου, $i\nu$ α την ϵ παγγ ϵ λιαν του be in Anointed Jesus, that the annunciation of the 15 Aδελπνευματος λαβωμεν δια της πιστεως. spirit we might receive through the Brethren, faith. φοι, κατα ανθρωπον λεγω. δμως ανθρωπου according to man I speak; though of a man κεκυρωμενην διαθηκην ουδεις αθετει η επιδιατασhaving beem ratified a covenant no one sets aside or σεται. 16 Τω δε Αβρααμ ερδηθησαν αί επαγγε-To the now Atraam were spoken the Ου λεγει Και λιαι, και τω σπερματι αυτου. Not he says, ses, even for the seed of him. And τοις σπερμασιν, ώς επι πολλων, αλλ' ώς $\epsilon \phi$ but as concerning as concerning many, ένος. Και τω σπερματι σου, ός εστι Χριστος. one; And to the seed of thee; who is Anointed. 17 Τουτο δε λεγω· διαθηκην προκεκυρνωμενην This but I say; a covenant previously ratified ύπο του θεου * [εις Χριστον,] δ μετα τετρακοby the God [concerning Anointed,] that after σια και τριακοντα ετη γεγονως νομος ουκ ακυyears having become alaw not dred and thirty ροι, εις το καταργησαι την επαγγελιαν. 18 ει nuls, so as the to have canceled the promise; γαρ εκ νομου ή κληρονομια, ουκετι εξ επαγγεfor by law the inheritance, no longer by promise; λιας τω δε Αβρααμ δι' επαγγελιας πεχαρισto the but Abraam through promise has freely 19 Τι ουν δ νομος, Των παραβα-Tal & BEOS. Why then the law? The given the God. trausgres- $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \eta$, $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$ σεων χαριν (αχρις ου sions on account of it was appointed, (to which time should have come επηγγελται,) διαταγεις το σπερμα, ώ seed, to whom it has been promised,) having been instituted 20 °O δε δι αγγελων, εν χειρι μεσιτου.
 by means o : messengers, in hand of a mediator. The but

12 Now the LAW is not of Faith; but ‡"HE HAV-"ING DONE these things "shall live by them."

13 † Christ has redeemed Us from the CURSE of the LAW, having become a Curse on our behalf; (for it has been written, ‡ "EVERY ONE who is "HANGED on a Tree is ac-"cursed;")

14 Isothat the BLESS-ING of ABRAHAM might be for the NATIONS, by Christ Jesus; and that through the FAITH we might receive the ANNUNCIATION

of the SPIRIT.

15 Brethren, I speak according to man; -uo one sets aside or superadds conditions to ta ratified Compact, though human.

16 Now to ABRAHAM were the PROMISES spoken. even for his seed. He does not say, "And to the seeds," as concerning many, but as concerning one; ‡"And to thy "SEED,"—who is Christ.

17 Now this I affirm, that a Covenant-engagement previously ratified by God, the LAW, tissued Four hundred and Thirty Years afterwards does not annul, t so as to invali-DATE the PROMISE;

18 for if the INHERIT-ANCE be by LAW, tit is no longer by Promise; but God graciously gave it to ABRAHAM by Promise.

19 Why then the LAW? It was appointed on account of TRANSGRESSIONS, till the SEED should come to whom the promise related; ‡ having been instituted by means of Angels, in the hand of ‡ a Mediator.

20 Of one party, however, he is not the MEDIA. TOR: 1 but God is one.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- concerning Anointed-omit.

mediator of one not

μεσιτης ένος ουκ εστιν· δ δε θεος εις εστιν.

he is; the but God

one

^{† 12.} Lev. xviii. 5; Ngh. ix 29; Ezek. xx. 11; Rom. x. 5. • 21; Gal. iv. 5. † 13. Deut. xxi. 23. † 14. Rom † 16. Gen. xii. 7. † 17. E od. xii. 40, 41. † 17. l t 19. 19. 21. 22; Deut. v. 5. 22, 23. 27. 3L

ει Ο ουν νομος κατα των επαγγελιων * του | The then law contrary to the Tofthe promises θεου; Μη γενοιτο. Ει γαρ εδοθη νομος δ for was given a law that Not God?] let it be. 1f δυναμενος ζωοποιησαι, οντως αν εκ νομου ην ή being able to have made alive, truly by law was the δικαιοσυνη· 22 αλλα συνεκλεισεν ή γραφη τα righteousness; but shut up together the scripture the παντα ύπο άμαρτιαν, η επαγγελια εκ ίνα in order that the all things under sin, promise πιστεως Ιησου Χριστου δοθη τοις πιστευουσι. faith of Jesus Anointed might be given to the believers.

σαν πιστιν αποκαλυφθηναι. 24 Ωστε δ νομοs about faith to have been revealed. So that the law

παιδαγωγος ήμων γεγονεν, εις Χριστον, ίνα εκ a child-leader of us has become, to Anointed, that by

πιστεως δικαιωθωμεν· 25 ελθουσης δε της πισfaith we might be justified; having come but the faith,

τεως, ουκετι ὑπο παιδαγωγον εσμεν. 26 Πανno longer under a child-leader we are.

τες γαρ υίοι θεου εστε δια της πιστεως εν for some of God you are through the faith by

Χριστ φ Ιησου· ²⁷ δσοι γαρ εις Χριστον εβαπAnointed Jesus; as many as for into Anointed were
τισθητε, Χριστον ενεδυσασθε. ²⁸ Ουκ ενι Ιου-

dipped, Anointed you were clothed. Not there is a δαιος, ουδε Έλλην ουκ ενι δουλος, ουδε ελευJew, nor a Greek; not there is a slave, nor

θερος· ουκ ενι αρσεν και θηλυ· παντες γαρ freeman, not there is male and female; all for

ύμεις εις εστε εν Χριστφ Ιησου²⁹ ει δε ύμεις you one are in Anninted Jesus; if but you Χριστου, αρα του Αβρααμ σπερμα εστε, *[και]

of Anointed, certainly of the Abraam seed you are, [and] κατ' επαγγελιαν κληρονομοι. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. according to promise heirs.

 1 $\Lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$ $\delta \epsilon$, $\epsilon \phi^{\prime}$ $\delta \sigma \sigma \nu$ $\chi \rho \sigma \nu \nu$ δ $\epsilon \lambda \eta \rho \sigma \nu \rho \omega \sigma$ $_{\rm heir}$

1 say now, for salong sa a time the heir νηπιος εσπιν, ουδεν διαφερει δουλου, κυριος achied is, nothing hediters aslave, lord

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. of God-omit.

29. and-omit.

21 Is the LAW then contrary to the PROMISES?
By no means; for if a
Law were given which was
able to make alive, certainly RIGHTEOUSNESS
would come from that

Law;
22 but the SCRIPTURE
has shut up together ALL
under Sin, ‡ in order that
the PROMISE by Faith of
Jesus Christ might be
given to the BELIEVERS.

23 And before the COM-ING of that FAITH, we were guarded under Law, being shut up together for the FAITH BEING ABOUT to be

revealed.

24 So that the LAW has become our † Pedagogue to lead to Christ, ‡that we might be justified by Faith.

25 But the FAITH having come, we are no longer under a Pedagogue;

26 since you are all Sons of God, through the FAITH, by Christ Jesus.

27 Besides, ‡ as many of you as were immersed into Christ, were clothed with Christ.

28 ‡ In him there is not Jew nor Greck; there is not a Slave nor a Freeman; there is not Male γαρ and Female; for you all for are ‡ one in Christ Jesus;

29 and if you belong to Christ, certainly you are ABRAHAM'S Seed, ‡ and Heirs according to Promise.

CHAPTER IV.

1 Now I say, for as long a Time as the HELE is a Child, he differs in nothing from a Slave, Lord of all though he be;

^{† 24. &}quot;Paidagoogos, from pais, a child, and agoogos, a leader, which among the Greeks properly signified a servant whose business it was constantly to attend on his young master, to watch over his behavior, and particularly to lead (agein) him to and from school and the place of exercise. These paidagoogoi were generally slaves, imperious and severa and so better corresponded to the Jewish teachers and Jewish law, to which the term is applied by Paul."—Parkhurst.

^{† 22.} Rom. iii. 9, 19, 23; xi. 52. † 24. Acts xiii. 37; Gal. ii. 16. † 26. John i 19; Rom. vii. 14—16; Gal. iv. 4, 15; 1 John iii. 1, 2. † 27. Rom. vi. 3. † 28. Rom. x. 12; 1 Cer. xii. 13; Col. iii. 11. † 28. Eph. ii. 14—16; iv. 4, 15. † 29. Rom. viii. 17; iv. 7, 28, Eph. iii. 6.

παντων ων ²αλλα ὑπο επιτροπους εστι και οιof all being; but under guardians it is and stewκονομους, αχρι της προθεσμίας του πατρος.

κονομους, αχρι της προθεσμιας του πατρος.

ards, till the before-appointed of the father.

 8 Ούτω και ήμεις, ότε ημεν νηπιοι, ύπο τα So also we, when we were children, under the στοιχεια του κοσμου ημεν δεδουλωμενοι• 4 ότε rudiments of the world we were having been enslaved; when

in the fulness of the time, exame the fulness of the time, sent forth

5 heos tov vior abtov, γ eromerov ek γ uraikos, the God the son of bimself, having been burnifrom a woman,

γενομενον ύπο νομον, ⁵ίνα τους ύπο νομον having been born under law, in order that those under law

κρα (ον· Αββα, δ πατηρ. ⁷ Ωστε ουκετι ει so that no longer thou art δυυλος, αλλ' υίος ει δε υίος, και κληρονομος a slave, but a son; if but a son, also an heir

8 Αλλα τοτε μεν, ουκ θεου * [δια Χριστου.] then indeed. of God [through Anointed.] But not ειδοτες θεον, εδουλευσατε τοις φυσει μη ουσι knowing God, you were enslaved to those by nature not being θεοις 9 νυν δε, γνοντες θεον, μαλλον δε γνωσgods; now but, having known God, more and θεντες ύπο θεου, πως επιστρεφετε παλιν επι τα been known by God, how do you turn back again πσθενη και πτωχα στοιχεια, οίς παλιν ανωθεν poor rudiments, to which again weak and

δουλευειν θελετε; 10 Hμερας παρατηρεισθε:
bein subjection you wish?

Days you watch narrowly?

και μηνας και καιρους και ενιαυτους; 11 Φοβουand moons and seasons and years? I am

μαι ύμας, μηπως εικη κεκοπιακα εις ύμας. afraid you, lest perhaps in vain I labored hard for you.

12 Γινεσθε ώς εγω, ότι καγω ώς ύμεις· αδελ-Becume you as I, for even l as you; breth-

φοι, δεομαι ύμων· ουδεν με ηδικησατε. 13 Οιren, I entreat you; nothing me you wronged. You

δατε δε, δτι δι' απθενιαν της σαρκος ευαγγεknow but, that through weakness of the flesh I announced

2 but is under Guardians and Stewards, till * THAT period PREDETERMINED of the FATHER.

3 Thus we also, when we were Children, twere enslaved under the RUDI-MENTS of the WORLD.

4 But t when the COM-PLETION of the TIME arrived, GOD sent forth his son, thaving been produced from a Woman, thorn under Law,

5 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in order that he might redeem THOSE under Law, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ that we might receive the

SONSHIP.

6 And Because you are Sons, he sent forth the SPIRIT of his son into our HEARTS, exclaiming, Abba! Father!

7 So that thou art no longer a Slave, but a Son, and if a Son, also an

Heir * of God.

8 But at that time, indeed, not knowing God, you were enslaved to THOSE by Nature who ARE not Gods;

9 now, however, having acknowledged God, (or rather having been acknowledged by God,) thow is it you are returning again to the weak and Poor Rudiments, to which again, as at first, you wish to be in subjection?

10 ‡ Are you observing Days, and Moons, and Seasons, and Years?

11 I am afraid for you, lest perhaps I may have labored for you in vain.

12 Brethren, I entreat you to be as I am, For I am as pou were; you injured Me in nothing;

13 And you know That through Weakness of the FLESH I ORIGINALLY an-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—2. That predetermined of the father. 6. God— . torough Anointed—omit. 7. through God.

λισαμην ύμιν το προτερον, 14 και τον πειρασμον glad tidings to you the formerly, and the temptation

μου τον εν τη σαρκι μου ουκ εξουθενησατε ουδε of methat in the fiesh of me bot you despised nor

εξεπτυσατε αλλ ώς αγγελον θεου εδαξασθε did you spit out, but as a messenger of God you received

με, ως Χριστου Ιησουν. 15 Tis ουν ην δ μακαne, even as Anointed Jesus. What then was the benedic-

ρισμος ύμων; μαρτυρω γαρ ύμιν, ότι, ει δυναtion ziyon? I testify for to you, that, if able,

τον, τους οφθαλμους ύμων εξορυξαντες αν εδωthe eyes of you having dug out would you

κατε μοι. 16 $^{\epsilon}\Omega$ στε εχθρος $^{\epsilon}$ $^{\epsilon}$ μων γεγονα αληgive to me. So that an enemy of you have 1 become speak-

 θ ευων $\mathring{\upsilon}$ μιν; 17 Ζηλουσιν $\mathring{\upsilon}$ μας ου καλως ing truth to you? They show affection towards you not honorably;

αλλα εκκλεισαι ύμας θελουσιν, ίνα αυτους ζηbut to have shut out you they wish, so that them you

λουτε. 18 Καλον δε *[το] ζηλουσθαι εν may ardently love. Honorable but [the] to be ardently devoted to

καλω παντοτε, και μη μονον εν τω παρειναι εgood thing at all times, and not only in the to be present με προς ύμας.

19 Τεκνια μου, ούς παλιν ωδινω, me with you. O little children of me, whom again f am bearing,

axris of morphoody Xristos en their 20 $\eta\theta$ -look till may have been formed. Abointed in you, I could wish

δε παρειναι προς ύμας αρτι, και αλλαξαι την but to be present with you now, and to change the Φ ωνην μου· δτι απορουμοι εν ύμιν, 21 Λ εγετε

tone of me; because I am perplexed with you. Speak you μοι, οἱ ὑπο νομον θελοντες ειναι, τον νομον tome, those ander law desiring to be, the law

,υκ ακουετε; Σεγραπται γαρ, ότι Αβρααμ sot do you hear? It has been written for, that Abraum

δυο υίους $εσχεν^*$ ένα εκ της παιδισκης, και δων sons had, one from the bond-woman, and

ένα εκ της ελευθερας. 23 Αλλ' δ *[uεν] εκ της one from the free-woman. But that [indeed] from the

παιδισκης, κατα σαρκα γεγενηται δ δε εκ bond-woman, according to flesh has been born; that but from

της ελευθερας, δια της επαγγελίας. 24 Aτινα the free-woman, through the promise. Which thidgs

εστιν αλληγορουμενα· αύται γαρ εισι δυο two being adapted to another meaning; these for are two

Fιαθηκαι μια μεν απο ορισς Σινι, εις δουλειαν covenants, one indeed from mount Sinai, for servitude

nounced glad tidings to you;

14 and * THAT TRIAL of mine which was in my FLESH, you did not d spise; nor did you reject me, but received me tas a Messerger of God, teven as Christ Jesus.

15 "What then were your BENEDICTIONS! for I bear you witness, That, if possible, you would have dug out your EXES, and given them to me.

16 So that I have become your Enemy, ‡ by telling you the truth!

telling you the truth!

17 They love you ardently, not honorably; but they desire *to exclude us, so that you may love Them ardently.

18 Now, it is honorable to be ardently devoted towards a good cause, at all times; and not only during my PRESENCE with you,

19 O my Little childrent whom I am bearing again, till Christ be formed in you;

20 and I could wish to be present with you now, and to change my TONE; Because I am perplexed concerning you.

21 Tell me, you who are DESIRING to be under Law, do you not hear the LAW?

22 For it has been written, That Abraham had Two Sons; tone from the BOND-WOMAN, and tone from the FREE-WOMAN.

23 Now, the one from the BOND-WOMAN was naturally produced; thut the other from the FRFE-WOMAN was through the PROMISE.

24 Which things are allegorical; for these represent Two Covenants; one indeed from Mount Sinai,

30*

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. your TRIAL which was in my FLESH. 15. Where then. 17. to exclude us, so that. 18. the—omit. 23. indeed—omit.

γεννωσα, ήτις εστιν Αγαρ. 25 το γαρ Αγαρ, bringing forth, which the for Agar;

Σινα ορος εστιν εν τη Αραβια, συστοιχοι δε τη it corresponds and to the Sinaia mountain it is in the Arabia,

νυν 'Ιερουσαλημ, δουλευει γαρ μετα των τεκpresent Jerusalem, she is in bondage for with

νων αύτης· 26 ή δε ανω Ίερουσαλημ, ελευθερα of herself; the but above Jerusalem, a free-woman

εστιν, ήτις εστι μητηρ ήμων· 27 γεγραπται γαρ· who is a mother of us; it has been written for;

Ευφρανθητι στειρα ή ου τικτουσα, βηξον και Be thou made glad O barren who not is bearing, burst thou forth and

Εσησονή ουκ ωδινουσα· ότι πελλα τα τεκνα shoutthou who not is bringing to birth; because many the children

της ερημου μαλλον η της εχουσης τον ανδρα. of the deserted one more than of the one having the husband.

 28 Ήμεις δε, αδελφοι, κατα Ισαακ, επαγγελιας We now, brethren, like Isaac,

τεκνα εσμεν. ²⁹ Αλλ' ώσπερ τοτε ὁ κατα σαρκα But just as then heaccording to flesh

γεννηθεις εδιωκε τον κατα πνευμα, ούτω και being born persecuted him according to spirit,

 30 Alla τ i leyei $\acute\eta$ yraph; Ekbale $\tau\eta\nu$ But what says the writing? Cast out the

παιδισκην και τον υίον αυτης ου γαρ μη κλη-bond-woman and the son of her; not for not should

ρονομηση ὁ υίος της παιδισκης μετα του υίου the son of the bond-woman with της ελευθερας. 31 Αρα, αδελφοι, ουκ εσμεν of the free-woman. Then, brethren, not we are

παιδισκης τεκνα, αλλα της ελευθερας.of bond-woman children, but of the free-woman. КЕФ.

¹ Τη $\epsilon \lambda \epsilon \nu \theta \epsilon \rho \iota \alpha$ ή ήμας Χριστος freedom with which us Anointed

ηλευθερωσε, στηκετε, και μη παλιν (υγφ δουmade free, stand you firm, and not again in a yoke of

λειας ενεχεσθε. 2 Ιδε, εγω, Παυλος λεγω ύμιν, bondage be you held fast. Lo, 1, Paul say to you,

breeding children for Servitude; -that is Hagar.

25 Now + HAGAR signifies Sinai-(a Mountain in ARABIA,)-and it corresponds to the PRESENT Je. rusalem, for she is in bondage with her CHILDREN.

26 But the EXALTER Jerusalem represents the Free-woman, who is our

Mother.

27 For it has been written, ‡"Rejoice, O Barren "woman, who dost not BRING FORTH! Burst "forth and shout, THOU "who art not in LABOR, "For many more are the "CHILDREN of the DESER-"TED one, than of HER "having the HUSBAND."

28 Now *pou, Brethren, like Isaae, are ‡ Children

of a Promise.

29 But just as then, the one BORN according to Flesh, persecuted HIM born according to Spirit; so also now.

30 But what says Ithe SCRIPTURE? I" Cast out "the BOND-WOMAN and "her son; for the son of the BOND-WOMAN "should not be an heir "with the son of the FREE-"WOMAN."

31 * Wherefore, Brethren, we are not Children of a Bond-woman, ‡but of the FREE-WOMAN.

CHAPTER V.

1 # In the FREEDOM with which Christ made Us free, therefore, stand you firm, and do not again be held fast in I a Yoke of Servitude.

2 Behold! # Paul say to

† 28. Acts iii. 25; Rom. ix. 8; Gal. iii. 29. † 30. Gen. xxi. 10, 12. † 30. John viii. 35. † 1. John viii. 32; Rom. vi. 18; 1 Pet. ii. 16. † 27. Isa. liv. 1. † 30. Gal. iii. 8, 22. viii. 36; Gal. v. 1, 13. 10; Gal. ii. 4; iv. 9. ‡ 29. Gen. xxi. 9. ‡ 31. John ‡ 1. Acts xy.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 28. Now nou Brethren. are not.

^{31.} Wherefore, Brethren, we

^{† 25.} Grotius says, Sinai is called Hagar or Agar synecdochially, because in that mountain there was a city which bare Hagar's name. By Plnny, it is called Agar; and by Dio, Agara; and its inhabitants were called Hagarenes. Psa. Ixxxiii. 6. The later Greek writers likewise call them Agareni. Whit by thinks the allusior is taken from the meaning of hagar, which in the Hebrew language signifies a rock; for so Sinai is sometimes called, Exod. xxxiii. 22.—Macknight. In Arabic it means a rock, or rocky mountain, and as Sinai is remarkably such, it might be called to agar, the rock.—Bloomfield.

δτιεαν περιτεμνησθε, Χριστ s ύμας ουδεν ωφε- | you, ‡ That if you should that feircumersed you should be, Anointed you nothing will

λησει· ⁸μαρτυρομαι δε παλιν παντι ανθρωπφ profit; "testify hut again to every περιτεμνομενώ, ότι οφειλετης ζότιν όλον τον

being circumciaed, a dehtor that he is whole the 4 Κατηργηθητε απο * [TOU] γομον ποιησαι.

law to have done. You are see free [lhe] from X SITTOU DITIVES EV VOLO δικαιουσθε• THS

Audited whoever by law are justifying yourselves; 5 'Ημεις γαρ πνευματι εκ ζαριτος εξεπεσατε. you fell off. We for inspirit

απεκδεχομεθα. πιστεως ελπιδ: δικαιοσυνης faith ahope of righteousness we wall sur.

6 Εν γαρ Χριστω * [Ιησου] ουτε εεριτομη το In for Anointed (Jesus) neither circumcision anything ισχυει, ουτε ακροβυστια αλλα πιστις δι' αγαnor uncircumcision; but faith through love

7 Ετρεχετε καλως. τις ύμας σης ενεργουμενη. strongly working. You were running well; who you ενεκοψε *[τη] αληθεια με πειθεσθαι.

hindered [in the] The truth Dot to cofinde. ⁹ Мікра πεισμονη ουκ εκ του καλουντος ύμας.

persuasion not from the one calling you. Alittle 10 Εγω πεποιθα ζυμη όλον το φυραμα ζυμοι. leaven whole the it leavers. I have confidence mass

ύμας *[εν κυριώ,] ότι ουδεν αλλο φροrespecting you [in Lord,] that no one other thing νησετε. ό δε ταρασσων ύμας βαστασει το κρι-

will mind; the but one troubling you shall bear the judgμι, δστις αν η. 11 Εγω δε, αδελφοι, ει περι-

meut, whoever he may be. I but, brethren, . eircumτουην ετι κηρυσσω, τι ετι διωκ μαι; αρα I publish, why still am I persecuted? then atala

κατηργηται TO σκανδαλον του σταυρου. stumbling-block of the has been abolished the cross.

† ΤΟφελον και αποκοψονται οί αναστατουντες I wish even they shall be cut off those

13 Υμεις γαρ επ' ελευθερια εκληθητε, ťμας. for to free.lom were invited,

αδελφοι μονον μη την ελευθεριαν εις αφορμην an occasion only not the freedom for prethren;

be circumcised, Christ will be of no benefit to you.

3 And I testify again to Every circumcised Man, i That he is bound to perform the Whole LAW.

4 ! Whoever of you are justifying yourselves by Law, are separated from Christ; ‡ you are fallen off from the FAVOR.

5 IIIe, however, waiting, in Spirit, for Hope of Righteousnes from Faith.

6 For, 1 in Christ Jesu neither Circumcision nor Uncircumcision avails anything, but \$ Faith operating in us by Love.

7 You were running well; who hindered You from confiding in the Truth i

8 This PERSUASION is not from THIM INVITING you

9 † A Little Leaven ferments the Whole MASS.

10 11 have confidence respecting you, That you will not regard any other thing; but the who TROUBLES you, whoever he be, ‡ shall bear the JUDGMENT.

11 # And I, Brethren, if I still proclaim Circumeision, why am I still persecuted? Has, indeed, tthe SCANDAL of the cross been removed?

12 † I wish it was; but THOSE who are SUB-VERTING you shall be cut off.

13 Now, Brethren, gou were invited to Freedon .; only ttake care lest this FREEDOM become an Oc-

VATICAN Mss.-1. the-omit. 6. Jesus-omit. 7. in the-omit. 10. in Lord-omit.

^{† 12.} Parkhurst says "after all, it may be doubted whether the Greek language will ad mit of ophelow being construed with a future verb; " " nor do I know that any one instance of such a construction has been yet produced from any approved Greek writer. And the uncoutiness of the phraseology in Gal. v. 12, is farther increased by the insertion of the particle kai before apokopsontai." Bengeluss in Gnomen, reads as follows: "Is then the sendal of the cross taken away? I wish it was. And they shall be cut off that troubly you." This rendering has been adopted.

^{\$ 2.} Acts xv. 1. \$ 2. Gal. iii. 10. \$ 4. Rom. ix. 31, 32; Gal. ii. 21. \$ 1. Heb. xii. 15. \$ 5. Rom. viii. 24, 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8. \$ 6. 1 Cor. vii. 10; Gal. iii. 2 7 7 1. 15; Col. iii. 11. \$ 5. Thess. i. 3; Jarues ii. 18, 20, 22. \$ 2. \$ 3. Gal. i. 0. \$ 7 1 Cor. v. 6; xv. 33. \$ 5. 0. 2 Cor. ii. 3; viii. 22. \$ 5. 10. Gal. 5. \$ 7 10. 2 Cor. x. 6. \$ 2. \$ 11. 1 Cor. i. 22. \$ 13. 1 Cor. viii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 16; Jule 4.

τη σαρκι, αλλα δια της αγαπης δουλευετε αλ- casion for the Flesh; but hut through the love he you subservient to through LOVE be you ληλοις. 14 'Ο γαρ πας νομος εν ενι λογφ πλη-The for whole law in one word is fully sach other. ρουται, εν τω. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον σου &s set forth, in this; Thou shall love the neighbor of thee as 15 E1 δ€ 'εαυτον. αλληλους δακνετε και but each other thyself. you bite κατεσθιετε, βλεπετε, μη ύπο αλληλων αναλωyou devour, take you care, lest by each other you may be $\theta\eta\tau\epsilon$. consumed.

16 Λεγω δε· πνευματι περιπατειτε, και επιθυ-I say but; by spirit walk you. and a desire

" 'Η γαρ γαρξ μιαν σαρκος ου μη τελεσητε. officsh not not you should fulfil. The for flesh επιθυμει κατα του πνευματος, το δε πνευμα desires against the spirit, ofthe and κατα της σαρκος ταυτα δε αλληλοις αντικειthese and to each other are opposed, against the flesh; à αν θελητε, ταυτα ποιητε. ται, ίνα μη, so that not, the things you would wish, these you should do.

18 Ει δε πνευμανι αγεσθε, ουκ εστε ύπο νομον, If but by spirit you he led, not you are under law. 19 Φανερα δε εστ: τα εργα της σαρκος άτινα

Manifest but it is the works of the fiesh; which things εστι πορνεια, ακαθαρσια, ασελγια, 30 ειδωλολαit is formication. impurity, debauchery, τρεια, φαρμακεια, εχθραι, ερεις, (ηλοι, θυμοι, enmities, quarrels, jealousies, reseatments,

εριθειαι, διχοστασιαι, αίρεσεις, 21 φθονοι, * [φοsecis, factions, envyings, [murbrawlings, κωμοι, και τα δμοια τουτοις. νοι, μεθαι, drunkennesses, revellings, and the things like to them; προλεγω ύμιν, καθως *[και] προειπον, which things I tell before to you, even as [also] I said before, ότι οί τα τοιαυτα πρασσοντες βασιλε αν θεου that they the these things practising a kingdom 22 'Ο δε καρπος του πνευου κληρονομησουσιν. The but fruit of the shall inherit.

ματος εστιν αγαπη, χαρα, ειρηνη, μακροθυμια, love, joy, peace, forbearance. γρηστοτης, αγαθωσυνη, πιστις, πραοτης, εγ-

fidelity, meekness, selfkindaess, goodness, κρατεια· 23 κατα των τοιουτων ουκ εστι νομος. against the anch like not ia a law. control: 24 Οίδε του Χριστου, την σαρκα εσταυρωσαν
Those but of the Anointed, the flesh crucified

subservient to each other.

14 For the WHOLE Law is fully set forth in this Single Precept;-"Thou shalt love th "NEIGHBOR as thyself."

15 But if you bite and devour each other, beware lest you be consumed by

each other.

16 Now I say, 1 Walk by the Spirit, and fulfil not the Desire of the

Flesh. 17 For I the FLESH desires the contrary of the SPIRIT, and the SPIRIT the contrary of the FLESH; * for these are opposed to each ether; 1 so that you

do not perform the THINGS which you wish. 18 But tif you be led by Spirit, you are not under

Law.

19 Now the works of the FLESH are manifestly these; -- Fornication, Impurity, Debauchery,

20 Idolatry, Sorcery, Enmities, Quarrels, * Jealousies, Resentments, Altercations, Factions, Sects,

21 Envyings, Inebrieties, Revellings, and THINGS SIMILAR to these; respecting which I tell you before, even as I previously told you, ! That THOSE who PRACTISE SUCH THINGS shall not inherit God's Kingdom.

22 But the FRUIT of the SPIRIT is Love, Joy, Peace, Forbearance, ‡Kindness, 1 Goodness, Fidelity, Meekness, Self-control;

23 tagainst such LIKE THINGS there is no Law.

24 And THOSE who belong to * Christ Jesus. have crucified the FLESIL

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 17. for these. 21. also-omit. 24. Christ Jesus.

D. Jealousy.

^{21.} murder-omit

συν τοις παθημασι και ταις επιθυμιαις. 25 ει Passions. with the and the desires; if (ωμέν πνευματι, πνευματι και TTOIX WHEP. we should walk. wellve by sp.rit, by spirit also κό Μη γινωμεθα κενοδοξοι, αλληλους προκα-Not we should become vain-glorious, each other promking.

λουμενοι, αλληλοις φθονουντες. ΚΕΦ. . 6, with each other entying.

Αδελφοι, εαν και προληφθη ανθρωπος εν Brothren, if, even should be surprised a man in

ινι παραπτωματι, ύμεις οἱ τνευματικοι καταρσ fault, you the spiritual enes do you
τ.ζετε τον τοιουτον εν πνευματι πραοτητος:
πιωτικε the such like with a spirit of tree kueso;
σκοπων σεαυτον, μη και συ πειρασθης. 2 Αλλη-

TROP GEOTOP, μη και συ πειρασσης. Αλληvatching thyself, lest shorthoushouldst betempted. Of each

λων τα βαρη βασταζετε, και ούτως αναπληρωother the burdeos bearyou, and thus fulfillyou σα: ε τον νομον του Χριστου. ⁸Ει γαρ δοκει the law of the Azointed. It for thinks

TIS ELVAL ΤΙ, μηδεν ων, ξαυτον φρεναπατα any one to be something, nothing being, bimself be deceived

⁴ το δε εργον έαυτου δοκιμαζετω *[έκαττος,] the but work of himself let him try [each one,]

και τοτε εις ξαυτον μονον το καυχημα ξξει, και and then in himself alone the boastinghe will have, and cuκ εις τον ξτερον. cus = cus

τιον βαστασει. 6 Κοινωνειτω δε δ κατηχουdea will bear. Let him communicate but the one being
μενος τον λογον, τω κατηχουντι, εν πασιν
taught the word, to the one teaching, in all
αγοθοις. 7 Μη πλανασθε θεος ου μυκτηριζεται.

Ο γαρ ταν σπειρη ανθρωπος, τουτο και θερισει That fer it may sow a man, this also he will resp; δ ότι δ σπειρων εις την σαρκα έαυτου, εκ της because the observation for the desh of himself, from the σαρκος θερισει φθοραν δ δε σπειρων εις το

good things. Not do you mistake; God not is to be mocked at.

first he will reap corruption; the but one sowing for the πρευμα, εκ του πνευματος θερισει ζωην αιωνιον. spirit, from of the age-lasting.

To δε καλον πιουντες μη εκκακωμεν καιρφ The but good doing not we should dag; in a season

γαρ ιδιφ θεοισομεν, μη εκλυομενοι. 10 Αρα for its own we shall reap, not fainting. So

our, is raipor exomer, epya(wheat to ayabor then, as opportunity we have, we should work the good

with the PASSIONS and DESIRES.

25 ‡ If we live by Spirit, we should also walk by Spirit.

26 t We should not become Vain-glorious, provoking each other, envying each other.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Brethren, tif a Man should be surprised by some Fault, do You, the SPIRITUAL, reinstate such person with a Spirit of Meekness; t watching thyself, lest thou also shouldst be tempted.

2 # Bear you each other's BURDENS, and thus fulfil #the LAW of the ANOINTED

one.

3 For ‡ if any one think he is something, being nothing, he deceives himself;

4 but 1 let him try his own WOEK, and then he will have BOASTING in himself alone, and not in ANOTHER;

5 for teach one shall bear his own Burden.

6 ‡ Let the person BE-ING TAUGHT the WORD, communicate to the IN-STRUCTOR in All Good things.

things.
7 Do not mistake; ‡God is not to be derided. ‡For whatever a Man may sow, this also he will reap;

8 the cause the one sow-ING for his flesh, will from the flesh reap Corruption; but the one sow-ING for the SPIRIT, will from the SPIRIT reap aionian Life.

9 Therefore, twe should not flag in Doing well; for we shall reap, at the proper season, tif we do not relax.

10 So then, as we have Opportunity, ‡ we should

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 4. each one-omit.

ματος ύμων; αδελφοι.

brethren.

προς παντας, μαλιστα δε προς τους οικειους especially but to the family-members to της πιστεω. 11 Ιδετε, πηλικοις υμιν γραμμασιν εγραψα τη εμη χειρι. 12 'Οσοι θελουσιν ευ-I wrote with the my hand As many as wish προσωπησαι εν σαρκι, sppear fair flesh, ούτοι αναγκοζουσιν these constrain ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι· μονον, ίνα μη τφ σταυρφ only, you to be circumcised; that not for the cross 13 Ουδε γαρ οί περιτου Χριστου διωκωνται. of the Anointed they should be persecuted. Noteven for those being τεμνομένοι αυτοι νομον φυλασσουσιν αλλα groumcised themselves a law do they keep; bus θελουσιν ύμας περιτεμνεσθαι, ίνα εν τη you to be errouncised, so that in you to be errouncised, 14 Εμοι δε μη γενοιthey wish τερά σαρκι καυχησωνται. flesh το καυχασθαι, ει μη εν τω σταυρω του κυριου to bosst, if not in the cross of the Lord Χριστου· δι' ού εμοι κοσμος Χριστου οι Anointed; throughwhich to me 15 $\#[E_V]$ ημων Ιησου of us Jesus καγω * τω κοσμφ. εσταυρωται, and I [to the] sas been crucified. world. [In] γαρ * [Χριστου Ιησου] ουτε περιτομη τι εστιν, for | Anusted Jesus | neither circumcision anything is. 16 Kai ουτε ακροβυστια, αλλα καινη κτισις. but neither uneircumcision, a new creation And όσοι τω κανονι τουτω στοιχησουσιν, ειρηνη as many as by the rule this will walk, peace επ' αυτους και ελεος, και επι τον Ισραηλ του on them and mercy, and on the Israel of the 17 Του λοιπου, κοπους μοι μηδεις παρε-Ocqu. Of the remaining, troubles to me God. no one let χετω εγω γαρ τα στιγματα του *[κυριου] Ιηfor the brand-marks of the [Lord] 18 'H. xapis σου εν τφ σωματι μου βασταζω. sus in the body of me bear. The favor του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα του πνευof the Lord ofus Jesus Anointed with the epirit

do good to all, but espeeially to the T MEMBERS of the FAMILY of the FAITH.

Il You see how many things in a Letter, I have written to you with my

own Hand.

12 As many as wish to appear fair in the Flesh, these constrain you to be circumcised, only that they may not be ‡ persecuted for the cross of *the ANGINTED Jesus.

13 For not even the cincumcised themselves keep the Law, but they wish You to be circumcised, so that they may boast in

Your Flesh.

14 ‡ But it is not for Mo to boast, except in the except in Jesus-Christ, through which the World has been ‡crucified to Me, and £ to the World.

15 1 For neither is Circumcision anything, nor Uncircumcision, 1 but a

New Creation.

16 And as many as will walk thy this nule, Peace and Mercy be on them.

I and on the Israel of God.

17 Finally, let no one cause me Trouble; ‡ for I bear in my BODY the †BRAND-MARKS of JESUS.

18 t The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with your spirit, Brethren, Amen.

*TO THE GALATIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

Aunv.

So beit.

^{**} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-12. the Anointed Jesus. 14. to the -amit. 15. in -amit. 15. Anointed Jesus -amit. 17. Lord -amit. Subscription To the Galatians. Written from Rome.

^{† 17&#}x27; The aposile calls the sears he received from stripes, chains, etc., in the service of Christ, (compare 2 Cor. xi. 23, etc.,) the marks of the Lord Jesus, by a beautiful allusion to the tisymala with which servants and soldiers were sometimes marked to show to whom they belonged. See Raphelius, Wolfsus, and Wetstein, on the place, Dauberg and Vitringa on Rev. vii. 3; xiii. 16, 17, and Lowth on 1sa. xliv. 5.—Parkhurst.

^{† 10.} Eph. ii. 19. † 17. eĥap. v. 11. † 14. Phil. iii. 3, 7, 8. † 14. Rom. vi. 6; Gal. ii. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 6; Col. iii. 11. † 15. 2 Cor. v. 17. † 16. Phil. iii. 16. † 16. Rom. ii. 26; iv. 12; ix. 6—8; Gal. 11. 7, 9, 9; Phil. iii. 3, † 17. 2 Cor. † 18. iv. 10; xi. 23; Col. i. 24. † 13. 2 Tim. iv. 22; Philemon 25.

EPHESIANS.

КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Haulos, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια Paul, so apostle of Jasus Anointed through θεληματος θεου, τοις άγιοις τοις ουσιν εν Εφεwill effect, to the spints to those being in Epheσφ και πιστοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου· 2 χαρις ύμιν to you και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυριου and peace from God a father of us, and Lord * [Kai 3 Ευλογητος δ Ιησου Χριστου. DEOS Worthy of praise the Jeaus Anointed. God [and πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, δ father of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, he ευλογησας ήμας εν παση ευλογια πνευματική having blessed us with svery blessing spiritual εν τοις επουρανιοις εν Χριστφ. 4 καθως εξελεξ-n the heavenlies in Anointed; even as he chose ατο ήμας εν αυτφ προ καταβολης κοσμου, ειναι us in him before a casting down of a world, to have ήμας άγιους και αμωμους κατενωπιον αύτου. and blameless ones holy ones in sight of him; δ εν αγαπη προορισας ήμας εις υίοθεσιαν δια love having previously marked out us for somehip through Ιησου Χριστου εις αυτον, κατα την ευδοκιαν Jesus Anointed for himself, according to the good pleasure του θεληματος αύτου, 6 εις επαινον δοξης της for a praise of the will of himself, ofglory of the χαριτος αύτου, εν ή εχαριτωσεν ήμας εν τω favor of himself, with which he favored us in the ίεν ψ εχομεν την απολυτρωσιν ηγαπημενφ, one having been beloved, by whom we have the

δια του αίματος αυτου, την αφεσωντων παραπthrough the blood of him, the forgiveness of the

τωματων, κατα τον πλουτον της χαριτος αυτου, according to the wealth of the tavor

8 ής επερισσευσεν εις ήμας εν παση σοφια και which he caused to abound towards us in all wisdom φρονησει, ⁹ γνωρισας ήμιν το μυστηριον τον latelligonce, having made known to us the secret

θεληματος αύτου κατα την ευδοκιαν αύτου, ην of himself according to the good pleasure of himself, which

προεθετο / εν αύτφ, 10 εις οικονομιαν του πληfulhe before purposed in himself, for an administration of the

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of *Christ Jesus, tthrough God's Will, to THOSE SAINTS who are in Ephesus, even to Believers in Christ Jesus;

2 ! Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord

Jesus Christ.

3 ! Blessed be THAT God of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has BLESSED us with Every spiritual Blessing in the HEAVEN-LIES, by Christ;

4 even as 1 he chose us in him beforethe Foundation of the World, I that we might be holy and blameless in his presence;

5 having in Love previouslymarked usouttfor Sonship through *Christ Jesus for himself, according to the GOOD PLEASURE

of his WILL, 6 to the Praise of his GloriousBeneficence with which he graciously favored us in the BELOVED one;

7 t by whom, through his blood, we possess the REDEMPTION - the FOR-GIVENESS OF OFFENCESaccording to the OPULENCE of his FAVOR,

8 which he caused to overflow towards us in All Wisdom and Intelli-

gence,

1. Christ Jesus.

9 thaving made known to us the SECRET of his WILL, according to his BENEVOLENT DEown sign, which he previously purposed in himself,

10 in regard to an Administration of the FUL-

2. and

Col. i. 26.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-TO THE EPHESIANS. , 5. Christ Jesus.

w/ap. 1: 1.1 • ωματος των καιρων, ανακεφαλαιωσασθαι Ta of the seasons, to reduce under one head thethiugs BC56 παντα εν τφ Χριστω, Ta EV TOIS OUPVOIS Kai in the Anointed, the things in the heavens and τα επιτης γης, εν αυτφ, 11 εν φ και εκhe things on the earth, in him, by whom also we ληρωθημεν. προορισθεντες κατα προobtained a portion, having heen previously marked out according to θ εσιν του τα παντα ενεργούντος κατα την design of the the things all according to the operating , ουλην του θ εληματος αύτου, 12 εις το ειναι counsel of the of himselt, in order that to be will ήμας εις επαινον * [της] δοξης αυτου, τους προus for a praise [of the] glory of him, those having ηλπικοτας εν τω Χριστω. 13 εν ά και ύμεις been before hopers in the Anointed; in whom also (μκουσαντές τοι λογον της αληθείας, το ευαγ-(having heard the word of the truth, the γελιον της σωτηριας ύμων,) εν ώ κα πιστευ-tidings of the calvation of you,) in whom also having σαντες εσφραγισθητε τω πνευματι της επαγγεbelieved you were scaled with the spirit of the λιας τω άγιω, 14 ός εστιν αρραβων της κληροwith the holy, which is apledge of the inheriνημιας ήμων εις απολυτρωσιντης περιποιησεως, efue in a redemption of the possession, εις επαινον της δοξης αυτου. 15 Δια τουτο for a praise of the glory of him. On account of this καγω ακουσας την καθ' δμας πιστιν εν τω κυin the Lord of his GLORY. even I having heard the in you faith ριώ Ιησου, και την αγαπην την εις παντας τους | and the love that for all the άγιους, 16 ου παυομαι ευχαριστων ύπερ ύμων, not I cease giving thanks on behalf of you, *[ύμων] ποιουμενος επι των προσευa remembrance [of you] making in the χων μου. 17 ένα δ θεος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου of me; that the God of the, Lord ofus

Χριστου, δ πατηρ της δοξης, δώη ύμιν πνευμα Anointed, the father of the glory, may give to you a spirit

σοφιας και αποκαλυψεως εν επιγνωσει αυτου·
of wisdom and of revelation in full knowledge of him; 18 Πεφωτισμένους τους οφθαλμους της καρδιας

ύμων, εις το είδεναι ύμας, τις εστιν $\hat{\eta}$ ελπις oryon, for the to know you, what is the hope

eyes

Having been culightened the

of you,

NESS of the APPOINTER TIMES, \$ to re-unite ALL things under one head, even under the ANOINTED one; -the THINGS in the HEAVENS, and the THINGS on the EARTH, -under him,

11 1by whom also we obtained an inheritance, having been previously marked out according to a design of him who is OPERATING ALL things agreeably to the counser, of his own WILL;

12 ‡in order that we might BE for a Praise of his Glory, we who had a prior hope in the ANOINT-

ED one;

13 by whom also, nou, (having heard the WORD of the TRUTH, the GLAD TIDINGS of your SALVA-TION,) by whom [I say,] you also having believed were sealed with the spi-RIT of the PROMISE .- the HOLY Spirit,-

14 twhich is a Pledge of our INHERITANCE in ta Redemption of the PURCHASE, to the Praise

15 On this account, I, indeed, thaving heard of YOUR Faith in the LORD Jesus, and THAT LOVE which you have for All the SAINTS,

16 ‡ do not omit giving thanks on your behalf making a Remembrance of you in my prayers;

17 That the God of our LORD Jesus Christ, the GLORIOUS FATHER, † may give you a Spirit of Wis-dom and Revelation in the full Knewledge of him,

18 the EYES of your HEART having been calightened, that you may KNOW what is the HOPE τηs κλησεωs αυτου, *[και] τις δ πλουτος της of his invitation, what of the the GLORIOUS WEALTH of

" VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. of the-omit. 15. of you-omit. 18. and-omit.

[and] what the wealth

ofthe

heart

† 10. John xi. 52; Eph. ii. 14—17. † 11. Acts xx. 32; xxvi. 18; Col. i. 12; iii. 24; Titus iii. 7; James ii. 5; 1 Pet. i. 4. † 12. verse 6, 14. † 18. Acts xix. 4—7. † 14. 2 Cor. i. 22; v. 5. † 14. Fph. iv. 30. † 15. Col. i. 4; Philemon 5. † 16. Kont. 1. 9; Phil. i. 3, 4; Col. i. 3; 1 Thess. i. 2; 2 Thess. i. 3. † 17. Col. i. 9. † 18. Eph. iv. 4

δοξης της κληρονομίας αυτου ev τοις άγισις, glory of the inneritance of him to the holyones, 19 και τι το ύπερβαλλον μεγεθος της δυναμεως greatness of the and what the surpassing αυτου εις ήμας, τους πιστευοντας κατα την of nim towards na, those believing according to the of nim towards ns, ενεργειαν του κρατους της ισχυος αυτου, ²⁰ ήν operation of the strength of the might of him, -hich τυηργησεν εν τω Χριστω, εγειρας αυτον εκ he exerted in the Anointed, having raised up him oot of νεκρων και εκαθισεν εν δεξια αύτου εν τοις cad ones, and seated at right of himself in the

eadones, and seated at right or numer.

επουρανιοις, ²¹ ύπερανω πασης αρχης και εξουheavenlies, far above every government and authorσιας και δυναμεως και κυριοτητος, και παντος sty and power and lordship, and every υνομιπος ονομαζομενου ου μονον εν τφ αιωνι name being named not only in the age -ουτφ, αλλα και εν τω μελλοντι· ²² και παντα but also in the one about coming; and all things ιπεταξεν ύπο τους ποδας αυτου· και αυτον under the feet placed of him, and εδωκε κεφαλην ύπερ παντα τη εκκλησιώ. e gave over all things for the congregation, a head which is the hody of him, the completeness o him παντα εν πασι πληρου ενου. ΚΕΦ, β'. the things all with all things 1: filling,

ικαι ύμας οντας νεκρους τοις παραπτωμασι and you being dead ones in the

και ταις άμαρτιαις. 2 (εν αίς ποτε περιεπατη-(in which once you walked sins:

σατε κατα τον αιώνα του κοσμού τουτού, κατα according to the age of the world this, according to του αρχοντα της εξουσιας του αερος, του πνευ-

of the authority of the mir, ofthe epirit ruler ματος του νυν ενεργουντος εν τοις υίοις της

of that now operating in the sons of the απειθειας. 3 εν οίς και ήμεις παντες ανεστρα-

disobedience; among whom also W.C φημέν ποτε εν ταις επιθυμιαις της σαρκος ήμων, desires of the flesh once in the of us,

ποιουντες τα θεληματα της σαρκος και των of the flesh the and of the

διανοιων, και ημεν τεκνα φυσει οργης, ώς και thoughts, and we were children by nature of wrath, as

οί λοιποι. 4 δ δε θεος, πλουσιος ων εν ελεει, the but God, rich being in mercy, δια την πολλην αγαπην αύτου, ήν ηγαπησεν love of himse.f, with which he loved through the much

his I INHERITANCE among the SAINTS,

19 and what the sur. PASSING Greatness of his POWER towards us who BELIEVE, ‡ according to the ENERGY of his MIGHTY STRENGTH.

20 which he exerted in the Anointed one, ; having raised him from the Dead, and * having ‡ seat-ed him at his own Right hand in the HEAVENS.

21 I far above Every Authority, and Govern-ment, and Power, and Lordship, and Every Name being named, not only in this, but also in the FU-

TURE AGE; 22 and ‡ subjected All things under his FEET; and constituted Him ‡a head over all things for that CONGREGATION,

23 t which is his BODY, 1 the FULL DEVOLOPMEN'S of HIM who IS FILLING ALL things with all.

CHAPTER II

1 And you, ‡ being dead in OFFENCES .nd * SINS,

2 (in which you tenca walked according to the cording to the TRULE of the AUTHORITY of the AIR, of THAT SPIRIT now opei . ating in the sons of DIS-OBEDIENCE.

3 tamong whom, also, we all once lived in 1the DESIRES of our FLESH, performing the wishes of the FLESH and of the THOUGHTS; and were by Nature Children of Wrath, even as the OTHERS;

4 but God, theing rich in Mercy, on account of his GREAT Love with which he loved us,)

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—20. having seated him at his own Right hand in the HEAV-ENS, far above Every Authority, and Government. 1. your Lusts, in which.

ήμας) 🤅 και οντας ήμας νεκρυυς τοις παραπτωand being dead ones in the นะ faults

συνε (ωοποιησε τω Χριστω. (χαριτι be quickened together with the Anointed; (by favor

εττε σεσωσμενοι) 6 και συνηγειρε, και συνεyou are having been saved;) and raised up togethe ; and καθισε εν τοις επουρανιοις εν Χριστφ Ιησου. together in the heavenlies by Arointed Jesus;

ινα ενδειξηται εν τοις αιωσι τοις επερχομενοις that he may point out in the ages those

τεν ὑπερβαλλοντα πλουτον της χαριτος αύτου, the surpassing realth of the favor of humself, favor of himself,

εν χρηστοτητι εφ' ήμας εν Χριστφ Ιησου. kindness towards us in Anointed Jesus.

8 Γη γαρ χαριτι εστε σεσωσμενοι δια * [της] favor you are having been saved through [the]

πιστ και τουτο ουκ εξ ύμων θεου το faith; and this not from you; of God the δωρον, "ουκ εξ εργων" ίνα μη τις καυχησηται.

not from works; so that not any one should boast. 10 Αυτου γαρ εσμεν ποιημα κτισθεντες εν Χρισ-Of him for we are a work having been formed in Anointed

τφ Ιησου επι εργοις αγαθοις, οίς προητοιμασεν for works good, in which before prepared

11 A10 δ θεος ίνα εν αυτοις περιπατησωμεν. we should walk. the God that in them Therefore μνημονευετε, ότι ύμεις ποτε τα εθνη εν σαρκι,

that you once the gentiles in (οί λεγομενοι ακροβυστια ύπο της λεγομενης (hose being called undirecumcision by that being called

περιτομης $\epsilon
u$ σαρκι $\chi \epsilon$ ιροποιητου,) 12 δau ι $\,$ η $au \epsilon$ flesh done by hand,) in that you were

*[εν] τω καιρω εκεινω, χωρις Χριστου, απηλ-[in] the season that, without Anointed, having λοτριωμένοι της πολιτείας του Ισραηλ, και

been aliens from the commonwea 's of the Israel, των διαθηκων της επαγγελιας, ελπιδα EEVOL strangers from the covenants of the promise, a hope

μη εχοντες, και αθεοι, εν τω κοσμω. 13 νυνι δε, and godless ones, in the world; but, not having,

εν Χριστω Ιησου, ύμεις οί ποτε οντος μακραν, in Anointed Jesus, you those once being far off,

εγγυς εγενηθητε εν τω αίματι του Χριστου. were made by the blood of the Anointed.

14 Αυτος γαρ εστιν ή ειρηνη ήμεν, δ ποιησας the peace of us, the one having mede the HAVING MADE BOTH for is

5 ‡ we also being dead * in offences, the made alive together by the ANOINTED one-(by Favor you have been saved)-

6 and raised us up together, and seated us together in the HEAVENLIES,

by Christ Jesus,

7 in order that he might exhibit, in THOSE AGES which are APPROACHING, the surpassing Wealth of his favor, by \$ Kindness towards us in Christ Jesus.

8 ‡ By that favor, indeed, you have been saved, through the FAITH; and this is not from you; Tit is God's GIFT:

9 I not from Works, so that no one may boast;

10 for we are # His Work, having been formed in Christ Jesus for good Works, for which God before prepared us, that we might walk in them.

11 Therefore, tremember, that you, once GEN-TILES in Flesh, (BEING CALLED the Uncircumci. sion by THAT which IS TERMED I the Circumcision done by the hand in the Flesh;)

12 ! That you were, at that TIME, without an Anointed one, Aliens from the POLITY of ISRAEL, and Strangers from the cov-ENANTS of the PROMISE; not possessing a Hope, and ‡ Godless in tne WORLD.

13 But new, in Christ Jesus, nou, who formerly WERE I far off, are made near by the BLOOD of the ANOINTED onc.

14 For the is our PEACE.

^{*} Varican Manuscript.—5. in offences and Lusts, he made alive together in the Anointed one. 8. the-omit. 13. in-omit.

^{† 5.} Rom. v. 6, 8, 10; verse 1. † 5. Rom vi. 4, 5; Col. ii. 12, 13; iii. 1, 3. † 7. Titus iii. 4. ... ; 18. verse 5; Rom. iii. 24; 2 Tim. i. 9. † 8. John iii. 15, 10; Rom. x. 14, 15, 17; "/ ‡ 9. Rom. iii. 20, 27. 28; iv. 2; ix. 11; 1 Cor. i. 20—31. † 10. 2 Cor. v. 5, 17; Eph. iv. 24. † 11. Eph. v. 8; Col. i. 21; ii. 13. † 11. Col. ii. 11. † 12. Eph. v. 18. † 12. Rom. ix. 4, 8. † 12. Gal. iv. 8; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 13. Acts. xi. 32, † 14. Micah v. 5; John xvi. 37; Acts. x. 36; Rom. v. 1; Col. i. 20. † 14. John x. 16. 1. 12. r.pn. 13. Acts. (i. 39. 14. John x. 10.

τα αμφοτερα έν, και το μεσοτοιχον του the things both one, and the middle wall of the ϕ ραγμου λυσας, $^{.5}$ την εχθραν εν τη σαρκι fear, having bruken up, the eumity; by the flesh

autou τον νομον των εντολην εν δογμασι of himself the law of the commandments in ordinances

καταργησας ένα τους δυο κτιση $\epsilon \nu$ έαυτ ϕ having made powerless; so that the two hamight form in himself ϵ is ένα καινον ανθρωπον π οιων ϵ ipηνην 16 και

to one new man, making teace; and αποκαταλλαξη τους αμφοτερους εν ένι σωματι he might reconcile the both in one body

 $τ_{\varphi}$ θε φ δια του σταυρου, αποκτεινας την to the God through the cross, having killed the

σατο ειρηνην ύμιν τοις μακραν και τοις εγγυς, tidings beace to youtothose far off and to those near,

18 δτι δι' αυτου εχομεν την προσαγωγην οί

because through him we have the access the authore policy evil musual mos to matera. both with one spirit to the father.

13 Αρα ουν ουκετι εστε ξενοι και παροικοι, αλλα So then nolonger you are strangers and sojourners, but

συμπολιται των άγιων και οικειοι του θεου, fellow-citizens of the holy ones and family-members of the God,

20 εποικοδομηθεντες επι τω θεμελιώ των αποσhaving been built on the foundation of the aposτολων και προφητων, οντος ακρογωνιαιου αυτου

tes and prophets, being a corner-foundation of it

esus Anointed; on which all [the] building

υναρμολογουμενη αυξει εις ναον άγιον εν

Lord; on which also you are built up together, for

κατοικητηριον του θεου εν πνευματι. ΚΕΦ. a habitation of the God in spirit.

3. Tourou $\chi(ipi\nu)$ $\epsilon\gamma\omega$ Π $\alpha\nu\lambda$ os, δ δ $\epsilon\sigma\mu$ ios e ios e

του Χριστου Ιησου ὑπερ ὑμων των εθνων $_{\text{ofths}}$ Anointed Jesus because of you of the Gentiles;

²ε:γε ηκουσατε την οικονομιαν της χαριτος if indeed you heard the administration of the favor

things one; and having removed the ENMITY, the MIDDLE WALL of the PAR-TITION;

15 thaving by his FLESH annulled the LAW of the COMMANDMENTS concerning Ordinances, that he might form the Two in himself into tone No.2 Man,—making Peace;

16 and might treconcile BOTH in One Body to GOD, through the CROSS, thaving destroyed the ENMITT by it.

17 And having come, he announced as glad tidings Peace to you the FAR-OFF, and * Peace to us, the NEAR:

NEAR; 18 Because, through him, we BOTH have the INTRODUCTION to the FATHER, with One Spirit.

19 So then you are no longer Strangers and Sojourners, but *you are ‡ Fellow-citizens with the \$AINTS, and of the ‡ Fauily of GoD;

20 having been built on the FOUNDATION of the APOSTLES and Prophets, * Christ Jesus being ta Foundation corner-stone of it:

21 on which All the BUILDING being fitly compacted together, increases into ‡a holy Temple for the Lord;

22 ton whom you are also built up together, for a Spiritual Habitation of *God

CHAPTER III.

1 For This Cause E, Paul, am the prisoner of the Anointed Jesus on account of tyou of the Gentiles;

2 (since indeed, you heard the ADMINISTRA-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-17. Peace to the NEAR. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. the Anointed.

^{10.} you are Fellow-citizens.

 ^{1 15.} Col. ii. 14, 20.
 1 15. 2 Cor. v. 17; Gal. vi. 15; Eph. iv. 24.
 1 16. Col. i. 20—23

 1 16. Rom, vi. 6; viii. 3; Co. ii. 14.
 1 18. Eph. iii. 12.
 1 19. Pail. iii. 20; Hely xii. 22, 23.

 1 20. I Cor. vii 16.
 1 20. Matt. xvi. 18.
 1 20. Isa. xxviii. 16

 2 21. I Cor. iii. 17; vi. 20.
 1 1. Col. ii. 23; 2 Tim. ii. 20.
 1 2. Rom. i. 5; Col i. 25.

τευ θεου της δοθεισης μοι εις ύμας, 3 *[δτι] of the God of that having been given to me for you, [because] αποκαλυψιν εγνωρισθη μοι το μυστηaccording to a revelation he made known to me the ριον (καθως προεγραψα εν ολιγώ, 4 προς δ δυ-I wrote before in bricf, hy which you

νασθε αναγινωσκοντες νοησαι την συνεσιν μου to perceive the intelligence of me reading εν τω μυστηριω του Χριστου·) 5 δ έτεραις γεsecret of the Anointed;) which in other

νεαις ουκ εγνωρισθη τοις υίοις των ανθρωπων, erations not was made known to the sons of the ώς νυν απεκαλυφθη τοις άγιοις *[αποστολοις]

as now it was revealed to the holy ones `[apostles] αυτου και προφηταις εν πνευματι: 6 ειναι τα by of him and f prophete spirit; to be the εθνη συγκληρονομα και συσσωμα και σεμμετο-Centiles joint-heirs and a joint-body and joint-partakers

χα της επαγγελιας *[αυτου] εν *[τφ] Χριστφ, [of him] in [the] Anointed, του ευαγγελιου τύ εγενομην διακονος δια

glad tidings; of which I became ascrvant την δωρεαν της χαριτος του θεου, της according to the gift ofthe favor of the God, of that μοι κατα την ενεργειαν της δυναhaving been given to me according to the operation of the power

μεως ταυτου· 8 εμοι τφ ελαχιστοτερφ παντων to me the far inferior of all

άγιων εδοθη ή χαρις αύτη, εν τοις εθνεσιν holy ones was given the favor this, among the

ευαγγελισασθαι τον ανεξιχνιαστον πλουτον to announce glad tidings the unsearchable

του Χριστου, 9 και φωτισαι παντας, τις ή οικο-of the Inointed, and to enlighten all, what the adminiswhat the adminisνομια του μυστηριου του αποκεκρυμικενου απο secret of that having been hidden tration of the from

των αιωνων ϵ ν τ ω θ ϵ ω , τ ω τα παντα κτισανages " in the God, in that the all things 10 ίνα γνωρισθη • νυν ταις αρχαις και created; so that might be made known now to the governments and ταις εξουσιαις εν τοις επουρανιοις, δια της

in the through the heavenlies, authorities εκκλησιας, ή πολυποικιλος σοφια του θεου·
congregation, the manifold wisdom of the God;

11 κατα *προθεσιν των αιωνων, ή εποιήσεν εν according to a plan of the ages, which he formed in of the Ages, which he

TION OF THAT FAVOR OF God having been GIVEN me for you;

3 That 1 by Revelation the made known to me the SECRET, -as I wrote briefly before,

4 by reading which, you can perceive my INTEL-LIGENCE in 1 the SECRET of the ANOINTED one .--

5 I which in Other Generations was not made known to the sons of MEN. tas it has now been revealed to his HOLY Apostles and Prophets by the Spirit;

6 that the GENTILES are t Fellow-heirs, and ta Joint-body, and Co-partners of * the PROMISE in Christ Jesus, through the

GLAD TIDINGS; 7 ‡ of which I became Servant, ‡according to THAT GRACIOUS GIFT Of God, which was imparted to me by the ENERGY of his POWER;

8 to me, I the VERY LOWEST of All Saints, was this FAVOR given, to an nounce among the NATIONS the glad tidings, the BOUNDLESS WEALT of the Anointed one;

9 even to enlighten All as to what is the ADMINIS-TRATION of THAT SE-CRET, which has been CON-CEALED from the AGES, by THAT GOD Who CREATEL ALL things;

10 tin order that now may be made known to the GOVERNMENTS and the AUTHORITIES in the HEAV-ENLIES, through the con-GREGATION, the MUCI's DIVERSIFIED Wisdom GoD,

11 according to a Plan

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT -3. because-omit. it. 6. the -omit. 6. the FROMISE because—omit. 5. apostles—omit. 6. of him—6. the from ise in Christ Jesus through the glad fidings. omit.

^{† 3.} Gal. i. 12. † 3. Rom. xvi. 25; Col. i. 26, 27. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 1; Eph. vi. 19. † 5. Acts x. 28; verse 9. † 5. Eph. ii. 20. † 6. Gal. iii. 28, 29; Eph. ii. 14. † 7. Rom. xv. 16; Col. i. 23, 25. † 7. Rom. 1. 5. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 7; 1 Tim. i. 13, 15. † 8. Gal. i. 16; ii. 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7; 2 Tim. 1. 11. † 9. verse 3; Eph. i. 9. † 10. 1 Pet. i. 12. † 10. Rom. viii. 28; Eph. i. 21; Col. i 16; 1 Pet. iii. 27

Χριστφ Ιησου τφ κυριφ ήμων^{, 12} εν φ εχομεν Lord ofus; by whom we have Auginted Jesus the την παρδησιαν και την προσαγωγην εν πεποιthe freedom of speech and the with ассевв θησει, δια της πιστεως αυτου. 13 Διο αιτουμαι ience, through the faith of him. Therefore μη εκκακείν εν ταις θλιψεσι μου ύπερ ύμων, act to faint in the afflictions of meson behalf of you, 14 Τουτου χαριν καμπτω ήτις εστι δοξα ύμων. glory of you. For this CAUSE τα γονατα μου προς τον πατερα * του κυριου the knees of me to the Tofthe father Lord ήμων Ιησου Χριστου,] 15 εξ ου πασα πατρια εν olus Jesus Anointed,] from whom whole family in ουρανοις και επι γης ονομαζεται, 16 ένα δωη heavens and on earth so that he may give is named, ύμιν κατα τον πλουτον της δοξης αύτου, δυναto you according to the wealth of the glory of himself, μει κραταιωθηναι δια του πνευματος αύτου, power to be strengthened through the spirit of himself, εις τον εσω ανθρωπον. 17 κατοικησαι τον Χρισin the within man; to have dwelt the Anointed τον δια της πιστεως εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, 18 εν through the faith in the hearts of you, αγαπη ερδιζωμενοι και τεθεμελιωμενοι ίνα εξισlove having been rooted and having been founded so that you καταλαβεσθαι χυσητε συν TOIS πασι may be fully able to understand with all the άγιοις, τι το πλατος και μηκος και βαθος και holy ones, what the breadth and length and depth and ύψος, 19 γνωναι τε την ύπερβαλλουσαν THS height, to have known even the surpassing of the γυωσεως αγαπην του Χριστου· ίνα πληρωθητε ²⁰ Τφ δε δυναεις παν το πληρωμα του θεου. to all the fulness of the God. To the now one beύπερ παντα ποιησαι ύπερεκπερισσου ing powerful above all to have done far exceeding αιτουμεθα η νοουμεν, κατα την δυνα-

what things we ask or we think, according to the power

μιν την ενεργουμενην εν ήμιν, <math>21 αυτφ ή δοξα to him the glory operating in us,

εν τη εκκλησια εν Χριστφ Ιησου, εις πασας τας in the congregation by Anointed Jesus, to all

γενεας του αιωνος των αιωνων Αμην. generations of the age of the ages; So be it. formed for *the ANOINTEB Jesus our LORD;

12 by whom we have this freedom of speech and * Access with Contidence, through the FAITH of him.

13 Therefore, I ask that I may not faint in these my AFFLICTIONS on your behalf, twhich are your Glory.)

14 For This Cause, 1 bend my KNEEs to the FATHER,

15 from whom the Whole Family in the Heavens and on Earth is named.

16 that he may give you taccording to his GLORIous WEALTH, I to be Powerfully strengthened through his spirit in the INNER Man:

17 that the Anointed one, through the FAITH, may dwellin your HEARTS; that # being rooted in Lov. and well-established,

18 you tmay be fully able to understand with All the SAINTS, what is the BREADTH and Length, and * Depth and Height,

19 to know even that which SURPASSES KNOW-LEDGE,-the LOVE of the ANOINTED one; so that * you may be filled ‡ with All the FULNESS of GOD.

20 ‡ Now to HIM who is above all things, BEING MIGHTY to effect far beyond what we ask or think, ‡ according to THAT POWER OPERATING in us.

21 to him be the GLORY in the congregation, by Christ Jesus, to All the GENERATIONS of the AGE of the AGES. Amen.

12. Access,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-11. the Anointed Jesus our Lord.

14. of our Lord Jesus Christ-omit. 18. and Height and Depth. 19. All the FULNESS of Gop might be fulfilled.

^{† 12.} Eph. il. 18; Heb. iv. 10. † 13. Acts xiv. 22; Phil. i. 14. † 13. 2 Cor. l. 0. † 15. Eph. i. 19; Phil. ii. 9—11. † 16. Eph. vi. 10; Col. i. 11. † 16. Rom. xiv. 22; Eph. i. 7; Phil. iv. 10; Col. i. 27. Eph. ii. 22. † 17. Col. i. 23; ii. 7. † 18. Eph. i. 18. Eph. ii. 23; Col. ii. 9, 10. † 20. Rom. xvi. 25; Jude 24— † 20. verse 7; Col. i. 20. † 21. Rom. xii. 30; xvi. 27; Heb. xiii. 21.

KE Φ . δ' . 4.

1 Παρακαλω ουν έμας, εγω δ δεσμιος $\epsilon \nu$ I the prisoner in Lexhort therefore you, κυριώ, αξιώς περιπατησαι της κλησεώς ήs calling with which Lerd. worthily to walk of the εκληθητε, 2 μετα πασης ταπεινοφροσυνης και ou were called, humility with all μακροθυμιας ανεχομενοι πραοτητος, μετα patience; with bearing with αλληλων εν αγαπη, 3 σπουδαζοντες τηρειν την using diligence each other in love, to keep ένητητα του πνευματος εν τφ συνδεσμώ της spirit by the uniting bond of the oneness of the 4 Έν σωμα και έν πνευμα, καθως και · ELONVYS. One hody and one even as also spirit, εκληθητε εν μια ελπιδι της κλησεως ύμων. hope of the calling of you; you were called in one 5 είς κυριος, μια πιστις, έν βαπτισμα, 6 είς θεος one Lord, one th, one dipping, one και πατηρ παντων, δ επι παντων και δια πανhe over all and through and father of all, των και εν πασιν * [ήμιν.] 7 Ένι δε έκαστω To one but each one Ell [to us.] δωρεας του Χριστου. 8 (Διο λεγει Αναβας free gift of the Anointed. (Therefore it says; Having ascended free gift of the Anointed. ύψος ηχμαλωτευσεν αιχμαλωσιαν, captivity, he captivated bugh ⁹ To $\delta \epsilon$, $\alpha \nu \epsilon \beta \eta$, εδωκε δοματα τοις ανθρωποις. ne gave gifts to the men. This but, he ascended, τι εστιν, ει μη δτι και κατεβη εις τα κατω-what is it, if not that also he descended into the lower 10 °O καταβας, αυτος τερα μερη της γης; The enchaving descended, parta of the earth? ύπερανω παντων των ETTI KAL S avaßas also the one having ascended far above ofthe

ουρανων, ίνα πληρωση τα παντα.) 11 Και αυτος heavens, so that he mightfill the all things.) And he εδωκε τους μεν αποστολους, τους δε προφητας,

the and prophets, the indeed apostles, τους δε ευαγγελιστας, τους δε ποιμενας και the and shepherds evangelists,

1 ιδασκαλους, 12 προς τον καταρτισμον των the complete qualification of the teachers,

CHAPTER IV.

1 I exhort you, therefore, I, the PRISONER for the Lord, tto walk worthily of the CALLING with which you were called,

2 ‡with All Humility and Gentleness; with Patience, sustaining each other in Love;

3 using diligence to preserve the UNITY of the SPIRIT tby the UNITING BOND of PEACE;

4 there being One †Body and One †Spirit as also you were called in One ! Hope of your CALL

One # Lord, Cre ‡Faith, One ‡Immersion;

6 ‡ One God and Father of all, HE who is over all, and tthrough all, and in

7 But to teach one of us was given Favor according to the MEASURE of the FREE GIFT of the ANOINT-

8 Therefore it is said. thigh, he tled a multi-tude of Captives, and " gave Gifts to MEN.

9 (But THIS, T" HE ASCENDED," what is it, unless That he also * descended first into the LOWER Parts of the EARTH?

10 The one HAVING DESCENDED, the is the one HAVING ASCENDED far above All of the HEAV-ENS, I so that he may fulfil ALL things.)

11 # And he gave indeed the APOSTLES, and the PROPHETS, and the EVAN-GELISTS, and SHEPHERDS and Teachers,

12 for the COMPLETE QUALIFICATION of the

* VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 6. us-omit. 7. the-omit. 9. descended first.

^{\$\}frac{1}{2}\$1. Eph. iii. 1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$1. Phil. i. 27; Col. i. 10; 1 Thess. ii. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$2. Acts xx. 19; \$\frac{1}{2}\$3l. v. 22, 23; Col. iii. 12, 13; \$\frac{1}{3}\$3. Col. iii. 14. \$\frac{1}{4}\$4. Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. xii. 12, 13; Eph. ii. 16. \$\frac{1}{4}\$4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 11. \$1. 4. Eph. i. 18. \$1. 5; 1 Cor. ii. 13; viii. 6; iii. 5; 2 Cor. xi. 4. \$\frac{1}{4}\$1. 10; 1 Cor. xiii. 6; xii. 6. \$\frac{1}{4}\$6. Rom. xi. 30. \$\frac{1}{4}\$7. Rom. xii. 3, 6; 1 Cor. xii. 11. \$\frac{1}{4}\$8. Psa. Lyviii 13. \$\frac{1}{4}\$8. Judges v. 12; Col. ii. 15. \$\frac{1}{4}\$1. 1 Cor. xii. 28. \$\frac{1}{4}\$10. Acts ii. 9. 11. \$\frac{1}{4}\$10. Acts ii. 33. \$\frac{1}{4}\$11. 1 Cor. xii. 28. \$\frac{1}{4}\$12. 1 Cor. xii. 7

λγιων εις εργον διακονίας, εις οικοδομην του olyoner for a wark of service, for a building up of the συματος του Χριστου. 13 μεχρι καταντησωμεν body of the Anointed; till we may attain

οί παντες εις την ένοτητα της πιστεως και της the all to the nuity of the faith and of the επιγνωσεως του υίου του θεους εις ανδρα τεknowledge of the son of the God, to aman perλειον, εις μετρον ήλικιας του πληρωματος του feet, to a measure of stature of the fulness Χριστου· 14 ίνα μηκετι ωμεν νηπιο., κλυδωνι-Auomted; so that no longer to may be babes, being ζομένοι και περιφερομένοι παντι σνέμφ της torsed and bring whirled about with every wind of the διδασκαλιας, εν τη κυβεια των ανθρωπων, εν teaching, in the trickery of the mea, by

πανουργία προς την μεθοδείαν της πλανης. comming with the method of the deceit;

 15 αληθευοντες δε εν αγαπη, αυξησωμεν εις being truthful but in love, we may grow into αυτον τα παντα, ός εστιν ή κεφαλη, $*[\acute{o}]$ him the allthings, who is the head, [the] $X\rho\iota\sigma\tau\sigma s^{-16}$ $\in\xi$ ov $\pi\alpha\nu$ to $\sigma\omega\mu\alpha$, ($\iota\nu$ " $\alpha\rho\mu$) λ 0-Anointed; from whom all the body, (being fitty joined γουμενον και συμβιβαζομενον δια πασης άφης together and being compacted by means of every joint της επιχορηγιας κατ' ενεργειαν,) εν μετρφ of the supply according to inworking,) by a measure

ένος έκαστου μερους την αυξησιν του σωματος

part the growth of the of one of each ποιειται, εις οικοδομην έαυτου εν αγαπη. makes, for a building up cfitself in love.

17 Τουτο ουν λεγω, και μαρτυρομαι εν κυριφ, This then I say, and testify in Lord. μηκετι ύμας περιπατειν, καθως και τα * [λοιπα] nolouger you to walk, as also the [others? εθνη περιπατει εν ματαιοτητι του νοος αύτων, Centiles walks in vanity of the mind of them, 18 εσκοτισμενοι τη διανοια, οντες απηλλοτριωhaving been darkened in the understanding, being alienated

μενοι της ζωης του θεου, δια την αγνοιαν την from the life of the God, through the ignorance that

ουσαν εν αυτοις, δια την πωρωσιν της καρδιας being in them, through the stupidity of the heart αυτων· 19 οίτινες απηλγηκοτες, έαυτους παρε-otthem; who having become callous, themselves gave δωκαν τη ασελγεια εις εργασιαν ακαθαρτιας over to the lewduess for a work of impurity πασης εν πλευνεξια. 20 Υμεις δε ουχ ούτως all with eagerness. You but not thus εμαθετε τον Χριστον, ²¹ ειγε αυτον ηκουσατε learned the Anointed, if indeed him you heard

SAINTS for the Work of Service, I in order to the Building up of the BODY of the Anointed one:

13 till we ALL attain to the UNITY of the FAITH, and of the Knowledge of the son of God, to ta full grown Man, to the Measure of the full Stature of the Anointed one;

14 so that we may be Infants no longer, tossed and whirled about with Every Wind of that TEACH-ING which is in the TRICK-ERY of MEN, 1 by Cunning craftiness in SYSTEMATIC DECEPTION;

15 but being truthful in Love, twe may grow up in ALL things into him, twho is the HEAD, -the Anointed one;

16 from whom the Whole Body, being fitly joined and united, by means of Every Assisting Joint, according to the proportionate Energy of Each single Part, effects the GROWTH of the BODY for the Building up of itself in Love.

17 This, therefore, I say, and testify in the Lord, that you no longer walk, * even as the GEN TILES walk, in tthe Vanity

of their MIND, 18 thaving been dark-ened in the UNDERSTAND-ING, \$ being alienated from the LIFE of GOD, through THAT IGNORANCE Which is in them, because of the STUPIDITY of their HEART;

19 who, being without feeling, ‡ gave themselves up to LEWDNESS, for the Practise of all Impurity with Eagerness.

.20 But nou have not thus learned the ANOINT-ED one:

21 tifindeed you heard

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. the-omit. the GENTILES Walk.

^{17.} OTHERS-omit.

^{17.} even as

^{† 12. 1} Cor. xiv. 20. † 13. Col. ii. 2. † 13. 1 Cor. xiv. 20; Col. i. 28. † 14. Rom. xvi. 18. † 15. Eph. i. 22; ii. 21. † 15. Col. i. 18. † 16. Col. ii. 19. † 17. Rom. i. 24. † 18. Acts xxvi. 18. † 18. Gal. iv. 8; Eph. i. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 10. 1 Pet. iv. • † 21. Eph. i. 13.

ται εν αυτώ εδιδαχθητε, καθώς εστιν αληθεια and by him were taught, as ie truth εν τω Ιησου 22 αποθεσθαι ύμας, κατα την the Jesus; to put from you, according to the π ροτεραν αναστροφην, τον παλαιον ανθρωπον, former course of life, the old man, φθειρομενον κατα τας επιθυμιας της being corrupt according to the inordinate desires of the απατης· 23 ανανεουσθαι δε τω πνευματι του νοος deceit, to be renewed and in the spirit of the mind $\dot{\nu}$ μων, 24 και ενδυσασθαι τον καινον ανθρωπον, and be you clothed with the new man, τον κατα θεον κτισθεντα εν δικαιοσυνη και that according to God having been created in righteousness and δσιοτητι της αληθείας. 25 Δ ιο αποθεμένοι το holiness of the truth. Therefore putting away the ψευδος, λαλειτε αληθειαν, έκαστος μετα του epesk you truth, each one πλησιον αύτου· ότι εσμεν αλληλων μελη. neighbor of himself; because we are of each other members, 26 Οργιζ ϵ σθ ϵ και μη ἁμαρταν ϵ τ ϵ \cdot δ ἡλιος μη Be you angry and not do you sin; the sun not επιδευετω επι*[τω] παροργισμώ ύμων $*^{27}$ μητε tetit set on [the] wrath of you; not even 28 Ο κλεπτων μηδιδοτε τοπον τφ διαβολφ. give you a place for the accuser. The one stealing κετι κλεπτετω, μαλλονδε κοπιατω εργαζομενος let him steal, rather but let him toil working το αγαθον ταις χερσιν, ίνα εχη μ the good thing with the hands, so that he may have εχη μεταδιδοναι to give ²⁹ Πας λογος σαπρος εκ τω χρειαν εχοντι. to the one want having. Every word rotten out of του στοματος ύμων μη εκπορευεσθω, αλλ', ει of you not let go forth, τις αγαθος προς οικοδομην της χρειας, ίνα anything good for a building up of the use, that χαριν τοις ακουουσι· 30 και μη λυπειτε it may give benefit to those hearing; and not grieve you το πνευμα το ώγιον του θεου, εν ώ εσφραγισthe spirit the holy of the God, by which you were θητε εις ήμεραν απολυτρωσεως. 31 Πασα πικsealed for a day of redemption. bitρια και θυμος και οργη και κραυγη και βλασ-

teruese and auger and wrath and clamor

πλαγχνοι, χαριζομενοι έαυτοις,

showing favor

θεος εν Χριστώ εχαρισατο ύμιν.

God in Anointed showed favor to you.

epeaking let be taken from you,

hearted ones,

φημια αρθετω αφ' ύμων, συν παση

 γ_{ν} γ ν εσθε $*[\delta \epsilon]$ εις αλληλους χρηστοι, become you [and] towards each other kind ones,

Him, and were taught by him, as the Truth is in JESUS;

22 tto put off, according to the FORMER Course of life, THAT OLD Man, CORRUPTED by DECEITFUL DESIRES;

23 and to the renewed in the spirit of your

MIND;

24 and t be you clothed with THAT NEW Man, who, according to God, has been formed in Righteousness and Holiness of the TRUTH.

25 Therefore, leaving off FALSEHOOD, ‡speak you Truth each one with his NEIGHBOR, Because we are Members of each other.

26 ‡When angry, do not sin; let not the sun set on your Wrath:

27 nor give an Opportunity for the ACCUSER.

28 Let the THIEF steal no more; ‡but rather let him toil, working THAT which is GOOD with his HANDS, so that he may have something to give to him who is in WANT.

29 ‡ Let No corrupt Word proceed from your MOUTH, but rather what is good for the use of Building up, so that it ma confer a Benefit on the HEARERS;

30 and grieve not the HOLY SPIRIT OF GOD, ‡ by which you were sealed for ‡ a Day of Redemption.

31 Let All Bitterness, and Anger, and Wrath, and Clamor, and ‡ Evilspeaking, be taken away from you, together with All Malice;

32 and 1 be kind towards each other, compassionate, tshowing favor to others, even as God by Christ showed favor to * you.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. the-omit. 32. and-omit. 32. us.

and

καθως και δ

all

even as

with

to others,

evil-

κακια.

malice;

€υσtender

also the KE Φ . ϵ' . 5.

1 Γινεσθε ουν μιμηται του θεου, ώς τεκνα αγα-Become you therefore imitators of the God, as children

πητα: ² και περιπατειτε εν αγαπη, καθως και and walk you in love,

δ Χριστος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και παρεδωκεν έαυloved and delivered up

τον ύπερ ήμων προσφοραν και θυσιαν, τω θεω self on behalf of us an offering and a sacrifice, to the God

3 Порувіа бе каі жаба акаεις οσμης ευωδιας. tor an odor of a sweet smell. Fornication but and

θυρσια η πλεονεξια μηδε ονομαζεσθω εν ύμιν, purity or unbridled lust not even let it be named among you,

(καθως πρέπει άγιοις,) 4 και αισχροτης, και it becomes holy ones,) also indecency,

μωρολογια η ευτραπελία, τα ουκ ανηκοντα. looksh talking, or loose jesting, the things not

⁵ Τουτο γαρ ιστε αλλα μαλλον ευχαριστια. rather thankagiving. This for you know

γινωσκοντες, ότι πας πορνος η ακαθαρτος η that every fornicator or impure person or

πλεονεκτης, ός εστιν ειδωλολατρης, ουκ εχει lascivious person, who is an idol-worshipper, not

κληρονομιαν εν τη βασιλεια του Χριστου και an inheritance in the kingdom of the Anointed one and

6 Μηδεις ύμας απατατω κενοις λογοις. of God. you let deceive with empty words;

ταυτα γαρ ερχεται ή οργη του θεου on account of these things for comes the wrath of the God -πι τους υίους της απειθειας. 7Μη ουν γινεσθε Not therefore become you sons of the disobedience.

8 Ητε γαρ ποτε σκοτος, συμμετοχοι αυτων. of them. You were indeed once darkness,

νυν δε φως εν κυριώ now but light in Lord: ώς τεκνα φωτος περιπαas children of light τειτε· 9 (δ γαρ καρπος του φωτος εν παση αγα-

(the for fruit of the light in all goodθωσυνη και αληθεια.) 10 δοκιμαζοντες τι εστιν truth.) searching out and

11 και μη συγκοινωνειτε ευαρεστον τω κυριω. well-pleasing to the Lord; and not be you joint-partakers

τοις εργοις τοις ακαργοις του σκοτους, μαλλον with the wurks with those unfruitful of the darkness,

CHAPTER V.

Become therefore f Imitators of God, as beloved Children;

2 and twalk in Love, even as the Anointed one loved us, and delivered himself up on * our behalf. an Offering and a Sacrifice to God for an † Odor of a Sweet smell.

3 Now let not : Fornication, and All Impurity. or unbridled Lust, be even named among you, (as becomes Hol; persons;)

4 also # Indecency, and Foolish talking or loose Jesting; THINGS not CON-SISTENT; but what is more becoming, Thanks-

giving.
5 For This you know, †That no Fornicator, or Impure person, or man of unbridled Lust, who is an Idolater, has an Inheritance in the KINGDOM of the Anointed, and of God.

6 Let no one deceive you with empty Words; for on account of these things I the WRATH of GOD comes on the sons of Dis-OBEDIENCE.

7 Therefore, do not become their Associates.

8 You were, indeed, formerly Darkness, but you are now ! Light in the Lord; walk as 1 Children of Light;

9 (since the FRUIT of the LIGHT is in All Goodness, and Righteousness, and Truth;)

10 I searching out what is well-pleasing to the

Lord.

11 And do not be ‡ copartners with the UN-FRUITFUL WORKS of DARK-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- 2. your behalf.

^{† 2.} In the highly figurative language of the Hebrews, smelling is used to denote the perception of a moral quality in another; thus God is said to "smell a sweet odor" from sacrifice, to signify that he perceived with pleasure the good disposition which the offerer expressed by such an act of worship.—Macknight.

^{† 1.} Matt. v. 45, 48. Luke vi. 36. † 2. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; 1 Thess. iv. 9; 1 John ii. 11, 23; iv. 21. † 2. Gal. i. 4; ii. 20. † 3. 1 Cor. vi. 18; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3. † 4. Matt. xii. 35; Eph. iv. 29. † 5. 1 Cor. vi. 9, 10; Gal. v. 10—21; Pev. xxii. 15. † 6. Rom. i. 18. † 8. Acts xxvi. 18. † 8. John vii. 12. † 3. Luke xvi. 8; John xii. 36. † 10. Rom. xii. 2; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. v. 21. † 11. 1 Cor. v. 9, 11; 2 Cor. vi. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14.

δε και ελεγχετε. 12 Τα γαρ κρυφη γινομενα but even do you reprove. The things for in secret being done 13 Tα δε ύπ' αυτων, αισχρον εστι και λεγειν. The but indecent it is even to say. ταντα, ελεγχομενα ύπο του φωτος, φανεροιται. all things, being exposed by the are manifested; light, 14 A10 γαρ το φανερουμενον, φως εστι. everything for that is being manifested, light 1s. Therefore λεγει. Εγειρε δ καθευδων, και αναστα εκ it says; Awake thou the one sleeping, and arise thou out of των νεκρων, και επιφαυσει σοι δ Χριστος. the dead ones, and will shine on thee the Anointed.

15 Βλεπετε ουν, πως ακριβως περ.πατειες.
See you then, how accurately you walk,

μη ώς ασοφοι, αλλ' ώς σοφοι· 16 εξαγοραζομενοι not as unwise ones, but as wise ones; buying for yourselves τον καιρον, ότι αἱ ἡμεραι πονηραι εισι. 17 Δια are. Because of the season, because the days evil

τουτο μη γινεσθε αφρονές, αλλα συνιέντες τ: this not become you simple ones, but understanding what το θελημα του κυριου. ¹⁸ Και μη μεθυσκεσθε εν ώ εστιν ασωτια, αλλα πληρουσθε οινω, in which is profligacy, but be you filled with wine, εν πνευματι, 19 λαλουντες έαυτοις ψαλμοις και speaking to others in psalms with spirit,

ύμνοις και φδαις *[πνευματικαις,] αδοντες και [spiritual,] hymna and songs ψαλλοντες εν τη καρδια ύμων τω κυριω² ευ-making music in the heart of you to the Lord; gir-

χαριστουντες παντοτε ύπερ παντων, εν ονοματι at all times on behalf of all, in ing thanks

του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, τφ θεφ και Anointed, to the God and the Lord of us Jesus

πατρι· ²¹ ύποτασσομένοι αλληλοίς εν φοβώ to each other in aubmitting yourselves Χριστου· 22 αί γυναικες τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν wives to the the own *[ύποτασσεσθε,] ώς τφ κυριφ. 23 ότι ανηρ εστι [be you submissive,] as to the Lord; because a husband is

κεφαλη της γυναικος, ώς και δ Χριστος κεφαλη

της εκκλησιας · αυτος *[εστι] σωτηρτου σωμα-[is] a preserver o'the of the congregation; he

τος. ²⁴ Αλλ³ * [ωσπερ] ή εκκλησια υποτασσεται But [even as] the congregation is subjected

NESS, but rather even reprove them.

12 ! For the THINGS BEING DONE by them in secret, it is indecent ever to mention.

13 # But ALL things being reproved are manifested by the LIGHT; for it is Light which makes every thing manifest.

14 Therefore it says, t" Awake, O SLEEPER! and arise from the DEAD, and the ANOINTED one will shinc upon thee."

15 Therefore, take heed diligently how you walk, not like Ignorant persons, but as Wise men:

16 securing the SEASON for yourselves, Because the

DAY: are evil.

A7 Therefore be not inconsiderate, but * understand what is the WILL of the LORD.

18 And ‡ be not drunk with Wine, by which comes Debauchery; but be filled with Spirit;

19 speaking to one another, in Psalms and Hymns and Spiritual Songs, singing and making music in your HEART to the LORD:

20 T giving thanks at all times on account of all things, to the GoD and Father 1 in the Name of our Lord * Jesus Christ.

21 † Be submissive to each other in the fear of

Chris.

22 1 Wives, he submissive to your own Husbands, as to the LORD;

23 for a # Husband is the wife's Head, even as the ANOINTED one is Head of the congregation; he is a Preserver of the BODY.

24 But even as the CONGREGATION is sub-

^{77.} * VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—17. understand you what the WILL of our Lord is. 17. piritual—omit. 20. Christ Jesus. 22. be you submissive—omit. 23. is—omit. spiritual-omit. 24. even as-omit.

t 13. John iii. 20, 21. t 15. Col. iv. 5. 20. t 19. Col. iii. 16. t 21. Phil. ii. 3; 1 Pet. v. 5. Cor. xi. 3. t 23. Eph. i. 22; iv. 15; Col. i. 18. † 12 Rom. i. 24, 26. † 13. 1 Cor. xv. 34; 1 Thess. v. 6. † 15 1 18. Prov. xx. 1; xxiii, 29. ; 20. Heb. xiii. 15. † 21. Phil Cel. iii. 18. † 2. 1 Cor. xi. 3.

τφ Χριστφ, ούτω και αἱ γυναικες τοις * [ιδιοις] to the Anointed, thus also the wives to the [own] ανδρασιν εν παντι. 25 Οἱ ανδρες, αγαπατε τας husbands in everything. The husbands, love you the γυναικας * [έαυτων,] καθως και ὁ Χριστος ηγαwives [οίγουτεείνες,] even as also the Auointed loved πησε την εκκλησιαν, και έαυτον παρεδωκεν the congregation, and himself delivered up ύπερ αύτης, 26 ίνα αυτην άγιαση, καθαρισας on behalf of her, so that her be might sanctify, having cleansed καθαρισας τφ λουτρώ του ύδατος εν βηματι. 27 ίνα παρασin the bath of the water by a word; that might τηση αυτος έαυτω ενδοξον της εκκλησιαν, place beside he himself glorious the congregation, μη εχουσαν σπιλον η ρυτίδα η τι των τοιουnot having appot or blemish or any of the such like των, $αλλ^3$ ίνα η άγια και αμωμοs. 28 Ούτως things, but that she might be holy and blameless. Thus οφειλουσιν οί ανδρες αγαπαν τας έαυτων γυναιare obligated the husbands to love the of themselves wives, κας, ως τα έαυτων σωματα. Ο αγαπων την as the of themselves bodies. He loving the έαυτου γυναικα, έαυτον αγαπα 29 ουδεις γαρ of himself wife, himself loves; no one for ποτε την έαυτου σαρκα εμισησες, αλλ' εκτρεever the of himself flesh hated, but nourishes φει και θαλπει αυτην καθως και δ Χριστος την and cherishes her; as even the Auointed the congregation; because members we are of the body αυτου, *[εκ της σαρκος αυτου, και εκ των [out of the flesh of him, and out of the 31 Αντι τουτου καταλειψει οστεων αυτου.] On account of this bones of him.] ανθρωπος τον πατερα αύτου και την μητερα, the father of himself and the mother, και προσκολληθησεται προς την γυναικα αύτου, nd shall be closely juined to the wife of himself, και εσονται οί δυο εις σαρκα μιαν. ³² Το μυστηand will be the two into flesh one. ριον τουτο μεγα εστιν. εγω δε λεγω εις Χρισthis great is: I but speak about Anointed, τον, και εις την εκκλησιαν. 33 Πλην και 5 μεις and about the congregation. But also you ρί καθ' ένα, έκαστος την έαυτου γυναικα ούτως the every one, each one the of himself wife thus αγαπατω ώς έαυτον· ή δε γννη ίνα Φοβηται let love as himself; the and wife so that she may reverence 1 Τα τεκνα, ύπακου-КЕФ. s'. 6. τον ανδρα. he husband. The children, be you subετε τοις γονευσιν ύμων *[εν κυριω·] τουτο ect to the parents of you [in Lord;] this thing

Jected to the ANGINTED one, so also the wives to their husbands in everything.

25 ‡ Husbands, love your wives, even as the ANOINTED one loved the CONGREGATION, and I delivered Himself up on her behalf:

26 so that, having purified her in the BATH of WATER, he might sanctify Her t by the Word;

27 I that he might place the congregation by his own side, glorious, having no Spot or Blemish, or Any such thing, but that she might be holy and blameless.

28 Thus * also ought the HUSBANDS to love THEIR OWN Wives, as THEIROWN Bodies. HE who LOVES HIS OWN Wife loves Himself:

29 for no one ever hated HIS OWN Flesh, but nourishes and cherishes it, even as the ANOINTED one the CONGREGATION;

30 because I we are Members of his BODY.

31 ‡"On this account "shall a Man leave "Father "and Mother, and shall be "united to his WIFE, and "tthe Two shall become "one Flesh."

32 This is a great se-CRET; but H am speaking concerning Christ and the

CONGREGATION.

33 But, indeed, let each each one of You, INDIVI-DUALLY, so love HIS OWN Wife as himself that even the WIFE may treverence her HUSBAND.

CHAPTER VI.

1 CHILDREN, ‡ obey your PARENTS; for this is this thing a just precept,-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-24. own-omit. 25. of yourselves-omit. 23. also. 30. of his flesh, and of his bones-omit. 31. Father and Mother. 1. in the Lord-omit.

^{‡ 25.} Col. iii. 19; 1 Pet. iii. 7. iii. 5; Titus iii. 5. ‡ 30. Gen. ii. 23; Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. vi. 15; xii. 27. ‡ 30. Gen. ii. 23; Rom. xii. 5; 1 Cor. vi. 15; xii. 27. ‡ 31. 1 Cor. vi. 16. ‡ 33. 1 Pet. iii. 6. Col. iii. 20. 2 25. Acts xx. 28; Gal. i. 4; ii. 20. 2 26. John n xv. 3; xvii. 17. 2 27. 2 Cor. xi. 2; Col. i. 22. ii. 15; xii. 27. 1 31. Gcn. ii. 24; Matt xix. 5; i. 1 33. 1 Pet. iii. 6. 1 1. Prov. xxiii. 22;

or, 2 Tima tor π atera sou kai Honor the father of thee and $(\dot{\eta}\tau$ is * $\left[\epsilon\sigma\tau$ ir $\right]$ ϵ v τ o $\lambda\eta$ $\pi\rho\omega\tau\eta$, γαρ εστι δικαιον. just. την μητερα. (which [is] a commandment mother: 3 ίνα ευ σοι γενηται, και επαγγελια.) $\in \mathcal{V}$ that well with thee it may be, a promise;) with 4 και οί μακροχρονιος επι της γης. land; and the on the thou mayest be long-lived πατερες, μη παροργιζετε το τεκνα ύμων, αλλ' not irritate you f'e children of you, but εκτρεφετε αυτα εν παιδεια και νουθεσια κυριου. bring you up them in discipline and instruction of Lord. 5 Οί δουλοι, ύπακουετε τοις κυριοις κατα σαρκα, The slaves, be you cubmissive to the lords according to flesh, μετα φοβου και τρομου, εν απλοτητι της καρ-with fear and trembling, in simplicity of the heart διας ύμων, ως τω Χριστω. 6 μη κατ' οφθαλμοδουλείαν ως ανθρωπαρεσκοι, αλλ' eye-service ώς δουλοι *[του] Χριστου, ποιουντες το θελημα του θεου [of the] Anointed, doing the will of the God εκ ψυχης, ⁷ μετ' ευνοιας δουλευοντες, ως τω from soul, with good-will serving, as to the κυριώ και ουκ ανθρωποις. 8 ειδοτες, ότι δ εαν knowing, that whatever Lord and not to men; τι έκαστος ποιηση αγαθον, τουτο κομιειται he will receive good thing, this any each one may do παρα κυριου, ειτε δουλος, ειτε ελευθερος. 9 Και or whether a slave, a freeman. from Lord, οί κυριοι, το αυτα ποιειτε προς αυτους, ανιεντες the lords, the same things do you to them. την οπειλην· είδοτες, ότι και ύμων αυτων δ the threat; knowing, that also of you of them the κυριος εστιν εν ουρανοις, και προσωποληψια is in respect of persons heavens, and ουκ εστι παρ' αυτω. with bim. not is

¹⁰Το λοιπον, *[αδελφοι μου,] ενδυναμουσθε of me,] strengthen yourselves [brethren εν κυριώ και εν τω κρατει της ισχυος αυτου. n Lord and in the power might ofthe 11 Ενδυσασθε την πανοπλιαν του θεου, προς το the complete armor of the God, for that δυνασθαι ύμας στηναι προς τας μεθοδειας του you to stand against the crafty ways of the to enable διαβολου· 12 ότι ουκ εστιν ήμιν ή παλη προς to us the contest with hecause not is αίμα και σαρκα, αλλα προς τας αρχας, προς τας with the governments, with the but blood and flesh, εξουσιας, προς τους κοσμοκρατορας του σκοworld-rulers of the with the authorities.

2 1" Honor thy FATHER "and MOTHER," (which is the first Commandment with a Promise,)

3 "that it may be well " with thee, and that thou "mayest be long-lived in

"the LAND."

4 And, #FATHERS, d not irritate your CHIL-DREN, but 1 bring them up in the Discipline and Instruction of the Lord.

5 I BOND-SERVANTS, be subject to your MAS-TERS, according to the Flesh, with Fear and Trembling, in the Integrity of your HEART, as to the

Anointed;
6 not with Eye-service
as Men-pleasers, but as
Bond-servants of Christ, doing the WILL of GOD from the Soul,

7 doing service with Good-will, as if to the LORD, and not to * Men;

8 ‡ knowing That whatever good any one may do, this he will receive from Lord,—whether Slave or a Freeman.

9 And, 1 MASTERS, do the SAME things to them, forbearing to THREATEN; knowing That * both Their and I Your MASTER is in the Heavens; and I there is no Partiality of persons with him.

10 Finally, strengthen yourselves in the Lord. and tin his MIGHTY

POWER.

11 ‡ Put on the com. PLETE ARMOB of GOD, that you may be ABLE to stand against the CRAPTY WAYS of the ENEMY;

12 because our con-FLICT is not with ‡Blood and Flesh, but with \$ the GOVERNMENTS, with the dark- AUTHORITIES, with the

 Vatican Manuscrift.—2. is—omit.
 both Their and Your master is in the Heavens. 6. of the-omit. 7. Man. 10. my Brethren-omit.

rous τουτου, προς τα πνευματικά της πονηριας, with the spiritual things of the evil one, ί3 Δια τουτο αναλαβετε εν τοις επουρανιοις. Because of this take you up in the heavenlies. την πανοπλιαν του θεου, ίνα δυνηθητε ανιστηthe complete armor of the God, so that you may be able to at and ναι εν τη ήμερα τη πονηρα, και άπαντα κατερday the evil, and all things against in the 14 Στητε ουν περιζωσαμενοι γασαμενοι στηναι. to stand. Stand you therefore having girded worked out την οσφυν ύμων εν αληθεία, και ενδυσαμενοι tha loins of you with truth, and having put on τον θωρακα της δικαιοσυνης, 15 και ύποδησαμεand the breastplate of the righteousness, having shod νοι τους ποδας εν έτοιμασια του ευαγγελιου with a preparation of the glad tidings feet 16 επι πασιν αναλαβοντες τον 775 ELPHVNS. of the besidea all having taken up the peace; δυνησεσθε παντα θυρεον της πιστεως, εν ώ shield of the faith, by which you will be able τα βελη του πονηρου * [τα] πεπυρωμενα σβεσαι. the darts of the evil one [the | having been kindled to quench; 17 και την π ερικεφαλαιαν του σωτηριου δεξασθε, also the helmet of the salvation take you, και την μαχαιραν του πνευματος, δ εστι δημα spirit, which is eword witha 18 διο πασης προσευχής και δεησεως Henr. of God; by means of every prayer and supplication προσευγομένοι εν παντι καιρφ εν πνευματι* και in every season in praying apirit; and εις αυτο *[τουτο] αγρυπνουντες εν παση προσwatching with καρτερησει και δεησει περι παντων των άγιων, and supplication for all severance of the holy ones, 19 και ύπερ εμου, ίνα μοι δοθη λογος εν ανοιand on behalf of me, that to me may be given a word in ξει του στοματος μου, εν παρόησια γνωρισαι το ing of the mouth of me, with boldness to make known the *[τ ου ϵ υαγγ ϵ λιου,] ²⁰ ὑ π ϵ ρ μυστηριον

POTENTATES OF this DARK-NESS, with the SPIRITUAL THINGS OF WICKEDNESS IN the HEAVENLIES.

13 ‡ On account of this, take up the † COMPLETE ARMOR OF GOD, that you may he able to resist in the EVIL DAY, and having achieved Every thing, to stand.

14 Stand, then, thaving your loins girded around with Truth, and thaving put on the BREASTPLATE of RIGHTEOUSNESS:

15 and thaving your FEET shod with the Preparation of the GLAD TILLINGS of PEACE;

16 besides all, having taken up the shield of the faith, by which you will be able to extinguish All the burning DARTS of the WICKED one;

17 Itake also the HFL-MET OF SALVATION, and It the SWORD of the SPIRIT, which is God's Word;

18 praying at every Season, twith All Prayer and Supplication in Spirit, and I keeping watch for this with All Perseverance and ‡ Entreaty for All SAINTS;

19 t and on my behalf, that Eloquence may be given to me, in opening my mouth with boldness, to make known the SECRET of the GLAD TIDINGS.

20 (on account of which ‡I execute an Embassy in ‡a Chain,) that ‡I may

[of the

lam on an embassy in a chain, that

Secret.

πρεσβευω

13. this-omit.

it I may speak

19. of the GLAD

glad tidings,] on account of which

εν άλυσει, ίνα *[εν] αυτώ παρόη-

[ai]

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-16. the-omit. TIDINGS-omit. 20. in-omit.

^{† 13.} The Grecian armor consisted of two sorts,—Defensive and Offensive armor. The apostle selects from these the following, which he calls the panoply, or complete armor of God;—1. The Girdle, or Military Belt, used to brace the armor tight to the body, and cover the two parts of the breastplate where they joined; and to support daggers, snort swords, &c. 2. The Breastplate consisted of two parts,—one reaching from the neck to the navel, and the other hanging from thence to the knees. 8. The Greaves, made of gold, silver, brass, or iron, designed to defend the front of the legs and feet. 4. The Helmet, made of various metals, and used to protect the head. 5. The Sheld, sometimes round and sometimes square, was made of strong thick leather or hides; sometimes of wood covered with brass or iron. 6. The Sword, as an offensive weapon. He who had these was completely armed for combat. † 18. As it was customary for the Grecians to offer prayers to their gods before engaging in battle, so the apostle exhaust Christian warriors to pray with all prayer, in every season, always depending on the Captain of their salvation.

σιασωμαι, ώς δει με λαλησαι. 21 Ίνα δε ειδη-boldly, as it behoves me to speak. That but may

τε και ύμεις τα κατ' εμε, τι πρασσω, παντα knowalso you the things concerning me, what I am doing, all things ύμιν γνωρισει Τυχικος ό αγαπητος αδελφος και to you will make known Tychicus the heloved brother and πιστος διακονος εν κυρι φ 22 δν επεμψα προς

ήμων, και παρακαλεση τας καρδιας ύμων. us, and he might comfort the bearts of you. 23 Ειρηνη τοις αδελφοις και αγαπη μετα πισ-

Peace to the brethren and love with faith

τεως απο θεου πατρος και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου.

from God a father and Lord Jesus Auointed.

 24 H capis μ eta π autwu τ wu α ca π wutwu τ ou 7 The favor with all of the ones loving the

κυριον ήμων Ιησουν Χριστον εν αφθαρσια.
Tord of us Jesus Anointed with incoruptness.

speak boldly concerning it, as it becomes me.

21 But that gou also may know the things concerning me, and what I am doing, Tychicus, the beloved Brother and Faithful Servant in the Lord, will make All things known to you;

22 twhom I have sent to you for this very purpose, that you may know the THINGS concerning us, and that he may comfort your HEARTS.

23 Peace to the BRETH-REN, and Love with Faith, from God the Father, and the LORD Jesus Christ.

24 The FAVOR be with all who tsincerely LOVE our LORD Jesus Christ.

*TO THE EPHESIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

[ΠΑΥΛΟΥ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΟΣ ΦΙΛΙΠΠΗΣΙΟΥΣ.

PHILIPPIANS.

KEΦ. α' . 1.

1 Παυλος και Τιμοθέος, δουλοι Ιησου Χριστου, and Timothy, bondmen of Jesus Anointed, πασι τοις άγιοις εν Χριστω Ιησου, τοις ουσιν to all the holy ones in Anointed Jesus, to those being εν Φιλιπποις, συν επισκοποις και διακονοις. in Philippi, with overacera and aervanta; 2 χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος ήμων, favor to you and peace from God a father 3 Ευχαριστω τ φ και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. Anointed. Jenua I give thanks to the θ εφ μου επι παση τη μνεια ύμων, 4 παντοτε God of me on every the remembrance of you, always εν παση δεησει μου ύπερ παντων ύμων, μετα prayer of me on behalf of all of you. χαρας την δεησιν πο-ουμενος ⁵ επι τη κοινωνια joy the prayer making in respect to the fellowship ύμων εις το ευαγγελιον, απο πρωτης ήμερας of you for the glad tidings, from αχρι του νυν 6 πεποιθως αυτο τουτο, δτι δ till the now; having been persuaded same this thing, that the εναρξαμενος εν ύμιν εργον αγαθον, επιτελεσει one having begun in you a work good, will complete αχρις ήμερας Ιησου Χριστου. 7 καθως € STL till a day of Jesus Anointed; itis δικαιον εμοι τουτο φρονειν ύπερ παντων ύμων, to think concerning for me this all το εχειν με εν τη καρδια ύμας, Sia EV TE because the to have me in the hearts of you, in both τοις δεσμοις μου και τη απολογια και βεβα:ωbonds of me and in the defence and confirmaσει του ευαγγελιου, συγκοινωνους μου της uon of the glad tidings, joint-contributors of me of the χαριτος παντας ύμας οντας. 8 μαρτυς γαρ μου being; a witness all ofyau for of me *[$\epsilon\sigma\tau\iota\nu$] δ $\theta\epsilon\sigma s$, δs $\epsilon\pi\iota\pi\sigma\theta\omega$ $\pi\alpha\nu\tau\alpha s$ $\delta\mu\alpha s$ $\epsilon\nu$ [in the God, how Hong after all of you in σπλαγχνοις Χριστου Ιησου. 9 Και τουτο προσbowela of Applinted Jesus. Aud thia ευχομαι, ίνα ή αγαπη ύμων ετι μαλλον και that the love of you yet niore and μαλλον περισσευή εν επιγνωσει και πασή may abound in knowledge

CHAPTER I.

Paul and Timothy Bondmen of * Christ Jesus, to all THOSE SAINTS I'n Christ Jesus, who ARE at Philippi, with the Over-seers and Assistants;

2 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and our Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 # I give thanks to niv GOD on Every REMEM-

BRANCE of you,
4 (always, in Every Prayer of mine, making SUPPLICATION on behalf of you all with Joy,)

5 t on account of your PARTICIPATION in the GLAD TIDINGS, from the FIRST Day till now;

6 having this same confidence, That HE who COMMENCED ta good Work among you, will continue to complete it till the Day of *Christ Jesus;

7 as it is right for me to think This respecting vei. all, Because you nai me in your HEART, both in tmy BONDS, and in the DEFENCE and CONFIRMA-TION of the GLAD TID-INGS, you all being jointcontributors to me of the GIFT.

8 For ‡ God is my Witness how I long after you all with the tender Sympathies of Christ Jesus.

9 And This I pray, that your LOVE may yet abound more and more in Knowledge, and in all Perception,

10 in order that you may EXAMINE the DIF-FERENCES of THINGS; to examine you the things dif- and that you # may be

the

αισθησει.

perception;

10 εις το δοκιμαζειν ύμας τα δια-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-To THE PHILIPPIANS. 1. Christ Jesus. 6. Christ Jesus. the FIRST Day. 8. is-omit.

ψεροντα, ίνα ητε ειλικρινεις και απροσκοποι lering, so that you may be sincere ones and inoffensive ones εις ήμεραν Χριστου, 11 πεπληρωμενοι καρπον of Anointed, having been filled fruit for a day δικαιοσυνης *[τον] δια Ιησου Χριστου, of righteousness [that] through Jesus Anointed, 213

to 12 Γινωσκειν δε ύμας δοξαν και επαινον θεου. praise of God. glory and To know but you

κατ' βουλομαι, αδελφοι, ότι ταεμε μαλthat the things relating to me brethren.

λον εις προκοπην του ευαγγελιου εληλυθεν. for advancement of the glad tidings happened;

13 ώστε τους δεσμους μου πανερους εν Χριστφ so that the bonds of me appear iu Anointed γενεπθαι εν όλω τω πραιτωριώ και τοις λοιποις

to have become before all in the judgment ball and to the others

πασι, 14 και τους πλειονας των αδελφων εν the greater number of the brethren

κυριφ, πεποιθοτας τοις δεσμοις μου, περισσο-Lurd, having been assured by the hunda of me, more sbun-

τολμαν αφοβως τον $\lambda o \gamma o \nu \quad \lambda \alpha \lambda \epsilon \iota \nu$. are bold dantly fearlessly the word to speak.

15 Τινές μεν και δια φθονον και εριν, τινές δε Some indeed even through envy aud strife, και δι' ευδοκιαν τον Χριστον κηρυσσουσιν. also through good-will the Anointed they openly proclaim.

16 Οί μεν εξ αγαπης, ειδοτες, ότι εις απολογιαν knowing, that for These indeed from love, a defence

του ευαγγελιου κειμαι. 17 οί δε εξ εριθειας, of the glad tidings I am placed; those but from

*[τον] Χριστον καταγγελλουσιν ουχ αγνως, [the] Anointed are announcing not purely, οιομένοι θλιψιν επιφερείν τοις δεσμοίς μου.

to superadd to the bonds of me. affliction thinking 18 Τι γαρ: πλην παντι τροπώ, ειτε προφαπει whether in pretence Still in every way,

ειτε αληθεια, Χριστος καταγγελλεται Kal EV or in truth, Anointed is sanounced: and in

19 Οιδα • ουτφ χαιρω, αλλα και χαρησομαι. also I will rejoice. 1 know his I rejoice, but

η ω, ότι τουτο μοι αποβησεται εις σωτηριαν to me will result for deliverance

της ύμων, δεησεως, και επιχορηγιας του though the of you, entreaty, and & supply of the

πνευματος Ιησου Χριστου, 20 κατα την αποκαapirit of Jesus Anointed, according to the eager of Jesus Anointed, eager

sincere and inoffensive in the Day of Christ;

11 having been filled with the Fruit of Righteousness through Jesus Christ, I to the Glory and Praise of God.

12 Now I wish you to know, Brethren, That the THINGS which have befallen me resulted rather for the Advancement of the GLAD TIDINGS;

13 so that my BONDS for Christ have become manifest in All the † PRE-TORIUM, and in all OTHER

places;

14 and the GREATER NUMBER of the BRETH-BEN in the Lord, having been made confident by my BONDS, have much more abundant courage to speak the * WORD of God without fear.

15 Some, indeed, proclaim the ANOINTED one even through Envy and ‡ Strife, and some also through Good-will.

16 THESE, indeed, out of Love, knowing That I am placed for the Defence of the GLAD TID.

INGS; 17 but Those out of Contention are announcing Christ, not purely, thinking * to superadd Affliction to my BONDS.

18 What then? * Be-cause, in Every Way, whether in Pretence or in Truth, Christ is announced, even in this I rejoice, yea, and will rejoice.

19 * And I know That this will result in My Deliverance, through YOUR Entreaty, and the Supply of the SPIRIT of Jesus Christ,

20 according to my EARNEST EXPECTATION

14. word of God. .
19. And I know. 17. to raise * VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—11. that—omit.
Affliction. 18. Because in Every Way. ap Affliction.

11. John xv. 4, 5; Eph. ii. 10; Col. i. 6. 11 Phil. ii. 3. 10. verse 7. 119. 2 Cor. i. 11. t 11. John xv. 8; Eph. i. 12, 14.

^{† 13.} Or, in all the Pretorium Camp. It was either within or near to this fortress that the Apostle dwelt in his own hired house. It was large enough to have many such houses within it for shops and taverns used by the soldiers, beside the barracks used by the soldiers themselves. See Note on Acts xxviii. 16.—Sharpe.

ραδοκιαν και ελπιδα μου, ότι εν ουδενι αισχυν-repectation and hope of me, that is nothing I shall be σησομαι, αλλ' εν παση παρβησια, ως παντυτε, I shall be ashamed, but with all confidence, as always, και νυν μεγαλυνθησεται Χριστος εν τφ σωματι also now will be magnified Auointed in the body δια ζωης ειτε δια θανατου. 21 Εμοι of me, whether by means of life or by means of death. For me γαρ το ζην, Χριστος, και το αποθανειν, κερ-therefore the to live, Anounted, and the to die, gain. δος. 22 Ει δε το ζην εν σαρκι, τουτο μοι καρπος If but the to live in flesh, this to me a fruit εργου, και τι αιρησομαι, ου γνωριζω. 23 συνεofwork, and what I shall choose, not Iknows I am hard χομαι $\delta \epsilon \epsilon \kappa \tau \omega \nu \delta vo$, $\tau \eta \nu \epsilon \pi \iota \theta v \mu \iota \alpha \nu \epsilon \epsilon \kappa \nu$ pressed but by the two, the earnest desire having for το αναλυσαι, και συν Χριστω ειναι πολλω the to be loosed again, and with Anointed to be; much γαρ μαλλον κρεισσον. 24 το δε επιμενειν εν τη the but to remain in the better: 25 Και τουτα σαρκι, αναγκαιοτερον δι' ύμας. Besh, more necessary on account of you. And μενω και συμπαρηοιδα, ότι πεποιθως having been persuaded I know, because I shall remain and I shall conμενω πασιν ύμιν κις την ύμων προσκοπην και tinue with all you for the of you progress χαραν της πιστεως 26 ίνα το καυχημα ύμων of the faith; that the boasting olyou περισσευή εν Χριστώ Ιησου εν εμοι, δια της may abound by Anointed Jesus in me, through the 27 Movov εμης παρουσιας παλιν προς ύμας. again with you. presence ιξιως του ευαγγελιου τοι Χριστου πολιτευεσθε, worthily of the glad tidings or the Anointed act you as citizens, ίνα, ειτε ελθων και ιδων ύμας, ειτε απων, o that, whether having come and having seen you, or being absent, περι ύμων, ότι στηκετε εν ένι ικουσω τα I may hear the things concerning you, that you ataud firm in one πνευματι, μια ψυχη συναθλουντές τη πιστει spirit, without soul co-operating vigorously for the faith του ευαγγελιου, ²⁸ και μη πτυρομενοι ε· μηδενι and not being terrified in of the glad tidings, anything

and Hope, ‡That in nothing I shall be ashamed; but twith All Confidence, as at all times, also now Christ will be magnified in my BODY, whether by Life or

to DIE, Gain.
22 But if to LIVE in

ύπο των αντικειμενων ήτις εστιν αυτοις ενδειby those opposing; which 1s to them

by Death. 21 Therefore, for Me

to LIVE is for Christ, and

the Flesh, this is to me a Fruit of Labor; and what I should choose I do not exactly know.

23 I am indeed, hard pressed by the Two things; -(I have an EARNEST DE-SIRE for tithe RETURN-ING, and ‡ being with Christ, since it is very much to be preferred;)-

24 but to REMAIN in the FLESH is more requisite

on your account.

25 ‡ And fully believing this, I know That I shall remain and continue with you all, for YOUR Progress and Joy in the FAITH;

26 that your BOASTING may abound, by Christ Jesus, in me, through m Presence with you agair

27 Only | beliave yourselves worthily of the ANOINTED one, so that whether coming and secing you, or being absent, I may hear concerning your AFFAIRS, that you # stand firm in One Spirit, with One Soul I vigorously cooperating for the FAITH of the GLAD TIBINGS;

28 and not being terrified in anything by the opposens; twhich is to a token them a clear Indication of

^{† 23.} To analysai, the loosing again or the returning, being what Paul earnestly desired, could not be death or dissolution, as implied by the word depart in the common version, because it seemed a matter of indifference to him, which of the two-life or death—he should choose; but he longed for the analysai, which was a third thing, and very much to be preferred to either of the other two things alluded to. The word analysei occurs in Luke xii. 36, and is there rendered return;—"Be you like men waiting for their master, when he will return? &c. Jesus had taught his disciples that he would come again or return, John xiv. 3, 18; thus, also, the angels said to them at his ascension, Acts i. 11. Paul believed this loctrine and taught it to others, and was looking for and waiting for the Savior from heaven, Phil. iii. 20; I Thess, i. 10; iv. 10, 17, when his mortal body would put on immortality, and so he would "ever be with the Lord."

Chap. 1. 29] ξις απωλειας, ύμιν δε σωτηριας και τουτο απο of destruction, to you bus of salvation; and this θεου 29 ότι ύμιν εχαρισθή το ύπερ Χριστου, ου God; because to you it was given that on behalf of Anointed, not μονον το εις αυτον πιστευειν, αλλα και το only that into also that him to believe, bu: πασχειν 30 τον αυτον αγωνα αυτου on hehalf of him to suffer; the conflict same εχοντες, οίον ιδετε σε εμοι, και νυν ακουετε εν and now you hear having, alike thing you saw in . 1 Ει τις ουν παρακλησις КΕΦ, β', 2. suoi. If any therefore εν Χριστώ, ει τι παραμυθιον αγαπης, ει τις in Anousted, if any soothing of love, if any κοινωνια πνευματος, ει τις σπλαγχνα και οικif any fellowship of spirit, bowels τιρμοι επληρωσατε μου την χαραν, .να το of me the joy, passions; fulfil you so that the φρονητε, την αυτην αγαπη. εχοντες, αυτο same thing you may think, the same SOAC το έν φρονουντες 3 μηδεν κατα united ones in soul, the one thing minding; nothing

εριθείαν η κενοδοξιαν, αλλα τη ταπεινυφροσυνη strife or vaiu-glory, but in the low mess of mind αλληλους ήγουμενοι ύπερεχοντας ξαυτων 4 μη esteeming exceeding yourselves; not ξαυτων ξκαστος σκοπουντες, αλλα και the things of yourselves each one regarding, but ⁵ Τουτο *[γαρ] φροέτερων έκαστοι. be This [for]

the things of others every one. νεισθω εν ύμιν δ και εν Χριστφ Ιησου, 6 ός εν desired by you which also in Anoiuted μορφη θεου ύπαρχων, ουχ άρπαγμον ήγησατο a usurpation meditated a form of God not being, το ειναι ισα θεφ, 7 αλλ' έαυτον εκενωσε

the tobe like to God, but himself emptied, φην δουλου λαβων, εν δμοιωματι ανθρωπων form of a slave having taken, in alikeuess of men

γενομενος, 8 και σχηματι εύρεθεις ώς ανθρωπος· having been formed, and in condition being found as

εταπεινωσεν έαυτον, γενομενος ύπηκοος μεχρι humbled himself, having become obedieut till

9 Διο κα**ι δ** death, of a death even of a cross. Therefore also the Destruction, but to you es Salvation, and this from God.

29 Because to you it was graciously given ou BEHALF of Christ, not only to BELIEVE into Him, but also to suffer on His ac. count;

30 thaving the SAME Conflict which you saw in me, and now hear concern-

ing me.

CHAPTER II.

1 1f, therefore, there be Any Comfort in Christ, if Any Soothing of Love, if Any Participation of Spirit, tif Any Sympathies and Compassions,

2 complete My Joy, that you may think the SAME thing, having the SAME Love, united in soul, minding the ONE thing;

3 Idoing nothing from Party-spirit, or Vain-glory but in # HUMILITY esteem. ing others as excelling yourselves;

4 not each one regarding HIS OWN interests, but each one also those of OTHERS.

5 ‡ Let this disposition be in * you, which was also in Christ Jesus,

6 who, though being in God's Form, yet did not meditate † a Usurpation to BE like God,

7 but divested Himself, taking a Bondman's Form, I having been made in the Likeness of Men;

8 and being in condition as a Man, he humbled himself, 1 becoming obedient unto Death, even the Death of the Cross.

9 And therefore God

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. for -omit.

^{† 6.} Harpagmon being a word of very rare occurrence, a great variety of translationa have been given. The following may serve as examples:—"Who—did not think it a matter to be earnestly desired."—Clarke. "Did not earnestly affect."—Cyprian. "Did not think of eagerly retaining."—Wakefeld. "Did not regard—as an object of solicitous desire."—Sluari. "Thought not—a thing to be seized."—Sharpe. "Did not eagerly grasp."—Kneeland. "Did not violently strive."—Dickinson. "Did not meditate a usurpation."—Turnbull.

^{† 1.} Col. iii. 12. † 2. † 3. Rom. xii. 10. 3. † 7. Gal. iv. 4:

θεος αυτον ετερυψωσε, και εχαρισατο αυτος God him supremely exalted, and freely granted to him ονομα το ύπερ παν ονομα. 10 ίνα εν το ονοματι a name that above every name; so that in the Ιησου παν γους ναμές, επουρανιών και επιγείων of Jesus every knee should be no of heavenhea and of earthlies και καταχθονιων, 11 και τασα γλησσα εξομοληand of underground ones, and every tongue should γησηται, δτι κυριος Ιησους Χριστος, εις δοξαν that a Lord Jesus Acounted, for glory θεου πατρος. of God a father.

12 'Ωστε, αγαπητοι μου, καθω: παντοτε ύπη-So that, beloved ones of me, se a.ways κουσατε, μη ώς εν τη παρουσία μου μονον, obeyed, not as in the presence of me only, αλλα νυν πολλφ μαλλον εν τη απουσια μου, iu the much more abseu.e ct me: μετα φοβον και τρομού την ξαυτών σω ηρια: κατεργαζεσθε· 13 δθεος γαρ εστιν δ ενεργων εν working out the God for it is the one working in ύμιν και το θελειν και το ενεργείν, ύπερ της ευyou both the to will and the to work, on account of the good 14 Παντα ποιειτε γωρις γογγυσμων και pleasure. All things do you without murmurings διαλογισμων. 15 ίνα γενησθε αμεμπτοι και ακεthat you may be blameless onesaud harmless ραιοι, τεκνα θεου αμωμητα εν μεσώ γενεας σκοones, children of God irreproachable in midstofageneration perλιας και διεστραμμενης εν οίς φαινεσθε ώς φωσverse and having been misguided; to which you appear as τηρες εν κοσμφ, 16 λογον ζωης επεχοντες ets καυχημα εμοι εις ήμεραν Χριστου, ότ: ουκ εις a hoast to me in a day of Auointed, that not in κενον εδραμον, ουδε εις κενον εκοπιασα. 17 Αλλ' I toiled. I ran, nor in vain ει και σπενδομαι επι τη θυσια και λειτουργια if even I am poured out on the sacrifice and public service της πιστεως ύμων, χαιρω και συγχαιρω πασιν of the faith of you, I am glad and I rejoice with all ύμιν· 18 το δ' αυτο και ύμεις χαιρετε, και συγχαιthe aud same also you be you glad, and ρετε μοι. 19 Ελπιζω δε εν κυριν Ιησου, Τιμοθεον I hope but in Lord Jesus, Timothy you with me.

Isupremely exalted Him, and I freely granted to him THAT Name which is above Every Name;

10 Im order that in the NAME of Jesus Every Knee should bend, of the e in heaven, and of those on earth, and of those beneath;

11 and ‡ Every Tongue confess That Jesus Christ is Lord, for the Glory of God the Father.

12 So that, my Beloved, as you always obeyed, not only as in my PRESENCE, but now much more in my ABSENCE, work out Your own Salvation with Fear and Trembling,

13 for # God is ne who IS WORKING EFFECTUALLY among you, both to will and to PERFORM, on account of his BENEVO-LENCE.

14 Do All things without Murmurings and Disputings;

15 that you may be blameless and inoffensive. rreproachable I Children of God, in the Midst of a erooked and misguided Generation, among whom t you appear as † Lumina. ries in the World;

16 exhibiting the Word of Life; for my Exultation in the Day of Christ, That I did not run in vain, nor labored in vain.

17 But even tif I the poured a libation on the SACRIFICE and public Ser vice of your FAITH, am glad, and rejoice wit vou all:

18 and for THIS be YOU also glad, and rejoice with

19 But I hope in the Lord Jesus to send Tim-

^{† 15.} Phosteeres is the name given to the sun and moon in the Septuagint. Gen. i. 16. † 17. An allusion to the wine and oil poured on the meat-offerings to render them acceptable to God, Exod, xxix, 40, 44. Paul was most willing to pour out the costly libation of his own blood on the offering of the faith of the Gentiles, (Rom. xv. 16,) to render it more firm, and of consequence more pleasing to the Deity.

^{† 0.} Acts ii. 33; Heb. ii. 0. † 0. Eph. i. 20; Heb. i. 4. † 10. Isa. xlv. 23; Rom xiv. 11; Rev. v. 13. † 11. Acts ii. 36; Rom. xiv. 0; 1 Cor. viii. 6; 1 Cor. xii. 3. † 13. Heb. xiii. 21. † 15. Matt. v. 45; Eph. v. 1. † 15. Matt. v. 14, 16; Eph. v. 6; 17. 2 Tim. iv. 6; Rom. xv. 16. † 0. Acts ii. 33; Heb. ii. 9. xiv. 11; Rev. v. 13. † 11. Heb. xiii. 21. † 15. M

 $\delta\mu\nu$, $\delta\nu\alpha$ $\kappa\alpha\gamma\omega$ $\epsilon\nu\psi\nu\chi\omega$, to you, that also I may be animated, ταχεως πεμψαι shortly to send to you, περι ύμων. ²⁰ Ουδενα γαρ

YVOUS having ascertained the things concerning you. No one εχω ισοψυχον, όστις γνησιως ταπερι διμων

I have like-souled, who really the things concerning you

μεριμνησει. 21 οί παντες γαρ τα ξαυτων (ηall for the things of themselves are

22 Την δε Ιησου Χριστου. τουσιν, ου τα seeking. not the things of Jesus Anointed. The

δοκιμην αυτου γινωσκετε, ότι, ὧς πατρι τεκνον, proof of him you know, that, as with a father a child,

συν εμοι εδουλευσεν εις το ευαγγελιον. 23 Τουhe served for the glad tidings.

τον μεν ουν ελπιζω πεμψαι, ώς αν απιδω as I would liew attentively indeed therefore I hope to send,

τα περι εμε, εξαντης 24 πεποιθα δε εν the things concerning me, immediately; having confidence and in κυριω. δτι και αυτος ταχεως ελευσομαι.

Lord, that even myself shortly 25 Αναγκαιον δε ήγησαμεν, Επαφροδιτον τον

Necessary but I esteemed. Epaphroditus the αδελφον και συνεργον και συστρατιωτην μου.
brother and fellow-worker and fellow-soldier of me,

ύμων δε αποστολον, και λειτουργον της χρειας

e'you but an apostle, and public servant of the πεμψαι προς ύμας· ²⁶ επειδη επιποθων of me. to have cent to you; longing after

ην παντας ύμας, και αδημονων, διοτι ηκουσατε and being depressed, because

ET Kai γ ap $\eta\sigma\theta$ eν $\eta\sigma\epsilon$ π apa $\pi\lambda\eta$ Indeed for he was sick near $\delta \tau_i n \sigma \theta \epsilon \nu n \sigma \epsilon$. that he was sick.

σιον θανατώ αλλ' δ θεος αυτον ηλεησεν ουκ but the God him pitied:

αυτον δε μονον, αλλα και εμε, ίνα μη λυπην him and only, me, so that not but auso

28 Σπουδαιοτερως ουν επεμψα επι λυπην σχω. on sorrow I should have. More speedily therefore I sent

αυτον, ίνα ιδοντες αυτον παλιν, χαρητε, καγω that seeing him again, you may rejoice, and I

29 Προσδεχεσθε ουν αυτον εν $\alpha\lambda\nu\pi\sigma\tau\epsilon\rho\sigmas$ ω . Receive you therefore him less sorrowful may be.

κυριφ μετα πασης χαρας, και τους τοιουτους Lord with and the such like ones joy, all

δια το εργον *[του] εντιμους εχετε· 30 δτ: inhonor hold you; because on account of the work of the]

Χριστου μεχρι θανατου ήγγισε, παραβολευσαdeath he was near, having risked

othy to you shortly, that I also may be animated when I ascertain how THINGS are with you.

20 For I have No one like disposed, who will really care about your

AFFAIRS;

21 for ALL Tare seeking THEIR OWN things, not the THINGS of * Christ Jesus.

22 But of him you know the PROOF, ‡That as a Child with a Father, he served with me for the

GLAD TIDINGS.

23 Mim, therefore, I hope to send immediately, whenever I see distinctly through the THINGS con-

cerning me;
24 and thaving confidence in the Lord, That I also myself will come

shortly.

25 I esteemed it necessary, however, to send to you ‡Epaphroditus, the BROTHER, and my Fellowworkman and Fellow-soldier, but # Your Apostle, and # a Minister for mv

26 Isince he was longing after you all, and was much depressed because you heard That he was

sick.

27 For indeed he was sick, near to Death; but God pitied him; and not him only, but me also, so that I might not have Sor row upon Sorrow.

28 I have sent him. therefore, the more speedily, that seeing him again you may rejoice, and that I may be the less sorrow-

29 Receive him, then, in the Lord, with All Joy, and thold such LIKE persons in honor.

30 Because on account of the work of Christ he was near to Death, having

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 21. Christ Jesus.

^{30.} of the-omit. , 16. † 22. 1 Cor. iv. 17; 1 Tim. i. 2; 2 Tim. 2 25. Phil. iv. 18. † 25. 2 Cor. viii. 28. 2 29. 1 Cor. xvi. 18; 1 Thess. v. 12; 1 Tim. v. 17.

μενος τη ψυχη, ίνα αναπληρωση το ύμων ύστεlife. so that he might fill up the of you

ρημα της προς με λειτουργιας. ΚΕΦ. γ' . 3. come of the towards in public service.

To λοιπον, αδελφοι μου χαιρετε εν κυριώ.
The thing remaining, brethren of me rejoice you in Lord;

αυτα γραφειν ύμιν, εμοι μεν ουκοκνηρον, the things same to write to you, to me indeed not tedious,

ύμιν δε ασφαλές. 2 Βλεπέτε τους κυνάς, βλεor you but safe. See you the dogs,

πετε τους κανους εργατας, βλεπετε την καταworkers, see you the

3 Huels $\gamma \alpha \rho$ each η meritoum, of we for we are the circumcusion, who

πνευματι θεω λατρευοντες, και καυγωμενοι εν God are serving, and boasting

Χριστω Ιησου, και ουκ εν σαρκι πεποιθοτες. Audinted Jesus, and not in flesh having been trusting;

🕯 καιπερ εγω εχων πεποιθησιν και εν σαρκι. Ει I having confidence also in

τις δοκει αλλος πεποιθεναι εν σαρκι, εγω μαλany thinks other to have confidence in flesh, more;

λον. 5 περιτομη οκταημερος, εκ γενους Ισραηλ, with a circumcision eighth-day, from race

φυλης Βενιαμιν Έβραιος εξ Έβραιων, κατα a Habrew from Hahrews, according to of tribe of Benjamin

νομον Φαρισαιος, 6 κατα ζηλον διωκων την law a Pharisee, according to zeal versecuting the

εκκλησιαν, κατα δικαιοσυνην την εν νομω congregation, according to righteousness that

γενομενος αμεμπτος. ⁷ Αλλ' άτινα ην μοι baring come blameless. But what things was to me

κερδη, ταυτα ήγημαι δια τον Χριστον gain, these things I have esteemed on account of the Anointed

ζημιαν. ⁸ Αλλα μεν ουν και ήγουμαι παντα loss.

But indeed then even I esteem all things

ημιαν ειναι δια το ύπερεχοι της γνωσεως aluss to be on account of the excellency of the knowledge (ημιαν ειναι

Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου μου, (δi) δν τα of Anointed Jesus the Lord of me, (on account of whom the

παντα ε(ημιωθην, και ήγουμαι σκυβαλα ειναι, all things I suffered loss, and I esteem worthless things to be,

ίνα Χριστον κερδησω, ⁹ και εύρεθω εν αυτω, μη othat Anointed I may gain, and may be found in him.

hazarded his LIFE, that the might fill up the remainder of Your MINIS-TRATION to Me.

CHAPTER III.

1 Finally, my Brethren, trejoice in the Lord. To write the SAME things to you is not irksome to Me, but for you it is safe.

2 1 Beware of the Dogs! Beware of the TEVIL Workers! Beware of the

TEXCISION!

3 For we are t the cir-CUMCISION, ; WE who are SERVING God in Spirit, and 1 boasting in Christ Jesus, but who have no confidence in Flesh.

4 Though indeed # I have had Confidence also in Flesh; if some other person think to have confidence in Flesh, E had

more.

5 With a Circumcision the eighth-day; from the Race of Israel; from the Tribe of Benjamin; a Hebrew from Hebrews; according to Law, a Pharisec;

6 with respect to zeal, a persecutor of the con-GREGATION; as to THAT Righteousness which came by Law, I was irreproach-

able.

7 But whatever things were Gain to me, These I have, on account of the ANOINTED one, esteemed

as a Loss.

8 But then, indeed, I even esteem all things to be a Loss, on account of the # EXCELLENCY of the KNOWLEDGE of * the ANOINTED Jesus my LORD; (on whose account I suffered the loss of ALL things, and consider them to be vile refuse, so that I may gain Christ,

9 and may be found in

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. the Anointed.

^{1 30. 1} Cor. xvi. 17; Phil. iv. 10.
1 2. Isa. Ivi. 10; Gal. v. 15.
3. Rom. ii. 20; Col. ii. 11.
4 2 Cor. xi. 13, 21.
Col. Ii. 4. † 1. 2 Cor. xiii. 11; Phil. iv. 4; 1 Thess. v. 10° † 2. 2 Cor. xi. 13. † 2. Rom. ii. 281 Gal. v. 2-† 3. John iv. 23, 24; Rom. vii. 6. † 3. Gal. vi. 14. 1 8. John xvii. 3; 1 Cor. ii. 2; 1 6. Acts viii. 3; iz. 1.

εχων εμην δικαιοσυνην την εκ νομου, αλλα την him, not clinging to THAT holling my righteousness that from of law,

δια πιστεως Χριστου, την εκ θεου δικαιοσυνην of Anointed, that from God a righteousuers

τη πιστει.) 10 του γνωναι αυτον, και την on account of the faith;) of the to know him, and the

δυναμιν της αναστασεως αυτου, και την κοινωof the resurrection ofhim, and the

νιαν των παθηματων αυτου, συμμορφουμενος slap of the sufferings of him, being conformed

το θανατώ αυτου, 11 ειπως καταντησω εις την to to the death of himself, if possibly I may attain εξαναστασιν των νεκρων. 12 Ουχ ότι ηδη ελα-

βον, η ηδη τετελειωμαι· διωκω δε, ει και καταceived, or already have been perfected; I pursue but, if indeed I may

λαβω, εφ' φ και κατεληφθην ύπο Χριστου.

say hold, in respect to which also I was laid hold of by Anointed.

13 Αδελφοι, εγω εμαυτον ου λογιζομαι κατειλη-I myself not teckon to have laid

φεναι 14 έν δε, τα μεν οπισω επιλανθανομεhold; one but, the things even behind forgetting,

νος, τοις δε εμπροσθεν επεκτεινομενος, ката stretching out to, according to the things but before

σκοπην διωκω επι το βραβειον της ανω κληpriza of the above callmark I pursue towards the

σεως του θεου εν Χριστω Ιησου, 15 Ότοι ουν lug of the God in Anointed Jesus. As many as then

-- λτισι, τουτο φρονωμεν και ει τι έτερως φρονειτε, και τουτο δ θεος ύμιν αποκαλυψει.

you think, even this thing the God to you will reveal; 16 πλην εις δ εφθασαμέν, τω αυτώ στοιχείν. but to what we attained, by the same to walk in line.

Συμμιμηται μου γινεσθε, αδελφοι, και σκο-Joint-imitators of me become you, brethren, and watch

πειτε τους ούτω περιπατουντας, καθως εχετε you have you those thus walking,

τυπον ήμας. 18 Πολλοι γαρ περιπατουσιν, ούς whom Many for walk, a pattern us.

πολλακις ελεγον ύμιν, νυν δε και κλαιων λεγω, I said to you, now and even weering I say,

τους εχθρους του σταυρου του Χριστου 19 ών the enemies of the cross of the Anointel; of whom

το τελος απωλεια, ών δ θεος ή κολια, και ή the end destruction, of whom the God the belly, and the GOD is the STOMACH, and

Righteousness of # Mine own, which is from Law. through the Faith of Christ,—the RIGHTEOUS-NESS from God on account of the FAITH ;)

10 to KNOW him, and the POWER of his RESUR-RECTION, and the TFEL-LOWSHIP of his SUFFER. INGS, being conformed to

his DEATH;

11 if possibly I may attain to the BESURRECTION from among the DEAD.

12 Not that I have already treceived it, or have been already perfected; but I pursue, if indeed I may lay hold on that for which also I was laid hold

on by Christ.
13 Brethren, E do not reckon Myself to have attained it; but one thing I do;-teven forgetting the THINGS BEHIND, Tand stretching forth towards the THINGS BEFORE.

14 11 press along the Line, towards the PRIZE of the HIGH Calling of God by Christ Jesus.

15 As many, therefore, as are perfect, should be of this mind; and if in any thing you think differently, GoD will also reveal This to you.

16 But to what we have attained, ‡let us walk by

the SAME line.

17 Brethren, \$ become Joint-Imitators of me, and watch THOSE who are thus WALKING, as you have us for a Pattern.

18 (For often I told vou, and now even weeping I say, many walk as the ENEMIES of the CROSS of

Anointed one;
19 ‡ whose End will be DESTRUCTION, I whose

† 9. Rom. x. 3, 5. † 9. Rom. i. 17; iii. 21, 22; ix. 30; x. 3, 6; Gal. ii. 16. † 10. Rom. vi. 3—5; viii. 17; 2 Cor. iv. 10, 11; 2 Tim. ii. 11, 12; 1 Pet. iv. 18. † 12, 1 Tim. vi. 12. † 12. 1 leb. xii. 23. † 13. Luke ix. 62. † 15. † Cor. ix. 24, 23; Heb. vi. 1. † 14. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8; Heb. xii. 1. † 15. † Cor. ii. 6; xiv. 20. † 10. Rom. xii. 16; xv. 5. † 17. Phil. iv. 9; 1 Thess. i. 6. † 78. Gal. i. 7; ii. 21; vi. 12; Phil. i. 15, 16. † 19. Rom. xvi. 18, 1 Tim. vi. 5.

δυξα εν τη αισχυνη αυτων, οί τα επιγεια φροglory in the shame of them, who the shame νουντες. 20 'Ημων γαρ το πολιτενία εν ουρα-Of us for the commonwealth in νοις ύπαρχει, εξ ού και σωτηρα απεκδεχομεθα ens begins, out of which also a savior we look for κυριον Ιησουν Χριστον, ²¹ δς μετασχηματισει Jesus Anointed, who will transform το σωμα της ταπεινωσεως ήμων συμμορφον τφ the body of the of us of like form with the humiliation σωματι της δοξης αυτου, κατα την ενεργειαν body of the glory of him, according to the operation του δυνασθαι αυτον και υποταξαι έαυτω τα of the to be able him even to place under himself the things 1 'Ωστε, αδελφοι μου KEΦ. δ' . 4. Therefore, all. brethren of me αγαπητοι και επιποθητοι, χαρα και στεφανος beloved ones and ones longed for, joy and crown μου, ούτω στηκετε εν κυριώ, αγαπητοι. of me, thus stand you firm in Lord, O beloved ones. 2 Ev-Eugοδιαν παρακαλω, και Συντυχην παρακαλω, το dia I exhort, and Syntyche I exhort, the φρονείν εν κυρίω^{\circ} ναι ερωτω και σε, same thing to mind in Lord: yes lask also thee συζυγε γνησιε, συλλαμβανου αυταις, αίτινες εν voke-fellow O true. help thou these women, τφ ευαγγελιφ συνηθλασαν μοι, μετα και Κληthe glad tidings co-operated carnestly with me, with and μεντος και των λοιπων ευνεργων μου, ων τα μεντος και των λοιπων ευνεργων μου, ων τα μεντος και των λοιπων ευνεργων μου, ων ταονοματα εν βιβλφ (ωης. in book of life.

'Ο κυριος εγγυς. ⁶ μηδεν μεριμνατε, αλλ' εν παν-The Lord pear; pothing be you over-careful, but in every-

τι τη προσευχη και τη δεησει μετα ευχαριστιας thing by the prayer and by the suppliestion with thanksgiving τα αιτηματα ύμων γνωριζεσθω προς τον θεονthe requests of you let he made known to the God;

εκαι ή ειρηνη του θεου ή ὑπερεχουσα παντα νουν, and the peace of the God that surpassing all conception,

φρουρησει τας καρδιας ύμων και τα νοηματα will guard the hearts of you and the minds

ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου. S Το λοιπον, αδελφοι, of you in Anointed Jesus The remaining, brethren, their GLORY in their SHAME; THEY who are engrossed with EARTHLY things.)

20 For ‡ Our FOLITY begins in the Heavens, ‡ from whence also ‡ we are expecting a Savior, the Lord

Jesus Christ;

21 the who will transform the Body of our HUMILIATION into a conformity with his GLORIOUS BODY, according to the ENERGY by which he is ABLE teven to subject ALL things to himself.

CHAPTER IV.

1 So then, Brethren, my beloved and much desired, ‡ my Joy and Crown, stand you thus firm in the Lord, O my beloved!

2 1 exhort Enodia, and I exhort Syntyche, to be of the SAME mind in the

Lord.

3 And I entreat thee also, *True Yoke-fellow, assist those women, twhc carnestly co-operated with me in the GLAD TIDINGS, and with Clement, and my OTHER Co-laborers, Whose NAMES are in the Book of Life.

4 ‡ Be joyful in the Lord at all times; I say again,

Be joyful!

5 Let your GENTLENESS be known to All Men. t The LORD is near.

6 ‡ Be not anxious about Anything; but in everything let your PETITIONS be made known to God, by PRAYER and SUPPLICA-TION with Thanksgiving;

7 and than reace of God which surpasses All Conception, shall guard your nearts and your MINDS by Christ Jesus.

8 FINALLY, Brethren

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. True Yoke-fellow.

^{† 10. 2} Cor. xi. 12; Gal. vi. 13. † 20. Eph. ii. 6, 19; Col. iii. 1, 3. † 20. Acts i. 11 † 20. 1 Cor. i. 7; 1 Thess. i. 10; Titus ii. 13. † 21. 1 Cor. xv. 43, 48, 49; Col. iii. 4; 1 Johr iii. 2. † 21. 1 Cor. xv. 26, 27. † 1. 2 Cor. i. 14; 1 Thess. ii. 19, 20. † 2. 3. Royxi. 3. † 3. Exod. xxxii. 32; Psa. 1xix. 28; Dan. xii. 1; Luke x. 20; Rev. iii. 5; xiii. 8 xx. 12; xxii. 27. † 4. Rom. xii. 12. † 5. Heb. x. 25; James v. 8, 9; 1 Pet. iv. 7 2 Pet. iii. 8, 9. See 2 Thess. ii. 2. † 6. Matt. vi. 25; Luke xii. 22. † 7. Johr ziv. 27; Rom. v. 1; Col. iii. 15.

 δ σα εστιν αληθη, δσα σεμνα, δσα δικαια, true, whatthings honorable, what things just,

αγνα, δσα προσφιλη, δσα ευφημα, ε: what things pure, what things amiable, what things of good report, if

τις αρετή και ει τις επαίνος, ταυτα any virtue and if any praise, these things attentively consider;

και εμαθετε και παρελαβετε, και ηκουwhat things also you learned and you received,

σατε και ειδετε εν εμοι, ταυτα πρασσετε these things perform you; and you saw in me,

και δ θεος της ειρηνης εσται μεθ' ύμων. and the God of the peace shall be with

1 Εχαρην δε εν κυριφ μεγαλως, ότι ηδη ποτε I rejoiced and in Lord greatly, because now at length

ανεθαλετε το ύπερ εμου φρονειν εφ' ή και on which also yourevived the on behalf of me to think;

11 Ουχ ότι εφρονειτε, ηκαιρεισθε $\delta \epsilon$. Not because vou were thinking, were without opportunity but.

ύστερησιν λεγω· εγω γαρ εμαθον, εκ ag want I speak; l for learned, in respecting

12 Οιδα και ταπειειμι, αυταρκης ειναι. what things I am, contented to be. I know both

νουσθαι, οιδα και περισσευειν εν παντι και broughtlow, I know and to abound, in everything and

εν πασι μεμυημαι, και χορταζεσθαι και πειin all things I have been initiated, both to be well-fed

νην, και περισσευειν και ύστερεισθαι· 13 παντα and to be in need; hungry, both to abound ισχυω εν τφ ενδυναμουντι με. 14 Πλην καλως

lamstrong in the onestrengthening me. But

εποιησατε, συγκοινωνησαντες μου τη θλιψει.
you did, having jointly sympathized with me in the affliction. 15 Οιδατε δε και ύμεις, Φιλιππησιοι, ότι εν αρ-

You know and also you, O Philippians, that in a beginχη του ευαγγελιου, ότε εξηλθον απο Μακεδοnng of the glad tidings, when I went out from Macedo-

νιας, ουδεμια μοι εκκλησια εκοινωνησεν εις no one with me congregation communicated

λογον δοσεως και ληψεως, ει μη ύμεις μονοι-an account of giving and receiving, if not you only;

¹⁶ ότι και εν Θεσσαλονική και άπαξ και δις εις even once and again for that and in Thessalonica

17 Ουχ δτι την χρειαν μοι επεμψατε. ∈πι(ηthe need to me you sent. Not because I earnestly

τω το δομα, αλλ επιζητω τον καρπον τον seek the gift, but I earnestly seek the fruit that

whatever things are true, whatever things are honorable, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are amiable, I whatever things are reputable, if there be Any Virtue, and if ry Praise, attentively consider These things;

9 and twhat you learned and received, and heard and saw in me, these things practise; and the GOD of PEACE will be with

10 But I rejoiced in the Lord greatly, Because now at length your REGARD has revived on My behalf; for whom indeed you did have regard, but had no opportunity.
11 Fot That I speak

concerning Want; for 1 have learned in whatever condition # Lam to be con-

tented.

12 #I know both what it is to be abased, and I know what it is to abound; in every place and in all conditions, I have been disciplined, both to be well fed and to syffer hunger, both to abound and to be destitute.

13 I am strong to endure All things with this who strengthens me.

14 You did well, however, ‡ in sympathizing with My Affliction.

15 And nou know also, O Philippians, That in the Beginning of the GLAD TIDIGNS, when I departed from Macedonia, ‡ No Copgregation communicated with Me in the Matter of Giving and Receiving, except nou alone;

16 and that to Thessaloniea, you sent once. and a second time also, for my

NEED;

17 not Because I earnestly seek the gift, but that I earnestly seek THAT

† 8. 1 Thess, v. 22. † 0. Phil. iii. 17. † 0. Rom. xv. 33; xvi. 30; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 2 Cor. xiii. 11; 1 Thess, v. 23; Heb. xiii. 20. † 11. 1 Tim. vi. 6, 8. † 12. 1 Cor. iv. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 10; xi. 27. † 13. John xv. 5; 2 Cor. xii. 9. † 14. Phil. i. 7; 15. 2 Cor. xi. 8, 9. † 17. Rom. xv. 28, Titus iii. 14.

 $^{18}A\pi\epsilon\chi\omega$ πλεοναζοντα εις λογον ύμων. $\delta \epsilon$ 'r an account of you. I have in full but increasing παντα, και περισσευω· πεπληρωμαι, δεξαμενος:

Lam filled, having received all things, and abound; παρα Επαφροδιτου τα παρ' ύμων, οσμην ευωfrom Epaphroditus the things from you, a smell of good 19 'O διας, θυσιαν δεκτην, ευαρεστον τφ θεώ. odor, a sacrifice acceptable, well-pleasing to the God. The δε θεος μου πληρωσει πασαν χρειαν ύμων κατα and God of me will fill up every want of you according to τον πλουτον αύτου εν δοξη, εν Χριστφ Ιησου the wealth of himself in glory, án Anointed 20 Τω δε θεφ και πατρι ήμων ή δοξα εις τους To the now God and father of us the glory for the 21 Ασπασασθε αιωνας TWV αιωνων. $A\mu\eta\nu$. ages ofthe 8205. So he it. Salute you παντα άγιον εν Χριστω Ιησου. Ασπαζονται every holy one in Ancioted Jesus. Salute ύμας οί συν εμοι αδελφοι. 22 ασπαζονται ύμας you those with me brethren; Salute παντες οἱ άγιοι, μαλιστα δε οἱ εκ της Καισαthe holy ones, especially but those from of the Cesar's The favor of the Lord $*[\acute{\eta}\mu\omega\nu]$ pos oikias. household.

all

FRUIT which ABOUNDS to your Account.

18 But I have in full alt things, and abound. I am fully satisfied, having received if from Epaphroditus your PRESENTS,—‡ a Fragrant Odor, ‡ an acceptable Sacrifice, well-pleasing to God.

19 And my Gon twill fully supply All your Net d, taccording to his Glorious WEALTH by Christ Jesus.

20 ‡ Now to our God and Father be the GLORY for the AGES of the AGES. Amen!

2I Salute Every Saintin Christ Jesus. The BRETH-REN ‡ who are with Me salute you.

22 All the SAINTS salute you, but especially those from CLSAR'S Household.

28 ‡ The ravor of the Lord Jesus Christ be with you all.

*TO THE PHILIPPIANS. WRITTEN FROM ROME.

of you.

*[$A\mu\eta\nu$.]

[So beit.]

Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων.

Jesus Anointed with

23. So be it-omit.

Subscription-

1 18. 2 Cor. ix. 12. 20. Rom. xvi. 27

‡ 19. Psa. xxii. ‡ 21. Fal. i. 2

*TO THE COLOSSIANS

KEΦ. α'. 1.

¹ Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου δια Paul, an apostle of Jesus Anointed through θεληματος θεου, και Τιμοθεος δ αδελφος, 2 τοις will of God, and Timothy the brother, to those εν Κολοσσαις άγιοις και πιστοις αδελφοις εν in Colosse to holy ones and to faithful ones brethren in Χριστω· χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο θεου πατρος Anointed; favor to you and peace from God a father ημων. $^3Ευχαριστουμεν τω θεω <math>^{**}[και]$ πατρι of us. We give thanks to the God [aud] father του κυριου η_{μ} Σν Ιησου *[Χριστου] π αντοτ of the Lord of a Jesus [Anointed] always, περι ύμων προσευχομενοι, 4 ακουσαντες τη the having heard concerning you praying, πιστιν ύμων εν Χριστω Ιησου, και την αγαπη faith of you in Anointed Jesus, and the love $\tau \eta \nu \in \mathbb{R} \pi \alpha \nu \tau \alpha s$ $\tau \cos \alpha \gamma \iota \cos s$, $\tau \cos \alpha \tau \cos \alpha \tau \cos s$ that for all the holyones, through the hope την αποκειμενην ύμιν εν τοις ουρανοις, ή that being laid up for you in the heavens, which heavens, which προηκουσατε εν τ φ λογ φ της αληθείας του you before heard in the word of the truth of the ευαγγελιου, ⁶ του παροντος εις ύμας, καθως και glad tidings, of that being present among you, as also ει ταντι τφ κοσμφ, και εστι καρποφορουμενον in all the world, and is bringing forth fruit και αυξανομενον, καθως και εν ύμιν, αφ' ής you, from which also in and growing, ήμερας ηκουσατε και επεγνωτε την χαριν του day you heard and acknowledged the favor of the θ εου εν αλη θ εια: ⁷ κα θ ως *[και] εμα θ ετε απο Επωφρα του αγαπητου συνδουλου ήμων, ός εσ-Eparhras the beloved fellow-servant of us, who is τι πιστος ύπερ ύμων διακονος του Χριστου. faithful on behalf of you a servant of the Anointed; 8 δ και δηλωσας ήμιν την ύμων αγαπην εν πνευin spirit. who also having related to us the of you love 9 Δια τουτο και ήμεις, αφ' ής ήμερας cause of this also we, from which day Because of this also ηκουσαμεν, ου παυομεθα ύπερ ύμων προσευχοwe heard, not we cease on behalf of you praying, μενοι, *[και αιτουμενοι,] ίνα πληρωθητε την asking,] that you may be filled the and επιγνωσιν του θεληματος αυτου εν παση σοφια exact knowledge of the will of him in all wisdom και συνεσει πνευματική· 10 περιπατήσαι αξιως CHAPTER 1.

1 Paul, ‡an Apostle of *Christ Jesus, by the Will of God, and Timothy, the BROTHER,

2 to the THOLY and Faithful Brethren in Christ at Colosse, TFaver and Peace to you from God our

Father.

3 ‡ Having heard of your FAITH in Christ Jesus, and ‡THAT LOVE which you have for all the SAINTS,

4 twe give thanks to Gon, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, at all times when we pray for you.

5 on account of THAT HOPE which is IBEING PRESERVED for you in the HEAVENS; O which you previously heard in the WORD of the TRUTH of those GLAD TIDINGS,

6 which are PRESENT among you, † as also in All the world; and are bringing forth fruit and increasing; even as among you, from the Day you heard and acknowledged the FAVOR of GOD in Truth;

7 as you learned from the Epaphras, our beloved Fellow-servant, who is on your behalf a faithful Servant of the Anointed one.

8 who also RELATED to us Your ‡ Love in Spirit.

9 Because of this also, we, from the Day we heard it, do not cease praying on your behalf, I that you may be filled, I as to the EXACT KNOWLEDGE of his WILL, with All Spiritual Wisdom and Understanding;

10 tto walk worthily of

and understanding spiritual;

to walk

worthily !

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. - Title-To THE COLOSSIANS. and-omit. 3. Anointed-omit. 7. even-omit.

^{1.} Christ Jesus. 3. 9. and asking—omit.

^{† 1.} Eph. i. 1. † 2. 1 Cor. iv. 17; Eph. vi. 21. † 2. Gal. i. 3. † 3. Eph. i. 15; Philemon 5. † 3. Heb. vi. 10. † 4. 1 Cor. i. 4; Eph. i. 16; Phil. i. 3; iv. 6, † 5. 2 Tim. iv. 8; 1 Pct. i. 4. † 6. Matt. xxiv. 14; Mark xvi. 15; Phil. x. 18; verse i. 7; Col. iv. 12; Philemon 23. † 8. Rom. xv. 20. † 9. Rom. xxii. 2; Eph. v. 10, 17, 3 0. Eph. i. 8. † 10. Uph. iv. 1; Phil. i. 17; 2 Thess. ii. 12.

του κυριου εις πασαν αρεσκειαν, εν παντι εργφ of the Lord to n11 pleasing, in every work αγαθω καρποφορουντες και αυξανομενοι τη good bringing forth fruit and growing in the επιγνωσει του θεου. 11 εν παση δυναμει δυναwith exact knowledge of the God, a11 strength being μουμένοι κατα το κρατος της δοξης αυτου, strengthened according to the DOMEL of the glory of him, META εις πασαν ίπομονην και μακροθυμιαν endurance patience baa for with xapas. Joy,

19 ευχαριστουντές τφ πατρι τφ ίκανωσαντι giving thanks to the father to that having fitted ήμας εις την μεριδα του κληρου των άγιων εν us for the portion of the inheritance of the holy ones io τφ φώτι· 13 δε ερβυσατο ήμας εκ της εξουσιας who delivered us from the authority the light; του σκοτους, και μετεστήσεν els την βασι-of the darkness, and caused a change of sides for the kingλειαν του υίου της αγαπης αύτου. 14 εν φ εχο-'om of the son of the lave of himself, in whom μεν την απολυτρωσιν, την αφεσιν των αμαρ-have the redemption, the forgiveness of the sine, sins. τιων. 15 δς εστιν εικών του θεου του αορατου, who is abkeness of the God of that unseen,

εντότοκος πασης κτισεως· 16 ότι εν αυτώ εκbest-born of every creature; because in him were τισθη τα παντα, τα εν τοις ουρανοις και erented the things all, the things in the beavens bas επιτης γης, τα δρατα και τα asthe things on the earth, the things seem and the things unρατα, ειτε θρονοι, ειτε κυριοτητές, ειτε αρχαι, whether thrones, or lordships, or governments, ειτε εξουσιαι τα πάντα δι' αυτου και σις authorities; the things all on account of 1-im and for αυτον εκτισται· 17 και αυτος εστι προ παντων, him have been created; and ho is in advance of all, και τα παντα εν αυτφ συνεστηκε· 18 και and the things all in him has been placed together; and αυτος εστιν ή κεφαλη του σωματος, της εκκληis the Lead of the body, of the congreσιας δε εστιν αρχη, πρωτοτοκός εκ των νέκgetion, who is a beginning, first-born out of the εν πασιν αυτος πρωτευων pwv, iva YEVITAL ones, so that he might become among all himself pre-eminent; 13 ότι εν αυτω ευδοκησε παν το πληρωμα κατοι-Decause in himit was thought good all the fulness

the Lord, Pleasing him in All things; †bringing forth fruit by Every good Work, and increasing in the EXACT KNOWLEDGE of GOD;

Il ! being strengthened with All Strength according to his Guomious rowrm, for all Patience and Endurance with Joy;

· 12 †giving thanks * at the same time to that pather who called and QUALIFIED us for the portion of the saints' ‡ inheritance in the LIGHT;

13 who delivered us from the dominion of darkness, and tchanged us for the kingdom of the son of his love;

14 Thy whom we have the REDEMPTION, the ron-GIVENESS of SINS.

15 He is to Likeness of the invisible God, t First-born of All Creation;

16 ‡ Because in him were created Aft things,—those in the HEAVERS, and those on the EARTH; the VISIBLE and the IN-VISIBLE, whether Thrones, or Lordships, or Governments, or Authorities; All things have been created through Him and for Him.

17 and he precedes all things, and in him all things have been permanently placed

neutly placed.

18 \$ He is also the HEAD of the BODY of the CONGREATION; who is the Beginning, \$\$ the First-born from the Dead, that he might become Pre-council among all.

very 19 Because ‡in him it was thought good that the Whole FULNESS should dwell;

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12, at the same time to that pathen who called, and qualified us.

κησαι, 20 και δι' αυτου αποκαταλλαξαι τα babit, and by means of him to reconcile the things παντα εις αυτον, ειρηνοποιησας δια του αίμαall to him, having made peace by means of the blood 70s του σταυρου αυτου, *[δι' αυτου,] ειτε of the cross of him, [hy means of him,] whether τα επι της γης, είτε τα εν τοις ουρανοις. the things on the earth, or the things in the heavens. ²¹ Και ύμας, ποτε οντας απηλλοτριωμενους και Even you, once being εχθρους τη διανοια εν τοις εργοις τοις πονηροις, enemies in the mind by the works those wicked, νυνι δε αποκατηλλαξεν 22 εν τ ω σωματι της now indeed he reconciled in the body ofthe σαρκος αύτου δια του θανατου, παραστησαι flesh of himself by means of the death, to present ύμας άγιους και αμωμους και ανεγκλητους κατεyou holy ones and blameless ones and irreproachable ones in pres- $\nu\omega\pi$ tov $\alpha\upsilon\tau$ ov. 23 ϵ t $\gamma\epsilon$ $\epsilon\pi$ t μ e ν e $\tau\epsilon$ $\tau\eta$ π t σ $\tau\epsilon$ t τ e θ e-ence of him; if indeed you continue in the faith having μελιωμενοι και εδραιοι, και μη μετακινουμενοι been grounded and settled ones, and not being moved away απο της ελπιδος του ευαγγελιου ού ηκουσατε, hope of the glad tidings of which you heard, κηρυχθεντος εν παση *[τη] κτισει τη aving been published in all [the] creation that of that having been published in all ύπο τον ουρανον· ού εγενομην εγω Παυλος heaven; of which became ander the διακονος. a servant. ύπερ ύμων, και αντάναπληρω τα ύστερηματα on behalf of you, and l fill up the wants των θλιψεων του Χριστου εν τη σαρκι μου of the afflictions of the Anointed one in the tlesh of me ύπερ του σωματος αυτου, δ εστιν ή εκκληhody of him, which is on hehalf of the the congreσια· 25 ής εγενομην εγω διακονος κατα την gation; of which became a servant according to the τικονομιαν του θεου την δοθεισαν μοι εις ύμας, stewardship of the God that having been given to me for you, ^ληρωσαι τον λογον του θεου, ²⁶ το μυστηριον to fully set forth the word of the God, the secret το αποκεκρυμμενον απο των αιωνων και απο των that having been hid from the ages and from the νενεων, νυνι δε εφανερωθη τοις άγιοις αυτου. generations, now but was manifested to the holy ones of him; 27 οίς ηθελησεν δ θεος γνωρισαι, τις δ πλουτος to whom wished the God to make known, what the wealth The dother glory of the secret of this among the naσιν, ός εστι Χριστος εν ύμιν, ή ελπις της δοξης. tions, who e Anointed in you, the hope of the glory;

20 and through Him to reconcile \$ ALL things for him, thaving made peace by means of the BLOOD of his cross, whether the THINGS on the EARTH, or the THINGS in the HEAVENS.

21 And You, formerly being Ahens and Enemies in MIND by WICKLD WORKS, the has even now

reconciled

22 ‡ in the BODY of his FLESH, through DEATH, to present you holy, and blameless, and irreproach-

able before him;

23 if indeed you continue in the FAITH, founded and established, and not removed from the HOPE OF THOSE GLADTIDINGS, which wou heard, which were PROCLAIMED to EVERY Creature under HEAVEN, and of which the Paul became a Servant 24 t I am now rejoicing

in the sufferings on your account, and I and filling up the REMAINDER of the AFFLICTIONS of the ANOINTED one, in my FLESH, on behalf of his BODY, which is the CON GREGATION;

25 of which I became a Servant, according to THAT STEWARDSHIP of GOD which was given to me for you, fully to declare the word of GOD.—

26 the SECRET which was CONCEALED from AGES and from GENERA-TIONS, thut now is manifested to his SAINTS:

27 to whom God wished to make known, what is the Glorious Wealth of this secret among the Nations, which is Christ in you, the HOPE of GLORY;

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.-20. by means of him—omit. 21. but now are you reconciled, in the gody of his firsh through death, that you should be presented holy. 23. the—omit.

^{† 20.} Eph. i. 10. † 20. Eph. ii. 14–16. ‡ 21. Eph. ii. 1, 2, 12, 19; iv. 13. † 22. Eph. ii. 15, 16. † 23. Luke i. 75; Eph. i. 4; v. 27; 1 Thess. iv. 7; Titus ii. 14; Jude 24. † 23. 1 Thm. ii. 7. † 24. Rom. v. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 4. † 25. † 26. Rom. xv. 15; 1 Cor. ii. 7; Eph. iii. 2. † 26. Rom. xv. 25; 1 Cor. ii. 7; Eph. iii. 9. † 26. Matt. xiii. 11; 2 Tim. i. 10.

²⁸ δυ ήμεις καταγγελλομεν, νουθετουντες παντα whom we announce, admonishing every ανθρωπον, και διδαπκοντες παντα ανθρωπον εν man, and teaching every man παση σοφια, ίνα παραστησωμέν παντα ανθρωall wisdom, so that we may present every man που τελειου εν Χριστφ. 29 εις δ και κοπιω, perfect in Audited; for which also Habor,

αγωνιζομενος κατα την ενεργειαν αυτου την ardently contending according to the strong working of him that ενεργουμενην εν εμοι εν δυναμει. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2.

ενεργουμενη εν εμοι εν ουναμει working strongly in me in power. $^{1}\Theta$ ελω γαρ ύμας ειδεναι, ήλικον αγωνα εχω 1 wish for you to know, how great a condict 1 have 2 ερι ύμων και των εν Λαοδικεια, και ότοι concerning you and those in Laodicea, and as many as ουχ έωρακασι το προσωπον μου εν σαρκι· ²ίνα nat lave seen the face of me in flesh; so that παρακ. ηθωσιν αί καρδιαι αυτων, συμβιβασθενmay be comforted the hearts of them, being knit together τες εν αγαπη και εις παντα πλουτον της πληin love and for all wealth of the γοφοριας της συνεσεως, εις επιγνωσιν του conviction of the understanding, in order to an exact knowledge of the portetion of the understanding, in order to an exact knowledge of the unotthplou to v for v for any v so v for some of the God; in which are all the treaspace of the wisdom and fof the knowledge stored pupo.

4 Touto $*[\delta\epsilon]$ $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omega$, iva $\mu\eta$ tis $i\mu$ as up.

This [but] I say, that not any one you

παραλογιζηται εν πιθανολογια. ⁵ Ει γαρ και may deceive with plansiole speech. If for eveo τη σαρκι απειμι, αλλα τω πνευματι συν υμιν in the flesh I am absent, still in the apirit with you ειμι, χαιρων και βλεπων ύμων την ταξιν, και am, rejoicing and beholding of you the order, and το στερεωμα της εις Χριστυν πιστεως ύμων. the stability of the in Anointed faith of you.

6 Ως ουν παρελαβετε τον Χριστον Ιησουν As therefore you received the Auointed Jesus τυν κυριον, εν αυτώ περιπατειτε, ? ερβιζωμενοι the Lord, in him walk you, haring been rooted και εποικοδομουμενοι εν αυτφ, και βεβαιο - νοι and being built up in him, and heing est *[εν] τη πιστει, καθως εδιδαχθητε, περισσευ-[in] the faith, as you were taught, abounding οντες εν αυτή εν ευχαριστια. 8 Βλεπετε, μη in it with thanksgiving. See you, not

ύμας εσται δ συλαγωγων δια της φιλοany one you shall be the making a prey by means of the philoσοφιας και κενης απατης, κατα την παραδοσιν sophy and empty deceit, according to the tradition

των ανθρωπων, κατα τα στοιχεια του κοσμου, of the mea, according to the elements of the world,

28 whom be announce. admonishing Every Man, and teaching Every Man with All Wisdom, that we may t present Every Man perfect in Christ;

29 for which I also labor, ardently contending, according to THAT ENER-GY of his which OPERATES

in me with Power.

CHAPTER IL

1 For I wish you know how Great a # Struggle I have about you and THOSE in Landicea, and a many as have not seen m FACE in the FLESH;

2 se that their HEART? may be comforted, beinclosely united in Love, and in All the Wealth the FULL ASSURANCE of the UNDERSTANDING in order to an exact 1 Knowledgs of *the SECRET of GoD;

3 I in which are stored All the TREASURES of WIS-DOM and Knowledge.

4 And this I say, that no one I may deceive You with Persuasive speech

5 for t though I am absent in the FLESH, yet I am with you in the SPIRIT. rejoicing and beholding Your ORDER, and the STABILITY of your FAITH in Christ.

6 1 As therefore you received the ANOINTED Jr sus the Lord, walk you.

in Him;

rooted and built up in am, and ‡established by the FAITH, even as you were taught, abounding in it with Thanksgiving.

8 Take care that no one make a prev of You through PHILOSOPHY and Empty Deceit, according to I the TRADITION of MEN, according to the ELEMENTS

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2 the SECRET of the God Christ; in whom are hid. 4. but-omit. 7. in-omit.

και ου κατα Χριστον. and not according to Anointed.

Because in him

παν το πληρωμα της fulness ofthe

 $\theta \in \sigma \tau \tau \tau \sigma \sigma \sigma \omega \omega \tau \tau \tau \kappa \omega s$, bodily. Deity

10 κάι εστε εν αυτώ πεπληρωμενοι ; εστιν ή and you are by him having been filled; who is κεφαλη πασης αρχης και εξουσιας. 11 εν ώ και

in whom also of all government and authority;

περιετμηθητε περιτομη αχειροποιητώ, $\in \nu$ you were circumcised with a circumcision not done by hand, iu τη απεκδυσει του σωματος της σαρκος, εν τη

of the flesh, in the putting off of the body περιτομη του Χριστου, 12 συνταφεντες αυτώ εν ircumcision of the Anointed, having been buried with him by

το βαπτισματι εν ώ και συνηργερθητε dipping; in which also you were raised by means of

της πιστεως της ενεργείας του θεου του εγείthe faith of the strong working of the God of that

ραντος αυτον εκ νεκρων. 13 και ύμας, νεκρους having raised him out of dead ones; and you,

οντας *[εν] τοις παραπτωμασι και τη ακροβυσ-[in] the faults and by the uncircumciτια της σαρκος ύμων, συνεζωοποιησε συν αυτω,

sion of the flesh of you, he made alive together with

χαρισαμενος ήμιν παντα τα παραπτωματα· having freely forgiven us the all

14 εξαλειψας το καθ' ήμων χειρογραφον τοις having blotted out that against us written by hand in the δογμασιν, ό ην ύπεναντιον ήμιν, και αυτο ordinances, which was contrary to us, and it hehas re-

κεν εκ του μεσου, προσηλωσας αυτο τω noved out of the zaidst, having nailed

τταυρω· 15 απεκδυσαμενος τας αρχας και τας having stripped off the covernments and

εξουσιας, εδειγματισεν εν παρδησια, θριαμβευhe made a show by pauli ly, having triumphed 16 Μη ου: τις ύμας JAS AUTOUS EV GUTW.

ıt. Not therefore any one you κρινετω εν βρωσει η εν ποσει, η εν μερει έορ-letjudge in food or in drink, or in respect of a

της, η νουμηνίας, η σαββατων. 17 ά εστι σκια least, or of a new moon, or of sabbaths; which are a shadow

των μελλοντων, το δε σωμα Χριστου. 18 Μηof the things about coming, the but body of Auointed, δεις ύμας καταβραβευετω, θελων εν ταπεινοφ-

one you let deprive of the prize, wishing by humility of ροσυνη και βρησκεια των αγγελων, ά *[μη]

and a religious worship of the messengers, whatthings [not] into things which he has mind

9 Ότι εν αυτω κατοικει of the world, and not according to Christ.

9 Because ‡ in him dwells All the FULNESS of the DEITY bodily;

10 ‡ and you are replen-ished by Him, ‡ who is the HEAD of All Government and Authority;

11 by whom also you were t circumcised with a Circumcision not done by hand, in the PUTTING OFF of the BODY of the FLESH, by the CIRCUMCISION of the ANOINTED;

12 ‡ having been buried with him by IMMERSION; in which also you were raised with him, through the BELIEF of the ENER-GY of THAT GOD what RAISED him from the

13 ‡ And You, being dead by the TRESPASSES, even by the UNCIRCUMCIsion of your flesh, he made alive together with him, having freely pardoned Allour OFFENCES;

14 thaving blotted out what was written by HAND in ORDINANCES which was AGAINST us, and has removed it from the MIDST, having nailed it to the cross;

15 thaving stripped the GOVERNMENTS and AU-THORITIES, he made a public exhibition of them, triumphing over them by

16 Let no one, therefore, trule You in Food, or in Drink, or in respect of a Festival, or of a Newmoon, or of Sabbaths,

17 * twhich are Shadows of the FUTURE things; but the BODY is Christ's.

18 ‡ Let no one wishing it leprive You of the prize, by Humility and a Worship of the ANGELS, prying

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. in-omit. 17. which is a Shadow.

^{† 9.} John i. 14; Col. i. 19. † 10. John † 16. † 10. Eph. i. 20, 21; 1 Pet iii. 22; 11. Deut. x. 16; xxx. 6; Jcr. iv. 4; Rom. ii. 29; Phil, iii. 3. † 12. Rom. vi. 4. † 12. Eph. ii. 19; iii. 7. † 13. Eph. ii. 1, 5, 6, 11. † 14. Eph. ii. 15, 16. Is 15. Psa. † 17. Heb viii. 5; ix. 0; x. 15. 1 18. verse 4.

εμβατευων, εικη φυσιουμενος ύπο prying into, without cause being puffed up by του νοος της σαριώς αύτου, 19 και ου κρατων the mind of the flesh of himself, and not holding firmly την κεφαλην, εξ ού παν το σωμα, δια $\tau\omega\nu$ from whom all the body, by means of the αφων και συνδεσμων επιχορηγουμενον και συμjoints and ligaments being served 20 E. β:βαζομενον, αυξει την αυξησιν του θεου. grows the growth of the God. If compacted, απεθανετε συν Χριστφ απο των στοιχειων του with Anointed from the elements. κοσμου, τι ώς ζωντες εν κοσμφ δογματιworld, why as living in world do you impose on your- $(\epsilon\sigma\theta\epsilon^*)^{21}\mu\eta$ ayn, $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon$ yev-selves ordinances; not thou should at have touched, nor thou should at 22 å ση, μηδε θιγης: 22 ά εστ have tasted, nor thou shouldst have handled? which things is $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ παντα ϵ ις φθοραν τη αποχρησ ϵ ι,) κατα τα for corruption in the using,) according to the ενταλματα και διδασκαλιας των ανθρωπων. commanda and teachings ofthe men; εστι λογον μεν εχοντα σοφιας εν is a wordy show indeed having of wisdom in εθελοθρησκεια και ταπεινοφροσυνη * [και] αφειself-devised worship and humility [and]non-indulδις σωματος, ουκ εν τιμη τινι, προς πλησμονην gence of body, not in honor any, for a filling up της σαρκος. . of the flesh.

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

¹Ει ουν συνηρθητε τω Χριστω, τα ανω If then you were raised with the Audinted, the things above ζητειτε, ου δ Χριστος εστιν εν δεξια του θεου seek you, where the Anointed at right of the ia καθημενος 2 τα ανω φρονειτε, μη τα the things above mind you, not the things on sitting; 3 Απεθανετε γαρ, και ή (ωη ύμων THS YMS. the earth. for, and the life κεκρυπται συν τφ Χριστφ εν τφ θεφ· 4 όταν has been hidden with the Anointed by the God; δ Χριστος φανερωθη, ή ζωη ήμων, τοτε και the Anointed may appear, the life of us, then also ύμεις συν χυτφ φανερωθησεσθε εν δοξη. you with him in glory. shall appear ρωτατε ουν τα μελη *[ύμων,] τα επι της γης, to death therefore the members [ε, you,] those on the earth, πορνειαν, ακαθαρσιαν, παθως, επιθυμιαν κακην, fornication, impurity, passion, desire

not seen, being without cause puffed up by the MIND of his FLESH;

19 and not holding firmly the HEAD, from whom the Whole BODY, being supplied and compacted together by means of the Joints and Ligaments, grows with the increase of God.

20 If ‡you died with Christ from the ELEMENTS of the WORLD, ‡why, as living in the World, do you subject yourselves to ordinances:—

21 ‡ ("Eat not," "taste not," "handle not;"—

22 all which things are consumed in the USING;) taccording to the COMMANDMENTS and Teachings of men?

23 twhich ordinances, having a Wordy show of Wisdom in Self-devised worship and Humility, by a Non-indulgence of the Body, not in any Honor, are only for a Gratification of the Flesh.

CHAPTER III.

I If, then, tyou were raised with the ANGINTED one, seek the THINGS above, where the ANGINTED one is sitting at the Right hand of God.

2 Mind the THINGS above, not the THINGS on

the EARTH.

3 ‡For you died, and ‡your LIFE has been hidden with the Anointed one by God.

4 ‡ When the Anoint-ED one, ‡our life, shall be manifested, then nou also will be manifested ‡ with Him in Glory.

5 † Put to death, therefore, THOSE MEMBERS on the EARTH; Fornication, Impurity, Passion, evil De-

Vatican Manuscript.—23. and—omit.
 5. of you—omit.

^{† 10.} Eph. iv. 15, 16. † 20. Rom. vi. 3, 5; vii. 4, 6; Gal. ii. 10; Eph. ii. 15. † 20. Gal. iv. 3, 9. † 21. 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 22. Isa. xxix. 13; Matt. xv. 9; Titus. i. 14. 123; I Tim. iv. 8. † 1. Rom. vii. 5; Eph. ii. 6; Col. ii. 12. † 1. Rom. viii. 24; Eph. i. 20. † 3. Rom. vi. 2. † 3. 2 Cor. v. 7. † 4. John iii. 3. † 4. John xv. 25; xiv. 6. † 4. 1 Cor. xv. 43; Phil. iii. 21. † 5. Rom. viii. 13; Gal. v. 24.

και την πλεονεξιαν, ήτις εστιν ειδωλολατρεια: and the covereousness, which is idol-worship, 6 δι' ά ερχεται ή οργη του θεου * [επι because of which things comes the wrath of the God [or τους vious της απειθείας:] τον οίς και ύμεις the sons of the disobedience,] in which thiogs also you περιεπατησατε ποτε, ότε εζητε εν αυτοιο walked once, when you were living among them; ⁸νυνι δε αποθεσθε και ύμεις τα παντα, οργην, now but putoff also you the things all, anger, θυμον, κακιαν, βλασφημιαν, αισχρολογιαν εκ wrath, malice, evil-speaking, filthy words
του στοματος ύμων μη ψευδεσθε
the mouth of you; not creak you falsely filthy words out of ELS αλληλους· απεκδυσαμενοι τον παλαιον ανθρωeach other; having stripped of the old man
πον συν ταις πραξεσιν αυτου, 10 και ενδυσαμενοι
with the practices of him, and having put on TOV νεον, ΤΟΥ ανακαινουμένον εις επιγνωσιν the new, that being renewed by exact knowledge εικονα του κτισαντος αυτον. 11 δπου according to an image of the one having created him; ουκ ευι Έλλην και Ιουδαιος περιτομη και ακροmot exists Greek and Jew; circumcision and uncurβυστια βαρβαρος, Σκυθης δουλος, ελευθερος
cumcision; barbarian, Scythian; slave, freeman; αλλα τα παντα και εν πασι Χριστος. 12 Evbut the things all and in all Anointed, δυσατθε ουν, ως εκλεκτοι του θεου άγιοι gran clothed therefore, as schosen ones of the Bod boly ones *[και] ηγαπημενοι, σπλαγχνα οικτιρμου, beloved ones, bowels of mercy, - ταπεινοφροσυνην, πρχοτητα, χρηστοτητα, kindness,
μακροθυμιαν 13 (ανεχομενοι αλληλων και
(bearing with cach other, sod χαριζομενοι έαυτοις, εαν τις προς τινα freely forgiving each other, if any one for somethings should have μομφην· καθως και δ Χριστος εχαρισατο a cause of complaint; as even the Anointed freely forgave υμιν, ούτω και υμεις 14 επι πασι δε τουτοις you, so also you, besides all and these την αγαπην, ήτις εστι συνδεσμος της τελειο-the love, which is about for the completeτητος. 15 και ή ειρηνη του Χριστου βραβευετω ness; and the peace of the Audinted one let preside εν ταις καρδιαις ύμων, εις ήν και εκληθητε εν in the hearts of you, for which also you were called - in *[ένι] σωματι και ευχαρ στοι γινεσθε.

[one] body; and thankfulones become you, 13 'Ο λογος του Χριστου ενοικειτω εν ύμιν The word of the Anointed let dwell in you πλουσιως εν παση σοφια διδασκοντες, richly; all wisdom teaching, Kal hoa

sire, and INORDINATE LUST, which is Idol-worship;

6 ton account of which things the wrath of God

is coming.

7 ! In which also you formally walked, when you lived in these things.

8 ‡But now do you put off also ALL these; Anger, Wrath, Malice, Evil speaking, Vile words out of your Mouth.

9 Do not speak falsely to each other, having put off the OLD Man with his

PRACTICES:

10 and having put on that new one, theing Re-NEWED by Knowledge, according to a Likeness of HIM Who CREATED him.

11 In which state there are not tGreek and Jew. Circumcision and Uncircumcision; Barbarian, Scythian, bondman. freeman; but Christ is ALL things, and in all.

12 Beclothed, therefore, as Chosen ones of God.beloved Saints, with Bowels of Mercy, Kindness, Humility, Meckness, Patient endurance;

13 1 bearing with each other, and freely forgiving each other, if any one for some things may have a Cause of complaint; even as the *Lord forgave you, so also do you forgive.

14 And besides all these things. put on thove; *it is the BOND of the COM-PLETENESS.

15 And 1 let the PEACE of the Anointed preside in your HEARTS for which you were also called in One Body; and be thankful.

16 Let the word of the ANOINTED dwell in you richly; teaching and admonishing each other in

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. on the sons of DISOBEDIENCE-omit. 14. it is the BOND. 15. one-omit.

^{12,} and-omit.

νουθετουντες έαυτους ψαλμοις *[και] ύμνοις admonishing each other in psalms [and] in hymns τι αν ποιητε, εν λογφ η εν εργφ, παντα εν whatever you may do, in word or in work, all in ονυματι κυριου Ιησου, ευχαριστουντες τω θεω name of Lord Jesus, giving thanks to the God *[και] πατρι δι' αυτου. 18 Αί γυναικες, ύπο[and] father through bim. The wives, subτασσεσθε τοις ανδρασιν, ώς ανηκεν εν κυριφ. mit yourselves to the husbands, as it has been proper in Lord. 19 Οί ανδρες, αγαπατε τας γυναικας, και μη The husbands, love you the wives, and not 20 Τα τεκνα, ύπακου-The children, be you embittered against them. be you ετε τοι, γονευσι κατα παντα τουτο γαρ εστιν subject to the parents in all things; this for ευαρεστον εν κυριώ. 21 Οί πατερες, μη ερεθιwatt-nlessing in Lord. The fathers, Dot do you 22 Of ζετε τα τεκνα ύμων, ίνα μη αθυμωσιν. provoke the children of you, so that not they may be discouraged. The δουλοι, ὑπακουετε κατα παντα τοις κατα σαρκα staves, be you subject in all things to the according to flesh κυριοις, μη εν οφθαλμοδουλειαις, ώς ανθεωπαlords, not with service of eyes, men-pleasρεσκοι, αλλ' εν άπλοτητι καρδιας, φοβουμενοι but in sincerity of heart, τον κυριον· 23 * [και παν δ,] τι εαν ποιητε, [and every thing,] whatever you may do, the Lord; εκ ψυχης εργαζεσθε, ώς τω κυριω * [και] ουκ from aoul work you, as to the Lord [and] not 24 Ειδοτες, ότι απο κυριου αποληανθρωποις. Knowing, that from Lord to men. you will $\psi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$ την ανταποδοσιν της κληρονομιας, τ ψ recompense of the inheritance, receive the the 25 'O *[γαρ] κυριφ Χριστφ δουλευετε. δε Lord [for] Apointed you serve. He but ό ηδικησε και ουκ εστι αδικων κομιειται doing wrong will receive back what he did wrong; and not is προσωποληψια. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. 1 Οί κυριοι, το respect of persons. The lords, the δικαιον και την ισοτητα τοις δουλοις παρεequal and the to the slaves just render χεσθε, ειδοτες, ότι και ύμεις εχετε κυριον εν knowing, that also you have a Lord in ουρανοις. heavens.

All Wisdom; ‡in Psalms, in Hymns, in spiritual Songs, singing with *GRATITUDE in your HEARTS to GOD.

17 ‡And everything, whatever you may do, in Word or in Work, do all in the Name of the Lord Jesus, ‡ giving thanks to God the Father through him.

18 ‡ Wives, submit yourselves to your nus-BANDS, as is proper in the Lord.

19 ‡ Husbands, love your wives, and do not behave harshly to them.

20 ‡ CHILDREN, obey your PARENTS in all things; for this is well-pleasing in the Lord.

21 ‡ FATHERS, do not provoke your CHILDREN, that they may not be dis-

couraged.

22 T BOND-SERVANTS, obey in all things your MASTERS according to the Flesh; not with Eye-service as Men-pleasers, but in Sincerity of Heart, fearing the LORD.

23 ‡ Whatever you may do, work it from the soul, as for the LORD, and not

for Men;

24 ‡ knowing that from the Lord you will receive the RECOM ENSE of the INHERITANCE: for ‡ you serve Christ the LORD.

25 * For HE Who ACTS UNJUSTLY, will receive back for the injustice he committed; ‡ and without any Partiality.

CHAPTER IV.

l MASTERS, Trender to your BOND-STEVANTS THAT which is fust and THAT which is full; knowing that you also have a Master in the Heavens.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—16. and—omit twice.
23. and every thing—omit.
23. and—omit.
24. for—omit.
25. For he who.

^{† 17. 1} Cor. x. 31. † 17. Rom. i. 8; Eph. v. 20; Col. i. 12; ii. 7; 1 Thess. v. 18; Heb. xiii. 15. † 18. Eph. v. 22; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1. † 19. Eph. v. 25; 28; 1 Pet. iii. 7. † 20. Eph. vi. 1. † 21. Eph. vi. 4. † 22. Eph. vi. 5; 1 Titus vi. 1 Titus ii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 18. † 23. Eph. vi. 6, 7. † 24. Eph. vi. 8. † 24. 1 Cor. vii. 23 † 75. Rom. ii. 11; Eph. vi. 9; 1 Pet. i. 17.

* FIRST TO THE THESSALONICANS.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

Σιλουανος και $T_{i\mu 0}\theta \epsilon \sigma s$, $\tau \eta$ Silvanus and T_{imothy} , to the ¹Παυλος και and Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεω πατρι και of The salonicans in God a father and εκκλησια congregation κυρίω Ιησου Χριστω χαρις υμιν και ειρηνη Lord Jesus Anointed; favor to you and peace * απο θεου πατρος ήμων, και κυρίου Ιησου Ifrom God a father of us, and Lord Jesu: 2 Ευχαριστουμέν τω θέω παντοτέ We give thanks to the God always Χριστου.] Anointed.] περι παντων ύμων, μνειαν ύμων ποιουμενοι concerning all of you, a remembrance of you making επι των προσευχων ήμων, ³ αδιαλειπτως μνηin the prayers of us, unceasingly recolμενευμοντες ύμων του εργου της πιστεως, και ecting of you of the work of the faith, and του κοπου της αγαπης, και της ύπομονης της of the labor of the love, and of the patient endurance of the ελπιδος του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου, εμhope of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed, προσθεν του θεου και πατρος ήμων. 4 ειδοτες, presence of the God and father of us; knowing, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο θεου, την εκλογην beloved by God, the election ύμων ⁵ ότι το ευαγγελιον ήμων ουκ εγενηθη of you; because the glad tidings of us not came εις ύμας εν λογφ μονον, αλλα και εν δυναμει, to you in word only, but also in power, και εν πνευματι άγιω, και *[εν] πληροφορια even with apirit holy, and [with] confirmation πολλη· καθως οιδατε οίοι εγενηθημεν εν ύμιν. as you know what we were among you ύμας. 6 Και ύμεις μιμητας ήνων εγε-of you. And you imitators στος beon account of you. νηθητε και του κυριου, δεξαμενοι τον λογον εν cume and of the Lord, having received the word in θλιψει πολλη μετα χαρας πνευματος άγιου·
affiction much with joy ofspirit holy; affliction much ώστε γενεσθαι ύμας τυπους πασι τοις πιστευso that to have become you patterns to all to those ουσιν εν τη Μακεδονια και τη Αχαια. 8 Αφ' ους in the Macedonia and in the Achaia. From υμων γαρ εξηχηται ό λογος του κυριου ου From you for has been sounded forth the word of the Lord not μονον εν τη Μακεδονια και Αχαια, αλλα *[και] only in the Macedonia and Achain, but [also] εν παντι τοπφ ή πιστις ύμων ή προς τον θεον n every place the faith of you that towards the God εζεληλυθεν. ώστε μη χρείαν ήμας εχειν λαλειν has gone forth; so that not necessary us to have to speak

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, and ‡ Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the con-GREGATION of Thessalonieans in God the Fither and the Lord Jesus Christ; Favor to you and peace

Favor to you and peace. 2 ‡We give thanks to GoD at all times respecting you all, making a Remembrance of you in our FRAYERS;

3 ‡ never forgetting in the Presence of our God and Father, Your ‡ operative fatth, and ‡ laborious love, and patient hope of our Lord Jesus Christ;

4 knowing, Brethren beloved by God, your ‡ ELECTION;

5 because tour GLAD TIDINGS came to you not in Word only, but also in Power, even with the holy Spirit, and abundant Confirmation; as you know what we were among you on your account.

6 And t nou became Imitators of us, and of the Lord, having embraced the word in much Affliction with Joy of hely Spirit;

7 so that you became *a Pattern to ALL the BE-LIEVERS IN MACEDONIA and ACHAIA.

8 Indeed, not only has the word of the Lord been sounded forth from you through Macedonia and Achaia; but ‡ in Every Place THAT FAITH of yours towards God has gone forth, so that it is unnecessary for us to say anything.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—FIRST TO THE THESSALONICANS. our Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ—omit.

8. also—omit.

^{1.} from God 7. a Pattern.

^{† 1. 2} Cor. i. 19; 2 Thess. i. 1; 1 Pet. v. 12. † 2. Rom. i. 8; Eph. i. 16; Philemon 4. † 3. 1 Thess. ii. 13. † 3. Gal. v. 6; James ii. 17. † 3. Rom. xvi. 6; Heb. vi. 10. † 4. Col. iii. 12; 2 Thess. ii. 13. † 5. Mark xvi. 20; 1 Cor. ii. 4. † 6. 1 Cor. iv. 6; xi. 1; Phil. iii. 17; 1 Thess. ii. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 9. † 8. Rom. i. 8; 2 Thess. i. 4.

τι. ⁹Αυτοι γαρ περι ήμων απαγγελλου-anything. Themselves for concerning us declare, σιν, όποιαν εισοδον εσχομεν προς ύμας, και what kind introduction we had to you, and πως επεστρεψατε ποος τον θεον απο των ειδωhow you turned to the God from the 10 Kal λων, δουλευειν θεω ζωντι και αληθινω, God living and and αναμενειν τον υίον αυτου εκ των ουρανων, όν of him from the heavens, whom to wait for the son ηγειρεν εκ των νεκρων, Ιησουν, τον δυομενον heraised out of the dead ones, Jesus, the one delivering ήμας απο της οργης της ερχομενης. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. us from the wrath of that coming. Aυτοι γαρ οιδατε, αδελφοι, την εισοδον Yourselves for you know, brethren, the introduction the introduction ήμων την προς ύμας, ότι ου κενη γεγονεν·
of us that to you, because not in vain it has been; it has been; ²αλλα προπαθοντες και ύβρισθεντες, but having previously suffered and having been injuriously treated, καθως οιδατε, εν Φιλιπποις, επαρέησιασαμεθα as you know, in Philippi, we were emboldened εν τω θεω ήμων λαλησαι προς ύμας το ευαγγεby the God ofus to speak to you the glad tid-3 'Η γαρ παραλιον του θεου εν πολλφ αγωνι. The for ings of the God with much striving. κλησις ήμων ουκ εκ πλανης, ουδε εξ ακαθαρof us not from error, nor from σιας, ουτε εν δολφ. ⁴αλλα καθως δεδοκιμασμεθα nor in deceit; but as we have been approved ύπο του θεου πιστευθηναι το ευαγγελιον, ούτω by the God to be entrusted with the glad tidings, λαλουμεν, ουχ ώς ανθρωποις αρεσκοντες, αλλα we speak, not as men pleasing, but

*[τ ϕ] θε ϕ τ ϕ δοκιμαζοντι τας καρδιας τημων.

5 Ουτε γαρ ποτε εν λογ ϕ κολακειας εγενηθημεν,
Neither for any time with a word of flattery did we come,
καθως οιδατε· ουτε εν προφασει πλεονεξιας,

Δε γου know; nor with a pretence of covetousness,
θεος μαρτικές θουτε (πτουντες εξ ανθοφπον

θεος μαρτυς' 6 ουτε ζητουντες εξ ανθρωπων 6 δοξαν, ουτε αφ' ύμων ουτε απ' αλλων' (δυναglory, neither from you nor from others; (being μενοι εν βαρει ειναι, &ς Χριστου αποστολοι')

able with a weight to be, as of Anointed apostles;)

7 αλλ' εγενηθημεν ηπιοι εν μεσω ύμων. Ωs
hut we were gentle in midst of you. As

αν τροφης θαλπη τα έαυτης τεκνα, 8 ούτως, would cherish a nursing-mother the of herself ohildren, so,

9 For they themselves declare concerning *us, What Introduction we had to you, ‡ and how you turned to the Delty, from IDOLS, to serve the living and true God;

10 and to wait for his son from the HEAVENS, whom he raised from the DEAD, even THAT Jesus who is DELIVERING US from THAT WRATH Which

IS COMING.

CHAPTER II.

1 ‡ For you know, Brethren, THAT INTRO-DUCTION of ours which we had to you, That it was not in vain;

2 but having previously suffered, and been injuriously treated, as you know, ‡ at Philippi, we were entboldened by our GoD ‡ to speak to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, with Much Earnestness:

3 ‡ For our EXHORTA-TION was not from Error, nor from Impurity, nor in

Deceit;

4 but as we have been approved by GoD to be cultrusted with the GLAD TIDINGS, so we speak; Inct as pleasing Men, but THAT God who TRIES our THARTS.

5 # For we never came with a Word of flattery, as you know, nor with . Pretext of Covetousness, (God is a Witness!)

6 ‡ nor did we seek Honor from Men, neither from you nor from others, (though, as Apostles of Christ, we are empowered to have influence;)

7 but we were gentle in the midst of you; even as a Nursing-mother would cherish HER OWN Children.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. you. 4. the-omit.

όμειρομενοι ύμων, ευδοκουμεν μεταδουναι ύμιν being very desirous of you, we were well-pleased to have imparted to you ου μονον το ευαγγελιον του θεου, αλλα και τας not only the gladidings of the God, but also the ξαυτων ψυχας, διοτι αγαπητοι ήμιν γεγενησθε. of yourselves lives, because beloved ones to us you have become.

9 Μνημονευετε γαρ, αδελφοι, τον κοπον ήμων You remember for, brethren, the labor of the start τον μοχθον νυκτος και ήμερας εργαζομενοι and the toil; night and day working προς το μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων, εκηρυξαμεν for the not to hurden any one of you, we published εις ύμας το ευαγγελιον του θεου. 10 τμεις to you the glad tidings of the God. Του μαρτυρες και δ θεος, ώς δτίως και δικαίως και witnesses and the God, how piously and justly and αμεμπτως ύμιν τοις πιστευουσιν εγενηθημεν blauelessly with you the believers we were; 11 καθαπερ οιδατε, ώς ένα έκαστον ύμων, ώς at also you know, how one each σίγου, as

α salso you know, how one each οίγου, ας πατηρ τεκνα έαυτου, παρακαλουντες ύμας και α father children of himself, exhorting you and παραμυθουμενοι, 12 και μαρτυρουμενοι εις το consoling, and testifying in order that περιπατησαι ύμας αξίως του θεου, του καλουν-

to walk you worthily of the God, of the one control by the sets $\tau\eta\nu$ kautou basileia kai $\delta\sigma$ av.

ing you for the ofhimself kingdom and glory.

13 Δια τουτο και ήμεις ευχαριστουμεν τω On account of this also we give thanks to the θεφ αδιαλειπτως, ότι παραλαβοντες λογον God unceasingly, because receiving a word akons $\pi \alpha \rho'$ $\dot{\eta} \mu \omega \nu$ του $\theta \in 0$ υ, $\epsilon \delta \epsilon \xi \alpha \sigma \theta \epsilon$, ου λογον of hearing from us of the God, you received, not a word ανθρωπωι, αλλα, καθως εστιν αληθως, λογον of men, but, as it is truly, a word $\theta \epsilon o v$, is kal $\epsilon v \epsilon \rho \gamma \epsilon i \tau a i \epsilon v$ in $i v \tau o i s$ $\pi i \sigma \tau \epsilon v o v - v$ of God, which also inworks in you the believing Υ γαρ μιμηται εγενηθητε, αδελ-Υου for imitators became, brethones. φοι, των εκκλητιών του θεου των ουσών εν τη ren, of the congregations of the God of those being in the Ιουδαια εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ότι τα αυτα επα-Judea in Anointed Jesus, because the things same you θετε και ύμεις ύπο των ιδιων συμφυλετων, suffered also you by the own countrymen, καθως και αυτοι ύπο των Ιουδαιων· ¹⁵ των και of those also as also they by the Jews; τον κυριον αποκτειναντων Ιησουν και τους προhaving killed Jesus and the prophφητας, και ήμας εκδιωξαντων, και θεφ μη αρεσand God pot persecuted, and us pleasκοντων, και πασιν ανθρωποις εναντιων· 16 κωand to all contrary; for. ng.

8 Thus yearning over you, we were content, not only the have imparted to you the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD, but also tour own Lives, because you had become endeared to us.

9 For you remember, Brethren, our labor and Fatigue; ‡working Night and Day, ‡so as not to burder any one of you, we published to you the GLAD TIDINGS of God.

10 Dou and God are Witnesses, ‡ how pious!v and righteously, and blamelessly, we were with you, the believers;

11 as you know how we exhorted and comfort i you, as a Father each Chu of his own Children,—

12 and warned you \$t^G WALK worthily of THAT GOD \$\frac{1}{2}\$ who is INVITING you into HIS OWN Glorious Kingdom.

13 *And on this account also, we give thanks to God unceasingly, Because receiving from us the Divine Message, you chraced that Men's Word but as it is truly, God's Word, and which wo'ks powerfully in You, the Believers.

14 For you, Brethren, became imitators of those congregations of God which are in Judea in Christ Jesus; Because 1 nou also suffered the Same things from your own Countrymen, teven as they did from those Jews,

15 who also \$KILLED the LORD Jesus and the PROPHETS, and persecuted Us; and who please not God, and are hostile to All Men;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. And on this account.

to speak that they might bidding us to the Centiles εις το αναπληρωσαι αύτων τες άμαρτιας σιν, be saved, in order that to have filled up of themselves the ; sins Εφθασε δε επ' αυτους ή οργη εις Hascome but on them the wrath for always. 17 Hueis δς, αδελφοι, απορφανισθεντες
We but, brethren, having been bereaved TEXOS. an cod. αφ' ύμων προς καιρού ώρας, προσωπφ, ου καρfrom you for a season anhour, in face, not δια, περισσοτερως εσπουδασαμεν το προσωπον beart, more earnestly we endeavored tuo 18 A10 ύμων ιδείν εν πολλη επιθυμία. $\eta\theta \in \lambda \eta$ of you to see with much desire. Therefore we wiched σαμεν ελθειν προς ύμας, (εγω μεν Παυλος,) to come to you, (I indeed Paul,) και άπαξ και δις και ενεκοψεν ήμας ό σατανας. even once and twice; and thwarted us the adversary. 19 Τις γαρ ήμων ελπις η χαρα η στεφανος καυ-What for of us hope or joy or crewn τησεως, η ουχι και ύμεις, εμπροσθεν του κυριου bearting, or not also you, in presence of the Lord ήμων Ιησου * [Χριστου] εν τη αυτου παρουσια; [Anointed] ia the of him ofus Jeaus comius: 20 ύμεις γαρ εστε ή δοξα ήμων και ή χαρα. are the glory of " and the joy. you for КЕФ. √. 3. 1 Διο μηκετι στεγοντες, ευδο-Wherefore no longer holding out, 2 Kal κησαμεν καταλειφθηναι εν Αθηναις μονοι, thought well to be left in Athens alone, . and επεμψαμεν Τιμοθεον, τον αδελφον ήμων και we sent Timothy, the brother of us and συνεργον του θεου εν τφ ευαγγελιφ του Χριπ-"ellow-worker of the God in the glad tidings of the Anointed, του, εις το στηριξαι ύμας και παραμαλεσαι in order that to confirm you and *[ύμας] ύπερ της πίστεως ύμων, ³τω μη-[you] In helialfof the . faith of you, &bat δενα σαινεσθαι εν ταις θλιψέσι ταυταις (αυτοι one to be shaken by the afflictions these; (yourselve, γαροιδατε, ότι εις τουτο κειμεθα. 4 και γαρ for you know, that for this re are placed; indeed for δτε προς ύμας μεν, προελεγομεν ύμιν, ότι μελ-when with you we were, we previously said to you, that we λομεν θλιβεσθαι, καθως και εγενετο και οιδατε.) ore about to be afflicted, even as also it happened and you know;) τουτό καγω μηκετι στεγων, επεμψα also I no longer holding out, on account of this I sent eis το γνωναι την πιστιν ύμων, μηπως επει-in order that to know the faith of you, lest perhaps tempt-

ρασεν ύμας ό πειραζων, και εις κενον γενηται

and in

you the tempter,

λυοντων ήμας τοις εθνεσι λαλησαι ίνα σωθω-

16 1 hindering us from speaking to the GENTILES that they may be saved; so as tto FILL UP Their sins always; but now tin the End, VENGEANCE has come upon them.

17 But we, Brethren, having been bereaved of von tor a short Season, in-Presence, not in Heart, more earnestly endeavored tto see your FACE with

Much Desire.

18 We would therefore have come to you, (even E Paul,) once and also a second time, but I the AD-YERSARY thwarted us.

19 For what . is Our Hope, or Joy, or Crown of Exultation? Or tare not pou also, before our LORD Jesus at mis Appearing?

20 Dou are, indeed, our

GLORY and JOY.

CHAPTER III.

1 When, therefore, we could no longer refrain. twe thought well to be left in Athens alone;

2 and we sent ! Timothy, ur BROTHER, and Goa's Co-laborer in the GLAD TIDINGS of the Anointed one, to conon behalf of your FAITH;

3 . I that no one might be SHAKEN by these AF. FLICTIONS : for you your selves know I That we are

liable to this

4 I and indeed, when wewere with you, we previously nformed you That we were about to be afflicted; even as it also happened, and you know.

5 Ou this account also, being no longer able to endure, E sent to ASCERTAIN * Your FAITH, Tlest perhaps the TEMPTER had vain should occome tempted you, and our TOIL

^{5.} Your PAITH. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 19. Anointed-omit. 2. you-omit. • 10. Acts xvii. 5, 13; xviii. 12; xix. 9. 6, 14. 1, 17. 1 Thess, iii. 10. Phil. ii. 16; iv. 1. 2, 1. Acts xvii. 15. 2, E. Phil. iii. 13. 1, 3. Acts ix. 16; x 1 Pet. ii. 21. 4 Acts xx. 24. 5, 13; xviii, 12; xix, 9. 2, 16. Matt. xxiii, 32. 1, 16. Matt. xriv, 1 Thess, iii, 10. 1, 18. Rom. i, 13; xv. 22. 1, 19, 2 Cor. i, 14; 2, 1. Acts xvii, 15. 2, 2. Rom. xvi. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 10; 2 Cor. i, 11, 1, 3. Acts ix, 10; xiv. 22; xv. 23; xx. 11; 1 Cor. iv. 9; 2 Tim. iii, 12; 4 Acts xx. 24. 1, 5, 1 Cor. vii. 5; 2 Cor. xi. 5.

Apri δει «Neuros Timoθεου should have become in Just now but, having come. Timothy vain. S KOTTOS TUOY. the toil of us. προς ήμας αφ' ύμων, και ευαγγελισαμενου you, and having brought glad tidings from H8 ημιν την πιστιν και την αγαπην ύμων, και ότι to sous the faith and the love of you, and because εχετε μνειαν ήμων αγαθην παντοτε, επιποbeng you have remembrance of us always, θουντες ήμας ιδειν, καθαπερ και ήμεις ύμας. δια τουτο παρεκληθημεν, αδελφοι, εφ' ύμιν brethren, de over you through this wowere comforted, επι παση τη θλιψει και αναγκη ήμων, δια to affiction and distress of us, on account της ύμων πιστεως. 8 ότι νυν ζωμεν, εαν ύμεις because now we live, if of the of you faith; 9 Τινα γαρ ευχαριστιαν υτηκητε €ν κυριφ. What for gratitude etznd firm in. Lord. δυναμέθα τφ θεφ ανταποδουναι περι υμων, επι are we able to the God to return concerning you magn an yapa h yapapey &! ņ παση τη χαρα ή χαιρομεν δι υμας all the toy with which w reinles of account of you ύμας εμπροσθεν του θεου ήμων; 10 νικτος και ήμερας mepermeprogon deoperorer to iden there to the to see the total the θπερεκπερισσου δεομενοι ει προσωπον, και καταρτισαι τα ύστερηματα ens to supply the things wanting and 11 Αυτος δε ο θεος και πατηρ **Σιστεως υμων.** Himself but the God of you. ren ήμων, και δ κυριος ήμων Ιησους * [Χριστος]
efoe, and the Lord of us Jesus [Lancinted] κατευθυναι την όδον ήμων προς υμας. 12 ύμας may direct the way of to your you δε δ κυριος πλεουασαι και περισσευσαι τη αγαbut the Lord cancete be full and to overflow with the love τη εις αλληλους και εις παντας, καθαπερ και eis umas. 13 eis to other au umu tas hueis eis buas. in order that to be astablished of you the 10 3003 παρδιας αμεμπτους εν άγιωσυνη εμπροσθεν του holiness hearts blameless in in presence of the θεου και πατρος ήμων, εν τη παρουσια του God even a lather of us. at the κυριου ημων Ιησου * [Χριστου] coming of the μετα παντων [Auointed] with all Lord of us Jesus דשי מעושי מטדסט. of the holy ones of himself.

KEO. 8'. 4.

1 Λοιπον *[ουν,] αδελφοι, ερωτωμεν ύμας
Figally [therefore,] brethren, we cotreat you Finally [therefore,] και παρακαλούμεν εν κυριφ Ιησου, καθως παρε-and we exhort in Lord Jesus, as yours-YOU YS-

6 †But just now, Timothy having come to us from you, and having brought us glad tidings of your FAITH and LOVE, and That you have always a kind Remembrance of us, longing to see Us, teven as we also You;

7 onthis account, Brethren, twe were comforted over you, in All our *DIS-TRESS and Affliction, by means of your Faith.

8 Because we now live, since you 1 stand firm in the Lord.

9 For ‡What Gratitude can we return to Gob concerning you, for All the Joy with which we rejoice on your account in the presence of our God;

10 Night and Day most abundantlytentreatingto SEE Your FACE, and 1 to supply the DEFICIENCIES of your faith?

11 But may God Himself, even our Father, and our Lord Jesus, directour way to you;

12 and may the LORD tcause you to be full and to overflow with ILOVE to eachother, and to alleven, as we also to you;

13 so as to ‡ establish vour hearts blameless in holiness before God, even our Father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus, twith All his SAINTS.

CHAPTER IV.

1 *Finally, Brethren, we entreat you, and we exhort in the Lord Jesus, *thatas von received from

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. DISTRESS and Affliction. 11. Anointed-omit. 1. therefore-omit. 1. that as you re-1. FINALLY. 13. Anointed-ourt. ceived from as now it behoves you to walk and please God, even as also you walk, you may abound more.

^{† 6.} Acts xviii. 1, 5. † 6. Phil. i. 8. † 7. 2 Cor. i. 4; vii. 6, 7, 13. † 8 Phil. iv. 1. † 9, 1 Thess, i. 2. † 10. Rom. i. 10, 11; xv. 32. † 10. 2 Cor. xiii. 9, 11 Col. iv. 12. † 12. 1 Thess, iv. 10. † 12. 1 Thess, iv. 9; 2 Pet. i. 7. † 13 1 Cor. i. 8; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess, v. 23; 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 John iii. 20, 21. † 13. Zech. xiv. 5; Jude 14.

λαβετε παρ' ήμων το πως δει ύμας περιπατειν rived from us the howitbelioves you to walk και αρεσκειν θ εω, ίνα περισσευητε μαλλον and to please God, so that you may abound more; 2 οιδατε γαρ, τινας παραγγελιας εδωκαμεν ύμιν you know for, what commands we gave to you δια του κυριου Ιησου. 3 Τουτο γαρ εστι θ ελ $^{n-1}$ by the Lord Jesus. is for is now μα του θεου, δ άγιασμος ύμων απεχεσθαι ύμας of the God, the sanctification of you; to abstain you απο της πορυειας· 4 ειδεναι έκαστον ύμων το from the fornication; to have known each one of you the έαυτου σκευος κτασθαι εν άγιασμο και τιμη, of himself vessel to possess in sanctification and 5 μη $\epsilon \nu$ παθ $\epsilon \iota$ ϵ πιθυμιας, καθαπ $\epsilon \rho$ κα ι τα $\epsilon \theta \nu \eta$ uot in pression of inordinate desire, as even he Gentiles
τα μη είδοτα τον θεον ⁶το μη ὑπερβαινειν
those not knowing the God; that not to overstep και πλεονεκτειν εν τω πραγματι τον αδελφον in the to cheat matter the αύτου" διοτι εκδικος $*[\delta]$ κυριος π ερι παι rων of hunself, because an avenger [the] Lord concerning all τουτων, καθως και προειπομέν ύμιν και διεthese things, as also we before said to you and 7 Ου γαρ εκαλεσεν ήμος δ θεος μαρτυραμεθα. Not for did call te-mied. us the God επι ακαθαρσια, αλλ' εν άγιασμω. 8 Τοιγαρουν but in sanctification. Therefore impurity, δ αθετων, ουκ ανθρωπον αθετει, αλλα τον the one setting aside, not man sets aside, but the θεον, τον και δοντα το πνενμα αύτου το άγιον God, that also having given the spirit of himself the helv εις ήμας. 9 Περι δε της φιλαδελφιας, ου χρειαν us. Concerning but the brotherly love, no ενετε γραφειν ύμινο συτοι γαρ ύμεις θεοδιδακ-you have contributed to you; yourselves for you God-taught τοι εστε εις το αγαπαν αλληλους. 10 και γαρ are into the tolove each other; alse for παιειτε αυτο εις παντας τους αδελφους τους εν a13 to tha brethren όλη τη Μακεδονια. Παρακαλουμεν λε ύμας, Lut you. whole the Manedonia. Weexhort αλελφοι, περισσευειν μαλλον. 11 και Φιλοτιbrethren, to abound more; and to strive με σθοι ήσυχα(ειν, και πρασσειν τα ιδια, και อกนั earn willy to be quiet, to do the things your own, and εργοζεσθαι ταις *[ιδιαις] χερσιν ύμων, καθως with the own hands of you.

us thow it behoves you to walk and to please God, so that you may abound more.

2 For you know What Commandments we gave you by the Lord Jesus.

3 For this is ‡ God's Will, your sanctification; ‡ that you abstain from formication;

4 that each of you know how to possess his own Vessel in Sanctification and Honor;

5 not in Passion of Lust, ‡ even as THOSE GENTILES Who KNOW not

God;
6 that none overstep
the bounds and cheat his
BROTHER by the PRACTICE; because the Lord
is tan Avenger for all

these things, as we before said to you, and fully testified.
7 For God did not call us for Impurity, ‡ but in

Sanctification.

8 Therefore, ‡ HE who REJECTS, rejects not Man, but THAT God ‡ who also imparted his HOLY SPIRIT for * you.

9 But concerning BRO-THEELY LOVE, * we have no Need to write to you, for nou yourselves are divinely instructed t to Love each other;

10 ffor you also do a *even towards All THOSE BRETHERN IN All MACF-DONIA. But we exhort you, Brethren, to abound yet more,

11 and earnestly strive to be quiet, and to mind your own affairs, and to work with your HANDS, as we commanded You;

12 ‡so that you may walk becomingly towards

υμιν παρηγγειλαμεν· 12 ίνα περιπατητε ευσχη-

so that you may walk

we commanded,

^{*} VATICAL MANUSCRIPT.-6. the-omit. 8. you, write to you. 19. even towards. 11. own-omit.

^{9.} we have no Need te

^{† 1.} Phil. i. 27, Col. ii. 6. † 1. Eph. v. 27. † 3. Rom. xii. 2; Eph. v. 17. 5. 1 Cor. vi. 15. 18; Eph. v. 5; Col. iii. 5. † 4. Rom. vi. 10; 1 Cor. vi. 15. 18. † 5. Pph. iv. fl. 6. 1 Cor. vi. 8. † 6. 2 Thess. i. 8. † 7. 1 Cor. i. 2; Heb. 20. 14; 1 Pet i. .4, fl. 5. † 8. Luke x. 10. † 8. 1 Cor. ii. 10; vii. 40; 1 John ii. 24. 20. John xiii. 34; xx. 12; Eph. v. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 8; 1 John iii. 11, 23; iv. 21. † 10. 1 Thess. 17. † 2. † 11. Eph. iv. 28; 2 Thess. iii. 7, 8, 12. † 12. Rom. xiii. 13; 2 Cor. viii. 24; 1 Fet. ii. 45.

μηδενος χρειαν μονως προς τους εξω, in ly towards those outside, και need and ofnothing εχητε. 13 Ου δελομεν δε ύμας αγνυειν, αδελ-Not we wish but your to be ignorant, brethφοι, περι των κεκοιμημενων, ίνα μη λυπησθε, ren, concerning those having fallen asleen, so that not you may grieve, καθως και οί λοιποι οί μη εχοντες ελπιδα. 14 Ει even the others those not having γαρ πιστευομεν, ότι Ιησους απεθανε και ανεσ-Jesus died and we believe, that arose, τη, ούτω και ό θεος τους κοιμηθεντας δια του so also the God those having slept through the Ιησου, αξει συν αυτφ. 15 Τουτο γαρ ύμιν λεγο-Jesus, will lead out with him. for to you we may This μεν εν λογφ κυριου, ότι ήμεις οί ζωντες οί word of Lord, that we the living ones those περιλειπομενοι εις την παρουσιαν του κυριου, to the coming ofthe Lord, being left over 16 OTL μη φθασωμέν τους κοιμηθεντας. not not those having slept. Because may precede αυτος δ κυριος εν κελευσματι, εν φωνη αρχαγhimself the Lord with a command, with avoice of a chief γελου, και εν σαλπιγγι θεου καταβησεται απ messenger, and with a trumpet of God will come down from ουρανου, και οί νεκροι εν Χριστώ αναστησονται and thedeadones in Anointed will be raised πρωτον 17 επειτα ήμεις οί ζωντες οί περιλειποafterwards we the living ones those first; being left μενοι, άμα συν αυτοις άρπαγησομεθα εν νεφεcoor, at the sametime with them shall be caught away in clouds λαις εις απαντησιν του κυριου εις αερα και air; s meeting of the Lord into and 18 ℃Ωστε συν κυριφ εσομεθα. ούτω παντοτε Therefore always with Lord shall we be. 30 παρακαλειτε αλληλους εν τοις λογοις τουτοις. each other in the comfort you words these. 1 Περι δε των χρονων και των KE Φ . ϵ' . 5. Concerning but the times and the καιρων, αδελφοι, ου χρειαν εχετε ύμιν γραφεσseasons, brethren, no need you have to you to be writθαι· 2 αυτοι γαρ αε, ιτως οιδατε, ότι *[ή] ήμεραten; yourselves for accurater you know, that [the] day κυριου, ως κλεπτης εν νυκτι, ούτως ερχεται. of Lord, as - a thief .n. night, 80 comes.

THOSE WITHOUT, and may have Need of nothing.

13 And we do not wish you to be ignorant, Brethren, concerning THOSE HAVING FALLEN ASLEEP, so that you may not grieve as THOSE OTHERS ‡ who HAVE not a Hope.

14 For I since we believe That Jesus died and arose; so also [we believe] that GoD, through JESUS, ‡ will lead forth with him THOSE

who fell asleep.

15 For this we affirm to you, by the Lord's Word, that we, the living, who are left over to the coming of the *Lord, will by no means precede those who fell asleep.

16 Because the LORD himself will come down from Heaven with a Shout, with an Archangel's Voice, and with toead in Christ will be a seed first:

17 then we, the living, twho are Left over, shall at the same time with them, be caught away in Clouds, for a Meeting of the Lord in the Air; and Iso we shall be always * with the Lord.

18 Therefore, comfort each other with these words.

CHAPTER V.

1 But concerning the TIMES and the SEASONS, Brethren, you do not need to be written to;

2 for you yourselves know accurately, ‡ That the Lord's Day is coming like a Thief at Night.

3 When they may say, "Peace and Safety," then the transfer that the safety sudden Destruction impends over them, just as LABOR-PANGS on HFR who is pregnant, and they shall by no means escape.

When they may say;

buth-pang to herin womb

to them

audden

3 'Οταν λεγωσιν. Ειρηνη και ασφαλεια.

Peace

αιφνιδιος αυτοις εφισταται ολεθρος, ωσπ ρ ή

having;

is at hand

and

τη εν γαστρι εχουση· και ου μη εκφυγω-

 $\tau o \tau \epsilon$

safety;

destruction, just as the

and not not can they es-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. JESUS.

^{17.} in the Lord.

^{2.} the-omit.

^{13.} Eph. ii. 12. 14. 1 Cor. xv. 13. 14. 1 Cor. xv. 23. 15. 1 Cor. xv. 51. 14. Matt. xxiv. 30, 31; Acts i. 11; 2 Thess. i. 7. 16. 1 Cor. xv. 52. 16. 1 Cor. xv. 52. 17. 1 Cor. xv. 51. 17. John xii. 20; xiv. 3; xvii. 24. 17. 3, 36; Acts. 17. 12. Matt. xxiv. 43, 44; xxv. 13; Luke xii. 39, 40. 18. Luke xvi. 7-29; xxi. 34, 25; 2 Thess. 14.

4 Υμεις δε, αδελφοι, ουκ εστε εν σκοτει, TIV. You but, brethren, not are in darkness, ίνα ή ήμερα ύμας ώς κλεπτης καταλαβη• that the day you as a thief should come upon;

🏻 παντες γαρ ύμεις υίοι φωτος εστε και υίοι for you sons of light are and ημερας· ουκ επιεν νυκτος, ουδε σκοτους. 6 Αρα ofday, not we are of night, nor of darkness. So ουν μη καθευωδρίεν, ως *[και] οί λοιποι, αλλα thun not we may sleep, as [even] the others, but γρηγορωμεν και νηφωμεν. 7 οί γαρ καθευδονweshould watch and weshould not drink; those for τες, νυκτος καθευδυυσι και οι μεθυσκομενοι, of night they sleep, and those getting drunk, νυκτος μεθυουσιν. 8' Ημεις δε, ήμερας οντες, of night they get drunk. We but, of day hime. νηφωμεν, ενδυσαμενοι θωρακα πιστεως και αγαshould not drink, having put on a breastplate of faith boa

πης, και περικεφαλαιαν, ελπιδα σωτηριας. love, and a helmet. ahope of salvation; 9 $\dot{\upsilon}\tau\iota$ our $\epsilon\theta\epsilon\tau\sigma$ $\dot{\eta}\mu\alpha s$ δ $\theta\epsilon\sigma s$ $\epsilon\iota s$ $\sigma\rho\gamma\eta\nu$, $\alpha\lambda\lambda^2$ because not did set us the God for wrath, but εις περιποιησιν σωτηριας δια του κυριου ήμων for attaining of salvation by means of the Lord ofus Ιησου *[Χριστου,] 16 του αποθανοντος [Anointed,] of that having died ύπ€ρ νιιων ίνα, ειτε γρηγορωμεν ειτε καθευδωμεν, of us, so that, whether we may be awake or we may be releep we may hersleep 11 Διο παρακαλειτε άμα συν αυτφ ζησωμεν.

together with him we may live. Wherefore comfort you αλληλους, και οικοδομειτε είς τον ένα, καθως build you up one the other, each other, and

12 Ερωτωμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, KAL TOLELTE. We entreat but you, even you do. brethren, ε εναι τους κοπιωντας εν ύμιν, και προισταμεto know those toiling among you, presiding

νους ύμων εν κυριώ, και νουθετούντας ύμας. you in Lord, and admonishing you,

👫 και ήγεισθαι αυτους ύπερεκπερισσου εν αγαlove, and to esteem them superahundantly δια το εργον αυτων ειρηνευετε εν έσυon account of the work of them; be you at peace among your-

14 Παρακαλουμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, νου-TOIS. We exhort but you, brethren,

θετειτε τους ατακτους, παραμυθεισθε τους ελιmonish you the disorderly ones, encourage you the des-

γοψυχους, αντεχεσθε των απθενων, μακροθυ-rounding ones, hold you on to the feeble ones, or you longbe you long-

15 Ορατε, μη τις κακον μειτε προз παντας. suffering towards See you, 20 one

4 But nou, Brethren, are not in Darkness, that the DAY should come upen You like a Thicf;

5 for nou are all 1 Sons of Light, and Sons of Day. We are not of Night, nor

of Darkness.

6 ! So then, we should not sleep, as the others; but we should the vigilant and temperate.

7 For I THOSE who SLEEP, sleep by Night; and I the DRUNKARDS Drink by Night.

8 But we, being of the Day, should be vigilant, thaving put on a Breastplate of Faith and Love, and for a Helmet, the Hope of Salvation ;

9 Because 1GoD did not set us apart for Wrath, but tfor attaining Salvation, through THAT LORD

of ours, Jesus.

10 twho DIED on our behalf, so that whether we may be watching or sleeping, we may live together with Him.

11 Therefore, consolv each other, and edify one the other, as also you de.

12 But we entreat you, Brethren, tto acknowledge THOSE who TOIL among you, both presiding over you in the Lord, and admonishing you;

13 and to esteem them very highly in Love, on account of their work. Cultivate peace among vourselves.

14 And we exhort you, Brethren, ‡ admonish the DISORDERLY, Tencourage the TIMID, Tassist the FEEBLE, be Tforbearing towards all.

15 I See that no one

^{*} VATICAN MARCEORIFT. - 6. even-omit. 9 Anointed-omit.

^{1 4.} Rom. xiii. 12, 13; 1 John ii. 8. 15. Eph. v. 8. 16. Matt. xxv. 5. 26. Matt. xxiv. 42; xxv. 13; Rom. xiii. 11—13; 1 Pet. v. 8. 17. Luke xxi. 34, 26; Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Cor. xv. 34; Eph. v. 14. 17. Acts ii. 15. 28. Eph. vi. 14, 16, 17. 19. Rom. xiv. 22; 1 Thess. ii. 10; 1 Pet. ii. 8; Jude 4. 19. 2 Thess. ii. 13, 14. 1 10. Rom. xiv. 8, 0; 2 Cor. v. 15. 11. 1 Thess. iv. 18. 12. 1 Cor. xvi. 18; Ph. L. ii. 29; 1 Tim. v. 17; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. 14. 2 Thess. iii. 11, 12. 14. Heb. xii. 12. 14. Rom. xiv. 18; Prov. xxv. 1; Gal. vi. 1, 2. 14. Gal. v. 22; Eph iv. 2; Col. jii. 19. 15. Lev. xix. 18; Prov. xx. 22; xxiv. 20; Matt. v. 39, 44; Rom. xii. 17; 1 Cor. vi. 7 1 Pet. iii. 20

you.

αντι κακου τινι $\alpha \pi o \delta \omega^{-}$ $\alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \pi \alpha \nu \tau o \tau \epsilon$ τ_0 n place of e-il to any one should render; but always the αγαθον διωκέτε και εις αλληλους και εις πανgood pursue you ooth towards each other and towards all. -as. 16 Παντοτε χαιρετε. 17 Αδιαλειπτως προσ-Unceasingly Always rejoice you. pray ευχεσθε 18 εν παντι ευχαριστειτε τουτο γαι in everything give you thanks; you; θελημα θεου εν Χριστου Ιησου εις ύμας. of God in Anointed Jesus concerning you. The «νευμα μη σβεννυτε· 20 προφητειας μη εξουθεnot quenc. you; prophecie not disregard νε τε 21 παντα δε δοκιμαίετε το καλον κατεthe good thing all things but try you; hold χετε 22 απο παντος ειδους πονηρου απεχεσίε. form ofevil do you abstain. you fast; from every 23 Αυτος δε δ θεος της ειρηνης άγιασαι ύμας Himself but the God of the peace may sanctify you δλοτελεις και δλοκληρον ύμων το πνευμα καof you the spirit and whol ή ψυχη και το σωμα αμ = πτως εν τη παρουσια blamelese in the and the b.dy presence Ιη ου Χριστου τηρηθειη. κυριοι ήμων TOU Anointed may be preserved. of the Lord Oi US Jesus 24 Πιστος δ καλων όμας, δς και ποιησει. 20 Αδελ-Faithful the one calling you, who also will persorm Breth-26 Ασ υσασθε προσευχεσθε πορι ήμων. φoι, enlore you or us. ren, prayyou Tavas EV φιληματι TOUS αδελφους άγιφ. all with a bise the brethren 27 Όρκιζω ύμης του κυριον, αναγνω θηναι την you the Lord, to he read the επιστολην πασι τοις *[άγι ιις] αδελ ροις. 23 °H to all the [holy] brothren. The χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χυιστου me^ of us Jesus Anointed with fagor of the Lord bumv.

render Evil for Evil to Any one · but always pursue the GOOD, both towards each other and towards al.

16 ‡ Rejoice always.
17 ‡ Pray unceasingly.
18 ‡ In everything give thanks; for this is God's Will, by Christ J sus, con-

cerning you. 19 I Quench not the

SFIRIT.

20 Do not disregard

Prophecies; 21 but ‡ examine all things. ! Hold fast the GOOD.

22 Abstain from Every

form of Evil.

23 And may the God of PEACE Himself sanctify you entirely; and may Your Thole person —the SPIRIT, and the soul, and ins BODY, -- I'be areserved dameless nthe PRESENCE or our Lord Jesus . hrist.

24 ! Faithful SHE who CALLS you, who also will perform.

25 Brethren, 1 pray

*als. fir us. 26 # Salute all the

BRETHREN with a holy

27 I adjure you by the LORD, to read the LEI-TER to All the BRETHREN.

28 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you. * i

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—25. also. 27. holy to the Thessalonicans. Whitten from Athens. 27. holy-omit.

^{28.} Subscription-FIRST

^{+ 28.} From facts and circumstances related in the history at one Acts, it appears that this First Epistle was written, not from Athens, as the interpolated postscript at the end of the Epistle hears, but from Corinth; and that not long after the publication of Claudius's Phot against the Jews, which happened in the 12th year of his reign, answering to A. D. 51. -- Macknight.

^{† 16. 2} Cor. vi. 10; Phil. iv. 4. † 17. Luke xviii. 1; xxi. 36; Rom. xii. 12; Eph. vi. /s; Col. iv. 2; 1 Pct. iv. 7. † 18. Eph. v. 20; Col. iii. 17. † 19. Eph. iv. 30; 20. 1 Cor. xiv. 1, 38. † 21. 1 Cor. ii. 11, 15; 1 John iv. 1. † 21. Phil. iv. 8 † 23. Cor. i. 8. † 24. 1 Cor. i. 9; x. 13; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 25. Col. iv. 3; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 25. Rom. xvi. 20, 24. † 28. Rom. xvi. 20, 24. 8 Thess. iii 18.

[HAYAOY] HPOS OESSAAONIKEIS [EHISTOAH] AEYTEPA. [OF PAUL] TO THESSALONICANS [AN EPISTLE] SECOND. CLASSALONICANS [PULLES OF A LONGO A N.

* SECOND TO THE THESSALONICANS.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Παυλος και Σιλουανος και Τιμοθέος, τη εκ-Paul and Silvanus and Timothy, to the conκλησια Θεσσαλονικεων εν θεω πατρι ήμων και gregation of Theseslonicans in God a father of us κυριω Ιησου Χριστω. 2 χαρις υμιν και ειρηνη Lord Jesus Anointed; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος *[ημων,] και κυριου ησου from God a father [of us.] and Lord Jesus 3 Ευχαριστειν οφειλομέν τω $\theta \in \omega$ Χριστου. To give thanks we are hound to the God Anounted. παντοτε περι ύμων, αδελφοι, καθως always concerning you, brethren, as εστιν, ότι ὑπεραυζανει ἡ πιστις ὑμων, και πλεονit is, because is growing fast the fath of you, and abounds α(ει ή αγαπη ένος έκαστου παντων ύμων εις the love of one of each of all of you for αλληλους. 4 ώστε ήμας αυτους εν υμιν καυχασ-each other; so that us ourselves in you to boast θαι εν ταις εκκλησιαις του θεου, ύπερ της among the congregations of the God, on account of the ύπομονης ύμων και πιστεως, εν πασι τοις διωγpatience of you and offaith, in all μοις ύμων και ταις θλιψεσιν, αίς ανεχεσθε. cutions of you and the afflictions, which you endure; δ ενδειγμα της δικαιας κρισεως του θεου, εις το atoken of the righteous judgment of the God, for that καταξιωθηναι ύμας της βασιλειας του θεου, to be deemed worthy you of the kingdom of the ύπερ ής και πασχετε. 6 Ειπερ δικαιον παρα 6 Ειπερ δικαιον παρα θεω, ανταποδουναι τοις θλιβουσιν ύμας θλιψιν, God, to give in return to those afflicting you afiliction, 7 και ύμιν τοις θλιβομενοις ανεσιν μεθ' ήμων, εν and to you to those being afflicted a relaxation with us, τη αποκαλυψει του κυριου Σησου απ' ουρανου, of the Lord Jesus from μετ' αγγελων δυναμεως αύτου, εν πυρι φλο-with measurgers of power of bimself, in a fire of γος, διδοντος εκδικησιι τοις μη ειδοσι θεον, dame, executing retributive justice to those not knowing God, και τοις μη ύπακουουσι τφ ευαγγελιφ and to those not being obedient to the gladtidings TOU of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου *[Χριστου·] 9 οίτινες δικην [Anointed;] who a just penalty

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, and ‡ Sylvanus, and Timothy, to the con-GREGATION of Thessalonicans ‡ in God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ;

2 ‡ Favor to you and Peace, from God the Father and the Lord Jesus

Christ.

3 ‡We are bound to give thanks to God always concerning you, Brethren, as it is proper, Because your faith is growing exceedingly, and the love of each One of you All is abounding towards each other:

4 so that twe ourselves boast in You among the congregations of God, ton account of your patience and Faith, tin All your persecutions and the Afflictions which you endure;

5 ‡ a Token of the RIGHTEOUS Judgment of GOD, for you to be DEWLED WORTHY of the RIGHT GOOM of GOD, on account of which also you suffer.

6 If indeed it is just with God to repay Affliction to THOSE who Ar-

FLICT you,

7 so also to you the Ag-FLICTED, \$ a Rest together with us, at \$ the REVELA-TION of the LORD Jesus from Heuven with the Angels of his Power,

8 tin a Flame of Fire, dispensing Retributive justice to Those not acknowledging God, and to Those not being oredient to the GLAD TIDINGS of our LOED Jesus;

9 twho shall pay a just

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. Title—Second to the Thessalonicans. 2. of us-omit. 8. Anointed—omit.

^{\$\}frac{1}{1}.2 \text{ Cor. i. 10.} \\ \frac{1}{1}.1 \text{ Thess. i. 1.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.2 \text{ Cor. i. 3.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.3 \text{ Thess. ii. 19. 20.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.3 \text{ Thess. ii. 19. 20.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.4 \text{ Thess. ii. 19. 20.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.4 \text{ Thess. ii. 19. 20.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.4 \text{ Thess. ii. 10.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.4 \text{ Thess.} \\ \frac{1}.4 \text{ Thess.} \\ \frac{1}{2}.4 \text{ Thess.} \\ \frac{1}.4 \text{ Thess.}

τισουσιν, δλεθρον αιωνιον. απο προσωπου του face shall pay, destruction age-asting, from of the κυριου και απο της δυξης της ισχυος αυτου, Lord and from the glory of the strength 10 δταν ελθη ενδοξασθηναι εν τοις when he may come to be glorified in the o him, άνιοις huly ones αύτου και θαυματθηναι εν πασι τοις πιστευσαof himself and to be admired in all those having believed, σιν, (ότι επιστευθη το μαρτυριον ήμων εφ (hecause was believed the testimony of us to to ύμας,) εν τη ημερα εκεινη. 11 Ets & και προσ-you,) in the day that. For which also we you,) in the day that. ευχομεθα παντοτε περι ύμων, ίνα ύμας αξιω-pray always concerning you, that you may be pray της κλησεως δ θεος ήμων, και counted worthy of the calling the God of us, and ευδοκιαν αγαθωσυνης good intentior of good intention 221 πληρωση πασαν every good intentior εργον πιστεως εν δυναμει 1 πως ενδοκίασθη το work offaith in power; so that may be glorified the ονομα του κυριου ήμων Ιησου *[Χριστου] εν name of the Lord of us Jesus [Anointed] in ύμιν, και ύμεις εν αυτό, κατα την χαριν του you, aud you in him, according to the favor of the θεου ήμων και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου. God of us and Lord Jesus Anointed.

КЕФ. β'. 2.

¹ Ερωτωμεν δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ύπερ της We entreat and you, brethren, concerning the παρουσίας του κυρίου * [ήμων] Ιησου Χρίστου, presence of the Lord [of us] Jesua Anointed, και ήμων επίσυναγωγης επ' αυτου, ² είς το μη and of us assembling to him, in order that not ταχεως σαλευθηναι ύμας απο του νοος, μητε quickly to be shaken you from the mind, nor θροεισθαι μητε δια πνευματος, μητε δια λογου, to be alarmed neither by a spirit, not by a word, μητε δι' επιστολης ώς δι' ήμων, ώς ότι nor by aletter as by means of us, nor by aletter as by means of us, ενεστηκεν ή ήμερα του κυριου. ³ Μη τις ύμας ενεστηκεν ή ήμερα του κυριου. No one you as by means of us, as has come close the day of the Lord. εξαπατηση κατα μηδενα τροπον ότι, εαν μη should delude by any turn; because, if not ελθη ή αποστασια πρωτον, και απυκαλυφθη may come the falling away first, and may be revealed ὁ ανθρωπος της άμαρτιας, ὁ υίος της απωλείας, the man of the sin, the son of the destruction, 4 δ αντικειμένος και ὑπεραιρομένος επι παντα he opposing and lifting up himself above λεγομενον θεον η σεβασμα, ώστε αυτον εις τον being called a god or an august object, so that him into the ναον το θεου καθισαι, αποδεικνυντα ξαυτον, temple of the God to be seated, openly showing himself, ότι εστι θεος. 5 Ου μνημονευετε, δτι ετι that still remember you, Not a god.

penalty,-aionion Destruction from the Face of the LORD, and from the GLORY of his STRENGTH;

10 twhen he shall come to be glorified in his SAINTS, and to be admired in All THOSE who BELIEVE, in that DAY; Because our TESTIMON to you was believed.

11 For which also we pray always concerning you, that our God in y esteem You worthy of the calling, and may complete Every Desire of Goodness, and ‡ Work of Faith with Power;

12 Iso that the NAME of our Lord Jesus may be glorified in you, and you in him, according to the FAVOR of our God, and Lord Jesus Christ.

CHAPTER II.

1 But we entreat you, Brethren, concerning I the COMING of the LORD Jesus Christ, and Our ‡ Assembling to him,

2 that you be not quickly AGITATED in MIND, nor alarmed, neither by a Spirit, nor by a Discourse nor by a Letter as from us, as though the DAY of the LORD was present.

3 ! Let no one delude You by any means, Because the APOSTACY must come first, and there must be revealed ITHAt MAN of SIN, THAT SON O. DESTRUCTION,

4 the opponent, who indeed ‡lifts himself above everything called Divinity or Majesty; so as to seat himself in the TEMPLE of God, exhibiting himself That he is a God.

5 Do you not remember

2. of us-omit. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. Anointed-omit. 1 12. 1 Pet.

ων προς υμας, ταυτα ελεγον υμιν; 6και νυν being with you, the ethings (said to you? and now το κατέχον οιδατέ, εις το αποκαλυφθηναι the restraining thing you know, in order that to be revealed αυτον εν τις έαυτου καιρις. Το γαρ μυστηρίον him in the of himself season. The for secret thing ηδη ενεργειται της ανομιας, μονον δ κατεχων already works of the lawleisness, only the one iestraining αρτιέως εκ μεσου γενηται. ⁸ και τοτε αποκαnow till out of midst it may be; and then will be reλυφθησεται δ ανομος· δν δ κυριος * [Ιησους] the lawless one; whom the Lord [Jesus] αναλωσει τω πνευματι του στοματος αύτου, will consume with the breath of the month of himself, και καταργησεί τη επιφανεία της παρουσίας and will make powerless by the appearing of the presence αύτου θού εστιν ή παρουσια, κατ' ενεργειαν of hunself of whom is the presence, according to an energy του σατανα, εν παση δυναμε. και σημειοις και power and signs and of the adversary, with all τερασι ψευδους, 10 και εν παση απατη *[της] wonders offshehood, and with every deception [of the [of the] adikias, * $\begin{bmatrix} \epsilon \nu \end{bmatrix}$ tois apolitumevois auto $\omega \nu$ the iniquity. The those perioding; hecause as the αγαπην της αληθείας ουκ εδεξαντο είς το love of the truth not they received in order that love of the truth σωθηναι αυτους. ¹¹ Και δια τουτο πεμψει to be saved them. And because of this willsead αυτοις δ θεος ενεργειαν πλανης, εις το πιστευto them the God a strong working ofdecent, in order that to believe σαι αυτους τφ ψευδει: 12 ίνα κριθωσι παντες οί

them the falsehood; so that may be judged all those $u\eta$ πιστευσαντες $\tau\eta$ αληθεια, αλλ' ευδοκησανnot having believed the truth, but having delighted 13 Ήμεις δε οφειλομεν τες *[εν] τη αδικια.[in] the iniquity. We but are bound

ευχαριστειν τω θεώ παντοτε περι ύμων, to give thanks to the God always concerning you, αδελφοι ηγαπημενοι ύπο κυριου, ότι είλατο Lord, brethren being beloved by because chose εις σωτηριαν εν άγιyou the God from a beginning for salvation in sanctiασμφ πνευματος και πιστει αληθείας· 14 εις δ into which Seation of spirit and belief of truth;

εκαλεσεν ύμας δια του ευαγγελιου ήμων, 645 he called you by means of the glad tidings of us, for περιποιησιν δοξης του κυριου ήμων Ιησου

glory ofthe Lord of us obtaining

Χριστου. Anointed.

> .15 Αρα ουν, αδελφοι, στηκετε, και κρατειτε So then, brethren, stand you,

That while I was with you, I said these things to you?

6 and now you know WHAT RESTRAINS, IN OFder to his EEING REVEAL-ED in HIS OWN Season.

7 For tthe SECRET of LAWLESSNESS is already working, till only the ONE RESTRAINING for the present shall be out of the way;

S and then will be revealed the LAWLESS ONE; (‡ whom the Lord Jesus will consume with Ithe BREATH of his MOUTH. and annihilate by the AP-PEARING of his PRES-ENCE;)

9 Whose coming is according to the Energy of the Adversary, with A" Power, and \$ Signs, ___ Wonders of Falsehood,

10 and with Every Deception of Iniquity to THOSE who are PERISH-ING, because they admitted not the LOVE of the TRUTH in order that they might be saved.

11 # And on this account Gop * will send to then an Energy of Delusion, 1 to their BELIEVING the FALSEHOOD;

12 in order that Ail THOSE may be judged with BELIEVED not the TRUTH, Thut approved the INI-QUITY.

13 But twe are bound to give thanks to God al ways for you, Brethren beloved by the Lord, Because # God * chose you a Firstfruit for Salvation, 1 in Sanctification of Spirit and Belief of Truth;

14 to which he called you by our GLAD TIDINGS, for the obtaining of the Glory of our LORD Jesus Christ.

15 So then, Brethren, and hold you fast I stand firm, and retain

Jesus

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—8, Jesus—omit. 10. of the—omit, sends them. 12. in—omit. 13. chose you a First-fruit. 10. in-omit. 11. sends them.

^{† 7. 1} John ii. 18; iv. 3. † 8. Dan, vii. 10, 11. † 2. 8. Isa, xi. 4; Rev. ii. 16. † 9. Matt. xxiv. 24; Rev. xiii. 13; xix. 20. † 10. 2 Cor. ii. 15; iv. 3. † 11. dom. i. 24. † 11. Mutt. xxiv. 5, 11; 1 Tim. iv. 1. † 12. Rom. i. 32. † 13. 2 Class i. 3. † 13. 1 Thess. i. 4. † 13. 1 Pet. i. 2. † 14. John xvii. 22; 1 Thess. ... 12; 1 Pet. v. 10. † 15. 1 Cor. xvi. 15; Phil. iv. 1.

τας παραδοσεις, ας εδιδαχθητε, the traditions, which you were taught, have traditions, which you were taught, have the traditions of traditions against the traditions of tradit

KE Φ . γ' . 3.

To $\lambda o \iota \pi o \nu$, $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon \upsilon \chi \epsilon \sigma \theta \epsilon$, $\alpha \delta \epsilon \lambda \phi o \iota$, $\pi \epsilon_i^* \iota$ the remainder, pray you, brethren, for μεν απο των ατοπων και πονηρων ανθρωπων ου livered from the out of place and evil men; not γαρ παντων $\mathring{η}$ πιστις. 3 Πιστος δε εστιν $\mathring{δ}$ for of all the faith. Faithful but is the κυριος, δε στηριξει ύμας και φυλαξει απο του Lord, who will establish you and will guard from the πονηρου. 4 Πεποιθαμεν δε εν κυριφ εφ' ύμας, evilone. We have confidence but in Lord concerning you, $\delta \tau_l$ ά παραγγελλομεν * [ύμιν,] και ποιbecause the things we announce [to you,] both you ειτε και ποιησετε. 5 Ο δε κυριος κατευθυναι do and will do. The but Lord may direct ύμων τας καρδιας εις την αγαπην του θεου, και εις of you the hearts into the love of the God, and into την ὑπομονην του Χριστου. 6 Παραγγελλομεν δε the patience of the Anointed. We give orders but ύμιν, αδελφοι, εν ονοματι του κυριου * [ήμων] in name of the Lord Ιησου Χριστου, στελλεσθαι ύμας απο παντος you from of Jesus Angiuted, to withdraw every αδελφου ατακτως περιπατουντος, και μη walking, and not according to hrother disorderly την παραδοσιν, ην παρελαβοσαν παρ' the tradition, which they received from ήμων. 113. 7 Αυτοι γαρ οιδατε, πως δει μιμεισθαι ήμας: Yourselves for know, how it behaves to imitate us; ότι ουκ ητακτησαμ $\epsilon \nu$ $\epsilon \nu$ ύμιν, $\epsilon \nu$ ουδ $\epsilon \nu$ δωρ $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ because not we were disorderly among you, neither gratuitously αρτον εφαγομεν παρα τινος, αλλ' εν κοπφ και bread did we eat from any one, but in toil

the instructions you were taught, whether by our Word or Letter.

16 But may our Lord, *Christ Jesus himself, and That God our Fathee, twho Loved us, and gave us, by Favor, anonian Consolation, and ta good Hone

17 console Your HEARTS, ‡ and establish you in Every good * Work and Word.

CHAPTER III.

1 FINALLY, Brethren, pray for us, that the word of the Lord may run and be glorified, even as among you;

2 and that we may be delivered from PERVERSE and Vicious Men; for not all have the FAITH.

3 But ‡ Faithful is the LORD, who will establish and ‡guard you from the EVIL one.

4 And twe have confidence in the Lord concerning you, Because the things we command, *you both are doing, and will do.

5 And may the LORD direct Your HEARTS into the LOVE of GOD, and into the PATIENCE of the ANOINTED one.

6 Now we charge you, Brethren, in the Name of the Lord Jesus Christ, to withdraw from Every Brother who walks out of order, and not according to the INSTRUCTION which you received from us.

7 For you yourselves know thow you ought to imitate us; Because we were not disorderly among

και for nothing from any one,

and but in Toil and Weariness,

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—16. Christ Jesus.
17. Work and Word.
4. to you—omit.
4. you both did, and are doing, and will do.
6. of us—omit.
6. you received.

^{15. 1} Cor. xi. 2; 2 Thess. iii. 6.

16. 1 John iv. 10; Rev. 1. 5.

16. 1 Pet. i. 3.

17. 1 Cor. i. 3; 1 Thess. iii. 13; 1 Pet. v. 10.

18. 1 Cor. i. 3; 1 Thess. v. 25.

19. 1 Cor. i. 3; 1 Thess. v. 24.

19. 1 John xvii. 15.

19. 2 Cor. vii. 10; Gal. v. 10.

19. 1 Cor. ii. 17; 1 Tim. vi. 5; 2 John 10.

19. 1 Cor. iv. 10; xi. 1; 1 Thess. i. 6, 7.

μοχθφ, νυκτα και ήμεραν εργαζομενοι, προς το weariness, night and day working, in order that μη επιβαρησαι τινα ύμων. Ουχ ότι ουκ not to burden any of you. Not because not εχομεν εξουσιαν, αλλ' ίνα έαυτους τυπον δωwe have authority, but that ourselves a pattern we might μεν ύμιν εις το μιμεισθαι ήμας. 10 Και γαρ, give to you for the to imitate us. Indeed for, ότε ημεν προς ύμας, τουτο παραγγελλομεν you, this when we were with we announced ύμιν, ότι ει τις ου θελει εργαζεσθαι, μηδε to you, that if any one not wishes to work, ιτο γου.

11 Ακουομέν γαρ τινας περιπατουντας let him est.

We hear for some are walking εν υμιν ατακτως, μηδέν εργαζομένους, αλλα αποηχου outoforder, nathing working, but περιεργαζομενους. 12 Tois δε τοιουτοίς παραγ-To the now such like we combeing above work. γελλομεν και παρακαλουμεν δια του κυριου mand we cahort through the Lord *[ήμων] Ιησου Χριστου, ίνα μετα ήσυχιας [of ne] Jesus Anointed, that with quietness εργαζομενοι, τον έαυτων αρτον εσθιωσιν. working, the of themselves bread they may eat. 13 Υμεις δε, αδελφοι, μη εκκακησητε καλοποιthe of themselves bread You but, brethren, not should be remiss 14 Ει δε τις ουχ ύπακουει τφ λογφ
If hutanyone not bearkens to the word OUVTES. well. δια της επιστολης, τουτον σημειουσήμων of us by means of the letter, him pointyou $\theta \epsilon$ *[και] μη συναναμιγνυσθε αυτ φ , ένα εντραout; [and] not mixyou tugether with him, so that he may πη. Έκαι μη ώς εχθρον ηγεισθε, αλλα νουbe put to shame; and not as an enemy regard you, but ad-θετειτε ως αδελφον. Auτος δε δ κυριος της monich you as a bruther. Himself but the Lord of the ειρηνης δφη ύμιν την ειρηνην διαπαντος εν peace may give to you the peace always in παντι τροπώ· δ κυριος μετα παντων ύμων. 17 ·O way; the Lord with all of you. ασπασμος τη εμη χειρι Παυλου, δ εστι σημειον salutation by the my hand of Prul, which is a sign εν παση επιστολη· ούτω γραφω· 18 ή χαρ's του in every letter; thus I write; the favor of the κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα παντων ύμων. Lord ofus Jesus Agointed with all of you.

tworking Night and Day, so as not to BURDEN any of you;

9 1 Not Because we have no Authority, but that we might give Ourselves a Pattern for you to IMITATE

10 For also, when we were with you, This we commanded you, ‡ That if any one is not willing to work, neither let him eat.
11 For we hear of some

among you, ‡ walking out of order, not working, but being above work.

12 Now such we charge and exhort sby the Lord Jesus Christ, ‡ that, working with Quietness, they may eat THEIR OWN Bread.

13 But pou, Brethren, tshould not be remiss in doing well.

14 But if any one obey not our word by this LETTER, point him out, and # do not associate with him, so that he may be put to shame;

15 tand regard him not as an Enemy, ; but admonish him as a Brother.

16 1 Now may the LORD of PEACE himself give you PEACE always in every way. The LORD be with you all.

17 The SALUTATION of Paul, with MY OWN Hand, which is a Sign in Every Epistle; thus I write.

18 The FAVOR of our LORD Jesus Christ be with you all. *

*[Aμην.]

[So be it.]

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. -12. of us-omit. "5. in the Lord Jesus Unrise Subscription-Second to the Thessalonicans. and-omit. 18. So be it-omit. WRITTEN PROM ATHENS.

² S. Acts xviii. 3; xx. 34; 2 Cor. xi. 0; 1 Thess. ii. 9. 1 Cor. ix. 6; 1 Thess. ii. 6; 10. Gen. iii. 10; 1 Thess. iv. 11. 1 L. 1 Tim. v. 13; 1 Pet. iv. 15. 2 12. Eph. iv. ?8. 1 13; Gal. vi. 9. 114. Matt. xviii. 17; 1 Cor. v. 0, 11. 2 15. Lev. xix. 17; 1 Thess. v. 14. 1 15. Titus iii. 10. 2 10, Rom. xv. 33; xvi. 20; 1 Cor. xiv. 33; 2 Cor xiii. 11; 1 Thess. v. 23. 1 17. 1 Cor. xvi. 21; Col. iv. 18. 1 18. Rom. xvi. 24.

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ ΠΡΟΣ TIMO@EON ΠΡΩΤΗ. [ΠΑΥΛΟΥ] [AN EPISTLE] [OF PAUL] FIRST TO TIMOTHY.

KΕΦ. a'. 1. "

Ι Παυλος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, κατ an apostle of Jesus Anointed, according to επιταγην θεου, σωτηρος ήμων, και Χριστου an appointment of God, a savior of us, and Anointed ² Τιμοθεφ γνησιφ to Timothy a genuine Ιησου, της ελπιδος ήμων, Jesus, of the hope of us, τεκνω εν πιστει χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνη απο θεου child in faith; favor, mercy, peace from God πατρος * [ήμων,] και Χριστου Ιησου του κυριου [of us,] and Anointed Jesus the ήμων. of us.

3 Καθως παρεκαλεσα σε προσμειναι εν Εφεσφ, I entreated thee to remain in Ephesus, πορευομένος εις Μακεδονιαν, ίνα παραγγειλης that thou mayest charge Macedonia, departing for 4 μηδε προσεχειν τισι μη έτεροδιδασκαλειν, not other to teach, nor to hold to μυθοις και γενεαλογιαις απεραντοις, αίτινες which and genealogies endless, ζητησεις παρεχουσι μαλλον η οικονομιαν θεου disputes occasion rather than an administration of God την εν πιστει. 5 (το δε τελος της παραγγελιας (the now end that by faith; of the commandment εστιν αγαπη εκ καθαρας καρδιας και συνειδη-is love out of a pure heart and conscience σεως αγαθης και πιστεως ανυποκριτου. 6 ών good and faith unfeigned; which τινες αστοχησαντες, εξετραπησαν εις ματαιοturned aside to foolish having missed, λογιαν, 7 θελοντες ειναι νομοδιδασκαλοι, μη wishing not talking, to be law-teachers, ά μητε μητε λεγουσι, VOOUVTES TEPL understanding neither the things they say, nor concerning διαβεβαιουνται. 8 Οιδαμεν $\delta \epsilon$, $\delta \tau \iota$ but, that certain things they positively affirm. Weknow καλος δ νομος, εαν τις αυτφ νομιμώς χρηται, good the law, if one it lawfully 9 ειδως τουτο, δτι δικαιώ νομος ου κειται, that for a just one a law not is laid down, knowing this, δ€ και ανυποτακτοις, ασεβεσι ανομοις for lawless ones but for unruly ones, and for ungodly ones ανοσιοις άμαρτωλοις, кαι $\beta \epsilon \beta \eta \lambda o is$, και and for profane ones, and for impious ones ανδροφονοις, και μητραλωαις, πατραλωαις for smiters of fathers and for smiters of mothers, for man-killers, 10 πορνοις, αρσενοκοιταις, ανδραποδισταις, for fornicators, for sodomites, for man-stealers, ψευσταις, επιορκοις, και ει τι έτερον τη ύγιαιCHAPTER I.

1 Paul, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, ‡according to an Appointment of God our Savior, and of Christ Jesus our HOPE,

2 to Timothy, a Gennine Child in Faith ;- Favor, Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and Christ Je-

sus our Lord.

3 Remain still in Ephesus, as I entreated thee. I when departing for Macedonia, so that thou mayest charge some not I to teach

differently,
4 nor to hold to Fable and interminable Genealo. gies, ‡ which occasion Dis putes, rather than THAT *EDIFICATION of God by

Faith.

5 (Now the END of the COMMANDMENT is Love. from a Pure Heart, and a good Conscience, and an undissembled Faith;

6 which some having missed, turned aside to

Foolish talking;

7 desiring to be Law-expositors, neither under-standing what they are saying, nor certain things about which they positively affirm.

8 We know indeed That the LAW is excellent if

one use it lawfully;

9 Iknowing this, That a Law is not enacted for a Righteous man, but for the Lawless and Unruly, for the Ungodly and Sinners, for the Impious and Profane, for Smiters of fathers and Smiters of mothers, for Assassins,

10 for Fornicators, for Sodomites, for Man-stealers, for Liars, for Perjurers, and if there be any for liars, for oath-breakers, and if anything other to the being other thing that is opposed

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-THE FIRST OF TIMOTHY. 4. EDIFICATION.

² of us-omit.

^{† 1.} Acts ix. 15; Gal. i. 1, 11. † 3. Acts xx. 1, 3; Phil. ii. 24. † 5. Rom. xiii. 8-10; Gal. v. 14. Gal. iii. 19; v 23.

^{† 2.} Acts xvi. 1; 1 Cor. iv. 17; Phil. ii, 17; 1 Thess. iii. \(\text{\psi} \) 3. Gal. i. 6, 7; 1 Tim. vi. 3, 10. \(\text{\psi} \) 4. 1 Tim. vi. 4, 20. \(\text{\psi} \) 5. 2 Tim. ii. 22. \(\text{\psi} \) 8. Rom. vii. 12. \(\text{\psi} \) 4.

νουση διδασκαλια αντικειται, 11 κατα το εξα γ according to the glad teaching 1s opposed, γ ελιον της δοξης του μακαριου θ εου, δ επισtidings of the glory of the oblessed God, which was en-God, which was enτευθην εγω· 12 * [και] χαριν εχω τφ ενδυναμω-[and] give thanks 1 to the one having trusted with 1; σαντι με Χριστφ Ιησου τφ κυριφ ήμων, ότι empowered me Anointed Jesus the Lord of ns, because πιστον με ήγησατο, θεμενος εις διακονιαν, faithful me he regarded, placing into service, 13 τον προτερον οντα βλασφημον και διωκτην formerly being n defamer and a persecutor και $\dot{\nu}\beta\rho\iota\sigma\tau\eta\nu$ αλλ' $\eta\lambda\epsilon\eta\theta\eta\nu$, $\delta\tau\iota$ αγνοων and a violent person; but I received mercy, because being ignorant εποιησα εν απιστια, 14 ύπερεπλεονασε δε ή in unbelief superabounded χαρις του κυριου ήμων μετα πιστεως και αγα-favor of the Lord of us with faith and love love 15 Πιστος δ λογος, πης της εν Χριστφ Ιησου. of that in Anointed Jesus. True the word, και πασης αποδοχης αξιος, ότι Χριστος Ιησους reception worthy, that Anointed ηλθεν εις τον κοσμον άμαρτωλους σωσαι, ών sinners to save, of whom came into the world πρωτος ειμι εγω· 16 αλλα δια τουτο ηλεηθην, but through this I received mercy, ίνα εν εμοι πρωτφ ενδειξηται Ιησους Χριστος first might show forth Jesus Anointed that in me την πασαν μακροθυμιαν, προς ύποτυπωσιν των forbearance, for an example of those all μελλοντων πιστευειν επ' αυτώ εις ζωην αιωνιον. being about to believe on him for life age-lasting; ¹⁷ τω δε βασιλει των αιωνων, αφθαρτω, αορατ**φ**, to the now king of the ages, incorruptible, invisible, μονώ θεώ, τιμη και δοξα εις τους αιώνας των only God, honor and glory for the αιωνων αμην.) ao beit.) ages;

18 Ταυτην την παραγγελιαν παρατιθεμαι σοι» charge the I commit totheer τεκνον Τιμοθεε, κατα τας προαγουσας επι σε child O Timothy, according to the preceding in respect to thee προφητειας ίνα στρατευη εν αυταις την καλην prophecies that thou mayest war by them the στρατειαν, 19 εχων πιστιν και αγαθην συνειδηholding faith and good a consciσιν, ήν τινες απωσαμενοι, περι την πιστιν ence, which some having thrust away, concerning the faith

I to the WHOLESOME Doc-

trine;

11 according to the GLAD TIDINGS of the GLORY of the BLESSED God, t with which I was entrusted.

12 I give thanks to him who empowered me, Christ Jesus our LORD, Because he deemed Me faithful, # putting into Service

13 him twho was PRE-VIOUSLY a Defamer, and a Persecutor, and a Violent man; but I received mercy, # Because being ignorant I acted in Unbelief.

14 # But the FAVOR of our LORD superabounded, with THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

15 True is the WORD, and worthy of All Reception, That ‡ Christ Jesus came into the WORLD to save Sinners, of whom first am E.

16 But on this account \$1 received mercy, that in me, first, * Christ Jesus might exhibit ALL Forbearance for an Example of those being about to helieve on him in order to aionian Life.

17 ! Now to the KING of the AGES, the Incorruptible, the Invisible, the Only God, be Honor and Glory for the AGES of the AGES.

Amen.) 18 This CHARGE ‡ I commit to thee, O Child Timothy, according to the PRECEDING PROPHECIES concerning thee, that by them thou mayest carry on

the good Contest; 19 retaining Faith and a Good Conscience, which some having thrust away, concerning the FAITH * suffered Shipwreck;

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. And-omit. Shipwreck.

^{16.} Christ Jesus. 19. suffered

^{\$\}frac{1}{2}\$ 10. 1 Tim. vi. 3; 2 Tim. iv. 3; Titus i. 9; ii. 1.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 11. 1 Cor. ix. 17; Gal. ii. 7; Col.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2 Tim. ii. 1; Titus i. 3.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. 2 Cor. iii. 5, 6; iv. 1;
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Col. i. 25.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 13. Acts viii. 3; ix. 1; 1 Cor. xv. 0; Phil. iii. 6.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 13. Luke xxiii. 34;
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ John ix. 39, 41; Acts iii. 17; xxvi. 9.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 14. 1 Cor. xv. 10.
\$\frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Matt. ix. 13; Matt. ix. 14; Matt.

εναυαγησαν· 20 ών εστιν Ύμεναιος και Aλεξ-were shipwreck; of whom is Hymenius and Alexανδρος, ούς παρεδωκα τω σατανα, ίνα παιδευwhom I delivered up to the adversary, so that they might μη βλασφημειν. be taught not to revile.

KEΦ. β'. 2.

 1 Παρακαλω ουν πρωτον παντων ποιεισhetaαι I exhort therefore first of all to make εντευξεις, $\delta \epsilon \eta \sigma \epsilon is$, $\pi \rho o \sigma \epsilon v \chi \alpha s$, €υχαριστιας intercessions, supplications, prayers, thanksgivings supplications, prayers, ὑπερ παντων ανθρωπων. ² ὑπερ βασιλεων, και in behalf of all men, in behalf of kings, and παντων των εν αντων των εν ύπεροχη οντων· ίνα ήρεμον ofall ofthose in high station being; so that a trauquil και ήσυχιον βιον διαγωμέν εν παση ευσεβεια and quiet life we may lead in all piety 3 Τουτο *[γαρ] καλον και αποκαι σεμνοτητι. and seriousness. [for] good and δεκτον ενωπιον του σωτηρος ήμων θεου, 4 os ceptable in presence of the preserver of us God, παντας ανθρωπους θελει σωθηναι, και εις επιγwishes to be saved, and into an exact men 5 Είς γαρ θεος, είς και νωσιν αληθειας ελθειν. knowledge of truth to come. One for God, one and μεσιτης θεου και ανθρωπων, ανθρωπος Χριστος mediator of God and of men, a man Anointed Iησους, 6 δ δους έαυτον αντιλυτρον \mathring{v} περ πανJesus, he having given himself a ransom in behalf of *[το μαρτυριον] καιροις ιδιοις, ⁷ εις
[the testimony] for seasone own, forw forwhich ετεθην εγω κηρυξ και αποστολος, (αληθειαν was placed I a herald and an apostle, (trath $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$, ου ψευδομαι,) διδασκαλος εθνων εν πισ-I speak, not I speak falsely.) a teacher of nations in faith

τει και αληθεια. and in truth.

8 Βουλομαι ουν προσευχεσθαι τους ανδρας εν I direct therefore to pray the men παντι τοπφ, επαιροντας δσιους χειρας Xwpis place, lifting np holy hands without 9 'Ωσαυτως *[και τας] οργης και διαλογισμου. In the same way wrath and disputing. [and the] γυναικας εν καταστολη κοσμιφ, μετα αιδους becoming, with και σωφροσυνης, κοσμειν έαυτας, μη εν πλεγand soundness of mind, to adorn themselves, not with wreaths, μασιν, η χρυσφ, η μαργαριταις, η ίματισμφ gold, or pearls, or a garment πολυτελει, 10 αλλ', (δ πρεπει γυναιξιν επαγ-

but, (which is becoming for women nnderexpensive,

20 of whom are #Hymenius and Alexander; whom I ‡ delivered up to the ADVERSARY, that they may be taught not to blaspheme.

CHAPTER II.

I cxhort, therefore, first of all, to make Sup-plications, Prayers, Inter-cessions, and Thanksgivings in behalf of All Men;

2 tin behalf of Kings, and ALL who ARE in High station, so that we may lead a Tranquil and Quiet. Life in All Piety and Seriousness.

3 This is good and ‡ acceptable before God, our

SAVIOR,

4 t who desires All Men to be saved, ‡ and to come to an accurate Knowledge of the Truth.

5 ‡ For God is One, and there is t One Mediator of God and Men, that Man, Christ Jesus,

6 twho GAVE himself a Ransom in behalf of all,the TESTIMONY in its own Seasons;-

7 t for which I was appointed a Herald and an Apostle, (I speak Truth, I do not falsify,) a Teacher of Nations in *Faith and Truth.

8 1 appoint, therefore, the MEN to pray in every place, lifting up Holy Hands without Wrath and

Disputing.
9 In like manner, the women, also, in ‡ becoming Attire, with Modesty and soherness of mind, not decorating themselves with Wreaths, or Gold, or Pearls, or expensive Cloth-

10 but with good Works, which become Women un-

1 6. the TESTIMONY-omit.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 3. for-omit. 9. and the-omit. Spirit and Truth.

^{† 20. 2} Tim, ii. 17, 14. † 3. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Tim. v. 4. iii. 9. † 4. John xvii. 3; 2 Tim. ii. 25. † 5. Heb. viii. 6; ix, 15. Eph. ui. 7, 8; 2 Tim. i. 11. † 6. Matt. xx. 28; Mark x. 45; Eph. i. 7; Titus ii. 14. † 7. Titus ii. 14. † 7. Titus ii. 14. † 9. 1 Pet. iii. 3, 4.

γελομεναις θεοσεβειαν, δι' εργων αγαtaking worship of God, by means of works good.

θων. 11 Γυνη εν ήσυχια μανθανετω εν παση
Ανομα in quietness let learn with all'

ύποταγη. 12 Γυναικι δε διδασκειν ουκ επιτρεπω,
submission. Α woman but to teach not I permit,

ουδε αυθεντειν ανδρος, αλλ' ειναι εν ήσυχια.
ποτ to assume authority over a man, but to be in eileuce.

13 Αδαμ γαρ πρωτος επλασθη, ειτα Ευα. 14 Και

Adam for first was formed, there Eve. And Aδαμ ουκ ηπατηθη· $\dot{\eta}$ δε γυνη απατηθείσα, εν Adam not was deceived; the but woman having been deceived, in παραβασει γεγονε· 15 σωθησεται δε δια της transgression became; she will be preserved but through the $\tau \epsilon \kappa \nu \sigma \gamma \sigma \nu \iota \alpha s$, εαν $\mu \epsilon \iota \nu \omega \sigma \iota \nu \epsilon \nu \tau \iota \alpha s \alpha \tau \eta s$ child-bearing, if they shide in faith and love

και άγιασμώ μετα σωφροσυνης. with cobricty of mind. holiness КЕФ. γ'. 3. ¹ Πιστος δ λογος. Ει τις επισκοπης ορεγεται,
True the word; If any one an oversight longs after. καλου εργου επιθυμει. 2 Δει ουν τον επισκοexcellent a work he desires. It behaves then the πον ανεπιληπτον ειναι, μιας γυναικος ανδρα, unblamable to be, of one wife a husband, νηφαλιον, σωφρονα, κοσμιον, φιλοξενον, διδακorderly, hospitable, vigilant, sedate, τικον. 3 μη παροινον, μη πληκτην, αλλ' επιειnot a wine drinker, not astriker, teach; but geuκη, αμαχον, αφιλαργυρον· 4 του ιδιου οικου tle, not quarrelsome, not a lover of money; of the own καλως προισταμενον, τεκνα εχοντα εν ύποταγη presiding, children having in subjection μετα πασης σεμνοτητος· 5 (ει δε τις του ιδιου dignity; (if but any one of the own with οικου προστηναι ουκ οιδε, πως εκκλησιας θεου house to preside not knows, how a congregation of God επιμελησεται;) 6 μη νεοφυτον, ίνα μη τυφω-will he take care of?) not a new convert, so that not being $\theta \epsilon is \epsilon is \kappa \rho i \mu \alpha \epsilon \mu \pi \epsilon \sigma \eta \tau o \nu \delta i \alpha \beta o \lambda o \nu$ $7 \delta \epsilon i \delta \epsilon$ nuffed up into a judgment he may fall of the accuser; it behoves but αυτον και μαρτυριαν καλην εχειν απο των εξωhim also a testimony good to have from those θεν, ίνα μη εις ονειδισμον εμπεση και παγιδα side, so that not into reproach he may fall and του διαβολου. of the accuser.

dertaking the worship of God.

11 Let a Woman learn in Quietness with All Submission;

12 for ‡ I lo not permit a Woman to teach, ‡ or to assume authority over a Man, but to be quiet;

13 for ‡ Adam was formed first, and then Eve.

14 And ‡ Adam was not deceived; but the WOMAN having been * deceived, became a Transgressor;

15 but she shall be preserved throughout CHILD-BEARING, if they abide in Faith, and Love, and Holiness, with Sobriety of mind.

CHAPTER III.

1 This saying is True, If any one longs after an Overseer's office, he desires an Excellent Work.

2 † The OVERSEER then must be irreproachable, a Husband of One Wife, vigilant, sedate, orderly, hospitable, † fit to teach;

3 ‡ not a wine-drinker, no striker, but gentle, not quarrelsome, ‡ not a lover of money;

4 presiding well over his own Family, thaving the Children in Subjection with All Dignity;

5 (but if any one knows not how to preside over his own Family, how can he take care of a Congrega tion of God?)

6 Not a New convert, lest being puffed up, he may incur the Judgment of the ENEMY.

7 And he must even have a good Testimony from THOSE WITHOUT, that he may not fall into reproach and I a Snare of the ENEMY.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. wholly deceived.

^{† 12. 1} Cor. xiv. 34. † 12. Eph. v. 24. † 13. Gen i. 27; ii. 18, 22; 1 Cor. xi. 8, 9. † 14. Gen, iii. 6; 2 Cor. xi. 3. 1. Acts xx. 28; Phil. i. 1. † 2. Titus. i. 6, &c. † 2. 2 Tim. ii. 24. † 3. Titus i. 7. † 3. 1 Pet. v. 2. † 4. Titus 6. † 7. 2 Tim. ii. 20.

8 Διακονους ώσαυτως σεμνους, μη διλογους, Servants in like manner dignified, not two-worded, μη οινφ πολλφ προσεχοντας, μη αισχροκερnot to wine much heing addicted, not eager for base δεις, 9 εχοντας το μυστηριον της πιστεως εν holding the secret of the faith 10 Και ούτοι δε δοκιμαζεσκαθαρα συνειδησει. a pure conscience. Also these but let be proved θωσαν πρωτον, ειτα διακονειτωσαν, ανεγκλητοι then let aerve, nnblamable 11 Γυναικας ώσαυτως σεμνας, μη δια-OVTES. being. in like manner serious, Women not 12 Διακοβολους, νηφαλιους, πιστας εν πασι. faithful in all things. cusers, vigilant, Servants νοι εστωσαν μιας γυναικος ανδρες, **ΤΕΚΥων** let be of one wife a husband, children 13 Of καλως προισταμενοι και των ιδιων οικων. presiding over and of the own houses. Those γαρ καλως διακονησαντες, βαθμον έαυτοις having served, a standing for themselves bonor_ λον περιποιουνται, και πολλην παρδησιαν εν and able they acquire, much confidence 14 Ταυτα σοι γραπιστει τη εν Χριστω Ιησου. These thingstothee faith in that in Anointed Jesua. φω, ελπιζων ελθειν προς <math>σε ταχιον. 15εαν δεwrite, hoping to come thee very soon; if but to ειδης, Βραδυνω, ίνα $\pi\omega s$ $\delta \epsilon i = \epsilon \nu o i \kappa \omega \theta \epsilon o \nu$ I should delay, that thou may est know, how it behoves in a house of God αναστρεφεσθαι, ήτις εστιν εκκλησια θεου ζωνis a congregation of God to conduct thyself, which 16 Στυλος και εδραιωμα της αλη θ ειας και TOS. basis of the ing. A pillar and truth and όμολογουμενως μεγα εστι το της ευσεβειας confessedly great ia the of the μυστηριον· *'Os εφανερωθη εν σαρκι, εδικαιωθη Who was manifested in flesh, secret; was justified $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau i$, $\omega \phi \theta \eta$ $\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \sigma i s$, $\epsilon \kappa \eta \rho \nu \chi \theta \eta$ was seen by messengers, was proclaimed among εθνεσιν, επιστευθη εν κοσμώ, ανεληφθηwas believed among a world, was taken up nations, δοξη. glory.

КЕФ. 3'. 4.

1 Το δε πνευμα ρητως λεγει, ότι εν ύστεροις
The but spirit expressly says, that in subsequent
καιροις αποστησονται τινες της πιστεως, προσseasona will fall away some from the faith, adτχοντες πνευμασι πλανοις και διδασκαλιαις
bering to spirits wandering and to teachings

8 ‡ Assistants in like manner ought to be serious, not deceitful in speech, ‡ not being addicted to much Wine, not eager for base gain;

9 holding the SECRET of the FAITH with a Pure

Conscience.

10 But let These also be proved first, then let them serve, being unblamable.

11 ‡Let the Women in like manner be serious, not accusers, vigilant, faithful

in all things.

12 Let Assistants be Husbands of One Wife, presiding well over their own Families.

13 For those having served well, acquire for themselves an honorable Station, and Much Confidence in that Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

14 These things I write to Thee, hoping to come to

thee very soon;

15 but if I should delay, so that thou mayest know how to conduct thyself in ‡ God's House, which is a Congregation of the living

God.

16 † A Pillar and Foundation of the TRUTH, and confessedly great, is the SECRET of PIETY; ‡*He who was manifested in Flesh, was justified in Spirit, was seen by Messengers, was proclaimed among Nations, was believed on in the World, was taken up in Glory.

CHAPTER IV.

1 But the SPIRIT ‡ expressly says, That in subsequent Seasons, some wil apostatize from the FAITH, giving heed to ‡ deceitful Spirits, and ‡ to Teachings of Demons;

^{*} ALEX. Ms.—It is doubtful whether this word was originally O∑ who, or Θ∑ God.

^{† 16.} This is according to the pointing of Griesbach. Nearly all the ancient MSS., and all the versions have "He who," instead of "God," in this passage. This has been adopted, The latter reading, however, is also according to the analogy of the faith, and well supported.

^{† 8.} Acts vi. 3. † 18. Lev. x. 9. † 11. Titus ii, 3. † 15. Eph. ii. 21, 22; 2 Tim. ii. 20. † 16. John i. 14; 1 John i. 2. † 1. John xvi. 13; 2 Thess. ii. 3; 2 Tim. iii. 1; 2 Pet. iii. 3. † 1. 2 Tim. iii. 13; 2 Pet. ii. 1. † 1. Dan. xi. 35, 37, 38, Itev. ix. 20.

δαιμονιων, ² εν ύποκρισει ψευδολογων, κεκαυ-of demons, by bypoerisy uffalse-speakers, having τηριασμενων την ιδιαν συνειδησιν, 3 κωλυοντων been cauterized the own conscience, γαμειν, απεχεσθαι βρωματων, ά δ θεος εκτι-

to marry, to abstain . from foods, which the God created σεν εις μεταληψιν μετα ευχαριστιας τοις πισ-for a partaking of with thankagiving by the faithful

4' Οτι παν τοις και επεγνωκοσι την αληθειαν. ones and they have known the truth.

κτισμα θεου καλον, και ουδεν αποβλητον, μετα creature of God good, and nothing cast away,

ευχαριστιας λαμβανομενον. 5 άγια (εται γαρ δια thanksgiving being received; it is sanctified forthrough 6 Ταυτα ύποτιθεμελογου θεου και εντευξεως. a word of God and of prayer. These thinge setting forth

νος τοις αδελφοις, καλος εση διακονος Ιησου to the brethren, good thou wilt be a servant of Jesus

Χριστου, εντρεφομενος τοις λογοις της πιστεως being nourished with the words of the

και της καλης διδασκαλιας, ή παρηκολουθηand of the good teaching, which thou hast closely 7 Tous $\delta \in \beta \in \beta \eta \lambda ous$ kai $\gamma \rho a \omega \delta \in \beta \omega \theta ous$ The hut profane and old women fables ĸas. followed.

παραιτου γυμναζε δε σεαυτον προς ευσεβειαν. do thou avoid; discipline but thyself for piety. δ'Η γαρ σωματικη γυμνασια προς ολιγον εστιν The for bodily discipline for alittle

οφελιμος· ή δε ευσεβεια προς παντα ωφελιμος profitable; the hut piety for all things

εστιν, επαγγελιαν εχουσα ζωης της νυν και having of life of the now a promise

9 Πιστος δ λογος και πασης της μελλουσης. of that about coming. True the word and 10 Eis Touto *[Kal] αποδοχης αξιος. γαρ

acceptance worthy. In order to thie ior [also] κοπιωμεν και ονειδιζομεθα, ότι ηλπικαμεν επι we toil and are reproached, because we have hoped in

 $\theta \in \varphi$ ($\omega \vee \tau_i$, $\delta s \in \sigma \tau_i$ $\sigma \omega \tau \eta \rho \pi \alpha \vee \tau \omega \vee \alpha \vee \theta \rho \omega \pi \omega \vee$, and $\delta v \in \varphi$ of all men, Gnd living,

11 Παραγγελλε ταυτα και μαλιστα πιστων. especially of believers. Do thou enjoin these things and

διδασκε. 12 Μηδεις σου της νεοτητος καταφροthee the youth Nuone do thou teach. let despise,

νειτω, αλλατυπος γινου των πιστων εν λογφ, but a pattern hecome thou of the believers in word,

εν αναστροφη, εν αγαπη, εν πιστει, εν άγνεια.

n conduct, in love, in faith, in purity. purity.

2 [misled] by the ! Hypocrisy of false teachers; whose own † Conscience has been seared;

3 forbidding t marriage, and the use of Foods which God created in order to be partaken of with Thanksgiving by the BELIEVERS, even by those who have recognized this TRUTH;-

That # Everything Created by God tis good, and nothing is to be rejected, being received with

Thanksgiving;

5 since it is sanctified through the Command of

God, and by Prayer.

6 Setting forth These things before the BRETH-BEN, thou wilt be a Good Servant of * Christ Jesus, timbued with the WORDS of the FAITH, and the GOOD Teaching which thou hast closely followed.

7 But Lavoid PROFANE and Silly Fables, and train

thyself for Piety;

8 for BODILY Training is profitable for a little; but PIETY is profitable for all things, ‡ having a Promise of the PRESENT Life, and of THAT which is FUTURE.

9 This SAYING is True, and worthy of All Recep-

10 For on this account, we toil and * are re-proached, Because we hope in the living God, ‡ who is a Preserver of All Men, especially of Believers.

11 These things enjoin

and teach.

12 Let no one despise Thy YouTH; but 1 become a Pattern of the BELIEV-ERS, in Word, in Conduct, in Love, in Faith, in Purity.

10. also-omit.

10. earn-

[·] ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. Christ Jesus. tstly strive.

^{† 4.} for this purpose, or for food, or for being partaken of-ver. 3.

^{1 2.} Matt. vii, 15; Rom. vvi, 18; 2 Pet. ii, 3. 1 2. Eph. iv, 19. 1 3. Heb. xlii, 4. 3. Rom. xiv, 3. 1 4. Rom. xiv, 14, 20; 1 Cor. x. 25. 2 Tim. ii, 14, 15. 1 7. 1 Tim. i. 4; vi, 20; 2 Tim. ii, 10, 23; iv, 4; Titus i. 16. 1 1 Tim. vi, 6. 1 8. Psa. xxxvii, 4; lxxxiv, 11; cxii, 2, 3; cxlv, 10; Matt. vi, 23; xix, 4 Mark x. 20 Rom. viii, 28. 1 1 C. Job vii, 20; Psa. xxxvii, 6. 1 2 Titus ii, 7

13 Έως ερχομαι, προσεχε τη αναγνωσει, τη attend thou to the reading, I come, 14 Mn παρακλησει, τη διδασκαλια. αμελει to the teaching. Not be thoung lectful του εν σοι χαρισματος, δ εδοθη σοι δια endowment, watch was given to thee through prophφητειας, μετα επιθεσεως των χειρων του πρεσof the hands of the laying on ¹⁵ Ταυτα μελετα, εν τουτοις ισθι βυτεριου. These things do thou care for, in these things be thou; ίνα σου ή προκοπη φανερα η €ν πασιν. manifest may be in all things. so that of thee the progress 16 Επεχε σεαυτώ, και τη διδασκαλιά επιμενε Attend thou to thyself, and to the teaching; continue thou και τους ακουοντας σου. and those hearing

autols' τουτο γαρ ποιων, και σεαυτον σωσεις in them; this for doing, both thyself them wilt save KE Φ , ϵ' , 5. 1 Πρεσβυτερώ μη επιπληξης, αλλα παρακαnot thou mayest chide, but An elderly man νεωτερους, ώς αδελφους. λει ώς πατερα a father; younger men, πρεσβυτερας, ώς μητερας νεωτερας, ώς αδελelderly women, as mothers; younger women, as sisφας, εν παση άγνεια. 3 Χηρας τιμα, τας οντως purity. Widows honor, those really ters, in all 4 Ει δε τις χηρα τεκνα η εκγονα εχει, ynoas. If but any widow children or grandchildren has, μανθανετωσαν πρωτον τον ιδιον οικον ευσεβειν, own house to be dutiful, let them be taught first the και αμοιβας αποδιδοναι τοις προγονοις τουτο and a recompense to render to the progenitors; 5 'H γαρ εστιν αποδεκτον ενωπιον του θεου. acceptable in presence of the God. for δε οντως χηρα και μεμονωμενη ηλπικεν ε**πι το**ν but really a widow and having beculeft alone he hoped in θ εον, και προσμενει ταις δεησεσι και ταις προσ-God, and continues in the supplications and in the ευχαις νυκτος και ἡμερας 6 ή δε σπαταλωσα, ers night and day; she but luxuriously, ⁷ Και ταυτα παραγγελλε, ίνα ζωσα τεθνηκε. And these things has died. enjoin, so that ανεπιληπτοι ωπιν. 8 Ει δε τις των ιδιων, καιunblamable ones they may be. If butany one for those of own, and μαλιστα των οικειων, ου προνοει, την πιστιν especially of the household, not provides, the

13 Till 1 come, attend to the READING, to the EXHORTING, to the TEACH-ING

14 †Neglect not that ENDOWMENT in thee, which was imparted to thee through Prophecy, with Imposition of the

HANDS of the ELDERSHIP. 15 Make These things thy care; be occupied in them; so that Thy Pro-GRESS may be manifest in all things.

16 ‡ Attend to thyself and to the TEACHING; continue in them; for by doing this thou wilt save both Thyself, and ‡ THOSE

OTT A DOUBLE AT

who HEAR thee.

CHAPTER V.

1 Chide t not an Elderly man, but exhort him as a Father; Younger men, as Brothers;

2 Elderly women as Mothers, Younger women as Sisters, in all Purity.

3 Support THOSE Widows who are really Widows

4 But if Any Widow has Children or Grand-children, let these be taught first to be dutiful to their OWN Family, ‡ and to render proper returns to their PROGENITORS; for this is acceptable in the sight of God.

5 ‡ Now she who is really a widow, and having been left alone, hopes in God, and continues in supplications and prayers Night and Day;

6 But 1 SHE, living in SELF-INDULGENCE, is

dead.

7 ‡ And enjoin these things, so that they may be unblamable.

8 But if any one provide not for his own relatives, ‡ and especially for *his Family, he has denied the

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. his Family.

^{† 14. 2} Tim, i. 6. † 16. Acts xx. 28. † 16. James v. 20. † 4. Gen. xlv. 10, 11; Matt. xv. 4; Eph. vi. 1, 2. † 5. 1 Cor. vi. 32. † 7. 1 Tim. i. 3; iv. 11; vi. 17. † 8. Isa. lviii. 7; Gal. vi. 10.

9 Xnoa ηρνηται, και εστιν απιστου χειρων. and is an unbeliever A widow καταλεγεσθω μη ελαττον ετων εξηκοντα γεγοhaving less ofyears sisty let be enrolled not νυια, ένος ανδρος γυνη, 10 εν εργοις καλοις μαρbecome, of one husband a wife, by works being τυρουμενη ει ετεκνοτροφησεν, ει εξενοδοχηattested; if shereared a family, if shereceived σεν, ει άγιων ποδας ενιψεν, ει θλιβομενοις

σεν, ει άγιων ποδας ενιψεν, ει θλιβομενοις strangers, if of holy ones feet she mashed, if afflicted ones ϵ πηρκεσεν, ει παντιεργφαγαθφ επηκολουθησε.

she relieved, if every work good she closely followed.

11 Νεωτερας δε χηρας παραιτου δταν γαρκατασYounger but widows reject; when for they may

τρηνιασωσι του Χριστου, γαμειν θελουσιν·
be wauton towards the Anointed, to marry they wish;

 12 εχουσαι κριμα, δτι την ποωτην πιστιν having condemnation, because the heat fidelity ηθετησαν 13 άμα δε και αργαι μανθανουσι

they violated; at the same time and also idle ones they tear a περιερχομένοι τας οικίας ου μονον δε αργαί,

περιερχομενοι τας οικιας ου μονον δε αργαί, to go about the houses; not only but idle ones,

αλλα και φλυαροι και περιεργοι, λαλουσαι τα
but also praters and busybudies, speaking the things

μη δεοντα. 14 Βουλομαι ουν νεωτερας γαμειν, and proper, I wish therefore younger ones to marry,

τεκνογονειν, οικοδεσποτειν, μηδεμιαν αφοριην to bear shildree, to keep house, no opportunity διδονα: τφ αντικειμενφ λοιδοριας χαριν. 15 Ηδη

to give to the opposent of reproach of account. Already
γας τινες εξετραπησαν οπισω του σατανα. 16 Ει
for some turned aside after the adversary. If

τις $[\pi\iota\sigma\tau os\ \eta]$ $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\eta$ εχει χηραs, επαρκειτω any [believing man or] helieving woman has widows, let such support

αυταις, και μη βαρεισθω ή εκκλησια, ίνα ταις them, and not let burden the congregation, co that those

οντως χηραις επαρκεση. 17 Οί καλως προεστωreally widows may be relieved. The well presid-

τες πρεσβυτεροι διπλης τιμης αξιουσθωσαν double honor let be esteemed worthy;

μαλιστα οἱ κοπιωντες εν λογφ και διδασκαλια.

σεις και αξιος δ εργατης του μισθου αύτου.
muzzle; and; worthy the laborer of the hire of himself.

TAITH, and is worse than an Unbeliever.

9 Let not a Widow be enrolled less than sixty Years old, ‡having been a Wife of One Husband,

10 well reputed for good Works; whether she has reared a family, or tentertained strangers, or twashed the Saints' Feet, or relieved the Afflicted, or closely followed Every good Work.

Il But reject Younger Widows, for when they become wanton against the Anointed one-they wish to marry;

12 incurring Condemnation, Because they have violated their FIRST Fideli-

ty.
13 ‡And at the same time also, they learn to be idlers, gadding about to the houses; and not only idlers, but also Praters and Busybodies, speaking IM-PROPER THINGS.

14 ‡ I desire, therefore, the Younger Widows to marry to bear children, to keep house, ‡ to give No Opportunity to the oppo-NENT for reproach;

15 since some have already turned aside after the ADVERSARY.

16 If any believer of either sex have Widows, let such support them, and let not the congregation be burdened, so that it may relieve triose who are really Widows.

17 Let the ELDERS who PRESIDE well the esteemed worthy of Double Honor, especially THOSE who TOIL in Word and Teaching;

υ φιμωthou shalt says, ‡"Thou shalt not "muzzle an Ox threshing;" and, ‡"The LABORER is worthy of his REWARD."

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. believing man, or -omit.

^{2 0. 1} Tim. iii. 2. 2 10. Acts xvi. 15; Heb. xiii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 9. 10. John xiii. 5, 14. 1 Tim. 2 14. 1 Cor. vii. 9. 2 14. 1 Tim. vi. 1; Titus ii. 8, 1 10. verses 3, 5. 1 17. Rom. xii. 8; 1 Cor. ix. 10, 14; Gal. vi. 0; Phil. ii. 29; 1 Thess. v 12, 18; Heb. xiii. 7, 17. 2 17. Acts xxviii. 10 1 18. Deut xxv. 4; 1 Cor. ix. 9. 18. Lev. xix. 13; Deut. xxiv. 14, 15; Matt. x. 10; Luke x. 7.

19 Κατα πρεσβυτερου κατηγοριαν μη παραδε-Against an elder an accusation not do thou χου, εκτος ει μη επι δυο η τρίων μαρτυρων. receive, without if not by two or three witnesses. 20 Tous άμαρτανοντας, ενωπιον παντων ελεγχε, in presence of all reprove thou, sinning ones, ίνα και οί λοιποι φοβον εχωσι. so that also the remainder fear may have.

 21 Διαμαρτυρομαι ενωπιον του θεου και * [κυ-I solemnly enjoin in presence of the God and [Lord] οιου Ιησου Χριστου και των εκλεκτων αγγε-Jesus Anointed and of the chosen λων, ίνα ταυτα φυλαξης χωρις προκριματος sengers, that these things thou mayest keep without prejudice 22 Xeipas $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon\nu$ ποιων κατα προσκλισιν. nothing doing by partiality. Hands ταχεως μηδενι επιτιθει μηδε κοινωνει αμαρτιαις hastily to no one do thou put and not do thou share in sine αλλοτριαις. Σεαυτον άγνον τηρει. 23 Μηκετι with others. Thyself pure do thou keep. Nolonger ύδροποτει, αλλ' οινφ ολιγφ χρω he thou a water-drinker, but wine a little do thou use on account of τον στομαχον *[σου] και τας πυκνας σου the stomach of thee] and the frequent of thee 24 Τινων ανθρωπων αι άμαρτιαι ασθενειας. weaknesses. Ofsome men the sins προδηλοι εισι, προαγουσαι εις κρισινο τισι δε previously manifest are, beforeleading to judgment; in some but ²⁵ 'Ωσαυτως και τα καλα κάι επακυλουθουσιν. indeed they follow after. In like manner also the good εργα προδηλα εστι και τα αλλως εχοντα, works previously manifest are; and the things otherwise κρυβηναι ου δυναται. to be hidden not are able.

КЕФ. s'. 6.

1 Oσοι εισιν ύπο ζυγον δουλοι, τους ιδιους As many as are under a yoke slaves, the own δεσποτας πασης τιμης αξιους ἡγεισθωσαν, ίνα masters of all honor worthy let them eaterm, that μη το ονομα του θεου και ἡ διδασκαλια βλασnot the name of the God and the teaching may be $\phi\eta\mu\eta\tau\alpha\iota$. 2Oi $\delta\epsilon$ $\pi\iota\sigma\tau\sigma\upsilons$ $\epsilon\chi\sigma\upsilon\tau\epsilon s$ $\delta\epsilon\sigma\tau\sigma\tau\alpha s$, reviled. Those and believing having masters, μη καταφρονειτωσαν, ότι αδελφοι εισιν· αλλα not let them disregard, because brethren they are; but μαλλον δουλευετωσαν, ότι πιστοι εισι και rather let them eerve, because believing ones they are and αγαπητοι οί της ευεργεσιας αντιλαμβανομενοι. beloved ones who of the well-doing are recipients. 3 E1 Ταυτα διδασκε, και παρακαλει.
These things do thou teach, and do thou exhort. TIS If any one έτεροδιδασκαλει, και μη προσερχεται ύγιαι-

and not

teach differently,

19 Against an Elder receive not an Accusation. in any case, without Two or Three Witnesses.

20 * But ‡ THOSE who SIN reprove before all, so that the REST also may

fear.

21 ‡ I solemnly enjoin thee in the presence of God and of * Christ Jesus, and of the CHOSEN Messengers, that thou keep These things without prejudice, doing Nothing by Partiality.

22 ‡ Lay Hands hastily on no one, ‡ and be not a partaker in Others' Sins:

keep Thyself pure.

23 (Be no longer a Water-drinker, but use a little Wine on account of thy STOMACH, and thy FREQUENT Weaknesses.)

24 The sins of some Men are previously manifest, leading on to Judgment; but in some, indeed, they follow after.

25 * And so DEEDS also are previously manifest, and THOSE which ARE OTHERWISE cannot be concealed.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Let as many # Bondservants as are under a Yoke, esteem their own Masters as worthy of All Honor; that the NAME of God and the TEACHING may not be reviled.

2 And let not THOSE HAVING Believing Masters disregard them, ‡Because they are Brethren; but rather serve, Because they are Believers and Beloved. who are RECIPIENTS of the BENEFIT. These things teach and exhort.

3 If any one tteach differently, and assent not to

heing

assents to

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 20. But THOSE. 21. Lord-omit. 21. Christ 25. And so good deeds also. 23. of thee-omit.

^{† 20.} Gal. ii. 11, 14; Titus i. 18. † 21. 1 Tim. vi. 13; 2 Tim. ii. 14; iv. 1. † 22. Acts vi. 6; xiii. 3; 1 Tim. iv. 14; 2 Tim. i. 6. † 22. 2 John 11. † 24. Gal. v. 19. † 1. Eph. vi. 5; Col. iii. 22; Titus ii. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 18. † 1. Isa. lij. 5; Rom. ii. 24; Titus ii. 5, 8. † 2. Col. iv. 1. † 2. 1 Tim. iv. 11. 18. 1 Tim. i. 3.

νουσ: λογοις τοις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου aound in words in those of the Lord of us Jesus Χριστου, και τη κατ' ευσεβιαν διδασκαλια· Auointed, and to that according to piety teaching;

 4 τετυφωται, μηδεν επισταμενος, αλλα νοσων he is purfed up, oothing being versed in, but being sick περι (ητησεις και λογοιραχίας, εξ ών γινεται about questions and strifes of words, onto fiwhich arises φθονος, ερις, βλασφημιαι, ύπουνοιαι πονηραι, envy, strife, evil-speakings, suspicions wicked,

5 διαπαρατριβαι διεφθαρμενών ανθρώπων τον wranglings having been corrupted of men the εουν, και απεστερημενων της αληθειας, νομιζονx - supposmind, and having been devoid of the truth, των πορισμον ειναι την ευσεβειαν. [Aφισing gain to be the piety. 6 Εστι δε « γρισμος τασο απο των τυιουτων. thyself from of the such ones.] It is but Ouder μεγας ή ευσεβεια μετα αυταρκειας.
great the piety with a competency. Nothing γαρ εισηνεγκαμεν εις τον κοσμον *[δηλον,] for we brought into the world; [evident] $\delta \tau$ ι ουδε εξενεγκειν τι δυναμεθα. * ϵ Εχοντες δε chat neither to carrry outanything are we able. Having and διατροφας και σκεπασματα, τουτοις αμκεσθη-

διατροφας και σκεπασματα, τουτοις αμκεσθηfoods and coverings, with these things we shall be
σομεθα. 9 Οξ δε βουλομενοι πλουτείν, εμπιπsatisfied. Those but wishing to be rich, fall
τουσιν εις πειρασμον και παγιδα, και επιθυμιας

into a temptation and a snare, and desires π order to a temptation and a snare, and desires π order to a π order to a

¹⁰ 'Ριζα γαρ παυτων των κακων εστιν ή φιλαρ-A rout for of all of the evils is the γυρια: ής τινες ορεγομενοι απεπλανηθησαν απο money; which some longing after wandered της πιστεως, και έαυτους περιεπειραν οδυναις the faith, and themselves proven a $\pi \circ \lambda \lambda \alpha i s$. If $\Sigma v \delta \epsilon$, $\omega \alpha v \theta \rho \omega \pi \epsilon * [\tau o v] \hat{\nu} \epsilon \circ v$, for the $\sigma \circ \lambda \lambda \alpha i s$. and themselves pierced around with sorrows π o $\lambda\lambda\alpha\iota s$. Thou but, O man [of the] many. ταυτα φευγε διωκε δε δικαιοπυνην, ευπεthese things thee; pursue thou and righteousness, piety, βειαν, πιστιν, αγαπην, ύποιουην, πραστητα· love, patience, meekness; faith,

12 αγωνιζου τυν καλον αγωνα της πιστεως, επιcontest thou the good contest of the faith, do thou λαβου της αιωνίου ζωης, εις ην εκληθης, lay hold of the age-lasting life, for which thou wast called out, και ωμολογησας την καλην δμολογιαν ενωπιον and thou didst confess the good confession in presence 13 Παραγγελλω σοι ενωπολλων μαρτυρων. ofmany witnesses. I charge thee in $\pi_{10}\nu$ του $\theta \epsilon_{0}$ υ, του ζωοποιουντος τα παντα, presence of the God, of that making alive the things

THOSE Sound Words of our LORD Jesus Christ, and to that TEACHING which is according to Piety,

4 he is puffed up, being master of Nothing, but is distracted about ‡ Questions and Verbal contentions, out of which arise Envy, Strife, Revilings, evil Suspicions,

5 Wranglings of Men corrupted in MIND, and destitute of the TRUTH, ‡ supposing PIETY to be

GAIN.

6 But frety with a Competency is great Gain.
7 For we brought Nothing into the world, and it is evident that we are not able to carry anything out;

3 and Thaving supplies of Food and Clothing, with These let us be satisfied.

2 But \$\pmonth\$those wishing to be rich fall into a Temptation, and a Snare, and into many foolish and injurious Desires, which sink Men into Destruction and utter Ruin;

10 ffor a Root of All kinds of Evil is the LOVE OF MONEY; which some longing after, wandered from the FAITH, and pierced Themselves around with many Sorrows.

11 that thou, O Man of God! flee from these things, and pursue Righteousness, Piety, Faith, Patience, Love, Meckness.

12 ‡ Maintain the GOOD Contest of the FAITH; † lay hold of AIONIAN Life, for which thou wast called out, and didst confess the GOOD Confession in the presence of Many Witnesses.

13 I charge thee in the presence of THAT GOD who ; makes alive ALL things,

^{*} Alexandrian Manuscrift.—5. From such withdraw thyself—omit. 7. evident -omit. 11. of the—omit.

^{† 4. 1} Tim. i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus iii. 9. † 5. Titus i. 11; 2 Pet. ii. 3. † 0. Psa. xxxvii. 16; Prov. xv. 10. † 8. Heb. xiii. 5. † 9. Prov. xv. 27; Matt. xiii. 22; James v. 1. † 10. Exod. xxiii. 8; Deut. xvi. 10. † 11. 2 Tim. ii. 22. † 12. 1 Cocix. 25, 26; 1 Tim. i. 18; 2 Tim. iv. 7. † 12. Phil. iii. 12, 14; verse 19. † 13. John v. 21.

και Χριστου Ιησου, του μαρτυρησαντος επι 34 TY-Ποντιου Πιλατου την καλην δμολογια»; Pilate the good confession. ρησαι σε την εντολην ασπιλον, ανεπιληπτου, teep thee the commandment spotless, blameless, μεχρι της επιφανείας του κυρίου ήμων Ιησου till the appearance of the Lord of us Jesus Χριστου, ¹⁵ ήν καιροις ιδιοις δειξει ό μακαρι**ος** Χριστου, 15 ην καιροις with the blessed Anointed, which in seasons own he will show the blessed και μονος δυναστης, δ βασιλευς των βασιλευand only Potentate, the king of those being οντων και κυριος των κυριευοντων, ¹⁶ δ μονος kings and Lord of those being lords, the only Lord of those being lords, εχων αθανασιαν, φως οικων απροσιτον, δυ ειδεν enchaving deathlessness, light dwelling in inaccessible, whom saw ουδεις ανθρωπων, ουδε ιδειν δυναται ή τιμη nor to see is able; to whom honor of men, και κρατος αιωνιον· αμην.
and might age-lasting; so be it.

Το Τοις πλουσιοις εν τω νυν αιωνί, παραγποτικου πich ones in the present age, do than γελλε μη ψηλοφρονειν, μηδε ηλπικεναι επι charge not to be high-minded, nor to have considence in πλουτου αδηλοτητί, αλλ' εν τω θεω * [τω wealth uncertain, but in the God [the ξωντί,] τω παρεχοντί ήμιν παντα πλουσιως εις μίνιας,] in that offering to us all things richly for απολαυσιν 1S αγαθοεργειν, πλουτειν εν εργοις enjoyment; to work good, to be rich in works καλοις, ευμεταδοτους ειναι, κοινωνικους, 19 αποραυριζοντας έαυτοις θεμελιον καλον εις το aring up for themselves foundation good for the μελλον, ένα επιλαβωνται της οντως ζωης. future, so that they may lay hold of that really life.

²⁰ Ω Τιμοθεε, την παραθηκην φυλαξον, εκο Timothy, the trust guard thon, avoidτρεπομενος τας βεβηλους κενοφωνίας και αντιing the profame empty sounds and oppoβεσεις της ψευδωνυμου γνωσεως. ²¹ ήν τινες
sitions of the falsely-named knowledge; which some
επαγγελλομενοι, περι την πιστιν ηστοχησαν.
having professed, concerning the faith missed the mark

'H xapes meta oov.
The favor with thee.

and THAT Christ Jesus, twho TESTIFIED to Pontius Pilate the GOOD Confession;

14 that thou keep the COMMANDMENT, being spotless, blameless, ‡ till the APPEARANCE of our LORD Jesus Christ:

15 which in his own Season that beesed and only Potentate will exhibit,—‡ the King of kings, and Lord of lords,—

16 the only one possessing Immortality, inhabiting Light inaccessible; twhom no one of Men has seen, nor is able to see; to whom be Honor and Mightaionian. Amen.

17 Charge THOSE RICH in the PRESENT Age not to be high-minded, nor to confide in Wealth tso uncertain, but in THAT GOD two INFARTS to US ALL things richly for Enjoyment;—

18 to do good, to be rich in good Works, to be liberal, willing to bestow;

19 treasuring up for themselvesagoodFoundation for the FUTURE, that they may lay hold of that which is REALLY Life.

20 O Timothy! tguard THAT INTRUSTED to thee, turning away from the PROFANE, Empty Sounds, and Contradictions of that FALSELY-NAMED KNOW-LEDGER,

21 which some, having professed, terred concerning the FAITH. FAVOR be with * thee.

21. you. Subscription

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—17. the living—omit.
—The Fiber to Timothx—Weitten from Laddicea.

^{† 18.} Matt. xxvii. 11; John xviii. 37.

† 15. Rev. xvii. 24; xix. 16.

† 16. 1 Tim. i. 17.

† 16. Exod. xxxiii. 20; John vi. 46.

† 17. Job xxxi. 28; Psg. lii. 7; lxii. 10; Mark x. 24; Luke xii. 21.

† 17. Acts xiv. 17; xvii. 25.

† 18. Luke xii. 21.

† 19. Matt. vi. 20; Xix. 22; Luke xii. 35; xvi. 9.

† 20. 2 Tim. 14; Titus 1. 9; Rev. iii. 3.

† 20. 1 Tim. 14. 4.6; iv. 7; 2 Tim. ii. 14, 10, 23; Titus 1. 14; iii. 9.

† 21. 1 Tim. i. 6; 2 Tim. ii. 18.

[HATAOY] HPOZ TIMOGEON [EHIZTOAH] AETTEPA. *THE SECOND TO TIMOTHY.

КЕФ. α'. 1.

3 Χαριν εχω τφ θεψ, ψ λατρευω απο προ-Gratifude I have to the God to whom I offerhamage from anγονων εν καθαρα συνειδησει, ώς αδιαλειπτον cestors with pore conscience, εχω την περι σου μνειαν εν ταις δεησεσι μου I have the concerning thee remembrance in the prayers of me νυκτος και ήμερας, επιποθων σε ιδειν, μεμνηlonging thee to see, night and day_ rememμενος σου των δακρευων, iva χαρας πληρωθω.
Overry of these the learn, so that buy i may be filled with. owner of them the δύπομνησιν λαμβανων της εν σοι ανυποκριτου a remembrance taking of the tu thee unfeigned πιστεως, ητις ενακησε πρωτον εν τη μαμμη which dweit first in the grandmother σου Λωιδι, και τη μητρι σου Ευνικη πεπεισμαι ottoe Lois. and In the mother of thee Evune, I have confidence δε, δτι και εν σοι. ⁶ Δι' ήν αιτιαν ι 6 Δι' ην αιτιαν αναμιμνησκω σε αναζωπυρειν το χυρισμα του θεου, δ
thee to kindle up the free gift of the God, whice εστιν εν σοι δια της επιθεσεως των χειρων in thee through the putting on of the μον 7 ου γαρ εδωκεν ήμιν δ θεος πνευμα δειof me: not for gave to us the God sapirat λιας, αλλα δυναμεως και αγαπης και σωφρονισemidity, but of power and oflove and 8 Μη ουν επαισχυνθης το μαρτυριον MOU. Not therefore thou may est be ashaused of the testimony band του κυριου ήμων, μηδε εμε τον δεσμιον αυτου. ofthe Lord ofus, por me the prisoner of him; αλλα συγκακοπαθησον τφ ευαγγελιφ κατα but participate in suffering evils for the glad tidings according to but participate in suffering evils for the δυναμιν θεου, 9 του σωσαντος ήμας και καλεσαντας κλησει άγια, ου κατα τα εργα ήμων, of us, called with a calling holy, not according to the works

CHAPTER L

1 Paul, ‡ an Apostle of Jesus Christ, by the Will of God, on account of the ‡ Promise of THAT Life which is by Christ Jesus.

which is by Christ Jesus, 2 t to Timothy, a Beloved Child; Favor, Mercy, Peace, from God the Father, and from Christ Je-

sus our Lord.

3 I am thankful to God, († whom from my Ancestors I religiously serve with a Pure Conscience,) as I have an unceasing REMEMBRANCE of thee in my PRAYERS, Night and Day;

4 t longing to see Thee, (being mindful of Thy TEARS,) so that I may be

filled with Joy;

5 having a Recollection also of the UNFEIGNED Haith which is in thee, which first dwelt in thy GRANDMOTHER LOIS, and in the hymother Lunice, and I am persuaded that it dwells also in thee.

6 For this reason I remind thee t to kindle up the free gift of *God, which is in thee, through the imposition of my

HANDS.

7 For ‡ God did not give to us a Cowardly Spirit, but one of Power, and of Love, and of a Sound mind.

8 Therefore the not ashamed of the Testi-MONY of our LORD, nor of me this prisoner; but jointly suffer evil for the GLAD TIBINGS, according to the Power of THAT God.

9 twho saved us, and tealled us with a holy Invitation, thot according to our works, but according

[·] ALEXANDEIAN MANUSCRIPT .- Telle-THE SECOND TO TIMOTHY. 6. the Anointed.

^{† 1. 2} Cor. i. 1.

† 1. Eph. iii. 6; Titus i. 2; Heb. ix. 15.

† 2. 1 Tim. 1. 2.

† 3. Acts xxii. 3; xxiii. 1; xxiv. 14; xxvii. 23; Rom. i. 9; Gal. i. 14.

† 4. 2 Tim. iv. 9, 21.

† 5. 1 Tim. i. 5.

† 7. Rom. vii. 15.

† 8. Rom. i. 16.

† 8. 1 Tim. ii. 6; Rev. i. 2.

† 8. Eph. iii. 1; Phil. i. 7.

† 9. 1 Tim. ii. 1; Titus iii. 4.

ιδιαν προθεσιν και χαριν την own purpose and favor that αλλα κατ' but according to own δοθεισαν ήμιν εν Χριστφ Ιησου προ χρονων naving been given to us in Anuinted Jesus before times αιωνιων, 10 φανερωθεισαν δε νυν δια της επιφανείας του σωτηρος ήμων Ιησου Χρίστου, pearance of the savior of us Jesus Anointed, καταργησαντος μεν τον θανατον, φωτισαντος hiving sendered powerless indeed the death, baving illuminated ξε ζωην και αφθαρσιαν δια του ευαγγελιου, and incc publicy by means of the glad cidings, but life

11 εις δ ετεθην εγω κηρυξ και αποστολος και for which was appointe. I a herald and an apostle and διδασκαλος *[εθνων] 12 δι *[γνωιτιαν] και a teacher [of nations:] through which cause also ταυτα πασχω, αλλ' ουκ επαισχυνομαι·
thesething I suffer, but not I am ashamed; οιδα I know γαρ 🤞 πεπιστευκα, και πεπεισμαι, ότι δυναfor in whom I have be wed, and I have confided in, because powerτος εστι την παμαθηκην μου φυλαξαι εις εκεινην of me to guard to trust ful heir the την ήμεραν.

day. the

> 13 Υποτυπωσιν εχε ύγιαινοντων λογων, words, of which hold thou ofsound

παρ' εμου ηκουσας, εν πιστει και αγαπη τη εν from me thou didst hear, in faith and love in that in Χριστω Ιησου· 14 την καλην παραθηκην φυλαtrust the good Anointed Jesus; δια πνευματος άγιου, του ενοικουντος εν holy, of that dwelling guard through spirit

ก็นเท.

us. 15 Οιδας τουτο, έτι απεστραφησαν με παντες turned away me Thou knowest this, that οί εν τη Ασια, ών εστι Φυγελλος και Έρμοand Hermo_ those in the Asia, of whom is Phygellus 16 Λωη ελεος δ κυριος τφ Ονηπιφορου May grant mercy the Lord to the of Onesiphorus οικφ. ότι πολλακις με ανεψυξε, και την άλυσιν house; because often me herefreshed, end the μου ουκ επησχυνθη, 17 αλλα γενομενος εν of me not he was ashamed, but having been in 'Ρωμη, σπουδαιστερον εξητησε με, και εύρε: Rome, very diligently he sought me, and found, 18 (δωη αυτφ δ κυριος εύρειν ελεος παρα κυριου may grant to him the Lord to find mercy from Lord Εφεσω $\epsilon \nu$ εν εκεινη τη ήμερα.) και δσα Epheaux in and what things in that the day,) διηκονησε, βελτιον συ γινωσκεις. very well thou Luowest. he served,

to his Own Purpose, and THAT FAVOR which was BESTOWED on us in Christ Jesus, t before the aionian Times:

10 but t is now manfested through the ARPEAR. ANCE Of our SAVIOR * Christ Jesus, ‡ who has indeed rendered DEATH powerless, and who has illustrated Life and Incorruptibility by the GLAD TIDINGS;

11 # for which I was appointed a Herald, and an Apostle, and a Teacher of

Nations;

12 1 for Which Cause I also suffer These things; but I am not ashamed; and I know in whom I have believed and have confided, For he is able to guard my ENTRUSTED CHARGE till That DAY.

13 Retain ‡ an Outlin of Wholesome Words, which thou didst near from me, in THAT Faith and Love which are in Christ Jesus.

14 #Guard the Goon Entrusted charge, through THAT holy Spirit which DWELLS in us.

15 Thou knowest this, That All THOSE in ASIA turned away from me; of whom are Phygellus and Hermogenes.

16 May the LORD grant Mercy to the FAMILY of ONESIPHORUS, --- Because he ofte refreshed Me, and twas not ashamed of my CHAIN;

17 but being in Rome he searched for me very diligently, and found me-

18 (May the Lord grant to him I to find Mercy from the Lord in That DAY!) id how many things he rved me in Ephesus, thou knowest very well.

[·] ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. Christ Jesus.

^{11.} of nations-omit.

^{† 9.} Rom. xvi. 25; Eph. i. 4; iii. 11; Titus i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 20. † 10. Rom. xvi. 26; Eph. i. 9. † 10. 1 Cor. xv. 54, 55; Heb ii. 14. † 11. Acts ix. 15; Eph. iii. 7, 8; 1 Tim. ii. 7, 12; Eph. iii. 1; 2 Tim. ii. 9. † 13. Rom. vi. 17. † 14. 1 Tim. vi. 20. † 13. 2 T m. iv. 10, 16. † 16. 2 Tim. iv. 13. † 16. Acts xxviii. 20; Eph. vi. 20. † 3. Rom. xv. 84—40.

КЕФ. β'. 2.

1 Συ ουν, τεκνον μου, ενδυναμου εν τη bestrong in the Thou therefore, child of me, χαριτι τη εν Χριστφ Ιησου ²και ά favor in that in Anointed Jesus; and the thi ηκουand the things thou didst σας παρ' εμου δια πολλων μαρτυρων, hear from me through many witnesses, these things παραθου πιστοις ανθρωποις, οίτινες ίκανοι εσονentrust thou to faithful men, who competent shall ³ Συ ουν κακοπαθηται και έτερους διδαξαι. be also others' to teach. Thou therefore

σον ως καλος στρατιωτης Ιησου Χριστου. a soldler of Jesus Anointed.

4 Ουδεις στρατευομενος εμπλεκεται ταις του No one serving as a soldier involves himself with the of the

βιου πραγματειαις, ίνα τφ στρατολογησαντι so that the one having enlisted αρέση. 5 Εαν δε * [και] αθλη τις, ου στεhe may please. If but [also] may contend any one, not is φανουται, εαν μη νομιμως αθληση. ⁶Τον κο-

lawfully he may have contended. The toil-

πιωντα γεωργον δει πρωτον των καρπων μεταhusbandmanithehoves first of the fruits

if not

7 Noel, ά $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$. δωη γαρ λαμβανειν. Consider thou, the things I say; may give for σοι δ κυριος συνεσιν εν πασι. 8 Μινημονευε Ιη-

to thee the Lord understanding in all things. Do thou remember Jeπουν Χριστον εγηγερμενον εκ νεκρων, εκ Anointed having been raised out of dead ones, from σπερματος Δαυίδ, κατα το ευαγγελίον μου·
seed of David, according to the glad tidings of me;

⁹ εν ψ κακοπαθω μεχρι δεσμω, ως κακουργος. in which I suffer evil even to chains, as

αλλ' δ λογος του θεου ου δεδεται. but the word of the God not is chained. On account of

τουτο παντα ύπομενω δια τους εκλεκτους, lundergo on account of the

να και αυτοι σωτηριας τυχωσι της εν Χριστω to that also they salvation may obtain of that in Accinted

Ιησου, μετα δοξης αιωνιου. 11 Πιστος δ λογος. with glory age-lasting. True the ει γαρ συναπεθανομεν, και συζησομεν· 12 ει

we died with, also we shall live with;

υπομενομεν, και συμβασιλευσομεν· ει αρνου-we codure patiently, also we shall reign with; if we

CHAPTER II.

1 Chou, therefore, my Child, be Strong in THAT FAVOR which is in Christ Jesus.

2 ‡ And the things which thou didst hear from me through Many Witnesses, These ‡ entrust to Faithful Men, who will be # competent also to instruct others.

3 Do thou, therefore, *endure with me hardship, ‡ as a Good Soldier of

Christ Jesus.

4 ! No one serving as a soldier embarresses him. self with the occupathat he may please HIM who ENCISTED him.

5 And if any one contend in the games, he is not crowned, unless he

contend lawfully.

6 The Toiling Hus-BANDMAN ought first to partake of the FRUITS.

7 Think of what I say; *for the LORD will give thee Understanding in all things.

Remember Jesus Christ of the ! Seed of David, Thas been raised from the Dead, according to my GLAD TIDINGS;

9 in which I endure hardship, I even to Chains, as a Malefactor; ‡ but the word of God is not

chained.

10 Therefore ‡ I undergo All things on account of the CHOSEN people, so that then also may obtain THAT Salvation which is in Christ Jesus with Glory aionian.

11 True is the WORD; ! For if we died with him, we shall also live with

him; 12 tif we endure pawith him, if we disown

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—3. endure with me hardship, as a Good Soldier of Christ 5. also—omit. 7. for the Lord will give thee.

^{† 2. 2} Tim. i. 13; iii, 10, 14. † 2. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 2. 1 Tim. ii. 2; Titus i. 9. † 3. 1 Tim. i. 18. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25. † 6. 1 Cor. ix. 10. † 8. Rom. i. 3, 4; Acts il. 30; xiii. 28. † 8. 1 Cor. xv. 1, 4, 20. † 9. Phill. i. 7; Col. iv. 3, 18; 9. Acts xxviii. 31; Eph. vi. 19, 20; Phill. i. 13, 14. † 10. Eph. iii. 13; Col. i. 24. † 11. 2 Cor. iv. 8. † 12. Rom. viii. 17; 1 Pet. iv. 13.

μεθα, κακεινος αρνησεται ήμας. 13 ει απιστου- 1 him, 1 te also will disown us; faithless, will deny if also he deny, μεν, εκεινος πιστος μενει αρνησασθαι ξαυτον himself faithful remaine; to deny ου δυναται. not he is able.

14 Ταυτα ύπομιμνησκε, διαμαρτυρομενος ενω-These things do thou put in mind, earnestly testifying in presπιον του κυριου, μη λογομαχειν, εις ουδεν of the Lord, not to dispute about words, for nothing χρησιμον, επι καταστροπη των ακουοντων. useful, to a subversion ofthose 15 Σπουδασον σεαυτον δοκιμον παραστησαι τ φ Be thou diligent thyself approved to present to the ανεπαισχυντου, ορθοτομουντα $\theta \in \omega$, εργατην God, a workman unashamed, cutting straight 16 Tas $\delta \epsilon \beta \epsilon \beta \eta \lambda o \nu s$ τον λογον της αληθειας. word of the The but truth. profane κενοφωνίας περιιστασο επι πλείον γαρ προκο-empty sounds do thou avoid; to more for they will ψουσιν ασεβειας, 17 και δ λογος αυτων ώς γαγand the word of them as a morγραινα νομην έξει ών εστιν Υμεναιος και ti ying sore pasture will have; of whom is Hymeneus and Φιλητος, 18 οίτινες περι την αληθειαν ηστοwho concerning the truth missed χησαν, λεγοντες την αναστασιν ηδη γεγονεthe mark, saying the resurrection already to have hap-19 0 και ανατρεπουσι την τινων πιστιν. The rened, and overturn the of some faith. ιεντοι στερεος θεμελιος του θεου έστηκεν, foundation of the God firm stands. εγων την σφραγιδα ταυτην. Εγνω κυριος τους this; Knew Lord the having the seal οντας αύτου και Αποστητω απο αδικιας πας being of himself; and; from injustice every one Let depart 20 Εν μεγαλη δε δ ονομα(ων το ονομα κυριου. who is naming the name of Lord. great οικια ουκ εστι μονον σκευη χρυσα και αργυρα, is only vessels golden and made of silver, a house not

honor, some and for dishonor. If thereforeany one should έαυτον απο τουτων, εσται σκευος εις well cleanse himself from he will be a vessel these,

αλλα και ξυλινα και οστρακινα και ά μεν εις

eartheu:

wooden and

τιμην, α δε εις ατιμιαν.

us;

13 tif we are faithless, he remains faithful; * for the cannot deny Himself.

14 Remind them of These things, ‡solemnly charging them in the presence of the LORD, I not to contend about words for Nothing Useful, to the Subversion of the HEAR-

15 Be diligent to present Thyself to * God, an approved Workman, irre-proachable, rightly treating the WORD of TRUTH.

16 ‡ But PROFANE, Empty Declamations resist; for they will further promote Impiety;

17 and the WORD of those [men] will eat like a Mortifying sore; of whom are I Hymenius and Phile-

tus; who ! missed the mark with respect to the TRUTH, I saying that the RESURRECTION has already happened; and they are perverting the FAITH of SOME.

19 However, the FIRM Foundation of God stands, having this timscription, "The Lord Tknows Those who ARE his;" and, "Let EVERY ONE Who NAMES the NAME of the Lord depart from Iniquity."

20 But in a Great House there are not only golden and silver Vessels, but also wooden and earthen ones; t some for Honor, and some for Dishonor.

21 If, then, any one entirely purify himself from these things, he will be a

and comeindeed for

21 Εαν ουν τις εκκα

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. for he cannot.

^{15.} the Anointed one.

^{† 19.} Literally, a Seal, on which inscriptions were frequently engraved. Doddridge remarks, "The expression is here used with p-culiar propriety, in allusion to the custom of engraving upon some stones laid in the foundations of buildings the names of the persons by whom, and the purposes for which, the structure is raised: and nothing can have a greater tendency to encourage the hope, and at the same time to engage the obedience of Christians, than this double inscription."

^{9. ‡ 14. 1} Tim. v. 21; vi. 13; 2 Tim. ‡ 16. 1 Tim. iv. 7; vi. 20; Titus i. 14; ‡ 18. 1 Cor. xv. 12. ‡ 19. John x † 13. Rom. iii. 3; ix. 6. iv. 1. † 14. 1 Tim. i. 4; vi. 4; Titus iii. 9, 11. † 17. 1 Tim. i. 20. † 18. 1 Tim. vi. 21. † 20. Rom. ix. 21.

τιμην, ήγιασμενον, *[και] ευχρηστον τω δεσhonor, having been cleaused, [and] of good use to the massποτή, εις παν εργον αγαθον ήτοιμασμενον. ter, for every work good having been prepared. 22 Tas δε νεωτερικας επιθυμιας φευγε· διωκε δε desires flee thou; pursue thou but The now youthful δικαιοσυνην, πιστιν, αγαπην, ειρηνην μετα των righteoneness, faith, love, peace with those επικαλουμενων τον κυριον εν καθαρας καρδίας.
calling on the Lord out of pure a heart. Tas δε μωρας και απαιδευτους ζητησεις παThe but foolish and uninstructive questions do ραιτου, ειδως, ότι γεννωσι μαχας· 24 δουλον δε thou avoid, knowing, that they beget contests; a bondman but κυριου ου δει μαχεσθαι, αλλ' ηπιον ειναι προς of Lord notit behoves to quarrel, but gentle to be to παντας, διδακτικον, ανεξικακον, ²⁵ εν πραοτητι all, fit to teach, enduring evil, in meckness παιδευοντα τους αντιδιατιθεμενους μηποτε δφ admonishing those being opposed; perhaps may give αυτοις δ θεος μετανοιαν εις επιγνωσιν αληθειας, to them the God a change of mind to a knowledge of truth, 26 και ανανηψωσιν εκ της του διαβολου παγιand they may be recovered from the of the accuser δος εζωγρημενοι ύπ' αυτου εις το εκεινου θεhaving been taken alive by him for the λημα.

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Τουτο δε γινωσκε, ότι εν εσχαταις ήμεραις
This but know thon, that in latter days ² Εσονται γαρ οί ενστησονται καιροι χαλεποι. Will be will be present seasons trying. for the ανθρωποι φιλαυτοι, φιλαργυροι, ala(oves, money-lovers, self-lavers, boasters, ύπερηφανοι, βλασφημοι, γονευσιν απειθεις, haughty ones, revilers, to parents dischedient ³ а*оторуи*, αχαριστοι, ανοσιοι, ³ αστοργοι, ασπονδοι unthankful ones, unboly ones, void of natural affection, implacable, ασπουδοι, διαβολοι, ακρατεις, ανημεροι, αφιλαγαθοι, accusers, without self-control, fierce ones, without love to good men. * προδοται, προπετεις, τετυφωμενοι, φιληδονοι betrayers, rash ones, having been puffed up, pleasure-lovers μαλλον η φιλοθεοι. δεχοντες μορφωσιν ευσεrather than God-lovers; having a form βειας, την δε δυναμιν αυτης ηρνημενοι. Kai piety, the but power of her having denied. τουτους αποτρεπου. 6 Εκ τουτων γαρ εισιν οί turn away from. Out of these for are those ενδυνοντες εις τας οικιας και αιχμαλωτιζοντες entering into the houses and leading captive '

Vessel for Honor, sanctified, of good use to the MASTER, prepared for Every good Work.

22 Now fice from YOUTHFUL DESIRES; but pursue Righteousness, Fidelity, Love, Peace, with * All THOSE who INVOKE the LORD from a Pure Heart.

23 ‡ Reject also root-Questions, knowing That they produce Contentions; 24 and ‡a Servant of

the Lord must not be contentious, but be Gentle towards all, fit to teach, patient under evil;

25 ‡in meekness correcting the OPPOSERS; perhaps GOD may give them a change of mind in order * to a Knowledge of the Truth;

26 and that they may be recovered from the SNARK of the ENEMY, who have been entrapped by him for HIS Pleasure.

CHAPTER III.

1 But * know This, †That in latter Days trying Seasons will come;

2 for the MEN will be Self-lovers, Money-lovers, Boasters, Haughty, Blas-phemers, Disobedient to Parents, Ungrateful, Un-

holy, 3 Without natural affection, Implacable, Accusers. Without self-control, Ferocious Haters of good men,

4 Treacherous, Rash, Self-conceited, Lovers of pleasure rather than Lovers of God;

5 having a Form of Piety, \$ but having denied its POWER; I from These also turn away.

6 For tof these are THOSE ENTERING the Houses, and leading cap.

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. and—omit. 1. know you This.

^{25.} to come to a Knowledge.

^{† 21. 2} Tim. iii. 17; Titus iii. 1. † 22. Acts ix. 14; 1 Cor. i. 2. † 23. Titus iii. 9. † 24. 1 Tim. iii. 2, 8. † 25. Gal. vi. 1; 1 Tim. vi. 1; 1 Pet. iii. 15. † 26. 1 Tim. iii. 7. † 1. 1 Tim. vi. 2; Tim. vi. 8; 2 Pet. iii. 3. † 5. 1 Tim. v. 8; Titus i. 16. † 5. 2 Thessiii. 6; 1 Tim. vi. 5. † 6. Matt. xxiii. 14; Titus i. 11.

wise for

Ιησου.

Jesus,

salvation,

All

through

faith

writing inspired of God

¹⁶ Πασα γραφη θεοπνευστος και ωφελι-

σεσωρευμενα άμαρτιαις, αγομενα γυναικαρια with sins, being led away little women having been laden ποικιλαις, ⁷ παντοτε μανθανοντα, $\epsilon \pi \iota \theta \upsilon \mu \iota \alpha \iota s$ by inordinate desires varions, always και μηδεποτε εις επιγνωσιν αληθειας ελθειν and never into aknowledge of truth to come 8 Ον τροπον δε Ιαννης και Ιαμβρης δυναμενα. Which way but Jannes and Jambres are able. αντεστησαν Μωυσει, ούτω και ούτοι ανθισταν-Moses, so also these are opposed ται τη αληθεια, ανθρωποι κατεφθαρμενοι τον to the truth, men having corrupted ⁹ Αλλ³ νουν, αδοκιμοι περι την πιστιν. ου mind, disapproved ones concerning the faith. But not προκοψουσιν επι πλειον ή γαρ ανοια αυτων εκmore; the for folly they shall proceed to of them very δηλος εσται πασιν, ώς και ή εκεινων εγενετο. plain shall be to all, as also that of those 10 Συ δε παρηκολουθηκας μου τη διδασκαλια, Thou but hast closely followed of me the τη αγωγη, τη προθεσει, τη πιστει, τη μακροθυ-the conduct, the purpose, the fidelity, the forbearμια, *[τη αγαπη,] τη ὑπομονη, 11 τοις διωγance, [the love,] the patience, the perseperseμοις, τοις παθημασιν, cutions, the sufferings, μοι εγενετο εν οία what things to me happened Αντιοχεια, εν Ικονιώ, εν Λυστροις· olous διωγ-Antioch, in Iconium, in Lystra; what perseperseμους ύπηνεγκα, και εκ παντων με ερφυσατο δ and out of all me delivered the cutions I endured, 12 Και παντες δε οί θελοντες ευσεβως KUPIOS. butthose wishing Indeed all piously Lord. $13 \Pi o \nu \eta$ -(ην εν Χριστφ Ιησου, διωχθησονται. to live in Anointed Jesus, will be persecuted. ροι δε ανθρωποι και γοητες προκοψουσιν επι το the and jugglers will progress 14 Συ δε χειρον, πλανωντες και πλανωμενοι. worse, deceiving and being deceived. Thou but $\mu \in \nu \in \in \nu$ ois $\epsilon \mu \alpha \theta \epsilon s$ $\kappa \alpha i \epsilon \pi i \sigma \tau \omega \theta \eta s$, ειδως, abide in the things thou didst learn and wast convinced of, knowing, 15 και ότι απο βρεφους εμαθες, παρα τινος whom thou didst learn, and that from a babe τα ίερα γραμματα οιδας, τα δυναμενα σε σοφιwritings thou knowest, those being able thee tomake σαι εις σωτηριαν, δια πιστεως της εν Χριστφ

SIMPLE WOMEN, laden with Sins, being led away by various * Inordinate desires,

7 always learning, and never able ‡ to come to a Knowledge of Truth

8 Now in the manner that ‡ Jannes and Jambres opposed Moses, so also are theseopposed to the TRUITH; Men corrupted in MIND, disapproved concerning the FAITH.

9 But they shall not proceed further; for their *FOOLISHNESS shall be very plain to all, ‡as THEIRS also became.

10 ‡ But thou hast closely followed my TEACH-ING, my CONDUCT, my INTENTION, my FIDELITY, my FORBEARANCE, my LOVE, my PATIENCE,

11 my persecutions, my sufferings; what happened to me tin Antioch, tin Iconium, tin Lystra; What Persecutions I endured; and yet from all the LORD delivered Me.

12 And indeed \$\(\frac{1}{2}\)ALL who WISH to live piously in Christ Jesus will be persecuted.

13 ‡ But Evil Men and Imposters will make progress for the worse, deceiving and being deceived.

14 But ‡ do thou continue in the things which thou didst learn, and wast convinced of, knowing by whom thou hast been instructed;

15 and That from a Child thou hast known; THOSE HOLY Scriptures, which are ABLE to make Thee wise for Salvation, through THAT Faith which is in Christ Jesus.

16 ‡ All Scripture, divinely inspired, is indeed

Alexandrian Manuscrift.—6. Inordinate desires and Pleasures.
 9. understanding.

and

of that in

Anointed

profit-

^{† 7, 1} Tim. ii. 4. † 8. Exod. vii. 11. † 9. Exod. vii. 12; viii. 18; ix. 11. † 10. Phil. ii. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 6. † 11. Acts xiii. 45, 50. † 11. Acts xiv. 2, 5. † 11. Acts xiv. 19. † 11. Psa. xxxiv. 19; 2 Cor. i. 10. † 12. Acts xiv. 22. † 13. 2 Thess. ii. 11; 1 Tim. iv. 1: 2 Tim. ii. 16. † 14. 2 Tim. i. 18; ii. 2. † 15. John v. 39. † 16. 2 Pet. i. 20, 24.

μος προς διδασκαλιαν, προς ελεγχον, προς teaching, able for for proof, for επανορθωσιν, προς παιδειαν την εν δικαιοσυνη·
correction, for training up that in righteonenes; 17 ίνα αρτιος η δ του θεου ανθρωπος, προς παν so that complete may be theofthe God man, for εργον αγαθον εξηρτισμενος. good having been thoroughly fitted.

КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Διαμαρτυρομαι ενωπιον του θεου, και Ιησου I solemnly charge in presence of the God, and Jesus Χριστου του μελλοντος κρινείν ζωντας και Anointed of that one being about to judge living ones and νεκρους, και την επιφανειαν αύτου και την dead ones, and the appearing of himself and the βασιλειαν αύτου 2 κηρυξον τον λογον, επιστηθι kingdom of himself; publish thou the word, be thou urgent ευκαιρως ακαιρως, ελεγξον, επιτιμησον, confute thou, seasonably unseasonably, rebuke thou, παρακαλεσυν εν παση μακροθυμια και διδαχη. exhort thou with all long-suffering and teaching. 3 Εσται γαρ καιρος, ότ ϵ της ύγιαινουσης διδασ-Will be for a season, when of the wholesome καλιας ουκ ανεξονται, αλλα κατα τας ιδιας not they will endure, but according to the OWB επιθυμιας έαυτοις επισωρευσουσι διδασκαλους, desires of themselves they will heap up teachers, κνηθομένοι την ακοην ⁴ και απο μέν της αλη-tickling the ear; and from indeed of the truth $\theta \in as$ $\tau \eta \nu$ $a \kappa o \eta \nu$ $a \pi o \sigma \tau \rho \in \psi o u \sigma \iota \nu$, $\epsilon \pi \iota$ $\delta \epsilon$ $\tau o u s$ the hearing they will turn away, to but the μυθους εκτραπησονται. ⁵ Συ δε νηφε εν πα-fables they will be turned aside. Thon but be sober in all σι, κακοπαθησον, εργυν ποιησον ευαγγελισthings, suffer thou evil, work do thou of a proclaimer of glad του, την διακονιαν σου πληροφορησον. tidings, the service of thee do thou fully perform.
γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και ό καιρος το γαρ ηδη σπενδομαι, και ὁ καιρος της εμης for already ambeing poured out, and the aeason of the of my αναλυσεως εφεστηκε 7 τον αγωνα τον καλον has come near; the contest the ηγωνισμαι, τον δρομον τετελεκα, την πιστιν I have finished, the I have contested, the race τετηρηκα· 8 λοιπον αποκειται μοι δ της δικαιο-I have guarded; remaining is laid up for me the of the righteousσυνης στεφανος, δν αποδωσει μοι δ κυριος εν crown, which will give to me the Lord εκεινη τη ήμερα, ό δικαιος κριτης, ου μονον δε that the day, the righteous judge, not only but εμοι, αλλα και πασι τοις ηγαπηκοσι την επιto all to those having loved but also the φανειαν αυτου. of him. pearance

profitable for Teaching, for Conviction, for Correction, for THAT Discipline which is in Righteousness;

17 so that the MAN of God may be complete, thoroughly fitted for Ev-

ery good Work.

CHAPTER IV.

1 I adjure thee before THAT GOD and * Christ Jesus ‡ who is ABOUT to judge the Living and the Dead, and by his APPEARing and by his kingdom,

2 proclaim the WORD, be urgent seasonably, unseasonably, confute, rebuke, exhort, with All Long-suffering and Teach-

ing.
3 ‡ For there will be a Time when they will not endure wholesome Instruction, but will accumulate Teachers for Themselves, according to their own Inordinate desires, tickling their EAR,

4 and they will indeed turn away from the HEAR-ING of the TRUTH, and 1 be turned aside to FABLES.

5 But be thou sober in all things; ‡ suffer * bad treatment; perform ‡ an Evangelist's Work; fully accomplish thy SERVICE.

6 For # I am already being poured out, and the TIME of *my DISSOLUTION

has come near.

7 I have maintained *the GOOD CONTEST. I have finished the RACE, I have guarded the FAITH;

8 it remains that there is laid up for me tthe CROWN of RIGHTEOUSNESS which the LORD, RIGHTEOUS Judge, will give me tin That DAY, and not only to me, but also to All THOSE who have LOVED his APPEAB-ANCE.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—1. Christ Jesus.
r of Christ Jesus; perform.
6. my dissolution. 5. bad treatment, as a Good Sol dier of Christ Jesus; perform. 7. the GOOD Contest.

^{† 17. 2} Tim., i. 21. † 1. Acts x. 42. 7; Titus i. 14. † 5. 2 Tim. i. 8; ii. 3. ii. 17. † 7. 1 Cor. ix. 24, 25; Phil. iii. 14.

9 Σπουδοσον ελθειν προς με ταχεως. 10 An-Earnestly endeavor to come to me soon. Deμας γαρ με εγκατελιπεν, αγαπησας τον νυν mas for me forsook, having loved the present αιωνα, και επορευθη εις Θεσσαλονικην Κρησwent to Thessalonicas Cresκης εις Γαλατιαν, Τιτος εις Δαλματιαν 11 Λουcens to Galatia, Titus to Dalmatia; κας εστι μονος μετ' εμου. Μαρκον αναλάβων with Mark having taken up me; μετα σεαυτου' εστι γαρ μοι ευχρηστος ng with thyself; he is for to me very useful do thou bring with 12 Τυχικον δε απεστειλα εις Εφε- ϵ is δ iakoviav. service. Tychicus but 1 sent to Ephe-13 Τον φελονην, όν απελιπον εν Τρωαδι The cloak, which lieft in Troas TOV. παρα Καρπώ, ερχομενος φερε, και τα βιβλια, coming bring thou, and the written rolls, εμβρανας. 14 Αλεξανδρος ό χαλwith Carpus, μαλιστα τας μεμβρανας. especially the parchments. Alexander the copperκευς πολλα μοι κακα ενεδειξατο, αποδώη αυτφ smith many to me evilthing openly showed; may give to him δ κυριος κατα τα εργα ... υτου 15 δν και συ the Lord according to the works of him; whom also φυλασσου, λιαν γαρ ανθεστηκε τοις ήμετεροις beware, greatly for he has opposed the our λογοις. 16 Εν τη πρωτη μου απολογια ουδεις In the 6rst of me defence no one μοι συμπαρεγενετο, αλλα παντες με εγκατελιstood, but all me πον (μη αυτοις λογισθειη·) 17 δ δε κυριος μοι (not to them may it be imputed.) the hut Lord by inπαρεστη, και ενεδυναμωσε με, ίνα δι' εμου το strengthened me, so that through me the πληροφορηθη, και ακουση παντα ~ α κηρυγμα proclamation might be fully established, and might hear all εθνη, και ερφυσθην εκ στολατος λεοντος.

18 * [και] ρυσεται με ό κυριος απο παντος εργου [and] will deliver me the Lord from every work πονηρου, και σωσει εις την βασιλειαν αύτου

nations; and I was delivered out of mouth

evil, and will save for the kingdom of himself την επουρανιον & 5 δοξα εις τους αιωνας των the heavenly; to whom the glory for the ages of the

αιωνων αμην.
ages; so be it.

19 Ασπασαι Πρισκαν και Ακυλαν, και τον Salutethou Prices and Aquila, and the Ονησιφορου οικον. 20 Εραστος εμείνεν εν Κρο-

Ονησιφορου οικον. ²⁰ Εραστος εμεινεν το Κορ- of Onestphorus house. Erastus remained in Cor-

9 Do thy best to come to me soon;

10 for ‡ Demas forsook Me, ‡ having loved the PRESENT Age, and went to Thessalonica, Crescens to Galatia, Titus to * Dalmatia.

11 Luke alone is with me. Take up Mark, and bring him with thee; for he is very useful to Me for Service.

12 But I sent Tychicus

to Ephesus.

13 When thou comest, bring the † BAG which I left at Troas with Carpus; also the BOOKS, and especially the PARCHMENTS.

14 ‡ Alexander the COP-PERSMITH, did many Evil things to Me; ‡the Lord * will reward him according to his works;

15 of whom do thou also beware, for he has very much opposed our

Words.

of a lion;

16 In my first Defence no one * came to Me, but all forsook me; (‡ may it not be imputed to them!)

17 thut the LORD * was present, and strengthened me, tso that through me the PROCLAMATION might be fully established, and All the NATIONS might hear; and I was delivered tout of the Lion's Mouth.

18 The LORD will deliver me from Every evil Work, and preserve me for his Heavenly kingdom; to *whom be the Glory for the ages of the ages. Amen.

19 Salute ‡ Prisca and Aquila, and ‡ the FAMILY of ONESIPHORUS.

20 ‡ Erastus remained at

^{*} Alexandrian Manuscript.-10. Dermatia, to Me. 17. was present, and. 18. and-omit.

^{14.} will reward. 16. came 18. to him.

^{† 13.} Pheloneen means either a bag or a cloak. According to the Syriac it is a bag or wrapper in which books were kept.

^{† 10.} Col. iv. 15; Philemon 24. † 10. 1 John ii. 15. † 14. Acts xix. 33; 1 Tim. i. 20. † 14. 2 Sam. iii. 39; Psa. xxviii. 4; Rev. xviii. 6. † 17. Matt. x. 19; Acts xxiii. 11; xxvii. 23. † 17. Acts ix. 15; Acts 17. Acts ix. 15; xxvi. 17. Sc. Eph. iii. 8. † 17. Psa. xvii. 21; 2 Pct. ii. 9. † 19. Acts xviii. 2; Rom. xvi. 3 † 19. Acts xviii. 2; Rom. xvi. 3

ι-θω· Τροφιμον δε απελιπον εν Μιλητ φ ασθε- Corinth, but I left ‡ Trcinth: Trophinus but Heft in Miletus being νουντα. Σπουδασον προ χειμωνος ελθειν. sick. Earnestly endeavor before winter to come. Ασπαζεται σε Ευβουλος, και Πουδης, και Λινος, Salutes thee Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, και Κλαυδια, και οί αδελφοι παντες. 22 O and Claudia, and the brethren all. The κυριος Ιησους * [Χριστος] μετα το πνευματος Lord Jesus [Anointed] with the spirit σου. 'Η χαρις μεθ' ύμων. of thee. The favor with you.

phimus sick at * Miletus.

21 ‡Do thy best to come before Winter. Eubulus. and Pudens, and Linus, and Claudia, and all the BRETHREN salute thee.

22 The Lord Jesus be with thy SPIRIT. FAVOR be with thee. *

20. Acts xx. 4; xxi. 29

1 21. verse 9.

t 22. Gal. vi. 18: Philemon 25.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.-20, Melotus. 22. Anointed-omit. Subscrip CHON-SECOND TO TIMOTHY-WEITTEN BOM LAODICEA.

4 ίνα σωφρονιζωσι τας νεας, φιλανδρους so that they may wisely induence the young women, husband-lovers είναι, φιλοτεκνους, 5 σωφρονας, άγνας, οίκουτο be, children-lovers, prudentiones, pure ones, house-pous, αγαθας, ύποτασσομενας τοις ίδιοις ανδρα-keepers, good ones, being submissive to the own husbands, σιν, ίνα μη δ λογος του θεου βλασφημηται, that not the word of the God may be evil spoken of. 6 Τους νεωτερους ώσαυτως παρακαλει σωφρονειν.

Slaves, toown masters τασσεσθαι, εν πασιν ευαρεστους ειναι, μη αντιin all things well-pleasing to be, not contra- $\lambda \in \gamma_0 \nu \tau \alpha s$, $^{10} \mu \eta \nu_0 \sigma \phi_1 (0 \mu \in \nu_0 \nu s, \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \pi_1 \sigma \tau_1 \nu s)$ fidelity dicting, not purloining, hut πασαν ενδεικνυμενους αγαθην ίνα την διδασentire showing good; eo that the καλιαν του σωτηρος ήμων θεου κοσμωσιν εν of us of God they may adorn

πασιν. 11 Επεφανη γαρ ή χαρις του θεου $*[\mathring{\eta}]$ all things. Shone forth for the favor of the God [that] σωτηριος πασιν ανθρωποις, 12 παιδευουσα ήμας, eaving for all men, admonshing us, 12 γα αρνησαμενοι την ασεβειαν και τας κοσμι-

ee that having renounced the impiety and the worldly κας επιθυμιας, σωφρονως και δικαιως και ευdesires, prudently and righteously and pi-

 σ εβως (ησωμεν εν τω νυν αιωνι· 13 προσδεχοously we may live in the present age; waiting

μενοι την μακαριαν ελπιδα και επιφανειαν της for the blessed hope and appearing of the δοξης του μεγαλου θεου και σωτηρος ήμων glory of the great God and savior of us

Ιησου Χριστου. 14 δς εδωκεν έαυτον ύπερ ήμων, sesse Anointed; who gave himself on hehalf of ne,

ένα λυτρωσηται ήμας απο πασης ανομιας, και so that he might redeem us from all lawlessness, and καθαριση έαυτω λαον περιουσιν, ζηλωτην

καθαριση ξαυτφ λαον περιουσιν, (ηλωτην might purify for himself a people peculiar, 2001ous

4 in order that they may wisely influence the Young women to be affectionate to their husbands and children;

5 prudent, chaste, domestic, good, ‡ submissive to their own Husbands, so that the word of God may not be reviled.

6 The Younger Men, in like manner, exhort to

be prudent;

7 tas to all things exhibiting Thyself a Pattern of Good Works, Uncorruptedness in the TEACHING, Seriousness,

8 ‡ Sound Speech not to be condemned, ‡ so that HE who is of the Opposition may be ashamed, having Nothing evil to say concerning us,

9 Let BOND-SERVANTS be submissive to their Own Masters; \$\pm\$ in all things to be well-pleasing; not con-

tradicting;

10 not secretly stealing, but showing All good Fidelity; \$ so that they may adorn * THAT DOCTRINE of God our SAVIOR in all things.

11 For the Saving FAvor of God is manifested

for All Men,

12 teaching us, that renouncing implets and two moldly Desires, we should live prudently, righteously, and piously in the PRESENT Age,

13 ‡ waiting for the BLESSED Hope, even the appearing of the GLORY of our GREAT GOD and Savior

Jesus Christ;

14 who gave himself on our behalf, that he might redeem us from All Lawlessness, and ‡ cleanse for himself a peculiar Peo. ple, devoted to Good Works.

^{*} Alexandrian Manuscrift.—10. That doctrine of God. 11. that—omit.

καλων εργων. 15 Ταυτα λαλει και παρακαλει οf good works. These speak thou and exhort thou και ελεγχε μετα πασης επιταγης μηδεις σου and reprove thou with all strictness; no one of thee περιφρονειτω. let disregard.

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

1 Υπομιμνησκε αυτους αρχαις και εξουσιαις Do thou remind them to governments and authorities ύποτασσεσθαι, πειθαρχειν, προς to be submissive, to obey rulers, as to παν εργον every good αγαθον έτοιμους ειναι, 2 μηδενα βλατφημειν, to be, work ready no one to speak evil of, αμαχους ειναι, επιεικεις, πασαν ενδεικνυμενους not qurrelsome to be, showing gentle, 3 Ημεν γαρ πραοτητα προς παντας ανθρωπους. mildness all to Were men. for ποτε και ήμεις ανοητοι, απειθεις, πλανωμενοι, we senseless ones, disobedient ones, erring ones, δουλευοντες επιθυμιαις και ήδοναις ποικιλας, being enslaved to inordinate desires and pleasures εν κακια και φθονφ διαγοντες, στυγητοι, μισmalice and envy passing through, odious ones, 4 'Οτε δε ή χρηστοτης και ouvtes allylous. When but the kinduess each other. ή φιλανθρωπια επεφανή του σωτήρος ήμων the love to man shone forth of the ofus preserver θ εου, 5 ουκ εξ εργων των εν δικαιοσυνη ών of God, not frum of works of those in righteousness which εποιησαμεν ήμεις, αλλα κατα τον αύτου ελεον but according to the of himself mercy we, επωπεν ήμας, δια λουτρου παλιγγενεσιας, και us, through a hath of a new hirth, ανακαινωσεως πνευματος άγιου, 6ού εξεχειν of spirit holy, of which he poured out εφ' ήμας πλουσιως, δια Ιησου Χριστου του σωthrough Jesus on us nehly, Anointed the τηρος ήμων, 7 ίνα δικαιωθέντες τη εκεινου of us, so that having been justified by the of him κατ χαριτι, κληρονομοι γενωμεθα we might become according to a hope favor, 8 Πιστος δ λογος· και (ωης αιωνιου. True the word; of life age-lasting. and respecting τουτων βουλομαι σε διαβεβαιουσθαι, ίνα φρονthese things I wish thee to affirm strongly, so that they may τιζωσι καλων εργων προιστασθαι οί πεπιστευbe careful of good works to excel those having beκοτες *[τω] θεω. Ταυτα εστι τα καλα και [in the] God. These is the things good , and

15 * Teach these things, and ‡exhort and reprove with All Strictness; let no one disregard Thee.

CHAPTER III.

1 And remind them to be submissive to Governments and Authorities, to obey rulers, *and to be tready for Every good Work;

2 to revile No one, t not to be quarrelsome; to be t mild, showing Entire Gentleness to All

Men;

3 For twe ourselves, also, were formerly senseless, disobedient, erring, being in bondage to various Inordinate desires and Pleasures, living in Malice and Envy. detestable, hating each other.

4 But when the GOOD-NESS and the PHILAN-THROPY of God tour SA-

VIOR, appeared,

5 he saved us, ‡not on account of Those Works in Rightcousness which we did, but according to his own Mercy, ‡through *the BATH of Regeneration, and a Renovation of the Holy Spirit,

6 Twhich he poured out on us richly through Jesus

Christ our SAVIOR;

7 tso that having been justified by His FAYOR, twe might become Heirs taccording to a Hope of aionian Life.

8 This DOCTRINE is True; and respecting these things I wish thee to fully establish them; so that Those having believed in God may be careful to excel in Good Works. These things are Those which are *good and profitable to Men.

^{*}ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT.—15. Teach. ready. 5. the Bath of. 8. the—omit. 1. And remind. 1. and to be 8. good and profitable.

^{\$\}frac{1}{1}\$ 1 Tim. iv. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Rom. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Col. i. 10; 2 Tim. ii. 21; 1 Heb. xiii. 21. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Eph. lv. 31. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. 2 Tim. ii. 24, 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 2. Phil. iv. 5. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. 1 Cor. vi. 11; Eph. ii. 1; Col. i. 21; iil. 7; 1 Pet. iv. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Titus ii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Tim. ii. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5. Rom. iii. 20; ix. 11; xi. 6; Gal. ii. 16; Eph. ii. 4, 8, 9; 2 Tim. i. 9. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5. John iii. 3, 5; Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. iii. 21. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 0. Acts ii. 33; x. 45. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Rom. viii. 23, 24. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Titus i. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 8. verses 1, 14.

ωφελιμα τοις ανθρωποις. 9 μωρας δε ζητησεις profitable to the men; foolish but questions και γενεαλογιας και ερεις και μαχας νομικας and genealogies and strifes and fightings about

 $περιιστασο^*$ είσι γαρ ανωφελείς και ματαιοί. law; they are for unprofitable and vain.

10 Αίρετικον ανθρωπον μετα μιαν και δευτεραν Α factious man after a first and second νουθεσιαν παραιτου 11 είδως, ότι εξεστραπται admonition do than reject; κυοwing, that has been perverted δ τοιουτος, και άμαρτανει, ών αυτοκατακριτος. t.esuch a one, and sins, being self-condemned.

12 'Οταν πεμψω Αρτεμαν προς σε η Τυχικον, When I shall send Artemas to thee or Tychicus, σπουδασον ελθειν προς με εις Νικοπολιν. εκει me Nicopolis; earnestly endeavor to come to to there 13 Σηναν την νομιγας κεκρικα παραχειμ' σαι. Zenas the lawfor I have decided to willie .. κον και Απολλω σπουδαιως προπεμψον, ίνα μηdiligently send on before, so that nothyer and Apollos 14 Μανθανετωσαν δε και οί $\delta \epsilon \nu$ autois $\lambda \epsilon i \pi \eta$. Let learn and also the ing to them may be lacking. ήμετεροι καλων εργων προιστασθαι εις τας to excel for the works of good

αναγκαιας χρειας, ίνα μη ωσιν ακαρποι. ¹⁵ Ασpressing wants, so that not they may be unfruitful. Saπαζονται σε οί μετ' εμου παντες αππασαι τους
lute thee those with me all; salute thou those

φιλουντας ήμας εν πιστει. Υ χαρις μετα loving w in faith. The favor with

παντων ύμων, all of you.

- 9 But avoid Foolish Questions, and †Genealogies, and Disputes, and Contentions about the Law; for they are †unprofitable and Vain-
- 10 ‡ Reject a Factious Man, ‡ after a First and Second Admonition;
- 11 knowing that SUCH A ONE has been perverted, and sins, ‡ being self-condemned.
- 12 When I shall send Artemas to thee, or ‡Ty-chicus, earnestly endeavor to come to me at Nicopolis; for I have decided to pass the winter there.
- 13 Send forward Zenas the LAWYER, and ‡ Apollos, with careful attention, so that they may not lack anything;
- 14 and let our [brethren] also learn ‡ to stand foremost in Good Works for these PRESSING Occasions, ‡ that they may not be unfruitful.

15 All who are with me, salute thee. Salute THOSE who LOVE us in the Faith. Favor be with you all!

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT.—Subscription—To Titus—Written from Nicopolis.

† 9. 1 Tim. i. 4; 2 Tim. ii. 23; Titus i. 14.

† 7; Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Thess. iii. 6, 14; 2 Tim. iii. 5; 2 John 10.

† 11. Acts xiii. 48.

† 14. verse 8.

† 14. Rom. xv. 28; Phil. i. 11; iv. 17; Col. i. 10; 2 Pet. i. 8.

[MATAOT EMIXTOAH] MPOX DIAHMONA.

*TO PHILEMON.

КЕФ. а'. 1.

 1 Παυλος, δεσμιος Χριστου Ιησου, και Γιμο-Paul, a prisoner of Abointed Jesus, and Timo-θεος δ αδελφος, φιλημονι τφ αγαπητφ και συν-thy the brother, to Philemon the heloved one and fellow-eργφ 1 μων, 2 και Απφια τη αγαπητη, και Αρworker of us, and to Apphia the beloved one, and Arxing τφ συστρατιωτη 1 μων, και τη κατ chippus the fellow-soldier of us, and to the in οικον σου εκκλησια 3 χαρις ὑμιν και ειρηνη house of thee congregation; favor to you and peace απο θεου πατρος 1 μων, και κυριου Ιησου Χρισfrom God afather of us, and Lord Jesus Abointed. του.

⁴ Ευχαριστω τω θεω μου παντοτε, μνειαν f give thanks to the God of me always, a remembrance σου ποιουμενος επ: των προσευχων μου, 5 ακουof thee making in the prayers of me, ων σου την αγαπην και την πιστιν, ήν εχεις and the faith, which thou hast love προς τον κυριον Ιησουν και εις παντας τους and for all Lord Jesus the άγιους $^{\circ}$ 6 όπους $\dot{\eta}$ κοινωνια της πιστ ϵ ως σου holy ones, that the fellowship of the faith ενεργης γενηται, εν επιγνωσει παντος αγαθου active may become, by a knowledge of every good του εν ήμιν, εις Χριστον *[Ιησουν.] 7 Χαραν of the in na, in regard to Appointed Joy [Jesus.] γαρ εχομεν πολλην και παρακλησιν επι τη for we have much and consolation in the αγαπη σου, ότι τα σπλαγχνα των άγιων αναlove of thee, because the bowels of the holy ones has πεπαυται δια σου, αδελφε. 8 Διο πολλην been refreshed through thee, O brother. Therefore much εν Χριστφ παρδησιαν εχων επιτασσειν σοι το in Anoioted boldness having to enjoin thee the 9 δια την αγαπην μαλλον παρακαλω. ανηκον, becoming thing, through the love rather I beseech; τοιουτος ων, ώς Παυλος πρεσβυτης, νυνι δε και such a one being, as Paul an old man, now but also δεσμιος Ιησου Χριστου· 10 παρακαλω σε περι 10 παρακαλω 10 το με 10 με 10 το με 1

CHAPTER I.

1 Paul, ‡a Prisoner for Christ Jesus, and Timothy the BROTHER, to Philemon, the BELOVED one, and our ‡ Fellow-laborer,—

2 and to Apphia, the sis-TER, and to † Archippus, our FELLOW-SOLDIEE; and the † CONGREGATION in thy House.

3 ‡ Favor to you, and Peace from God our Father, and from the Lord

Jesus Christ;

- 4 ‡ I give thanks to my God always, making Mention of thee in my PRAY-ERS,
- 5 (thearing of Thy Love and FAITH, which thou hast toward the LORD Jesus, and for All the SAINTS,)
- 6 that the FELLOWSHIP of thy FAITH may become efficient, the A Knowledge of Every Good thing in us, in regard to Christ.
- 7 *For we have much Joy and Consolation over Thy LOVE, O Brother! Because the TENDER SYMPATHIES of the SAINTS thave been refreshed through thee.
- 8 Therefore, ‡ having much confidence in Christ to enjoin on thee WHAT is BECOMING,
- 9 on account of *that LOVE I rather entreat; heing such a one, as Paul †an old man, and now also ‡a Prisoner for *Christ Jesus,
 - 10 I entreat thee res-

[•] ALEXANDBIAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—To PHILEMON.

2. the sister, and to.
6. Jesus—omit.
7. For I have.
9. NECESSITY I rather entreat.
9. Christ
Jesus.

^{† 9.} Benson following Theophylect says, that presbutees, translated an old man in this place, has the signification of presbettees, an ambassador; and in support of his opinion he cites some passages from the LXX, and from the Apocrypha.—Macknight. Dr. Adam Clarke also inclines to the same view.

του εμου τεκνου, όν εγεννησα εν τοις δεσμοις of theofme child, whom I begot in the honds *[μου,] Ονησιμον, 11 τον ποτε σοι αχρηστον, that formerly to thee unprofitable,

νυνι δε σοι και εμοι ευχρηστον, δν ανεπεμψα. now but to thee and to me whom profitable, I sent hack;

12 συ δε αυτον, τουτ' εστι τα εμα σπλαγχνα, is the my thou but him, that

13 'Ον εγω εβουλομην προς εμαυπροσλαβου. do thou receive. When was wishing for τον κατεχειν, ίνα ύπερ σου μοι διακονη $\epsilon \nu$

self to retain, so that on behalf of thee to me he might serve in τοις δεσμοις του ευαγγελιου. 14 χωρις δε της without but of the glad tidings; ofthe

σης γνωμης ουδεν ηθελησα ποιησαι, ίνα μη ώς thy consent nothing I wished to do, so that not

αναγκην το αγαθον σου η, αλλα κατα according to constraint good of thee might b. but the 15 Ταχα γαρ δια τουτο έκουσιον. according to willingness. Perhaps for on account of this

εχωρισθη προς ώραν, ίνα αιωνιον αυτον he was separated for an hour, so that an age him thou mightχη5°

16 ουκετιώς δουλον, αλλ' ύπερ δου-no longer as a slave, but above a no longer as est receive; λον, αδελφον αγαπητον, μαλιστα εμοι, ποσω

heloved, especially to me, by how much slave, a brother 17 E δε μαλλον σοι, και εν σαρκι και εν κυριώ. to thee, both in flesh and in Lord.

ουν με εχεις κοινωνον, προσλαβου αυτον ώς then me thou holdest a partner, receive thou him as

¹⁸ E ι $\delta \epsilon$ $\tau \iota$ $\eta \delta \iota \kappa \eta \sigma \epsilon \sigma \epsilon$, η $o \phi \epsilon \iota \lambda \epsilon \iota$, $\tau o \upsilon \tau o$ €μ€. nie. If butanything he wronged thee, or

εμοι ελλογει. ¹⁹ Εγω Παυλος εργραψα τη to me put thou on account. Paul wrote with the

εμη χειρι, εγω αποτισω ίνα μη λεγω σοι, my hand, I will pay of; so that not I may say to thee, 20 Nai, και σεαυτον μοι προσοφειλεις. δτι thyself to me thou owest.

αδελφε, εγω σου οναιμην εν κυριώ αναπαυ-

O brother, I of thee should be profited in Lord, 21 Πεποιθως σον μου τα σπλαγχνα εν Χριστώ.

τη ύπακοη σου εγραψα σοι, ειδως, ότι και in the obedience of thee I wrote to thee, knowing, that even ύπερ δ λεγω ποιησεις.

beyond what I may say thou wilt do. δε και έτοιμαζε μοι ξενιαν ελπιζω At the same time but also prepare thou for mealodging; I hope

pecting MY Child, 1 whom I begot in my BONDS, THAT Conesimus,

11 who formerly was -UNPROFITABLE to Thee, but is now profitable to Thee and to Me; 12 whom I have sent

*back to thee; and do thou receive Him, that is,

MYSELF.

13 Whom I was wishing to retain for Myself, ‡so that on the behalf he might serve me in these BONDS for the GLAD TID-INGS;

14 but I desired to do Nothing without THY Con scut, that thy good deed might not be as from Constraint, but Voluntary.
15 ‡ For perhaps on this

account he was separated for a little time, in order that thou mightest receive

Him for an Age;

16 no longer as a Bondman, but above a Bond. man,- ta beloved Brother, especially to me, but how much more to thee, ‡ both in the Flesh, and in the Lord!

17 If, then, thou regardest Me as ‡ a Partner, receive him as me.

18 But if he injured thee in anything, or is indebted,

place this to my account; 19 (# Paul write with MY OWN hand,) # will pay it off; that I may not say to thee. That to me thou owest even thyself.

20 Yes, Brother, may # derive profit from Thee in the Lord; refresh My TENDER SYMPATHIES in Christ.

21 ! Having confidence in thy COMPLIANCE, I write to thee, being assured That thou wilt even do beyond what I request.

22 But at the same time, also, prepare for me a

Having confidence

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. of me-omit. that is.

^{12.} again to thee. Receive Him,

t 14. 2 Cor. ix. 7. 1 16. Col. iii. 22.

γαρ, ότι δια των προσευχων ύμων χαρισθησοfor, that through the prayers of you I shall be imμαι ύμιν. ²³ Ασπαζεται σε Επαφρας, ό συναιχparted to you. Salutes the Epaphrus, the fellowμαλωτος μου εν Χριστφ Ιησου, ²⁴ Μαρκου, Αρισcaptive of me in Anointed Jesus, Mark, Arisταρχος, Αημας, Λουκας, οί συνεργοι μου. ²⁵ Η
tarchas, Demas, Luke, the fellow-workers of me. The
χαρις του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου μετα του
favor of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed with the

πνευματος ύμων, γ

εριτί οίνου.

I.odging, for \$1 hope That \$1 through your PRAYERS \$ shall be imparted to you.

23 † Epaphres, my reltow-captive in Christ Jesus, salutes theo;

24 also 1 Mark, 1 Aristarchus, 1 Demas, 1 Luke, my rellow-laborers.

25 the favor of our Lord Jesus Christ be with your spirit.

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- The Subscription to this Epistle has been cut off.

^{? 22.} Phil. i. 25; ii. 24. 1 22. 2 Cor. i. 11. 1 23. Col. i. 7; iv. 12. 1 24. Acts xii. 12, 25. 1 24. Acts xiv. 26; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10. 124. Col. iv. 12. 1 24. Col. iv. 12. 1 25. 2 Tim. iv. 22.

ΠΡΟΣ ΕΒΡΑΙΟΥΣ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ.]

*TO THE HEBREWS.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Πολυμερως και πολυτροπως παλαι δ θεος In many parts and in many ways long ago the God λαλησας τοις πατρασιν εν τοις προφηταις, επ' saving spoken to the fathers by the prophets, εσχατου των ήμερων τουτων ελαλησεν ήμιν εν of these spoke to ue by ofthe days (δi) υίω, 2 δν εθηκε κληρονομον παντων, s son, whom he appointed an heir of all things, (on account of και τους αιωνας εποιησεν,) 3 δς (ων απαυhe made,) who (being an effulwhom also the ages γασμα της δοξης και χαρακτηρ της ύποστασεως of the glory and an exact impress of the substance autou, $\phi \in \rho \omega \nu$ $\tau \in \tau \alpha$ $\pi \alpha \nu \tau$ of him, sustaining and the things all τα παντα τφ δηματιτης by the word of the δυναμεως αύτου,) * [δι' έαυτου] καθαρισμον of himself,) through himself] a purification ποιησαμενος των αμαρτιων *[ήμων,] εκαθισεν εν sat down sins of us, ofthe having made δεξια της μεγαλωσυνης εν ύψηλοις. 4 τοσουτω in high places; by so much majesty κρειττων γενομενος *[των] αγγελων, δσω διαgreater having become of the] messengers, by so much more φορωτερον παρ' αυτους κεκληρονομηκεν ονομα. ⁵ Τινι γαρ ειπε ποτε των αγγελων Yios μου ει To which for did he say ever of the messengers; A son of me art συ, εγω σημερον γεγεννηκα σε; και παλιν-thou, I to-day have begotten thee? and again: Εγω εσομαι αυτφ εις πατερα, και αυτος εσται shall be will be to him for a father, and ho μοι εις υίον; 6 όταν δε παλιν εισαγαγη TOV when but again he may lead in the to me for a con? πρωτοτοκον εις την οικουμενην, λεγε: Kaı And he says; first-born into the habitable, προσκυνησατωσαν αυτφ παντες αγγελοι θεου. all messengers of God. him let worship αγγελους λεγει Και προς μεν τους He And concerning indeed the messengers he says; πνευματα, αγγελους αύτου TROLLUY of himself epirits, messengers making και τους λειτουργους αύτου πυρος φλογα. a flame; of himself of fire public servants δε τον υίον. 'Ο θρονος σου ὁ θεος εις 8 mpos concerning but the son; The throne of thee the God

CHAPTER I.

1 God having anciently spoken, ‡in many portions and by various methods, to the FATHERS by the PROPHETS,

2 in the last of these DAYS \$ spoke to us by a Son, \$ whom he appointed Heir of all things, on account of whom also he constituted the AGES;

3 twho, being an Effulgence of his GLORY, and an exact Impress of his SUBSTANCE, and * making manifest ALL things by the word of his Power, thaving made a Purification for SINS, that down at the Right hand of the MAJESTY in high places;

4 having become as much superior to Angels, ‡ as he has inherited a more Excellent Name than they.

5 For to which of the ANGELS did he ever say, to thou art my Son, To-day & have begotten "thee?" And again, the will be to him for a "Father, and he shall be to me for a Son?"

6 And when again he shall introduce the first born into the Habitable, he says, t"And let All "God's Angels worship him."

7 And with respect to the ANGELS, indeed he says, ‡"It is HE who "MAKES his ANGELS "Winds, and his MINIS-"TERING SERVANTS a "Flame of Fire."

εις 8 But to the son, for t"Thy THEONE, O GOD,

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—Title—To the Hebrews.
3. making manifest all things by.
3. through himself—omit.
3. of us—omit.
4. of the—omit.

^{† 1.} Num. xii. 6, 8. † 2. John i. 17; xv. 15; Heb. ii. 3. † 2. Psa. ii. 8; Matt-xxi. 38; John iii. 35; Rom. viii. 17. † 3. John i. 14; xiv. 9; 2 Cor. iv. 4; Col. i. 15. † 3. Heb. vii. 27; ix. 12, 14, 17. † 3. Psa. cx. 1; Eph. i. 20; Heb. viii. 1; x. 12; xil. 2; 1 Pet. iii. 22. † 4. Eph. i. 21; Phil. ii. 9, 10. † 5. Psa. il. 7; Acts xii. 33; Heb. v. 5. † 5. 2 Sam. vii. 14; 1 Chron. xxii. 10; xxviii. 6; Psa. lxxxix. 26, 27. 16. Rom. viii. 29; Col. i. 18; Rev. i. 5. † 6. Psa. xcvii. 7. † 7. Psa. civ. 4. 18. Psa. xv. 6, 7.

BEITI,

(Ch > 1, 9.) HEBREWS. [Chup. 2: 3. " is for the AGE; "and τον αιωνα *[του αιωνος:] βαβδος ευθυτητος ή "the SCEPTRE of RECTI-[of the dago;] of rectitude the a sceptre βαβδος της βασιλείας σου. Ηγεπησας δικαιsceptre of the kingdom of thee. Thou didst love right-" thy kingdom. 9 "Thou didst love " Righteousness, and hate οσυνην, και εμισησας ανομιαν. δια τουτ " Lawlessness; therefore, " thy GoD ; anointed thee, εχρισέ σε δ θεος σου, ελαίον αγαλλιασεως "O Gop, with the oil of aguinted thee the God of thee, oil ofestremejoy ; "Exultation beyond thy " ASSOCIATES." 10 Kar 20 κατ' παρα τους μετοχους σου. 10 Also, : "Thou, O" Lord, at First didst lay beyund the . associates of thee, Aud; Thou αρχας, κυριε, την γην εθεμελιωσας, και εργα "the foundation of the a beginning, O Lord, the earth didst form, "EARTH; and the HEAand works των χειρων σου εισιν οί ουρανοι. 11 Αυτοι αποof the hands of thee are the heavens. They shall " VENS are Works of thy " HANDE; '11 ; "then shall perish, λουνται, συ δε διαμενεις και παντες ώς ίμα-"hut thou remainest; "and they all shall be-"come old like a Garτιον παλαιωθησονται, 12 και ώσει περιβολαιον " ment; shall become old, and like, an upper garment 12 " and like a Montle έλιξεις αυτους, και αλλαγησονται συ δε δ "thou wilt fold them up; thou wiltfold them, and they shall be changed; thou but the " like a Garment also "they shall be changed; τα ετη σου ουκ εκλειψουσι. autos ei, kai "but thou art the SAME, will fail, and the years of thee not seme art. " and thy YEARS shall not 13 Προς τινα δε των αγγελων ειρηκε ποτε Κα-το which but of the messengers did be say eyer; Do " fail." # 13 But to which of the ANGELS did he ever say, θου εκ δεξιων μου, έως ανθω τους εχθρους t" Sit thou at my Right hand, till I put thine till I may place the right of me, 14 Ουχι παντες σου ύποποδιον των ποδων σου: " ENEMIES underneath thy o'thee ontelol for the feet of thee? Not " FEET ?!" all 14 # Are they not all εισι λειτουργικά πνευματα, εις διακονιαν αποσ-Ministering Spirits, sent are public serving apirits, for service forth for Service, on account of THOSE BEING μελλοντας κληρονοδια τελλομένα TOUS on account of . thuse neut forth beingabout ABOUT to inherit Salvation? ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. 1 Δια LEIV GWTHDIAV : TOUTO CHAPTER II. On account of salvation ? this δει περισσοτερως ήμας προσεχειν τοις ακουσus to extend to the things hart behoves more earnestly

1 On this account it hehoves us to attend more earnestly to the THINGS HEARD, lest we should ever let them glide away.

2 For if the WORD t spoken through Angels was firm, and 2 Every De-viation and Disobedience received a Just Retribution;

'3 I how shall be escape.

through messengers having been spoken word · Brm WAS ος, και πασα παραβασις και παρακοη ελαβεν and imperfect hearing received and every

αγγελων λαληθεις λογος εγενετο βεβαι-

ing been heard, lest perhaps we should glide away,

μηποτε παραρφυωμέν. Ει γαρ δ

deviation ενδικον μισθαποδοσιαν. 3 πως ήμεις εκφευξο-

a just reinbution; shall es-

• Varican Manuscrift.—8, of the age—omit.

8, and the sceptre of his kingdom.

12. like a Garment also they shall be changed. 8. and the scerres of sections Is the Sceptre of his KINGDOM.

† 9. Isa. lxl. 1; Luke iv. 18; John x. 36; Acts iv. 27; x. 38.

† 16. Isa. xxxiv. 4; ii. 6; Matt. xxiv. 35; 1 Fet. iii. 7, 10; Rev. xx. 11.

† 13. Psa. cx. 1;

Matt. xxii. 44; Acts ii. 34, 35; Heb. x. 12.

† 14. Psa. xxxiv. 7; xcl. 11; cili. 20, 21.

† 14. James ii. 5.

† 2. Deut. xxxiii. 2; Acts vii. 53.

† 3. Heb. x. 28, 29; xii. 35.

μεθα τηλικαυτης αμελησαντες σωτηριας; ήτις cape so great having disregerded a salvation f which αρχην λαβουσα λαλεισθαι δια του κυ**ριου**, a beginning having received to be spoken through the Lord, \dot{v} πο των ακουσαντων εις ήμας εβεβαιωθη, by those having heard for us was confirmed,

* συνεπιμαρτυρουντος του θεου σημειοις τε κα:

co-attesting the God by signs both and

τερασι, και ποικιλαις δυναμεσι, και πνευματος

Tepaot, και ποικιλαις ουναμέσι, και πνευματος byprodigies, and byvarious powers, and otenics πνιου μερισμοίς, κατα την αυτου θελητίν.

άγιου μερισμοις, κατα την αύτου θελησιν. holy by distributions, according to the of himself will.

5 Ου γαρ αγγελοις ύπεταξε την οικουμενην την Not for to messengers he did subject the habitable that

μελλουσαν, περι ής λαλουμεν. ⁶ Διεμαρτυabout coming, concerning which we speak.

Testified

ρατο δε που τις, λεγων Τι εστιν ανθρωπος, but comewhere one, saying; What is man,

ότι μιμνησκη αυτου η υίος ανθρωπου, ότι that thon doet remember him; or a son of man, that ϵ πισκεπτη αυτον; 7 Ηλαττωσας αυτον βραχυ thou doet observe him? Thou didst make less him a little while

τι παρ' αγγελους. δοξη και τιμη εστεφανωthan messengers; with glory and with honor thou didst

σας αυτον· δπαντα έπεταξας ύποκατα των rrown him; all things thou didet viace under the ποδων αυτου. Εν γαρ τω ύποταξαι * [αυτω] feet of him. In for the to be subjected [to him]

τα παντα, ουδεν αφηκεν αυτφ ανυποτακthat hinge all, nothing is left to him unsubject-τον νυν δε ουπω δρωμεν αυτφ τα πανταed; now but not yet we see to him the thinge all

υποτεταγμενα. ⁹Τον δε βραχυ τι παρ' αγγεhaving been placed. The but a chort time than messen-

λους ηλαττωμενον βλεπομεν Ιησουν δια το gers having been made less we see Jesus on account of the παθημα του θανατου δοξη και τιμη εστεφα-suffering of the death with glory and with honor having been νωμενον δπως χαριτι θεου ύπερ παντος γευ-erowned; so that by favor of God on behalf of all he

τα παντα και δι' ού τα παντα, πολλους that bings all and through whom the things all, many

υίους εις δοξαν αγαγοντα τον αρχηγον της sone into glory leading the prince of the

σωτηριας αυτων δια παθηματων τελειωσαι. salvation of them through sufferings to perfect.

having disregarded So great a Salvation? which beginning to be spoken by the LORD, was confirmed for Us by THOSE who HEARD him;

4 ‡God co-attesting †both b" Signs and Wonlers and various Mighty works, and ‡Distributions of hely Spirit, according to his Will?

5 For to Angels he did not subject \$\pm\$ the FUTURE HABITABLE, concerning

which we speak.

6 But one somewhere testified, saying, I "What "is a Man That thou dost "remember him? or a "Son of Man, That thou "dost regard him?

7 "Thou didst make "him for a little while in"ferior to Angels; then "didst crown him with "Glory and Honor;

8 "thou didst subject "All things under his "feet;"—for in Sub-Jecting all things, he left Nothing unsubjected to Him; but, at present, we do not see that all things have actually been placed under Him.

9 But we behold Jesus, on account of the sufferenting of Death ‡crowned with Glory and Honor, ‡HAVING BEEN MADE for a little while INFERIOR to Angels, so that, by God's Favor, ‡he might taste of Death on behalf of every one.

10 For it was becoming him, ‡ on account of whom are ALL things, and through whom are ALL things, in conducting Many Sons to Glory, ‡ to perfect the ‡ PRINCE of their SALVATION through Sufferings.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. to him-omit.

^{† 3.} Matt. iv. 17; Mark i. 14. † 3. Luke i. 2. † 4. Mark xvi. 20; Acts xiv. 3; xix. 11; Rom. xv. 18, 19; 1 Cor. ii. 4. † 4. Acts ii. 22, 43. † 4. 1 Cor. xii. 4, 7, 11. † 5. Heb. vi. 5; 2 Pet. iii. 13. † 6. Psa. viii. 4. † 9. Acts ii. 33. † 9. Phil. ii. 7-0. † 9. Rom. v. 18; viii. 32; 2 Cor. v. 15; 1 Tim. ii. 6; 1 John ii. 2. † 10. Rom. xi. 36. † 10. Luke xiii. 32; Heb. v. 9. † 10. Acts iii. 15; v. 31; Heb. xii. 9.

11 Ο τε γαρ άγιαζων και οἱ άγιαζομενοι, εξ He both for sanctifying and those being sanctified, out of ένος παντες δι' ήν αιτιαν ουκ επαισχυνεται for which cause not he is ashamed αδελφους αυτους καλειν, 12 λεγων Απαγγελω to call. them saying; 1 will announce το ονομα σου τοις αδελφοις μου, εν μεσφ εκ-13 Και παλιν. Εγω εσο- $\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma\iota\alpha s$ $\delta\mu\nu\eta\sigma\omega$ $\sigma\epsilon$. cougregation I will praise thee. And will again; μαι πεποιθως επ' αυτώ. και παλιν. Ιδου εγω, him; Ï. he having trusted in and again; Lo 14 Επειουν και τα παιδια ά μοι εδωκεν ό θεος. and the children which to me gave the God. Since then τα παιδια κεκοινωνηκε σαρκος και αίματος, και the children have been sharers of flesh and blood. also αυτος παραπλησιως μετεσχε των αυτων, ίνα in like manner partook ofthe of them, so that TOU θανατου καταργηση TOV τo of the death he might make powerless him hy means κρατος εχοντα του θανατου, τουτ' EGTL TOY strength having of the death, that is the διαβολον, 15 και απαλλαξη τουτους όσοι φοβω and might set free them as many as by fear accuser. θανατου δια παντος του ζην ενοχοι ησαν δουof death through all of the life held in were 16 Ου γαρ δηπου αγγελων επιλαμβανελειαs. Not for in any manner of messengers he takes hold, ται, αλλα σπερματος Αβρααμ επιλαμβανεται. be takes hold. ofseed of abraam

17 'Οθεν ωφειλε κατα τοις αδελφοις παντα Hence he was obliged in all things to the brethren δμοιωθηναι, ίνα ελεημων γενηται και πιστος to be made like, so that merciful he might be and faithful αρχιερευς τα προς τον θεον, εις το ίλασκεσθαι high-priest thethings as to the God, in order to the to expiate 18 Εν ώ γαρ πεπουθεν τας αμαρτιας του λαου. By what for he has suffered 810.8 of the people. autos $\pi\epsilon_i pa\sigma\theta\epsilon_i$ s, δυναται τοις $\pi\epsilon_i pa\zeta_0 \mu\epsilon_i$ vois himself having heat ried, he is able to those being tried Βοηθησαι. to render aid.

KE ϕ . γ' . 3.

0 θεν, αδελφοι άγιοι, κλησεως επουρανίου Whence, brethren holy, of a calling heavenly μετοχοις κατανοησατε τον αποστολον και αρpartakers do you attentively regard the apostle and high-

11 For the both the SANCTIFIER and the SANCTIFIER are from one; for Which Cruse he is not tashamed to call Them Brethren;

12 saying, ‡"I will "announce thy NAME to "my BRETHREN; in the "Midst of the Congregation I will praise thee."

13 And again, to I will confide in him." And again, to Behold, I and the CHILDREN whom to God gave Me."

14 Since, then, the CHILDREN have one common nature of *Blood and Flesh, he ‡also, in like manner, partook of these; ‡in order that, by means of his Death, he might vanquish him possessing the Power of Death—that is, the ENEMY—

15 and might liberate THOSE who, Thy Fear of Death, were throughout their Whole LIFE held in

Slavery.

16 †Besides, he does not in any way take hold of Angels, but he takes hold of the Seed of Abraham;

17 hence, he was obliged to be assimilated to his BRETHREN in all things, so that he night be ‡a Merciful and Faithful lligh priest as to things relating to GOD, in order to EXPLATE the SINS of the PEOPLE.

18 For by what he has suffered, having been tried, the is able to assist THOSE who are TRIED.

CHAPTER III.

1 Therefore, holy Brethren, Associates of a heavenly ‡ Calling, attentively regard Jesus, ‡the APOS-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. Blood and Flesh.

^{† 16.} Or, "For truly it," i. e. the fear of death, or death itself, "does not lay hold of" or seize on "angels, but of the seed of Abraham it does lay hold."—Theolog, Rep. and Kneeland.

^{11.} Heb. x. 10, 14. 211. Matt. xxviii. 10; John xx. 17; Rom. viii. 20. 12. Psa. xxii. 22, 25. 13. Psa. xviii. 2; Isa. xii. 2. 13. Isa. viii. 18. 13. John x. 20; xvii. 6, 0, 11, 12. 14. John i. 14; Rom. viii. 3; Phil. ii. 7. 14. 16. 14. John i. 14; Rom. viii. 3; Phil. ii. 7. 14. 16. 17. Heb. vii. 25. 18. Luke i. 74; Rom. viii. 15; 2 Tim. i. 7. 17. Heb. vii. 25. 18. Heb. vii. 25. 18. Rom. xv. 8; Heb. ii. 17, etc

χιερεα της δμολογιας ήμων, Ιησουν ² πιστιν priest of the profession of us, Jeous; faithful ουτα τφ ποιησων... as even Moses being to the one having appointed him, as even Moses being to the one having appointed him, as even Moses this [whole] the house ofhim. Of more for καθ' ηξιωται, δσον δοξης παρα Μωυσην glory than Moses has been esteemed worthy, so far as πλειονα τιμην εχει του οικου δ κατασκευασας honor he has of the house the one having built 4 (Πας γαρ οικος κατασκευαζεται ύπο αυτον. (Every for house itself. is built τινος· ὁ δε *[τα] παντα κατασκευασας, θεος.) some one; he but [the things] all having built, 5 Και Μωυσης μεν πιστος εν όλφ τω οίκω And Mosee indeed faithful in whole to the house in whole to the house autou, is $\theta \epsilon \rho \alpha \pi \omega \nu$, ϵis $\mu \alpha \rho \tau \nu \rho io \nu$ $\tau \omega \nu$ $\lambda \alpha \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ of him, as a servant, for a testimony of the things going σομενων. 6 Χριστος δε, ώς υίος επι τον οικον to be spoken: Anointed but, as a son over the house αυτου ού οικος εσμεν ήμεις, εανπερ την παρof him; of whom a house are we, ifindeed the conδησιαν και το καυχημα της ελπιδος *[μεχρι fidence and the hoasting of the hope [till auελους $extit{β}$ εβαιαν] κατασχωμεν. auΔιο, Therefore, καθως 8.5 λεγει το πνευμα το αγιον. Σημερον, εαν της says the spirit the holy, To-day, if the φωνης αυτου ακουσητε, ⁸μη σκληρυνητε τας voice of him you will hear, not you should harden the καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικρασμώ, κατα hearts of you. as in the hitter provocation, $την ημεραν του πειρασμου εν τη ερημω, <math>^9$ ου the day of the temptation in the desert, not επειρασαν *[με] οί πατερες ύμων, εδοκιμασαν tempted [me] the fathers of you, *[με,] και ειδον τα εργα μου, τεσσαρακοντα and saw the works ofme, forty ετη· 10 διο προσωχθισα τη γενεά εκεινή, και therefore I was provoked with the generation that, ειπον. Αει πλανωντα τη καρδια, αυτοι δε ουκ said; Always hey wauder in the heart, they but not τας όδους μου. 11 ώς ωμοσα εν τη so Iswore in the they acknowledged the ways me. οργή μου. Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν wrath of me; If they shall enter into the rest μου. ¹² Βλεπετε, αδελφοι, μηποτε εσται εν Take you heed, hrethren, leat ever shall be

τινι ύμων καρδια πονηρα απιστιας, εντφ αποσevil

any one of you a heart

of unbelief,

TLE and High-priest of our CONFESSION;

2 who is Faithful to HIM Who APPOINTED him, even as # Moses was in his HOUSE.

3 For he has been esteemed worthy of More Glory than Moses, as much as the BUILDER has More Honor than the House it. self

4 (For every House is built by some one; but the HAVING BUILT all things is God.)

5 And Moses, indeed, was faithful in his Whole HOUSE, as ‡a Servant, ‡ for a Testimony of the THINGS to be SPOKEN;

6 but Christ as a Son over his House, ‡ Whose House we are, if we should hold fast the confi-DENCE and the EXULTA-TION of the HOPE.

7 Therefore, as HOLY SPIRIT says, ‡" To-"day, if you will hear his " VOICE,

8 "harden not your " HEARTS, as in the Bit-"TER PROVOCATION, in " the DAY of the TRIAL in " the DESERT;

9 "where your FA-"THERS tried, proved, and "saw my works Forty

" Years.

10 "Therefore, I was "provoked with * that "GENERATION, and said, "'They always err in " 'HEART;' but then did "not acknowledge my "WAYS;

11 "so I swore in my " INDIGNATION- If they "'shall enter my REST!"

12 Beware, Brethren, lest there should ever be in any one of you an evil, Disbelieving Heart, by Aposin the tofall God;

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -2. Whole-omit. 4. the things-of the control of the control o 4. the things-omit. 6. Firm to the End-omit.

^{† 4.} Eph. ii. 10; iii. 9. † 5. Exod. xiv. 31; Numviii. 31. † 5. Deut. xviii. 15, 18, 19. † 6. 1 Cor. h. ii. 21, 22; 1 Tim. iii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 6. Rom. v. \$; 2. Num. xii. 7; verse 5 xii.7; Deut. iii. 24; Josh. i. iii. 16; vi. 19; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Col. 1. 23; Heb. x. 85. 7. Psa. 20v. 7-11.

τηναι απο θεου ζωντος· 13 αλλα παρακαλειτε away from God living; do you exhort but έαυτους καθ' έκαπτην ήμεραν, αχρις ού yourselves in each day, till of which το σημερον καλειται, ίνα μη σκληρυνθη εξ the to-day it is called, so that not may be hardened from ύμων τις απατη της άμαρτιας. 14 Μετοχοι of you any one by a delusion of the sin. Partakers γαρ του Χριστου γεγοναμεν, εανπερ την αρ-for of the Anniated we have become, if perhaps the beginχην της ύποστασεως μεχρι τελους βεβαιαν ming of the confidence till an end κατασχωμεν. 15 Εν τω λεγεσθαι. Σημερον, we hold fast. In respect to the to he said; To-day, εαν της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε: μη σκληρυνηif the voice of him you may bear; not harden you τε τας καρδιας ύμων, ώς εν τω παραπικρασμώ. the hearts of you, as in the hitter provocation. 16 Τινές γαρ ακουσαντές παρεπικράναν; αλλ' Some for having heard did provoke? ου παντες οἱ εξελθοντες εξ Αιγυπτου δια Μουthose having come out from Egypt by means of Mo-17 Τισι δε προσωχθισε τεσσαρακοντα With whom hut was he vexed ετη; ουχι τοις άμαρτησασιν; ών τα . εωλα years? not with those having sinned? of whom the members επεσεν εν τη ερημω. 18 Τισι δε ωμοσε μη εισεfell in the desert. To whom but did he awear nut to enλευσεσθαι εις την καταπαυσιν αύτου, ει μη

ter into the rest of himself, if not rots a $\pi \epsilon i \theta \eta \sigma a \sigma t$; 19 Kai $\beta \lambda \epsilon \pi \sigma \mu \epsilon \nu$, $\delta \tau t$ our to those having disbeheved? And we see, that not $\eta \delta \nu \nu \eta \theta \eta \sigma a \nu$ $\epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon i \nu$ δt a $\pi i \sigma \tau i a \nu$. KEΦ. they were able to enter because of unbelief. δ' . 4. 1 $\Phi o \beta \eta \theta \omega \mu \epsilon \nu$ our, $\mu \eta \pi \sigma \tau \epsilon$, $\kappa a \tau a \lambda \epsilon i \pi \sigma - \delta t$

We may fear then, lest ever, being μενης επαγγελιας εισελθειν εις την καταπαυleft a promise to eater ioto the rest
σιν αυτου, δοκη τις εξ ύμων ὑστερηκεναι.

of him, should seem any one from of you to have failed.

2 Και γαρ εσμεν ευηγγελισμενοι, καθαπερ Also for we are having heeu addressed with glad tidings, even as

κακεινοι αλλ ουκ ωφελησεν δ λογος της also they; but not did profit the word of the ακοης εκεινους, μη συγκεκραμενος τη πιστει having been mixed with the faith

τοις ακουσασιν. ³Εισερχομεθα γαρ εις την in those hearing. We enter for into the

καταπαυσιν οί πιστευσαντες, καθως ειρηκεν·
reat those having believed, as he has said;
'On symptom en Th. 2007 μουν Ενευσαλευσονται

'Ως ωμοσα εν τη οργη μου. Ει εισελευσονται so lawore is the wrath of me; If they shall cuter

 ϵ is the rest of me; namely from the works from

13 but exhort each other every Day, while it is called TO-DAY, so that no one among you may be harlened by a Delusion of SIN;

14 for we have become Associates of the Anointed, ‡if indeed we hold fast the beginning of our confidence firm to

the End.

15 With regard to the DECLARATION—;"To-day, "if you should hear his "voice, harden not your "HEARTS, as in the BIT" "TEB PROVOCATION;"—

16 ‡ for who, having heard, did provoke? Did not all those who came out from Egypt under Mo-

ses?

17 And with whom was he displeased Forty Years? Was it not with THOSE who SINNED?—; Whose CORPSES fell in the DESERT?

18 And ‡ to whom did he swear that they should not enter his REST, if not to the DISBELIEVING?

19 ‡ And we see That they were not able to enter because of Unbelief.

CHAPTER IV.

1 Therefore, twe may be afraid, lest at any time a Promise to enter his REST, being left, any one among you should seem to come short of it.

2 For we also have been evangelized even as then were; but the word of the report did not profit them, not being mingled with paith in the hear-ers.

3 ‡ We, however, HAV-ING BELIEVED, enter the REST; according as he has said, ‡ "So I swore in my "INDIGNATION—' If they "'shall enter my dest;'" namely, from the wouls

^{† 14.} verse 6. † 15. verse 7. † 16. Num. xiv. 2, 4, 11, 34, 30; Deut. i. 34, 36, 35 † 17. Num. xiv. 22, 20, etc.; xxvi. 65; Psa. cvi. 26; 1 Cor. x. 5; Jule 5. † 18. Num. xiv. 30; Deut. i. 34, 35. † 19. Heb. iv. 6. † 1. Heb. xii. 15. † 3. Heb. iii. 14. † 3. Psa. xcv. 11; Heb. iii. 11.

καταβολης κοσμου γενηθεντων. 4 Ειρηκε yap a laying dawn of a world having been done It has been spoken for **σερι** της έβδομης ούτω. Και κατε-TOU' somewhere concerning the seventh thus, And rested παυσεν ο θεος εν τη ήμερα τη έβδομη απο πανthe God on the day the execute from all
των των εργων αύτου. 5 και εν τουτφ παλιν: of the works of himself; and in this Ει εισελευσονται εις την καταπαυσιν μου. If they shall enter into the rest of me. 6 Επει ουν απολειπεται τινας ELGENDEIN ELS Since then it is left 60000 to enter ioto αυτην, και οί προτερον ευαγγελισθεντες ουκ her, and those formerly having received glad tidings not εισηλθον δι απειθείαν παλιν τινα δρίζει entered on account of unbelief, again certain be deduced. ί,μεραν, Σημερον, εν Δαυιδ, λεγων, μετά το-α αυχ. Το-day, by David, asying, after so σουτον χρονον (καθως ειρηται.) Σημερον, εαν loug atime, (as it has been said,) To-day, 11 της φωνης αυτου ακουσητε, μη σκληρυνητε τας the roice of him you may bear, not harden you καρδιας ύμων. SE; γαρ αυτους Ιητους κατε-bearts of you. If for them Jesus caused παυσεν, ουκ αν περι αλλης ελαλει μετα not would concerning another have spoken to rest. after 9 Αρα απολειπεται σαββατισταυτα ημερας. Therefore remains ofadsy. a Leening of a μος τω λαώ του θεου. 10 'Ο γαρ εισελθων The for onebaring entered eshbath for the people of the God. EIS THY KATAMAUGIY AUTOU, KAI AUTOS KATEMAUinto the rest of bim, also himself caused to σεν απο των εργων αύτου, ώσπερ απο των ιδιων rest from the works of himself, like as from the own 11 Σπουδασωμεν ουν εισελθειν εις the God. We should carnestly endeavor therefore to enter into Εκείνην την καταπαυσίν, ίνα μη εν τω αυτω that the rest, so that not by the same τις ύποδειγματι πεση της απειθειας. 12 Ζων any one example may fall of the unbelief. γαρ δ λογος του θεου, και ενεργης, και τομωτεfor the word of the God, and energetic, and more cutρος ύπερ πασαν μαχαιραν διστομον, και διικ-ling beyond every sword ino-mouthed, even cut. νουμενος αχρι μερισμου ψυχης "[τε] και πνευting through to adivision of life [both] and ματος, αρμών τε και μυελών, και κριτικός ενθυbreath, ofjoints both and of marrows, and shie to judge 01 μησεων και εννοιων καρδιας. 13 και ους εστι thoughts and ofintentions ofheart; and not la κτισις αφανης ενωπιον αυτου, παντα δε γυμνα baked a oresture out of sight in presence of him, all things but

done at the Foundation of the World.

4 For it has been somewhere spoken concerning the seventu day, thus, : " And God rested on the "SEVENTH day from all his " works "

5 And again, in this manner, "If they shall " enter my REST."

6 Since, then, it is left for some to enter, I and THOSE who formerly recerved glad tidings did not enter on account of Unbelief .-

7 he again defines a certain Day, "To day," say-ing by David, after So long a Time, (as "it has been said before,) \$"To-day,
"if you will hear his
"voick, harden not your! "HEARTS."

8 For if Joshua caused Them to rest, he would not, subsequently, spoken of Another Day.

9 Therefore, a Sabbath. rest remains for the PEO. PLE of GOD.

10 For HE HAVING EN-TERED his REST, will also himself rest from his works, like as God from HIS OWN.

11 Let us earnestly cndeavor, therefore, to enter That BEST, that no one may fall t by the SAME Example of UNBELIEF.

12 For the WORD of God is : living, and energetic, and I more cutting than Any two-edged Sword, cutting through even to a Separation of Life and Breath, and of Joints and Marrow, Tand able to judge the Thoughts and Intentions of the Heart;

13 tand no Creature is concealed in his sight, but all things are naked

^{12.} both-omif. · VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. it has been said before.

^{1 4.} Gen. ii. 2; Exod. xx. 11; xxxi: 17. Heb. iii. 7. 4. 5; 1 Pct. i. 28. 1 Cor. xiv. 24. 28. 1 13. Psa. xxxiii.

και τετραχηλισμενα τοις οφθαλμοις αυτου, having been laid open to the eyes of him. προς δυ ήμιν δ λογος.

with whom for us the word.

14 Εχοντες ουν αρχιερεα μεγαν, διεληλυθοτα Having therefore a high-priest great, having passed through τους ουρανους, Ιητουν τον υίον του θεου, κραson of the God, we should Jeens the 15 Oυ γαρ εχομεν αρ-Not for we have τωμεν της δμολογιας. lay hold of the professios. χιερεα μη δυναμενον συμπαθησαι ταις απθεhigh-priest not being able to suffer with the weakνειαις ήμων, πεπειρασμενον δε κατα παντα nesses of us, having been tempted but is all things καθ' δμοιοτητα, χωρις άμαρτιας. 16 Προσερχωaccording to a likeness, apart from We anould μεθα ουν μετα παρβητιας τω θρονώ της χαριcome therefore with coundence to the throne of the favor, τος, ίνα λαβωμεν ελεον, και χαριν *[εύρωμεν]
so that we may receive mercy, and favor [we may find] εις ευκαιρον βοηθειαν. ΚΕΦ. ε'. 5. 1 Паs for seasonable beig. γαρ αρχιερευς εξ ανθρωπων λαμβανομενος, for high-priest from mes having been taken, ύπερ ανθρωπων καθισπατας τα προς τον on behalf of men is placed over the things relating to the θεον, ίνα προσφερη δωρα τε και θυσιας ύπερ God, so that he may offer gifts both and sacrifices on behalf άμαρτιων 2 μετριοπαθειν δυναμενος τοις αγνοουof aina; to auffer in a measure being able with the ignorant σι και πλανωμενοις, επει και αυτος περικειται ones and erring ones, since also himself surrounds 3 και δια ταυτην οφειλει, καθως Infirmity; anterelar. and on account of this ft it ftting. περι του λαου, ούτω και περι έαυτου προσconcerning the people, so also concerning himself 4 Και ουχ έαυτφ φερείν ὑπερ αμαρτίων. of mas. And not to himself on benail λαμβανει την τιμην, αλλα καλουμενος takes the booor, but be being called 715 he being called 5 Ούτω και ύπο του θεου, καθαπερ και Ααρων. by the God, as even Aaron. Thus and δ Χριστος ουχ έαυτον εδοξασε γενηθηναι αρχιεthe Anotated not himself did glorify to become ■ Lighρεα, αλλ' δ λαλησας προς αυτον. Tios μου ει priest, but the one having spoken to him; Ason of me art έτερφ λεγει. Συ ίερευς εις τον αιωνα, κατα another he says; Thou a priest for the ege, according to

and texposed to his ETES. whose word is addressed

14 Having, therefore, ta great High-priest, ; who has passed through the HEAVENS, Jesus, the SON of God, twe should firmly retain the confession.

15 For twe have not a High-priest unable to sympathize with WEAKNESSES; but one thaving been tried in all respects like ourselves, t apart from Sin.

16 ‡ We should therefore, approach with Confidence to the THRONE of YAVOR, that we may receive Mercy and Favor for

seasonable help.

CHAPTER V.

1 For Every High-priest having been taken from Men is appointed in hehalf of Men, over THINGS relating to GoD, I that he may offer both Gitts and Sacrifices for Sins,

2 being able to deal genthe with the IGNORANT and Erring, since he himself is also surrounded by

3 and ton this account, as for the PROPLE, so also for himself, he is obliged to offer ' for Sins.

4 : And no one takes the HONOR on Himself, but he BEING CALLED by God, even as I Aaron was.

5 1 And thus the ANOINTED one did not glor fy himself to become a High-priest; but nr. who SPOKK concerning him, t" Theu art my Son, "To-day have E begotten " thee."

as also in another place he says, ‡" Thou "art a Priest for the AGE,

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. we may find-omit.

^{3.} concerning Sins.

^{213.} Job xxvi. 6; xxxiv. 21; Prov. xv. 11.
26; ix. 12, 24.
2 2 Cor. v. 21; Heb. vii. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 22; 1 John iii. 5.
2 16. Eph. ii. 18; ii. 12; Heb. xi. 19, 21, 22.
2 1. Heb. vii. 36; 1 Pet. ii. 22; 1 John iii. 5.
2 16. Eph. ii. 18; ii. 12; Heb. xi. 19, 21, 22.
2 1. Heb. viii. 3, 4; ix. 9; x. 11.
2 3. Lev. iv. 3, ix. 7; xvi. 6, 15, 17; vii. 27.
4 2 Chron. xxiii. 13.
2 5. John viii. 54.
2 6. Pea. ii. 7; Heb. i. 5.
2 6. Pea. cx. 4: Heb. vii. 17, 21.

КЕФ.

s'. 6.

 $^{1}\Delta\iota o$

Therefore

την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ.

the order of Melchizedek. Who in the days της σαρκος αύτου, δεησεις τε και ίκετηριας of himself, both and supplications prayers προς τον δυναμενον σω (ειν αυτον εκ θανατου, heing able to deliver him out of μετα κραυγης ισχυρας και δακρυων προσενεγand tears having offered, a ery strong κας, και εισακουσθεις απο της ευλαβειας, 8 (καιand having been heard from the piety, (though περ ων υίος,) εμαθεν, αφ' $\epsilon \pi \alpha \theta \epsilon$, $\omega \nu$ $\tau \eta \nu$ learned, from what things he suffered, being a son,) ύπακοην. 9 και τελειωθεις εγενετο τοις ύπαand having heen perfected he became to those obeyκουουσιν αυτώ πασιν αιτιος σωτηριας αιωνιου, ing him to all a cause of salvation age-lasting, 10 προσαγορευθεις ύπο του θεουαρχιερευς κατα having been declared by the God a high-priest according to 11 Περι ού την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ. of Melchizedek. Concerning whom great order ήμιν δ λογος και δυσερμηνευτος λεγειν, επει tous the word and hard to be explained to say, γεγονατε ταις ακοαις. 12 Και γαρ οφεινωθοοι sluggish ones you have become in the hearing. Even for being δια τον χρονον, λοντες ειναι διδασκαλοι teachers on account of the obligated to be παλιν χρειαν εχετε του διδασκειν ύμας, τινα need you have of the to teach you, certain τα στοιχεια της αρχης των λογιων του θεου. elements of the beginning of the oracles of the God; και γεγουατε χρειαν εχουτες γαλακτος, και ου and you have become need having of milk, and not 13 Πας γαρ δ μετεχων γαλακστερεας τροφης. Every one for the partaking of solid of milk, food. τος, απειρος λογου δικαιοσυνης. νηπιος γαρ unskilled of a word of righteousness; a babe εστι 14 τελειων δε εστι ή στερεα τροφη, των for perfect ones hut is the solid food, for those δια την έξιν τα αισθητηρια γεγυμνασμενα the habit the - perceptions having been exercised εχοντων προς διακρισιν καλου τε και κακου. having for a discrimination of good both and

του Χριστου λογον, επι την τελειοτητα φερωof the Anointed word, towards the perfection we should μεθα· μη παλιν θεμελιον καταβαλλομενοι μεταprogress; not again a foundation laying down for re-

leaving

νοιας απο νεκρων εργων, και πιστεως επι θεον, of faith in tormation from dead works, and

God,

" according to the ORDER " of Melchizedek."

7 He (who in the DAYS of his FLESH, having tof-fered up both Prayers and Supplications, ‡ Crying aloud with Tears to HIM who was ABLE to deliver him out of Death, and was heard for his DEVOTION,)

8 ‡ though, being a Son, learned ‡ OBEDIENCE from what he suffered;

9 and thaving been perfected, became a Cause of aionian Salvation to all THOSE who OBEY him;

10 having been declared by God, a High-priest, faccording to the ORDER

of Melchizedek;

the

11 concerning whom in Our DISCOURSE ‡ we have Much to say, and of difficult interpretation, since you have become sluggish HEARERS.

12 For even when you ought, by this TIME, to be Teachers, you again have Need of one to TEACH you certain # FIRST ELEMENTS of the ORACLES of GOD; and have become such as have Need of ! Milk, and not of Solid Food.

13 EVERY ONE, how-ever, PARTAKING of Milk, is unskilled in the Word of Righteousness; for he is

t an Infant;

for

14 but the SOLID Food is for Adults-for THOSE possessing FACULTIES HA-BITUALLY EXERCISED #for the discrimination both of Good and Evil.

CHAPTER VI.

1 Therefore, ‡ leaving the FIRST principles of the DOCTRINE of the ANOINT-ED one, we should progress towards MATURITY; not again laying down a Foundation for Reformation from I Works causing

αφεντες τον της αρχης

the of the beginning

βαπτισμων διδαχης, επιθεσεως τε χειρων, of dippings teaching, of laying on and of bands,

αναστασεως τε νεκρων, και κριματος αιωνιου. of a resurrection and of dead ones, and of a judgment age-lasting.

³ Και τουτο ποιησομεν, εανπερ επιτρεπη όθεος. And this we will do, if may permit the God.

4 Αδυνατον γαρ, τους άπεξ φωτισθέντας, γευ-tupossible for, those once having been enlightened, havfor,

σαμενους τε της δωρεας της επουρανιου, και and of the gift of the heavenly,

μετοχους γενηθεντας πνευματος άγιου, 5 και of apirit holy, and having become

καλον γευσαμενους θεου δημα, δυναμεις TE having tasted of Gad word, powers and μελλοντος αιωνος, 6 και παραπεσοντας, παλιν and having fallen away, about coming of an age, again

ανακαινιζειν εις μετανοιαν, ανασταυρουντας for reformation, having crucified again

τον υίον του θεου και παραδειγματιfor themselves the son of the God and expusing to ⁷ Γη γαρ ή ποιουσα τον επ' αυτης
Earth for that having drank the on her (οντας.

πολλακις ερχομενον ύετον, και τικτουσα βοταproducing rain, and often coming

νην ιυθετον εκεινοις, δι' ούς και γεωργειται, bage useful to them, for whom also it is tilled.

μεταλαμβανει ευλογιας απο του θεου· 8 εκφεa blessing from the God, producρουσα δε ακανθας και τριβολους, αδοκιμος και

thiatles, rejected ing but thorne aud and καταρας εγγυς, ής το τελος εις καυσιν.

near, of which the end 9 Πετεισμεθα δε περι ύμων, αγαπητοι, τα Having been persuaded but concerning you, beloved ones, the things

κρειττονα και εχομενα σωτηριας, ει και ούτω and being possessed of calvation, though even

10 Ου γαρ αδικος ό θεος, επιλαθεσλαλουμεν. Not for unjust the God, we speak. to be for-

θαι του εργου ύμων και της αγαπης, ής ενεδειgetful of the work of you and of the love, which

ξασθε εις το ονομα αυτου, διακονησαντες τοις manifested for the name of him, baving ministered to the

¹¹ Επιθυμουμέν δε, άγιοις και διακονουντες. holy ones and are minustering. We desire but.

έκαστον ύμων την αυτην ενδεικνυσθαι σπουδην of you the same to show diligence

προς την πληροφοριαν της ελπιδος αρχι τελους: for the full assurance of the hope till an end;

Death, and of Faith in God:

2 * of the ‡ Doctrine of Immersions, and of the 1 Imposition of Ilands, and of the Resurrection of the Dead, and of the aionian Judgment.

3 And This we will do. t if God should permit.

4 For THOSE I once EN-LIGHTENED, and having tasted the HEAVENLY GIFT, and thecame Parta-kers of holy Spirit,

5 and having tasted the Good Word of God and the Powers of the Coming

Age,

6 and having away, ‡it is impossible to renew again to Reformation, ‡ they having re-crucified and are exposing to contempt the son of God.

7 For That Land HAV-ING IMBIBED the RAIN frequently FALLING on it, and producing Vegetation useful to those for whom also it is cultivated, re-ceives a Blessing from GoD:

8 thut that yielding Thorns and Thistles is disapproved, and near to a Curse; the END of which is for burning.

9 But respecting you, Beloved, we confidently hope for BETTER things, even those connected with Salvation, though even thus we speak.

10 For God is not unjust, so as to be forgetful of tyour work, and the LOVE which you manifested for his NAME, ‡ having served the SAINTS and are serving.

11 But we earnestly desire each one of you to show the SAME Diligence for the FULL COMPLE-TION of the HOPE to the End:

for burning.

[&]quot; VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. of-omit.

12 ίνα μη νωθροι γενησ0ε, μιμηταιδε των to that not sluggish ones you may become, imitators but of those through πιστεως και μακροθυμιας κληρονομουντων τας are inheriting and long endurance 13 T ψ γ a ρ A β ρ aa μ ϵ π a γ γ ϵ ι λα μ ϵ To the for Abraam having promised επαγγελιας. having promised promises. vos δ θεος, επει κατ' ουδενος ειχε μειζονος he had no oue greater the God, since by ομοσαι, ωμοσε καθ' έαυτου, 14 λεγων 14 Η μην to swear, he swore by himself, saying; Surely self, ευλογων ευλογησω σε, και πληθυνων πληθυνω I will blese thee, and multiplying I will multiply 15 Και ούτω μακροθυμησας επετυχε της
And so having waited long he obtained the σe. 16 Ανθρωποι * [μεν] γαρ ката $\epsilon \pi \alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \iota \alpha s$. Men [indeed] for by promise. του μειζονος ομνυουσι, και πασης αυτοις αντιswear, and all to them contragreater λογιας περας εις βεβαιωσιν δ δρκος. 17 Eν & In which diction an end for confirmation the oath. περισσοτερον βουλομενος δ θεος επιδειξαι τοις the God to the toshow more abundantly wishing κληρουομοις της επαγγελιας το αμεταθετον της ofthe promise the nnchangeableness of the βουλης αύτου, εμεσιτευσεν όρκω, 18 ίνα δια δυο purpose of himself, interposed with an oath, so that by two πραγματων αμεταθετων, εν οίς αδυνατον ψευin which impossible unalterable, σασθαι θεον, ισχυραν παρακλησιν εχωμεν strong consolation we might have those God, καταφυγοντές κρατησαι της προκειμένης έλπιhaving fled away to lay hold of the being placed before hope; δος. 19 ήν ώς αγκυραν εχομεν της ψυχης ασφαwe have of the life which as an anchor λη τε και βεβαιαν, και εισερχομένην εις το and into the both and firm, entering εσωτερον του καταπετασματος, ε δπου προδροa forevail, ύπερ ήμων εισηλθεν Ιησους, κατα την MOS runner on behalf of us entered Jesus, according to the ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ αρχιερευς γενομενος εις τον order of Melchisedek a high-priest having become for the 1 Ουτος γαρ δ Μελχιπε-КΕΦ. ζ'. 7. αιωνα. This the Melchizefor age. δεκ, βασιλευς Σαλημ, ίερευς του θεου του ύψισof Salem, priest of the God of the most του, (δ συναντησας Αβρααμ ύποστρεφοντι απο high, (the one having met Abraam returning της κοπης των βασιλέων και ευλογησας αυτον, and having blessed him, the smiting of the kinga

12 in order that you may not become sluggish, but Imitators of THOSE who through Faith and Patient endurance ARE INHERIT-ING the PROMISES.

13 For God having promised ABRAHAM, since he could swear by no one greater, the swore by him-

saying, "Surely, 14 "blessing I will bless "thee, and multiplying I " will multiply thee;"

15 and so, having waited long, he obtained the PROMISE.

16 For Men swear by

the GREATER, and the OATH for Confirmation terminates Every Dispute among them. 17 Therefore God, wish-

ing to show more abundantly to tthe HEIRS of the PROMISE the IMMU-TABILITY of his PURPOSE, interposed with an Oath;

18 so that by Two unal-terable Things, in which it is impossible for God to deceive, we might have Strong Consolation, HAV-ING FLED AWAY to lay hold of the PROPOSED HOPE,

19 which we have as an Anchor of the LIFE, both sure and firm, and ‡ entering the † place WITHIN the VAIL,

t where Jesus, a Forerunner on our behalf, entered, ‡ having become a High priest for the AGE, according to the ORDER of Melchizedek.

CHAPTER VII.

For This person' t MELCHIZEDEK, King of Salem, Priest of the Most HIGH GOD, (HE WHO MET Abraham returning from the DEFEAT of the KINGS, and blessed him,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 16. indeed-omit.

^{† 10.} The word place is supplied. The Apostle evidently alludes to "the holy place within the vail." See Lev. xvi. 2.

^{† 13.} Gen. xxii. 16, 17; Psa. cv. 9; Luke i. 73. † 16. Excd. xxii. 11. † 17 xi. 9. † 17. Rom. xi. 29. † 19. Lev. xvi. 2, 15; Heb. ix. 7. † 20. Heb. iii. 1; v. 6, 10; vii. 17. † 1. Gen. xiv. 18, &c. 1 17. Heb. 1 20. Heb. iv.

Kal δεκατην απο παντων €µ€PIσ€2 to whom also a teoth leom divided Αβραπμ,) πρωτον μεν έρμηνευομενος βασιλευς bret indeed being translated δικαιοσυνης, επειτα δε και βασιλευς Σαλημ. (δ of righte outness, then end also a king of Salem, (which εστι, βασιλευς ειρηνης,) 3 απατωρ, αμητωρ, of peace,) without a father, without a mother, αγενεαλογητος, μητε αρχην ήμερων μητε ζώης without a genealogy, neither a beginning ofdays nor τελος εχων, αφωμοιωμενος δε το υίφ του θεου, na end having, having been made like but to the son of the God.

μενει ίερευς εις το διηνεκες. Θεωρειτε δε, remains a priest for the continuance. Consideryon but, πηλικος ούτος, ψ και δεκατην Αβρααμ εδωκεν bow great this to whom even a tenth Abrahm gave

⁵ Kaı oi εκ των ακροθινιών, δ πατριαρχης. choice spotls, the patrierch. And those μον εκ των υίων Λευι την Γερατείαν λαμβα-indeed from the cons of Levi the priesthood receirνοντες, εντολην εχουσι αποδεκατουν τον λαον a commandment have to titho the people τον νομον, τουτ' εστι, τους αδελφους this according to the law, is, the brethren

αύτων, καιπερ εξεληλυθοτες εκ της οσφυος having come out of the though

Αβρααμ. 6 δ δε μη γενεαλογουμένος εξ αυτων, of Abraam; he but not denving an origin from them, δεδεκατώκε *[τον] Αβρααμ, και τον εχοντα τας and the one having the [the] has tithed Abraham,

7 Χωρις δε πασης αντιεπαγγελιας ευλογηκε. Without but all coutrapromises ho has blessed.

λογιας, τον ελαττον ύπο του κρειττονος ευλο-Coller, greater is blessed. the less by the 8 Και ώδε μεν δεκατας αποθνησκοντες YEITAL.

And here indeed tithes dying ανθρωποι λαμβανουσιν εκει δε, μαρτυρουμενος there but, men

· receive: being testified ότι ζη. 9 Και, ων έπος ειπειν, δια Λ. Βρααμ και enathelises. And, so a word to speak, through Abraham even Λευι δ δεκατας λαμβανων δεδεκατωται. 10 ετι Lorl the tithes receiving has been timed; yet γαρ εν τη οσφυί του πατρος ην, ότε συνητησεν for in the loice of the father howes, when met αυτφ δ Μελχισεδεκ. 11 Ει μεν ουν τελειωσις Sia this Levited priesthood was, (the people for εκ' αυτη νενομοθετητο.) τις ετι χρεια, κατα coived the law,) What Need with her test bull received;) what yet need, socciding to was there yet for Another

2 to whom also Abraham divided a Tenth part of all;) being translated, in-deed, first, King of Right-courness, and then also, King of Salem, that is, King of Peace.

3 † Without father, without mother, without genealogy, having neither a Bcginning of Days, nor an End of Life; but having been made like to the son of God, remains a Priest PERPETUALLY.

4 But consider how great this person was, \$ to whom even Abraham, the PATRIARCH, gave a Tenth part of the spoils.

5 And indeed truese of the soxs of Levi, who RECEIVE the PRIESTHOOD, have a Commandment by the LAW to tithe the PEO-PLE, that is, their BRUTH-REN, though they have come out of the Loins of Abraham:

6 but HE whose PEDI. GREE IS NOT DERIVED from them, has titled Abraham, I and has blessed THIM Who HAD the PROM-ISES.

7 And, beyond All Dispute, the inverior is blessed by the superior.

8 And here, indeed, Men receive Tithes who die; but there, one of whom it is affirmed That he lives.

9 And, (so to speak,) even THAT Levi, who receives Tithes, has been tithed through Abraham;

10 for he was yet in the LOINS of his FATHER, when MELCHIZEDEK met

11 IIf, then, Perfection were through the LEVITI-CAL Priesthood, (for with it the PEOPLE had re-

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- C. the-omft.

^{† 8.} Of whose father, mother, pedigree, birth, and death we have no account. - Wakefield; who prefers this intelligible though free translation of the original to what must appear a strange paradoxical account to common readers.-Inproved Ver.

^{2 4.} Gen. xiv. 20. iv. 13; Gal. iii. id. [6. Cen. ziv. 19. I d. Rom.

την ταξιν Μελχισεδεκ έτερον ανιστασθαι ίερεα, the order of Melchiredek another to arise a priest, και ου κατα την ταξιν Ααρων λεγεσθαι; and not according to the order of Aaron to be named? 12 Μετατιθεμενης γαρ της ίερωσυνης, εξ αναγ-Being changed for the priesthood, from necessity

κης * [και νομου] μεταθεσις γινεται. 15 Εφ' δν [a.so of law] a change occurs. Concerning whom γαρ λεγεται ταυτα, φυλης έτερας μετεσχηκεν, for 12 spoken these things, of a tribe another has been a partaker, αφ' ης ουδεις προσεσχηκε τω θυσιαστηριως from which no one has attended to the altar;

14 προδηλον γαρ, ότι εξ Ιουδα ανατεταλκαν δ evident for, that from Juda has prung the κυριος ήμων, εις ην φυλην ουδεν περι ιερωσυ-Lord of us, respecting which tribe nothing concerning priest-vης Μωυσης ελαλησε.

15 Και περισσοτερον ετι hood Moses spoke. And more yet

καταδηλον εστιν, ει κατα *[την] δμοιοτητα evident itis, if according to [the] likeness

Μελχισεδεκ ανισταται ίερευς έτερος, 16 δς ου another, who not a priest of Melchizedek νομον εντολης σαρκινης γεγονεν, αλλα a law of a commandment fleshly has become, but according to a law of a commandment fleshly 17 Μαρτυρει δυναμιν ζωης ακαταλυτου. It testifles according to a power of life enduring. γαρ. Ότι συ ίερευς εις τον αιωνα κατα for; That thou a priest for the age according to the 18 Αθετησις μεν γαρ γινετα(ιν Μελχισεδεκ. order of Melchizedek. An abrogation indeed for

place of a preceding commandment, on account of the her weak-

δια

το αυτης ασ-

θενες και ανωφελες·

so much

ται προαγουσης εντολης,

19 (ουδεν γαρ ετελειωσεν δ νομος·) ETELTA-(nothing for perfected the law;) after inδι' ής εγγιζογωγη δε κρειττονος ελπιδος, troduction but of a better hope, through which we draw ²⁰ Και καθ' δσον ου χωρις δρκωμομεν τω θεω. And in as much as not without swearing; near to the God. σιας· (οί μεν γαρ χωρις όρκωμοσιας εστιν ίε-heyindeed for without swearing are priest, ρεις γεγονοτες. 21 δ δε μετα δρκωμοσιας, δια he but with through swearing, having become; του λεγοντος προς αυτον. Ωμοσε κυριος, και ου the one saying to him; Swore a Lord, and not ίερευς εις τον μεταμεληθεσεται Συ $\alpha \iota \omega \nu \alpha$ the a priest for age will change; Μελχισεδεκ.]) 22 κ a τ a * κατα την ταξιν of Melchizedek;]) [according to the order διαθηκης γεγονέν εγγυος τοσουτον κρειττονος

Priest to arise according to the ORDER of Melchizedek, and not to be named according to the ORDER of Aaron?

12 For the PRIESTHOON being changed, of Necces sity, a change of Law also

occurs.

13 For he concerning whom these things are spoken has partaken of another Tribe, from which no one has attended at the ALTAR;

14 for it is very plain that tour LORD has sprung from Judah, re specting Which Tribe Moses spoke Nothing concerning criesthood.

15 And it is yet more plainly manifest, if another Priest arises according to the Likeness of Melchizedek:

uek;

16 who has become so, not according to a fleshly Command, but according to the Power of an imperishable Life.

18 For indeed an Abrogation of the Preceding Commandment takes place, on account of its ‡ being WEAK and Unavailing;

19 for the ‡LAW perfected Nothing; but is an Introduction of ‡a Better Hope, through which we draw near to GoD.

20 And inasmuch as it

was not without an Oath,—
21 for then, indeed,
have become Priests, without an Oath; but HE with
an Oath, through HIM who
says to him, the Lord
"swore, and will not
"change, 'Thou art a
"' Priest for the AGE.'"—

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCEIFT.—12. also of Law—omit. 15. the—omit. 17. it is testified. 21. according to the order of Melchizedek—omit.

^{† 14.} Isa. xi. 1; Matt. i. 3; Luke iii. 33; Rom. i. 3; Rev. v. 5. † 17. Psa. cx. 4: Heb. v. 6, 10; vi. 20. † 18. Rom. viii. 3; Gal. iv. 9. † 19. Acts xiii. 39; Rom. iii. 20, 21, 28; viii. 3; Gal. ii. 16; Heb. ix. 9. † 10. Heb. vi. 18; viii. 6. † 21. Psa. cx. 4

Invous. 23 Και οί μεν, πλειονές εισι γεγονότες Jesus. And they indeed, maoy are having become ίερεις, δια το θανατφ κωλευεσθαι παραμενειν. priests, on account of the death to be hindered to continue; 24 8 86, δια το μενειν αυτον εις τον αιωνα, he but, on account of the to continue him for the age, απαραβατον εχει την ιερωσυνην. 25 όθεν και unchangeable he has the priesthood; bence and σω(ειν εις το παντελες δυναται τους προσερχοto save for the completely is able drawing those μενους δι' αυτου τω θεω, $\pi \alpha \nu \tau o \tau \epsilon$ $\zeta \omega \nu$, always near through him to the God, living, το εντυγχανειν ύπερ αυτων. 26 Τοιουτος in behalf of them. interpose γαρ ήμιν επρεπεν αρχιερευς, όσιος, ακακος, huly, free trom sin, for to us was proper a high-priest, αμιαντος, κεχωρισμένος από των άμαρτωλων, instained, having been separated from the sinners, και ύψηλοτερος των ουρανων γενομενος. 27 δς and more exalted of the heavens having become; who ουκ εχει καθ' ήμεραν αναγκην, ώσπερ οί αρχιεnecessity, as the not has every day highρεις, προτερον ύπερ των ιδιων άμαρτιων θυσιας first on behalf of the own 81118 αναφερείν, επείτα των του λαου τουτο γαρ then for those of the people; tais to offer. for 27'O voεποιησεν εφαπαξ, έαυτον ανενεγκας. at once, himself having offered. The law μος γαρ ανθρωπους καθιστησιν αρχιερεις, εχονfor appoints high-pitests, having τας ασθενειαν: ὁ λογος δε της δρκωμοσιας της weakness; the word but of the swearing of that μετα τον νομον, υίον εις τον αιωνα τελειωμενον. after the law, a son for the age having been perfected. $KE\Phi$, η' , 8. ${}^{1}K\epsilon\phi\alpha\lambda\alpha$ iou $\delta\epsilon$ $\epsilon\pi$ i τ ois $\lambda\epsilon\gamma$ $o\mu\epsilon\nu$ ois, A head thing but to those being spoken, rοιουτον εχομεν αρχιερεα, δs εκαθισεν ενδεξια we have a high-priest, who sat down at right του θρονου της μεγαλωσυνης εν τοις ουρανοις, of the throne of the majesty in the ετων άγιων λειτουργος, και της σκηνης της of the holy things a public servant, and of the tabernacle of the αληθινης, ήν $\epsilon \pi \eta \xi \epsilon \nu$ δ κυριος, *[και] ουκ which fixed the Lord, true, [bas] not 3 Πας γαρ αρχιερευς εις το προσανθρωπος. Every for high-priest in order to the to φερειν δωρα τε και θυσιας καθισταται όθεν gifts both and sacrifices is appointed;

23 And, indeed, THOSE having become Priests are many, on account of being HINDERED by Death to continue;

24 but HE, on account of his continuing for the AGE, possesses the PRIEST-HOOD which changes not;

25 and, hence, he is able save COMPLETELY THOSE DRAWING NEAR to God through him, always living tto interpose on their behalf.

26 For such a Highpriest * also was proper for Us,—‡holy, harmless, undefiled, separated from sinners, and having become ‡ more exalted than the HEAVENS,-

27 one who has not daily Necessity, like the HIGH PRIESTS, # first, to offer Sacrifices for their own Sins, 2 then for THOSE of the PEOPLE; for ! This he did once for all, having offered Himself.

28 Forthe LAW appoints † Men High-priests, having Weakness; but the worn of THAT OATH, which was after the LAW, a Son, Iwho has been perfected for the

CHAPTER VIIL

1 The chief thing, however, among Those we are discussing is, that we have Such a High-priest, ‡ who sat down at the Right hand of the THRONE of the MAJESTY in the HEAVENS;

2 a Minister of I the HOLIES, and of t the TRUE TABERNACLE, which the LORD fixed, not Man.

3 For ‡ Every Highpriest is appointed to or-FER both Gifts and Sacrifices; hence Iit was necessary for this one also to have something which he necessary, to have something also this which he might offer might offer.

αναγκαιον, εχειν τι και τουτον δ προσενεή-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 26. also was proper. 2. and-omit.

^{1 25.} Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. ix. 24; 1 John ii. 1. 20. Heb. iv. 15. 1.26 Eph. i. 20; iv. 10; Heb. viii. 1. 1. 27. Lev. ix. 7; xvi. 6; Heb. v. 3; ix. 7. 2.7 Lev. xvi. 15. 1. 27. Rom. vi. 10; Heb. ix. 12; 28; x. 12. 28. Heb. v. 1, 2.7 1 28. Heb. ii. 10; v. 9. 1. Eph. i. 20; Col. iii. 1; Heb. i. 3; x. 12; xii. 2. 1.2 Heb. ix. 8, 12, 24. 1. 28. Heb. v. 1. 28. Eph. v. 2; Heb. ix. 14.

κή. ⁴ Ειμεν γαρ ην επιγης, ουδ' αν ην ίερευς,
If indeed for he was on earth, not even could he be a priest, υντων *[των ίερεων] των προσφεροντων κατα [of the priests] those offering according to τον νομον τα δωρα. 5 (οίτινες ύποδειγματι και law the gifts; (who in an example and the λατρευουσι των επουρανιών, καθως σκια in a shadow of the heavennes. evenas serve κεχρηματισται Μωυσης, μελλων επιτελειν την had been divinely warned Moses, being about to finish the σκηνην 'Ορα γαρ, φησι, ποιησης παντα tahernacle; See thon for, he says, thou mayest make all things tahernacle; See thou for, κατα τον τυπον τον δειχθεντα σοι εν τφ according to the pattern that having been shown to thee in the ορει.) 6 νυνι δε διαφορωτερας τετευχε λειτουρnow but more excellent he has obtained a service γιας, όσφ και κρειττονος εστι διαθηκης μεσιby as much also of a hetter he is covenant a mediaτης, ήτις επι κρειττοσιν επαγγελιαις νενομο-tor, which on better promises has been ΤΕι γαρ ή πρωτη εκεινη ην αμεμπθετηται. If for the first faultless, instituted. that was τος, ουκ αν δευτερας εζητειτο τοπος. 8 M ε μa place. not would a second he seeking Findφομενος γαρ αυτοις λεγει. Ιδου, ήμεραι ερχονfor to them he says; Lo, days are comται, λεγει κυριος, και συντελεσω επι τον οικον and I will finish says a Lord, with the house Ισραηλ και επι τον οικον Ιουδα διαθηκην καινην. Israei and with the house of Judah a covenant ⁹ ου κατα την διαθηκην ήν εποιησα τοις πατραnot according to the covenant which I made with the σιν αυτων, εν ημερα επιλαβομενου μου της having laid hold of me of the in a day χειρος αυτων, εξαγαγειν αυτους εκ γης Αιγυπthem out of land of Egypt. of them, to lead out του ότ αυτοι ουκ ενεμειναν εν τη hecause they not did abide in the διαθηκη covenant καγω ημελησα αυτων, λεγει KUPIOS. μου, and l cared not for them, a Lord. of me. 6272 10 Ότι αύτη ή διαθηκη ήν διαθησομαι τω οικω For this the covenant which I will covenant with the house Ισραηλ μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας, λεγει κυριος, after the those, says Lord, of Israel days διδους νομους μου εις την διανοιαν αυτων, και laws of me into the of them, mind and επι καρδιας αυτων επιγραψω αυτους και εσομαι of them I will write them; and I will be αυτοις εις θεον, και αυτοι εσονται μοι εις λαον.

4 * If then, indeed, he were on Earth, he could not be a Priest, there being THOSE who OFFER GIFTS according to the LAW;

5 (who perform divine service for a Symbol and ‡ Shadow of the HEAVEN-LIES; even as Moses, when about to construct the tabernacle, was divinely admonished; for, ‡ "See," says he, "that thou make "all things according to "THAT PATTERN Shown to "thee on the MOUNT;)"

6 but now the has obtained a Superior Service, even by so much as he is the Mediator of a Better Covenant, which has been instituted on Better Promises.

7 ‡For if that FIRST one were faultless, a Place would not be sought for a Second.

8 But finding fault, he says to them, ‡" Behold! "Days are coming, says "the Lord, when I will "complete a new Covemant with the HOUSE of "Israel and the HOUSE of "Judah;

9 "not according to the "COVENANT which I "made with their fath-"Ers, in the Day when I "took them by the HAND "to lead them out of the "Land of Egypt;—Be-"cause they did not abide "in my COVENANT, I "also slighted them, says "the Lord.

"also slighted them, says
"the Lord.
10 "For this is the
"covenant which I will
"covenant with the House
"of Isracl; After those
"days, says the Lord, I
"will put my Laws into
"their MIND, and on their
"*Heart will I inscribe
"them; and t I will be
"to them for a God, and
"then shall be to me for a

to them for a God, and they

shall be to me for a people.

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-4. If then.

^{4.} the PRIESTS-omit.

^{10.} Heart.

^{† 5.} Col. ii. 17; Heb. ix, 23; x. 1. 4; Acts vii. 44. 5. 6, 2 Cor. iii. 6, 8, 9; Heb. vii. 22. 1. 7. Heb. vii. 11, 18. 2 10. Heb. x. 10. 4; 10. Zech. viii. 8.

Chap. 8: 11.1 And not not they may teach each one the fellow-citizen And not not they may teach each one αύτου, και έκαστος τον αδελφον αύτου, λεγων. of himself, and each one the brother of himself, saying; Γνωθι τον κυριον' ότι παντές ειδησουσι με, απο μικρου *[αυτων] έως μεγαλου from least [of them] evec to greatest αυτων. of them. 12 'Οτι ίλεως εσομαι ταις αδικιαις αυτων, και Because merciful I will be to the unrighteousnesses of them, . and των άμαρτιων αυτων *[και των ανομιων αυτων] ofthe [and of the iniquities of them] sins of them 13 Εν τφ λεγειν καινην, ου μη μνησθω ετι. not not I will remember more. By the totay new, πεπαλαιωκε την πρωτην το δε παλαιουμενον Gret, that bat he has declared old the becoming old και γηρασκου, εγγυς αφανισμου, ΚΕΦ. θ'. 9. and advancing in age, near disappearing. 1 Ειχε μεν ουν *[και] ή πρωτη δικαιωματα λα-Had indeed then [both] the first ordinances of 2 באחשח קבף τρειας, το, τε άγιον κοσμικον.
service, the, and holy χ, furniture. Atabernacle for κατεσκευασθη ή πρωτη, εν ή ή τε λυχνια in which indeed both alamp-stand was prepared the first, και ή τραπεζα και ή προθεσις των αρτων, ήτις and the table and the setting forth of the loaves, .. which λεγεται άγια. 3 μετα δε το δευτερον καταπε-

τασμα σκηνη, ή λεγομενη άγια άγιων ** [χρυa tabernacie, that being named holies of bolies, [goldσουν] εχουσα *[θυμιατηριον, και] την κιβωτον having [censer. [bas the της διαθηκης περικεκαλυμμενην παντοθέν χρυof the covenant having been covered on all sides σιω, εν ή σταμνος χρυση εχουσα το μαννα, guld, in which a pot golden baving the manns, και ή βαβδος Ααρων ή βλαστησασα, Kal a. and the tod of Asron that having hudded, and the πλακες της διαθηκης. 5 ύπερανω δε αυτης Χερtablets of the covenant; shore but her cheruουβιμ δοξης κατασκίαζοντα ίλαστηριον' TO

overshadowing

concerning which things not It is now to speak

bion

ofglory

Il "And they shall "not teach each one his " FELLOW-CITIZEN, and " cach one his BROTHER, "saying, 'Know you tho " LORD; Because all " shall know me, from the " least even to the greatest of them.

12 " For I will be merci-"ful to their UNRIGHTE-"OUSNESS, and their sins will I remember "

" more."

13 I By SATING "New." he has rendered the FIRST one old; now, THAT which is DECAYING and growing old is near vanishing away.

CHAPTER IX

1 Then, indeed. the FIRST one had Ordinances of . Worship, and I the SANCTUARY furnished;

2 I for a Tabernacle was prepared—the FIRST-1 in which were both tho LAMP-STAND, and the TABLE, and the LOAVES of the PRESENCE, " + and t the GOLDEN Allar of incense; this is named, "The HOLY place."

S 1 And behind the src-OND Vail, THAT (Tabernacle which is NAMED, The HOLY of the HO-

LIES;"

4 having the ARK of the COVENANT, covered on all sides with Gold, in which was ta golden Vase containing the MANNA, and the BOD of Aaron which BLOSSOMED, and the TAB-LETS of the COVENANT;

5 and tabove it were the Cherabs of Glory, overshadowing the MERCY-SEAT; concerning which things it is not necessary now to speak particularly.

in

mercy-sect;

the

ών δυκ εστι νυν λεγειν κατα μερος.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—11. of them—omit. both—omit. 2. and the colden Altar of incense. 12. and their iniquities-omit.

3. The noir of the noise. 1. both-omif. 4. and GOLDEN Censer-omit.

^{† 2.} The reading of the Vatican MS, has been adopted as giving a solution of an acknow, ledged difficulty, and as perfectly harmonizing with the Mosaic account.

t 11. Isa, liv. 13; John vl. 45; 1 John li. 27.

2 Cor. v. 17.

1 1. Exod. xxv. 8.

1 2. Exod. xxvl. 1.

1 2. Exod. xxvl. 5.

2 2. Exod. xxvl. 1.

1 3. Exod. xxvl. 5.

2 2. Exod. xxvl. 5.

3 3. Exod. xxvl. 5.

3 3. Exod. xxvl. 5.

3 21; Heb. vi. 10.

4 4. Exod. xxvl. 10;

2 xxvl. 35.

4 4. Fxod. xvl. 33, 24.

4 5 4. Num. xvli. 10.

2 4. Exod. xxv. 16, 21;

2 2; Lev. xvl. 2; 1 Kings viii. 0, 21; 2 Chron. v. 10.

2 3. Exod. xxv. 13. 2 Cor. v. 17.

δ Τουτων δε ούτω κατεσκευασμενών, εις μεν την having been prepared, into indeed the Of these now thus πρωτην σκηνην διαπαντος εισιασιν οί ίερεις, goesia always the priests, tabernacle τας λατρειας επιτελουντες. ⁷ εις δε την δευτεiato but the services performing; second ραν άπαξ του ενιαυτου μονος δ αρχιερευς, ου year alone the high-priest, once of the χωρις αίματος, δ προσφερει ύπερ έαυτου και which he offers on behalf of himself without των του λαου αγνοηματων· 8 τουτο δηλουντος this ignerances; showing for the of the people του πνευματος του άγιου, μηπω πεφανερωσθαι of the holy, not yet to have been manifested spirit την των άγιων όδον, ετι της πρωτης σκηνης the of the holies way, while of the first tabernacle εχουσης στασιν. 9 ήτις παραβολη εις τον καιhaving a standing; which a parable for the καθ' δν δωρα τε και τον ενεστηκοτα, that having been present, according to which gifts both and προσφερονται μη δυναμεναι κατα θυσιαι are offered not . being able according to συνειδησιν τελειωσαι τον λατρευοντα, 10 μονον the one serving, to perfect only επι βρωμασι και πομασι, και διαφοροις βαπτισand drinks, and various dippings, μοις, δικαιωμασι σαρκος, μεχρι καιρου διορθωrighteousnesses of flesh, till a season of correc-

πεως επικειμενα.

is being imposed. 11 Χριστος δε παραγενομένος, αρχιέρευς των Anointed but having come, a high-priest of the μελλοντων αγαθων, δια της μειζονος και τεgood things, by means of the greater and more χειροποιητου. (τουτ' σκηνης, ου λειοτερας made by hand, tabernacle, net (that εστιν, ου ταυτης της κτισεως,) 12 ουδε δi is, not of this the creation,) not indeed by means of δε του αίματος τραγων και μοσχων, δια blood of goats and young bullocks, hy means of but of the ιδιου αίματος, εισηλθεν εφαπαξ εις τα άγια, once for all into holies, entered the αιωνιαν λυτρωσιν εύραμενος. 13 E₄ γαρ 70 having found. If age-lasting redemption for the αίμα ταυρων και τραγων, και σποδος δαμαλεως and ashes of bulls and of goats, of a heifer όαντιζουσα τους κεκοινωμενους, άγιαζει προς polluted ones, cleanses for the την της σαρκος καθαροτητα. 14 ποσφ μαλλον how much the of the fiesh purification; more

6 Now these things having been thus prepared, the PRIESTS performing SERVICES enter the FIRST Tabernacle, at all times:

7 but into the SECOND. the HIGH-PRIEST alone, once † ANNUALLY, -not without Blood, which I he offers on benalf of himself, and the SINS OF IGNO-

RANCE of the PEOPLE; 8 the HOLY SPIRIT showing This, that the WAY into the HOLIES has not yet been brought to view, while the FIRST Tabernacle has a Standing;

9 (which was a Figurative representation for THAT SEASON which was then PRESENT;) according to which both Gifts and Sacrifices are offered, t which are not able to perfect the worshipper as to the Conscience;

10 being imposed (together with † Mcats and Drinks and † Various Immersions,-* fleshly 10rdinances,) only till a Period of Emendation.

11 But Christ having become a High priest of the future good things, by means of the GREATER and More perfect Tabernacle, not made by hands, that is, not of This CREA-TION ;

12 he entered, once for all, into the HOLY places, not indeed by means of the Blood of Goats and of Bullocks, but tby means of his own Blood, thaving found Aionian Redemption.

13 For if t the BLOOD of * Goats and of Bulls, and t the Asiles of a Heifer, sprinkling the POLLUTED, cleanses for the PURIFICA-TION of the FLESH;

of correc-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. and.

^{13.} Goats and of Bulls.

^{+ 7.} Or, on one day annually, that is, on the day of atonement. See Lev. xvi.

^{† 6.} Num. xxviii, 3; Dan. viii. 11. † 9. Gal. iii. 21; Heb. vii. 18, 19; x.1, 11. xix. 7. † 10. Eph. ii. 15; Col. ii. 20; Heb. vii. 16. † 11. Heb. x. 1. Heb. viii. 2. † 12. Heb. x. 4. † 12. Acts xx. 28. † 12. Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14; Prot. 1, 19. † 13. Lev. xvi. 14, 10.

το αίμα του Χριστου, δς δια πνευματος αιωthe blood of the Anointed one, who by means of a spirit νιου έαυτον προσηνεγκεν αμωμον τφ θεφ, καθαlasting himself offered spotless to the God,

ριει την συνειδησιν ύμων απο νεκρων εργων, cleanse the conscience of you from of death works,

εις το λατρευειν 0€€ ζωντι. 15 Kar δια living. for the to serve God And on account of

τουτο διαθηκης καινης μεσιτης εστιν, όπως of a covenant a mediator

θανατου γενομενου, εις απολυτρωσιν των επofa death having taken place, for a redemption of the under

τη πρωτη διαθηκη παραβασεων, την επαγγεtransgressions, first covenant the promise

λιαν λαβωσιν οί κεκλημενοι της αιωνιου κληmight receive those having been called of the age-lasting inberit-

16 'Οπου γαρ διαθηκη, θανατον αναγρονομιας. Where for a covenant, death 17 διαθηκη γαρ διαθεμενου. κη Φερεσθαι του

sary to be produced of that having been appointed; a covenant for επι νεκροις βεβαια, επει μηποτε ισχυει ότε, (η over dead ones frm, since never its strong when lives

18 'Οθεν ουδ' ή πρωτη χωρις διαθεμενος. that having been appuinted. Hence not even the first without

19 Λαληθεισης εγκεκαινισται. αίματος γαρ has been dedicated. tloud llaving apoken for

κατα νομον ύπο Μωυσεως $\pi \alpha \sigma ns \in \nu \tau o \lambda ns$ every commandment according to law by Muses

παντι τφ λαφ, λαβων το αίμα των μοσχων to all the people, having taken the blood of the young bullocks

και τραγων μετα ύδατος και εριου κοκκινου και with and of goats water and wool

ύσσωπου, αυτο τε το βιβλιον και παντα τον itself both the book and all the

λαον ερβαντισε, 28 λεγων. Τουτο το αίμα της people be aprinkled, This saying, the blood of the

διαθηκης, ής ενετειλατο προς ύμας δ BEOS. covenant, which enjoined on you the

 21 και την σκηνην δε και παντα τα σκευη της also the tahernacle and and a!1 the ressels ofthe

αίματι δμοιως λειτουργιας τω ερβαντισε. public service with the blood in like manuer he sprinkled.

²² Και σχεδον εν αίματι παντα καθαριζεται And almost by blood all things are cleansed

14 how much more ishall the BLOOD of the ANOINTED one, 1 who, through an aionian Spirit, offered Himself spotless to God, teleanse your con-science from Works of Death, for the SERVICE of the living * God? †

15 And on this account, the is Mediator of a new Covenant, ‡ so that Death having taken place for a Redemption of the TRANS-GRESSIONS against the FIRST Covenant, THOSE having been INVITED might receive the PROMise of the Aionian Inheritance.

16 For where a Covenant exists, the Death of that which has RATIFIED it is necessary to be produced;

17 because t a Covenant is firm over dead victums. since it is never valid when that which RATIFIES it is alive.

18 # Hence not even the FIRST has been instituted without Blood.

19 For Every Commandment in * the LAW having been spoken by Moses to All the Propre, taking the BLOOD of #BULLOCKS and of * GOATS, I with Water, and scarlet Wool, and Hyssop, he sprinkled both the BOOK itself, and All the PEOPLE,

20 saying, ‡ "This is the "BLOOD of the COVENANT " which God enjoined on " you."

21 And he in like manner ‡sprinkled with the BLOOD, the TABFRNACLE also, and All the UTENSILS of the PUBLIC SERVICE.

22 And, according to the LAW, almost all things are

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. our. 19. GOATS.

^{14.} and true Gop.

^{19.} the LAW.

^{† 14.} From this verse to the end of the book the Vatican MS. is defective, and the various readings are copied from Dr. Woide's Collation of the Alexandrian Manuscript.

^{† 14. 1} Pet. i. 10; 1 John i. 7; Røv. 1. 5. † 14. Rom. i. 4; 1 Pet. iii Heb. i. 3; x. 22. † 15. Heb. vii. 22; viii. 6; xii. 24. † 15. 1 1 Pet. iii. 18. † 17. Gal. iii. 15. † 18. Exod. xxiv. 6. † 5. 8; Lev. xvi. 14, 15, 18. † 19. Lev. xiv. 4, 6, 7, 42, 51, 52. † 25. Matt. xxvi. 28 † 21. Exod. xxix. 12, 35; Lev. viii. 15, 19; xvi. 14—10. 1 14. Rom. i. 4; 1 Pet. iii. 18. † 15. Rom. iii. 25; v. 6; 1 19. Exod. xxiv. 5, 20. Exod. xxiv. 8:

τον νομον, και χωρις αίματεκχυσιας ου κατα according to the law, and without blood-shedding 23 Avayk η ouv τa $\mu \in \nu$ $\mathring{\nu}\pi o$ -A necessity then the indeed copies γινεται αφεσις. takes place forgiveness. $\delta \epsilon$ ιγματα των ϵ ν τοις ουρανοις, τουτοις καθαof those in the heavens, by these to be ριζεσθαι αυτα δε τα επουρανια κρειττοσι cleansed; themselves but the things heavenly 24 Ου γαρ εις χειροποιη-Not for into made by hands θυσιαις παρα ταυτας. than azcrifices the se. τα άγια εισηλθεν δ Χριστος, αντιτυπα των the Anointed, representations of the entered αληθινων, αλλ' εις αυτον τον ουρανον, νυν εμbut into itself the heaven, now φανισθηναι τω προσωπω του θε τυ ύπερ ήμων. in the presence of the God on behalf of us. 25 Ουδ', ίνα πολλακις προσφερη έαυτον, ώσπερ Not indeed, that often he should offer himself, even as δ αρχιερευς εισερχεται εις τα άγια κατ' ενιαυthe high-priest goes into the holles every year τον εν αίματι αλλοτριφ. 26 (επει εδει αυτον with blood other; (since it was necessary him πολλακις παθείν απο καταβολης κοσμού) νυν often to have suffered from a laying down of a world;) δε απαξ επι συντελεια των αιωνων, εις αθετηbut once for all at an end of the ages, for σιν άμαρτιας δια της θυσιας αύτου πεφανεof sin by means of the sacrifice of himself he has been 27 Και καθ' δσον αποκειται τοις ανθρωmanifested. And it awaits the men ποις άπαξ αποθανειν, μετα δε τουτο κρισις. after hut once to die, this a udgment; 28 ούτω και δ Χριστος άπαξ προσενεχθεις εις το also the Anointed once for all having been offered for the πολλων ανενεγκειν άμαρτιας, εκ δευτερου χwto earry away sin, a second time withρις άμαρτιας οφθησεται, τοις αυτον απεκδεχο-

purified by Blood, and without an Effusion of Blood no Forgiveness takes

23 It was necessary then, indeed, for the COPIES of the THINGS in the HEAVENS to be cleansed by These, but the HEAVENLY things themselves with Better Sacri-

fices than these.

24 For the Anointed one did not enter Holy places made by hands, the Antit pes of the TRUK ones, but into HEAVEN itself, ‡ to appear now in the PRESENCE of GOD on our behalf.

25 Not indeed that he should present himself often, even as the HIGH-PRIEST who enters the HOLY places Annually with

Other Blood;

26 (since, in that case, he must have suffered often from the Foundation of the World; but now tonce for all, at a # Completion of the AGES, he has been manifested for a Removal of * Sin by the SACRIFICE of himself.

27 # And as it awaits MEN to die once, but after this ta Judgment;

28 so also the ANOINTED one, having been once for all offered for t the MANY, to bear away Sin, will appear a Second time without a Sin-offering, to THOSE who are TEXPECT-ING Him, in order to * Salvation.

CHAPTER X.

1 Moreover, the LAW having ta Shadow of the FUTURE GOOD things, not the Very IMAGE of the THINGS, is by t no means able with the SAME Annual for Sacrifices which they offer

of the

will he seen. by those him

γαρ εχων δ νομος των μελλουτων αγαθων, ουκ for having the law of the about coming good things, not

αυτην την εικονα των πραγματων, κατ' ενιαυ-

τον ταις αυταις θυσιαις ας προσφερουσιν εις

sacrifices which

КЕФ. ι'. 10.

things,

sin

μενοις εις σωτηριαν.

image

same

for

the

by the

salvation.

they offer

expecting

 $^{1}\Sigma\kappa\iota\sigma\nu$

Ashadow

every year

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. the-omit. Faith.

^{26.} SIN. 28. Salvation by

^{† 22.} Lev. xvii, 11. † 23. Heb. viii, 5. † 24. Heb. vi, 20. † 24. Heb. viii, 2. † 24. Rom. viii, 34; Heb. vii, 25; 1 John ji, 1. † 26. Heb. vii, 27; verse 12; x. 10; 1 Pet. iii, 18. † 26. 1 Cor. x. 11; Gal. iv, 4; Eph. i. 10. † 27. Gen. iii, 19; Eccl. iii, 20. † 27. 2 Cor. v. 10. † 28. Matt. xxvi. 28; Rom. v. 15. † 28. Titus ji, 13; 2 Pet. v. 12. † 1. Col. ii. 17; Heb. viii, 5; ix. 23. † 1. Heb. ix. 11. † 14.

το διηνεκες, ουδεποτε δυναται τους προσερχο-Ine continuance, never is able the ones drawing ² Επει ουκ αν επαυσαντο Otherwise not would they cease μενους τελειωσαι. προσφερομεναι, δια το μηδεμιαν to be offered, because that no one $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota \nu$ ETI to have longer συνειδησιν άμαρτιων τους λατρευοντας, άπαξ a consciousness of sins those publicly serving, once κεκαθαρμενους; ³αλλ' εν αυταις αναμνησις hut in having been cleansed? These a remembrance 4 Αδυνατον γαρ αίμα άμαρτιων κατ' ενιαυτον. every year. Impossible for blood 5 A10 ταυρων και τραγων αφαιρειν αμαρτιας. of bulls and of goats to take away sin. Therefore εισερχομένος εις τον κοσμον, λεγει. Θυσιαν coming into the world, hesays; Sacrifice και προσφοράν ουκ ηθελήσας, σωμα δε κατηρand offering not thou didst desire, a body but thou didst τισω μοι· ⁶ δλοκαυτωματα και τερι άμαρτιας provide for me; whole burnt offerings even for ουκ ευδοκησας. 7 Τοτε ειπον Ιδου ήκω, (εν not thou didst delight in. Then I said; Lo I come, `(in κεφαλιδι Βιβλιου γεγραπται περι εμου,) of a book it has been written concerning me,) 8 Ανωτετου ποιησαι, δ θεος, το θελημα σου. the God, the will of thee. of the to do, Above ρον λεγων: 'Οτι θυσιαν και προσφοραν και όλο saying; That a sacrifice and offering and whole r.nc. wbcl2 καυτωματα και περι άμαρτιας ουκ ηθελησας, for sin not thou didet desire, burnt offeringe even (αίτινες κατα * [τον] ουδε ευδοκησας. VOLLOV (which according to [the] nor didat delight in; προσφερονται·) ⁹ τυτε ειρηκεν· Ιδου, ήκω του are offered;) then he said; Le, I come of the ποιησαι το θελημα σου. Αναιρει το πρωτον, to do the will of thee. He takes away the first. 10 Εν & θεληματι ίνα το δευτερον στηση. so that the second he may cotablish. By which will εσμεν δια της προσφορας του ἡγιασμενοι having been sanctified we are through the offering of the H Kai mas σωματος Ιησου Χριστου εφαπαξ. of Jesus Anointed once for all. And every μεν ίερευς έστηκε καθ' ήμεραν λειτουργων, και indeed priest bas stood every day publicly serving, τας αυτας πολλακις προσφερων θυσιας, αίτινες often offering sacrifices, which.

CONTINUALLY, \$ to perfect THOSE Who DRAW NEAR.

[Chap. 10: 12.

2 Otherwise, would they not cease being offered? because THOSE SERVING, having been once cleansed, would no longer HAVE any Consciousness of Sins.

3 # But in these there is an Annual Remembrance

of Sins:

4 for tit is impossible for the Blood of Bulls and of Goats to take away Sin.

5 Therefore, entering the WORLD, he says, t " Sacrifice and Offering "thou didst not desire, "but a Body didst thou " provide for me;

6 "in Whole burnt of-"ferings, even for Sin, " thou didst not delight;

7 "then I said, 'Behold, "I come, O God, to FER-"form thy WILL!" In "the volume of the Book "it has been written con-" cerning me."

8 Having said above, * "Sacrifice and Offering "and Whole burnt offerings, even for Sin, thou didst "not desire, nor didst de-"light in," (which are offered according to Law;)

9 then he said, "Behold, " I come to PERFORM thy " WILL!" He takes away the FIRST, that he may cstablish the SECOND;

10 t by Which Will we have been sanctified through the expering of the Body of Jesus Christ once for all.

11 And indeed every * Priest has # daily stood publicly serving and offering frequently the SAME Sacrifices, which are never able to take away Sin;

12 but # hc, having offered One ENDURING Sac. δε μιαν ὑπερ αμαρτιων προσενεγκας θυσιάν, fered One enduring Sac-but one on behalf of eine having offered a pacrifice, rifice on behalf of Sins, sat

ουδεποτε δυναντι περιελειν άμαρτιας.

to take away

τος δε μιαν ύπερ αμαρτιων προσενεγκας θυσιάν,

are able

sin.

12 Au-

ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 8. Sacrifices and Offerings and. 11. High-priest.

^{8.} the-omit.

^{† 1.} verse 14. † 3. Lev. xvi. 21; Heb. ix. 7. † 4. Micah vi. 6, 7; Heb. ix. 13 verse 11. † 5. Psa. xl. 6; I. 8; Isa. i. 11; Jer. vi. 20; Amos v. 21, 22. † 10. John xvii. 10; Heb. xiii. 12. † 10. Heb. ix. 12. † 11. Num. xxviii. 3; Col. iii. 1. : 4. Micah vi. 6, 7; Heb. ix. 13; 1 10. John

εις το διηνεκες εκαθισεν εν δεξια του θεου, tor the continuance sat down at right of the God,

13 το λοιπον εκδεχομενος έως τεθωσιν οi thenceforth waiting till may be placed the

εγθροι αυτου ύποποδιον των ποδων αυτου. a footstool for the feet enemies of him of him.

14 Μια γαρ προσφορα τετελειωκεν εις το διηνε-By one for offering he has perfected for the continu-

45 Μαρτυρει δε ήμιν κες τους άγιαζομενους. ance those Testifies being sanctified. but to us

και το πνευμα το άγιον. Μετα γαρ το προειalso the spirit the holy. After for that to have ρηκεναι· 16 αύτη ή διαθηκη, ήν διαθησομαι προς

this the covenant, which I will ratify

αυτους μετα τας ήμερας εκεινας λεγει κυριος. after the days those; says

Διδους νομους μου επι καρδιας αυτων, και επι laws of me in hearts of them, and on των διανοιων αυτων επιγραψω αυτους, 17 και minds of them I will write them,

των άμαρτιων αύτων και των ανομιων αυτων ου of the sins of them and of the iniquities of them not

18 Όπου δε αφεσις τουτων, μη μνησθω ετι. not I may remember more. Where now for givenesss of these,

19 Εχοντες ουκετι προσφορα περι αμαρτιας. offering for sin. llaving

ουν, αδελφοι, παρρησιαν εις την εισοδον των therefore, brethren, contidence for the entrance of the αγιων εν τφ αίματι Ιησου, ²⁰ ήν ενεκαινισεν

by the blood of Jesus, which he consecrated ήμιν όδον προσφατον και forus away recently killed and yet ζωσαν, δια και του through the living,

 $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \pi \epsilon \tau \alpha \sigma \mu \alpha \tau \sigma s$, ($\tau \sigma \sigma \tau$) $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$, TMS σαρκος (that 19, the flesh

αύτου,) 21 και ίερεα μεγαν επι τον οικον του and a priest of himself,) great over the house of the

θεου. 22 προσερχωμεθα μετα αληθινης καρδιας God; let us approach with a true

εν πληροφορια πιστεως, ερβαντισμενοι τας καρoffaith, having been sprinkled the hearts in full conviction

διας απο συνειδησεως πονηρας. 23 και λελουμεa consciousness of evil; and having been

σωμα ύδατι καθαρώ, κατεχωμεν την body in water pure, we should hold fast the VOL TO bathed the body in water

όμολογιαν της ελπιδος ακλινη· (πιστος γαρ δ confession of the hope without declining; (faithful for the

down at the Right hand of GoD:

13 HENCEFORTH waiting ‡ till his ENEMIES may be placed UNDERNEATH his FEFT.

14 For by One Offering the has PERMANENTLY perfected THOSE BEING

SANCTIFIED.

15 Moreover, the HOLY SPIRIT also testifies [this] to us, for after it HAD

* said, 16 ‡ "This is the cove-" NANT which I will cove-"nant with them; After "those DAYS, says the "Lord, I will put my "Laws in their Hearts, "and on their * MINDS " will I inscribe them;"

17 [it adds,] "and their "sins and iniquities I " will remember no more."

18 Now where there is a Forgiveness of these, an Offering for Sin is no longer needed.

19 Having, therefore, Brethren, ‡ Confidence respecting the ENTRANCE of the HOLIES, by the BLOOD of Jesus,

20 which ‡ Way he consecrated for us, through the VAIL, (that is, his FLESH, recently killed and yet is living;)

21 and having ta great Priest over the House of

GoD;

22 ‡ we should approach with a True Heart, 1 in Full conviction of Faith, our HEARTS having been sprinkled ffrom a Consciousness of evil.

23 The BODY, also having been bathed in pure Water, twe should firmly hold the confession of the HOPE, without declining; (for I HE is Faithful who PROMISED;)

[·] ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. SAID, This is.

^{16.} MIND. † 13. Psa. cx. 1; Acts ii. 25; 1 Cor. xv. 25; Heb. i. 13.

† 14. Jer. xxxi. 33, 34; Heb. viii. 10, 12.

† 19. Rom. v. 2; Eph. ii. 18, iii. 22.

† 19. Heb. ix, 8, 12.

† 19. Heb. ix, 8, 12.

† 10. Heb. ix, 8, 12.

† 10. Heb. ix, 12.

† 11. Heb. ix, 8, 12.

† 12. Heb. iv, 14.

† 13. Psa. cx. 1; Acts ii. 25; Eph. ii. 12: James i. 6; 1 John iii. 21.

† 23. Heb. iv, 14.

† 23. 1 Cor. i. 9; x. 13; 1 Thess. v. 24; 2 Thess. ii. 2; Heb. ix, 14.

επαγγειλαμενος:) ²⁴ και κατανοωμεν αλληλους one having promised;) and weshould bear in mind each other ets παροξυσμον αγαπης και καλων εργων, ²⁵ μ;) for an excitement of love and of good works, not

εγκαταλειποντες την εισυναγωγην έαυτων, leaving of the assembling together of ourselves, καθως εθος τισιν, αλλα παρακαλουντες και

καθως εθος τισιν, αλλα παρακαλουντες και ων αυμετική hat exhorting, and

τοσουτώ μαλλον, όσω βλεπετε εγγίζουσαν την by much more, hy so much you see drawing near the ήμεραν. 26 Έκουσιως γαρ άμαρτανοντων ήμων λόδο. Voluntarily for sinning crus μετα το λαβειν την επιγνωσιν της αληθείας,

after the to have received the knowledge of the truth,

ουκετι περι αμαρτιων απολειπεται θυσια. 27 φο-

to eating being about the opponents. Having vioσας τις νομον Μωυσεως, χωρις οικτιριών επι
lated any one alaw of Moses, without mercies by

δυσιν η τρισι μαρτυσιν αποθνησκει $^{2)}$ ποσω, two or three witnesses dies; by how much,

δοκειτε, χειρονος αξιωθησεται τιμωριας δ τον think you, worse will be be deserving punishment be the υίον του θεου καταπατησας, και το αίμα της and of the God having trampledon, and the blood of the

διαθηκης κοινον ἡγησαμενος, $\overset{*}{\pi}$ [εν $\overset{*}{\mu}$ ήγιαστον τhing basing esteemed, [by which he was sanctional form of the control of the

 $\theta\eta$, δ και το πνευμα της χαριτος ενυβρινας; tified, δ and the spirit of the favor having the ulted? δ Οιδαμεν γαρ τον ειποντα. Εμο: εκδικηνις,

We know for the one saying; To:.e vengesince, εγω ανταποδωσω, λεγει κυρις και παλιν

i will repay, any Lord; and again, Κυριος κρινει τον λαον αύτου 31 Φο Sepos το Lord will judge the people of incen. A fearful thing the

τμπεσειν εις χειρας θεου ζανίος. ³² Αναμιμνηστος Intell into hands of God living Remember you εισθε δε τας προτερον ήμερως, εν τίς φωτιστορούς.

but the former days, which having been $\theta \in \nu \tau \in \mathcal{F}$ πολλην αθλησιν ὑπεωεινατε παθηματων.

enlightened a great contest you undered of orderings; 33 τουτο μεν, ονειδισμοις τε και θλιψεσι θεατρι-

this indeed, by reproaches both and by afflictions being made Comevoir Touto de, Kolvavoi Tav outus avastre-appeciacle; this but, partners of those thus being over-

25 and . . . onld bear each other in mind, for an Incitement of Love and Goo' Works:

Goo! Works;
25 ‡ not forsaking the
ASSEMBLING of ourselves
together, as is a Castom
with some; but exhorting
to it, and ‡ so much the
more as you see ‡ the DAY
drawing near.

26 For tif we should voiuntarily sin tafter having received the knowledge of the truth, there is no longer a Sacrifice left for Sins.

27 but some Terrible Expectation of Judgment, even of a ‡ fiery Indignation which is about to consume the OPPONENTS.

28 ‡ Any one having violated a Law of Moses dies without Mercy, ‡by Two or Three Witnesses;

29 thow much Worse Punishment do you think will he deserve, having TRAMPLED on the son of God, tand esteemed as a common thing the BLOOD of the COVENANT by which he was sanctified, tand insulted the SPIRIT of FAVOR?

30 For we know HIM who SAYS, ‡" Retribution "IS Mine; ¥ will repay," says the Lord. And again, ‡" The Lord will judge his "PEOPLE."

31 11 is a fearful thing to FALL into the HANDS of the living God.

32 But remember the FORMER Days, in which thaving been enlightened you sustained to Great Contest of Sufferings;

33 partly, indeed, by being made I a bublic spectacle both to Reproaches and to Afflictions; and partly, by thaving become Joint-participators with

ALBXANDRIAN MANUSCRIFT .- 20. by which he was sanctified-omit.

^{† 25.} Acts ii. 42; Jude 10. † 25. Rom. xiii. 11. † 25. 2 Pet. iii. 9, 11, 14. † 26. Num. xv. 30; Heb. vi. ? † 26. 2 Pet. ii. 20, 21. † 27. 2 Thess. i. 8; Heb. xii. 29. † 28. Heb. ii. 2. † 25. Deut. xvii. 2, 6; xix. 15; Matt. xviii. 16. † 29. Heb. ii. 5; xii. 25. † 20. 1 Cor. xi. 20; Heb. xiii. 20. † 20. Matt. xii. 31, 32; Eph. iv. 30. † 30. Deut. xxxii. 35; Rom. xii. 19. † 30. Deut. xxxii. 36; Psa. l. 4; cxxxv. 14. † 51. Luke xii 5. 28. Heb. vi. 4. † 52. Phil. i. 20, 50; Col. ii. l. † 33. 1 Cor. iv. 2 † 55. Phil. 1. 7: iv. 14; 1 Thess. ii. 14.

φομενων γενηθεντες. 34 Και γαρ τοις δεσμιοις surned having become. And for with the prisoners

συνεπαθησατε, και την αρπαγην των υπαρχονyousympathised, and the seizure of the goods

των ύμων μετα χαρας προσεδεξασθε, γινωσκονof you with joy you submitted to, knowing τες εχειν έαυτοις κρειττονα ύπαρξιν * [εν ουρα-

τες εχείν εαυτοις κρείττονα υπαρξίν "[εν ουραto have for youraelves better property [in heavνοις] και μενουσαν. 35 Μη αποβαλητε ουν την ens] and abiding. Not do you cast away therefore the

παρρησιαν ύμων, ήτις εχει μισθαποδοσιαν μεγαconfidence of you, which has a reward great.

λην. 36 Υπομονης γαρ εχετε χρειαν ίνα το Of patience for you have need; so that the

θελημα του θεου ποιησαντες, κομισησθε την will of the God having done, you may receive the

επαγγελιαν. 37 Ετι γαρ μικρον όσον όσον, δ promise. Yet for a little while very very, the ερχομενος ήξει και ου χρονιει. 38 Ο δε

 $\epsilon \rho \chi o \mu \epsilon \nu o s$ ηξει και ου $\chi \rho o \nu \iota \epsilon \iota$. 35 Ο δε διthe coming one will come and not will delay. The but just καιος εκ πιστεως ζησεται και εαν ὑποστειλη-

one by faith ahall live; and if he should draw
ται, ουκ ευδοκει ή ψυχη μου εν αυτφ. ³⁹ Hμειs
back, not delights the apul of me in hun. We

be our esmes unsated in the structure of the transfer of the structure of

πιστεως, εις περιποιησιν ψυχης. for faith, to a saving of life.

КЕФ. 1а'. 11.

¹ Εστι δε πιστις, ελπιζομενων ύποστασις, Is but faith, of things being hoped for a basis.

ραγματων ελεγχος ου βλεπομενων. 2 Εν ταυof things a conviction not being seen. By this

τη γαρ εμαρτυρηθησαν οἱ πρεσβυτεροι. 3 Πισfor were attested the ancients.

τει νοουμεν κατηρτισθαι τους αιωνας βηματι
faith we perceive to have been adjusted the ages by a word

 $\theta \in \mathcal{O} \mathcal{U}$, $\epsilon \mathcal{U} \mathcal{U}$ $\epsilon \mathcal{$

those who are similarly treated.

34 For indeed you sympathized with * the Prisoners, ‡ and submitted to the SPIZURE of your POS-SESSIONS with Joy, knowing that you have for yourselves a Better and an enduring Possession.

35 Therefore, cast not away your CONFIDENCE, twhich has a Great Re-

ward.

So For you have Need of Patience, so that having done the WILL of God, tyou may receive the PROMISE.

37 For 1 yet a very little while indeed, 1 the coming one will come and will not delay 38 but "my 1 JUHT

"one by faith shall live;
"and if he should shrink
"back my sour does not
"delight in him."

39 But we are not of those † shrinking back und destruction; but of Faith in order to a Preservation of Life.

CHAPTER XI.

1 But Faith is a Basis of things hoped for, a Conviction 1 of things unseen.

2 For 1 by this the ANCIENTS were attested.

3 In Faith we perceive that the †AGES have been so thoroughly adjusted by God's Command, that now from Things then Manifest *the Things now seen have come to pass.

^{*} Alexandrian Manuschift.—34. me in my bonds. 34. in Heavens—omil. 38. my rightbous one. 3. that which is sken did not arise.

^{† 3.} The original word has been literally rendered, both in this place, and in Heb. i.?. as best agreeing with the argument of the writer. In fact avones, properly signifies, agest or periods of time, and as justly observed by Wakefield, Sykes, Kneeland, and Improved Version, "there is no instance in the New Testament where more than this seems to be meant by the word," and therefore ought to be so rendered in this passage. Faith being defined in ver. 1, as "a basis of things shoped for, and a conviction of things unseen," must necessarily have a connection with God's word or promise to be fulfilled at some future period of time, and therefore precludes the idea contained in ver. 3 of the Common Version, that the Apostle was referring to the past creation of the worlds, or the material universe. To understand the works of creation does not belong to faith. Faith in this place refers to what was to be developed in future aioones, or ages, in conformity to God's promises, and is amply illustrated in the remaining portion of the chapter.

^{† 34.} Acis v. 41. xviii. 8; 2 Pet. iii. 9. 2 Pet. ii. 20, 21. † 35. Matt. v. 12. † 36. Col M. 24; 1 Pet. i. 9. † 37. Hab. ii 3, 4. † 1 Rom. v. ii. 24, 25; 2 Cor. iv. 18; v. 7. † 2. verse 39.

μενα γεγονεναι. 4 Πιστει πλειονα θυσιαν Αβελ seen to have happened. la faith more sscrifice Abel παρα Καιν προσηνεγκε τφ θεφ, δί' ής εμαρ~ thau Cain offered to the God, through which he was τυρηθη ειναι δικαιος, μαρτυρουντος επι τοις attested to be righteous, testifying on the δωροις αυτου του θεου και δι' αυτης αποθα-gifts of him of the God; and through her having νων ετι λαλει. 5 Πιστει Ενωχ μετετεθη, του died yet speaks. Ια faith Enoch was translated, of the μη ιδειν θανατον και ουχ ευρισκετο, διοτι not to see death; and not be was found, because μετεθηκεν αυτον δ θεοs: προ γαρ της μεταθεtranslated him the God; before for the translated σεως * [αυτου] μεμαρτυρηται ευηρεστηκεναι τω tion [of him] he had obtained testimony to have well pleased the 6 Χωρις δε πιστεως αδυνατον ευαρεστη-CEW. Without but faith impossible to have pleased; σαι πιστευσαι γαρ δει τον προσερχομενον for it is necessary the to believa one coming near to the God, because he is, and to those seeking

7 $\Pi \iota \sigma \tau \epsilon \iota \chi \rho \eta \mu \alpha \tau \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon \iota s$ In faith being divinely warned μισθαποδοτης γινεται. a rewarder he becomes. Νωε περι των μηδεπω βλεπομενων, ευλαβη-

Noe concerning the not yet things being seen, having been piθεις κατεσκευασε κιβωτον εις σωτηριαν του ously afraid built an ark for a preservation of the οίκου αύτου δι' ής κατεκρινε τον κοσμον,

και της κατα πιστιν δικαιοσυνης εγενετο κληand of the according to faith righteourness became an

⁸ Πιστει καλουμενος Αβρααμ ύπηheir. heing called Abraam κουσεν εξελθειν εις τον τοπον, όν ημελλε λαμ-

obedient to go forth into the place, which he was about to reβανειν εις κληρονομιαν, και εξηλθε, μη επισreive for an inheritance, and he went forth, not knowing 9 Πιστει παρφκησεν εις ταμένος που ερχεται.

where he was going. In faith he sojourned in * $[\tau\eta\nu]$ $\gamma\eta\nu$ $\tau\eta$ s $\epsilon\pi\alpha\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambda\iota\alpha$ s $\dot{\omega}$ s $\alpha\lambda\lambda\circ\tau\rho\iota\alpha\nu$, $\epsilon\nu$ [the] land of the promise as a stranger, in

σκεναις κατοικήσας, μετα Ισαακ και Ιακωβ των having dwelt, with Isaac and Jacob of the

συγκληρονομών της επαγγελίας της αυτης. joint-beirs ofthe promise of the same;

 10 εξεδεχετο γαρ την τους θεμελιους εχουσαν was waiting for that the foundations having $\pi \circ \lambda \iota \nu$, $\dot{\eta} s \tau \in \chi \nu \iota \tau \eta s \kappa \alpha \iota \delta \eta \mu \iota \circ \nu \rho \gamma \circ s \delta \theta \in \sigma s$. city, of which a designer and architect the God.

11 Πιστει και αυτη Σαρβα δυναμιν εις καταβο-In faith also herself Sarah power for

4 In Faith t Abel offered to God a Better Sacrifice than Cain, by means of which he was attested to be righteous, GoD testifying on his GIFTs; and through it, having died, the still speaks.

5 In Faith ‡ Enoch was translated so as not to SEE. Death; and he was not found, because God translated him; for, before his TRANSLATION, he had been attested to have been well-

pleasing to Gop.

6 But without Faith it is impossible to have pleased; for it is necessary for HIM Who COMES NEAR to Gop to believe That he exists, and that to THOSE who seek him he becomes a Rewarder.

7 In Faith : Noah, having been divinely admonished concerning THINGS not then seen, moved with pious fear, ‡built an Ark for the Preservation of his FAMILY; through which he condemned the WORLD, and became an Heir of the RIGHTEOUS-NESS according to Faith.

8 In Faith I Abraham was obedient, * HE BEING CALLED to go forth into the PLACE which he was in future to receive for an Inheritance; and he went forth, not knowing where he was going.

9 In Faith he sojourned in the LAND of the PROM-ISE, as a Stranger, having dwelt in Tents 1 with Isaac and Jacob, the co-HEIRS of the SAME PROM-

10 for he was expecting that CITY having the FOUNDATIONS, ‡ of which God is the Designer and Architect.

11 In Faith, also, #Saalaying rah herself received Power

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 5. him-omit. to a Place. 9. the-omit.

^{8.} HE BEING CALLED to go out in-

³X1. 2.

λην σπερματος ελαβε, και παρα καιρον ήλικιας, of seed received, even beyond a proper time of life,

επει πιστον ήγησατο τον επαγγειλαμενον. bince faithful she regarded one promising.

¹² Διο και αφ' ένος εγεννηθησαν, και ταυτα Therefore even from one were born, and these things νενεκαωμενου, καθως τα αστρα του ουρανου τω having been dead. like the stars of the heaven for the

πληθει, και ώς ή αμμος ή παρα το χειλος της by multitude, and like the sand that the shore of the

θαλασσης ή αναριθμητος. 13 Κατα πιστιν απεsea the innumerable. n l

θανον ούτοι παντες, μη λαβοντες τας επαγγεall, not having received the promises,

λιας, αλλα πορρωθεν αυτας ιδοντες και ασπαfar distant them having seen and having

σαμενοι, και δμολογησαντες, δτι ξενοι και and having confessed, that strangers and

14 Oi γαρ τοιπαρεπιδημοι εισιν επι της γης.sojourners they are on the earth.

αυτα λεγοντες εμφανιζουσιν ότι πατριδα επιζηaaying things make known that a country they

15 Και ει μεν εκεινης εμνημονευον αφ TOUGL. seek. And ifindeed that they remembered from $\epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta o \nu$, ELYOV QV καιρον ανακαμψαι.

which they came forth, they would have had a season to have returned; 16 νυν δε κρειττονος ορεγονται, τουτ' εστιν, now but a better they long after.

thie 18, €πουρανιου. Διο ουκ επαισχυνεται αυτους δ Therefore not heavenly. is ashamed of them the

θεος, θεος επικαλεισθαι αυτων ήτοιμασε γαρ God, a God to be called of them; he prepared for

17 Πιστει προσενηνοχεν Αβρασμ αυτοις πολιν. for them a city. In faith offered up

του Ισαακ πειραζομενος, και τον μονογενη Isaac being tried, and the only-begotten

် προσφερεν τας επαγγελιας αναδεξαμενος, was offering up he the promises having received,

18 προς δυ ελαληθη. Ότι εν Ισαακ κληρησεται to whom it was said; That in Isaac shall be called. σοι σπερμα· 19 λογισαμενος, ότι και εκ νεκρωι

to thee a seed, that even out of dead ones inferring, εγερειν δυνατος δ θεος. δθεν αυτον και εν παρ-

to raise up is able the God; whence him also in a sim 20 $\Pi_{i}\sigma\tau\epsilon_{i}$ $\pi\epsilon\rho_{i}$ αβολω εκομισατο. μελλονilitude he recovered. In faith concerning things being

ευλογησεν Ισαακ τον Ιακωβ και τον about to come blessed lsaac the Jacob and the

for Conception, even beyond the proper period of Life, since she regarded HIM faithful who PROM-

12 Therefore also * were born from tone, who even as to these things had become lifeless, [a posterity] tlike the stars of heaven for MULTITUDE, and like THAT SAND on the SHORE of the sea, innumerable.

13 All these died in Faith, ‡not having received the PROMISED blessings, hut I having seen and saluted them from a Distance, and ‡ hav-ing confessed That they were Strangers and Sojourners on the LAND.

14 For THOSE Who SAY Such things ; make known that they are seeking a

Country.

15 And if indeed they were mindful of that from which they came forth, they would have had an Opportunity to have returned;

16 but now they long for a better, that is, a heavenly [country.] There-fore GoD is not ashanied of them ‡ to be called their God: for the is preparing for them a City.

17 In Faith # Abraham, being tried, offered up ISAAC; and HE who had RECEIVED the PROMISES t was offering up his ONLY-BEGOTTEN,

18 to whom it was said, " For in Isaac shall Thy "Seed be called;"

19 inferring that God tis able even to raise up from the dead; whence also, in a Similitude, he recovered Him.

20 * In Faith also concerning future things, ‡ Isaac blessed Jacob and

Esau.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. were made. 20. In Faith also.

^{1 20.} Gen. xxvii. 27, 29.

21 Πιστει Ιακωβ αποθνησκων έκαστον Hoav. ln faith Jacob dying των υίων Ιωσηφ ευλογησε και προσεκυνησεν of the sone of Joseph blessed; and bowed down 22 Πιστει Ιωεπι το αρκον της βαβδου αύτου. tup of the Bate of bimself. της εξοδου των υίων σηφ τελευτων TEDL ending concerning the going out of the 8004 Ισραηλ εμνημονεύσε, και περι των οστεων of Israel reminded, and concerning the bones 23 Πιστει Μωυσης γεννηαύτου ενετειλατο. of himself gave charge. In faith Moses perng θεις εκρυβη τριμηνον ύπο των πατερων αύτου, born was hidden three months by the parente of himself, διοτι είδον απτείον το παιδίον και ους εφοβηbecause they saw beautiful the babe; and not they did $^{24}\Pi\iota\sigma\tau\epsilon\iota$ θησαν το διαταγμα του βασιλεως. king. fear the mandate of the In raith Μωυσης μεγας εγενομενος ηρνησατο λεγεσθαι Moses great having become refused to be called υίος θυγατρος Φαραω, 25 μαλλον έλομενος συγa son of a daughter of Pharach, rather chousing to sufκακουχεισθαι τφ λαφ του θεου, η προσκαιρον terevil with the people of the God, than lora season εχειν αμαρτιας απολαυσιν· 26 μειζονα πλουτον greater enjoyment, ηνηπαμενος των Αιγυπτου θησαυρων τον ονειhaving sonarded of the Egypt treasures the δισμού τον Χριστου απεβλεπε γαρ εις την proach σω.e Incented; helioched away for towards the "Πιστει κατελιπεν Αιγυπτον, μισθαποδοσιαν. 'we left Egypt, In faith reward.

μη Ουβηθεις του θυμον του βασιλεως τον γαρ not fearin, the wrath of the kingthe for απρατου ώς δρων εκαρτερησε. ²³ Πιστει πεanecon no as moin; he was strong. Intach ποιηκέ το πασχά και την προσχυσιν του αίμαhas made the passover and the pouring on of the sloud, τος, ίνα μη δολοθρευών τα πρωτοτοκα, $\theta i \gamma \eta$

so that not the one destroying the first-borns, might touch αυτων. 29 Πιστει διεβησαν την ερυθραν θαλασ-In faith they passed through the red of them.

σαν ώς δια ξη ας ής πειραν λαβοντες οί Αιas through adry place; which a trial attempting the Egypγυπτιοι, κατεποθησαν. 30 Πιστει τα

τειχη were swallowed up. In faith tians, the walls

21 In Faith Jacob, dying, ‡ blessed each of the sons of Joseph; ithe bowed down also on the TOP of his STAFF.

22 In Faith ! Joseph, at the close of life, rcminded the sons of Israel concerning the DEPART-URE, \$ and gave orders about his BONES.

23 In Faith ! Moses, being borr, was hidden three Months by his PARENTS, because they saw the CHILD was Beautiful; and they did not fear tille EDICT of the MING.

24 In Faith 1 Moses, having become mature, refused to be called a Son of Pharaoh s Daughter;

25 I choosing rather to suffer evil with the PEOPLE o. God, than to have a Transient Enjoyment of Sin;

26 Daving regarded the REPROACH of the ANOINT-ED Greater Wealth than the PREASURES of Egypt for he looked off toward: the REWARD.

27 In Faith the left Egypt, not fearing the weath of the king; for he was strong as seeing the INVISIBLE one.

28 In Faith the appointed the PASSOVER, and the ASPERSION of the BLOOD, so that the Drs-TROYER of the FIRST-BORNS might not touch them.

In Faith they 29 passed through the Red Sea as through a dry place; which the Egyptians attempting, were swallowe.l

30 In Faith the WALLS

^{† 21.} Or, according to Sampson, this sentence may be translated—"and rendered worship 121. Or, according to Sampson, this sentence may be translated—and rendered worship (16 God,) on account of the height of his (Joseph's, ensign." He contends that raddos, a rod, also means ensign, because according to Lev. Tvi, twelve rods were to be horne by the twelve princes of Israel with the names of the tribes written thereon, as ensigns. Akrom means top, summit, height; and epi with an accusative he would render, on account of, or in respect to. The patriarch Jacob, then, "worshipped God on account of the height of Joseph's power," when he with prophetic vision saw the future greatness of Ephraim and Manasseh. The reader is left to choose which rendering he prefers.

Ίεριχω επεσε, κυκλωθεντα επι επτα ήμερας.
of Jericho fell, having heen encompassed for seven days. ³¹ Πιστει 'Ρααβ ή πορνη ου συναπωλετο τοις Rahab the harlot not was destroyed with those απειθησασι, δεξαμενη τους κατασκοπους μετ unbelieving, having received the spice with unbelieving, having received unbelieving, 32 Kai Ti ETi \ \(\text{Kai}\); Επιλειψει γαρ ELPHVYS. peace. And what further may I say? Willfail for με διηγουμένον ὁ χρονος περι Γεδέων, Βαρακ me relating the time concerning Gideon, Barak $*[\tau \in \kappa \alpha_i]$ Σαμψων, $*[\kappa \alpha_i]$ Ιεφθαε, Δαυιδ τε also and] Samson, [an1] Jepthah, David also και Σαμουηλ, και των προφητων. 33 οί who by means of Samuel, and the prophets; πιστεως κατηγωνισαντο βασιλειας, ειργασαντο subdued kingdoms, performed επαγγελιων, εφραξαν δικαιοσυνη, επετυχον obtained promises, closed up righteousness, στοματα λεοντων, 34 εσβεσαν δυναμιν πυρος, of lions, queuched of fire. power mouths στοματα μαχαιρας, ενεδυναμωθησαν €Φυγον mouths of sword. were made strong escaped απο ασθενειας, εγενηθησαν ισχυροι εν πολεμώ, became mighty ones in ³⁵ ελαβον αλλοτριων. ταρεμβολας €κλιναν overturned of foreigners; received camps γυναικές εξ αναστασέως τους νέκρους αύτων the dead ones of themselves; women from a resurrection προσδεξαμενοι αλλοι δε ετυμπανισθησαν, ου others but were besten to death, not την απολυτρωσιν, ίνα κρειττονος αναστασεως redemption, so that a better resurrection 36 Ετεροι δε εμπαιγμων και μαστιτυχωσιν. they might obtain. Others but and of scourges of mockings γων πειραν ελαβον, ετι δε δεσμων και φυλακης. a trial received, further but of bonds and of imprisonment; 37 ϵ λ ι θ α σ θ η σ α ν $, \epsilon$ π ϵ ι ρ α σ θ η σ α ν $, \epsilon$ ν they were stoned, they were sawn asunder, they were tempted, by φονφ μαχαιρας απεθανον. περιηλθον εν μηλωthey died; they went about in daughter of sword sbeepταις, εν αιγειοις δερμασιν, ύστερουμενοι, θλιskins, being in want, goat Βομενοι, κακουχουμενοι, 38 (ών ουκ ην αξιος δ ing afflicted, being ill-treated, (of whom not was worthy the ing afflicted, being ill-treated, κοσμος,) εν ερημιαις πλανωμενοι και ορεσι, και wandering and in mountains, and deserts ³⁹ Και ούτοι σπηλαιοις και ταις οπαις της γης. , And these and in the holes of the earth. in caves

of Jericho fell down, having been encompassed Seven Days.

31 In Faith # Rahah, the HARLOT, did not perish with the UNBELIEVERS, ‡ having . received the spies in Peace.

32 And why should I say more? for the TIME will fail me to discourse concerning # Gideon, # Barak, ‡ Samson, ‡ Jepthah; ‡ David also, and ‡ Samuel, and the PROPHETS;

33 who by means of Faith subdued Kingdoms, performed Righteousness, tobtained Promises, 1 shut

Lions' Mouths.

34 ‡quenched the Power of Fire, ‡ escaped the Edges of the Sword, I from Weakness were strong, ‡ overturned the Camps of Foriegners.

35 + 1 Women received their DEAD by a Resurrection; but others were beaten to death, not accepting the DELIVERANCE [offered,] in order_that they might obtain a Better Resurrection.

36 And others received a Trial of Mockings and Scourges, and also tof Bonds and Imprisonment.

37 ! They were stoned, sawn asunder, † tempted; they died by slaughter of the Sword; they went about in Sheep-skins and in Goat-skins, being destitute, afflicted, ill-treated;

38 (of whom the WORLD was not worthy;) wandering in Deserts, and in Mountains, ‡ and in Cav-erns, and in the HOLES of the EARTH.

39 And all these having been attested by means of

παντες μαρτυρηθεντες δια της πιστεως, ουκ

having been attested by means of the

not

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 32. also and-omit. 32. and-omit.

^{† 35.} For Women, is a reading of the Syriac. † 37. Some would read here epeiratheesan, peirced through, instead of the textual reading. See Wakefield and Newcome.

^{† 31.} Josh. vi. 23; James ii. 25. † 31. Josh. i. 1. † 32. Judges vi. 11. † 32. Judges vi. 12. Judges vi. 13. Judges vi. 13. † 32. Judges vi. 13. † 32. Judges vi. 13. † 32. † 33. Judges vi. 14. † 33. Judges vi. 15. † 34. † 52. †

Therefore

auch

having

εκομισαντο την επαγγελιαν, 40 του θ εου περι 40 did obtain the promise, the God concerning ήμων κρειττου τι προβλεψαμενου, iva μη χωρις ήμων τελειωθωσι. apart from us they might be made perfect.

КЕФ. ιβ'. 12. 1 Τοιγαρουν και ήμεις, τοσουτον εχοντες

we,

περικειμενον ήμιν νεφος μαρτυρων, ογικον απο-surrounding us acloud of witnesses, encuribrance havθεμενοι παντα, και την ευπεριστατον άμαρτιαν, ing laid aside every, and the close-girding υπομονης τρεχωμεν τον προκειμενον by means of patient endurance we should run the being laid out ήμιν αγωνα: - αφορωντες εις τον της πιστεως for us course; louking away to the of the faith αρχηγον και τελειωτην Ιησουν, ός αντι της leader and perfecter Jesus, who in return for the προκειμενης αύτω χαρας, ύπεμεινε σταυβον, being placed hefore him joy, endured a cross, αισχυνης καταφρονησας, εν δεξια τε του θρονου shame disregarding, at right and of the throne του θεου κεκαθικεν. ³ Αναλογισασθε γαρ τον of the God has sat down. Attentively consideryou for the τυιαυτην ύπομεμενηκοτα ύπο των άμαρτωλων one having endured from the sinners εις αύτον αντιλογιαν, ίνα μη καμητε, towards himself opposition, so that put you may be wearted, ταις ψυχαις ύμων εκλυομενοι. ⁴ Ούπω μεχρις in the souls of you being discouraged. Not yet even to αίματος αντικατε τητε προς την άμαρτιαν ανhlood you resisted with the sin ,conταγωνιζομένοι 5 και έκλελησθε της παρακληtending against; and you have forgotten the exhortation, σεως, ήτις ύμιν ώς υίοις διαλεγεται Υιε μου, which with you as with sons reasons; O son uf me, εκλυου μη ολιγωρει παιδειας κυριου, μηδε not do thos slight discipline of Lord, neither be thou discouraged ύπ' αυτου ελεγχομενος^{. 6} όν γαρ αγαπα κυριος, being reproved; whom for loves Lord, παιδευει. μαστιγοι δε παντα υίον δν παραhe disciplines; he scourges and every son whom he reδεχεται. 7Ει παιδειαν ύπομενετε, ώς υίοις If discipline you endure, ne with some ύμιν προσφερεται 3 θεος· τις γαρ εστιν υίος, with you deals the God; any for is son, όν ου παιδευει πατηρ: ⁸Ει δε χωρις εστε whominot disciplines a ficher? If but without you are παιδείας, ής ; ε χι ς εγονασι παντες, αρα discipline, of which part. k.r. have become all, certainly νοθοι εστε και συχ τίοι ³ Ειτα τους μεν then truly you are Spuri-

the FAITH, did not obtain the PROMISED blessing.

40 God having foreseen t something better con-cerning Us, so that not apart from Us Ithey might be made perfect.

CHAPTER XII.

1 Therefore also we, having Such a Cloud of Witnesses surrounding us, laying aside every Encumbrance, and the CLOSE-GIRDING Sin, I should run t with Patience the Course MARKED OUT for us.

2 looking away to the LEADER and Perfecter of the FAITH, Jesus, 1 who for the Joy set before him, endured the Cross, disregarding the Shame, and thas sat down at the Right hand of the THRONE of

3 TFor consider HIM attentively who has ENDURED Such Opposition from sinners, so that you may not be wearied, being discouraged in your sours,

4 TYou did not yet resist to Blood, contending

against SIN.

5 And have you forgotten the EXHIGETATION which reasons with you as with Sons? t" My Son, slight not the Discipline " of the Lord, neither be "discouraged when re-" proved by him;

6 " for I whom the Lord " loves, he disciplines, and "he scourges Every Son " whom he receives."

7 III you endure Discipline, God deals with you as with Sons; for is there any Son whom a Father does not discipline?

8 But if you are without Discipline, 1 of which all have become Partakers,

^{1 40.} Heb. vii. 22; viii. 6.
1 40. Heb. v. 9; xii. 23; Rev. vi. 11.
1 1. Col. iii,
1 1 1. 1 1. 1 1. 24; Phil. iii. 13, 14.
1 1. Rom. xii. 12; Heb. x. 86,
1 2. Luke xxiv. 26; Phil. ii. 8; 1 Pet. 1. 11.
1 2. Psa. ex. 1; Heb. i. 3, 13; viii. 1; 1 Pet.
iii. 22.
1 3. Matt. x. 24, 25; John xv. 20.
1 4. Heb. x. 32—40.
1 5. Prov.
iii. 11.
1 6. Psa. xeiv. 12; exix. 75; Prov. iii. 19; James 1. 12; Rev. iii. 19.
Prov. xiii 24; xix. 18; xxiii. 13.
3 8. I Pet. v. 9.

της σαρκος ήμων πατερας ειχομεν παιδευτας, of us fathers we have disciplinarians, of the flesh και ενετρεπομεθα· ου πολλφ μαλλον ύποταγηand we reverenced; not by much more shall we be subσομεθα τφ πατρι των πνευματων, και (ησομεν ; and . we shall live ? missive to the father of the spirits, 10 Οί μεν γαρ προς ολιγας ήμερας, κατα το days, according to that They indeed for for a few δοκουν αυτοις, επαιδευον· ό δε επι το συμφερον, he but for that being profitable, securing right to them, disciplined; μεταλαβειν της άγιοτητος αυτου. of bim. n order that ofthe holiness to partake 11 Πασα δε παιδεια προς μεν το παρον ου δοκει but discipline as to indeed that being present not seems χαρας ειναι, αλλα λυπης. ύστερον δε καρπον afterwards but fruit but of grief; of joy to be, Si' αυτην γεγυμνασμενοις ειρηνικον TOIS having been trained peaceful to those through her αποδιδωσι δικαιοσυνης. 12 Διο τας παρειμένης of righteousness. Therefore the having been wearn-1 χειρας και τα παραλελυμενα γονατα ανορθωand the having been enfeebled do you brace knees σατε· 13 και τροχιας ορθας ποιησατε τοις ποσιν do you make for the paths level and np; ιαθη ύμων, ίνα μη το χωλον εκτραπη, of you, so that not the lame may be turned out, may be healed 14 Ειρηνην διωκετε μετα παντων, δε μαλλον. Peace do you pursue with rather. και τον άγιασμον, ού χωρις ουδεις οψεται τον and the holiness, which without no one shall see the 15 Επισκοπουντες, μη τις ύστερων απο Looking carefully, lestany one falling back from κυριον. Lord. της χαριτος του θεου· μη τις ρίζα πικριας ανω the favor of the God, lest any root of bitterness upward ενοχλη, και δια ταυτης μιανθωσι φυουσα may disturb, and by means of this may be polluted apringing πολλοι. 16 μη τις πορνος, η βεβηλος ώς Ησαυ, lest any fornicator, or profane person like many: δς αντι βρωπεως μιας απεδοτο τα προτωτοκια who on account of eating of one the birthrights sold 17 Ιστε γαρ, ότι και μετεπειτα θελων of himself. You know for, that even afterwards wishing απεδοκιμασθη• ευλογιαν, $\tau \eta \nu$ κληρονομησαι he was rejected; blessing,

9 Have we then, indeed' received discipline from our NATURAL FATHERS, and we reverenced them; shall we not much rather be submissive to tthe FATHER of SPIRITS, and

10 For THEY, indeed, for a Few Days disciplined us, according as it SEEMED RIGHT to them; but HE for our ADVANTAGE, ‡ in order that we may PAR-TAKE of his HOLINESS.

11 But All Discipline, indeed, as it respects the PRESENT, seems not to be of Joy, but of Gricf; yet afterwards it returns the peaceful Fruit of Righteousness to THOSE have been TRAINED by it.

12 Therefore, 1 brace up the WEARIED HANDS, and the ENFEEBLED Knees;

13 ‡ and make level Paths for your feet, so that ‡ the LAME may not be turned aside, but rather be healed.

14 Pursue Peace with all, and that HOLINESS twithout which no one shall see the LORD;

15 # looking carefully, lest any one fall back from the FAVOR of GOD; ‡lest any Root of Bitterness springing up may disturb you, and through it * Many be poisoned;

16 ‡lest there be any Fornicator, or Profane person, like Esau, ‡ who for one Meal sold his BIRTH-

RIGHT.

17 For you know That twhen, afterwards, wished to inherit the he was BLESSING, fused; for he found no Place for a Change of mind, though he sought it earnestly with Tears.

18 For you have not ap-

* ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 15. MANY.

a place

the

δακρυων εκ(ητησας αυτην.

tears having earnestly sought her.

to inherit

for a chnage of mind for

μετανοιας

not he found, though with

18 Oυ γαρ προσε-Not for you have

you have

γαρ τοπον ουκ εύρε, καιπερ μετα

^{† 9.} Num. xvi. 22; xxvii. 16; Isa. xlii. 5; lvii. 16; Zech. xii. 1 xix. 2; 1 Pet. i. 15, 16. † 13. Prov. iv. 26, 27. † 13. Gal. vi. 1. † 14. Psa. xxxiv. 14; Rom. xii. 18; xiv. 9; † 14. Matt. v. 8; 2 Cor. vii. 1; Eph. v. 1. † 15. Gal. v. 4. † 16. Gal. v. 4. † 16. Geh. v. 3; Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3. † 16. Gen. xxv. 33. 2 Tim. ii. 22. 1 15. Gal. v. 4. 17. tien. xxvil. 34, 36, 38.

ληλυθατε ψηλαμφωμενω *[ορει,] και κεκαυ-[n mountain,] and having been approached being touched

μενώ πυρι, και γνοφώ, και σκοτώ, και θυελλη, burnt with fire, and to a thick cloud, and to darkness, and to tempest,

19 και σαλπιγγος ηχώ, και φωνη βηματων ής and ora trumpet to a sound, and to a voice of words of which

οί ακουσαντες παρητησαντο, μη προστεθηναι those having heard entreated, nut to be added

αυτοις λογον. 20 (ουκ εφερον γαρ το διαστελ-(not they endured for that to them a word;

λομενον Καν θηριον θιγη του ορους, λιθοβο-If even a wild-beast may touch the mountain,

ληθησεται· 21 και, [ούτω φοβερον ην το φανταand, [80 fearful was that be stoned; heiug

(OMEVOV,] Μωυσης ειπεν. Εκφοβος ειμι και Affrighted 1 am Moses said; and

εντρομός:) 22 αλλα προσεληλύθατε Σιών ορεί treuible.) but you have approached Sion a mountain, και πολει θεου ζωντος, Ίερουσαλημ επουρανιφ. and to a city of God living, Jerusalem

και μυριασιν, αγγελων 3 πανηγυρει και εκκληand to myriads, of messengers an entireassembly; and to a congre-

σια πρωτοτοκών, απογεγραμμενών εν ουρανοις. having been eurolled in heavens; gation of first-horns,

και κριτή θεω παντων· και πνευμασι δικαιων and to a judge God of all; and to spirits of just ones

τετελειωμενων. 24 και διαθηκης νεας μεσιτη, having been perfected; and of a covenant new to a mediator,

Ιησου· και αίματι βαντισμου, κρειττον λαand to blood of sprinkling, a better thing speak-Jesus; λουντι παρα του Αβελ. 25 Βλεπετε, μη παροι-

than the Abel. Beware you, not you should τησησθε τον λαλουντα. Ει γαρ εκεινοι ουκ fur 16

εφυγον, τον επι γης παραιτησαμενοι χρηματι-

ζοντα, πολλφ μαλλον ήμεις οί τον απ' ουρανων monishing, by how much more we who him from heavens

αποστρεφομενοι 26 ού ή φωνη την γην εσαare turning away from; of whom the vuice the earth shoot

λευσε τοτε νυν δε επηγγελται, λεγων Ετι then; now but it has been announced, saying; Yet

 ${}^{\circ}_{\alpha}\pi\alpha\xi$ $\epsilon\gamma\omega$ $\sigma\epsilon\iota\omega$ ou μ ovov $\tau\eta\nu$ $\gamma\eta\nu$, $\alpha\lambda\lambda\alpha$ $\kappa\alpha\iota$ $\tau\sigma\nu$ anceforall 1 shake not only the earth, but also the ουρανον: 27 Το δε, ετι άπαξ δηλοι των σαλευ-

The but, yet once for all denotes of the things' heheaven.

proached to a ! Mountain. touched and scorched with Fire, and to a thick Cloud. and to Darkness, and to Tempest.

19 and to a Sound of a Trumpet, and to a Voice of Commands, the HFARERS of which tentreated that not another Word should be added to them;

20 (for they could not endure the injunction. ; "If even a Beast should "touch the MOUNTAIN it "shall be stoned;"

21 tand so terrible was the SCENE, that Moses said, "I exceedingly fear "and tremble.")

22 But you have approached to Zion, a Mountain and City of the living God-I the heavenly Jernsalem and to Myriads of Angels,-

23 a full Assembly; and to a Congregation of ! Firstborns, Thaving been enrolled in the Heavens; and to a Judge who is God of all; and to Spirits of the Righteous made perfect:

24 and to ta Mediator of a new Covenant-Jesus; and to a # Blood of Sprinkling speaking something Better than TABEL.

25 Beware, lest you should reject HIM who now speaks; t for if those did not escape who rejected HIM who ADMON-ISHED them on Earth, how much less be, who TURN AWAY from HIM who admonishes us from Heaven;

26 ‡ whose voice then shook the EARTH; but now it has been nounced, saying, ‡" Yet " once for all I " will shake " not only the EARTH, but "the HEAVEN also."

27 Now THIS, "Yet once "for all," denotes the

26. will shake.

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. a Mountain-omit.

t 18. Exod. xix. 12, 18, 10; xx. 18; Deut. iv. 11; v. 22.

5, 25; xviii. 16.

1 20. Exod. xix. 13.

1 21. Exod. xix. 16.

2 22. Gal iv. 26;
Rev. xiii. 12; xxi. 2, 10.

1 23. James i. 18; Rev. xiv. 4.

1 23. Luke x. 20; Phil.

1 24. Heb. xii. 4.

2 25. Heb. vii. 6; ix. 15.

1 24. 1 Pet. i. 2.

2 26. Exod. xix. 18.

2 25. Heb. ii. 2, 3; iii. 17; x. 28, 20.

2 26. Exod. xix. 18.

ομενων την μεταθεσιν, ώς πεποιημενων, *[ίνα as of things having been made, [so that ing chaken the removal, 28 Διο βασιλειαν μεινη τα μη σαλευομενα. may remain the not things being shaken.] Therefore a kingdom ασαλευτον παραλαμβανοντες, εχωμεν χαριν, may we holdfastfavor, receiving, ής λατρευωμεν ευαρεστως τω θεω, acceptably to the by means of which we may serve 29 Και γαρ δ θεος μετα αιδους και ευλαβειας. Even for the God with reverence and piety. ήμων πυρ' καταναλισκον.

consuming. ofus afire КЕФ. ιγ'. 13. 1 'Η φιλαδελφια μενετω. 2 Της φιλοξενιας brotherly love let continue. Of the kindness to strangers μη επιλανθανεσθε. δια ταυτης γαρ ελαθον through this for without knowing be you neglectful; ³ Μιμνησκεσθε ξενισαντες αγγελους. TLVES Be you mindful some having entertained messengers. των δεσμιων, ώς συνδεδεμενοι. των κακουas if having been bound together; of those being illof the prisoners, χουμενων, ως και αυτοι οντες εν σωματι. also yourselves being in ireated, ⁴Τιμιος δ γαμος εν πασι, και ή κοιτη αμιαντος: lionorable the marriage among all, and the hed πορνους δε και μοιχους κρινει ό θεος. ⁵ Αφιλαρfornicators but and adulterers will judge the God. Not a love παρουσιν. γυρος δ τροπος αρκουμενοι τοις of money the turn of mind; being satisfied with the things being present; αυτος γαρ ειρηκεν. Ου μη σε ανω, ουδ' ου μη for has said; Not not thee may I leave, not even not 6 ώστε θαρβουντας ήμας λεσε εγκαταλιπω. thee may I forsake; so that being confident us γειν Κυριος εμοι βοηθος, και ου φοβηθησομαι. A Lord for me a helper, and not τι ποιησει μοι ανθρωπος; 7 Μνημονευετε των a man? Remember you of those what shall do to me ί,γουμενων ύμων, οίτινες ελαλησαν ύμιν τον spoke to you the leading of you, wpo λογον του θεου· ών αναθεωρουντες την εκβαword of the God; of whom viewing attentively the σιν της αναστροφης, μιμεισθε την πιστιν. imltate you faith. sult of the mode of life, the 8 Ιησους Χριστος χθες και σημερον δ αυτος, και Anointed yesterday and to-day the same, and εις τους αιωνας. 9 Διδαχαις ποικιλαις και ξε-By teachings various for the ages.

TREMOVAL of the THINGS SHAKEN, as of things made, so that the THINGS not SHAKEN may remain.

28 Therefore, receiving an unshaken Kingdom, may we hold fast the Favor, through which we may serve God acceptably with Reverence and Piety.

29 For even tour God is a consuming Fire.

CHAPTER XIII.

1 Let # BROTHERLY-LOVE continue.

2 ‡ Be not neglectful of HOSPITALITY; for through this ‡ some unconsciously entertained Angels.

S The mindful of the PRISONERS, as if bound with them; and of THOSE ILL-TREATED, as being yourselves also in the Rody.

Body.

4 Let MARRIAGE be honorable among all, and the BED be unpolluted ‡* for Fornicators and Adulterers GOD will judge.

5 Be not of an avaricious disposition; the satisfied with present things, for he himself has said,—t "No, I will not "leave Thee; no, no, I "will not forsake Thee."

6 So that, taking courage, we may say, I" The "Lord is My Helper, and I "will not fear; what can "Man do to me?"

7 Remember your LEADERS,—those who spoke to you the word of God; and viewing attentively the RESULT of their CONDUCT, imitate their FAITH.

8 Jesus Christ, Yesterday and To-day is the SAME, and for the ACDS

και ξε- 9 ‡ Be not you therefore and strange led away by various and

* Alexandrian Manuscrift.—27. so that the things not shaken may remain—omit. 4. for Fornicators.

^{4.} for Fornicators.

1 27. Heb. i. 10-12; 2 Pet. iii. 10.

2 29. Exod. xxiv. 17; Deut. iv. 24; ix. 3. Psa. 1.

3; xcvii. 3; Isa. 1xvi. 15; 2 Thess. i. 8; Heb. x. 27.

1 1. Rom. xii. 10; 1 Thess. iv. 9;

1 Pet. i. 22; 2 Pet. i. 7.

2 2. Gen. xviii. 3; xix. 2.

3. Col. iv. 18.

1 4. 1 Cor. vi. 9; Gal. v. 19; Col. iii. 5, 6.

5 5. Matt. vi. 25, 34; Phil. iv. 11, 13; 1 Tim. vi. 6, 8.

5 6. \$J. 9sh. 1. 5; Psa. xxxvii. 25.

1 6. Psa. xxvii. 1; 1vi. 4, 11, 12; cxviii. 5.

1 7. verse 17.

4 8; 1 John iv. 1.

ναις μη παραφερεσθε· καλον γαρ χαριτι βεβαι-not be you led away; good for by favor to be eaουσθαι την καρδιαν, ου βρωμασιν, εν οίς ουκ tablished the heart, not by provisions by which not tablished the heart, 10 Εχομεν We have ωφεληθησαν οί περιπατησαντες. were profited those having walked about. Ουσιαστηριου, εξ ού φαγειν ουκ εχουσιν εξουan altar, from which to eat not they have suthoσιαν οί τη σκηνη λατρευοντες. 11 'Ων γαρ εισrity those in the tabernacle serving. Of whom for is φερεται ζωων το αίμα * [περι άμαρτιας] εις τα brought nuturals the blood [concerning sin] into the άγια δια του αρχιερεως, τουτων τα σωματα holies by means of the high-priest, of these the budges 12 ∆10 Kai κατακαιεται εξω της παρεμβολης, are burned outside of the camp. Therefore also δια τυυ ιδιου αίματος ίητους, ίνα αγιαση blood Jeaus, so that he might sauctify through the own 13 Touv τον λαον, εξω της πυλης επαθε. people, outside of the Now then gate auffered. εξερχωμεθα προς αυτον εξω της παρεμβολης, let us go furth to him outside of the τον ονειδισμον αυτου φεροντες. 14 ου γαρ εχοbearing; not for reproach for him μελλουμεν ώδε μενουσαν πολιν, αλλα την shiding a city, but the one being about to have here 15 Δι' αυτου ουν αναφερωσαν επιζητουμεν. Through him therefore we seek. may we come τουτ' $\mu \in \nu \ \theta \nu \sigma (a\nu \ a\nu \in \sigma \in \omega s \ \delta (a\pi a\nu \tau \sigma s \ \tau \varphi \ \theta \in \varphi)$ offer a sacrifice of praise continually to the God, this εστι, καρπον χειλεων δμολογουντων τω ονοascribing praise to the fruit ef lips 16 Της δε ευποιιας και κοινωνιας MATI AUTOU Of the but doing good and fellowship μη επιλανθανεσθε τοιαυταίς γαρ θυσιαίς ευαnot be you neglectful; with such for acrifices 17 Πειθεσθε τοις ήγουμενος ρεστειται δ θεος. Be you obedient to thosa weil-pleased the God. ύμων, και ύπεικετε αυτοι γαρ αγρυπνουσιν and be you subject; they for watch ύπερ των ψυχων ύμων, ώς λογον αποδωσοντε**ς**• on behalf of the souls of you, as an account going to render; ίνα μετα χαρας τουτο ποιωσι, και μη στεναthis they may do, and not 13 Προσ-(οντες αλυσιτελες γαρ ύμιν τουτο. disastrous for to you this. ευχεσθε περι ήμων πεποιθαμεν γαρ, δτι καλην for us; we have confidence for, because a good συνειδησιν εχομεν, εν πασι καλως θελοντες we have, in all things well wishing

foreign Doctrines; for it is an Excellent thing for the HEART to be established by Favor; ‡ not by Aliments, in which THOSE were not profited who WALKED in them.

10 ‡ We have an Altar from which THOSE who SERVE in the TABERNACLE have no Right to eat.

11 For the Bodies of those Animals, whose BLOOD is brought into the HOLY PLACES by the HIGH-PRIEST, are burned outside of the CAMF.

12 Therefore, Jesus also, that he might sunctify the PROPLE through his own Blood, ‡ suffered outside of the GATE.

13 Let us, then, now go forth to him outside of the CAMP, ‡ bearing REPROACH for him;

14 for we have not here an Abiding City, but we are seeking for the FUTURE one.

15 Through him, therefore, lct us offer to God continually, that is, the Fruit of Lips celebrating his NAME.

16 ‡ But do not forget to be BENEFICENT and to Distribute; for ‡ with Such Sacrifices God is

well-pleased.

17 Cobey your LEAD-ERS, and be submissive, for then keep watch on your behalf, as going to render an Account; so that they may do this with Joy, and not with groanings; for this would be unprofitable to you.

18 ‡ Pray for us; for we have confidence, Because we have ‡ a Good Conscience, wishing to conduct ourselves well

among all;

^{*} ALEXANDRIAN MANUSCRIPT .- 11. concerning Sin-omit.

^{† 9.} Rom. xiv. 17; Col. ii. 16; 1 Tim. iv. 3. † 10. 1 Cor. ix. 13; x. 18. † 11. Exod. xxix. 14; Lev. lv. 11, 12, 21; vi. 30; ix. 11; xvi. 27; Num. xix. 3. † 12. John xix. 17; 18; Acts vii. 55. † 13. Heb. xi. 26; 1 Pet. iv. 14. † 14. Micahii. 10; l'hii. iii. 20; Heb. xi. 10, 16; xii. 22. † 15. Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 15. Lev. vii. 12; Psa. l. 14, 23; lxix. 30, 31; cvii. 22; cxvi. 17. † 16. Rom. xii. 18. † 10. 2 Cor. ix. 12; Phil. iv. 18; Heb. vi. 10. † 17. Phil. ii. 20; 1 Thess. v. 12; 1 Tim. v. 17; vcrse 7. † 17. Ezek. iii. 17; xxxiii. 2, 7; Acts xx. 26, 28. † 13. Rom. xv. 30; Eph. vi. 19; Col. iv. 3; 1 Thess. v. 25; 2 Thess. iii. 1. † 18. Acts xxlii. 1; xxiv. 16; 2 Cor. i. 12.

19 περισσοτερως δε παρακαλω αναστρεφεσθαι. more carnestly but Lentreat to conduct ourselves; ίνα ταχιον αποκατασταθω τρυτο ποιησαι, so that more quickly I may be restored this to do, 20 'Ο δε θεος της ειρηνης, δ αναγαγων ύաւν. The now God of the peace, the one having led up of you. εκ νεκρων τον ποιμενα των προβατων τον sheep the out of dead ones the shepherd of the μεγαν εν αίματι διαθηκης αιωνιου, τον κυριον great by blood of a covenant age-lasting, the Lord ήμων Ιησουν, ²¹ καταρτισαι ύμας εν παντι εργφ koit together you in every work ofus Jesus. αγαθω, εις το ποιησαι το θελημα αυτου ποιων good, in order the to do the will of him; doing εν ύμιν το ευαρεστον ενωπιον αύτου, in you the well-pleasing thing in presence of himself, through Ιησου Χριστου· ώ ή δυξα εις τους αιωνας Jesus Anointed; to whom the glory for the των αιωνων αμην. so be it. of the ages;

22 Παρακαλω δε ύμας, αδελφοι, ανεχεσθε του I entreat now you, brethren, bearyou with the λογου της παρακλησεως: και γαρ δια βραχεων word of the exhortation; indeed for in few words επεστειλα ύμιν. 23 Γινωσκετε τον αδελφον Τι-I sent to you. You know the brother Tim-

I sent to you. You know the brother Tim- $\mu\theta\theta\epsilon\rho\nu$ απολελυμενον, $\mu\epsilon\theta$ ο 5, $\epsilon\alpha\nu$ ταχιον
othy having been sent away, with whom, if quickly $\epsilon\rho\chi\eta\tau\alpha\iota$, οψομαι $b\mu\alpha s$. 24 Ασπασασθε πανταs
he comes, I shall see you. 52 Ασπασασθε αποντας
all
τους $\eta\gamma\sigma\nu\mu\epsilon\nu\rho\nu$ $\delta\mu\omega\nu$, και παντω: τους $\alpha\gamma\iota\nu$ $\alpha\gamma\iota\nu$

the leaders of you, and all the holy ones.

Ασπαζονται ύμας οἱ απο της Ιταλιας. 25 H

Salute you those from the Italy. The

Salute you those from the χαρις μετα παντων ύμων αμην favor with all of you, so heit.

19 that more especially I entreat you to do This, so that I may more speedily be restored to you.

20 Now may that God of Peace, two decouper up from the Dead that shepherd of the Sheep, (become great by the Blood of an aionian Covenant,) even our Lord Jesus,

21 ‡knit you together in Every Good * Work, in order to Do his will; ‡producing in you THAT which is WELL-PLEASING in his presence, through Jesus Christ; ‡to whorn bethe GLORY for the AGES of the AGES.

22 Now I entreat you, Brethren, bear the WORD of EXHORTATION; for indeed, I sent it to you in brief.

23 You know that throng the trimothy has been sent away, with whom if he arrive soon, I shall see you.

24 Salute all your LEADERS, and All the SAINTS. THOSE from ITALY salute you.

25 the ravor be with you all. Amen.

^{*} Alexandbian Manuscrift.—21. Work and Word, to do his will, producing in you by Him that.

Subscription—To the Hebbews—written from Rome.

^{† 10.} Philemon 22. † 20. Rom. xv. 33; 1 Thess. v. 23. † 20. Acts ii. 24, 82; Rom. iv. 24; viii. 11; 1 Cor. vl. 14; xv. 15; 2 Cor. iv. 14; Gal. i. 1; Col. ii. 12. † 20. Isa. xl. 11; Ezek. xxxiv. 23; xxxvii. 24; John x. 11; 1 Pet. ii. 25; v. 4. † 20. Zech. ix. 11; Iteb. x. 22. † 21. 2 Thess. ii. 17; 1 Pet. v. 10. † 21. Phil. ii. 13. † 21. Gal. i. 5; 2 Tim. iv. 18; Rev. i. 6. † 23. 1 Thess. iii. 2. † 24. verse 7, 17. † 25. Titus iii. 5.

* THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Ιακωβος, θεου και κυριου Ιησου Χριστου of God and of Lord Jesus Anointed James, δουλος, ταις δωδεκα Tais TH φυλαις $\epsilon \nu$ tribes to those in the a bond-servant, to the twelve 2 Πασαν χαραν ήγησασθε, διασπορά, χαιρείν. dispersion, health. All jay do you esteem, αδελφοι μου, όταν πειρασμοις περιπεσητε ποιbrethren of me, when temptations you may fall into κιλοις 3 γινωσκοντες, ότι το δοκιμιον ύμων knowing, that the proof ofyou rious; 4 : Η δε της πιστεως κατεργαζεται ύπομονην. The but of the faith works out patience. ύπομονη εργον τελειον εχετω, ίνα ητε τελειpatience work perfect let have, so that you may be perfect οι και όλοκληροι, εν μηδενι λειπομενοι. ones and complete ones, in nothing heing destitute. $\delta \epsilon$ τ is $\dot{\nu}\mu\omega\nu$ $\lambda \epsilon$ in ϵ τ ai σ σ ϕ is ϕ in destitute of wisdom, set him ask from του διδοντος θεου πασιν άπλως, και μη ονειδιof the one giving of God to all liberally, and not censurζοντος· και δυθησεται αυτφ. Αιτειτω δε εν lag; and it will be given to him. Let him ask but in Αιτειτω δε εν πιστει, μηδεν διακρινομενος δ γαρ διακρινομεfaith, not hesitating; the for one hesitatνος εοικε κλυδωνι θαλασσης ανεμιζομενς και ing is like to a wave of sea being wind-agitated aod διπιζομενφ. 7 Μη γαρ οιεσθω ό ανθρωπος εκει-Not for let think the man that, being tossed. νος, ότι ληψεται τι παρατουκυριου. ε Ανηρ that he shall receive anything from the Lord. A man διψυχος, ακαταστατος εν πασαις ταις **όδοις** in all of double-soul, uustable the αύτου. 9 Καυχασθω δε δ αδελφος δ ταπεινος let boast but the brother the hurable of himself. εν τω ύψει αύτοι 10 δ δε πλουσιος, εν τη in the humiliation of himsel; the but rich, in the ταπεινωστ αύτου δι: ως συθος χιρτου παρεof grass he will λευσιται. 11 Ανετειλε γαρ δ ήλιος συν τφ for the Rose 81113 with the καισωνι, και εξηραί ε τον χορτον, και το ανθος searching heat, and withered the grass, and the flower αυτου εξεπεσε, και ή ευπρεπεια του προσωπου and the heauty af the faco fell off, ofit αυτου απωλετο· ούτω και δ πλουπιος εν ταις parished; rich man thus also t n ia 12 Μακαριος μαι ανθη τεται. αύτου πορειαις of himself wi .fade away. Blessed Ways.

CHAPTER I.

1 ‡ James, ‡a Bondservant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ, ‡to THOSE TWELVE Tribes in ‡the DISPERSION, greeting.

2 ‡Esteem it All Joy, my Brethren, ‡when you fall into various Trials;

3 ‡ knowing That the PROOF of your FAITH produces Patience.

4 But let PATIENCE have a perfect Work, so that you may be perfect and complete, deficient in Nothing.

5 ‡ And if any one of you be deficient in Wisdom, let him ‡askit from GOD, who IMPARTS liberally to all, and does not censure; and ‡it will be given to him.

6 ‡But let him ask in Faith, not hesitating; for ne who hesitating; for ne who hesitates is like a Wave of the Sea, agitated and tossed by the wind.

7 Forlet not that MAN think That he shall receive anything from the LORD,—8 ‡ a Man of two-souls,

unstable in All his WAYS.

9 But let the HUMBLE
BROTHER glory in his EXALTATION;

10 and the RICH in his HUMILIATION; Recause tas a Flower of Grass, he will pass away.

11 For the SUN rose with SCORCHING HEAT, and withered the GRASS, and its FLOWER fell off, and the BEAUTY of its APPEARANCE perished; thus also will the RICH man fade in his WAYS.

VATICAN MANUSCRIP! - Tile-THE EPISTLE OF JAMES.

12 † Happy the Man who endures Trial; Be-

cause having become an

approved person, he will receive the crown of

LIFE, ; which * the LORD promised to THOSE who

13 Let no one, when tempted, say, "I am

tempted by God;" for God is incapable of being tempted by Evil things,

14 but each one is

15 Then #INORDINATE!

DESIRE having conceived:

produces Sin; and sin be-

ing perfected 1 brings forth

tempted by his own Ino:

dinate desire, being drawn

and he tempts no one;

out and allured.

Death.

tion.

LOVE him.

ανηρ, δε ύπομενει πειρασμον ότι δοκιμος γενοman, who bears up under temptation; hecause approved having μενος ληψεται τον στεφανον της ζωης, δν life, which become he will receive the crown ofthe $\epsilon\pi\eta\gamma\gamma$ $\epsilon\iota\lambda\alpha\tau$ o kuplos τ ols $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\omega\sigma\iota\nu$ α u τ o ν .

promised the Lord to those loving him.

'Οτι απο 13 Μηδεις πειραζομενος λεγετω. That No one being tempted let say; from θεου πειραζομαι ὁ γαρ θεος απειραστος εστι of God I am tempted; the for God not tempted is κακων, πειραζει δε αυτος ουδενα. 14 Εκαστος of evils, tempts and he no one. Each one δε πειραζεται, ύπο της ιδιας επιθυμιας εξελκοbut is tempted, by the own inordinate desire και δελεαζομενος. 15 ειτα ή επιθυμια and being entrapped; then the inordinate desire επιθυμία and being entrapped; drawn out συλλαβουσα τικτει άμαρτιων ή δε άμαρτια having conceived brings forth sin; the but

16 Mη πλααποτελεσθεισα αποκυει θανατον. having been perfected brings forth Not be you death. 17 Πασα δοσις νασθε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι. led astray, brethren of me beloved ones. gift Every αγαθη, και παν δωρημα τελειον, ανωθεν εστι from above is and every gift perfect, καταβαινον απο του πατρος των φωτων, παρ coming down from of the father of the lights, with

or of turning a shade; change, whom not one 18 Bouln θ eis $\alpha\pi\epsilon\kappa$ υησ ϵ ν ήμας λογ ω α λη $\theta\epsilon$ ιας,

us by a word of truth, he begou το ειναι ήμας απαρχην τινα των αύτου that to be us first-fruit a kind of the of himself in order that to be κτισματων.

19 'Ωστε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι, hrethren of me heloved ones, Therefore, creatures. εστω πας ανθρωπος ταχυς εις το ακουσαι, quick in order that to have heard, let be every man

βραδυς εις το λαλησαι, βραδυς εις οργην. slow in order to wrath. slow in order that to have spoken, 🤏 Οργη γαρ ανδρος δικαιοσυνην θεου ου κατερ-

Wrath for of man righteousness of God not 21 Διο αποθεμενοι πασαν δυπαριαν γαζεται. all filthiness Therefore putting away out.

και περισσειαν κακιας, εν πραυτητι δεξασθε and superahundance of badness, in meekness receive you τον εμφυτον λογον, τον δυναμενον σωσαι τας

the implanted word, that being able to save 22 Γινεσθε δε ποιηται λογου, και ψυχας ύμων.

deceiving

Become you but doers of word, and lives of you. μη μονον ακροαται, παραλογιζομενοι έαυτους.

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. he promised.

I6 Do not be led astray. my beloved Brethren. 17 ‡ Every good Gift and Every perfect Gift is from above, coming down from the FATHER of LIGHTS, ουκ ενι παραλλαγη, η τροπης αποσκιασμα. I with whom there is No Change, or the least Varia-

> 18 # Having willed it, he begot us by the Word of Truth, \$\frac{1}{2}\text{in order that we might Br a \$\frac{1}{2}\text{First-} fruit of HIS Creatures.

19 Therefore, my beloved Brethren, ‡let Every Man be quick to HEAP, slow to SPEAK, slow to Anger;

20 for Man's Anger does not work out God's Righteousness.

21 Therefore, ‡ discarding All Impurity and Overflowing of Malice, embrace with Meekness THAT IM-PLANTED Word ‡ which is ABLE to save your souls.

22 But 1 become Doers of the Word, and not Hearers only, deceiving yourselves. vourselves.

hearers.

not only

^{† 12.} Job v. 17; Prov. iii. 11, 12; Heb. xii. 5; Rev. iii. 19. † 12. 1 Cor. ix. 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8; James ii. 5; 1 Pet. v. 4; Rev. ii. 10. † 12. Matt. x. 22; xix. 28, 29; James ii. 5; 15. Job xv. 35; Psa. vii. 14. † 15. Rom. vi. 21, 23. † 17. Johniii. 27; 1 Cor. iv. 7; 17. Num. xxiii. 10; 1 Sam. xv. 20; Mal. iii. 6; Rom. xi. 20. † 18. John i. 18; iii. 3; 1 Cor. iv. 15; 1 Pet. i. 23. † 18. Eph. i. 12. † 18. Jer. ii. 3; Rev. xiv. 4. † 19. Eccl. v. 1, 2; Prov. x. 10; xvii. 27; † 21. Col. iii. 8; 1 Pet. ii. 1. † 21. Acts xii. 20; Rom. i. 16; 1 Cor. xv. 2; Eph. i. 13; Titus ii. 11; Heb. ii. 3; 1 Pet. i. 9. † 22. Matt. vii. 21; Luke vi. 46; Rom. 14.

forgot what worth was. Ho buthaving looked intently into μομον τελειον τον της ελευθεριας και παραμειαία perfect that of the freedom and having convas, *[ούτος] ουκ ακροατης επιλησμονης γενοtinued, [this] not a hearer of forgetfulness having μενος, αλλα ποιητης εργου, ούτος μακαριος εν become, but a doer of work, this blessed in τη ποιητει αύτου εσται.

the deed of himself shall be.

²⁶ Ει τις δοκει θρησκος ειναι, μη χαλιναγωIf any one thinks religious to be, not bridling
γων γλωσσαν αύτου, αλλ' απατων καρδιαν
tongue of himself, but deceiving heart
αύτου, τουτου ματαιος ή θρησκεια. ²⁷ Θρησκεια

of himself, of this vain the religion. Religion καθαρα και αμιαντος παρα τω θεω και πατρι, pure and undefiled with the God and father, αυτη εστιν, επισκεπτεσθαι ορφανους και χηρας this is, to eversee orphane and widows εν τη θλιψει αυτων, ασπιλον έαυτον τηρειν απο in the effiction of them, unspotted himself to keep from του κοσμου. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. ¹ Αδελφοι μου, μη Brethren of me, not εν προσωποληψιαις εχετε την πιστιν του κυριου

ήμων Ιησου Χριστου της δοξης. 2 Εαν γαρ οτα Josus Αποίπτεα οττης είστην. If for είστλθη είς την συναγωγην ύμων ανηρ χρυσοπωγεπτά το το εγακτυλίος εν εσθητι λαμπρα, είσελθη δε και είμες οπ his singers is a robe aplendid, may enter and also πτωχος εν δυπαρα εσθητί, 3 και επίβλεψητε επία αροσιπαι in dirty clothing, and you should look on τον φορουντα την εσθητα την λαμπραν, και the signal of the sign

with a respect of persons do you hold the faith of the Lord

τον φορουντα την εσθητα την λαμπραν, και the one-wearing the robe the spiendid, and ειπητε Συ καθου δδε καλως, και τω πτωχω you should easy; Thou sit here honorably, and to the poorman you should easy; Thou ctand there, or sit thou [here] under το δποποδιον μου εκριθητε the footstool of mo; [and] not did you make a difference the

εν έαυτοις, και εγενεσθε κρισαι διαλογισμων among yoursolves, and became judges reasonings

23 For tifany one be a Hearer of the Word, and not a Doer, he resembles a Man Viewing his NATU-BAL FACE in a Mirror;

24 for he viewed himself, and went away, and immediately forgot what kind of person he was.

25 But the who looks INTENTLY into THAT which is the perfect that of FREEDOM, and continues in it, not becoming a forgetful Hearer, but a Doer of its Work, this man will be blessed in his DEED.

26 If any one think to be religious, who does not trestrain his Tongue, but deludes his own Heart, this man's BELIGION is

vain.

27 Pure Religion and undefiled with the God and Father is this,—‡To take the oversight of Orphans and Widows in their AFFLICTION, ‡ and to keep Himself unspotted from the WORLD.

CHAPTER II.

1 My Brethren! do not hold the FAITH of Jesus Christ, our ‡GLORIOUS LORD, with ‡a Respect of persons.

2 For if a Man enter your SYNAGOGUE, having gold rings on his fingers, in a splendid Robe, and there enter also a Poor man in Dirty Clothing:

man in Dirty Clothing;

3 and you look on the one wearing the splenbid robe, and say, "Sit thou here in an honorable place;" and say to the Poor man, "Stand *thou; or sit there on my footstool;"

4 do you not make disfinctions among yourselves, and become Judges from evil Reasonings?

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-25. this-omit. there on my FOOTSTOOL. 4. and-omit.

^{3.} here—omit, 3. thou; or sit

t 23. Luke vi. 47. See James ii. 14. † 25. 2 Cor. iii. 18. † 25. James ii. 12. † 25. John xii. 17. † 26 Psa. xxxiv. 13; xxxix. 1; 1 Pet. iii. 10. † 27. Isa. i. 16, 17; Iviil. 6. 7; Matt. xxv. 86. † 27. Roin. xii. 2; James iv. 4; 1 John v. 18. † 1. Cor. ii. 8. † 1. Lev. xix. 15; Deut. i. 17; xvi. 19; Prov. xxiv. 23; xxviii. 91; Matt. xxii. 16; verse 9; Jude 16.

πονηρων; 5 Ακουσατε, αδελφοι μου αγαπητοι, Hear you, brethren of me bsloved ones, of evil things; ουχ δ θεος εξελεξατο τους πτωχους του κοσμου not the God the poor of the world chose πλουσιους εν πιστει και κληρονομους της βασιof the king_ rich ones in faith and heirs λειας, ής επηγγειλατο τοις αγαπωσιν αυτον; dom, which he promised to those loving Oux of 6 Υμεις δε ητιμασατε τον πτωχον. dishonored the poer. πλουσιοι καταδυναστευουσιν ύμων, και αυτοι domineer over and you, they rich ones έλκουσιν ύμας εις κριτηρία; 7 Ουκ αυτοι βλασyou into courts of justice? Not they revile το καλον ονομα το επικληθεν εφ' φημουσι the honorable name that having been named on ύμας; ⁸ Ει μεντοι νομον τελειτε βασιλικον, you? If indeed a law you keep royal, την γραφην. Αγαπησεις τον πλησιον Thou shalt love the according to the writing; neighbor σου ώς σεαυτον, καλως ποιειτε. 9 ει δε προσω-1/ but of thee as thyself. weil you do; you reποληπτειτε, αμαρτιαν εργαζεσθε, ελεγχομενοι sin you work, being convicted spect persons, 10 'Οστις γαρ ύπο του νομου ώς παραβαται. under the law 23 trausgressors. Whoever for όλον τον νομον τηρησει, πταισει δε εν ένι, ahall fail but in one, law keeps, 11'Ο γαρ ειπων. γεγονε παντων ενοχος. $M\eta$ The for one having said; Not has become of all guilty. ειπε και Μη φονευσης. μοιχευσης, thou mayest committadultery, said also; Not thou mayest murder φονευσεις δε, 7670ει δε ου μοιχευσεις, if now not thou commit adultery, thou dost murder but, thou hast beνας παραβατης νομου. 12 Ούτω λαλειτε και

14 Τι *[το] οφελος, αδελφοι μου, εαν πιστιν what [the] profit, brethren of me, if faith λεγη τις εχειν, εργα δε μη εχη; μη δυναται may say any one to have, works but not italy have? not is able † πιστις σωσαι αυτον; 15 Εαν δε αδελφος η the faith to save him? If but a brother or

5 Hearken, my beloved Brethren! ‡Has not God chosen the Poor of the world, ‡rich in Faith, and Heirs of the Kingnom ‡which he promised to those who love him?

6 But thou dishonored the POOR. Do not the MICH domineer over you, and the the not drag you into Courts of Justice?

7 Do then not revile THAT HONOBABLE Name which has been NAMED on

8 If indeed you keep a royal Law according to the scripture, it Thou shalt "love thy Neighbor as "as thyself," you do well, 9 but if you respect

9 but if you respect persons, you commit Sin, being convicted under the LAW as Transgressors.

10 For whoever shall keep the Whole LAW, but shailfall in one point, has become ‡ guilty of all.

11 For HE who SAID,

11 For HE who SAID,

"Thou shalt not com"mit adultery," said also, "Thou shalt do no
"murder." Now if thou
dost not commit adultery,
but dost murder, thou
hast become a Transgressor of Law.

12 Thus speak, and thus act, as being about to be judged by ‡a Law of Freedom;

13 for ‡JUDGMENT is merciless for him who has not PEACTISED Mercy; Mercy triumphs over Judgment.

14 ‡ What Advantage, my Brethren, has any one, though he say he has Faith, but have not Works? This FAITH is not able to save him.

15 Now suppose a

of law.

ώς δια

as by means of a law

τω μη ποιησαντι ελεος κατακαυχαται ελεος

come a transgressor

ούτω ποιειτε,

μελλοντες κρινεσθαι.

being about to be judged.

for him not having practised mercy;

thus do you,

KDITEWS.

judgment.

Thus

νομου

13 'Η γαρ κρισις ανιλεως

The for judgment merciless

glories over

speakyou au

ελευθεριας

offreedom

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 14. the-omit.

^{† 5.} John vii. 48; 1 Cor. i. 26, 28. † 5. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; Rev. ii. 9. † 5. Exod. xx. 6; 1 Sam. ii. 30; Prov. viii. 17; Matt. v. 3; Luke vi. 20; xii. 32; 1 Cor ii. 9; 2 Tim. iv 8; James vi. 2. † 6. 1 Cor. xi. 22; 1 6. Acts xiii. 50; xvii. 6; xviii. 5] James vi. 6. † 8. Lev. xix. 18; Matt. xxii. 30; Rom. xiii. 8, 9; Gal. v. 14; vi. 2. † 10. Deut. xxvii. 26; Matt. v. 19; Gal. iii. 10. † 11. Exod. xx. 13, 14. † 12. James i. 25. † 13. Job. xxii. 6; Prov. xxi. 18; Matt. vi. 15; xviii. 35; xxv. 41, 42; Luke xvi. 25. † 14. Matt. vii. 26; James i. 25.

αδελφη γυμνοι ύπαρχωσι, και λειπομενοι ωσι a sister naked once should be, and wanting may be της εφημερου τροφης, 16 ειπη δε το αυτοις εξ of the daily food, may say and any one to them from ύμων Υπαγετε εν ειρηνη, θερμαινεσθε και olyou; Go you away in peace. be you warmed and χορταζεσθε μη δωτε δε autols τα επιτηδεία he you filed; not you may give but to them the things necessary του σωματος, τι *[το] οφελος; 17 Ούτω και $\mathring{\eta}$ of the body, what [the] profit? Thus also the πιστις, ϵ αν μη ϵ χη ϵ ργα, ν ϵ κρα ϵ στι καθ' faith, if notit may have works, dead it is by έαυτην. - 18 Αλλ' ερει τις Συ πιστιν εχεις, itself. But willsay some one; Thou faith bast, κάγω εργα εχω· δειξον μοι την πιστιν σου and I works have; show to me the faith of thee χωρις των εργων *[σου,] κάγω δειξω σοι εκ χωρις των εργων [oothee,] and 1 will show to thee by των εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 19 Συ πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 17 Συ πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 19 Συ πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 19 Συ πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν *[μου] 10 Τον πιστιν τον εργων μου την εργων μου την πιστιν τον εργων μου την πιστιν τον εργων μου την εργων μου τον εργ the works of me the faith [ulme.] Thou beτευεις, $\delta \tau$ ι δ θεος εις εστι' καλως ποιεις' και hereat, that the God one is; well thou doest; even τα δαιμονια πιστευουσ:, και φρισσουσι. 20 0€the demons believe, and shudder. Wishest λεις δε γνωναι, ω ανθρωπε κενε, ότι ή πιστις χωρις των εργων νεκρα εστιν · 21 Αβρααμ ό πατηρ
Αβρααμ ό πατηρ
Abraum the father ήμων ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ανενεγκας Ισαακ of us not by works was made righteous, having brought up Isaac τον υίον αύτου επι το θυσιαστηριον; ²² Βλεπεις, the sun of himself to the altar? Seest thou, the sun of himself to the altar? the son offinment to the bright $\hat{\eta}$ mistis sunpry it to is epyois autou, kall that the latth worked with the works of him, and that the latth worked with the works of him, and $\hat{\eta}$ mistis etencing; εκ των εργων ή πιστις ετελειωθη; by the works the laith was perfected? επληρωθη ή γραφη ή λεγουσα Επιστευσε δε was fulfilled the writing that saying; Believed hut Αβρααμ τφ θεφ, και ελογισθη αυτφ εις δικλιο-Abraam 'ee God, and it was counted to hita for righteσυνην και φιλος θεου εκληθη. 24 Ορατε, ότι ουιαces, and alread of God he was called. Do you see, that εξ εργων δικαιουται ανθρωπος, και ουκ εκ πισby works to made righteous a man, and not by faith τεως μονον: ²⁵ Ομοιως δε και Ρααβ ή πορνη alone? La like manner and also be ab the harlot

ουκ εξ εργων εδικαιωθη, ύποδεξαμενη τους αγnot hy works was justified, having received the mes_ γελους, και έτερα όδω εκβαλουσα; 26 'Ωσπερ ocugers, and by another way having sent out? As [γαρ] το σωμα χωρις πνευματος νεκρον [for] the hody without breath dead

εστιν, ούτω και ή πιστις χωρις των εργων so also the faith without . ho works

νεκρα εστι. dead in.

Brother, or a Sister, be maked, and in want of DAILY Food,

16 and tary one or you should say to them, "Go in Peace; be warned and be filled;" but do not give them the THINGS NECESSARY for the BODY, what Advantage is it?
17 Thus also the FAITH,

if it has not Works, being by itself, is dead.

18 But some one will say, "Thou hast Faith, and I have Works; show me thy Faith, without Works, and & will show * Thee my FAITH by Works.

19 Thou believest That there is * One God; thou dost well; the DEMONS also believe, and tremble.

20 But dost thou wish to know, O vain Man. That FAITH without works is * dead?

21 Was not Abraham our FATHER justified by Works, ‡ when he brough: u" Isaac his son to the ALTARP

22 Thou seest ‡ Tha. the FAITH co-operated with his works; and that the FAITH was made complete by the works;

23 and THAT SCRIPTURE was verified, which says, t 'And Abraham believed God, and it was counted to him for Rightcousness;' and he was called t 'a Friend of God.'"

24 You see That a Man is justified by Works, and not by Faith alone.

25 And in like manner a.so ‡ was not Rahab the HARLO I justified by Works, when she entertained the MESSINGERS, and sent them out by Another Road?

26 As the BODY without Breath is dead, so also the PAITH, without works, is dead.

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—16. the—omit. 18 of thee—omit. 18. Thee 18. of ine—omit. 19. One God. 20. Unproductive? 26. For—omit. 19. One Killer 19. Matt. viii. 29; Mark i. 24; v. 7; Luke iv. 34; Acts xv. 7; xix. 15. 121. Gen. xxii. 9, t2. 122. Heb. xi 17. 123. Gen. xv. 0; Itom. iv. 5; Gal. iii. 6. 123. 2 Chron. xx. 7; Isa. xli. 8. 125. Josh. ii. 1; Heb. xi. 5)

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

¹ Μη πολλοι διδασκαλοι γινεσθε, αδελφοι Not many teachers become you, brethren μου, ειδοτες, ότι μειζον κριμα ληψομεθα. of me, knuwing, that greater condemnation we shall receive.

² Πολλα γαρ πταιομεν άπαντες ει τις εν λογω Many for westumble all; ifanyonein word ου πταιει, ούτος τελειος ανηρ, δυνατος χαλιναnot stumbles, this a perfect man, able to bridle 3 I $\delta\epsilon$, $\tau\omega\nu$ $i\pi\pi\omega\nu$ Lo, of the horses γωγησαι και όλον το σωμα. also whole the body. τους χαλινους εις τα στοματα βαλλομεν προς into the mouths in order το $\pi \in i\theta \in \sigma\theta$ αι αυτους ήμιν, και όλον το σωμα tous, and whole the that to make obedient them body

that to make obedient them to us, and whole the body autwo μ etarayomev. ⁴ Idou, kai $\tau \alpha \pi \lambda$ oia, $\tau \eta \lambda$ i-of them we turn about. Lo, also the ships, so kauta ovta, kai $\dot{\nu}\pi\sigma$ ok $\lambda\eta\rho\omega\nu$ averwork education, and by violent winds being meva, metayetai $\dot{\nu}\pi\sigma$ education $\pi\eta\delta\alpha\lambda$ 100, $\dot{\sigma}\pi\sigma$ 00 driven, are turned about by a very small helm, wherever av $\dot{\eta}$ opph $\tau\sigma$ 00 evolutions β 00 $\lambda\eta\tau$ ai. ⁵ Oùt ω 00 the will of the one steering pleases. Thus

the will of the one steering pleases. Thus και ή γλωσσα μικρον μελος εστι, και μεγαλαυ- also the tongue a little member is, and greatly boasts, χει. Ιδου, ολιγον πυρ ήλικην ύλην αναπτει. Lo, a little fire how great a mass of fuel kindles.

6 Και ή γλωσσα πυρ, δ κοσμος της αδικιας.

And the tongue afre, the world of the wickedness;

*[ούτως] ή γλωσσα καθισταται εν τοις μελε[thus] the tongue is placed among the mem-

σιν ήμων, ή σπιλουσα όλον το σωμα, και φλοbers of us, that spotting whole the body, and setting γιζουσα τον τροχον της γενεσεως, και φλογιζο-on fire the wheel of the nature, and being set on nature, and being seton 7 Πασα γαρ φυσις u€vn $\dot{\upsilon}\pi o$ $\tau\eta s$ $\gamma \in \varepsilon \nu \nu \eta s$. gehenna. fire the Every for θηριων τε και πετεινών, έρπετων τε και εναof wild beasts both and of birds, of reptiles both and

λιων, δαμαζεται και δεδαμασται τη φυσει things in the sea, is subdued and has been subdued by the nature $\tau \eta$ ανθρωπινη. 8 την δε γλωσσαν ουδεις δυνα-by that belonging to man; the but tongue no one $\tau \alpha \iota$ ανθρωπων δαμασαι ακατατχετον κακον, able of men to subdue; an unruly evil,

μεστη ιου θανατηφορου. ⁹Εν αυτη ευλογουfull of poison death-producing. By her we bless

μεν τον θεον και πατερα, και εν αυτη καταρωthe God and father, and by her we curse $\mu \epsilon \theta \alpha$ τους ανθρωπους τους καθ' δμοιωσιν θεου

μεθά τους ανθρώπους τους καθ ομοίωσιν θεσον the men those according to a likeness of God

 γ εγονοτας 10 εκ του αυτου στοματος εξερχεται having been made; out of the eame mouth goes fouth

CHAPTER III.

1 ‡ Do not Many of you become Teachers, my Brethren, ‡ knowing That we shall receive a Severer Judgment.

2 For in many things we all are faulty. ‡ If any one does not err in Word, the is a Perfect Man, able to control the Whole BODY.

3 Behold! twe place BITS into the MOUTH of the HOBSES to make them OBEDIENT to us, and we direct their Whole BODY.

4 Behold! the SHIPS also, though * SO GREAT, and driven by violent Winds, yet they are directed by a very Small Rudder, wherever the WILL of the PILOT chooses.

5 Thus also the TONGUE is a Small Member, and boasts to Early. Behold! How Large a Mass of fuel * a Little Fire kindles!

6 (And the tongue is a Fire,—the world of wickedness;) thus is that tongue rendered among our members, which the the Whole body, and sets on fire the wheel of nature, and is set on fire by Gehenna.

7 For Every Species both of Wild beasts and of Birds, both of Reptiles and of Fishes, is subdued, and has been subdued by the HUMAN BACE;

8 but the TONGUE of men No one is able to subdue—an Irrestrainable Evil, ‡full of death-producing Poison.

9 By it we *bless the God and Father; and by it we curse THOSE MEN twho have been MADE according to God's Likeness;

10 out of the SAME Mouth proceeds a Bless-

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—4. SO GREAT. bless the Lord and Father.

^{5.} How great a Fire it kindles.

^{1 1.} Matt. xxiii. 8, 14; Rom. ii. 20, 21; 1 Pet. v. 3. 11. Luke vi. 37. 12. Psa xxxiv. 13; James i. 26; 1 Pet. iii. 10. 12. Matt. xii. 37. 13. Psa. xxxii. 9, 25. Prov. xii. 18; xv. 2. 15. Psa. xii. 3; lxxiii. 8, 9. 16. Matt. xv. 11, 18—20; Mark vii. 15, 20, 23. 18. Psa. cxl. 2. 19. Gen. i. 26; v. 1; 1x. 6.

Oυ χρη, αδελφοι μου, Not ought, brethren of me, ευλογια και καταρα. and cursing. of me, blessing ταυτα ούτω γινεσθαι. 11 Μητι ή πηγη εκ της these things so Not the fountain out of the to be. γ'λυκυ και το πικρου; αυτης όπης βρυει το same opening send forth the sweet and the 12 Μη δυναται, αδελφοι μου, συκη ελαιας ποιτis able, bretbren of me, afig tree olives top ούτως ουτε άλυκον *ται, η αμπελος συκα;* duce, or a vine figs? thus neither nalt γλυκυ ποιησαι ύδωρ. 13 Τις σοφος και επιστηto make water. Any one wise and discreet μων εν ύμιν: δειξατω εκ της καλης αναστροamong you? let him show out of the honorable conduct φης τα εργα αύτου εν πραυτητι σοφιας· 14 ει the works of himself with meekness of wisdom; δε (ηλον πικρον εχετε και εριθειαν εν τη καρbut rivalry bitter you have and strife in the heart δια ύμων, μη κατακαυχασθε και Ψευδεσθε ofyou, not do you boast and do you speak falsely της αληθειας; 15 Ουκ εστιν αύτη ή the truth? Not is this the concerning σοφια ανωθεν κατερχομενη, αλλ' emiyelos, wiedom from above coming down, but earthly, ψυχικη, δαιμονιώδης. 16 Όπου γαρ ζηλος και demoniacal. Where for rivalry ετιθεια, εκει ακαταστασια και παν φαυλον strife, there and every disorder foul 17 'Η δε ανωθεν σοφια πρωτον μεν πραγμα. The hut from above wisdom first indeed άγνη εστιν, επειτα ειρηνικη, επιεικης, ευπειthen peaceable, gentle, easily pure itis, μεστη ελεους $\kappa \alpha \rho \pi \omega \nu$ $\alpha \gamma \alpha \theta \omega \nu$, και persuaded, full of mercy and of fruite αδιακριτος *[και] ανυποκριτος. 18 Καρπος δε without partiality [and] without hypocrisy. Fruit and δικαιοσυνης εν ειρηνη σπειρεται τοις ποιουσιν of righteousness in peace is sown by those making 1 Ποθεν πολεμοι ειρηνην. ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4. Kal Whence peace. WAIS μαχαι εν ύμιν; Ουκ εντευθεν, εκ των ήδονων fightingsamongyou? Not hence, from the pleasures ύμων των στρατευομενων εν τοις μελεσιν ύμων; of you of those warring in the members of yo.:? 2 Επιθυμειτε, και ουκ εχετε * φονευετε και ζη-You strongly desire, and not you have; you murder and are λουτε, και ου δυνασθε επιτυχειν μαχεσθε και sealous, and not you are able to obtain; you fight and πολεμειτε, ουκ εχετε, δια το μη αιτειτθαι you war, not you have, because the not to mak

ing and a Curse. Mv Brethren, these things ought not so to bc.

11 Does a FOUNTAIN send forth from the SAME Opening SWEET and BIT-

TER Water?

12 Can a Fig-tree, my Brethren, produce Olives; or a Vinc, Figs? * Neither can a Salt spring produce Sweet Water.

13 ‡ Is any one wise and discreet among you? Let him show by HONORABLE Conduct his WORKS with Meekness of Wisdom.

14 But if you have ! bitter Rivalry and Strife in your hearts, I do you not boast, and speak falsely concerning the TRUTH?

15 THIS is not the WISDOM which comes down from above; but is earthly, animal, demoniacal.

16 For twhere Rivalry and Strife are, there Dis-order is, and Every Vilc

Deed.

17 But the WISDOM from above, is indeed, first pure, then peaceable, gentle, easily persuaded, full of licrey and of good Fruits, without partiality, twithout hypocrisy.

13 1 Now the Fruit of Rightcousness is sown in Peace by THOSE who PRACTISE Peace.

CHAPTER IV.

1 Whence Wars and * Contentions among you? Do they not come hence, from THOSE LUSTS of yours t which war in your MEMBERS?

2 You strongly desire, and have not; you kill, and are envious, and are not able to obtain; you fight and war. You have not, because you do not ASK;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. Neither can Salt Water yield Sweet. 1. whence Contentions.

^{17.} and-omit

^{† 13.} Gal. vi. 4. † 14. Rom. xiii. 13. † 14. Rom. ii. 17, 23. † 15. James i. 17; Phil. iii. 19. † 16. 1 Cor. iii. 3; Gal. 5, 20. † 17. 1 Cor. ii. 6, 7. † 17. 'Com. yii. 0; 1 Pet. i. 22; ii. 1; 1 John iil. 18. † 18. Prov. xi. 18; Hoshea x. 12; Matt. '2. 9; Phil. i. 11; Heb. xii. 11. † 1. Rom. vii. 23; Gal. v. 17; 1 Pet. ii. 11.

ύμας. 3 αιτειτε, και ου λαμβανετε, διοτι κακως you: you ask, and not you receive, because wickedly you ask, and not αιτεισθε, ίνα εν ταις ήδοναις ύμων δαπανησηso that in the pleasures of you you may waste. you ask, 4 * [Μοιχοι και] μοιχαλιδες, ουκ οιδατε, [Adulterers and] adulteresses, not know you. ότι ή φιλια του κοσμου εχθρα του θεου εστιν; that the friendship of the world enmity of the God ός αν ουν βουληθη φιλος ειναι του κοσμου, whoevertherefore may wish a friend to be of the world, whoevertherefore may wish εχθρος του θεου καθισταται. 5 Η δοκειτε, ότι an enemy of the God Or think you, that is rendered. κενως ή γραφη λεγει; Προς φθονον επιποθει vainly the writing epeaks? Το envy etrongly inclined envy strengly inclined το πνευμα δ κατφκησεν εν ήμιν; 6 Μειζονα δε in ue? the epirit which dwelt διδωσι χαριν. διο λεγει. Ο θεος ύπερηφανοις it gives favor; therefore it cays; The Gud to haughty once ταπεινος δε διδωσι χαριν. αντιτασσεται. sete himself in opposition, to lowly ones but he gives

7 Υποταγητε ουν τω θεω· αντιστητε τω be opposed to the Beyou subject therefore to the God; διαβολφ, και φευξεται αφ' ύμων· ⁸ εγγισατε he will flea from you; draw you near and τω θεω, και εγγιει ύμιν· καθαρισατε χειρας, to the God, and he will draw near to you; cleanseyou καρδιας, διψυχοι. και άγνισατε ξυαρτωλοι, hearis, two-souled once purily you sinners, 9 Ταλαιπωρησατε και πενθησατε και κλαυσατε: and and mourn you weep you; Lament you δ γελως ύμων εις πενθος μεταστραφητω, και ή and the thelaughter of you into mourning let be turned, 10 Γαπεινωθητε ενωπιον χαρα εις κατηφειαν. Be you humbled in presence 107 ınto sadness. 11 Mη κοταλατου κυριου, και ύψωσει ύμας. Nut apeal 70u and he will lift up you. of the Lord. λειτε αλληλων, αδελφοι δ καταλαλων αδελbrethren; The one spearing ovil of or evil of each other, φου, και κρινων τον αδελφον αύτου, καταλαλει ther, and judging the brother of himself, νομου, και κρινει νομον, ει δε νομον κρινειςς oflaw, and judges law, if but law thou judgeat 12 E 15 ουκ ει ποιητης νομου, ελλα κριτης. Ooc Lus sjudge. aut thou art a doer oflaw, εστιν *[6] νομοθετης και κριτης, δ δυναμενος judge, the one being able [the] lawgiver and σωσαι και απολεσαι συ δε τις ει δς κρινεις to destroy; thou but who art thou who judgest to save and

3 tyou ask and do not receive, thecause you ask wickedly, so that you may waste it on your LUSTS.

4 Adulteresses! do you not know That 1 the FRIENDSHIP of the WORLD is Enmity against God? 1 Whoever. therefore, wishes to be a Friend of the WORLD, is rendered an Enemy of GoD.

5 Or do you suppose That the SCRIPTURE Speaks falsely? Does the SPIRIT that dwells in us strongly incline to Envy?

6 Indeed, it bestows Superior Favor; therefore it is said, 1 "God sets him-"self in opposition to the "Haughty, but gives Fa-"vor to the Lowly."

7 Beyou subject therefore, to God. ‡Stand opposed to the ENEMY, and he will flee from you.

8 †Draw near to God, and he will draw near to you †Cleanse yourhands, Sinners! and †purify your Hearts, †men of Twosouls!

9 tLament, and mourn, and weep; let your LAUGHTER be turned into Mourning, and your Joy into Sadness.

10 Be humbled in the presence of the Lord, and he will lift you up.

11 ‡ Speak not against each other. Brethren. He who Speaks Against a Brother, *or ‡ judges his Brotier, *or ‡ judges his Brotier, speaks against the Law. and judges the Law. But if thou judgest the Law, thou art not a Doer of the Law, but a Judge.

12 There is One Lawgiver and Judge the who is able to save and to destroy; thut who art thou,

τον ετερον; " Αγε νυν οι λεγοντες" Σημερον Come new those saying; To-day και αυρίον πορευσωμεθα εις τηνδε την πολιν, and to-morrow WC may go inte this the και ποιησωμεν εκει ενιαυτον ένα, και εμπορευand wo may stay there nyear one, and may trade, τωμεθα, και κερδησωμεν. 24 οίτινες ουκ επισand may acquire gain; who rot

τασθε το της αυριον: (ποια *[γαρ ή] ζωη quainted with that of the morrow; (what for the) like ύμων; ατμις γαρ εστιν "[ή] προς ελιγον φ λινο-of you? a vapor for it is [that] for Little appearing. 25 avti TOU μενη, επειτα δε αφανιζομενη·)

theo and not appearing;) instead of the λεγειν ύμας· Εαν δ κυριος θεληση και ζησωμεν, It the Lord may be willing and we may live, to say you;

και ποιησωμέν τουτο η εκεινο. 16 νυν δε καυand we may do now but this or that; χασθε εν ταις αλαζονειαις ύμων. Πασα καυχηboast in the proudapeeches ofyou. DORSTILE

All σις τοιαυνή πονήρα εστιν. 17 Ειδοτι ουν καλον evil Keowing therefore right is.

ποιείν, και μη ποιουντι άμαρτια αυτώ εστίν. to do, and not doing sin to him it is.

KΞΦ. ϵ' . 5.

' Αγε νυν οί πλουσιοι, κλαυσατε ολολυζον-Come now the rich ones, weep you crying aloud τες επι ταις ταλαιπωριαις ύμων ταις επερχοof you these over the miseries coming. The wealth of you has decayed, and the L Suals. ίματια ύμων σητοβρωτα γεγονεν· ³ ξ χρυσος germents of you moth-eaten have become; the gold ύμων και δ αργυρος κατιωται, και δ ιος αυτων of you and the silver have become rusty, and the rust of them εις μαρτυριον ύμιν εσται, και φαγεται τας σαρfor a witness to you will be, and will eat κας ύμων ώς πυρ. εθησαυρισατε εν εσγαταις dies of you as fire; you laid up treasure in 4 ISou, δ μισθος των εργατων των
Lo, the reward of the laborers of choose ημεραις. laborers of those αμησαντών τας χωρας ύμων, δ απεστερημενος hering reaped the fields of του, that baving been withheld 34' ύμων, κραζει και αί βοαι των θερισαντων by you, cries out; and the loud cries of the reapors τα ωτα κυριου σαβαωθ εισεληλυθασιν.

ofarmica

into the ears of Lord

*THOU who art JUDGING thy NEIGHBOR?

13 Come now, You who say, "To-day and To-morrow let us go into Such a CITY, and continue thereone Year, and Trade, and make gain!"

14 (who know not WHAT will become of your Life on the MORROW; for *you are a Vapor, for a little while APPEARING, and then disappearing:)

15 instead of which you ought to say, t"If the Lord be willing, we *shall both live and do this or that."

16 But now you boast in your PROUD SPEECHES. t All such Boasting is evil.

17 ! He therefore who knows how to do Right, and does not perform it, to him it is Sin.

CHAPTER V.

1 f Come now you RICH, weep and lanient over THOSE MISERIES Of yours which are PROACHING.

2 Your RICH stores have decayed, and ‡ your GAR-MENTS have become motheaten.

- 3 Your gold and sil-VER have become rusted: and the RUST of them will befora Testimony against you, and consume your BODIES like Fire. ‡ You have laid up treasures for the Last Days.
- 4 Beheld! THAT HIRE, which you FRAUDULENT-LY WITHHELD from THOSE LABORERS Who HARVEST-FD your FIELDS, cries out; and the LOUD CRIES of the REAPERS have entered the EARS of the Lord of Armies.

have entered.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. THOU WHO are JUDGING thy NEIGHBOR? nit. 14. you are, 14. that—omit. 15. shall both live. 14. for the

^{† 13,} Prov. xxvii. 1; Luke xii. 18. † 14, Job vii. 7; Psa. cii. 3; James i. 10; 1 Pet. i 24; 1 John ii. 17. † 15. Acts xviii. 21; 1 Cor. iv. 19; xvi. 7; Heb. vi. 3. † 16. 1 Cor. v. 6. † 17. Luke xii. 47; John ix. 41; xv. 22; Rom. i. 20, 21, 32; ii. 17, 18, 23. † 1. Prov. xi. 28; Luke vi. 24; 1 Tim. vi. 9. † 2, Job xiii. 28; Matt, vi. 20; James ii. 2. † 3. Rom. ii. 5. † 4. Lev. xix. 13; Job xxiv. 10, 11; Jer. xxii. 13; Mal. iii. 5. † 4. Deut. xxiv. 15.

5 Ετρυφησατε επι της γης, και εσπαταλησατε You lived luxuriously on the earth, and were wanton;

εθρεψατε τας καρδιας ύμων -*[ως] εν ήμερα γυ nourished the hearts of you [as] in a day σταγης.

⁶ Κατεδικασατε, εφονευσατε τον διotalsghter. Υου condemned, you murdend the just καιον ουκ αντιτασσεται ύμιν.

one; not he opposes 7 Μακροθυμησατε τουν, αδελφοι έως THIS till á the Be you patient then, brethren, Ιδου, δ γεεγίγος εκδεπαρουσιας του κυριου. presence of the Lord. Lo, the husbas iman χεται τον τιμιον καρπον της γης, μακροθυμων pects the precious truit of the earth, I aving patience επ' αυτφ έως αν λαβη *[ύετον] πρωιμον και for it til he may receive [rain] early and οψιμον Βμακροθυμησατε και ύμεις, στηριξατε

latter, bepatient also you, establish τας καρδιας ύμων, ότι ἡ παρουσία του κυρίου the hearts of you, because the presence of the Lord

ηγγικε. 9 Μη στεναζετε κατ' αλλήλων, αδελbaseperoached. Not murmuryou against each other, brethφοι, ένα μη κριθητε έδου, δ κριτης προ των ren, so that not you may be judged; lo, the judge before the θυρων έστηκεν. 10 Υποδείγμα λαβετε, αδελέου door has been stadies.

doore has been standing. An example take you, brethren *[μου,] της κακοπαθειας και της μακροθυμιας, [ofme,] of the suffering evil and of the patience,

τους προφητας, οί ελαλησαν τφ ονοματι κυριου the prophets, who spoke in the name of Lord

11 lδου, μακαριζομέν τους ὑπομένοντας την Lo, we call happy those patiently enduring; the ὑπομονην Iωβ ηκουσατέ, και το τέλος κυριου patience of Job you heard, and the end of Lord είδετε, δτι πολυσπλαγχνος εστιν δ κυριος και you saw, because very compassionate is the Lord and

γου εων, because very compassionate is the Lord and οικτ ρμων. 12 Προ παντων δε, αδελφοι μου, meriful. Above all things but, brethren of me, μη ομνυετε μητε τον ουρανον, μητε την γην,

not do you awear neither the heaven, nor the earth, μητε αλλον τινα δρίδον ητω δε ύμων το ναι, nor other any oath; let be but of you the yes,

ναι, και το ου, ου ίνα μη ύπο κρισιν πεσητε.
yes, and the no, no; so that not under judgment you may fall.

13 Κακοπαθει τις εν ύμιν, προσευχεσθω, ευθιμει
Suffers evil any one among you, let him pray, is cheerful

τις, ψαλλετω. 14 Ασθενει τις εν υμιν, any one, let him sing... It sick any one among you,

'5 Tou have lived luxuriously on the LAND, and been heentions; you have nourished your HEARTS in a Day of Slaughter. 6 1 You have con-

6 1 You have condemned,—you have murdured the BIGHTEOUS one; he does not oppose

you.

7 Wait patiently, therefore, Brethren, till the COMING of the LORD. Behold 1 the HUSBAND-MAN expects the PRECIOUS Fruit of the EABTH, waiting patiently for it, till he receive the early and latter harvest.

8 Be nou also patient; establish your HEARTS, Because the COMING of the LORD has approached.

9 † Murmur not against each other, Brethren, that you be not judged; behold! I the JUDGE is standing before the DOORS.

10 ‡ As an Example of suffering evil and of patience, my Brethren, take the prophets who spoke in the NAME of the Lord

Lord.
Il Behold! twe call'
THOSE happy who PATI-

THOSE happy who PATIENTLY ENDURE. You have heard of the PATIENCE of Job. and you have seen the tend of the Lord; Because the Lord; is very compassionate and merciful.

12 But above all things, my Brethren, tswear not; neither by the Heaven, nor the Earth, nor any other Oath; but let your yes be Yes, and your no, No; so that you may not fall under Judgment.

13 If any one among you suffers evil, let him pray; if any one is cheerful, 1 let him sing praises;

14 if any one among you

[·] VATICAN MANUSCHIPT .- 5. 35-omit.

^{7.} rain-omit.

^{10.} of me-omit.

t 5. Job xxi. 13; Amos vi. 1, 4; Luke xvi. 19, 25; 1 Tim. v. 6.

7. 50.

1 8. Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25, 37; 1 Pet. iv. 7.

1 0. James iv. 11.

1 10. Matt. v. 12; Heb. xl. 35.

1 11. Job l. 21, 22; ii. 10.

1 11. Job x iii. 10.

1 12. Matt. v. 36

1 13. Eph. v. 10; Col. iii. 10.

1 14. Num. xiv. 18; Paa. ciii.

1 15. Matt. v. 36

προσκαλεσασθω τους πρεσβυτερους της εκκληlet him call for the eiders of the engreσιας, και προσευξασθωσαν επ' αυτον, αλειψανgation, and let hem pray over him, having anointed
ε κλαιφ, εν τφ ονοματι του κυριου.

[him] with oil, in the name withe Lord,

15 Και ή ευχη της πιστέως σωσει τον καμνοντα, And the prayer of the faith shallsave the one being sick, και εγερεί αυτον δ κυριος καν άμαρτιας η and will raise up him the Lord; and?" sins may be 16 Εξομολοαφεθησεται αυτφ. πεποιηκως, having been done, they shall be forgiven him. Confess γεισθε αλληλοις τα παραπτωματα, και ευχεσto each other the you faults, and θε ύπερ αλληλων, όπως ιαθητε πολυισχυει you on behalf of each other, so that you may be healed; greatly prevails δεησις δικαιου ενεργουμενη. 17 Ηλιας ανθρωπος a prayer of a just being operative. ην δμοιοπαθης ήμιν, και προσευχη προσηυξατο Was oflike infirmities with us, . and a prayer he prayed του μη βρεξαι και ουκ εβρεξεν επι της γης of the not to rain; and not it rained on the earth 13 και παλιν ενιαυτους τρεις και μηνας έξ. months six; three and and again προσηυξατο, και δ ουρανος ύετον εδωκε, και ή gave, . and the he prayed, and the heaven rain 19 Αδελφοι, γη εβλαστησε τον καρπον αύτης. the fruit of hercelf. Brethren, earth put forth εαν τις εν ύμιν πλανηθη απο της αληθείας, και If any one among you may wander from the truth, , 20 γινωσκετω, lethim know, τις αυτον, ότι ό επιστρεψη may turu back any one him, that the επιστρεψας αμαρτωλον εκ πλανης όδου αυτου, one having turned a sinner out of a wandering way of him, σωσει ψυχην εκ θανατου, και καλυψει πληθός

is sick, let him call for the ELDERS of the CONGREGA-TION, and let them pray over him, Thaving anointed him with Oil in the NAME of the LORD;

15 and the PRAYER of PAITH shall save the sick person, and the Lond will raise him up, I and if he have committed Sins, they shall be forgiven him.

16 Confess "therefore your sins to each other, and pray for each other, so that you may be healed. If The Earnest Supplication of a Righteous man is very powerful.

17 Elijah was a Man of thike infirmity with us; and the prayed in Prayer that it might not RAIN; tand it did not rain on that LAND for three Years and six Months.

18 And again the prayed, and the HEAVEN gave Rain, and the EARTH put forth her FRUIT.

19 * My Brethren, tif any one among you wander from the TRUTH, and some one turn him back;

20 *know you, That HE who TURNS BACK a Sinner from his Path of Error, twill save *his Soul from Death, and twill cover a Multitude of Sins. *

and will hide a multitude

will save a soul from death,

αμπρτιών.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—14. him—omit. 10. therefore your sins. 19. my
Brethren. 20. know you, That. 20. a Soul from its Death. Subscription—
Op Janes.

^{† 14.} Mark vt. 12; xvt. 15.

15. Matt. 1x. 2,

16. Gen. xx. 17; Num. xt. 2;

17. Likings xiii. 6; 2 Kings iv. 33; xix. 15, 20; xx.

17. Acts xiv. 15; cxlv. 15; rov. xv. 29; xxviii. 9; John ix. 31; 1 John iii. 22,

17. Acts xiv. 15.

19. Matt. xviii. 16.

20. Rom. xi. 14; 1 Cor. ix. 22; 1 Tim. iv. 16,

20. Prov. x. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 8.

ΠΕΤΡΟΥ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΠΡΩΤΗ [AN EPISTLE]

*FIRST PETER. OF

КΕΦ. α'. 1.

¹ Πετρος, αποστολος Ιησου Χριστου, εκλεκof Jesus Auointed, an apostle to chosen τοις παρεπιδημοις διασπορας Ποντου, Γαλατιας, sojourners of a dispersion of Pontus, of Galatia, Καππαδοκιας, Απιας και Βιθυνιας, εκατα προγof Asia and of Bithynia, according to foreof Cappadocia, νωσιν θεου πατρος, εν άγιασμω πνευματος, εις knowledge of God a father, in sanctification of spirit, ύπακοην και δαντισμον αξματος Ιησου Χριστου• obedience and sprinkling of blood of Jesus Auointed; 3 Eu λ o $\gamma\eta$ χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη πληθυνθειη. favor to you and peace may be multiplied. Blessed τος δ θεος και πατηρ του κυριου ήμων Ιησου father of the Lord and ofus Χριστου, δ κατα το πολυ αύτου ελεος ανα-Anointed, that according to the great of himself mercy having γεννησας ήμας εις ελπιδα ζωσαν δι' ανασταbegotten of life through a resurrecus to a hope σεως Ιησου Χριστου εκ νεκρων, 4 εις κληρονοtion of Jesus Anointed out of dead ones, to an iuheriμιαν αφθαρτον και αμιαντον και αμαραντον, undefiled unfading, tance incorruptible and and τετηρημενην εν ουρανοις εις ύμας, having beeen kept in heavens for you, 5 TOUS EV those by δυναμει θεου φρουρουμενους δια πιστεως εις being guarded through faith of God σωτηριαν ετοιμην αποκαλυφθηναι εν καιρω a salvation ready to be revealed εσχατώ εν ώ αγακλιασθε, ολιγον αρτι (ει in which rejoice you, a little while now `(if δεον εστι) λυπηθεντες εν ποικιλοις πειρασμοις, necessaryitis) having been distressed by manifold ίνα το δοκιμιον ύμων της πιστεως πολυ τιμοso that the proof of you of the faith much τερον χρυσιου του απολλυμενου, precious of gold of that perishing, by δια πυρος perishing, by means of fire δε δοκιμαζομενου, εύρεθη εις απαινον και τιμην being proved, may be found to praise and και δοξαν, εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου Χριστου· 8 δν and glory, at a revelation of Jesus Anointed; whom ουκ ειδοτες αγαπατε, εις δν, αρτι μη δρωντες, on whom, now not you love, looking, . π :στευοντες δε, αγαλλιασ θ ε χαρα ανεκλαλητ φ but, you rejoice with a joy unspeakable

CHAPTER I.

1 Peter, an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to the Sojourners of the Dispersion, of Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia and Bithynia,

2 tchosen, according to tthe Foreknowledge of God the Father, in \$ Sanctification of Spirit, in order to Obedience and a Sprinkling of the Blood of Jesus Christ; may Favor and Peace be multiplied to you.

3 Blessed be THAT GOD and Father of our LORD Jesus Christ, who according to his GREAT Mercy, thas begotten us again to a living Hope, ‡through the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the Dead,

4 to an Inheritance incorruptible, and undefiled, and unfading, preserved in the Heavens for you,

5 1 who are GUARDED by the Power of God, through Faith, for a Salvation prepared to be revealed in the last Time.

6 ‡ In which be you glad, though now ‡ for a little while, (since it is necessary,) ‡ you are distressed by various Trials,

7 so that the PROOF of Your faith, being much more precious than THAT Gold which PERISHES, though proved by Fire, may be found to Praise and *Glory and Honor, at the Revelation of Jesus Christ;

8 whom, not having seen, you love; ‡ on whom, not now looking, but believing, you rejoice with Joy inexpressible and glorious.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-FIRST OF PETER.

^{7.} Glory and Honor. t 1. John vii. 35, Acts ii. 5, 9, 10; James i. 1

Rom. viii. 29; xi. 2.

1 2. 2 Thess. ii. 18.

1 3. Jöhn iii. 3, 5; James i. 18.

1 3. Jöhn iii. 3, 5; James i. 18.

2 5. John x. 28, 20; xvii. 11, 12, 15; Jude i.

3 6. Matt. v. 12; Rom. xii. 12; 2 Cor. vi. 10; 1 Pet. iv. 13.

4 6. Cor. iv. 17; 1 Pet. v. 19.

5 7. Lom. vii. 7, 10; 1 Cor. iv. 5; 2 Thess. i. 7, -12.

1 8. John xx. 29; 2 Cor. v. 7; iieb. xi. 7, 7.

και δεδοξασμενη, ⁹ κομιζομενοι το τελος της and having been glorited, obtaining the end of the πιστεως *[ύμων.] σωτησιαν ψυχων. ¹⁰ Περι π ιστεως *[ύμων,] σωτηριαν ψυχων. faith [of you,] a salvation of souls. σωτηριαν ψυχων. Cuncerning ής σωτηριας εξεζητησαν και εξηρευνησαν προwhich salvation sought out and examined closely prophφηται, οί περι της εις ύμας χαριτος προφηits, those concerning the for you favor baving $\tau \epsilon \nu \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \epsilon s$. If $\epsilon \rho \epsilon \nu \nu \omega \nu \tau \epsilon s$, $\epsilon \iota s$ $\tau \iota \nu \alpha$ η $\pi \circ \iota \circ \nu$ examining, to what things or what καιρον εδηλου το εν αυτοις πνευμα * [Χριστου.] προμαρτυρομένον τα εις Χριστον παθηματα, και testifying before the for Anointed sufferings, and τας μετα ταυτα δοξας. 12 of ς απεκαλυφθη, δτι the after these things glories; to whom it was revealed, that ουχ έαυτοις, ύμιν δε διηκονουν αυτα, not for themselves, for you but they ministered these things, which things νυν ανηγγελη ύμιν δια των ευαγγελισαμενων now were told to you through those having announced glad tidiogs ύμας εν πνευματι άγιω αποσταλεντι απ' ουρα-you with spirit holy having been sent from heaνου, εις ά επιθυμουσιν αγγελοι παρακυven, into which things earnestly desire messengers to luok at-Vai. tentively. 13 Διο αναζωσαμενοι τας οσφυας της δια-Therefore having girded up the loins of the minds νοιας ὑμων, νηφοντες, τελειως ελπισατε επι οίγου, being vigitant, perfectly do you hope for την φερομενην ύμιν χαριν εν αποκαλυψει Ιησου the being brought to you gift in a revelation of Jesus Χριστου· 14 ώς τεκνα ύπακοης, μη συσχηματι-Anointed; as children of obedience, not conforming ζομενοι τοις προτερον εν τη αγνοια ύμων επιformer in the ignorance of you yourselves, to the lusts, θυμιαις, 15 αλλα κατα τον καλεσαντα ύμας but according to the one having called you άγιον, και αυτοι άγιοι εν παση αναστροφη holy, also yourselves holy ones in all γ ενηθητε· 16 διοτι γ εγραπται· 'Αγιοι γ ενεσθε, become you, hecause it has been written; if olyoocs become you, ότι εγω άγιος *[ειμι.] 17 Και ει πατερα επικαλ-because! holy [am.] And if a father you call ϵ ισθ ϵ τον απροσωποληπτως κρινοντα κατα το him without respect of persons judging according to the έκαστου εργου, εν φοβώ τον της παροικίας of each work, in fear the of the sojourning

9 obtaining the Issue of the FAITH,—even your Salvation.

10 t Concerning Which Salvation those Prophets, who prophesied concerning the favor towards you, sought out and inves-

tigated,

11 examining closely to what things, or What kind of Season, the spirit which was in them was pointing out, when it previously testified the sufferings for Christ, and after these the Gloutes;

12 to whom it was revealed, That ‡ not for themselves, but for you, they ministered those things, which now were declared to you through THOSE who EVANGELIZED you with ‡ holy Spirit sent from Heaven; into which things ‡ Angels earnestly desire † to look.

desire tto look.

13 Therefore, thaving girded up the loins of your mind, and being tyingilant, do you hope perfectly for the GIFT to be BROUGHT to you tat the Revelation of Jesus Christ.

14 As obedient Children, ‡ do not conform yourselves to the FORMER Lusts ‡ in your IGNOR-ANCE;

15 ‡ but as HE who CALLED you is holy, do nou also become holy in All your Conduct;

16 For it has been written, ** "You shall be holy, "because * am holy."

εισθε τον απροσωποληπτως κρινοντα κατα το him without respect of persons judging according to the έκαστου εργον, εν φοβω τον της παροικιας of each work, in fear the of the sojourning fully variety and the work of each one, in the fear the office sojourning that not like work of each one, in the pass you; howing, that not journing in Fear;

† 12. In parakupsai there is supposed to be an allusion to the Cherubim, which were placed in the inner tabernacle with their faces turned down towards the mercy seat.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-Q. of you-omit. shall be hely. 10. am-omit.

^{11.} of Anointed—omit. 16. you

t 0. Rom. vi. 22. ; 10. Matt. xiii. 17; Luke x. 23. ; 11. 1 Pet. iii. 10; 2 Pet. i. 21. ; 12. Heb. xi. 13, 30, 40. ; 12. Acts ii. 4; Heb. ii. 4. ; 12. Exod. xxv. :0. ; 13. Luke x vii. 35; Eph. vi. 14. ; 13. Luke xxi. 34. ; 13. Luke xxii. 30; 1 Cor. i. 7; 2 Thess. i. 7. ; 14. Rom. xii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 2. ; 14. Acts xvii. 30; 1 Thess. iv. 5. ; 15. Heb. xii. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11. ; 17. Deut. x. 77; Acts x. 34; Rom. ii. 11. ; 17. Heb. xii. 25.

φθαρτοις, αργυριώ η χρυσιώ, ελυτρώθητε by corruptible things, by silver or by gold, you were bought off εκ της ματαιας ύμων αναστροφης πατροπαραfrom the foolish of you conduct handed down from your δοτου, ¹⁹ αλλα τιμιφ αίματι, ώς αμνου αμωμου but with precious blood, as of a lamb

και ασπιλου, \mathbf{X} ριστου· 20 προεγνωσμενου μεν and unblemished, of Adounted; having been foreknown indeed προ καταβολης κοσμου, φανερωθεντος δε επ' before a laying down of a world, having been manifested but in

ύμας, ²¹ τους δi εσχατων των χρονων thosethrough times on account of you, αυτου πιστευοντας εις θεον, τον εγειραντα having believed ín God, that one having raised up

αυτον εκ νεκρων και δοξαν αυτω δοντα, ώστε him out of dead ones and glory to him having given, so that την πιστιν ύμων και ελπιδα ειναι εις θεον. faith of you and hope to be in the

 22 Tas ψυχας ύμων ήγνικοτες εν τη ύπακοη of you having been purified in the obedience της αληθείας *[δια πνευματος] εις φιλαδελof the truth [through spirit] to brotherly-kindφιαν ανυποκριτον, εκ *[καθαρας] καρδιας αλλη-ness unfeigned, out of [a pure] heart each

αγαπησατε εκτενως. 23 αναγεγεννημενοι λous intensely, love you having been begotten again

ουκ εκ σπορας φθαρτης, αλλα αφθαρτου, corruptible, but incorruptible, through 24 Διοτι (ωντος θεου MEVOVTOS. λογου και word living of God and remaining. Because

πασα σαρξ ώς χορτος, και πασα δοξα αυτης ώς all flesh like grass, and all glory ofher like

ανθος χορτου· εξηρανθη ὁ χορτος και το ανθος aflower of grass; withered the grass and the flower

*[αντον] έξεπεσε· 25 το δε ρημα κυριον μενει tofit] felloff; the but word of Lord abides

ELS TOV ALWVA. TOUTO $\delta \in \epsilon \sigma \tau$! TO $\beta \eta \mu$ A TO ϵ UAYto the age; this now is the word that having ΚΕΦ. β'. 2. 1 Αποθεμενοι γελισθεν εις ύμας. been announced to you. Having put away

ουν πασαν κακιαν και παντα δολον και ύποand all guile malice and

κρισεις και φθονους και πασας καταλαλιας, pocrisies envies and all evil-speakings, and

εώς αρτιγεννητα βρεφη, το λογικον αδολον

the

babes, γαλα απιποθησατε, ένα εν αυτφ αυξηθητε εις milk earnestly desire you, so that by it you may grow to to

new-born

18 knowing ‡ That you were redeemed from your FOOLISH Conduct, transmitted from your fathers, not by corruptible things,

by Silver or Gold, 19 but 2 by the Precious Blood of Christ, as of ta spotless and unblemished

20 # foreknown, indeed, before the Foundation of the World, but manifested in these Last TIMES on YOUR account,

21 who through Him

*are FAITHFUL to THAT God who RAISED him from the Dead, and ‡gave Him Glory; so that your FAITH and Hope are towards God.

22 thaving purified your LIVES by the OBE-DIENCE of the TRUTH, to unfeigned # Brotherly love, love each other from the Heart, intensely:

23 thaving been regener-

ated, not from corruptible, but from incorruptible Seed, ! through the living and enduring Word of God. 24 ‡" For All Flesh is

"as Grass, and all its "Glory as the Flower oi "Grass. The GRASS with-"ers, and the FLOWER " falls off:

25 "but the WORD of "the Lord continues to "the AGE." Now this is THAT WORD which has been ANNOUNCED as glad tidings to you.

CHAPTER II.

1 ! Having put away, therefore, All Malice, and All Deceit, and Hypocrisies, and Envyings, and All Evil speakings,

2 as New-born Infants, earnestly desire the PURE IRATIONAL Milk, so that you may grow by it to Sal-

vation.

sincere

• VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—21. SPE FAITHFUL tO THAT God. a Pure—omit. 24. of it—omit. 22. through Spirit-omit. 22. a Pure-omit.

rational

^{† 18. 1} Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23. † 10. Acts xx. 28; Eph. i. 7; Heb. ix. 12; Rev. v. 0. † 19 Isa. Iii. 7; John i. 29, 36; 1 Cor. v. 7. † 20. Rom. iii. 25; Eph. ii. 9; Titus i. 2; 21. Matt. xxviii. 18; Phil. ii. 9; Heb. ii. 9. † 22. Acts xv. 9. † 22. Rom. xii. 9, 10; Heb. xiii. 1. † 23. John i. 13; iii. 5. † 23. James i. 18. † 24. Psa. ciii. 15; Isa. xl. 6; Il. 12; James i. 10. † 1. Eph. iv. 22, 25, 31; Col. iii. 8; Heb. xii. 1; James i. 21; v. 9. † 3. 1 Cor. iii. 2; Heb. v. 12, 13.

σωτηριαν· ³ ει* [περ] εγευσασθε, δτι χρηστος salvation; if (indeed] you tasted, that gracious 4 Προς δν προσερχομενοι, λιθον δ κυριος. he Lord. To whom drawing near, a stone ζωντα, ύπο ανθρωπων μεν αποδεδοκιμασμενον, men indeed being rejected, living, by παρα δε Jεω εκλεκτον, εντιμον, 5 και αυτοι ως with but God honorable, cuosen, and yourselves as λιθοι ζωντες οικοδομεισθε, οίκος πνευματικος, stones living be you built up, a house spiritual, ίερατευμα άγιον, ανενεγκαι πνευματικας θυπιας, apriesthood holy, to offer sacrifices, *piritual ευπροσδεκτους *[τω] θεω δια Ιησου Χριστου. [to the] God through Jesus Anointed. well-pleasing 6 Διοτι περιεχει εν * [τη] γραφη· Ιδου, τιθημι εν Because it is contained in [the] writing; Lo, I place is Σιων λιθον ακρογωνιαιον, εκλεκτον, εντιμον. Sien astone corner-foundation, chosen, honorable; και ὁ πιστευων επ' αυτφ, ου μη καταισχυνθη. ι Υμίν ουν ή τιμη τοις πιστευουσίν απειθουσί To you therefore the honor to those believing; to disbelieving ones δε, λιθον δν απεδοκιμασαν οι οικοδομουντες, but, a stone which rejected lhose building, ούτος εγενηθη εις κεφαλην γωνιας, και λιθος this became for ahead of a corner, and a stone 8 0 προσκομματος, και πετρα σκανδαλου. of offence, of stumbling, and a rock προσκοπτουσι, τφ λογφ απειθουντες, εις δ και to the word being disobedient, for which even 9 Υμεις δε, γενος εκλεκτον, βασι- $\epsilon \tau \epsilon \theta \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$. they were appointed. You but, a race choren. λειον ἱερατευμα, εθνος άγιον, λαος εις περιroyal priesthood, a nation holy, a people for a purποιησιν, όπως τας αρετας εξαγγειλητε του εκ so that the virtues you may declare of the out of σκοτους ύμας καλεσαντος εις το θαυμαστον one having called into the you wonderful αύτου φως· 10 οί ποτε ου λαος, νυν δε λαος of himself light; those once not a people, now but a people θεου οί ουκ ηλεημενοι, νυν δε ελεηθενof God; those not having obtained mercy, now but having obtained 11 Αγαπητοι, παρακαλω ως παροικους και Beloved ones, I entreat as strangers and mercy.

παρεπιδημους, απεχεσθαι των σαρκικων επιθυ-

μιων, αίτινες στρατευονται κατα της ψυχης.

sojourners,

to abstain from the fleshly

S since you have ttasted the Kindpess of the Long.

4 Drawing near to him, the living Stone, rejected indeed by Men, but by God chosen, honorable,

5 be now yourselves also built up, as living Stones, ta spiritual House for ta holy Priesthood, to offer t Spiritual Sacrifices, well-pleasing to God through Jesus Christ;

6 because it is contained in the Scripture, 1"Be-"hold, I place in Zion *a "Foundation-corner Stone, "chosen, honorable; and "HE who CONFIDES in it "shall not be ashamed."

7 The HONOR, therefore, is for the Bellevers; but to the *disbelieving, this Stone which the BUILDERS rejected, was made into the Head of a Corner.—

8 ‡even a Stone of Stumbling, and a Rock of Offence; and ‡*being unbelievers, they stumble at the word, ‡ to which also they were appointed.

9 But nou are a thosen Race, ta Royal Priesthood, a holy Nation, ta People for a purpose; that you may declare the PERFECTIONS Of HIM who CALLED You from t Darkness into His WONDERFUL Light:

10 ‡ who once were not a People, but now are God's People; who had not obtained mercy, but now have obtained mercy.

11 Beloved! I entreat you, ‡as Strangers and Sojourners, ‡to abstain from FLESHLY Lusts, which ‡wage war against the LIFE;

against the

lusts,

life;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—3. indeed—omit. 5. for a holy. 5. to the—omit. 6. a chosen Stone, a Foundation-corner, honorable. 7. disbelieving. 8. being unbelievers.

[‡] S. Psa. xxxiv. 8; Heb. vi. 5.

‡ S. Heb. iii. 6.

‡ S. Heb. iii. 6.

‡ S. Rom. xii. 1; Heb. xiii. 15, 16,

‡ S. Isa. xviii. 12; Heb. xiii. 15, 16,

‡ S. Isa. xviii. 14; Luke ii. 34; Rom. ix. 33.

‡ S. I Thess. v. 9; Jude 4.

‡ 9. I Pet. i. 2

‡ 9. Rev. i. 6; v. 16,

‡ 10. Acts xv. 14.

‡ 11. Heb. xi. 13; I Pet. i. 17.

‡ 11. Hour. xiii. 14.

‡ 11. James iv. 1.

12 την αναστροφην ύμων εν τοις εθνεσιν *[εχονthe conduct of you among the Gentiles [havτες] καλην· ίνα εν φ καταλαλουσιν ύμων ώς upright; so that in what they speak against you κακοποιων, εκ των καλων εργων, εποπτευσανworks, having looked from the good τες, δαξασωσι τον θεον εν ήμερα επισκοπης. on, they may glorify the God in a day of inspection.

13 ' $\Upsilon\pi \sigma \tau \alpha \gamma \eta \tau \epsilon * [\sigma \upsilon \nu] \pi \alpha \sigma \eta \alpha \nu \theta \rho \omega \pi \iota \nu \eta \kappa \tau \iota \sigma \epsilon \iota$ Be you subject [therefore] to every human creation τον κυριον· ειτε βασιλει, ώς ύπερεχονon account of the Lord; whether to a king, as being pre-emiδι' $\tau \iota^{-14}$ ειτε ήγεμοσιν, ώς αυτου πεμποor to governors, as by means of bim μενοις εις εκδικησιν κακοποιων, επαινον δε of evil-doers, praise but punishment αγαθοποιων· 15 (ότι ούτως εστι το θελημα του (because thus it is the will of good-doers; of the θεου, αγαθοποιουντας φιμουν την των αφρονων tomuzzle the of the unwise well-doing ανθρωπων αγνωσιαν·) 16 ώς ελευθεροι, και μη freemen, ignorance;) and not ลร ώς επικαλυμμα εχοντες της κακιας την ελευθεhaving of the badness the as a covering ριαν, αλλ' ώς δουλοι θεου. 17 Παντας τιμηof God. All do you slaves την αδελφοτητα αγαπατε. τον θεον σατε. do you love; the brotherhood the 18 Of φοβεισθε τον βασιλεα τιματε. OLK E-The king do you honor. bousehold lo you fear; the ύποτασσομένοι εν παντι φοβώ τοις δέσwith all fear to the being submissive tervants. ποταις, ου μονον τοις αγαθοις και επιεικεσιν, not only to the good ones and gentle ones, 19 Τουτο γαρ χαρις, αλλα και τοις σκολιοις. also to the perverse ones. This for pleasing δια συνειδησιν θεου ύποφερει τις λυπας, of through a conscience of God bears up under any one griefs, 20 Ποιον γαρ κλεος, ει άμαρπασχων αδικως. What for credit, if sinning suffering unjustly. τανοντες και κολαφιζομενοι ύπομενειτε; αλλ being beaten you shall endure?

ει αγαθοποιουντες και πασχοντες ύπομενειτε, suffering you shall endure, and doing good τουτο χαρις παρα θεφ. To

21 Εις τουτο γαρ εκληthis pleasing with God. this for you were

12 thaving your con-GENTILES, so that in what they may speak against you as Evil-doers, from the GOOD Works which they behold, they may glo-rify God in a Day of Inspection.

13 ‡ Be you subject to Every Human † Creation on account of the LORD; whether to the King, as

supreme,

14 or to Governors, as sent by him I for the Punishment of Evil-doers, and the Praise of Well-doors;

15 (for thus is the WILL of God, that by doing good you may silence the IGNORANCE Of INCONSID-

ERATE Men;)

16 as I Freeman, and vet not using this feeedom as a Covering of Wickedness; but as I God's Bond-

17 the respectful to All; t love the BROTHERHOOD; ffear. GOD; honor the

KING.

18 Let HOUSEHOLD ‡ SERVANTS be subject with All Fear to their MASTERS; not only to the GOOD and Gentle, but also to the PERVERSE.

19 For this is # Wellpleasing, if any one through a Consciousness of God sustains Sorrows, suffering

unjustly.

20 For ! What Credit is it, if when you sin, and are beaten, you endure it? but if, when you do good, and suffer, you shall hear it patiently, this is Well-pleasing with God.

21 For ‡to this you

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 12. having-omit.

^{13.} therefore-omit.

^{† 15.} or Creature. Some render ktisei ordinance, institution, establishment, government, authority. The Syriac has it as follows—"Be you submissive to all the sons of men;" which Parkhurst says is probably the sense of Peter's injunction, as enforced by exhortations to various classes in the following part of his letter; and which he closes by giving a general rule in chap. v. 5, "yea, all of you be subject to each other."

^{† 12.} Rom. xii. 17; 2 Cor. viii. 21; Phil. ii. 15; Titus ii. 8; 1 Pet. iii. 10. † 12. Matt. xii. 21; Rom. xiii. 1; Titus iii. 1. † 14. Rom. xiii. 4; 14. Rom. xiii. 3; 14. Rom. xiii. 1; 15. 1 Cor. vii. 22. † 17. Rom. xii. 19; Phil. ii. 3. † 17. Heb. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. i. 22. † 17. Matt. xxii. 21; Rom. xii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 10. † 17. Matt. xxii. 21; Rom. xii. 7; 19. h. vi. 5; Col. iii. 22; 1 Tim. vi. 1; Titus ii. 0. † 19. Matt. v. 10; Rom. xii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 14. † 20. 1 Pet. iv. 14, 15. † 21. Acts xiv. 22; 1 Thess. iii. 3; 2 Tim. iii. 12

 $\theta \eta \tau \epsilon^{*}$ ότι και Χριστος επαθεν ύπερ ύμων, Anninted suffered on behalf of you, called; because even ύμιν ύπολιμπανων ύπογραμμον, ίνα επακολουto you leaving behind an example, so that you may θησητε τοις ιχνεσιν αυτου 22 δς άμαρτιαν ουκ follow in the of him; who sin steps not εποιησεν, ουδε εύρεθη δολος εν τφ στοματι nor was found guile in the mouth αυτου· 23 ός λοιδορουμενος ουκ αντελοιδορει, of him: who being reviled not reviled again, πατχων ουκ ηπειλει, παρεδίδου δε τφ κριsuffering not be threatened, delivered himself up but to the one νοντι δικαιως. ²⁴ ός τας αμαρτιας ήμων αυτος judging righteously; who the sins of us himself ανηνεγκεν εν τω σωματι αύτου επι το ξυλον, of himself to the carmed up in the body ίνα ταις άμαρτιαις απογενομενοι, τη δικαιοσυνη that to the sins having died, to the righteousness we may live; of whom by the scars [of him] you were healed. ²⁵ Ητε *[γαρ] ως προβατα πλανωμενα· αλλ' You were [for] ας sheep going astray; but επεστραφητε νυν επι τον ποιμενα και επισκοhave turned back now to the shepherd and 1 Ομοιως πον των ψυχων ύμων. КЕФ. γ'. 3. In like manner dian of the lives of you. * [αί] γυναικες, ύποτασσομεναι τοις ιδιοις submitting yourselves Wives, to the ανδρασιν, ίνα * [και] ει τινες απειθουσι τω husbands, so that [even] if some are disobedient to the λογω, δια της των γυναικων αναστροφης word, through the of the wives conduct ² εποπτευσαντες ανευ λογου κερδηθησωνται, without a word they may be gained, having seen 3 ' Qv την εν φοβω άγνην αναστροφην ύμων. of you. Of whom the in fear pure conduct επτω ουχ δ εξωθεν, εμπλοκης τριχων και the outside, of braiding of hairs not περιθεσεως χρυσιων η ενδυσεως ίματιων, κοσplacing around of golden chains or wearing of clothes, adornμος· 4 αλλ' δ κρυπτος της καρδιας ανθρωπος, εν but the hidden of the heart man, with τω αφθαρτώ του πράξος και ήσυχιου πνευμαthe incorruptible of the meek and quiet spirit, θεου πολυτελες. δ εστιν ενωπιον του in presence of the God very precious. which is ό Ούτω γαρ ποτε και αί άγιαι γυναικες, αί ελ-Thus for formerly also the holy women, those ho-

πιζουσαι επι τον θεον, κοσμουν έαυτας, ύποτασ-

ping

were called; Because even : Christ suffered on your hehalf, I leaving you a Copy, so that you may follow in his FOOTSTEPS;

22 twho committed no Sin; neither was Deceit found in his MOUTH;

23 twho being reviled, did not revile in return; did suffering, he threaten; but delivered himself up to HIM who JUDGES righteously;

24 t who carried up our sins himself in his own BODY to the TREE, ‡ that we, having died to sins, may live to RIGHTEOUS-NESS; Thy whose SCARS you were healed.

25 You I were like Sheep going astray, but have now turned back to the snep-HERD and Guardian of

your LIVES.

CHAPTER III.

1 In like manner, 1 let Wives he subject to their own Husbands, so that if some are disobedient to the WORD, ‡ * they may with-ont a Word be gained through the CONDUCT of their wives;

2 having seen your Conduct CHASTE with Fear.

S ‡ Whose Decoration, let it not be that EXTERNAL one, of Braiding the Hair, and Putting on of Gold chains, or Wearing of Apparel;

4 but decorate the HEART with WHAT is IN-CORRUPTIBLE,—a * MEFK and Quiet Spirit, which is very precious in the sight of God.

5 For thus formerly also THOSE HOLY Women, who in the God, adorned themselves, submit- hoped in God, adorned

· VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 24. of him-omit. 25. for-omit. 4. QUIET and Meek. 1. the-omit. 1. they shall without. 1. even-omit. 5. God.

^{† 21. 1} Pet. iii. 18. † 21. John xiii. 15; Phil. ii. 5; 1 John ii. 6. † 22. Isa. Iii. 9; Luke xxiii. 21; John viii. 46; 2 Cor. v. 21. Heb. iv. 15. † 23. Isa. Iii. 7; Matt. viii. 39; John viii. 48, 49; Heb. xii. 5. † 24. Isa. Iii. 4-8, 11; Matt. viii. 15; Heb. ix. 28. † 24. Rom. vi. 2, 11; vii. 6. † 24. Isa. Iiii. 5, † 25. Isa. Iiii. 6. † 25. John x. 11, 14, 16; Heb. xiii. 20; 1 Pet. v. 4. † 1. 1 Cor. xiv. 34; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. 18, Titus ii. 5. † 1. 1 Cor. vii. 16. † 3. 1 Tiu. ii. 9; Titus ii. 3. † 4. Psa. xlv. 13, Rom. ii. 20; vii. 22; 2 Cor. iv. 10.

σομεναι τοις ιδιοις ανδρασιν. ώς Σαρρα ύπηhusbands; as to the own Sarah hearκουσε τω Αβρααμ, κυριον αυτον καλουσα, ής kened to the Abraham, lord him calling. of her εγενηθητε τεκνα, αγαθοποιουσαι και μη φοβουyou became children, doing good and not fearing μεναι μηδεμιαν πτοησιν. 7*[Oi] ανδρες δμοιως, terror. [The] husbandain like manner, συνοικουντες κατα γνωσιν ώς ασθενεστερφ dwelling with according to knowledge as a weaker σκευει τω γυναικειω, απονεμοντες τιμην ώς vessel with the female, bestowing honor και συγκληρονομοι χαριτος ζωης, εις το μη also being joint-heirs of gracious gift of life, in order that not εγκοπτεσθαι τας προσευχας ύμων.

prayers of you. o be hindered the 8Το δε τελυς, παντες δμοφρονες, συμπαθεις, all of like mind, sympathizing ones, The but end, ευσπλαγχνοι, ταπεινοφρόνες, compassionate ones, humble-minded ones, φιλαδελφοι, lovers of brethren. compassionate ones, not returning evilon account of evil, or reviling

9 μη αποδιδοντες κακον αντι κακου, η λοιδοριαν αντι λοιδοριας τουναντιον δε ευλογουντες. on account of reviling; on the contrary but invoking blessings; *[ειδοτες,] ότι εις τουτο εκληθητε, ίνα ευλο-[knowing,] that for this youwere called, so that a bless-10 'Ο γαρ θελων ζωην γιαν κληρονομησητε. The for one wishing life you may thuerit. ing αγαπαν, και ιδειν ήμερας αγαθας, παυσατω την tolove, and to see days good, let him restrain the γλωτσαν *[αύτου] απο κακου, και χειλη from tongue [of himself] evil, and lips *[αύτου] του μη λαλησαι δολον· 11 εκκλι[ofhimself] of the not to speak deceit; let him νατω απο κακου, και ποιητατω αγαθον. ζητηturn away from evil, and let him do good; 12 'Οτι οί σατω ειρηνην, και διωξατω αυτην. and let him pursue her. him seek peace, Because the οφθαλμοι κυριου επι δικαιους, και ωτα αυτου eyes of Lord on just ones, and ears of him εις δεησιν αυτων πρωσωπον δε κυριου επι towards prayer of them; face but of Lord against 13 Και τις δ κακωσων έμας ποιουντας κακα. And who the one will be injuring you those doing evil. 14 Αλλ' ει εαν του αγαθου μιμηται γενησθε; if of the good imitators you become? But Tov και πασχοιτε δια δικαιοσυνην, μακαριοι. even you suffer hecause of righteousness, happy ones. The $\delta \epsilon \phi o \beta o \nu$ autw $\mu \eta \phi o \beta \eta \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$, $\mu \eta \delta \epsilon$ but fear of them act do you fear, neither ταραχθη-

themselves, being subject to their own Husbands;

6 as Sarah obeyed A-BRAHAM, ‡ calling Him Lord; Whose Children you are become, doing good, and not fearing Any Terror.

7 In like manner, Husbands, dwell according to Knowledge with the FEMALE. as the ! Weaker Vessel, bestowing Honor, as being also Joint heirs of the Gracious gift of Life, zin order that your PRAY-ERS may not be HIN-DERED.

8 FINALLY, the all of ake mind, sympathizing, loving as brethren, I compassionate, humble;

of thot returning Evil for Evil, nor Reviling for Reviling; but, on the contrary, invoking blessings: Because for this you were called, that you may mherit a Blessing.

10 " For the Wishing "to enjoy Life, and to see good Days, ‡let him re-"strain his TONGUE from "Evil, and his Lips from "SPEAKING Deceit;

11 "let him tturn away "from Evil, and do Good; "Ilet him seek Peace, and pursue it;

12 " for the EYES of the "Lord are on the Righte-"ous, and this Ears to-"wards their Prayer; but "the Face of the Lord 13 "against Evil-doers."

13 I And who is HE that will injure you, if you become *Imitators of the

GOOD one?

14 # But even if you suffer on account of Righteousness, you are blessed. And fear not with their FEAR, nor be alarmed;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. the-omit. 13. zealous of. omit twice.

^{9.} knowing-omit.

^{10.} of himself-

^{† 6.} Gen. xviii. 12. † 7. 1 Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 10. † 7. 1 Cor. xii. 25; 1 Thess, iv. 4. † 7. Job xlii. 8. † 8. Rom. xii. 16; xy. 5; Phili, ii. 16. † 8. Rom. xii. 10; Heb. xiii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 17. † 8. Col. iii. 12; Eph. 17. 32. † 9. Prov. xvii. 13; xx. 22; Matt. v. 39; Rom. xii. 14, 17. † 10. Psa. xxxiv. 12. † 10. James i. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 1, 22. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 27; Isa. i. 16, 17. † 11. Rom. xii. 18. † 12. John 1x. 31; James v. 16. † 13. Prov. xvi. 7; Rom. viii 28. † 14. Matt. v. 10—12

Lord but the God do you sanctify io the καρδιαις ύμων ετοιμοι δε αει προς απολογιαν prepared and always with a defence hearta of you; παντιτώ οιτουντι ύμας λογον περιτης εν ύμιν to all to the one asking you an account concerning the ia you ελπιδος, μετα πραυτητος και φοβου. 16 συνειfear; meekness and δησιν εχοντες αγαθην, ίνα εν ψ καταλαλωgood, so that in what they may speak karing σιν ύμων *[ώς κακοποιών,] καταισχυνθωσιν οί against you [as of evil-doers,] they may be assaumed those ύμων την αγαθην εν Χριστω επηρεα(οντες ofyou the good in Anointed alandering 17 Κρειττον γαρ αγαθοποιουντας, αναστροφην. Better for conduct. doing good, ει θελοι το θελημα του θεου, πασχειν, η κακοwill of the God, to suffer, or doing if may will the ποιουντας· 18 ότι και Χριστος άπαξ περι άμαρbecause even Anounted once concerning τιων επαθε, δικαιος ύπερ αδικων, ίνα ήμας a just one on behalf of unjust ques, so that u. προσαγαγη τω θεω, θανατωθεις μεν σαφκι, (ωοhe might lead to the God, being put to death indeed in flesh, being ποιηθεις δε πνευματι 19 εν ω και τοις εν made alive but in spirit; by which also to those 'n φυλακη πνευμασι πορευθεις εκηρυξεν, 20 απειθηapirits having gone he published, σασι ποτε, ότε απεξεδεχετο ή του θεου μακροdisobeyed once, when was waiting the of the God patrence, εν ημεραις Νωε, κατασκευαζομενης of Noe, days being prepared κιβωτου, εις ην ολιγαι (τουτ' εστιν οκτω) (this in which a few eight) ψυχαι διεσωθησαν δι' ύδατος. 21 δ και ήμας lives were carried safely through water; which also па αντιτυπον νυν σωζει βαπτισμα, (ου σαρκοs a representation now saves a dipping, fog) of flesh αποθεσις φυπου, αλλα συνειδησεως αγαθης a putting away of filth, but a conscience good δι' αναστασεως Ιησου $\epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho \omega \tau \eta \mu \alpha \epsilon \iota s \theta \epsilon o \nu$, seeking after towards God,) through resurrection Χριστου· 22 δς εστιν εν δεξια * [του] θεου, πορ-Anoisted; who is at right [of the] God, having

τε· 15 κυριον δε τον θεον άγιασατε εν ταις

15 but sanctify the *ANOINTED Lord in your HEARTS, and the always prepared with a Defence for EVERY ONE DEMANDING an Account of the HOPE that is in you; but with Meekness and Fear;

16 thaving a good Conscience, that in what they may speak against you, THEY may be ashamed, who SLANDER Your GOOD Conduct in Christ.

17 For it is better, if the WILL of God permit, to suffer for Doing good, than

for Doing evil.

18 Because Christ even to not suffered on account of Sins.—the Rightcons tor the Unrighteous,—that he might lead Us to God, theing indeed put to death in the Flesh, but made alive by the Spirit;

19 by which also the preached to the SPIRITS

; in Prison,

20 who formerly disobeyed, ‡when the Pattlence of God was waiting in the Days of Noah, while ‡an Ark was being prepared, ‡in which a few, that is, Eight Persons, were carried safely through the Water.

21 And Immersion, ‡a Representation of this, now ‡saves Us; (not a Putting away of the Filth of the Flesh, ‡but the seeking of a good Conscience towards God.) ‡through the Resurrection of Jesus Christ;

22 who, having gone to Heaven, ‡ is at the Right hand of God, ‡ Angels and Authorities and Powers having been subjected to him.

και εξουσιων και δυναμεων. and authorities and powers.

ευθεις εις ουρανον, ύπαταγεντων αυτφ αγγελων

gone into heaven, having been subjected to him messengers

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-15. ANOINTED LORD. 22. of the-omit.

^{16.} as of Evil-doers-omit.

^{† 10. &}quot;Having gone and preached" is used pleonastically for "he preached." Elsner has produced examples, in proof, from the Scriptures, and from Demosthenes. See Mackuight.

^{\$\}frac{1}{2}\$ 15. Acts iv. 8; Col. iv. 6; 2 Tim. il. 25. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. Heb. xiii. 18. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. Titus ii. 8: 1 Pet. ii. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. Rom. v. 6; lleb. ix. 26, 28; 1 Pet. ii. 21; iv. l. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. 2 Cor. xiii. 4: 18. Col. i. 21, 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. Rom. i. 4; viii. 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 10. Isa. lii. 7; xlix. 9; lxi. 1: 20. Gen. vii. 5; 13. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Heb. xi. 7. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. Gen. vii. 7; viii. 18; 2 Pet. ii. 5: 121. Eph. v. 26. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 21. Acts 1l. 88; xxii. 16. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 21. Rom. x. 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 12. I Pet. i. 3. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 22. I's a. cv. 1; Rom. viii. 34; Eph. i. 20, Col. iii. 1; Ileb. l. 8. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 22. Rom. viii. 25; \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Cor. xv. 24; Eph. i. 21.

КЕФ. δ'. 4.

1 Χριστου ουν παθοντος * [ύπερ ήμων] παρκι Anointed then having suffered [on behalf of us] και ύμεις την αυτην εννοιαν δτλισασθε, (δτι and you the same thought arm yourselves, (because δ παθων *[εν] σαρκι, πεπαυται αμαρτιας,)
theonehaving suffered in Gesh, has ceated from such το μηκετι ανθρωπων επιθυμιαις, αλλα in order that no longer ofmen to desire, but θεληματι θεου τον επιλοιπον εν σαρκι βιωσαι to will of God the remaining ın flesh χρουον. time. *[$\tau o \upsilon \beta \iota o \upsilon$] $\tau o \theta \epsilon \lambda \eta \mu a \tau \omega \nu \epsilon \theta \nu \omega \nu$ χρονος [of the life] the will ofthe gentiles κατεργασασθαι, πεπορευμενους εν απελγειαις, having walked in licentiousness, to have wrought, $\epsilon \pi i \theta \nu \mu i \alpha i s$, $\epsilon \nu i \phi \lambda \nu \gamma i \alpha i s$, $\epsilon \omega \mu i s$, $\epsilon \tau i s$, $\epsilon \alpha i$ ininordinate desires, in excesses of wine, in revellings, in drinkings, and αθεμιτοις ειδωλολατρειαις. 4 εν ς ξενιζονται, in which they are surprised, in unlawful idola ries; μη συντρεχοντων ίμων εις την αυτην της running with of you to the ατωτιας αναχυσιν, βλασφημουντες· 5 οί αποthey speaking evil; shall of profligacy excess, δωσουσι λογον τω έτοιμως εχοντικριναι ζωνan account to him in readiness having to judge living Tas και νεκρους. 6 Εις τουτο γαρ και νεκροις cues and deadones. In order to this for also to deadones

ίνα κριθωσι $\mu \in \nu$ $\epsilon \nu \eta \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \iota \sigma \theta \eta$, was glad tidings announced, so that they might be judged indeed accord-

τα ανθρωπους σαρκι ζωσι δε κατα θεον $\frac{1}{1}$ in flesh they might live but according to God 7 $\text{Hav}\tau\omega\nu \stackrel{*}{=} \begin{bmatrix} \delta\epsilon \end{bmatrix} \tau o \ \tau \in \lambda os \ \eta \gamma \gamma \iota \kappa \epsilon^*$ All things but $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty}$ πνευματι.

σωφρονησατε ουν, και νηψατε εις τας προσbe you of same mind therefore, and be you vigilant in the

ευχας. ⁸Προ παντων δε την εις έαυτους Above all things but the among yourselves

αγαπην εκτενη εχοντες· ότι *[ἡ] αγαπη καλυhaving; because [the] love

ψει πληθος δ μαρτιων· 9 φιλοξενοι εις αλληλους, sovera multitude of sins; hospitable ones towards each other,

10 εκαστος καθως ανευ γογγυσμων· $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \epsilon$ each one received

CHAPTER IV.

1 thrist then having suffered in the Flesh, arm yourselves also with the SAME Mind, (for the HAV-ING SUFFERED in Flesh has ceased from * Sins;)

2 so as no longer i to LIVE the REMAINING Time in the Flesh according to the Lusts of Men, but according to the Will of

God.

S For the TIME which has PASSED AWAY is sufficient to have performed the WILL of the GENTILES, having walked in Licentiousness, Inordinate Desires, Excesses in Wine, Dissolute Revels, Intemperate Banquets, and Lawless Idolatries;

4 in which they are greatly surprised that you do not run with them the SAME Dissolute course of PROFLIGACY, blasphem-

ing;

5 who shall give an Account to HIM ‡ who is PRE-PARED to judge the Living

and the Dead.

6 For to this purpose were glad tidings announced also to the Dead, so that indeed they might be judged, in Flesh, according to Men, but, in Spirit, according to God.

7 But the END of all things has approached; The you, therefore, of a sober mind, and be atten-

tive to Prayers.

8 ‡ Above all things have fervent LOVE among yoursclves; Because ! Love * covers a Multitude of

9 # Be hospitable to each other, ‡ without Murmur-

ings.

10 ‡As each one has

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 1. on behalf of us-omit. 3. of LIFE-omit. 7. bat -omit. 3. for us-omit. covers.

1. in-omit. 1. Sins. . the -omit.

^{† 1. 1} Pet. iii. 18. † 1. Rom. vi. 2, 7; Gal. v. 24; Col. iii. 8, 5. † 2. Gal. ii. 20; 1 Pet. i. 14. † 2. John l. 13; Rom. vi. 11; 2 Cor. v. 15; James i. 18. † 3. Eph. ii. 2; iv. 17; 1 Thess. iv. 5. † 5. Acts x. 42; xvii. 31. † 7. Matt. xxiv. 13, 14; Rom. xii. 12; Phil. iv. 5; Heb. x. 25. † 7. Matt. xxiv. 41; Luke xxi. 34; 1 Pet. v. 8. † 8. dames v. 20. † 9. Rom. xii. 13; Heb. xiii. 2. † 9. 2 Cor. ix. 7; Phil. ii. 14. † 10. Rom. xii. 6; 1 Cor. iv. 7c

χαρισμα, εις έσυτους αυτο διακονουντες, &s received a Free gift, so others it arrving, a free-gift, for 2.5 καλοι οικονομοι ποικιλης χαριτος θ cou. ¹¹ Et good stewards of manifold favor of God. If τ is λαλει, ως λογια θ cou· ει τ is διακονει, ως εξ any one speaks, as oracles of God; if any one serves, as from 11 E t ισχυος ής χορηγει ὁ θεος ένα εν πασι δοξαζη-strength which supplies the God; so that in allthings may be gloται δ θεος δια Ιησου Χριστου, ώ επτιν ή rified the God through Jesus Anounted, to whom is the δοξα και το κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. glory and the might for the ages of the αμην. so be it.

12 Αγαπητοι, μη ξενιζεσθε τη εν ύμιν Beloved ones, not be you surprised with the among you πειρασμον ύμιν γινομένη, ώς *πυρωσει προς* hurning a trial to you becoming, as for ύμιν συμβαινοντες. 13 αλλα καθο ξενου. of a strange thing to you befalling; but according to κοινωνειτε τοις του Χριστου παθημασι, χαιρεyou pastake in the of the Anointed autferings, rejoice γε, ίνα και εν τη αποκαλυψει της δοξης αυτου εου, so that also in the revelation of the glory of him χαρητε αγαλλιωμενοι. 14 Ει ονειδιζεσθε εν you may rejoice exulting. . If you are reproached in ονοματι Χριστου, μακαριοι ότι το της δυξης name of Anointed, happy ones; because the of the glory και το του θεου πνευμα εφ' ύμας αναπαυεται. and the of the God spirit on you *[κατα μεν αυτους βλασφημειται, κατα δε (according to inceed them he is evil spoken of, according to but 15 Μη γαρ τις ύμων πασ-Not for any one of you let ύμας δοξαζεται.] you he is glorified.] χετω ώς φονευς η κλεπτης η κακοποιος, η ώς suffer as a murdrer or a thief or so evil-duer, or as αλλοτριοεπισκοπος. 16 ει δε ώς Χριστιανος, μη a meddling person; if but as a Christian, aut αισχυνεσθω, δυξαζετω δε τον θεον εν το μερει let him be ashamed, let him glorily but the God in the respect 17 'Οτι δ καιρος του αρξασθαι το κριμα TOUTW. Because the reason for the to begin the judgment ατο του οικου του θεου: ει δε πρωτον αφ' ήμων, from the house of the God; if but first from of us. τι το τελος των απειθουντων τις του θεου ευαγwhat the end of those being disobedient to the of the God glad γελιω; 18 και ει δ δικαιος μολις σωζεται, δ and if the just one scarcely is safe, the sidings? ασεβης και άμαρτωλος που φανειται; 19 ώστε impious one and sinner where will appear? therefore

minister it among yourselves, as # Good Stewards of the Manifold Favor of

11 #If any one speak, let it be as the Oracles of God; tif any one serve, let it be as from the Strength which God supplies; so that in all things GOD may be glorified through Jesus Christ: t whose is the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

12 Beloved, be not surprised at I the FIRE among you, occurring to you for a Trial, as though some strange thing was befal-

ing you;
13 but as ‡you partake of the sufferings of the Anointed one, rejoice; so that at the REVELATION of his glory, you may rejoice

exultingly. 14 ‡ If you are re-proached in the Name of Christ, happy are you; Because the SPIRIT of GLORY and THAT of GOD rests on you.

15 For 1 let none of you suffer as a Murderer, or a Thief, or an Evil-doer, or as a Meddling person; 16 but if as a Christian,

let him not be ashamed, thut let him glorify God *in this NAME.

17 Because the SEASON is coming for the sung-MENT to BEGIN from the HOUSE of GOD; and if it begin first from us, ‡ what the END of THOSE who are disobedient to the GLAD TIDINGS of GOD?

13 And if the RIGHTEous person scarcely is safe. where will the implous and the Sinner appear?

19 Therefore, let even

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-14. indeed according to them he is evil spoken of, but accordmg to you he is glorified-omit. 16. in this NAME.

^{† 10.} Matt. xxiv. 45; xxv. 14; Titus i. 7. † 11. Jer. xxiii. 23. † 11. Rom. xii. 6-8; 1 Cor. iii. 10. † 11. Eph. v. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 5. † 11. 1 Tim. vi. 10; 1 Pet. v. 11; Rov. i. 6. † 12. 1 Cor. iii. 13; 1 Pet. ii. 7. † 13. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Cor. i. 7; iv. 10; 1 Pet. ii. 10; 1 Pet. v. 1, 10. † 14. Matt. v. 11; Janes i. 12; 1 Pet. iii. 14. † 15. † 16. Acts v. 41. † 17. Mat. iii. 5. † 17. Luke x. 12; 14.

και οἱ πασχοντες κατα το θελημα του θεου, also chose suffering according to the will of the God, *[&s] πιστ φ κτιση παρατιθεσθωσαν τας ψυχας [as] to a faithful creator let commit the lives *[&av Tων] εν αγαθοποιια. [of themselves] in doing good.

КЕФ. є'. 5.

1 Πρεσβυτερους *[τους] εν ύμιν παρακαλω, δ [the] among you I exhort, the συμπρεσβυτερος και μυρτυς των του Χριστου fellow-elder and witness of those of the Anointed παθηματων, δ και της μελλουσης αποκαλυπaufferings, the and of the being about to be revealed τεσθαι δοξης κοινωνος. ² ποιμανατε το εν υμιν glory partaker; do you feed the among you ποιμνιον του θεου, *[επισκυπουντες] μη αναγflock of the God, [overageing,] not by conκαστως, αλλ' έκουσιως μηδε αισχροκερδως, nor for base gain, but voluntarily; atraint. αλλα προθυμως 3 *[μηδ, ως κατακυριευοντες]nor as being lords promptly; των κληρων, αλλα τυποι γινομενοι του ποιμof the flock;] being of the heritages, Jut patterna 4 και φανερωθεντος του αρχιποιμενος, ינסטי and having been manifested of the chiefshepherd,. κομιεισθε τον άμαραντινον της δοξης στεφανον. crown. you will obtain the unfading of the glory νεωτεροι ύποταγητε πρεσβυτεροις 5 'Ouoiws In like manner younger onea be you subject to seniors: παντές δε αλληλοίς *[ὑποτασπομένοι,] $\tau \eta \nu$ [being subject,] but to each other the ταπεινοφροσυνην εγκομβωσασθε· ότι δ θεος be you clothed with; because the

humility be you clothed with; because the God $\tilde{\nu}\pi$ epop φανοις αντιτασσεται, ταπεινοις δε διδωσι to haughly ones is in opposition, to lowly ones but he gives χ αριν. ⁶ Ταπεινωθητε ουν ὑπο την κραταιαν favor. Be you humbled therefore under the mighty χ ειρα του θεου, ἱνα ὑμας ὑψωση εν καιρφιhand of the God, so that you he may exalt in a season; $\tilde{\tau}\pi$ ασαν την μεριμναν ὑμων επιρριψαντες επ all the anxious care of you having cast on αυτον, ότι αυτω μελει περι ὑμων. ⁸ Νηψατε,

him, hecause with him iscare concerning you. Be you sober, γρηγορησατε· δ αντιδικος ύμων διαβολος, ώς beyou watchful; the opponent of you an accuser, like

λεων ωρυομενος, περιπατει, ζητων τινα καταalion roaring, walka about, eccking whom he may

Those who are suffering according to the WILL of God, † commit their LIVES in doing good to a Faithful Creator.

CHAPTER V.

1 The Elders, * therefore, who are among you I exhort, who am a coelder, and ‡a Witness of the sufferings of the Anointed one, and ‡a partaker of that glory which is going to be revealed;

2 trend the FLOCK of GOD which is with you, overseeing not by constraint, but voluntarily; t neither for base gain, but readily;

3 *[neither as theing lords of the HERITAGES, but being Tatterns to the

FLOCK;]

4 and when the ‡ CHIEF SHEPHERD is manifested, you will obtain the UN-FADING ‡ CROWN of GLORY.

5 In like manner, let the Younger persons be subject to the Seniors; and tall of you submit to each other, and be clothed with HUMILLITY; Because throughty, the he bestows Favor on the Humble.

6 ‡Be you humbled, therefore, under the MIGHTY Hand of GOD, that he may exalt You in due Time;

7 thaving cast All your ANXIETY on him, Because he cares for you.

8 ‡ Be sober, be vigilant; your opponent, the Enemy, like a roaring Lion, is walking about, * seeking to devour;

VATIGAN MANUSCRIPT.—19. as—omit.
1. therefore. 2. overseeing—omit.
S. seeking to devour.

^{19.} of themselves—omit. 1. the—omit. 3.—omit. 5. being subject—omit.

^{† 10.} Psa. xxxi. 5; Luke xxiii 46. † 1. Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 8, 22; v. 32; x. 39. † 1. Rom. viii. 17; Rev. i. 9. † 2. John xxi. 15—17; Acts xx. 28. † 2. 1 Tim. iii, 8, 8; Titus i. 7. † 3. 2 Cor. i. 24. † 3. 1 Tim. iv. 12; Titus ii. 7. † 4. Heb. xiii. 20. † 4. 1 Cor. ix. 25; 2 Tim. iv. 8; James i. 12. † 5. Rom. xii. 10; Epn. v. 21; Phil. ii. 8. † 5. James iv. 0. † 7. Psa. xxxvii. 5; lv. 22; Matt. vi. 25; Luke xii. 11, 22; Heb. xiii. 5. † 8. Luke xxi. 34, 36; 1 Thess. v. 6.

αντιστητε στερεοι τη πιστει, guip down; to whom he you opposed steadfast ones in the faith, ειδοτες, τα αυτα των παθηματών τη εν κοσμώ brotherhood to be fully endured. The and God ofall χαριτος δ καλεσας ήμας εις την αιωνιον αύτου favor that ove having called us into the ara-lasting of himself 12 Δια Σιλουανου ύμιν του πιστου αδελφου, By means of Silvanus to you of the faithful a brother, ώς λογιζομαι, δι' ολιγων εργραψα, παρακαλων Ithiok, in a few I have written, exhorting και επιμαρτυρων ταυτην ειναι αληθη χαριν του and strongly testifying this to be true favor of the θ εου, εις ἡν έστηκατε. 13 Ασπαζεται ύμας ἡ in which you have stood. Salutes you she εν Βαβυλωνι συνεκλεκτη, και Μαρκος δ υίος in Babylon chosen jointly, and Mark the son $\mu o v$. If $A \sigma \pi a \sigma a \sigma \theta \epsilon$ alliphous $\epsilon \nu$ ϕ in the son Salute you each other with a kins Eirphuh buid $\pi \alpha \sigma i$ tois ed $Xrist \omega$ Page to you to all those in Anointed αγαπης. oflove. *[Ιησου.] [Jeaus.]

9 to whom be opposed, standing firm in the FAITH; throwing that the SAME SUFFERINGS are fully endured by Your Brotherhood in the World.

10 And THAT GOD of All Favor, I who has CALLED *you to His AIONIAN Glory, by * the ANOINTED one, when you have suffered a short time, *will himself I complete, confirm, strengthen you.

11 ‡ To him be the GLORY and the POWER for the AGES. Amen.

12 By ‡Silvanus, a FAITHFUL Brother to you, (as I think,) I have ‡ written briefly, exhorting and strongly testifying that this is the True Favor of God in which * you stand 13 That CO-ELECT

13 THAT CO-ELECT † Congregation in Babylon salutes you, and ‡ Mark my son.

14 ‡ Salute each other with a Kiss of Love. ‡ Peace he to you All in Christ Jesus.*

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.—10. you. 10. the Anointed one. 10. Jesus—omit. 10. will himself. 10. you—omit. 10. he will establish—omit. 11. the clony and—omit. 11. of the acrs—omit. 12, you should stard. 14. Jesus—omit. Subscription—First of Peter.

^{† 13.} The word Congregation is supplied by the Syriac, Vulgate, and by other ancient versions. Grotius approves the addition, and Beza observes that Peter omitted the word ecclesia as is often done with regard to words in cor mon use. But Mill and Wall think the translation should be, "She who is in Babylon," and that the apostle meant his own wife, or some honorable woman in that city. Lardner says, it is not probable that Peter would send a salutation to the Christians of so many countries, from a woman not named.—Macknight.

^{19.} Eph. vi. 11, 13; James iv. 7.
19. Acts xiv. 22; 1 Thess. iii. 3.
10. Cor. i. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 12.
10. Heb. xnf. 21; Jude 24.
11. 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. i. 6,
12. P Cor. i. 10.
11. Heb. xiii. 22.
12. Acts xii. 12, 25.
13. Acts xii. 12, 25.
14. Eph. vi. 23.

ΠΕΤΡΟΥ [ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] ΔΕΥΤΕΡΑ, [AN EPISTLE]

PETER. *SECOND OF

КЕФ. α'. 1.

1 Συμεων Πετρος, δουλος και αποστολος Ιη-Peter, a bondman aud Simeon an apostle σου Χριστου, τοις ισοτιμον ήμιν λαχουσι πισ-Jesus Anointed, to those equally precious to us having obtained faith τιν εν δικαιοσυνή του θεου ήμων και σωτηρος by righteousness of the God of us and of a cavior Iησου Χριστου 2 χαρις ὑμιν και ειρηνη πληJesus Anointed, favor to you and peace may be θυνθειη εν επιγνωσει του θεου, και Ιησου του multiplied by aknowledge of the God, and of Jesus the 3 Ως παντα ήμιν της θειας δυνακυριου ήμων. Lord of us. As all tous of the divine power προς ζωην και ευσεβειαν μεως αυτου τα of him the things in respect to life and δεδωρημενης, δια της επιγνωσεως του καλεof the one havhaving been granted, through the knowledge δοξης και αρετης. 4 (δι' δια σαντος ήμας us by meaus of glory and virtue; (through ing called ών το μεγιστα ήμιν και τιμια επαγγελματα which the greatest to us and precious $\delta \epsilon \delta \omega \rho \eta \tau \alpha ι$, ίνα $\delta ι$ α τουτων γενησθε $\theta \in \iota \alpha s$ have been given, so that through these you might become of a divine κοινωνοι φυσεως αποφυγοντές της εν κοπμώ, having fled away from the in φθορας) 5 και αυτο τουτο δε εν επιθυμια this thing and by inordinate desire corruption;) also very σπουδην πασαν παρεισενεγκαντες επιχορηγη all having brought in beside; do you superdiligeuce σατε εν τη πιστει ύμων της αρετην, εν δε τη che lortitude, to and the to the faith ofyou αρέτη την γνωσιν, ε εν δε τη γνωσει την εγκραfortitude the knowledge, to and the knowledge the celf-con_ τειαν, εν δε τη εγκρατειά την ύπομον μν, εν δε to and the self-control the patience; τη έπομονη την ευσεβειαν, 7 εν δε 🔥 ευσεβεια to and the the patience the plety, την φιλαδελφιαν, εν δε τη φιλαδελφια την the brotherly-kindness, to and the brotherly-kindness the ⁸Ταυτα γαρ ύμιν ύπαρχοντα και αγαπην. These things for to you belonging and love. πλεοναζοντα, ουκ αργους ουδε ακαρπους καθισnot idle ones nor unfruitful ones they make abounding, τησιν εις την του κυριου ήμων Ιητου Χριστου in the of the Lord of us Jesus Anointed

CHAPTER I.

1 Simon Peter, a Bondservant and an Apostle of Jesus Christ, to THOSE who have OBTAINED ‡an Equally precious Faith with us, by the Righteonsness of our God and Savior Jesus Christ:

2 ‡ may Favor and Peace be multiplied to You by a Knowledge of God and of Jesus our Lord;

3 even as his DIVINE Power has granted to us All THINGS relating to Life and Piety, ‡through the KNOWLEDGE of HIM who CALLED us tby Glory and Virtue;

4 ton account of which VERY GREAT and Precious Promises have been bestowed on us, so that through these you might become # Partakers of a Divine Nature, | having fled away from the COR-RUPTION that is in *the WORLD through Lust;

5 and for this very thing also, t using all Diligence, superadd to your FAITH FORTITUDE, and to FOR-TITUDE KNOWLEDGE,

6 and to KNOWLEDGE self-control, and to SELF-CONTROL PATIENCE, and to PATIENCE PIETY,

7 and to PIETY BRO-THERLY-KINDNESS, and tto BROTHERLY-KIND-NESS LOVE.

8 For these things being in You and abounding, they will not permit you to be inactive ‡ nor unfruitful in the KNOWLEDGE of our LORD Jesus Christ;

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT .- Title-Second of Peter.

^{4.} the WORLD. + 3. by a Glorious Kindness.—Wakefield. By his own illustrious perfections.—Dickenson. A different reading, and from the authorities by which it is supported appearing to be a genuine one is as follows;—"by his own glory and power," or "by his own glorious power."

^{† 1.} Rom. i. 12; 2 Cor. iv. 13; Eph. iv. 5; Titus i. 4. † 2. 1 Pet. i. 2. † 3. John xvii. 3. † 3. 1 Thess. ii. 12; iv. 7; 2 Thess. ii. 14; 2 Tim. i. 9; 1 Pet. ii. 9; iii. 9; 1 John ii. 2. † 4. John i. 12; Rom. viii. 13; 2 Cor. iii. 18; Eph. iv. 24; Heb. xii. 10; 1 Thess. iii. 12; v. 15; 1 John iv. 21. † 3. John xv. 2; Titus iii. 14.

επιγνωσιν 9 ϕ γαρ μη παρεστι ταυτα, τυφ-knowledge; to whom for not in present those things, blind λ os εστι, μυωπαζων, λ ηθην λ αβων του

is, being short-sighted, a forgetfulness having received of the καθαρισμου των παλαι αύτου άμαρτηματων. $^{\text{purification}}$ of the old of himself $^{\text{10}}\Delta\iota o$ μαλλον, αδελφοι, σπουδασατε βεβαιαν Therefore rather, brethren, do you earnestly strive sure \dot{v} μων την κλησιν και εκλογην ποιειτhetaαι \cdot ταυτα of you the calling and election to make; these things γαρ ποιουντες ου μη πταισητε ποτε. 11 Ούτω for doing not not you may fall at any time. γαρ πλουσιως επιχορηγηθησεται ύμιν ή εισοfor richly will be furnished to you the δος εις την αιωνιον βασιλειαν του κυριου ήμων trance into the age-lasting kingdom of the Lord 01 118 και σωτηρος Ιησου Χριστου. 12 Διο ουκ αμεand Savior Jesus Anointed. Therefore not λησω αει ύμας ύπομιμνησκειν περι τουτων, neglect always you to remind concerning these things, καιπερ ειδοτας, και εστηριγμενους εν τη παρουalthough knowing, and being established in the present

ση αληθεία. 13 Δικαίον δε ήγουμαι, εφ' όσον trath. Right and I think, in as much as ειμι εν τουτφ τω σκηνωματι, διεγειρείν ύμας εν έται in this the tabernacle, to stirup you by ὑπομνησει 14 είδως, ότι ταχίνη εστιν ή αποareminding; knowing, that near at hand it is the laying θεσις του σκηνωματος μου, καθως και ὁ κυριος

ande of the tabernacle of me, as even the Lord $\eta\mu\omega\nu$ In τ in

16 Ου γάρ σεσοφισμένοις μυθοις εξακολουθη-Not for having been cunningly devised tales having followed σαντες εγνωρισαμεν ύμιν την του κυριου ήμων out we made known to you the of the Lord of us Ιησου Χριστου δυναμιν και παρουσμαν, αλλ' power and presence, but Jesus Anointed εποπται γενηθεντες της εκεινου μεγαλειοτητος. lookers on having become of the of that 17 Λαβων γαρ παρα θεου πατρος Having received for from God a father τιμην Kal hnuor and δοξαν, φωνης ενεχθεισης αυτώ τοιασδε ύπο glory, from a voice having becubrought to him of this kind by της μεγαλοπρεπους δοξης. Ούτος εστιν δ vios magnificent glory; This is the 808

ταυτην την φωνην ήμεις ηκουσαμεν εξ ουρανου three the voice we heard from heaven

in whom I am delighted.

O for he who is not possessed of these things in blind, closing his eyes, having become forgetful of the purification of his old Sins.

10 Therefore, Brethren, more earnestly endeavor to make Your CALLING and Election sure; since by doing These things you will never fall;

11 for thus richly will be furnished to you the EN-TRANCE into the AIONIAN Kingdom of our LORD and Savior Jesus Christ.

12 Therefore ‡ I will *not neglect always to remind You of these things, ‡although you know and are established in the PRESENT Truth.

13 And I think it right, ‡ as long as I am in This TABERNACLE, to excite you by Remembrance;

14 ‡knowing That the LAYING ASIDE of my TABERNACLE IS at hand, even as ‡our Lord Jesus Christ declared to me.

15 Now I will also endeavor always to have you, after MY Departure, to make MENTION of these things.

16 For we have not been following ‡ Cunningly devised Tales, in making known to you the POWER and Appearance of our LORD Jesus Christ, but twere Beholders of THAT Greatness.

17 For having received from God the Father Honer and Glory, a Voice of this kind was brought to him by the MAGNIFICENT Glory—‡"This is my *son, "the Beloved, in whom " E delight."

18 And This VOICE which was brought from

μου δ αγοπητος, εις δν εγω ευδοκησα.

of methe

beloved,

18 Kat

Varican Manuscript.—12. be ready always.

^{17.} my son, my BELOVED.

^{† 9. 1} John ii. 9, 11. † 9. Eph. v. 26; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John i. 7. † 10. 2 Pet. iii. 17. † 12. Rom. xv. 14, 15; Phil. iii. 1; 2 Pet. iii. 1; 1 John ii. 21; Jude 5. † 12. i Pet. v. 12; 2 Pet. iii. 17. † 13. 2 Cor. v. 14. † 14. 2 Tim. iv. 6. † 14. John xxi. 18, 19. † 16. 1 Cor. i. 17; ii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. ii 17; iv. 2. † 16. Mart. xvii. 1, 2; Mark ix. 2; Joha 1, 14; 1 John i. 1. † 17. Matt. iii. 17; xvii. 5; Mark i. 11; ix. 7; Luke iii. 22; ix. 35.

ενειχθεισαν συν αυτφ οντες εν *[τφ] ορειτφ having been brought with him being in [the] mountain the άγιφ, 19 και εχομεν βεβαιοτερον τον προφητι-lioly, and we have more firm the prophetic prophetic ώ καλως ποιειτε προσεχοντες, κον λογον word; to which well you do taking heed, ώς λυχνφ φαινοντι εν αυχμηρφ τοπφ, έως ού place, tillofwhich as to alamp shining in a filthy ήμερα διαυγαση, και φωσφορος ανατειλη εν a day may snine through, and wringing light may arise in τας καρδιαις ύμων. 20 τουτο πρωτον γινωσκονknowing, hearts of you; this first τες, ότι πασα προφητεια γραφης, ιδιας επιλυthat all prophecy of a writing, of its own σεως ου γινεται. 21 Ου γαρ θεληματι ανθρωing not itis. Not for by will of man που ηνεχθη ποτε προφητεια, αλλ' ύπο πνευμαwas brought at any time prophecy, but by spirit τος άγιου φερομενοι ελαλησαν *[άγιοι] θεου being moved spoke ανθρωποι. men.

KE Φ , β' , 2.

1Εγενοντο δε και ψευδοπροφηται εν τφ λαφ, Were but even false prophets among the people, ώς και εν ύμιν εσονται ψευδοδιδασκαλοι, οίτινες as also amongyou will be false teachers, παρεισαξουσιν αίρεσεις απωλειας, και τον αγοwill privately introduce heresies of destruction, even the having ραπαντα αυτους δεσποτην αρνουμενοι, επαγονthem sovereign Lord denying, bringing τες έαυτοις ταχινην απωλειαν 2 (και πολλοι on themselves swift destruction; /nd many ∢ξακολουθησουσιν αυτων ασελγειαις, Tais will follow of them the impure practices, ούς ή όδος της αληθειας βλασφημηθηwill be evilspoken on account of whom the way of the truth ³ και εν πλεονεξια πλαστοις λογοις σεται.) and by covetousness of;) deceitful words ύμας εμπορευσονται· οίς το κριμα εκι αλαι ουκ you they will make gain of; to whom the judgment of old 4 E 1 αργει, και ή απωλεια αυτων ου νυσταζει. lingers, and the destruction of them not slumbers. γαρ δ θεος αγγελων $\dot{\alpha}$ μαρτησαντων ουκ εφειfor the God messengers having sinned not spared, (οφου ταρταρωσας σατο, αλλα σειραις but with chains of thick darkness having confined in Tartarus παρεδωκεν εις κρισιν τηρουμενους. 5 και αρχαιhe delivered up for a judgment being kept; and ofold ου κοσμου ουκ εφεισατο, αλλ' ογδοον Νωε διbut eighth Noah a world not he spared, of

Heaven we heard, being with him on the HOLY Mountain.

19 And we have the PROPHETIC Word more confirmed, to which you do well, taking heed, (as to ‡ a Lamp shining in a Dark Place, till the Day dawn, and the Lighthinger may arise,) in your HEARTS;

20 This first ascertaining, That All Prophecy of Scripture is not of its own

Solution;

21 for not at any time was ‡Prophecy brought by the Will of Man, ‡but *Men from God spoke, being moved by holy Spirit.

CHAPTER II.

1 But \$ there were even False Prophets among the PEOPLE, as also \$ there will be False teachers among you, who will privately introduce destructive Heresies, even \$ denying the SOVEREIGN LORD who \$ BOUGHT them, \$ bringing on themselves Swift Destruction.

2 And many will follow Their Impurities; on account of whom the WAY of TRUTH will be reviled;

3 and \$\pm\$ with Covetousness they \$\pm\$ will make gain of You with Decentual Words; whose JUDGMENT of old does not linger, and their DESTRUCTION does not slumber.

4 For if Gon did not spare the Angels who sinned, but having confined them in Tartarus with Chains of Thick darkness, delivered them over into custody for Judgment;

5 and did not spare the Old World, but kept in safety Noah, the Eighth

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—18. the—omit. 21. holy—omit. 21. Men from God spoke.

† 18. Matt. xvii. 0. † 19. Psa. cxix. 105; John v. 35. † 21. 2 Tim. iii. 16;

† Pet. i. 11. † 21. 2 Sam. xxiii. 2; Luke i. 70; Aets i. 10; iii. 18. † 1. Deut. xiii. 1;

† 1. Matt. xxiv. 11; Aets xx. 30; 1 Cor. xi. 19; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1, 5; 1 Johniv. 1;

* Jude 18. † 1. Jude 4. † 1. 1 Cor. vi. 20; Gal. iii. 13; Eph. i. 7; Heb. x. 20;

† 1. Phil. iij. 10. † 3. Rom. xvi 18; 2 Cor. xii. 17; 18;

† Tim. vi. 5. † 3. 2 Cor. ii. 17. † 5. Gen. vii. 1, 7, 23; Heb. xi. 0; 1 Pet. iii 20

καιοσυνης κηρυκα εφυλαξε κατακλυσμον κοσrighteousness a herald he kept safe a deluge toa ασεβων επαξας. 6 και πολεις Σοδομων world of impious ones having brought; and cities of Sodom και Γομορρας τεφρωσας *[καταστροφη] κατεand Gomorrah having reduced to ashes [to an overthrow] he conκρινεν, ύποδειγμα μελλοντων ασεβείν τεθείfuture to he impious having an example 7 και δικαιον Λωτ καταπονουμενον and just been placed; Lot being wearied ύπο της των αθεσμων εν ασελγεια αναστροφης by the of the lawless ones in lewdness of behavior ερφυσατο 8 (βλεμματι γαρ και ακοη δ δικαι-(in seeing for and in hearing the just one, he rescued; os, εγκατοικων εν αυτοις, ήμεραν εξ ήμερας dweiling among them, day by ψυχην δικαιαν ανομοις εργοις εβασανι(εν.) righteous with lawless noul deeds was tormeuted;) 9 οιδε κυριος ευσεβεις εκ πειρασμου ρυεσθαι, knows Lord pious ones out of temptation to rescue, αδικους δε εις ήμεραν κρισεως κολαζομενους unjust ones but for a day of judgment being but off τηρείν 10 μαλιστα δε τους οπίσω σαρκός εν to be kept; especially but those after flesh in επιθυμια μιασμου πορευομένους, και κυριοτητος of pollution going, and Τολιηται, αυθαδεις, δοξας καταφρονουντας. Daring, self-willed, of dignities despising. ου τρεμουσι βλασφημουντες·
not they are afraid apeaking evil; 11 όπου αγγελοι where messengers ισχυι και δυναμει μειζονες οντες, ου φερουσι being, nnt instrength and power greater bring κατ' αυτων παρα κυριω βλασφημον κρισιν. against them from Lord a railing judgment; 12 ούτοι δε, ως αλογα ζωα, φυσικα, these but, like irrational animals, natural, γεγενηhaving been μενα εις άλωσιν και φθοραν, εν ois made for capture and slaughter, in which this αγin which things they do βλασφημουντες, εν τη φθορα αυτων that reviling, in the corruption of them not understand reviling, καταφθαρησονται, 13 κομιουμένοι μισθον αδιthey will be destroyed, receiving areward of unήδονην ήγουμενοι την εν ήμερα τρυrighteousness; a pleasure estaeming the in day φην, σπιλοι και μωμοι, εντρυφωντές εν ταις the apota and atnina, revelling in απαταις αύτων, συνευωχουμενοι ύμιν, 14 οφθαλdeceptions of themselves, feasting together with you, eyes μους εχοντες μεστους μοιχαλιδος και ακαταfull of an adulteress and unre_ having

ta Herald of Righteousness, bringing ta Deluge on a World of Impious

6 and condemned the Cities of Sodom and Gomorrali, reducing them to ashes, I making them an Example for the impious hereafter;

7 ! but reseued Righteous Lot, being grievously harassed with the lewd CONDUCT of the LAW-

8 (for that RIGHTROUS man dwelling among them, was Daily tormenting his righteous Soul, by seeing and hearing their Lawless Deeds;)

9 the Lord knows how to rescue the Pious out of Trial, and to keep the Unrighteous for a Day of Judgment to be cut off;

10 but more especially THOSE who go after the Flesh in the Lust of Pollution, and who despise Dominion; daring, selfwilled, they are not afraid to revile Dignities,

11 where the Angels who are greater in Strength and Power do not bring against them a Reviling Judgment from the Lord;

12 but these, # like natural Irrational Animals, made for capture and slaughter, reviling things which they do not understand, will be destroyed by their own CORRUPTION,

13 * receiving ‡ a Reward of Unrighteousness. They esteem | Luxurious FESTIVITY by Day a Pleasure; \$Spots and Blemishes, revelling in their * LOVE-FEASTS, ‡ while feasting together with

14 having Eyes full of an Adulteress, and unreun- strained from Sin, alluring

13. being Unrighteous.

παυστους άμαρτιας, δελεαζοντες ψυχας αστη-

from ain,

alluring * VATICAN MANUSCRIFT. - 6. to an Overthrow - omit, they have a Reward of Unrighteousness. 13. Love 13. LOVE-FEASTS.

^{† 5, 1} Pet. iii. 10. † 5. 2 Pet. iii. 6. † 6. Gen. xix. 24; Deut. xxix. 25; Jude 7, 2 Num. xxvi. 10. † 7. Gen. xix. 10. † 9. Psa. xxxiv. 17, 10; 1 Cor. x. 13, 10. Jude 4, 7, 8, 10, 10. † 13. Phil. iii. 10. † 15. Rom. xii. 13. **

1 3. Jude 12. **

1 4 13. Jude 12. **

1 5. 2 Pet. iii. 6. † 6. Gen. xix. 24; Deut. xxix. 25; Jude 7, 2 Pet. iii. 10. † 10.

καρδιαν γεγυμνασμενην πλεονεξιας piktous, having been trained for covetousness a heart

εχοντες, καταρας τεκνα, 15 καταλιποντες ευθειhaving left of a curse children, a straight having,

επλανηθησαν, εξακολουθησαντες τη αν όδον. having followed in the they wandered,

ύδο του Βαλααμ του Βοσορ, ός μισθον αδιof the Bosor, way of the Balaam

κιας ηγαπησεν, 16 ελεγξιν δε εσχεν ιδιας παραa reproof but he had of his own transloved,

νομιας ύποζυγιον αφωνον, εν ανθρωπου φωνη gression; a beast of burden dumb, with of man a voice

εκωλυσε την του προφητου φθεγξαμενον, of the the prophet having spoken, restrained

17 Ούτοι εισι πηγαι ανυδροι, και παραφρονίαν. These are fountains without water, and madness.

λαιλαπος ελαυνομεναι οίς δ δμιχλαι ύπο being driven; for which the a whirlwind by

*[eis aiwva] τετηρηται.
[for an age] has been kept. ζοφος του σκοτους gloom of the darkness ματαιοτητος φθεγγομενοι 18 Υπερογκα γαρ offolly speaking Swellinge for

δελεαζουσιν εν επιθυμιαις σαρκος, ασελγειαις, of flesh, by impurities, they allure by lusts τους δλιγως αποφυγοντας τους εν πλανη ανασ-

those scarcely having fled away from those in τρεφομενους· 19 ελευθεριαν αυτοις επαγγελλοfreedom to them promising ing;

μενοι, αυτοι δουλοι ύπαρχοντες της φθορας. of the corruption: being

ήττηται, τουτφ και δεδουλωyap TIS by what for any one has been overcome, by this also he has been en 20 Ει γαρ αποφυγοντές τα μιασματά του Tal. If for having fled away from the pollutions of the slaved.

κοσμου εν επιγνωσει του κυριου και σωτηρος world hy a knowledge of the Lord and

Ιησου Χριστου, τουτοις δε παλιν εμπλακεντες with these and again having been entangled ήττωνται, γεγονέν αυτοις τα εσχατα χειρονα they are overcome, has become to them the things last

21 Κρειττον γαρ ην αυτοις, μη των πρωτων. for it was for them, Better

επεγνωκεναι την όδον της δικαιοσυνης, η επιγto have known the way of the righteousness, than having

νουσιν επιστρεψαι εκ της παραδοθεισης αυτοις known to have turned back from the having been delivered to them

άγιας εντολης. 22 Συμβεβηκε * [δε] αυτοις το all commandment. It has bappened [but] to them the

unstable Souls; ‡ having a Heart exercised in Lascivionsness; Children of a Curse;

15 having forsaken the Right Path, they wandered; having followed the WAY of BALAAM, the son of * Beor, they loved the Reward of Unrighteous-

16 but he had a Reproof for His Transgression; a dumb Beast, speaking with a * Man's Voice restrained the MADNESS of the PROPHET.

17 ‡ These are Fountains without water, and Fogs driven along by a Whirlwind, for whom the GLOOM of DARKNESS is

reserved.

18 For tspeaking extravagant words of Vanity, they allure by Sensual Lusts and Impure practises, THOSE who had scarcely FLED AWAT from THOSE LIVING in Error;

19 promising #Freedom to them, being themselves Slaves of CORRUPTION; for by what any one has been overcome, to this al-

so he has been enslaved. 20 For ‡if, having fled away from the POLI.U-TIONS of the WORLD, by the Knowledge of our LORD and Savior Jesus Christ, and having been again entangled they are overcome by them, the LAST state with them has become worse than the

21 For ‡it were better for them not to have known the way of RIGHT-EOUSNESS, than having known it, to have turned back from the HOLY Commandment DELIVERED to

22 But it has happened

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.-15. BEOR, they loved the Reward of Unrighteousness. n's. 10. for an Age-omit. 22. but-omit. 16.

της αληθους παροιμιας. Κυων επιστρεψας επι of the true priverb, A dog baring turned back to το ιδιον εξεραμα και Υς λουσαμενη, εις the own vomit; and, A hoghaving been washed, to κυλισμα βορβορου. a rolling-place of mire.

KEΦ. γ' , 3.

Tauτην ηδη, αγαπητοι, δευτεραν υμιν
This now, beloved ones, second to you γραφω επιστολην, εν αίς διεγειρω ύμων εν (write aletter, in which I stirup of you by $\dot{\nu}$ $\dot{\nu}$ των προειρημενων δηματων ύπο των άγιων of the having been spoken before words hy the holy προφητων, και της των αποστολων ήμων εν-prophets, and of the of the apostles of us comτολης του κυριου και σωτηρος 3 τουτο πρωmandment of the Lord and savior; this first τον γινωσκυντες, ότι ελευσονται επ' εσχατου knowing, that willcome in last

των ήμερων εν εμπαιγμονη εμπαικται, κατα τας of the days with scotting scotters, according to the ιδιας επιθυμίας αύτων πορευομένοι, 4 και λεγονονη lusts of themselves walking, and saying;

τες: Που αστιν ή επαγγελια της παρουτιας
Where is the promise of the presence
αυτου; αφ' ής γαρ οι πατερες εκοιμηθησαν,
nfhim? from of which for the fathers fell saleep, παντα ούτω διαμενει απ' αρχης κτισεως.
Althings thus femains from a beginning of creation. 3 Λανθανει γαρ αυτους τουτο θελοντας, ότι ουρα-It escapes notice for them this being willing, that heavνοι ησαν εκπαλαι, και γη εξ ύδατος και δι' συνεστωσα, τω του θεου λογω, ύδατος water having been placed together, by the of the God word, δι' ων δ τοτε κοσμος ύδατι καταby means of which things the then world by water having $\kappa\lambda\nu\sigma\theta\epsilon\iota s$ $\alpha\pi\omega\lambda\epsilon\tau\sigma^{*}$ of $\tilde{\epsilon}\epsilon$ $\nu\nu\nu$ ουρανοι και $\tilde{\eta}$ $\gamma\eta$ been deluged was destroyed; the but now heavens and the earth $\tau_{\mathcal{O}}$ αυτου λογ φ $\tau \epsilon 0 \eta \sigma$ αυρισμένοι είσι, π υρι by the him word having been treasured up are, for fire τηρουμένοι εις ήμεραν κρισεως και απωλειας being kept to aday of judgment and destruction $\tau\omega\nu$ a $\sigma\epsilon\beta\omega\nu$ a $\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi\omega\nu$. S E ν $\delta\epsilon$ τ 0000 $\mu\eta$ of the impious men. One but this not

λανθανετω ύμας, αγαπητοι, ότι μια ήμερα παρα let escape you, beloved ones, that one day with κυριω ως χιλια ετη, και χιλια ετη ως ήμερα Lord so a thousand years, and a thousand years as a day μια. 9 Ου βραδυνει [6] κυριος της επαγγεone. Not is slow [the] Lord of the promise,

ώς τινες βραδυτητα ήγυυνται αλλα some regard Slowness, but

to them according to the TRUE Proverb; # The Dog returned to his own Vomit; and the washed Hog to Rolling in Mire.

CHAPTER III.

1 This Second Epistle, Reloved, I now write to you, in both of which #I stir up Your SINCERE Minds by Remembrance;

2 to recollect the words PREVIOUSLY SPOKEN by the HOLY Pronhets, and of the COMMANDMENT of our LORD and Savior, by

the APOSTLES;
3 thowing This first,
That in the Last of the DAYS Scoffers will come with scoffing, 1 walking after their own Lusts,

4 and saying, ‡ " Where is the PROMISE of his PRESENCE? for from the time the FATHERS fell asleep, all things continue in this way from the Beginning of the Creation."

5 For this purposely escapes them, That the Heavens were of old, and the Earth out of Water and by means of Water subsists, ‡ by the WORD of Gon;

6 thy which the THEN world was destroyed by a Deluge of Water.

7 But the present HEAVENS and the EARTH, by the * SAME Word, are treasured up, being kent for Fire to a Day of Judgment and Destruction of IMPIOUS Men.

8 But let not this One thing escape You, Beloved, That One Day with the Lord is as a Thousand Years, and ‡a Thousand Years as one Day.

9 !The Lord of the PROMISE is not slow, as

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 7. SAME Word.

^{9.} the-omit.

μακροθυμει εις ήμας μη βουλομενος τινας αποis long-suffering towards us not desiring come

λεσθαι, αλλα παντας εις μετανοιαν χωρησαι. for a reformation perish. but all

10 Ήξει δε ή ήμερα κυριου ώς κλεπτης, εν Will come but the day of Lord as a thief, in which οί ουρανοι βοιζηδον παρελευσονται, στοιχεια

the heavens with arushing sound will pass away, elements δε καυσουμενα λυθησονται, και γη και τα εν and burning intensely will be dissolved, and earth and all in

and burning intensely will be dissolved, 11 Τουτων αυτη εργα κατακαησεται. OUV will be burned up. Of these things therefore works

λυομενων, ποταπους δει ὑπαρχειν παντων being dissolved, what ones it behoves ta be

*[ύμας] εν άγιαις αναστοφαις και ευσεβειαις; in holy conduct and

12 προσδοκώντας και σπευδοντας την παρουσιαν and hastening the presence looking for της του θεου ήμερας, δι' ήνουρανοι πυρουday, on account of which heavens being on

of the of the God μενοι ληθησονται, και στοιχεια καυσουμενα and burning intensely will be dissolved, elements

13 Καινους δε ουρανους και γην καιτηκεται. and earth New but heavens melta.

νην κατα το επαγγελμα αυτου προσδοκωμεν, according to the promise of him we look for,

14 Διο, αγαπητοι, εν οίς δικαιοσυνη κατοικει. dwelle. Therefore, beloved ones, in which righteousness ταυτα προσδοκωντες, σπουδασατε ασπιλοι και these things looking for, do you diligently endeavor spotless

ομωμητοι αυτφ ευρεθηναι εν ειρηνη, 15 και την blameless by him to be found in peace, and the του κυριου ήμων μακροθυμιαν, σωτηριαν ήγεισθε. nf us long-suffering, salvation do you reckon; of the Lord

καθως και δ αγαπητος ήμων αδελφος Παυλος ofus brother also the beloved την αυτώ δοθεισαν σοφιαν εγραψεν

according to the to him having been given wisdom δμιν, 16 δε και εν πασαις *[ταιε] επιστολαιε, [the] nll as also in ta yau,

λαλων εν αυταις περι τουτων εν οίς εστι δυσepeaking in them concerning these; in which is hardly ά οί αμαθεις και αστηρικτινα, understood some things, which those unlearned and unstable

τοι στεβλουσιν, ώς και τας λοιπας γραφας, προς as also the remaining writings,

17 'Υμεις ουν, αγατην ιδιαν αύτων απωλειαν. the nwn of themselves destruction. You therefore, be-

is patient towards us, not wishing that any one should perish, tbut that all should come to Reformation.

10 But the DAY of the Lord will come as a Thief, in which the HEAVENS shall pass away with a rushing sound, and the Elements burning intensely shall be dissolved, and the Earth and the works in it shall be * burned up.

11 All These things. * therefore, being dissolved, what persons ought we to be I in Holy Conduct and

Pietv ?--

12 texpecting and hastening the PRESENCE of the DAY of GOD, on account of which the Heavens being on fire will t be dissolved, and the Elements ! burning intensely will melt.

13 But we, according to his promise, are looking for ! New Heavens and a new Earth, in which dwells Righteousness.

14 Therefore, Beloved, looking for These things. diligently endeavor ; to be found by him in Peace, spotless and blameless;

15 and reckon the PATIENCE of our LORD as Salvation; even as our BELOVED Brother Paul, according to the WISDOM IMPARTED to him, wrote to you;

16 as also in All his Epistles, ‡speaking in them concerning these things; in which some things are hard to be understood; which the un-INSTRUCTED and Unstable pervert, as also the OTHER Scriptures, to Their own Destruction.

17 Do nou therefore Be-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 10. discovered. the-omit.

^{11.} thus.

^{11.} you-omit.

¹⁶⁻

^{† 9.} Isa. xxx. 18; 1 Pet. ii1. 20. † 9. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Tim. ii. 4. † 10. Matt. xxiv. 43; Luke xii. 39; 1 Thess. v. 2; Rev. iii. 3; xvi. 15. † 11. 1 Pet. i. 15. † 12. I Cor. i. 7; Titus ii. 13. † 12. Psa. l. 3; Isa. xxxiv. 4. † 12. Micah i. 4. † 13. Isa. xxiv. 4. † 12. Micah i. 4. † 13. Isa. v. 7; 1yvi. 22; Rev. xxi. 1, 27. † 14. I Cor. i. 8; xv. 55; Phil. i. 10; 1 Thess. iii. 15; v. 23. † 15. Rom. ii. 4; 1 Pet. iii. 20. † 16. Rom. viii. 10; 1 Cor. xv. 24; 1 Thess. iv. 15.

πητοι, προγινωσκοντες, φυλασσεσθε, ίνα μη loved, I being forewarned, toved ones, belowing before, be you on guard, so that not to the lawless ones deceit having been led away, you may be of the lawless ones deceit having been led away, you may should fall from your own. σητε του ιδιου στηριγμου growyou but in stability; fall from the ewn stability; χαριτικαι γνωσει του κυριου ημων και σωτηfavor and knowledge of the Leed of our and savier and Knowledge of our ros Ιησου Χριστου. Αυτφ ή λόξα και νυ. και Lord and Savier Jesus Anoisted. folim the stor both now and Christ. ‡ To him he the to a day of an age; [so be it.]

Sauξανετε δε εν should fall from your own

: GLORY both now and for (the Day of the Age. *

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. so be it-omit.

Subscription-Second or l'ETER.

f 17. Mark xiii. 23; 2 Pet. i. 12. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 17. Eph. iv. i4; 2 Pet. i. 10, 11; it. 13. \text{Tph. iv. 15}; 1 Pet. ii. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18. 2 Tim. iv. 18; Kev. i. 6. 1 13

*FIRST OF JOHN.

КΕΦ. α'. 1.

1 'Ο ην απ' αρχης, δ ακηκοαμεν, δ έωρακα-What was from a beginning, what we have heard, what we have μεν τοις οφθαλμοις ήμων, δ εθεασαμεθα, και ofus, what we gazed on, seen with the eyes αί χειρες ήμων εψηλαφησαν, περι του λογου felt, concerning the the hands word της ζωης. 2 (και ή ζωη εφανερωθη, και έωρακαof the life; (and the life was manifested, and we have μεν, και μαρτυρουμεν, και απαγγελλομεν ύμιν seeu, and we hear testimony, and we declare to you την ζωην την αιωνιον, ήτις ήν προς τον πατερα, the life the age-lasting, which was with the father, και εφανερωθη ήμιν) δ εωρακαμεν και ακηand was manifested to us;) what we have seen and we κοαμεν, απαγγελλομεν ύμιν, ίνα και ύμεις κοιhave heard, we declare to you, so that also you νωνιαν εχητε μεθ' ήμων και ή κοινωνια δε ή lowship may have with us, indeed the fellowship and the ήμετερα μετα του πατρος και μετα του υίου our with the father and with the son cutor Inσου Χριστου. ⁴ Και τουτα γραφομεν of him Jesus Auointed. And these things we write *[ύμιν,] ίνα ή χαρα ύμων ή πεπληρωμενη.
(to you,) so that the joy of you may be complete.

* Και αύτη εστιν ή αγγελια, ήν ακηκοα, εν απ'

And this is the message, which we have heard from αυτου και αναγγελλομεν ύμιν, ότι ὁ θεος ψως him and announce to you, that the God light εστι, και σκοτια εν αυτφ ουκ εστιν ουδεμια. is, and darkness in him not is 6 Εαν ειπωμεν, ότι κοινωνιαν εχομεν μετ' αυτου

If we should say, that fellowship we have with και εν τω σκοτει περιπατωμεν, ψευδομεθα, και and in the darkness we should walk, we speak falsely, and ου ποιουμεν την αληθείαν. Τεαν δε εν το φωτι not we do the truth; if hut in the light περιπατωμεν, ως αυτος εστιν εν τφ φωτι, κοιas he is iu the light, we should walk, νωνιαν εχομεν μετ αλληλων, και το αίμα Ιησου lowship we have with each other, and the blood of Jesus *[Xριστου] του υίου αυτου καθαριζει ήμας απο [Anointed] the son of him cleanses us from

8 Έων ειπωμεν, ότι άμαρτιαν It we should say, that ουκ εχομεν, έαυτους πλανωμεν, και ή αληθεια not we have, ourselves we deceive, and the truth

9 Εαν δμολογωμεν τας ουκ εστιν εν ήμιν. weconfess the

πασης αμαρτιας.

CHAPTER I.

- 1 # What was from the Beginning, what we have heard, what we have seen with our EYES, t what we beheld and tour HANDS felt, concerning the WORD of LIFE ;--
- 2 and the LIFE was made manifest, and * what we have seen, we also testify, and declare to you the AIONIAN LIFE, Twhich was with the FATHER, and was manifested to us;—
- 3 ‡ what we have seen and heard, we declare to you, that gou also may have Fellowship with us; and indeed four fellow-SHIP is with the FATHER, and with his son Jesus Christ.
- 4 And these things * we write to you, # that your JOY may be complete.
- 5 # And this is the MES-SAGE which we have heard from him, and announce to you, That #GoD is Light, and with him there is no Darkness.
- 6 ‡ If we say That we have Fellowship with him, and walk in DARKNESS, we speak falsely, and perform not the TRUTH:
- 7 but if we walk in the LIGHT, as he is in the LIGHT, we have Fellowship with each other, and the BLOOD of Jesus, his son cleanses us from All Sin
- 8 ‡ If we say That we have not Sin, we deceive Ourselves, and I the TRUTH is not in us.
 - 9 ‡ If we confess our

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—Title—First of John. to you—omit. 7. Anointed—omit. 4. WE. 2. what we have seen. 4. to you-omit.

^{† 1.} John i. 1; 1 John ii. 13. † 1. John i. 14; 2 Pet. i. 16. † 1. Luke xxiv. 39; John xx. 27. † 2. John i. 4; xi. 25; xiv. 6. † 2. John i. 1, 2. † 3. Acts iv. 26. † 3. John xvii. 21; 1 Cor. i. 9; 1 John ii. 24. † 4. John xv. 11; xvi. 24; 2 John iz. 5. 1 John iii. 11. † 5. John ii. 9; viii. 12; ix. 5; xii. 35, 36. † 6. 2 Cor. vi. 14; 1 John ii. 4. † 7. Eph. i. 7; Heb. ix. 14; 1 Pet. i. 19. † 8. James iii. 2. † 8. James iii. 2.

word of him not is

άμαρτιας ήμων, πιστος εστι και δικαιος, ίνα sies of us, faithful heis and just, so that αφη ήμιν τας άμαρτιας, και καθαριση ήμας hemay forgive to us the sins, and he may cleanse us απο πασης αδικιας. 10 Εαν ειπωμεν, ότι ουχ from all unrighteousness. If we should say, that not ήμαρτηκαμεν, ψευστην ποιουμεν αυτον, και ό we have sinned, a liar we make him, and the λογος αυτου ονκ εστιν εν ήμιν.

is in us. ΚΕΦ. β'. 2.

1 Τεκνια μου, ταυτα γραφω ύμιν, ίνα μη Dear children of me, these things I write to you, so that not άμαρτητε· και εαν τις άμαρτη, παρακλητον you may sin; and if any one should sin, a helper εχομεν προς τον πατερα, Ιησουν Χριστονδικαιwe have with the father, Jesus Anuinted ον. 2 και αυτος ίλασμος εστι περι των άμαρone; and he a propitation is on account of the sins τιων ήμων, ου περι των ήμετερων δε μονον, of us, not on account of the oaly, ours hut αλλα και περι όλου του κοσμου. ³ Και εν but also on account of whole of the world. τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι εγνωκαμεν αυτον, εαν we know, that we have known him, if 4'Ο λεγων Εγτας εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. the commandment of him we keep. The onesaying; νωκα αυτον, και τας εντολας αυτου μη τη-hare known him, and the commandments of him not keepρων, ψευστης εστι, και εν τουτφ ή αληθεια ουκ aliar heis, and in this one the truth not ϵ στιν. δ Os δ αν τηρη μυτου τον λογον, is. Who but may keep of him the wurd, αληθως εν τουτφ ή αγαπη του θεου τετελειωtruly in this une the love of the God has been perται. Εν τουτω γινωσκομεν, ότι εν αυτφ εσμεν. feeted. By this we know, that in him $6^{\circ}O$ $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \nu$ aut ω $\mu \epsilon \nu \epsilon \iota \nu$, $o \phi \epsilon \iota \lambda \epsilon \iota$, $\kappa \alpha \theta \omega s$ The one maying in him to abide, is bound, εκεινος περιεπατησε, και αυτος *[ούτως] περιalso himself lie walked, [thus] πατειν.

Αγαπητοι, ουκ εντολην καινην γραφω ύμιν,
Deloved ones, not a commandment new I write to you, αλλ' εντολην παλαιαν, ήν ειχετε απ' αρχης. but a commandment old, which you had from a heginung; ή εντολη ή παλαια, εστιν ό λογος όν η κουthe commandment the old, is the word which σατε "[απ' αρχης.] 8 Παλιν εντυλην καινην heard [from a heginning.] Again a commandment new γραφω ύμιν, δ εστιν αληθες εν αυτς και εν true in him I write to you, which is and in ύμιν· ότι ή σκοτια παραγεται, και το φως το you; because the darkness is passing away, and the light the

sins, he is faithful and just to forgive our sins, and to cleanse us from All Unrighteousness.

10 If we say That we have not sinned, we make him a Liar, and his word

is not in us.

CHAPTER II.

1 My Dear Children! These things I write to you that you may not sin; and if any one should sin, twe have an Advocate with the FATHER, Jesus Christ, the Righteous one;

2 and the is a Propitiation on account of our SINS, and not on account of ours only, but talso on account of the Whole WORLD.

3 And by this we know That we have known him, if we keep his COMMAND-MENTS.

4 THE who SAYS, "I have known him," and keeps not his COMMAND-MENTS, tis a Liar, and the TRUTH is not in this man;

- 5 but the who keeps His word, truly in this man the love of God has been made perfect. By this we know That we are in Him.
- 6 ‡ Hr who says he abides in Hum, ‡ ought humself also to walk, as he walked.
- 7 Beloved! ‡I am not writing a new Commandment to you, but an old Commandment, ‡ which you had from the Beginning. The OLD COMMANDMENT is the WORD which you heard.
- 8 Again, ‡ a new Commandment I am writing to you, which is true in him and in you; ‡ Because the DARKNESS is passing

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-6. thus-omit. 7. from a Beginning-omit.

^{† 9.} Psa. li.2. † 1. Rom. viii. 34; 1 Tim. i1. 5; Heb. vii. 25; ix. 24. † 2. Rom. iii. 25; 2 Cor. v. 18; 1 John i. 7; iv. 10. † 2. John i. 20; iv. 42; xi. 51, 52; 1 John iv. 14. † 4. 1 John i. 6; iv. 20. † 4. 1 John i. 8. † 5. John xiv. 21, 23. † 5. 1 John iv. 12, 13. † 6. John xv. 4, 5. † 6. Matt. xi. 29; John xiii. 15; 1 Pet. ii. 21. † 7. 2 John 5. † 7. 1 John iii. 11. † 8. John xiii. 34; xv. 12. † 8. Rom. xiii. 12; Eph. v. 3; 1 Thess. y. 5. 8.

9 Ο λεγων εν τω φωτι The one saying in the light αληθινοι ηδη φαινει. MOM chines. ειναι, και τον αδελφον αύτου μισων, εν τη to be, and the brother of himself hating, in the the σκοτια εστιν έως αρτι. 70 O TOV αγαπων The one loving till now. the garkness heis αδελφον αύτου, εν τφ φωτι μενει, και σκανδα-brether of himself, in the light abides, and a stumblingλον εν αυτφουκ εστιν. 11 δδε μισων τον αδελφον block in him not is; the but one hatin ; the αύτου, εντη σκοτια εστι, και εντη σκοτια περιand in the darkness walks, of himself, in the darkness is, πατει, και ουκ οιδε που ύπαγει, ότι ή σκοτια ετυφ. and not knows where he goes, because thedarkness blinded λωσε τους οφθαλμους αυτου. 12 Γραφω ύμιν, τεκ-I write tuyon O dear of him. the eyes ότι αφεωνται ύμιν αι άμαρτιαι δια το children, because are forgiven to you the sine through the 13 Γραφω ύμιν, πατερες, ότι εγονομα αυτου. I write to you, Ofathers, because you name of him. νωκατε τον απ' αρχης· γραφω ύμιν, νεανισκοι, have known him from a beginning; I write to you, O voung mea. νενικηκατε τον πονηρον γραφω ύμιν, Iwrite because you have overcome the evil one; to you, 14 Εγραπαιδια, ότι εγνωκατε τον πατερα. 1 wrote children, because you have known the father. ψα ύμιν, πατερες, ότι εγνωκατε τον απ' αρχης. to you. O fathers, because you have known him from a beginning. Εγραψα ύμιν, νεανισκοι, ότι ισχυροι εστε, και I wrote to you, O young men, becauses congones yon are, δ λογος *[rov θεον] εν ύμιν μενει, και νενικηthe word [of the Gad] in won abides, and you have the word 15 Μη αγαπατε τον κοσμον, κατε τον πονηρον. overcomethe evilone. Not do you love the world, μηδε τα εντω κοσμφ. Εαν τις αγαπα τον world. If any one should love the nor the thinge in the κοσμον, ουκ εστιν ή αγαπη του πατρος εν αυτώ. world, not is the love of the father in him; 16 ότι παν το εν τφ κοσμφ, ή επιθυμια της because all that in the world, the lust σαρκος, και ή επιθυμια των οφθαλμων, και ή and the ofthe and the lust flesh, αλαζονεία του βίου, ουκ εστίν εκ του πατρος, uf the life, nut , pomp 17 Και δ κοσμος αλλ' εκ του κοσμου εστι. And the world world from the ie. παραγεται, και ή επιθυμια αυτου δ δε ποιων passes away, and the Inst ofit; the but one doing

away, and the TRUE LIGHT now shines.

9 THE who says he is in the LIGHT, and hates his BROTHER, is in the DARKNESS till now.

10 HE who Loves his BROTHER, abides in the LIGHT, and tthere is no Stumbling-block to him.

11 But HE who HATES his BROTHER is in the DARKNESS, and twalks in the DARKNESS, and does not know where he is going, Because the DARK-NESS has blinded his EYES.

12 Dear children! I write to you, Because tyour sins are forgiven you through his NAME.

13 Fathers! I write to you, Because you have known HIM from the Beginning. Young men! I write to you, Because you have overcome the EVIL one. Children! *I have writtentoyou becauseyou have known the FATHER.

14 Fathers! I have written to you, Because you have known HIM from the Beginning. Young men! I have written to you, Because you are strong, and the word of God abides in You, and you have overcome the EVIL one.

15 ‡ Love not the WORLD, nor the THINGS in the WORLD. IIf any one love the world, the LOVE of the FATHER is not in him:

16 Because Every thing in the world,-the DE-SIRE of the FLESH, and the DESIRE of the EYES, and the POMP of LIFE, is not from the FATHER, but is from the world.

17 And the world is passing away, and its DE-SIRE; but HE who DOES the WILL of GoD abides for the AGE.

το θελημα του θεου, μενει εις τον αιωνα.

the will of the God, abides for the

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. I have written. 14. of Gon-omit.

^{† 8.} John i. 9; viii. 12; xii. 35. † 10. 2 Pet. i. 10. † 11. Jo t 9. 1 Cor. xiii. 2; 2 Pet. i. 9; 1 John iii. 14, 15. 10. † 11. John xii. 35. † 12. Luke xxiv. 47; Acts iv. 22; x. 43; 14. Eph. vi. 11. † 15. Rom. xii. 2. † 15. Matt. vi. 24; Gal. i. 10; † 17. 1 Cor. yii. 31; James i. 10; iv. 14; 1 Pet. i. 24 James iv. 4.

18 Παιδια, εσχατη ώρα εστι και καθως ηκου-Children, last hour it is; and as you σατε, ότι ό αντιχριστος ερχεται, και νυν αντιheard, that the antichrist is coming, even now antiχοιστοι πολλοι γεγονασιν δθεν γινωσκομεν, shriets may have become; whence we know.

19 Εξ ήμων εξηλθον, that hast hour live. From of us they we at out, αλλ' ουκ ησαν εξ ήμων εί γαρ ησαν εξ ήμων, but not they were of us; if fur they were of us, μεμενηκεισαν αν μεθ' ήμων αλλ' ένα φανερωhey would have remained with use but so that they might of but so that they might of the sources of προσιν. Δη Και be manifested, that not they are yell of us. And ύμεις χρισμα εχετε από του άγιου, και οιδατε you an anninting have from the holy, and you know παντα. 21 Ουκ εγραψα ύμιν, ότι ουπ οιδατε Not I wrote to you, because not you know την αληθείαν, αλλ' ότι οιδατε αυτήν, και ότι the truth, but because the truth. την αληθείαν, αλλ οτι οιοατε αυτην, και στι the truth, but becausoyou know her, and because παν ψευδος εκ της αληθείας ουκ εστι. 22 Tis every he from the truth not is . Who εστιν ό ψευστης, ει μη δ αρνουμενος, ότι ξη: is the list, he had not considering, that Je σους ουκ εστιν ό χριστος; ούτος εστιν ό αντιχριστος, δ-αρνουμένας τον πατέρα και τον christ, the one declying the father and the 21 Has & approuperos Tov vior, oude Tov sub. Everyonetho denying a the son meteven the πατερα εχει δ δμολογων τον νίους και τον father has; the one confessing the leon, also патера ехе. father Dac.

24 Theis Tour & nkoudate You [therefore] whet heard dn' an. from _ a beχης, εν ύμιν μενετω εαν εν ύμιν μει-gianing, la you letande; ιε la you shaull νη δ απ' αρχης ηκουσατε, και ύμεις εν τω abide what from abeginning you heard, elso you in the vice kai *[ev] To matri pereite. tor and [in] the father withhing επηγγειλατο is the promise which he promised μμιν, την (ωην. την αιωνιον. 20 Ταυτα εγραψα ha life the age-lasting. These things I wrote 27 Kai bueis ύμιν περι των πλανωντων ύμας. le you concerning those deceiving And you you. το χρισμα δ ελαβετε απ' αυτου, εν ύμιν the anointing which received from him, in you tevel, kai ou xpsiav exere, iva ris didagun, stides, and not need you have, so that any one may teach buas aλλ' *[ωs] το αυτο χρισμα διδαπκει ύμας but [as] the same ancinting teaches you

18 Children! it is the Last Hour; and as you heard That the ANTI-CHRIST is coming, teven now many have become Antichrists; whence we know that it is the Last Hour.

19 They went out from Us, but they were not of us; for if they had been of Us, they would have remained with us; but it was ‡ that they might be made manifest That they are not all of us.

20 And ‡ you have an Anointing from the HoLy one; *you all know it.

21 I have not written to you Because you do not know the TRUTH, but Because you know it, and Because No Lie is from the TRUTH.

22 ‡ Who is the LIAR but HE who DENIES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one? This is the ANTI-CHRIST, HE WHO DENIES the FATHER and the SON.

23 ! No one who denies the son has the father; HE who confesses the son has the father also.

24 Let that which you heard from the Beginning abide in You. If what you heard from the Beginning abide in You, tyou also shall abide in the son and in the FATHER.

25 ‡ And this is the PROMISE which he promised *us,—AIONIAN LIFE.

26 I have written these things to you teoncerning THOSE who DECEIVE you.

27 But the *ANOINTING which you received from himabidesinyou, and you have no need that any one should teach you; but the same Anointing teaches

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—20. you all know it. 24. therefor—omit. 24. in —omit. 25. you. 27. FREE GIFT. 27. as—omit.

^{† 18. 2} Thess. ii. 3; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John iv. 3. † 18. Matt. xxiv, 5, 24; 2 John 7. † 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1. † 19. 1 Cor. xi. 19. † 20. 2 Cor. i. 21; Heb i. 0; verse 27. † 22. 1 John iv. 3; 2 John 7. † 23. John xv. 23; 2 John 9. † 24. John xviv. 23; 1 John 1, 3. † 25. John xvii. 3; 1 John i. 2; v. 11. † 26. 1 John iii. 1; 2 John 7. † 27. verse 20. † 27. John xiv. 26; xvii. 13.

παντων, και αληθες εστι, και ουκ εστι is, concerning all things, and true and not ψευδος και καθως εδιδαζεν ύμας, μενειτε εν ψευδος και καθως εδιδαζεν ύμας, μενειτε εν 28 Και νυν, τεκνια, μενετε εν And now, dear children, do you abide in μενετε εν αυτφ. αυτω. him; ίνα όταν φανερωθη, εχωμεν παρήησιαν, και μη so that when he may appear, we may have boldness. αισχυνθωμεν απ' αυτου, εντη παρουσια αυτου. we may he put to shame from him, in the presence of him. 29 Εαν ειδητε, ότι δικαιος εστι, γινωσκετε, ότι

If you may know, that righteous he is, you know, that πas δ $\pi o \iota \omega \nu$ $\tau \eta \nu$ $\delta \iota \kappa a \iota o \sigma \upsilon \nu \eta \nu$, $\epsilon \xi$ $a \upsilon \tau o \upsilon$ every one the doing the righteous resa, by him $\gamma \epsilon \gamma \epsilon \nu \nu \nu \eta \tau a \iota$. KEP. γ' . 3. If $\delta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$, $\pi o \tau a \pi \eta \nu$ has been begotten. See you, what $\alpha \gamma a \pi \eta \nu$ $\delta \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \nu$ $\eta \mu \iota \nu$ δ $\pi a \tau \tau \rho$, $\delta \nu a$ $\tau \epsilon \kappa \nu a$ $\theta \epsilon o \upsilon$

love has given to us the father, so that children of God κληθωμεν. Δια ΤΟυΤΟ ὁ ΚΟΌμΟς Ου we should be called. On account of this the world not γινωτικει γίμως. ὅτι Ουκ εγγω αυτον.

γινωσκει ήμας, ότι ουκ εγνω αυτον.
knows us, because not it knew him.

 2 Αγαπητοι, νυν τει να θ εου εσμεν, και ουπωBeloved ones, now chil Iron of God we are, and no: yet εφανερωθη, τι εσομεθα· οιδαμεν *[δε,] δτι was it brought to light, what we shall be; we know [but,] that εαν φανερωθη, δμοιοι αυτφ εσομεθα. ότι οψοif he should appear, like to him we shall be; because ³ Kaι πas ὁ εχων μεθα αυτον, καθως εστι. shall see him. he is. And every one the having 28 την ελπιδα ταυτην επ' αυτφ, άγνιζει έαυτον, him, in purifies himself. this the hope 4 Mas καθως εκεινος άγνος εστι. δ ποιων την pure is. Every one the doing the άμαρτιαν, και την ανομιαν ποιει· και ή άμαρτια also the lawlessuess does; and the sin

5 Και οίδατε, ότι εκεινος εφαεστιν ή ανομια. is the lawlessness. And you know, that νερωθη, ίνα τας άμαρτιας *[ἡμων] apn. sins [of us] he might take away; manifested, so that the 6 Has & EV και άμαρτια εν αυτφ ουκ εστι. in him not Every one the in sin and αυτώ μενων, ουχ άμαρτανει. δ άμαρταπας sinning, sins; every one the atiding, not νων, ουχ έωρακεν αυτον. ουδε εγνωκεν αυτον. has seen him. nor has known

7 Τεκνια, μηδεις πλανατω ύμας δ ποιων την Dear children, no one let deceive you; the one doing the δικαιοσυνην, δικαιος εστι, καθως εκεινος δικαιος righteous is, as he righteous

you concerning all things, and is true, and is not a Lie; and as it taught you, abide in him.

28 And now, Dear children, abide in him, so that twhen he shall appear we may have Confidence, tand not be put to shame by him, in his PRESENCE.

29 IIf you know That he is Rightcous, you know That tevery one practising RIGHTEOUSNESS has been begotten by him.

CHAPTER III.

1 See What Love the FATHER has given us, that twe should be called Children of * God! On this account the world does not know us, the Because it did not know him.

2 Beloved! thow are we Children of God, and it has not yet been seen what we shall be. We know, however, That if he should appear, twe shall be like him, Because twe shall see him as he is.

3 And EVERY ONE HAV-ING this HOPE in him purifies himself, as he is pure.

4 EVERY ONE who PRACTISES SIN, also practises iniquity; and ‡sin is iniquity.

5 And you know That he was manifested that the might take away sins; ‡ and in Him there is no Sin.

6 EVERY ONE who ABIDES in Him does not sin; ‡ EVERY ONE who sins has not seen him, nor known him.

7 Dear children! let no one deceive you. † He who ing the ρελατίσε πισιπεους. NESS, is Righteous, even as ht is Righteous.

Vatican Manuscrift.—1. God, and such we are.
 —omit.

^{2.} but—omit 5. of us

^{† 28. 1} John iii. 2. † 28. 1 John iv. 17. † 20. Aets xxii. 14. † 29. 1 John iiii. 7, 10. † 1. John i. 12. † 1. John xv. 18, 19; xvi. 3; xvii. 25. † 2. Rom. viii. 15; Gal. iii. 26; iv. 6. † 2. Rom. viii. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 49; Phil. iii. 21; Col. iii. 4; 2 Pet. i. 4. † 2. Joh xix. 26; Psa. xvi. 11; Matt. v. 8. † 4. Rom. iv. 15; 1 John v. 17. † 5. 18a. liii. 5, 6, 11; 1 Tim. i. 15; Heb. iv. 3; ix. 26; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. 2 Cor. v. 21; Teb. iv. 15; ix. 29; 1 Pet. ii. 24. † 5. 2 Cor. v. 21; xviii. 5-9; Rom ii. 13; 1 John ii. 29.

εστιν. ⁸ Ο ποιων την άμαρτιαν, εκ του διαβο-is. The one doing the sin, from the secuser λου εστιν· ότι απ' αρχης δδιαβολος άμαρτα-is; because from a beginning the accuser sins.

Els τουτο εφανερωθη ὁ vios του θεου, For this was manifested the son of the God, vel. λυση τα εργα του διαβολου. so that be might destroy the works of the accuser. Every one δ γεγεννημένος εκ του θέου, άμαρτιαν ου ποιει, Every one the having been begotten of the God, sin not ότι σπερμα αυτου εν αυτ φ μενει και ου δυναται hecause seed of him in him abides; and not is able άμαρτανειν, ότι εκ του θεου γεγεννηται. 10 Εν

tosin, because by the God he has been begotten. τουτφ φανερα εστι τα τεκνα του θεου και this manifest is the children of the God and τα τεκνα του διαβολου. Πας ὁ μη ποιων the children of the accuser. Every one the not doing δικαιοσυνην, ουκ εστιν εκ του θεου, και ο μη rightenuanesa, not is of the God, and the not αγαπων τον αδελφον αύτου. 11 Ότι αύτη εστιν η αγγελία, ην ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ίνα αγαthe message, which you heard from beginning, that we πωμεν αλληλους. 12 ου καθως Καιν εκ του should love each other; not as Cain of the πονηρου ην, και εσφαξε τον αδελφον αύτου·
evilone was, and killed the brother of himself; και χαριν τινος εσφαξεν αυτον: ότι τα εργα and on account of what killed he him? because the works αυτου πονηρα ην, τα δε του αδελφου αυτοι διevil was, those but of the brother of him right-Kala.

¹³ Μη θαυμαζετε, αδελφοι *[μου,] ει μισει
Not do you wonder, brethren [of me.] if hates

υμας δ κοσμος. ¹⁴ 'Ημεις οιδαμεν, δτι μεταβεyou the world. We know, that we have βηκαμεν εκ του θανατου εις την ζωην, ότι αγαpassed over from the death into the life, because we πωμεν τους αδελφους δ μη αγαπων *[τον love the brethren: the not loving [the αδελφον,] μενει εν τω θανατω. $^{15}Πας$ δ brother,] abriles in the death. Every one the μισων τον αδελφον αύτου, ανθρωποκτονος εστι hating the brother of himself, a man-killer is; και οιδατε, ότι πας ανθρωποκτονος ουκ εχει and we know, that every man-killer not has 16 Εν τουτφ ζωην αιωνίον εν αύτφ μενουσαν. 16 Εν τουτφ hie age-lasting in him abiding. By this εγνωκαμεν την αγαπην, ότι εκείνος ὑπερ we have known the love, because he on behalf ήμων την ψυχην αύτου εθηκε και ήμεις οφει ofue the life of himselflaid down; and we ought behalf; and be ought to λομεν ύπερ των αδελφων τας ψυχας τιθεναι. on behalf of the brethreu the

8 THE Who PRACTISES SIN is of the ENEMY; For the ENEMY has been sinning from the Beginning. For this was the son of God manifested, ‡ that he might destroy the works of the ENEMY,

9 No one who has been BEGOTTEN by GOD practises Sin; Because This Seed abides in Him; and he cannot sin, Because he has been begotten by GoD.

10 By this are the CHILDREN of GOD discovered, and the CHIL-DREN of the ENEMY; ‡NO ONE who does not PRAC. TISE Righteousness is of God, and No one who does not LOVE his BRO-THER.

11 For this is the MES-SAGE which you heard Beginning; from the ! That we should love each

12 not as ‡ Cain, who was of the EVIL one, and killed his BROTHER. And or account of what did he kill him? Because his WORKS were evil, and his BROTHFR's rightcous.

13 Wonder not, Brethren, if the WORLD hate

you.

14 THe know That we have passed over from DEATH to LIFE, Because we love the BRETHREN. HE who LOVES not, abides in DEATH.

15 I EVERY ONE who HATES his BROTHER IS a Murderer; and you know That 1 No Murderer has nionian Life abiding in Him.

16 By this we have known Love, Because t, laid down his life on Our lay down our LIVES for ives to lay down. the BRETHEEN.

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 13. of me-omit. 14. BROTHER-omit.

^{† 8.} Mait. xiii. 28; John viii. 44. † 8. Gen. iii. 15; Luke x. 18; John xvi. 11; Heb. ii. 14, † 9. 1 Pet. i. 23. † 10. 1 John ii. 29. † 11. John xiii. 34; xv. 12; ver. 23; 1 John iv. 7, 21; 2 John 5. † 12. Gen. iv. 4, 8; Heb. xi. 4; Jude 11. † 13. John xv. 18, 19; xvii. 14; 2 Tim. iii. 12. † 15. Mait. v. 21, 22; 1 John iv. 20. † 15. Gal. v. 21; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. John iii. 16; xv. 13; Rom. v. 8; Eph. v. 2, 25; 1 John iv. 9, 11.

17 'Os δ' αν εχη τον βιον του κοσμου, και θεω-Who but may have the substance of the world, and may ρη τον αδελφον αύτου χρειαν εχοντα, και see the brother of himself need having, and κλειση τα σπλαγχνα αύτου απ' αυτου, πως ή of himself from him, how the may close the bowels αγαπη του θεου μενει εν αυτφ; of the God in him? Dear children ahides *[μ ou,] μ η αγαπωμεν λογω μ ηδε τη γλωσση, [of me.] not we should love in word nor in the tongue, αλλ' ϵ ν ϵ ργω ϵ αι αληθεία. ¹⁹*[ϵ αι] ϵ ν τουτω but in work and in truth. [And] by this γινωσκομεν, δτι εκ της αληθειας εσμεν, και we know, that of the truth we are, and εμπροσθεν αυτου πεισομεν τας καρδιας ήμων, in presence of him we shall assure the hearts of us, in presence of him we shall assure the hearts of ns, 20 δτι, εαν καταγινωσκη ήμων ή καρδια, δτι because, if abould condemn us the heart, that μειζων εστι δ θεος της καρδιας ήμων, και greater is the God of the heart of us, and γινωσκει παντα. 21 Αγαπητοι, εαν ή καρδια κιονα all things. Beloved ones, if the heart *[ήμων] μη καταγινωσκη *[ήμων,] παρβησιαν [οί us,] bolduess εχομεν προς τον θεον, 22 και δ εαν αιτωμεν, we have towards the God, and whatever we may ask, λαμβανομεν παρ αυτου, ότι τας εντολας αυτου we receive from him, because the commandments of him τηρουμεν, και τα αρεστα ενωπιον αυτου ποιwe keep, and the things pleasing in presence of him 23 Και αύτη εστιν ή εντολη αυτου, ίνα is the commandment of him, that And this πιστευσωμεν τφ ονοματι του υίου αυτου Ιησου we should believe in the name of the son of him Jesus Χριστου, και αγαπωμεν αλληλους, καθως εδω-Anointed, and should love each other, ²⁴ Και δ τηρων τας ενκεν ευτολην ήμιν. gave commandment to us. And the one keeping the comτολας αυτου, εν αυτφ μενει, και αυτος εν mandments of him, in him abides, and αυτφ· και εν τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι μενει εν we know, that he abides in him; and by this ήμιν, εκ του πνευματος, ού ήμιν εδωκεν. ns, from the spirit, of which to us he gave.

КЕФ. δ'. 4.

 1 Αγαπητοι, μη παντι πνευματι πιστευετε, Belovedones, not every spirit duyou believe, αλλα δοκιμαζετε τα πνευματα, ει εκ του θεου hut do you prove the spirits, if from of the Ged εστιν ότι πολλοι ψευδοπροφηται εξεληλυθασιν is; because many false-prophets have gone out.

17 But twhoever has the goods of the world, and may see his BROTHIER have Need, and may shut up his COMPASSIONS from him, thow abides the LOVE of GOD in him?

18 Dear children! twe should not love in Word nor in TONGUE, but in Work and in Truth.

19 By this we *know †That we are of the TRUTH, and shall assure our *HEARTS in His presence;

20 ‡ Because if our HEART condemn us, God is greater than our HEART, and knows all things.

21 ‡Beloved! if the HEART does not condemn, ; we have Confidence towards GoD,

22 and ‡ whatever we may ask we receive from him, Because we keep his COMMANDMENTS, ‡ and do what is PLEASING in His sight.

23 ‡And this is his COMMANDMENT, That we should believe in the NAME of his son Jesus Christ, and ‡love each other, as he gave us Commandment.

24 And THE WHO KEEPS his COMMANDMENTS Tabldes in Him, and he in him, and by this we know That he abides in us, by the SPIRIT which he gave Us,

CHAPTER IV.

1 Beloved! ‡ believe not Every Spirit, but prove the SPIRITS whether they are from God; Because ‡ Many False-prophets have gone out into the world.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—18. of me—omit. 19. And—omit. 19. shall know. 19. heart. 21. of us—omit. 21. us—omit.

^{† 17.} Deut. xv. 7; Luke iii. 11. † 17. 1 John iv. 20. † 18. Ezek. xxxiii. 81; Rom. xii. 9; Eph. iv. 15; James ii. 15. † 10. John xviii. 37; 1 John i. 8. † 20. 1 Cor. iv. 4. † 21. Joh xxii. 26. † 21. Heb. x. 22; 1 John ii. 28; iv. 17. † 22. Psa. 7xxiv. 15; cxlv. 18; 19; Prov. xv. 20; Jer. xxix. 12; Matt. vii. 8; xxi. 22; Mark xi. 24; John xiv. 18; xv. 7; xvi. 28, 24; James v. 17; 1 John v. 14. † 22. John xiii. 29; 1x. 35. † 23. John vii. 29; xvi. 10. † 24. John xiv. 23; xv. 10. † 24. John xiv. 27. † 1. Matt. xxiv. 4. † 1. 1 Cor. xiv. 29; 1 Thess. v. 21; Rev. ii. 2 † 1. Matt. xxiv. 5, 24; Acts xx. 30; 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John ii. 18; 2 John 7.

κοσμον. 2 Εν τουτφ γινωσκετε το ELS TOV into the world. By this you know the παν πνευμα δ δμολογει every spirit which confesses του θεου. πνευμα of the God; Ιησουν Χριστον εν σαρκι εληλυθοτα, εκ του Jesus Anointed in flesh having come, from of the 3 Και παν πνευμα δ μη δμολογει
And every spirit who not confessee θεου εστι. God is. τον Ιησουν, εκ του θεου ουκ εστι και τουτο the Jeaus, from the God not is; and this εστι το του αντιχριστου, δ ακηκοατε ότι ερχεis that of the antichrist, which you heard that ται, και νυν εν τφ κοσμφ εστιν ηδη. 4 Υμεις comes, and now in the world is already. You $\epsilon \kappa$ του $\theta \epsilon$ ου $\epsilon \sigma \tau \epsilon$, $\tau \epsilon \kappa \nu \iota \alpha$, $\kappa \alpha \iota$ $\nu \epsilon \nu \iota \kappa \eta \kappa \alpha \tau \epsilon$ of the God are, dearchildren, and have overcome autous $\delta \tau \iota$ $\mu \epsilon \iota \zeta \omega \nu$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ δ $\epsilon \nu$ $\dot{\nu} \mu \iota \nu$, η δ $\epsilon \nu$ $\tau \phi$ them; because greater is he in you, than he in the κοσμφ. 5 Αυτοι εκ του κοσμου εισι They from the world are; on account of τουτο εκ τοι κοσμου λαλουσι, και δ κοσμος this of the world they speak, and the world We of the God are; the αυτων ακουει. them hears. γινωσκων τον θεον, ακουει ήμων δς ουκ εστιν one knowing the God, hears us; who not is εκ του θεου, ουκ ακουει ήμων. Εκ τουτου of the God, rot hears us. By this γινωσκομέν το πνευμα της αληθείας και το we know the spirit of the truth and the πνευμα της πλανης. spirit of the error.

 7 Αγαπητοι, αγαπωμεν αλληλους δτι $\mathring{\eta}$ Beloved ones, we should love each other; because the because the $a\gamma a\pi\eta$ ϵr τov $\theta \epsilon ov$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$, $\kappa a\iota$ πas δ $a\gamma a\pi \omega \nu$, love of the God is, and every one the loving, εκ του θεου γεγεννηται, και γινωσκει τον θεον. by the God has been begotten, and knows the God; 8 δ μη αγαπων, ουκ εγνω τον θεον, δτι δ θεος he not loving, not knew the God, because the God 9 Εν τουτώ εφανερώθη ή αγαπη αγαπη εστιν. In this was manifested the love του θεου εν ήμιν, ότι τον υίον αύτου τον μονοof the God to us, because the son of himself the γενη απεσταλκεν δ θεος εις τον κοσμον, ίνα begotten sent forth the God into the world, so that 10 Εν τουτφ εστιν ή ζησωμεν δι' αυτου. In this is the we might live through him. αγαπη, ουχ ότι ήμεις ηγαπησαμεν τον θεον, love, not that we loved the God, αλλ' ότι αυτος ηγαπησεν ήμας, και απεστειλε but that he loved us, and sent forth τον υίον αύτου ίλασμον περι των άμαρτιων son of himself a propitiation respecting the sins

2 By this you know the SPIRIT of GOD,—‡ Every Spirit which confesses Jesus Christ *to have come in the Flesh, is from GoD;

- 3 and ‡Every Spirit which does not confess Jrsus, is not from God. And this is the [SPIRIT] of the Antichrist, which you heard That it is coming, and now it is in the WORLD already.
- 4 1 Pou are of Gon, Dear children! and have overcome them; Because greater is HE who is in you, than the who is in the WORLD.
- 5 # Then are of the WORLD; on this account they speak of the WORLD, and the WORLD hears them.
- 6 THe are of God; the who knows God, hears us; he who is not of God does not hear us. By this we know the spirit of truth and the spirit of error.
- 7 ‡ Beloved! we should love each other; Because Love is from God; and EVERY ONE who Loves has been begotten by God, and knows God.
- 8 Hr who does not LOVE, ‡does not know God; Because ‡GoD is Love.
- 9 ‡ By this the LOVE of GOD to us was manifested, that GOD sent forth his ONLY-BEGOTTEN SON into the WOELD, that ‡ we might live through him.
- 10 In this is Love; that the *have loved God, but That he loved us, and sent forth his son as a propitation for our sins.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 2. to have come.

^{10.} have loved,

^{† 2. 1} Cor. xii. 3; 1 John v. 1. † 3. 1 John ii. 18, 22; 2 John 7. † 4. 1 John v. 4. † 4. John xii. 31; xiv. 30; xvi. 11; 1 Cor. ii. 12; Eph. ii. 2; vi. 12. † 5. John iii. 31; xv. 10; xvii. 14. † 6. John viii. 47; x. 27; 1 Cor. xiv. 37; 2 Cor. x. 7. † 6. 1 John xiv. 17. † 7. 1 John ii. 10, 11, 23. † 8. 1 John ii. 4; iii. 6. 8. ver. 16. † 9. John iii. 16; Rom. v. 8; viii. 32; 1 John iii. 16. † 9. 1 John v. 11. † 10. John xv. 16; Rom. v. 8, 10; Titus iii. 4. † 10. 1 John ii. 2.

11 Αγαπητοι, ει ούτως ὁ θεος ηγαπησεν ήμων. Beloved ones, if thus the God loved of us. ήμας, και ήμεις οφειλομεν αλληλους αγαπαν. ought each other to love. us, also we Θεον ουδεις πωποτε τεθεαται. 12 Εαν αγαπω-If we love God no one at any time has seen. μεν αλληλους, δ θεος εν ήμιν μενει, και ή each other, the God in us abides, and the αγαπη αυτου τετελειωμενη εστιν εν ήμιν. 13 Εν love of him having been perfected it is in us. τουτφ γινωσκομεν, ότι εν αυτφ μενομεν, και this we know, that in him we abide, and αυτος εν ήμιν, ότι εκ του πνευματος αύτου he in us, because out of the spirit of himself $\delta \epsilon \delta \omega \kappa \epsilon \nu$ $\dot{\eta} \mu \nu$. 14 Kai $\dot{\eta} \mu \epsilon \iota s$ $\tau \epsilon \theta \epsilon a \mu \epsilon \theta a$ kai he has given us. And we have seen and μαρτυρουμεν, ότι δ πατηρ απεσταλκε τον υίον wetestify, that the father sent forth the son σωτηρα του κοσμου. 15 Os αν δμολογηση, δτι asarior of the world. Whoever may confess, that a savior of the world. Ιησους εστιν ό υίος του θεου, ό θεος εν αυτφ Jesus is the son of the God, the God in him μενει, και αυτος εγ τω θεω. 16 Και ήμεις εγahides, and he in the God. And το have σωκαμεν και πεπιστευκαμεν την αγαπην, ήν and we have believed the love, which εχει ό θεος εν ήμιν. Ο θεος αγαπη εστι, και has the God in us. The God love $\dot{}$, and δ μενων εν τη αγαπη, εν τω θεω μενει, και δ theone abiding in the love, in the God abides, and the θεως εν αυτω. 17 Eν τουτω τετελειωται 17 God in him. By this has been perfected the αγαπη μεθ' ήμων, ίνα παρόησιαν εχωμεν εν τη love with us, so that boldness we may have in the ήμερα της κρισεως, ότι καθως εκεινος εστι, και day of the judgment, because as he 18 Φοβος ουκ ήμεις εσμεν εν τω κοσμω πουτω. we are in the world this. Fear not $\epsilon\sigma\tau$ in $\epsilon\nu$ $\tau\eta$ $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\eta$, $\alpha\lambda\lambda$, $\dot{\eta}$ $\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon$ ia $\alpha\gamma\alpha\pi\eta$ $\epsilon\xi\omega$ is in the love, but the perfect love outside βαλλει τον φοβον ότι ό φοβος κολασιν εχει. casts the fear; because the fear a restraint has; δ δε φοβουμενος ου τετελειωται εν τη αγαπη. 19 'Ημεις αγαπωμεν * [αυτον,] ότι αυτος πρωτος We love [him,] because he first

We love [him,] because he first ηγαπησεν ήμας. 20 Εαν τις ειπη. Ότι αγαπω loved us. Ιταη οποιαπος τον θεον, και τον αδελφον αύτου μιση, ψευσthe God, and the brother of himself he may hate, a της εστιν ύ γαρ μη αγαπων τον αδελφον like he is; the for not one loving the brother

The heis; the for not one loving the brother autrou, by $\epsilon \omega \rho a \kappa \epsilon$, to $\theta \epsilon o \nu$, by oux $\epsilon \omega \rho a \kappa \epsilon$, of himself, whom he has seen, the God, whom not he has seen,

11 Beloved! 11f GoD so loved us, we also ought to love each other.

12 [Though] ‡no one has seen God at any time, [yet,] if we love each other, GoD dwells in Us; and this Love has been perfected in us.

13 ‡ By this we know That we abide in Him, and he in Us, Bccause he has imparted to us of his spirit.

14 And twe have seen and testify That the FATHER sent forth the SON as a Savior of the WORLD.

15 ‡ Whoever may confess That * Jesus is the son of God, God abides in Him, and he in God.

16 And we have known and believed the LOVE which God has for us. ‡God is LOVE, and ‡HE who ABIDES in LOVE, abides in God, and God * abides in Him.

17 By this has LOVE been perfected with us, that twe may have Confidence in the DAY of JUDGMENT; Because as he is me also are in this WORLD.

18 There is no Fear in LOVE, but PERFECT LOVE CASTS OUT FEAR; Because FEAR has Restraint; and HE WHO FEARS \$\frac{1}{2}\text{ has not been perfected in LOVE.}

19 THe love, Because he first loved us.

20 † If any one say, "I love God," and yet hate his brother, he is a Liar; for he who does not love his brother, whom he has seen, *is not able to

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT.-15. Jesus Christ. omit. 20. is not able.

^{16.} abides in Him.

^{19.} him-

^{† 11.} Matt. xviii. 33; John xv. 12; 1 John ii. 16. † 1°. John i. 18; 1 Tim. vi. 16; verse 20. † 12. 1 John ii. 5; ver. 18. † 13. John xiv. ; 1 John iii. 24. † 14. John ii. 14; 1 John ii. 1, 2. † 14. John iii. 17. † 1 Io. Rom. x. 0; 1 John v. 1, 5. † 16. verse 8. † 16. John iii. 24. † 17. James ii. 13; 1 John ii. 28; iii. 19, 21. † 18. verse 12. † 20. 1 John ii. 4, iii. 17.

* πως ίνναται αγαπαν; 21 Και ταυτην την is he able to love? And this the απ' εχομεν αυτου, ίνα ὁ αγαπων εντολην commandment we have him, that the oneloving from τον θεον αγαπα και τον αδελφον αύτου. the God should love also the brother

ΚΕΦ. ϵ' . 5.

-Πας δ πιστευων, δτι Ιησους εστιν δ Χρισ-Every one the believing, that Jesus is the Anointed, τος, εκ του θεου γεγεννηται και πας δ αγαby the God has been negotien; and the supervision the one having begot, love [also] the one having by the God has been hegotten; and every one the lov-2 Εν τουτώ γινωσκομέν, νημενον εξ αυτου. By this we know, been begotten by bim. ότι αγαπωμεν τα τεκνα του θεου, όταν τον welove the children of the God, when the θεον αγαπωμεν και τας εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. God we may love and the commandments of him we may keep.

⁸ Αύτη γαρ εστιν ή αγαπη του θεου, ίνα τας of the God, for is the love that the This εντολας αυτου τηρωμεν. και ai commandments of him we may keep; and the commandments αυτου βαρειαι ουκ εισιν, 4 δτι παν το γεγεννηoldin burdensome not are, because all that having been μενον εκ του θεου, νικά τον κοσμον και begotten by the God, overcomes the world; and αύτη εστιν ή νικη ή νικησασα τον κοσμον, ή is the victory that having overcome the world, the 5 TIS ECTIV 3 VIKWY πιστις ήμων. τον κοσfaith ofus. Who is the one overcoming the world, μον, ει μη δ πιστευων, δτι Ιησους εστιν δ υίος if not the one believing, that Jesus is the son του θεου; 6 Ο΄ τος εστιν ο ελθων the one having come by means of of the God? 1410 is ύδατος και αίματος, Ιησους *[ό] Χριστος· ουκ water and blood, Jesus (the Anointed; not ύδατι μονον, αλλ' εν τφ ύδατι και by the water by the water only, but and τφ αίματι και το πυευμα εστι το μαρblood; the the the and anirit is one πνευμα εστιν ή τυρουν, ότι το πνευμα εστιν ή testifying, because the spirit is the αληθεια. truth. ⁷ Ότι τρεις εισιν οί μαρτυρουντες. ⁸ το πνευμα, Because three are those testifying; the spirit.

love God twhom he has not seen.

21 And we have ‡ This COMMANDMENT from him, That HE who LOVES GOD should love his BROTHER also.

CHAPTER V.

1 ‡ EVERY ONE WHO BE-LIEVES That Jesus is the ANOINTED one, has been begotten by GoD; ‡and EVERY ONE WHO LOVES the BEGETTER, loves the one BEGOTTEN by him.

2 By this we know That we love the CHIL-DREN of GOD, when we love GOD and * practise his COMMANDMENTS.

3 ; For this is the Love of God, that we keep his commandments; and this commandments are not burdensome;

4 TBecause ALL that has been BEGOTTEN by GOD overcomes the WORLD; and this is THAT VICTORY which OVERCOMES the WORLD,—our FAITH.

5 * And who is HE that OVERCOMES the WORLD, but \$ HE who BELLEVES That Jesus is the son of God.

6 This is HE who CAME by Water and Blood,—Jesus the Anointed one; not by the WATER only, but by the BLOOD; and the Spirit is that which testifies, Because the Spirit is the Truth.

7 † For there are THREE which TESTIFY;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. - 20. how - omit. And whe. 6. the - omit. 6. by.

^{1.} also-omit.

^{2.} practise.

^{† 7.} The received text reads, "For there are three who bear witness in heaven, the Fatter, the Word, and the holy Spirit, and these three are one. And there are three that bear witness in earth." This text concerning the heavenly witnesses is not contained in any Greek manuscript which was written earlier than the fifth century. It is not cited by any of the Greek ecclesiastical writers, nor by any of the early Lutin fathers, even when the subjects upon which they treat would naturally have led them to appeal to its authority. It is therefore evidently spurious; and was first cited (though not as it now reads) by Virrilius Tapsensis, a Latin writer of no credit, in the latter end of the fifth century; but by whom torged, is of no great moment, as its design must be obvious to all.—Improved Version.

και το ύδωρ, και το αίμα· και οί τρεις εις το έν and the water, and the blood; and the three for the one 9 Ει την μαρτυριαν των ανθρωπων λαμεισιν. If the testimony of the men βανομεν, ή μαρτυρια του θεου μειζων εστιν·
ceive, the testimony of the God greater is; ότι αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια του θεου, ήν μεμαρτυbecause this is the testimony of the God, which he has testi-ρηκε περι του υίου αύτου. ¹⁰ Ο πιστευων εις τον fied concerning the son of himself. The one believing into the υίον του θεου, εχει την μαρτυριαν εν έαυτφ. son of the God, has the testimony ln himself; δ μη πιστευων τω θεω, ψειστην πεποιηκεν the not one believing the God, a liar has made αυτον, ότι ου πεπιστευκέν εις την μαρτυριαν, him, because not he has believed in the ήν μεμαρτυρηκεν δ θεος περι του υίου αύτου. which has testified the God concerning the son of himself. 11 Και αύτη εστιν ή μαρτυρια, ότι ζωην αιωνιον is the testimony, because life age-lasting this $\epsilon\delta\omega\kappa\epsilon\nu$ $\hat{\eta}\mu\nu$ δ $\theta\epsilon\sigma s$, $\kappa\alpha\iota$ $\epsilon\omega\tau\eta$ $\hat{\eta}$ $\epsilon\omega\eta$ $\epsilon\nu$ $\tau\omega$ $\nu i\omega$ 12 Ο εγων τον υίον, εχει την αυτου εστιν. The one having the has is. son, of him ζωην· δ μη εχων τον υίον του θεου, την ζωην life life; the not one having the son of the God, the 13 Ταυτα εγραψα ύμιν, ίνα ουκ εχει. These things I wrote to you, so that you may not has. ότι ζωην αιωνιον εχετε οι πιστευοντες age-lasting you have those life believing 14 Και αυτη εις το ονομα του υίου του θεου. into the name of the son of the God. And εστιν ή παρβησια ήν εχομεν προς αυτον, ότι the boldness which we have towards him, αιτωμεθα κατα το θελημα αυτου, if anything we may ask according to the will of him, ακουει ήμων· 15 και εαν οιδαμεν, ότι ακουει if we know, that he hears us; and ημων, δ αν αιτωμεθα, είδαμεν, δτι εχομεν τα νελου, whatever we may ask, we know, that we have the αιτηματα ά ητηκαμεν παρ' αυτρυ. which we have asked from him. ιδη τον αδελφον αύτου άμαρτανον-unld see the brother of himself sinning any one should see sinuing τα αμαρτιαν μη προς θανατον, αιτησει, he shall ask, not and δωσει αυτφ ζωην, τοις αμαρτανουσι μη προς he will give to him life, for those sinning not to Εστιν άμαρτια προς θανατον. ου to death; not Itis a sin ίτ Πασα περι εκεινης λεγω ίνα ερωτηση. that he should ask. All concerning that Isay

8 the SPIRIT, and the WATER, and the BLOOD; and the THREE are for ONE.

9 If we receive the TESTIMONY of MEN, the TESTIMONY of GOD is greater; the testimony of GoD * that he has testified concerning

his son.

10 (HE who BELIEVES into the SON of GOD, thas the TESTIMONY in himself; HE who does not BELIEVE GOD, thas made him a Liar; Because he has not believed in the TESTIMONY which GOD has testified concerning his SON.)

11 ‡ And this is the TESTIMONY, That GOD has given to us aionian Life, and ‡ This LIFE is in his

SON.

12 THE who has the son has the life; he who has not the son has not the life.

13 † These things I have written to you, that you who belleve on the Name of the son of God may know that you have aionian Life.

14 And this is the CON-FIDENCE which we have towards him, That ‡if we ask Any thing according to his WILL, he hears us.

15 And if we know That he hears us, whatever we ask, we know That we have the PETITIONS which we have asked from him.

16 If any one see his BROTHER sinning a Sin, not to Death, let him ask, and the will give him Life for those who sin not to Death. there is a Sin to Death; I do not say that he should ask concerning THAT.

17 # All Unrighteous-

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 9. That.

^{† 9.} John viii. 17, 18. † 9. Matt. iii. 16, 17; xvii. 5. † 10. Rom. viii. 16; Gal. iv. 6. † 10. John iii. 33; v. 38. † 11. John i. 4; Col. iii. 4: 1 John iv. 9. † 12. John iii. 30; v. 24. † 13. John xx. 31. † 14. 1 John iii. 22. † 16. James v. 14, 15, 16. Matt. xii. 31, 32; Mark iii. 29; Luke xii. 10; Heb. vi. 4, 6; x. 26. † 17. 1 John iii. 4.

άμαρτια εστι· και εστιν άμαρτια ου sein is; and it is a sin not αδικια and its surighteonesses sin is; and its προς θανατον. 13 Οιδαμεν, ότι πας δ γεγενπρος θανατον. We know, that every one the having death. νημένος εκ του θέου, ουχ αμαρτανεί αλλ been begotten by the God, not sine; but bu t δ γεννηθείς εκ του θεου, τηρε: έαυτον, the one having been begotten by the God, keeps binnelf, και δ πονηρος ουχ άπτεται αυτου. 19 Οιδαμεν. and the evilone not lays hold of him. We know, δτι εκ του θεου εσμεν, και δ κοσμος όλος εν that from the God we are, and the world whole in τω πονηρα κειται. 20 Και οιδαμεν, ότι δ vios the evilone lies. And we know that the con του θεου ήκει, και δεδωκεν ήμιν διανοιαν, ίνα of the God is come, and has given to us an understanding, so that γινωσκωμεν τον αληθινον και εσμεν εν τω we might know the true one and reare in the αληθινώ, εν τφ υίφ αυτου Ίησου Χριστώ. Oύtrue one, in the son of aim Jesut Anninted. This τος εστιν δ αληθινος θεος και ή ζωη αιωνιος. is the true God and the life are-lasting 21 Τεκνια, φυλαξατε έαυτους απο τως ειοωλων.

ness is Sin; but the is a Sin not to Death.

18 We know That EVERY ONE \$\frac{1}{2}\$ who has been begotten by God does not sin; but the one Begotten by God \$\frac{1}{2}\$ guards *himsel*, and the EVIL one does not lay hold of him.

19 We know That we are from God, and that the whole world hes under the EVIL one.

20 And we know that the son of God has come, and that sgiven us Discernment, that we might know the TRUK one; and we are in the TRUK one.—by his son Jesus Christ. This is the TRUK God, and the aionian LIFE.

21 Dear children! ‡keep yourselves from 1DOLS. *

Dear children, do you keep youmelves from the

idols.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 18. him.

Subscription-FIRST OF JOHN.

^{18. 1} Pet. 4.23; 1 John iii. 9. Luke xxiv. 45. 120. John vvii. 8. 121. 1 Cor. x. 14. 25 *

*SECOND OF JOHN.

1'Ο πρεσβυτερος εκλεκτη Κυρια, και τοις to a chosen lady, and to the elder τεκνοις αυτης, ούς εγω αγαπω εν αλη θ εια, children of her, whom 1 love in truth, (και ουκ εγω μονος, αλλα και παντες οί εγνω-(and not I only, but also all those know- $\kappa o au \in \tau \eta \nu$ a $\lambda \eta \theta \epsilon (a \nu, \gamma)$ $2 \delta i \alpha \tau \eta \nu$ a $\lambda \eta \theta \epsilon (a \nu \tau \eta \nu)$ ing the truth, on account of the truth that μενουσαν εν ήμιν, και μεθ' ήμων εσται ε.ς τον abiding in us, and with us shall be for the abiding in us, and with us shall be for the αιωνα· 3 εσται μεθ' ύμων χαρις, ελεος, ειρηνικ αge; will be with you favor, incecs, peace παρα θεου πατρος, και παρα * [κυριου] Ιησου from God a father, and from [Lord] Χριστου του υίου του πατρος, $\epsilon \nu$ αληθεια και Anointed the son of the father, in truth and 4 Εχαρην λιαν, ότι εύρηκα εκ των I rejoiced greatly, because I have found of the love. τεκνων σου περιπατουντας εν αληθεια, καθως walking in truth, children of thee walking in the $\epsilon \nu \tau o \lambda \eta \nu$ $\epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta o \mu \epsilon \nu$ $\tau \alpha \rho \alpha$ \star to u to uchildren of thee as a commandment And now I entreat thee, lady, not γραφων σοι καινην, αλλα ήν ειχομεν απ' writing to thee but which we had αρχης, ένα αγαπωμεν αλληλους. ⁶ Και αύτη beginning, that we should love each other. And this εστιν ή αγαπη, ίνα περιπατωμεν κατα τας is the love, that we should walk according to the Αύτη εστιν ή εντολη, αυτου. εντολας commandments of him. This is the commandment, καθως ηκουσατε απ' αρχης, ίνα εν αυτη περιas you heard from beginning, that in it you πατητε. ⁷ Ότι πολλοι πλανοι εισηλθον εις should walk, Because many deceivers sutered τον κοσμον, οί μη δμολογουντες Ιησουν Χριστον the world, who not confessing Jesus Anointed ερχομενον εν σαρκι ούτος εστιν ό πλανος και this is the deceiver coming in flesh; and 8Βλεπετε έαυτους, ίνα δ αντιχριστος. μη the antichrist. See you yourselves, that not απολεσωμεν ά ειργασαμεθα, αλλα μισθον we may lose the things we performed, but a reward πληρη απολαβωμεν. 9 Has δ παραβαινων, we may receive. Every one the transgressing, και μη μενων εν τη διδαχη του Χριστου, θεον and not abiding in the teaching of the Anointed, God

1 The ELDER to the Chosen Cyria, and to her CHILDREN Twhom I love in Truth; (and not only I, but also All THOSE who have known the TRUTH.)

2 on account of THAT TRUTH which ABIDES in us, and shall be with us to

the AGE.

3 ‡ Favor, Mercy, and Peace from God the Father, and from Jesus Christ the son of the FA-THER, shall be with you in Truth and Love.

4 I rejoiced greatly That I found some of thy CHIL. DREN ! walking in Truth. as we received a Command. ment from the FATHER.

5 And now I entreat thee, Cyria, ‡ not as writing to thee a New Commandment, but that which we had from the Beginning, ‡ that we should love each other.

6 ! And this is LOVE, that we should walk according to his COMMANDMENTS. * This COMMANDMENT is, as you heard from the Beginning, that you should

walk in it.

7 1 For Many Deceivers *went forth into the WORLD,-THOSE who do not CONFESS Jesus Christ did come in the Flesh. This is the DECEIVER and the ANTICHBIST.

8 # Look to yourselves, that * you may not lose the things we performed, but that * you may receive

a full Reward.

9 ! EVERY ONE who * GOES BEYOND, and does not abide in the DOCTRINE of the ANOINTED one, has

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—Second of John. 3. Lord—omit. 8. This commandment is. 7. went forth. 8. you may not lose. receive. 9. goes betond. 4. the-omit. 8. you may

ουκ εχει ὁ μενων εν τω διδαχη $\stackrel{*}{\sim}$ [του Χρισnot has; the one abiding in the teaching [of the Anointed,]
του,] ούτος και τον πατερα και τον υίον εχει.
this both the father and the son has.

10 Et τις ερχεται προς ύμας, και ταυτην την Ιταυγο του είδαχην ου φερει, μη λαυβανετε αυτον είς teaching not brings, not do you recive him into οικιαν, και χαιρειν αυτω μη λεγετε.

11 ΄Ο γαρ house, and health him not say you. The for λεγων αυτω χαιρειν, κοινωνει τοις εργοις αυτου eneasying to him health, partakes in the works of him τοις πονηροις.

 $\sigma\epsilon$ τα τεκνα της αδελφης σου της εκλεκτης. thee the children of the sister of thee the chosen one.

not Go, It who abides in the DOCTRINE, has both the FATHER and the son.

10 If any one come to you and bring not this DOCTEINE, do not receive him into your House, *nor † wish Him success;

11 for HE who WISHES him success partakes in his EVIL WORKS.

12 ‡ Having Many things to write to You, I did not wish to do it by Paper and Ink; *but I hope to be with you, and to talk, Mouth to Mouth, ‡ so that *our Joy may be complete.

13 ‡ The CHILDREN of thy CHOSEN SISTER Salute thee. *

^{*} Vatican Manuscript.—9. of the Anointed—mait. you. 12. your. Subscription—Second or John.

^{12.} but I hope to be with

^{† 10.} Chairein was a form of salutation, expressive of friendly feeling. The Greeks ususally began their letters with it. See Acts 27, 23; James i. 1.

^{† 10.} Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Cor. v. 11; xvi. 22; Gal. i. 8, 0; 2 Tim. iii. 5; Titus iii. 10. 12 John 13. † 12. John xvii. 13: 1 John i. 4. † 13. 1 Pet. v. 13.

IMANNOY [EΠΙΣΤΟΛΗ] TPITH. [AN EPISTLE]

*THIRD OF JOHN.

 1 O πρεσβυτερος Γαιώ τω αγαπητώ, δυ εγω to Gains the beloved one, whom 1 αγαπω εν αληθεια. 2 Αγαπητε, περι παντων O beloved one, concerning all things truth. love in ευχομαι σε ευοδουσθαι και ύγιαινειν, καθως and to be in health, to prosper I wish thee ευοδουται σου ή ψυχη. 3 Εχαρην γαρ λιαν, I rejoiced for thee the life. greatly ερχομενων αδελφων και μαρτυρουντων σου τη brethren and testifying of thee in the αληθεια, καθως συ εν αληθεια $\pi \epsilon \rho \iota \pi \alpha \tau \epsilon \iota s$. even as thou in truth walkest. truth, 4 Μειζοτεραν τουτων ουκ εχω χαραν, ίνα ακουω of these not I have joy, that I hear τα εμα τεκνα εν αληθεια περιπατουντα. 5 Αγαwalking. O hethe my children in truth δ εαν εργαση ELS πητε, πιστον TOLELS loved one, faithfully thou doest whatever thou mayest work for τους αδελφους και εις τους ζενους, 6 οί εμαρτυbrethren and for the strangers, these bore tesρησαν σου τη αγαπη ενωπιον εκκλησιας· ούς in presence of congregation; whom timony of thee to the love καλως ποιησεις προπεμψας αξιως του θεου. thou wilt do having sent forward worthily of the God. 7 Υπερ γαρ του ονοματος εξηλθον, μηδεν λαμ-On behalf for of the name they went forth, nothing reβανοντος απο των εθνων. 8 Ήμεις ουν οφειλο-We therefore from the Gentiles. ought μεν απολαμβανειν τους τοιουτους, ίνα συνεργοι the such like ones, that co-workers γινωμεθα τη αληθεια. 9 Εγραψα τη εκκλησια· we may become in the truth. I wrote to the congregation; αλλ' δ φιλοπρωτευων αυτων Διοτρεφης ουκ but the one loving to be first ofthem Diotrephes not 10 $\Delta \iota \alpha$ $\tau \circ \nu \tau \circ$, $\epsilon \alpha \nu$ $\epsilon \lambda \theta \omega$, επιδεχεται ήμας. On account of this, I come, us. ύπομνησω αυτου τα εργα à $\pi oiei, \lambda o \gamma ois$ I will remember of him the works which he does, with words πονηροις φλυαρων ήμας και μη αρκουμένος επι and not being satisfied prating agninst us; τουτοις, ουτε αυτος επιδεχεται τους αδελφους, the these things, not even he receives και τους βουλομενους κωλυει, και εκ της εκand out of the conhe forbids, and those wishing 11 A $\gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau \epsilon$, $\mu \eta$ $\mu \iota \mu o \upsilon$ O beloved oue, not do thou imitate κλησιας εκβαλλει. he casts.

1 The ELDER to Gaius, the BELOVED, ‡ whom I love in the Truth.

2 Beloved! I desire concerning all things that thou mayest prosper and be in health, even as Thy

SOUL prospers.

3 For I rejoiced greatly when the Brethren came and testified to thy TRUTH, even as tthou walkest * in the TRUTH.

4 I have no greater * Joy than in these things, that I hear of IMY Children walking * in the TRUTH.

5 Beloved! thou doest faithfully what thou performest for the BRETHREN, and * this to Strangers;

6 who testified of Thy LOVE in the presence of the Congregation; whom thou wilt do well to send forward worthily of GoD;

7 for on behalf of his NAME they went forth, ‡receiving nothing from the

GENTILES.

8 Tar, therefore, ought to * entertain such, that we may become Co-workers for the TRUTH.

9 I wrote * something to the congregation, but Diotrephes, who Loves to BE FIRST among them, does not receive us.

10 Therefore, if I come. will remember His works which he does, prating against us with Evil Words; and not being satisfied with these things, he does not even receive the BRETHREN, and forbids and casts out of the CONGREGATION wishing to do it.

11 Beloved! # do not thou imitate THAT which is EVIL, but THAT which The onedoing good, of is GOOD. # HE who DOES

΄Ο αγαθοποιων, εκ

το κακον, αλλα το αγαθον.

theevilthing, but the good thing.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- Title-THIRD OF JOHN. 5. this to Strangers. Pleasure. 4. in the TRUTH. something.

^{3.} in the TRUTH. 8. entertain.

^{† 4. 2} John 1. † 3. 2 John 4. † 4. 1 Cor. iv. 15; Philemon 10. † 11. Psa. xxxvii. 37; Isa. i. 16, 17; 1 Pet. iii. 11. † 1 ‡ 11. 1 John ii. 29

του θεου εστιν. δ κακοποιων, ουχ έωρακε τον is; the one doing evil, not the God hasseen the 18 Δημητριφ μεμαρτυρηται ύπο παντων, Demotrius has been testified to by all, DEOV. God. και ὑπο αυτης της αληθείας και ήμεις δε μαρτυρουμεν, και οιδατε, ότι ή μαρτυρια ήμων tify, and you know, that the testimony of us tify, 13 Πολλα ειχον γραφειν, αλλ' ου Many things I had to write, but not αληθης εστι. is. £mie σεγω δια μελανος και καλαμου σοι γραψαι. 14 ελπιζω δε ευθεως ιδειν σε, και στομα προς Thope butimmediately to see thee, and meuth to 15 Ειρηνη σοι. Ασπαζονται στομα λαλησομεν. mouth we will areak. Peace to thee. Salute σε οί φιλοι ασπαζου τους φιλους κατ ονομα.

good is of God; HE who does evil has not seen God.

12 †Testimony is borne to Demetrius by all, even by the TRUTH Herself; and we also testify, ‡and *thou knowest That our TESTIMONY is true.

13 ‡I had Many things *to write, but I do not wish to write them to thee with lnk and Pen;

14 but I hope to see thee immediately, and we will speak Mouth to Mouth. Peace be to thee! The FRIENDS salute thee. Salute the FRIENDS by Name.

thee the friends; do thou salute the

by

friends

1 13. 2 John 12.

name.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—12. thou knowest. scription—Third of John.

^{13.} to write to thee, but.

Sub.

^{1 12. 1} Tim, iii. Y.

^{1 12.} John xxi. 24.

IOTAA [EIIIZTOAH.]

*OF JUDAS.

Ι Ιουδας, Ιησου Χριστου δουλος, αδελφος δε Judas, of Jesus Anointed a bond-servant, a brother and Ιακωβου, τοις εν θεφ πατρι ήγιασμενοις και Ιη-of James, to those in God a father sanctified ones and of σου Χριστώ τετηρημενοις κλητοις. 2 ελεος ύμιν σου Χριστφ τετηρημένους called ones; mercy to you Jesus Anointed preserved ones called ones; $\frac{1}{3}$ Αγαπητοί, and peace and love may be multiplied. Beloved ones. πασαν σπουδην ποιουμενος γραφειν ύμιν, περι to write to you, concerning making της κοινης σωτηριας αναγκην εσχον γραψαι salvation a necessity I had to have written ύμιν παρακαλων επαγωνιζεσθαι τη άπαξ παραto you exhorting to earnestly contend for the once τοις άγιοις πιστει. 4 Παρεισεδυσαν ζοθειση been delivered to the saints 'Privily entered faith. γαρ τινες ανθρωτει, οί παλαι προγεγραμμεthose of old having been previously deeis τουνο τε κριμα, ασεβείς, την του for this the judgment, impiousones, the of the signated for θεου ήμων χαριν μετατιθεντες εις ασελγειαν, changing into licentiousness, favor ofus και τον μονον δεσποτην και κυριον ήμων Ιησουν and the only sovereign and Lord ofus Jesus ε Υπομνησαι δε ύμας Χριστον αρνουμένοι. To remind but you Anointed der ging. ειδυτας ύμας άπαξ τουτο, ότι ό βουλομαι, Lnowing once this, because the you I wich, κυριος, λαον εκ γηο Αιγυπτου σωσας, το δευ-Lord, people out of land. of Egypt having saved, the second τερον τους μη πιστευσαντας απωλεσεν· 6 αγthose not having helieved he destroyed; γελους τε τους μ:η επρησαντας την έαυτων tengers and those not having kept the of themselves αρχην, αλλα απολιποντας το ιδιον οικητηριον, principality, but having left the own εις κρισιν μεγαλης ήμερας, δεσμοις αιδιοις ύπο for a judgment of a great with chains perpetual under day, τετηρηκεν· ⁷ ώς Σοδομα και Γομορόα, (οφον as Sodom and Gomorrah, thick darkness have been kept; και αί περι αυτας πολεις, τον δμοιον τουτοις and the about cities, the like to them them τροπον εκπορνευσασαι, και απελθουσαι οπισω manner having committed fornieation, and having gone away after σαρκος έτερας, προκεινται δειγμα, πυρος αιω-nesh of another, are placed before an example, of fire age-

of Jesus Christ, and † Bro ther of James, to THOSE who are *BELOVED by God the Father, even the called ones who are † preserved by Jesus Christ;

2 may Mercy and Peace and Love be multiplied to

you.

S Beloved, making All Haste to write to you concerning *our ‡ common Salvation, I had a necessity to write to you, exhorting you ‡to earnestly contend for the FAITH which was once DELIVERED to the SAINTS.

4 ‡ For Some Men have come in privily, who of old were PREVIOUSLY DESIGNATED for This JUDGMENT, impious, ‡ changing the FAVOR of our GOD into Licentiousness, ‡ denying the ONLY Sovereign, and our LORD Jesus Christ.

5 But I wish to remind you, though you once knew * this, That ‡ the LORD having saved the People out of the Land of E; ppt, AFTERWARDS ‡ destroyed THOSE who did not BELIEVE;

6 and THOSE Angels who KEPT not THEIR own Principality, but left their own Habitation, \$\frac{1}{4}\$ he has kept in perpetual Chains, under Thick Darkness, for the Judgment of the Great Day;

7 tas Sodom and Gomorrah, and the CITIES about them, which in a LIKE Manner to these, committed Fornication, and went after strange Flesh, are placed as an Example, enduring the re-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift.—Title—Of Judas. 1. beloved by God. 2 our common Salvation. 5. all things, That Jesus, having saved.

^{† 1.} Luke vi. 16; Acts i. 13. † 1. John xvii. 11, 12, 15. † 2. 1 Pet. i. 2; 2 Pet. i. 2; 3. Titus i. 4. † 3. Phil. i. 27; 1 Tim. i. 18; vi. 12; 2 Tim. i. 13; iv. 7. † 4. Gal. 11, 4; 2 Pet. ii. 1. † 4. 2 Pet. ii. 10; Titus ii. 11; Heb. xii. 15. † 4. Titus i. 10; Litus ii. 12. † 5. Loor. x. 0. † 5. Num. xiv. 20, 27; xxvi. 54; Psa. cvi. 25; Heb. iii. 17, 19. † 6. 2 Pet. ii. 4. † 7. Gen. xiv. 24, Deut. xxiv. 23; 2 Pet. ii. 6.

ύπεχουσαι. 8 Ομοιως μεντοι are undergoing. In like manner truly VIOU δικην lasting retributive justice are undergoing. και ούτοι ενυπνιαζομενοι σαρκα μεν μιαινουσι, also these dreaming ones Aesh indeed they pollute, κυριοτητα δε αθετουσι, δοξας δε βλασφημουσιν. lordships and they set aside, glories and they revile.

9 'Ο δε Μιχαηλ ό αρχαγγελος, ότε τω διαβολω The but Michael the chief messenger, when with the accuser διακρινομένος διέλεγετο περι του Μωσέως contending hereasoned about the of Moses ουκ ετολμησε κρισιν επενεγκειν σωματος, not hedried ajudgment to bring against βλασφημιας, αλλ' ειπεν. Επιτιμησαι σοι κυριος.

but he said; Mayrebuke thee Lord. 10 Ούτοι δε, όσα μεν ουκ οιδασι, βλασφη-These but, what things indeed not they know, they reμουσιν όσα δε φυσικως, ως τα αλογα (ωα, vile; whatthings but naturally, as their rational animals, etistavtai, ev toutois $\phi\theta$ eisovtai. they know, in these things they are corrupt. Woe αυτοις, ότι τη όδω του Καιν επορευθησαν, και to them, because in the way of the Kain they went, and τη πλανη του Βαλααμ μισθου εξεχυθησαν, και of the Balanm reward they rushed, 1u the error

τη αντιλογια του Κορε απωλοντο. in the contradiction of the Kore they destroyed themselves.

12 Ούτοι εισιν εν ταις αγαπαις ύμων σπιλαδες, These are in the love-feasts of you hidden rocks, συνευωχομενοι αφοβως, έαυτους ποιμαινοντες· νεφελαι ανυδροι, ύπο ανεμων παραφερομεναι·
clouds without water, by winds being swept along; δενδρα φθινοπωρινα, ακαρπα, δις αποθανοντα, autumnal, unfruitful, twice having died, εκριζωθεντα. 13 κυματα αγρια θαλασσης, επαbaving been ruoted, WAVES wild of sea, foamφριζοντα τας έαυτων αισχυνας αστερες πλαing out the of themselves whame; stare Wanνηται, οίς *[6] ζοφος *[του] ELS σκοτους dering, for which [the] gloom [of the] for darkness 14 Προεφητευσε δε και τουαιωνα τετηρηται. an age has been kept. Prophesied and also these ISou, τοις έβδομος απο Αδαμ Ενωχ, λεγων. from Adam Enoch, saying; ηλθε κυριος εν άγιαις μυριασιν αύτου, 15 ποιηcame a Lord with holy myriads of himself, to exeσαι κρισιν κατα παντων, και εξελεγξαι παντας cute judgment against all, and convict ali τους απεβεις *[αυτων] περι παντων $\tau\omega\nu$ the implous ones [of them] concerning all ofthe εργων ασεβειας αυτων ών ησεβησαν, και of them which they did impionely, and ofimpiety

tributive justice of an aionian Fire.

8 ‡ In like manner indeed These Dreamers also pollute the Flesh, and despise Lordships, and revile Dignities.

* But ! MICHAEL. the ARCHANGEL, when contending with the EN-EMY he reasoned about the BODY of Moses, # did not presume to bring against him a reviling Judgment, but said, #"The "Lord rebuke thee."

10 TYet these blaspheme what indeed they do not understand, but what they know naturally as IRRA-TIONAL Animals, in These things they are corrupt.

Il Alas for them! Because they went in the WAY of CAIN, and I rushed into the ERROR of BALAAM for a Reward, and destroyed themselves in 1the REBELLION OF KORAII.

12 These are HIDDEN ROCKS in your \$1.0VE-FEASTS, feasting together without fear, feeding Themselves; Clouds without water, heing swept along by Winds; bare autumnal Trees, unfruitful for two seasons, dead, rooted up;

13 wild Waves of the Sea, foaming out THEIR own Shame; wandering Stars, # for which has been kept the gloom of dark-NESS for the Age.

14 And ! Enoch also, the Seventh from Adam prophesied of these, saying, "Behold, the Lord came with his Holy My-" riads,

15 "to execute Judg-" ment against all, and to " convict all the impious " of All their WORKS of "Implety which they im-

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. -9. When Michael, the ARCHANGEL, then contending. -omit. 13. of the-omit. 15. of them-omit.

^{† 8, 2} Pet. ii. 10. † 9. Zech. ii. 2. † 10. 2 Pet. ii. 12. Num. xxii. 7, 21; 2 Pet. ii. 15. † 11. Num. xxii. 7, 21; 2 Pet. ii. 15. † 11. Num. xxii. 1, &c. † 12. 1 Cer. xi. 21; 2 Pet. ii. 17. † 14. Deut. xxxii. 2; Dan. vii. 16. † 16. Zech. xiv. 5; Matt. xxv. 31; 2 Thess. v. 7, kev. v. 7,

των σκληρων, ών ελαλησαν περι παντων concerning all of the hard things, spoke 16 Ούτοι εισι κατ' αυτου άμαρτωλοι ασεβεις. These sinners impious. γογγυσται, μεμψιμοιροι, κατα τας επιθυμιας complainers, according to the murmurers, αύτων πορευομενοι και το στομα αυτων λαλει and the mouth ofthem speaks of themselves walking; ωφελειας θαυμαζοντες πρωσωπα, ύπερογκα, swelling words, admiring χαριν. 17 Υμεις δε, αγαπητοι, μυησθητε των χαριν. You but, beloved ones, do you remember the δηματων των προειρημενων ύπο των αποστοwords of those having been hefore spoken by the 18 ότι λων του κυριου ήμων Ιησου Χριστου. Lord of us Jesus Anointed; that tles of the ελεγον ύμιν, ότι εν εσχατώ χρονώ εσονται they said to you, that in last time will be εμπαικται, κατα τας έαυτων επιθυμιας πορευaccording to the of themselves lusts 19 Ούτοι εισιν οί αποδιοομενοι των ασεβειων. are they marking These the impious. nng the implous.

η ιζοντες * [έαυτους,] ψυχικοι, πνευμα μη εχονout houndaries [themselves,] souliestones, a spirit not havτες. ²⁰ Υμεις δε αγαπητοι, τη άγιωτατη ύμων You but beloved ones, in the most holy πιστει εποικοδομουντες έαυτους, εν πνευματι faith building up yourselves, in spirit faith building up yourselves, in spirit γιω προσευχομενοι, ²¹ έαυτους εν αγαπη θεου yourselves in of God love praying, τηρησατε, προσδεχομενοι το ελεος του κυριου looking for the mercy of the Lord do you keep, ήμων Ιησου Χριστου εις ζωην αιωνιον. ofus Jesus Ancinted for And life age-lasting. τύς μεν ελεειτε διακρινομενοι. 23 ούς δε εν φοβφ some but in meindeed do you pity discriminating; σωζετε, εκ του πυρος αρπαζοντες μισουντες hating do you save, out of the snatching; fire και τον απο της ο αρκος εσπιλωμενον χιτωνα. 24 Τ ω δ ϵ δυναμ ϵ ν ω φυλαξαι ύμας απταιστους, To the now one being powerful to guard you from stumbling, και στησαι κατενωπιον της δοξης αύτου αμωand to place in presence . of the glory of himself blameμους εν αγαλλιασει, ²⁵ μονφ θεω σωτηρι ήμων, to only God a savior of us, δια Ιησου Χριστου του κυριου ήμων δοξα * [και] through Jesus Anointed of the Lord of us glory [and] μεγαλωσυνη, κρατος και εξουσια, και νυν και strength and authority, both now

εις παντας τους αιωνας αμην. ages; for

" piously did, and of All "t the HARSH words which "impious Sinners spoke "against him."

16 These are Murmurers, Fault-finders, walking according to their own LUSTS; and their MOUTH speaks boastful words. admiring men's persons for the sake of Gain.

17 But do nou, Beloved, remember Those WORDS which were PRE-VIOUSLY SPOKEN by the APOSTLES of our LORD Je-

sus Christ;

18 That they said to you, That in the Last Time there will be Mockers, walking according to THEIR OWN IMPIOUS LUSTS.

19 These are THEY who SEPARATE, † Sensual, not having the Spirit.

20 But pou, Beloved, ‡ building up yourselves on Your MOST HOLY Faith,

praying with holy Spirit, 21 keep yourselves in the Love of God, ‡ looking for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ to aionian Life.

22 And, making a differcnce, Some indeed do you

23 but Others save by Fear, snatching them out of the FIRE, hating even the GARMENT SPOTTED

by the FLESH. 24 I Now to HIM who is ABLE to guard you from falling, and to place you t blameless in the presence of his glory, with great

25 to God alone, our Savior, through Jesus Christ our LORD, be Glory, Majesty, Power, and Authority, *both now, and throughout ALL the AGES. Amen.

† 15. 1 Sam. ii. 8; Psa. xxxi. 18; xciv. 4; Mal. iii. 18. † 16. 2 Pet. ii. 18. † 16. Prov. xxi. 28; James ii. 1, 9. † 17. 2 Pet. iii. 2. † 18. 1 Tim. iv. 1; 2 Tim. iii. 1; iv. 3; 2 Pet. ii. 1; iii. 3. † 10. 1 Cor. ii. 14; James iii. 15. † 20. Col. i; 7; 1 Tim. i. 4. † 21. Titus ii. 13. † 23. Rev. iii. 4. † 24. Rom. xvi. 25; 1 ph. iii. 20. † 24. Col. i. 22. † 25. Rom. xvi. 27; 1 Tim. i. 17; ii. 3.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT.—19. themselves—omit. ery age, and now. Subscription—Of Judas. every AGE, and now.

^{25.} and-omit. 25. before

ΑΠΟΚΑΛΥΨΙΣ.

THE APOCALYPSE.

КΕФ. α'. 1.

1 Αποκαλυψις Ιησου Χριστου, ήν εδωκεν αυτφ A revelation of Jesus Anointed, which gave to him δ θεος, δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου δει the God, to point out to the bond-servants of himself the things it behoves γ ενεσθαι εν ταχαι, και εσημανεν αποστειλasto have done with speed, and he signified του αγγελου αύτου τφ δουλφ αύτου hy means of the messenger of himself to the band-servant of himself $I_{\omega \omega \nu \nu \eta^*}$ 2 is $\epsilon \mu a \rho \tau \nu \rho \eta \sigma \epsilon$ $\tau o \nu$ $\lambda o \gamma o \nu$ $\tau o \nu$ $\theta \epsilon o \nu$, to John; who testified the word of the God, testified the word of the God, και την μαρτυριαν Ιησου Χριστου, όσα ειδε. and the testimony of Jesus Anointed, what things he saw. 3 Μακαριος δ αναγινωσκων, και οί ακουοντες Blessed the one reading, and those hearing τους λογους της προφητείας, και τηρουντές words of the prophecy, and keeping strictly the εν αυτη γεγραμμενα δ γαρ καιρος 1t having been written; the for thethings in

EYYUS.

near. 4 Ιωαννης ταις έπτα εκκλησιαις ταις εν τη John to the seven congregations to those in the Ασια: χαρις ύμιν και ειρηνη απο δ to you and peace from the one existing favor και δ ερχομένος και απο των and the one who was and the one coming; and from επτα πνευματων, α †[εστιν] ενωπιον in presence in presence of the θρονου αυτου. 5 και απο Ιησου Χριστου, δ μαρof him; and from Jesus Anointed, the witτυς δ πιστος, δ πρωτοτοκός των νεκρών, και δ ness the faithful, the first-horn of the dead ones, and the πρχων των βασιλεων της γης τω αγαπωντι prince ofthe kings of the earth; to the oneloving ήμας και λουσαντι ήμας απο των **άμαρτιων ήμων** and having washed us from the sais $\epsilon \nu$ τ φ αίματι αύτου, 6 και $\epsilon \pi$ οιησ $\epsilon \nu$ ήμας β ασιand made in the blood of himself, B LF a kingλειαν, ίερεις τφ θεφ και πατρι αύτου, αυτφ ή

CHAPTER I.

- 1 A Revelation of Jesus Christ, which God gave to him, to point out to his SERVANTS the things it is necessary to have done speedily; and which he signified, ‡ having sent by his ANGEL, to his SERVANT John,
- 2 twho testified the word of God, and the testimony of J. sus Christ whatever things the saw.
- 3 Blessed is HE who READS, and THOSE who HEAR the WORDS of the PROPHECY, and tobserve the THINGS which have been WRITTEN in it; for the TIME is near.
- 4 John to those seven Congregations in Asia; Favor and Peace to you from * God, the one * who is, and the one who is coning; and from * the seven Spirits which are before his throne;
- 5 and from Jesus Christ, the FAITHFUL WITNESS, the CHIEF-BORN of the DEAD, and the PRINCE of the KINGS of the earth. TO HIM who LOVES us, t and t freed us from our sins by his own BLOOD.
- 6 and made † for us a Kingdom,—Priests for his God and Father; ‡ to Him

^{*•} The Revelation is not found in the Var. Ms., 1200, therefore the Various Readings, are taken from Dr. Birch's Collation of the Var. Ms., 1160, of the eleventh century. Where these readings gree with the three oldest Uncial MSS. they are respectively marked as follows;—A.—Codex Mexandrinus, probably of the fifth century; B.—Codex Vaticanus, written about the end of the seventh century or beginning of the eighth; C.—Codex Ephrami Rescriptus, No. 9, probably of the fifth century. A few corroborative Readings, otherwise marked D.—Codex Sinaiticus, will be given from the very ancient Uncial, discovered by Dr. Tischendorf, probably of the same date as Var. Ms., 1209.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—No title is given in this MS.; C. has Revelation of John. The Greek word "Apc "Apse" has been adopted for the title. 2. whatever things he saw (A B.) 4. G.d, the one who is (B.)

^{† 4.} estin, is—omitted by B.C. † 5. So reads A.C. and some other MSS, and versions, † 6. heemin, for us.—A.; heemoon, of us.—C.

^{† 1.} Rev. xxii. 16. † 2. Rev. vi. 0; xii. 17. † 2. 1 John i. 1. † 3. Rev. xxii. 7. † 3. Rev. xxii. 19. † 4. Exod. iii. 14; verse 8. † 4. Zech. iii. 19; v. 10; Rev. iii. 1; iv. 5; v. 6. † 5. 1 Cor. xv. 20; Col. i. 18. † 5. Rev. xvii. 14: xix. 16. † 5. 1 John i. 7. † 6. 1 Tim. vi. 10; Heb. xiii. 21; 1 Pet. iv. 11; Rev. v. 11.

δοξα και το κρατος εις τους αιώνας των αιώνων. glory and the strength for the ages of the αμην.

so be it. 7 Ιδου, ερχεται μετα των νεφελων, και οψεclouds, and shall Lo, becomes with the και οίτινες αυτον ται αυτον πας οφθαλμος, and those who him every eye, εξεκεντησαν και κοψονται επ' αυτον πασαι αί pierced; and shall mourn over him all ⁸ Εγω ειμι το Α Ι am the Alpha φυλαι της γης ναι, αμην. tribes of the earth; yes, so beit. και το Ω , λεγει κυριος δ θεος, δ ων και and the Omega, says Lord the God, the one existing and δ ην και δ ερχομενος, δ παντοκρατωρ.

 9 Εγω Ιωαννης, ὁ α 5 ελφος ὑμων, και συγκοι-John, the brother of you, and co-partνωνος εν τη θλιψει και βασιλεια και ύπομονη ner in the affliction and kingdom and patience Ι ησου Χριστου, εγενομην εν τη νησω τη καλου-Was in the island that being of Jesus Anointed, τον λογον του θεου, μενω Πατμφ, δια Patmos, on account of the word of the God, called και *[δια] την μαρτυριαν Ιησου *[Χρισand [on account of] the testimony of Jesus 10 Εγενομην εν πνευματι εν τη κυριακη τ ov.in the Lord's I was in spirit ήμερα· και γκουσα οπισω μου φωνην μεγα-day; and I heard behind of me a voice loud 11 λεγουσης. Ο βλεπεις saying; What thou seest λην ώς σαλπιγγος, of a trumpet, γραψον εις βιβλιον, και πεμψον ταις έπτα εκdu thou write for a scroll, and send to the seven conκλησιαις, εις Εφεσον, και εις Σμυρναν, και εις gregations, to Epheaus, and to Smyrna, and to Περγαμον, και εις Θυατειρα, και εις Σαρδεις, and to Thyatira, and to Sardis, Pergamos, Φιλαδελφειαν, και εις Λαοδικειαν. KGL ELS and to to Philadelphia,

12 Και επεστρεψα βλεπειν την φωνην ήτις
And Iturned to see the voice which ελαλησε μετ' εμου και επιστρεψας ειδον έπτα spoke with me; and baving turned I saw seven λυχνιας χρυσας, 13 και εν μεσφ των *[έπτα] hampstands golden, and in midst of the [seven] golden, lampstands λυχνιων όμοιον υίφ ανθρωπου, ενδεδυμενον like to a son of man, having on a garment lampstands και περιεζωσμενον προς τοις ποδηρη, reaching to the foot, and having been girded about at μαστοις (ωνην χρυσην. 14 ή δε κεφαλη αυτου breasts a girdle golden; the but head of him και αί τριχες, λευκαι ώς εριον λευκον, ώς χιων.

white as wool white, and the hairs,

be the GLORY and the MIGHT for the AGES of the AGES. Amen.

7 Behold! the is coming with the CLOUDS, and Every Eye shall see him, and those who pierced llim; and All the TRIBES of the LAND shall mourn over him. Yes, Amen.

8 1" I am the ALPHA and the OMEGA," says the Lord God, 1"the one who is, and the ONE who WAS, and the ONE who is COM-ING-the OMNIPOTENT."

9 # John, your BRO-THER and : Co-partner in AFFLICTION, and Kingdom, and Patient waiting for * Jesus, was in THAT ISLAND which is CALLED Patinos, Ion account of the WORD of Goo, and the TESTIMONY of

10 ‡ I was in Spirit on the LORD's Day; and I heard behind me a loud Voice as of a Trumpet,

11 saying, "What thou seest write in a Scroll, and send to THOSE SEVEN Congregations;-to Ephcsus, and to Smyrna, and to Pergamos, and to Thyatira, and to Sardis, and to Philadelphia, and to Laodicea."

12 And I turned to see the VOICE which * was speaking with me; and having turned I saw golden Lamp-# Seven stands,

13 and in the Midst of the Lampstands † one like to a Son of Man, ‡ invested with a garment to the foot, and girded about at the BREASTS with a golden Girdle;

14 and his HEAD and HAIRS white as white

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.—9. Christ Jesus (B.) Jesus (D.) 9. on account of the following (B.C.) 12. was speaking (B.C.) 13. 9. Anointed-omit (A C.) of-omit (A C.) seven-omit (A C.)

και οἱ οφθαλμοι αυτου ώς φλοξ πυρος. 15 και οἱ and the eyes of him as a flame of fire; and the ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανώ, ώς εν καμινώ feet of him like to fine white brass, as in a furnace και ή φωνη αυτου δις φωνη and the voice of him as avoice πεπυρωμενοι· having been set on fire; ύδατων πολλων· 16 και εχων εν τη δεξια αύτου and having in the right of himself of waters many; χειρι αστερας έπτα· και εκ του στοματος and out of the hand stars seren; αυτου βομφαια διστομος οξεια εκπορευομενη. orhim a bread-sword two-mouthed sharp proceeding; και ή οψις αυτου, ως δ ήλιος φαινει εν τη and the appearance of him, as the sun shines in the δυναμει αύτου. 17 Και ότε ειδον αυτον επεσα And when I saw power of himself. him προς τους ποδας αυτου, ώς νεκρος· και εθηκε την at the feet of him, as dead; and he placed the εγενομην νεκρος, και ίδου ζων ειμι εις Tous Iwas dead, and lo heing lam for the αιωνας των αιωνων και εχω τας κλεις του ages of the ages; and I have the keys of the θανατου και του άδου. ¹⁹ Γραψον ουν α death and of the unseen. Write thou therefore the things ειδες, και ά εισι, και ά μελλει γινεσθαι thou sawest, even the things are, and the things about to occur μετα ταυτα· ²⁰ το μυστηριον των έπτα αστεthe secret of the seven ρων ών ειδες επι της δεξιας μου, και τας which thou sawest on the right of me, and the Οί έπτα αστερες, έπτα λυχνίας τας χρυσας. The seven αγγελοι των έπτα εκκλησιων εισι και αί λυχ-

KEΦ. β' . 2.

messengers of the seven congregations are; and 'e lamp-

νιαι αί επτα, επτα εκκλησιαι εισι.

stands the seven, seven congregations are.

 1 T ϕ ayye $\lambda \phi$ ths ev E ϕ e $\sigma \phi$ ekk λ h σ tas ypa-By the messenger of the in Ephesus congregation dothon ψον Ταδε λεγει ὁ κρατων τους έπτα αστερας write; Thesethings says theoneholding the seven ευ τη δεξια αύτου, ό περιπατων εν μεσφ των in the right of himself, the one walking in midst of the ϵ πτα λυχνιων των χρυσων. 2 οιδα τα ϵ ργα σου, seven lampstands the galden. I know the works of thee, και τον κοπον *[σου,] και την ύπομονη σου, and the tail [of thee,] and the patient endurance of thee

Wool, as Snow; and Inia EVES as a Flame of Fire;

15 tand his feet like to fine Brass glowing with fire, as in a Furnace; and this voice as the Voice of

many Waters; 16 ‡and having in his RIGHT Hand seven Stars; tand out of his Mouth proceeding a sharp twoedged broad Sword; and this APPEARANCE as the sum shines in STRENGTH.

17 And twhen I saw him, I fell at his FFET as dead; but the placed his RIGHT hand on me, saying, "Fear not; IH am the

18 and the LIVINGONE; I was even dead, but, behold, \$1 am living for the AGES of the AGES; and I have the KEYS of DEATH and of HADES.

19 Write therefore the things thou sawest, even those which are, and the things which are about to transpire after these.

20 As for the SECRET of the seven Stars which thou sawest in my RIGHT hand, and the SEVEN GOLDEN Lampstands; the SEVEN Stars are # Messengers of the SEVEN Congregations, and the SEVEN LAMPSTANDS are Seven Congregations.

CHAPTER II.

1 By the MESSENGER of the CONGREGATION in Ephcsus, write; These things says Inc who HOLDS the SEVEN Stars in his right hand, the who walks in the Midst of the SEVEN GOLDEN Lampstands;

2 II know thy WORKS, and thy TOIL, and thy PATIENT ENDURANCE,

^{2.} thy-is omitted by A c. + 17. FIRST-BORN (A.)

^{† 14.} Dan. x. 6; Rev. ii. 18. † 15. Ezek. i. 7. † 15. Ezek. xliii. 2; Rev. xiv. 2; xix. 6. x. 1. 10. verse 20. † 16. Rev. ii. 12, 16; xix. 15, 21. † 16. Acts xxvi. 13; Rev. x. 1. † 17. Ezek. i. 28. † 17. Dan. viii. 18; x. 10. † 17. Is xvii. 4; xliv. 6; xlviii. 12; verse 11; Rev. ii. 8; xxii. 13. † 18. Rev. iv. 0; v. 14. † Rev. ii. 1, &c. † 20. Mal. ii. 7; Rev. ii. 1, &c. † 20. Zec. iv. 3; Matt. v. 15. † 1. Rev. i. 16, 20. † 11. Rev. i. 13. † 2. Psa. i. 6; ver. 6. 13, 19, &c.

και ότι ου δυνη βαστασαι κακους και επειand that not thou artable to bear with bad ones; and thou hast ρασας τους λεγοντας έαυτους αποστολους ειναι, to be, those declaring themselves apnstles και ουκ εισι· και εύρες αυτους ψευδεις· 3 και and not they are; and thou hast found them liars; ύπομονην εχεις, και εβαστασας δια patient endurance thon hast, and thou hast suffered on account of the ονομα μου, και ουκ εκοπιασας.
name of me, and not thou hast wearied. 4 Αλλ' €χω But 1 have κατα σου, δτι την αγαπην σου την πρωτην against thee, because the love of thee the 5 Μνημονευε ουν ποθεν πεπτωκας, αφηκας. thou hast relaxed. Du thou remember therefore whence thou hast fallen, και μετανοησον, και τα πρωτα εργα ποιησον and change thy mind, and the first works do thou; ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι \dagger [ταχν,] και κινησω την if but not, I am coming to thee [speedily,] and I will remove the λυχνιαν σου εκ του τοπου αύτης, εαν μη lampstand of thee out of the place of itself, if not μετανοησης. 6 Αλλα τουτο εχεις, ότι μισεις thon doss change thy mind. But this thou hast, that thou hatest τα εργα των Νικολαιτων, α καγω μισω. the works of the Nikolaitana, which I also hate. εχων ους, ακουτατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις one having an ear, let him hear what the spirit says to the εκκλησιαις. Τφ νικωντι δωσω αυτφ φαγειν congregationf; To the one overcoming I will give to him $\epsilon \kappa$ του ξυλου της $\zeta \omega \eta$ ς, δ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu$ $\epsilon \nu$ τ ϕ παραfrom the wood of the life, which is in the paraδεισφ του θεου † [μου.]

S Kai $\tau \omega$ $\alpha \gamma \gamma \epsilon \lambda \omega$ $\tau \eta s$ $\epsilon \nu$ $\Sigma \mu \nu \rho \nu \eta$ $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma \iota \alpha s$ And by the messenger of the in Smyrna congregation Ταδε λεγει ό πρωτος και ό εσχαdo thou write; These thinga says the first and the last, τος, ός εγενετο νεκρος, και εζησεν. 9 οιδα σου and lived; I know of thee dead, who became †[τα εργα, και] την θλιψιν, και την πτωχειαν, [the works, and] the affliction, and the poverty, (αλλα πλουσιος ει,) και την βλασφημιαν εκ (but rich thou art,) and the blasphemy from των λεγοντων Ιουδαιους ειναι έαυτους, και ουκ to be themselves, and not those declaring Jewa 10 Μηδεν εισιν, αλλα συναγωγη του σατανα. an assembly of the adversary. Not but μελλεις πασχειν ιδου, μελλει fear thou the things thou art about to suffer; lo, is about βαλειν ὁ διαβολος εξ ύμων εις φυλακην, ίνα to cast the accuser from of you into prison, so that

and that thou art not able to endure wicked men; and thou hast trick those who DECLARE themselves to be Apostles, but are not, and hast found them Liars;

3 and thou hast patiently endured and hast suffered on account of my NAME, ‡ and ‡ thou hast

not been weary.

4 But I have this against thee, That thou hast relaxed thy FIRST LOVE.
5 Remember, therefore,

5 Remember, therefore, whence thou hast fallen and reform, and do the FIRST Works; but if not, I am coming to thee, and I will remove thy LAMP-STAND out of its PLACE, unless thou reform.

6 But This thou hast, That thou hatest the works of ‡ the NICOLAI-TANS, which I also hate."

7 (‡ Let him who has an Ear, hear what the spirit says to the congregations.) "To the conqueroe will I give to eat of the the twood of the Life, which is in the paradise of God.

8 And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGA-TION in Smyrna write; These things says the friest and the LAST, who was dead, and lived;

9 I know Thy Affliction and Poverty, (but thou art ‡rich;) and 1 know the BLASPHEMY of ‡THOSE DECLARING themselves to be Jews, and are not, but ‡au Assembly of the ADVERSARY.

Not ελλεί which thou art about to suffer; behold, the ENEmy is about to cast some of you into Prison, that

^{† 3.} thou hast not been weary (a.c.) 5. speedily—is omitted by (a.c.) 7. Wood is the primary signification of xulon, and may here denote, as in Rev. xxii. 2, an aggregation of dendra, or trees, commonly called a wood, or forest; a xulon of life, occupying a place on both sides of the river. 7. my—is omitted by (a.c.) 8. FIRST-BORN (A.) 9. thy WORKS, and—is omitted by (A.C.)

^{† 2. 1} John iv. 1. † 3. Gal, vi. 9; Heb. xii. 3, 5. † 6. verse 15. † 7. Matt. xi. 15; xiii. 9, 43; verses 11, 17, 29; Rev. iii. 0, 13, 22; xiii. 0. † 7. Rev. xxii. 2, 14. † 7. ien. ii. 9. † 8. Rev. i. 8, 17, 18. † 9. Luke xii. 21; 1 Tim. vi. 18; James ii. 5. † 9. Rev. iii. 19; 2 10. Matt. x. 22.

πειρασθητε· και έξετε θλιψιν ήμερων δεκα, you may be tried; and you shall have affliction days ten. Γίνου πιστος αχρι θανατου, και δωσω σοι τον Be thun faithful till death, and I will give to thee the στεφανον της ζωης. $11 \cdot O$ εχων συς, ακουσονώ of the life. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις· O hear what the spirit says to the congregations; The viκων συμη αδικηθη εκ του θανατου του οπεονετοιπίσηση το the may be hurt by the death the δευτερου.

second. 12 Και τφ αγγελφ της εν Περγαμφ εκκλησιας And by the messenger of the in Pergamos Ταδε λεγειδ εχων την βομφαιαν do thou write; These things says the one having the broad sword ¹³ οιδα † [τα εργα την διστομον την οξειαν that two-mouthed the snarp; I lenow [the works σου, και που κατοικεις, οπου δ θρονος του of thee, and] where thou dwellest, where the throne of the σατανα· και κρατεις το ονομα μου, και ουκ adversary; and thou holdest fast the name of me, and not την πιστιν μου, *[και] εν ταις ήμε-the faith ofme, [even] in those days thou didst deny the faith of me, ραις *[εν] αίς Αντιπας δ μαρτυς μου δ πιστος, [in] which Antipes the writess of methe faithful, δς απεκτανθη παρ' ύμιν, όπου ό σατανας κατοιwho was killed among you, where the adversary κει. 14 Αλλ' εχω κατα σου ολιγα, But I have against thee a few things, [because] εχεις εκει κρατουντας την διδαχην Βαλααμ, thou hast there some holding the teaching of Balaam, δς εδιδασκε τω Βαλακ βαλειν σκανδαλον ενωwho instructed the Balak to cast a stumbling-block πιον των υίων Ισραηλ, φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα και fore the sons of Israel, to eat idolfsacrifices and 15 Ούτως εχεις και συ κρατουντας πορνευσαι. So hast also thou some holding to fornicate. *[των] Νικολαιτων όμοιως. διδαχην THY teaching [of the] Nikolaitans in like manner. 16 Μετανοησον ουν. Μετανοησον ουν ει δε μη, ερχομαι σοι Change thy mind therefore; if but not, I am coming to thee ταχυ, και πολεμησω μετ' αυτων εν τη βομφαια quickly, and I will war with them by the broadsword 17 'Ο εχων ούς, ακουτου στοματος μου. The one having an ear, of the mouth of me. let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις T φ hear what the spirit says to the congregations; To the δωσω αυτώ του μαννα του κεκρυμ-VIKWYTI one overcoming I will give to him [of] the manna of that having been

you may be tried, and you shall have Affliction ten Days. ‡Be thou faithful till Death, and I will give to thee ‡the CROWN of LIFE."

11 (‡ Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT SAYS to the CONGREGATIONS.) "The CONQUEROR shall not be injured ‡ by the SECOND DEATH.

12 And by the MESSENGEE of the CONGREGATION in Pergamos write; These things says \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ILE who has the SHARP TWO-EDGED BROAD SWORD;

13 I know where thou dwellest,—‡ where the THEONE of the ADVERSARY is; and yet thou firmly retainest my NAME; and thou didst not deny my FAITH even in the DAYS in which Antipas was my WITNESS, † my FAITHFUL one, who was killed among you, where the ADVEESARY dwells.

14 But I have a few things against thee; thou hast there those holding the TEACHING of ‡Balaam, who instructed Balak to cast a Stumbling block before the sons of Israel, *both ‡to eat Idol-sacrifices, and ‡to fornicate.

15 So in like manner thou hast also those holding the TEACHING of the t Nicolaitans.

16 Reform, therefore; but if not, I am coming to thee speedily, and ‡will fight with them with the BROAD SWORD of my MOUTH."

17 (‡ Let HIM who has an Ear, hear what the spirit says to the congregations.) "To the conqueror I will give that manna which has

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1100.-13. even-omit. 13. in-omit. 14. both. 15. of the-omit. 17. of-omit.

^{† 13.} thy works, and—is omitted by (a.c.) 13. my—is added by (a.c.) 14. because—is omitted by (a.)

μένου, και δωσω αυτφ ψηφον λευκην, και επι hidden, and I will give to him a pebble white, and on την ψηφον ονομα καινον γεγραμμενον, ό ουδεις the pebble aname new having been written, which no one οιδεν ει μη ό λαμβανων.

knows if not the one receiving.

18 Και τω αγγελώ της εν Θυατειροις εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Thyatira Ταδε λεγει ὁ υίος του θεου, σιας γραψον· Thesethings says the sou of the God, $\delta \in \chi \omega \nu$ rous $\phi \theta \alpha \lambda \mu \sigma \nu s$ αύτου ώς φλογα the one having the eves of himself as a flame πυρος, και οί ποδες αυτου όμοιοι χαλκολιβανφ. offire, and the feet of him like to fine white brass; ¹⁹ οιδα σου τα εργα, και την αγαπην, και **τ**ην I know of thee the works, and the love, and the πιστιν, και την διακονιαν, και την υπομονην and the patient endurance and the service, σου, και τα εργα σου τα εσχατα πλειονα των of thee, and the works of thee the more of the last πρωτων. 40 Αλλ' εχω κατα σου, δτι αφεις But I have against thee, because thoulettest alone first. την γυναικα \dagger [σου] Ιεζαβελ, \dagger λεγουσα έαυτην the wife [of thee] Jezebel, the one calling herself

την γυναικα Τ σου] τεξαρελ, η λεγουσα εαυτην the wrife [of thee] Jezebel, the one calling herself προφητιν, και διδασκει και πλανα τους εμους a prophetess, and she teaches and seduces the my δουλους, πορνευσαι και φαγειν ειδωλοθυτα. bond-servants, to fornicate and to eat idol-sacrifices.

21 Και εδωκα αυτη χρονον ίνα μετανοηση, και And I gave to her time so that she might retorm, and

ου θελει μετανοησαι εκ της πορνείας αύτης not she wills to reform from the fornication of herself; 22 ιδου, βαλλω αυτην εις κλινην, και τους μοιίο, I cast her into a bed, and those competitions μ ετ αυτης εις θλιψιν μεγαλην, mitting adultery with her into affliction great, εαν μη μετανοησωσεν εκ των εργων αυτης, if not they should reform from the works of her, 23 και τα τεκνα αυτης αποκτενω εν θανατω και

and the children of her I will kill with death; and γνωσονται πασαι αί εκκλησιαι, ότι εγω ειμι ό all the congregations, that am the ερευνων νεφρους και καρδιας και δωσω ύμιν one searching reins and hearts; and I will give to you 24 'Υμιν δε **Ε**Καστω ката τα εργα ύμων. to each one according to the works of you. To you but λεγω, τοις λοιποις τοις εν Θυατειροις, όσοι I say, to the remaining ones to those in Thyatira, as many as

ουκ εχουσι την διδαχην ταυτην, οίτινες συκ not hold the teaching this, who not εγνωσαν τα βαθεα του σατανα (ώς λεγουσιν \cdot)

knew the depths of the adversary (as they say;)

Oυ βαλω εφ' ύμας αλλο βαρος 25 πλην δ

Not I will lay on you other burden; but what

been concealed; and I will give to him a white Pebble, and on the Febble ‡ a new Name engraved, which no one knows but he who keceives it:

18 And by the Messen-Ger of the Congregation in Thyatira write; These things says that son of God, who has this eyes as a Flame of Fire, and his Freet like to fine Brass;

19 I know Thy Works, and Love, and faith, and service, and patient endurance, and thy Last works to be more than the first.

20 But I have this against thee, Because thou lettest alone the WOMAN † Jezebel, who CALLS herself a Prophetess; and she teaches and seduces My Servants, † to fornicate, and to eat idol-sacrifices.

21 And I gave her time, so that she might reform; but she is not disposed to reform from her FORNICA-

TION.

22 Behold! *I will cast her, and those COMMIT-TING ADULTERY with her into a Bed,—into great Affliction; unless they reform from her WORKS.

23 And I will kill her CHILDREN with Death; and All the CONGREGATIONS shall know That ‡ # am HE who SEARCHES Reins and Hearts; ‡ and I will give to you, to each one, according to your WORKS.

24 But I say to you,—to the REST in Thyatira, as many as have not this TEACHING, who knew not the DEPTHS of the ADVERSARY, (as they say;) † I lay on you no Other Burden;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 22. I will cast (A B.)

^{† 20.} sou-thy, is omitted by c. very many MSS., and most of the versions. 24. Balloo I lay, a c, and many MSS.

hear what the

εχετε, κρατησατε αχρις ού αν ήξω. 26 Kai 6 hold fast till of which I may have come. And the νικων, και δ τηρων αχρι τελους τα εργα one overcoming, and theone keeping till an end the works μου, δωσω αυτώ εξουσιαν επι των εθνων. 27 και of me, I will give to him authority over the nations; ποιμανει αυτους εν βαβδω σιδηρα, ώς τα σκευη he shall rule them with a rod made of iron, as the vessels τα κεραμικα συντριβεται, ώς καγω ειληφα those earthenones it is breaking together, as also I received παρα του πατρος μου. 28 και δωσω αυτώ τον from of the father of me; and I will give to him 29 'Ο εχων ους, ακουαστερα τον πρωινον. the morning. The one having an ear, let him σατω τι το πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις.

КЕФ. γ'. 3.

spirit says to the congregations.

1 Και τω αγγελω της εν Σαρδεσιν εκκλεσιας And by the messenger of the in Sardis congregation γραψον. Ταδε λεγειδ εχων τα έπτα πνευ-These things asys the one having the seven ματα του θεου, και τους έπτα αστερας. Οιδα of the God, and the stars, seven Iknow σου τα εργα, ότι ονομα εχεις ότι ζης, και that a name thou hast that thou livest, and works, 2 Γινου γρηγορων, και στηρισον EI. VEKPOS dead thou art. Become thou vigipant, and strengthen λοιπα α εμελλον αποθανειν ου γαρ the things remaining which were about to die; not for εύρηκα σου τα εργα πεπληρωμενα ενωπιον I have found of thee the works having been completed in presence 3 Μνημονευε ουν πως του θεου μου. EINn-Remember thou therefore how thou hast reof the God of nie. *[και ηκουσας, και τηρει,] και μετανοη-[and thou didsthear, and observe.] and ceived reform. σον. Εαν ουν μη γρηγηρησης, If therefore not thou shouldest have watched, I may have come επι σε ώς κλεπτης, και ου μη YVWS and not not then mayest have known thee as a thicf,

επι σε ώς κλεπτης, και ου μη γνως on thee as a thief, and not not then mayest have nown ποιαν ώραν ήξω επι σε. ⁴ Αλλ' εχεις what hour I may have come on thee. But thou hast ολιγα ονοματα εν Σαρδεσιν, ά ουκ εμολυναν a few names in Sardis, which not soiled

τα ίματια αύτων και περιπατησουσι μετ' εμου
the garments of themselves; and liney shall walk with me

25 but what you have, hold fast till I * may have come.

26 And HE who conquers, even HE who tkeps my works to an End, ‡I will give to him Authority over the NATIONS;

27 ‡ and he shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; (as the EARTHEN VESSELS it is breaking them together;) as also I have received from my FATHER.

28 And I will give to him the MORNING STAR."

29 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

CHAPTER III.

1 "And by the MESSEN-"
GER of the CONGREGATION
in Sardis write; These
things says the who has
the seven Spirits of God,
and the seven Stars; t I
know Thy works, That
the hast a Name * That
thou livest, and thou art
dead.

2 Become vigilant, and *strengthen the remaining THINGS which were about to die; for I have not found Thy works fully performed in the presence of my God.

3 * Remember, therefore, how thou hast received and heard, and observe it, and ‡ reform. ‡ If, therefore, thou should not watch, I may have come † [on thee] as a Thief, and thou mayest by no means know at what Hour I may have come on thee.

4 But thou hast a Few Names in Sardis, which have not soiled their GAR-MENTS; and they shall walk with me in ‡white

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—25. shall open. 1. and livest (B.) the remaining things. 3. and thou hast heard, and observe—omit (B.)

^{+ 3.} on thee is omitted by (A c.)

^{\$\}frac{1}{2}\$ 25. Rev.iii.11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20. John vi. 20; 1 John iii.28. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 26. Matt. xlx.28; Luke xxii. 29, 30; 1 Cor. vi. 3; Rev.iii 21; xx. 4. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 7. Psn. ii. 8, 0; xlix. 14; Dan. vi. 1; Rev. xii. 15; xix. 15. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1. Rev. ii. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. 1 Tim. vi. 20; 2 Tim. i. 15; verse 11. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. erse 10. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 3. Matt. xxiv. 43; xxv. 13; 1 Thess. v. 2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4. Rev. iv. 4; vi. 11; vii. 9, 13.

εν λευκοις, ότι άξιοι εισιν. ⁵ Ο νικων, in white (robes,) because worthy they are. The one overcoming.

ούτος περιβαλειται εν ἱματιοις λευκοις και ου this shallinees himselfwith garments white; and not μη εξαλειψω το ονομα αυτου εκ της βιβλου αυτ lwillblot out the name of him out of the scroll της ζωης, και δμολογησω το ονομα αυτου ενωτιον του πατρος μου, και ενωπιον των αγγετεκτος of the father of me, and in presence of the messen-λων αυτου. $^{6} Ο εχων ους, ακουσατω τι το gers of him.$ The one having ac ear, let him hear what the πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. spirit says to the congregations.

⁷ Και τω αγγελω της εν Φιλαδελφεια εκκλη-And by the messenger of the in Philadelphia congregaσιας γραψον Ταδε λεγει δ άγιος, δ αληtion write; These things says the holy one, the true θινος, δ εχων την κλειν του Δαυιδο δ ανοιγων,

one, the one having the key of the David; the one opening, kal ov dels khelel kal khelel, kal ov dels avoland no one shuts; and shuts, and no one opens;

 γ ει· δοίδα σου τα εργα· ίδου, δεδωκα ενωπίον 1 know of thee the works; Io, I have placed before

σου θυραν ανεώγμενην, ήν ουδεις δυναται κλειthee a door having been opened, which moone is able to σαι αυτην ότι μικραν εχεις δυναμιν, και ετηthus her; because a little thouhast power, and thou

ρησας μου τον λογον, και ουκ ηρνησω το ονομα hast keptofme the word, and notthoudidstdenythe name μ ου. 9 Ιδου, διδωμι ϵ κ της συναγωγης του

ofme. Lo, I give out of the assembly of the σατανα των λεγοντων έαυτους Ιουδαίους είναι, adversary those saying themselves Jews to be,

και ουκ εισιν, αλλα ψευδονται ιδου, ποιησω and not they are, but speak falsely; lo, I will make

αυτους, ίνα ήξωσι και προσκυνησωσιν ενωthem, a other they may have come and may have prostrated beπιον των ποδων σου, και γνωσιν, ότι

fore the feet of thee, and they may have known, that $*[\epsilon\gamma\omega]$ $\eta\gamma\alpha\pi\eta\sigma\alpha$ $\sigma\epsilon^{\bullet}$ 10 $\delta\tau\iota$ $\epsilon\tau\eta\rho\eta\sigma\alpha$ $\tau\sigma\nu$ 11 loved thee; because thou hast kept the

λογον της ὑπομονης μου, καγω σε τηρησω εκ word of the patience of me, also I thee will keep from της ώρας του πειρασμου της μελλουσης ερχεσ-

της ώρας του πειρασμού της μελλούσης ερχέσthe hour of the trial of that being about to come θαι επί της οικουμένης όλης, πειρασαί τους

on the habitable whole, to try those κατοικουντας επι της γης. 11 Ερχομαι ταχυ·

dwelling on the earth. I come speedily;

(robes;) Because they are worthy.

5 The CONQUEROR shall * thus t be clothed in white Garments; and I will by no means blot out his name from the t book of life, and t will confess his name in the presence of my father, and in the presence of his angels."

6 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CON-

GREGATIONS.)

7 "And by the MESSEN. GER of the CONGREGATION In Philadelphia write: These things says the HOLY one, the TRUE, HE WHO HAS the KEY of DAVID, the Who OPENS and no one *shall shut, and shuts and no one opens;

8 ‡I know Thy WORKS; behold! I have placed before thee ‡ an opened Door, which no one is able to shut; Because thou hast a Little Power, and hast kept My WORD, and didst

not deny my Name.

9 Behold! I am giving up \$\pmod{\pmod}\$ Those from the Assembly of the Adversary, who declare themselves to be Jews, and are not, but speak falsely; behold! \$\pmod{\pmod}\$ I will make them to come and pay homage before thy feet, and to know That \$\pmod{\pmod}\$ loved thee.

10 Because thou hast kept the word of my patient endurance, ‡ £ also will keep Thee from that hour of trial which is about to come on ‡ the whole habitable, to try those who dwell on the farth.

11 : I am coming speedily; : hold fast what thou

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—5. thus be clothed, (A.C.) 7. shall shut; and he who shuts and no one shall open. 9. #—omit (B.)

^{† 5.} Rev. xix. 8. † 5. Phil. iv. 3, Rev. xiii. 8. † 5. Matt. x. 32; Luke xii. 8. † 7. Acts iii. 14. † 7. 1 John v. 20; verse 14; Rev. i. 5; vi. 10; xix. 11. † 7. Isa. xxii. 22; Luke i. 32; Rev. i. 18. † 7. Matt. xvi. 10. † 8. verse 1 to. 1 Cor. xvi. 9; 2 Cor. ii. 12. † 9. Rev. ii. 0. † 10. Isa. xlix. 23; lx. 14. † 10. 2 Pct. † 11. Phil. iv. 5; Rev. xxii. 7, 12, 20. † 11. verse 3; ltev. ii. 25.

14 Και τω αγγελω της εν Λαοδικεια εκκληΑπα by the measurer of the in Laudicea congregaσιας γραψον Ταδε λεγει δ Αμην, δ μαρτυς
tion write; These things says the Amen, the witness
ο πιστυς και αληθινος, ή αρχη της κτισεως
the faithful and true, the beginning of the creation
του θεου· 15 οιδα σου τα εργα, ότι ουτε ψυχρος
of the God; I know of the ethe works, that neither cold
ει, ουτε ξεστος· οφελον ψυχρος ής, η ξεσthou art, nor hot; I wish cold thou wert, or hot.
τος. 16 Ούτως, ότι χλιαρος ει, και ουτε
τους, ότι χλιαρος ει, και ουτε
τους τους ψυχρος, μελλω σε εμεσαι εκ του
hot nor cold, I am about the to vomit out of the
στοματος μου. 'Οτι λεγεις' 17 ότι πλουσιος

mouth of me. Because thou sayest; that rich ειμι, και πεπλουτηκα, και ουδενος χρειαν εχω, I am, and have been enriched, and not any need I have, και ουκ οιδας, ότι συ ει ό ταλαιπωρος και ό and not thou knowest, that thou art the wretched one and the ελεεινος, και πτωχος και τυφλος και γυμνος pitiable one, and poor and blind and naked; 18 συμβουλευω σοι αγορασαι παρ' εμου χρυσιον I counsel thee to have bought from of me gold

πεπυρωμένον εκ πυρος, ίνα πλουτησης having been burnt by fire, so that thou mayest have been rich; και ίματια λευκα, ίνα περιβαλη, and garments white, so that thou mightest have been clothed, και μη φανερωθη ή αισχυνη της γυμνστητος and not might have appeared the shame of the nakedness σου και κολλουριον, εγχρισαι τους οφθαλμους of thee; and eye-salve, to have rubbed in the eyes.

σου, ίνα βλεπης. 19 Εγω όσους εαν φιλω, of thee, so that thou may est see. I as many av if I may love,

hast, so that no one may take tilly Crown.

take thy Crown.

12 The CONQUEROR, I will make him ta Pillar in the TEMPLE of my God, and he shall never go out more; and ti will write on him the NAME of my God, and the NAME of the CITY of my God, the taken Jerusalem,—that COMING DOWN out of the HEAVEN from my God; and tmy NEW NAME.

13 (Let him who has an Ear, hear what the spirit says to the con-

GREGATIONS.)

14 "And by the MESSEN-GER of the CONGREGATION in Laodicea write; These things says the AMEN, the FAITHFUL and true witness, the BEGIN-NING of the CREATION of GOD;

God; 15 I know Thy works, That thou art neither cold nor he*; I wish thou wert

cold o. hot.

16 Thus Because thou art lukewarm, and neither hot nor cold, I am about to vomit Thee out of my MOUTH.

17 Because thou sayest ; 'I am rich, and have become wealthy, and have Need of Nothing;' and knowest not that thou art the WRETCHED and the pitiable one,—even * poor, and blind, and naked;

18 I counsel thee to buy from me Gold which has heen refined by Fire, that thou mayest be rich; and twhite Garments, that thou mayest be clothed, and the shame of thy NAKEDNESS may not be manifested; and Eyesalve to anoint thine EYES, that thou mayest see.

19 E, tas many as I

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1160.-12. the city of my God-omit. 12. my-omit. 17. FOOR.

^{† 11.} Rev. ii. 10. † 12. 1 Kings vii. 21; Gal. ii. 0. † 12. Rev. ii. 17; xiv. 1; xxii. 4. † 12. Gal. iv. 26; Heb. xii. 22; Rev. xxi. 2, 10. † 12. Rev. xxii. 4. † 14. Rev. i. 5; xix. 11; xxii. 6: verse 7. † 14. Col. i. 15. † 17. Hoshea xii. 8; 1 Cor. iv. 8; 1 19. Leal. V. 1; Malt. xiii. 44; xxv. 0. † 18. 2 Cor. v. 3; Rev. vii. 13; xvi. 15, xix. 8. † 10. Job v. 17; Prov. fii. 11. 12; Heb. xii. 5, 6; James i. 12.

ελεγχω και παιδευω ζηλωσον ουν και μετα-1 prove, and admonish; he thou zealous therefore and reνοησον. 20 Ιδου, έστηκα επι την θυραν, και I have stood at the Lo, door, κρουω εαν τις ακουση της φωνης μου, και I knock; if any one may have heard the voice of me, and την θυραν, εισελευσομαι προς αυτον, may have opened the door, I will go in to και δειπνησω μετ' αυτου, και αυτος μετ' and sup with him, and he with 21'O νικων, δωσω αυτος μεθενίτης €HOU. me. νικων, δωσω αυτφ καθισαι *[μετ' The one overcoming, I will give to him to have sat εκαθισα μετα του πατρος μου εν τφ θρονφ am sat down with the father of me in the throne 22 'Ο εχων ους, ακουσατω τι QUTOU. The one having an ear, let him hear what the πνευμα λεγει ταις εκκλησιαις. spirit says to the congregations.

ΚΕΦ. δ'. 4.

1 Μετα ταυτα είδον, και ίδου, θυρα ανεφlo, a door having γμενη εν τω ουρανω, και ή φωνη ή πρωτη, been opened in the heaven, and the voice the first, ίν ηκουσα ώς σαλπιγγος λαλουσης μετ' εμου, which I heard as of a trumpet talking with $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega \nu$. Aναβα $\delta \delta \epsilon$, και $\delta \epsilon i \xi \omega$ σοι $\delta \epsilon$ arying; Comethou up here, and I will show to the the things $\delta \epsilon \iota$ $\gamma \epsilon \nu \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ $\mu \epsilon \tau \alpha$ $\tau \alpha \nu \tau \alpha$. $\delta \epsilon \iota$ $\epsilon \upsilon \theta \epsilon \omega s$ it behoves to have done after these things. And immediately εγενομην εν πνευματι και ιδου, θρονος εκειτο and lo, a throne was placed I was in spirit; εν τω ουρανω, και επι του θρονου καθημενος. and on the throne one sitting; in the heaven, 8 και δ καθημενος δμοιος δρασει λιθφ ιασπιδι and the one sitting like in appearance to a stone a jasper και σαρδιώ, και τοις κηκγοθέν του θρονου όποιος and a sardius; and a rainbow round about the throne lik. δρασει σμαραγδινφ. 4 Και κυκλοθεν του θρονου in appearance to an emerald. And round about the throne in appearance to an emerald. θρονοι εικοσιτεσσαρεν και επι τους θρονους and on the thrones twenty-four; εικοσιτεσσαρας πρεσβυτερας καθημενους, περιtwenty-four sitting, with garments white, and on the been clothed ⁵ Και εκ κεφαλας αυτων στεφανους χρυσους. And from crowns ofthem goldeu. του θρονου εκπορευοντοι αστραπαι και φωναι the throne proceed lightuings and voices

love, reprove and admonish; be zealous, therefore, and reform.

20 Behold! I have stood at the DOOR, and I knock; if any one may have, heard my voice, and opened the DOOR, I I *will enter in to him, and feast with him, and he with me.

21 The CONQUEROR, ‡ I will give to him to sit down with me in my THEONE, as # also conquered, and sat down with my FATHER in his THRONE."

22 (Let HIM who HAS an Ear, hear what the SPIRIT says to the CONGREGATIONS.)

CHAPTER IV.

1 After these things I saw, and behold! a Door opened in the HEAVEN, and the FIRST VOICE which I heard, was as of a Trumpet speaking with me;—saying, t"Ascend hither, and I will show thee what *must occur after these things."

2 Immediately ‡I was in Spirit; and behold! ‡a Throne was placed in the MEAVEN, and on * the THRONE one sitting.

3 And the one SITTING was like in appearance to a Jasper-stone, and a Sardius; tand a Rainbow encircled the THRONE,—*similar in appearance to an Emerald.

4 ‡ And circling the THRONE were twenty-four Throncs; and on the THRONES twenty-four Elders sitting, ‡ having been clothed with white Garments, and on their HEADS Golden Crowns.

5 And from the THRONE proceed ‡ Lightnings and Voices and Thunders;

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—20. will both enter. 21. with me—omit. 1. must occur. Immediately after These things I was in Spirit. 2. the throng one sitting, to look upon like a Jasper-stone. 3. like to a Vision of Emeralds, (b.)

^{† 20.} Luke xii. 37. † 20. John xiv. 23. † 21. Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 50: 1 Cor. vi. 2; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. ii. 26, 27. † 1. Rev. i. 10. † 1. Rev. xi. 13. 12. Rev. ii. 10; xvii. 3; xxi. 10. † 2. Isa. vi. 1; Jor. xvii. 12; Ezek. i. 26; x. 1; Dan. vii. 0. † 3. Ezek. i. 28. † 4. Rev. xi. 16. † 4. Rev. iii. 4, 5, &c. † 5. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18.

και βρονται· και έπτα λαμπαδες πυρος καιομεand thunders; and seven lamps of fire burnναι ενωπιον του θρονου, αί εισι * [τα] έπτα ing in presence of the throne, which are [the] seven πνευματα του θεου^{, 6} και ενωπιον του θρονου spirits of the God; and in presence of the throne ώς θαλασσα ὑαλινη, ὑμοια κρυσταλλψ[,] και εν as a sea made of glass, like crystal; μεσφ του θρονου και κυκλφ του θρονου τεσσαρα midst of the throne and in a circle of the throne γεμοντα οφθαλμων εμπροσθεν και υπισliving ones being full of eyes before and 0 Ev. 7 * [Kai] το ζωον το πρωτον δμοιον the living one the first like [And] λεοντι, και το δευτερον ζωον όμοιον μοσχώ, to alion, and the second living one like to a young bullock, και το τριτον (ωον εχον [το] προσωπον ανand the third living one had [the] face of θρωπου, και το τεταρτον ζωον δμοιον αετω a man, and the fourth living one like to an eagle πετρμενφ. 8 Και τα τεσσαρα ζωα, έν καθ' έν flying. And the four living ones, one by one αυτων εχον ανα πτερυγας έξ, κυκλοθεν και of them had aptece wings six, round about and εσωθεν γεμουσιν οφθαλμων και αναπαυσιν within they are full of eyes; and rest ουκ εχουσιν ήμερας και νυκτος, λεγοντες.
not they have of day and of might, saging; Αγιος, άγιος, άγιος κυριος δ θεος δ παντοκραlloly, holy, holy Lord the God the almighty, τωρ, δ ην και δ ωv και δ ερχομενος. the one who was and the one existing and the one coming. 9 Και όταν δωσουσι τα ζωα δοξαν και τιμην And when shall give the living ones glory and honor και ευχαριστιαν τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, thanks to the onesitting on the throne, $(ωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων, <math>^{10}πε$ to the oneliving for the ages of the nges, σουνται οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι ενωπιον fall down the twenty-four elders in puesence του καθημενου επι του θρονου, και προσκυνηof the one sitting on the throne, and they shall do σουσι τφ ζωντι εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων, homage to the one living for the ages of the ages, και βαλουσι τους στεφανους αύτων ενωπιον and they shall cast the crowns of themselves in presence $\lambda \epsilon \gamma o \nu \tau \epsilon s$. Il a $\xi i o s = \epsilon i$, $\kappa u \rho i \epsilon$, worthy thou art, O Lord, του θρονου, of the throne. λαβειν την δοξαν και την τιμην και την δυνα-

and before the THRONE were burning ‡ Seven Lamps of Fire, which are the ‡ SEVEN Spirits of God;

6 and before *the THRONE as it were ‡a glassy Sea, like Crystal; ‡and in the Midst of the THRONE, and around the THRONE, Four Living ones, being full of Eyes before and behind.

7 ‡ And the first living one resembled a Loon, and the second Living one resembled a Steer, and the tited Living one † having the face as of a Man, and the fourth Living one was like to a flying Eagle.

8 And the FOUR Living ones, †having *each of them †six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes; and they have no rest Day and Night, saying, †1" Holy, holy, *holy, *Lord God, the OMNIPOTENT! the ONE who was, and the ONE who is, and the ONE who is COMING."

9 And when the LIVING ONES shall give Glory and Honor and Thanks to the ONE SITTING ON the THRONE, tO HIM \$\psi\$ who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES,

10 the TWENTY-FOUR Elders will fall down before the ONE SITTING ON the THEONE, and will do homage to HIM who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES, tand they will cast their CROWNS before the THEONE, saying,

του θρονου, λεγοντες.

αξιος ει, κυριε,

σ(the throne, saying; worthy thou art, Ο Lord,
λαβειν την δοξαν και την τιμην και την δυναto receive the glory and the honor and the power;

απο θρονου, λεγοντες.

11 αξιος ει, κυριε,

*† Ο Lord, even our God,
to receive the GLORY, and
the HONOR, and the POW-

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—5. the—omit. 6. his throne as. 7. And —omit. 7. the—omit (b.) 8. every one of them (b.) 8. holy, holy, holy, holy, Lord God. 11. O, Lord even our God, the holy one, to receive (b.)

^{† 7.} having, (AB.)

S. having, (A.)

S. six Wings apiece, round about and within are full of Eyes (AB.)

S. Holy—three times in A and most MSS., nine times in B.

11. the Lord, even our God, (AB.)

μιν ότι συ εκτισας τα παντα, και δια TO because thou didst create the all things, and on account of the θελημα σου ησαν, και εκτισθησαν.
will of thee they were, and were created.

KEΦ. ϵ' . 5.

1 Και ειδον επι την δεξιαν του καθημενου επι And I saw on the right of the one sitting en του θρονου βιβλιον γεγραμμενον εσωθεν και a scroll having been written within and the throne οπισθεν, κατεσφραγισμενον σφραγισιν έπτα. at the back, having been sealed up with seals seven; 2 Και ειδον αγγελον ισχυρον, κηρυσσοντα εν And I saw a messenger strong, $\phi \omega \nu \eta \quad \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta. \quad \text{Tis } \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \quad \alpha \xi \iota \iota os \quad \alpha \nu o \iota \xi \alpha \iota \quad \tau \circ \quad \beta \iota \beta - \phi \omega \nu \eta \quad \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta. \quad \text{Tis } \epsilon \sigma \tau \iota \nu \quad \alpha \xi \iota o \sigma \tau \circ \quad \tau \circ \quad$ λιον, και λυσαι τας σφραγιδας αυτου; and to loose the seals of it? nudels $\eta\delta$ uvato ϵv $\tau \varphi$ oupav φ , oude $\epsilon \pi \iota$ $\tau \eta s$ $\gamma \eta s$, no one was able in the heaven, nor on the earth, υδε ύποκατω της γης, ανοιξαι το βιβλιον, ουδε 1. I under the earth, to open the scroll, ⁴ Και εγω εκλαιον πολλα, ότι βλεπειν αυτο. And I was weeping much, because to see it. ουδεις αξιος εύρεθη ανοιξαι το βιβλιον, ουτε no one worthy was found to open the scroll, nor 5 Και είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων βλεπειν αυτο. And one of the λ εγεί μοι Μη κλαιε ίδου, ενικησεν ὁ λεων ὁ says to me; Notdo thou weep; lo, prevailed the lion that εκ της φυλης Ιουδα, η ρίζα Δαυιδ, ανοιζαι το of the tribe of Judah, the root of David, to open the β ι β λιον και τας έπτα σφραγιδας αυτου. 6 Και scroll and the seven seals ofit. And είδον εν μεσφ του θρονου και των τεσπαρων $_{
m lsaw}$ in midst of the throne and of the four ζωων, και εν μεσφ των πρεσβυτερων, αρνιον living ones, and in midst of the elders, a young lamb έστηκος ώς εσφαγμενον, εχον κερατα having been standing as having been slaughtered, it had horns $\epsilon\pi au$ a, και οφθαλμους $\epsilon\pi au$ α, οἱ εισι auα $\epsilon\pi au$ α seren, and eyes seren, they are the seven πνευματα του θεου *[τα] απεσταλμενα εις spirits of the God [those] having been sent forth into spirits $\pi \alpha \sigma \alpha \nu \tau \eta \nu \gamma \eta \nu$. 7 Kai $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$ kai $\epsilon i \lambda \eta \phi \epsilon$ * $[\tau o$ al! the earth. And hecame and took [the al! the earth. βιβλιον] εκ της δεξιας του καθημενου επι του from the right of the one sitting on θρονου.

throne. 8 Kai $\delta \tau \in \epsilon \lambda \alpha \beta \in \tau o$ $\beta i \beta \lambda i o v$, $\tau \alpha \tau \epsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \alpha$ And when he took the scroll, the four And when he took the scroll, the four the SCROLL, ‡ the FOUR (ωα και οί εικοσιτεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι επε- Living ones and the TWEN living ones and the twenty-four elders

ER; Because THOU didst create ALL things, and on account of thy WILL they were, † and were created."

CHAPTER V.

1 And I saw on the RIGHT of HIM SITTING ON the THRONE, ‡a Scroll, having been written with-in and * outside, # firmly sealed with seven Seals.

2 And I saw a strong Angel publishing with a loud Voice, "Who is worthy to open the SCROLL, and to break its SEALS?"

3 And no one was able in the "neaven, nor on the EARTH, nor under the EARTH, to open the SCROLL, nor to see it.

4 And I wept much, Because no one was found worthy to open the SCROLL, nor to see it.

5 And one of the ELD-ERS says to me, "Do not weep; behold, THAT LION has overcome which is of the TREBE of Judah, I the ROOT of David, * HE is also OPENING the SCROLL, and tits seven Seals."

6 And I saw in the Midst of the THRONE, and of the FOUR Living ones, and in the Midst of the ELDERS, ‡a little Lamb standing, as if killed, having seven Horns and the tseven Spirits of God sent forth into All the EARTH.

7 And he came and took the SCROLL from the RIGHT hand of the ONE SITTING OR THRONE.

8 And when he took fell TY-FOUR Elders fell down

^{3.} HEAVEN above, nor. * VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100 .- 1. outside (B.) 7. the scroll-omit (A.) 6. those-omit (B.) HE is also OPENING, (B.)

^{† 11.} and were created, omitted by A. 6. SEVEN omitted by A.

^{† 1.} Ezek. ii. 9, 10. † 1. Isa. xxix. 11; Dan ix. 4. † 3. verse 13; † 5. Gen. xlix. 9, 10; Heb. vii. 14. † 5. Isa. xi. 1, 10; Rom. xv. 12; Rev. xxii. 13; toverse 1; Rev. vi. 1. † 6. Isa. Hii. 7; John i. 29, 36; 1 Pct. i. 19; Rev. xiii. 8; verses 9, 12; 6. Zech. iii. 9; iv. 10. † 6. Rev. iv. 5. † 7. Rev. iv. 2. † 3. Rev. iv. 8, #

σον ενωπιον του αρνιου, εχοντες έκαστος κιθαdown in presence of the lamb, having each one harps, ρας, και φιαλας χρυσας γεμουσας θυμιαματων, golden and howls being full of odors, αί εισιν * [aί] προσευχαι των άγιων. 9 Kai prayers of the holy onea. [the] which are And αδουσιν φδην καινην, λεγοντες· Αξιος ει λαthey sung a song new, saying; Worthy thou art to βειν το βιβλιον, και ανοιξαι τας σφραγιδας receive the scroll, and to open the αυτου 5τι εσφαγης, και ηγορασας τω θεω offit, because thou wast slain, and didn't buy back for the God †[ήμας] εν τω αίματι σου εκ πασης φυλης και [us] with the blood of the cout of every tribe γλωσσης και λαου και εθνους, 10 και εποιησας longue and people and nation, and thou didst make αυτους τω θεω ήμων βασιλεις και ίερεις, και them to the God ofns kings and priests, and 11 Kat etdov, Kat And I saw, and βασιλευσουσιν επι της γης. they shall reign on the earth. ηκουσα φωνην αγγελων πολλων κυκλφ του avoice of messengers many in a circle of the I heard θρονου και των ξωων και των πρεσβυτερων throne and of the living ones and of the elders; και ην δ αριθμος αυτων μυριαδες μυριαδων, και and was the number of them myriads of myriads, χιλιαδες χιλιαδων. 12 λεγοντες φωνη μεγαλη. thousands ofthousands; saying with a voice great; Αξιον εστι το αρνιον το εσφαγμενον λαβειν την Worthy is the lamb that having been killed to receive the δυναμιν και πλουτον και σοφιαν και ισχυν και power and wealth and wisdom and strength and ¹³ Και παν τιμην και δοξαν και ευλογιαν. blessing. honor and glory and And every κτισμα δ επτιν εν τω ουρανω, και επι της γης, ereated thing which is in the heaven, and on the earth, και ύποκατω της γης, και επι της θαλασσης the earth, under and on the 804 ETTL, και τα εν αυτοις παντα, ηκουσα which is, and the things in them all, I heard λεγοντας. Τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου και τω saying; To the one sitting on the throne and to the αρνιω ή ευλογια και ή τιμη και ή δοξα και το lamb the blessing and the honor and the glory and the 14 Και τα κρατος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. might for the ages of the agea. And the τεσσαρα ζωα ελεγον. Αμην. και οί πρεσβυτεροι four living ones said; Subeit; and the elders

before the LAMB, having each *a # Harp and golden Bowls full of incense, which are # the Prayers of the SAINTS.

9 And they sung a new Song, saying, t"Thou art worthy to take the SCROLL, and to open its SEALS; t Recause thou wast killed, and tiddst redeem f[us] to God, with thy BLOOD, tout of every Tribe, and Tongue, and People, and Nation;

10 and thou didst make them to our GoD † ta Royalty and a Priesthood, and they shall reign on the

EARTH."

11 And I saw, and I heard *a Voice of many Angels in a Circle of the THRONE, and of the LIVING ONES and the number of them was \$ Myriads of Myriads, and Thousands of Thousands,

12 saying with a loud Voice, ‡ "Worthy is That Lamb which was killed to receive the Power, and * Wealth, and Wisdon, and Strength, and Houor, and Glory, and Blessing."

13 ‡ And Every Created thing which is in the HEAVEN, and on the EARTH, and under the EARTH, and on the SEA, and * All THINGS in them, All I heard saying, "To HIM who SITS on the THRONE, and to the LAME, be ‡ the BLESSING, and the HONOR, and the GLORY, and the MIGHT, for the AGES of the * AGES."

14 ‡ And the Four Living ones said, *"AMEN."
And the ELDERS fell down and did homage.

επεσαν και προσεκυνησαν. fell down and did homage.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—S. a Harp (AB.) 8. the—omit. 9. to open. 11. as a Voice. 12. the wealth. 13. All things in them, All I heard. 13. Ages. Amen. 14. Amen.

^{† 0.} us is omitted by a. and the Codex Sinaiticus p, and both read "to our Gop." 10. a Royalty and a Priesthood, (a.p.)

^{† 3.} Rev. xiv. 2; xv. 2. † 3. Psa. cxll. 2; Rev. viii. 3, 4. † 9. Psa. xl. 3; Rev. xiv. 5. † 0. Rev. iv. 11. † 9. Acts xx. 25; Rom. iii. 24; I Cor. vi. 20; vii. 23; Eph. i. 7; Col. i. 14; Heb. ix. 12; 1 Pet. i. 18, 10; 2 Pet. ii. 1; 1 John i. 7; Rev. xiv. 4. † 9. Dan. iv. 1; vi. 25; Rev. vii. 0; xi. 9; xiv. 6. † 10. Exod. xix. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 5, 9; Rev. i. 5; xx. 6; xxii. 5. † 11. Psa. lxviii. 17; Dan. vii. 10; Heb. xii. 22. † 12. Rev. iv. 11. † 13. I Chron. xix. 11; Rom. ix. 5; xvi. 27; 1 Tim. vi. 16; 1 Pet. iv. 11, v. R; Rev. i. 6.

КЕФ. s'. 6.

¹ Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε το αρνιον μιαν εκ των And I saw when opened the lamb one of the έπτα σχραγιδων, και ηκουσα ένος εκ των τεσ-seven seals, and I heard one of the four σαρων (ωων λεγοντος, ώς φωνη βροντης. living ones saying, as a voice of thunder; Ερχου †και ιδε. 2 Και *[ειδον, και] ιδου And [lsaw, and] lo Come thou and see thou. ίππος λευκος, και ὁ καθημενος επ' αυτον εχων having a horse white, and the one sitting on him τοξον· και εδοθη αυτώ στεφανος, abow; and was given to him a crown, και εξηλθε and he came out νικων, και ίνα νικηση. conquering, and that he might conquer.

³ Και ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την δευτεραν, And when heopened the seal the second, ηκουσα του δευτερου ζωου λεγοντος. Έρχου. I heard the second living one saying; Comethou. ⁴ Και εξηλθεν αλλος ίππος πυρρος. και τω καθη-And came out another horse red; and to the one μενω επ' αυτον εδοθη αυτω λαβειν την ειρηνην sitting on him it was riven to him to take the peace εκ της γης, *[και] ίνα αλληλους σφαξωσι. και from the earth, [and] so that each other they mightkill; and εδοθη αυτω μαχαιρα μεγαλη. was given to him asword great.

5 Και δτε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τριτην And when he opened the seal the third γιαυσα του τριτου (ωου λεγοντος: Ερχου † και 1 heard the third living one saying; Comethou and ιδε. Και * [ειδον, και] ιδου ίππος μελας, και εee thou. And [I saw, and] lo a horse black, and δ καθημένος επ' αυτον έχων (υγον εν τη χειρι the one sitting on him having a balance in the hand αύτου. 6 Και ηκουσα φωνην εν μεσω των τεσσίπ hinself. And I heard a voice in midst of the four σαρων (ωων λεγουσαν Χοινιξ σιτου δηναριου, living ones saying; A small measure of wheat for adenatius,

living ones saying; A small measure of wheat for a denarius, και τρεις χοινικές κριθης δηναρίου. και το ελαι- and three small measures of barley for a denarius; and the oil

ον και τον οινον μη αδικησης.
and the wine not thou may est hurt.

Τκαι ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την τεταρτην, And when he opened the seal the fourth, ηκουσα του τεταρτου (ωου λεγοντος: Ερχου I heard the fourth living one saying; Come thou fra. ιδε. δκαι *[ειδον, και] ιδου ίππος χλω-and see thou. And [I saw, and] lo a horse pale, ρας, και ὁ καθημενος επανω αυτου, ονομα αυτω and the one sitting on him, a name to him δ Θανατος: και ὁ άδης ηκολουθει *[μετ] the Death; and the unseen followed [with]

CHAPTER VI.

1 And ‡I saw *when the LAMB opened one of the SEVEN Seals, and I heard ‡one of the FOUR Living ones saying, as with a Voice of Thunder, "Come."

2 And †I saw, and behold! ‡a white Horse, and HE who SAT on him having a Bow; and a Crown was given to him; and he came out conquering, and that he might conquer.

3 And when he opened the SECOND SEAL, I heard the SECOND Living one saying, "Come."

4 ‡ And there came out Another, a red Horse; and to the ONE SITTING on him was it given to take PEACE from the EARTH, and that they should kill each other; and there was given to him a great Sword.

5 And when he opened the THIRD SEAL, I heard the THIRD Living one saying, "Come." And † I saw, and behold! ‡ a black Horse, and HE who SAT on him having a Balance in his HAND.

6 And I heard a Voice in the Midst of the Four Living ones, saying, "† A Chenix of Wheat for a Denarius, and Three Chenices of Barley for a Denarius; and ‡the OIL and the WINE thou must not mjure."

7 And when he opened the FOURTH SEAL, I heard the FOURTH Living one saying, "Come."

8 And † I saw, and behold! ‡a pale Horse, and one was SITTING on him, whose NAME was DEATH, and HADES followed after

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—1. That. 2. I saw, and—omit (E.) 4. and—omit (E.) 5. I saw, and—omit (E.) 8. I saw, and—omit. 8. with—omit.

^{† 1.} and see is omitted by A c. after "Come;" also in verses 3, 5 and 7. 2. I saw, and (A c.) 5. I saw, and (A c.) 6. The word chenix denotes a measure containing one wine quart, and a twelfth part of a quart. S. I saw, and (A. c.)

^{† 1.} Rev. v. 5-9. † 1. Rev. iv. 7. † 2. Zech. vi. 3; Rev. xix. 11. Zech. vi. 2. † 5. Zech. vi. 2. † 6. Rev. ix. 4. † 8. Zech. vi. 3.

αυτου· και εδοθη αυτώ εξουσια επι το τεταρτον and was given to him authority over the fourth part της γης, αποκτειναι εν βομφαια και εν λιμφ of the earth, to kill with sword and with fumine και εν θανατώ, και ύπο των θηριών της γης. and with death, and by the wild beasts of the earth.

9 Και ότε ηνοιξε την πεμπτην σφραγιδα, And when he opened the fifth seal, ειδον ύποκατω του θυσιαστηριού τας ψυχας under souls δια τον λογον του θεου, $T\omega\nu$ εσφαγμενων of those having been killed because of the word of the God, και δια την μαρτυριαν ήν ειχον· 10 και εκραξαν and because of the testimony which they held; and they cried φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες Έως πωτε, δ δεσποwith a voice great, saying; llow long, the της δ άγιος και αληθινος, ου κρινεις και εκδιreign the holy one and true one, not thou judgest and aveogκεις το αίμα ήμων απο των κατοικουντων επι est the blood of us from those dwelling 02 της γης, 11 Και εδοθη αυτοις στολη λευκη, και the earth? And was given to them a robe white. ερβεθη autois, ίνα αναπαυσωνται ετι χρονον, it was said to them, that they should rest yet a time, έως πληρωσωσι καιοίσυνδουλοιαυτων καιοί till should be completed also the fellow-slaves of them and the αδελφοι αυτων, οἱ μελλοντες αποκτειννεσθαιώς brethren of them, those being about to be killed Kal autol.

even they.

12 Και ειδον ότε ηνοιξε την σφραγιδα την Isaw when he opened the seal the έκτην, και σεισμος μεγας εγενετο, και δ ήλιος aixth, and an earthquake great was, and the aun μεγας εγενετο ώς σακκος τριγινος, και ή σεληand the moon became as sackcluth of hair, νη όλη εγενετο ώς αίμα, 13 και οί αστερες του whole became as blood, and the Stara ofthe ουρανου επεσαν εις την γην, ώς συκη βαλλει earth, as a fig-tree heaven fell to the τους όλυνθους αύτης ύπο ανεμου μεγαλου σειοthe untimely figs of herself by a wind great μενη, 14 και δ ουρανος απεχωρισθη ώς βιβλιον and the heaven was asparated from as ειλισσομένον, και παν ορος και νησος έκ των being rolled up, and every mountain and island out of the τοπων αύτων εκινηθησαν· 15 καιοί βατιλεις της places of themselves were moved; and the kings ofthe

him; and there was given to him Authority over the FOURTH part of the EARTH, to kill ! with Sword, and with Famine, and with Death, and I by the WILD BEASTS of the EARTH.

9 And when he opened the fifth seal, I saw under the \$ALTAR # the PERSONS of those whohad been KILLED because of tthe WCRD of God, and because of I the TESTI-MONY * which they held.

10 And they eried with a loud Voice, saying, "How long, O SOVEREIGN LORD! the HOLY one and true! #dost thou not judge and take vengeance for our blood from those who DWELL on EARTH ?"

11 And there was given to them †severally ; a white Robe; and it was told them I to rest yet for a Time, till both their FEL-LOW-SERVANTS and their BRETHREN, who were about to be killed even as then, should be completed.

12 And I saw when he opened the SIXTH SEAL, fand there was a great Earthquake, and the suv become black as Sackeloth of Hair, and the entire MOON became as BLOOD;

13 t and the STARS of the HEAVEN fell to the EARTH, as a Fig tree drops its untimely rigs, being shaken by a Great Wind.

14 ‡ And the HEAVEN was separated from its place, being rolled up as a Scroll; and ‡ Every Moun-tain and Island were moved out of their PLACES.

15 And the KINGS of

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. of the LAMB which (B.)

^{† 11.} severally a white Robe, (A c.)

^{† 8.} Ezek. xiv. 21. † 9. Rev. xx. 4. Rev. xi. 18; xix. 2. † 8. Lev. xxvi. 22. † 9. Rev. viii. 8; ix. 13; xiv. 18. ‡ 9. Rev. i 9. † 9. 2 Tim. i. 8; Rev. xii. 17; xix. 10. † 10. † 11. Rev. iii. 4, 5; vii. 9, 14. † 11. Heb. xi. 40; Rev. xiv. 13. † 12. Joel ii. 10, 31; iii. 15; Matt. xxiv. 20; Acts ii. 20. † 13. † 14. Psa. cii. 26; Isa. xxxiv. 4; Heb. i. 12, 13. † 14. Jer. iii. 1 12. Rev. xvi. 18. Rev. viii. 10; ix. 1. 23. Av. 24; Rev. xvi. 20.

γης και οί μεγιστανες και οἱ χιλιαρχοι και οἱ earth and the great ones and the commanders and the πλουσιοι και δ ισχυροι, και πας δουλος και and the strong ones, and every bundman ελευθερος εκρυψαν έαυτους εις $*[\pi \alpha s]$ themselves in the [every] freeman hid σπηλαια και εις τας πετρας των ορεων, 16 και and in the rocks of the mountains, and λεγουσι τοις ορεσι και ταις πετραις. Πεσετε they say to the mountains and to the rocks; ήμας, και κρυψατε ήμας απο προσωπου του us, and hideyou us from face on καθημενου επι του θρονου, και απο της οργης one sitting on the throne, and from the wrath τ ov approx. $^{17}\delta\tau$: $\eta\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\eta}\mu\epsilon\rho\alpha$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\mu\epsilon\gamma\alpha\lambda\eta$ of the lamb; because came the day the great της οργης αυτου και τις δυναται σταθηναι; of the wrath of him; and who is able to stand?

КΕΦ. (". 7.

1 Και μετα ταυτα ειδον τεσσαρας αγγελους And after these things I saw four messengers έστωτας επι τας τεσσαρας γωνιας της γης, on the corners of the earth, four ιρατουντας τους τεσσαρας ανεμους της γης, winds of the earth, four the ίνα μη πνεη ανεμος επι της γης, μητε επι ao that not might blow a wind on the earth, nor on 2 Kai της θαλλασης, μητε επι παν δενδρον. And the sea, nor on any tree. ειδον αλλον αγγελον αναβαινοντα απο ανατο-I saw another messenger rising up from a rising λης ήλιου, ηχοντα σφραγιδα θέου ζωντος και of sun, having a seal of God living; and εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη τοις τεσσαρσιν αγγελοις, be ened with a voice great to the four messengers, οίς εδοθη αυτοις αδικησαι την γην και την to whomit was given for them to injure the earth and the θ αλασσαν, $\frac{3}{3}$ λεγων $\frac{3}{3}$ Μη αδικησητε την γην, sea, saying; Not do you injure the earth, μητε την θαλασσαν, μητε τα δενδρα, αχρις ού till sea, nor the trees, σφραγισωμεν τους δουλους του θεου ήμων επι the bond-servants of the God of us on we have sealed των μετωπων αυτων. foreheads of them.

⁴ Και ηκουσα τον αριθμον των εσφραγισμεAnd I heard the number of those having been $\nu\omega\nu$, *[έκατον τεσσαρακοντα τεσσαρες χιλιαscaled, [one hundred forty four thou- δ ες εσφραγισμενοί] εκ πασης φυλης υίων Ισραηλ.

sands having been sealed] out of every

the EARTH, and the GREAT MEN, and the COMMANDERS, and the RICH, and the STRONG, and Every Bondman and Freeman, hid themselves in the CAVES and in the ROCKS of the MOUNTAINS;

16 ‡ and they say to the MOUNTAINS and to the ROCKS, "Fall on us, and hide us from the Face of RIM who SITS on the TORONE, and from the WRATH of the LAMB;

17 the because the GREAT DAY of this WRATH has come, tand who is able to stand?"

CHAPTER VII.

- 1 † After this I saw Four Angels standing on the Four Corners of the EARTH, † restraining the Four Winds of the EARTH, so ‡ that no Wind might blow on the EARTH, nor on the SEA, nor on Any Tree.
- 2 And I saw Another Angel ascending from the Sun-rising, having the *Seal of the living God; and he cried with a loud Voice to the FOUR Angels, to whom it was given to injure the EARTH and the SEA,
- 3 saving, ‡"Injure not the Earth, nor the SEA, nor the TREES, till we have ‡ sealed the BOND-SEE-VANTS of our GOD ‡on their * FOREHEADS.
- 4 † And ‡I heard the NUMBER of the SEALED, ‡a Hundred and forty-four Thousand sealed, out of Every Tribe of the Sons of Israel.

tribe of sons of Israel;

^{. *} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—15. Every—omit (a B c.) 17. be saved. 2. Seals. 5. FOREHEAD. 4. a Hundred and forty-four Thousand having been sealed—omit.

^{† 17.} their (c.) 1. After this I saw, (A B C.) 4. And I heard the number of the SEALED,—omitted by A; but—a Hundred and forty-four Thousand sealed—retained by A B C.

^{† 16.} Hoshea x. 8; Luke xxiii. 30; Rev. ix. 6. † 17. Isa. xiii. 6; Zeph. i. 14; Rev. xxi. 14; 17. Psa. lxxvi. 7. † 1. Dan. vii. 2. † 1. Rev. ix. 4. † 8. Rev. vi. 6; ix. 4. † 3. Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. xiv. 1. † 3. Rev. xxil. 4. † 4. Rev. ix. 16. † 4. Rev. xiv. 1.

υτοί tribe οί Judah, twelve thousands having been sealed; εκ φυλης 'Ρουβην, ιβ' χιλιαδες 'Εσφραγισμενοι' ουτοί tribe οί Reuben, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] νοι'] εκ φυλης Γαδ, ιβ' χιλιαδες * [εσφραγισμεσιτό στιο τribe οί Gad, twelve thousands [having been sealed]] ουτοί tribe οί Gad, twelve thousands [having been μενοι'] εκ φυλης Ασηρ, ιβ' χιλιαδες * [εσφραγισμενοι'] εκ φυλης Νεφθαλειμ, ιβ' χιλιαδες καιειεί] ουτοί tribe οί Aser, twelve thousands [having been γισμενοι'] εκ φυλης Νεφθαλειμ, ιβ' χιλιαδες καιειεί] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, twelve thousands [having been sealed;] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, των Σιμεων τιρικου καια [having been sealed;] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, των Σιμεων τιρικου καια [having been sealed;] ουτοί tribe οί Maphatali, των τιρικου καια [having been sealed;] ουτοί τρικου καια [having been sealed;] ουτοί τρικου καια [having been sealed;] ουτοί τρικου οί Ενίμα βεν καια βενίμα βεν καια βεν και βεν και βεν καια βεν και βεν

having been scaled. ⁹ Μετα ταυτα είδον, και ίδου οχλος πολυς, After thesetbings lasw, and lo acrowd great, δν αριθμησαι *[αυτον] ουδεις ηδυνατο, εκ which to have numbered [him] no one was able, ontof παντος εθνους και φυλων και λαων και γλωσevery nation and oftribes and of peoples and oftongues, σων, έστωτες ενωπιον του θρονου και ενωπιον atan-ling in presence of the throne and in presence του αρνιου, περιβεβλημενους στολας λευκας, of the lamb, having been clothed robes white, και φοινικές εν ταις χερσιν αυτων· 10 και κραand palms in the hands of them; and they ζουσι φωνη μεγαλη, λεγοντες ή σωτηρια τω ery with avoice great, asying; The salvation to the θεω ήμων τω καθημενώ επι του θρονου, και τω God of the tothat one sitting on the throne, and to the aρνιφ. 1. Και παντες οί αγγελοι έστηκεσαν lamb And all the messengers stood κικλφ του θρονου και των πρεσβυτερων και in a chicle on the throne and of the elders and τω: τεσσαρων ζωων, και επεσον ενωπιον του o'.bs tour living ones, and fell down before the θρονου επιτα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνηthrone on the faces of themselves, and worshipped σαν τφ θεφ, 12 λεγοντες. Αμην, ή ευλογία και the God, saying; So be it; the blessing and ή δοξα και ή σοφια και ή ευχαριστια και ή the glary and the wisdom and the thanksgiving and the

5 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Judah; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Reuben; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Gad;

6 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Asher; Twelve thousand out of the Tribe of Naphtali; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Manasseh;

7 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Simeon; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Levi; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Issachar;

8 Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Zebulun; Twelve Thousand out of the Tribe of Joseph; Twelve Thousand sealed out of the Tribe of Benjamin.

9 After these things I saw, and behold! a great Crowd, which no one could have numbered, out of Every Nation, and of all Tribes, and Peoples, and Languages, standing befere the THEONE, and in the presence of the LAME, invested with white Robes, and Palm-branches in their HANDS;

10 and they cry with a loud Voice. saying, ‡ "The salvation [be ascribed] to that God of ours twhosits on the throng, and to the LAMB."

11 ‡ And All the ANGELS stood around the THRONE, and the FLDERS, and the FOUR Living ones, and they fell down on their FACES before the THRONE, and worshipped God,

12 the Blessino, and the Blessino, and the GLOBY, and the WISDOM, and the THANKSGIVING,

VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1100.-5-8. having been sealed-omit (A. B C.)

^{† 9.} Rev. v. 9. † 9. Rev. iii. 5, 18; iv. 4; vi. 11; verse 14. † 10. Psa, iii. 8; io., xliii. 11; Jer. iii. 23; Hoshca xiii. 4; Rev. xix. 1. † 10. Rev. v. 13. † 11. Rev. v. 13. 11.

τιμη και ή δυναμις και ή ισχυς τω θεω ήμων honor and the power and the strength to the God of us εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων † [αμην.] for the ages of the ages; [so be it.]

13 Και απεκριθη είς εκ των πρεσβυτερων, And answered one of the elders, λεγων μοι Ούτοι οί περιβεβλημενοι τας στο-anying to me; These the ones having been clothed the rohes λας τας λευκας, τινας είσι, και ποθεν ηλθον; the white, who are they, and whence came they?

14 Και ειρηκα αυτώ. Κυριε μου, συ οιδας.
And I said to him; Olord of me, thou knowest. ειπε μοι Ούτοι εισιν οί ερχομενοι εκ της θλιhe said to me; These are they coming out of the ψεως της μεγαλης, και επλυναν τας στολας great, and tion the washed the αύτων, και ελευκαναν αυτας εν τ φ αίματι of themselves, and whitened them in the blood του αρνιου. ¹⁵ Δ ια τουτο εισιν ενωπιον του of the lamb. On account of this they are in presence of the θρονου του θεου, και λατρευουσιν αυτώ ήμερας throne of the God, and publicly serve him και νυκτος εν τφ ναφ αυτου και δ καθημενος and night in the temple of him; and the one sitting επι του θρονου, σκηνωσει επ' αυτους. 16 Ou on the throne, pitches his tent over them. πεινασουσιν ετι, ουδε διψησουσιν *[ετι,] ουδ∈ they will hunger more, neither will they thirst [more,] μη πεση επ' αυτους ό ήλιος, ουδε παν καυμα·
not may fall on them the sun, nor any heat; 17 ότι το αρνιον το ανα μεσον του θρονου ποι-because the lamb that in the midst of the throne will μανει αυτους, και όδηγησει αυτους επι ζωης and will lead them to of life them, πηγας ύδατων και εξαλειψει δ θεος παν δακand will wipe away the God fountains of waters; every

ρυον εκ των οφθαλμων αυτων. from the eyes of them.

КЕФ. η'. 8.

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} 1 & Kai & \delta \tau \epsilon & \eta \nu o \xi \epsilon & \tau \eta \nu & \sigma \phi \rho \alpha \gamma i \delta \alpha & \tau \eta \nu & \epsilon \beta \delta o \mu \eta \nu, \\ & & \text{And} & & \text{when he opened the} & & & \text{seal} & & \text{the} & & \text{seventh}, \\ \end{aligned}$

εγενετο σιγη εν τω ουρανω ως ημιωριον. 2 Και was allence in the heaven about half an hour. And

was silence in the heaven about half an hour. And $\epsilon:50\nu$ τους $\epsilon\pi\tau\alpha$ αγγελους, οί $\epsilon\nu\omega\pi$ του $\theta\epsilon$ ου ϵ and the seven messengers, who in presence of the God $\epsilon\sigma\tau\eta\kappa\alpha\sigma\iota$ και $\epsilon\delta\sigma\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ αυτοις $\epsilon\pi\tau\alpha$ $\sigma\alpha\lambda\pi\iota\gamma\gamma\epsilon$ s. have stood; and were given to them seven trumpets.

 3 Και αλλος αγγελος ηλθε, και εσταθη επι το And another messenger eame, and stood at the θυσιαστηριον, εχων λιβανωτον χρυσουν· και

altar, having a censer golden; and

and the HONOR, and the POWER, and the STRENGTH, be to our God for the AGES of the AGES."

13 And one of the ELD-ERS answered, saying to me, "These who have been INVESTED with WHITE ‡ ROBES, who are they? and whence did they come?"

14 And I said to him, "My Lord, thou knowest." And he said to me, to These are THOSE COMING OUT Of the GREAT AFFLICTION, and they washed their ROBES, and whitened them in the BLOOD of the LAMB.

15 On this account they are before the THEONE of GOD, and publicly serve him Day and Night in his TEMPLE; and HE who SITS On the THRONE ‡ will tabernacle over them.

16 ‡ They will hunger no more, neither will they thirst any more; ‡ nor will the sun fall on them,

nor Any Heat.

17 Because THAT LAMB which is in the Midst of the THRONE ‡ will tend them, and will lead them to Fountains of Waters of Life; ‡ and God will wipe away Every Tear from their EXES."

CHAPTER VIII.

l And twhen he opened the seventh seal, there was Silence in the heaven about Half an Hour.

2 And I saw the SEVEN ANGELS ‡ who stand in the presence of GOD, and Seven Trumpets were given to them.

eiven to them.

3 And Another Angel came and stood by the ALTAR, having a golden Censer; and to him much

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 16. more-omit.

^{+ 12.} So be it-omitted by c.

^{† 13.} verse 9. † 14. Rev. vi. 9; xvii. 5. † 14. Isa. i. 18; Heb. ix. 14; 1 John f. 7; Rev. i. 5. See Zech. iii. 3-5. † 15. Isa. iv. 5, 7; Rev. xxi. 8. † 16. Isa. xlix. 10. † 17. Psa. xxii. 8; John x. 11, 14. † 17. Isa. xxvi. 8; Rev. xxi. 4. † 17. Rev. vi. 1. † 2. Luke i. 10.

an earthquake.

εδοθη αυτώ θυμιαματα πολλα, ίνα δωση ταις was given to him incenses many, so that he might give for the προσευχαις των άγιων παντων επι το θυσιαστηprayers of the holy ones of all on the ριον το χρυσουν το ενωπιον του θρονου. 4 Kai the golden that in presence of the throne. And ανεβη ό καπνος των θυμιαματων ταις προσευwent up the smoke of the incenses with the χαις των άγιων εκ χειρος του αγγελου, ενωπιον of the holy ones from hand of the messenger, in presence του θεου. 5 Και ειληφεν δ αγγελος τον λιβαν-And took the messenger the censer, of the God. ωτον, και εγεμισεν αυτον εκ του πυρος του him from the filled fire of the θυσιαστηριου, και εβαλεν εις την γην. cast into the earth; εγενοντο φωναι και βρονται και αστραπαι και voices and thunders and lightnings and σεισμος.

⁶ Και οἱ ἑπτα αγγελοι, οἱ εχοντες τας ἑπτα And the seven messengers, those having the seven σαλπιγγας, ἡτοιμασαν ἑαυτους, ἱνα σαλπισωσι. trumpets, prepared themselves, so that they might sound. † Και ὁ πρωτος εσαλπισε, και εγενετο χαλαία Aod the first sounded, and was hail και πυρ' μεμιγμένα εν αἱματι, και εβληθη εις and fire having been mingled with blood, and they were cast into την γην και το τρίτον της γης κατακαη, και the earth; and the third of the earth was burnt up, and το τρίτον των δενδρων κατέκαη, και πας χορτος the third of the trees was burnt up, and all grass χλωρος κατέκαη.

green was burnt up.

⁸ Και δ δευτερος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ως And the second messenger sounded, and as it were opos μ εγα $*[\pi \nu \rho \iota]$ καιομενον εβληθη εις την a monatain great [with fire] burning was cast into the θαλασσαν και εγενετο το τριτον των φαλαστας, and became the third of the sea, σης, αίμα * και απεθανε το τριτον των κτ!σμα-

 $των \stackrel{\mathsf{r}}{\underset{\mathsf{bod}}{\mathsf{c}}}$ in the sea, things having souls;

και το τριτων των πλοιων διεφθαρη. and the third of the ships was destroyed.

10 Και δ τριτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και επεσεν And the third messenger sounded, and fell εκ του ουρανου αστηρ μεγας καιομενος ώς λαμπος the heaven astar great burning lika a πας, και επεσεν επι το τριτον των ποταμων, lamp, and it fell on the third of the rivers, και επι τας πηγας των ύδατων. 11 Και το ονόμα and on the fountains of the waters. And the name

Incense was given, that he should give it for the PRAYERS of all the SAINTS ON THAT GOLDEN ALTAR which is before the THRONE.

4 And the SMOKE of the PERFUMES went up for the PRAYERS of the SAINTS out of the Hand of the ANGEL, in the presence of GOD.

5 And the ANGEL took the CENSER, and filled it from the FIRE of the AL-TAR, and threw it on the EARTH; and ‡ there were * † Thunders and Lightnings and Voices and an Earthquake.

6 And THOSE SEVEN Angels HAVING the SEV-EN Trumpets prepared themselves that they might

sound them.

7 And the first sounded his trumpet, I and thero was Hail and Fire mingled with Blood, and they were thrown I on the EARTH; and the THIED of the EARTH was burnt up, and the THIED of I the TREES was burnt up, and All green Grass was burnt up.

8 And the SECOND Angel sounded his trumpet, and as it were a great burning Mountain was cast into the SEA; and the THIRD of the SEA became Blood;

9 ‡ and the THIRD of the CREATURES which were in the SEA, THINGS having Life, died; and the THIRD of the SHIPS were

destroyed.

10 And the THIED Angel sounded his trumpet, and a great Star, burning as a torch, fell from HEAVEN, and it fell on the THIED of the RIVERS, and on the FOUNTAINS of the WATERS.

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-5. Thunders and Voices and (B.)

8. with Fire

9. of those-omit.

^{† 5.} Thunders and Lightnings and Voices, (A.)

^{† 3.} Rev. v. 8. † 5. Rev. xvi. 18.. † 7. Ezek. xxxviii. 2. † 7. Rev. xvi. 5. † 8. Jer. ii. 25; Amos vii. 4. † 10. Isa. xiv. 12; Rev. xvi. 3. † 10. Isa. xiv. 12; Rev. xvi. 3.

του αστερος λεγετμι δ Αψινθος και γινεται το of the star is called the Wormwood; and became the τριτον των ύδατων εις αψινθον και πολλοι των third of the waters into wormwood; and many of the aνθρωπων απεθανον εκ των ύδατων, ότι επικmen died of the waters, because they ρανθησαν.

were made bitter. 12 Και ὁ τεταρτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, Kal sounded, and And the fourth messenger επληγη το τριτον του ήλιου και το τριτον της was amitten the third of the sun and the third of the σεληνης και το τριτον των αστερων, ίνα окоmoon and the third of the atara, so that might be τισθη το τριτον αυτων, και ή ήμερα μη φαινη darkened the third of them, and the day not might shine το τριτον αύτης, και ή νυξ δμοιως. 13 Και ειthe third of herself, and the night in like manner. δον, και ηκουσα ένος αετου πετομενου εν μεin midlaw, and I heard one eagle flying Ovai, σουρανηματι, λεγοντες φωνη μεγαλη. Woe, saying with a voice great; ουαι, ουαι τοις κατοικουσιν επι της γης, εκ των on the earth, from the woe to those dwelling λοιπων φωνων της σαλπιγγος των τριων αγγεremaining aounds of the trumpet of the three messenλων των μελλοντων σαλπιζειν.

ut to sound. ΚΕΦ. θ'. 9.

gera of those being about

1 Και δ πεμπτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ειδον counded, and laaw Aud the fifth messenger αστερα εκ του ουρανου πεπτωκοτα εις την γην, a star from the heaven baving fallen to the earth, και εδοθη αυτώ ή κλεις του φρεατος της αβυσand was given to him the key of the pit ofthe deep; σου 2* [και ηνοιξε το φρεαρ της αβυσσου.] [and he opened the pit of the Και ανεβη καπνος εκ του φρεατος ώς καπνος And weutup a smoke out of the pit as καμινου μεγαλης, και εσκοτισθη δ ήλιος και δ and was darkened the sun and the great, ³ Ка*і* єк то*и* αηρ εκ του καπνου του φρεατος. amoke of the And out of the air by the pit. καπνου εξηλθον ακριδες εις την γην, και εδοθη smoke went forth locusta into the earth, and was given *[εξουσιαν] αυταις εξουσια ώς εχουσιν authority having [authority] the 28 σκορπιοι της γης 4 και ερδεθη αυταις, ίνα μη scorpions of the earth; and it was said to them, that not τον χορτον της γης, ουδε παν the grass of the earth, nor any αδικησωσι they should injure the

11 And the NAME of the STAR is called WORM-WOOD; and the THIRD of the WATERS became Wormwood; and many of the MEN died Because of the bitterness of the WATERS.

12 And the fourth Angel sounded his trumpet, and the there of the sun was smitten, and the the the first of the moon, and the there of the moon, and the there of them might be darkened, *and the DAY might not shine the thethere of it, and the night in like manner.

13 And I saw, and ‡ I heard an Eagle flying in Mid-heaven, saying with a lond Voice, ‡ "Woe! Woe! Woe! to THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH, from the REMAINING Blasts of the TRUMPET OF THOSE THREE Angels who are ABOUT to sound."

CHAPTER IX.

1 And the fifth Angel sounded his trumpet, ‡and I saw a Star having lallen from the HEAVEN to the EARTH; and there was given to him the KEY of ‡ the PIT of the ABYSS.

2 And he opened the PIT of the ABYSS, and a Smoke tascended out of the PIT, as a Smoke of a *great Furnace; and the SUN and the AIR were darkened by the SMOKE of the PIT.

3 And from the SMOKE went out ‡ Locusts on the EARTH; and there was given them Power, ‡ as the SCORPIONS of the EARTH have Power.

4 And it was said to them that they should not injure the grass of the earth, nor Any Green

^{*} Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—12. and the third of them appeared not; the day and the night likewise (b.)
2. And he opened the fit of the abyss—omit (b.)
2. Authority—omit.

^{† 11.} Exod. xv. 23; Jer. ix. 15; xxiii. 15. † 12. Isa. xiii. 10; Amos viii. 9. † 13. Rev. xiv. 6; xix. 17. † 13. Rev. ix. 12; xi. 14. † 1. Rev. viii. 10. † 1. Rev. viii. 10. † 1. Rev. vii. 12. Joei ii. 2, 10. † 3. Exod. x. 4; Judges vii. 12. † 3. ver. 10. † 4. Rev. vi. 6; vii. 3. † 4. Rev. viii. 7.

χλωρον, ουδε παν δενδρον, ει μη τους ανθρωgreen thing nor any tree, if not the men πους οίτινες ουκ εχουσι την σφραγιδα του those who not have the seal of the θεου επι των μετωπων αύτων και εδοθη God on the foreheads of themselves; and it was given αυταις ίνα μη αποκτεινωσιν αυτους, αλλ' ίνα to them that not they might kill them, but that βασανισθωσι μηνας πεντε και δ βασανισμος they might torment months five, and the torment αυτων ώς βατανισμος σκορπιου, δταν παιση or them as a torment of a scorpion, when it may strike 6 Και εν ταις ημεραις εκειναις ζηανθρωπον. And to the days those shall τησουσιν οί ανθρωποι τον θανατον, και ου μη scek the men the death, and not not εύρησουσιν αυτον και επιθυμησουσιν αποθαhim; and they shall desire 7 Kai νειν, και φευξεται απ' αυτων δ θανατος. die, and shall flee away from them the death. τα δμοιωματα των ακριδων όμοια ίπποις ητοιforms of the locusts like to horses having μασμένοις εις πολέμον και επι τας κέφαλας been prepared for war; and on the heads αυτων ώς στεφανοι χρυσοι, και τα προσωπα of them sattwere crowns gulden, and the αυτων ως προσωπα ανθρωπων, 8 και είχον τριχαι ώς τριχας γυναικων, και οί οδοντες αυτων as hair of women, and the teeth ως λεοντων ησαν, ⁹και ειχον θωρακας ώς * [θωρακας] σιδηρους, και ή φωνη των πτερυγων αυτων plates, iron, and the sound of the wings ώς φωνη αρματων ίππων πολλων τρεχοντων se asound of chariote of horses many rushing ϵ is π o $\lambda\epsilon\mu$ ou. 10 Kai $\epsilon\chi$ ou σ iu ovpas $\delta\mu$ otas into battle. And they have tails like into battle. σχορπιαις, και κεντρα ην εν ταις ουραις αυτων. to corpions, and stings was n the tails και η εξουσια αντων αδικησαι τους ανθρωπους and the authority of them to unjure the men μ ηνας πεντε.

ΤΕχουσαν εφ αντων βασιλεα months five. They have overthemselves a king τον αγγελον της αβυσσου ονομα αυτώ 'Εβραthe messenger of the deep, aname to him nileιστι, Αβαδδων, και εν τη Έλληνικη ομομα εχει brew, of Abaddon, and in the Greek aname he has $A\pi \upsilon \lambda \lambda \upsilon \omega \nu$. The woe the one passed away; lo,

ερχονται ετι δυο ουαι μετα ταυτα.
comes more two woes after these.

13 Και δ έκτος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και ηκουσα And the sixth messenger sounded, and I heard

thing, nor Any Tree, but the MEN who have not the SEAL of GOD on their FOREHEADS.

- 5 And it was said to them that they should not kill them, ‡ but that they should be tormented five Months; and their Torment of a Scorpion when it stings a Man.
- 6 And in those days
 MEN ‡shall seek death
 and †not find it: and
 shall desire to die, and
 death will fly from them.
- 7 And the forms of the Locusts were like Horses prepared for War; tand on their Heads were as it were golden Crowns, and their faces were as the Faces of Men.
- 8 And they had Hair as the Hair of Women, and their TEETH were as Lion's teeth.

9 And they had Breast plates, as iron Breastpiates, and the SOUND of their wings was as \$\frac{1}{2}\$ the Sound of \$^*\$ Chariots of many Horses rushing to Battle.

10 And they have Talls like Scorpions, and *Stings; and in their TAILS was their POWER to injure MEN five Months.

11 They have *over them a King, the ANGEL of the ABYSS; whose NAME in Hebrew is Abaddon; and in the Greek he has the name Apoliyon.

12 ‡ONE WOE is past; behold! * Iwo Woes more are coming after these things.

13 And the SIXTH Angel sounded his trumpet, and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, NO 1160—9. as Breastplates—omit.

10. the Stings in their arius had Power to injure men (b.)

11. for a King over them an Angel of. (2.1 12 Two Woes more are coming (b.) And after these things, the sixth Angel also sounded (b.)

^{† 6.} not find it (A.)

φωνην μιαν εκ των τεσσαρων κερατων του θυ- I heard a Voice from the four horns of the voice one from the alσιαστηριού του χρυσού του ενωπιον του θεού, of the golden of that in presence of the God, 14 $\tilde{\lambda}$ εγουσαν τ ω έκτ ω αγγελ ω δ εχ ω ν την σαλsaying to the sixth messenger the one having the trumπιγγα. Λυσον τους τεσσαρας αγγελους τους Loose thou the four messengers those δεδεμενους επι τω ποταμώ τω μεγαλώ Eu-having been bound by the river the great Euφρατη. 15 Και ελυθησαν οί τεσσαρες αγγελοι And were loosed the four messengers οί ήτοιμασμενοι εις την ώραν και ήμεραν και those having been prepared for the hour and a day and μηνα και ενιαυτον, ίνα αποκτεινωσι το τριτον so that they should kill the third amonth and a year, 16 Και δ αριθμος των στρατευτων ανθρωπων. Andthe number of the men. του ίππικ υ, δυο μυριαδες μυριαδων. of the cavalry, two . myriads of myrads; ηκουσα τον αριθμον αυτων. ¹⁷ Και ούτως ειδον τους ίππους εν τη ορασει και τους καθημενους επ' the horses in the vision and those sitting on αυτων, εχοντας θωρακας πυρινους και ύακινθιthem, having b.eastplates fiery and hyacinνους και θειωδεις και αί κεφαλαι των ίππων ώς the audbrimstone-hke, and the heads of the horses as κεφαλαι λεοντων, και εκ των στοματων αυτων oflions, and out of the mouths ofthem 18 Aπo εκπορευεται πυρ και καπνος και θειον. goes out fire and smoke and brimstone. Bv τον τριων πληγων τουτων απεκτανθησαν το plagues these were killed the three τριτον των ανθρωπων, εκ του πυρος κα: του third of the men, by the fire and the καπνοι και του θεινό του εκπορευομένου εκ των smoke and the brimstone that going forth out of the στοματων αυτων 19 'Η γαρ εξουσια των ίππων The for authority of the horses mouths of them. εν τω στοματι αυτων εστι, και εν ταις ουραις in the mouth of them is, and in the tails αυτων αί γαρ ουραι αυτων δμοιαι • φεσιν, εχουαυτων αι γαρ συμαι αυτω σρείτης them; the for tails of them like serpents, havσαι κεφαλας και εν αυταις αδικουσι. 20 Και οί
Απα the And the ing heads; and with them they injure. των ανθρωπων οί ουκ απεκτανθησαν remaining ones of the men who not were killed $\epsilon \nu$ tais $\pi \lambda \eta \gamma a$ is tautais, ou $\mu \epsilon \tau \epsilon \nu o \eta \sigma a \nu$ $\epsilon \kappa$ by the plagues these, not reformed from των εργων των χειρων αύτων, ίνα μη προσκυ-

t FOUR Horns of the GOLDEN ALTAR which is before God,

14 saying to the SIXTIE Angel who had the TRUM-PET, "Unbind THOSE FOUR Angels who have been BOUND 1 at the GREAT RIVER Euphrates."

15 And THOSE FOUR Angels were unbound, who had been PREPARED for the HOUR, and Day, and Month, and Year, so that they might kill the THIRD of the MEN.

16 And the NUMBER of the ARMIES of the CAVAL-RY was Two Myriads of Myriads; (I heard the NUMBER of them.)

17 And thus I saw the HORSES in the VISION, and THOSE who SAT on them. having Breastplates fiery and Hyacinthine and Sulphur-like; I and the HEADS of the HORSES were as the Heads of Lions. and out of their mourns proceed Fire and Smoke and Sulphur.

18 By these THREE Plagues were killed the THIRD of the MEN,-by THAT FIRE and THAT SNOKE and THAT SUL-PHUR which PROCEED out of their mourns.

19 For the power of the HORSES IS IN their MOUTH and in their TAILS; ! for their TAILS are like Serpents, having Heads, and with them they injure.

20 And the REST of the MEN who were not killed by these PLAGUES # did not reform from the WORKS of their HANDS, that they should not worνησωσι τα δαιμονια, και τα ειδωλα τα χρυσα idols the golden ones ship the t DEMONS, and the και τα αργυρα και *[τα χαλκα] και τα λιθινα | IDOLS of GOLD and of [the copper ones] and the stone ones | SILVER and of BRASS and

the works of the hands of themselves, so that not they might

and the

worship the demons,

and the silver ones and

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT No. 1100 .- 20. and BRASS-omit.

^{† 13.} FOUR omitted by A.

^{† 14} Rev xvi. 12. † 19. Isa. ix. 15 cvi. 37, 1 Cor. x. 20. 1 16. Rev. vii. 4. t 17. 1 Chron. xii. 8; Isa. v. 28, 29. t 20. Lev. xvii. 7; Deut. xxxii. 17; Psa. 1 20. Deut xxxi. 20. 1 20. Psa cxv. 4; cxxxv. 15; Dan. v 23.

τ ξυλινα, α ουτε βλεπειν, δυναται ουτε the wooden ones, which neither to see. are able nor akouely, ουτε περιπατειν. ²¹ και ου μετενοησαν to hear, nor to walk; and not reformed εκ των φονων αύτων, ουτε εκ των φαρμακειων from the murders of themselves, nor from the sorceries αὐτων, ουτε εκ της πορνειας αὐτων, ουτε εκ of themselves, nor from the fornication or themselves, nor from των κλεμματων αὐτων.

КЕФ. ι'. 10.

 1 Και είδον * [αλλον] αγγελον ισχυρον καταAnd I saw [another] messenger strong coming εκ του ουρανου, περιβεβλημενον from the heaven, having heen clothed with βαινοντα νεφελην, και ή ιρις επι της κεφαλης αυτου, a cloud, and therainbow on the head of him, και το προσωπον αυτου ώς δ ήλιος, και οί ποδες and the face of him so the sun, and the feet αυτου ως στυλοι πυρος. ² και εχων εν τη χειρι or hum as pillars of fire; and having in the hand αύτου βιβλαριδιον ανεώγμενον και εθηκε τον ot himself a cittle scroll having been opened; and heplaced the ποδα αύτου τον δεξιον επι της θαλασσης, τον foot of himself the right on the δε ευωνυμον επι της γης δε και εκραξε φωνη and left on the land, and he ened with a voice μεγαλη ώσπερ λεων μυκαται. Και ότε εκραξεν, great even as a hon roars. And when he cried, ελαλησαν αί έπτα βρονται τας έαυτων φωνας.
spoke the seven thunders the ofthemselves voices. 4 Και ότε ελαληταν αί έπτα βρονται, εμελλον And when spoke the seven thunders, I was about γραφειν και ηκουσα φωνην εκ του ουρανου towrite; and I heard a voice from the heaven λεγουσαν. Σφραγισον ά ελαλησαν αί έπτα Seal thou up what spoke saying; the seven Βρονται, και μη ταυτα γραψης. 5 Kai δ tunaders, and not these things thou mayest write. And the αγγελος, δν είδον έστωτα επί της θαλασσης messenger, whom I saw standing on the και επι της γης, ηρε την χειρα αυτου την nod on the land, lifted up the naud of himself the δεξιαν εις τον ουρανον, 6 και ωμοσεν εν $\epsilon \nu$ right towards the heaven. he swore and by $\tau_{i\psi}$ (with els tous alwass $\tau_{\omega\nu}$ alwiw, is the one-living for the ages of the ages, who εκτισε τον ουρανον και τα εν αυτφ, και την created the heaven and the things in it, and the γην και τα εν αυτη, * [και την θαλασσαν και earth and the things in her, [and the sea and τα ωτη, δτι χρονος ουκετι εσται·
the things in her, because time not yet shall be. αλλα εν ταις ήμεραις της φωνης του έβδομου but in the days of the voice of the seventh

of wood, which can neither see, nor hear, nor walk;

21 nor did they reform from their MURDERS, ‡ nor from their SORCERIES, nor from their FORNICATION, nor from their THEFTS.

CHAPTER X.

- 1 And I saw Another strong Angel come down from HEAVEN, invested with a Cloud; ‡ and the RAINBOW was over his HEAD, and ‡ his FACE was as the sun, and his FEET as Piliars of Fire;
- 2 and having in his HAND *a Little scroll opened; and he placed his RIGHT FOOT on the SEA, and the LEFT on the LAND,
- S and cried with a loud Voice, as a Lion roars; and when he cried the SEVEN Thunders uttered THEIR Voices.
- 4 And when the SEVEN Thunders spoke, I was about to write; and 1 heard a Voice from Heaven, saying, ‡"Seal the things which the SEVEN Thunders spoke, and write Them not."
- 5 And the ANGEL whom I saw standing on the SEA and on the LAND, ‡ raised his RIGHT HAND towards HEAVEN,
- 6 and swore by HIM who Lives for the AGES of the AGES, \$ who created the HEAVEN, and the THINGS IN it, and the EARTH, and the THINGS IN it, and the SEA, and the THINGS IN it, frat the THINGS IN it, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ frat the TIME shall be no longer [delayed;]

7 but tin the DAYS of the BLAST of the SEVENTH

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1100.-1. Another-omit (B.) and the SEA, and the THINGS in it-omit.

^{2.} a Seroll.

^{† 21.} Rev. xxii. 15. † 1. Ezek. i. 28. † 1. Matt. xxii. 2; Rev. 1. 16. † 2 Rev. xxii. 5. † 4. Dan xiii. 26; xii. 4, 9. † 5. Exod. vi. 8; Dan. xii. 7. Nch. ix. 6; Rev. iv. 11; xiv. 7. † 6. Dan. xii. 7; Rev. xvi. 17. † 7. Rev. xxi. 15.

αγγελού, όταν μελλη Τσαλπιζείν, και ετελεσθη messenger, when hamay be about to sound, and ba unlabed το μυστηρίον του θεου, ώς ευηγγελίσε το μυστηριον του θεου, ώς ευηγγελισε the encounced glad tidings τους ξαυτου δουλους τους προφητας. the of nimself bond-servante the . prophets.

8 Και ή φωνη ήν ηκουσα εκ του ουρανου, And the voice which I heard from the heaven παλιν λαλουσα μετ' εμου, και λεγουσα. Υπαγε, again speaking with me, and saying. • Go thui, λαβε το βιβλαριδίου το ηνεφημενόν εν τη take thou the fittle acroli that baving here αποτοί χειρι του αγγελου του έστωτος επι της θαλhand of the messenger of the one standing on the ασσης και επι της γης. ⁹ Και απελθον προς, and on the land. And I went toτον αγγελον, λεγων *[αυτω,] δουναι μοι το βιβthe messenger. esping to him, to give to me the little λαριδιον. Και λεγει μοι Λαβε και καταφαγε seroll. And he says to me; Take thou and set thou αυτο 'και πικρανει σου την κοιλιαν, άλλ' εν τφ it; anditwillemb.tier of theo the helly, to but in the στοματι σου εσται γλυκυ ως μελι. 10 Kai mouth of thee ti will be sweet as honey. And ελαβον το Βιβλαριδίον εκ της χειρος του αγχετιτολ the little scroll out of the band of the messen-λου, και κατεφαγον αυτο και ην εν τω στομαστικ, and it was in the month of the control of the section of the control of the section τι μου ως μελί, γλυκυ και ότε εφαγον αυτο, είme as hoosy, ewest, and when late sign emikpavθη. ό κολιαμου. Π Και λεγει μοι Δει πρέ made butter the helly of me. And heavy to men it behoves σε παλιν προφητευσαι επι λαοις και εθνεσι και thee egain to propnery to people and nations γλωσσαις και βασιλευσι πολλοις.

hings Lougues and,

KEO. 1a'. 11.

¹ Και εδοθη μοι καλαμος δμοιος βαβδώ, λε-And wes given to me steed like to a cod. sayyar Exerpat, kat herphoor tor vaor tov beov, ing. Resethou, and measure thou the temple of the God. Rai TO OUGIAGT TOLON, KAI TOUS TOOKUVOUVTAS and the), altar, εν αυτω. 2 και την αυλην την εξωθεν του ναου in it, and the court that outside of the temple εκβαλε εξω και μη αυτην μετρησης, - ότι εδοdo thes cast out and not her thou mayest measure, because it was פון דטון בפטחסני and the city the holy green to the natione; and the city the πατηγουσι μηνας τεσσαρακοντα δυο. 3 Kat shall they wead - months forty δωσω τοις δυσι μαρτυσι μου, και προφητευ3 And I will endow my
1 will give to the two witnesses, and they

Angel, when he may be about to sound, and the SECRET of GOD should be completed, as he announced its glad tidings to *his SERVANTS the PROPHETS.

8 And the VOICE which I heard from HEAV-EN, was again speaking with me, and saying, "Go, take THAT LITTLE SCROLL which is opened in the HAND OF THAT ANGEL Who IS STANDING on the SEA and on the LAND."

9 And I went to the AN-GEL, telling him to give me the LITTLE SCROLL. And he says to me, t"Take, and eat it, and it will make Thy BELLY bitter, but in thy MOUTH it will be sweet as Honey."

10 And I took *the LITTLE SCROLL from the HAND of the ANGEL, and did eat it; tand it was in my mouth sweet as Honey; and when I ate it tmy belly was embittered.

11 And *they say to me, "Thou must prophesy again concerning Peoples, and *concerning Nations, and Languages, and many Kings,"

CHAPTER XI.

1 And ta Reed was given melikea Rod, -saying, t"Rise, and measure the TEMPLE of GOD, and the ALTAR, and THOSE who worship in it.

2 But 1 THAT COURT which is *OUTSIDE the TEMPLE cast out, and do notmeasureit; † Becauseit was given to the NATIONS; and the HOLY CITY I shall they tread forty-two Months.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .-- 7. his servants the prophets. 9. to him-11, they say to me (A B.) omit. 11, concerning. 10, the scroll. WITHIN.

^{\$ 8.} verse 4. \$ 10. Ezek. ii. 10. 1 2. Ezek. xi. 17, 20.

σουσιν ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα, περι-phery days a thousand two hundred sixty, baving Βεβλημενοι σακκους, Ούτοι εισιν αί δυο been clathed with sackcloth. These are the two ελαιαι και αί δυο λυχνιαι αί ενωπιον του κυριου olive-trees and the two lamp-stands those in presence of the & Lord Kat et TIS autous Delet And Ifany one them wills THE YMS ECTWTES. of the earth standing. αδικησαι, πυρ εκπορευεται εκ του στοματος ara. out of the to mouth proceeds αυτων, και κατεσθιει τους εχθρους αυτων' και of them, and ears op the commiss of them; and ει τις αυτούς θελει αδικησαι, ούτω δει αυτον Stanyons them , wills to injure, thus it behoves him αποκτανθηναι.

to be killed. .

6 Ούτοι εχουσιν τον ουρανον εξουσιαν κλειhave the bearen authority he to σαι, ίνα μη ύειος βρεχη τας ήμερας της προsaut so that not raio it may rain the days of the pro-φητειας αυτων και εξουσίαν εχουσίν επί των phecy of them; and h authority, they have cover the ύδατων, στρεφείν αυτα εις αίμα, και παταξαι waters, to tura them into blood, and to smire την γην, δσακις εαν θελησωσι, εν παση πληthe earth, as often as the they should will, with every of pleque. γη Ι Και όταν * τελεσωσι την μαστυρίαν when they may nish the testimony & αύτων, το θηριον το ανα αινον εκ της αβυσc. themselves, the wild beast that rising up out of the day deep σου ποιησει μετ αυτων πολεμου, και νικησει will make with * them war, and will conquer 8 Και το πτωμο αυτους, και αποκτενει αυτους. them and will kill them. A And the dead body ουτων εις της πλατειάς πολεως της μεγαλης, great o them into the street city of the ητις καλειται πνευματικώς Σοδομα και Αιγυπwhich is called spiritually Sodom and Egypt,
os, δπου και δ κυτιος αυτ'ν εσταυσωθη. 9 Και where siso the Lord of them & was crucified. And Βλεπουσιν εκ τω: λα ν και φυλων και γλωσthey look of the neorics and of tribes and . of σων και εθνων το πτωμα αυτων ημείας τρεις tongues and of nations the dead body of them days three ται ήμισυ, και τα πτωματα αυτων ουκ αφησουand a half, and the dead bodies of them -not will auffer σι τεθηναι εις μνημα. to be put into a tomb.

10 Και οι κατοικουντές επι της γης χαις υσιν And those dwelling co on the earth rejoice en autois, και ευφρανθησονται, και δωρα πεμever them. and will be glod, and gifts will
be up and prophets

out and handois, δτι ουτοί εί δυο προφηται
send to each other, because these the two prophets send

shall prophesy a thousand two hundred and sixty Days, clothed in Sackcloth,

4 These are ! THOSE Two Olive trees. THOSE TWO Lumpstands which STAND in the presence of the Lord of the

5 And if any one desire to injure Them, 1 Fire proceeds out of their MOUTH. and devours their ERE. MIES; tand if any one desire to injure Them. thus must be be killed.

6 These thave Authority to shut HEAVEN, so that it may not rain in the DAYS of Their PROPHECY; and they : have Authority over the Waters to turn them into Blood, and to smite the EARTH with Every Plague, as often as they choose.

7 And when they tshall have completed their TES-TIMONY, THAT WILD BEAST ASCENDING : out of the ABYSS ; will make War with them, and will conquer them, and kill them.

8 And their DEAD BODY shall be on the STREET of I the GREAT'CITY, which is called, spiritually, Sodom and Egypt, ; where also their LORD was crucified.

9 1 And some of the PEOPLES, and Languages, and Nations, see their DEAD BODY three Days and a half, f and do not permit their DEAD BODIES to be put into a Tomb.

10 And THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH rejoice over them, and will exult 1 and * send GIFTS to each other: 1 Because these Two Prophets tor-

[·] VATICAN MANUSCRIFT, No. 1100 .- 10 give GIFTS (B.)

^{1 8.} Rev. xiv. 6, xvii 1 6 1 9. Rev. xvii. 15. 1 1 Psa XTHE 10. 1xx1x 2 3 (XVI 10 1 10. Esther 1x. 19, 22. 1 10. Rev x11, 19; xiii &. 1 10. Rev.

εβασανισαν τους κατοικουντας επι της γης. tormented those dwelling on the earth. 11 Και μετα τας τρεις ήμερας και ήμισυ, πνευμα And after the three days and a half, (ωης εκ του θεου εισηλθεν εν αυτοις και εστηof life from the God entered in them; and they σαν επι τους ποδας αύτων, και φοβος μεγας feet of themselves, and fear 12 Kai the επεσεν επι τους θεωρουντας αυτους. on those beholding them. And ηκουσαν φωνην μεγαλην εκ του ουρανου, λεγουthey heard a voice great from the heaven, saying σαν αυτοις. Αναβητε ώδε. Και ανεβησαν εις to them; Come up hither; And they went up to τον ουρανον ϵ ν τη ν ϵ φ ϵ λη και ϵ θ ϵ ωρησαν the heaven in the cloud; and heheld the neaven in the cloud; and belief αυτους οἱ εχθροι αὐτων. 13 Και εν εκεινη τη them the enemies of themselves. And in that the ώρα εγενετο σεισμος μεγας, και το δεκατον hour was an earthquake great, and the tenth της πολεως επεσε, και απεκτανθησαν εν τω were killed in the of the city fell, and σεισμω ονοματα ανθρωπων χιλ αδες έπτα· και arthquake names of men thousands seven; and οί λοιποι εμφοβοι εγενοντο, και εδωκαν δοξαν the remaining ones a fraid hecame, and they gave glory $-\epsilon \omega \theta \epsilon \omega$ to unparau. 14 H out $\eta \delta \epsilon \omega \tau \epsilon \rho \alpha$ to the God of the heaven. The woe the second $\alpha \pi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ idou, η out η tripth $\epsilon \rho \chi \epsilon \tau \alpha \iota \tau \alpha \chi \nu$. passed away; lo, the woe the third comes speedly.

15 Και δ έβδομος αγγελος εσαλπισε, και εγε-And the seventh messenger sounded, and were νοντο φωναι μεγαλαι εν τφ ουρανφ, λεγοντες. voices great in the heaven, saying; Εγενετο ή βασιλεια του κοσμου, του κυριου Became the kingdom of the world, of the Lord ήμων και του Χριστου αυτου, και βασιλευσει of us and of the Anointed of him, and he will reign of us τους αιωνας των αιωνων. 16 Και οί εικοσιεις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. And the twentyfor the ages of the ages. τεσσαρες πρεσβυτεροι οί ενωπιον του θεου elders those in presence of the God καθημενοι επι τους θρονους αύτων, επεσαν επι thrones of themselves, fell sitting on the τα προσωπα αύτων, και προσεκυνησαν τω θεω,

the faces of themselves, and worshipped the God, 17 λεγοντες. Ευχαριστουμέν σοι, κυριε δ θέος δ saying; We give thanks to thee, O Lord the God the παντοκρατωρ, δ ων και δ ην, ότι ειλη-

the one existing and who was, hecause thou hast almighty, φας την δυναμιν σου την μεγαλην, και εβασιtaken the power of thee the great, and reigned.

18 Και τα εθνη ωργισθησαν, και ηλθεν λευσας. and came were angry, And the nations

mented THOSE Who DWELL on the EARTH.

11 After *the THREE Days and a Half, ‡the * Breath of Life from God entered them, and they stood on their FEET; and great * Fear fell on THOSE who saw them.

12 And †they heard a loud Voice saying to them, "Come up hither." ‡ And they ascended to HEAVEN in the CLOUD; and their ENEMIES heheld them.

13 And in That * HOUR there was a great Earthquake, tand the TENTH of the CITY fell, and by the EARTHQUAKE were destroyed seven Thousand Names of Men; and the REST became afraid, ; and they gave Glory to the God of HEAVEN.

14 The SECOND WOE is past; behold! the THIRD WOE is coming speedily.

15 ‡ And the SEVENTH Angel sounded his Trumpet; and I there were loud Voices in HEAVEN, saying, t"The KINGDOM of the world has become our LORD'S and his CHRIST'S, and the shall reign for the AGES of the * AGES."

16 And THOSE TWEN-TY-FOUR Elders who SIT in the presence of God on their THEONES, fell on their FACES, and worshipped God,

17 saying, "We give thanks to thee, O Lord GOD, the OMNIPOTENT, t THOU who ART, and THOU who WAST; Because thou hast taken thy GREAT POWER, and ‡ reigned.

18 And the NATIONS were enraged, and thy

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—11. Three Days and a Half. 11. Spirit of God out of Life entered. 11. Fear was on them. 13. DAY (B.) 15. AGES. Amen. from out of LIPE entered.

^{† 12.} I heard, B. with many MSS. and versions.

^{† 11.} Ezek, xxxvii. 5, 9, 10, 14. † 12. Isa. xiv. 13; Rev. xii. 5. † 13. Rev. vi. 12; 13. Rev. xvi. 10. † 13. Josh. vii. 19; Rev. xiv. 7; xv. 4. † 14. Rev. viii. 13; ix. 12; xv. 1. † 15. Rev. x. 7. † 15. Isa. xxvii. 13; Rev. xvi. 17; xix. 6. † 15. Itev. xii. 10. † 15. Dan. ii. 44; vii. 14, 18; 27. † 10. Rev. iv. 4; v. 8; xix. 4. † 17. Rev. xix. 6.

ή οργη σου, και δ καιρος των νεκρων, κριθηναι εhewrath of thee, and the season of the diad ones, to be judged και δουναι του μισθον τοις δουλοις σου τοις and to give the reward to the bond-sewants of thee the προφηταις και τοις άγιοις και τοις φοβουμενοις prophers and to the boy ones and to those fearing

the name of thee the small ones and the great ones, the name of thee the small ones and the great ones, that $\delta \iota a \phi \theta \epsilon \iota \rho a \iota \tau \sigma s \delta \iota a \phi \theta \epsilon \iota \rho a \iota \tau \sigma s$ and to destroy those destroying the earth,

19 Και ηνοιγη ό ναος του θε υ εν τφ ουρανφ, And was opened the temple of the God in the heaven, και ωφθη ή κιβωτος της διαθηκης * [του] κυριου and was seen the ark of the eovenant [of the] Lord εν τφ ναφ αυτου και εγενοντο αστραπαι και in the temple of him; and were lightnings and φωναι και βρονται * [και σεισμος] και χαλαζα vices and thunders [and anearthquake] and hail μεγαλη, great.

ΚΕΦ. ιβ'. 12.

¹ Και σημείον μεγα ωφθη εντώ ουρανώ γυνη And a sign great was seen in the heaven; a woman περιβεβλημενη τον ήλιον, και ή σεληνη ύπο-baving been clothed with the sun, and the moon underκατω των πόδων αυτης, και επί της κεφαλης weath the feet of her, and on the head αυτης στεφανος αστερων δωδεκα, 2 και εν γασωίher a crown ο σείτε twelve, and in womb τρι εχουσα κραξει ωδινουσα και βασανιζομενη

having she criev out travailing and being pained
ΤΕΚΕΙΝ, 3 Και ωφθη αλλο σημείον εν τω ουρανω,
και ιδου δρακων μεγας πυρρόος, εχων κεφαλας
and lo adragon great fiery-red, having heads
έπτα και κερατα δεκα, και επι τας κεφαλας
aeren and horns ten, and on the heads
αυτου έπτα διαδηματα. 4 και ή ουρα αυτου συρει
of him even diadems; and the tail of him draws
το τριτον των αστερων του ουρανου, και εβαλεν
the third of the stare of the heaven, and
αυτους εις την γην. Και δ δρακων έστηκεν
them into the earth. And the dragon stood

to rule all the nations with a rod made of iron; and ηρπασθη το τεκνον αυτης προς τον θεον και was snatched away the child of her to the God and

WRATH came, ‡ and the ALTOINTED TIME of the DEAD to be judged, and to give the REWARD to thy SERVANTS the PROPHETS, and to THOSE who FEAR thy NAME, the ‡ LITTLE and the GREAT, and ‡ to destroy THOSE who DESTROY the EARTH."

19 And the TEMPLE of GOD was opened in the HEAVEN, and there was seen the ARK of the Lord's COVENANT in his TEMPLE; and there came Lightnings, and Voices, and Thunders, and an Earthquake, and great Hail.

CHAPTER XII.

1 And a great Sign was seen in Heaven; a Woman invested with the sun, and the moon under her feet, and on her head a Crown of Twelve Stars;

2 and being pregnant, she * cried out, travailing and being pained to bring

forth.

3 And Another Sign was seen in HEAVEN; and behold! ‡a great fiery-red Dragon, ‡having seven Heads and ten Horns, and on ‡ his HEADS Seven Diadems.

4 And this tall draws the third to f the stars of heaven, and teast them to the earth, and the dragon stood before that woman who was about to bring forth, so that when she should bring forth he might devour her CHILD.

5 And she brought forth a Son, twho is to rule All the NATIONS with an iron Sceptre; and her CHILD was snatched away to GOD, even to his THRONE.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—19. of the—omit (B.)
—omit (B.) 2. cried (B C.)

^{10.} and an Earthquake

^{† 18.} Dan. vii. 0 10; Rev. vi. 10. † 18. Rev. xix. 5; xx. 12. † 18. Rev. xiii. 10' xviii. 6. † 19. Rev. xv. 5. † 19. Rev. viii. 5; xvi. 18; xvi. 21. † 2. Isa' lxvi. 7; Gal. iv. 10. † 3. Rev. xvii. 3. † 3. Rev. xvii. 9, 10. † 4. Rev. ix. 9, 10, 10. † 4. Rev. xvii. 18. † 4. Dan. viii. 10. † 5. Psa. ii. 9; Rev. ii. 77; xix. 15.

προς τον θρονον αυτου. 6 Και ή γυνη εφυγεν to the throne of him. And the woman fled εις την ερημον, όπου εχει εκει τοπον ήτοιμασinto the desert, where she has there a place having heen μενον απο του θεου, ίνα εκει τρεφωσιν αυτην prepared by the God, so that there they might nowrish her ήμερας χιλιας διακοσιας έξηκοντα.

days a thousand two hundred sixty.

⁷ Και εγενετο πολεμος εν τω ουρανω. δ ΜιAnd was a war in the heaven; the Miχαηλ και οἱ αγγελοι αυτου του πολεμησαι μετα chael and the messengers of him of the to have fought with του δρακοντος, και ό δρακων επολεμησε και οί dragon, and the dragon fought αγγελοι αυτου, 8 και ουκ ισχυσεν, ουδε τοπος messengers of him, and not were strong, neither a place εύρεθη αυτων ετι εν τω ουρανω. was found of them longer in the heaven. ⁹ Και *ε*βληθη And was tast δ δρακων δ μεγας, δ οφις δ αρχαιος, δ καλουthe dragon the great, the serpent the old, the one being μενος διαβολος, και *[δ] σατανας, δ πλανων and [the] adversary, that one deceiving accuser, την οικουμένην όλην, $\epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ ϵis την $\gamma \eta \nu$, και the habitable whole, was cast into the earth, and αγγελοι αυτου μετ' αυτου εβληθησαν. lum of him with were cast. the messengera 10 Και ήκουσα φωνην μεγαλην εν τφ ουρανφ,

And I heard a voice great in the heaven, λεγουσαν Αρτι εγενετο ή σωτηρια και ή δυναsaying, Now came the salvation audithe power μις και ή βασιλεια του θεου ήμων, και ή εξου-

and the kingdom of the God of us, and the authorσια του Χριστου αυτου· ότι κατεβληθη ό κατηity of the Anounted of him; because was cast down the γωρ των αδελφων ήμων, δ κατηγορών αυτών ser of the brethren of us, the one accusing them ενωπιον του θεου ήμων ήμερας και νυκτος· 11 και In presence of the God of us day and night; αυτοι ενικησαν αυτον δια το αίμα του αρνιου, him through the blood of the lamb, και δια τον λογον της μαρτυριας αύτων και and through the word of the testimony of themselves; and ουκ ηγαπησαν την ψυχην αύτων αχρι θανατου.
not they loved the life of themselves till death. they loved the 12 Δια τουτο ευφραινεσθε *[oi] ουρανοικαι oiBecause of this [the] heavens and those rejoice you Ουαι τη γη και

εν αυτοις σκηνουντες. Ουαι τη γη και τη in them tabernacling; Woe to the earth and to the θαλασση, ότι κατεβη ό διαβολος προς ύρας, sea, hecause went down the accuser to you,

 $\epsilon \chi \omega \nu$ θυμον μεγαν, είδως, ότι ολιγον καιρον having wrath great, knowing, that a little season $\epsilon \chi \epsilon \iota$. ¹³ Και ότε είδεν ό δρακων, ότι $\epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ he has. And wheo saw the dragon, that he was cast

εις την γην, εδιωξε την γυναικα ήτις ετεκε τον into the earth, he pursued the woman who brought forth the

6 And the WOMAN fled into the DESERT, where she has a Place prepared by God, that there they may nourish her ‡a thousand two hundred and sixty Days.

7 And there was a War in HEAVEN; MICHAEL and his ANGELS fighting with the DRAGON. And the DRAGON fought and

his ANGELS,

8 and were not strong, neither was their Place found any longer in HEAV-

EN.

9 And THAT GREAT DRAGON WAS CAST OUT, THAT OLD SERPENT Which is called the Enemy, even THAT ADVERSARY Who is † DECFIVING the whole HABITABLE; he was cast to the EARTH, and his ANGELS were cast with him.

10 And I heard a loud Voice in HEAVEN saying, to work the sal-vation, and the Power, and the Kingdom of our God, and the Authority of his Anointed one, Because that accuses of our brethren, who accused them before our God Pay and Night, has been east out.

11 ‡ And then conquered him through the BLOOD of the LAMB, and through the WORD of their TESTI-MONY; and they loved not their LIFE to Death.

12 Therefore, rejoice, Heavens! and THOSE who TABEENACLE in them. Woe to the FARTH and to the SEA! Because the ENEMY is gone down to you, having great Wrath, knowing That he has a Short Season."

13 And when the DRAGon saw That he was cast to the EARTH, he pursucd the WOMAN who brought forth the MALE child.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. the-omit (B.)

^{† 0.} Rev. xi. 3. † 7. Dan. x. 13, 21; xii. 1. Rev. xx. 8. † 10. Rev. xi. 15; xix. 1. † 12. Psa. xcvi. 10; lsa. xlix. 13; Rev. xviii. 20.

^{12.} the-omit (B C.)

^{17.} verse 3; Rev. xx. 2. 19 11. Rom. viii. 33, 34, 37; xvi. 26, 112. Rev. viii. 13; xi. 10. 11°

And were given to the woman two wings SODEPUL. male. γες του αετου του μεγαλου, ένα πετηται εις withe eagle the great, wo that the might by into την ερημον εις τον τοπον αύκης, όπου τρεφεται the desert into the place of herself, whereshes nourished ekei kaipor kai kaipous kai ημίσυ καίρου, απο there a season and seasons and half of a season, from 15 Kaι εβαλεν δ σφις προσωπου του οφεως. the serpent face of the serpent. And cast εκ του στοματος αύτου οπισω της γυναικος mouth of himself after the outofthe ύδωρ ώς πυταμον, ένα αυτην ποταμοφορητον arives, so that her borne along by a river water 48 16 Και εβοηθησεν ή γη τη γυναικι, TOINGH. he might cause. And helped the earth the woman, και ηροιξεν * [η γη] το στομα αύτης, και κατεand opened [theearth] the mouth of herself, and drank πιε τον ποταμον, δν εβαλεν δ δρακων εκ του up the river, which cast the dragoe out of the στοματος αυτου. 17 Και ωργισθη δ δρακων επι mouth of himself. And was enraged the dragon against τη γυναικι, και απηλθε ποιησαι πολεμον μετα the woman, and went away to make War των λοιπων του σπερματος αυτης, των τηthe remaining ones of the seed of her, of those keepρουντων τας εντολας του θεου, και εχοντων the commandments of the God, and την μαρτυριαν Ιησου. testimony of Jesus.

18 Και εσταθην επι την αμμο» της δακασσης λυαί was placed on the sand of the sea; ΚΕΦ. εγ'. 13. Γκαι είδον επ της θαλασσης

and I saw out of the sea θηριον αναβαινον, εχον κερατα δεκα και κεφαλος έπτα, και επι των κερατων αυτου δεκα διαseven, and on the horns of him ten δηματα, και επι τας κεφαλας αυτου ονοματα and on the heads of him Dames ² Και το θηριον δ ειδον, And the wild beaut which I saw, βλασφημιας. of blasphemy. δμοιον παρδαλει, και οί ποδες αυτου ώς αρκου, like to alrepard, and the feet of him as of a bear, και το στομα αυτου ές στομα λεοντος. and the mouth of him as amouth of alien, εδωκεν αυτφ δ δρακων την δυναμιν αύτου, και gave to him the dragon the power of himself, and τον θρονον αύτου, και εξουσιαν μεγαλην. 3 Kai μιαν εκ των πεφαλων αυτου ώς εσφαγμενην εις one of the heads or Lim as if having been slate θανατον και ή πληγη του θανατου αυτου εθεand the stroke of the death of him Was

14 And there were given to the woman the two wings of the Great Eagle, that she might fly tinto the Desert, into her Place, * that she should be noutshed there ta Scason, and Season, from the Face of the serpent.

15 And the SERPENT cast out of his mouth after the WOMAN, Water ; as a River, that he might cause her to be carried away by

the stream.

16 And the EARTH helped the WOMAN; and the EARTH opened her MOUTH, and drank up the RIVER which the DRAGON cast out of his MOUTH.

17 And the deagon was enraged against the woman, tard went away to make War exainst that remainder of her seed, two keep the commandments of God, and have the testimony of Jesus.

CHAPTER XIII.

1 And †I was placed on the SAND of the SEA. And I saw ‡a Wild beast ascending from the SEA, ‡having ten Horns and seven Heads, and on his HORNS Ten Diadems, and on his HEADS Names of Blasphemy.

2 † And the BEAST which I saw was like a Leopard, and this FEET as a Bear's, and his MOUTH as a Lion's Mouth; and the DRAGON gave him his POWER, tand his THRONE, tand great Au-

thority.

3 And one of his HEADS was as if mortally wounded; and yet his MORTAL WOUND was healed. And

16.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-14. so that she should be nourished there. the BABTH-omit.

^{† 14.} the wwo Wings, (A c.) 1. he was placed, (A c.)

ραπευθη. Και εθαυμασεν όλη ή γη οπισώ του healed. * And wondered whole the earth after the Cηριου, 4 και προσεκυνησαν τω δρακοντί, δτι sild beast, and they did homage to the dragon, because εδωκε την εξουσιαν τω θηριω, και προσεκυνησαν he gave \$ tho authority to the wild beast, and they did homage τώ δηριφ, λεγουτες. Τις όμοιος τω θηριφ; to the wild beast, easing; Who like to the wild beast, Kai τις δυναται πολεμησαι μετ' αυτου; Και αnd who is able to make wax with him? εδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν μεγαλα και βλασφήεδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν με γαιτά τας state γιας και εδοθη αυτώ στομα λαλουν με γαιτά τας blaspleμιας και εδοθη αυτώ εξουσία ποιησαίτ μηνας
πίες; and was given to him sutherity to act months

τεσσαρακοντα δυο. 6 Και ηνοίξε το στομα
furly two. And he opened the mouth,

εις βλασφημιαν προς τον . θεον, βλασ. αύτου against the God, A to blasof himself for blasphemy φημησαι το ονομα αυτου, και την σκηνην pheme the name of him, and the tabernacle αυτου, *[και] τους εν τφ ουρανφ, σκηνουντας. of bim, [and] those in the heaven tabernacling.

7 Και εδοθη αυτφ πολεμου ποιησαί μετα των And it was given to him war to make z with the άγιων, και νικησαι αυτους και εδοθη ζαυτφ holyones, and to overcome them; and was given to him chousta επι παταν φυλην και λαον και ηλωσ-authority over every tribe and people and tongue σαν και εθνος. δ Και προσκυνησουσιν αυτον and nation. And will worship him σαν και εθνος. Kat

אמעדפה סוֹ אמדסואמטעדפה באנ דחֹב אחבי. . ων . ου all those dwelling on the earth, of whom not γεγραπται το ονομα εν τω βιβλιφ της ζωης του has been writtenthe name in the scroll of the life of the αρνιου του εσφαγμένου, απο καταβολης κοσμου. lamb of that having beeen killed, from a casting down of a world. 9 Et τις εχει ους, ακουσατω. 10 Et τις αιχ'll noyone has an ear, lethim hear., It any one s capμαλωσιαν συναγει, εις αιχμαλωσίαν ύπαγει ει captivity he shall be led; if leads together, into τις εν μαχαιρα αποκτενει, δει αυτον εν μα-any one with a sword will kill, it is necessary him with a, a 'Ωδε εστιν ή ύπομονη χαιρα αποκτανθηναι. Hero is the patient endurance tu be killed. και ή πιστις των άγιων. and the faith of the huly ones.

-11 Και είδον αλλο Οηρίον αναβαίνου εκ της And leaw another wild beast coming up out of the γης, και είχε κερατα * [δυο] δμοία αρνίω, και carth, and he had boros [two] like a lamb, and 12 Και την εξουσιαν του ελαλει ώς δρακων. And the! authority of the - 25 a dragon. πρωτου θηριου πασαν ποιει ενωπιον αυτου και wild beant all he doce in presence of him; and

the Whole EARTH : won-! dered after the BEAST,

[Chap. 13: 12]

4 and they worshipped the DRAGON, Because he gave the AUTHORITY to. the BEAST; and they wor-shipped the BEAST, say-ing, ?" Who is like the REAST? and who is able to make war with him?"

5 And there was given to him In Mouth speaking great and a blasphemous things; and Authority was given him to act ! fortytwo Months. 🐍

/6 And he opened his mourn in Blasphemies against God, to blaspheme his NAME and his TABER-NACLE, and THOSE who. TABERNACLE IN HEAVEN.

·7 And it was given kim to make war with the SAINTS, and to overcome them, and ‡ Authority was given him over Every Tribe and People and Language and Nation.

8 And ALL' who DWELL on the EARTH shall wership him, ‡ Whose NAME has not been written ffrom the FOUNDATION of the World in the scroll of the LIFE OF THAT LAMB Who was KILLED.

9 11f any one has an;

Ear, let him hear.

10 If any one is ffor Captivity, into Captivity he goes away; tif any one will kill with the Sword, with the Sword must he be killed. THere is the PAthe FAITH of the SAINTS.

Ill And I saw Another Wild beast tascending from the EARTH; and he had two Horns like a Lamb, and he spoke as a

Dragon.

12 And all the AUTHOR-ITY of the FIRST Beast he executés in his presence,

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT. No. 1180 .- 6. and-omit.

^{11.} two-omit. † 10. may lead into Captivity, if any one will kill, (B c.)

^{13.} Rev. xvil. 8. 14. Rev. xviii. 18. 15. Dan. vii. 8, 11, 25; xl, 86. 17. Rev. xi. 2; xil, 6. 17. Dan. vii. 21; xi. 7; xii. 17. 17. Rev. xi. 18; xvii. 15. 18. Exod. xxxii. 32; Dan. xii. 1; Phil. iv. 3; Rev. iii 5; xx. 12, 15; xxi. 2; 8. Rev. xvii. 8 19. Rev. xi. 7. 2 10. Matt. xxvi. 52. 10. Rev. xiv. 13. kev. xi. 7.

ποιει την γην και τους εν αυτη κατοικουντας he makes the earth and those in her dwelling ίνα προσκυνησωσι το θηριον το πρωτον, first, of whom that they should worship the wild beast the εθεραπευθη ή πληγη του θανατου αυτου. 13 και of him; was bealed the stroke of the death ποιει σημεια μεγαλα, και πυρ ένα εκ του ουραhe makes signa great, and fire so that out of the heaven νου καταβη εις την γην, ενωπιον των ανθρωit may come down into the earth, in presence of the 14 Και πλανά τους κατοικουντας επι της And he deceives those dwelling on the δια τα σημεια ά εδοθη αυτφ ποιησαι יוניער earth, by means of the signs which it was given to him to do ενωπιον του θηριου. λεγων τοις κατοικουσιν in presence of the wild heast; saying to those dwelling επι της γης, ποιησαι εικονα τφ θηριφ, δ εχει on the earth, to make an image to the wild beast, which has 15 Kar την πληγην της μαχαιρας και εζησε. the stroke ofthe sword and lived. εδοθη αυτφ δουναι πνευματη εικονι του θηριου, it was given to him to give breath to the image of the wild beast, ίνα και λαληση ή εικων του θηριου, και so that both should speak the image of the wild beast, and ποιηση, όσοι αν μη προσκυνησωσι τη εικονι should cause, sa many as not would do homage to the image του θηριου ίνα αποκτανθωσι. 16 Κει ποιει πανof the wild beast that they should be killed. And he causes all τας, τους μικρους και τους μεγαλους, και τους the little ones and the great ones, and πλουσιους και τους πτωχους, και τους ελευrich ones and the poor ones, and the free θερους και τους δουλους, ίνα δωπιν αυτοις that they should give to them and the bondmen, χαραγμα επι της χειρος αυτων της δεξιας, η a mark on the hand of them the rights or επι το μετωπον αυτων. 17 και ίνα μη τις δυνηon the forehead of them; and that no one may be ται αγορασαι η πωλησαι, ει μη δ εχων το χαto buy or to sell, if not the one having the mark, ραγμα, *[το ονομα του θηριου,] η τον αριθμον (the name of the wild beast.) or the number 13 Ωδε ή σοφια εστιν δ του ονοματος αυτου. of him. Here the wisdom ia; the ulthe name εχων νουν, ψηφισατω τον αριθμον του θηριου. one having a mind, let him compute the number of the wild beast; αριθμος γαρ ανθρωπου $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$, $\star [και] δ$ αριθμος

and makes the EARTH and THISE who DWELL in it to worship the FIRST BELST, ‡whose MORTAL WOUND was healed.

13 And the does great Signs, tso that even Fire he makes to come down from HEAVEN to the EARTH in presence of MEN.

14 And the deceives *THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH to the stons which it was given him to do in the presence of the BEAST, telling THOSE THOO DWELL on the DARTH to make an Image to the BEAST, who has *the WOUND of the SWOID, and hved.

15 And it was given him to give Breath to the image of the Brast that the image of the Brast should both speal, ; and cause †that as many as would not worship the Image of the Beast should be killed.

13 And he causes all, the LITTLE and the GREAT, and the RICH and the POOL, and the FREEMEN and the BONDMEN, that they should give themselves *a Mark on their RIGHT HAND, or on their FOREHEAD;

17 [and] so that no one may be able to buy or sell unless me who mas the MARK,—the NAME of the BEAST, tor the NUMBEL of his NAME.

_8 ‡ Here is WISDOM. Let HIM who HAS Understanding compute the NUMBER of the BEAST; for *it is a Man's Number; and his NUMBER is 666.

αυτου χξέ.

ofhim

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—14. Mine who bwell. 14. a Wound, and lived from the Sword, (b.) 16. Marks (n.) 17. the name of the beast—omit. 18. and—omit (b.) 18. his number, 600, is a Man's Number.

^{+ 15.} that, added by A. 17. and, omitted by c.

^{† 13.} Deut. xiii. 1—3; Matt. xxiv. 24; 2 Thess. ii. 0; Rev. xvi. 14. † 13. 1 Kings xviii. 38; 2 Kings i. 10, 12. † 14. Rev. xii. 9; xiv. 20. † 14. 2 Thess. ii. 9, 10. † 15. P.v. xvi. 2; xiv. 20; xx. 4. † 15. Rev. xvi. 0, &c. † 17. Rev. xiv. 11. † 17. Rev. xvi. 2. † 18. Rev. xvii. 9.

KEΦ. 48'. 14.

1 Και ειδον, και ιδου το αρνιου έστηκος επι And I saw, and 30 the tamb having been standing on TO opos Σίων, και μετ' autou έκατον τεσσα-she mount bios, and with him a hundred forth ρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαθες, εχουσαι το ονομα tour thousands, having the name autou kas to ovoha tou matros autou γεγραμοτίκα and the name of the fither of him having been μενον επι των μετωπων αύτων. 2 Και ηκουσα foreheads of themselves. And Iheard written on the φωνην εκ του ουρανου ώς φωνην ύδατων πολr.voice out of the heaven as a voice of waters λων, και ώς φωνην βροντης μεγαλης και ή ofthunder and an great; a voice φωνη ήν ηκουσα, ώς αιθαρώδων καθαριζοντων voice which I heard, as of harpers harping εν ταις κιθαραις αύτων. 3 Και αδουσιν φδην harps of themselves. And on the they sing moong καινην ενωπιον του θρονου, και ενωπιον των in presence of the throne, and in presence of the τεσσαρων ζωων, και των πρεσβυτερων· και ουδεις ηδυνατο μαθειν την φδην, ει μη αί έκατον τεσσαρακοντατεσσαρες χιλιαδες, οί ηγοthousands, those having forty-four dred 4 π Ουτοι εισιν, οί parmevol and the yns. been bought from the earth. are, those These μετα γυναικών ουκ εμολυνθησαν παρθενοι γαρ Women were defiled; virgine not

εισιν'] ούτοι εισιν οί ακολουθουντες τω αρυιω they are.] these are those following the lamb όπου αν ύπαγη· ούτοι ηγορασθησαν απο των wherever he may go; these were bought from the ανθρωπων απαρχη τω θεω και τω αρνιω. 5 και men a first-fruit to the God and to the lamb; and

εν τω στοματι αυτων ουχ εύρεθη ψευδος αμω-la the mouth of them not was found falsehood; without

μοι γαρ εισι. blame for they are.

6 Και είδον * [αλλον] αγγελον πετομενον εν And Isaw [another] messenger flying in εχοντα ευαγγελιον αιωνιον μεσουρανηματι, glad tidings having ege-lasting mid-heaven, ευαγγελισιαι τους καθημενους επι της γης, και on the to proclaim aitting earth, those επι παν εθνος και φυλην και γλωσσαν και λαον. to every nation and tribe and tongue and people; λεγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Φοβηθητε τον θεον eaying with a voice Fear you the God great; kat δοτε αυτφ δοξαν, ότι ηλθεν ή άρα της cause the Hour of his and giveyou to him glory, because is come the hour of the JUDGMENT is come; ‡ and

CHAPTER XIV.

1 And Isaw, and behold, the LAMB standing on the MOUNT Zion, and with him ta Hundred and Forty-four Thousand [persons,] thaving his NAME and the NAME of his FA. THER written on their FOREHEADS.

2 And I heard & Voice from HEAVEN, tas the Sound of many Waters, and as the Sound of great Thunder; and the VOICE which I heard was as that t of Harpers playing on their HARPS;

3 and they sing a new Song in the presence of the THEONE, and in the presence of the FOUR Living ones, and the ELDERS; and no one was able to learn the song except the HUNDRED FORTY-FOUR Thousand,—THOSE were REDEEMED *from the EARTH.

4 These are those who were not defiled with WOMEN; for they are Virgins. These are THOSE who FOLLOW the LAMB wherever he goes. were # REDEEMED * from MEN, # a First-fruit to God and to the LAMB.

5 And ; in their MOUTH was found no Falsehood; for they are ‡ blameless.

6 And I saw an Angel flying in Mid-heaven, having aionian Glad tidingo to announce to THOSE who DWELL on the EARTH, even to Every Nation, and Tribe, and Language, and People,—

7 saying with a lond Voice, I " Fear * God, and give Glory to him; Because the HOUR of his

VATICAN MANUSCRIPF, No. 1160.—3. on the BABTH. were not defiled with women; for they are Virgins—omit (b.)
6. Another—omit (b.)
7. the Lord, and give (b.)

[&]amp; These are those who 4. by Jesus from (B.)

^{† 1.} Rev. v. 5. † 1. Rev. vii. 4. † 1. Rev. vii. 5; xiii. 16. † 2. Rev. 15; xix. 6. † 2. Rev. v. 8. † 3. Rev. v. 9; xv. 3. † 4. 2 Cor. xl. 2. † 4. Rev. ii. 4; vii. 15, 17; xvii. 14. † 4. Rev. v. 9. † 4. James i. 18. † 5. Eph. v. 27; Jude 24. † 6. Rev. viii. 13. † 7. Rev. xi 18; xv. 4. † 7. Neb. ix. 6; Psa. xxxiii. 6; cxxiv. 8; cxliv. 5, 6; Acta xiv. 15; xvii. 24. 1 2. Rev. i.

κρισεως αυτου και προσκυνησατε τω ποιησαν-Judgment of him; and warship you the one having one having τι τον ουρανον και την γην και την θαλασσαν made the heaven and the earth and the aca και πηγας ύδατων. and fountains of waters.

8 Και αλλος αγγελος ηκολουθησε, λεγων.
And another messenger followed, saying: Επεσεν, *[επεσε] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη· ότι εκ Itistal'en, [is fallen] Babylon the great; because of του οινοθ του θυμου της πορνείας αύτης πεποπαντα εθνη. given to drink all nations.

9 Και αλλος αγγελος τριτος ηκολουθησεν another messenger third followed αυτοις, λέγων εν φωνη μεγαλη. Ει τις προσκυνει το θηριον και την εικονα αυτου, και λαμahips - the wild beast and the image of him, and Teβανει χαραγμα επι του κετωπου αύτου, η επι ceises a mark on the torehead of himself, or on THY Xeipa autov. 10 Kat autos mietal ek tou the hand of himself, even he shalldrink of the οίνου του θυμου του θεου, του κεκερασμενου wine of the wrath of the God, of that having been mingled ακρατου εν τω ποτηριω της οργης αυτου, και unmixed in the cup of the anger of bim, and βασανισθησεται εν πυρι και θειώ ενωπιον των he shall be turmented with fire and brimstone in presence of the αγιων αγγελων και ενωπιον του αρνιου. holy messengers and in presence of the lamb. δ καπνος του βασανισμου αυτων εις αιωνας the ainake of the torment of them for ages αιωνων αναβαινει και ουκ εχουσιν αναπαυσιν ofages gives up; and not they have rest

ημερας και νυκτος οί προσκυνουντες το θηριον day and night those worshipping the wild-beast και την εικονα αυτου, και ει τις λαμβανει το and the image of him, and if any one receives

χαραγμα του ονοματος αυτου. 12 Ωδε ύπομοof the . name of him. Here patient endurνη των άγιων εστιν, οί τηρουντες τας εντολας sace of the holy ones is, those keeping the commandments 13 Και ηκουσα του θεου, και την πιστιν Ιησου. and the faith of Jesus. And Iheard of the God. φωνης εκ του ουρανου, λεγουσης. Γραψον. Μα-Write thou; Bened a voice out of the heaven, asying; καριοι οί νεκροι οί εν κυριώ αποθνησκοντες απ' ones the dead ones those in Lord dying αρτί ναι, λεγεί το πνευμα, ίνα αναπαυσωνται henceforth; yes, mays the spirit, so that they may rest

worship nim who MADE the HEAVEN, and, the FARTH, and the sea, and the Fountains of Waters."

- 8 And Another, * a Second Angelfollowed, saying, I" Fallen is Babylon I the GREAT, twho has given All t the NATIONS to drink of the WINE of the WEATH of her Fornication."
- 9 And Another a Third' Angel followed them, saying with a loud Voice, "If any one worship the BEAST and his I MAGE, and receive a Mark on his FOREHEAD, or on his HAND.

10 even he ; shall drink of THAT WINE of the WRATH of Gon, which is MINGLED undiluted in tthe cup of his indig-NATION; and the shall be tormented with ! Fire and Sulphur in the presence of the nory Angels, and in the presence of the LAMB.

- 11 And the SMOKE of their TORMENT rises up for Ages of Ages; and THEY have no Rest Day and Night, who wonship the DEAST and his IMAGE, and if any one receive tho MARK of his NAME.
- 12 ! Here is "the PA-TIENCE of the BAINTS .-TTHOSE who KEEP the COMMANDMENTS of GOD, and the FAITH of Jesus."
- 13 And I heard a Voice from HEAVEN, Saying, "Write-From this time t blessed are THOSK DEAD, : who DIE in the Lord; Yes, says the spirit, that they may rest from

^{*} Varican Manuschier, No. 11%.-8. a Second Angel, saying, (s.c.) Fallen is Baby-n the garat, (s.c.) S. is fallen—omit. S. fig. Fornication. 12. the lon the GREAT, (B. C.) 8. he Fornication. PATIENCE (ABC.)

^{+ 8.} who, according to A c. 8. the NATIONS, ABC.

^{18.} Isa. xxi. 0; Jer. U. 8; Rev. xviii. 2. 18. Jer. II. 7; Rev. xi. 8; xvi. 10; xvii. 2. 18. Jer. II. 7; Rev. xi. 8; xvi. 10; xvii. 2. 19. Rev. xiii. 14-16. 10. I. 10. I. 10. Rev. xviii. 14-16. 10. Rev. xvi. 10. 10. Rev. xx. 10. 10. Rev. xxi. 10. 11. I. Rev. xi. 10. 11. Rev. xxi. 10. 11. Rev. xi. 10. Rev. xi. 10. 11. Rev. xi. 10. Rev. xi. 10. 11. Rev. xi. 10. Rev. xi. 10

εκ των κοπων αὐτων τα δε εργα αυτων ακοfrom the labors of them solves; the but works of them folλουθει μετ' αυτων.

Ιονα with them.

14 Και ειδον, και ιδου νεφελη λευκη, και επι
Απα Ι ιδεν, and Ιο a cloud white, and ου
Την νεφελην καθημενον όμοιον υίφ ανθρωπου,
το cloud sitting like a son οίμαπο,
εχων επι της κεφαλης αύτου στεφανον χρυhaving on the head of himself a crown
σουν, και εν τη χειρι αύτου δρεπανον *[σξυ.]
σουν, και εν τη χειρι αύτου δρεπανον *[σξυ.]

15 Και αλλος αγγέλος εξηλθεν εκ του ναου, κρα-

And another measurger came furth out of the temple, cryζων εν φωνη μεγαλη τω καθημενω επί της lag with a vnice great to the one sitting on the νεφελης. Πεμψον το δρεπανυν σου, και θεριcloud: Send thou the eighle of thee, and teap

νεφέλης: Πεμψον το δρεπανον σου, και υεριcloud; Send thou the cickle of thee, and reap
rov, δτι ηλθεν ή ώρα * [του] θερισαι, δτι εξηthou, because is come the hour [of the] turresp, hecause is
dry the harvest of the earth.

καθημένος επι την νεφέλην το δρεπανον αυτον
one sitting on the cloud the
επι την γην και εθερισθη ή γη.
on the earth; and was reaped the earth.

on the earth; and was reaped the earth.

17 Και αλλος αγγελος εξηλθεν εκ του ναου And souther messenger came forth out of the temple of that in the heaven, having also himself a sichly of that in the heaven, having also himself a sichly of that in the heaven, having also himself a sichly of the the heaven, having also himself a sichly of the harp. And another messenger came forth out of the Outlastating, having authority over the frequence see the was the sing authority over the frequence see the supplementation of the control of the see that the supplementation is the supplementation of t

and he called with a cry great to the one having the sickle πανον το οξυ, λεγων Πεμψον σου το δρεπανον the sharp, saying; Send thou of thee the sickle

το οξυ, και τρυγησον τους βοτρυας της αμπεthe sharp, and cutoffthou the clusters of the vine
λου της γης, ότι ηκμασαν αί σταφυλαι αυτης:
of the earth, because are riveded the grapes of her;

³⁹ και εβαλεν δ αγγελος το δρεπανον αύτου εις and cast the messenger the of himself into sickle την γην, και ετρυγησε την αμπελον της γης, the earth, and was cut off the of the earth, wine και εβαλεν εις την ληνον του θυμου του θέου east into the wine-press of the wrath of the and 20 Και επατηθη η ληνος εξωθεν And was trodden the wine-press outside τον μεγαν. great. της πολεως, και εξηλθεν αίμα εκ της ληνού and came forth blood out of the wine-presa city. αχρι των χάλινων των ίππων απο σταδιων even to the bridles ofthe horses from furlongs . χιλιων έξακοσιων, a thousand six hundred.

their LABORS; † for their works follow after them.

14 And I saw, and behold I a white Cloud, and, on the CLOUD one sitting, tike a Son of Man, thaving on his head a golden' Crown, and in his hand a sharp Sickle.

15 And Another Angel came forth out of the TEMPLE, crying with a Loud Voice to the one sitting con the cloud; "Send thy sickle, and reap; Because the HOUR to reap is come; Because the HARVEST to the EARTH is dry."

16 And ER who sar on the CLOUD cast his sickle on the EARTH, and the EARTH was reaped

17 And Another Angel came forth out of that TEMPLE which is in HEAVEN; he also having a slarp Sickle.

*18 And Another Angel came forth out of the Al-TAR, having Authority over the fire, and he called with a loud cry to the one having the sharp. Sickle, saying, ‡ Send Thy sharp sickle, and cut off the clusters of the vine of the Earth; Because * her Grapes are fully ripe.

... 19 And the Angel cast his sickle to the Earth, and gathered the fruit of the VINK of the EARTH, and cast it unto 1 the GREAT WINE-PRESS of the WRATH of GOD.

20 And the WINE-PRESS was trodden toutside of the CIFY; and Blood came forth out of the WINE-PRESS, teven to the BRIDLES of the Honses, a thousand six hundred Furlongs off.

15. of the-omit (A B.)

VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—14. sharp—omit,
 18. the GRAPB of the EARTH is fully ripe (D.)

^{+ 13.} for (a c.)

^{† 14.} Ezek. i. 26; Dan. vil. 13; Rev. i. 15. † 14. Rev. vil. 2. † 16. Rev. xvi. 17. † 15. Joel iii. 13; Matt. xiii. 39. † 15. Jer. ll. 33; Rey. xiii. 12. † 18. Joel iii. 13. † 19. Rev. xix. 15. † 20. Hcb. xiii. 12; Rev. xi. 8. † 20. Rev. xix. 14.

KEΦ. 16', 15.

¹ Και ειδον αλλο σημειον εν τφ ουρανφ μεγα And lanw another sign in the heaven και θαυμαστον, αγγελους έπτα, εχοντας πληwonderful, messengera seven, having plagues γας έπτα τας εσχατας, ότι εν αυταις ετελεσθη seven the lastones, because in them was finished δ θυμος του θεου. ² Και ειδον ώς θαλασσαν the wrath of the God, And 1 saw ύαλινην μεμιγμενην πυρι, και τους νικωντας εκ glassy having been mingled with fire, and those being conquerors of του θηριου και εκ της εικονος αυτου, και εκ του the wild-beast and of the image of him, and of the αριhetaμου του ονοματος αυτου, έστωτας ε π ιτην number of the name of him, atanding on the θαλασσαν την υαλινην εχοντας κιθαρας του sea the glassy having harps of the 3 Και αδουσι την φδην Μωυσεως δουλου θεου. God. And they sing the song of Moses abond-servant του θεου, και την φδην του αρνιου, λεγοντες. of the God, and the song of the lamb, Μεγαλα και θαυμαστα τα εργα σου, κυριε δ
Great and wonderful the works of thee, O Lord the θεος δ παντοκρατωρ, δικαιαι και αληθιναι αί God the almighty, just and true the όδοι σου, δ βασιλευς των εθνων. 4 τις ου μη ways of the, the king of the nations: who not not $\phi \circ \beta \eta \theta \eta$ " $[\sigma \epsilon,]$ $\kappa \iota \eta \iota \epsilon$, $\kappa \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ in a $\circ \iota \iota \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ to $\circ \iota \iota \delta \circ \iota \delta \circ \xi \alpha \sigma \eta$ in $\circ \iota \iota \delta \circ \iota \delta \circ$ ότι μονος όσιος ότι παντα *[τα εθνη] ήξυυσι breause alone bountiful; because all [the nations] shall come και προσκυνησουσιν ενωπιον σου ότι τα δι shall worship in presence of thee; because the rightκαιωματα σου εφανερωθησαν.

εσιδεία στα ταυτα είδον, και ηνοιγη δ
[And] after these things I saw, and w is opened the
ναος της σκηνης του μαρτυρίου εν τφ ουρανφ:
temple of the tastimony in the heaven. 6 και εξηλθον οί έπτα αγγελοι οί εχοντες τας and came out the aeven messengers those having the έπτα πληγας *[εκ του ναου,] ενδεδυμενοι λινον seven plagues [out of the temple,] having been cluthed linen καθαρον λαμπρον, και περιεζωσμενοι περι pure bright, and having been girt round about the στηθη ζωνας χρυσας. 7 Και έν εκ των τε. σαbreasts girdles golden. And one of the ρων (ωων εδωκε τοις έπτα αγγελοις έπτα φιαliving ones gave to the seven messengers seven bowls

consacta of thee were manifested.

λας χρυσας, γεμουσας του θυμου του θεου του being full of the wrath of the God of that

1 And II saw Another Sign in HEAVEN, great and wonderful, Iseven Angels having the seven LAST Plagues; Because by them the WRATH of GOD was to be completed.

2 And I saw as it wer ta glassy Sea mingled with Fire, and the con-QUERORS of the *BEAST, and of his IMAGE, and the NUMBER of his NAME, standing on the GLASSI SEA, Thaving Harps of

3 And they sing # the song of Moses the Sorvant of GOD, and the song of the LAMB, saying, 3"Great and wonderful are thy works, O Lora GOD, the OMNIPOTENT: righteous and true are thy wars, O king of the NATIONS

4 † Who shall not fear, O Lord, and glorify thy NAME? Since they alone are bountiful; For ‡All the NATIONS shall come an worship in thy presenen; Because thy RIGHT-EOUS ACTS were made manifest."

5 And after these things I aw, and the TEMPLE of the TABERNACLE of the TESTIMONY in HEAVEN was opened;

6 And THOSE SEVEN Angels having the seven Plagues came out of the TEMPLE, t clothed with pure bright t Linen, and encircled about the BREASTS with golden Girdles.

7 ‡ And one of the FOUR Living ones gave to the SEVEN Angels Seven golden Bowls full of the WRATH

CHAPTER XV.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—2. IMAGE, and of the BEAST, and of the MUMBER (E.) thee—omit (B.)

4. the NATIONS—omit (B.)

5. And—omit.

6. out of the 4. thee-omit (B.) . HMPLE-omit (B.)

^{+ 6.} Lithon, a stone, is the reading of A c.

[†] I. Rev. xii. 1, 3. † I. Rev. xvi. 1; xxi. 0. † I. Rev. xiv. 6. † 2. Rev. iv. 6; xxi. 18. † 2. Rev. xiii. 15—17. † 2. Rev. v. 8; xiv. 2. † 3. Exod. xv. 1; Deut. xxxi. 30; Rev. xiv. 3. † 3. Deut. xxxii. 4; Psa cxi. 2; exxxix. 14. † 4. Exod. xv. 14—16; Jer. x. 7. † 4. Isa. lxvi. 22. † 5. Rev. xi. 19. See Num. i. 50. † 6. Exod. xxviii. 6, 8; Ezek. xliv. 17, 15; Rev. i. 13. † 7. Rev. iv. 6

(ωντος εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων. 8 Και εγεoneliving for the ages of the ages. And was μισθη δ ναος καπνου εκ της δοξης του θεου και full the temple of smoke from the glory of the God and εκ της δυναμεως αυτου και ουδεις ηδυνατο from the power of him; and no one $\epsilon_i \sigma \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon_i \nu$ $\epsilon_i s$ τ_{DV} $\nu \alpha_{DV}$, $\alpha_i \nu$ $\tau_i \epsilon_i \lambda \epsilon_i \sigma \theta \omega_{DV}$ $\alpha_i \nu$ to enter into the temple, till should be finished the έπτα πληγαι των έπτα αγγελωι. seven plagues of the seven messengers.

КЕФ. 15'. 16.

1 Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του ναου, And I neard a voice great out of the temple, Λεγουσης τοις έπτα αγγελοις Υπαγετε και saying to the seven messengers; Go you forth and εκχεατε τας έπτα φιαλας του θυμου του θεου do you pour out the seven bowls of the wiath of the ELS THU YHU. into the earth.

² Kai $\alpha\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\nu$ & $\pi\rho\omega\tau$ os, kai $\epsilon\xi\epsilon\chi\epsilon\epsilon$ $\tau\eta\nu$ And wentforth the first, and poured out the φιαλην αύτου επι την γην και εγενετο έλκος bowl of himself on the land; and was an ulcer κακον και πονηρον εις τους ανθρωπους τους bad and evil on the men those εχοντας το χαραγμα του θηριου, και mark of the wild-heast, and Tous προσκυνουντας τη εικονι αυτου.

doing reverence to the image of him.

3 Και δ δευτερος †[αγγελος] εξεχεε την [messenger] poured out the And the second φιαλην αύτου εις την θαλασσαν και εγενετο bowl of himself into the sea; and it became αίμα ώς νεκρου, και πασα ψυχη *[(ωης] απεblood as of a dead one, and every soul died [of life] θανέν έν τη θαλασση.

in the sea. ' 4 Και δ τριτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου εις And the third poured out the bowl of himself into τους ποταμους και εις τας πηγας των ύδατων. and into the fountains of the walers; και εγενετο αίμα. ⁵ Και ηκουσα του αγγελου and it became blood. And I heard the messenger των ύδατων λεγοντος. Δικαιος ει, δ $\omega \nu$ Righteons art thou, the one existing of the waters saying; και δην, δ όσιος, ότι ταυτα εκρινας judged These. and who was, the bountiful one, because these things thou hast judged; δότι αίμα άγιων και προφητων εξεχεαν, και because blood of holy ones and of prophets they poured out, and αίμα αυτους εδωκας πιειν· αξιοι εισι. 7 Και gavest them also Blood to blood to them thou gavest to drink; worthy they are.

of THAT GOD Who LIVES for the AGES of the AGES.

8 And the TEMPLE was full of * Smoke ; from the GLORY of GOD, and from his POWER; and no one was able to enter the TEM-PLE, till the SEVEN Plagues of the SEVEN And gels were completed.

CHAPTER XVI.

1 And I heard a great Voice tout of the TEMPLE, saying to the SEVEN Angels, "Go forth, and pour out the SEVEN Bowls I of the WEATH of GOD into

2 And the FIRST went forth, and poured out his BOWL : on the LAND; and there came an evil and malignant Ulcer on THOSE MEN THAVING the MARK of the BEAST, and on THOSE WORSHIPPING his

3 And the SECOND poured out his BOWL tinto the SEA; and 1it became Blood, as of one Dead; 1 and Every living Soul died,-THOSE in the SEA.

And the THIRD poured out his BOWL tinto the RIVERS, and f[into] the FOUNTAINS of WA-TERS; tand they became Blood.

5 And I heard the AN-GEL of the WATERS saying, t" Righteous art thou, the ONE who Is, and who WAS,—the BOUNTIFUL one; Because thou hast

6 Because they poured out the Blood of # Saints and of Prophets, thou And drink; they deserve it."

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 8. the SMOKE (B.) and-omit.

^{3.} of life-omit. 6.

^{† 1.} out of the TEMPLE, omitted by B. 3. messenger, omitted by A c. 4. into. omitted by A C.

^{\$ 3. 2} Thess. i. 9. † 8. Exod, xl. 34; 1 Kings viil, 10; 2 Chron. v. 14; Isa. vi. 4.

1. Rev. xv. 1.

† 1. Rev. xiv. 10; xv. 7.

† 2. Rev. viil. 7.

† 3. Rev. viii. 8.

† 3. Rev. viii. 8.

† 3. Rev. viii. 9.

† 4. Rev. viii. 10.

† 5. Rev. i. 4, 8; iv. 8; xi. 17.

† 6. Matt. xxiii. 34, 35; Rev. xiii. 15.

† 6. Isa. xlix. 26. † 2. Exod. ix. † 3. Exod. vii. 17, 20.

ηκουσα του θυσιαστηριου λεγοντος. Ναι, κυριε Yes, O Lord I heard the altar saying; ό θεος ό παντοκρατωρ, αληθιναι και δικαιαι αί the God the almighty, true and righteous the KOITEIS TOV.

judgments of thee. 8 Και δ τεταρτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου And the fourth poured out the bowl of himself και εδοθη αυτώ καυματισαι επι τον ήλιον and was given to hun the sun; to burn on the sun; hard supple 9 Kαι εκαυματισθηthe in the free And were burned were burned σαν οι ανθρωποικαυμα μεγα, και εβλασφημησαν the men heat great, and they blasphemed

το ονομα του θεου του εχοντος εξουσιαν επι the name of the God of that having authority over τας πληγας ταυ+ας. και ου μετενοησαν δουναι the plagues these; and sor they reformed to give αυτώ δυξαν.

to him glory.

the

kings

10 Kai $\delta \pi \epsilon \mu \pi \tau os$ $\epsilon \xi \epsilon \chi \epsilon \epsilon \tau \eta \nu$ $\phi \iota \alpha \lambda \eta \nu$ $\alpha \upsilon \tau o \upsilon$ And the fifth poured out the bowl of him ι επι τον θρονον του θηριου. Και εγενετο ή on the throne of the wild-beast. And became the βασιλεια συτου εσκοτωμενη· και εμασσωντο of him darkened: aod they bit 11 και τας γλωσσας αύτων $\epsilon \kappa$ του πονου, the tongues of themselves because of the anguish, and εβλασφημησαν τον θεον του ουρανου εκ των they blasphemed the God of the heaven because of the πονων αύτων και εκ των έλκων αύτων και pains of themselves and because of the ulcers of themselves; and ου μετενοησαν εκ των εργων αύτων. not they reformed from the works of themselves.

12 Και δ έκτος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου επι
And the sixth poured out the bowl of himself on τον ποταμον τον μεγαν Ευφρατην και εξηρανthe river the great Euphrates; and was dried θη το ύδωρ αυτου, ίνα έτοιμασθη ἡ όδος των up the water of it, so that might be prepared the way of the βασιλεων των απο ανατολων ήλιου. 13 Και $\beta \alpha \sigma_i \lambda \epsilon \omega \nu \quad \tau \omega \nu \quad \alpha \pi o \quad \alpha \nu \alpha \tau o \lambda \omega \nu \quad \mathring{\eta} \lambda_{ioi}'$ kinga of those from risinga of a sun. ειδον εκ του στοματος του δρακοντος και €К. I saw out of the mouth of the dragon and out of **του στοματος του θηριου και εκ του στοματος** mouth of the wild-beast and out of the mouth του φευδοπροφητου πνευματα τρια ακαθαρτα of the false-prophet spirits three uuclean ώς βατραχοι· 14 (εισι γαρ πνευματα δαιμωas frogs; (they are for spirits of deποιουντα σημεια.) ά εκπορευεται επι νιων which go forth wurking aigna;) to τους βασιλεις της οικουμένης όλης, συναγαof the habitable

7 And I heard the AL-TAR saying, "Yes, 10 Lord God, the OMNIPO-TENT, I true and righteous are thy JUDGMENTS."

And the FOURTH poured out his BOWL Ion the sun; ‡ and to him it was given to burn MEN with Fire.

9 And MEN were burned with great Heat, and * they | blasphemed | the NAME of THAT GOD who HAS Authority over these PLAGUES; and they reformed not tto give him Glory.

And the FIFTH poured out his BOWL ton the THRONE of the BEAST; tand his KINGDOM was darkened; and they bit their TONGUES because of the PAIN,

11 and blasphemed the GOD of HEAVEN on account of their PAINS and their ‡ULCERS; and they reformed not from their WORKS.

12 And the SIXTH poured out his BOWL on the GREAT RIVER, \$ the EUPHRATES; and its WA-TER was dried up, # so that the WAY of THOSE KINGS who are from the Sun-rising might be prepared.

13 And I saw out of the MOUTH of the # DRAGON, and out of the MOUTH of the BEAST, and out of the MOUTH of the TFALSE PROPHET, three impure Spirits, as Frogs.

14 For they are Spirits of Demons, ; working Signs, which go forth to the KINGS of the whole nabitable, to gather

whole,

to gather

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 9. MEN blasphemed (B.)

^{† 9.} in presence of THAT GOD, (A.) 12. the EUPHBATES, (A C.)

^{† 7.} Rev. xv. 3. † 7. Rev. xvii. 10; xiv. 10; xiv. 2. † 8. Rev. viii. 12. † 8. Rev. ix. 17, 18; xiv. 18. † 9. verses 11, 21. † 9. Rev. ix. 20. † 9. Rev. xi 13; xiv. 7. † 10. Rev. xiii. 2. † 10. Rev. ix. 2. † 11. verse 2. † 12 rev. xi. 14. See Jer. 1. 85; li. 36. † 12 Isa. xli. 2, 25. † 13. Rev. xii. 8, 9. † 13. Rev. xix. 20; xx. 10. † 14. 2 Thess. ii. 9; Rev. xiii. 13, 14; xix. 20.

γειν αυτους εις τον πολεμον της ήμερας εκειtogether them for the war of the day of that νης της μεγαλης του θεου του παντοκρατορος. of the great of the God of the almighty.

15 (Ιδου, ερχομαι ώς κλεπτης μακαριος ο γρη(Lo, I come as a thief; blessed the one γορων, και τηρων τα ίματια αύτου, ίνα μη watching, and keeping the garments of himself, so that not γυμνος περιπατη, και βλεπωσι την ασχημοσυnaked he may walk, and they may see the νην αυτου.) 16 Και συνηγαγεν αυτους εις τον of him.) And he gathered together them into the

τοπον τον καλουμενον Έβραιστι Αρμαγεδον. place that being called in Hebrew Armageion.

17 Και δ έβδομος εξεχεε την φιαλην αύτου And the seventh poured out the bowl of himself $\epsilon \pi \iota \ \tau \sigma \nu \ \alpha \epsilon \rho \alpha^* \ \kappa \alpha \iota \ \epsilon \xi \eta \lambda \theta \epsilon \ \phi \omega \nu \eta \ \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta \ \alpha \pi \sigma \sigma the air; and came forth a voice great from$ του ναου του ουρανου, απο του θρονου, λεγουthe temple of the heaven, from the throne, σα· Γεγονε. 18 Και εγενοντο αστραπαι και ing; It has been done. And were lightnings φωναι και βρονται, και σεισμος *[εγενετο] voices and thunders, and anearthquake [was] μεγας, olos ουκ εγενετο αφ' ου οί ανθρωποι great, such not was from of which the men εγενοντο επι της γης, τηλικουτος σεισμος were on the earth, so great an earthquake ούτω μεγας. ¹⁹ Και εγενετο ή πολις ή μεγαλη so great. ^{And} was the city the great εις τρια μερη, και αί πολεις των εθνων επεσον. into three parts, and the cities of the nations και ${
m B}$ αβυλων $\stackrel{\epsilon}{\eta}$ μεγαλη εμνησθη ενωπιον του and Babylon the great was remembered before the θεου, δουναι αυτη το ποτηριον του οινου του Cod, to give to her the cup of the wine of the θυμου της οργης αύτου²⁰ και πασα νησος εφυ-wrath of the anger of himself; and every island fled γε, και ορη ουχ εύρεθησαν· 21 και χαλαζα away, and mountains not were found; and hail ιεγαλη ώς ταλαντιαια καταβαινει εκ του ουραgreat as if weighing a talent comes down out of the heaven νου επι τους ανθρωπους και εβλασφημησαν on the mea; and blasphemed of $\alpha\nu\theta\rho\omega\pi$ or τ oν θ εον $\epsilon\kappa$ τ ης $\pi\lambda$ ηγης τ ης the men the God on account of the plague of the χαλαζης, ότι μεγαλη εστιν ή πληγη αυτης hail, because great is the plague of her

them together for tthe WAR of that GREAT DAY of the OMNIPOTENT GOD.

15 ‡ (Behold! I am coming as a Thief; blessed is HE who WATCHES and keeps his GARMENTS, ‡ so that he may not walk naked, and they should see hls shame.)

16 And the gathered them together into THAT PLACE Which is CALLED in Hebrew * Armagedon.

17 And the SEVENTH poured out his BOWL on the AIR; and there came forth a †loud Voice from the TEMPLE † of HEAVEN, from the THEONE, saying, ‡" It is done."

18 And there were Lightnings, and Voices, tand Thunders, tand there was a great Earthquake; i such as was not since ta Man was on the FARTH, such an Earthquake,—so great.

19 And the GREAT CITY became Three Parts. and the CITIES of the NA-TIONS fell down; and Babylon the GREAT ; was remembered before God, I to have given her the cup of the WINE of the INDIG-NATION of his WRATH.

20 And ‡Every Island fled, and no Mountains were found.

21 ‡And a great Hai!, as if weighing a talent, comes down from HEA-VEN on MEN; and IMEN blasphemed God on account of the PLAGUE of the HAIL, Because the PLAGUE of it is exceedingly great.

σφοδρα. exceedingly.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.-16. Magedon (B.) 18. was-omit.

^{† 17.} loud, omitted by B. omitted by B. 18. a Man, (A.) 17. of heaven, omitted by B. 18. and Thunders

ΚΕΦ. ιζ'! 17.

ι Και ηλθεν είς εκ των έπτα αγγελων των And came one of the seven messengers of those εχοντων τας έπτα φιαλας, και ελαλησε μετ' having the seven howls, and apoke εμου, λεγων Δευρο, δειξω σοι το κριμα της me, saying; Come hither, I will show to thee the judgment of the πορνης της μεγαλης, της καθημένης επι των hadot the great, of that sitting $\delta \delta \alpha \tau \omega \nu \ \tau \omega \nu \ \pi \delta \lambda \lambda \omega \nu^{-2} \ \mu \epsilon \theta^{2} \ \eta s$ on επορνευσαν with whom committed fornication waters the many; οι βασιλεις της γης, και εμεθυσθησαν οί κατοιthe kings of the earth, and were made drunk those inhabit-κουντές την γην * [έκ του οινού της πορνέιας the earth [with the wine of the fornication 3 Και απηνεγκε με εις ερημον εν And be carried away me into a desert in αυτης.] of her.] ι και είδον γυναικα καθημένην επι πνευματι. spirit; θηρίον κοκκινον, γεμον ονοματων βλασφημίας, a wild-beast scarlel, being full of names of blasplemy, εχον κεφαλας έπτα και κερατα δεκα. 4 Και ή having heads seven and horns ten. And the γυνη ην περιβεβλημενη πορφυρούν και κοκκιwoman was having been clothed purple and scarlet, νυν, και κεχρυσωμενη χρυσιώ και λιθώ τιμιώ and having been gilded with gold and a stone precious και μαργαριταις, εχουσα χρυσουν ποτηριον εν pearls, baving golden a cup τη χειρι αύτης γεμον βδελυγματων, και τα ακαθαρτα της πορνείας αύτης, 5 και uncleannesses of the formcation of herself, and $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau o$ nn μετωπον αύτης ονομα γεγραμμενον. Μυστηριον.

I wondered, having seen her a wonder great.

7 Και ειπε μοι δ αγγελος: Διατι εθαυμασας: And said to me the messenger. Why didst thou wonder? εγω σοι ερω το μυστηριον της γυναικος, και I to thee will tell the secret of the woman, and του θηριου του βασταζοντος αυτην, του εχονοίτhe wild-beast of that bearing her, of that having τας τας έπτα κεφαλας και τα δεκα κερατα. The seven heads and the ten horms.

CHAPTER XVII.

1 And tone of those seven Angels having the seven Bowls came and spoke with me, saying, "Come, tI will show thee the fudgment of that great harlot, twho sits on than Waters;

2 twith whom the Kings of the Earth committed fornication, and the Inhabitants of the Earth were made drunk with the Wine of her for-

NICATION."

3 And he conducted me, in Spirit, ‡into a Desert; and I saw a Woman sitting ‡ on a *scarlet Beast, full of ‡ Blasphemous Names, having seven Heads and ten Horns.

4 And the WOMAN was clothed in Purple and Scarlet, and adorned with Gold and precious Stone and Pearls, having in her HAND a golden Cup, full of Abominations, and the IMPURITIES of *her FORNICATION:

5 and on her forehead a Name written, I"Mystery, Babylon the graat, Ithe mother of the harlots and of the abominations of the earth."

6 And I saw the woman drunk twith the BLOOD of the saints, and with the BLOOD of the WITNESSES of Jesus; and having seen her, I wondered with great Wonder.

7 And the angel said to me, "Why didst thou wonder? I will tell thee the secret of the woman, and of that beast bearing her,—that having the seven Heads and the ten Horns.

^{*} Vatican Manuscript, No. 1100.-2. with the wine of her fornication-omit, scarlet. 4. the fornication of the earth (b.)

^{† 1.} many Waters, (A.)

ΒΤο θηριον δ ειδες, ήν, και ουκ εστι, και The wild-beast which thou sawest, was, and not is, μελλει αναβαινειν εκ της αβυσσου, και εις απω-. ahout to come up out of the abyss, and into λειαν ὑπαγειν· και θαυμασονται οἱ κατοικουντες truction to go; and will wonder those dwelling επιτης γης, ών ου γεγραπταιτα ονοματα επι the earth, of whom not has been written the το βιβλιον της ζωης απο καταβολης κοσμου, the scroll of the life from a casting down of a world, $\beta\lambda\epsilon\pi$ οντων το θηριον ότι ήν, και ουκ $\epsilon\sigma\tau$ ι, beholding the wild-beast because he was, and not 9 'Ωδε δ νους δ εχων σοφιαν. και παρεσται. Here the mind the one having wisdom. and will be present. Αί έπτα κεφαλαι, έπτα ορη εισιν, όπου ή γυνη The seven heads, seven mountaineare, where the woman καθηται επ' αυτων. 10 Και βασιλεις έπτα kings on them. And εισιν' οί π εντε επεσαν, δ είς εστιν, δ αλλος are; the five felt, the one is, the other fel. $0 \cup \pi \omega$ $\eta \lambda \theta \epsilon$, και $\delta \tau \alpha \nu$ $\epsilon \lambda \theta \eta$, $\delta \lambda i \gamma \delta \nu$ $\alpha \cup \tau \delta \nu$ $\delta \epsilon^{i}$ not yet is come, and when he may have come, abutle him it behoves μειναι. 11 Και το θης ιον, δ ην, και ουκ εστι, And the wild-heast, which was, and not to remain. και αυτος ογδοος εστι, και εκ των έπτα εστι, even he eighth is, and out of the seven και εις απωλειαν ύπαγει. 12 Και τα δεκα κεραand into destruction gues. And the ten horns τα ά ειδες, δεκα βαπιλεις εισιν, οίτινες which thou sawest, ten kings are, βασιλειαν ουπω ελαβον, αλλ' εξουσιαν ώς βασιa kingdom not yet received, but authority as kings λεις μιαν ώραν λαμβανουσι μετα του θηριου. hour they receive with the wild-beast. 13 Ούτοι μιαν εχουσι γνωμην, και την δυναμιν These one have purpose, and the power και την εξουσιαν έαυτων τω θηριώ διδοασιν. and the authority of themselves to the wild-beast they give. ¹⁴ Ούτοι μετα του αρνιου πολεμησουσι· και το These with the lamb will make war; and the αρνιον νικησει αυτους, ότι κυριος κυριων εστι lamb will overcome them, because a Lord of lords heis και βασιλευς βασιλεων και οί μετ' αυτου, and those with a King of kings; 15 Kaι λεγει κλητοι και εκλεκτοι και πιστοι. called ones and chosen ones and faithful ones. And becays μοι Τα ύδατα ά ειδες, ού ή πορνη καθηto me; The waters which thou sawest, where the harlot ται, λαοι και οχλοι εισι, και εθνη και γλωσσαι. peoples and crowds are, and nations and

8 The BEAST which thou sawest, was, and is not, and tis about to ascend out of the ABYSS, and to go into Destruction; and Those who DWELL on the EARTH (‡ of of whom * the NAME has not been written on the SCROLL of the LIFE from the Foundation of the World,) ; will wonder, seeing the BEAST, Because he was, and is not, and shall be present.

9 ! Here is THAT MIND which HAS Wisdom. The SEVEN Heads are seven Mountains, on which

the WOMAN sits.

10 And the Kings are seven; the FIVE are fallen, the ONE is, the other is not yet come; and when he may have come, he must remain a little while.

11 And the BEAST, which was, and is not, he is both an Eighth and is of the SEVEN, 1 and goes into

Destruction.

1. And the ; TEN Horns which thou sawest are Ten Kings, who have not t[yet] received a Kingdom; but they receive Anthority, as Kings, One Hour with the BEAST.

13 These have One Purpose, and they give their POWER and † Authority to

the BEAST.

14 These will make war with the LAMB, and the LAMB will conquer them, (‡ Because he is Lord of Lords, and King of Kings,) tand THOSE who are with him are CALLED, and chosen, and faithful."

15 And he says to me, t" The WATERS which thou sawest, where the HARLOT sits, are Peoples, and Crowds, and Nations, and Languages.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 8, the NAME, (AB.)

^{† 12.} yet, omitted by A. 13. Authority, (A. B.)

^{† 8.} Rev. xi. 7; xiii. 1. † 1. Rev. xiii. 10; ver. 11. † 1. Rev. xiii. 8. † 1. Rev. xiii. 8. † 1. Rev. xiii. 1. † 11. verse 8. † 12. Lan. vii. 20; Zech. i. 13—21; Rev. xiii. 1. † 14. Rev. xvi. 14; xix. 19. † 14. Leut. x. 17; † Tim. vi. 15; Rev. xix. 16. † 14. Jer. 1. 44. 45; Rev. xiv. 4. † 15. Isa. viii. 7: verse 1.

6 Και τα δεκα κερατα ά ειδες, και το θη-And the ten horns which thou sawest, and the wildοιον, ούτοι μισησουσι την πορνην, και ηρημωseast, these willhate the barlot, sudbaving made μενην ποιησουσιν αυτην *[και γυμνην,] και naked,] . and desolate will make her [even τας σαρκας αυτης φαγονται, και αυτην καταwill eat, the flesh ofher and ber the first of her will eat, and her will kαυσουσίν εν πυρί. 17 °Ο γαρ θεος εδωκεν εις our with fire. The for God gave into τας καρδίας αυτων, ποιησαι *[την] γνωμην the hearts of them, to have done [the] purpose αυτου, και ποιησαι γνωμην μιαν, και δουναιτην of him, and to bave done purpose one, and to give the βασιλειαν αύτων τω θηριω, αχρι τελεσθησονkingdom of themselves to the wild-heast, till shall be finished ται οί λογοι του θεου. 18 Και ή γυνη ήν

And the woman which the words of the God. thon δες, εστιν ή πολις ή μεγαλη ή εχουσα βασιsawest, is the city the great that having λειαν επι των βασιλεων της γης. onip over the kings of the earth.

ΚΕΦ. ιη'. 18.

1 * [Και] μετα ταυτα ειδον αλλον αγγελον after these things I saw another messeuger [And] καταβαινοντα εκ του ουρανου, εχοντα εξουσιαν coming down from the heaven, having μεγαλην και ή γη εφωτισθη εκ της δοξης great; end the earth was illuminated from the glory 2 Και εκραξεν εν ισχυρα φωνη, λεγων αυτου. And he cried out with a strong voice, saying; *[επεσε.] Βαβυλων ή μεγαλη, και of him. [is fallen,] Babylon the great, and εγενετο κατοικητηριον δαιμονων, και φυλακη is become a habitation oldemons, and a haint παντος πνευματος ακαθαρτου, και φυλακη πανepirit impure, end a haunt ofevery 3 871 τος ορνεου ακαθαρτου και μεμισημενου·
every bird unclean and baring been hated, hecause εκ του οινου του θυμου της πορνειας αυτης by the wine of the wrath of the fornication παντα τα εθνη, και οί βαπιλεις της of the bas been drunken all the nations, and the kings γης μετ' αυτης επορνευσαν, και οί εμποροι της and the merchants of the her fornicated, γης εκ της δυναμεως του στρηνους αυτης επearth by the power of the luxuries other were λουτησαν. enriched.

4 Και ηκουσα αλλην φωνην εκ του ουρανου, votce from the And I heard another heaven,

16 And the TEN Horns which thou sawest, and the BEAST, these will hate the HARLOT, and Will make her desolate ‡and naked, and will eat her PLESH, and !burn Her with Fire.

17 # For God inclined their HEARTS to do his PURPOSE, even to execute one Purpose, and to give their KINGDOM to the BEAST, I till the WORDS of Gop shall be completed.

18 And the WOMAN, whom thou sawest, ‡ i3 THAT GREAT CITY, I which holds sovereignty over the KINGS of the EARTH."

CHAPTER XVIII.

- 1 t After these things I saw Another Angel coming down from HEAVEN, having great Authority; t and the EARTH was illumined with his GLORY.
- 2 And he cried with a strong Voice, saying, t"Fallen l fallen! is Babylon the GREAT! and tis become a Habitation of Demons, and a Haunt of Every impure Spirit, and ta Haunt of Every unclean and hated Bird;
- S because t [of the WINE] of the WRATH of her FORNICATION All the NATIONS have fallen. and the KINGS of the EARTH committed fornication with her, and the MFECHANTS of the EARTH were enriched by the POWER of her LUXURIES."
- 4 And I heard Another Voice from HEAVEN, say-

1.

17. the-omit.

[.] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1100 .- 16. and naked-omit. 2. is fallen-omit (B.) And-omit (A. B.)

^{3.} fallen, (A B C.)

^{+ 3.} of the wine, cmitted by A c. † 16. Jer. l. 41, 42; Rev. xviii. 16. v. xviii. 8. † 17. 2 Thess. ii. 11. s. Rev. xii. 4. † 1. Rev. xvii. 1. - 0; Jer. li. 8; Rev. xvis. 8. 1. 15a. xiv. 23; xxxvv. 11; Mark v 2, 3. † 16. Ezek. xvi. 37—44; Rev. xviii. 16. † 16. † 17. Rev. x. 7. † 17. Rev. x. 7. † 18. Rev. xvi. 19. † 1. Ezek. xviii. 2. † 2. Isa. xiii. 19; † 2. Isa. xiiv. 21; xxxviv. 14; Jer. l. 39; li. 37. † 3. verse 11. 15; Isa. xlvii 15. Rev. xviii. 8. 2 17. 2 2 18. Rev. xil. 4. 2 1. I x -- 0: Jer. li. 8; Rev. xiv. 8. 1 2. 152. xiv. 23; xxxiv. 11; Mark v 2, 3.

λεγουσαν Εξελθετε εξ αυτης, δ λαος μου, ίνα saying; Come you out from her, the people of me, so that μη συγκοινωνησητε ταις άμαρτιαις αυτης, και not you may participate with the sins of her, εκ των πληγων αυτης ένα μη λαβητε. from the plagues of her so that not you may receive; because εκολληθησαν αυτης αί άμαρτιαι αγρι του ουραadhered together ofher the sins even to the heaven, νου, και εμνημονευσεν ὁ θεος τα αδικηματα and remembered the God the unjust acts 6 Αποδοτε αυτη, ώς και αυτη απεκωκε, αυτης. Give you to her, as also she και διπλωσατε † [αυτη] διπλα κατα τα and double you [to her] double according to the τργα αυτης εν τω ποτηριω ω εκερασε, κεραworks of her; in the cup which she mixed, do you σατε αυτη διπλουν 7 όσα εδοξασεν έαυτην double; how much she glorified και εστρηνιασε, τοσουτον δοτε αυτη βασανισand lived luxuriously, so much give you to her torment μον και πενθος. Ότι εν τη καρδια αύτης and mourning. Because in the heart of herself λεγει Καθημαι βασιλισσα, και χηρα ουκ ειμι, λεγει Λαυημα. μα a queen, and a widow now μια ιδω. 8 δια τουτο εν μια and mourning not not imay see; on account of this in one ήμερα ήξουσιν αί πληγαι αυτης, θανατος *[και] will come the plagues of her, death [and] πενθος και λιμος· και εν πυρι κατακαυθησεται·
mourning and famine; and with fire will be burnt up; ότι ισχυρος κυριος όθεος δικρινας αυτην. because strong Lord the God the one having judged her. 9 Και κλαυσονται και κοψονται επ' αυτη οί And shallweep and shallwail over her the βασιλεις της γης, οί μετ' αυτης πορνευσαντες kings of the earth, those with her having fornicated και στρηνιασαντες, όταν βλεπωσι τον καπνον and having lived luxuriously, when they may see the της πυρωσεως αυτης, 10 απο μακροθεν έστηκοτον φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης, on account of the fear of the torment ofher, $\lambda \in \gamma o \nu \tau \in S^*$ Oval, $\star [o \nu a \iota,] \dot{\eta} \pi o \lambda \iota s \mu \in \gamma a \lambda \eta$, Basayıng; Woe, $\star [w \circ e,]$ the city great, Basayıng; $\beta \nu \lambda \omega \nu$ ή πολις ή ισχ $\nu \rho \alpha$, ότι μια ώρα η $\lambda \theta \epsilon \nu$ bylon the city the strong, because in one hour came 11 Και οί εμποροι της γης κλαιή κρισις σου. the judgment of thee. And the merchants of the earth weep ουσι και πενθουσιν επ' αυτη, ότι τον γομον and mourn over her, because the cargo her, hecause the cargo

ing, ‡"Come out from her, my people, so that you may have no fellowship with her SINS, and that you receive not of her PLAGUES.

5 ‡ because her sins were builded together even to HEAVEN, and ‡ God remembered *her Unrigh-

TEOUS ACTS.

6 ‡ Render to her as she also rendered, and repay double according to her works; ‡ in the cur which she mixed, ‡ mix to

her double;

7 tas much as she glorified herself, and lived luxuriously, So much Torment and Mourning give to her. Because she says in her HEART, 'I sit a t Queen, and am not a Widow, and shall by no means see Mourning.'

8 Therefore in ‡One Day will her PLAGUES come—Death and Mourning and Famine; and she will be burnt up with Fire; ‡Because *strong is That Lord who has

JUDGED her.

9 And THOSE KINGS of the EARTH, who with her committed fornication and lived luxuriously, will mourn and lament over her, Twhen they see the SMOKE of her burning,

10 standing at a distance on account of the FEAR of her TORMENT, saying, I'Alas! alas! the GREAT CITY Babylon, the STEONG CITY! I Because in One Hour came thy JUDGMENT.'

11 And the MER-CHANTS of the MART'S weep and mourn over her,

^{*} Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—5. her for her unrighteous acts. S. and—omit. 8 strong is that Lord. 10. Woe—omit.

^{† 6.} to her, omitted by A B C.

αυτων ούδεις αγοραζει ουκετι 12 γομον χρυσου of them no one buys any more; cargo of gold και αργυρου, και λιθου τιμιου και μαργαριτου, and of silver, and of stone of value and of pearl, και βυσσινου και πορφυρας, και σηρικου και and of fine cotton and of purple, and of silk and κοκκινου και παν ξυλον θυινον, και παν σκευοs of scarlet; and all wood aromatic, and every vessel ελεφαντινον, και παν σκευος εκ ξυλου τιμιωand every vessel of wood τατου και χαλκου και σιδηρου και μαρμαρου·
precious and of copper and of iron and of marble;

13 και κιναμωμον, και αμωμον, και θυμιαματα,
and cinnamon, and amonum, and odors, και μυρον, και λιβανον, *[και οινον,] και ελαι-and continent, and frankincense, [and wine,] and oil. ον, και σεμιδαλιν, και σιτον, και κτηνη, και and finest flour, and wheat, and cattle, προβατα και ίππων, και ρεδων, και σωματων sheep; and of horses, and of chariots, and of bodies; και ψυχας ανθρωπων. 14 Και ή δπωρα της επιand lives of men. And the fruit season of the earnθυμιας της ψυχης σου απηλθεν απο σου, και est desire of the soul of thee went away from thee, παντα τα λιπαρα και τα λαμπρα απωλετο all the dainty things and the spiendid things perished απο σου, και ουκετι ου μη εύρησης αυτα. εύρησης αυτα. ¹⁵ Οἱ εμποροι τουτων οἱ πλουτησαντες απ' The merchants of these things those having been enriched from αυτης, απο μακροθεν στησονται, δια τον her, from at a distance shall stand, because of the her, φοβον του βασανισμου αυτης, κλαιοντες και fear of the torment of her, weeping and πενθουντες, 16 * [και] λεγοντες Ουαι, * [ουαι] mourning, [and] saying, Woe, [woe;] ή πολις ή μεγαλη, ή περιβεβλημενη βυσσινον the city the great, that having been clothed fine cotton και πορφυρουν και κοκκινον, και κεχρυσωμενη purple and scarlet, and being gilded εν χρυσιφ και λιθφ τιμιφ και μαργαριταις. ότι with gold and stone precious and pearla; because μια ώρα ηρημωθη ό τοσουτος πλουτος.

the one hour island waste the so great wealth 17 Kai And πας κυβερνητης, και πας δ επιτοπον πλεων, every pilot, and every une who to a place sailing, και ναυται, και δσοι την θαλασσαν εργαζονand sailors, and as many as the work, sea ται, απο μακροθεν εστησαν, 18 και εκραζον βλεfrom at a distance atond, and cried out ποντες τον καπνον της πυρωσεως αυτης, λεholding the smoke of the burning of her, poining the smole of the burning of her, sayγοντες: *[Τις όμοια τη πολει τη μεγαλη; 19 και city is like to the GREAT

Because no one buys their MERCHANDISE any more;

12 the Mcrchandise of Gold, and of Silver, and of precious Stone, and of Pearl, and of Fine linen, and of Purple, and of Silk, and of Scarlet; and All aromatic Wood, and All Furniture of Ivory, and All Furniture of most precious Wood, and of Copper, and of Iron, and of Marble:

13 and Cinnamon, and Amomum, and Incense. and Ointment, and Frankincense, and Wine, and Finest flour, and Wheat, and *Cattle, and Sheep, and of Herses, and of Chariots, and of Bodies, and # Lives of Men.

14 And the FRUIT SEA-SON of thy SOUL'S ARDENT DESIRE is gone away from thee, and All the DAINTY and SPLENDID THINGS are lost to thee, and never † shall they find them.

15 THOSE MERCHANTS of these things who were enriched by her, will stand at a distance, because or the FEAR of her TORMENT. * weeping and mourning,

16 saying, Alas! alas! THAT GREAT CITY, twhich was CLOTHED with Fine linen, and Purple, and Scarlet, and adorned with Gold, and precious Stone, and Pearls1

17 ‡ Because in One Hour SUCH GREAT Wealth is laid waste." And t Every Pilot, and Every Voyager, and Mariner, and as many as work on the SEA, stood at a distance,

18 ‡ and cried out, beholding the SMOKE of her aod | CITY!"

[What like to the city to the great?

[•] VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—13. and Wine—omit (B.)

[B.] 15. both weeping. 16. and—omit (A. B.) 13. Sheep, and Cattle, (B.) tle, (B.) 15. both weeping. 10. and -omit (A. B.) 10. wee-cmit (B.) 18, 19, 22, 23, are omissions probably made through the carelessness of the transcriber. They are found in A B C.

^{† 13.} an odoriferous shrub. 14. shall they find, (A c.)

^{† 12.} Rev. xvii. 4. † 13. Ezek. xxvii. 13. † 15. verses 3, 11. xvii. 4. † 17. verse 10. † 17. lsa. xxiii. 14; Ezek. xxvii. 20. xxvii. 30, 31; verse 9 † 18. Rev. xiii. 4. 1 15. verses 3, 11.

εβαλον χουν επι τας κεφαλας αυτων, και εκρα-they cast dust on the heads of themselves, and cried ζον κλαιοντες και πενθουντες, λεγοντες:] Ουαι, out weeping and mourning, saying;] Woe. *[oval*] $\dot{\eta}$ modes $\dot{\eta}$ $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \lambda \eta$, $\epsilon \nu$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\epsilon \pi \lambda o \nu \tau \eta \sigma \alpha \nu$ the city the great, by which were enriched παντες οί εχοντες πλοια εν τη θαλασση εκ της all those having ships on the sea by the τιμιοτητος αυτης, ότι μια ώρα ηρημωθη. prectousness of her, because in one hour she was made desolate. 20 Ευφραινου επ' αυτη, ουρανε, και οἱ άγιοι και Rejoice thou over her, O heaven, and the holy ones and οί αποστολοι και οί προφηται, ότι εκρινεν the apostles and the prophets, because judged prophets, ό θεος το κριμα ύμων εξ αυτης. the God the judgment of you on her. 21 Και ηρεν είς And took up one αγγελος ισχυρος λιθον ώς μυλον μεγαν, και strong astone as amillatone great, and messenger εβαλεν εις την θαλασσαν, λεγων. Ούτως δρμηcast into the sea, saying; Thus with ματι βληθησεται Βαβυλων ἡ μεγαλη πολις, και violence shall be cast down Babylon the great city, 22 Και φωνη κιθαρφδων ου μη εύρεθη **€ΤΙ.** not not may be found any more. And a voice και μουσικων και αυλητων και σαλπιστων ου μη and of musicians and of flute-players and of trumpeters not not ακουσθη εν σοι ετι, και πας τεχνιτης πασης may be heard in thee longer, and every artisan τ εχνης ου μη εύρεθη εν σοι ετι, \star [και φωνη art not not may be found in thee longer, [and a sound μυλου ου μη ακουσθη $\epsilon \nu$ σοι $\epsilon \tau$ ι,] και φως of a millatone act not may be beard in thee longer.] and a light λυχνου ου μη φανη εν συι ετι, 23 * [και φωνη oflamp not not may shine in thee longer, [and a voice νυμφιου και νυμφης ου μη ακουσθη εν σοι ετι. of bridegroom and of bride not not may be heard in thee longer; ότι] οί εμποροι σου ησαν οί μεγιστανες της because] the merchants of thee were the great ones γης, δτι εν τη φαρμακεια σου επλανηθησαν earth, occause by the magical arts of thee were deceived 24 Και εν αυτη αίματα προφη- π aντα τα ϵ θνη. And ia all the nations. thee bloods of prophτων και άγιων εύρεθη, και παντων των εσφαγand of holy oneswas found, even of all of those having been μενων επι της γης.

ΚΕΦ. ιθ'. 19.

killed on the earth.

19 And they cast Dust on their HEADS, and cried, tweeping and mourning, saying, "Alas! alas! THAT GREAT CITY, by which were enriched out of her WEALTH ALL those HAVING the ships on the SEA! Because in One Hour she was desolated."

20 ‡ Exult over her, O Heaven! and you SAINTS, and you apostles, and you prophets; Because GOD judged your JUDG-

MENT on her.

21 And one strong Angel took up a Stone like a great Millstone, and threw it into the SEA, saying, t"Thus with Violence shall Babylon, the GREAT City, be thrown down, and Ishall by no means be found any more.

22 # And Voice of Harpers, and of Musicians, and of Flute-players, and of Trumpeters, shall be heard in thee no longer; and no Artisan tof any Art shall be found in thee any more; and Sound of Millstone shall be heard in

thee no longer;

23 and ; Light of Lamp shall shine no more in thee; and; Voice of Bride-groom and of Bride shall be heard no more in thee; ‡ Because thy merchants were the GREAT ONES of the EARTH- Because by thy SORCERIES All the NA-TIONS were deceived."

24 And 1 in her the t Blood of Prophets and of Saints was found, even of ALL those thaving been KILLED on the EARTH.

CHAPTER XIX.

1 After these things II heard a loud Voice as of a

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- 19. woe-omit. 1. great-omit. 22 23-om.

¹ Μετα ταυτα ηκουσα ώς φωνην *[μεγαλην] After these things I heard as a voice [great]

^{† 19.} Weeping and Mourning, omitted by A. 19. the ships, (A B C.) y Art, omitted by A. 24. Blood, (A C.) bloods, (E.) 22. of any Art, omitted by A.

^{† 19.} Josh. víi. 6; 1 Sam. iv. 12; Job ii. 12; Ezek. xxvíi. 30.

Isa. xliv. 23; xlix. 13; Jer. li. 43.

† 20. Luke xi. 40, 50; xix. 2.

† 21. Jer. li. 64.

† 21. Rev. xii. 8; xvi. 20.

† 22. Isa. xxiv. 8; Jer. vii. 34; xvi. 0; xxv. 10; Ezek. xxvi. 13;

† 23. Jer. xxv. 10.

† 23. Jer. xii. 34; xvi. 9; xxxii. 11.

† 23. Isa. xxii. 8,

† 24. Jer. xxii. 4, Rev. xvii. 2, 5.

† 24. Rev. xvii. 6. I I. Rev. x1. 15.

σχλου πολλου εν τφ ουρανώ, λεγοντών Αλληof a growd large in the heaven, Praise saying; λουια ή σωτηρια και ή δοξα και ή δυναμείς του the Lord; the entration and the glory and the power of the θ eou $\eta\mu\omega\nu$. 2 of α and α in kai dikatai at kpi-God of us; because true and righteons the judg-σεις αυτου ότι εκρινέ την πορνην την μεγαments of him; because he judged the harlot the great, λην, ήτις εφθειρε την γην εν τη πορνεια αυτης, which corrupted the earth with the fernication of herself, και εξεδικησε το αίμα των δουλων αυτου εκ and avenged the blood of the bond-servants of himself from 3 Και δευτερον ειρηκαν Αλληxeipos autis. And a second time they have said: λουια και δ καπνος αυτης αναβαινει εις τους ofher the Lord; and the emoke for nsce up the 4 Και επεσον οί πρεσβυτεalwas Twy alwywy. ages of the ages. And fell down the ροι οι εικοσιτεσσαρες, και τα τεσσαρα olders (wa, twenty-four, and the four living ones, και προσεκυνησαν τω θεω τω καθημενώ επι
and didhomage to the God to the one sitting on θρονου, λεγοντες Αμην αλληλουια. strone, enging; So heat; praise the Lord. sda δ Και φωνη εκ του θρονου εξηλθε, λεγουσα: And avoice from the throne cameforth, Αινειτε τον θεον ήμων παντες οι δουλοι αυτου, Praiseyon the God ofte all the bond-servants of him. και οί φοβουμενοι αυτον οί μικροι και οί acd those bim the little ones and the fearing μεγαλοι. great ones. και ηκουσα ώς φωνην οχλου πολλου, και

And I heard as avoice of a crowd great, ώς φωνην ύδατων πολλων, και ώς φωνην βρονas a sound of waters many, and as a moise of thunτων ισχυρων, λεγοντες Αλληλουία ότι εβασιλευσε κυριος δ θεος ημων, δ παντοκρατωρ.

d Lord the God of us, the almighty. Ταιρωμεν και αγαλλιωμεθα, και δωμεν την We should rejoice and we should exult, and we should give the δοξαν αυτώ ότι ηλθεν ό γαμος του αρνιου, και giory to him; because came the marriage of the lamb, ή γυνη αυτου ήτοιμασεν έαυτην 8 και εδοθη and it was given the wife of him prepared herself, αυτη, ίνα περιβαληται βυσσινον λαμπρον to her, so that she might be clothed with fine cotton bright και καθαρον. (Το γαρ βυσσινον, τα δικαιω-(The for fine cotton, the righteou.

great Crowd in HEAVEN, saying, "Hallelujah! the SALVATION and the GLORY and the POWER of our God;

2 Because true and righteous are his Judge-MENTS; Because he judged the GREAT HAR-LOT, who corrupted the EARTH with her FORNICA-TION, and tavenged the BLOOD of his SERVANTS [shed] by her Hands."

3 And a Second time they said, "Hallelujah!" And they SMOKE rises up for the AGES of the AGES.

4 And the TWENTY-FOUR ELDERS and the FOUR Living ones fell down and worshipped THAT GOD who SITS on the THRONE, tsaying, "Amen! Hallelujah!"

5 And a Voice came forth from the THRONE, saying, t"Praise our God, all his SERVANTS and THOSE Who FEAR him, the LITTLE and the GREAT."

6 ‡ And I heard as it were a Voice of a great Crowd, and as the Soundof many Waters, and as a NoiseofmightyThunders, saying, "Hallelujah; ‡Because † our Lord God, the OMNIPOTENT, reigned!

7 We may rejoice and exult and give the GLORY to him; Because \$\frac{1}{2}\$ the MARRIAGE of the LAMB came, and his WIFE prepared herself."

8 † And it was given her that she should be clothed with Fine linen, bright † and pure; † for the FINE LINEN represents the RIGHTEOUS ACTS of the SAINTS.

9 And he says to me,

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a! the

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EUTL

la.

holy ones.)

άγιων.) 9 Kai

And

λεγει μοι

he says to me;

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT .- 6. Lord-omit.

^{† 6,} our, omitted by A. 8 and, omitted by A.

^{11.} Rev. iv. 11; vii. 10, 12; xii. 10. 12. Rev. xv. 3; xvi. 7. 12. Deut. xxxii. 45; Rev. vi. 10; xviii. 20. 13. Isa. xxxiv. 10; Rev. xiv; xviii. 9, 18. 14. Rev. iv. 4, 6, 10; v. 14. 14. 1 Chron. xvi 36; Neh. v. 13; viii. 6; Rev. v. 14. 15. Psa. cxxxiv. 1, &c. 15. Rev. xi. 18; xx. 12. 16. Ezek. 1. 24; xiiii. 2; Rev. xiv. 2; 6. Rev. xi. 15, 17; xii. 10; xxi. 22. 17. Matt xxii. 2; xxv. 10; 2 Cor. xi. 2; Eph v. 32; Rev. xxi. 2, 9. 18. Psa. xlv. 13, 14; Ezek. xvi. 10; Rev. iii. 18. 18. Psa. cxxxii. 6

Γραψον Μακαριοι οί εις το δειπνον του αμου Write thou; Blessed ones those into the supper of the marriage του αρνιου κεκλημενοι. Και λεγει μο: Ούτοι of the lamb having heen called. And hesays to me; These οί λογοι αληθινοι εισι του θεου. 10 Και επεσον the words true are of the God. εμπροσθεν των ποδων αυτου προσκυνησαι αυτφ. the feet of him to worship ι μοι 'Ορα μη συνδουλος before him; και λεγει μοι° and he says to me; See not; a fellow-hondservant of thee ειμι, και των αδελφων σου των εχοντων την I am, and of the brethren of thee of those having μαρτυριαν του Ιησου τ ϕ θε ϕ προσκυνησον. tostimony of the Jesus; to the God do thou give worship. (Ή γαρ μαρτυρια † [του] Ιησου, εστι το πνευμα (The for testimony [of the] Jesus, is the spirit της προφητειας.) of the prophecy.)

11 Και ειδον τον ουρανον ανεφημένον, και Aud I saw the heaven having been opened, and ιδου ίππος λευκος, και δ καθημενος επ' αυτον, 'o a horse white, and the one sitting on καλουμένος πιστος και αληθινός, και εν δικαιο-αυτου διαδηματα πολλα εχων ονομα γεγραμ-othim diadems many; having a name having been μενον ο ουδεις οιδεν, ει μη αυτος· 13 και περιwritten which no one knows, if not himself; and having $\beta \epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \mu \epsilon \nu o s$ [$\mu \alpha \tau \iota o \nu$] $\beta \epsilon \beta \alpha \mu \mu \epsilon \nu o \nu$ $\alpha i \mu \alpha \tau \iota \iota$ been clothed with a mantle having been dipped in blood; «αλειται το ονομα αυτου» 'Ο λογος του θεου. 14 Και τα στρατευματα τα εν τφ ουρανφ ηκο-And the armies those in the heaven fol-

λουθει αυτφ εφ' ίπποις λευκοις, ενδεδυμενοι lowed him on horses white, having been clothed with βυσσινον λευκον καθαρον. 15 Και εκ του στο-And out of the fine cotton white cleau. mouth ματος αυτου εκπορευεται βομφαια οξεια, ίνα εν goes forth a broad-sword sharp, so that with

αυτη παταξη τα εθνη, και αυτος ποιμανει her he may sm.te the nations, and he shall tend αυτους εν βαβδω σιδηρα και αυτος πατει την them with a rod iron; and he treads the them with a rod ληνον του οινου του θυμου της οργης του θεου wine-press of the wine of the wrath of the anger of the God 16 Και εχει επι το ίματιον του παντοκρατορος. And hehas on the almighty one.

"Write; - # Blessed THOSE who have been IN-VITED to the MARRIAGE-SUPPER of the LAMB. He also said to me, ‡"These are the true WOEDS of God."

10 And ‡I fell before his FEET to worship him. And he says to me, f"See; no! I am a Fellow-servant with thee, and of THOSE BRETHREN with thee t who have the TES-TIMONY of JESUS; worship God." (For the TESTIMONY of Jesus is the SPIRIT of this PROPHECY.

11 I And I saw HEAVEN opened, and behold, ‡a white Horse; and HE who SAT on him was f[called] Faithful and True, and in Righteousness he judges and makes war.

12 ‡ And his EYES were as a Flame of Fire, and ton his HEAD were many Diadems; thaving *a Name written which no one knows except himself.

13 I And he was invested with a Mantle dipped in Blood; and his NAME is called, ‡ The

word of God.

14 And THOSE AR-MIES in HEAVEN followed him on white Horses, tclothed in white pure

Fine linen.

15 And tout of his MOUTH proceeds a sharp *two-edged Broadsword, so that with it he may smite the NATIONS; and the shall rule them with an Iron Sceptre; and ; he treads the WINEPRESS of the WINE of the INDIGNA-TION of the WRATH of GOD, the OMNIPOTENT. 16 And he has on his

* Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—12. as—omit (A.) Name written (B.) 15. two-edged (B.) 12. Names written, and a

^{+ 10.} of the, omitted by A B. 11. called, omitted by A.

^{† 9.} Matt. xxii. 2, 3; Luke xiv. 15, 16. † 9. Rev. xxi. 5; xxii. 6. † 10. Rev. xxi. 5; xxii. 6. † 10. Acts x. 26; xiv. 14, 15; Rev. xxii. 9. † 10. 1 John v. 10; Rev. xii. 17. † 11. Rev. xii. 4. † 11. Isa. xi. 4. † 12. Rev. i. 14; ii. 18. † 12. Rev. vi. 2. † 11. Rev. iii. 17. † 13. Isa. Ixii. 2, 8. † 13. John i. 1; 1 John v. 7 † 14. Rev. ii. 17. † 13. Isa. Ixii. 4; 2 Thess. ii. 8; Rev. i. 10; verse 21. † 15. Psa. ii. 9; Rev. ii. 27; xii. 5. † 15. Isa. Ixii. 3; Rev. xiv. 19, 20. €

και επι τον μηρον αύτου ονομα γεγραμμενον·
and on the thigh of himself a name having been written;
Βασιλευς βασιλεων και κυριος κυριων.

Fing ofkings and Lord of lords. 17 Και ειδον ένα αγγελον έστωτα εν τφ ήλιφ. And I saw one messenger standing in the sun; και εκραξε φωνη μεγαλη, λεγων πασι τοις and he cried with a voice great, saying to all to the τοις πετομενοις εν μεσουρανηματι to those flying in mid-heaven; $\Delta \epsilon \upsilon \tau \epsilon$, $\sigma \upsilon \nu \alpha \chi \theta \eta \tau \epsilon$ ϵ is τo $\delta \epsilon$ in $\nu o \nu$ τo $\mu \epsilon \gamma a$ $\tau o \nu$ Come you, be you assembled for the supper the great efthe θεου, ¹³ ίνα φαγητε σαρκας βασιλεων και σαρ-God, so that you may eat ficeh of kings and flesh κας χιλιαρχων και σαρκας ισχυρων, και σαρκας of commanders and flesh of strong ones, and flesh ίππων και των καθημενών επ' αυτών, Kal ofhorses and ofthose sitting on them, and σαρκας παντων ελευθερων τε και δουλων, και tesh of all freemen both and bondmen, and μικρων και μεγαλων. 19 Και ειδον το θηριον both and bondmen, little ones and great ones. And I saw the wild-beast και τους βασιλεις της γης και τα στρατευματα kings of the earth and the αυτων συνηγμενα, ποιησαι πολεμον μετα του of them having been assembled, to make war with the καθημενου επι του ίππου και μετα του στρατευone sitting on the horse and with the 20 Και επιασθη το θηριον, και δ ματος αυτου. And was caught the wild-beast, and the μeτ° αυτου ψευδοιροφητης δ ποιησας the one having done the him talse-prophet with σημεία ενωπίον αυτου, εν οίς επλανήσε τους signs in presence of him, by which he deceived those λαβοντας το χαραγμα του θηριου, και τους having received the mark of the wild-beast, and those προσκυνουντας τη εικονι αυτου ζωντες εβληduing homage to the image of him; living were θησαν οί δυο εις την λιμνην του πυρος την cast the two into the lake of the fre that καιομενην εν θ ειφ. ²¹ Και οί λοιποι απεκτανwith brimstone. And the remaining ones $\theta\eta\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\epsilon\nu$ $\tau\eta$ $\delta\sigma\mu$ $\phi\alpha$ α α $\tau\sigma\nu$ $\kappa\alpha\theta\eta\mu$ $\epsilon\nu\sigma\nu$ $\epsilon\pi\iota$ $\tau\sigma\nu$ killed with the broadsword of the one sitting on the ίππου, τη εξελθουση εκ του στοματος αυτου. harse, with the sucgoing forth out of the mouth και παντα τα ορνεα εχορτασθησαν € K των all the were filled with the

КЕФ. к'. 20.

1 Και είδον αγνελον καταβαίνοντα εκ του And Leaw amessenger coming down out of the

MANTLE and on his THIGH a Name written, ‡ King of Kings, and Lord of Lords.

17 And I saw an Angel standing in the SUN; and he cried with a loud Voice, saying \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to All THOSE BIEDS which FLY in Midheaven, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ "Come, assemble yourselves to the GREAT SUPPER of GOD;

18 ‡ that you may eat Flesh of Kings, and Flesh of Commanders, and Flesh of Powerful men, and Flesh of Horses, and Flesh of Those who sit on them, and Flesh of All, both Freemen and Bondmen, both Little and Great."

19 ‡ And I saw the BEAST, and the KINGS of the EARTH, and † their ARMIES, assembled together to make War with HIM who SITS on the HORSE, and with his ARMY.

20 ‡ And the BEAST was captured, and HE who was with him,—THAT FALSE-PROPHET WHO PERFORMED the SIGNS in his presence, with which he deceived those who received the MARK of the BEAST, and ‡ THOSE Who WORSHIP his IMAGE; ‡ these TWO WERE cast alive into THAT LAKE of FIRE ‡ which BURNS WITH Sulphur.

21 And the rest twere killed with that broadsword of him who sits on the horse, which went forth out of his mouth; tand All the hiers twere satiated with

their FLESH.

CHAPTER XX.

1 And I saw an Angel coming down from HEA.

σαρκων αυτων.

flesh of them.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160 .- one-omit (B.)

^{† 19.} his armies, (A.)

^{† 16.} Dan ii. 47; 1 Tim. vt. 15; Rev. xvii. 14. † 17. verse 21. † 17. Ezek. xxxix. 17. † 18. Ezek. xxxix. 18, 20. † 19. Hev. xvi. 16; xvii. 13, 14. † 20. Rev. xvi. 13, ia. † 20. Rev. xvi. 13, ia. † 20. Rev. xvi. 10; xxi. 8. † 21. verse 15. † 21. verse 17. 15. † 21. Rev. xvii. 16.

ουρανου, εχοντα την κλειν της αβυσσου, και key of the having the deep, and 2 Kai άλυσιν μεγαλην επι την χειρα αύτου. great on the hand of himself. And εκρατησε τον δρακοντα, τον οφιν τον αρχαιον, the dragon, the serpent the δς εστι διαβολος και σατανας, και εδησεν αυτον an accuser and an adversary, and he bound χίλια ετη, 3 και εβαλεν αυτον εις την αβουσα thousand years, and he cast him into the σον, και εκλεισε και εσφραγισεν επανω αυτου, and shut up and sealed over him, ετι τα εθνη, αχρι τελεσθη ίνα μη πλανα so that not he might deceive longer the nations, till might be ended τα χιλια ετη· *[και] μετα ταυτα δει αυτον the thousand years; [and] after these it behoves him λυθηναι μικρον χρονον. to be loosed a little time.

4 Και ειδον θρονους· και εκαθισαν επ' αυτους, And I saw thrones; and they sat on them, και κριμα εδοθη αυτοις· και τας ψυχας των and judgment was given to them; and the souls of those δια την μαρτυριαν Ιησου πεπελεκισμενων having been cut with an axe because of the testimony of Jesus *[κ ai] δ ia τον λογον του θ εου, κ ai οίτινες [and] because of the word of the God, and who ου προσεκυνησαν το θηριον ουτε τη FIKOVI not worshipped the wild-heast nor the αυτου, και ουκ ελαβον το χαραγμα επι 70 received the mark and not on the kal €(nμετωπον και επι την χειρα αυτων·
forehead and on the hand of themselves hand of themselves; they σαν, και εβασιλευσαν μετα του Χριστου τα with the Anointedone the they reigned lived, and χιλια ετη· 5 * [οί δε λοιποι των νεκρων ουκ the butremaining ones of the deadones not thousand years; εζησαν αχρι τελεσθη τα χιλια ετη.] Αύτη till should be ended the thousand years. This 6 Μακαριος και άγιος ή αναστασις ή πρωτη. the resurrection the first. Blessed and holy δ εχων μερος εν τη αναστασειτη πρωτη· επι the one having aportion in the resurrection the first; over τουτων δ δευτερος θανατος ουκ εχει εξουσιαν, euch ones the second death not has authority, αλλ' εσονται ίερεις του θεου και του Χριστοι, but they shall be priests of the God and of the Anointed one, και βασιλευσουσι μετ' αυτου χιλια ετη. 7 Kai they shall reign with him a thousand years And

VEN, ‡ having the KEY of the ABYSS, and a great Chain on his HAND.

2 And he seized the DRAGON,—the OLD SER-PLNT, who is an Enemy * and the ADVERSARY, and bound him a Thousand Years,

3 and cast him into the BYSS, and shut up and the sealed over him, the that he might deceive the NATIONS no more, till the THGUSAND Years should be ended; after these he must be loosed a Short Time.

4 And I saw ! Thrones, (and they sat on them, and !Judgment was given them,) and the PERSONS of THOSE who had been BEHEADED because of the TESTIMONY of Jesus, and because of the word of God,-even those twho did not worship the BEAST, inor his IMAGE, and did not receive the MARK on their FOREHEAD, and on their HAND; and they lived and ‡reigned with the Anointed one 7 the THOUSAND Years.

5 † But the rest of the DEAD did not live till the THOUSAND Years were ended. This is the † FIRST RESURRECTION.

6 * Blessed and holy is HE who HAS a Portion in the FIRST RESURREC-TION; over these the SECOND Death has no Authority, but they shall be thrests of God and of the ANOINTED, tand shall reign * with him a Thousand Years.

7 And *when the

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—2. even that Adversary who decrives the whole maritable, and bound him. (b) 3. and—omit (a. b.) 4. and—omit. 5. But the rest of the dead did not live till the thousand Years were ended—omit. These words were probably omitted by oversight in Vac. MS., as they are found in a bc.—though not in the Syriac.

6. Both blessed and holy.

7. after.

^{† 2.} the ADVERSARY, (A.B.)
4. a Thousand Years, (A.)
5. And, (B.) but omitted by A.
6. And the REST of the MEN lived not (B.)
5. First—probably in dignity or importance.

^{† 1.} Rev. 1. 18; 1x. 1. † 2. Rev. xii. 9. † 3. Dan. vi. 17. † 3. Rev. xvi. 14, 16; verse 8, 4. Dan. vii. 9, 22, 27; Matt. xix. 28; Luke xxii. 30. † 4. 1 Cor. vi. 2, 3. † 4. Rev. vii. 4. Rev. xiii. 15, 16. † 4. Rom. viii. 17; 2 Tim. 11; 2; Rev. v. 10, 6. Rev. ii. 11; xxi. 8. † 4. Isa. ixi. 6 * 1 Pet. ii. 9; Rev. i. 6; v. 10. † 6. verse 4.

itav $\tau \in \lambda \in \sigma\theta\eta$ τa $\chi_i \lambda_i a$ $\in \tau\eta$, $\lambda_i u\theta\eta\sigma \in \tau a_i$ δ when may be ended the thrusand years, shall be loosed the shall be loosed the σατανας εκ της φυλακης αύτου. 8 και εξελευadversary out of the prison ofhimself; and heshall σεται πλανησαι τα εθνη τα εν ταις τεσσαρσι go furth to deceive the nationa those in the γωνιαις της γης, τον Γωγ και τον Μαγωγ, corners of the parth, the Gog and the Magog, συναγαγειν αυτους εις πολεμον, ών δ αριθμος them for war, of whom the number to assemble ⁹ Και ανεαυτων ώς ή αμμος της θαλαπσης. And they of them as the sand of the sea. βησαν επι το πλατος της γης, και εκυκλωσαν mentup on the breadth of the earth, and encircled την παρεμβολην των άγιων, και την πολιν την of the holy ones, and the city Cathp ηγαπημενην και κατεβη πυρ εκ του ουρανου beloved, and came down fire out of the heaven απο του θεου, και κατεφαγεν αυτους· 10 και δ from the God, and ate up them; διαβολος δ πλανων αυτους, $\epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ $\epsilon \iota s$ $\tau \eta \nu$ λιμνην του πυρος και θειου, δπου και το θη-'ake of the fire and of hrimstone, where both the wildριον και ό ψευδοπροφητης και βασανισθησονfalse-prophet; and they will be tormeuted ται ήμερας και νυκτος εις τους αιωνας των day and night for the ages of the alwawn.

11 Και ειδον θρονον μεγαν λευκον, και τον And I saw a throne great white, and καθημενον επ' αυτον, ού απο προσωπου εφυone sitting on him, of whom from (aco γ εν ή γ η και δ ουρανος, και τοπος ουχ εύρεθη the earth and the heaven, and a place not was found αυτοις. 12 Και ειδον τους νεκρους, μικρους και for them. And leaw the deadone, little once and μεγαλους, έστωτας ενωπιον του θρονου, και great ones. having atood in presence of the throne, and $β_iβλια$ ηνοιχθησαν και αλλο $β_iβλιον$ ηνεφχθη, hooks was opened, and another book was opened, δ εστι της ζωης και εκριθησαν οί νεκροι εκ life; and were judged the dead ones out of which is of the εν τοις βιβλιοις, κατα γεγραμμενων the things having been written in the hooks, according to 13 Και εδωκεν ή θαλασσα τους τα εργα αυτων. And gave up the the works of them. sea the νεμοους τους εν αυτη, *[και δ θανατος και δand the her, [and the death dead ones those in άδης εδωκαν τους νεκρους τους εν αυτοις και those in them; the dead ones invisible gave up

THOUSAND Years may be completed, the ADVER-SARY will be loosed out of his PRISON,

8 and will go forth tto deceive THOSE NATIONS which are in the roun Corners of the EARTH, : Gog and Magog, I to assemble them together for War; whose NUMBER is as the SAND of the SEA.

9 ‡ And they went up on the BREADTH of the EARTH, and encircled the CAMP of the SAINTS, and the BELOVED CITY; and Fire came down out of HEAVEN † from God, and consumed them.

10 ‡ And THAT ENEMY who deceived them was cast into the LAKE of FIRE and Sulphur, ‡ where both the BEAST and FALSE-PROPHET [were cast,] and they will be tormented Day and Night for the AGES of the AGES.

11 And I saw a great white Throne, and one SITTING on it, from Whose Face the EARTH and the HEAVEN fled away, I and no Place was found for them.

12 And I saw the DEAD, tthe #GREAT and the LITTLE, standing before the THRONE; ‡and Books were opened; and Another & Book was opened, which is the book of the LIFE; and the DEAD were judged from the THINGS which had been written in the LOOKS, I according to their WORKS.

13 And the SEA gave up THOSE DEAD which were in it; and DEATH and HADES gave up the DEAD and which were in them; and

Variean Manuscript, No. 1160.—13, and death and mades gave up the dead which were in them; and they were judged each one according to their works—omit. It is thought these words were omitted by the copyist, as they are found in A B C.

^{12.} the GREAT and the LITTLE, (A.) t 9. from Gos, omitted by A.

^{1 7.} verse 2. 2 8 verses 3, 10. 2 8. Ezek. xxxviii. 2; xxxix. 1. 1 8. Rev. xvi
14 29. Isa. viii. 8; Ezek. xxxviii. 9, 10. 10. verse 8. 2 10. Rev. xix. 20,
1 10. Rev. xiv. 10, 11. 1 11. 2 Pet. 111. 7, 10, 11; xxi. 1. 1 11. Dan. ii. 35,
1 12. Rev. xix. 5. 1 12. Dan. vii. 10. 2 12. Psa. lxix. 28; Dan. xii. 1; Phil. iv. 3;
1 12. Xii. 12, xii. 13, xii. 14, verse 13.

εκριθησαν έκαστος κατα τα εργα αύτων.] each one according to the works of themselves.] were judged Were junged σευτικό από δια δια εβληθησαν εις

14 Και δι θανατος και διάδης εβληθησαν εις

15 dath and the invisible were cast into την λιμνην του πυρος· ούτος δ θανατος ό δευτεthe lake of the fire; this the death the second 15 Και ει τις ουχ εύρεθη εν τη βιβ-Aud if any one not was found in the book ρος εστι. is. $\lambda \varphi$ της ζωης $\gamma \epsilon \gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \epsilon \nu \sigma$, $\epsilon \beta \lambda \eta \theta \eta$ $\epsilon \iota s$ την of the life having been written, was cast into the λιμνην του πυρος. lake of the fire.

КЕФ. ка'. 21.

¹ Και ειδον ουρανον καινον και γην καινην· δ new and earth new; the And Isaw a heaven γαρ πρωτος ουρανος και ή πρωτη γη απηλθον, ουρανος και η heaven and the first earth weight πολιν και ή θαλασσα ουκ εστιν ετι. not is longer. And the city and the sea την έγιαν, Ίερουσαλημ καινην ειδον καταβαι-I saw coming Jerusalem new νουσαν εκ του ουρανου, απο του θεου ήτοιμασdown out of the heaven, from the God having been μενην ώς νυμφην κεκοσμημενην τω ανδρι a bride having been accorned for the husband prepared as αύτης. 3 Και ηκουσα φωνης μεγαλης εκ του great out of the And I heard a voice ουρανου, λεγουσης Ιδου, ή σκηνη του θεου Lo, the tabernacle of the God saying; μετα των ανθρωπων, και σκηνωσει μετ' αυτων, and he will tabernacle with them, και αυτοι λαος αυτου εσονται, και αυτος δ θεος and they apeople of him shall be, and humself the God $\mu \in \tau'$ autw $\epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha i$, $\left[\theta \in os \ \mu \tau \right]^4 \kappa \alpha i \epsilon \xi \alpha$ with them will be, [a God of them;] and he will λειψει παν δακρυον απο των οφθαλμων αυτων, wipe away every tear from the eyes of them, και δ θανατος ουκ εσται ετι, ουτε πενθος ουτε and the death not shall be longer, neither mourning κραυγη ουτε πονος ουκ εσται ετι ότι τα πρωnot shall be longer; because the erying nor pain 5*[Kαι] ειπεν δ καθημενος επιτα απηλθον. said the one sitting [And] things passed away. τφ θρονφ. Ιδου, καινα παντα ποιω. Και λεγει the throne; Lo, new all things I make. And hesays *[μοι·] Γραψον· ότι ούτοι οί λογοι πιστοι και [to me;] Write thou; because these the words faithful ones and αληθινοι εισι. 6 Και ειπε μοι· Γεγονε. And he said to me; It has been done. I true ones

they were judged each one according to their WORKS.

14 And ‡DEATH and HADES were cast into the LAKE of FIRE. This is the SECOND DEATH-* the LAKE OF FIRE.

15 And if any one was not found written in the BOOK of the LIFE, The was cast into the LAKE of FIRE.

CHAPTER XXI.

1 And 1 saw a new Heaven and a new Earth; for the FORMER Heaven and the FORMER Earth were gone, and the sEA is no more.

2 And the HOLY CITY, a new Jerusalem, I saw coming down out of HEAVEN, from God, prepared I as a Bride adorned for her HUS-BAND.

3 And I heard a loud Voice out of the †THEONI', saying, "Behold! Ithe TABERNACLE OF GOD 18 with MEN, and he will tabernacle with them, and then shall be his † People, and God himself will be with them-their God.

4 # And the will wip away every Tear from their EYES; I and DEATH Will be no more, Inor Mourning, nor Crying; neither will there be any more Pain; + Because the For-MER things passed away."

5 And THE who SITS on the THRONE said, "Behold! I make All things new." And he says, "Write; Because ! These words are faithful and true."

6 And he said to me, *+"They have been done.

3. their Gop 6. I am become AL-

^{*} Vatican Manuscript, No. 1160.—14. the lake of fibe, (a b.) —omit (a. b.) 5. And—omit. 5. to me—omit (a b.) fha and Omega, both the beginning, (b.)

^{† 3.} THEONE, (A.) 3. Peoples, (A.) 6. They have been done, (A.) 3. Peoples, (A.) 4. God, (A.)

^{4.} Because, omitted

^{† 14. 1} Cor. xv. 20, 54, 55. † 14. verse 6; Rev. xxi. 8. † 15. Rev. xix. 20 † 1. Isa. 1xv. 17; 1xvi. 22; 2 Pet. iii. 13. † 1. Rev. xx. 11. † 2. Isa. 1ii. 1; Gal. 1v. 26; Heb. xi. 10; xii. 22; xiii. 13; Rev. iii. 12; verse 10; 10; 2 Cor. xi. 2. † 3. Lev. xxvi. 11, 12; Ezek. xliii. 7; 2 Cor. vi. 16; Rev. vii. 16, 14. Isa. xxv. 8; Rev. vii. 17. † 4. 1 Cor. xv. 20, 54; Rev. xx. 14. † 4. Isa. xxv. 10; 1x x; 1x x. 19. † 5. Rev. iv. 2, 9; v. 1; xx. 11. † 6. Isa. xxv. 15. † 7. Isa. xxv. 15.

 $\epsilon \iota \mu$. το A και το Ω , $\hat{\eta}$ αρχη και το τελος. am the Appha and the Omega, the beginning and the end. Εγω τω διψωντι δωσω εκ της πηγης του to the one thirsting will give from of the fountain of the ύδατος της ζωης δωρεαν. 7 ό νικων κληροgratis; water of the life the one overcoming shall inνομησει ταυτα, και εσομαι αυτφ θεος, και herit these things, and I will be to him a God, and autos εσται μοι δ vios. 8 Tois δε δείλοις και
he shallbe to metho son. To the but cowards and απιστοις, και εβδελυγμενοις, και φονευσι και faithless ones, and abominable ones, and murderera πορνοις, και φαρμακοις και ειδωλολατραις, και fornicators, and sorcerers and idolaters, πασι τοις ψευδεσι, το μερος αυτων εν τη λιμνη all the liars, the portion of them in the lake τη καιομενη πυρι και θειώ, δ εστιν δ θανατος mihat burning with fire and brimstone, which is the death δ δευτερος.

1he second.

9 Και ηλθε είς των έπτα αγγελων των εχον-And came one of the seven messengers of those having των τας έπτα φιαλας τας γεμουσας των έπτα bowls those being full of the seven the seven πληγων των εσχατων, και ελαλησε μετ' εμου, the last ones, and talked me. λεγων Δευρο, δειξω σοι την νυμφην του Come thou, I will show to thee the bride ofthe 10 Και απηνεγκε με εν αρνιου την γυναικα. lamb the wife. And he $\pi \nu \epsilon \nu \mu \alpha \tau \iota \epsilon \pi$ opos $\mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \kappa \alpha \iota$ And he bore away me in ύψηλον, και to a mountain great and high, and εδείξε μοι την πολιν την άγιαν 'Iερουσαλημ, he showed me the city the holy Jerusalem, καταβαινουσαν ϵ κ του ουρανου απο του θ ϵ ου, con.ing down out of the heaven from the God, 11 εχουσαν την δοξαν του θεου δ φωστηρ the glory of the God; the luminary αυτης όμοιος λιθώ τιμιωτατώ, ώς λιθώ ιασπιδι of her like to a stone most precious, as to a stone jasper $\kappa \rho \nu \sigma \tau \alpha \lambda \lambda i (0 \nu \tau i)^{12} \epsilon \chi o \nu \sigma \alpha \tau \epsilon i \chi o s \mu \epsilon \gamma \alpha \kappa \sigma$ Kal having a wall great being crystalline; and ύψηλον, εχουσα πυλωνας δωδεκα, και επι τοις twelve, and at high, having gates the πυλωσιν αγγελους δωδεκα, και ονοματα επιgates messengers twelve, and names γεγραμμενα, ά εστιτων δωδεκα φυλων * [των]
been writtes, which is the twelve tribes (of the [of the] 13 Απο ανατολων, πυλωνες τρεις. υίων Ισραηλ. of lerael. From eaut, three; gates απο Βορδα, πυλωνες τρεις απο Νοτου, πυλωνες

‡ £ am the ALPHA and the OMEGA, the BEGINNING and the END. To the THIRSTY ONE ‡ £ will freely give WATER from the FOUNTAIN of LIFE.

7 The CONQUEROR *shall inherit these things; and ‡ I will be to Hin a God, and he shall be to Me

a SON.

8 ‡ But as for the cow-ARDS, and Unbelievers, and the * Abominable, and Murderers, and Fornicators, and Sorcerers, and Idolaters, and All LIAIS, —their PORTION [will be] in ‡THAT LAKE which BURNS with Fire and Sulplur which is the SECONE DEATH."

9 And one of those seven Angels, who has those seven Bowls ful. of those seven Last Plagues, came and take with me, saying, "Come, I will show the the the *Beide, the wife of the

LAMB."

10 And he home ms away ; in Spirit to a great and high Mountain, and showed me ; the HO? I CITY, Jerusalem, coming down out of HEAVEN from GOD,

God, 11 thaving the CLOR' of God; its luminary we a like a most precious Store as a cry tilling Jasper.

12 It had a Wall gree, and high; it had twell Gntes, and at the GATE; twelve Angels, and Name, inscribed, which are *th Names of the TWELLA Tribes of the Sons of le rael.

13 on the East three Gates; * and on the North three Gates; and on the

gates three; from South,

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—7. I will give to him, (B.)

8. Sinners, and Abominable, (B.)

9. Woman, the bride of the lams, (B.)

12. the Names of, (L.)

12. of the—omit (A. B.)

13. and on the West three Gates, and on the North three Gates, and on the South three Gates.

^{† 11.} having the GLOBY of God, omltted by A.

^{1 6.} Rev. i. 8; xxii. 13. 2 7. Zech. viii. 8; Heb. viii. 10. i. 9; Heb. xii. 14; Rev. xxii. 15. v. Rev. xix. 7; verse 2. i. 11. Rev. xxii. 5; verse 2;

^{2 6.} Isa. xii. 3; lv. 1; John iv. 10, 14; vii. 37; Rev. xxii. 17, 18. 1 Cor. vi. 0, 10; Cal. v. 19-21; Eph. v. 5; 1 Tin.; 18. Rev. xx. 14, 15. 20. Rev. xv. 1, 6, 7, 10. Rev. 1.10; xvii. 3. 2 10. Ezek. xlviii; 31-34.

broad place of the city,

14 Kai To τρεις απο δυσμων, πυλωνες τρεις. three; from And the three. west, gates τειχος της πολεως εχον θεμελιους δωδεκα, και city had foundations wall of the twelve, and επ' αυτων δωδεκα ονοματα των δωδεκα αποστοthem twelve names of the twelve apos-15 Και δ λαλων μετ' λων του αρνιου. εμου, And the one talking with of the lamb. me. tles ειχε μετρον καλαμον χρυσουν, ίνα μετρηση golden, so that he might measure had a measure a reed την πολιν, και τους πυλωνας αυτης, *[και το of her, [and the and the gates eity, TEIXOS QUTTS. 16 Kai ή **ΣΟλΙ** ΤΕΤΡΩΎΜΡΟς four-angled wall of her.] And the city κειταί, και το μηκος αυτης όσον και το πλατος. is placed, and the length of herasmuch as even the breadth. Και εμετρησε την πολιν τφ καλαμφ επι στα-And he measured the city with the reed to διους δωδεκα χιλιαδων· το μηκος και το πλατος thousands; the length and the breadth aυτης ισα εστι. 17 * [Και εμετρη-ofher equal is. [And he measured] longs twelve και το ύψος αυτης ισα εστι. and the height ofher equal is. σε το τειχος αυτης έκατον τεσσαρακοντατεσthe wall ofher one hundred forty-four σαρων πηχων, μετρον ανθρωπου, δ εστιν αγγεa measure of a man, which is of a meseubits. ην ή ενδομησις του 18 Kai TELXOUS λου. And was the building of the wall sen ger. *[αυτης, ιασπις· και ή πολις χρυσιον καθαρον [of her, jasper; and the city οια δαλω καθαρω. 19 Και οί θεμελιοι του δμοια ύαλφ καθαρφ. And the foundations of the like to glass pure. τειχους] της πολεως παντι λιθφ τιμιφ κεκοσcity with every stone precious having been of the walll μημενοι δ θεμελιος δ πρωπος, ίασπις δ δευadorned; the foundation the first, jasper; the χαλκηδων δ σαπφειρυς δ TPITOS, TEPOS. third, chalcedony; the sapphire; the τεταρτος, σμαραγδος· 20 δ πεμπτος, σαρδονυξ· emerald; the fifth, sardonyx; fourth. δ έκτος, σαρδιος δ έβδομος, χρυσολιθος δ sardius; the seventh, chrysolyte; the the sixth, oγδoos, βηρυλλος δ εννατος, τοπαζιον haryl; the niuth. topaz: the eighth, δεκατος, χρυσοπρασος· δ ένδεκατος, δακινθος· the eleventh, hyacinth; tenth, chrysoprasus; 21 Ka1 οί δωδεκατος, αμεθυστος. δωδεκα twelfth, amethyst. And the twelve πυλωνες, δωδεκα μαργαριται ανα είς έκαστος in of each gates, twelve pearls; one των πυλωνων ην εξ ένος μαργαριτου. Και ή And the was of one pearl. πλατεια της πολεως, χρυσιον καθαρον ώς ύαλος

South three Gates; and on the West three Gates.

14 And the WALL of the CITY had twelve Foundations, and ‡ on them Twelve Names of the TWFLVE Apostles of the LAMB.

15 And he who spoke with me, thad a Measure, a golden Reed, that he might measure the CITY, and its GATES and its WALLS.

16 And the CITY lies quadrangular, and its LENGTH is as much even as its BREADTH. And he measured the CITY with the BEED to twelve * thousand Furlongs; the LENGTH and the BREADTH and the HEIGHT of it are equal.

17 And he measured its WALL, a Hundred and Forty-four Cubits,—the Man's Measure, that is, the Angel's.

18 And the BUILDING of its WALL was Jasper; and the CITY was pure Gold, like pure Glass.

19 ‡ And the FOUNDA-TIONS of the CITY WALL were decorated with Every precious stone. The FIRST FOUNDATION, Jasper; the SECOND, Sapphire; the THIRD, Chalcedony; the FOURTH, Emerald;

20 the fifth, Sardonyx; the sixth, Sardius; the seventh, Chrysolyte; the Eighth, Beryl; the Ninth, Topaz; the Tenth, Chrysoprasus; the FLEVENTH, Hyaenth; the TWELFTH, Amethyst.

21 And the TWELVE Gates were Twelve Pearls, Each one of the GATES severally was of One Pearl, t And the BROAD PLACE of the CITY was Gold, pure as transparent Glass.

as glass

pure

gold

^{*} Vatican Manuscrift, No. 1160.—15. and its wall—omit (b.) 16. times twelve Thousand. 17. and he measured—omit (l.) 8, 19. of it was Jusper, and the city was pure Gold, like pure Glass. And the foundations of the wall—omit. These words were probably omitted by the copyist, is they are found in a B o.

^{† 14.} Matt. xvi. 18; Gal. ii. 9; Eph. ii. 20. † 10. Isa. hv. 11. † 21. Rev. xxi. 2.

²² Και ναον ουκ ειδον εν αυτη· δ γαρ διαυγης. transparent. And a temple not leaw in her; the for κυριος δ θεος δ παντοκρατωρ ναος αυτης εστι, Lord the God the almighty a temple of the Kal το αρνιον. ²³ Και η πολις ου χρειαν εχει And the city not need has του ήλιου ουδε της σεληνης, ίνα φαινωσιν of the sun nor of the moon, so that they may shine αυτη· ή γαρ δοξα του θεου εφωτισεν αυτην, inher; the for glory of the God enlightened her, και ό λυχνος αυτης το αρνιον. ²⁴ Και περιπαand the lamp ofher the And lamh. ahall τησουσι τα εθνη δια TOU Φωτος autns. the nations by means of the light of her. Και οἱ βασιλεις της γης φερουσι την δοξαν και And the kings of the earth bring glory and the την τιμην αύτων εις αυτην. 35 και οί πυλωνες the honor of themselves into her; and the gates (vuk yap ouk αυτης ου μη κλεισθωσιν ήμερας. day; of her not not may be shut εσται $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \iota$) 26 και οισουσι την δοξαν και την will be there;) and they shall bring the 27 Kar ov the TILLY TWO EDVWY EIS QUTTON μη honor of the nations into her. And not not εισελθη εις αυτην παν κοινον, και ποιουν βδεmay enter into her every thing comizon, and doing λυγμα και ψευδος· ει μη οί γεγραμμενοι εν τω bomination and a falsehood; if not these having been written in the βιβλιφ της ζωης του αρν.ου.

scroll of the of life of the lamb.

ΚΕΦ. κβ', 22.

1 Και εδειξε μοι ποταμον ύδατος ζωης * [λαμ-And he showed to me a river of water of life [bright] προν] ώς κρυσταλλον, εκπορευσμένον εκ του a crystal, proceeding out of the θρονου του θεου και του αρνιου. 2 Εν μεσφ της throne of the God and of the lamb. midst of the ln πλατειας αυτης και του ποταμου εντευθεν και broad place of her end of the river on this side and εντευθεν ξυλον ζωης, ποιουν καρπους δωδεκα, on that aide a wood of life, bearing fruits twelve, on this side and μηνα έκαστον αποδιδουν τον καρπου according to month each one yielding the fruit αύτου και τα φυλλα του ξυλου εις θεραπε. αν ofitself; and the leaves of the wood for ³ Και παν καταθεμα ουκ εσται ετι· των εθνων. And every of the namons. Cursa not shall belonger; και δ θρονος του θεου και του αρνιου εν αυτη and the throne of the God and of tha lamb in επται, και οί δουλοι αυτου λατρευπουπιν αυτ.φ. shall be, and the bond-servants of him shall publicly serve him;

22 And I saw no Temple in it; for the LORD God, the OMNIPOTENT, is the TEMPLE of it, and the LAMB.

23 And the city has no Need of the sun, nor o. the moon, that they might * give light to it; for the GLORY of GOD enlightened it, and its LAMP is the LAMB.

24 And the NATIONS will walk by means of its LIGHT, and the KINGS of the EARTH * bring their GLOBY into it;

25 and tits GATES shall not be shut by Day; for there will be no Night there:

26 and they shall bring the GLORY and the HONOR of the NATIONS * into it.

27 ‡ And nothing common, and that practises Abomination and Falsehood may by any means enter it; but THOSE EN-ROLLED in I the BOOK of LIFE of the LAMB.

CHAPTER XXII.

1 And he showed me ta River of Water of Life, bright as Crystal, proceeding from the THRONE of GOL and the LAMB.

2 : In the Midst of its BROAD PLACE, and of the RIVER, on this side and on that, was ta Wood of Life, bearing twelve Fruits, yielding for each Month its own FRUIT; and the LEAVES of the WOOD were ifor the HEALING of the NATIONS.

S And I there will be no more any Accursed thing; and the THRONE of GCL and of the LAMB will bo . A it, and his SERVANTS will serve him;

+ 2. See Note on Rev. ii. 7.

^{*} VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—23. give light; for the GLORY itself of God, (B.)
24. bring for him the glory and Honor of the NATIONS into it, (B.)
26. to enter into 26, to enter into it, (B.) 1. bright-omit.

^{† 23.} Isa. xxiv. 23; lx. 10, 20; Rev. xxii. 5; verse 11. † 2 † 25. Isa. lx. 11. † 25. Isa. lx. 20; Zech. xiv. 7; Rev. xxii. 5 12; Rev. xxii. 14, 15. † 27. Phil. v. 3; Rev. iii. 5; 217. Phil. v. 3; Rev. iii. 5; 218. xlvii. 1; Zech. xiv. 8. † 2. Ezek. xlvii. 12; Rev. xxi. 21. 1 22. John 1v. 23. Isa. 1x. 3, 5, 11; 1xvi. 12. 1 25. Isa. 1x. 11. 1 27. Isa. xxv. 8; 1ii. 1; 1x. 21; 1ev. xxii. 14, 15, xx. 12. 2 1. Ezek. xlvii. 1; Zech. xiv. 8, 2. Gen. ii. 9; Rev. ii. 7. 1 3. Rev. xxi. 24. 1 3. Zech. xiv. 11. rlviii. 35.

και οψονται το προσωπον αυτου, και το ονομα and they shall see the face of him, and the name αυτου $\epsilon \pi \iota \tau \omega \nu \mu \epsilon \tau \omega \pi \omega \nu$ αυτων. Skaι νυξ ουκ of him on the foreheads of them. And night not $\epsilon \sigma \tau \alpha \iota \epsilon \tau \iota^*$ και ου χρεια λυχνου και φωτος shall be longer; and no need of lamp and of light $\frac{\pi}{2} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \lambda \iota \nu \right]$ δτι κυριος δθεος φωτιει $\frac{\pi}{2} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$ αυτους $\frac{\pi}{2} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} \right]$ αυτους και βατιλευσουστιν εις τους αιωνας των αιωνων.

they shall reign for the ages of the ages. 6 Και ειπε μοι Ούτοι οι λογοι πιστοι και And he sail to me; These the words faithful ones and αληθινοι και κυριος δ θεος των πνευματων and Lord the God of the spirits true ones; των προφητων απεστειλε τον αγγελον αύτου of the propheta sent messenger of himself δειξαι τοις δουλοις αύτου, ά δει γενεσto show to the bond-remains of himself, the thinge it behaves to have θαι εν ταχει. ⁷ Και ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ^{*} μακα-And lo, come weedily; 'Jessed done with speed. ριος δ τηρων τους λογους της προφητειας του words of the prophecy the one keeping the 8 Και εγω ξωαννης ο ακουων Βιβλιου τουτου. oha the one hearing scroll this And S και βλεπων ταυτα· και ότε ηκουσα και εβλεseeing these things; and wnen I heard and ψα, επεσον προσκυνησαι εμπροσθεν των ποδων before the I fell down to worship feet 9 Kai του αγγελου του δεικνυοντος μοι ταυτα. one showing to me these things. of the messenger the λεγει μοι 'Όρα μη' συνδουλος σου ειμι, και he says to me. See not, a fellow-hondservant of thee I am, and των αδελφων σου των προφητων, και των τηof the brethren of thee of the prophets, and of those keepρουντων τους λογους του βιβλιου τουτου τφ the words ofthe scroll this; to the ing 10 Και λεγειμοι. Μη σφρα- $\theta \in \omega$ prooperuphoop. And he says to me; Notthou may-God give thou reverence. γισης τους λογους του προφητείας του βιβιλου words of the prophecy of the est seal the τουτου· δ καιρος εγγυς εστιν. 11 O αδικων

this, the sesson near is. The use acting unjustly αδικησατω ετι, και δ ρυπαρος ρυπαρευθητω ετιρε thim be unjust ctill, and the filthy one let him be filthy still, και δ δικαιος δικαιοσυνην ποιησατω ετι, και δ and the righteous one righteousness let him do still, and the

άγιος άγιασθητω ετι. holy one let him he holy still.

12 Ιδου, ερχομαι ταχυ, και δ μιτθος μου μετ Lo. I come speedily, and the reward of me with εμου, αποδουναι έκαστψ ώς το εργον αυτου

4 and twill see his FACE; and this NAME will be on their FORE-HEADS.

5 ‡ And Night will be no more; and no need of Lamp and Sun-Light; Because the ‡ Lord God will shine on them; and ‡ they will reign for the AGES of the AGES.

6 And he *said to me)

;"These words are faithful and true; and the Lord
God of the spirits of the
PROPHETS ‡ sent his ANGEL to show to his SLEVANTS what it is necessary

7 And thehold! I am coming speedily; thlessed is HE who KEEPS the WORDS of the PROPHECY

to have done speedily.

of this Book."

8 And # John am he who heard and saw these things. And when I heard and "saw, ‡ I fell down to worship before the feet. f that angel who showed me these things.

9 And he says to me, 1"See; no; I am a Fellow-servant with thee, and with thy BRETHREN the PROPHETS, and with THOSE who KFEP the WORDS of this BOOK; worship God."

10 ‡ And he says to me, "Scal not the words of the PROPHECY of this BOOK; † for the TIME is near.

11 ‡ Let the UNJUST one, act unjustly still; and let the FILTHY, be filthy still; and let the RIGHTE-OUS, work righteousness still; and let the HOLY, b; holy still.

12 Behold! 1 am coming speedily; 1 and my REWARD is with me, to give to each one as his work t is.

me. stogive back stoeach one as the work of him

5. on-emit (B.) 6.

* VATICAN MANUSCRIPT, No. 1160.—5. of sun—omit (B.)

BAYS to me, (B.)

* 10. for, (A.)

12. is, (A.)

 ^{7 4.} Matt. v. 8.
 \$\frac{1}{4}\$. Rev. iii. 13; xiv. 1.
 \$\frac{1}{5}\$. Rev. xxi. 23, 25.
 \$\frac{1}{5}\$. Psa. xxxvi. 9; xxxi. 5.

 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ v. xix. 9; xxi. 5.
 \$\frac{1}{5}\$. Dam. viii. 27; Rom. v. 17; 2 Tim. ii. 12; Rev. iii. 21, \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rev. iii. 21, \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Then. ii. 12; Rev. iii. 21, \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rev. xxi. 12.
 \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Rev. xxi. 12.

εσται. 13 Εγα το Α και το Ω, δ πρωτος και shall be. I the Alpha and the Omega, the first and δ εσχατος, $\dot{\eta}$ αρχη και το τελος. 14 Μακαthe last, the hegianing and the end. Eleract

ριοι οί ποιουντες τας εντολας αυτο", ίνα those doing the commandments of him, so that εσται ή εξουσια αυτων επι το ξυλον της ζωης, shall be the authority of them over the wood of the life, και τοις πυλωσιν εισελθωσιν εις την πολιν. and by the gates they may enter into the city. 15 Εξω οί κυνες και οί φαρμακοι και οί πυρνοι Outside the dogs and the sorcerers and theformeators και οί φονεις και οί ειδωλολατραι, και πας ό and the murderers and the idolaters, and every one the φιλων και ποιων ψευδος. 16 Εγω Ιησους επεμenclosing and doing falschood. Jeans eent ψα τον αγγελον μου μαρτυρησαι ύμιν ταυτα επι

the messenger of me to testify to you these things to ταις εκκλησιαις. εγω ειμι ή βιζα και το γενος the congregations; I am the root and the offspring Δαυιδ, δ αστηρ δ λαμπρος δ πρωινος. 17 Ka1 of David, the star the hright the morning. And το πνευμα και ή νυμφη λεγουσιν. Ερχου και δ the spirit and the bride ачу; Come thou; and the ακουων ειπατω. Ερχου και δ διψων ερχεσone hearing let him say; Come thou; and the one thirsting θω, δ θελων λαβετω ύδωρ ζωης δωρεαν. rome, the one willing let him take water oflife gratia.

18 Μαρτυρω εγω παντι τω ακουοντι τους to all to the one hearing Testity the λογους της προφητειας του βιβλιου τουτου of the scroll words of the prophecy Γαν τις επιθη επ' αυτα, επιθησει δ θεος επ' If any one nizy add to them, will add the God to autov tas plagues those having been written in $\tau\omega$ the βιβλιφ τουτφ. 19 και εαν τις αφελη απο των scroll this; and if any one may take away from the Λογων του βιβλιου της προφητειας ταυτης, words of the scrall of the prophecy αφελει ὁ θεος το μερος αυτου απο του ξυλου της will take the God the portion of him from the wood of the ζωης, και εκ της πυλεως της άγιας, των γεγcity the holy, of those having and out of the 20 Λεγει δ ραμμενών εν τω βιβλιώ τουτω. acroll this. in the He says the μαρτυρων ταυτα. Ναι ερχομαι ταχυ. Αμην, So beit, one testilying these things, Yes I come speedily. ερχου, κυριε Ιησου. come thou, O Lord Jesus.

21 'Η χαρις του κυριου Ιησου †[Χριστου]
The favor of the Lord Jesus
μετα παντων †[των άγιων.]
with all (of the holy ones.)

13 ‡ If am the Alpha and the Omega, the first and the Last, the Begi-Ning and the End.

14 Blessed are those who twash their robes, so that their right may be \$\pm\$ to the wood of the LIFE, and they may enterby the gates into the City.

15 ‡Without are the DOGS, and the SORCERERS, and the FORNICATORS, and the MURDERERS, and the IDOLATERS, and EVERY ONE who LOVES and practises Falsehood.

16 I Jesus sent my Angel to testify to you thise things in the congregations. If am the root and the offspring of David, the bright morning star.

17 And the SPIRIT and the BRIDE say, 'Come!' and let HIM who HEARS say, 'Come!' And let HIM who ISTHIRSTY come,—let him who WISHESTAKE freely of the Water of Life."

18 It testify to Every one who hears the words of the prophecy of this book, If any one add to them, God will add to him those plagues written in this book;

19 and if any one take away from the words of the book of this proputer, God will take away his part from the wood of the life, tand out of the floly city,—which have been written of in this book.

20 He who testififs these things says, "Yes, I am coming speedily." Amen! Come! Lord Jesus.

21 The FAVOR of the LORD Jesus be with All.

^{† 14} WASH their BOBES, (AD.) 21. Anointed omitted by A. Subscription—Apocalyes of John, (A.)

^{21.} of the

t 18. Rev. i. 8, 11. t 14. Rev. ii. 7.
18 Deut. iv. 2; xii. 32; Prov. xxx. 6.
t 20. verse 12.

^{1 15.} Gal. v. 19-21. 1 19. verses 2, 14.

^{1 16.} Hev. v. 5. 1 19. Rev. xx1. 2.



ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX

OF THE

GEOGRAPHICAL AND PROPER NAMES, WEIGHTS, MEASURES, COINS, PRECIOUS STONES, APOSTOLIC WORDS AND PHRASES, &c.,

CONTAINED IN THE

BOOKS OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

AARON, [a teacher, lofly,] the first high priest of the Jews; the son of Amram, of the tribe of Levi, and brother of Moses and

the tribe of Levi, and brother of Moses and Miriam; appointed by God, lieb. v. 4; vii. 11. AARON'S ROD that blossomed, lieb. ix. 4. See the account, Num. xvii. ARADDON, [the Destroyer,] king of the locusts, and angel of the abyss, Rev. ix. 11. ABEL, [ranity,] the second son of Adam and Eve. His history, Gen. iv. 2-11; his faith, Heb. x. 4. his blood, Luke xi. 51; Heb. xii. 24; called "rightcous" by Jesus, Matt.

ABILENE, [the father of mourning.] a Province of Colo-Syria, between Lil and and

Anti-Libanus.
ABOMINATION OF DESCLATION (Matt.

ABOMINATION OF DESCLATICE, (Matt. xxiv.15; Dan, ix.27; xii.11,) probably refers to the ensigns or banners of the Roman army, with the idolatrous, and, therefore, abominable images on them.

ABRAHAM, (jather of a multitude,) was the son of Terah, Gen. xi.27; the tenth from Shem, in the line of Heber, and born at Ur, a city of Chaldea, A. M. 2003. His history occupies a large portion of the book of Genesis, and is intimately connected with both the Jewish and Christianiusticy on Called "the friend of God," James i. 28. and "heir of the world," Rom.iv. 13; and because he believed God, and received the promises, he has been constituted a father promises, he has been constituted a father to all believers, whether Jew or Gentile. See Rom iv. 11-16. ABRAHAM'S TOSOM.—An allusion to the

posture in which the sews and other eastern nations placed themselves at table. John reclined on the bosom of Jesus at sup-

John reclined bit the Dosom of Jesus At sup-per; hence Abraham's bosom denotes both honor and felicity, Luke x i. 22. ABYSS, a very deep pit, referring often to that vast body of water which in Jewish opinion was 'aid up in some cavernous re-ceptacle within the earth. It refers somereplace within the earth. It refers sometimes to the dark sepulchres of the east, which, hewn out in the rock, and descending far beneath the surface, frincel a kind of under-world, flom. x. 7. Also an Apoenlyptic symbol of the nbode and doom of these process which are bestlets. those powers which are hostile to Christ and his church.

and his church.
ACELDAMA, [the field of blood.] a piece of
ground south of Jerusalem, on the other
side of the brook Siloam; also called the
Potter's field, Matt. xxvii. S. Acts i. 18, 19.
ACHAIA, [grach, trouble,] a Province of Pelopounesus; also, a Province including all
the south part of Greece.
ACHAICUS, a native of Achaia, 1 Cor. xvi. 17.
ACTS OF APOSILES—written by Luke as a
continuation of his history of the life ate.

continuation of his history of the life, etc., of Jesus; and relates chiefly the actions and sufferings of Peter, John, Paul and Barnabas, in connection with the history of the Church for about 30 years, or to about A. D. 63. The chief design of the writer ap-

pears to have been to give an account of the introduction of Christianity to the Gentiles; hence we find the calling of the Gentiles, the conversion of Saul, and his labors as the apostle of the Gentiles, more minutely related than anything else. This book may be considered as a connecting link between the previous histories and the apostolic letters, and a key necessary for the right understanding of them. In this book we read how the Church was first formed and set in order, and find the true ought to be constructed.

ADAM [serthy,] the first man, and father of the human race, Gen. i. 26. The name is sometimes given to mean in general.

sometimes given to men in general.

—, SECOAD—Christ so called, 1 Cor. xv.

22, 45—47.

ADOPTION, or Sonship, from hubathoric occurs only in Rom. viii. 15, 23; ix. 4; Gal. iv.

5; Eph. 1, 6.

ADRAMTTIUM, [the court of death,] now

Edremit, a scaport of Asia Minor, in Mysia,

70 miles north of Snuvrna. Acts xxvii. 2.

70 miles north of Smyrna, Acts xxvii. 2

ADRIA, a name of the Adriatic sea, or Gulf of Venice. See Acts xxvii. 27. ADVERSARY, (see Satan,) one of the em-ynatical and distinguishing names of Su-

yeateal and distinguishing names of Satan; and so applied to his zeents.

ADVOCATE, one that pleads the cause of another. It is one of the official titles of Jesus Christ, the Righteous one, (1 John ii. 1.) and its import may be learned from John x. ii; Rom. viii. 34; Heb. vii. 25.

AGABUS, [a locust, a feast of a father,] a prophet who foretold a famine which came to may in the fourth verse; Charling Core.

to puss in the fourth year of Claudius Cesar, A. D. 43; Acts xi. 28; and who met Paul at Cesarea, and warned him of what he would have to suffer, if he went to Jerusalem,

Aets xxi. 10.

AGE, asoon, an indefinite period of time, past, GE, atoon, an indefinite period of time, past, present or future. This is the proper translation of aioon, which in the common version is often improperly rendered world, always, and forever. The word occurs about 100 times, in its singular and plural forms. The adjective form of the same word, aioonios, is found about 75 times: and is applied to zoe, life, 45 times; to fire, 3 times; to glory, 2 times, &c. Eternal or everlasting, as generally understood, is an improper translation of aioonios; in fact, we have no proposition of aioonios aioonios; in fact, we have no proposition of aioonios; in fact tion of aiomios; in fact, we have no proper equivalent in the English language. Being an adjective and derived from the noun, aioon, age, it cannot properly go beyond its

meaning.
AGRIPPA, [cousing pain at his birth,] King, and Tetrarch under Claudius Cesar, Acts

xxv. 13-27; xxvi.

AIR, or ATMOSPHERE, frequently a symbol of government. See Eph. H. 2: Rev. ix. 2: xvi. 17.

ALABASTER-BOX, made of Alabaster, bright white fossil, resembling marble in

which precious perfumes are enclosed. Matt. xxvi. 7. "Breaking of the box," is knocking off the seal, and not breaking the

vessel, Mark xiv. 3.
ALLXANDER, [the helper of men,] one of

that name mentioned in Mark xv. 21; Acts iv. 6; xix. 33; 1 Tim. i. 20; 2 Tim. iv. 14. ALLXANDRIA, a celebrated city and seaport of Egypt, founded by Alexander the Great, about B. C. 333, and situated between the Mediterranean Sea and Lake Mareotis. A library of 700,000 volumes was burned here by the Saracens in the seventh century. Acts vi. 9; xviii. 24; xxvii. 6.

ALLEGORY, a symbolical discourse, nearly

resembling a parable or fable, generally used among oriental nations to illustrate some principle or doctrine. See John x;

some principle or doctrine. See John x; xv; Gal. iv. 24.
ALLELUIA, or Hallelujah, [Praiss you the Lord.] A common exclamation of joy and praise in the Jewish worship. The saints' some at the fall of Antichrist, Rev. xix. 1—6.
ALMIGHTY, able to do all things; an attribute of Deity; also of the glorified Jesus, Rev. i. 3; iv. 8, &c.
ALPHA and OMEGA, the first and last letters of the Greek alphabet; both applied to Christ, Rev. i. 3; xxi. 6.

Christ, Rev. i. 3; xxi. 0.

ALPHEUS, [thousand, chief,] the father of James and Jinde, Matt. x. 3; Luke vi. 15; xxi. 18. Supposed to be Cleopas, John xix. 25; Acts : 13 .- The father of Lev), or Mat-

25; Acts: 13.— The father of Levi, or Mat-thew, Mark ii.14.

LITAR, a sort of elevated hearth on which to offer sacrifices to God. The Christian altar referred to, Heb. xiii. 10.

AMBASSADOR, one who holds a commission

AMBASSADOR, one who holds a commission and carries a message immediately from the person of a prince. Applied exclusively to the Apostles, 2 Cor. v. 20; Eph. vi. 20. AMETHYST.—See Precious Srones.

AMPHIPOLIS, now called Emboli; a city lying between Macedon and Thrace, 48 miles E by N. of Thessalouica, Acts xvii. 1. AMPLIAS (large, lan individual highly esteemed by Paul, Rom. xvi. 8. ANANIAS (the cloud of the Lord,) and SAP PHIRA, (that tells, their sin and punishment, Acts v. 1—11.

ment. Acts v. 1-11.

- high priest, mentioned Acts xxiii.

____a disciple of Jesus, Acts ix. 10-18. ANATHEMA MARANATHA. a Syriac ex-NATHEMA MARANATHA. a Syriac ex-clamation, signifying, Accuraced, our Lord comes. This language must not be re-garded as an imprecation, but as a predic-tion of what would certainly come to pass. In devoting any person to destruction, or in pronouncing an anathema, they some-times added, "The Lord will put this sen-tence in execution when he comes" Hence tence in execution when he comes." Hence originated the Anathema Maranatha, "He will be accursed when the Lord comes," ANCHOR, "cast out at the stern." Acts xxvii. 29. This is not usual in modern neutron but the stern."

navigation, but was done by the ancients, and is still done by the Egyptians.
ANDREW, [a stout and strong man.] an apostle of Jesus Christ, a native of Bethsaida, and brother of Peter. John i. 40; Matt.

IV. 18.
ANDRONICUS, [a man excelling others,]

ANDRONICOS, 1.

Rom. xvi. 7.

ANGEL. This word, both in the Greek and Hebrew languages, signifies a messenger. It denotes office, and not the nature of the agent. The word occurs 183 times in the New Testament, and is applied to celestial beaucs, to men, good and bad; to the beaucs, to men, good and beaucy creature beings, to men, good and bad; to the winds, fire, pestilence, and every creature

which God employs as his special agent; and also to the agents of every creature. The New Testament authors speak of angels of congregations, angels of little children, the angel of Peter, and an angel of Satan. In all versions the word enggels is Satah. In all versions the word angelos is occasionally rendered by the term messenger, and frequently by the word angel, which is, indeed, now naturalized and adopted into our language.

ANNA, [gracious,] a prophetess and widow, of the tribe of Asher. Luke ii. 80-38.

ANNAS, [one who answers,] an high priest of the Jews, Luke iii. 2; John xviil. 13, 24;

Acts iv. 6.

ANOINTED, The—the English translation of the Greek term, ho Christos, and is given of the Greek term, ho Christos, and is given to Jesus, God's Son, on account of his heing anointed with the Holy Spirit, to the sacred offices of Prophet, Priest, and King. See Psa. ii. 6; xlv. 7; 1xxix. 20; cx. 4; 1sa. 1x. 1; Luke iii. 22; iv. 18; Acts x. 28. ANOINTING, a Jewish ceremony, by which persons and things under the law, were consecrated, or set apart for the service of God anointing them, with oil or outrout.

God, anointing them with oil or ointment God, anothing them with oil or otherwise of a peculiar composition, prescribed in Exod.xxx.23—33, the common use of which was expressly forbidden. Priests and kings were anointed with it, probably typical of the anointing of Messiah and his associates the anonung of Messian and his associates with the Holy Spirit. Samuel anointed Saul, (1 Sam. x.1.) and David, (1 Sam. xvi. 13, and on this account they were called the Lord's anointed ones; 1 Sam. xxiv. 6, 10; 2 Sam. xxiii. 1. The reception of the Holy Spirit by holicoprais celled an apprint Holy Spirit by believers is called an anoint-ing, 1 Cor. i. 21; 1 John ii. 27. ANTICHRIST, a word only found in John's

epistles. It occurs five times, 1 John ii. 18, 22; iv. 3; 2 John 7. It signifies, against Christ, and is defined by John to be any one who denies the Father and the Son, or that

who denies the Father and the Son, or that Jesus Christ has not come in the flesh. ANTIOCII, [speedy as a charrot.] Two cities of this name are mentioned in Scripture; 1. The capital of Syria, on the river Orontes, 18 miles from its mouth. It was built by Seleucus Nicanor, about 300 years R. C., and named after his father Antiochus. It is now called Artachia. Here the disciples of Christ were first styled Christians, Activity of the contraction o xi. 20. 2. Antioch, now Akshehr, a town of Asia Minor, in Pisidia, 180 miles W. by N. of Tarsus.

of Tarsus.
ANTIPAS, [against all,] Antipas Herod, the son of Herod the Great, who beheaded John the Immerser, Matt. xiv. 3, 4; Mark vi. 17, 18; Luke iii. 19, 20, and who ridiculed Jesus, by enrobing him in mock roya ty. Luke xxiii. 11.—Also, the faithful martyr mentioned Rev. ii. 13.
ANTIPATRIS, [against the father,] a town of Palestine, 25 miles W. S. W. of Samaria, named in honor of Antipater, the father of Herod.

APOLLONIA, [destruction,] a town of Macedonia, 30 miles E. by S. of Thessalonica.
Acts xvii. 1.

APOLLOS, [one who aestroys,] a Jew of Alex-APOLIOS, fore who descroys, I see to like and rid, described as an eloquent man, and mighty in the Scriptures. Acts xvii. 24. APOLL YON, [a descroyer,] answering to the Hebrew name Abaddim. Rev. ix. 11. APOSTLE, apostolic, one sent by another. The word is found over 80 times in the New York with the Scripture of the Scripture o

Testament. It is applied to Jesus, as God's Apostle, John xvii. 18; Heb. iii. 1: to the Twelve, the intimate companions of Jesus as his Apostles; and to those persons sent out by congregations, such as, Barnabas,

APPHIA, that produces, Philemon 2.
APPHIA, that produces, Philemon 2.
APPHI FOLLAS, a town of Italy, near the
modern town of Piperno, on the road to
Naples, about 40 miles S. E. of Rome. Acts

xxviii. 15.

AQUILA, [an eagle,] a fent-maker, mentioned Acts xviii. 23, with whom Paul wrought

and lodged.

ARABIA, [crening, wild, and desert,] a country in Asia, lying east of the ked Sea, and south of Palestine and Syria, extending 1560 miles from north to south, and 1260 from east to west. It was divided into 1. Arabia Felix, or the Happy, in the south, which is very fertile; 2. Arabia Petra, or the Rocky, in the north-west, including Idunea; and 3. Arabia Deserta, or the Desert, in the north and north-east. The Ismaelites chiefly peopled this region. Mentoned historically, 1 Kings x. 1-5; 2 Chronix. 1-14; Gal. 1. 17; prophetically, Isn. xxi. 13; Jer. xxv. 24.
ARABIANS, mentioned Acts ii. 11.
ARCHANGEL, or the CHIEF ANGEL, alluced

to 1 Thess. iv. 16; Jude 9.
ARCHELAUS, (the prince of the people, 1 cking under Cesar, and son of Herod the Great Matt. ii. 22.
ARCHEREUS (1888)

ARCHIPPUS, [governor of horses,] a minister or servant of the Lord, and mentioned

Col. iv. 17; Philemon 2.

AREOPAGITE, a title of the judges of the supreme tribunal of Athens, (Acts xvii.34,)

and derived from

AREOPAGUS, [the hill of Mars,] which sig-nifies either the court of Athens itself, or the hill on which it was held. Acts xvii. 19.

ARETAS, [one that pleases,] a king of Arabia, Acts iv. 23; 2 Cor. xi. 32, 33.
ARIMATHEA, [alon, dead to the Lord,] or Raman, a town of Judea, supposed to be the modern Ramla, a town about 30 miles W. of Jerusalem, on the road to Joppa.

N. W. of Jerusalem, on the road to Joppa. ARISTARCHUS, [a goodprince,] Paul's companion and fellow-prisoner, Acts xix. 20; xx. 4; xxvii. 2; Col. iv. 10; Philemon 24. ARK, (Noah's,) described, Gen. vi. 14-16; and alluded to, 1 Pet. iii. 21. ARK OF THE COVENANT, for the preservation of the tables of the law, &c., its history, Exod. xxv. 10-21; xxxvii. 1-9; Josh. iii. 15-17; 1 Sam. iv. 11; v. 6; vii. 1, 2; 2 Sam. vi.; xv. 24-29; 2 Chron. v. 2, 15, 14 alluded to, Heb. ix. 4. The Ark and its contents were lost by the Babylonish captivity. ARMAGEDDON, [mountain of destruction.]

ARMAGEDDON, [mountain of destruction,] a place in Samaria, east of Cesarca; the mountain of Megeddon, or Megiddo, a city at the foot of Mount Carmel, and noted for scenes of carnage. The Canaanites and Philistines, Jews and Egyptians, Chal-deans and Persians, Greeks and Romans, Moslems and Christians, of almost everyage and nation, have encamped around giddo, because of its commanding position, its abundant supply of water and rich pastree. In the Apocalypse this place is re-ferred to, probably as a symbolical name lor great slauchter, key, xv. 10. ALMOR, weatons or instruments of defence. The Christian's armor descr. Jed. Eph. vi.

13. &c

Al, FEMAS, lichale, sound, a disciple sent by Paul into Crete, instead of Titus, Titus iii

A: (ENSION or Chaist, account of, Mark xvi 19, Luke xxi 10, 51, Acts i 1-12. "STO HEAVEN. a symbol of the acousemon of political dignity, hev. x1, 12.

Sylvanus, Timothy, &c., as Apostles of ASIA, [muddy, bogyy,] in the New Testa ment, sometimes means Asia Minor, which includes the provinces of Bithynia, Pontre, Galatia, Cappadocia, Cilicia, Pamphyla. Pisidia, Lycaonia, Phrygia, Mysia, Troas, Lydia, Lysia, and Caria; and sometimes only a district in the western portion of it, of which Ephesus was the chiefcity. Asia was not known to the ancients as one of the four grand divisions of the globe.

Minor, in Mysia, 32 miles W. of Adramyt-tium, now called Betram. Acts xx. 13, 14. ASYNCRITES, [incomparable,] a disciple at

ASTRACTIFES, [Intemparates,] a disciple at Rome. Rom. xvi. 14.

ATHENS, [without increase, of Minerva,] the principal city of ancient Greece, situated on the Saronic Gult, 46 miles E. of Corinth, and 300 S. W. of Constantinople. It was for a long time the most celebrated school in the world for learning, arts, and sei-

in the world for learning, arts, and serences, Acts xvii, 15—34.

ATONEMENT, from katallagee, reconciliation, is found once thus rendered in the Common Version, Rom. v. 11, and evidently has the original and old English ense of AT-ONE-MENT attached to it. means by which two enemies were reconconciled or made at one, or their state of

conciled or made at-one, or their state of harmony, was an at-one-ment.

ATTALIA, Ithat increases,] a scaport of Asia Minor, in Pamphylin, on a Bay of the Mediterranean; now called Satalia.

AUGUSTUS, (renerable,) the nephew and successor of Julius Cesar, and emperor of Rome at the time of our Savior's birth. He applied the appropriated the appollment. Luke ji! appointed the enrollment. Luke ii. 1. AZOR, [a helper,] the son of Eliakim, Matt

AZOTUS, [pillage.] or Ashdod, now Ezdoud, a town of Palestine, in the country of the Philistines, 20 miles S. by W. of Joppa.

BARYLON, [confusion,] capital of Babylonin, or Chaldea, situated on the Euphrates. It was one of the most renowned cities on the globe. Its walls were 60 miles in circuit, and were reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. The ruins of this city are now seen about 60 miles south of Bagdad.
BABYLON, (Mystical,) Rev. xiv. 8; xvi. 19. xvii.; xviii.
BALAAM, [the old age, or ancient of the people of the city of Bosor, on the

ple,] a prophet of the city of Bosor, on the Euphrates; his history, Num. xxii—xxiv, xxxii.8; Josh. xiii. 22; his sin mentioned, Deut. xxiii. 4; Jude 11; 2 Pet. ii. 15; Rev.

BAPTIZE, bapto, baptizo. Bopto occurs 3 times, Luke xvi. 24; John xiii. 26; Rev. xix. 13, and is always translated dip in the common version. Boptizo occurs 79 times; of these, 77 times it is not translated at all, but transferred; and twice, viz., Mark vii. 4; Luke vi. 38, it is translated wash, without regard to the manner in which it was done. All lexicographers translate it by the word immerse, dip, or plunge not one by sprinkle or pour. No translator has ever ventured to render these words by sprinkle ventured to render these words by sprinkle or pour in any version. In the Septuagint version we have pour, dip, and sprinkle, co-curring in Lev xiv. 15, 16, "lie shall pour the oil, he shall dip his finger in it, and he shall aprinkle the oil." Here we have then.

to pour: vaine, to sprinkle; and bapto, to div. BAPTISM, baptisma, baptismes. These words are never translated sprinkling or pouring in any version. baptisma occurs 22 times,

and buption.us 4 times.

and possessed by the Apostles and the first-fruits of both Jews and Gentiles, were so overwhelming, as to be figuratively called an immersion in the Holy Spirit.

BARABBAS, [son of shame, confusion,] a noted criminal at Jerusalem. Matt. xxvii. 16-21; Mark xv. 6-11; Luke xxiii. 18-25; John

Mark xv. 6-11; Luke xxiii. 18-20; John xviii. 40.

BARACHIAS, [who blesses God.] the father of 'Zachariah, mentioned Matt. xxiii. 35.

BAL:JESUS, [son of Jesus.] in Arabic his name was Elymas. See Elymas.

BAR.JONAH, (the son of a dove, or of Jonah.] a Syriac designation of Peter. Matt. xvi. 17; John i. 42; xxi. 15-17. See Peter.

BARNABAS, [son of exhortation.] a disciple of Jesus, and Paul's companion in labors; mentioned Acts iv. 36, 87; xi. 22-30; xii.

of Jesus, and Paul's companion in Index, mentioned Acts iv. 36, 37; xi. 22-30; xii. 25; travels with Paul, Acts xiii—xv. 35; separates from him, Acts xv. 36-39; his error alluded to, Gal. ii. 1—13. LARSABAS, [son of rest.] Joseph Barsabas, surnamed Justus, one of the first disciples,

Acts i. 23; xv. 22.

BARTHOLOMEW, [a son that suspends the waters,] one of the twelve apostles, probably the same as Nathaniel. Matt. x. 3;

bly the same as Nathamel. Matt. x. 3; Mark iii, l8; Luke vi.14; Actsi.13.

BARTIMEUS, [son of the honorable,] mentioned Matt. xx. 29-33; Mark x. 40-52.

BEDS. Mr. Hanway describes the beds of Persia as consisting "only of two cetton quilts, one of which is folded double and which is loaded quotie and serves as a mattress, the other as a covering, with a large flat pillow for the head." Was not the bed of the paralytic of this description? Luke iv. 19; Mark it, 4-1; "Arise, take up thy bed," that is, thy mattress—the quilt spread under thee. Bed is a symbol of creat tribulation and. a symbol of great tribulation and anguish.

Rev. ii. 22.
BEELZEBUB, or BAALZBBUB, [god of the fly,] an idol of the Ekronites, 2 Kings i. 3. In the Greek New Testament it is spelled Beelzebool, which means dung-god; the change of sound being perhaps introduced by the Jews for the purpose of throwing contempt on heathen divinities. The chief or prince of demons is called thus in Matt.

xii 24, Luke xi. 15. BENJAMIN. (son of my right hand.) Jacob's youngestson. The tribe of Benjamin con-tinued steady in its attachment to Judah when the ten tribes revolted, and formed part of the kingdom. Paul was of this

when the ten tribes revolted, and formed part of the kingdom. Paul was of this title, Phil. ii. 5.
iii Ella, [heav, weighty,] a town of Macedonia now called Verea; Acts xvii. 10, 15.
iii KiNICE, [one that brings victory,] daughter of Aguippa, surnamed the Great, and

sterer to young Agrippa, king of the Jews. Acta 3 XV. 28.

Acte xxv. 23. PEHYL —See Precious Stones. PehYL — [kause of passage,] a town on LETHAL - See PRECIOUS STONES.
LETHAL ARA, [house of passage.] a town on
the east side of the Jordan, where it was
supposed to be fordable. John 1.28.
LETHANY. [house of song, of affiction.] a vilinge situated at the foot of Mount Olivet, 2

mile. E. of Jerusalem, on the road to Jernalem

I hit ESDA, [house of mercy,] a pool of wa-

mentioned John v. 2-15.

BAPTISM BY FIRE. To be "immersed in fire" is an emblem of destruction. Compare Mal, iv. with Matt. iii.10—12.

In orded, formers S. of Jerusalem. The place for its being the birthplace of David and Jesus. It was styled Bethlehem of Judah, or Bethlehem Ephratah. (Micah v. 2,) to distinguish it from another Bethlehem in Zebulon, near Nazareth, Josh. xix. 15.

BEIH! AGE, [a place of figs,] a village on Mount Olivet, near Bethany, and nearly 2 miles E. of Jerusalem.

miles E. of Jerusalem.
BE FIISAIDA, [a house of fivite,] a town of
Guilee, on the west coast of the lake of Tiberias, S. W. of Capernaum; the birthplace
of Philip, and residence of Andrew and
Peter, John i. 41; a woe was pronounced
against it by Jesus, Matt. xi. 21, and it was
one of the first places ravaged by the Romans.

mans.
Blift in RIGHT, the particular privileges enjoyed in most countries by the first-born son. With the liebrews he was peculiarly the Lord's, Exod. xxii. 29; had a double share of his father's inheritance, Deut. xxi. 17; had dominion over his brethren, Gen. xxvii. 20; and succeeded his father in the kingdom or high priesthood. Esau, sold his bethright to Jacob, Gen. xxv. 31; Heb. xii. 16, 17. Reuben forfetted his on account of his incest, Gen. xlix. 2, 3; so his tribe always remained in obscurity, while his ways remained in obscurity, while mis younger brothers shared the privileges—Levi had the priesthood; Judah the royalty; and Joseph the double portion. BISIIOP, episkopos, Overseer; synonymous with Elder, and Shepherd. See Elder. BITHYNIA, [violent precipitation,] a country of Asia Minor hounded on the north by the

of Asia Minor, bounded on the north by the Euxine or Rlack Sea.

BLACK, or BLACKNESS, in prophecy is generally symbolical of affliction, disease, and

erally symbolical of affiction, disease, and distress. See Job xxx. 30; Jer. iv. 28; viii. 21; xiv. 2; Lam.iv. 8; v.10; Joel ii. 3; Nahum ii. 10.
BLASTHEMY, Blasphemia, speaking against, whether God or man be the object. The word occurs 19 times in the New Testament. Under the law blasphemy against God was punishable with death, Lev. xxiv. 15. 16. 28: and Jesus declares blasphemy. took was painshable with death, Lev. xxiv.
15, 16, 28; and Jesus declares blasphemy
against the Holy Spirit unpardonable,
Matt. xii. 31; Mark iii. 28, 29; Luke xm. 10.
BLASTUS, [that buds and brings forth,]
Chamberlain to Herod, Acts xii. 20.

BLEMISH, no animal having any was to be, sacrificed, Lev. xxii. 19; Deut. iv. 21; xvii. 1; Mal. i. 8,14. Christ without blemish, 1 Pet. i. 10; and Christians to be so, Eph. v. 27. BLINDNESS, instances of, Gen. xix. 11; Syrians, 2 Kings vi. 18; Paul, Acts ix. 8—18;

Elymas, xiii. 11; blindness cured, Matt. ix. 27; xii. 22; xx. 30—34; Mark viii. 22: x. 45. 51; Luke iv. 18; vii. 21; John ix. 1. A symbol of ignorance.

BLOOD, not to be eaten, Gen. ix. 4: forbid. den under the law, Lev. iii. 17; vii. s6; xvii. 10, 14; xix. 20; forbidden to Christians, Acts xv. 20. The blood is the life of the animal, and unwholesome for food; besides, the fat and blood were God's part of every sacrifice. Blood is frequently a symbol of year. bol of war, carnage, and slaughter, Iss. xxxiv. 3; Ezek: xiv. 19: Rev. xiv. 90. To turn waters into blood is to embroil na-

tions in war.

BLOOD OF CHRIST, redemption through it.

Eph. 1. 7. Col. 1. 14: Rev. v. 9; sanct.neation through it. Heb. x. 29: cleansa from in. I John i. 7: Rev. 1. 6: the wine of the Lord's Supper called his blood, and the Lipod of the New Covenant, Mast. xxvt 36:

Mark xiv. 24: Luke xxii. 20; 1 Cor. xi. 25; also called the bood of the everlasting covenant. Heb. xiii. 20.

BOANERGES, [sons of thunder,] a name to James and John, Mark 111. 17.

BODY, either natural or spiritual, Man's body, in its present state, is called natural, in distinction from the epiritual bod; raised up at the resurrection. The term is used in Scripture to denote an organized system of any kind. We also rend of the body of sen, which is to be put off when immersed into the death of Christ. This is to be remembered in order to understand much of the figurative language of Paul relative to Christian experience and sancti-fication. The Christian's body is to be kept meation. The currents about it a body is a backeting pure, Rom. xii. 1; 1 Cor. vi. 13; 1 Thess. iv. 4; to be changed at the resurrection, 1 Cor. xv. 42-31, Phil. iii. 2t; 1 John iii. 2. The Christian Church is called the body of Christ, Rom, xii 4.5, 1 Cor. x. 17; xii.12-27, &c. All Christians are members of this body; and to it be.ong all the Apostles, Prophe's, are acceptable to the control of the contr fication. Jesus is the head of the body, and as the head is glorified, so will all the members be glorified with him. In the Lord's Supper, the bread is called the body of Christ, that is, the representation of his body, which is brown in remembrance of him

OOK, in Hebrew, sepher, in Greek, Biblos. Various materials were formerly used in making books. Plates of lead and copper, the barks of trees, bricks stone, and wood, were the first matters employed to engrave such things and monuments upon as men were willing to have transmitted to pos-terity. Hesiod's works were written on lead; the Roman laws on brass; God's on stone; and Solon's on planks of wood. When these were last used, they were generally covered with a thin coat of wax, for ease both in writing and in bletting out, which explains the expression of David when he prays that his sins may be blotted out as a cloud, that is, the record of them. Palm leaves, being more convenient as to bulk and portableness, were afterwards made into books, and are still so used in Ihura. Then the thin inner bark of trees, especially the elm; hence the Latin word tiber (the inner bark of a tree,) means also a book. Afterwards the Papprus, or "paper reed," was used. Isa. xix.7. Parchment was afterwards invented in Pergamos. Books of these two last substances were rolled on sticks like cloth, and hence the word rotume, from the Latin word, rolro, to roll. Books thus rolled might have several seals, so that a person might break one and read till he came to another; whereas, if one of our books had several seals, all would be broken if one was. See Rev. v.

"Book of Life, '-an allusion to the registers kept in ancient cities of all the names of regular citizens. Phil. iv. 3. Honorable persons, not citizens, were sometimes en-tered here, which was giving the freedom of the city. Vagabonds and disorderly persons had their names crased. Rev. ni. b. See Exod. xxxii. 32, Rev. xni. 8; xxi. 27; x x11. 19.

BOOKS, mentioned, but now extant; of the wars of the Lord, Num. xxi. 14, of Jasper.
Josh. x 15; 2 5.4m. 1, 18; of Samuel conterning the kingliom, 1 Sam x 25, of School, 1 Kings iv. 34, 35, of the chronales of Dated, 1 Chron. xxvii. 24; of the acts of belowon, in the Chronales of the Chronales of the Chronales of the Christian's calling.

1 Kings xi 41: of Nathan, Samuel, and God. 1 Chron. xxix. 29; of Ahijah the Shilonda 2 Chron. ix. 29; ot the visions of lebb, 2 Chron. ix. 29; of Shemaah, 2 Chron. xii, 15; of Jehu, 2 Chron. xx. 34; of the sayings of the Seers, 2 Chron. xxxiii. 19: Paul's epis-

t. to the Landiceans, Col. iv. 16.
BOSOR, [taking away,] the father of Balaam,
2 Pet. ii. 15; also called Beor, Num. xxii. 5.

BOTTLES were anciently made of leather. 'Lin of a goat, pulled off who e. and the places where the legs were, being tied up, formed a convenient bottle. As these grew tender by using, new wine, which had not done termenting, could not be safely put in them. Matt.ix. 17. See Josh.ix. 4 BOWELS, a word used formerly, as we now use the word heart; that is to represent

pity, compassion, &c. The Hebrews understood the viscera were the seat of the intellect and of the tenderest passions

BREAD is a word used in Scripture for food in general. As bread was usually made by the Jews in thin cakes, it was not cut but

broken, which gave rise to the phrase -BREAKING OF BREAD, which sometimes means the partaking of a meal, as in Luke means the partaking of a meal, as in Luke xxiv. 35; Acfs ii. 40; xx.11; xxvii. 35. Also, to what is emphatically styled, "the breaking of the loaf," in the Lord's Supper, as mentioned in Acts ii. 42. See also Mc. 1. xvi. 10; Mark xiv. 22; Luke xxii. 19; Acts xx. 0; 1 Cor. x. 16; xi. 23.
BREASTPLATE. A part of the Christ... armor. See Eph. vi. 14; 1 Thess. v. 8. Also, a part of the high-priest's holy apparel, consisting of a piece of golden embanidery.

consisting of a piece of golden embroidery, about ten inches square, which on special occasions he wore on his breast. It was

occasions he wore on his breast. It was set with twelve precious stones, each bear ing the name of one of the tribes of Israel See Exod. xii. 4; xxviii. 15-30; xxxix.8-11. BRETHREN (in Christ.) to forgive each other, Matt. v. 18, 23, 24; xviii. 21, 22; Gal. vi. 1; 2 Thess. iii. 13-15; to confess the result of the state of the cash. other Language. faults, and pray for each other, James v.

10; to love each other, Rom, xii, 10; 1 Thess. iv. 9, 10; 1 Heb. xii. 1.

BRIDE, a newly married woman. The congregation of Christis espoused to him now. and will become his bride in the future age, sharing his nature, soyal dignity, and dominion. Psa. xlv. 10-15; 2 Cor. x1. 2; Rev. xix. 7-0. The heavenly Jerusalem so called, Rev. xxi. 9.
BRIDEGROOM, a newly married man. Christ so called, Matt. ix. 15; Luke v. 34.

See also Matt. xxv. 1-13.

Secanso Mart. xx, 1-13.

BRIMSTONE AND FIRE, employed to exceute God's wrath, Gen. xix. 24: Luke xvii. 20: Psa. xi. 0: Ezek. xxxiii. 22. A symbol of destruction, Deut. xxix. 23: Job xviii. 1x; Rev. xix. 20, &c.

CAIAPHAS, [a searcher,] a high-priest of the Jews, and son-in-law to Annas: men-i

tioned John xi. 46, 50; xviii. 13, 14 A CAIN, [possession,] the first-born son of dam: his history, Gen. iv.: alluded to, John iii. 12: Jude 11. Adam:

CALL, to invite, from katego, to eall, which occurs about 150 times, and proskaleou, to

call to one, about 30 times.

CALLED, kleetos, derived from the above, occurs il times, and is applied to all who

CALVARY, or Golgotha, [the place of a skull,] a little hill north-west of Jerusalem, on the north side of Mount Zion, so called probably from some imagined resemblance to the form of a man's head, or, as some think, because it was a place for the execution of criminals. It is memorable as the place of our Lord's crucifixion. Luke 3211 33

XX111. 33.

CA.IEL, [carrier.] a beast of burden very common in the East, where it is called "the land-ship," and 'the carrier of the It was to the Hebrews an unclean desert." It was to the liebrews an unclean animal. See Lev. xi. 4. Canels' Hair is woven into cloth; the course part into coarse cloth, such as John the Immerser wore, (See Matt. iii. 4; Matt. xi. 8;) or sackcloth, (Itev. vi. 12;) and the finest parts into beautiful shawls, &c. The proverb alluded to in Matt. xxiii. 24, illustration than the property of the Pharisees. by the ting the hypocrisy of the Pharisces, by the custom of passing wine through a strainer, should be read as follows: "You blind "uides! which strain out a gnat, and swallow a camel." The expression, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a need.c," etc., Matt. xix. 23, is also found in the Koran, and a similar one in the Tellow the Koran; and a similar one in the Talthrough a needle's eye. This may be a proverb to describe an impossibility; or it may be an allusion to the difficult task of a camel passing through a door not over three feet high, on its knees. This feat camels are sometimes taught to accomplish, but it was considered a great difi-

cuity.

JANA, [zcal, possession,] a town in Galilee, about sixteen miles N. W. of Tiberias, and six N. E. of Nazareth. The birth-place of Nathaniel, and now called Kana-el-Jelil. Dr. Ciarke observed among the ruins large stone vessels, capable of holding many gallers.

stone vessels, capable of holding many gallons, similar to those mentioned in the narrative of the marriage, at which Jesus performed his first miracle. John ii. 1-11. CANAN, [merchant, trader.] the Scripture name of what is now called Palestine, or the Holy Land, Its name is derived from Canaan, the son of Ham, and grandson of Noah, whose posterity settled here, and remained for shout seven hundred years. Noah, whose posterity settled nere, and remained for about seven hundred years. Becoming enormously corrupt, they were devoted to destruction, and their land given to Israel. Its conquest is recorded in the book of Joshua, &c., after which it was called "the land of Israel." Its boundaries as generally laid down, are Lebanon on the north, Arabia on the east, Idured the south, and the Mediterrance of the south, and the Mediterrance. mea on the south, and the Mcditerrancan mea on the south, and the steathfalted on the west. Under David and Solomon, its extent was greatly increased, by the conquest of Ammon, Moab, Edom, &c. 1 Kings iv. 21—24. It was a most beautiful and fertile country, and the Jews multiplied in it to an astonishing degree. The Jordan in it to an astonishing degree. runs scuthward through it, and forms the lakes of Merom and Tiberias, and finally empties itself into the Lake Asphalities. This country was included in the promise Into country was included in the promise made to Abraham and his seed, the Christ, Sen xii 7, xiii, 14-17; xv. 18-21; xvii. 8; Gal in 16-18, its boundaries described, Excd xxiii 31; Num xxiv. 1-12, Josh. 1. 5, 4, cohquered by Joshua Josh. xi. 16; divided by lot, Josh. xiv. 1, &c.; its borders not conquered, Josh. xiii. 1; the reason given, Judges ii. 3. Known by various given, Judges ii. 3. Known by various given. times. Canan, Gen. 1. 15-20; 11. 31.
1000 et Fronte, Heb. 21. 2. I and of the Bebres, tan. 11. 15; Luna of Iwael, fre-

quently; Land of Judah, after the revolt of the ten tribes; Holy Land, Zech. ii. 12; and Palestine, Exod. xv. 14.

CANDACE, [who possesses contrition.] the name of an Ethiopian queen, Acts viii. 27.

CANDLESTICK, or LAMPSTAND, made of pure gold, stood in the talernacle on the left hand of one entering the Holy Place. It was constructed to afford seven lights, to which Ulbricalis model in

which allusion is made in Rev. i. 12, 13, 2. CAPERNAUM, [the field of repentance, city of comfort,] a city on the sea of Galilee, (to miles north of Jerusalem, and celebrated miles north of Jerusalem, and celebrated in the Gospels as the place where Jesus principally resided during the time of his ministry, and did many of his miracles. See Matt. iv. 12—15; ix. 1; xi. 20—24; xvii. 23; Mark i. 21—35; ii 1; John vi. 17, 50. CAl'PADOCIA, [a sphere,] a large province in the interior of Asia Minor, on the Pontus, separated from Phrygia by the river Halys; mentioned Acts ii. 9; 1 Pct. i. 1. CASTOR and POLLUX, twin sons of Jupiter and equardings of seamen, according to

ter, and guardians of seamen, according to heathen mythology; used as a figure head on an Egyptian ship. Acts xxviii. 11. CAP'IVI'Y. God often punished the vices and infidelity of his people by the different

captivities into which they were permitted captivities into which they were permitted to fall. The Assyrian captivity, mentioned, 2 Kings xviii. 9—12: the Babylonian, Jer. xxv. 12: and the Roman captivity prophesied of by Jesus, Lulie xxi. 24. Christ is said to have "led captivity captive," (Eph. iv. 4.) or a multitude of captives. The allusion is to public triumphs, when captives were led in chains behind the ears of victors; even kings and great men who had captivated others; a custom not only of the Romans but eastern nations in the remo-test times. The phrase imports a conquest test times.

over enemies.
CEDRON, or KIDBON, a small brook, rising near Jerusalem, passing through the vailey of Jehoshaphat, and flowing into the Dead Sea. It is a rapid torrent after rains, but dry or nearly so, in the midst of summer. 2 Sam. xv. 23; Jer. xxxi. 40: John xviii. 1.

mer. 2 Sam. xv. 23; 3er. xxxi. 40: 3onn xviii. 1.
CENCHREA, a port of Corinth, now called Kikries, whence Paul sailed for Epnesus, Acts xviii. 18. It was a place of some commercial note, and the seat of an early church. Rem. xvi. 1.
CENTURION, a Roman commander of a hundred soldiers, Matt. viii. 5-18; xxvii. 54; Luke vii. 2-10; xxiii. 47: Acts x. 27, 40.
CEPHAS, [a rock, or stone,] a Syriac name given by Jesus to Simon. John i. 42; rendered by the Greeks, Petros. and by the Latins, Petrus. See Peter.
CESAR, [one cut ont.] a title given to all the Roman emperors till the destruction of that empire. The emperors alluded to by this title in the New Testament, are Augustus, luke ii. 1; Thorius, Luke ii. 1; xx. 22; Claudius, Acts xi. 28; and Nero, Acts xi. xxi. 3; Phil iv. 22. Caligula, who succeeded. Tiberius, is not mentioned.
CESAREA, often called Cesarea of Palestine, situated on the coast of the Mediterranean

ESAREA, often cailed Cesarea of Palestine, situated on the coast of the Mediterranean sea, between Joppa and Tyre, built by llerod the Great, and dedicated to Augustus Cesar. It was the seat of the Roman governors of Palestine. Cornelius resided here, Acts x; xi. 1–8; also Philip the Evanguist, Acts vin. 40; xxi. 5; and here Paul made one of his noblest defences, Acts xxv.

CESAREA FHILIPPI, a town three or four imites east of Dan, near the eastern source

of the Jordan; anciently called Paneas, now lianais. It was enlarged and embedlished by Philip the tetrarch; and called Cesarea in honor of Tiberias Cesar; and the

Cesarea in honor of Therias Cesar: and the name of Philippi was added to distinguish it from Cesarea on the Mediterranean Mentioned Matt. xvi. 13: Mark viii. 27. EHALCEDONY. See Precious Stones. CHARGE of Jesus to the apostles, Matt. xv. 18c.: to the seventy, Luke x. 1-12; to Peter, John xxi. 15-10; to the apostles before his ascension, Matt. xxviii. 18-20; Mark xvi. 15. 10; of Paul to the elders of Ephesus, Aut. xv. 17-35.

15. 10; of rates to the Acts xxi. 17-35.

Charges with them. Acts xxi. 24. It was recritorious among the Jews to contribute mentions and offerines. to the expenses of sacrifices and offerings, which those who had taken the vow of N zaritism were to offer when the time of the yow was to be accomplished; whoever paid a part of these expenses were reputed to partake in the merits of him who fulfilled

the vow.
CHARIAN, or HARAN, now Heren, a town
of Mesopotamia, 70 miles from the Euphrates, 150 miles E. N. E. of Antioch. Acts vii. 4.

CHASTITY, recommended, Col. iii. 5; 1 Thess. iv. 3; 1 Tim. v. 2; Titusii. 5; an example of it in Joseph, Gen. xxxix. 7; in

Job, xxi. 1—11.
CHERUB, plural Cherubim, first mentioned
Gen. iii. 24; thought by some to be an order
of celestial beings, but never clearly and
certainly applied to angelic nature. They
were probably symbolical representations of the redeemed, and often referred to in the Old Testament, and in the book of Revelation. The chcrubim are represented as hying creatures, Ezek. i; x; Rev. iv; or as images wrought in tapestry, gold, or wood, Exed. xxxvi. 35; xxxvii. 7; Ezek. xli. 25, as having a plurality of faces, Exod. xxv. 20; Ezck. x. 14; xli. 18; and wings, 1 kings vi 27; Ezck. i. 6; Rev. iv. 8. A cherub presents the highest earthly forms and powers of creation in harmonious and perfect union, being a winged figure, like a man in form, full of eyes, and with a fourfold head—of a man, a hon, an oz, and an eagle. The cherubs placed in the holy of holies, overshadowed the mercy-seat, and were made of the same mass of pure beaten gold, Exod. xxv. 19; Solomon's cherubs described, 2 Kings vi. 23-50; viii. 6. It is probable that the seraphim of Isaiah. (chap. vi.) the cherabim of Ezekiel, (chap. i.) and the hving creatures of John, (Rev. iv.) are identical, only differing in name. It is thought by some that the Ezyptian sphinxes and the winged bulls lately disinterred by Lavard at Ninevah, were initations of the llebrew cherubs.

CHIEF CAPTAIN of the Band; an officer at the head of a detachment of soldiers belonging to the Roman legion, which was longing to the Roman legion, which was lodged in the adjacent castle, and stationed on feast days near the temple to prevent disorder. The Homan garrison was stationed in the castle of Antonia.

CHLDREN, to be instructed, Gen. xviii. 19; Deut. 1v. 9; vi. 6; xr. 18; Psa. Lxviii. 5;

Deut. 1v. 9; vi. 6; xi. 18; Psa. Ixxviii. 5; Lpli. vi. 4; theirduly, to parents, Lev. xix. 5; Prov. i. 8; vi. 20; xiii. 1; xv. 5; xxiii. 22; Eph. vi. 1; Col. iii. 20; example of Jssus, Luke ii. 51; to honor and maintain their parents, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2, 3; smiting of parents punishable with death, Exod. xxi. 15, Lev. xx. 9, Deut. xxi. 18, Jesus calls his disciples children, John xiii 33; Christians called so by the aposttes, Gal. iv. 10; 1 John ii 1.

lect number of guests, who were the con-stant attendants on the bridegroom during the marriage feast. Matt ix, 15.

"of the promise." the seed of Abra-

ham according to the faith, on whom the promised blessings would be bestowed, Rom.ix. 3; Gal. iv. 2s.

"of the prophets,"—their disciples, pupils, followers, Acts iii, 25.

"of the resurrection," Luke xx. 36.

A term equivalent to "the raised up. CHIANEROTH, Lake of, the same as Gen-

nesareth,-which see.

nesareth,—which see.
CHIOS. [open or opening,] an island of the Ægean sea, over against Smyrna, now called Scio. Acts xx.15.
CHIOE. [green herb.] a Corinthian convert, mentioned I Cor. i. 11.
CHIO: AZIN. [the secret.] a town of Galilec, at the north end of the Lake of Tiberias, a little to the east of Capernaum; one of the principal scenes of Christ's ministry. Matt. 79: Luke x 13.

principal scenes of Carist's ministry. Mate. x. 21; Luke x. 13.
CHOSEN, eklektos, elect, chosen. This word is found 23 times. It is translated in the common version, elect, 16 times, and chosen, 7 times. The passage, "For many are called, but few chosen," Matt. xx. 6, probably alludes to the choice of Romen and were liable to serve, but some only were selected.

CHRIST. (See Anointed.) A Greek word answering to the Hebrew word, Mess, ah and signifying the anointed or consecrated one, the Messiah—three terms of similar import. John i. 41. The name Christ is an official title, and is not a mere appellative, to distinguish our Lord from other persons named Jesus. The force of many passages of Scripture is greatly weakened by overlooking this. In the apostolical epistles, however, CHRIST is sometimes used as a proper name instead of JESUS.

Christs, False. Our Savior predicted that many false Messiahs would come, Matt. xxiv. 24, and his word has been abundantly fulfilled. One named Coziba lived in the second century, and had many followers, and occasioned the death of more than hat a milhon of Jews. Others have continued to appear, even down to modern times. CHRISTIAN, Christianos, is found only 3 times in the New Testament—Acts 21. 26: xxvi. 28: 1 Pet. iv. 16. and was a name given

at Antioch to those who believed Jesus to at Annoca.

be the Messiah.

be the Messiah.

control of the Messiah.

control of the Messiah.

CHRYSOLITE.

CHRYSOLTIE. SECTIECTOUS STONES.
CHRYSOPHRASUS.
CHUICH, See Congregation.
CILICIA, [which rolls or overfurns,] a country in the south of Asia Miner, at the east of the Mediteranean Sea: its capital was

Tarsus. Acts xi. 30.
CIRCUMCISION, a cutting around, because in this rite the foreskin was cut away. This

rite was given to Abraham as a sign of that coverant which God had entered into with him, that out of his loins should pro-ceed the Messiah. To be spiritually circume.sed, or to be the spiritual seed of Abraham, is to have the thing signified by that ceremony, and to perform all those duties which circumcision was designed to en-force,—namely, to believe in the Messiah, to put off the old man, and to serve him as new creatures, which is signified by our acceptance of the ordinances of the gospel, and submission to them. Phil. in. 3.

CITY, Bubylon, the Great City, Rev. xi. 8:

xiv. 8; xvi. 19; xvii. 18; xviil. 10, 16, 19, 21; Jerusalem, the Great City, Rev. xxi. 10: the lloly City, Rev. xi. 2: xxi. 2: xxii. 19. A cuy is the symbol of a corporate body,

under one and the same police.

CLAUDA, [a lamentable voice,] a small is-land near the S. W. shore of Crete, ap-proached by Paul in his voyage to Jerusa-

and to men in certain cases, by the law of Moses, Lev. xi; xv; Num. xix; Deut. xiv. A distinction between clean and unclean animals existed before the deluge, Gen. vii. 2. The Mosaic law was not merely abitrary, but grounded on reasons connected with animal sacrifices, with health, with the separation of the Jews from other nations, and their practise of moral purity, Lev. xi. 43-45; xx. 24-26; Deut. xiv. 2, 3, 21. The vitual law was still observed in the time of Christ, but under the Gospel is annulled. CLEMENT, [mild, gold, merciful,] mentioned

I'hil.iv. 3. CLEOPAS, [the whole glory,] the husband of Mary, John xix. 25, called also Alpheus,— which see. The one mentioned in Luke

xxiv. 18, was probably a different person. CLOUD, an emblem of prosperity and glory. To ride on clouds, is to rule and conquer. When no storm accompanies, or no attribute is attached to it, a cloud is the emblem of majesty and glory. By Daniel it is said, "One like the son of man came with the clouds of heaven;" to which our with the clouds of heaven;" to which our Lord adds, as explanatory of the symbol, with power and great glory," Matt. ziv. 30. Clouds are symbolical of armies and multitudes, probably by their grand and majestic movements. They betokened the presence of Jehovah, as on mount Sina; Exod. xix. 9; in the temple, 1 Kings viii. 10; in the cloudy pillar, and on the mount of transfiguration. They are found in many representations of the majesty of God, 1'sa. xviii. 11, 12; xvvii. 2; and of Christ, Rev. xv. 14-16.

xiv. 14-16.
—— "of witnesses," Heb. xii. 1; alludes to the spectators in the Olympic games, and transferred by a strong figure to patri-archs, prophets, worthes, God, and angels, the spectators of the Christian race. CLOVEN TONGUIES, Acts ii. 3. An em-blem of the various languages in which the

apostles were to preach the gospel. They were like flames of fire parted, and these parted flames looked like tongues; so a flame of fire is, with the Jews, called a tongue of fire.

CNIDUS, [dedicated to Venus,] a city and promontory of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 7. COAL, usually in Scripture, charcoal, or the

embers of fire. From recent disclosures, it is probable that mineral coal was used anciently in Syria. It is now procured in Le-banon, and a mine is worked at Cornale,

was sometimes woven like a stocking inte its proper shape and size without any seam. Exod. xxxix. 27; John xix. 23 Such coats are still worn by Arabs, and are con-

coats are still worn by Araus, and are considered of great value.

COCK-CROWING. In Matt. xxvi. 34, our Lord is represented as saying, that "before the cock crow," Peter should deny him thrice; so Luke xxii. 34; John xiii. 39. But according to Mark xiv. 30, he says, "before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." These passages may be reconciled by cheaving that angent Greek and Letin and the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." observing that ancient Greek and Latin authors mention two cock-crowangs, one of which was soon after midnight, the other about three o'clock in the morning; and this about three o clock in the merring; another grant and the signal of their approaching labors, was called by way of eminence, "the cock-crowing," and to this alone, Matthew, giving the general sense of our Savior's warning to return the same of th cording his very words, mentions the two cock-crowings.

COHORT, a company of soldiers which guarded a Roman governor or magistrate

when he went into any province. COLLECTION for poor believers, Acts xi. 29: Rom. xv. 26-28; 1 Cor. xvi. 1; 2 Cor. viii

Rom. Xv. 20-28; I Cor. Xvi. 1; 2 Cor. Viii.

-4; ix. 1.

COLOSSE, [punishment, correction,] a city of Phrygia, situated on a hill near the junction of the Lycus with the Meander, and not far from the cities Hierapolis and Landicea, Col. ii. 1; iv. 18, 15. With these cities it was destroyed by an earthquake in the tenth year of Nero, about A. D. 65, while Paul was yet living. It was soon rebuilt. It is now called Chopos.

This was yet living. It was soon required the soon required to the soon required from Rome, A. D. 62, during his imprisonment in that city, to the congregation at Colosse. This congregation was probably Colosse. This congregation was proposity gathered by this apostie, as well as the one in Laodicea, though some ascribe it to Epaphras. See Acts xvi. 6; xviii, 23. Some think this epistle was written at the same time, and sent by the same bearer, as tie one to the Ephesians. It is certainly ucone to the Ephesians. It is certainly devoted to the development of the same rand secret,—viz., the call of the Gentiles to a participation in the hope of the glad tidinys, and to guard the Colossians, whether Jews or Greeks, against Judaizing and philosophizing teachers. Whoever would understand this epistle and that to the Ephesians rapit and then together

stand this epistic and that to the Epischians, must read them together.

COLT, "the foal of an ass." The direction given by Jesus to two of his disciples in Matt. xxi. 2, 3, to bring him the cot they would find tied in the village, that he might ride thereon into Jerusalem, according to the prophetevidently implies a previous understanding or acquaintaince with the owners of him; for he adds, "if any one ask why you loose him, you shall answer, Because the Master needs him," Luke xi. 81. Accordingly, "as they were loosing the colt, the owners said to them, Why loose you the colt? They answered, The Master needs him," (ver. 33, 34,) "AND THEX," (the owners.) "let them go," Mark xi. 6. COMFOIETER, parakletos, advocate, monitor, helper, comforter. The original word only occurs five times, John xiv. 16, 26; xv. 26; xvi. 7; 1 John ii. 1. Comforter is the the prophet evidently implies a previous un-

banon, and a mine is worked at Cornale, eight miles from Beirut.

COAT. The Jews wore two principal garments; the interior is called the coat, or tunic, Matt. v. 40. It was made of linen, and encircled the whole body, extending down to the knees. It reached up to the neck, with long or short sleeves. Over this was worn the mantle or cloak. The coat.

COMFORTER, paraletes, advocate, monitory, helper, comforter. The original word only occurs five times, John xiv. 16, 26; xv. 20; xv. 7; 1 John il. 1. Comforter is the onest remove meaning of the word, and does not adequately describe the office of the Paralete; it was to help and direct as well as to console.

COMMON. profane, ceremonially unclean.

Ine Greek term koines, properly signifies what belongs to all, but the Heilenists app'ied it to what was profane, i. e. not holy, and therefore of common or promiseuous use, Mark vii.2,5; Acts x.14,15; Rom. xiv.

14. COMMON, "had all things common, Acts ii. 44. A community of goods was practised at all the Jewish feasts at Jerusaiem, and no man's house was his own. So when the Spirit was poured out, on account of the detention at Jerusalem, there was a kind of community for the time being, that none might suffer from want; but the subsequent contributions of the saints show that there was not an equality of property, Acts xi.

23: I Cor. xvi. I.
CONCISION, [culting,] a term of reproach, applied to certain Judaizing teachers at Philippi, as mere cutters of the flesh; in contrast with the true circumcision, those who were created anew in Christ Jesus unto righteousness and true holiness, Phil.

ini. 2. CONGREGATION, ekklesia, occurs 114 times, and is derived from ekkalcoo, I call out. It is an assembly of the called. The whole community of professing Christians make the one body or congregation of the Lord; and those meeting in one place constitute the Christian congregation in that place. CONSCIENCE, occurs in the common ver-

s:on 30 times, and once in the plural form, 2 Cor. v. 11, for which we have in the original, suneidesis, compounded of sun, together, and eideo, to see or know,—in latin conscio; whence comes conscience, the power of judging ourselves, and the relations in which we stand to our Creator and to our fellow-creatures. The conscience is said to be weak when knowledge is limited, pure when free from accusation, and evil when when free from accusation, and crif when polluted with guilt. We have a good conscience mentioned, 1 Tim. i. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 21; pure, V Tim. iii. 9; clear or roid of of fence, Acts xxiv. 16; neeak, 1 Cor. viii. 7; detled, Titus i. 15; Heb. x. 22; seared, 1 Tim. iii. 9; clear or roid of of the constant of the constant

1 Tun. iv. 2.
CONTENTMENT recommended, Prov. xxx.

CONTENT MENT recommended, Prov. xxx. 8 9; Heb. xiii. 5; 1 Tim. vi. 6; instances of, Gen xxxiii. 9; 2 Sam. xix. 35—37; 2 Kings iv. 13; Phil. iv. 11.

CONVERSATION, edifying, recommended, Matt. xii. 35; xxiv. 14—32; Col. iii. 10; iv. 0; 1 Thess. iv. 18; v. 11; vain and sinful to be avoided, Matt. xii. 30; Eph. iv. 29; v. 3—7; Col. iii. 8, 9; 2 Pet. ii. 7.8.

COOS, a small island in the Mediterranean, was the sputhwest point of As a Muser

near the south-west point of Asia Minor. Acts xxi. 1. Hippocrotes, the famous physician and Appellos, the eminent painter, were natives of this island. It is now called Stanchio.

COPPLE, a metal, known and wrought be-fore the flood, Gen. iv. 22. Where the word brass occurs in the common version, it

should be rendered copper.

CORBAN, a sacred gift, Matt. xv. 5; xxiii. 18. The Pharisees taught that a man might escape all obligations to support his indi-gent parents, by saying of his property, "Be it corban." In this case, if he did not give his property at that time to the tem-ple he was bound to do so at his death, though his parents should thus be left destination. Thus did they "make void the law" of honoring their father and their mother, "through their traditions." Mark mother, "through their traditions." Mark vii. 11-13. GORINTH, [which is satisfied, beauty,] a constant of Greece, in the worth part of

the Peloponesus, on the isthmus of Corinth; 45 miles W. N. W. of Athens. It was celebrated for wealth, commerce, arts, and

celebrated for wealth, commerce, are, real magnificence. Paul preached here for two years, Acts xviii, 1.
CORINTHIANS. The two epistles under this name were written by Paul to the Christians at Corinth, where he had preached with great success. Acts xviii, The first epistle written from Ephesus was in reply to intelligence received from Corinth, through the family of Chice, 1 Cer. i. ii. and by a letter from the congress. i. 11, and by a letter from the congrega-tion, asking advice, vii. 1. His chief design appears to have been to support his own authority, dignity, and regutation; to windicate himself from the calumnies of the factious; and to diminish the credit and influence of their aspiring leaders, by exhibiting their errors. He reproves the congregation for certain immoralities found amongst them, but which were chargeable to their factious lenders. He then treats successively of lawsuits amongst Christians; on single and married life; on eating ments offered to idols; on his call, mission, right, and authority as an apostle, &c.; and meets several errors and sins prevalent in the congrega-tion by timely instructions as to disputes tion by timely instructions as to dispute, among brethren, decorum in public assem-blies, the Lord's Supper, spiritual gifts, the resurrection of believers; gives directions for collections for the poor saints in Jeru-salem, and closes with friendly exhortations and salutations.

Paul, having tested his power in Corinth by the first letter, and hearing of its sucby the first letter, and nearing of its suc-cess from Titus, he takes courage, writes a second letter, speaks more boldly of him-self, and deals more severely and sharply with his opponents. In this he aims at the extermination of the faction which he had attacked and weakened in his first let-ter. He makes good all his claims to the respect, veneration, and submission of the Corinthians; strips his anticonists of every prefext; and by the most pathetic recital of his own history, and e-hortations to unity and peace, closes his communications to this large and eminent congrega-

tion. CORNELIUS, fof a horn, a pieus Roman centurion, stationed at Cesarer in Palestine, to whom l'eter was sent frem Joppa, a distance of 85 miles, to tell hur "words whereby he might be saved," and en whom and his friends, the miraculous gits of the Suirit, were nonred out, to the activities. Spirit were poured out, to the astemishment of Peter and his companions. Acts 7. Cornelius, though a Gentile, was probably

a proselyte to the Jewish religion at the time of Peter's vision.

CORNER-STONE, a massive stone, usually distinct from the foundation, Jer. h. 16; and so placed at the corner of the building as to bind together the two walls meeting upon it. Such a stone is found at Baallable transfer sides of the stone is found at Baallable transfer sides for the sides of the stone is found at Baallable transfer sides for the sides of the sides

ing upon it. Such a stone is found at isnai-bek, twenty-eight feet long, six and a half-feet wide, and four feet thick. COUNCIL, a tribunal frequently mentioned in the New Testament. The Great Council so called, did not consist of the 72 elders who were or gl. ally appointed to assist Mo-ses in the civil administration of the gov-ernment, but was instituted in the time of ernment, but was instituted in the time of the Maccabees. It consisted of chief priests, elders, (who were, perhaps, the heads of the tribes or families,) and scribes, amounting in the whole to 72 persons, and is called by Jewish writers, the Sankedrin-

This council possessed extensive authority, taking cognizance not only of religious matters, but of appeals from inferior courts of justice, and of the general affairs of the kingdom. After Judea became a Roman

matters, but of appeals from inferior courts of the kingdom. After Judea became a Roman province, the council was deprived of the power of inflicting capital punishments, for which reason they delivered our Savior to Pilate, demanding his death.

20 VENANT, deatheckee, institution, arrangement, constitution, covenant, occurs in the New Testament 33 times. God's promise to Noah is called a covenant, Genix. 9–17. God's covenant with Abrahan, xvii. 2–9. The Sinatte law was another covenant, mentioned Heb. viii. 6. 8, 10. 20 VETOUSNESS, an eager, unreasonable desire of gain; a longing after the goods of another. It is called adolarly. Col. (ii. 5. Forbidden, Exod. xx. 17; Deut. v. 21; Rom. vii. 7; xiii. 0; censured, Prov. xxii 7; Luke xii. 15; Heb. xiii. 5; threatnings against it, Isa. Ivii. 17; Jer. vi. 12, 13; Mreah ii. 1, 2; Hab. vii. 9, 11; Rom. v. 18, 29; 1 Cor. vi. 10; Eph. v. 5; Col. iii 5; 1 Tim. vi. 9, 10. CRESCENS, [censurg, increasing,] a person mentioned 2 Pim. iv. 10.

CRETANS. inhabitants of Crete, Titus i. 12. CRETE, [feshp.] an island at the mouth of the Afrean sea, between Rhodes and Peloponnesus. Acts xxvii. 7. It is now called Caucha.

CRESCENS, [cented.] the chief of the Jewish

called Cardia.

CRISPUS, !curled,] the chief of the Jewish

synagogue at Corinth, who was converted to Christianity by Paul, Acts xviii. 6; and baptized by him, 1 Cor. 1.14. Cl. OSS, a kind of gibbet made of pieces of wood placed transversely, whether crossing at right angles, one at the top of the other, T, or below the top, t, or diagonally, X, on which criminals were executed. To be on which criminals were executed. To be crucified was deemed the strongest mark of infanty, and was inflicted on the vilest slave, and the most atroclous transgressors. Deat. xit. 23; Gal. ini. 13. It is used metonymically for the doctrines of the gospel, Gal. ii. 20; vi.14. Trouble for the sake of religion, Mark viii. 34; Matt. xvi. 24. CROWN, a head ornament, worn in the East as a mark of dignity and honor. These

as a mark of dignity and honor. Those used in the games were made of parsley, pine, flowers, &c. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8. Those for pine, flowers, &c. 2 Tim. iv. 7, 8. Those for kings, of gold, adorned with gems. 2 Chronxxiii. 11; 2 Sam. i. 10; xii. 20. Metaphorically, that is called a crown which gives glory or dignity. Thus Jehovah is said to he a crown of glory to Judah, Isa. lxii. 3. Christis said to have a "crown of gold," and "many crown," Rev. xix 12, meaning his future ineffable grandeur and sovereignty. Crown of hic, a triumphant immortality, James i. 12; Kev. ii. 10; iii. 11; of righteousness, 2 Tim. iv. 8; of glory, 1 Pct. v. 4, also incorruptible, 1 Cor. ix. 25. CRUCIFY, to put to Leath by the cross. Figuraticly, it means to subdue our evil propensitiics.

Chu(IFIXION, Hour or.—Mark xv. 25, states it to be the third, and John xix. 14, the sixth hour. This apparent contradic-tion is supposed to have arisen from confrom is supposed to have arisen from con-founding the letter gainma with the let-ter sigma, which were used as numerals in ancient MSS. Therefore it ought to be the third hour which answers to our nine o clock in the morning. Acts ii, 15. Of this or inion are Griesbach, Semler, Rosenmuler, Poddridge, Whitby, Bengel, Erasmus, &c. Another method of solving the difficulty, and probably the best one, is, that John writing in Asia, adopted the Roman method of reckoning time, which was the same

od of reckoning time, which was the same as ours. CI:YSTAI, a hard, transparent, and color-less fossil, of a regularly angular form. The word translated crystal in Ezek. i. 22, is rendered frost in Gen. xxxi. 40; Job xxxvii. 10, and Jcr. xxxvi. 30; and dee in Job vi. 16, xxviii. 29, and Psa, cxivii. 17. The word primarily denotes ice, and is given to this substance from its resemblance to it. The firmament above the cherubin, the sea of glass, the river of life, and the light of the new Jerusalem, are compared to crystal,

for their purity, clearness and splendor.
Ezek i. 22; Rev. iv. 6; xxii. 1.
CUBIT, a measure used among the ancients, about 18 inches long. A cubit was criginally the distance from the chow to the extremity of the middle finger, which is the fourth part of a well-proportioned man's stature. The sacred cubit was nearly 22 stature.

inches

CUMMIN, a plant of an oily and spicy quality, somewhat resembling fennel, Isa. xxviii. 25; Matt. xxiii. 23.

CUP. This word is taken in Scripture both in a proper and in a figurative sense. its proper sense, See Gen. xl. 13; xliv. 2; 1 Kings vii. 28. In a figurative sense, as an emblem of prosperity, See Psa. xi. 6; xvi. 5; xxii. 5; and of Divine judgments and man's misery, Isa. li. 17, 22; Psa. lxxv. 8; Rev. xiv. 9, 10, &c. "Cup of blessing," I Cor. x. 16; "Cup of salvation," Psa. cxvi. 13; a "cup of cond water,"—a valuade gitt

in a hot climate, where water is scarce. Matt. x. 42; Markix. 41. CURSE, after the fall, Gen. iii. 14—19; of Cain, iv. 11; subjoined to the law, Deut. xxvii. 13—6; of the Israelites, if disobedient, Lev. xxvii. 14—39; Deut. xxviii. 15, &c.; remarkable instances of cursing, Gen. ix. 25; 2 Kings ii. 23; l'sa. cix. 6, &c.; Jer. xvii. 18; forbidden under the gospel dispensation, Matt. v. 44; Rom. xii, 14; James iii. 10. Learned commentators aver that wherever the Hebrew word so translated occurs in connection with the name of God often so rendered bless. It is actually often so rendered in our Bible, as Gen. xxxiii. II; Judges i. 15; 1 Sam. xxv. 27; xxxiii. 11; Judges i. 15; 1 Sam. xxv. 27; 2 Kings v. 15.
CYPRUS, [fair, fairness,] a large and popu-

lous island in the Mediterranean, situated between Cilicia and Syria, and so called between Cilicia and Syria, and so called from the Cypress trees with which it abounded. Barnabas and Minason were natives of it, Acts iv. 86; xxi. 16; the gospel preached there, Acts xi. 10; visited by Paul and Barnabas, A. D. 44, Acts xiii. 4-13. See also Acts xv. 39; xxvii. 4. CYRENE, [a wall, coldness,] a city of Lybia in Africa, west of Egypt. Matt. xxvii. 32; Acts ii. 1; xi. 10. CYRENIUS, [one who governs,] a governor of Syria. Luke ii. 2.

DALMANUTHA, [bucket, branch,] a town of Palestine, on the S. E. part of the lake of Tiberias, near Magdala. Mark vid. 10.
DALMATIA, [deceiffel lamps,] the southern part of Illyricum, on the gulf of Venuce.

part of Hilyricum, on the gulf of Venice. 2 Tim., iv. 10.

DAMARIS, [little woman,] an Athenian lady, who was converted by Paul, Acts xvii.34.

DAMASCENES, [of Damascus,] 2 Cor. xi. 32.

DAMASCUS, [similitude of burning,] the most ancient city on record, and long the capital of Syria: first mentioned in Gen.

xiv. 15: xv. 2: and now probably the oldest city on the globe. It is about 160 miles from Jerusalem, and contains at the present time some 80.000 inhabitants. A street is still found here called "Straight," running a mile or more into the city from the

enstern gate. Acts ix. 11.

DANIEL, fundament of God, I called Belteshazzar by the Chaldeans, a prophet descended from the royal family of David, who was carried captive to Babylon when very young, in the fourth year of Jehoiakim, king of Judah, B. C. 506. Daniel rose by his wisdom to eminence and honor, and served in the courts of Nebuchadnezzar, and Belshazzar, kings of Bab ylon, and afterwards under Darius the Mede, and Cyrus the Persian. His great eminence may terwards tinger Darius the Acce, and Cyrus the Persian. His great eninence may be inferred from Ezek. xiv. 13, 14: xxviii. 2, 3, as well as from consulting his own narrative. The book which bears his name, distinctly forcells the time of Messiah's distinctly forecast in the time of messars first advent; and under the emblem of a great image, and of four beasts, the successive rise and fall of the four great universal sive rise and fall of the four great universal monarchies of Babylon, Persia, Greece, and Rome, after which, the kingdom of Alessiah, like the stone from the mountain, shall fill the whole aarth, and have no successor. The prophecies contained in the latter part of the book extend from the days of Daniel to the resurrection of the dead. Christ testifies to the genuineness and authenticity of the book. Matt. xxiv. 15: of which there is the strongest evidence, both internal and external

DARKNESS, upernatural, Exod. x. 21-23: luke xxiii. 44, 45. Also, a symbol of igno-ance and of affliction.

DAVID. beloved] king of Israel, prophet and malmist. He was youngest son of Lesse, of the tribe of Judah, born in Bethlehem. B C. 1085: and one of the most relehem. B C. 1055: and one of the mostre-markable men in either sacred or secular history. His life is fully recorded in 1 Sam. xvi. to 1 Kings ii. The phrase, "a man af-ler God's own heart," does not refer to ei her his private or personal moral con-duct, but to his public official acts. AY. The sacred writers generally divide the day into twelve hours. The sixth hour

always ends at noon throughout the year; and the twelfth hour is the last hour before and the twent nour is the last nour before sunset. But in summer, all the hours of the day were longer than in winter, while these of night were shorter. Day in pro-phetic style, "I have given you a day for a year," is the rule: one revolution of the earth on its axis for a revolution in its orbit. Day is also used for an appointed scason, Isa. xxxiv. 81 and for an enlightened state, 1 Thess. v. 5. "Last day," refers to the time of judgment: and "last days," to the time of Messiah's reign, Isa. ii. 2. Micah iv. 1.

DEACON. diakonos, minister, servant, oc-surs 31 times, and is applied to both males and females, whose business it was to serve

the whole congregation in any capacity. DEAD SEA, SEA OF SODOM, SALT SEA, or LAKE ASPHALTITES, a salt lake in Palestine, 70 miles long, and 10 to 15 broad. It occupies the spot where the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah are supposed to have stood. The water is clear and limpid, but very salt and bitter, and of greater specific gravity than that of any other lake that is known. DEAD PERSONS, insensible, and know not anything, Job bil. 18; xiv. 21; Psa. vi. 5; 1xxviii. 10-12; cxv. 17; cxlvi. 4; Eccl. ix. 5; xii. 7; Isa xxxviii. 18; small be laised.

Job xix. 20, 27; Psa. xlix. 50; John v. 25; Rev. xx. 12. Instances of the dead ralsed, by Elijah, 1 Kings xvii. 17—23; by Elisha, 2 Kings iv. 18—37; by his boiles, xiii. 21; by Jesus, Matt. ix. 25; Markv. 41, 42; Luke vii. 15; viii. 65, 55; John xi. 1—44; by Peter, Acts ix. 40, 41; by Paul, xx. 10—12.

DEATH, how it came into the world, Gen. ii. 17; iii. 16; Rom. v. 12; vi. 25; 1 Cor. xv. 21. Natural death is a ceasing, 50-c, v. a destruction of animal life, and is certain, Job xiv; Psa. xlix. 6—20; Ixxiz. 29; Eccl. viii. 8; ix. 4; called a sleep to believers, John xi. 11—14; Acts vii. 60; xiii. 30; 1 Cor. xv. 18, 51; 1 Thoss. iv. 13—16. is expressive of alienation from God, and exposure to his wrath, John v. 24; Eph. ii. 1—5; Col. ii. 13; 1 John iii. 14; second death mentioned, Rev. ii. 11; xx. 6, 14; xxi. 8.

DEBTS to be faithfully paid, Psa. xxxvii. 21; Prov. iii. 27, 28; to be avoided, Rom. Rom. xiii. 8; used figuratively for our sins, Matt. vii. 21; a parable on the subject, Matt. viii. 21—36.

Matt. vi. 12; a parable on the subject, Matt. xviii. 21-35.

DECAPOLIS, (ten cities,) a district of country comprising ten cities, lying chicily to the east of the Jordan, and the lake of Tiberias

berns.
DELUGE. See FLOOD.
DEMAS, [popular,] a fellow-laborer with
Paul at Thessalonica, who afterwards deserted him, Col. iv. 14; 2 Tim. iv. 10;
Ph.lcmon 24.
DEMITTIUS, belonging to coin,] a silversmith of Ephesus, and an idolater for gain,
Auts viv. 24. Also a disciple mentioned

Acts xix. 24. Also a disciple mentioned

3 John 12.

DEMON, from daimoon and daimonion, defined by lexicons to be a heathen god, deity, med by lexicons to be a heathen god, derry, tutelary genius, evil spirit. Plato derives the word from dacemoon, knowing; Eusebius, from daino, to be terrified; and froclus, from daino, to distribute. By ancient heathen writers, the word demon, by itself, occurs usually in a good sense. Philo affirms that Moses calls those angels whom the philosophers call demon, and they are the philosophers call demons, and they are only different names that imply one and the same substance. In later times the word was used in a bad sense. Josephus and the New Testament writers use it in this manner. Some suppose demons to be fallen augels, others the spirits of bad men; both theories, however, are without foundation. The possessions of the New Testament are always attributed to them; never to the ho diabolus. The word demon occurs about 60 times in the New Testament, Whatever may be the correct idea with constitution of the new testament. with regard to the demons, as Dr. George Campbell well observes: "They are exhibited as the causes of the most direful calamities to the unhappy persons whom they possess—dumbness, deafness, madness, palsy, epilepsy, and the like. The descripive titles given them always denote some ill quality or other." And again, "When I find mention made of the number of demons in particular possessions, their ac-tions so particularly distinguished from the actions of the man possessed, conversations held by the former in regard to the disposal of them after their expulsion, and accounts given how they were actually disposed of—when I find desires and passions ascribed particularly to them, and similatudes from the conduct which they usually observe, it is impossible for me to deny their existence."

DEMONIACS, demonized persons, or those who were supposed to have a demon or

demons, occupying them, suspending the faculties of their minds, and governing the members of their bodies, so that what was said and done by them was ascribed to the indwelling demon.

DENARIUS, the principal silver coin of the Romans, and in value worth from 15 to 17 cents, according to the coinage. A denari-

us was the day-wages of a laborer in Pales-

time. Matt. xx. 2, 9.
ERBE. [asting,] a small town of Lycaonia, in Asia Minor, to which Paul and Barnabas fled from Lystra, A. D. 41, Acts xiv. 20. It lay at the foot of the Taurus mountains on

the north, 16 or 20 miles east of Lystra.

DESERTS, applied to hilly regions, &c.,
thinly inhabited, Luke i. 80, Matt. iii. 1;
and the word so translated in our Bibles often means no more than the common uncultivated grounds in the neighborhood of towns on which the inhabitants grazed their domestic cattle.

DEVIL, from diabolos, occurs some 30 times, and means a slanderer, traducer, false accuser. Paul uses the word in the plural number three times—1 Tim. ivi. 11; 2 Tim. iii. 3; Titus ii. 3-and applies it to both males and females.

DIADEM, a royal head dress, rather different from the crown, and worn by queens. A prince sometimes puts on several dadems. Ptolemy having conquered Syria, entered Antioch in triumph, with the diadems of Asia and Egypt on his head. John saw on Christ's head "many diadems," Rev.

saw on Christ's head 'many diadems, Rev. xii.3; xiii.1; xix.12.
DIAMOND. See Priectors Stones.
DIANA, or Arrismus, [luminous, perfect,] a celebrated goddess of the Komans and Greeks, and one of their twelve superior detites. She was like the Syrian goddess Ashtaroth, and appears to have been worshipped at Ephesus with impure rites and magical mysteries. Acts xix. 19. The temsimpled at Epinesis with impure rices and magical mysteries. Acts xix. 19. The temple of Diana was the pride and glory of Ephesus. 1t was 425 feet long, and 230 broad, and had 127 columns of white marble, each 60 feet high. It was 20 years to haidling and was one of the saven was in building, and was one of the seven wonders of the world.

DIDYMUS, [a twin,] the surname of Thom-

DIDYMUS, [a tenn,] the surname of Inomas, John xxi. 2.

DIONYSIUS, [divinely touched,] a member of the Areoparus at Athens, and a convert of Paul, Acts xvii. 34, and burnt as a martyr, A. D. 95. Being at Heliopolis in Egypt, at the time of Christ's death, on observing the supernatural darkness he exclaimed, "Bither the God of nature suffers, or symmethics with one who suffers"

DIOTREPHES, [nourished of Jupiter,]
mentioned 3 John 9.
DIP, to immerse. The people of the East eat
with their fingers instead of knives and
forks and therefore din their head in the forks, and therefore dip their hand in the dish. For fluid substances they have spoons. John xii. 26.

spoons, John xii. 20.
DISCIPLE, a learner, or follower of another,
John ix. 28. It signifies in the New 'testament, a follower of Christ, &e., or a convert to his pospel. John xx. 13; Acts vi. 1.
DISPENSATION, oikanomia, economy, administration of affairs,—from oikas, a
house, nemos, to administer—economy,
the management of a family; hence arrangement, dispensation, or administration,
a more general sense—occurs 19 times.

bread to doss," Matt. xv. 26. The bad preperties of dogs are obstinacy, barking, cruselty, biting, insatiable gluttony, filthiness in lust, vomiting and returning to their vomit. Hence the name is given to caviling, unprincipled teachers, Phil. iii. 2: and to such as are excluded from the holy city. Rev. xvii. 15.

and to steen as are excluded from the floretty, flex, xxii. 15.

DOOR, the symbol of opportunity, way of access or introduction. John x. 7.

DORCAS in Greek the same as Tabitha in Syriac, that is, gazelle, the name of a pious and charitable women at Joppa, whom Peter wind from the dead Act is x. 84.

ter raised from the dead, Acts ix. 36-42.
DRACHMA, a silver coin common among the Greeks, which was also current among

the Greeks, which was also current among the Jews, in value about 16 cents, or 5d. DRAGON, signifies either a large fish, as the whale, or a crocodile, or great serpent. In some places, it evidently means the deadly poisonous lizard called Gecho by the East Indians. By the Egyptians, Persians, and Indians the dragon is regarded as the established emblem of a monarch. Sometimes it is used for monarchical despotism in general. The Roman government, both in its pagan and rawal forus, as a persecuin its pagan and papal forms, as a persecuting power, is represented by this symbol. DRLSS, injunctions concerning it, Deut, xxii, 5; Isa, iii. 16, &c; 1 Tım. ii. 9; 1 Pet.

DRINK, to swallow liquids. As the allot-ments of God's providence were often re-presented among the Jews by a cup, so to receive good or evil at the hand of God is receive good or evil at the hand of God is represented by druhing its contents, John xviii. 11. To "eat the fiesh and druhk the blood of the son of man," is to imbibe, that is, cordially to receive and obey his precepts, John vi. 53; to partiske of bread and wine, the symbols of his body and blood, in the ordinance of his own appointment, Matt. xxvi. 26; to become one with him in principle, feeling, and action. As a cordial desire and love of divine truth is often represented as thurstone, so druhing is used represented as thirsting, so drinking is used to express the actual reception of the Gospel and its benefits. John iv. 14; vii. ?7. DRUNKENNESS, excludes from the kingdom of God, I Cor. vi. 10; Gal. v. 21; ezamples, Gen. ix. 21; xix. 33, 35; I Sam. 25, 30; I Kings xvi. 9; xx. 16.

DRUSILLA, [watered by the dew,] the third daughter of Agrippa the Great. She first married Azizus, king of the Emesenes, but soon left him, to marry Claudius Felix.

soon left him, to marry claudius Fern.
Acts xxiv. 24.

DUST. "To lick the dust," Psa. lxxii. 9, is
expressive of profound submission; to
throw "dust into the air," Acts xxii. 23, erpresses contempt and malice, and is still
an Arab practice; to "throw dust on the
head" is a sign of grief and mourning, Rev.
xviii. 19; and "to wipe off the dust" from
any's foct was expressive of entire renunone's feet was expressive of entire renunciation, Matt. x. 14; Acts xiii. 51.

Spoons, John xii. 26.
DISCIPLE, a learner, or follower of another, John ix. 28. It signifies in the New Testament, a follower of Christ, &c., or a convert to his gospel. John xx. 13; Acts vi.l.
DISPENSATION, oikanomia, economy, administration of affairs,—from oikas, a house, nemas, to administra—economy, the management of a family; hence arrangement, dispensation, or administra—economy, the management of a family; hence arrangement, dispensation, or administra—economy, the management of a family; hence arrangement, dispensation, or administra—economy, an pledge; a small part of the price of a thing, paid in hand, to confirm an agreement. The word is used three times in the New Testament, but always in a figurative sense. In 2 Cor. i. 22 it is applied to the gifts of the Spriit, which God bestowed on the apostles; and in 2 Cor. v. 5; Epn. i. 13, 14, to believers generally, on whom after baptism, the apostles had laid their hands; which were an earnest of far superior blessings in the age to come. Jerome has well said, "if the earnest was so great, how great must be the possession."

EARNEST, arraboon, a pledge; a small part of the price of a thing, paid in hand, to confirm an agreement. The word is used three times in the New Testament, but always in a figurative sense. In 2 Cor. i. 22 it is applied to the gifts of the Spriit, which God bestowed on the apostles; and in 2 Cor. v. 5; Epn. i. 13, 14, to believers generally, on whom after baptism, the apostles had laid their hands; which were an earnest of far superior blessings in the age to come. Jerome has well said, "if the earnest was so great, how great must be the possession."

and Greek is used to denote the earth as a whole, and a particular land. The expression "all the earth" is sometimes used symbolically for a portion of it. Sometimes used for the people who inhabit the It is used also as the symbol of world, etc the great body of the people contrasted with the government; antichristian part of mankind, etc. There are in the political and in the moral worlds, as well as in the natural, heavens and earth, sun, moon, and

rai, heavens and earth, sun, moon, and stars, nountains, rivers, and seas. EARTHQUAKE, in the time of Elijah, 1 Kings xix. 11; of Uzziah, Amosi. 1; Zech. xiv. 9; at the crucifixion of Jesus, Matt. xavii. 54. The established symbol of the political and moral revolutions and convulsions of society. See Hag. ii. 0, 7; Heb. xii.

Rev. vi. 12.

EAST, towards the sun's rising. Arabia, Assyria, Chaldea, Mesopotamia, Persia, and other countries, lay eastward of Canaan; and Balaam, Cyrus, and the Magi were said therefore, to have come out of the East. Num. xxiii.7; Isa. xivi. II; Matt. ii. 1, 2. EAT. See DRINK. The Bubylonians and Perslans used to recline or lie down on table-beds while eating, and the Jews

adopted his custom, Amos vi. 4-7; Esth. i. 6: vii. 8; John xii. 3; xiii. 25. EstFicAtion, a building up. Saints are edified when they grow in holy knowledge and practice. I Cor. viii. 1. Mutual edification with the same of tion to be consulted, Rom. xiv. 19; xv. 2; 1 Cor. xiv. 12-26; 1 Thess. v. 11; Heb. x. 24. EGYPT, (that binds or oppresses,) bounded by the Mediterranean Sea on the north;

by the Mediterranean sea on the north; Abyssinia on the south; and on the east and west by mountains, running parallel with the Nile. Egyptis now the basest of kingdoms, as declared in prophecy, Isa. xiz. 15, and has been successively tributary to Babylon, Persia, Greece, Rome, Saracens, Mamelukes, and Turks, during 2000 years. Symbolical now for wickedness, Parx vi 8

Rev. xi. 8.
ELDER, presbuteros, presbyter, whence the word presbytery. Anciently applied to those who presided over Israel, and applied that howe before the Christian era to a by the Jews before the Christian era to a certain class of officers among them. Those of one synagogue were called the

presbuterion, presbytery.

Presbuterion, occurs three times; in Luke xxii. 66, and Acts xxii. 5, it seems to apply to the Jewish Sanhedrim; and in 1 Tim. iv. 14 to the chief persons of a Christian con-gregation. The word is derived from

Presbuteros, an Elder, which occurs 67 times, and is applied to seniors, or persons advanced in years, ancients, ancestors, fathers; or as an appellation of dignity, to chief men, heads of families, or of congregations. Apostles were sometimes called Elders, in the sense of a senior, or old man. See John 2nd and 3rd epistles, and 1 Pet. v. t. Still we have the phrase "apostles and elders" contradistinguished several times. See Acts xv. 2, 4, 6, 22. Elder, as the name of an officer in the Christian conthe name of an officer in the Christian congregation, is defined Acts xx. 17, 28; Titus i.5, 7; 1 Pet. v. 1,5; and is evidently synonymous with bishop, shepherd, ruler, &c., and the same duties of overseeing, ruling, teaching, &c., were attached to the office. See the qualifications of each, as given in 1 Tim. iii. 1—7; Titus i.5—9.
ELECTION, eklogee, choice, chosen, approved, beloved: it occurs only 7 times. See

JHOSEN.

ELIJAH, or | ELIAS, [God is my Lord,] a

prophet of Israel, a native of the town of Tishbe, stuated in the land of Gilead, beyond Jordan. See 1 Kings xvii—xix., xx1. 17—20; 2 Kings i., ii. 1—14; ix. 36; x. 10, 17; 2 Chron. xxi. 12—15; Luke iv. 25, 26; Rom. xi. 1—5; James v. 17, 18. Promised to be sent again to Israel, Mal. iv. 5; partially fulfilled in Lahr the Rantiet who appreciate fulfilled in John the Baptist, who appeared in the spirit and power of Elijah, Luke i. 17: but was not actually that prophet,

John i. 21—24.

ELISABETH, [oath of God,] the wife of Zacharias, mother of John the Baptist,

Luke i. 5.

ELISIIA, (salvation of God.) a prophet of fs-rael, son of Shaphat, Elijah's successor, I Kings xix. 15-21; 2 Kings ii. 3, 11-27;

I Kings aix. 10-21; 2 Kings II. 6, 11-14; iv-ix; Luke iv. 27.

ELIUD, [God is my praise,] Matt. i. 14.

ELMODAN, [God of measure,] Luke iii. 27.

ELYMAS, [a magician,] or Bar-Jesus, struck blind for compaine Paul Act viii 8.11.

hlind for opposing Paul, Acts xiii. 8, 11. EMBALMING, an ancient art of preserving the body from decay. The Egyptians ex-celled in it, and the ancient Israelites ini-

celled in it, and the ancient Israelites imitated them. Mentioned Gen. 1. 2, 3, 26; 2 Chron. xvi. 14; John xix. 39, 40.

EMERALD. See Precious Stones.

EMMAU'S, [people despised,] a town of Judea. 7 mi..es north of Jerusalem, Luke xxiv. 13.

ENEAS, [laudable,] Acts ix. 33.

ENEMIES, laws concerning their treatment, Exod. xxiii. 4; Prov. xxiv. 17; xxv. 21; fatt. v. 44; Luke vi. 27—30; Rom. xii. 14—21; avanueles. Loh xxvi. 20—31 - 1 Sum. 21; examples, Job xxxi. 20-31; 15 Sam. xiv; xxvi; Psa. xxxv. 4-15; Luke xxii. 34; Acts vii. 60.
EXM11Y, spoken of, Gen. iii. 13; Rom. viii.

7: James iv. 4. ENOC!!, [deducated, disciplined,] son of Jared, and father of Methuselah, who pleased God, and was translated, Gen. v. 18-24; Luke iii. 37; Heb. xi. 5: Jude 14, 15. ENON, [cloud, his fountain,] a place near Salim, west of the Jordan, where John baptized. John iii. 23.

ENVY condemned, Psa. xxxvii.1; Prov. iii. 31; Rom. xiii.13; 1 Cor. iii. 3; Gal. v. 21; James iii. 14; v. 9: 1 Pet. ii. I. EPAPHRAS, [agreeable,] mentioned Col. i.

7: iv. 12. EPAPH::ODITUS, [agreeable, kandsome,] one sent by the Philippians with money the Paul when a prisoner at Rome. Phil. ii. 25; iv. 18. EPENETUS, [laudable,]

Paul's disciple. whom he calls a first-fruit of Achaia, Rom. xvi. 5.

EPHESIANS, Epistle to, written by Paul to the congregation at Ephesus, during his imprisonment at Rome, A. D. 61. The apostle shows that the calling of the Gen-tiles was according to God's purpose, and was the development of the secret which was the development of the secret which had been hid from ages and generations. This grand secret he had opened by the preaching of Christ to the Gentiles, "the hape of glory," and on account of which he had become "a prisoner of the Lord," and "an analysesdor in a chair." an ambassador in a chain." He exhorts both Gentiles and Jews, in consequence of this wall of separation being broken down, to maintain unity and peace. In the fourth chapter he gives sundry reasons why they should preserve unity, for all—whether Jews or Greeks, Barbarians, Sythians, bondmen or freenen,—were but one body, animated by one spirit, cheered by one hope, governed by one for which governed by one Lord, while one faith was mutually entertained and confessed, ore immersion initiated both into the Anointed.

Spirit in the band of peace.

EPHESUS, a city of Asia Minor, situated on the river Cayster, 35 miles S, by E. of Smyrna, chiefly famed for a magnificent temple of Diana, accounted as one of the seven wondered the world. It is easily to have been ders of the world. It is said to have been 425 feet long, and 220 broad. Its roof was supported by 127 pillars, 70 feet high, 27 of which were curiously carved, and the rest polished. Here the apostle Paul planted Christianity, and labored for upwards of three years, and the apostle John is said to have spent most of his life, and closed it

EPHRAIM, [fruitful,] a town of Palestine, in the country belonging to the tribe of Ephraim, 8 miles N. E. of Jerusalem. John

xi.51.
EPICUREANS, [who give assistance,] a sect of philosophers who adopted the doctrines of Epicurus, who flourished at Athens, B. C. 300. They maintained that the world was made by chance, that there is no providence, no resurrection, no immortality, and that pleasure is the chief good. Acts

vii.18

EPISTLE, or LETTER. Twenty-one of the books of the New Testament are epistles. books of the New Testament are epistes. Fourteen written by Paul, one by James, two by Peter, three by John, and one by Jude. The messages to the seven concregations, Rev. it. and iii., are called epistes. For a proper understanding of the epistles it is necessary to consider the time, occasion, design, and parties addressed.

The arrangement of the epistles, as found in our Bible, is not the order of their date; but Lardner has given many reasons to prove that it is the best arrangement. The following order as to time is taken from "Horne's Introduction:"

EPISTLES OF PAUL. 1 Thess., from Corinta, A. D. 52 2 Theas., 44 44 52 Galatians 44 Ephesus, 57 1 Corinthians, Romans. 44 Corinth, 57 2 Corrothians, 66 Philippi, 58 46 61 Ephesians, Rome, Philippians, 62 62 Colossians, Philemon, " 63 Italy, Macedonia, • Hebrews. 1 Timothy, 66 Titus, 66 Rome, 2 Timothy, 6.6 The other epistles were written between

the years 61 and 69; those of John being the latest. Critics and chronologers have not all agreed on these dates, and there is great difficulty in deciding as to some of

them.

Epistles of "commendation" were much adopted in the primitive church; they were letters of introduction, and secured

the warmest hospitality, 2 Cor. iii. 1.
EQUITY, the great or golden rule, Lev. xix.
18; Matt. vii. 13; xxii. 30; Rom. xiii. 8;

James ii. 8.

ERASTUS, [lovely,] a Christian converted by Paul, and treasurer of the city of Corinth. Acts xix. 22; Rom. xvi. 23; 2 Tim. iv. 20.

ESAU, [formed, finished, or according to some, covered with hair,] eldest son of Isaac by Rebekah, Gen. xxv. 21-34; xxvi. 34, 35; xxvii.; xxviii. 6-9, &c.; Heb. xi. 20; xii. 16,

Eill, [near me,] son of Naggo, one of the ancestors of Jesus, Luke iii. 15.

and the one God was Father of all. Thus ESPOUSALS, the act or ceremony of marthey were exhorted to keep the unity of the riage, Jer. ii. 2; but sometimes means only betrothing, or making a matrimonial engagement. Matt. i. 18; Luke i. 27, 2 Cor.

ESRON, [the dart of joy,] mentioned Matt. 1.

ETERNAL, aioonios, rendered in the common version eternal, and everlasting, is the adjective form of the word aloon, age, and must be related to it in meaning. There is no equivalent word in English by which aloon is can be exactly rendered. See Age.

attonios can be exactly rendered. See AGE. ETHIOPTA, [in Hebrew, Cush, blackness, in Greek, heat,] a very extensive country of Africa, comprehending Abyssinia, Nubia, &c., lying south of Egypt, above Syene, the modern Assonan, Ezek. xxix. 10; xxx.6; Acts viii. 27.

EUBULUS, [prudent,] mentioned 2 Tim. iv.

EUBULUS, [prudent,] mentioned 2 Tim. tv. 21.

EUNICE, [a good victory.] the mother of Timothy, and a Jewess by birth, but married to a Greek, Timothy's father, Acts xvi. 1; 2 Tim. i, 5.

EUODIAS, [sweet scent,] a female disciple at Philippi, Phul. iv. 2.

EUNUCH, the name given to such officers as served in the inner courts, and chambers of kings. See Isa. Ivi. 3—5; Matt. xix. 11, 12; Acts viii. 27.

EUPPIEATES one of the largest and roset.

EUPHRATES, one of the largest and most celebrated rivers of Asia, on which account it is frequently styled "the river." It rises in the mountains of Armenia, and after pursuing a course of 1500 miles flows into the Persian Gult. Gen. ii 14: xy. 18; Josh. i.4: and prophetica y alluded to, Jer. xii. 1-8; Rev. ix.14; xvi. 12. EUROCLYDON, a violent and dangerous

N. E. wind, common in the Mediterranean about the beginning of winter. Acts xxvii.

14. It is called by sailors a Levanter.

14. It is camed by sainors a Lectanter, EUTYCHUS, [fortunate,] a young man at Troas, who fell from an open window of the third floor, while Paul was preaching into the court below, Acts xx.5-12. EVANGELIST, [a publisher of glad tidings,] a name which was given to those who went

from place to place to preach the gospel, Philip, one of the seven deacons, is termed the Ecangelist, Acts xxi. 8. Paul exhorts Timothy to "do the work of an Evange-list," 2 Tim. iv. 5. And in Eph. iv. 11, Euanggelistas (Evangelists) are expressly distinguished from poimenas kai didaskalous, (pastors and teachers,) showing the forme. to be itinerant, the latter stationary. EVE, [living,] the name of the first woman,

and mother of the human race, Gen. i. 26—31; ii. 18—25; iii; iv. 1, 2, 25; v. 2; mentioned by Paul, 2 Cor. xi. 3; 1 Tim. ii. 13, 14. EVENING. The Jews had two evenings.

The first was the after part of the day: the The first was the hour or two immediately after dark. Where the word occurs in Exod. xii. 6; Num. ix. 8; Deut. xxvni 4, &c., it reads in the original "between the evenings," and means the twilight. This

evenings," and means the twellight. This was the time the paschal lamb was to be sacrificed. Deut. xvi. 6.

EVIL, sometimes signifies punishment; in which sense, and in which only, God is said to create it, Isak xlv. 7. Evil is also used synonymously with the word sin, in which sense God never creates it. For "God cannot be tempted with evil (sin,) neither tempteth (causeth to sin,) he any man," James it is. Ho noneros, the evil one, is a James i. 13. Ho poneros, the evil one, is a term in many places equivalent to ho dia-bolos, or ho Satanas. See Matt. v. 37, vi. 12

xttt. 19; Luke xi. 4; Eph. vi. 16; 2 Thess. ;

mi. 3. EXACTION censured, Deut. xv. 2; Matt.

EXAMINATION of self, expressly commanded, 2 Cor. xiin. 5; Gal. vi. 4. See anso Matt. vii. 3; Luke xv. 17, 18; 1 Cor. xi. 28. EXCLUDE, or Excommunicate, is to separate the self of the sel

ate or withdraw from an unworthy mematt or wilder with an unworthy member of the congregation. An excluded person forfeits,—(1.) The fellowship of the church. Matt. xviii.17. (2.) The common society of the members, except so far as civil relations require it, 2 Thess, iii. 6, 14; Rom. xvi. 17. (3.) All the privileges belonging to the people of God. The design of exclusion is, (1.) To purge the church. +2.) To warp other members. (3.) To re-claim the offender.

Exhibit Resolution, paraklesis, exhortation, consolution, comfort, occurs 29 times. A christian duty. Acts xl. 23; xiii. 15; xv. 32; liom. xn. 8, 1 Cor. xiv. 3.

From xn. 8, 1 Cor. xiv. 3.

Y.E. In most languages this important organ is used by figurative application,... the symbol of a large number of objects and ijeas. Hence we read of an "evil eye," Matt. xx. 15; "bountiful eye," Prov. xxii. 0, "haughty eyes," Prov. vi. 17; "wanton eyes," 1sa. iii. 16; "eyes of an adulteress," 2 Pet. ii. 14; "the lust of the eyes," 1 John ii. 16. As applied to the Almighty, eyes denote his infinite knowledge, Prov. xv 3; Psa. xi. 4; watchful providence, Psa. xxxii. 8; omaipresence, lieb. iv. 13; Rev. ii. 18; v. 6. As applied to man, they denote the understanding, Psa. exix. 18; Eph. i. 18, &c. As in the Persian monarchy, the favorite ministers of state were called "the king" eyes," so the angels of the Lord may be "his eyes," so the angels of the Lord may be "his eyes," running to and fro the earth, to execute his judgments, and to watch and attend for his glory. The eyes are said to be tend for his glory. The eyes are said to be opened, when the mind is savingly instruct. sealed up, blinded, closed, or darkened, when the mind is destitute of spiritual knowledge, and so ignorant, obstinate, or biassed, that it cannot discern between good and evil. Isa, xliv. 18; Acts xxviii. 27; Rom. zł. 10.

SABLES, religious tales of human inven-sion; the traditions of elders; the doctrines of men, not to be regarded, 1 Tinn. i. 14; iv.7; vi. 20; Matt. xv.9; Titus i. 14.

FACE, in scripture, is often used to denote

presence in the general sense, and there is no other word to denote presence in the Hebrew language. It is used as a token of God's favor, Psa. xxxi. 16; lxvii. 1; Dan.ix. 17. Often found in the plural number in the original, probably referring to the faces of the cherubin, the symbol of the divine presence

presence.
FAIR HAVENS, an unsafe harbor in Crete,
N. E. of Cape Leon, or Matala. It bears
the same name to this day. Acts xxvii. S.

*Al Ill, pustis, belief, trust, coundence, occurs 244 times, and the verb pisteuoa, I believe, 245 times. The simple meaning of heve, 249 times. The simple meaning of this term is, the conviction that the testimony is true. Hence l'aui defines it to be "the confidence of things hoped for, the conviction of things not seen." Heb. xi. 1. "Without faith it is impossible to please God," Heb. xi. 6; thatis, a belief of those things which he has made known for salvation. See Jude 8; Acts viii. 12; Mark xvi. 15, 16; Acts xxv. 6, 22, xxviii. 20, 23, 31.

AN, an instrument for separating chaff.

from grain, formerly made in the shape of a shovel, with a long handle. With this t'e grain was tossed into the air when the willd b'ew, so that the chaff was driven away. Matt. in. 12. FAS I'ING mentioned, Matt. ix. 14, 15; Mark

ii. 20; Luke v. 25; 2 Cor. vi. 5; with prayer, 1 Cor. vii. 5; the kind acceptable to God, Joel ii. 12, 13; Zech. vii. 5-14; Matt. vi. 17, 18. Moses fasted wice for forty days, Dev. ix. 9, 18; Jesus, Matt. iv. 2; Luke iv. 2. Fasting in al. ages and among all nations, has een usual in times of distress; and though our Savior dia not appoint any fast days, yet he gave reasons, why after his death, his disciples hould fast. Partial, or total abstimence from food, occasionally, is beneficia, to both body and mind.

FATHER. This word, besides its obvious and primary sense bears, in Scripture, a number or other applications. Applied to God, to ancest ars, near of remote; is also applied as a title of respect to any head, ehief, ruler, or elder, especially to kings, prophets, and priests; and the author, source, or beginner, of anything is said to be the father of it, and in this sense it is pery commonly used in the East at the present day. The authority of a rather was very great in patriarchial times, and any outrace against a parent was made a capital crime, Lev. xx. 9.

- ULT, treatment of, in a brother, Matt. xvni. 15—7; Gal. vi. 12; to be mutually confesse James v. 16.

- IX, [happw.] the successor of Cumanus in the government of land of the tree.

in the government of Judea. Instory gives him a bad character, and he might well tremple at the words of Paul. Acts

well tremble at the words of Faul. Acts xiv. 25.
FELLOWSHIP, Communion, or Joint Participation. There is a fellowship with the Father, and with the Son, and with each other 1 John 1. 3.7, which is both honorable and commendable; but there is also a fellowship to be avoided, 1 Cor. x. 20; 2 Cor. vi. 14; Eph. v. 11. The word also means a communication of worldly substance for the honeft of others. See Acts if 44. Percentage.

vi. 14; Eph. v. II. The word also means a communication of worldly substance for the benefit of others. See Acts ii. 4; Rom. xii. 13; xv. 27; 2 Cor. viii. 4; ix. 13; Gal. vi. 6; Phil. i. 5; iv. 15; Heb. xii. 16. FESTIVALS, occasions of public religious observances, recurring at certain settimes, among the Hebrews. The festivals of divine appointment were: 1. The Sabbath, or seventh day of the week. 2. The Passorer, which lasted eight days, beginning on the 15th of Nisan. Exod. xii. 14. 3. The Feast of Pentecost or of Weeks, fifty days after the Passover. 4. The Feast of Trumpets, held on the first and second days of Tizri, the commencement of the civil year. 5. The Day of Atonement, kept on the tenth of Tizn, or September. 6. The Feast of In-gathering or of Tabernacles, which lasted for a week. 7. The Sabbatical Year, during which the land was to lie fallow, and its spontaneous produce to be shared in common by servants, the poor, strangers, and mon by servants, the poor, strangers, and cattle. It was the year of release from personal slavery, Exod. xxi.2: and from debts. Deut. xv. 1, 2. S. The Jubilee was a more solemn festival, held every seventh sabbatical year, that is, every fitteth year. 0. The New Moon, at the beginning of the north. Other festivals were observed by the Jews, but of human origin: one of which is neutroned, John x. 22: the Feast of the Dedicationa, established by Judas Maccabees, E. C. 170, to commemorate the cleansing of the temple, after its profanation by Antiochus.

Another feast was that of Lots, or Purem, when the entire book of Esther is read in the synagogue.

FESTUS, Jostnal, joyful, successor of Felix, as governor of Judea, and appointed by Nero in the first year of his reign. Acts

xxiv. 27: xxv: xxvi. FIERY DARTS, javelins or arrows having combustible matter at the lower part, which being set on fire was darted against the

enemy, or into towns to burn them.
FIG-TREE, a tree well known and very common in Palestine. The tree is large, and affords good shelter. See 1 Kings iv. 25:
John i. 48. The blasting of the fig-tree by affords good shelter. See 1 Kings iv. 25; John i. 48. The blasting of the fig-tree by Jesus, (Matt. xxi. 19; Mark xi. 13, 14,) because he found no figs on it, when "the season of figs was not yet," is thought by infillels to have been an unreasonable and retulant act. But it must be remembered that the tree was barren, which is proved by having leares but no fruit; (for on the fig-tree fruit appears before the leaf:) also the fig harvest or "time for gathering figs" had not yet come. May not this act have shown the hypocritical exterior of the leave and preferred their suproaching the Jews, and prefigured their approaching

FIGURE, shape, resemblance. Adam, Isaac, figures or types, as they shadowed forth Jesus Christ. Rom. v. 14: Heb. x1. 19. &c. 1LTH, excrements; "the filth of the

MILTH, excrements; "the filth of the world," I Cor. iv. 13. The same word in the ong nal was applied to those poor wretches, who being taken from the dregs of the people, were sacrificed to Gentile deities, and loaded with curses, insults, and injuries, while on the way to the altars on which they were to bleed. Hence the allusion.

FIRE, the state of combustion; flame. An emblem of fierce destruction; the symbol of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Fige of a curse, but never of a blessing. "Free from heaven," "fire of the Lord," usually denotes lightning in the Old Testament; but, when connected with sacrifices, the "fire of the Lord" is often understood as the fire of the altar, and sometimes the holocaust itself. This fire was originally Scalist liser. This was ever after kept up. The "fire that never shall be quenched," Mark ix, 43, is a periphrasis for Gehenna. Kunchi (on Psa. xxvii. 13) says, "that it was a place in the land near to Jerusalem, and was a place contemptible; where they cast things defiled and carcasses; and there was there a continual fire to burn polluted things and bones; and therefore the condemnation of the wicked in a pambolical way is called Gehinnom."

FIRST. 1. What is before others, in time or order; so Adam is called the first man, and Christ the second Adam. 2. What exceeds others in degree of badness or of excel-lency; so Paul calls himself the first or chief

of sinners. Hence, FIRST-BORN or "First-ergotten of every

FIRST-BORN or "First-error rest of every creature" may mean the "chief of the whole creation." Col. 1. 15.

Filist-FRUITS. The first ripe products of the land of Israel, were accounted the Lord's property, and, as such were presented to him, through the priests, as an acknowledgment of their dependence on him, Exod. xxxiii. 16, 19. Christ is called the first-fruits of them that slept," I Cor. xv. 20; and the family of Stephanus, the "trst-fruits of Achan. 1 Cor. xvi. 15.

FISIERTMEN. most of the apostles probably

were, Matt. iv. 8; Mark i. 16;

l-il.
FISHES, miraculous draughts, Luke
John xxi. 6; one caught to pay tribute,
Matt. xvii. 27; fish with bread miraculously multiplied by Jesus to feed thousands,
Matt. xiv. 15-21; xv. 82-39; John vi. 5-14,
FLAX, "smoking flax," Matt. xii. 20. Flax
being anciently used for the wicks of lamps,
it refers to the wick of a lamp, which, for
want of oil, becomes dim and ready to go

want of oil, becomes dim and ready to go out, so that but little remains but smoke. FLESH, (of animals) after the flood, per-mitted to be eaten, Gen. ix. 3. The word

flesh is applied, generally, to both man and beast, Gen. vi. 13, 17, 19; vii. 15; but more particularly to mankind, and is in fact, the only Hebrew word, which answers to that term, Psa. cxlv. 21; Isa. xl. 5, 6. "Flesk and blood" is also an Hebraism for mankind in the present corruptible state. See 1 Co. xv. 50; Matt. xvi. 17; Gal. i. 16; Eph. vi. 12.

FLOOD, or GENERAL DELUGE, occurred A. M. 1656. See account, Gen. vi; vii. Referred to as a warning of Christ's conung, Matt. xxiv. 58; Luke xvii. 27; as an assurance that God will punish sin, 2 Pet. ii. 5; also, as a type of baptism and salvation, 1 Pet.

ii. 20; and of the final destruction of un-godly men, 2 Pet. iii. 6, 7. FOLLOW "the Lamb whithersoever he goes," Rev. xiv. 4. An allusion to the oath taken by the Roman soldiers, part of which

was to follow their generals wkerever they should lead. See 2 Sam, xv. 21.

FOOD. The Jews were restricted in their use of minnal food to animals called "clean." See Lev. xi. and Deut. xiv. The reasons seems to have been moral, politireasons seems to have been moral, pointing, and physiological; and particularly to keep Israel distinct from other people, Lev. xx. 21—20; Deut. xiv. 2, 3. Nearly every creature pronounced unclean was held sacred by adjacent nations. Ensuaring intercourse with idolaters was thus effeetually obstructed, as those who cannot eat and drink together, are not likely to become intimate. Christians are forbidden to eat blood, things strangled, and things offered to idols. See Acts xv. There is no record, that the flesh of animals was used as food by the antidiluvians, as permission to use it was first given to Noah, Gen. 1x. 3. Fruit evidently was the primeval food of man, Gen. 11. 16; anatomy and physiology prove that it is best adapted for the full development and sustenance of man's physical, intellectual, and moral nature; and to partake of the fruit of the tree of life, in the future, is held forth as the highest possible good.
OOL. The fool of Scripture is not an idiot,

FOOL. but an absurd person; not one who does not reason at all, but one who reasons wrong; also any one who is not regulated the dictates of reason and religion. by the dictates of reason and religion. Whatever is without good reason, and does not secure men's true and future good, 18 foolish; hence we read of foolish talking, foolish lusts, foolish questions, &c., Eph. v. 4; 1 Tim. vi. 0; Titus iii. 0. FORLIEARANCE recommended, Matt. xviii. 35; 1 Cor. xiii. 4, 7; Eph. iv. 2; Col. iii. 15; 1 Thess. v. 14; manifested by God to man, Paal. 9: 1 Erel. viii. 11: Matt. xviii. 77;

Psa. l. 21; Eccl. viii. 11; Matt. xviii. 27; Rom. ii. 4; 2 Pet. iii. 0, 15. POREHEAD. Public profession of religiou. Rev. vii. 3, 13, 16; xiv. 1. Marks on the forehead may be illustrated by the eustim in idolatrous countries, of bearing on the

ries they are. Some, however, think it an allusion to the custom of marking cattle,

aliusion to the custom of marking cattle, &c., with the sign of ownership. For EKNOWL EDGE. prognosis. Occurs twice, Acts il. 23; I Pet. i. 2; proginosko, I foreknow, occurs five trues, Acts xxvi. 5; Rom. viil. 20, xi. 2; 1 Pet. i. 20; 2 Pet. iii 17. Know in the Hebrew diom, signifies sometumes to approve. p. 6c. now | cdge, and to make known. "The Lord knows (approves) them | hat are his. 'The word knows (acknowledges) us not."
FORGIVENESS promised, Isa. Iv. 7; Lukei. 77; xxiv. 47. Acts ii 38, &c.; enjoined Matt. vi. 15; xviii. 21. Eph. iv. 32; Col. iii 18; Janos ii. 13.
10KNICATION means, 1. Criminal intercourse between unmarried persons, 1 Corvii. 2. 2. Adultery, Matt. v. 32. 3. Idolary, 2 Chron. xxi. 11 4 Heresy, Rev. xiv. 2. The word occurs much more frequently in its metaphorical than in its ordinary sense.

its metaphorical than in its ordinary sense.

Jer. iii. 8, 9; Ezek. xvi. 26.

FORTUNATAS, [lucky. fortunate.] a discipe mentioned I Cor. xvi. 17, who visited Paul at Epheeus.

FOX, o wild animal, probably a jackal, mentioned historically. Index xvi. 5, 1 am. tioned historically, Judges xv. 4, 5; Lam. v. 18; comparatively, Matt. viii. 20; symbolically for a cuming and deceitul person, Ezek, xiii. 4; Luke xiii. 32.
FRANKINCENSE, a sweet scented gum, used in the acense, which when placed on

live coals, sends up a dense fragrant smoke. Luke i. 10; Rev viii. 82.
ROGS, plague of, Exod. viii. The frog was held sacred in Egypt, because i. was the emblem of Orisis; and was produced by the Nile, which was also esteemed as peculiarly sacred; thus Jehovah used their very gods as a means to punish them. FIUGALITY recommended, Prov. xviii. 9;

John vi. 12.

FRUITS used figuratively for proofs, Matt. iii. 8; vii. 16; 2 Cor. ix. 10, Gal. v. 22, 23;

Phil. 11; James iii. 17.
FULNESS OF TIME, plerooma ton chronon, the fulness or completion of any period of time, Gal iv. 4; Eph i. 10. The completion of the period which was to precede the Messiah.

Messian.
FULNESS OF THE GENTILES. The completion of the salvation of the Gentiles, during the present dispensation.
FURLONG, the eighth part of a mile, Luke xiv. 13; John vi. 19; xi. 18.

GABBATHA, [high, elevated, or the parement, large court or a partment, used as l'inte's judgment seat, John xix. 13. It was evidently outside of the prætorium.

CABRIEL, (the mighty one of God.) the angel, mentioned Luke'. II, is, who appeared at different times to Daniel, Zacharias, &c.

Dan. viii. 16; ix. 21. GADARA, Syria, a few miles east of the Lake Tiberias.

Mark v. 1. GADARENES, the inhabitants of Gadara. Luke viii. 26.

Luke vii. 28.

GAIUS, [lord, corthy.] the name of one or two eminent Christians, mentioned Acts xix. 29; xx. 4; 1 Cor. i. 14; 5 John 1.

GALATIA, an extensive province of Asia Minor, bounded on the north by Bithynia and Paphlagonia, on the south by Lycaonia, on the east by Pontus and Cappadocia, aud on the west by Phrygia and Eithynia it took it's name from the Gauis whosethed there two years B. C.

forehead the mark of the gods whose vota-ries they are. Some, however, think it an probably from Ephesus, A. D. 53, and Giscusses much the same topics as that to tle Romans, but a little fuller on one or two points. Having founded the congregation of Galatia, he speaks authoritatively as a teacher and an apostle. The principal tep-ies discussed are,—his apostone character, the gifts "thich the Holy Spirit conferred by his hands, the Abrahamic gospel and covenant, the promised inheritance of the land, the law of Sinai, and the contrast between the two covenants.

GALILEE, iwkeel, keep, the northern part of Palestine, ivided into Upper and Lower. Upper Galilee, the northern portion, was called "Galilee of the Gentiles," from its laving a more mixed population, i. e. less purely Jewish than the others. This mixture of population corrupted the dialect; hence Peter was detected by his speech, Mark xiv. 70. The disciples were mostly from this account were called Galileans. Luke xxii. 6; Acts

ii. 7.

- Sea of. See Gennesareth.

GALL, a general name for whatever is very bitter or nauscous. Primarily it denotes the substance secreted in the gall-bladder of animals, commonly called hile. Meta-phorically it means great trouble, Jer. viii. 14; exceeding wickedness, Amos vi. 12;

abominable depravity, Acts viii, 25.
GALLIO, [who lives on milk,] proconsul of Achaia, A. D. 53, elder brother to Seneca, the famous moralist. The Jews drugged Paul before his tribunal. Acts xviii. 12.
GAMALIEL, [recompruse of God.] the distinguished Pharisce under whom Paul

studied law, grandson of Hillel, the famous

Rabbi. GARDEN, a place planted with beautiful plants and fruit bearing and other trees, and generally hedged or walled. Several gardens are monitioned in the Scriptures; as the garden of Eden, Abab's garden of herts, the royal garden near the fortress of Zion, the royal garden of the Persian kings at Susa, the garden of Joseph of Arimathea, and the garden of Gethsemane. See John xviii. 1; xix. 41. GARMENTS. To lay up stores of raiment, especially by the rich, was very common in the Fact, when the firship of the rotal states.

the East, where the fashion of dress seldem changes. Sometimes thousands of gar-ments were laid up. Hence Jesus warns ments were laid up. Hence Jesus warm men of the folly of laying up treasures which the moth may consume. Matt. vi. 19: Luke xii. 33: James v. 2. Princes, especially creat kings and priests, generally wore white garments. White was also worn on occasions of great joy. In mourning men generally wore sackeloth or haircoth. Hence garment is used as a symbol of the continuous and the continuous statements. of the condition or state a person is in. To be clothed in white, denotes prosperity or vic-tory. To put on clean garments after washing signifies freedom from eare and evil, torether with honor and jey. GATE, the entrance to a residence or forti-

fied place. Gates are put figuratively for public places of towns and palaces. The gates of a town are also put for the town itself. The gates of death is a metaphorical expression expressive of imminent danger of death. The gates of hades is used in a similar manner for counsels, designs, or authority. Matt. xvi. 18.

GAZA, [strong, or a goat,] a city of the Phil-istines. Referred to as "Gaza, which is desert," Acts viii. 26.

GEHENNA, the Greek word translated hell | in the common version, occurs 12 times. It is the Grecian mode of spelling the He-It is the Greeian mode of spelling the Hebrew words which are translated. The valley of Hinnon." This valley was also ralled Tophet, a detestation, an abomination. Into this place were east all kinds of fith, with the careasses of beasts, and the unburied bodies of criminals who had been executed. Continual fires were kept to consume these. Sennacherib's army of 185,000 men were stain here in one night. Here children were also burnt to death in sacrifice to Moloch. Gehenna, then, as occurring in the New Testament, symbolizes

draft and utter destruction, but in no place synfies a place of eternal torment. 6.NNEALOGY, a list of ancestors, set down thin their direct and collateral order. The Hebrews carefully preserved their family registers, through a period of more than 3500 years. Without these genealogies the priests could not exercise their sacred office. See Ezraii. 62. It appears that the principal design of preserving accurate that the principal design of preserving accurate. lists of the ancestry of God's ancient peo-ple, was, that it might be certainly known of what tribe and family the Messiah was lorn. The difference in the genealogies of Christ, as given by Matthew and Luke, arose from one giving the line of Joseph, and the other of Mary. The Jews lost their registers after the war with the Romans, and their final dispersion.

GENERATION, genea, occurs 40 times, and means sometimes a line of descent, as in Matt.i.1; or persons existing at any part cular period, Matt. i. 17. Some translate genea which occurs in Matt. xxiv. 34, by the word race, which sense is scarcely admissible. Macknight says that hee genea autee, as it is found in that passage, means

the generation or persons then living con-temporary v th Christ.

LNNESAREIH, [garden of the prince,] a fine lake, 17 m es long, and 5 cr 6 broad, situated about 50 miles north of Jerusalem. Its waters are very pure and sweet, and it abounds with fish. It is surrounded by fue scenery, and was much frequented by our Savior and his disciples. It is a so called Chinnereth, Num. xxxiv. 11; the Sea of Galilee, Matt. iv. 18; and the Sea of Tierras, John vi. 1, 23.

GENTILES, literally, the natious; and was applied by the Jews to all who were not of their religion, or who were ignorant of

GENTLENESS, though little admired by the world, compared with enterprise, bravery, world, compared with enterprise, bravery, &..., is in the sight of God, an imperative virtue, James in. 17. Recommended, 2 Tim, ii. Titus iii. 2. Christ an example, 2 Cor. ... the apostles, 1 Thess, ii. 7. IERGESENES, [those who come from pilgrim, 18 the content of the conten

age, a people mentioned Matt. viii. 2s; probably the same as Gadarenes. G.THSEMANE, [a very fat valley,] a retired garden at the foot of Mount of Olives, Luke xxii. 10. The remains of its stone wall are

yet seen, and eight ancient olive trees. Matt. xxvi.?0-40.

GIFT OF THE HOLY SPIRIT. This phrase occurs twice, Acts ii. 38; x. 45. It is called "the gift of God," Acts vii. 20, and "the same jift," xi. 17. Dorea and not chars, is th. word used here for gift. Dorea is also fund in John iv. 10, Rom v. 15 17; 2 Cor x 15. Eph iii 7: 19 7; Heb vi 4—in all

Greek writers never use doxa, in the send of light and splendor, though it is ofte,, found in the Scriptures with that meaning 22; Lev. vi. 2; Pon vii. 1, 2. The following passages will illustrate the New Testam...t use, Matt. vi. 29; 1 Cor. xv. 41; Heb. i. 3; 2cr., i. 23: 2 Thess. i. 7: 1 Cor.

those who were superstit ously anxious in avoiding small faults, yet did not scrupte to commit the greatest sins. The Jewish law reckoned both gnats and camels unclean

GOD, the Supreme, Omnipotent, and Eternal one, of whom are all things. The two prinone, of whom are all things. The two principal liebrew names of the Supreme Being used in the Scriptures are Jehorah, (or Yah-reh.) and Elohim. Dr. Havernick defines Jehovah to be the Ensting One, and consid-ers Elohim, though in the plural number. as the abstract expression for absolute Jehorch, however, he regards as the Detty. Jehorch, however, he regards as the revealed Elohim, the Manifest, Only, Personal, and Holy Elohim; Elohim is the Creator, Jehovah the Redeemer, &c. In a subordinate sense the term Elohim, or gods, is applied to angels. Psa xevi. 7; Heb. i. 6; to judges or great men. Exod. xxil. 28; Psa. lxxxil. 1: dehn x 34 25; 1 Cor. viii. 5; and to idols. Pout. xxxil. 17. GOG and MAGOG, mentioned Ezek. xxxviii; xxxix; Rev. xx. 8. GOLD. employed as a comparison. Psa xir.

GOLD, employed as a comparison, Pax xix 10; as a simile, Job xxii. 10: I Pet. i. 7:

Rev. xxi. 18, 21.

GOLGOTHA, | a heap of skulls. | See CALVARY.

GOMORRAH, | rebellious people. | See Sop. v. GOSPEL, enangelion, good news, glad tid-ines. Gospel is a Saxon word, meaning, God's spell, or the Word o, God, embracing "the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Anointed," Acts viii. 12, and the voyful news that salvation and an inheritance in that kingdom may be obtained through faith and obedience. Euanggenon occurs 70 times: exanggelizo. to pioclaim good news, 56 times; from which also euanggenstar, evangelists, one who tells glad tidings. Acts xxi. 8; Eph. iv. 11; 2 Tim iv. 5.

GRACE, choris, favor, and occurs 156 times. The lexicous attach some fifteen meanings to it. Parkhurst observes, "While the Parkburst observes, miraculous influences of the Spirit are called gifts, or separately a gift; and though I firmly believe his blessed operations or influences in the hearts of ordinary believers in general; yet, that charis, is ever in the New Testament particularly used for these, is more than I dare, after atten-

tive examination, assert."

GRASS, in the common version, generally signifies herbage, or all shrubs not included under the term tree. Matt. vi. 30; Rev. vii. 7. Grass "cast into the oven," Shaw tells v 15 Eph 1ii 7: 1v 7; Heb vi 4—in all us that myrtle, rosemary, and other p'iv 1s, are used in Barbary to hept their ovens.

GLAY It is believed that the classical GLAYE. See fons or Servicians.

*REECB, in He orew Javan, Isa. lxvi. 10; a | HALLELUJAH or ALLELUIA. See ALLELUIA. country in the S. E. of Larope, extending | HAND, the organ of feeling, rightly denor. 400 miles from north to south, and 856 from east to west. Few countries are more favored by nature, as to soil, climate, and productions. Many of the most renowned men of antiquity had ther birth here. Part of ancient Greece is now tweluded in Alba-nia and Rounelia in Turkey. Mentioned Dan. viii, 21—25; x. 2s; xi. 2; Zech. ix. 13;

Dan. viii. 21—25; x. 2s; xi. 2; Zech. ix. 13; Acts xv. 2.

RECIANS. Grocks, the inhabitants of Greece, Jocl in. 6. Sometimes this word means not Greeks, but Jews, using the Greek language, called Hellenists, Acts vi. 1; ix. 20; xi. 19—21; Greeks were so by nation or birth; sometimes the name was used for Gentiles in general." Acts xx. 21; Rom. i. 16; 1 Cor. i. 22—24.

**EUEST-CHAMBER, Mark xiv. 14; Luke xxii. 11. In the East, respectable householders have a room which they call the stranger's room, which is specially set apart for the use of guests.

HABAKKUK, [a favorite,] a Jewish prophet who flourished about 610 B. C., and wrote the book which bears his name. His name does not occur in the New Testament, but a quotation is made from his prophecy by Panl, Acts xiii. 41. HADES, occurs 11 times in the Greek Testa-

ment, and is improperly translated in the common version 10 times by the word hell. It is the word used in the Septuagint as a translation of the Hebrew word sheet. denoting the abode or world of the dead, and means literally that which is indarkness, hidden, unusible, or obscure. As the word hades did not come to the Hebrews from any classical source, or with any classical mannings, but through the Septuagint, as a translation of their own word theal therefore in order sheel, therefore in order to properly define its meaning recourse must be had to the various passages where it is found. The Hebrew word sheel is translated by hades, in the Septuagint, 60 times out of 63; hades, in the septuagint, by times out of os, and though sheel in many places, (such as, Gen. xxxv. 35; xlii. 35; 1 Sam. ii. 7; 1 Kings ii. 8; Job xiv. 13; xvii. 18, 16, &c.,) may signify keber, the grave, as the common receptuacle of the dend, yet it has the more general meaning of death; a state of death; the dominon of death. To translate hades by the word hell, as it is done ten times out of eleren in the New Testament, is very introper, unless it has the Saxon meaning of helan, to cover, attached to it. The primihelan, to cover, attached to it. The primi-tive signification of hell, only denoting what was RECRET OR CONCEALED, perfectly corresponds with the Greek term hades and its Hebrew equivalent sheel, but the thealogical definition given to it at the present.

day by no means expresses it. HAGAR, [a stranger,] a native of Egypt, and servant of Abraham, Gen. xii. 16; xvi. 1.

&c.: tial. iv. 22-31.

INAGGAI. [solenn feast,] the tenth of the minor prophets. His prophecy was given during the rebuilding of the temple, B. C.

HALL, a symbol of violent enemies, Isa. xxviii, 2, 8; xxx. 80, 31; xxxii, 19; Rev. viii.

7.

WAIR, precepts regarding it, 1 Cor. xi. 14—16; 1 Tim. ii 9; 1 Pet. ni. 2. "Cutting off the hair," was a sign of stress; "plucking off the hair," was a sone of the most disgraceful punishments; "hairs white like wool," was explematic of majesty and wisdom.

HAND, the organ of feeling, rightly denor-inated by Gaien the instrument of instru-ments. It serves to distinguish man from other terrestrial beings, and noother animal has any member comparable with it. The has any member comparable with it. The right hand has a preference, hence the many aliusions to it. The phrase "sitting at the right hand of God," as applied to the Messiah, is derived from the fact that a position at the right hand of the throne of earthly monarchs was accounted the chief place of honor, dignity, and power; so when Jesus declared before Caiaphas, that "re-shall see the Son of man sitting that the shall see the Son of man sitting that "re-shall see the Son of man sitting that "je shall see the Son of man sitting on the right hand of power, and coming in the clouds of heaven," Matt. xxvi. 64; Mark xiv. 62, he obviously meant to say, that his xiv. 0.7, he deviously meant to say, that his present humiliation would be succeeded by glory, majesty, and power. To lay the hand on any one was a means of pointing him out, and consequently an emblem of setting any one apart for a particular office or dignity. Hence the ceremony of imposition of hands, was at an early period, observed on the appointment and consecration of per-

sons to high and holy undertakings.
HAILLOT, or PROSTITUTE, frequently used figuratively for an idolatrous community.
Cities were formerly represented under the types of virgins, wives, widows, and harlots, according to their various conditions; hence the true church is symbolized by a chaste bride, and an apostate or worldly re-

ligious community is depicted by a harlor. HARAEST, the time of gathering the truits of the earth. In Palestine it began in March, and ended about the middle of May. It is symbolical of the season of future reward—particularly the punishment of the wicked, Matt. ix; xiii; John iv. 35. ATE. This word is often used in Scripture,

as in common conversation, to signify an inferior degree of love, of attachment, or of liking; but not to detest or abhor. Thus it is written, "Jacob have I loved; but Esan have I hated," that is, loved in an inferior degree to Jacob. So Luke xiv. 26, is to be understed.

understood.

HATHED condemned, Lev. xix. 17; Prov. x. 12, 18; xxvi. 24; 1 John ii. 9; iii. 15.

HEAD, frequently denotes sovereignly, as it

is the seat of the understanding or governis the seat of the understanding of governing principle in man; hence the chief of a people, or the metropolis of a country. So Christ is called the head of his body, the church, Eph. v. 23; and of all things, Eph. i. 22; Col. ii. 10.

HEAR, to receive the sounds by the ear. To

hear the word of God, means, (1.) A mere listening, without laying to heart, Matt. xiii. 10: (2.) to yield a willing assent, with a firm purpose to believe and obey it. viii. 47. God is said to hear prayer when he

grants our requests.

#EARING, to be with profit, Deut. iv. 9, 10;

Matt. vii. 24; Rom. ii. 13; Heb. ii. 1; xin.

25; James i. 22.

25; James I. 22. IEEE Art the centre of animal life, is used metaphorically for all the affections, and the whole faculties of man. Heart constantly occurs, where mind is to be understood, and would be used by a modern English writer. "Out of the heart" every evil is said to proceed," Matt. xv. 18; and as the great evil which corrupts and defiles the heart is unbelief, so the only corrifer of the heart is unbelief, so the only purifier of the heart mentioned in Scripture is faith,

Acts av. 0.
BEAVEN. The Jews spoke of three heavens,-(1) The atmosphere, or lower re-

gion of the air, in which birds and vapors fly, Job xxxv. 11; Matt. xvi. 1. (2.) The expanse above, in which the stars are disposed, and which they seem to have thought was a solid concave. Matt. xxiv. 29. (3.) The habitation of God, where his power and glory are more immediately and fully manifested. Heaven is always the symbol of government; the higher places in the political universe. The "kingdom of heaven," is the same as the kingdom of the destruction of the infants at Lethler of the destruction of the in 29. (5.) The habitation of God, where his power and glory are more immediately and fully manifested. Heaven is always the symbol of government; the higher places in the political universe. The "kingdom of heaven," is the same as the kingdom of God, Matt. x. 7; Luke ix. 2; and is Messiah's reign on earth. See Psa. lxxii; Dan. vii. 14. 27; Matt. xxv. 31-34.

HEBER, [one that passes,] the grandson of Shem, Luke iii. 35, and from whom it is supposed that Abraham and his posterity derived the name of Hebrews.

HEBREWS, [descendants of Heber.] the name

HEBREWS, [descendants of Heber,] the name by which a Jew desired to be known in the earliest and latest periods of his nation, 2 Cor. xi. 22. Abraham was known by it on his arrival in Canaan. It signifies that he was the proper heir of Shem, the father of all the children of Heber. An "Hebrew of the Hebrews" is one, both of whose parents are Hebrews. Phil. iii. 5.

Epistle to. It is generally conceded that Paul was the writer, because the style appears to be his. Probably written about A. D. 63—65. It was addressed to believing Hebrews irrespective of any par earliest and latest periods of his nation,

believing Hebrews irrespective of any par-ticular place, and apparently designed to save them from the sin of apostacy, through the persecutions to which they were subjected by their unbelieving brethren. jected by their unbelieving brethren. Hence the writer shows the superiority of Christianity to Judaism; that Christ was far superior to Moses; affords a more secure and complete salvation; and that in point of diguity, perpetuity, sufficiency, and suitableness, the Jewish priesthood and sacrifices were far inferior to those of Christ, who was the substance and reality, whilst these were but the type and shadow. These and simfar comparisons and arguments are used, and the examples of ancient worthies adduced, to fortify the minds of those who were suffering persecution, and to induce them to hold fast the confession of the hope without wavering. epistle is an admirable exposition and supplement to those to the Romans and Galatians.

HEIR, one who is to succeed to an estate, Christians are heirs of God both by birth and by will; an important and delightful

consideration.

HELI, [ascending, climbing up,] the father of Joseph, the husband of Mary. Luke 111. 23. HELL. See HADES and GEHENNA.

ItELLENIST, a name given to persons of Jewish extraction, who nevertheless talked Greek as their mother tongue. Acts vi. 1.

HELMET, a cap of metal or strong leather for protecting a soldier's head. 1 Sam. xvii. 3. Salvation is God's helmet; the hope of it

rendering Christians courageous in their spiritual warfare. Eph. vi. 17; 1 Thess. v. 8. HERESY, hairesis, occurs 9 times, and is translated both sect and heresy. In scriptranslated both sect and heresy. In scripture usage it generally means a sect, or scrisen, rather than the opinions embraced by the sect. Christianity was called a sect, or heresy, by Tertullus and the profane Jews. Acts xxiv.5, 14.
HERETIC, airctitos, factionist, sectarian, occurs but once. Titus iii. 10. One who makes a party or faction.
HERMAS and HERMES, [mercury, gain,] two disciples mentioned Rom. xvi. 14.

beheaded John, and arrayed Jesus in mock royalty, when sent to him by Pilate. (3.) Herod Agrippa, the son of Aristobulus, and grandson of Herod the Great, who caused the murder of James, the son of Zebedee, and desired to kill Peter also. Zebedee, and desired to fill Feter also. See his awful death described, Acts xii, 23; and by Josephus, (Antig. xix. 8,) in the 54th year of his age. (4.) Herod Agrippa II., son of the preceding—the one cailed Agrippa, before whom Paul made his defence,

HERODIAN, [song of Juno,] Paul's kinsman,

Rom. xvi. 11.
HERODIANS, a class of Jews that existed in the time of Jesus Christ, whether of a political or religious description it is not easy to say for want of materials to determine. Mentioned, Mark iii. 6; xii. 13; Matt. xxii. 16; Luke xx. 20.

HERODIAS, sister of Herod Agrippa, and grand-daughter of Herod the Great, mar-ried to her uncle Philip, and afterwards sinfully connected with his brother Herod

Antipas, Antipas, HIERAPOLIS, [holy city,] a city situated in Phrygia, near Colosse and Laodicea. It was destroyed by an earthquake in the times to be a color of the color of of the apostles. Its ruins indicate that it was one of the most glorious cities of the world. Col. iv. 13. It is now called Pambuk

World. Col. 1v. 15. It's how cancer running Kalasi.

HIRED, "no man has hired us," Matt. xx.

7. Morier, the traveler, says that he saw, in the east, laborers with spades, &c., in their hands, standing in the market-place, hefore sun-rise, in order to be hired for the day, to work in the surrounding fields.

HIRELING, a man employed to take care of chean to whom wages were naid. Also in-

sheep, to whom wages were paid. Also indicates a pastor who cares more for the fleege than the good of the flock. John x. 12.

HOLINESS, freedom from sin, and devoted-ness to God; without it none can see God.

Heb. xii. 14.

HOLY, persons, places, and things so called, which are esparated to the Lord, Exod. xix. 6; Lev. xvi. 33; Num. xxxi. 6; 1 Pet. ii. 9; while Jehovah is called "the Holy One of Israel," 2 Kings xix. 22; Psa. lxxi. 22, &c.; and the Spurit of God is frequently denominated "the Holy Spirit."

nated "the Holy Spirit."
HONESTY enjoined, Lev. xix. 13, 35; Deut. xxv. 13; Matt. vi. 8, 11; Mark x. 19.
HONEY, one of the blessings of Canaan, Deut. xxxi. 18; Judges xiv. 3—18; 1 Sam. xiv; Matt. iii. 4.
HONOR, timee, occurs 43 times, and means price, reward, maintenance, as well as respect, veneration, &c. Double honor undicates greater liberality or support. I Time.

respect, veneration, cc. Double honor indi-cates greater liberality or support. 1 Tim. v. 17, 18. HOPE, the confident expectation of the things promised. See Rom. v. 4, 5; xv. 13; Heb. vi. 9-12. The hope of life in the age to come is founded on Christ. Rom. viii. 24; Col.i.27; 1 Thoss. i. 3; 2 Thess. ii. 16; Titus i. 2; 1 Pet. i. 13; and is a cause of joy, Rom. xii. 12; xv. 4, 13; Heb. iii. 6.

HORN, a symbol of strength, and a well-known

symbol of a king. HORSE, a symbol of war and conquest; the state, color or equipage of a horse represents the condition of his rider. White denotes victory and prosperity; black represents distress and general calamity; red denotes war and fierce hostility; pale is the excepted of death and destructing.

symbol of death and destruction.

HOSANNA, a form of acclamatory blending or wishing well, signifying, Save now!

Succor now! Be now propitious! Matt. xxi. 9. This passage fairly construed would mean, "Lord, preserve this Son of David; heap favors and blessings on him!"

HOSEA, [a savior,] the first of the minor prophets, generally supposed to have been a native of the kingdom of Israel, and who prophesied for about 60 years, between 750 and 724 B.C. Paul quotes from his prophecy in Rom. iz. 25.

HOSPITALITY, the practise of receiving

strangers into one's house and giving them suitable entertainment. Recommended,

Rom. xii. 13; I Tim. iii. 2; Titus i. 3; Heb. xiii. 2; 1 Pet. iv. 0.
HOUR. The Jews in the time of Christ divided the day into twelve equal parts, which of course varied in length according to the different seasons. The earliest mention of hour is in Dan, iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 5. Very frequently hour is used for a fixed season or opportunity, and is an emblem of a very short period of time. HUMILITY taught, Micah vi. 8; Matt. xviii.

4; xxih. 12; anke xvii. 14; Rom. xii. 3, 10, 16; Rom ii. 3, &c.
HUNGER, an established symbol of affliction. To "hunger and thirst no more," denotes a perpetual exemption from all afflic-

HUSBANDS, their duty, Gen. ii. 24; Mal. ii. 14, 15; 1 Cor. vii. 3; Eph. v. 25; Col. iii. 19;

1 Pet. jii. 7.

HYACINTH. See Precious Stones.

HYMENEUS, [nuptial marriage,] HYMENEUS, [nuptial, marriage,] mentioned 1 Tim. i 20; 2 Tim. ii. 17.
HYMNS on PSALMS, used as part of worship.

The book of Psalms, used as part of worship. The book of Psalms contained the "hymns and spiritual songs," commonly sung by the Jews and early Christians. The Psalms are called, in general, hymns, by Philo the Jew; and Josephus calls them "songs and

HYPOCRITE, one who feigns to be what he is not. Matt. xxiii. The original word properly signifies "players disguised," as the Grecian actors used to be, in masks.

[CONIUM, [Icome,] a town of Asia Minor, visited by the apostles. It was the capital of Lycaonia, 150 m iles W. N. W. of Tarsus, Acts xii. 51; xiv. 1, 10; xvi. 2: 2 Tim. iii.

IDLENESS censured, Rom. x11. 11; 1 Thess. iv. 11; 2 Thess. iii. 10, &c. "Idle word," Matt. xii. 30, in the Greek means false,

slandering, pernicious word. IDOL, IDOLATRY, not only applied to hea-then deities and their worship, but to any-thing too much and sinfully indulged. John v. 21.

IDUMEA, ired, earthy, a country lying in the north of Arabia, and south of Judea. Mark lii 13.

Mark ii 13.

IGNORANCE, voluntary, censured, John ii. 19; 2 Pet. lii. 5; involuntary, excusable, John ix. 41; 1 Tim. i. 13. but not when there are means of Information, John iii. 19; v. 40; Acts. xvii. 11, 30; 2 Pet. iii. 5.

LLYFICUM. [joy,] a province lying N. W.

of Macedon, along the eastern coast of the Adriatic Gulf, and now called Sclavoura. 19. Rom. xv.

IMMANUEL, [God with us,] a name given to our Lord Jesus Christ, Isa. vii. 14; Mat. i.

IMMORTAL, deathless; does not occur once in the original, and only once even in the common version, 1 Tim. i. 17, where it ought to be rendered incorruptible. It is

applied to God.

IMMORTALITY, deathlessness, only occurs
3 times, 1 Cor. xv. 53, 51; 1 Tim. vi. 15—applied exclusively to God, and the glorified
bodies of the saints. See INCORRUPTIBILI-

TY and LIFE

TY and LIFE.

IMMUTABILITY, unchangeableness, ascribed to God, Psa. cii. 27; to his counsel, promise, and eath, Heb. vi. 17, 18; to Jesus Christ, Heb. xiii. 8.

IMPOSITION OF HANDS, or LAYING ON OF HANDS. This phrise, denoting the communication of some cift, benefit, power, or come. numication of some eift, benefit, power, oroffice, (for an office is a gift,) occurs, Matt
xix. 15; Mark vi. 5; Luke'v. 10; xiii. 13;
Acts vi. 6; viii. 17; xiii. 3; xix. 6; xxviii. 8.
The phrase "laying on of hands," occurs,
1 Tim. iv. 14; Heb. vi. 2. The persons who
laid on hands were Jesus, the Apostics,
Prophets, Teachers, Elders, or the Presbytery. The persons on whom hands were
laid, were the sick, and such as desired ta
receive spiritual gifts, and those designated
for public trusts and offices in or for the
congregation. congregation.
IMPUTE, logizomai, occurs 41 times; and its

primary and radical import is to reckon or account, being a word used in arithmetical calculations. It is used passively in Rom. iv. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10; 2 Tim. iv. 10, &c. INCENSE, a compound of aromatics pro-

cured from trees, chiefly in Arabia, having when burnt, a most fragrant smell.

when burnt, a most riagrantsmen. It was not lawful to use it any place but the temple. Exod.xxx.7, 8, 34; Luke i. 9. INCORRUPTIBLE, God is, Rom. I. 23; 1 Tim. i. 17; so also his word, I Pet. i. 23; the bodies of the saints will be, I Cor. xv. 59; also, the inheritance, I Pet. i. 4. The Christian's crown will be incorruptible, I Cor. iv. 25. I Cor. ix. 25. INCORRUPTIBILITY, to be sought after,

INCORRECTIBILITY, to be sought after, Rom. ii. 7; brought to view and illustrated in the gospel, 2 Tim. i. 10; corruptible natures must put it on in order to inherit the kingdom of God, 1 Cor. xv. 42, 50, 53, 54. INFIEMITIES. (1.) Bodily weaknesses, Matt. viii. 17; Isa. Jiii. 4. (2.) Weakness of human nature, Gal. iv. 13; Rom. viii. 50. Mare infurmities are not sins except so for

Mere infirmities are not sins, except so far as we bring them on ourselves. Christians are bound to pay a tender regard to the infirmities of others. Rom. xv. I.
INGRATTUDE censured, Psa. vii. 4: cvl. 7:

Prop. vii. 12. 9. Tim. ii. 4: instance of

Prov. xvii. 13: 2 Tim. iii. 2: instances of, Gen. xl. 23: Judges viii. 34: 1 Sam. xviii.

6-30.

INN, in our Bible, generally means a caratassera. Usually they are simply places of rest, near a fountain, if possible: others' have an attendant, who merely waits on travelers: and others have a family, which sell provisions. They are found in every part of the East. In the stable of such a place, the better parts being all occupied, Jesus was born. Luke ii. 7. INSCRIPTION or SUPERSCRIPTION, WITE-

ing on coins, pillars, &c. Much of the history of nations may be learnt from them, Matt. xx. 20. The history of Greece for 1818 years, is inscribed on the Arundel marbles.

Parts of the law of Moses were inscribed on

the altar at Ebal. Deut. xxiii. 8. IN FERCESSION of Christ for us, Rom. viii.

IN FERCESSION of Christ for us, Rom, viii.
34: Heb, vii. 25; I John ii 1; to be made
by us for others, Rom. xv. 30; 2 Cor. i. 11;
Eph. i. 10; vi. 18, 19; Col. iv. 3, &c.; instances, Gen. xviii. 23—33, &c.
IRON, a well known, strong, and useful
metal, and known very anciently, Gen. iv.
22. Moscs speaks of its hardness, Lev.
xxvi. 19; of the iron mines, Deut. viii, 9;
and of the furnace in which it was made,
Deut. iv. 20. The bedstead of Og, king of
Bashan was of iron. Deut. iii, 11. Bashan was of iron, Deut. iii. 11.

IRON Y or SARCASM, when a person means the contrary of what he says; examples of, Lev. xxvi. 34, 35; 2 Sam. vi. 20; 1 Kings xviii. 27; 2 Kings xviii. 23; Job xxvi. 2, 3; Mark vii. 9.

MARK VII.9.

ISAAC, [laughter,] the promised son of Abraham, born A. M. 2107, Gen. xvii. 10,11; xxi. 6-8. The command to "take Isaac and offer him as a burnt-offering," Gen. xxii. 2, was as the result unequivocally chose measult to result unequivocally above measult to result of Abraham. in shows, merely to prove or test Abraham, in order that his faith, love, and obedience, might be manifest; and nor, in fact, that he should offer up his son. Moreover, the whole transaction was symbolical of the real sacrifice of the Son of God.

real sacrince of the Son of God.

ISAIAH, (the salvation of the Lord.) the prophet, the son of Amoz, prophesied about 60 years, during the reigns of Uzziah, Jotania, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, kings of Judah.

The Book of Isaiah is remarkable for the elegance and sublimity of its language, and the many and wonderful predictions contained in it. Passages are quoted from it by Zephaniah, Ezchiel, and Habakkuk, as well as by the New Testament writers.

18. AR107. [a man of murder.] the name of the disciple who betrayed Christ, Matt. x.

ISRAEL. [who prevails with Cod,] a name given to Jacob, Gen. xxxii. 28; also the common name of the Hebrew people and

country COUNTY,
ISRAELITES, the descendants of Jacob,
Exod. ix. 7. Were one nation until the
reign of Rehoboam, when ten tribes revolted under Jereboam, and had their capital at Samaria; while Judah and Benjaiat Samaria; while Judah and Benjaiat Samaria; while Judah and Benjaiat Samaria; min remained steadfast to the house of David. The ten tribes were carried captive into Assyria, B. C. 724, and nationally have never yet been restored. Their rejection never yet been restored. Their rejection and dispersion were plainly foretold, Lev. xvi. 28-39; Deut. iv. 27, 28; xxviii. 15-68; Hoseaix. 17; and their restoration also foretold, Deut. xxx. 1-9: Isa. i. 29; iv. 2-6: xi. 11: xiv. 1-3: xviii. 2, &c.: Jer. xvi. 14, 15: xxiii. 8: xxx.; xxxi, &c.; Hoseaii. 5; Amos ix. 14. 15, &c., &c.: the same represented by the revival of dead bones, Ezek. xxxvii.; by the olive tree, Rom. xi. their future prosperity in the last days. Lea their future prosperity in the last days, Isa.

ii.; ix. 1-7; xxv. 6; xxvi., &c. ISSACHAR, [pruce, reward,] the fifth son of Jacob and Leah, Gen. xiii. 14-18; born A.

M. 2 57
ITALY, a celescated country in the south of Europe, comprising a peninsula, in a form resembling that of a boot, Acts xvii. 2. ITUREA, Lehtch is guarded, a province in Syria, mentioned Luke iii. 1.

JACINTH. See Parcious Stores.

JACOB, [he that supplants.] the youngest son
of Isage and Rebecca, born A. M. 2107, Gen.

xxv. 26. JACOR'S WELL, 2 fountain of water about

one mile and a half from Sychar, on the road to Jerusalem.

JAIRUS, diffuser of light, chief of the syma-gogue at Capernaum. Mark v. 22-43: Luke

viii. 41-56. JAMBRES, the sea www.hpoverty,] a magleian in Egypt who withstood Moses. 2 Tim. 111.

S.
JAMES, (the same in meaning as Jacob.)
one of the twelve apostles; the brother of
John and son of Zebedee, Matt. iv. 21. Murdered by Herod, about A. D. 44. Acts Xii. 2.
— the Less, an apostle, and the kinsman of our Lord, Gal. i. 19. He was the
son of Cleopas or Alpheus and Mary, sister
to Mary the mother of Jesus; consequent
by consigning to Jesus Christ, according to the

ly cousin to Jesus Christ, according to the fiesh, 1 Cor. xv. 7; and generally esteemed as the writer of the Epistle which bears his

Epistle of, addressed to the twelve tribes of the dispersion, to those of them who professed faith in the Messiah. It is evident that at the time it was written, the brethren were suffering persecutions, and that the destruction of the Jewish polity was very near. The letter is most pathetic and instructive, and contains an admirable summary of practical duties incumbent on a: I believers.

JANNA, [who speaks,] the father of Melchi,
Luke iii. 24.

JANNES, (who speaks,) an Egyptian magi-cian who withstood Moses, 2 Tim. iii. S. JANED, he who descends,) one of the antedi-luvian patriarchs, Gen. v. 15—20; Luke iii. 37. JASON, [he that cures,] a kinsman of l'aul

at Thessalonica, mentioned Acts xvii. 5-9.

Rom. xvi. 21. JASPER. See Precious Stones.

JAPILIHAH, [he that opens,] his history, Judges xi.; xii. 1—7; Mentioned Heb. xi. 33. The original of Judges xi. 30, when properly translated, reads thus:—"And it shall be, that whoever comes forth of the doors of my house to meet me, when I return in peace from the children of Ammon, and I would be a light of the children of Ammon, and the light of the child of the children of the child of the children of the child of the child of the children of the child of the child of the children of the chi doors of my noise to meet me, when I return in peace from the children of Ammon,
shall surely be Jehovah's, and I will offer
to him a burnt offering." The vow contains two parts: 1. That person who met
him on his return, should be Jehovah's,
and be dedicated forever to his service, as
Hannah devoted Samuel before he wasborn, I Sam. i.11. 2. That Jephthah him,
self would ofier a burnt offering to Jchovah. Human sacrifices were prohibited by
the law. Deut. xii. 30: and the priests
would not offer them. Such a vow would
have been impious, and could not have
been performed. It may be safely concluded that Jephthah's danghter was devoted
to perpetual virginity; and with this idea
agrees the statements, that "she went to
bewail her virginity." that the women
went four times in every year to mourn or went four times in every year to mourn or talk with (not for) her; that Jephthah "did with her according to his vow," and that "she knew no man."

that" she knew no man."
JEREMIAH, [exaltation of the Lord,] the
prophet, was a priest of the tribe of Benjamin, son of Hilkiah, a native of Anathoth,
Jer. i. 1. He began to prophesyin thereign
of Josiah, A. M. 3375, and prophesied about
42 years. He predicted the punishment
and captivity of the idolatrous Jews, and
their restoration, together with the bless

their restoration, together with the bless ings of the reign of Messiah.

JERROHO, [Ais moon,] a city of Judea; imples west of the Jordan, and 17 miles E N. E. of Jerusalem It was noted for pa.m trees, and was once a large city, but now a

mean village.

JERUSALEM, vision of peace,] a celebrated city of Asia, capital of ancient Judea, and of modern Palestine. It is memorable for its ancient temple, for the death and resurrant for Court and for the first signal desits ancient temple, for the dean and resur-rection of our Savior, and for its signal des-truction by Titus. It was built on four hills—Zion, Acra, Moriah, and Bezetha. The name Zion was often applied to the whole city. Modern Jerusulem is built on Mount Moriah, and is chiefly noted for pilgrimage. It contains about 20,000 inhabitants.

JESSE, to be, or who is,] the son of Obed, and father of David. Ruth iv. 22; 1 Sam.

xvi.; Luke iv. 33. JESTING, not to be used, Eph. v. 4.

JESUN, a savior, the Son of God, the Messiah, the Savior of the world. This name is composed of Yah, or Jah, Ishall be; and Shua, Powerful;—I shall be the Powerful." Hence he is "mighty to save, and strong to deliver," and will "save his people from their sins." Eusebius says, "The name Jesus means the salvation of God. name Jesus incans the salvation of God.
For Isoua among the Hebrews is salvation, and among them the son of Nun is called Joshua; and Issaws is the salvation of Jan, i. e. salvation of God.* The "name of Jesus," (Phil. ii. 1) is not the name Jesus, but "the name above every name," onoma to haper pan onoma, ver. 9: viz. the supreme dignity and authority with which the Fa-ther has invested Jesns Christ, as the re-ward of his disinterested exertion in the cause of the divine glory and human happiness.

EW, a name formed from that of Judah, and applied in its first use to one belonging to the tribe or country of Judah, or rather perhaps to a subject of the separate king-dom of Judah, 2 kings xvi. 6; xvv. 5. Dur-ing the captivity the term seems to have been extended to all the people of the Hebrew language and country without distinction, Esther iii. 6, 9; Dan. iii. 8, 12; and this loose application of the name was preserved after the restoration to Palestine, when it came to denote not only every descend-ant of Abraham in the largest possible gense, but even proselytes who had no blood-relation to the Hebrews. Acts ii.

5, 10.
JOANNA, [grace or gift of the Lord,] the wife of Chuza, Herod's steward; who after being cured by our Savior followed him, Luke viii. 3. Also the son of Rhesa, Luke iii. 27.

JOB, [he that weeps,] a patriarch celebrated for his patience under complicated and for his patience under complicated and severe trials, and the constancy of his piety and virtue. His book is of very great anaquity; its style, &c., harmonizes with the Pentateuch. The scene is laid in Idumea, a part of Arabia Petrea. Supposed to have been contemporary with Moses. See Ezek. XIV. 14, 20; James v. 11.

JOEL, [that wills, commands,] one of the

twelve minor prophets, the son of Pethuel. He was contemporary with Isaiah and Amos, and delivered his predictions in the reign of Uzziah, between 800 and 780 B. C. His prophecy is quoted from by Peter on the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 16.

JOILN, [the gift or favor of God,] THE APOSTLE brother of James, and the son of Zebedee, a native of Sethsaida in Galilee. He was supposed to have been the youngest. He received Mary into his house after the death of Jesus, which seems to have been

situated at Jerusalem. It is probable that he lived there till the death of Mary, and then went to Ephesus, and labored in Asia Minor. He suffered much for his re-ligion, and was banished by the Roman emperor, to the isle of Patmos, where ac-cording to Ireneus and Eusebius he behe d and wrote the visions of the Apocalypse, about the close of the reign of Domitian, A. D. 96. When Nerva became emperor, he was recalled and lived to write his Gospel and three Epistles. He died at Ephesus at the age of 100 years, in the third year of

Trajan.
JOHN, Gospel of. This book was not writmade by the other three Gospel historians; but as they had written chiefly of the life and actions of their Master, John wrote chiefly of his person and office, and in refutation of errors which had sprung up.

Epistles of. These letters appear to

have been written to establish the truths concerning the person and offices of Christ, and to condenin the errors then prevailing, contrary to these truths; also to repress the lewd practices, for the sake of which these errors were embraced. The spirit of love, sanctification, and renunciation of the world are very prominent, and earnestly inculcated.

THE BAFTIST, the forerunner of the Lord, the son of Zachariah and Elisabeth. He said he was "the voice of one crying in the wilderness, Make straight the way of the Lord, as said the prophet Isatah," John i.23. At about 30 years of age he entered on the work of announcing the near ap-proach of the Messiah and his kingdom, and calling on the people to reform and be immersed for the remission of their sins. Many of the people flocked to his baptism, and he was held in esteem by them as a prophet; but it is said that "the Pharisees and lawyers rejected the counsel of God against themselves, not being baptized of him," Luke vii. 30. He baptized Jesus in him," Luke vit. 30. He caprized vesus in the river Jordan, and pointed him out as "the Lamb of God which takes away the sin of the world," John i. 29. After the Messiah had entered on his work of pro-claiming the glad tidings of the kingdom of God, John was beheaded by Herod Anti-pas, because he had reproved him for the pas, because he had reprotess sin of adultery, Matt. xlv. 3—12. — surnamed Mark, the companion of Paul and Barnabas, Acts xii. 12. he wrote

the Gospel which bears his surname. - a member of the Sanhedrim, and a re-

a member of the sannearin, and a relative of the high-priest, Acts iv. 6.

JONAII, one of the minor prophets, who probably lived in the reign of Jehu, E. C. 88tto 850. 2 Kings xiv. 25. He was sent on a mission to Nineveh. See the book itself

for the account. Referred to, Matt. xii. 30—41; xvi. 4; Luke xi. 29, 30. JOPPA, [beauty, comeliness,] a scaport of Palestine, of very ancient date, though possessing an inferior harbor. It is now catled Jaffa. Mentioned Acts ix. 26—43; x. 5—8,

JORDAN, a river of Palestine, the only considerable one in the country. It rises in Mount Hermon, formed by the union of two springs—one "Jor," and the other "Dan," henceits name—and passes through "Das," hence its name—and passes through lakes Merom and Gennesareth, and after a course of 130 miles, flows into the Dead Sea. Before entering it, its ordinary breadth, according to Shaw, is 30 yards, and its ord nary depth 13 feet. The "country beyond

JOSEPH, increase, addition,) the son of Ja-cob and ikachel, and brother to Benjamin, Gen. xxx.22-24. See his history in the lat-ter part of Genesis—which is one of the most beautiful and attractive that ever was written

written.

"the husband of Mary, of whom was born Jesus, who is called Christ," Matt. i. 16. Being the nearest of kin to Hell, the father of Mary, he was espoused to her according to law. He was the natural, that is, by birth, son of Jacob, and the legal son of Heli: or, as we call it, son-in-law; hence called by Luke, the son of Heli, in virtue

of his being Mary's husband.

of Arimathea, a senator, and privately a disciple of Christ, John xix. 58;

Luke xxiii. 50, 51.

— called Barsabas, one of the two persons nominated by the primitive Church, to supply the place of Judas Iscariot, Acts i. 23.

---- or Joses, a son of Mary and Cleopas, and brother of James the Less, of Sinon, and of Jude, and consequently one of those who are called the brethren of our Lord, Matt. xiii. 55; xxvii. 56; Mark vi. 3; xv. 40, 47.

or Joses, surnamed Barnabas, Acts

iv. 36.
JOSHUA, [the lord, the savior,] the successor of Moses as leader of Israel. He was the son of Nun, of the tribe of Ephraim, and born A. M. 2460. The book of Joshua comprises the history of about 20 years, and forms a continuation and completion to the Pentateuch. It describes the conquest of Canaan; its partition among the tribes; and the death and burial of Joshua. Three other persons of this name are mentioned, other persons of this same are mentioned, 1 Sam. vi. 14, 13; 2 Kings xxiii. 8; Zech. iii. 1, 3, 9; vi. 11. 10 URNEY, a passage from place to place. A "Sabbath day's journey" was about a mile; a common day's journey was about 20 miles. Acts i 11.

Miles, Activity of the shown, Luke x. 20; Rom. xii. 12; 2 Cor. xiii. 11; Phil. i. 4, 18; iv. 4; 1 Thess. iv. 16-18, &c.

JUBILEE, an extraordinary festival held

every seventh subbatical year. Ordered, Lev. xxv. 8; probably alluded to in Isa. lxi. 1, 2; Luke iv. 18, 19.

JUDAII, or JUDBA, [confessing, praise,] that district of Canaan belonging to the tribe of Judah. Sometimes it denoted the whole of Palestine west of the Jordan. Under the Romans Palestine was divided in three portious—Galilee in the north, Samaria in the middle, and Judca in the south. The conquest of this country is commemorated by quest of this country is commenorated by coins or medals, representing on one side the head of the emperor Vespasian, and on the other the daughter of Zion, sitting on a heap of warlike weapons, under a palm tree, in a mournful attitude. Compare Isa.

iii. 26 and xlvii. 1. JUDAS (the same meaning as Judah,) Iscariot, the traitor, one of the twelve apostles;

not, the traitor, one of the twelve aposties; the disciple who was entrusted with the donations presented to our Lord, and who at length betrayed his Master.

or Jude; called also Thaddens, or Lebbeus, and Zelotes, probably one of the Twelve. He was the author of the Epistle bearing his name, which was intended chiefly to guard between against false teachers. teachers.

the Jordan," comprised Perea, Batanea, Trachomitis, Iturea, Galaaditis, Gaulouitis, and Decapolis.

OSEPH, increase, addition,) the son of Ja-22, 27, 32.

lodged, Acts ix. 11.

JUDGES. Extraordinary men raised up by Jehovah, to deliver Israel from oppression, before the times of the kings. Fitteen such persons presided over the Israelites during the 430 years which elapsed from the death of Joshua to the accession of Saul. Acts

JUDGMENT, the name of an inferior Jewish court, established in every city, and which court, established in every city, and which consisted of 23 members, who punished criminals by strangling or beheading, Matt. v. 21, 22. Also, the solemn action and trial at the great and last day. Eccl. xii. 14; Jude 6. The place of the administration of justice, under the Roman governor, was called the judgment hall, John xviii. 28; xix. 9; and the tribunal, or place of proponguing sequence the judgment seathers. of pronouncing sentence, the judgment-seut,

Matt. xxvii. 19.

JULIA, [downy,] one whom Paul salutes,
Rom. xvi. 15.

JULIUS, [downy,] the centurion to whom

Paul was committed, to be conveyed to

Rome, Acts xxvii. 1.
JUNIA, [youth,] a female relative of Paul's,
Rom.xvi. 7.
JUPITER, [the father who helps,] the most
powerful of the heathen derues, Acts xiv. 12, 13; xix. 35. JUSTIFICATION. This word occurs only

three times in the common version-Rom. three times in the common version—Rom. iv. 24; v. 16, 18. Justify occurs in reference to God, Rom. iii. 30; Gal, ivi. 8. Believers are sand to be justified by Christ, Acts xii. 50; by faver, Rom. iii. 24; by faith, Rom. iii. 28; by his blood, Rom. v. 0; by the name of the Lord Jesus, 1 Cor. vi. 11; by works, James ii. 24. The original words translated "justification" in the common version, are dikalosis and dikaioma, signifying acquital, forgiveness, absolution, deliverance from the consequences of sin. the consequences of sin.

JUSTUS, [jus', upright,] mentioned Acts xviii. 7; Col. iv. 11.

KEDRON, [the turbid,] a brook or winter torrent which flows through the valley of Jehoshaphat, mentioned John xviii. 1.

KEY. A symbol of power and authority, Rev. i.18; lsa. xxii. 22. Authority to explain the law and the prophets was given by the delivery of a key. When Rabbi Samuel died, they put his key and his tablataint bis offic.

samuer died, they put his key and his tab-lets into his coffin.

KEYS "of the kingdom of heaven." Matt.
xvi. 19. These were given to Peter, who
had the authority, power, and honor of
first opening the door of the Gospel to both

first opening the door of the Gospel to both Jews and Gentiles, Acts ii.14—42; x. KING, a title applied in the Scriptures to men, Luke xxii, 25; 1 Tim. ii. 12; 1 Pet. ii. 13—17; to God, 1 Tim. i. 17; vi. 15, 16; and to Christ, Matt. xxvii. 11; Luke xix. 38; John i. 49; vi. 15; xviii. 32—37; to men as invested with regal authority by their fellows; to God as the sole proper sovereign

and ruler of the universe; and to Christ as
the Son of God, the King of the Jews, the
sole llead and Governor of his Church.
KINGDOM. (1.) The territories of a king.
(2.) Royal power and dominion. Where
the word occurs in the New Testament, according to Dr. Geo, Campbell, it is generally syuonymous with reign. Basileia, with

the Greeks, denoted either Relgn or Kingdom. The Royalty or Kingdom of God, or of Heaven, was announced by Daniel, chap. ii. 44; vii. 9, 22; by John the Baptist, and by Jesus, Matt. iii. 2; iv. 17; x. 7; xil. 28, &c.; to be prayed for, Matt. vi. 10; Luke xi. 3; toke sought after, Matt. vi. 33; Luke xii. 31; qualifications for it, Matt. vii. 21; Luke ix. 62; John iii. 3, 6: Acts xiv. 22: 1 Cor. vi. 9: xv. 50: 2 Thess. i. 4, 5.
KISS, a natural symbol of affection and reverence, of very ancient date. Early Chris.

erence, of very ancient date. Early Christians conformed to custom, and kissed each other during or at the close of public worship. According to some this was genworship. According to some this was generally given by men apart and women apart, before receiving the Lord's supper, to testify peace and brotherly affection. 1 Thess. v. 26, 1 Pet. v. 14.

KNELLING, a posture for prayer, Psa. xcv. 6; Eph. iii. 14; examples of it, 1 kings viii. 54; Dan. vi. 10; Luke xxii. 41; Acts ix. 40; ix. 36; xxi. 5.

KNOW, has in the Bible frequently the import of appropriate the second content of the second conte

port of approve or recognize. As Hosea viii. 4, "They have set up princes, and I knew it not." Matt. vii. 23, "Then will I declare unto them, Depart from me, I never knew you."

knew you."

KNOWLEDGE, wherein it consists, 1 John
ii.3; iii.6; iv.6; the measure of our obedience, and by which we must be judged,
Luke xi. 47; John xv. 22; Rom.i.21; ii.
21; James iv.17; must be communicated,
Pet. iv. 10; often the occasion of vanity,
I Cor. viii.1; worldly, of little value, 1 Cor.
i. 19; iii. 19; 2 Cor. i. 12.

LABOR, the steady and constant effort of the bodily frame which man undertakes for his own benefit, and, in particular, in order to procure the means of sub-istence. The lot of all men. Gen. iii. 19; recommended, Acts xx. 35; Eph. iv. 28; 1 Thess. ii. 9, iv.

11, &c.
LAMB, the well-known type and symbol of the Messiah. See Gen. xxii. 7, 8; Exod. xii. 3-5; Isa. lii 7; John i. 29; 1 Pet. i. 19; Rev. v. 6-13, &c.
LAMECH. [poor. made low.] one of the ante-

diluvian patriarchs, the son of Methuselah, and father of Noah, Gen. v. 28–31; Luke iii. 36. Also, one who was a descendant of Cain, mentioned Gen. iv. 18, 21. LAMPS. The lamps of the ancients were of various kinds. Those used at wedding processions consisted of the recommendation.

cessions consisted of ld rags, squeezed hard against one another in a round figure. hard against one another in a round figure, like agreats ausage. Those who hold them have in the other hand a pitcher, with a very narrow neck, full of oil, of which they pour out from time to time on the flame. This explains Christ's declaration, that he will not "quench the smoking flax," Matt. xii. 20; and shows why the foolish virgins needed "oil in their vessels," Matt. xxv. 4. Laws concerning them in the tabernacle,

Num. viii. 1-4.
LANGUAGES or Toneues, gift of, at the day of Pentecost, Acts ii. 1-13; conferred by the apostles, Acts viii. 17; x. 46; xix. 6;

1 Cor. xii. 10.

LAODICEA, [just people,] a city of Phrygia, in Asia Minor, 42 miles east of Ephesus. A Christian church was early planted in this Christian church was early planted in this place, Rev. 1. 11. It is now an extensive rum. Christ's message to the Church there, Rev. 111 14-22.

LASCIVIOUSNESS censured, Rom. xiii. 13; 2 Cor. xii. 21; Gal. v 19; Eph.iv. 10, &c. LASEA. 1a rocky country, 1 a city hear Fair

Havens, in the island of Crete. Acta xxvii.

LAW, means a rule of conduct enforced by an authority superior to that of the moral beings to whom it is given. As found in the Scriptures it is variously applied, and must be taken in the connection in which it stands to be properly understood. Law sometimes means the whole revealed will of God, contained in his word, Psa. i. 2; xix. 7; xl. 8, &c.; sometimes doctrine, Prov. xiii. 14; the Mosaic economy, John i. 17; xiii. 39; ceremonial observances, Luke if. xiii. 39; ceremonial observances, Luke ii. 27; Acts xv. 5, 24, &c.; judicial or civil law, John vii. 51; xviii. 31; Acts xix. 38, &c.; also, the moral law, or Decalogue, Exod. xx. 3-17; Rom. vii. 7, 12, 14, &c.
LAWSUITS among Christians, to be avoided, Matt v 38-42: 1 Cor. vi. 1-7.
LAWYERS, persons versed in the laws. These are mentioned only after the decline of the Mosaical institutions had consider.

of the Mosaical institutions had considerably advanced. As the Jews had no written laws, except those contained in the Old Testament, a lawyer among them was a person familiar with scripture, and whose business it was to expound them. Lawyers and Scribes censured, Luke vii. 30: xi. 46

LAZARUS. [the help of God,] an inhabitant of Bethany, brother of Mary and Martha, who was honored with the friendship of who was honored with the friending of Jesus, by whom he was raised from the dead after he had been four days in the tomb. John xi. Also, the name of a beggar mentiond in a parable. Luke xvi. 20. LEAVEN. The usual leaven in the East Is dough kept till it becomes sour, and which is kept from one day to another for the proposes of preserving leaven in readings.

purpose of preserving leaven in readiness. Chemically speaking, ferment or yeast is the same as leaven; but leaven is more correctly applied to solids, ferment both to liquids and solids. According to chemists, "ferment or yeast is a substance in a state of putrefaction, the atoms of which are in a continual motion." It is used figuratively for whatever produces a change in the mass with which it mixes, whether for the better or for the worse. Matt. xiii. 33: xvi.

6, 12: I Cor. v. 6. LEBBEUS, [strong-hearted,] a surname of the apostle Jude. LEGION, a division of the Roman army. In

the time of Romulus, a Roman legion contained 3000 infantry, and 300 cavalry. About the time of Christ, it contained 6200 foot soldiers, and 300 horse. Mark v. 9: Luke vii. 30: Matt. xxvi. 53. LEPER. Simon the Leper, Matt. xxvi. 6. So called from his having been a leper; it

was unlawful to eat with persons who had

was unlawlut to ear with persons who have the leprosy LEVI, [held, associated,] the third son of Jacob and Leah, born in Mesopotamia, B. C. 1750. Gen. xxix. 34. Also the name of Matthew. Mark il. 14. LEVITES, the descendants of Levi, appointed to assist the priests in their services: to see that the tennle was kept clean to present that the tennle was kept clean to presee that the temple was kept clean, to prepare oil, wine, &c., for God's house: to take care of the sacred revenues.

LIBERTINES. Jews who were free citizens

or burgesses of Rome, Acts vi. 9. LIBYA, (the heart of the sea.) a province in Africa, westward of Egypt, famous for its armed chariots and horses, 2 Chron. xvi.

8: Acts ii. 10. LIFE, properly existence, either animal or rational. Natural life, valuable, Psa. xlix. 7—9: short and uncertain, Job vil. 16: xtv

7-9; short and uncertain, Job vii. 17; xiv. CORD'S DAY, Rev. i. 10, is thought by some 7-10; Psa. xxix. 5; xc. 5, 6, 9, 10; 1 Pet. i. 24; not to be preferred to our duty, Matt. x. 39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; but it is considered by others as merely

x.39; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; xvii. 32; John xii. 24; future and eternal life described, Luke xx. 36; 1 Cor. xv. 12—57; Phil. iii. 20, 21, &c. LIGHT created, Gen. i. 3—5, 14—19. Applied to God, 1. John i. 5; to Christ, John i. 9; to God's Word, Psa. cxix. 105; 2 Pet. i. 19; to the apostles, Matt. v. 14, 16; to Christians, Eph. v. 8. It is the well-known symbol of knowledge.

Eph. v. 8. It is the well-known symbol of knowledge.
LIGH INING, the flash of the electric fluid, as it passes from one cloud to another. The power and wrath of God are often represented by thunder and lightnings, Job xxvii. 3.-5; Psa. xviii. 12, &c.
LILY, a beautiful flower common in Palestine, of which there are several varieties. The lily referred to by our Savior in Matt. vi. 30, was probably the amaryllis luten, whose golden flowers in autumn afford one of the most brilliant and gorgeous objects in pature. in nature.

LINEN, cloth made of flax, well-known at a very early period. In some passages the word so rendered probably means cotton Specimens of cotton cloth are found on the

oldest mummies.

LINUS, [nets.] a person mentioned by Paul, 2 Tim. iv. 21. LION "of the tribe of Judah." A lion being the ensign of the tribe of Judah, the phrase the ensign of the tribe of Judan, the phrase is applied to Christ, who sprang from that trite; and is symbolical of his great strength, Rev. v. 5.

OAF. The Eastern loaf was a large cake, Exod. xxix. 23; 1 Chron. xvi. 3; Mark

LOAF.

LOCUSTS, an insect resembling a grasshopper, only much larger in size. The pro-phetical writings of the Old Testament abound with allusions to this insect as one of God's most dreadful scourges. Moses mentions them as lawful food, Lev. xi. 22; and it is said that John the Baptist ate lo-custs while in the desert of Judea, Mark i. 6. But whether these were the insects so called, or the sweet pulpy pods of a tree, is not fully agreed. Locusts, however, are still eaten in the East both by rich and poor. Symbolically locusts represent great and terrible armies, Rev. ix. 3.

LOINS, the lower region of the back. orientals who wear long robes, are obliged, when then apply themselves, to any busimess, to use a girdle. Hence, to have the "loins girded" is the same as to be in readiness for action. Luke xii. 25; Eph.

vi. 14. LOIS, [better,| Timothy's grandmother, 2 Tim. i. 5. LONG HAIR. Chardon says, "The eastern women are remarkable for the great length women are remarkable for the great length and the number of the tresses of their hair. Their hair haigs at full length behind, divided in tresses braided with ribbon or pearl. Lady Montague counted one hundred and ten tresses, all natural, on the head of one lady. The men wear but very little on their heads. Young men who wear their hair in the East, are recruded as et. their hair in the East, are regarded as ef-

LORD, | proprietor, a Saxon word signifying ruler or governor. When the word represents the dread name of Jehovah, or Yahweh, it is printed Lord, in small capitals, in the authorized version. The word is applied to Jesus Christ, to angels, to princes, to Lorder to husbands for

to Lasters, to husbands, &c.

but it is considered by others as merely synonymous with "the day of the Lord," synonymous with the day of the Lord, 1 Thess. v. 2. The expression standing alone, and being unaccompanied by any other words which tend to explain its meaning, it is difficult to decide which view is correct. The earliest autheutic instance in which the name of "the Lord's day" is applied, (after the passage in the Apocalypse,) is not till Tertullian uses it, about A. D. 200; and perhaps a little later, the term is made use of by Dyonisius of Corinth, as quoted by Eusebius.

OT, [urapped up] the son of Haran, and nephew of Abraham. After the death of his feths, has against a little that the the control of the c

LOT, his father, he accompanied his uncle from Ur to Haran, and thence to Canaan, Gen.

his father, he accompanied his uncle from Ur to Haran, and thence to Canaan, Gen xiii. 8, 9. Mentioned 2 Pet. ii. 7.

LOTS, things cast or drawn in order to determine a point in debate. Lev. xvi. 8;
Josh. viii.; Prov. xvi. 33; xviii. 18; Acts i. 26; Matt. xxvii. 35.

LOVE or God, its nature, John iii. 16; xvii. 23; Rom. v8; viii. 39; 1 John iii. 1, 2, &c; of Christ, John xiii. 1; xv. 12, 13; Rom. viii. 35, &c. Love to God required, Deut. vi. 5; x. 12; rendered by his children, Phil. i. 9; 1 John ii. 5; iv. 19; bow shown, 1 John iv. 20, 21; v. 1—3; to Christ, its nature, Matt. x. 37—42; John xiv. 15, 21, 23, &c.; brotherly love enjoined, John xiii. 34; xv. 12, 17; Rom. xii. 9, 10; xiii. 3; 1 Cor. xiii. &c.: of the world, forbidden, Matt. v. 24; xiii. 22; James i. 27; iv. 4; 1 John ii. 15.

LUCLUS, [luminous,] a prophet in the congregation at Antioch, Acts xiii. 1. Probably the same Lucius who is mentioned in Rom. xvi. 21, as Paul's relative.

LUKE, [luminous,] a native ef Antioch, and a physician. He was Paul's companion and assistant, Philemon 23, 24; 2 Tim. vil. 11. He was the writer of the history bearing his name, and of the Acts of the Apostles.

ing his name, and of the Acts of the Apos-

The Book of Luke's Gospel appears to have been written to correct numerous errone-ous narratives of the life of Jesus. The style both in this and in the Acts, is pure and elevated, and many facts are given which are not contained in the other Evan-

LÜKEWARMNESS censured, Matt. viii. 21, Luke ix. 57-62; Acts xxvi. 29; Rev. iii. Is. LUNATICS, persons affected by some dis-order, and supposed to be influenced by the moon, such as epilepsy, melancholy, insan-

ity, &c. See DEMONIACS, LYCAONIA, (she wolf,) a province of Asia Minor, west of Cappadocia, where Paul and Barunhas planted congregations, Acts xiv.

LYDDA, [nativity,] a town about 14 miles from Joppa, 32 miles west from Jerusalem.

from Joppa, 32 miles west from Jerusalem. Acts ix. 32, 35.

LYDIA, [magnet,] a woman of Thyatira, "s seller of purple," who dwelt in Philippi lu Macedonia, Acts xv. 14, 15. Also a province in the west of Asia Minor.

LYING, forbidden, Eph. iv. 25; Col. iii. 9; will be punished, Psa, v. 5; Iii. 1-7; Rev. xxi. S, 27; examples, 2 Kings v. 25; Acts v. 1-11

LYSANIAS, Ithat drives away sorrow, I tetrarch of Abilene, when John began his mission as the harbinger of the Messiah, Luke nii, 1,

LYSIAS, Idissolving, 1 chiliarch and com-

guard at the temple of Jerusalem, Acts xxi.

31-40; xxii. 20-30; xxiii. 15-60. LYSTRA, [that dissolves or disperses,] a city

of Lycaonia in Asia Minor, about 12 miles south of Iconium, where Paul and Barna-bas had fled, and were taken for gods by those who heard them, Acts xiv. 6-23.

MACEDONIA, [adoration,] a country north of Greece, the original kingdom of Philip and Alexander, and the rise of which is described by Daniel under the emblem of a goat with one horn. Coins still exist in which that country is represented under the figure of a one-horned goat. To this country the apostle Paul was summoned to preach the gospel, and planted churches at Thessalonica and Philippi, &c., Acts xvi. 9-xvii. 14; and visited Amphipolis, Neapolis, Appolonia, and Berea, towns of the same province. Much of ancient Macedonia is now the western part of Roumelia.
MAGDALA, [magnificent,] a town mentioned

in Matt. xv. 39, and the probable birthplace of Mary Magdalene, i. e. Mary of Magdala. MAGI. or Wise Men, Matt. ii. 1-12. Sages

eminent for their knowledge of astronomy, natural philosophy, and theology. They were probably descendants of Ishmael, and

MAGICIANS, learned men of the East, who professed the knowledge of future events by astrology, Dan. ii. 3; iv.7, 9, &c.
MAGISTRATES to be obeyed by Christians, Rom. xiii. 1-7; Titus iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii.

Rom. xiii. 1-7; Titus iii. 1; 1 Pet. ii. 13-17.

MALICE forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 8; xiv. 8; Eph. iv. 31; Col. iii. 8, &c.
MALACHI, messenger., the last of the minor prophets. His prophecy connects well with the Gospel histories, to which allusion is made in Luke i. 77; vii. 27.

MALCHUS, (king), the servant of the highpriest Caiaphas, whose right ear Peter cut off, but which was healed by Jesus, John xviii. 10.

viil. 10. MALE nor FEMALE, Gal. iii. 38. Females

were not admitted to all the Heathen rites, and the privileges of Jewish females were also limited.

MAMMON, a Syriac word signifying wealth, and used by our Savior as a personification of the god of riches, Matt. vi. 24; Luke

xvi. 13.

MAN, his creation and primeval dignity,
Gcn. i. 26, 27; ii. 7; Psa. viii. 5; Eccl. vii.
29; his full, Gcn. iii. 17; corruption of his
nature, Rom. iii. 10–23; Gal. v. 17; Eph. ii.
1–3; his mortality, Gcn. iii. 19; Job vi.
10–14; Psa. lxii. 9; cxlvi. 3; Eccl. xii. 7;
1 Cor. xv. 22; I Pet. i. 24; his life and dignity restored by Christ, John iii. 14, 15, 36;
iii. 14, v. 25; v. 30, 40; v. 27, 28, v. i. 95 iv. 14; v. 25; v. 39, 40; x. 27, 28; xi. 25 1 Cor. xv. 22, &c. The "old man" denotes the natural, unsanctified disposition, the "new man" the new disposition created and cherished by the gospel. "Natural" or animal man, a person unrenewed; "the inward man," or the "hidden man of the heart," the regenerate principle within, as opposed to the "outward man,"—that

duct.

MANAEN, [a comforter,] a teacher in the congregation at Antioch, who had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch. Acts xiii. 1.

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which is external and visible in the con-

YSIA or Lycia, [dissolving,] a province of Asia Minor, Acts xxvii. 5.
LYSIAS, [dissolving,] chiliarch and commander of the Roman troops who kept 25. Referred to, John vi. 31, 49, 58; Heb. ix 4; Rev. ii. 17. MARANATHA. See ANATHEMA.

MARK, [polite, shining.] According to ecclesiastical testimonies the evangelist Mark is the same person who in the Acts is acalled by the Jewish name John, whose Roman name was Marcus, Acts xii. 12. Peter calls him his son, 1 Pet. v. 13, and the traveled with Paul and Barnabas as an assistant. Acts xii. 25; xiii. 5.

The Book of Mark was evidently written

for Gentile converts, probably about 30 years after the death of Christ. Some have supposed that Mark did little more than abridge Matthew's Gospel, but it has been shown by Weisse, Wolke, Baner, Michaelis, and others that he could not even have seen the book. He probably drew his facts from Peter, (as stated by John the Presbyter and Papias, according to Eusebius,) who, equally with Matthew, was an cyewho, equally with some witness of our Lord's life.

or CHARACTER; "mark on their foreheads," and on "the right hand," Ezek. ix. 4; Rev. vii. 5; xiii. 16; xiv. 0; xx 4; an open profession of allegiance to those whose name or character they bear. Both servants and soldiers, in ancient times, were marked on the forehead, and hands, with some hieroglyphic, or with the name expressed in vulgar letters, or disguised in numerical letters, according to

the fancy of the imposer.

MARKS "of the Lord Jesus," Gal. vi. 17.

The scars received from stripes and chains. The scars received in the scars received in a subject to an Egyptian custom, according to which any man's servant who fled to the temple of Hercules, and had the sacred the temple of Hercules, and had the sacred the scars of t brands or marks of that deity impressed innediate care, and privileged from all harsh treatment. So Paul claims exemption from reflections on his character, or disputes about the necessity of circumcision, for he valued far more the scars he bore than these marks enforced by Judaiz-

bore than these marks enforced by ing teachers.

MARRIAGE, its institution, Gen. ii. 21—24; its nature, Matt. xix. 4—9; 1 Cor. vi. 16; vii. 10, 11; Eph. v. 31; lawful for all Christians, I Cor. vii. 38; 1 Tim. v. 14; Heb. xii. 4; ancien. mode of celebrating it, Gen. xxix. 22; scen byour Lord's parables, Matt. xxii. 1—12; xxv. 1—10; sanctioned by his presence, John ii. 1—10; none in the resurrection. state, Matt. xxii. 30; Mark xii. 25; Luke xx. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb," Dow. xix. 7, is expressive of the union of Luke xx. 35. The "marriage of the Lamb," Rev. xix. 7, is expressive of the union of Curist and his Church.

MARS HILL. Sece AREOPAGUS.

MARTHA, [who becomes bitter,] the sister of Lazarus and Mary, Lukex.38-42; John xi. -4!; xii, 2.

MARTYR, properly means a witness, and is applied in the New Testament: -1. To judicial witnesses, Matt. avni. 16; xvi. 65, &c. 2. To one who testifies to what he has seen, heard, or known, Luke xxiv. 48; Acts i. 8, 22; Rom. i. 9, &c. 3. And most rarely to one who by his death bears witness to the truth, which now is the most usual meaning of the word. In this sense we on-ly find it in Acts xxii. 20; Rev. ii. 13;

xvii.7.
MARY, [exalted.] Six persons of this name The mother of Jesus. She was the daugh

ter o. Eli, of the royal famlly of David, Mart. i. 16; Luke i. 17; ii. 5. 2. The sister of Lazarus, Luke x. 50; John xi. 1, &c. 3. Mary Magdalene, a resident of Magdala, Luke viii. 2; John xix. 25. Ont of her Jesus casts even demons. She is not that female sinner mentioned Luke vii. 37. 4. The wife, f Cleppas, John xix. 25 and mother of wife of Cleopas, John xix. 25, and mother of James, Jude, Joses, Simon, and Salome, called the brethren of our Lord: from which it has been thought that Cleopas, and Joseph, the husband of the virgin Blary were brothers. 5. The mother of Mark, Act; xii. 12. 6. A resident at Rome, Rom.

MASTERS, their duty, Eph. vi. 9: Col. iv. 1:

MASTERS, their duty, Eph. vi. 9: Col. iv. 1: James v. 4: exam.p.es, Gen. xviii. 19: Matt. viii. 5-10: Luke vii. 2-10: Acts x. 2.
MATTATHA, [gyfi,] son of Nathan, an ancestor of Jesus Christ, Luke iii. 31.
MATTATHIAS, [the gift of the Lord,] two persons of that name, ancestors of Jesus, luke iii. 25, 26.
MATTHAN, [the reins,] son of Eleazar, tather of Jacob, and gran £ ther of Joseph, the husband of the virgin Mary. Matt. 1.

15, 16.

MATTHAT, [grft, he that gives,] son of Levi, and father of heli, Luke in. 24.
ATTHEW, [given, a reward,] also named ATTHEW, Levi, an apostle and evange, ist, son of Al-

phens, by birth a Galhean, and by profession a tax-gatherer, Lark i. 14: Luke v. 27. His narrative was probably written both in Hebrew ann Greek.

the Book of Multhew was the first writ-ten of all the Gospels, and contains a full account of the birth, life, actions, death, and resurrection of Christ. The style is very plain and perspicuous. Probably very plain and perspicuous. Probably written about A. D. 38-41, in Hebrew, and shortly after in Greek. About A. D. 184 a Greek copy was found in the East Indies, and in the year 488 another Greek copy was found at Cyprus, written en wood, and

esteemed very ancient.

MATTHIAS, [the gift of the Lord,] one of the
seventy disciples who was chosen by lot, in
preference to Joseph Barsabas, into the number of the apostles, to supply the place of Judas Iscariot, Acts i. 23—26. Nothing is known of his subsequent career. MEASURING into the Bosom The eastern

garments being long and tolded and girded with girdles, admitted of carrying much corn and truits of that kind in the bosom.

Luke vi. 38.

MEDIATOR, Mesitees, occurs Gal. iii. 19, 20, applied to Moses. Jesus is called the One Mediator, viz. of the Christian Institution, 1 Tim. ii. 5, and the Mediator of a new and and better covenant, Heb. vii.6: ix. 15: xii. 24. It occurs 6 times. One that negotiates between two parties—God and man. Therefore, Jesus unites both in his own person. lle mediates a new institution between God and man, and is Immanuel, God with

MEEKNESS, that quiet temper of mind which is not soon provoked to anger, but suffers injuries without desire of revenge, and submits to the will of God, Col. iii. 12: and is ready to receive the truth, James 1, 21: it is of unspeakable value, 1 Pet. iii. 4: shone conspicuously in Christ, 2 Cor. x. 1:

snone conspictuously in Christ, I Corr. 1. 1:
Matt. xi. 29: Christians exhorted to it, Eph.
iv. 2: 1 Tim. vi. 11; Titus iii. 2.
MELCHIZEDEK, Iking of righteousness, 1
king of Salem, and a priest of the most high
God, though not a Jew, and to him Abraham gave tithes, Gen. xiv. 15; Psa. cx. 4:

Heb. vii. 1, 2. Of his nation, parentage, age, &c., nothing is recorded; hence he is said to be "without descent, having neither beginning of days, nor end of life." He was an eninent type of Christ.

was an entinent type of Christ.

MELITA, [offording honey,] an island in the
Mediterranean Sea, now called Malta, between Africa and Sicily. It is about 20
miles long, and 12 broad. Here Paul was
shipwrecked, Acts xiviii. I.

MERCURY, [to buy, or sell.] one of the fabulous deities of the heathen, son of Jupiter
and Maia, and messenger to the rest. He
was worshipped as the patron of learning,
eloquence, and trade. The finency of Paul
made the people of Lystra suppose Paul
was Mercury. Acts xiv. 12.

made the people of Lystra suppose Paul was Mercury, Acts xiv. 12.

MERCY, an attribute of God, 2 Sam. xiv. 14; Isa. i. 18; Eph. ii. 4; Titus iii. 5, 1 Pet. i. 2; the duty of man, Luke vi. 36; x. 30—37; Rom. xii. 8; its reward, Psa. xxxvii. 27; Matt. v. 7; Luke vi. 35; James ii. 13.

MERCY-SEAT or PROPITIATORY, the covering of the ark or the life of the ark of the

ing of the ark, or the lid of the ark of the covenant, round which was the crown or border of gold, and on which the cherubin were represented as looking. Before this the high-priest stood to ask counsel of the Lord, and there he received blessings for the people. Christ is our mercy-seat, Rom. iii. 35, and by him we have access to the

Father.
LIESOPOTAMIA, [between two rivers.] the famous province between the Tigris and Euphrates called in t.e. Old Testament Padan-aram, Gen. xxviii. 2. It is much celebrated in Scripture as being the first dwelling of men, both before and after the Deluge. This country, according to Ptolemy, was very populous, and had 70 important cities. It is now called Diaibehir and discription.

Augesira.

MESSIAH. See Anointed and Cerisr.

MICAH, a prophet of the tribe of Judah, who lived in the latter days of Isaiah and Hosea, and in the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah. His prophecy is one of the most important in the Oid Testament. He gives the name of the very city where the Messiah was to be born, in chap. v. 2, which is quoted in Matt. ii. 5, 6, as well as many inportant circumstances connected with his millennial kingdom and glory.

MICHAEL, *(who as God.)* the name given to one of the chief angels, who, in Dan. x. 13— 21, is described as having special charge of the Israelites as a nation. Dan. xit. 1; Juds

9; Rev. xii.7-9.
MLE. The Roman mile, mentioned Matt.
v. 41, was 1000 paces of 5 feet each, and
reckoning each foot at 11.63 inches, the mile would be little more than 1614 yards, or 146 yards less than ours. It was equal

or 130 yatts ess than ours. It was equate to 8 Greek stadia.

MILETUS, [red, ccarlet,] a seaport town of Asia Minor, 36 miles south of Ephesus. Mentioned Acts xx. 15—33.

MILL. The mill for grinding corn had not wholly superseded the mortar for pounding it in the time of Moses. The mortar and the fille of stokes. The includant the mill are named together in Num, xl.s. Fine meal is mentioned as early as the time of Abraham, Gen. xviii. 6. The mil common among the Hebrews differed little from that which is in use to this day throughout Western Asia and Northern Africa. It consisted of two circular stones two feet in diameter and six inches thick. The upper side of the "nether millstone" was concave, and the lower side of the upper one convex. The lower stone was fixed.

and the upper one was made to turn round upon it. The hole for receiving the grain was in the upper millstone, and which was moved by women, who sat opposite to each other. Matt. xxiv. 41.

MIND, put for the will, renewed, Rom. viii. 6,7; unrenewed, Rom. i. 28; viii. 6,7; Col. ii. 18; James i. 8.

MINISTER, Diakonos. See DRACON. One who acts as the less (from minus or minor) or inferior agent, in obedience or subservience to another, or who serves, officiates, &c., as distinguished from the master, ma-

gister, (from magis,) or superior.
MINSTRELS, flute-players, and singers at funerals, Jer. iz. 17-21; Matt. iz. 23. The custom was borrowed by the Jews from the

MIRACLE, that which is above the regular operation of the established laws of nature. Every institution of God began with miracles, or works beyond the power of natural law. The first man was an adult, and law. The first man was an adult, and never an infaut, as reason, experience, and revelation assert. The Jewish institution began in miracle. So did the Christian commence with a glorious display of miraculous powers. This was "the demonstration of the Spirit," and this "the power of God," on which the faith of Christians rests. MIRROR. The oldest mirrors were made of metal. It was from such contributed by

the women, that the brazen aver was made, Exod. xxxviii. 8. The word in that place i improperly translated "ooking-glasses." The art of making glass was then unknown. On the discovery of America, the Mexicans were found to posses mirrors made of black vitrified lara, highly polished. The North Americans were found with mirrors of cop-

er and silver.

MITE or LEPTON, the smallest Jewish coin, equal to about two mills, or one-fifth of a

cent. Luke xii. 59

MITYLENE, [purity,] the capital of Lesbos, an island of the Greeian Archipelago, N. W. of Sunyrna. It is now called Castro, and sometimes Metilin, Acts xx. 14.

MNASON, {a diligent seeker,} mentioned Acts xxi.18. MODERATION enjoined, 1 Cor. vii. 29, 31.

Phil. iv. 5. MODESTY recommended, Eph. v. 3, 4; 1 Tim.

MONEY, in ancient times was dealt out by weight, and still is in Turkey, Syria, Egypt, China, Birmah, &c.; coins being generally weighed by the merchant. The coin men tioned Matt. xvii. 27 was probably a shekel, or half an ounce of silver, in value, about 60 cents. A pound was equal to 60 shekels. A penny or didrachma, one-fourth of a she

kel, &c.

NONEY-CHANGERS, were persons who at a certain rate of profit, exchanged foreign coins, especially Roman, for those current among the Jews, Matt. xxi.12; John 11.

14, 15. These money-changers would, of course, charge a commission upon all their transactions, and who from our Savior's words it may be inferred were not distinguished for honesty and fair dealing—"It is written, my house shall be called the house of prayer, but ye have made it a den of thieves," ver. 13.

MONTH, a space of time, which, if measured by the moon, (whence its name.) is called lunar; and if by the sun, is called solar. The Hobrew months commonly answer to two of our months, and take part of both. The following table shows the carliest beginning of each sacred month, according to Thurman's Astronomical Chronology:

Name of Month.		Beginning with	Days.
Abib-Ezod. ziii. 4.	lmo.	March 22nd.	31
Zif-1 Kiugs vi. I.	2mo.	April 21st.	30
Sivan-Esther viii. 9.	3mo.	May 20th.	31
Tammuz-Ezek. viii, 14.	4mo.	June 19th.	30
Ab.	5mo.	July 18th.	31
Elul-Nehemiah vi. 15.	6mo.		31
Ethanim-1 Kings viii. 2			
But-1 Kings vi. 38.	8mo.		
Chisleu-Zech, vii. 1.	9mo.		
Tebeth-Esther ii 16.	10mo.		
Sebat-Zechariah i. 7.	llmo.		
Adar-Esther iii. 7.	12mo.		28
Nisan-Esther ili. 7.	lmo		31
	I MI O	. Match fith.	31

Michaelis, however, has given some very good reasons to show that the first, "the month of cars," or Nisan, did not begin be-fore the new moon of our April, which would, of course, fix the commencement of all the other months one whole month la-

ter than is commonly done.

MOON, a secondary planet, always attendant on our earth. The moon was formed to give light in and to rule the night, and to give light in and to rule the night, and to distinguish times and seasons, Gen. i. 14. "Numbering by months or moons is appropriate to the works of darkness; because the moon is the governess of night; numbering by the course of the sun, is appropriate to the works of righteousness, and this is in correspondence with the use of these symbols in the Apocalypse. The continuance of the Beast, and the profaning of the holy city by the Gentiles, are reckoned by months; but the prophecy of the Witnesses by days; the abode of the woman in the wilderness by days, and by time, times, and half a time; three solar time, times, and half a time; three solar years and a half."

years and a half."

MOSES, (drawn out of the water,] the lawgiver of Israel, belonged to the tribe of
Levi, and was the son of Amram and Jochebed, Exod. vi. 20. He was the writer of
the Pentateuch. After leading forth the
Israelites from Eg.pt, and through the
desert forty years, and conducting them to
the borders of the promised land, he died at
the age of 120 years in the full vigor of both
mind and body. He was the most wonder
ful and imposing character of the Old Texful and imposing character of the Old Tes-

tament, and was well fitted to personate the Great Prophet of the New. MOTHER, the female parent. Being "without father and without mother," Heb., vii, 3, means that the parents of Mclchizedek were not entered in the genealogies which the Jews so sedulously kept. The law of Moses required no less reverence for the pather than the fitter word that for the mother than the father; and thus shone out in beautiful superiority of other East. ern systems, in which women stands degraded. Mother is applied metaphorically to a variety of objects, such as the earth; queens as protectors; to a prophetess; to metropolitan cities; to the church of God; and to antichrist.
MOUNTAIN. The

IOUNTAIN. The principal mountains mentioned in Scripture, are Seir, Horch, Sinæ, Hor, Gilboa, Nebo, Tabor, Engedi, Lebanon, Ebal, Amalek, Gerizim, Gilead, Moriah, Paran, Gahash, Olivet, Pisgah, Hermon, and Carmel. A mountain is the symbol of a kingdom, or of a capital city with its domains, or of a king, which is the same. See Psa. xxx. 7; Isa. ii, 2; xi. 9, Jer. iii. 23; Ii. 25; Zech. iv. 7; Rev. vi. 14; xv1. 20. "Flee to the mountains," Luke xxi. 21. The mountains of Palestine have many caves, affording a safe retreat from enemnes. principal caves, affording a safe retreat from enemies.

Many of the noble Jews departed out of the city, and vast numbers fied to the mountains; and ancient writers tell us, that at that juncture, all who believed in NAKED. This word is often used in a modi-Christ left Jerusalem, and removed to places beyond; and so escaped the general ravages of their country, that not one is stated to have perished in that devoted

stated to have perished in that devoted city.

MOURNING for sin, the evidence of repentance, Psa. xxxviii. 6; li. 2; Matt. v. 4; I Cor. v. 2; Jamesiv. 9; for the dead, law concerning, Dcut. xiv. 1; instances of, Gen. 1. 3; Matt. ix. 23.

MOUTH, as the organ of speech, signifies the words which proceed out of it, which in the sacred style, are the same as commands and actions. "According to the commandment of Pharaoh," Gen. xlv. 12, is in the original, according to the mouth is in the original, according to the mouth of Pharaoh; hence, for a person or thing to come out of the mouth of another is to be constituted or commanded to become an agent or minister under a superior power; this is frequent in the Apocalypse. The term mouth is not only applied to a speech or words, but also to the speaker, Excd. iv. 16; Jer. xv. 19, in which sense it has a near equivalent in our expression "mouth-

equivalent in our expression "mouth-piece."

MURDER forbidden, Exod. xx. 13; Deut. v. 17; laws respecting it, Gen. ix. 6; Lev. xxiv. 17; instances, Gen. iv. 8; 2 Sam. iii. 27; xx. 8-13, &c. MURMURING censured, I Cor. x. 10; Phil. ii. 14; Jude 16; instances among the 15-raelites, Exod. v. 20, 21; xiv. 11; xv. 23, 24; xvi. 2; Num. xi. 1; xiv. 1, 2; xvi. 41; xvi. 5

MUSTARD-TREE, or Sinari, probably a tree found near Jerusalem, but most abundantly on the banks of the Jordan; and round the sea of Tiberias, the seed of which was employed as a substitute for mustard. Indeed, the common Arabic name for it is khardal, which signifies mustard. Its berries or seed are much smaller than a grain of hlack pepper, having a strong aromatic smell, and a taste much like that of garden cress. Its botanic name is Salvadora Perstream its botanic name is Satracore cress. Its botanic name is Satracore sca. Matt. xiii. 31.

MYRA, I I flow, I one of the chief towns of Lycna, in Asia Minor. Acts xxvii. 5.

MYRRH, a favorite perfume, a gum obtained the myrrh tree, John xix. 39.

from the myrrh tree, John xix. 39.

MYSIA, [criminal,] a province occupying the N. W. angle of Asia Minor, south of By-

the N. W. angle of Asia Minor, south of By-thynia, Acts xvi. 7, 8.

MYSTERY, Mysterion, secret, hidden mean-ing, occurs 28 times. The secrets of the kingdom of God so called, Matt. xiii. 11; Mark iv. 11; Luke viii. 10. The calling of the Gentiles is called a mystery, Col. i. 26, 27. The first and leading sense of mysterion is great anything, not disis arcanum, a secret, anything not dis-closed, not published to the world, though perhaps communicated to a selectnumber. And the other meaning is so nearly allied to it that it may properly be reckoned only a particular application of the same mean-ing. The word is sometimes employed to denote the figurative sense, as distin-guished from the literal, which is conveyed ander any fable, parable, allegory, symbolical action, representation, dream, or vision.

The one is, as it were, open to the senses; the other requires penetration and reflection.

N MISHON, [that foretells] mentioned Luke . 1. 82.

fied sense, to describe a person only part y clothed, Micahi. 8; John xxi. 7. All offentals wear a mere cloth round their hijs, when at labor, and are then called "naked." It is from not knowing this

"naked." It is from not knowing this that some have supposed that persons were formerly baptized in a state of literal nakedness; whereas they only laid aside the loose outer garment. The word is used figuratively, in various senses.

NAME, when applied to God, often mean his nature and attributes, that is, God himself. Psa. xx. 1; Prov. xviii. 10. His name to be reverenced, Exod. xx. 7; Lev. xix. 12; Psa. cxi. 9; Matt. vi. 9; also the name of Jesus, Phil. ii. 10; Christians baptized in the name of Jesus, Matt. xviii. 19: Acts ii. 38; xix. 5; Rom. vi. 3; Gal. iii. 27; prayer to be offered to Jehovah in his name, John xvi. 23.

NAPHTALI, [my wrestling,] the sixth son of Jacob, and his second by Bilhah, Racher's handmaid, born B. C. 1747, in Padan-aram. The limits of the territory of the tribe of Naphtali are described in Josh. xix. 32-39. Alluded to Matt. iv. 13-16.

Alluded to Matt. 1v. 13-16.

MARCISSUS, [astouishment.] a Christian at Rome, saluted by Paul, Rom. xvi. 11.

NATHAN, [gwen,] the son of David and Bethsheba, the father of Mattatha, Luke iii. 31. Also, a prophet in the time of David, 2 Sam. vii. 3, &c.

NATHANIEL, [gwen of God,] honorably mentioned, John i. 45-51. Probably the same as Earthelment was of the traine

same as Bartholemew, one of the twelve

apostics.
NAZARENE, [kept, flower,] an epithet constituting a part of one of the names given to our Lord. It was acontemptuous designation of rearrose and a such

to our Lord. It was a contemptuous designation and a term of reproach, and as such, as well as a mere epithet of description, it is used in the New Testament.

NAZARETH, (guarded, flowishing,) a small city in the tribe of Zebulon, in Lower Galilee, about 70 miles north of Jerusslem, and 6 W. N. W. from Mount Tabor, situated on a hill, and overlooking a superb and spacious value. It is now called Nessara. Here Jesus dwelt f.om his childhood up, for nearly 30 years. Luke ii. 51; iv. 16—19.

NAZARITE. La separated one, a Jew who

NAZARITE, [a separated one,] a Jew who made a vow to observe uncommon devo-tion, either for a given period or for life,

Num. vi. 1-21.

NEAPOLIS, (new city.) a maritime city of Macedonia, near the borders of Thrace, now called Napoli. Acts xvi. H.

NEW TESTAMENT, or New Covenant.

See COVENANT.

NICIIOLAS, [conqueror of the people,] a proselyte of Antioch, and one or the seven

proselyte of Antioch, and one of the seven deacons, Acts vi. 5.

NICODEMUS, (innocent blood,) 2 Pharisee and member of the Sanhedrim, who came to Jesus by night, to make inquiry into the truth of the report he had heard concerning him. John iii; further mentioned, John vii. 50: xix. 30.

NICOLATTAMS, [conquerors of the people,] This word only occurs twice, Rev. ii. 6, 15. and it is not known from whom the name is derived, Ireneus, the earliest Christian author who mentions them, says simply, "It very clearly appears from the Apocalypse, that the Nicolaitans held fornication, and the eating of idol-sacrifices, to be things in different, and Interested permitted to indifferent, and therefore permitted to

Trofolls. (rectorious city,) a city of Thrace, now Nicopi, on the river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the bounda-ry between Thrace and Macedonia. Titus NICOFOLIS.

NIGER, [black,] the surname of Simon, one of the teachers in the church at Autioch,

Acts xili. t.

NIGHT, the time between evening and morning, and is a symbol of ignorance, Rom. xiii 12; death, John ix. 4; and the season in which anything comes suddenly and unexpectedly upon us, I Thess. v. 2; Isa. xv.

1. Luke x11 20. NINEVEH, the capital of Assyria, founded by Ashur, the son of Shem, Gen. x. 11, and became one of the largest cities of the world. It was situated on the banks of the Tigris. In the 28th year of the reign of Josiah. B. C. 572, 1 was utterly overthrown by the Medes. Matt. xii. 41.

NINEVITES, the inhabitants of Nineveli,

Luke xt 30.

NOAH (repose,) the second father of the human race, was the son of Lamech, the grand-son of Methuselah, and the tenth from Adam, born A. M. 1066. Amidst the general corruption of the human race, he alone was found righteous, Gen. iv. 9, and was eaved with this tamily in the ark, when the rest of mankind were destroyed, Gen. v. 28—32; honorably mentioned, Ezek. xiv. VI-IX, honorabl

UMBERS. Two-a few, Isa. vii. 21; 1 Kings xvii. 12. Three o. third-Greatness, excellency, and perfection. Four-Universality of the matters comprised therein. The four corners of the earth denote all parts of it, Jer. xlix 36. Seven-a large and complete, but uncertain and indefinite number. In its licbrew etymology it sig-nihes fulness and perfection. Ten-Many, as well as that precise number, Gen. xxxi.

7. 41.

OATH, a solemn affirmation, accompanied liv an appeal to Jehovah in attestation of the truth of what is said. An oath should never be taken but in matters of import-ance, nor sworn by the name of any but the true God, as it is an act of solemn worship; awe of the Most High, Josh. xxii. 7; James v. 12; Deut. vi. 13, Matt. v. 34, 35; Jer. v. 7 Indeed it is held by some that oaths ought not to be taken at all. Justin, Ireneus, Basil, Chrysostom, Augustine, &c.,

held oaths to be unchristian.

OBEDIENCE, must be complete, James ii.

10, 11; better than sacrifice, 1 Sam. xv. 22;

Psa. 1. 3, 13: li. 16: Isa. i. 11—15: Matt. ix.

13. xii.7.

DFFEND, OFFENCE. Terms which respect all kinds of transgressions of the laws of God. The original words, which are used metaphorically allude to a stone or stumbling-block in a person's way, by which he sustains serious injury, and is retarded in his progress to a desirable object. See Matt. v. 29, 30; xvi. 23, xvii. 6, 7; Rom. xiv. 13, &c. When the Lord Jesus is denominated "a stone of stumbling, a rock of offence," the effect is evidently put for of oftence," the effect is evidently put for the cause. I Pet. 11. 8, Matt. xx1. 44. Offence not to be given. I Cor. vin. 9, ix. 10-77. x. 32, 33; how to be taken, Matt. xviii. 15-19.

Christians." Their practices were not only opposed to the whole spirit and morality of the Gospil, but a violation of an express degree of the Apostles and Elders, Acts xv. It. OFOLIS. (rictoriaus city.) a city of Thrace, now Nicopi, on the river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the boundary of Nicopi and Macdonia. The river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the boundary of Nicopi and Macdonia. The river Nessus, now Karason, which was here the boundary of Nicopi and Nicopi a were either coligatory, as the sin-offering, the trespass-offering, the burnt-offering, the meat-offering; or were roluntary, as free-will or peace-offerings of animals or fruits

Oll, obtained from olives, such as we now call sweet oil, was abundant in Palestine, and at present is generally used throughand at present is generally used through-out Western Asia. It is thought by Orien-tals to be more agreeable at meals than butter and animal fit; and Europeans soon acquire the same preference. The Hebrews used olive oil in their meat-offerings, in their sacred lamps, and in their common use. Oil for the use of the sanctuary, mentioned Exod. xxvii. 20; Lev. xxiv. 1-4. anointing, Exod. xxx. 22-38; xxxvii. 29.

See Lamps.

OINTMENT, oil perfumed, used to amount the head, &c., Psa. cxxxin. 2; Eccl. xi; Isa.

OLD AGE, to be respected, Lev. xix. 32: 1 Tim. v. 1, 2; what renders it venerable, Prov. xvi. 31; xx. 29; the infirmities of 11. Eccl. xii; the duty required of it. Titus ii.

OLIVE-TREE, a tree very common in Palestine. It has spreading branches like an apple tree, and remains green in the winter. It flourishes about 200 years. There are two kinds, the wild and the cultivated. The fruit which is about the size of a small plum, is very wholesome and nourishing, and is the chief resource of the orientals for oil. It ripens from August to September. The olive tree, remarkable for its verdure, soundness, and useful oil, is the symbol of the most illustrious and useful symbol of the most mustrious and userulmen. Moses and Aaron were two olive-trees. So were Zerubbabel and Joshua. Isa. Ixi. 3; Jer. xi. 18. It is also an emblem of peace and mercy. The dove carried an olive-branch to Noah in the ark; and the original word, elasos, mercy, is derived from

original word, etaos, mercy, is derived from etana, an olive.

OLIVET, or Mount of Olives, a mountain or ridge lying to the east of Jerusalem, some 6.5 paces, from which it is separated by the valley of Jehoshaphat and the brook Kedron. From its summit there is a fine view of Jerusalem, and of the Dead Sea. Our Savior often withdrew with his disciples to this mountain, and here he beheld the city and went over its approaching ples to this mountain, and here he beheld the city, and wept over its approaching destruction; and from this spot he ascended to heaven in the presence of his apostles. Luke xix. 41-44; xxiv. 50, 51.

OLYMPAS, (kearesly,) a Christian at Rome, saluted by Paul, Rom. xvi. 15.

OLYMPIC GAMES, allusions to them, 1 Cor. ix. 24-27; Phil. iii. 12-14; 1 Tim. vi. 12; 2 Tim. ii. 5; iv. 7, 8; Heb. xii. 1-3.

OMEGA, the last letter of the Greek alphabet. proverbially applied to express the end.

bet, proverbially applied to the Greek alphabet, proverbially applied to express the end. See Alpha. ON ESIMUS, [profitable, wsefut,] mentioned Col. iv. 9: Philemon 10—21.

Col. iv. 9; Philemon 10-21. ONESIPHORUS, [profit-bringer,] tian highly commended by Paul, for his benevolence toward him while he was a prisoner at Rome, 2 Tim. 1. 16, 17.

ONYX. See Paracious Storks.

O Wille, something delivered by super-

in the temple, was called the oracle, because there the priest inquired of God, 1 Kings vi. 5—19. The Scriptures, called the oracles of God, Acts vii. 38; Rom. iii. 2: Heb. v. 12; 1 Pet. iv. 11; and Christians are required to consult them at all times, and especially in matters of difficulty, and

of great importance. ORDAIN, horizo, to limit, to bound, to mark out, hence the word horizon which bounds our view. Occurs 8 times. Pro-orizo, 10 foreordain, or previously mark out, occurs 6 times. Aphorizo, another compound from the same root, occurs 10 times, translated separate or separated. We have the word ordain often in the common version, when ordain apostles, elders, and to institute observances. For this word we have poice, to make or appoint; and we have hathisteto make or appoint; and we have hathisterm, to constitute. Poico occurs Mark iii. 14, "Jesus ordained twelve," i. e. appointed. L. tanstemi occurs Titus i. 4, "Ord. in elders," i. e. appoint. Gnomai is also used to make or ordain an apostle, Acts i. 22.
ORDINANCE, an appointed rite or observance. No religious rite is binding, or even admissible, which is not of divine institution: por can any so justituted be varied.

tion; nor can any so instituted be varied

or modified by human caprice or judgment.
OSTENTATION, to be avoided, Prov. xxv.
14: xxvii. 2: Matt. vi.1.
OUTER, external. "Outer darkness" means OUTER, external. "Outer darkness" means the darkness of the night without, in opposition to the light and splendor of the feast within. Hence the phrase is also used to express the state of exclusion from the kingdom of God. Matt. viii. 12.

OX, laws concerning it, Exod. xxi. 28-38; xxii. 4; Deut. xxii. 1; xxv. 4; quoted by xxii. 4; Deut. xxii. 1; xxv. 4; quoted by Paul, 1 Cor. ix. 9.
OZIAS, [strength from the Lord.] son of Joram, Matt. i. 8.

PADAN-ARAM, fof the field o, Syria, rendered by the Seventy, Mesopotamia. See

MESOFOTAMIA. MESOYOTAMIA.

PALM-TREE, produces dates, Exod. xv.

27: Deut. xxxiv. 3; Judges i. 16; its branches an emblem of joy, Lev. xxii. 40; John xii. 13: Rev. vii. 9. It is said that the bark, leaves, fruit, &c., of the palm-tree are employed by the Arabs for 360 uses.

PALSY, (from paraluo, I unioose, enfeeble,) is a disease which deprives the body in whole, and the palm of the palm.

or part, of action and feeling. Matt. iv. 24: viii. 6: ix. 2: Mark ii. 3, 5, 10. PAMPHYLIA, [a nation made up of every tribe,] a province in the southern part of tribe, a province in the southern part of Asia Minor, having the Mediterranean on the south, Cilicia on the east, Pisidia on the north, and Lycia on the west. Mentioned Acts xiii. 13; xiv. 24, PAPHOS, [which boils,] a city of Cyprus, at

the western extremity of the island. Here Paul performed a miracle on Elymas, who opposed his teaching, and endeavored to turn the Roman governor from the

to turn the Roman governor from the faith, Acts xii. 6-12.

PARABLE. The word parable is derived from parabollee, which comes from parabollee, to compare, to collate. 1. It denotes an obscure or enigmatical saying, Psa. tes an obscure or enigmatical saying, Psa. xix. 4. 2. It denotes a fictitious narrative, invented for the purpose of conveying truth in a less offensive or more engaging manner than that of direct assertion, 2 Sam. xii. 2, 3; Judges Iz. 7-15; 2 Kings xiv. 9, 10. 3. Any discourse expressed in figurative, poetical, or highly ornamented diction is called a parable, Num. xxii. 7; Job xxvii. 1. New Testament parables seem to be generally employed in the second sense mentioned above, viz. to denote a fictitious narrative, under which is veiled some important truth. In some places, as Heb. ix. 9, it bears the meaning of type or

emblem. PARADISE, a term which by long and ex-tensive use has been employed to designate the Garden of Eden. This has been caused by the Greek translators of the Pentateuch having adopted it. The word paradeisos is not properly either Greek or Hebrew, but appears to have been imported from a more eastern tongue, probably the Persian, and which signified the same as the Hebrew gan. In Gesenius and Robinson's Heb. Lez. it is defined thus; "A paradise, i. e. an orchard, an arboretum, particularly of pomegranates, a park, a fruit garden; a name common to several Oriental languages, and especially current among the Persians, we learn from Xenophon and Julius Pol-Nu. Sancrit, pardeesha; Armenian, pardez; Arabie, firdaus; Syrinc, farduss; Chaldee of the Targums, pardeesa." Josephus calis the gardens of Solomon, paradees, and Berosus, quoted by Josephus says that the lofty gardens erected by Nebuchadnezzar, were called the Suspended Paradise. There were called the Suspended Paradise. There are only three places where the word is found in the New Testament, Luke xxiii. 43; 2 Cor. xii. 4; Rev. ii. 7; but which may be illustrated by reference to the primeval term, Isa. li. 3; Ezek. xxvii. 13; xxxi. 9, li., lis, xxxi. 55; Joel ii. 3. PARCHIMENT, prepared sheep skin, and formerly much used for writing on, mentioned 2 Tim. iv. 13.

PARENTS, to be honored, Exod. xx. 12; Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2; their duty to their children, Gen. xviii. 10; Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6,

Deut. v. 16; Eph. vi. 2; their duty to their children, Gen. xviii. 19; Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6, 7; vi. 17; Matt. xxii. 16; 2 Cor. xii. 14; Eph. vi. 4; Col. iii. 21; 1 Tım. v. 8. PARMENAS, {that abdes,} one of the seven deacons, Acts vi. 5.
PARTIIANS, (thorsemen,] called Persians or Elamites in the time of the prophets, and Parthians about the time of Christ, Acts ii 0

ii. 9.

PARTIALITY, unfair and unjust treatment of others, to be avoided, Matt. xxii. 16: James ii. 1, 9; Jude 16.

PASSOVER, so called because instituted in

ASSOVER, so called because instituted in remembrance of the destroying angel passing over the houses sprinkled with the blood of the paschal lamb, Exod. xii. 11, 22, &c. This was kept on the 14th day of Nisan or Abib. Sometimes it denotes the yearly festivity, called the Feast of the Passover, (Deut. xvi. 2; Num. xviii. 16, 17;) celebrated on the 15th of Nisan; and sometimes the yearled approximation of the state of the property of the passing the passin celerated on the 15th of Nisan; and sometimes the whole solemnity, commencing on the 14th and ending on the 21st of Nisan, Luke xxii. 1; though, strictly, the Passover and the feast of unleavened bread, for unfermented things, more properly,) are distinct institutions. Christ called our Passover, or Paschal lamb, 1 Cor. v. 7. To be fulfilled in the kingdom of God, Luke xxii 18.

xxii. 16. PATARA, [trod under foot,] a seaport of Asia Minor, in Lycia, 160 miles S. E. of Ephesus.

Acts xxi. 1.

RATIENCE, recommended, Luke xxi. 19; Rom. xii. 12; 1 Thess. v. 14; Heb. x. 36; xii; Janes i. 3, 4, v. 7; 1 Pet. ii. 19, 20; 2 Pet.

PATMOS, [mortal.] an island in the Ægean Sea, 16 miles S. W. of Samos, to which the apoetle John was banished, Rev. i.9. It is

usmall, oblong and rocky island, about 15 miles in circumference, and u.co, under the

Roman empire, as a place of banishment.
PAFRIARCH, a venerable man, with a large posterity. The word is chiefly applied to those who lived before the time of Moses, Acts vii. 8; and hence we speak of the patriarchial age. Heb. vii. 4.
PATROBAS, [paternal,] mentioned Rom.

xvi. 14, 15.
PAUL, [a worker,] was a native of Tarsus, a city of Cilicia, Acts xxii. 3, and was of Jewish descent, of the tribe of Benjamin, Phil. iii. 5, and probably inherited the right of Roman citizenship from his father, through services rendered to the Roman state. was first a persecutor, then a disciple of Christ, and commissioned by the Lord Jesus as an apostle to the Gentiles. Acts xxvi. 15-18. After a life of arduous labor and suffering for the name of Jesus, Paul was belieaded by Nero, at or near Rome, about A. D. ob. Fourteen of the books of the New Testament are attributed to his pen, and they certainly evince his sound judgment

they certainly evince ins sound judgment and scholastic attainments.

PEACE, to be cultivated, Psa. xxxiv. 14;
Matt. v. 9; Mark ix. 80; Rom. xii. 18, &c.;
by what means, Col. iii. 13; 1 Thess. iv. 11;
the gift of Jesus to his disciples, John xiv.
27; Phil. iv. 7; James iii. 17, 18.
PEARL, a hard, white, shining substance, found in some shell-fishes. They are repeatedly mentioned in the New Testament, and someon to have been esteemed of great and appear to have been esteemed of great value. Matt. xiii. 45, 46; 1 Tim. ii. 9; Rev. xvii. 4; xviii. 12-16; xxi. 12.

xvii. 4; xviii. 12-16; xxl. 12.
PENTECOST, the name (signifying fiftieth)
given in the New Testament to the Feast
of Weeks, or Ingathering, which was cele
of Weeks, or Ingathering the Passover, brated on the fiftethday from the Passover, or seven weeks from the 16th of Nisan. Lev. xxiii. 9-21; Deut. xvi. 9; Acts ii. 1;

PERFECT, complete, without blemish or defect. Perfection applied to God, Matt. v. PERFECT, complete, without before a defect. Perfection applied to God, Matt. v. 48; to his law, Psa. xix. 7; to be aimed at ty Christians, Luke vi. 36; 2 Cor. xiii. 9, 11; Eph. v. 1—8; Col. iv. 12; 1 Thess. iii. 10, &c.; will be perfect in the future state, Eph. iv. 13; Col. i. 28; Heb. xii. 25; Christprayed for this, John xvii.

PERGA, [rery earthly,] a town of Asia Minor, eapital of Paunphylia, 60 miles S. W. of Iconium, Acts xiii. 14; xiv. 25.

PERGAMOS, [keighth.] now Bergamo, a city of Asia Minor, in Mysia, on the Calcus, 50

of Asia Minor, in Mysia, on the Caicus, 50 miles north of Smyrna. It was once a large city, the capital of a kingdom, and had a library of 200,000 volumes; also a famed temple to Esculapius. In Pergamos was one of the "seven congregations of Asia,"

one of the "seven congregations of Asia," to which the Apocalypse is addressed.

PERSECUTION, how to behave under it, Matt. v. 44; x. 52; Rom. xii. 14; 1 Pet. iv. 19; the blessings connected with it, Matt. v. 10; xvi. 25; Mark viii. 35; Luke ix. 24; 1 Pet. iv. 14; James I. 2; Rev. vi. 0; vii. 13.

PESEVERANCE in duty, enjoined, Matt. xxiv. 13; Luke ix. 62; Acts xiii. 43; 1 Cor.

zv. 58, &c.; the glorious result, John a. 26, 27; Rom. ii. 7; Rev. ii. 10, 26, &c.
PERSIS, [that cuts,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PESTILENCE, a name given in Scripture to any prevailing contagious disease.

PETER, [a rock, or stone] was one of the twelve apostles, a native of Bethsaida, in Galilee, and was a son of Jonas, and brother of Andrew. His first name was Singen, but when the Savior called him to

the apostleship, he changed it to Cephas,
John i. 42, 43. He was crucified about A.
D. 70, with his head downwards.

— Epistles of. These were addressed
to converted Jews in the province near
the southern shore of the Black Sea, 1 Pet.
i The first was written four. i. I. The first was written four or five years before the other. The second was especially intended to guard against false teachers, and scoffers. There have been more doubts expressed as to the genuineness of the second epistle than of any other book of the New Testament. It was not generally received or acknowledged as belonging to the sacred canon till the fourth centur

CERTURY.

PILARISEES, [separatists,] a famous sect of the Jews, who distinguished themselves by their zeal for the tradition of the elders, which they pretended was delivered to Moses from Mount Sinai, and therefore of equal authority with the law. From their rigorous observance of these traditions, that lawked many themselves as more holy they looked upon themselves as more holy than other men; and, therefore, separated themselves from those whom they thought sinners or profane, so as not to eat or drink

with them. Hence arose their name. PHEBE, [shining,] a servant of the congregation at Cenchrea. Rom. xvi. 1, 2. PHENICE, [red, purple,] a seaport town on the S. W. part of Crete, with a harbor, Acts

xxvii, 12.
PHENICIA, fland of palm trees, 1 a country in the north of Palestine, on the Mediterranean, containing the cities of Tyre and Sidon

PHILADELPHIA, [love of a brother,] a civy of Asia Minor, and one of the seven containing the Christian congregations to which the Apocalyptic admonitions were white the Appearaghe announces were addressed. Situated in Lydia, on the Hermus, 65 miles east of Smyrna; and is now called Allah Shehr, "city of God," i. e. High-town. It was once a large city, but

now contains only about 3000 houses.
PHILEMON, [that kisses,] a friend of the apostle Paul's and an eminent Christian, residing at Colosse, whose servant, named Onesimus, absconded and fled to Rome. There he was converted and sent back to his master with a letter from Paul, called The Epistle to Philemon, written about A.

D. 62, and was sent, together with Epistles to the Ephesians and Colossians, by Tychi-chus and Onesimus. Paley, in his Hore Pauling, has brought many unanswerable proofs of the authenticity of the Scripture from the undesigned coincidences between this Epistle, that to the Colossians, and the Acts of Apostles. This Epistle has been universally admired as a model of graceful,

thinversary admired as a moder of graceful, delicate, and manly writing.

PHILETUS, [amiable,] an apostate Christiau, mentioned by Paul, in connection with Hymeneus 2 Tim. ii. 17.

PHILIP, [warlike,] one of the twelve apostles; a pative of Bethsaida in Galilee, John is the land of the twelve apostles; a pative of Bethsaida in Galilee, John is the land of the twelve apostles; a pative of Bethsaida in Galilee, John is the land of the la

tles; a pative of Bethsaida in Galilee, John i. 43, 44; Luke vi. 14.

one of the seven first deacons, Acts vi. 5; also called an Evangelist, Acts vi. 3.

son of Herod the Great, by Cleopatra, and tetrarch of Batanea, Trachonitis, and Auranitis, Luke iii. 1, and from him Cesarea Philippi received its name, Matt. vi. 13. xvi. 13.

- another son of Herod, by his wife Mariamne, and called by Josephus, Herod, the first husband of Herodias, Matt. xiv. 3. PHILIPPI, a city of Macedonia, 70 miles E. N. E. of The salonica. It was once a large

city, but now a mean village. Many ruins still exist, which are witnesses to its for-

mer greatness.

PHILIPPIANS, Epistle to the. Written by Paul from Rome during his two years' prisonment, and bears in every part the impress of his peculiar style, manner of thought, and form of doctrine. The church had been planted by Paul, and of all the churches, they seem to have loved him the most, and to have been the most generous his support. He wrote to thank them for their bounty, and to teach them. This is the only Epistle of Paul which expresses no censure

PHILOLOGUS, [a lover of learning,] mentioned Rom. xvi. 15.
PHLEGON, [zealous,] mentioned Rom. xvi.

PHRYGIA, [dry, barren,] a country in the centre of Asia Minor, Acts xvi. 6; xviii. 23. PHYGELLUS, [fugitive,] a Christian who forsook Paul in his necessity, and mentioned in connection with Hermogones, 2 Tim. i. 15.

PHYLACTERIES, [safeguards,] strips or rolls of parchment, inscribed with passages strips or of the law; fastened on the forelead, wrist or hem of the garment, from a mistaken in-terpretation of Exod. xiii. 9, 16; Num. xv. 37-40. See also Matt. xxiii. 5. Our Lord condemus not the wearing of them, but the pride and hypocrisy of the Pharisees in making them broad and visible, to obtain respect and reputation for wisdom and

picty.
PILATE, [who is armed with a dart.] Pon-tius Pilate was the sixth Roman Procurator of Judea, under whom our Lord taught, suffered, and died, Acts iii. 13: iv. 27; xiii. 28; 1 Tim. vi. 13. Both Tacitus and Jse-phus corroborate the New Testament ac-

counts concerning him.

PILLAR, a column, a supporter, a monu-ment. "The pillars of the earth," and "pillars of heaven," are metaphorical ex-"pillars of heaven," are metaphorical expressions, by which the world is compared to a vast edifice, reared by the power and skill of Jehovah. Job ix. 6: xxvi. 11: xxxvii. 4, 6; Psa. lxvx. 3. James was a pillar in the church; that is, a great support and ornament; and the church itself is the "pillar and ground of the truth;" that is, it maintains truth in the world. I Tim. iii. 15. ISIDIA. Initch la country of Asia Michael 1. ISIDIA. Initch la country of Asia Michael 2. Isid and Isid in the world.

PISIDIA, [pitch.] a country of Asia Minor, west of Mount Taurus, S. W. of Lycaonia, and north of Pamphylia. Its present name

is Natolia. PLOW, an instrument of tillage. To plow and look back, Luke ix. 62, is to make bad work, if indeed one could thus work at all, especially with the imperfect plows used in the time of Christ. Christians, therefore, must not look back on the world with must not look back on the world with pleasure and desire, but give all heed to the important work and reward which lies before them. 1 Cor. ix. 10. POLYGAMY, laws against, Gen. ii. 24; Matt. xix. 4-6; Mark x. 6-8; Rom. vii. 3; 1 Cor.

vii. 2.
PONTUS, [the sea,] 2 country comprehending the N. E. part of Asia Minor, and bordering on the Euxine Sea.

dering on the Euxine Sea.
POOLS, mentioned John v. 1—7; ix. 7.
PORCLUS, [a lover of pork.] Porcius Festus
succeeded Felix in the government of Judea, Acts xxiv. 27.
POTTER, one who makes earthenware; a
type of the sovereignty of God, Jer. xviii. 2;
llom. ix. 21; the breaking of his vessels an

emblem of destruction. Jer. xix. 1, 11; Rev.

ii. 17.
POTTER'S-FIELD. See ACELDAMA.
PRAISE, to commend. To praise God is to
duly acknowledge his great excellences.
Psa. cxxxviii; Rev. xix. 5. It is one of the noblest acts of worship, and is the dictate of nature. Acts xvi. 25: 1 Cor. xiv. 15; Eph. v. 19; Col. iii. 16, &c. Praise of men, no pro-

or hature. ACES XVI. 25: I Cor. xiv. 15; Eph. v. 19; Col. iii. 16, &c. Praise of men, no proper principle of action, Matt. vi. 1; Gal. v. 26; Phil. ii. 8.

PRAYER, the obligation and use of it, Matt. v. 44; vi. 6; vii. 7; Luke xvii. 1; Phil. iv. 6; Col. iv. 2; 1 Tim. ii. 1, &c; to be offered in faith, Matt. xxi. 22; Heb. xi. 6; without ostentation and vain repetitions, Luke xvii. 1-14; Matt. vi. 7; in the name of Jesus, John xiv. 13; xv. 16; xvi. 23; Eph. v. 20, &c.; instances of private prayer, Dan. vi. 10; Matt. xiv. 25; Acts ix. 11; x. 9; sortal, Acts i. 14; ii. 42; xii. 12; xvi. 13, 16; xxi. 5; forms of prayer, Num. vi. 22—27; x. 55, 36; Deut. xxi. 8; xxvi; Matt. vi. 9—13.

PIEFACH, or PROCLAIM, is loudly to make known the will of God, as his appointed heralds, Eph. iii. 8. Kerusso, from kerusa, a hiera'd, or public crier, is found 62 times, and always indicates to make proclamation as a herald.

PIEFTORIUM. This word denotes the general's tent in the field, and also the house or

RETORIUM. This word denotes the general's tent in the field, and also the house or palace of the governor of a province, whether a pretor or not. It is applied to Herod's palace at Jerusalem, Matt. xvi. 27; Mark xv. 16; John xviii. 28, 38; xix. 9; also to the one he built at Cesarca, Acts xxiii. 35. In Phil. i. 18, the word denotes the camp or quarters of the Pretorian co-hort at Rome. hort at Rome.

PRIEST, a man who officiate or transacted with God on behalf others, stedly, or for the occasion. Those under the law were of the family of Aaron, Exod. zwiii. 1; under the Christian economy, all disciples are a believed word printphod 1 but is 50.

holy and royal priesthood, 1 Pet. ii. 5, 9; kev. i. 6; v. 10: xx. 6.

HIGH, first Aaron, afterwards the eldest son of the eldest branch of his fam-

eidestson of the eidest branch of his lamily, Exod. xxvii; Jesus Christ, the Melchisedek High-priest, Psa, cx. 4: Heb. iv. 11; v. 4, 5: vt. 20: vii—x. 22, &c.
PRINCE, a chief, a governor. Christ is the "Prince of peace," Isa. ix. 6: Eph. ii. 15: John xiv. 27: "Prince of life." Acts iii. 15: "Prince of the kings of the earth, Rev. 1. 5.
These titles peculiarly belong to him, because he is the "resurrection and the life," and has the "keys of death and hades," and will raise up the believer at the last day: then in his kingly and priestly office, "he will speak peace to the heathen," and "make wars to cease to the ends of the earth," and "peace shall flow as a river:" earth," and "peace shall flow as a river: then "all kings shall fall down before him: all nations shall serve him."

PRISCILLA, [ancient,] wife of Aquila, and probably like Phoba, a deaconess. She shared the travels, labors, and dangers of her husband, and is always named along with him, Rom. xvi. 3: 1 Cor. xvi. 19: 2 Tim.iv. 19.

PROCHORUS, [he who presides over the choirs,] one of the deacons mentioned Acts vi. 5. PROCONSUL, a Roman officer appointed to

the government of a province with consular authority. When the apostle l'aul was at Corinth he was brought belore Galho. the proconsul of Achara, Acts aviii. 13-16. PROMISES of God, many and various, and

exceeding great and precious, 2 Pet. i. a: are sure in Christ Jesus, 2 Cor. i. 20: ar

incentives to purity, 2 Cor. vii. 1: are for the present and future life, 1 Tim. iv. 8. PROPHET. This word and the word prophery have two meanings: the one is the foretelling of events yet future, the other is the uttering the meaning of ancient oracles, or speaking, from the impulse of the Spirit, to

the edification and comfort of Christians. Tor. xiv: Rom. xii. 6.

PROPITIATION, that which atones for and covers our guilt, as the mercy-seat covered the tables of the law, Rom. iii. 25; 1 John

ii. 2; iv. 10.
PROSELYTE, a stranger, or one from abroad, converted to the Jewish religion, Acts ii.

10; vi. 5; xiii. 43.
PROSEUCHA, a word signifying prayer, and always so translated in the authorized version. It is, however, applied to a place of prayer,—a place where assemblies for pray-er were held, whether a building or not. In this sense it seems Luke vi. 12 must be

understood, also Acts xvi. 14. PROVIDENCE, a care for the future. The Greek word pronoia, means forethought, and corresponds with the Latin providentia, which originally meant foresight. God's care or providence, considered in reference to all things existing, is termed by Knapp universal; in reference to moral beings, spe-cial; and in reference to holy or converted beings, particular. Everything's an object beings, particular. Everything 's an object of Providence in proportion to its capacity. The disciples, being of more value than many sparrows, were assured of greater providential care. Matt. vi. 26; x. 29-31. PRUDENCE recommended, Prov. xii. 16, 23; xiii. 16; xiv. 3; Matt. x. 16: James iii. 18. PSALMS, Book of, one of the most extensive and weeful in Scripture is often queed in Scripture.

SALIN, Book of, one of the most extensive and useful in Scriptone, is often quoted in the New Testament. That David composed most of the Psalms is beyond doubt. "Psalms and hymns and spiritual songs," Eph. v. 19. Psalms, denote such sacred songs or poems as are sung to instruments, and may here refer to those of David; hymns signify songs in honor of God; and songs means any regular poetic composi-tion adapted to singing, and hererestricted to those which are spiritual. This admonition is in opposition to the practice of the tion is in opposition to the practice of the heathen, who, in their Bacchanalia, or feasts, dedicated to Bacchus, the god of wine, became intoxicated, as the previous verse intimates, and sang drunken songs in praise of their deity.

PTOLEMAIS, [warlke,] now Acre, a seaport of Paustine, 24 miles south of Tyre It is famous for its seige by the Crusaders. It is now the principal port of Palestine, and

namous for fis seige by the Olivasues. It is now the principal port of Palestine, and contains about 10,000 inhabitants. PUBLICAN, a person who farmed the taxes and public revenues. The name and profession of a publican were extremely odious among the Jews, who submitted with much reluctance to the taxes levied by the Romans. The publicans were also noted for their imposition, rapine, and extortion, to which they were, perhaps more especially prompted by having a share in the farm of the tribute, as they were thus tempted to oppress the people with illegal exactions, that they might the more speedily enrich themselves. Zaccheus and Matthew were publicans, but there is no reason to sup-rose that either of them had been guilty of Lujust practices, or that there was any exception to their characters beyond that of leng engaged in an odious employment. Matt. vii. 17; vii. 31; Liuke v. 27; vii. 2. POPLIUS, [comman,] governor of Melita, at the time of Paul's ships ack on that is land, Acts xxviii 7, 8.
PUDENS, (shamefaced.) 2 Tim. iv. 21.

PURPLE, a color much worn by kings and emperors, Mark xv. 17. It is the famous Tyrian dye, so costly, and so celebrated in antiquity. It was procured from the shellfish named murez or purpura. The traffic in it, probably, was profitable, Acts xvi. 14. To this day, the best scarlet dye, (a term To this day, the best scarlet dye, (a term often interchanged for purple,) in all Asia, is produced at Thyatira

is produced at Thyatira.
PURITY of heart and action required, Rom.
vi. 12; Gal. v. 16; Eph. 1. 4; v. 3, 4; Phil. ii.
15; Col. iii. 5; 1 Pet. ii. 11; 2 Pet. iii. 14.
PUTEOLI, [abounding in wells,] now Pozzuoli, a maritime town of Campania, in Italy,
on the north shore of the bay of Naples,
and about 8 miles N. W. from the city of
that name. Acts xxviii. 3.

QUARRELS to be avoided, Rom. xiii, 13; Col. iii. 13; James iii. 16; iv. 1-7. QUARTERNION, a detachment of four soldiers, Acts xii. 4, which was the usual number of a Roman night watch. Peter, therefore, was guarded by four soldiers, two within the prison and two outside the doors: and as the watch was namely doors; and as the watch was usually changed every three hours, it was necessary that the four quarternions mentioned in the text should be appointed for the pur-

QUARTUS, [the fourth,] a disciple, men-

QUEEN often means in Scripture a king's mother. A reference to this fact will remove several apparent discrepancies in the Old Testament. The word has still the same meaning among Orientals. It also denotes meaning among orientals. It also denotes a woman who is murried to a king, or governs a kingdom, Neh. ii. 10; 1 Kings x. 1; Acts viii. 27. Also, the church as espoused to Jesus, I'sa. xlv. 9.
QUICKSAND. In Acts xxvii. 17, it is mention that the thin is reliable to the

was driven past the isle of Clauda on the south, the mariners, as would now be said, struck the sails, and scudded under bare poles, lest they should fall into the quicksands. The original word syrtis denotes a sand bank or shoal, dangerous to navigation, drawn, or supposed to be drawn together by the currents of the sea.

RABBI, a name of dignity among the Jews, RABBI; a name of uightly among the sews, signifying doctor or master. Applied to Jesus, John i. 83, 49; iii. 2, 26; vi. 25. Jesus warns his disciples against suffering it to be given to them, Matt xxiii. 7-12.

RABBONI, signifying my great master, is the highest honor or title of respect applied by the Lowe 64, the teachers of the low.

by the Jews to the teachers of the law,

Mark x. 51; John xx. 16.

RACA, a word which occurs in Matt. v. 22, and which is left untranslated in the authorized version. It is expressive of contempt, and signifies an empty, worthless

fellow.

RACE, a rapid course, generally implying contest. The numerous allusions to Grecontest. The interiors affusions to Gre-cian footraces, contained in Paul's epistles, require some knowledge of the laws of those games. See I Cor. ix. 24; 2 Tim. ii. 5; Heb. xii. 1; Gal. v. 7, &c. Those persons who intended to contend in the games were obliged to reposit to the games were obliged to repair to the gymnasium ten months before the solemnity, where they prepared themselves by continual exercise; and no man who had omitted to present himself in this manner was allowed to coutend for any of the prizes. Hence the apos-

tend for any of the prizes. Hence the apos-tic says, "Now every one who contends, or strives for the mastery, is temperate in all things." KACHEL, (a sheep.] daughter of Laban, sis-ter of Leah, and wife of Jacob, Gen. xxix. 6. Jeremiah and Matthew have put Rachel for the tribes of Ephraim and Manas-seh, the children of Joseph, Jer. xxxi. 15. Matt li 18.

seh, the children of Joseph, Jer. xxxi. 15. Matt. Ii. 18. RAHAB, [proud,] a woman of Jericho; her history, Josh. ii; vi. 22-25; an example, Heb. xi. 31; Jaines ii. 25. RAILING forbidden, 1 Cor. v. 11; 1 Pet. iii. 9; 2 Pet. ii. 11; Jude 9. RAIN was plentiful in Israel twice a year. "The early and the latter rain" occurred, the former in September, the latter in March. After these, the weather becomes settled, and about May the grain is gathered. In Egyptit scarcely ever rains; the ered. In Egyptit scarce'y ever rains; the overflow of the Nile, and copious dews, answering the purpose. In tropical climates the winter is the rainy season. Violent winds often attend these rains, and overthrow insecure houses. Hence our Savior's

parable. Matt. vii. 25.
RAMAH, [elevared,] a city of Benjamin, six
miles north of Jerusalem, Josh. xviii. 25. Near this was Rachel's tomb; she is poetically introduced as rising from the grave,

cally introduced as rising from the grave, and looking in vain for her offspring. "Rachel weeping for her child:"n," Jer. xxxi. 15. RASHNESS censured, Psa. xxxi. 22; cxvi. 11; Prov. xiv. 29; Acts xix. 36. RAVEN, a bird of prey, ceremonially unclean. Elijah fed by ravens, 1 Kings xvii. 4—6; and are cared for by God, Job xxxviii. 41; Psa. cxlvii. 9; if he cares for ravens, how confidently may his people trust him!

Luke xii. 24. RECONCILIATION, a restoring to favor, or reunion between those who had been at variance, Rom. v. 10; 2 Cor. v. 18; Eph. ii.16;

REDEEM, to buy back what was sold, pledged or forfeited.
REDEEMER, one who ransoms by paying the price. Christ our redeemer, 1 Pet. 1. 19. the price. Christ our redeemer, 1 Pet. i. 19. REDEMPTION, means deliverance, from lutrosis, which occurs in Luke i. 68; ii. 58; ii. 58; Acts vii. 35; Heb. ix. 12. Apolutrosis, deliverance from, occurs 10 times, and signifies the dismissing of a person after a ranson

has been paid.

REFORM, metanocoo, occurs 84 times, and metanoia, reformation, 24 times. Metanocoo signifies to think after, or to change one's mind so as to influence the conduct.

Dounai metanoian, Acts v. 31, to give refor-Dounai metanoian, Acts v. 31, to give reformation, is equal to making a proclamation offering inducements to it. A quotation from Josephus will illustrate this—"Dounai metanoian epi tois perrapmenois," to preblish a pardon to those who lay down their arms. REGENERATION, denotes a new birth, a renovation, or complete change for the better. The original word, paingenesia, occurs twice—Matt. xix. 28, the renovation, or change of state or condition; and Titus iii. 5, the washine, or bath of regeneration.

iii. 5, the washing, or bath of regeneration, connected with the renewing of the mind by the Holy Spirit. "Born again" is a fig.

18, 10. The noun, apheesis, remission occurs 17 times, and the verb, aphieemi, even s the times; rendered to forgive, remit, ser free from, dismiss, in all versions.

REMPHAN, [prepared,] the name of an idol, which some thick to be Saturn, Amos v. 26; Acts vii. 43.

REPENT, metamelomai, I repent, or am con-

REFENT, metametoma, 1 repent, or am concerned for the past, occurs Matt xxi. 79, 3; xxvii. 3; 2 Cor. vii. 8; Heb. vii. 21. Always translated repent.

REFROGE, how to be given, Lev. xix. 17; Prov. ix. 8; xxiv. 25; Lukexvii. 5; 1 Thess. vi. 14; 2 Thess. iii. 15; 1 Tim. v. 1, 20; 2 Tim. iv. 2; how to be received, Prov. x. 17; xii. 1; xiii. 18; xv. 5; 0, 31, 32; xix. 20; xxvii. 25; xxix. 1; Eccl. vii. 5.

REFST. quietness. promised to Christians.

XXII. 1; Detay I. 18 REST, quietness, promised to Christians, Matt. XI. 28, 29; Heb. iii. 11, 18; iv. 1—11. RESTITUTION, means the restoring of any hing to ts former state. Acts iii. 21. The ESTITUTION, means the restoring of any hing to its former state. Acts iii. 21. The original wor's ignifies, to dispose, order, or settle anything in a good 'tate, whic' has previous! een bad. These times will be the accomplishment of all promises and prophecies respecting the conversion of the Jews and Genthes. Also the returning of a thing unjustly gotten r making amends or an injury. This very particularly enjoined in the law Moses, Exod. xxi., Lev. xxiv.; Deut. xix. It was done at the reformation under Nehemiah. Neh. v. the reformation under Nehemiah. Neh. 10, 11; and by Zaccheus, who following the Roman law, agreed to restore fourfold.

Roman law, agreed to restore fourfold, Luke xix. 8.

RESURRECTION of Christ, foretold, Psa. xvi 10, 11; Matt. xii. 40; xvi. 21; xvii. 25; Mark ix. 31; xiv. 28; John xii. 10; recorded by the Eva gelists, Matt. xxviii; Mark xvii. Luke xxiv. John xx.: preached by the apostles, Acts ii. 24—30; iii. 15; iv. 10; v. 30, 31; xi. 40—42; xiii. 50—37; xvii. 18, 31; xxv. 19; xxvi. 8, 53; l Cor. xv. 3, 4, the resurrection of Christ the foundation of the believer's hope, l Cor. xv. 12—18; l Thess. iv. 14—17; l l'et. i. 3; promised to them by Jesus, John v. 29; vi. 39, 40, 54; xi. 25; xiv. 19, &c.

RE FALIATICN, law of, Exod. xxi. 24, 25; Lev. xxiv. 20; Deut. xix. 21; abrogated. Matt. v. 38; Rom. xii. 17; l Cor. vi. 7; l Thess. v. 15; l'et. iii. 9.

Matt. v. 38: Roll. Mi. 17: 1 Cor. vi. 7.
I Thess. v. 15; I Pet. iii. 9.
REVELATION, Book of. Critics generally agree that the apostle John was the writer of this book, and that it was written about A. D. 98. It is a propincy expressed in the most striking and impressive symbols, of the fortunes of the Christian Church, companying soon after the fall. I levy selem moneing soon after the fall f Jerusalem to the consummation of all things-running through a period of nearly 3000 years; and embracing the downfall of Pagan Rome: the rise, progress, and overthrow of the apostacy: the second appearing of Jesus Christ as the king of kings, punishing the destroyers of the earth, and subjugating the destroyers of the earth, augustuggames all the kingdoms of this world to himself. and gives a glance at his mi lennial reign with his glorified saints, and the final and complete overthrow of all the powers of evil, and the establishment of universal peace and rightcourness for the ages of the ages. The Apocalypse is a very difficult no, Christ our example, 1 Pet. ii. 23: iii. 9:

2 /et.ii. 11: Jude 9.
RHEGIUM, [capture,] now ealled Reggio, a scaport opposite to Messina in Sicily, Acts

RHESA, [will,] an ancestor of Jesus, Luke

III. 27.
RHODA, [a rose,] a servant of Mary, the the mother of John Mark, Acts xii. 13.
RHODES, [a rose,] an island near the S. W. corner of Asia Minor, 125 mines in circumference, celebrated in ancient history for commerce, and for a colossal brazen statue of Apollo, which was reckoned one of the seven wonders of the world. It was 130 feet high, and ships in full sail passed between its legs. It was thrown down by an earthquake after standing 50 years. Acts

xxi. 1.

RICHES, their uncertainty, Matt. vi 19;
Luke xii, 16-21; James v. 1-3; dangerous,
Matt. xii. 22; James j. 6, 7; v. 1-4; a blessing if well used, Luke xvi. 9; 1 Tim. vi. 1719; true riches, Matt. vi. 19, 20; Luke xii.
33; Rev. ii. 9; iit. 18.
RIGHTEOUSNESS, Christ is to his people,
Jer. xxiii. 6; Mal. iv. 2; 1 Cor. i. 30, &c.;
the righteous to inherit eternal life, Dan.
vii 2. Natt. xxy. 4f. Luke xviii. 30; John

xii. 2; Matt. xxv. 46; Luke xviii. 30; John iii. 15; iv. 14; Rom. ii. 7; 1 Tim. vi. 10; Titus i. 2; 1 John ii. 5; Jude 21.
RIGHT HAND 18, in Scripture, a symbol of power. Exod. xv. 6; Psa. xxi. 8. In the court, the place for the pleader was on the right hand, and the Sanhedrim placed those to be justified on the right hand, and those to be justified on the right hand, and those to be condemned on the left hand. It was also reckoned a position of the highest honor to be placed at the right hand. I'sa.

ex. 1. RISE "up in the judgment," Matt. xii. 42. The judge did not pass sentence in a sitting posture, but rose up for that purpose; also the witnesses rose up from their seats, when

the witnesses rose up from their seats, when they gave evidence against criminals. RIVER of life, Rev. xxii. I. ROCK, "upon this rock will I build my church," Matt. xxi. 13. The Greek word for Peter is Petros, and means a stone, and the original word for rock, is petra. The meaning of this passage therefore is, "Thou art Petros, a stone, and on this petra, rock, will I build my church." Mark the construction of the language. "Thou" is in the accord perron and "the" is in the the construction of the language. "Thou" is in the second person, and "this" is in the third; "petros" is masculine, and "petra" third; "petros" is masculine, and "perro is feminine. Jesus asked for a confession; Peter gave it in these words,—"Thou art the Christ, the son of the living God," and this was the petro on which he declared that he would build his elurch, and against which the gates of hades should not prevail. 1 Cor. iii. 11.

ROD, a symbol of power and rule, Psa. ii. 9. ROMANS, Epistle to. Paul had never been to Rome when he penned this letter. It was called forth by his having heard of their condition, and especially of the difficulties existing between the Jewish and the Gentilemembers. He controverts many of the errors of both Jews and Pagans, as to ancestral merit, justification, the effi-cacy of sacrifices, election, submission to foreign rulers, &c. Paul was nearly sixty years old when he wrote this letter, during

years did when he wrote this letter, during a residence of some months at Corinth. ROME, [strength.] a city of Italy, on the Tiber, I? miles from the sea. It was built on seven hills, was the capital of the Roman empire, the mistress of the world, and the seat of arts and arma. It has long been the

residence of the Pope, and the seat of ecelesiastical power. It contains St. Peter's church, the most magnificent edifice in the world, and has many monuments of its aneient grandeur. Though greatly reduced, it nevertheless contains about 150,000 inhabitants.

tants.
RUBY. See Precious Stones.
RUFUS, [red] the son of Simon the Cyrenian, who assisted Christ in carrying his cross, Mark vv. 21. Another person so named, mentioned Rom. vvi. 13.
SABAOTH, [armies,] Rom. ix. 29; James v. 4.
SABAOTH, [rest,] so called, because on the seventh day God rested from his works.
Gen. ii. 2, 3. There is no positive evidence that the Sabbath day was observed before that the Sabbath day was observed before the Law, no command or example of its ob-servance being recorded. It was positively enjoined on the nation of Israel, as one of the ten commandments, "written and en-graven on stones," and to which they were required to yield exact obedience. Jesus claimed to be "Lord of the Sabbath," and showed the Pharisees that it was "lawtiul to do good on the Sabbath. The Savior having "blotted out the hand-writing of ordinances, and taken it out of the way by naving blocked date the handwriting of ordinances, and taken it out of the way, by nailing it to his cross," rested the whole of the Sabbath in the grave, and arose on the first of the week, as Lord of the new creation. There is no mention of the Sabbath being enjoined on Christians, and especially on Gentile believers. See Acts xv. 19-29.

DAY'S JOURNEY. Acts i. 12.

Jewish tradition allowed a man to travel

Jewish tradition allowed a man to travel on the Sabbath only one mile.

SABBATICAL YEAR, the seventh year, in which the land was to have rest, Exod. axiii: Lev.xxv. It was also called a "year of release," and in it all debtors were liberated, and all law-suits ceased. Deut, xv. I. SACRIFICE, an act of religious worship, in in which the worshipper shed the blood of animals as an acknowledgment of his guilt

animals, as an acknowledgment of his guilt and exposure to death, and as a typical atonement for sin, Gen. xxxi. 54: Heb. x. 1, &c.: xi. 4, &c. The Jewish people could not offer their own sacrifices; they were to bring them to the priest, and he was to offer them. So construction of the sacrifices. offer them. So cannot we now offer up our prayers and praises to God but by Jesus Christ, and so the apostle here applies the case. "By him, let us offer the sacrifice of praise," Heb. xiii. 15. SADDUCEES, [just, nusified,] a famous sect among the Jews, so called, it is said, from their founder.

their founder, Sadoc, who flourished about 260 years B. C., and taught there was no resurrection nor future state, neither angel

nor spirit, Matt. xxii. 23; Acts xxiii. 8. SAlAAll, [mission,] a son or grandson of Arphaxad, Gen. x. 24; xi. 13; Luke iii. 35. SALAMIS, [shaken,] one of the chief cities of Cyprus, on the S. E. coast of the island, Acts xiii. 5.

Acts xiii. 5.

Acta xiii. 5.

I have asked of God, or Suraltial, the father of Zerubbabel, 1 Chron. iii. 17; Matt. i. 12.

SALEM, [peace, the original name of Jerusalem, Gen. xiv. 18; Heb. vii. 1, 2, and was used poctically in later times, Psn. Ixxvi. 2.

ALIM, [a fox,] the well-watered place where John baptized. John iii. 23.

SALIMON, [peaceable,] the son of Nahshon, who married Rahab, 1 Chron. ii. 11; and the father of Boaz, Ruth iv. 21; Matt. i. 2.

5; Luke iii. 32.

5; Luke iii. 32.

SALMON E, (peuceable,) a promotory to mining the eastern externity of the island of Crete, Acts xxvii. 7.

SALOME, (peaceable,) the wife of Zebedee, and mother of James and John, Matt. xxvii.56: Markxv. 30; xv. 1. Also, the name of that daughter of Herodias, who caused the death of John the Baptist

caused the death of Joint the Paptist.
SALT, was used with every burnt offering,
Lev. ii. 13; Mark ix. 49; disciples compared
to it, Matt. v. 13; Lukex iv. 34. In illustration of Matt. v. 13, Maundrell, in his travels
near Aleppo, says, "I found veins of salt, of which the part exposed to the air. sun and rain, had lost its savor, while that below the surface preserved its saltness." Schoet-genius has largely proved in his "Horæ Hebraicæ," that such as had become insipid was used to repair roads.

Was used to repair roads.

ALUTE, to address with civility. The Easterns salute according to rank. The common salutation is laying the right hand on the bosom and a little declining the body. In saturing a person of rank they bow almost to the ground and kiss the hem of his garment. Inferiors kiss the feet, the knees, or garments of superiors. Equals kiss the beard, the cheek, or the neck. "Salute no man by the way," was

neck. Salute no man by the way, was an order when great despatch was required. SALVATION, deliverance from evil. 1. Salvation from physical dangers, Acts xxvi. 13; Heb.xi.7; 17im.ii. 15; Acts vii.25; xxvii.20. In this sense God is the savior or preserver of all men. 2. Salvation from the grift pollution, and danging of six the guilt, pollution, and dominion of sin, Acts ii. 47; Mark xvi. 16; 1 Cor. i. 18; 2 Cor. ii 15; 1 Pet. iii. 21; James i. 21; Eph. ii. 5, 8. &c. 3. Salvation entire and complete at the resurrection and clorification of the the resurrection and viorine atom of the saints, 1 Cor. vi. 5; Rom. v. 9; xiii. 11; Phil. ii. 12; Heb v. 9; 2 Tim. ii. 10. SAMARIA, [match.height.] a city, situated near the middle of Palestine, built by Omri.

king of Israel, on a mountain or hill of the same name, B. C. 925. It was the metropo-lis of the ten tribes. Also the middle divi-

sion of Palestine.
SAMARITANS, inhabitants of Samaria.
John iv. 9. They were the offspring of a John IV. 9. They were the dispring of a colony of Babylonians, mixed with apostate Jews, who built a temple on mount Gerizim, and were hated by the Jews. Luke ix. 72, 53; John vii. 48.

SAMOS, [full of gravel,] an island in the Archipelago, on the coast of Asia Minor, Acts vii.

XX.15.
SAMOTHRACIA, an island in the Ægean
Sea, Acts xvi. 11.
SAMSON, (his son.) a judge of Israel, of the
tribe of Dan, Judges xii. 3-25; Heb. xi. 32.
SAMUEL, [csked of God.] the son of Elkanah
and Hannah, of the trite of Levi, and family of Kohath. He was the histof the Judges
of Israel, and an eminent montat and his. of Israel, and an eminent prophet and hisoristrae, and r a chinical prophet and his-torian. He wore an ephod, anointed kings, and offered sacrifices, but he was not of the race of Aaron. To Samuel are ascribed the book of Judges, that of Ruth, and the first of Samuel. He died in the 19th year of his

age. CANCTIFY, to separate anything to God. Hagrazo occurs 28 times, translated to sanctifications of the bagingmos, sanctificatify, to make holy; hagiasmos, sanctifica-tion, holiness occurs 10 times. The mean-ing of hagiazo will be found in John xvii. 17, 10 · x 36. Jesus was said to be sanctifield, made holy, i.e. set apart and devoted to God. The setting apart, or consecrating or the body, soul, and spirit, to God, through Jesus Christ, is the holiness of Christianity. SANCTUARY, a holy place, Exod. xxv. 8;

Heb. ix. 2. SANDALS, soles of leather or wood fastened

to the feet with strings. Matt iii. 11 They are still worn in several eastern countries,

by both sexes, and all classes.

SANHEDRIM, more properly SANHEDRIN, the supreme judicial council of the Jews, especially for religious affairs. It is said to have consisted of 70 or 72 judges. Matt.

xxvii. 1: John xi. 47. SAPPHIRA, [that relates or tells.] See Ana-

NIAS.
SAPPHIRE. See Precious Stones.
SARAH, [a princess.] the wife of Abraham, and mother of Isaac. Gen. xi. 29, 30; honorably mentioned, Heb. xi. 11; 1 Pet. 111. 6.
SARDINE, or SARDIUS. See Precious

STONES. SARDIS, [prince of joy,] a city of Asia Minor, formerly the capital of that wealthy monarch Crossus, king of the Lydians. One of the seven churches of Asia existed here, to which the Lord Jesus sent a letter. Rev.

SARDONYX. See Precious Stores. SARLPTA, [a goldsmith's shop.] a city of Sidon, between that place and Tyre. Mentioned 1 Kings xvii. 9, 19; Obad. 20; Luke

iv. 26. SATAN, is a transferred Hebrew word, and is derived from the verb which means to lie in wait, to oppose, to be an adversary. Hence the noun means an adversary or op-Hence the noun means an adversary or opposer. Ho Satanos and ho dusbolos are used and applied in several instances to the same being, Rev. xii. 9. Christ, in the temptation, Matt. iv., in his repulse of the tempter, calls him Satan; while the evangelists distinguish him by the term "devil." Dusbolos is the uniform translation which the Septuagint gives of the Hebrew word for Satan. Jen used with the article word for Satan, Ahen used with the article. In some passages the term Satan is used in a feneric cause, as I Kings xi. 14, 23: I Sam. xix. 4; Nam. xxii. 22; Psa. cir. 6. In many other 'n a specific sense, as a proper name; as Zech. iii. 1, 2; I Chron. xxi. 1; Jobi. 3—12; ii. 1—7: Matt. iv. 10; Mark i. 13; Luk. xxi. 18, &c. His character is denoted by his titles.—Satan, Adversary, Diabolos, False Accuser. Tempter, &c., showing him to be purely and entirely evil, I John iii. 8; John iii. 44. His agency is evil—both moral and shysical. See Luke xxii. 5; Acts v. 3: I Taess ii. 18; Eph. ii. 2: Rev. xii. 9; Luka xiii. 16; Acts x 38; I Tim. i. 20. All the forms of personal agency are made use of by the sacred writers in settword for Satan, when used with the article. made use of by the sacred writers in sett-ing forth the character and conduct of Saing forth the character and conduct or satan. He is described as having power and dominion, messengers and followers; as tempting and resisting; he is held accountable, charged with guilt; is to be judged, and to receive 2nal punishment.

AUL, [demanded,] son of Kish, of the tribe Benjamin, was the first king of the Israelites, I Sam.iz. 1, 2, &c. Paul, the apostle, called Saul prior to his conversion.

SAVIOR 2 term amplied to Christ, who came

SAVIOR, a term applied to Christ, who came "to save his people from their sins." He is therefore called Jesus, which signifies a Sa-

vior. SCEPTRE, a staff, rod, or wand, signifying authority or royalty. Psa. xlv. 6; Rev. xix.

15. SCEVA, [disposed,] a Jew who lived at Ephesus, Acts xix. 14-16. SCHISM, or Division, condemned, 1 Cor. i 10; tii. 3; xi. 18; xii. 25; 2 Cor. xiii. 11. SCORPION, a large reptile, remarkable for irrascibility and malignancy, Luke xi. 12. Some of the species are said to be white, and about the size of an egg, and when

SC..IBES, writers and expounders of the

coiled up it is difficult to distinguish one from the other.

C.IBES, writers and expounders of the law.

CRIPTURES, [writings.] a name applied by way of dignity to the contents of the Bible, and which are given by inspiration, 2 Tim. iii. 16; Matt xxii. 29; Mark xiv. 49; it to the contents of the law.

SILAS, [considering.] a contraction of Silvanus, a distinguished Christian teacher in the church, Acts xv. 22, 32.

SILAM, [considering.] a contraction of Silvanus, a distinguished Christian teacher in the church, Acts xv. 22, 32.

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SILVAM, [sent] a foundation of pool of water, SILVANUS. See Silva.

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SILVAN, [sent] a foundation of pool of water, SILVANUS. See Silvanus, and the church, Acts xv. 22, 32. SCRIPTURES, [writings,] a name applied by way of dignity to the contents of the by way of aginty to the contents of the Bible, and which are given by inspiration, 2 Tim. iii. 16; Matt. xxii. 29; Mark xiv. 49; Acts xvii. 11; xviii. 24; 2 Pet. iii. 16. SEA, a large collection of waters. The He-

brews applied this term to lakes of moderate size; and the modern inhabitants of Palestine still retain the same phraseology. Symbolically, waters signify peoples; and the gathering together of people into one

body politie, constitutes a sea. SEAL, an engraved stamp, also the impres-

SEAL, an engraved stamp, also the impression made by such a stamp. Matt. xxvi.60. SECUNDUS, [the second,] a disciple mentioned Acts xx. 4.

SELUCIA, [beafen by waves,] a scaport of Syria, 12 miles west of Antoch, Acts xiii. 4.

SELF-DENIAL, a Christian duty, Matt. v. 29, 30; xvi.24; xviii. 8, 0; Mark viii. 34, &c.

SEPULCHRES, or places for burying the dead, were usually hollow rooms dug into rocks, with an upright door to enter into them, to which a large stone was put, Gen. xxiii. 6; Judges viii. 32; 1 Sam. x. 2; 2 Sam. ii. 32; 1 sa. xxii. 10; Matt. xxvii. 60. ii. 32; Isa. xxii. 16; Matt. xxvii. 60. SERAPHIM, [fiery or burning ones.]

CHEMBIAM.
SERGIUS PAULUS, [maker of nets,] the deputy Governor of Cyprus, Acts xiii. 12.
SERPENT. Many kinds mentioned in Seripture. Alluded to as crafty, Gen. iii.
1: Matt. x 10. One of the names of Satan.

SERVANTS, general commands concerning them, Eph. vi. 5-8; Col. iii. 22-25; 1 Tim. vi. 1, 2; Titus ii. 9, 10; 1 Pet. ii. 18-25. SEVEN, a sacred number among the Jews. The term often denotes a perfect or complete number. Job v. 10; Psa. xii. 6. Sevenfold, or seven times often only means abun-

dantly, completely. Seventy times seven is a still higher superlative
SEVENTY disciples sent out by Jesus, Luke

x. 1-20. SILAVING, a rite of purification, Acts xviii

18; xxi 24.

Sll ERA, [captivity,] a province S. E. of Arabia, between the Red Sea and Indian Ocean. It was famed for spices, gems, and gold. Psa. Ixii. 10; Isa. Ix. 6. The queen of She-ba visited Solomon, I Kings x. I; Matt.

STEEP, a well known animal of great utili-ty, and funed for meekness. Christians are compared to sheep, and Christ is the "Lamb of God," In India sheep cannot be distinguished from goats by a common observer. This fact gives force to the de claration that Christ will divide the good from the bad, as a shepherd divides his

sheep from the goats
EHEKEL, a Jewish weight. The common
shekel of money was worth about haif a
doflar, and the shekel of the sanctuary pos-

sibly double that sum.

CHEPHERD. Christ is styled a shepherd,
I Pet. ii. 25; the good shepherd, John. x. 11; the chief shepherd, 1 let. v. 4; and the great shepherd, Heb. xiii. 20. Elders or overseers are also called shepherds, Eph. iv. 11, where

are also called shepherds, Eph. 1v. 11, where the common version has partors; and as such they are to feed the flock, 1 Pet. v. 2. \$1DON, [kunting,] a great commercial city, and the capital of Phenicla. It is situated on the Mediterranean, about 18 miles north of Tyre. It contains 10,000 inhabitants, and is now called Saide. Luke 1v. 20.

circulation as money, though not coined Abraham was rich in gold and silver. It is

used to represent general wealth.

SIMEON, [that hears or obeys,] a good old man who was waiting for the Savior, Lube ii. 25-35. Also, one of the twelve patri-

archs.

Jesus, Matt. xiii. 55; Mark vi 3.

the Cananite, culled Zelotes, an apostle, Matt. x. 4; Mark iii. 18; Luke vi. 15.

- surnamed Peter. See Peter - the l'harisee, Luke vii 36-50. - the leper, Matt xxvi. 7; Mark xiv. 3

the father of Judas Iscariot, John vi 71; xii. 4.

the Cyrenian, Matt xxvii. 32; Mark xv. 21; Luke xxiii 26.

- the tanner, Acts ix. 43; x. 6, 17, 32. - Magus, Acts viii. 9-24.

SIN, to miss a mark; or any deviation in conception, thought, or deed, from the will of God. It is defined by John to be the transgression of the law, I John iii. 3, 4. Its progress in man is strikingly drawn in James i. 13, 14. Sin sometimes means a sin-offering, Gen. iv. 7; 2 Cor v. 21; Hcb. iv. 98

SINAI, Ja bush, the mountain on which Jehovah appeared to Moses, and gave the law. From recent researches it has been discovered that the "Mount of God," or Horeh, is Serbal, a mountain which towers up in soli-tary grandeur to the height of 3,000 feet, and some 20 miles distant from the popular Horeb, and monkish Sinai. Serbal was regarded as the true Sinai, till Justinian built his monastery of St. Catherine upon the mountain to which it has given a name

SINCERITY required, Matt v. 8; Rom. xii 0; Phil. i. 10; Col. iii. 22. The Greek word eillkrineia, translated sincerity, means an evident purity when he'd up in the light of the sun, as we would examine water, 2 Cor.

SINGING is not only authorized as a part of divine worship by example, Matt. xxvi. 30, but expressly enjoined, Eph. v. 19; Col. i i 10; and should be done properly, 1 Cor.

10; and should be done property, I cor. xiv. 15.
SMYRNA, [myrrh,] a city and seaport of Asia Minor, in Ionia, 35 miles N. by W. of Ephesus. It was anciently large and powerful, and is now the most populous at commercial city of Asia Minor. A Christian congregation was early planted here, to which one of the seven Epistes of Revelation was directed. Row if 8-11.

to which one of the seven Epistics of Rever-lation was directed, Rev. ii.8—11. SOBRITETY of mind and body, recommended, I Thess, v 8; Titus ii.2, 4, 6; 1 Pct. i. 13. SODOM, (their secret,) one of the cities which were destroyed by fire from heaven, which stood on the site now occupied by the Dead

Sea. Gen. xix.
SOLOMON, [peaceable, perfect,] the son of
David and Bathsheba. He was beloved of
God, and selected to build his temple; and was one of the best kings of Israel. He reigned 40 years, and was renowned for his wisdom and wealth, and the splendor of his peaceful reign. He was the author of the

moks of Proverbs Eccle i tes, and Canicles, besides some on bottany, natural his-

celes, besides some on to only, harmed the loty, &c.

W. OMON'S PORCH, a covered way on the east of the temple, John x. 23; Acts iii. 11. SOPATER, defends his father, 1 a Berean disciple, Acts xx. 4.

SORCERER, a megician, one who undertakes to disclose secrets or oret: ev. ts by diabolical power. Acts xiii. 8; Rev. xxi. 8. xxii. 15.

SOSIPATER, [saving the futher,] cul's kinsman, Rom. xvi. 21.
SOSTHENES, [sovior,] the chief of he yagogue at Corinth, Acts x he be a least the chief of the property of the chief of the property of the chief of the property of the chief of came a Christian, and accompa ed Paul,

1 Cor. i. 1.

SOUL. The Hebrew word, nep.esh, of the Old Testament, occurs about 7. es, and is rendered soul 471 times; life a. d. wug, about 150 times; and the same w r is also rendered a man, a person, self, they, me, him, any one, breath, heart, mind, appetite, the body, (dead or alive,) lust, creature, and each abeast; for it is 28 times applied to beass. and to every creeping thing. The Greek word psuchee of the New "estament, cor-responds with nephes of the Old. I occurs 105 times, and is rendered soul 59 ti. es. and life 40 times. The same word is also rendered mind, us, you, heart, heartily, and is twice applied to the beasts that perish. Osuchikes, an adjective derived from psuchee, occurs 6 times, and is translated a cural and sensual; it is properly translate conditions and in modern translations. Perh. it may be worthy of notice, that in all the 700 times which sended course and the 100 times which sended course. times which nephesh occurs, and the 105 times of psuchee, not once is the word immortal, or immortality, or deathless, or never-dying, found in connection, as qualifying the terms. See Immortal.

SPAIN, [race, precious,] a country in the S. W. of Europe, and formerly reluded what now comprises Spain and Portugal Rom.

xv.24, 28. SPARROW, a very small, we_known bird. Referred to by Jesus, Matt. x. 29; Luke

xii. 6. SPEECH, proper use of Matt. v. 22; xii. 6; Eph. iv. 29; v. 4; Col. iii. 8; iv. 6; 1 Thess. v. 11; Titus iii. 2; James i. 26; iii. 2; 1 Pet.

SPICES, used in burying the dead, 2 Chron. xvi. 14; Mark xvi. 1; Luge xxiii. 56; John

xix.40.

SPIKENARD, a very fragrant species of grass, which when trodden upon, fills the air with sweetness. The ointment made of it was precious, Mark xiv. 3. A pound of it in the days of Christ was worth 300 d and the fact y dollars, a graps am at rii, equal to forty dollars, a great sum at

of the New Testament as the equivalent in meaning of ruach. It cours 355 times, and it the only word rendered rate, (with two exceptions, Matt. xix. 26; Mark vi. 1.), Pneuma, like ruach of the Old Testament, has four significations:—1. It represents, primarily the air we breathe. 2. It denotes a being, as angels. 3. It represents an influence from a being, 4. It indicates a state of feeling. It is believed that there is not a passage where these words rendered spirit. of these significations. Like the word psuchee, neither ruach nor pneuma are ever once connected with words which indicate that it is deathless, never-dying, or immortal.

STACHYS, [spike,] a disciple, Rom. xvi. 9. STACHYS, bright heavenly bodies, seen in the hight. The star which conducted the Magt to Bethlehem was probably a meteor.
Matt. ii. The m rning star is a symbol of
the Messiah. Ange... too, are symbolized
by stars, Job xxxviii. 7; and also the
princes and nobles of a kingdom, Dan.

vii. 10.
STEPHANUS, la crown, one of the first converts at Corint. aptized by Paul,

1 Cor. i. 16; xvi. 15.
STEPHEN, [a crown,] one of the seven firsh
d acons, and the proto-martyr of the Chris-

tian church, Acts vi. 5, 6; vii. 60.
STOCKS, the Roman cippi, or large pieces of wood, which loaded the legs of the prisoners, and most painfully distended them.

Acts xvi. 24.

Acts xvi. 24.
STOICS, a sect of heathen philosophers, founded by Zeno of Cyprus, B. C. 3.4, so called from his teaching in the Stoa, or porch, at Athens. Acts xvii. 18.
STONES, PRECIOUS. Amethyst, a stone of a violet color, bordering on purple, composed of a strong blue and deep red.
Beryl, a pellucid gem, of a bluish green color, found in the East Indies, and in the

gold mines of Peru.

Chalcedony, a precious stone, variegated with divers colors, in the form of clouds.

Chrysolite. The import of this term would make it the golden stone. It is a gem of a yellowish green color, and now ranks among the Topazes. It is very transparent.

among the Topazs. It is very transparent.
Chrysoprasus differs only from the Chrysolite in having a bluish hue. It is a variety of the Chrysolite, of a green color, with a golden brightness. It is sometimes called the yellowish green and cloudy Topaz.

Diamond, the hardest and most valuable of all precious stones; sometimes called Adamant. It is one of the most inflar mable substances in nature, being p re carbon.

Emerald, the same with eancient Smaradus; one of the most beautiful of gems, of a bright green co.or without any mix-

ture

Jacinth, a gem of a deep reddish yellow. Jasper, a precious stone, variegated with divers c 1 rs, and of a very hard quality; som have b nf und of a sea green color es of the Chalcedony. Some Onyx, a call it a Sardonyx.

Ruby, a red purple stone, very hard and

Sapphire, a precious stone, of a very beautiful pure blue, second only to the diamona in hordness, lustre, and value. It is of a differ nt spe ies, sometimes blue, red, and yellow combined.

Sardius, a gem of a reddish color, approaching a white.

Sardonyx, resembling both the Sardius and the Onyx

and the Jhyx.

Top.12, a yellow gem; or as some describe it, of a pale dead green; considered by mineralogists, a species of the Sapphire.

STRAINING out a gnat. An allusion to the filtering of wine for fear of swallowing an unclean insect.

STRAIT GATE, "enter ye in at the stratt gate." A metaphor taken from the custom at marriage feasts of having a gate design. at marriage feasts, of having a gate design-edly made narrow, through which those who were bidden might enter, but which might exclude those who were not bidden, | Matt. vii. 13: Luke xiii. 24. Strive means to agonize, and alludes to the athletic exer-

cises in the Grecian games.
FREET, "the street called Straight," Acts STREET, "the street came of state of state of street still exists in Damascus, ix. 11. This street still exists in Damascus,

gate, about 3 miles.

SUN, the great source of light and heat. Gen.

i. 14: miraculous events connected with it, 1.14; miraculous events connected with it, Josh. x. 12, 15; 2 Kings xx. 9-11; luke xxiii. 44, 45. Used as a symbol, Psa, lxxxiv. 11; Mal.iv. 2. SWINE, the plural of hog. It was not only unclean by the Levitical law, but by strict

Jews was regarded as impure and detest able in the highest degree. They would not so much as pronounce its name, but called it the strange thing. Among called it the strange thing. Among the charges of gross sins, mentioned by Isaiah, the eating of swine's flesh is specified, Isa. lxv. 4; Matt. viii. 30—32. SYCAMINE-TREE, mentioned only Luke xvii. 6. Probably the mulberry tree. SYCLMORE, a tree which bears fruit like a fig, and has leaves like a mulberry. Luke viv. 4.

SYCHAR, [a city,] a name of reproach applied by the Jews to Shechem, now Napolose, a city of Samaria, between Mounts Ebal and tierizim: 24 miles north of Jerusal.m. Three miles from Sychar was Jacob's Well, memorable for our Savior's conversation with the woman of Samaria.

versation with the woman of Samaria. SYCHEM, [a place of figs,] the name for She-chem in Acts vii. 16, being that also used in the Septuagint ver. of the Old Testament.

SYNAGOGUE, an assembly among the Jews SYNAGOGUE, an assembly among the Jews for religious worship; also the place in which such assembly met. Frequently mentioned, Matt. iv. 23; vi. 2,5; x. 17; xii. 9; xiii. 54; xxiii. 1-7. &c.

SYNTACHE, [that speaks or discourses,] a female Christian, Phil. iv. 2.

SYILACUSE, [that draws violently,] once a rich and perblous city, on the S. E. part of the island 2 Sciely, 22 miles in circumference. It was built 700 years B. C. Acts xxviii. 12.

xxviii. 12.
SYlllA, [sublime, deceiving.] In Hebrew, it is called Aram. A country of Asia, extending from Asia Minor and the Mediterrancan on the west, to the Euphrates on the east, and in its most extensive sense, including Palestine. In the time of the kings it more frequently indicated the kingdom of which Damascus was the capital than

of which Damascus was the capital than the whole country, or any other part of it.

SYRO-PHENICIA, [purple, drawn to,] Phenicia, properly so called, of which Sidon was the capital. In Mark vii. 27, the Cananitish voman is called a Syro-phenician, because she was of Phenicia, which

was then regarded as part of Syria.

TABERNACLE, the tent of assembly. A beautiful and costly tent, erected for the worship of God, while Israel was in the wilderness. Ordered to be built, Exod xxv; preparations for it, xxxv.; set up, xl. Itwas 45 feet long and 15 wide, and stood in a court 150 feet long, and 75 wide, enclosed by curtains 8 feet high, sustained by 56 pillars. A curtain divided the tabernacle into two apartments, the eastern one, called the Most Holy place, being 15 feet square. Heb.

1x. 2-11.

TABERNACLES, Feast of, one of the three great festivals of the Jews, being that of the closing year. Lev. xxiii. 34-43; John

vii. 2, 37.

TABITHA, [clear-sighted,] called also Dorcas. A Christian widow at Joppa, Acts ix. 36, who was restored to life by leter.

TABOR, [choice,] a celebrated mount in the Holy Land, rising in Jezrcel, or the plain of Esdraelon, about seven miles from Nazareth. It is extremely fertile, covered by trees and odoriferous plants. The summit presents a plann, a mile in circuit, which Buckingham says, affords the finest view to be the holy mount of transfiguration, Mift xvii. 1—13; Mark ix. 1—15; 2 Pet. i. 16—18 TALENT, a Jewish coin or weight. It is not clear what was the exact value of the talent. That of silver was probably somewhere wear 1500 dollars, and that of good

talent. That of silver was probably some where near 1500 dollars, and that of gold 25,000. Matt. x.v. 15.

TARSUS, [winged, feathered.] the capital city of Cillicia, on the river Cydnus, 6 miles N. E. of the Mediterranean. 1t was the native place of Paul, Actsix. 11.

TAVERNS, THE THREE, a place about 53 miles south of Rome, Acts xxviii. 15.

TEACHERS, False, their character described, and Christians warned against them, Rom. xvi. 17; 2 Cor. xi. 13; Gal. 1,7-9; Phil. iii.

2; Col. ii. 8, 18; 1 Tim. i. 7; iv. 2; vi. 3; 2 Tim. iii. 2-5, 15; Heb. xiii. 9; 2 Pet. ii.

TEMPERANCE recommended, Prov. xxiii. 12; 2 Pet. i. 6.

TEMPLE, a house or dwelling set apart for the worship of God. The materials of Solomo's temple prepared by David, 1 Chron.

mon's temple piepared by David, 1 Chron.

xvii. 22; built by Solomon, 1 Kings vi. vii;
the dedication of it, viii; repaired by Joash,
2 Kings xii. 1-15; by Hezekiah, 2 Chron.

xxix; by Josiah, 2 Chron. xxxiv; burned by
the Chaldeans, 2 Kings xxv. 9; 2 Chron.

xxxi. 19; a new one built after the captivity, Ezra iii. v. -viii; the chambers in it
cleansed, Neh. xiii. 9; the people excited to
build it, Hag. i; its glory to exceed the f
mer, Hag. ii. 7-9; a future one described
in vision to Ezekiel. Ezek. xl. &c.

TEMITATION of Jesus, Matt. iv. 1-11;
Mark i. 12, 13; Luke iv. 1-12.

TEITIUS, | the third,] an amanuensis to the
apostle Paul, Rom. xvi. 22.

TEKTULLUS. [a liar.] an orator who pleaded against Paul before Felix, Acts xl. v.

1-12 mon's temple prepared by David, 1 Chron.

1-9.
TESTAMENT, more properly rendered cove-

nant, Iteb. ix. 15-20.
TETRARCH, a prince of a fourth part of a state, who had the power, without the tit e or crown of a king, Matt. xiv. 1; Luke 1.1.

1: ix. 7; Acts xiii. 1.

THADDEUS. [that praises,] a surname of Jude, Matt. x. 5.

THEOPHILUS, [a friend of God,] mentioned luke, 3: Acts. 1.

Luke i. 3; Acts i. 1.
THESSALONIANS, the title of two Epistles written to the congregation at Thessaloni-ca, which was planted by Paul. See Acts

The First Epistle is generally admitted to have been the earliest of Paul's letters. I enjoined it to be read to all the adjace to churches. Chap. v. 27. His object seems to have been to confirm them in the faith, and

The Second Epistle, written soon after the first, commends their faith and charity, recfirst, commends their latin and charity, rec-tifies their mistake in supposing that the day of judgment was at hand, admonishes them of certain irregularities, &c. THESSALONICA, fuetory against the Thessa-longues, I now Saloniki, a city and scarce t

of Macedonia, both in ancient and modern

times large and commercial. It is situated

on a guif, about 200 miles from Athens.

THEUDAS, [a false teacher,] a Jewish insurgent who was slain, while a band of followers that he had induced to join him were scattered and brought to nough. Acts v. 36.

v. 36.
THOMAS, [a twin,] or Didymus, one of the apostles, Matt. x. 3; John xi. 16; xx. 25.
THORNS, used as a punishment, Matt. xxvil. 29; Mark xv. 17; John xix. 2.
THYATIRA, [sacrifice of labor,] a city on the northern border of Lydia, about 27 miles from Sardis, the seat of one of the seven apocalyptic churches, Rev. i. 11; ii. 18. The modern pame is \$A. bissai.

modern name is Ak-hissai.

TIBERIAS, [good vision.] The sea of Galilee.

Also a city on the lake or sea of Tiberias, 58 miles north of Jerusalem, and .ow called

Tabaria.
TiBERIUS, [son of Tiber,] the third emperor of Rome, Luke iii. 1.

IIME, to be improved, Eccl. xii. 1; Matt. v. 25; Luke xix. 45; John ix. 4; xii. 35; Rom. xiii. 11; 2 Cor. vi. 2; Gal. vi. 0; 10; Eph.

v. 16.
TIMOTHY, [honor of God.] a young Christian of Derbe, grandson of Lois, and son of Eunice, a Jewess, by a Greek father, who was probably a proselyte, Acts xvi. 1; xx. 4; 2 Tim. i. 5; iii. 15. The apostle Paul made him the companion of his journeys and labors. Acts xvi. 2, 3; 1 Tim. iv. 12; and is often alluded to by him with paternal affection, 1 Tim. i. 2, 18; 1 Cor. iv. 17. &c.

The two Epistles to Timothy were written by Paul, from Rome, not long before his

by Paul, from Rome, not long before his death. In these he is instructed in the choice of officers for the church, in the proper deportment of a christian minister, in the method of church government and dis cipline, the importance of steadfastness in

cipline, the importance of steadfastness in christian doctrine, the peris and seductions that should come, &c.

71THES, means Tenths; instances, Gen. xiv.
20; xxviii. 22; laws concerning, Lev. xxvii.
30-32; Deut. xiv. 22, 23; Neh. x. 37; Mal.
iii. 8-10; Heb. vii. 5.

TITUS, [honorable.] a Christian teacher, and companion and co-laborer of Paul. He was of Gireck origin, but converted by the area. companion and co-tagorer of rail. He was of Greek origin, but converted by the apostle, who calls him his own son in the faith, Titus i. 4. The apostle left Titus in Crete, to establish and regulate the churches in that island, Titus i. 5.

The Epistle to Titus contains similar instructions to these addressed to Timester.

structions to those addressed to Timothy. It gives the qualifications and duties of elders—the doctrine of obedience to civil rulers—the necessity of good works, and the proper treatment of foolish questions and heretics. This epistle seems to have been written from Ephesus, shortly after Paul had visited Crete. Titus i. 5.

CNGUE, the duty of governing it, Psa. xxix. 1; James iii. 2—12.

ONGUES, confusion of, Gen. xi. 1—9; gift of, Mark xvi. 17; Acts ii. 4; x. 40; xix. 6.

TRACHONITIS, Frock, a district in the N. E part f Palestine.

TRADITIONS, not to be regarded, Matt. v. 1—20; Mark vii. 1—23; Col. ii. 8; Titus i. 14. It gives the qualifications and duties of el-

1.14.
TRAINING children, a duty, Gen. xviii. 19;
Deut. iv. 9; vi. 6-9; xi. 19; Psa. lxxviii.
5, 6; Eph. vi. 4.
TRANCE, a state of mind, in which a person
is wrapped into visions of future or distant things, to which the body seems insensible, Num. xxiv. 4, 16; Acts x. 10; xi. 5; xxii. 17 TRANSFIGURE, to change the figure and

appearance, as Christ did on the mount, Matt. xvii. 2; Mark ix. 2.

TREASURY, a place where the public money is known or managed. Mark iii 41. The

is kept or managed. Mark vii. 41. This treasury was a chest, into watch the people put what they pleased: it was placed in one of the rooms of the temple, and the vol-

one of the rooms of the temple, and the voluntary offerings were for its repairs.

TROAS, [penetrated,] a maritime city of Physgia, or of Mysia, in the Hellespont, Acts wi. 8; xx. 5, 6,

TROGYLLIUM, a town and promonent on the western coast of Asia Minor, opposite

Samos, Acts xx. 15.
TROPHIMUS, [well-educated,] a native

TROPHIMUS, [well-educated,] a native Ephesus, converted by Paul, Acts xx. 18. TRUTH the, emphatically, Gal. iil. 1; Jarnes v. 9; or sincerity, Josh. xxiv. 14; 1 Sam. xil. 24; Psa. xv. 2; 1l. 6; Prov. iii. 5; viii. 7; xii. 17, 19; 1 Cor. v. 8; Eph. iv. 25. TRYPHENA, [delteious,] a female disciple at Rome, Rome, xvi. 12. TRYPHOSA, [thrice shining,] a female disciple at Rome, Rom. xvi. 12. TYCHICUS, [casual.] a disciple, employed as a messenger to several congregations, Acts xx. 4; Eph. vi. 21, 22. TYPES of Christ, brazen serpent, Num. xxi. 9; John iii. 14, 15: bread or manna, Exod. xvi. 15- 35; John vi. 31- 55; Rev. ii. 17; a lamb, Gen. xxii. 7, 3; Exod. xii. 3-5; xxix. xvi. 15- 35; John vi. 31-85; Rev. ii. 17: a lamb, Gen. xxii. 7, 3; Exod. xii. 3-5; xxix. 9: Isa. Iiii. 7: John i. 29: Acts viii. 32: 1 Pet.i. 19: Rev. v. 6-13, &c.: Melchizedek, Gen. xiv. 18-20: Heb. v. 6: viii. 1, 14: passover, Exod. xii: 1 Cor. v. 7, 8: scapegoat, Lev. xvi. 20-22: Heb. ix. 20; 1 Pet. ii. 24. TYRANN S., {a prince,] a sophist or rhetorician of Ephesus, who kept one of those schools of philosophy and eloquence so common at that period. Acts xix. 9. TYRE, lstrength, a large city of Phenicia supposed to hav been built by a colony of Sidonians, and honce called the "daughter of Zidon," J sh. xix. 20: Isa. xxiii. 12-Matt. xi. 21.

UNBELIEF, causes of, John v. 44: 2 Cor. 1
4: Eph. ii. 2: 2 Thess. ii. 12: danger of.
Mark xvi. 16: Luke ii. 40; John viii. 21:
Rom. i. 28: 2 Tim. ii. 12: Rev. xxi. 8.
UNBELIEVERS, Christians should not
unite with them, 2 Cor. vi. 14, 15, 19: to be
shunned, Rom. xvi. 17; 1 Tim. vi. 5.
UNION to Christ, shown by comparison to
body, 1 Cor. xii. 12, 27: Eph. iv. 15: Col. i.
lb. 24: to a building, Eph. ii. 20—22: 1 Pet.
ii. 4—7: to a vine, John xv. 4—8: to the
conjugal union, Eph. v. 23, 33: it is as the
union of the Father and son, John xvii. 11,
21, 23: Rom. viii. 38, 39; 1 Cor. vi. 17.
UNJUST STEWARD. In Luke xvi. 8, the
lord spoken of was not as some suppose the

lord spoken of was not as some suppose the Lord Jesus Christ, but the lord or master of the steward. Hence the argument that some have raised on this passage, imme-

diately corres to nought.

UNLEAVENED BREAD, Feast of, or Passver. See Festivals.

UPPER MILLSTONE, Matt. xviii. 6. The
Syrians rolled up some in sheet lead, and
hung a heavy weight upon the necks of
others, whom they cast into the rivers and
least as a capital punishment.

lakes, as a capital punishment. UPPER ROOMS, [places or condes,] Matt xxiii. 6. In the Jewish synagogues, the elders sat with their backs towards the ark or chest wherein was the book of the law, and their faces towards the congregation, who looked towards the ark: and these seats were more honorable than others, and are here called the chief seats. TAT. The hundeenion referred to in Mark

VAT. The humber with referred to in Mark xii. where a vesse, placed under the leenos, an vot, as a receptacle for the new wine or oil. A place were digred for holding it, as well as sometimes for the vat in which the fruit was trodden. Int. xxi. 33.

VEIL, whatever hider anything from view. As a framele covering, Gen. xxiv. 55; Ruth iii. 12; 1 Cor. xi. 1—10; veil of the tabernacle and temple, Exod. xxvi. 81—37; Lev. xvi. 2; Matt. xxvii. 51; Mark xv. 38; Luke xxiii. 45; Heb. vi. 19.

VENGEANCE of God, Gen. iv. 15; Dent. xxii. 35, 41, 45; Isa. xxxiv. 8; 2 Thess. i. 8.

VIALS were of common use in the temple service. They were not like those small bottles which we call by that name; but were like cups on a plate, in allusion to the heat of the fire burning the incense, were often put upon a plate. Rev. xvi.

VINE, one of the most prominent productions of Palestine, and still bears most luxuriantly. Notwithstanding the present depressed state of the country, it even now exports vast quantities of grapes, raisins, and inspissated frame luce. Or hone, of

exports vast quantities of grapes, raisins, and inspissated grape juice, (or honey of grapes as it is called,) into Egypt. The vine was an emblem of the Hebrew nation. A period of security and repose is figured by every one sitting under his own vine and fig tree. The vine is also used by our Savior as an emblem of himself, John xv.

34. Medicated wine, to deaden the sense of pain, was given to the Jewish criminals when about to be put to death; but they gave our Lord vinegar, and that in mock ery, as they did other things, of his claim to royalty. But the force of this does not appear, if we do not recollect the quality of the wines drank anciently by princes, which it seems were of the sweet sort.

which it seems were of the sweet sort.

VINEYARD, a piece of ground planted
with vines. The vineyard was prepared
with great care, the stones being gathered
out, a secure fence made round it, and a
scalfold, or high summer house, built in
the centre, where, as the fruit ripened, a
watchman was stationed, and where there was also shelter for the workmen at their meals, and a suitable place to keep the tools. Isa. v.1-7; Matt. xxi. 33. This was, of course, deserted at other seasons of the

year. See Isa. i. 8. VISION, a supernatural appearance of men VISION, a supernatural appearance of men and things to the mind of a person not asleep, Acts ix. 10; 2 Cor. xii. 1. Thus has God often shown his people what eye had not seen, nor ear heard.

VOLUME, something rolled up, as was the ancient form of books, Psa. xl. 7; Heb. x. 7.

WALKING with God, Rom. viii. 1, 4; 2 Cor. v. 7; xiii. 14; Gal. v. 16, 25; Col. il. 6.
WASH, to bathle, or purify. The Jews washed hefore eating, as they used their hundinstead of knives and forks. Mark vii. 3. Kitto says that when some Pharisees remarked that our Lord ate with unwashed hands, they did not mean that he did not plunge them according to their own practice. No Jew entered a house without. tice. No Jew entered a house without removing his shoes or sandals; nor do Orientals to this day. We see the proprie-

the rites of Eastern hospitality. See Gen. xviii, 4; xix. 2; xxiv. 32; xix. 21. From 1 Sam. xx. 44, it appears that servants and sons so netimes performed this rite as their appropriate duty. For the master of a house to do it was esteemed the greatest condescension, John xiii. 8. To wash the feet was not only a token of affectionate regard, but also a sign of humility. This union of affectionate attention and lowly service is found in the example of Jesus, service is found in the example of Jesus, John xiii. 4-15, and in 1 Tim. v. 10. The Hindoos, like the Jews, walk home barefoot from bathing, hence the appropriateness of the remark, "He that is washed, need not, save to wash his feet," John with Indian the same of the remark, "He that is washed, need not, save to wash his feet," John with Indian the same of the remark, "He that is washed, need not, save to wash his feet," John with Indian the same of t wiii, 10.
WATCH, a Roman guard, consisting of 60 soldiers, allowed the Jewish rulers to quell

tumults. Matt. xxvii. 65. WATCHES. The Jews in ancient times divided the night into three parts, the evening, the middle, and the morning, each part including four hours, Exod. xiv. 24; Judges vii. 19; I Sam. xi. 11; in after times, they divided the night into four, to institute of the Roman phanting of imitation of the Romans, who relieved their sentinels at the end of every three hours, Matt. xiv. 25; Mark vi. 43. These parts of the night were usually denominated the first, second, third, and fourth watches; but they were sometimes styled the evening, midnight, cock-crowing, and morning, Matt. xiv. 25; Luke xii. 38; Mark xiii. 55.

Matt. xiv. 25; Luke xii. 35; Mark xiii. 35.

WATER, miraculous changes or supplies of it, Exod. vii. 19; xiv. 21; xv. 23-25; turned into wine, John ii. 3; brought out of a rock, Exod. xvii. 6; Num. xx. 7-13; Josh. iii. 13-7; 2 Kings ii. 8, 14; iii. 20, 22; vi. 6; John ii. 5; Jesus walks on it, Matt. xiv. 25; Mark vi. 48; John vi. 19.

WAVERING condemned, Gen. xlix. 4; Heb. x. 23; James i. 6, 8; 2 Pet. ii. 14; iii. 16.

WEDDING GARMENT, Matt. xxii. 12. It was usual for persons to appear at marriage feasts, in sumptuous dress, adorned with florid embroidery. But as travelers were sometimes pressed in, and as they could not be provided with such garments, robes out of the wardrobes of the rich, were tendered to them. If such persons refused tendered to them. If such persons refused this offer, and appeared in their own ap-parel, it was highly resented, as a token of their pride and contempt for those who in-vited them.

wited them.
WHI E STONE, Rev. ii. 17. This important passage, alludes to a custom of noting and perpetuating friendship, among the Greeks and the Romans by dividing a pebb.e, and after eath had inscribed his name on the flat surface, they were exchanged. The prodiction of either half was sufficient to insure friendly aid, even from des hearts. Voting was done by casting a whith stone approval, and a black one for refecction.

casting a white stone black one for rejection.

WIND. The original wor is anemos, and oecars 20 times. At is never translated spirit WINE. There are no less than 13 distinct Hebrew and Greek words, translated by the word wine, either with or without the adjectives new, sweet, mixed, and strong. These each refer to some particular kind or condition of wine, which being all translated by one common generic term, fails to express the meaning of the original, and creates confusion in the mind of the reader. orientals to this day. We see the propriety of this when we consider that chairs not being used, all sat upon the floor, which, therefore, must be kept very clean.

WASHING THE FEET is among the most ancient, as well as the most obligatory, of the terms, the reader is referred to Kitto's (Victopedia, Art. Wins.) But as space forbids a full examination of the terms, the reader is referred to Kitto's Cuclopedia. Art. Wina.

tion, hence a public mocker of the Delty, and of his servants, the prophets; living on the credulity of the people, and thus bringing into contempt God's authorized ambassadors; a class of systematic and audacious plunderers and deceivers; hence the order that such should not be permitted to live. Exod. xxii. 18; Lev. xx. 27. Witch-eraft excludes from the kingdom of God.

craft excludes from the kingdom of God. Gal. v. 20.

WITNESSES, not to be fewer than two, Num. xxxv. 30; Deut. xvii. 6; xix. 15; Matt. xviii. 16; 2 Cor. xlii. 1; 1 Tim. v. 19.

WIVES, their duty, Gen. iii. 16; Eph. v. 22; Col. iii. 18; Titus ii. 5; 1 Pet. iii. 1.

WOMEN, how they should behave in public worship, 1 Cor. xi. 1—16; xiv. 34, 35; 1 Tim. ji. 11, 12; aged, their duty, Titus ii. 3; young, theirs, 1 Tim. v. 14; Titus ii. 3; how to adorn themselves, 1 Tim. ii. 9; 1 Pet. iii. 3.

WORD of God, the Scriptures, Mark vii. 13: Luke iv. 4: Eph. vi. 17: 1 Pet. i. 23, 25: the Gospel, Luke v. 1: Acts iv. 31: xvi. 7: viii. 14: xiii. 7.

WORLD, the earth and all the animals and vegetables on its surface: mankind generally. The word world in the common version is the rendering of no less than four different Hebrew words in the Old Testament, and four Greek words in the New.
The Greek word aloon, age, or the plural form ages, is rendered world no less than 38 times, and the adjective form of the word with the or the plural form ages. 8 times. OIRCOMENER, the habitable, or inhabited earth, occurs 15 times, and it translated world 14 times, when the connec tion plainly shows in many instances that it has a limited meaning, as in Luke ii. I; iv. 5; and earth only once. Gee, earth or land, is translated world once in Rev. xiii. 8. Kosmos, order, regularity; the world, universe, &c.; occurs 186 times, and is rendered by world 185 times, and once adorn-

- not to be conformed to, Rom. xii. 2; Gal. vi. 14; James i. 27; iv. 4; 1 John ii.

15; v. 4. WORSHIP to be paid to God only, Exod. xx. 1-6: Matt. iv. 10: Acts x. 25, 26; xiv. 1318; Col. ii. 18; Rev. xix. 10; xxii. 8; public worship, Matt. xviii. 20; Acts i. 14; Heb.

x. 25. WRATH of God on the impenitent, John iii. 36; Rom. i. 18; ii. 5, 8; Eph. v. 6.

YOKE of Christ, easy, Matt. xl. 30; Rom. xii.

1; I John v. 3. YOUNG persons, their duty, Titus ii. 6; 1 Pet. v. 5; examples, 2 Tim. iii. 15; Jesus, Luke ii. 46-52.

ZACCHEUS, [pure, justified.] a superintendent of taxes at Jericho. Luke xix. 2. ZACHARIAH, [memory of the Lord.] Several persons of this name. One of the chief was one of the minor prophets, son of Bara-chiah, who returned from Babylon with chial, who returned from Babylon with Zerubbabel, and began to prophecy about 520 years B. C. He wrote the book which bears his name, and predicted many things relating to the Messiah, and the future restoration of Israel.—The name also of the

toration of Israel.—The name also of the father of John the Baptist. Luke i.

ZEAL, commended, Matt. v. 6; 1 Cor. xvi. 13; Gai.iv.18; Jude 3; Rev. iii. 19; improper, reproved, iv. 55; Rom. x. 2.

ZEBEDEE, [abundant portion,] the father of the apostles James and John, Matt. iv. 21.

ZEBULON, [habitation, dwelling.] the Tribe of, a district of Palestine, on the west side of the lake of Gennesareth. of the lake of Gennesareth.

of the lake of Gennesareth.

ZELOTES, or ZEALOTS, a sect often mentioned in Jewish history. The name was probably given to Simon from his having been connected with it. He is also called Canaanite, probably for the same reason; the word Kana in Hebrew, having the same meaning as Zelotes. Luke vi. 15; Acts i. 18.

ZENAS, [living,] a doctor of the law, and a disciple, mentioned Titus iii. 13.

ZERUBBABEL, [a stranger at Babylon,] son of Salathiel, and of the post v of David. Matt. i. 12.

Matt. i. 12. Matt. 1.12.
ZION, or Sion, [a monument, and alchre, turret,] the highest mountain in Trusalem,
where was built the city of David, Psa
xivii. 2. Zion is often used poetically for
Jerusalem, Micah iii. 12; and sometimes
is applied to the inhabitants of Jerusalem





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